

ILL.D. \$20,000 SCOTTSDALE FUND
Received yesterday \$ 41.55
Received so far 8,953.25
Still to be raised 11,046.75

Daily Worker

NATIONAL EDITION

CENTRAL ORGAN COMMUNIST PARTY U.S.A. (SECTION OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL)

Vol. XII, No. 186

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1935

(Six Pages) Price 3 Cents

'UNITE TO SMASH FASCISM'--DIMITROFF

'Hands Off Ethiopia!' Is Demand of 100,000 in Harlem Rally

40,000 March In Protest Against War Negro, White Workers Pledge to Fight War and Fascism

By Cyril Briggs The streets of the Negro and Italian sections of Harlem resounded to thunderous shouts of "Hands Off Ethiopia! Down With War and Fascism!" on Saturday afternoon as 100,000 persons took part in a giant united front anti-war demonstration.

Greatest Parade It was the greatest parade Harlem has seen in many years. Its broad united front character, involving Negro churches and organizations, socialist groups, Italian and German anti-Fascists, Communist, Socialist and A. F. of L. workers, independent unions and workers' clubs, gave notice to the imperialist war-mongers of the determination of the American people to defend themselves against the horrors of another imperialist world slaughter.

The first contingent of the parade, made up mainly of Harlem organizations, started out at 1:45 p. m. from Lenox Avenue and 126th Street, marching South. It was headed by Italian and Negro leaders in the anti-Fascist, anti-war struggle, and the Provisional Committee for the Defense of Ethiopia.

Next in line was a uniformed body of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, A. F. of L., with their band. At 129th Street and Seventh Avenue, it was joined by the second contingent, which had assembled at 120th Street and Second Avenue and paraded through the Italian section before turning west.

The united parade then swept up Seventh Avenue, and through 143rd Street to the square at 161st Street and Edgecombe and Bradhurst Avenues. As the head of the parade entered the square, it was greeted with cheers from several hundred workers who had already assembled around a huge platform erected for the occasion and equipped with loud speakers. Negro workers' clubs, and by every means available. The Emperor showed that although he had personally assented to resume the bankrupt "arbitration" conferences with Mussolini, in accordance with the League's resolution yesterday, the flood of imperialist armaments and Italian colonial troops in East Africa is continuing without abatement.

Concentrating in increasing numbers today in the capital, soldiers coming from all tribes vowed their determination to give their lives to prevent the onslaught of Italian fascism. The latest troops to enter the city were those of Hamble Mikael, commander of 20,000 tribal warriors of the Kulo region in the southwest.

At a press conference with foreign correspondents Haille Selassie pointed out that while there was not an iota of aggressiveness in the busy preparations for defense, the Ethiopian people were ready to resist invasion with all their power and by every means available. The Emperor showed that although he had personally assented to resume the bankrupt "arbitration" conferences with Mussolini, in accordance with the League's resolution yesterday, the flood of imperialist armaments and Italian colonial troops in East Africa is continuing without abatement.

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First Challenge Is Made In 'Daily' Financial Drive: Wisconsin vs. Pittsburgh

The first challenge has been made in the drive for \$60,000 for the Daily Worker! The following telegram has been received from the Wisconsin district: DAILY WORKER FIFTY EAST THIRTEENTH NYC WISCONSIN CHALLENGES PITTSBURGH SOCIALIST COMPETITION FULFILLMENT THOUSAND DOLLAR EACH FINANCIAL QUOTAS SPECIAL SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLAR DRIVE DAILY WORKER STOP COMPETITION START AUGUST FIRST END NOVEMBER SEVENTH WITH MONTHLY CHECK UP PUBLISHED IN DAILY WORKER STOP ALSO PROPOSE COMPETITION INCLUDE QUESTIONS CIRCULATION PARTY RECRUITING BUILDING SHOP NUCLEI FRACTIONS AFL PROPOSE LOSING DISTRICT CONTRIBUTE ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS LIBRARY WORKERS SCHOOL WINNING DISTRICT STOP WISCONSIN DISTRICT FEELS CONFIDENT THAT FULL MOBILIZATION PARTY MASS ORGANIZATIONS WORKERS WILL ACCOMPLISH TASK AHEAD OF TIME FOR A MASS COMMUNIST PARTY FOR A MASS DAILY WORKER. --DENNIS, District Organizer.

What is Pittsburgh's answer? (Financial statement of "Daily" for six-month period appears on Page 2 of this issue.)

Artist Scorns Johnson Bans Envoy's Action

Lashing back at the Japanese government's ban of the August issue of Vanity Fair because of its cartoon depicting Emperor Hirohito as a laborer, William Gropper, noted revolutionary artist, in an exclusive statement to the Daily Worker yesterday, charged Japan with attempting to set up a censorship over American publications. He complained the ban on Vanity Fair was the expulsion of foreign correspondents from Nazi Germany. Gropper's sharp declaration against the ban came during a day of frantic action on the part of Japanese authorities and their embassy here. "My drawings have always been anti-imperialist and opposed to 'Foon-Bahism', the artist told the Daily Worker. "I don't intend to change them either."

The cartoon, one of five caricatures on a page under the common heading, "Five highly unlikely historical situations by one who is sick of the same old headlines," showed the Emperor pulling a ricksha bearing a scroll which said: "Japan's emperor gets the Nobel Peace Prize."

He is at work on another cartoon on the same subject, only a bit "hotter" than the present one, Gropper announced. The next drawing will appear in a forthcoming issue of the New Masses, revolutionary weekly. Gropper's statement, in full, follows: "Obviously, the main reason why the August issue of Vanity Fair containing my cartoon was banned by the Japanese big-wigs was because Emperor Hirohito is depicted there as a laborer. It's not particularly elevating to the working people of Japan to have their ruler shown as an actual laborer. That impairs his dignity, I imagine. In the United States, I'm glad to say, showing a man doing work doesn't impair his dignity at all."

"The ban on Vanity Fair by Japan bears a blood relationship to the censorship in Nazi Germany, where any objective ac-

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MEAT PICKETS SOVIET CREW FREE AS 2,000 READY TO TRY BESIEGE JAIL SECOND HOP

Butchers Cut Prices in Many Stores as Strike Spreads in Detroit (Daily Worker Michigan Bureau) DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 4.—As the meat strike continued to sweep through the city for a 20 per cent reduction in prices 2,000 housewives and workers of the West Side besieged the McGraw police station late last night and refused to budge until seven arrested picketers were released.

At the same time 500 strikers of the East Side section demonstrated at the Canfield police station for three hours and won the release of Mrs. Lech, who had been arrested for picketing a meat store. The action of the West Side strikers followed a day of intensive picketing which kept the meat markets closed throughout the section. After a meeting at which a committee was elected to interview the police, the entire crowd marched to the station house.

Continued March Fighting back every attempt of the police to break them up, they continued their march and shouted slogans which aroused the entire neighborhood. At the station house, the police lieutenant claimed that the prisoners had been transferred to the Central Station and would be released if the crowd dispersed. The strikers and sympathizers stood by, however, and refused to move until their committee had definitely es-

Continued on Page 2

Protest Made By Writers For Herndon

Governor Eugene Talmadge of Georgia has heard the petition of a group of writers for the abolition of the case of Angelo Herndon, young Negro organizer of the unemployed, who was sentenced in 1932 to 18 to 20 years on a Georgia chain gang on the basis of having several radical pamphlets in his possession. This news was received yesterday at the offices of the National Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners, sponsoring the writers' group which gained national attention last Tuesday when they were fired on during an investigation of the abuse of civil rights in Alabama.

Present during the writers' permission with the Governor, with the permission of the committee, were eight or ten men including Kenneth Murrell, Atlanta Commander of the American Legion and A. L. Henson, head of the Fulton County Americanism Commission, composed of the American Legion, Daughters of the American Revolution, Men of Justice, Daughters of Confederacy, Masons, Junior Chamber of Commerce, and others whose object is to "kill Communism."

In conference with Governor Talmadge, the writers stressed the fact that they were there not to discuss economic or political theories, but the injustice of the Herndon conviction and the constitutionality of the anti-insurrection law, enacted in 1861, under which he was sentenced. The Governor promised to

Continued on Page 2

2,000 Fishermen Strike On the Columbia River

(Special to the Daily Worker) ASTORIA, Ore., Aug. 4.—More than 2,000 Columbia River fishermen have gone on strike for better prices. The fishermen, gill netters, are demanding a price of eight cents with the packers offering six.

Comintern Congress Stirred by Address Of Hero at Nazi Trial

He Sets Forth Position of the Communist Parties in Building a Powerful United Front Against Fascist Murderers and War-Mongers

(By Cable to the Daily Worker) MOSCOW, Aug. 4.—The World Congress of the Communist International was stirred Saturday by a dramatic and significant report delivered by Comrade George Dimitroff on "The Offensive of Fascism and the Tasks of the Comintern in the Struggle for the Unity of the Working Class." Long before the opening of the morning session every delegate was in the Hall of Columns eagerly awaiting Dimitroff's report, the second big point on the Congress' agenda. When Comrade Kuusinen, chairman, gave the floor to Dimitroff, heroic defendant at the Nazi Reichstag fire-trial, a storm of applause and cheering lasting several minutes broke out over the hall, with shouts in various languages hailing the hero of the international working class.

The outstanding points in Dimitroff's speech were: 1. The Communist Parties are not only ready to join in united front struggles against the fascist offensive, but they are willing as well to participate in non-Communist but anti-fascist governments, drawing a sharp distinction between Social-Democratic participation in coalition governments aiming to bolster capitalism on the one hand, and united front governments for the purpose of blocking fascism on the other.

Dimitroff pointed out that the attitude of the Communist Parties toward participating in such governments was on the same principle as those which govern united fronts. 2. Dimitroff criticized the jarring attitude of the national nihilists, and pointed out that the Communists are the genuine guardians of national liberties, independence and culture.

Defines Fascism He stated the absolute confidence and ability of the working class to defeat fascism with proper tactics. The speaker reviewed and analyzed the achievements and mistakes of the anti-fascist struggle in the most important countries. He specially emphasized, in discussing the anti-fascist struggles in fascist countries, the work of factories and fascist mass organizations. He urged an intensive study of fascist ideology for the purpose of exposing it in a popular and effective manner. Dimitroff defined fascism as the dictatorship of the monopolies and trusts, etc., not as the rule of the petty-bourgeoisie and the lumpen proletariat, and he explained how fascism utilizes the revolutionary traditions and militancy of the working class and

Declared Thores. "This organization is closely associated with the bourgeois leaders, high officials of the church and individual members of the state apparatus. The 'Cross of Fire' has murdered workers and conducted a cynical murder campaign. The struggle has begun. "The formation of the united front and the 'People's front' began with our supporting all the daily demands of the toiling masses after we had cleaned the party leadership of the sectarian Barbe-Coleur group. We fight against wages, for the 40-hour week without reduction in pay, for collective agreements, for effective social insurance, for providing work, for higher employment relief, for the organization of the masses, and for the free distribution of coal, clothes and milk to the unemployed and their children.

"Where municipalities are under our control we do our utmost to meet these demands. In Irvy, for example, the municipality daily delivered milk free to the home unemployed. This was paid for by taxing the rich. (Applause.) "We fight for the protection of children and youth. We fight for the defense of the lower state employees and against the lowering of pensions of the veterans, for the interests of tenants and shop-keepers. We support the struggles of the peasants. We fight against the high cost of living in the cities, but take care that this struggle is not directed against the peasants but against the common enemy, big capital. We fight at the head of all the discontented. We showed the way out of the bankruptcy of the state finances by the slogan 'Let the rich pay.'

Face All Mass Issues "The Party generally strives to propose solutions to all questions (Continued on Page 2)

Thaelmann 'Trial' Is Set, Says Report

A report printed in the latest issue of the Paris anti-fascist newspaper, Der Gegen-Angriff, states that the Nazi Ministry of Justice is preparing to place Ernst Thaelmann, leader of the German proletariat, on trial for his life. The date when Thaelmann will face the Nazi hangmen, according to Der Gegen-Angriff, is set for today. Der Gegen-Angriff emphasized that the action of the fascist murderers, coinciding with the new barbarous terror wave directed against all expressions of anti-fascist protest, proved the intention of the Hitler government to kill the beloved leader of the German masses at any cost. Der Gegen-Angriff urges that at this moment, when the life of Thaelmann is in greater danger than ever before, the whole weight and strength of international proletarianism must be hurled against German fascism to save Ernst Thaelmann from certain death.

Browder Analyzes Special Characteristics of the Depression

By EARL BROWDER

"A fundamental question with which the world as a whole is confronted at present is whether the capitalist system of wealth production has perhaps permanently broken down." The above words are from the Brookings Institution of Washington, an outstanding bourgeois authority in the field of economic research, in announcing its new book on "The Formation of Capital." A few weeks previously, it was the publication of this Institution's study of the National Recovery Administration, with its conclusion that "the N.R.A. on the whole retarded recovery," that played quite a role in preparing the Supreme Court's annihilation of the "New Deal."

This wavering attitude reflects the wavering of the various indices of American economy. Economic activity has not again fallen to the low point of March, 1933, when Roosevelt took office; this stimulates the hope that "recovery" is really under way and may even be speeded up by removing the "abnormal" governmental interventions. But at the same time the index figures, with all their spasmodic ups and downs, do not again get within hailing distance of the high point reached at the climax of the first Roosevelt inflation-boom, in July, 1933; this dampens the spirit of optimism, raises black doubt over Wall Street and Washington, and wrings from the very heart of capitalism that foreboding question: "Has the capitalist system perhaps permanently broken down?"

During the last two years "American industry... has made almost the worst record in the world insofar as recovery is concerned." As compared with the low point of 90 in March, 1933, rose month by month until it reached 100 in July; then it declined each month until November, down to 73; another rise then carried it to 85 in May, 1934; then decline down to 71 in September; again a rise up to 90 in January, 1935; followed by another decline which is not ended at the present writing, and which registered 84 in May. The line of these figures resembles the chart of a malarial fever.

(Continued on Page 2) (Continued on Page 2)

People's Front Is Anti-Fascist Force

(Continued from Page 1) which move the masses. We make not only our own proposals but pick up the good proposals...

Struggle Against Fascism

At the Mulhous Congress of the Socialist Party Leon Blum admitted the embarrassment of the Social-Democracy in the face of the bold People's Front policy...

Role of United Front

"It is a bold policy, requiring great determination and capacity. Our first task with the Socialist Party was formed. We were aware that the pact was not yet a united front but was only the means of organizing unified action...

Two Camps Forming

In all Social-Democratic parties two main camps are forming: Alongside of the reactionary anti-united front elements is the camp of the revolutionary elements which are coming out ever more strongly for united front with the Communists and are going over to the basis of revolutionary class struggle.

Not a Maneuver

The united front is for us no "maneuver" but the expression of the sincere will of the working class to unite in struggle against class enemies. Our proposals are so clear that they refute every argument of the reactionary sections among the Social-Democratic leaders who are against the united front.

Thaelmann Trial Is Set, Says Report

(Continued from Page 1) the Catholic press and completely disolve the Stahlhelm. "We are masters in our own house," the degenerate fascist chief raved in his speech at the district Nazi leaders conference here.

'Unite to Smash Fascism,' Dimitroff Tells Congress

(Continued from Page 1) especially of the toiling peasantry and the urban petty-bourgeoisie. We must embrace all their organizations, which today are still influenced by the bourgeoisie.

Task in U. S.

In the United States our comrades strive to create as a linking organization an anti-fascist People's Front, a workers and farmers Labor Party which is neither Socialist nor Communist but is unconditionally anti-fascist and by no means anti-Communist.

Not Above Classes

Fascism is not a regime standing above the classes of the proletariat and the bourgeoisie, nor is it the rule of the petty-bourgeoisie or the unemployed proletariat, as many Social-Democrats maintain.

Heroin Not Sufficient

We bow in admiration before the heroism of the Communists in the fascist countries. But heroism and self-sacrifice alone are insufficient. Heroin must be interlinked with the daily work among the masses.

For Trade Union Unity

We are decidedly for establishing trade union unity in every country and on a world scale, setting as the only condition the struggle against capitalism and fascism and the carrying through of democracy within the trade unions.

Mist Win the Youth

We must state openly that we have neglected the task of attracting the masses of youth into the struggle against the offensive of capital, fascism and the war danger.

Need Bold Initiative

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Johnson Bans Relief Strike

(Continued from Page 1) President Roosevelt's hunger wage scale edict.

"On the question of wages," the general declared, "this is not like a conflict between employer and employee. This is the Federal Government. These wages are statutory or regulatory with which I have nothing to do whatever..."

Early Last Week General Johnson

stated that there would be no strikes on the projects. Sources close to the relief administration asserted that the general had negotiated an agreement with William Green, president of the A. F. of L., and George Meany, president of the New York State Federation of Labor, for no strikes.

No Recovery in Construction

On the other hand, it is useless to look for any evidence of support to recovery in the construction field, in spite of the prominent place of the so-called Public Works Program. The vast sums spent by the government in this field were, in 1933, more than offset by the decline in private building, while even in 1934 the increase over 1933 was less than 15 per cent.

Character Unstable

Understanding this narrow basis for the recovery in production, its shifting and unstable character becomes the obviously inevitable consequence. It is true that, as Stalin pointed out, this recovery proceeds from the inner economic forces of capitalism, and enabled the capitalists to pass over from the depths of the crisis to the period of depression. But because there was increased demands from consumption or from capital investment, this depression took on its special characteristic, described by Stalin as a protracted one which holds out no hopes whatever of the return of prosperity.

Many Rally in Baltimore

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 4.—Fifteen hundred workers demonstrated here Thursday against war and Fascism, under the auspices of the Baltimore United August 1 Committee. The demonstration was endorsed by the Ethiopian Defense Conference.

Police Attack in Passaic

PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 4.—One thousand workers who gathered in Pulaski Park here on Aug. 1 to demonstrate against war and Fascism were attacked by a large mobilization of police and plainclothesmen. The meeting was broken up by the police in the pretext that fascists had threatened to shoot the speakers.

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Comparative Statement Of Income, Profit, Loss Of 'Daily' for 6 Months

Table with columns for Operating Income, Advertising, and Total Operating Income for the periods Jan. 1 to June 30, 1935 and Jan. 1 to June 30, 1934.

Browder Analyzes Special Characteristics of Depression

(Continued from Page 1) previous year in each case by almost 50 per cent, rising from 1,371,000 to 1,920,000, and then to 2,900,000. We have no index figures for the direct war industries (munitions, ship building, etc.), but they are known to be working at capacity in 1935. As for steel, it rose from 13 1/2 million tons in 1932 to 22 1/2 million tons in 1933, and to 26 1/2 million tons in 1934, almost doubling its output in the two years.

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'Hands off Ethiopia' Demand of 100,000

(Continued from Page 1) In wave after wave of spontaneous cheering for the Italian organizations, the rapidly increasing crowd at the square showed its recognition of the significance of the united front of Italian anti-Fascists with the Negro people of Ethiopia in their fight against Italian Fascism.

Placards Flay Fascism

Placards carried by the marchers called for support of the struggle of the anti-Fascist masses of Italy and the Ethiopian people against Mussolini, for the military defeat of Italian Fascism in Ethiopia, for the stopping of shipments of munitions to Italy, for the turning of imperialist war into civil war, and for the freedom of Angelo Herndon, the Scottsboro Boys, Tom Mooney and Ernest Thaelmann. There were many Ethiopian flags on display.

Many Speakers

The speakers included Paul Reid, national secretary of the American League Against War and Fascism; A. Johnson, of the Provisional Committee for the Defense of Ethiopia; Tito Nuncio, editor of L'Unita Operaia, revolutionary Italian paper; Miss Eleanor Brannon, Women's International League for Peace and Freedom; S. A. Cowan, founder and president of the Pioneers of Ethiopia; Capt. A. L. King, of the Universal Negro Improvement Association; Robert Minor, of the Central Committee of the Communist Party; Ashley L. Totten, secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters; A. F. of L. Rabbi Michael Alper, acting chairman of the National Religious Committee, revolutionary American League Against War and Fascism; Timothy Holmes, of the Trade Union Committee of the New York Urban League, and Allen Taub, secretary, New York Council, of the American League.

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Writers Make Herndon Protest

(Continued from Page 1) consider the clemency application on behalf of Angelo Herndon when it was legally presented. Mr. Murrell, in front of the Governor, accused the writers of being racketeers. Mr. Murrell, according to Mr. Hirsch, "is the type of man who believes every word of Mrs. Elizabeth Dilling's 'Red Network' including the specific mention of Mrs. Roosevelt and Rexford Tugwell." Mrs. Dilling published "The Red Network" last year in which she represented Mrs. Roosevelt along with Rexford Tugwell, Lenin, Mayor LaGuardia and others as equally inimical to "American democracy."

Resent Campaign

Members of the Fulton County American Commission showed great resentment at the campaign now being carried on by the International Labor Defense to obtain two million signatures to a petition demanding the repeal of the anti-insurrection law under which Angelo Herndon was sentenced to the chain gang.

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Jailed Meat Pickets Artist Scorns Are Freed by 2,000 Envoy's Action

(Continued from Page 1) established that the prisoners were released. The East Side strikers refused to be moved by the plea of the lieutenant at the Canfield Station that they should go home as they were depriving the public of police protection from crime, and so on.

Want 20 Per Cent Cut

The strike for a 20 per cent cut in meat prices was fully effective in six sections, covering at least half the population of metropolitan Detroit. The West Side region, near Junction and Michigan Avenues, was virtually meatless today as the strike decision made by Don Folski, Friday went into effect. Virtually all meat markets in the East Side section below Hamtramck, were closed today as the decision of over a thousand residents in that section at a meeting in Perrien Park went into effect. With few exceptions meat markets in North Detroit had "closed" signs. In Hamtramck meat markets were closed by advice of the butchers' association. Meat sales there are admittedly below 5 per cent of normal. Hundreds of pickets stood by every store which refused to put out closed signs, especially the chain stores, and attempts to buy meat were rare.

To Build Organization

Many stores, including the Kroger chain, displayed large signs announcing 20 per cent cuts in meat prices, but the housewives are continuing picketing until the merchants agree to sign an agreement that the cut will be permanent. A proposal by Hamtramck merchants to cut 20 per cent until they dispose of the present stock was similarly rejected.

Taken Off Tokyo Stands

TOKYO, Aug. 4 (UP)—Current copies of the American magazine, Vanity Fair, were ordered from news stands today and the government intimated it might institute a protest to the United States government against publication in the magazine of a cartoon depicting Emperor Hirohito in a light of ridicule.

Envoys to Lodge Protest

NEW CANAAN, Conn., Aug. 4 (UP)—Ambassador Hiroshi Goto of Japan appeared today at his New Canaan summer home that he will return to Washington tomorrow to present formal representations to the State Department about a cartoon of Emperor Hirohito in the August issue of Vanity Fair.

N. Y. Movie Strike Looms as Owners Seek to Cut Wages

A city-wide strike of motion picture machine operators in answer to a proposed 41 per cent wage cut in three of the city's largest theatre circuits was considered certain yesterday by leaders of the Motion Picture Machine Operators' Union, Local 306, A. F. of L.

Seven Hundred Operate in 150 Theatres

Seven hundred operators in 150 theatres of the R. K. O. Corporation, Loew's Theatres Inc., and the Skouras Theatre Corporation are affected by the proposed cut, which would reduce their hourly rate from \$2.12 1/2 an hour to \$1.25.

Unless the companies will come to terms with the union at conferences to take place today, strike action may be taken in the immediate future. A meeting of the union's executive board voted to take "aggressive action" against the cut.

A strike vote will be taken by the membership of the union at a meeting Wednesday at midnight in Odd Fellows Hall, 301 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn.

Sedition Bill Given Veto In Alabama

Flood of Protests Sent to Governor Have Needed Result

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 4.—The Street Sedition Bill has been vetoed by Governor Bibb Graves, who sent it back to the Legislature with a message of criticism.

The bill, which is aimed to hamper the independent political activities of the working class and suppress its struggles for better conditions, was vigorously opposed by the Communist Party, the International Labor Defense and many A. F. of L. locals and liberals. Hundreds of protest resolutions had been sent to Governor Graves, demanding that he veto the anti-working class measure. The bourgeois landowners and their fascist henchmen who supported the bill, sought to make it a felony to speak or print any word advocating a change in the social system.

Under the bill, any one quoting the Declaration of Independence in which the founding fathers upheld the right of the American people to change and overthrow government, would have been subject to fine or imprisonment, or both.

MONTGOMERY (Ala., Aug. 3).—The writers' group investigating violations of the civil rights of Negro and white workers in Alabama and Georgia, was received today by Governor Talmadge who promised to consider the mass petition for the freedom of Angelo Herndon and repeal of the slave possibility of "conciliation."

Present at the hearing were representatives of reactionary organizations that are demanding that the 18 to 20 year chain gang sentence be upheld. The representatives included Kenneth Murrell, local head of the American Legion; and A. L. Henson, head of the Fulton County Americanism Commission which is composed of leaders of the Legion, the Daughters of the American Revolution, Men of Justice, Daughters of the Confederacy, Junior Chamber of Commerce, Masons and other organizations.

These reactionaries expressed great resentment against the petition campaign for Herndon's freedom. They particularly voiced the anger of the feudal landowners against the pamphlet "The Communist Position on the Negro," which was found in Herndon's possession, and which advocates the right of self-determination for the oppressed Negro majorities in the Black Belt territories. Murrell shouted that Herndon had advocated a Negro republic. "We have driven the Communists out," he boasted, but in the same breath expressed his fear of Communism and its influence in uniting the Negro and white workers of Alabama in joint struggles against their common oppressors.

Only the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat will do away with war!

Pauper's Oath Given Jobless

(Daily Worker Pittsburgh Bureau) PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 4.—Though Edward N. Jones, State Works Progress Administrator, said that within 60 days direct relief would cease, eliminating the Emergency Relief Board, the Board has issued instruction that before Sept. 15 a representative of every family must sign an affidavit affirming that facts given in a statement of financial status are correct.

In addition, he must sign a bond, requiring confession of judgment for \$500 in the event of either fraud or misrepresentation. These requirements fall under an act passed last May 29.

Besides the check-up on aliens, it is reported that investigators are checking up at police stations on those on relief who have been arrested, to serve as a reason for cutting off relief. They are assisted by the magistrates and police inspectors.

Fitchburg Building Trades Body Hits Coolie Wage Scale

FITCHBURG, Mass., Aug. 4.—Following the example set last week by the Massachusetts state building trades council, union tradesmen from this section of Worcester County unanimously voted to adopt a resolution protesting against Roosevelt's W.P.A. coolie wage scale.

Bricklayers, carpenters, steamfitters, plumbers, granite cutters, stone masons, electricians, metal lathers, hod carriers and building tradesmen are united in this fight. Copies of the resolution were sent to Roosevelt, Senators Walsh and Coolidge, Congressman Casey, and state and local E.R.A. administrators.

The union men will also fight against the open shop in all public works projects.

White and Negro toilers—build the United Front for the defense of the Ethiopia!

Railway Merger Puts 127 Clerks on Shelf; Union Gets Concession

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—A total of 127 out of a group of 400 railway clerks will lose their jobs when the Union Pacific effects a merger of five of its offices.

Much ballyhoo is being given the agreement reached by the company with F. M. Harrison, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, under the terms of which the dismissed clerks are to receive a year's wages. What happens to them and their families during all the ensuing years, is apparently nobody's business.

A joker in the agreement says that the clerks are to be given "first chance for future jobs on the road if they are qualified to hold them." But since the policy of "merging" and "coordinating" on the Union Pacific and all other roads, will move forward at a rapid rate, there will be even fewer jobs in the future, unless the unions step in to stop these wholesale discharges.

Company Store Pay Checkoff Is Continued

Inquiry Into Pennsylvania Permits Deductions of Mine Wages

(Daily Worker Pittsburgh Bureau) UNIONTOWN, Pa., Aug. 4.—Heavy and even full deductions from the pay of miners can be continued, so far as the relief officials are concerned, for the "investigation" ordered by Governor Earle into the company stores' practice of checking off 100 per cent of miners' pay has done nothing to halt this practice.

Last week Ralph Bashore, state Secretary of Labor and Industry, and Robert L. Johnson, were sent here by Earle to investigate as the result of the voiced protest of the U. M. W. A. locals.

Bashore and Johnson heard the case of the companies and that of Senator Cavalcante, President William Hynes of District 4, and others of the union bureaucracy.

Presented by State Senator Cavalcante, who has been part of the Democratic-U. M. W. A. machine since first used by Pinchot to aid in breaking the 1933 strike, were the following cases of robbery by the company stores:

John Kowach, employed at Brownville Coal and Coke, had \$274.1 coming to him in the April 30 pay. All of it was deducted for current and back bills, and Marks was notified he still owed \$291.02 to the company.

Pat Rafter, employed at Colonial No. 1 of Frick Coke Co., had \$49 coming, of which the company deducted \$39.97, leaving him three cents to go on for the next two weeks.

John Kurnava, employed at Royal Mine of the W. J. Rainey Co., had \$62.28 coming, of which \$47.20 was deducted for current bills, \$15.15 for back debts.

Ed Vavris, employed by H. C. Frick at Filbert Mine, drew not one cent of \$36.57 earned, \$30.35 went for current, \$6.22 for back bills.

Nick Marks, Allison Mine, earned \$51.20 in 10 days. All of it was taken for store bills. He was notified he still owed the company \$6.65.

The only miner allowed to testify was Mike Belch, thrown out of work and denied credit by H. C. Frick Coke Co. (U. S. Steel) at Edenborn Mine.

Rather than allow his wife and six children to starve, he went to the company store which had swallowed up most of his earnings and now refused him a crust of bread, threw a brick through the window and helped himself to some food. He was immediately arrested and railroaded to 30 days in jail.

After hearing the above, and a statement by Thomas Moses, head of Frick Coke, that the company retained the right to treat the men "as individuals, not as a group"—a declaration for which John L. Lewis' captive mine "agreements" laid the base—the Governor's agents hurried away, but before leaving they put over the following:

Mr. Bashore and Mr. Johnson induced the "miners" (Hynes and Co.) to agree to the companies' deducting all of the current bill and 10 per cent of the back bill from miners' pay. With part time work this allows 100 per cent reduction in many cases, for in company stores prices rise precipitously when pay periods exceed a few days work.

University Students Boycott Campus Cafe That Fired Union Man

(By Federated Press) Columbia University summer school students have launched a boycott against the Teachers College Cafeteria for firing Manuel Romero, a union worker employed at the university for thirteen years.

The boycott has cut attendance at the lunchroom from 1,500 to less than 1,000, its leaders claim. The director's office has issued no denial of this claim.

Romero, a war veteran, who has a sick wife and five children, had previously been promoted to cook at \$36 a week. Last fall his wage was slashed to \$22. For thirteen years he had been a full-time worker at the university, but this year he was not assigned to any job for the summer session. Inquiries finally revealed that the cafeteria director was antagonistic because of his union activity.

When the summer session opened, cafeteria workers at the Teachers College were informed that their wage cuts would be restored for six weeks. Romero supporters point out that the restoration of the cuts was a slick way of insuring the fact that other workers would stay on the job, the university apparently hoping that after six weeks the whole matter would be forgotten.

Romero pickets daily with one of his children

Negro Youths Face Death In Frame-up

Second Scottsboro Seen in Arkansas Case—Defense Needs Funds

By BOB REED (By Federated Press)

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 4.—Two Negro boys, Jim X. Caruthers and Bubbles Clayton, aged 19 and 21, are imprisoned in the death cell at Tucker Farm, near Little Rock, wondering if the October session of the Arkansas Supreme Court will make another Scottsboro case of theirs by upholding the farcical trial in which they were convicted of rape and sentenced to die.

In January someone shot and slightly wounded Sheriff Wilson of Blytheville. He has many enemies because of his brutality and lawlessness in breaking up union meetings. It was his deputies who helped mobs prevent Norman Thomas and others from addressing sharecroppers last winter. Wilson arrested Caruthers and Clayton, and they were beaten almost unconscious several times in efforts to secure confessions from them. The sheriff even attempted to force Caruthers to sign a bill of sale to him for Caruthers' car to pay his hospital bill. With no evidence that could convict the two, Wilson took them to Tucker Farm for "safekeeping."

Rape Frame-up

A few days later the warden came to their cell, told two other boys with them to cover up with their blankets. Sheriff Wilson came in, accompanied by a man and a woman. They looked the boys over and walked out. Caruthers and Clayton were then "identified" as having been the ones who raped the woman in December. They were taken back to Blytheville and tried. Lynch mobs filled the court house, yet they were denied a change of venue. They had no money for their own lawyer, so had to accept counsel furnished by the state.

According to his own testimony, Bryant, who visited the boys in jail, never once saw the faces of the boys. Vergie Terry, the woman claimed to have seen them while they had masks raised and a car passed.

Defense Needs Funds

For three weeks after the night of the alleged attack, before the sheriff arrested the boys on the other charge, the two remained in and about Blytheville, which is a small town of 4,000 population, and made no effort to conceal themselves. It was only after the sheriff had failed to pin another charge on them that Vergie Terry and Bryant were brought to the jailhouse late in January to identify them. Some of the jury hesitated to pronounce them guilty, but succumbed to social pressure and lynch spirit.

The case came to the attention of the Little Rock International Labor Defense after the date of the execution had been set. A stay of execution was secured, a defense committee composed of the I. L. D. and church members set up, and a lawyer secured to file an appeal for a retrial. This brief has been filed with the State Supreme Court and will be reviewed in October. Contributions and support has come from the Southern Tenant Farmers' Union at Blytheville, from the local National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, and from churches, but the defense committee is still in need of funds for the fight. Funds should be addressed to: Treasurer, Defense Committee, D. Zini, Box 1142, Little Rock, Ark.

Kansas City Rally Pledges Struggle To Free Herndon

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 4.—More than 300 workers attended a meeting here to hear Angelo Herndon expose the frame-up which would send him to the Georgia chain gang for from eighteen to twenty years.

L. A. Knox, leader of the local National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, pledged the support of the organization to the campaign for Herndon's freedom.

In reference to the danger of fascism to the Negro masses, Knox said: "Kansas City can become a terror ridden as Atlanta, Ga., and will, unless real Negro and white unity is realized."

Many other workers at the meeting pledged the support of their organizations to the campaign, and twenty-five applications were taken for the International Labor Defense, which sponsored the meeting.

Closed Shop Agreement Signed by Hosiery Firm

(By Federated Press) PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.—Rambro-Regar of Norristown, seamless hosiery manufacturers, have signed a closed shop, union label agreement with the American Federation of Hosiery Workers.

Working hours for all labor in the plant will be 40. Conditions of the hosiery code have been incorporated in the new contract, covering apprenticeship, learning periods, sub-standard employees. A minimum wage of \$27.50 a week is set for fixers, with a code minimum written in for all other types of work. Check-off and arbitration machinery are also provided for.

More Daily Worker sellers are needed. Every Communist Party unit should assign members to sell the Daily Worker!

CATHOLICS PROTEST NAZI TERROR



Young women are shown picketing the Nazi Consulate in New York after they were not permitted to see Hitler's Consul General, Mueller.

Massachusetts A. F. L. To Act on Labor Party

Possibility of Building Independent Party of Workers to Be Taken Up Today at Convention in Springfield

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., August 4.—The possibility of formation of a state labor party will be one of the important questions taken up by the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor Convention which opens here tomorrow. John F. Gatelee of Springfield, state president of the A. F. of L., announced in February that he was in favor of a Labor Party.

Since that time, in Springfield, the publisher of the three local newspapers has attempted to break up one of the oldest unions—the Typographical Union, by firing the president because he would not accept the position of foreman. For the past ten weeks this union has been on strike. During the strike the city administration has shown its hostility to the strikers by means of police intimidation and other strikebreaking. The demand of the unions for a Labor Party has therefore grown here as the administration's strike-breaking became more apparent.

Gatelee Wavering

But Gatelee now declares that while a Labor Party is "inevitable," now is not the time to build one. Many local union leaders sharply disagree with Gatelee. Thousands of textile workers in the state had the bitter experience during last year's general textile strike of having Democratic and Republican officials use state guardsmen and local police against them. Now many of the textile workers demand a break with the two old parties of the bosses and the building of a labor party based upon the trade unions and other workers' organizations.

The Socialist Party has instructed its delegates to vote for a Labor Party resolution and the Hillquit Constitutional Amendment. The Communist Party of the section has pointed out that while the Communists are in favor of legislation which would aid labor, the Communist Party objects to the clause in the Hillquit Amendment which states that the funds for unemployed and pension benefits should be raised by partial contribution by wage earners. The Communists demand that the cost of unemployment and social insurance be borne by the rich and the government.

Colored Women's Convention Enters Fight for Herndon

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 4.—With vigorous and prolonged applause, the 800 delegates to the nineteenth biennial convention of the National Association of Colored Women in session here adopted at their closing meeting a resolution pledging the organization to an active part in the fight to free Angelo Herndon, militant young Negro leader sentenced to serve 18 to 20 years on the Georgia chain-gang. The convention also sent a telegram to Governor Eugene Talmadge of Georgia, asking Herndon's freedom.

Green Bay Clothing Strike in 4th Week

GREEN BAY, Wis., Aug. 4.—The seventy-five women, about half of the employees of the Green Bay Clothing Manufacturing Company entered their fourth day on strike here today against the firing of two workers for union activities.

The workers have been receiving as little as 16 cents an hour and have been forced to work extremely long hours.

The firm has orders from the government to supply clothes for boys in the Civilian Conservation Camps, the workers said.

Milwaukee, Wis.

STATE PICNIC of the Communist Party, Dist. 18 SUNDAY, AUGUST 18th Old Heidelberg Gardens Port Washington Rd., Milwaukee Dancing • Games • Speakers Refreshments FREE MILK BOOTH FOR CHILDREN Admission 30c on advance ticket.

Police Called To Hamstring Textile Strike

Lowell Workers Walk Out When Mayor Urges Settlement

(By Federated Press)

BOSTON, Aug. 4.—Police were being mobilized in several New England woolen and worsted centers as mill owners planned to reopen after a 6-week strike.

At the same time, in Webster, the Tiffany Woolen Co., employing 200, shut down in the face of union demands for a wage increase.

In Lowell, members of the United Textile Workers of America walked out of a strike conference where Mayor James J. Bruin proposed a record vote on accepting a settlement proposal of the Uxbridge Worsted Co., whose workers have been on strike in five New England cities. Ferdinand Sylvia, union organizer, and 30 skilled workers marched out, claiming they were not fully represented at the meeting and would not vote with non-union workers. Strikers had previously picketed a scheduled meeting between Gen. Supt. Harold J. Walter and employees of the company.

Plans to Move

Walter said the mill would be moved south if the workers did not return immediately. About 140 workers, mostly girls and second hands, voted to return. Deputy Police Commissioner Michael H. Winn at once began preparations to guard the mill against violence. Organizer John J. Molloy said every attempt would be made to keep the mill closed.

The management would uphold the 40-hour week, and equalize wages and work load, according to a survey by engineers representing the union and the company, but the firm must be operating before such a survey could be made, Walter said.

In N. Smithfield, R. I., when sixty employees of the Andrews Mill, one of the Uxbridge system, returned to work, the U. T. W. A. began picketing. The plant normally employs 100 on two shifts.

Committee Appointed

In Pascoag, R. I., 350 of the 520 operatives in the Uxbridge Company plant appointed a committee of ten for independent negotiations if the U. T. W. A. fails to effect a settlement immediately.

In Boston, Vice-Pres. Horace Riviere of the U. T. W. A. and Supt. Walter of the Uxbridge Co. were in conference.

In Woonsocket, R. I., overseers and other strikers worked in the Genark Mill urged U. T. W. A. members to follow the lead of other Uxbridge employees in N. Smithfield and Putnam, Conn., and end the strike before the company kept its threat to move to Cedartown, Ga.

Without the Daily Worker you cannot have an accurate picture of the day to day events on the national and international scene! Have you obtained at least one new subscriber for the Daily Worker this week?

Workers Press Picnic To Be Held on Aug. 18 in San Francisco, Calif.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 4.—The annual Northern California Workers' Press picnic will be held Sunday, Aug. 18 in Varsity Park, three miles west of Menlo Park, it was announced today.

An elaborate program of entertainment, games and athletics has been planned by the Workers Press Conference.

Proceeds from the picnic will go to the Daily Worker, Western Worker and the Voice of Youth. Trucks to the picnic will leave from 121 Haight Street. The first will leave at 8:30 in the morning and the last one will leave at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

Anti-Negro Chain Letter Sent in Detroit

Unsigned Missives Call For Jim-Crowism in Schools and Streets

(Daily Worker Michigan Bureau) DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 4.—The latest method of spreading the poison of race discrimination here was the use of the recent chain letter craze, according to the latest issue of the Tribune Independent, Detroit Negro weekly.

The Independent reprints a letter that fell into its hands, in which there is a call to the "white citizen" to organize a movement to demand segregation of Negro children and teachers in schools, and to fight against the "danger" that Negroes will spread into white neighborhoods.

The receiver of the letter is called upon to make five copies of the letter and send them to five friends, without signing them.

While the source of this letter could not be determined yet, it is apparently the latest method employed by cowardly fascists who undoubtedly get their inspiration from the Hearst press. In an editorial sharply criticizing the chain letter towards the Independent stated: "Prejudice is a disease, and those who deliberately seek to inject this poison into the hearts and lives of their fellow citizens, are enemies of society and should be branded as traitors to the nation."

Spanish Worker Held by Police In Porto Rico

Because of his militant activity in the recent strike of truck drivers in Porto Rico, Francisco Martin, a worker of San Juan, was arrested there and is being held for deportation to Spain, according to information received here by the national office of the International Labor Defense.

The International Labor Defense asks that protests against the arrest and deportation of Martin be sent to Resident Commissioner Santiago Iglesias, at Washington, D. C., and to Governor Benjamin Horton of Porto Rico.

Officials Plan To Raise Age Limit in CCC

Jobless Balk Against Forced Labor Jobs in New England

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 4.—As a result of the complete failure to enroll men for the C. C. C. camps of New England, the age limit will be raised shortly from 28 to 35.

Under the new regulation unmarried men from 18 to 35 years will be eligible for enlistment. In a desperate effort to prevent the complete depopulation of the camps another new ruling has been made, which "allows" C. C. C. members to serve for extended periods beyond the usual 18 months.

Applicants are still required to be on the welfare lists, a regulation which is being attacked by the capitalist press here as the reason for the collapse of what they term "one of the President's glorious achievements."

Jobless Reserves Measure Passed In Massachusetts

(New England Labor News Bureau) BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 4.—A bill providing unemployment insurance at a minimum of \$5 a week and a maximum of \$15 a week for employees making less than \$2,500 a year was passed last week by the Massachusetts House of Representatives. Under the terms of the bill, it must be approved by the Federal government before it becomes effective. By this method Massachusetts employers will be given credit for payments made to the state fund for unemployment insurance.

The bill provides for payment by employers of over eight persons of 1 per cent of their payroll in 1935, 2 per cent in 1937, and 3 per cent in 1938. Employers also must contribute an amendment having been defeated which called for the elimination of this provision in the bill. Employees will be assessed 1 per cent in 1937 and 1.5 per cent in 1938. Benefits would first accrue in 1938, and would be for a period of not more than sixteen weeks, on the basis of one week for every 16 in which the employe worked.

WHAT'S ON Philadelphia, Pa.

Angelo Herndon Defense Picnic, Sunday, August 25th, at Claus Farm. Angelo Herndon, main speaker. Tag of War, Pie Eating Contest, a short play on the Georgia Chain Gang. Prizes to winner. Direction: Take Frankford St., change to Car 30, go to Rhawn St., or take Car 30, change for Car 26, go to Rhawn St.

Minneapolis, Minn. General Membership Meeting of I. W. O., Monday evening, Aug. 5 at the Workers Cultural Center, 1229 Logan Ave. Everybody welcome.

St. Louis, Mo. Annual Picnic of the International Workers Order given at the Black Forest Garden, 6432 Gravois, Sunday, Aug. 11. Dancing, games, etc. Adm. 20c. Ausp.: City Central Comm. I.W.O.

UNDERSTAND BROWDER'S REPORT to the 7th WORLD CONGRESS!



COMMUNISM IN THE UNITED STATES

By EARL BROWDER

To understand the full significance of what the General Secretary of the Communist Party of the United States reported to the 7th World Congress, to have an accurate picture of the Communist movement in America, you must read "Communism in the United States." This book gives you the material which formed the basis of Comrade Browder's address to the leading representatives of the Communist Parties in 57 countries.

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HOME LIFE

By Ann Barton

NOTHING could surpass that lovely moment at Marion Davies' house party when all the girls lined up against the wall after dinner to see who had the roundest tummy after the sumptuous Davies' meal and nobody could decide between Claudette Colbert and Jean Harlow, though all the men were that interested...

There was a spirited conversation. Two girls who objected to the movie magazines were Y.C.L. members. The younger sister was not. The fourth girl, although a member of the Y.C.L. said carelessly that, even though movie magazines were sappy they are good relaxation.

Jane, the oldest of the girls was indignant. She flipped the pages of the magazine, from one article to another. She indicated the carefully touched up photographs of the stars, be-curlied, eyelashes darkened, attired in dresses that could only exist in dreams or in the movies. She pointed to the articles that told girls how to use make-up, how to develop their personalities. She read the titles of the stories.

Relaxation, she said sternly. "A million girls read this stuff, and are taken in by it. They believe they have only to develop their personalities to become a second Marlene Dietrich. They become so engrossed in the make believe world of the movie magazines that they are blind to the conditions around them. It's one more way to keep working class girls and women away from the struggle. We as Y.C.L. members must not excuse these magazines—we must expose their purpose. You should know better."

Here is a recipe which calls for both sweet potatoes and prunes. Try it. Peel six medium-sized sweet potatoes. Boil until tender and cut in one quarter inch slices. Stone 12 cooked prunes and cut in halves. Arrange potatoes and prunes in alternate layers in buttered casserole, with prunes on top. Dot with one-third cup butter, sprinkle with one-half cup brown sugar. Add one-half cup nut meats if you want a little extra touch, and pour one cup prune juice over all. Bake in moderate oven for forty-five minutes.

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From Factory, Mine, Farm and Office

Tacoma Waterfront Tied Up By Labor Sympathy Strikes

TACOMA, Wash.—The entire waterfront of Tacoma was tied up recently due to the mass resistance of the workers against the wholesale terror raging against the striking lumber workers.

The rank and file longshoremen walked out in sympathy with the lumber workers when Governor Martin ordered out the National Guards and declared martial law.

Faddy Morris, misleader of labor and president of the Central Labor Trades Council of the Tacoma American Federation of Labor, offered a resolution calling upon the Federal troops to come to Tacoma "to stop the lawlessness of the National Guards."

Brooklyn Beth Moses Strike Ends With Complete Victory for Workers

BROOKLYN.—The 100 striking employees of the Beth Moses Hospital have won unconditional reinstatement after a two-months' strike against a lock-out.



National Guard Troops Patrolling Tacoma, Wash.

The War Against Ethiopia and the Economic Situation in Italy

A few days ago the Italian press reported that in Tripolitania 12,000 hectares of land are to be taken into cultivation for the first time giving means of livelihood to 200 families of the Italian colony.

The Ruling Claws by Redfield



"I suppose these boys feel wonderful whenever they remember they made the world safe for democracy."

Italian I. W. O. Section Rallies To the Defense of Ethiopia

The Italian Section of the International Workers Order has issued a call to its membership and to all Italian workers to rally to the defense of Ethiopia.

Workers at I. Miller Shoe Co. Protest Kick-Back Racket

LONG ISLAND CITY.—I am one of the 1,200 who work for I. Miller and Sons Incorporated, shoe manufacturers, in Long Island City.

N. J. Sales Tax Soaks the Poor

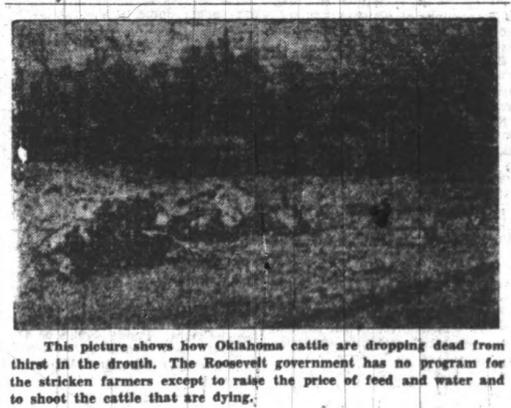
PATERSON, N. J.—We have been told that we have to pay a sales tax of 2 per cent.

Park Avenue Patriots Form National Guard

NEW YORK.—Here's a story to illustrate the "trials and tribulations" of the "blue bloods."

Yonkers Anti-War United Front Scores Victory Against Cops and Nazi Agents

YONKERS, N. Y.—Application for a permit for the Aug. 3, anti-war parade was refused here yesterday by Commissioner of Public Safety Morrissey and Chief of Police Quirk.



This picture shows how Oklahoma cattle are dropping dead from thirst in the drought. The Roosevelt government has no program for the stricken farmers except to raise the price of feed and water and to shoot the cattle that are dying.

Table with columns for 'Invested in joint stock' and 'Withdrawn from joint stock' for various years (1934, 1935, 1936, 1937) showing financial trends in Italy.

disastrous. The following data give some idea of the situation: No. of ordinary bank-ruptures, No. of small bank-ruptures

YOUR HEALTH - By - Medical Advisory Board

So many comrades have been coming in person to the offices of Health and Hygiene and the Medical Advisory Board, that the Board is forced to ask its friends for a greater amount of co-operation in that respect.

Canned Vegetables for Children M. M. of Newark, N. J., writes: I have a young baby 3 1/2 months and as I am just starting to feed him fruits and vegetables, I am very anxious to know the relative "homogenized" vegetables versus value of canned, strained so-called home-cooked fresh vegetables.

YOU say you are starting your 3 1/2 month old baby on fruit and vegetables. We should advise you first to start the baby on cereal, a month later on vegetables, and a month later on deserts.

Superfluous Hair on the Face A. W. of New York, writes: I am a young woman, who, for the past few years has been troubled by increasingly heavy growth of hair on the face.

Better Than Ever THE August number of Health and Hygiene is on the newsstands. Earlier than ever, the magazine is newer, fresher, better than ever.

"FRESH AIR FUND" of the MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD 50 East 13th St., New York City I enclose \$... as my contribution towards sending children of unemployed workers to Camp Wo-chi-ca.

Subscription form for Health and Hygiene magazine, including fields for name, address, and city.

New York Parade Shows Growing Unity of People Against War

UNITED POWER OF MASSES CAN STOP MOVEMENTS TOWARD IMPERIALIST WAR IN EUROPE AND BY WALL STREET CHIEFS AND PUT END TO FASCISM

THE masses have not forgotten. Nineteen years after the World War began the people of New York City poured out 100,000 strong on the streets of Harlem to demonstrate their undying hatred of capitalist war. One hundred thousand people, Negro and white, Gentile and Jew, Communist, Socialist, and workers of other parties, vowed that they would fight against being hacked into fertilizer so that Wall Street's golden blooms might flourish.

Literally millions of people all over the world swore that a new August 4th would find them prepared to do battle against the imperialist war mongers—to defend the Soviet Union—to defend Soviet China. Millions swore to oppose the growth of fascism.

In Harlem, tens of thousands of Negro people saw that their best allies in the fight against Mussolini's attack on Ethiopia are the white workers.

But the brilliant outpouring of all friends of peace is only the beginning! It must be broadened into an all-embracing, powerful united front, a People's Front whose massed might can stop the juggernaut of imperialist war, can halt fascism, can defend and extend the hard-won democratic rights of the masses.

Already Mussolini has been forced to hear the shouts of millions whose sympathy for Ethiopia is being translated into organization. The contingent of several thousand Italian-American workers who

marched in the parade is an act of solidarity with the Ethiopian people that will go ringing 'round the world and will be heard in far-off Addis Ababa—as well as the fascist councils in Rome.

That thousands of Socialist workers and such a Socialist-led union as the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters took part in the huge anti-war demonstration is proof positive of the deep feeling for the united front in the breasts of Socialist Party members and sympathizers. This splendid step must find its sequel in formal united fronts between Socialists and Communists all over the country—an initial step that will go far to insuring the building of a vast People's Front.

Brilliant though the Harlem demonstration was,

it will not of itself stop the fascist criminals from hurling the firebrand that may set off a new world conflagration.

Mussolini, Hitler, the Japanese war lords, "our own" fascist Hearst and the Wall Street-Washington war-mongers for whom he speaks; can be stopped by only one thing—the united power of the masses of the people of the United States. He who hates imperialist war and fascism must fight for the united front, for the formation of the People's Front.

To build that essential unity, to form those iron battalions of the People's Front in the United States, is now the duty of every genuine friend of peace, of every anti-fascist.

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MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1935

Rackets and Unions
AUGUST SCHLEIFER, New York restaurant owner, objects to the organization of the workers in his establishments—and promptly runs to the authorities, shouting "Racketeering!"

This is precisely the danger in the Dewey racket probe pointed out by the Daily Worker weeks ago. Employers will utilize the cry of racketeering in the unions in order to discredit unionism. The Schleifer incident is a case in point.

The Daily Worker, whose long record of fighting racketeering and gangster methods in the trade unions is well known in the labor movement, holds no brief for racketeers in the cafe unions. We know they exist and that they must be fought uncompromisingly.

BUT—no good will come of having a governmental agency take over this struggle. It will only hurt the unions and discredit unionism. The fight against union racketeers is the problem of the rank and file of the unions. A vigorous, fighting rank and file can cleanse the unions of the vicious gangster elements. Let Mr. Dewey and Company get after the Lepke-Garrah and other gangs. The union membership themselves will take care of racketeering officials.

Bill Gropper Displeases The Emperor
NOT content with partitioning China and subjecting the servile Chiang Kai-shek to their rule, Japanese imperialism is now virtually organizing a censorship on American magazines.

The prohibition of the August issue of Vanity Fair because of a caricature of Emperor Hirohito by the noted revolutionary cartoonist, William Gropper, is just an extension of the attitude of the Japanese war lords toward China. A few weeks ago the editor of the Chinese magazine, New Life, received a 14 months' sentence upon the demands of the Japanese authorities because an article in his magazine displeased them.

The exploiters of Japan are extremely touchy about Hirohito. And well they may be. Claiming spiritual origin, the ruler of Japan has not neglected to buttress his power with things material. He is the largest landowner in all Japan, on whose huge estates thousands of peasants slave from dawn to dusk for a handful of rice. The Emperor has large blocks of stock in the greatest trusts in Nippon, the Mitsubishi and the Mitsui. He is truly the greatest exploiter of the Japanese masses.

Act for Labor Party In Massachusetts
THE Massachusetts State Federation of Labor Convention opens today in Springfield. The delegates are confronted with crucial problems.

The shoe workers have had their wages cut. The textile workers face lengthened hours, more speedup and wage cuts. The attempt of the publishers to smash the Typographical Union in Springfield is symptomatic of the union-smashing drive of the employers throughout the state.

The local unions, in answer to the employers' attacks, are demonstrating increasing sentiment for a Labor Party. They remember the strikebreaking of the state and local administrations of the Republicans and Democrats in the general textile strike and in many smaller labor battles.

Unite the Jobless Ranks
POLICE fists are never very particular about the workers' heads they hit.

This was made clear again last Friday at City Hall Plaza when some of Mayor LaGuardia's police beat members of the Unemployment Council and Workers Unemployed Union indiscriminately. Both groups protested the slash in the August budget. Both groups were beaten.

Is not this another clear and irresistible reason for the unity of the New York jobless? Can there be anyone who can reasonably say that a united front is unnecessary in the face of the attacks of the LaGuardia administration?

The unity of the jobless is a life and death question. It MUST be built. New York's unemployed, members of all organizations, should come out to the parade of the Workers Unemployed Union to City Hall on August 17.

Party Life
By CENTRAL ORGANIZATION DEPARTMENT
A Handbook on Organization Fisher Body Unit Makes Turn Section Falls to Help

THIS column has had many requests for a handbook on Party organization, and many comrades have written to us, suggesting that such a pamphlet be prepared.

We are glad to announce that this much needed manual is now available under the title "The Communist Party—A Manual on Organization," by Comrade J. Peters. It can be secured at all Workers Workshops or directly from the Workers Library Publishers, and should become the possession of every Party member, and particularly of every functionary.

As Comrade Stachel states in the introduction to the Manual, "naturally the manual will not by itself solve our problems. Nor will it bring the best results if it will be conceived of as a blue print to be applied mechanically. It will be most effective if it is properly understood as a guide to the daily practical problems. In this respect it is necessary not only that we insure every Party member securing a copy of the Manual and reading it... but we must organize the collective study of the Manual in the units, among the various functionaries in the units, sections and districts."

Comrade Peters has asked us to announce that he is anxious to get the reactions of the Party members to this manual and to receive suggestions for the next edition. Does the manual meet your needs and answer all your questions about the organization and work of the Party? Send your suggestions, your questions and your criticisms to this column, and we will see that they are given to Comrade Peters.

SINCE the unlamented passing of the renegade Zack, our unit began to do serious work at Fisher Body, our concentration shop. In order to clear our decks for action, the unit decided that all members who could not or would not do work around Fisher Body must be transferred. The work of the remaining members began to improve.

We are now holding weekly shop meetings that are growing in size and interest, and have practically liquidated the terror of a year ago. An increasing number of pamphlets are sold, though fear of company spies holds the sale of the Daily Worker to 5 or 10 copies.

Our unit has started holding weekly Saturday night meetings near the plant, advertised by leaflet. So far the meetings have not been large but the attendance is steadily growing.

The Anti-War edition of the shop paper (Spark Plug) was distributed this week and was received better than ever before.

Our unit also gets out a neighborhood paper and through its influence we are getting contacts for an unemployed council.

We have a new and capable organizer, and under his guidance the section is being revived from its disgraceful past.

Although the District Convention emphasized the importance of making the section Fisher Body conscious, some of the section committee are guilty of hindering this most important work.

One example: 400 extra copies of the Daily Worker containing a full page report of our District Convention was sent to our section for distribution at the Fisher Body plant. Three members of the Section Committee agreed to deliver them in time for the shop gate meeting the next day.

The meeting was large and enthusiastic. Our unit was mobilized to take care of these dailies. They did not come. We sharply criticized these comrades for this criminal neglect of a simple task. Each one blamed the other, and made new promises to send the papers out at once. Three weeks have passed and No Dailies Yet.

When the section Agit-Prop, Daily Worker Agent and Financial Secretary carelessly waste a splendid issue of our finest and greatest organizer, something is seriously wrong.

In spite of all obstacles, we are determined to complete our turn toward the shops and build our Party there.

I. O. F., Unit 24, Section 2, Cleveland Ohio.
All support to the national independence struggle of the Ethiopian People! Hands off Ethiopia!

CALIFORNIA FRUIT



Letters From Our Readers

I.W.O. Pioneers Make Lively Appeal for Herndon
New York, N. Y.
Comrade Editor:

We, the children of the working class, say we will not condemn Angelo Herndon to the chain-gang by our inaction. We will demonstrate, raise money, raise a mighty voice for his freedom. We pledge ourselves to take an active part in the drive to raise two million signatures for the freedom of our leader, our American Dimitroff.

To date the Pioneers have sold close to one thousand pamphlets of "Twenty Years on the Chain Gang." This was done by organizing squads of pioneers who go through the subway selling these pamphlets. The pioneer band of harmonica players also goes along with the squad and plays a few numbers while the pamphlets are being sold.
B. E.
Pioneer Troop, I. W. O.

'Docility' Surprises Them—And Militancy Alarms Them
New York, N. Y.
Comrade Editor:

A columnist, Harry Elmer Barnes, who poses as a liberal, pointed out with obvious satisfaction that "Radicalism has made little headway among unemployed Americans," and also that "It is a well-known fact, indeed, that not a few prominent persons engaged in raising relief funds have deplored the surprising docility of the unemployed."
(World Telegram, June 5.)

If there is a greater danger to the maintenance of a government, than the discovery of a "surprising" docility among the downtrodden people of any nation, I would like to know what it is. A democracy can never exist where docile populations exist.

Whenever docility becomes a characteristic trait of a people, there can be no doubt that a poli-

Readers are urged to write to the Daily Worker their opinions, impressions, experiences, whatever they feel will be of general interest. Suggestions and criticisms are welcome, and whenever possible are used for the improvement of the Daily Worker. Correspondents are asked to give their names and addresses. Except when signatures are authorized, only initials will be printed.

ical decay has set in which is the sign of approaching doom.

If unemployed Americans are now docile, it means only one thing: that capitalism by its impoverishment of the masses has temporarily demoralized them. But they will not continue docile. Already within the organization of the Unemployment Councils they have taken militant action to correct their situation and have won victories.
A. G. D.

German Exporters Scheme To Dodge Boycott
Philadelphia, Pa.
Comrade Editor:

The boycott against German manufacturers has made its impression on the Nazi capitalists, and they have therefore adopted a new method of trying to bolster up sales in foreign countries. This method consists in camouflaging the labels on exported goods. They now use stamps "Made in Saxony" instead of "Made in Germany," thus relying on the supposition that hundreds of thousands of the buying public do not know that Saxony is part of Germany.

Recently I purchased some socks in Wanamaker's in Philadelphia. Only when I opened the package at home did I notice the stamp, "Made in Saxony." I immediately returned the socks and registered my protest to the manager of the store. The manager was obliged to admit that their entire stock of anklets was imported from Germany.

Whenever we do our shopping, let us be on the lookout for this subterfuge.
R. R.

Passengers on Soviet Ship Give High Praise to Crew
Leningrad, U. S. S. R.
Comrade Editor:

One hundred and eight passengers aboard the M. S. Felix Dzerzhinsky, bound for Leningrad, had the opportunity to appreciate a cross-section of life under socialism. They were struck by the excellent conditions under which the crew lives, their enjoyment of leisure time and the spontaneous fraternizing of this cordial spirit, which culminated in a most unusual dance and musical recital furnished by the crew, that they presented \$147.85 to the shop committee of the steamer, with the request that the gift be used for additions to the library and general cultural equipment of the crew. The shop committee, however, speaking for the personnel, refused the gift in order to avoid a misunderstanding on the part of the passengers that tipping is accepted by Soviet workers.

However, they finally agreed to accept the money to be contributed to MOPR (Russian I. L. D.).
M. K. F.

Asks Maps Showing Front Of Major Struggles
New York, N. Y.
Comrade Editor:

Workers' struggles are getting more numerous, intense and widespread among home owners, hunger marchers, farmers. Great struggles, as at Tacoma and Terre Haute, are the most important occurrences of the day. It seems to me we would get a clearer view if you printed each week a map of the United States and parts of Canada and Mexico, showing places, numbers of workers and enemies involved, etc. This would help to make American workers more class conscious and ready for solidarity action. It would teach them "How the Arm of the Workers Can Strike."
J. J.

U. S. S. R. and Struggle for Peace

- "What has the U.S.S.R. relied on in this difficult and complex struggle for peace?"
- "a) On its growing economic and political might.
 - "b) On the moral support of millions of the working class in every country who are vitally interested in the preservation of peace.
 - "c) On the common sense of those countries which for this or that motive are not interested in disturbing the peace, and which want to develop commercial relations with such a punctual client as the U.S.S.R.
 - "d) Finally—on our glorious army, which is ready to defend our country against attack from without."
(Stalin, Report to the XVII Congress of the C. P., S. U.)

World Front

Pravda Reviews 7 Years' Work A Monolithic Party United Struggle, Main Task

THE vigorous comment in Saturday's Pravda, organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, rounds out the discussion on Comrade Wilhelm Pieck's report with a ripe estimate of the serious progress forged by all Communist Parties in the last seven years.

What this progress forecasts for the quality and quantity of Communist work in the impending future is indicated by Pravda:

"The entire situation in the capitalist world, the vast work accomplished by the Communist Parties in consolidating their ranks and improving their methods of work, and the world historical victories of socialism in the Soviet Union have prepared the ground for the colossal success of the ideas of Communism and the slogans of the Communist International among the masses.

"On Saturday the Congress adopted a resolution on the report of the Executive Committee of the Comintern," states Pravda. "The resolution fully discusses the individual delegations, represents the collective work of the entire Congress and is a vivid testimony of the spirit of proletarian democracy prevailing in the Communist International."

THE Executive Committee's policy, establishing a unified Communist and Social-Democratic action against fascism, the capitalist offensive and war, was unanimously adopted. The first results of this policy have already been seen in some countries. The Comintern asserts that these efforts have been only partially successful because the Second International rejected the Comintern's proposal and appeals.

"A unified working class struggle for nation-wide anti-fascist and anti-war fronts was the dominating subject of the delegates' speeches and the essence of the first congressional resolution," Pravda points out. "The discussion evoked four essential traits of the international Communist movement and indicates its greatness, steadfastness, and political and ideological unity; the movement is organizationally monolithic, ideologically firm and mustered around its leadership.

FACTIONAL remnants have been eradicated and the most dangerous enemies of the Communist International exposed and expelled. The past seven years again confirms the correctness of the Comintern line of Marxist-Leninist strategy and tactics.

"The discussion on Pieck's report concentrates the criticism and self-criticism against left, sectarian and opportunist distortions of the Comintern line. The Congress deals a severe blow at sectarian theories, the fear of the masses and their anti-proletarian disdain for the broad toiling masses and their daily interests and demands.

THE overcoming of the survivals of sectarian traditions under the present conditions implies the creation of a basis of prerequisites for the successful realization of a united proletarian anti-fascist people's front to repulse the fascist attack and forestall the war danger.

THE discussion indicated the extent, growth and strengthening of the Comintern sections, the maturity of leadership and the ability of orientation in complex and swiftly changing conditions of struggle of the working class and the toiling masses. The Comintern sections have almost everywhere increased numerically, but ideologically and politically still more. The sections have approached the masses more closely than seven years ago, although all possibilities for extending their influence have not been utilized.

The discussion finally again emphasizes that the Communist International is the real world party of the proletariat, representing the great International Workingmen's Association, the 'triumph of Marx' and Engel's ideas and the cause of Lenin and Stalin.

"The main task of the present period is the establishment of a united proletarian anti-fascist people's front to repulse the fascist attack and forestall the war danger."
Hall and support the Red Army of China and the anti-imperialist front against the Japanese imperialist invasion!