

FIGHT FASCISM, IMPERIALIST WAR!

A FL Sees No Jobs for Millions

SAYS RELIEF WAGES MEAN STARVATION

New Deal Steadily Cuts Level of All Pay to 'Bare Minimum'

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Not only has no real progress been made in employment during the last year under the New Deal but "millions of those on relief must expect to remain on relief rolls for several years," declares the April Monthly Survey of Business of the American Federation of Labor, just issued here.

The survey reports also that 22,000,000 people "or more than one-sixth of all persons in the United States" are existing on the bare subsistence provided by relief. "In spite of small employment gains, relief rolls have been increasing rapidly. More than a million cases have been added since last July," the survey says. Its figures are based on Federal Emergency Relief Administration records.

"Relief Pay Means Starvation" Relief wages paid by the Roosevelt administration, with which the A. F. of L. officials are closely connected, were "so low that it means slow starvation for large numbers of the relief population," the survey admits. "Workers on relief are not permitted to rise above bare subsistence."

"What is the prospect of finding work in private industry for those on relief?" the survey asks. "Business progress in the last two years has not been enough to scratch the surface of our unemployment problem. The number unemployed today is almost the same as last year—about 11,500,000."

Ignoring the billions being lavished by the New Deal administration on imperialist war preparations, money which could be used for genuine unemployment insurance, the A. F. of L. survey makes a vague plea for "decent pay" for the "millions of people" who will "depend on government work for several years to come." The A. F. of L. officials avoid even the mention of the Workers' Unemployment Bill, H. R. 2827, the only adequate social insurance measure presented to Congress, and one that is backed by nearly 3,000 A. F. of L. locals and received the favorable votes of 52 members of the House despite "gee" procedure.

Steady Drop in Pay. The survey chronicles a part of the steady Roosevelt attack on the wage scale.

"While F. E. R. A. has made definite progress in lifting relief levels in substandard areas, pressure from business interests has influenced the whole relief policy, driving relief wages downward until they permit only the barest subsistence," says the survey. "The administration's first effort to create jobs gave us C. W. A. with an average wage of nearly \$55 a month and jobs open to any unemployed worker. This was followed by the F. E. R. A. work program, with an average wage of \$26 a month. Wage rates were reduced (Nov., 1934) from a 30-cent an hour minimum to the 'prevailing wage,' which in Southern states means 10 to 20 cents an hour. The new \$4,000,000,000 work relief program now specifies wages below the prevailing rate. Relief wages affording a decent standard of living might make workers unwilling to go back to subsistence wages of private industry. Not only is his wage forced to a bare minimum; the worker on relief must prove his destitution before he can get either job or dole."

London Strikers Call Police 'Baby Starvers' As Group Is Clubbed

LONDON, Canada, April 25.—London Township relief strikers were pumpeled with police clubs as they attempted to mount the stairs leading to the Township offices in the Bank of Montreal Building here. "We can't starve our children as at home without food; go on, pound us, you baby-starvers, but you can't stop us," the unemployed cried.

However, because of the narrow stairway, police were able to hold the workers back until the police reserves arrived to clear the building. Previously the Township officials had returned relief vouchers to these workers.

PRESSES FIGHT



TOM MOONEY

Free Mooney, Assembly Asks

State Legislators Heed Long World-Wide Mass Demand

SACRAMENTO, Calif. (U. P.)—The State General Assembly has passed a resolution introduced by James F. Brennan, San Francisco, asking Governor Frank F. Merriam to commute the sentence of Thomas J. Mooney and Warren K. Billings.

The vote was 47 to 21. In order to get all members of the Assembly on record, the speaker ordered a call of the house while the sergeants-at-arms rounded up absent assemblymen who were expected to change the figures.

Despite overwhelming proof that all the testimony connecting Mooney and Billings with the 1916 "Preparedness Day" bombing was perjured, successive governors and State courts have refused to act. The U. S. Supreme Court recently admitted the frame-up character of the conviction, but turned the issue back to the State courts, which once again refused to free Tom Mooney.

For nearly 20 years, millions of workers throughout the world have raised an ever growing mass demand for the freedom of Mooney and Billings, and it was revealed to be a major political issue in the last State elections, resulting in the present action of the Assembly.

Japan Fosters Traffic in Opium in North China; Makes Million Addicts

SHANGHAI.—Among the various methods employed by the Japanese to extend their influence in northern China, in addition to purely military measures, is that of exploiting the opium traffic in order to foster political intrigue and corruption, the China Weekly Review here shows.

Northern China has become the principal market for the opium monopoly, created by the Japanese in Manchuria. The number of opium smokers has reached 1,200,000 in Hopei (according to official figures). More than 700,000 small opium dens, in Japanese hands, exist in this province thanks to the protection of the Japanese consulates and the Japanese military authorities.

Soviet Union Now Holds Second Place in World in Pig Iron Production

(Special to the Daily Worker)
MOSCOW.—The Soviet Union now holds second place among the pig-iron producing countries of the world and, besides producing enough for her own use, is able to export pig iron to thirteen different countries, a survey reveals.

The completion of the construction of the large metallurgical plants and the overfulfillment of the program for pig-iron smelting last year has made the advance to export possible and the appearance of "the metal on foreign markets has aroused keen interest among buyers. The strict technical control, as well as the exact fulfillment of all conditions of chemical analysis, make Soviet pig-iron most reliable in the foreign trading field.

The Soviet Union is now exporting pig-iron to Austria, Holland, Italy, Belgium, Finland, Sweden, Latvia, Estonia, Hungary, China, Japan and the United States.

INFLATION DUE SOON IN ITALY AND IN SPAIN

Two Fascist Countries Ready to Crash Off Gold Standard

LONDON.—Both Italian and Spanish fascism are on the verge of crashing off the gold standard, with dire consequences to the already lowered standards of living of the toiling masses.

The latest financial report of the Bank of Italy has led high banking officials here to declare that Italy is bound to go off the gold standard soon.

The trade balance of Italy shows a tremendous drop below the 1934 figures. Imports for January and February, 1935, totaled 1,247,500,000 lire, or \$1,800,000 below the corresponding period in 1934. Exports in January and February fell 47,900,000 lire below the 1934 figure.

Millions for War. This situation is aggravating the already severe crisis of Italian fascism. The Mussolini government, at the same time, in the past six months has spent over \$4,000,000 for war preparations against Ethiopia.

Governor Vincenzo Azolini, of the Bank of Italy, in a statement on the international monetary situation, laying the basis for Italy's dropping of the gold standard, was bitter against the Roosevelt monetary policy, which he claimed has worsened the condition of world capitalism.

"While the devaluation of the dollar has not secured all the advantages which the United States expected the home market would derive therefrom, it has increased confusion and uncertainty and delayed recovery everywhere," he complained.

A large amount of hidden inflation has already gripped Italy, lowering the living standards of the masses by increasing prices. At the same time Mussolini has slashed wages 17 per cent in the past few months.

London bankers are certain that the Spanish peseta must be devaluated by 20 per cent, due to Spain's lack of foreign exchange. The Lerroux fascist government fears this prospect as the masses are already in a fighting mood against worsening conditions.

To attempt to stave off this situation, a Spanish delegation of bankers and industrialists is expected to arrive in London soon to negotiate a loan or to make some trade arrangements with British bankers in an effort to prevent collapse of the gold standard.

British Newspapermen Vote to Take Action Against Fascist Danger

LONDON.—Anti-fascist forces in this country received reinforcements when a resolution attacking fascism was adopted by a majority of delegates to the annual conference of the National Union of Journalists at Southampton early this week.

The resolution pointed out that fascism was inimical to the interests of journalism and instructed the executive committee of the newspapermen's organization to take proper action consistent with the resolution.

Moving the resolution, L. F. Condon, pointed out that fascism hits at all journalistic expression. He cited the decay of journalism in Nazi Germany, pointing out that in 1932 there were 19,000 working newspapermen on the staffs of German papers, while last year under Hitler there were only 5,000.

Putnam Silk Weavers Strike as Pay is Cut

PUTNAM, Conn.—One hundred and twenty-five silk weavers of the Edward Bloom Silk Company struck here, when a readjustment in wage scales resulted in a cut to \$1.50 from the previous \$1.85 for 100,000 picks.

Three hundred and twenty-five workers in other departments are still at work but will also join if the cut is not restored soon.

USSR Movies Advance

MOSCOW (By Cable).—Nine hundred sound movie theaters will shortly open in villages in various parts of the U.S.S.R. The cinema industry has already dispatched equipment to over seven hundred village theaters.

WORLD COMMUNIST LEADER



J. V. Stalin is shown delivering a speech at the session of the commission for studying the project of the Model Constitution for Agricultural Artels during the Second All-Union Congress of Collective Farm Shock-Workers.

Priest Opens National Drive

Promises Everything to Everybody at First Mass Meeting

DETROIT, Mich.—The Coughlin rally at Olympia Hall Wednesday night, attended by 15,000, more than half of whom were members of the middle class, was the first step in a national organizational campaign by the Wall Street backed radio priest, The American Federation of Labor leadership definitely hitched its wagon to the Coughlin star, William F. Collins spoke as official representative of the A. F. of L. nominated by William Green and the executive council, and pledged support to the program of Coughlin, stating, "The A. F. of L. aligns itself with every movement that protects the rights of the people. May the National Union have an effect on the gentlemen of the motor industry when they find they have responsible people to deal with, and who understand the problems of the executive."

The Communist Party distributed widely a leaflet of five questions among the audience, calling upon Coughlin to explain his alliance with Hearst, defense of Henry Ford, his stand on unemployment insurance, his attacks upon the A. F. of L. and support

(Continued on Page 3)

Silver Up 7c; Prices to Rise

Roosevelt Cuts Value of Wages — More Cuts Coming

WASHINGTON.—New price increases and further inflation of the currency were seen yesterday as inevitable results of the Roosevelt government's increasing the price of silver from 71.11 to 71.57 cents an ounce by a proclamation issued by the Treasury and signed by Roosevelt.

Roosevelt's raising of the price of silver means that the government is continuing to accumulate the metal as a basis for currency.

Second Boost. This is the second time in a little more than a year that Roosevelt has taken this inflationary step. In raising the price of silver on April 10 from 64 to 71 cents, Roosevelt had indicated that there would be no further price rises in the near future. Less than three weeks have passed, and the Roosevelt government has again raised the price of silver, indicating a fixed policy of inflation that will steadily rob the pay envelope of every worker through cheapening its buying power.

Still Higher Prices Loom. That even much higher prices are in store for silver, with resulting increases in the cost of common

(Continued on Page 3)

Miners Face Murder Charge in Gallup, N. M. Frame-up

SANTA FE, N. M.—Ten workers, whose only crime was participation in a demonstration against evictions in the little mining town of Gallup, N. M., are in the death cells of the State Prison here—charged with murder. Four of the ten, Manuel Avitia, Augustine Calcillo, Juan Ochoa and Leandro Velarde, are held without bail; the other six are held in a total bail of \$45,000.

Additional charges of assisting a prisoner to escape have been lodged against these prisoners and three others, among whom are four women. All have been bound over to the District Court.

The arrests grew out of the attack upon a group of 300 miners, their wives and children, who had assembled outside the Gallup court house on April 4, where three other miners were being tried for resisting an eviction. Deputized thugs barred entrance to the court.

As the eviction fighters were led from the rear of the Gallup court house on the conclusion of the

hearing, the assembled workers surged forward to greet their fellow workers. Deputies set off tear gas bombs while their nervous fingers played with the triggers of their guns.

A raking fire was started and two workers, Solomon Esquivel, a leading member of the Gallup Communist Party and Ignacio Velarde, fell with bullets in their backs. Sheriff Carmichael, a tool of the Gallup-American Coal Co., was caught between the fire of his deputies' guns, and dropped with a bullet in his skull.

Forty-eight persons—thirty-eight men, nine women and one girl—were placed on trial for their lives. Murder charges against ten were sustained by Judge M. A. Otero in the preliminary hearings.

New York labor moved swiftly in defense of the Gallup workers. On the eve of the preliminary hearings, the Gallup Defense

(Continued on Page 3)

RALLIES SET BY CHINESE RED ARMIES

Victorious Advance to Be Marked at May Day Demonstrations

SHANGHAI.—Huge May Day demonstrations will be held by the Chinese Soviets and Red Army to celebrate the victorious advance of the Chinese revolution over a wider stretch of territory than ever before in the history of Soviet China.

Covering a vast area in three provinces (Kweichow, Szechuan and Yunnan), the Red Army of Kiangsi which made its historic march westward is now threatening the three capitals of these provinces, according to British and Japanese news agencies reporting to Hongkong.

For the past week, the Kuomintang Army, led by Chiang Kai-shek, capital of Kweichow, making the path of the Red Army into Yunnan easier. The Red Army there is now mainly concerned with a tremendous propaganda campaign, covering the countryside with leaflets, calling on the workers and peasants to rise against the landlord-capitalist class, to arm themselves and to join in the struggle for the liberation of China from imperialism, Kuomintang rule.

Red Army Advancing. Preparing for a major battle around Chensu, two separate sections of the Red Army are moving simultaneously from the North and South of the province of Szechuan. At the same time, the movements of the Red Army have extended, reaching into the south of Kweichow province, and into Yunnan province, the latter province at first being used only as a passageway, but is now also the objective of the Red Army.

The reason for this latest move is the fact that the Yunnan armies suffered defeats cooperating with Chiang Kai-shek at Kweiyang, capital of Kweichow, making the path of the Red Army into Yunnan easier. The Red Army there is now mainly concerned with a tremendous propaganda campaign, covering the countryside with leaflets, calling on the workers and peasants to rise against the landlord-capitalist class, to arm themselves and to join in the struggle for the liberation of China from imperialism, Kuomintang rule.

British troops recently have been trying to occupy the extreme western part of the province of Yunnan recently, according to reports published in the Chinese press here.

British Meet Resistance. This attempted occupation of Chinese territory is the result of the pressure of silver mine owners in the neighboring regions of India. The Indian mines being exhausted, the British are moving into Yunnan, but are meeting with the most energetic resistance. The British troops, armed with artillery and machine guns put up a two-day battle.

A number of villages were destroyed. The objective of the British is not only to seize the territory for its rich natural resources, but to open up a series of roadways and railways leading from Burma into Yunnan. At the present time these pathways are being constructed at a furious pace, the British imperialism hoping to break through before the Red Army becomes victorious and blocks their path.

The China Weekly Review considers this move of the British an indication that certain sections of British interests propose to create a direct route from India by way of the Yangtze valley into the heart of China.

Following reports that Chiang Kai-shek was suffering a nervous breakdown, according to the Japanese Rengo official news agency, no further statements have been made. It is significant that the Nanking Kuomintang news agency, the Kuomintang, has not been issuing its usual reports of the "annihilation" of the Red Armies, as all of China knows of the severe defeats suffered by the white armies.

Soviet Russia to Spend 214,000,000 Rubles on Medical Education

MOSCOW.—This year 214,000,000 rubles will be spent on medical education alone in the Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republics, as against 79,500,000 rubles spent last year.

The number of students to be admitted this year to the higher medical colleges will amount to 16,000. Almost all the students in the medical colleges receive scholarships of from 100 to 200 rubles per month.

May Day Appeal Issued to Toilers Of All Countries

Communist International Calls on Working Men and Women to Undertake Struggle Against Capitalist Offensive

EVER DEEPENING POVERTY IS CITED

Points to Drive Against Trade Unions, Herding of Jobless into Military Camps and Proletarian Fighters into Dungeons

(For May Day Demonstration News See Page 4)

May Day Appeal Issued to Toilers Of All Countries

Communist International Calls on Working Men and Women to Undertake Struggle Against Capitalist Offensive

EVER DEEPENING POVERTY IS CITED

Points to Drive Against Trade Unions, Herding of Jobless into Military Camps and Proletarian Fighters into Dungeons

(For May Day Demonstration News See Page 4)

Working Men and Women Throughout the World! Young Toilers! Toilers All! Oppressed Peoples of the Colonial and Dependent Countries!

ON THE First of May, the Communist International calls on you to undertake the struggle against the capitalist offensive, against Fascism and the threat of imperialist war.

The sufferings of the working class and of all the toilers in the capitalist, colonial and dependent countries, are growing from day to day. The partial growth of industrial production has been advantageous to only a handful of the biggest capitalist magnates. Their profits are growing, while the broad masses of the toiling people are sinking into ever deeper poverty.

The measures of the bourgeoisie directed toward overcoming the crisis of the capitalist system amount to the imposition of new burdens on the toilers, who are being subjected to the most ferocious and ever-growing exploitation. Millions of unemployed are losing all hopes of ever again becoming employed under capitalism.

Entire generations of young people, sons and daughters of the toiling people, have been deprived of all possibilities of learning a trade or of finding work. The working woman receives starvation wages for the hard work she does, while her rights are becoming ever more restricted. The high cost of living drives the toiling housewife to despair. The tax collectors and usurers rob the toiling farmer of his last strip of land.

There are no prospects for the future whatsoever, so far as the artisan, the handiwork worker and small shopkeeper are concerned, under capitalist society.

Ruin and extinction are the inexorable fate awaiting them under capitalism.

The bourgeoisie are making a desperate effort to find a way out of the crisis at the expense of the toilers by establishing terrorist Fascist Governments.

THE ROAD TO FASCISM

Fascist gangs, in the countries under Fascist dictatorship, deprive the toilers of their last vestiges of freedom, disperse their trade unions, take possession of and plunder the workers' co-operative societies, destroy the legal working-class press, militarize the workers' sport organizations, dispatch the unemployed and the young people who have finished school to forced labor camps, while tens of thousands of proletarian fighters, regardless of the political parties they follow, are thrown into concentration camps.

A similar fate awaits the toilers in the countries where the bourgeois democracy exists, through the medium of which the Social-Democrats promised to bring them to Socialism.

The democratic rights of the toilers in these countries are now being more and more curtailed, while the oppression of the broad masses is uninterruptedly being intensified, and thus is the road to fascism being paved.

The world has reached the verge of a new imperialist world war. The strained international relations are coming ever more closely to a point like that at which the world war broke out in 1914. The expenditure on the preparation for the new world slaughter is being mercilessly squeezed out of the toilers, who are doomed first and foremost to be the victims of that war.

Fascist Germany, the principal instigator of imperialist war, has already created an army which leaves the old army of the Kaiser far behind. The introduction of universal conscription, and the legalization and further increase of German armaments production, which has hitherto been carried on secretly, are a warning that German fascism is feverishly completing its last preparations for war.

ALLIANCE AGAINST SOVIET UNION

The military alliance between fascist Germany, military fascist Japan and fascist Poland is becoming a fact. The sharp edge of this alliance is directed against the land of Socialism, against the U.S.S.R.

While a counter-revolutionary onslaught is being prepared against the U.S.S.R., imperialist wars are already being carried on between various countries. The robber war being conducted by Japanese imperialism in China has been going on for years, and is now menacing all of China, and aims at the establishment of a new starting point for war against the Soviet Union.

War is being waged in South America between British and American imperialism through their vassal States, Paraguay and Bolivia. Italian imperialism is calling up one group of recruits after another to the army, and is dispatching troops to Abyssinia to colonial plunder and servitude.

German fascism is already reaching out its mailed fist against Austria, Lithuania and Danzig, and is making ready to put its plans of colonial plunder into operation.

Only by mastering the broad masses of the working class into a united front of struggle will it be possible to stop the flooding of the toilers by the capitalists. Only in this way will it be possible to stop the further advance of the most reactionary sections of the bourgeoisie in establishing their bloody fascist dictatorships.

Only thus can a stop be put to the mad armament race of the war-thirsty imperialist cliques.

United action of the proletariat hastens the establishment of an alliance between the workers and toiling farmers. United action

(Continued on Page 2)

HOME LIFE

By Ann Barton

THINK of it, farm women, women in the shops, wives of miners, of steel workers, working class mothers, tens of millions of you will be marching together on May Day throughout the world!

THERE will be mighty parades of singing workers in the Soviet Union, carrying the red flag of struggle which in the Soviet Union also signify victory. The women will march, millions of them, free of the insecurity that exists for working women everywhere else in the world. Their children are healthy, joyous creatures, growing up into a life that offers them the greatest opportunity to develop their talents for society. They themselves are developed as nowhere else in the world.

IN huge sections of China, the victorious Red Army and the Chinese Soviets have freed the women from age-old oppression. Chinese women are feeling how different it is to be living under the Soviets than under the government of Chiang-Kai-Shek and the imperialists. They have equal rights with men, the Chinese Soviets enforce these rights, they are encouraged to go to schools. They are no longer slaves. No wonder that they are ready, and some have had occasion to defend the existence of the Chinese Soviets with their life's blood.

UNDER fascist regimes the workers' May Day will not go by uncelebrated. The worst terrors that fascism can brew have never been able to stifle the voice of the working class on May Day. The women under fascism, degraded, humiliated, on May Day pledge themselves to the struggle that will one day make an end to fascism and open a new life.

IN the United States, where May Day was first born, during the hardships, the struggles, the lessons of the past year, women have come to the realization that the basic solution, is the end of capitalism, which breeds all their torments—the end of capitalism and the establishment of a society that is organized for the good of all its productive members by a Workers' and Farmers' government.

THE women march on May Day, side by side with the men, protesting against strike-breaking, company unions, high prices, injunctions, hunger, fascism and war, realizing that under capitalism these things can be victoriously fought but never ended forever. They march to say that one day they will be content with nothing less than to put an end to decadent capitalism and to establish their own Workers' and Farmers' government.

We must be very busy with application cards to the Communist Party on May Day. Thousands of women must demonstrate against capitalism on May Day, not only by marching, but by joining that Party that fights for the immediate needs of the working women, and for the final end of capitalism—the Communist Party. On this May Day, we heartily welcome these new women to our fighting ranks.

Can You Make 'Em Yourself?

Pattern 2109 is available in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32. Size 16 takes 3 3/4 yards 36 inch fabric. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.



Send FIFTEEN CENTS in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for each Anne Adams pattern (New York City residents should add one cent tax for each pattern order). Write plainly, your name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE WANTED.

Address orders to Daily Worker Pattern Department, 43 West 17th Street, New York City.

From Factory, Mine, Farm and Office

Martin Workers Speeded Up On New Bombing Plane Orders

By a Worker Correspondent
BALTIMORE, Md.—Recently the order for 81 high-powered bombers for the U. S. Army that the Glen L. Martin Company has, has been increased by 15. Work on this order is going ahead at full speed. Many of the departments are working in two shifts.

Last summer the Martin Company delivered the last of the small parts for 48 of these planes. The planes on this new order will have many improvements, such as wing flaps built into the center section of the wings. The function of these flaps is to reduce the speed of the plane when landing.

Aluminum castings are taking the place of many of the small parts that were formerly welded. The result of this is that many of the welders have not been rehired. Some of the work formerly done here has been given to other factories. For example, the landing gears. This particular job required a great deal of welding. This too has lessened the need for welders.

Build "Super Bomber"
The Martin Company also has an order to build an experimental



ship for the Army. The plans have been approved by the experimental and procurement officials of Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio. This ship has been termed a "super bomber." Its flying range and capacity to lift heavy bombs is double that of the planes now under construction.

If it proves successful it will be used as a model for 300 additional planes. That the Martin Company expects huge orders for bombers from the government in preparation for war, can be seen from the fact that more machinery and equipment is being purchased.

Navy Interested
The company is now completing three large sea planes for the Pan American Airways. These planes are the largest in the country. Rumors have it that the Navy Department is especially interested in these ships. The lifting power of one of these planes is tremendous and the ease with which it could be converted into a bomber is significant.

There are about 2,000 workers employed here. The wages range from 40 to 60 and 70 cents per hour. The workers are being speeded up more every day. This is especially true of the sheet metal department and the final assembly. A straw boss in the sheet metal department recently fired a worker just to make an example of him. The workers in the final assembly are threatened with the loss of their job if they are not in the department when the real rings.

A real fighting rank and file union is our greatest need, for better conditions and pay.

The need for organization in this shop is very great. The workers are again beginning to talk of a union. It is not only the workers' privilege, but also the worker's duty to other workers to help organize the union.

GLEN MARTIN WORKER.

O'Toole Gets Scabs for Ohio Brewery

By a Worker Correspondent
NEW YORK.—In Tuesday's New York American, a Hearst sheet, there appeared an advertisement for brewery workers to apply at 242 W. 41st Street.

On applying it was established that the brewery was in Cleveland, Ohio, where a strike is in progress. About 500 men were interviewed, about 100 were hired, and only eight sent. They are to send the rest some time in the near future. This is done by Val O'Toole's Detective Agency of 521 Fifth Avenue. Now here is what happened to many of the men that were hired for this job.

After being hired the men were told to get their baggage and be ready to leave at 5 p.m. on Tuesday. After all the men got back to 242 W. 41st Street, they were sent to 521 Fifth Avenue and they were told by a lady in charge that they were not brewery workers and could not get the job.

Most of these men had given up their rooms. Some of them had spent their last few cents for carfare from Jersey.

Of course, these men do not deserve any sympathy, but most of them have now lodged a complaint with the State Department of Labor.

The Cleveland Brewery Local No. 17 should be on the lookout for these men from New York.

Ten dollars has been contributed to the Daily Worker by the Centro Operale Drammatico Club of Lawrence, Mass. The money is part of the proceeds of a recent affair held for the benefit of political prisoners and the workers' press.

The Ruling Classes



Indiana Miner Gives Data on Rainey, UMWA Representative in Alabama

By a Mine Worker Correspondent
PRINCETON, Ind.—Brothers, U. M. W. of Alabama, you are unfortunate in having one of our own hundred per cent fakers from Princeton, Bill Rainey, parking his feet in some hotel lobby in Birmingham. Let me tell you a few things about him.

I was young, probably not over eight, but I have never forgotten a statement he made at that time. It was on a sunny slope in the woods near a little red tippie overlooking a greater number of little red tippies which ranged up and down the hollow belonging to the Hartwell mines.

Speaking to the mine committee only, he said, "I guess I will have to build me a house up here on the hillside and move here to keep the damned fools (the miners) straight!"

The last time Bill was in Indiana he boasted of the pretty girls employed at their office in Birmingham. Of course, no miner will have a lot of objections to beauty or homeliness, it is honest trade unionism we are interested in. But Rainey goes on to tell us that they pay them \$150 a month, better money than they pay them up here. I wonder how many of our brothers down there are getting \$150 a month.

T. C. I. Going Red
Rainey also sent us a clipping from a local newspaper headed, "T. C. I. Deputy Faces Communist

Forge Unity in Stockyards To Block Attacks of 'Big 4'

By a Stock Yards Worker Correspondent
CHICAGO, Ill.—Due to the drought of last summer and to the federal government's agricultural program it is expected that fewer cattle, hogs and sheep will be marketed during the ensuing year than were marketed last year and that consequently there will be less meat to process and market. This shortage is being reflected in higher prices for livestock and meat.

Plan to Celebrate Birth of UMWA

By a Mine Worker Correspondent
FREDERICKSTOWN, Pa.—At the last regular meeting of the Central Labor Union here we took up the question of organizing a celebration in Waynesburg to celebrate the anniversary of the formation of the first local union of the U. M. W. A. in Green County. The celebration will be held on June 15 in Waynesburg, Pa.

When the question of the celebration came up, to my surprise delegate after delegate got up and spoke about the celebration April 1 in Brownsville. Practically every one that spoke condemned the speakers at the Brownsville meeting. Demand was made not to have any of the speakers that spoke in Brownsville, as we miners do not want them.

I am not surprised at the anger of the men as the line-up of speakers in Brownsville celebration was such that 90 per cent of the miners were disgusted. One of the speakers, Father Yesko, told cheap jokes, and it is known that when Grindstone 4 was on strike for a check-weighman he sent men to Grindstone 4 to get jobs and advised them to join the Frick Brotherhood. Congressman Faddis and Snyder told the miners what wonderful work they did on the behalf of the miners, and help they gave in getting the continuation of the agreement to the June 15. Well, miners did not want continuation, they wanted an agreement based on \$6 a day, 5 days a week and 6 hours a day, closed shop, abolition of company unions, pay for dead work, etc. and since they got none of these things, the "hard work" of Faddis and Snyder was not appreciated.

Billy Hynes made a hot speech, he swung his arms round, got red in face, shook all over, but convinced no one of anything except that he is a faker. Joe Yabonski, the local member of the Brownsville subdistrict, who before the elections in December attacked the Lewis-Fagan machine, supported the rank and file program, and spoke for it before thousands of the miners, since he went in the office, changed, and brands the program that he advocated yesterday as a Communist program. He was so disgusting that even the most reactionary elements could not swallow it. It got so he finished his speech to a small group, as every one else left.

To avoid having such speakers, the Trade and Labor Council elected a committee to arrange for speakers, and the committee shall bring proposals, but the final decision shall be made by the delegates. The Trades and Labor Council adopted H. R. 2827.

YOUR HEALTH

By Medical Advisory Board

Child Health and May Day
MAY Day! Not the day of resurrection of an embombed faith but the day of dedication and rededication to the cause of the salt of the earth, the cause of labor by brain and brawn! May Day! The day of international solidarity of all workers and farmers everywhere; black and white, of every race; the international fraternity of the day of international fraternity of all downtrodden and oppressed workers and farmers the world over who produce and distribute the world's goods, only to enrich the coffers of international industrialists and bankers, only to receive in return exploitation and poverty and unemployment and the threat of fascism and imperialism war!

At the instance of the American Child Health Association the Congress of the United States in 1928 "by joint resolution designated May First as May Day-Child Health Day and assigned to the President the duty of requesting its observance by government officials and by the people of the United States. . . . It is not accidental that Child Health Day was proclaimed as May Day-Child Health Day and that May First was chosen as the day. The coincidence is too good to pass for an accident.

Listen to these beautiful phrases that are being bandied about to create the impression of such grave concern over the welfare of the Nation's children. The slogan of the American Child Health Association resounds: "The Health of the Child is the Strength of the Nation." In his May Day-Child Health Day Proclamation President Roosevelt said: "The welfare of the Nation and the welfare of its children are inseparable. . . . The future happiness and efficiency of the children depend upon our exercise of proper parent care. . . . It is of national importance that we pause each year to give serious thought to what has been done to promote the physical and mental development of children and that we strive to improve the child welfare program."

When we pause to consider the appalling extent of child malnutrition throughout the nation, the fact that the so-called Child Labor Amendment, poor as it is, is still far from being enacted into law and is being kicked around from pillar to post like a pile of dung, then the sweet words coming from on high have an empty, meaningless ring, so full of hypocrisy and deceit.

It is altogether fitting and proper that when the working class of the world joins in the thousands and tens of thousands to salute the dawn of a better day for the men, women and children of the proletariat, the cause of child health shall also be on the important unfinished business of the day. Not the maudlin weeping and deploring, the crocodile tears, the sweet, unctuous lip-service to the cause of the nation's children, not the fine, flowery, ornate figures of speech, rolling so glibly from the well-fed maws of bourgeois doctors, government officials and politicians.

It is not enough to say that the health of the children is the paramount interest of the State. It is not enough just to reveal the appalling figures on child malnutrition throughout the nation, the morbidity of childhood tuberculosis, rheumatic heart disease, the vitamin deficiency diseases, such as rickets and pellagra, the process, psychopathic behavior problems of childhood. Show us the way out, you sterile academicians! But they are checked. Their economic system is going from bad to worse, their depression is deepening from week to week. They are groping for an answer but they are afraid to face the music. All they can do reluctantly and with tongue-in-cheek reveal some of the awful truth.

The class-conscious proletariat of the world knows the answer and it will resound around the world like a clarion call. The way to child health, as it is to the health of working men and women, is the classless society of Soviet America.

And while we pause to renew our determination that a better world shall be created by us, let us remember amidst the enthusiasm of the day to make some contribution, no matter how small, to Camp Wochi-ca and the Fresh Air Fund, so that more and more workers' children may be granted a couple of weeks of fresh air, sunshine and good food the coming summer.

Only 4 Days
more in which to secure a year's subscription to Health and Hygiene for \$1.00. After May 1 the price becomes \$1.50. Send your dollar today.

HEALTH AND HYGIENE
Medical Advisory Board Magazine
35 East 15th Street, N. Y. C.

I wish to subscribe to Health and Hygiene. Enclosed please find \$1 for a year's subscription.

Name _____
Address _____
City _____ State _____

"FRESH AIR FUND"
of the
MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD
59 East 15th St. New York City

I enclose \$1.00 as my contribution towards sending children of unemployed workers to Camp Wochi-ca.

Name _____
Address _____
City and State _____

WITH OUR YOUNG READERS



Address your letters to Mary Morrow, the Daily Worker, 59 East 15th Street, New York City.

WORKING CLASS LEADERS CONTEST COUPON
You need not send in the pictures. You can keep them and have a nice collection by the time the contest is over. Read the rules carefully.
RULES: There will be five series of five pictures each. Every week two or three pictures of our leaders will be printed. Your job is to give their names (see coupon) and to fill in the blanks in the sentences below. Send in the coupons, filled out, and the facts about the leaders every two weeks, until all the pictures have appeared. You can paste the coupons on a penny postcard. Your answer to the contest series must be mailed not later than May 15.

1.—He comes from a family of Bulgarian revolutionists. He, along with other comrades, was arrested on a fake charge and made such a brave defense speech that the judges were forced to free him. He is now in the Soviet Union.

2.—A leader of the Negro masses. In May, 1933 he led the Scottsboro march to Washington. In 1932 he was arrested.

3.—A victim of fascist terror imprisoned by Mussolini. Leader of workers.

WORKING CLASS LEADERS CONTEST COUPON
Today's leaders are:
1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
Series 3; pictures 1, 2 and 3.

ADVENTURES OF MARGIE, TIM AND JERRY



89 Cents Is Mine Pay for 4 Days

By a Mine Worker Correspondent
ROCKTON, Pa.—The conditions in the open shop mines, usually called ore-bone mines, in these parts are such that it is impossible for the miners to meet living expenses.

Two young miners worked four days with the net payoff of 81 and 89 cents on their statements. They did not live in a company house or boarding house, there were no deductions for coal or church and this accounts for their "large earnings."

There follows a statement of one account which covers a four day period:

Shawmut Coal Company	
Colliery No. 5	
Credit: 5 tons	\$4.00
Time
Shovel
Powder Cartridge
D. K.
Coal
C. K. W.
BALANCE

NOTE
Every Saturday the Daily Worker publishes letters from mine, oil and smelter workers. The Daily Worker urges workers in these industries to write us of their conditions and to organize. Please get these letters to us by Wednesday of each week.

Change the World!

By MICHAEL GOLD

MAY DAY! our workers' holiday, is dear to us. No bourgeois philistine can ever know the emotion that stirs us as the brave spring sun marches up the blue sky that morning, and we go out into the streets of the world to march, too.

Day of combat, day of hope! Day of the new world, how the cops and the capitalists hate you! A thousand times they have crushed you to earth with their clubs and machine-guns, but you rise again!

The old holidays have always separated mankind. Christmas, merry Christmas, is the enemy of the Jewish Passover and the Mohammedan Ramadan. The Fourth of July is a bloody threat against Mexico's Independence Day. But May Day unites all the peoples of the earth.

It means the end of war, race and national hatred, religious persecution of other religions. It means the end of this whole system of slavery and ignorance. May Day is the birthday of a new and better humanity.

They Cannot Stop the Tide!

LAST May Day in New York saw the greatest demonstration ever held in the metropolis of America. This year will see something even more alarming to the profiteers who rule the city.

How they hate May Day! They stand on the sidewalks or sit in their skyscraper offices and watch hundreds of thousands of workers march by with red banners.

Here are Turkish, Greek and Bulgarian workers marching side by side under the same flag. Should they not be enemies? In their own lands the capitalists teach these workers to hate each other, to cut each other's throats. But here they are united against the capitalists on May Day.

And Negroes. Thousands of Negro workers, marching comrades beside their white fellow-workers. Horror of horrors, the old race hatred has died, and these workers know a common enemy—the Boss!

The Irish workers' clubs are marching. There are Orangemen and Catholics among them, arm in arm. They are through with all the old swindle that kept them enemies of each other. They are not fighting each other now, but their enemy—the Boss!

Jews, Jews—not millionaire Jews, not bankers, crooked lawyers, pious synagogue profiteers, but working-class Jews! And with them march hundreds of pure Aryan Germans. Yes, Germans, German workers!

Where is all the Nazi theory of biological hate between the races? Where are the theories of the Jewish nationalists, who say that Gentile and Jew can never unite? Jewish and German worker, equal victims of capitalism, equally enemies of the whole damnable Hitler system of capitalism, sing and march and fight together on May Day.

Here are the sailors, hundreds of marine workers from the ships and docks, in their blue overalls. Proletarians. Strong sunburned men with hard hands and fighting hearts.

And following them come thousands of architects, engineers, artists, writers, social workers, teachers and students. The hand and brain of working humanity have united at last to throw off the base, heartless exploiters who crush them both.

No, there are no real differences between workers and intellectuals. Both have discovered they need each other in the war for a new world.

Children by the thousands, pioneers who some day will grow up to be citizens of a decent Soviet land.

Armenians, Slovaks, Japanese, housewives and mothers, metal workers and nurses, Macedonians, Porto Ricans, Chinese, garment workers, cafeteria workers, Mexicans, Frenchmen, Russians, subway guards, janitors, iron workers and carpenters, doctors, dentists and bricklayers, Poles, Swedes, Norwegians—

How can one catalogue all this humanity that marches in New York on May Day? It is a cross-section of the world, that unhappy capitalist world that is split up into a thousand warring atoms, man against woman, Jew against Gentile, white against black, nation against nation, religion against religion.

May Day unites them all. And as they march, thousands of police with guns and blackjacks watch grimly, itching for a chance to slaughter. The unity of the workers means the end of capitalism. And so the capitalist police of every city muster every gun and club on May Day, but cannot stop the tide.

Which Day Are You On?

MAY DAY is more than a holiday. It is a day of struggle.

May Day means that millions of people all over the earth are out to show their power.

They want certain things, and their parades are a living threat that they mean to get them, sooner or later.

They want unemployment insurance from the capitalists. They want wages paid to the sick and the old, to all who have labored to make the capitalists rich, and now are abandoned like old cattle.

They want justice for women, equal wages when they are at work, equal political rights, maternity insurance, the status of human beings.

They want children protected from hard labor and starvation, sheltered from the capitalists who try to use them for profit.

They want justice for Negroes and other oppressed races, full social and political equality for our brother-workers.

They want an end to war. They say they will no longer fight in the wars capitalists create between nations for their own profit. Human life is more precious than dollars. If the capitalists plunge us into another war, we will carry on a revolutionary struggle against it.

They want books, schools, colleges, symphony orchestras and libraries spread among the people. Millions of dollars that are spent for war should go for culture and the relief of the unemployed.

They want a new world, where there will be no bosses and slaves, no profiteers and paupers. They want the land and the factories to be owned, by the many, instead of by the few.

This is why they parade on May Day. And this is why the capitalists send thousands of armed police to crush the May Day marchers.

To those of you who are watching a May Day parade for the first time, whether it be in New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Birmingham, or hundreds of other American cities and towns, we ask—

Which side are you on? Are you for May Day or for war and hunger? Are you with the bosses and their police or are you with the working people? May Day is a day of thought, a day of demonstration, and a day of struggle. Out of many May Days will come a better world.

LITTLE LEFTY

De-bunking Beefey!

by del



A SONG FOR MAY DAY

Words by ROBERT GESSNER. Music by L. E. SWIFT. Musical score for 'A Song for May Day' with lyrics and musical notation.

(Reprinted from The New Masses)

Meet Frank Mucci, Miner of Taylor Springs And Communist Councilman Now Holding Office

Village Truck Used to Transport Jobless Demanding Relief

By BELLE TAUB

"The dictatorship of the proletariat is a government by the least capable and the least conscientious element."—Hearst editorial.

FRANK MUCCI, 26-year old Taylor Springs miner, elected member of the mine pit committee where he works in Hillsboro, Ill., president of the Redbirds Baseball Club and twice elected member of the Taylor Springs Village Board, was speaking to an enlarged section meeting on the work of the Communists in Taylor Springs. He was standing in the small, crowded room of a fellow-miner's shack, his broad shoulders thrown squarely back, head erect, his dark eyes glowing warmly and his voice flowing in even, measured tones.

"Comrade Mucci," I said, catching him as he was hurrying from the room. "Workers all over are asking questions about the only Communist Council in America. They want to know how it works, and the difference between this council and other councils."

"That is very simple," he said. "We have six councilmen in Taylor Springs and four of us are Communists. Our Board meets twice each month. We take up questions about our village, unemployment relief, work relief, finance, road mending and tax questions. We reduced our taxes on poll and beer. We have only about a thousand people here, mostly miners. But we do not limit ourselves to local problems. The Communist members of the council see to it that the larger questions facing the entire working class are brought up in the Council and before the workers in the city."

"The workers would like to know how you comrades succeed in electing a majority in the Taylor Springs Council," I said.

"To answer that question," Comrade Mucci replied, taking a long breath, "you must know what a struggle we have put up in this village and county for the workers. It is just because of the intensity of the struggle, the loyalty shown in that struggle, that we convinced the workers here that the Communists are incorruptible."

"You can see this best illustrated in the fight for relief. For the past two years we have been fighting this battle. Large sections of the population in the mining regions are unemployed. Miners who do have one or two days work a week must have supplementary relief. To get this relief, we have been in the front ranks of the fight from the first day. The climax in this long fight came in the famous Hillsboro case."

"In Hillsboro," last May, relief offices were shut down. The officials left town. We picketed the homes of the supervisors. Authorities issued a decree prohibiting more than five people from congregating in Hillsboro and Nokomis. In Nokomis we demonstrated outside City Hall during a session of the council. Truckloads of workers gathered outside City Hall and refused to budge. Fire trucks were called but the firemen refused to turn the hose against the workers. Finally they wrote the decree off the books in Nokomis, but not in Hillsboro. Here, we can't yet send committees for relief—that is, not unless the Taylor Springs Village Council goes with them. During the height of that struggle, the sheriff of Hillsboro appeared in Taylor Springs. He found all the workers ready to meet him, deputized. And he made a quick exit.

"When a worker needs relief and the officials refuse to see him, they are compelled to listen to the collective voice of the Taylor Springs Village Council."

"And today," Mucci went on, "when a worker needs relief and the officials refuse to see him, they are compelled to listen to the collective voice of the Taylor Springs Village Council."

"For instance," he said thoughtfully, "you take the Chicago Congress. Against War and Fascism. Our village council sent a delegate to that. We protested against the



Recess at the Workers School, held in the City Hall of Taylor Springs, last November. Communist Councilmen were among the students. Standing in front row, left, is Comrade Frank Mucci, while Comrades Pansick and Prickett are standing in the last row and Comrade Mrs. Prickett at extreme left.

offices were shut down. The officials left town. We picketed the homes of the supervisors. Authorities issued a decree prohibiting more than five people from congregating in Hillsboro and Nokomis. In Nokomis we demonstrated outside City Hall during a session of the council. Truckloads of workers gathered outside City Hall and refused to budge. Fire trucks were called but the firemen refused to turn the hose against the workers. Finally they wrote the decree off the books in Nokomis, but not in Hillsboro. Here, we can't yet send committees for relief—that is, not unless the Taylor Springs Village Council goes with them. During the height of that struggle, the sheriff of Hillsboro appeared in Taylor Springs. He found all the workers ready to meet him, deputized. And he made a quick exit.

"When a worker needs relief and the officials refuse to see him, they are compelled to listen to the collective voice of the Taylor Springs Village Council."

"And today," Mucci went on, "when a worker needs relief and the officials refuse to see him, they are compelled to listen to the collective voice of the Taylor Springs Village Council."

"For instance," he said thoughtfully, "you take the Chicago Congress. Against War and Fascism. Our village council sent a delegate to that. We protested against the

wages to 60c while all over the country workers are getting 50c. And our working day is five hours, instead of six."

"In addition to these local issues, you mentioned national and international issues which you take up in your council. What are some of these issues?" I asked.

"Certainly. Take our City Hall, for instance. Back in November, when the Workers School had a special course, we opened the City Hall for the purpose. Here's a photograph of our class and teachers, taken on the City Hall steps, and he handed me a snapshot.

In answer to my question as to whether they had other public buildings, Mucci said: "We also have a jail—but never use it to jail workers. Instead, we place it at the disposal of our workers. When a homeless worker comes to Taylor Springs he calls for the keys to the jail, usually at Comrade Prickett's house. We try to make him as comfortable as possible. We go out and collect a little food, a blanket or two. All we ask him to do is to return the key next morning."

"What issues do you think you will take up at your next board meeting?" I asked.

"At our next meeting we will have to take up the protests against the arrest and imprisonment in Vandalia Farm of two of our Communist Councilmen—Pansick and Prickett. They are serving a sixty-day sentence, just for sending postcards to a judge protesting his sentencing of nine eviction fighters. An odd thing about it is that Comrade Prickett is the jailer here in Taylor Springs—do you see that our jailer is jailed. Did you ever hear of any other American city where its councilmen were serving a sentence for defending the rights of the workers?" he said, turning the tables and questioning me.

"No," I answered. "I never heard of such a case before. This is per-

Communist Councilmen Jailed Defending Workers' Rights

whether they had other public buildings, Mucci said: "We also have a jail—but never use it to jail workers. Instead, we place it at the disposal of our workers. When a homeless worker comes to Taylor Springs he calls for the keys to the jail, usually at Comrade Prickett's house. We try to make him as comfortable as possible. We go out and collect a little food, a blanket or two. All we ask him to do is to return the key next morning."

"What issues do you think you will take up at your next board meeting?" I asked.

"At our next meeting we will have to take up the protests against the arrest and imprisonment in Vandalia Farm of two of our Communist Councilmen—Pansick and Prickett. They are serving a sixty-day sentence, just for sending postcards to a judge protesting his sentencing of nine eviction fighters. An odd thing about it is that Comrade Prickett is the jailer here in Taylor Springs—do you see that our jailer is jailed. Did you ever hear of any other American city where its councilmen were serving a sentence for defending the rights of the workers?" he said, turning the tables and questioning me.

"No," I answered. "I never heard of such a case before. This is per-

whether they had other public buildings, Mucci said: "We also have a jail—but never use it to jail workers. Instead, we place it at the disposal of our workers. When a homeless worker comes to Taylor Springs he calls for the keys to the jail, usually at Comrade Prickett's house. We try to make him as comfortable as possible. We go out and collect a little food, a blanket or two. All we ask him to do is to return the key next morning."

"What issues do you think you will take up at your next board meeting?" I asked.

"At our next meeting we will have to take up the protests against the arrest and imprisonment in Vandalia Farm of two of our Communist Councilmen—Pansick and Prickett. They are serving a sixty-day sentence, just for sending postcards to a judge protesting his sentencing of nine eviction fighters. An odd thing about it is that Comrade Prickett is the jailer here in Taylor Springs—do you see that our jailer is jailed. Did you ever hear of any other American city where its councilmen were serving a sentence for defending the rights of the workers?" he said, turning the tables and questioning me.

"No," I answered. "I never heard of such a case before. This is per-

whether they had other public buildings, Mucci said: "We also have a jail—but never use it to jail workers. Instead, we place it at the disposal of our workers. When a homeless worker comes to Taylor Springs he calls for the keys to the jail, usually at Comrade Prickett's house. We try to make him as comfortable as possible. We go out and collect a little food, a blanket or two. All we ask him to do is to return the key next morning."

"What issues do you think you will take up at your next board meeting?" I asked.

"At our next meeting we will have to take up the protests against the arrest and imprisonment in Vandalia Farm of two of our Communist Councilmen—Pansick and Prickett. They are serving a sixty-day sentence, just for sending postcards to a judge protesting his sentencing of nine eviction fighters. An odd thing about it is that Comrade Prickett is the jailer here in Taylor Springs—do you see that our jailer is jailed. Did you ever hear of any other American city where its councilmen were serving a sentence for defending the rights of the workers?" he said, turning the tables and questioning me.

"No," I answered. "I never heard of such a case before. This is per-

whether they had other public buildings, Mucci said: "We also have a jail—but never use it to jail workers. Instead, we place it at the disposal of our workers. When a homeless worker comes to Taylor Springs he calls for the keys to the jail, usually at Comrade Prickett's house. We try to make him as comfortable as possible. We go out and collect a little food, a blanket or two. All we ask him to do is to return the key next morning."

"What issues do you think you will take up at your next board meeting?" I asked.

"At our next meeting we will have to take up the protests against the arrest and imprisonment in Vandalia Farm of two of our Communist Councilmen—Pansick and Prickett. They are serving a sixty-day sentence, just for sending postcards to a judge protesting his sentencing of nine eviction fighters. An odd thing about it is that Comrade Prickett is the jailer here in Taylor Springs—do you see that our jailer is jailed. Did you ever hear of any other American city where its councilmen were serving a sentence for defending the rights of the workers?" he said, turning the tables and questioning me.

"No," I answered. "I never heard of such a case before. This is per-

Proposed May Day as Legal Holiday

"Comrade Mucci," I asked, "What are you planning to do here on May Day?"

"May Day," was the quick answer, "is the worker's real international holiday. In Taylor Springs we will try to celebrate it by making it a legal holiday."

"Is there any message you would like to send to the workers through the columns of the Daily Worker?" was the next question.

"Many messages," he said eagerly. "Many messages. Let me just pick out the most important ones."

"First, I want to urge them to put up a real fight for the elections of Communists into offices. Second, to fight for the united front labor party including all labor groups. And third, and most important, I want to remind the readers of the Daily Worker of the necessity of uniting with the Socialist workers in joint struggle against Fascism and War, and for immediate demands. I was a Socialist Party member when I was first elected to serve the workers of Taylor Springs. Then I learned that the only way to really achieve Socialism was in the ranks of the Communist Party. But how about those workers within the ranks of Socialist Party who have not yet learned this lesson? They must be drawn into joint actions with us."

"Comrade Mucci," I asked finally, "Do you know that Hearst said, in a recent editorial, that the dictatorship of the proletariat is government by the least capable and the least conscientious element? As a proletarian already holding the reins of government, what do you think of that statement?"

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

"I think," replied Comrade Mucci, "that statement is a vicious slander of the oppressed creators of all the good things of life—the workers. And what's more—here Mucci smiled—I think that it Hearst ever comes to Taylor Springs we will prove our capability and conscientiousness to our class by jailing him for being the vicious slanderer and worker's enemy that he is. And now," he said rising, "if you think that's enough, I'll go back," and America's first twice-elected Communist Councilman hurried back to the meeting with his fellow-workers.

Questions and Answers

This department appears daily on the feature page. All questions should be addressed to "Questions and Answers," c/o Daily Worker, 30 East 13th Street, New York City.

Another Vicious Slander
Question: Is it true, as was reported by the capitalist press, that children in the Soviet Union will be tried for all criminal acts on an equal basis with adults?—T. E. Philadelphia.

Answer: No! Such equality of justice could only be found in a capitalist country. The false charge that the Soviet courts intended to try children on the same basis as adults, and making them liable of the same penalties, was retracted by the same newspapers which had distorted the facts of the situation. (See the New York Times of April 10, for instance.)

Pravda, the leading organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, announced on April 9, that special courts were to be established for the careful analysis of social maladjustments among children. It also appealed to parents, teachers and leaders of the Young Communist League, to pay the most careful attention to such problems.

It is important to remember that in the Soviet Union, bourgeois law, whose only function under capitalism was to protect the property and interests of the ruling class, was not merely "revised" but was abolished altogether. Crime in the U.S.S.R. is regarded either as a personal or social offense. The crimes in the latter category are the most serious, since they are directed at the well-being of all the toilers of the Soviet Union. But even in these cases it is recognized that many such crimes are a carry-over from Czarist oppression and as such will disappear with the growth of Socialism.

Crimes against individuals are corrected with a maximum sentence of ten years in a model prison town—without guards, walls or supervision, and with full pay for all work and an atmosphere which teaches social responsibility. Those who commit crimes through insanity are treated as sick people requiring clinical care and hospital attention.

Offenses by children were the object of the most careful attention and solicitude. Special campaigns were directed at the sources of these evils and the success with which the Soviet Union reclaimed the homeless orphans and other child victims of the Civil War period has been acclaimed by scores of outstanding writers, scientists and child specialists. The treatment of youthful offenders in the U.S.S.R. has been held up as a model by the leading bourgeois authorities in the field. It contrasts strongly with the cruel and deliberate indifference with which such children are treated in capitalist countries.

Crimes against individuals are corrected with a maximum sentence of ten years in a model prison town—without guards, walls or supervision, and with full pay for all work and an atmosphere which teaches social responsibility. Those who commit crimes through insanity are treated as sick people requiring clinical care and hospital attention.

Offenses by children were the object of the most careful attention and solicitude. Special campaigns were directed at the sources of these evils and the success with which the Soviet Union reclaimed the homeless orphans and other child victims of the Civil War period has been acclaimed by scores of outstanding writers, scientists and child specialists. The treatment of youthful offenders in the U.S.S.R. has been held up as a model by the leading bourgeois authorities in the field. It contrasts strongly with the cruel and deliberate indifference with which such children are treated in capitalist countries.

TUNING IN

Krupskaya, Widow of Lenin, on International Broadcast

An international broadcast over the National Broadcasting Company, with appeals for peace by Krupskaya, widow of Lenin, from Moscow; Prince Tokugawa, from Tokyo; Viscount Ocell, from London, and Arthur Henderson, from Geneva, will be a principal feature of the celebration in honor of Jane Addams, and the Twentieth Anniversary of the founding of the Women's International League, to be held in Washington on May 3 and 4. Madame Litvinoff, wife of the Soviet Foreign Minister, will translate for Krupskaya, who is unable to speak English. This will be her first international broadcast. Jane Addams will reply on the air to the message from abroad.

- 1:00 P. M.—WJEF—Cockley Orchestra
- WJEF—Rainbow House
- WJEF—Jewish Program; Speaker, Rabbi Jonah E. Shap
- WJEF—Rocky Avenue; Concert Choir, Mixed Chorus, Solists
- WJEF—Dance Orch.
- WJEF—Benny Venuta; Songs and Murray Orch.
- WJEF—Light Opera Ensemble; Nathaniel Shilkret, Conductor
- WJEF—Kard Family; WJEF—Madrigals Orch.
- WJEF—Mary Eastman, Soprano; Ryan Evans, Baritone
- WJEF—Al Johnson; Songs; Young Orch.
- WJEF—Grace Hart, Actor, Guest
- WJEF—Family Forum; WJEF—National Barn Dance
- WJEF—Himber Orch.
- WJEF—Festivals; Guest: James A. Parley, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Josephine Roche, Governor James M. O'Leary of Massachusetts, and Others, Speaking at National Democratic Club Annual Jefferson Day Dinner, Hotel Commodore
- 10:30 WJEF—Cugat, Goodtime; Newell Blair Orch. (Until 1:30 A. M.)
- WJEF—Same as WOR
- WJEF—California Melodies
- WJEF—Dance Music (To 1 A. M.)
- WJEF—National Democratic Club Dinner
- 11:15 WJEF—Dance Music (To 1 A. M.)
- 11:30 WJEF—Dance Music (To 1 A. M.)

Sunday, April 28

- Eastern Daylight Saving Time
- 12:45 WJEF—From Italy; Description, Annual Spring Festival in Florence
- 2:30 WJEF—Play—Ada Beah the Drum, With Mary Boland
- 3:00 WJEF—New York Philharmonic-Symphony, Arturo Toscanini, Conductor; Elizabeth Rethberg, Soprano; Marion Terry, Contralto; Giovanni Martinelli, Tenor; Elmo Piazza, Bass; Pietro Von, Organ
- 7:00 WJEF—A. T. & T. 50th Anniversary Celebration
- 8:00 WJEF—Major Bowser's Amateur Hour
- WJEF—Eddie Capron, Comedian
- WJEF—Symphony Orchestra, Frank Black, Conductor
- 8:30 WJEF—Will Rogers, Commentator
- 9:30 WJEF—Victor Kopp, Conductor; Charles Mackay, Tenor

Laughter in Hell

Dutch Schultz—Storm Trooper
At a recent press reception in the Propaganda Ministry in Berlin Dr. Goebbels tried to make a good impression on the foreign reporters. He buzzed around from one to another, grinning and shaking everyone's hand. To one American correspondent he said: "What a pity that your great President Roosevelt hasn't organized an American Storm Troops along the lines of ours. If there were Storm Troopers at work in America you would soon be rid of your gangsters."

"You are absolutely right, your excellency," the American politely answered. "All of them would have become troop leaders long ago." (From the illegal "News & A. Lieberberg.")

Close Ranks for United Front Defense of Rights of Labor

DEMANDS FOR HIGHER PAY, AGAINST COMPANY UNIONISM, FASCISM, WAR AND FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ARE VITAL ISSUES

THE united front of the working class—how the exploiters, the parasites and the fascists fear it! They know that this solidarity of the workers firmly united, can beat back the wage cuts, the relief slashes—can stop the company unions and the open shop, can defeat strike-breaking terrorism and the menace of war and fascism.

Already the reports that come in from all parts of the country show how powerful is the desire of the workers for united action against their common enemy—the capitalists and their system of private profit.

In the steel area—Indiana Harbor, Gary; in the coal area—Wilkes-Barre; in the industrial centers of New Jersey, Camden, Paterson, Passaic, Newark, and

Elizabeth; in New England, Boston, Danbury, Springfield; in the big factory cities of Pennsylvania—Easton, Allentown; in Cleveland, Spokane, Chattanooga; in the towns around Birmingham—to mention a few, May Day will see the workers, Socialists, Communists, and non-Party trade unionists, marching under one banner!

This unity must spread everywhere! It must be forged wherever workers have to fight the exploitation and oppression of the employers and their capitalist government.

There is still time before May Day for the workers in many cities to over-ride the obstacles that have been placed by the "Old Guard" and . . . bureaucrats in the path of unity!

The Communist Party has issued urgent appeals for united action. The Communist Party has offered to support all working class demonstrations that will unite for the interests of the workers, for their immediate, vital needs.

In New York, in Detroit, in Chicago, in many other cities and towns, where the reactionary S. P. "Old Guard" and the trade union reactionaries fight against unity, the workers can still press for joint action, demanding this united action!

May Day will see new advances for the united front of the workers. But beyond May Day the struggle to weld this unity must go forward. The demands for a united May Day—for higher pay, for the right to

organize, against company unions, for unemployment insurance, against war and fascism—these remain the vital issues for which all workers will fight in the days that follow May Day.

On the basis of these vital demands, the fight for a united front of the Socialist and Communist Parties with the trade unions can and will develop all over the country.

Roosevelt prepares for another imperialist war. Hearst's fascist poison menaces the whole labor movement. The employers and the government have launched a drive against the unions.

For united front defense of the rights of labor! For May Day solidarity!

Daily Worker

CENTRAL ORGANIZATION PARTY U.S.A. (SECTION OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL)
"America's Only Working Class Daily Newspaper"
FOUNDED 1924

PUBLISHED DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, BY THE
COMPROBALLY PUBLISHING CO., INC., 50 E. 12th
Street, New York, N. Y.

Telephone: ALgonquin 4-7954.
Dable Address: "Daily Worker," New York, N. Y.
Washington Bureau: Room 864, National Press Building,
14th and F St., Washington, D. C. Telephone: National 1910.
Chicago Bureau: 161 South Wells St., Room 708, Chicago, Ill.
Telephone: Dearborn 3281.

Subscription Rates:
By Mail (except Manhattan and Bronx), 1 year, \$6.00;
6 months, \$3.50; 3 months, \$2.00; 1 month, 75 cents.
Manhattan, Bronx, Foreign and Canada: 1 year, \$9.00;
6 months, \$5.50; 3 months, \$3.00.
By Carrier: Weekly, 15 cents; monthly, 75 cents.
Saturday Edition: By mail, 1 year, \$1.50; 6 months, 75 cents.

SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1935

More Pressure

"MORE than a million cases have been added to relief rolls since last July," declares the April Monthly Survey of Business of the American Federation of Labor.

Of the more than twenty-two million people now on relief and who are facing slow starvation, the survey reports, millions must expect to remain on relief rolls for several years. This makes the question of relief and, above all, of social insurance a burning issue.

Only one bill has been introduced into Congress that meets this situation: the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill, introduced by Representative Lundeen and numbered H. R. 2827.

This is the only bill that provides for the sixteen million now unemployed. It proposes an allowance of \$10 a week and \$3 for each dependent for every unemployed worker and for the full period of unemployment. This money is to be raised entirely by the government and the employers, not one penny by the workers.

It has been endorsed by 3,000 A. F. of L. locals and last week mustered fifty-two votes in the House of Representatives.

Only the pressure that millions of people have brought upon their Congressmen, has carried the bill this far. It can still be passed at this session! If this is to be done, millions more must be brought into the battle. Write or write your Congressmen today, demanding that they endorse the Lundeen motion which would bring the bill onto the floor of the House. Fight for H. R. 2827!

A Clean Break

ABE CAHAN, editor of the Socialist Jewish Daily Forward, admits that the "great mass of Forward readers was shocked by the appearance in the Hearst papers" of the anti-Soviet lies of his managing editor, Harry Lang.

Cahan is worried by the resolutions of condemnation passed in scores of Socialist Party locals, trade unions, shops and Workmen's Circle branches. These resolutions attacked the Socialist "Old Guard," first for slandering the Soviet Union, and second, for selling themselves to Hearst.

This is the same "Old Guard" that has fought most bitterly against a united front of the working class. Their reactionary grip is slipping. Socialist workers must make a clean break with these enemies of the working class, by aiding in driving them out of the working class movement, and by building a United May Day.

For Union Wages

ROOSEVELT plans to pay no more in wages on the new \$4,800,000,000 work relief program than is paid at present for direct relief. Wage rates are to be below the present F. E. R. A. scale, below the N. R. A. code wages, and far below union wage scales.

Ranging from \$4.50 a week in Texas, Arkansas, Virginia and Kentucky, the Roosevelt work relief wage will only be \$10 a week for unskilled workers in the Eastern cities. Wages for skilled workers under this same program run from \$7.75 in the South to \$17 a week in the North. This is the wage Roosevelt proposes to pay skilled building mechanics.

Forcing 3,500,000 men to work for such wages, as Roosevelt proposes to do, is a threat to the entire wage structure of the country.

Organized labor must unite its ranks with the unemployed to defeat it.

Your Union and Steel

EVENTS at the 60th Convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin workers, now meeting in Pittsburgh, should make every union member's blood boil.

Only the steel trust looks with satisfaction at the way Mike Tighe, the union's president, unseated representatives of the majority of the membership and expelled 30 of the largest lodges in the union. Tighe's policy would mean that the Amalgamated is to remain a small organization narrowed to skilled workers in a few independent mills.

If the Amalgamated can loosen itself from Tighe's dead hand, and the union placed in the hands of its membership, the 60th Convention can become the starting point for a sweeping drive to organize the industry. It would open an offensive against the miserable conditions in the steel towns.

The struggle being waged by the Rank and File will not end with Tighe's expulsions. The militant workers should be supported by every A. F. of L. local, Central Labor body. The fight should be carried to every union convention and executive board.

Resolutions from all parts of the country should express a storm of protest against Tighe's reaction and be sent to the A. F. of L. in Washington.

Demand that the Amalgamated be placed in the hands of its membership!

Hidden War Plans

PROMINENT newspaper stories of the gigantic war plans of Hitler have been utilized by the American capitalist press to blur over the significance of the equally drastic war moves carried on by the Roosevelt regime.

Didn't Hitler start his huge war preparations program with Labor Camps? Hasn't Assistant Secretary of War Woodring told us that the C. C. Camps are trial war mobilizations and that the spades and axes can be quickly traded for rifles and machine guns?

The army and navy forces have been increased? Air construction is growing by leaps and bounds. The navy is being expanded. On all sides the New Deal relentlessly moves to war preparations. And its all done under the slickest slogans of "peace," "take the profits out of war," and "neutrality."

Wall Street gloats over the New Deal's ability to rush war preparations. Can the workers overlook this danger to them?

Mobilize united ranks against imperialist war, against war preparations.

The Gallup Case

AFTER arresting more than 600 workers in Gallup, New Mexico, following the killing of two workers and the sheriff, ten workers were chosen to be tried for murder. Not a single one of the deputies who were armed and did the shooting, were arrested.

Obviously, the wholesale arrests were not to find the murderer, but to make the killings a signal for a reign of terror to wipe out the labor movement in Gallup.

Immigration authorities are arresting scores of Spanish workers, for deportation, especially those who are to serve as witnesses for the defense. The mine owners are determined to convict the ten on murder charges.

All organizations of workers and liberals should send protests to Governor Tingley at Santa Fe, New Mexico. Send funds to the International Labor Defense for defense of the workers.

Grass

CAPITALIST science stands ready to serve its masters.

A bourgeois scientist, Dr. Schnabel, recommends that "grass be used as a substitute for spinach for the families who cannot afford green vegetables."

Grass for food! Such is the proud achievement of capitalist science, eagerly serving the class needs of the parasites who have plunged the whole country into misery and starvation.

Science, developed by human genius to create a fuller life for mankind, becomes under capitalism, a prostitute making a virtue of starvation and—grass!

Party Life

By CENTRAL ORGANIZATION DEPARTMENT

From an NBC Striker
How the Party Helps
The NBC Boycott

I AM a striker of the N.B.C. and would like to express my thanks to the Daily Worker and the Communist Party for the interest they take in our strike. A remarkable change has gone on among our workers during the progress of the strike. People who felt hatred towards the Daily Worker and the whole workers movement, changed their mind and attitude entirely by reading the Daily Worker and getting interested in the workers movement as a whole.

Due to the fact that the leaders of our union were prohibited, through the officials of the A. F. of L. from getting any help or assistance from the Communist Party and left organizations, the members of our union could not come to help us.

Nevertheless, the Communist Party was on the job in helping our strike. Here are the facts:

1—The Communist Party issued thousands of leaflets to the population in various sections of the city asking the public to boycott the products of the N. B. C.

2—A number of open air meetings were held, funds collected which were turned in to our kitchen fund.

3—C. P. held a demonstration near the Y. M. C. A. on Twenty-third Street and Seventh Avenue, in connection with recruiting scabs for the N. B. C. As a result the C. P. obtained from the Y. M. C. A. a written statement that scabs will not be recruited there.

4—Our kitchen is getting supplies from the W. I. R., also from readers of the Daily Worker and members of the Communist Party who constantly supply us with food.

5—It was the Daily Worker which advertised free of charge our affair for the kitchen which took place March 23 at New Star Casino and which was quite successful.

N. B. C. STRIKER.

ONE of the tasks our unit has been most enthusiastic in accomplishing, is the stopping of the sale of N. B. C. products in our neighborhood. The manner in which some of the storekeepers in our section have cooperated in their refusal to buy N. B. C. biscuits after our visit to them, spurred us on to effective picketing of those stores which refused to stop the sale of Uneceda Biscuits.

This was especially true as regards an A. and P. Store. Every afternoon for three weeks our unit had two comrades picketing the store with signs provided us by the Union Strike Headquarters. On Saturday evenings, the unit mobilized and picketed in mass, also distributing leaflets made by us, and leaflets given us by the strike headquarters.

It was interesting to see the reaction of the store manager as the weeks of picketing progressed. At first he was defiant and told us to "go ahead and picket." The next week, however, he complained to us that he was just a working man and that he couldn't discontinue the sale of the biscuits without authority from the section manager. We told him that the sooner he complained to the section manager about the effectiveness of our picket line, the better we would like it. Eventually, he did call the section manager. The latter came down and then instructed the store manager to discontinue the prominent displaying of the Uneceda Biscuits. We held out for the complete removal of the biscuits from sight and during the next week the manager called our pickets inside and showed them that he was taking the biscuits and putting them back into the store-room.

In the case of the private grocers, many who were unsympathetic to the strikers and annoyed at our requests, threatened to, or called cops when we picketed. But we remained undaunted in our determination to help the N. B. C. strikers, and finally the grocers in their own interests, had to dispose of the Uneceda Biscuits.

If our example will be followed by other units and consequently cause other branches of the A. F. of L. to complain about the loss of business, then the section manager will be forced to discontinue orders for N. B. C. products.

YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE
Unit 2, Section 17, New York.

Join the Communist Party

35 East 12th Street, New York
Please send me more information on the Communist Party.

NAME
ADDRESS

UNITE AND STOP HIM!

by Burck



Letters From Our Readers

Daily Worker Greeted You on May Day!

Spur, Texas.

Comrade Editor:

Enclosed you will find 50c in stamps for which please send me the Daily Worker every day as long as it lasts, and I hope by that time we can have money to get it still a while longer.

We are so anxious to hear the doings at Washington and we know we can get it straight in the Daily Worker. On account of sickness we haven't been able to order the Daily Worker in bundles. We are only two old people alone. Our two sons are married and gone. Our youngest son will attend the Convention at Houston, Texas. He is now organizer of Dallas and Fort Worth. He is only 24 years old, but a real red fighter. Now, of course, we old people can't help but feel a bit uneasy about our baby. The dear comrade who was organizer there before was murdered by the hell hounds of the boss class. But we know our boy will fight till he wins or goes down in death.

J.

Greet 'Daily'—For Biggest May Day Ever Held!

Kalamazoo, Mich.

Comrade Editor:

The Kalamazoo Cultural Club is sending the Daily Worker one dollar with May Day greetings. We must make this May Day rally the greatest, most united, class conscious May Day demonstration the workers of America ever organized.

This fascist thing, called the Blue Eagle, hovers over the working class with increasing fury. It must be stopped. This monster must be killed or it will kill us. The only way it can be done is by setting up a workers' and farmers' government; and one of the quickest and surest ways of doing that is by putting the Daily Worker into the hands of every toiler in America.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY WORKER.

NOTE: Will "R. C. A. Worker," whose letter appeared in this column on March 27, 1935, communicate with the Daily Worker, addressing his letter to the attention of the Editor.

KALAMAZOO CULTURAL CLUB.

Hearst Uses Radio to Spread Fascist Propaganda

Staten Island, N. Y.

Comrade Editor:

On Monday night, April 22, I heard a radio broadcast over Hearst-owned station WINS at 7:30 p. m. A "new broadcaster" was reading German fascist propaganda, some sort of drivel about how the loyal youth is supporting Hitler. The speaker mispronounced every other word and stumbled and stuttered all over himself. He finally finished his poisonous lying about the youth of Germany and started in to slander the Negro workers who rebelled against the brutality of the fascist Mount Vernon police.

By this time the speaker had become practically incoherent. His speech was slow and irregular. It was plain to me and to my friends that the man was drunk, or very nearly drunk. He finished with the Hauptmann appeal. Well, I thought, how long will this go on. Sure enough, he stopped speaking and another voice announced, "Due to circumstances beyond our control, another program will now be presented." A phonograph recording was put on.

This instance is one of many which shows to workers the type of prostitutes who exploit the masses over the radio for Hearst, as they influence by radio the minds of tens of thousands of listening workers.

Long live the Daily Worker, the clean and truthful voice of the working class of the United States and of the world!
A. W. F.

Praises Gannes For Clarity On Chinese Revolution

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Comrade Editor:

Allow me to congratulate the Daily Worker for Comrade Gannes' journalistic angle on the Chinese Revolution. He is the only one in this country who has explained to me the complex events of the Chinese Soviets so clearly and admirably.
N.L.

World Front

By HARRY GANNES

May Day—Two Worlds Revolutionary Forces "A Better World's in Birth"

TWO worlds will celebrate May Day. One will be the world of the victorious working class in the Soviet Union, the bulwark of the world revolution. The other will be the oppressed masses of the dying universe of capitalism, imperialism, colonial slavery.

But in these two worlds the heart of the proletariat and oppressed colonial peoples will beat as one.

The advanced detachment of the world's toiling masses in the Soviet Union have set the mightiest stones in the foundation of Socialism. They are now building the beautiful superstructure, a well-to-do life, an advanced culture. They are standing guard against war-mad, Fascist-ridden capitalism, defending the world fortress of liberation of all toiling humanity.

A glance over the world this May Day, shows the proletariat and peasantry storming new heights, as well as preparing for the most decisive battles in many countries. In China, the Red-Army of the Chinese Soviets is advancing on all fronts. All China is on the eve of the greatest revolutionary battles whose effect will be felt in every imperialist land. The victorious march of the armed Chinese masses will be joyously heard in Indo-China, the Philippines, India, and wherever the colonial masses groan and slave under the whip of the imperialist masters.

All Africa is bracing for the battle against Fascism. North Africa, particularly Algeria, is aflame with the spirit of revolt. In Ethiopia, the people are gearing for a defensive war against blood-thirsty Italian Fascism.

In Germany, Hitler Fascism is driving to catastrophe with war against the Soviet Union as the final stroke. Breaking through the chains of Fascist slavery, the German masses are already beginning to move rapidly against Fascism. Battles are being fought. The Danzig elections heralded to the world the eve of new rising revolutionary struggles within Germany. May Day this year will ring in Germany with the call of the united front against Fascism.

Towering above the efforts of French imperialism and the right wing Socialists, the united front of the French proletariat looms stronger, mightier, more powerful than ever before in the history of France this May Day. Socialists and Communists who have been fighting side by side, this May Day will march side by side in a gigantic demonstration of international solidarity.

In Austria, where the united front was formed on the barricades, the workers will demonstrate this May Day, despite the most fiendish fascist terror.

No Fascist bands can keep the workers in Spain from again raising the cry of the Asturias Commune. Long live the Spanish Socialist Party. Long live the unity of the working class! Long live the world proletarian revolution!

The slogans that will ring throughout Spain this May Day, drowning out the Fascist threats and warnings.

Throughout the Balkans, where our comrades are being tortured and murdered—the rising tide of revolution will express itself in a thousand demonstrations.

Facing the death penalty and one of the cruelest military-fascist ruling classes in the world, our Japanese brothers in Osaka, Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki will join with us this year in larger numbers than ever voicing their will to struggle, their unbreakable bonds of international solidarity.

In a hundred tongues, in a thousand cities, from Tierra del Fuego near the South Pole, to the arctic circle clear around from the Soviet Union to Alaska, the proletariat and colonial masses on this May Day will sing:

"Arise ye prisoners of starvation; Arise ye wretches of the earth; Justice thunders condemnation; A better world's in birth!"

Joining with them, roused to new determination, will be the thousands of revolutionary victims in the foulest dungeons of capitalism. May Day is the day of mobilization of the oppressed and toiling masses of the whole world to speed the struggle for the destruction of world capitalism.

It is the day of threat to decaying, dying capitalism, the day of affirming the reckoning that cannot long be put off. The day of the review of the revolutionary advance-guard who each day are drawing closer to the final battle, when toiling humanity will storm the final ramparts of capitalist slavery.

Required Reading for Mr. Hearst

"This country, with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it. Whenever they shall grow weary of the existing government, they can exercise their constitutional right of amending it, or their revolutionary right to dismember or overthrow it."

—ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Communist Parties of Capitalist Europe Appeal for Unity Of All Toilers Against Fascism, for Defense of the U.S.S.R.

FOR ALL SUPPORT TO SOVIET DEFENSE AND PEACE POLICY

War on U.S.S.R. Is War Against All Toilers—
Only Socialism Can Secure Peace—
For United Front Against Fascism!

Proletarians of all countries, unite!
To the working men and women of all countries!
To all toilers! To the toiling youth!
To all who wish to maintain peace! To all enemies of
imperialist war!

The German fascist government has introduced general conscription. It has incorporated the German civil air fleet into the military air force. The law of the fascist murder-regime on the introduction of conscription means the open carrying out of the hitherto secret arming and a feverish increase of this arming. It furnishes the war parties of all the imperialist countries with a new pretext for increasing the insane armaments competition.

The German fascists, by creating an instrument of murder which even surpasses the pre-war army of hated Prussian militarism, further increase the international tension. The Hitler government is placing war immediately on the order of the day. It immediately threatens the neighboring countries. The German fascists are deliberately heading for a new imperialist world war. They are directing the points of their bayonets, the mouths of their guns, their airplanes against the land of Socialist construction, against the Soviet Union, against the firm walls of which every wave of fascism beats in vain.

This great war provocation has been prepared by the Hitler government by means of all the horrors of the fascist reign of terror. No fascist terror, however, has been able to break the resistance of the German working class. Under the increasing pressure of the difficulties at home, Hitler is increasing the nationalist incitement, the incitement against the Soviet Union, and is resorting to war.

Working men and women, toilers, ex-servicemen and victims of the World War!

The German imperialists were able to realize their armament plans only with the help of the other imperialist powers. The war allies of Hitler Germany, military fascist Japan and the Poland of the Pilsudski fascists are supporting the arming of the German fascists. Step by step with imperialist Germany they are increasing their armaments for the purpose of attacking the Soviet Union.

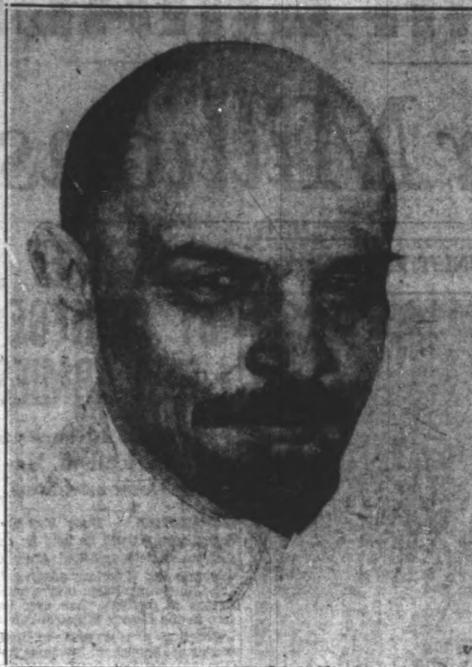
The Supporters of Fascist War Aims

Of all the imperialist powers, English imperialism is foremost in encouraging German armaments against the Soviet Union and feverishly making use of them in order to increase its own armaments. The war party of French imperialism, the heads of the heavy industry and the fascist bands, who in France itself are persistently encouraging armaments, favor German armaments and are endeavoring again to bring France into the anti-Soviet front. The Italian fascists, who by their whole former policy promoted the armaments of the German fascists and who are now commencing their robber campaign in Abyssinia, submit as a pre-condition for recognizing the German armaments the arming of their allies, Horthy Hungary, Austria and Bulgaria.

German imperialism, which is now armed, is doing everything in order to obtain direct support in Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Yugoslavia and in the Baltic countries for its war plans by foreign political orientation to Germany and against the Soviet Union, as well as by fostering fascist movements.

All who wish to frustrate the war provocation of German imperialism and its Japanese and Polish allies and the men behind it, must work for the realization of the peace policy of the Soviet Union, for the setting up of the Eastern Pact. It was the peace policy of the Soviet Union which rendered it difficult and still renders it difficult for the

Founders of World Bolshevism



V. I. LENIN



KARL MARX

German fascists, the Japanese militarists, as well as all imperialist war parties, to let loose a new war. All who wish to preserve peace, who are opponents of imperialist war, must support the peace policy of the Soviet Union and fight in order that it be rendered effective against German fascism.

Working men and women, young workers, toilers!
Organize the mass struggle against any alliance with fascist Germany. Fight against any yielding on the part of your rulers to the pressure of the newly armed German imperialists! Do not believe the lying peace assertions of the fascist Hitler government!

German Fascism Aims At Conquest
The German fascist leaders maintain that the introduction of general conscription and the increase in armaments are only intended to protect the German frontiers. They are, however, unable to name anybody who today, at the time of the introduction of general conscription, threatens the German frontiers. Hitler Germany was able to regain the Saar without any foreign-political conflicts. This is used by German imperialism, however, in order to stretch out its armed hand to the Memel district, Danzig, Austria, North Bohemia and Danish Slesvig, to the Baltic countries and increase its war incitement against the Soviet Union. German imperialism is not preparing for defense, but is making ready for a robber attack. It insolently rejects the Eastern Pact, because it is against peace and in favor of war.

The German fascist leaders maintain that the introduction of general conscription and the increase of armaments are putting an end to the shame of Versailles. The German imperialists would like to put in place of the robber treaties of Versailles, the burdens of which they have shifted on to the working people, fresh and still greater oppression of foreign nations. German imperialism has already shown what baseness it is capable of. In 1918, when the German imperialists thought they had won the war, they dictated the peace of Brest-Litovsk. By this peace Soviet Russia was to be overthrown and pillaged, the

Soviet Ukraine converted into a German colony, the dismemberment of Poland maintained and Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia secured to the German barons. The successors of those imperialist robbers who dictated the peace of Brest-Litovsk, the present fascist rulers of Germany, have the same plan in mind, when today they speak of securing room for expansion of the German people towards the East. They want to obtain, with the blood of the German people, territory for the German trust magnates, the Prussian junkers, the former officers of the Hohenzollern army.

Communists and social-democratic workers, members of the trade unions of all tendencies, women and youth!
The Communist Parties of Germany, France, England, Italy, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Belgium, Austria, Hungary and Lithuania declare:

Under the leadership of the Communist International we have fought uninterruptedly shoulder to shoulder with the German working people against the Versailles peace. We have fought and will also fight in the future against any fixing of the State frontiers by force of arms, against any national oppression, for the right of self-determination.

We shall continue with redoubled strength, at the head of the working class and the working masses in town and country, to fight unwearily and with all means of the proletarian class struggle under the banner of proletarian internationalism, against the class enemy in our own country, against imperialist war preparations and war incitement of our own imperialists.

Support German Working Class
For this reason we shall at the same time mobilize the masses of the working people in every country: against the war provocations of the fascist rulers of Germany, the chief instigators of a new imperialist world war, against all their allies, against all who promote the war-mongering German imperialism. We shall support the heroic working class of Germany in its fight against the fascist dictatorship, against the war provocations of German imperialism. For we know: Hitler means war, and the over-

FOR OVERTHROW OF HITLER FASCISM, CHIEF WAR MAKER

Nazis, Backed by Other Imperialist Groups,
Determined on War of Conquest—
United Struggle Must Destroy Them

throw of Hitler by the proletarian revolution will destroy forever the war menace of German imperialism.

We welcome, therefore, every increase in the defensive power of the only fatherland of the working people, every step made towards strengthening its red workers' and peasants' army, which secures peace, every strengthening of the frontiers of the socialist country. In the event of a counter-revolutionary war against the land of socialism we shall support with every means the red army of the Soviet Union and fight for the defeat of every power which makes war against the Soviet Union. We shall promote with all means the victory of the socialist Soviet Union in its fight against all who attack this land of Socialism.

War against the Soviet Union is war against the proletarians in all countries, against the working people in all countries. It is a war against all oppressed and exploited in the whole world.

Those who wish to maintain peace, those who are opposed to imperialist war must know: wherever the German fascists launch war, there the world war will inevitably commence. No country will be able to escape this world conflagration and its effects.

Appeal to Socialist Parties
We approach the Social-Democratic Party of Germany, and especially the Social-Democratic organizations in Germany itself, we approach the Socialist Party of France, the Labor Party and the Independent Labor Party in England, the Socialist Party of Italy, the Social-Democratic Parties in Czechoslovakia, the Polish Socialist Party, the Revolutionary Socialists of Austria, the Social-Democratic Party of Hungary, and the Social-Democratic Party of Lithuania with the proposal:

To organize immediately joint conferences, demonstrations against the war-mongering of the German fascists, for support of the peace policy of the Soviet Union, and for this purpose form joint committees.

Against War, for Socialism!
Jointly prepare and carry out the May Day demonstrations under the slogan of the fight against German imperialism, against all who support its armaments, against the war preparations of our own imperialists; under the slogan of joint support of the fight of the German proletarians against the Hitler dictatorship, under the slogan of support of the peace policy of the Soviet Union.

We approach these parties with the proposal to make a joint appeal to all trade unions, workers sports organizations, peasant organizations, to all mass organizations of the toilers who are prepared to fight against war and fascism, in order to draw them all into this united fighting front.

Down with the chief war-monger, Hitler fascism!
Down with its war allies, military-fascist Japan and the Polish fascists! Down with imperialist war preparations in all countries!

For the support of the working people in Germany in their fight for the overthrow of the fascist dictatorship! For the defense of the fatherland of all toilers, the Soviet Union! For its peace policy, for the Eastern Pact! Forward to the fight in the united front for the maintenance of peace, against imperialist war and against fascism!

Forward to the fight for Socialism, which alone secures peace.
The Central Committees of the Communist Parties of Germany, France, Great Britain, Poland, Italy, Czechoslovakia, Belgium, Austria, Hungary, and Lithuania.
(Sections of the Communist International).

Appeal Issued for Struggle Against Fascism and War

(Continued from Page 1)

of the proletariat renders it possible for all the toilers of town and country to be drawn, under the leadership of the working-class, into the struggle against capitalist plunder, bloody Fascism and wars of imperialist robbery.

Working men and women!
Wherever Communist and Social-Democratic workers, members of the revolutionary and reformist trade unions, followed by the unorganized workers, have proceeded to consolidate their forces, the united front has already brought the first good fruits.

The workers of France have entered the path of the united front, and have repelled the first onslaughts of Fascism.

The united front of the working-class in Austria prevented the Fascists from demoralizing the ranks of the Austrian proletariat, which is carrying on an heroic struggle to overthrow the Fascist dictatorship.

SHOULDER TO SHOULDER

Workers of all political shades in Spain fought shoulder to shoulder in armed combat. They were not the victors in this combat; but they prevented the consolidation of the Fascist dictatorship, and they are continuing heroically and in serried ranks to carry on the struggle against Fascism.

In Italy, the Communist and Socialist workers are carrying on joint action against the robber colonial war in Abyssinia.

The proletariat forces in the mills and factories of Germany are uniting for a joint struggle of the workers against the Fascist terror, against the poison of chauvinism and against military adventurism in spite of unprecedented hardship, and though under the heel of Hitler's hangman regime.

In England there is a growth of united action by the workers against Mosley's Fascist gangs and against further deterioration of the conditions of the unemployed.

In Poland the united front of Communist and Socialist workers is consolidating and extending in mass strikes against wage cuts, and against the counter-revolutionary anti-Soviet plans of the Pilsudski Fascists.

These first united front successes can be increased manifold, provided that the united will of the working masses will put a stop to the policy of class collaboration pursued by international Social-Democracy.

The oppressed peoples in the colonial, semi-colonial and dependent countries are more and more entering the world front of struggle against imperialism.

The Red Army in Soviet China is fighting the Kuomintang, the traitor to, and hangman of, the Chinese people, and is becoming the central gathering point for the forces of the national liberation struggle against Japanese imperialism, and against the partition of China between the Imperialist Powers.

Communist, Social-Democratic and non-Party workers! Members of reformist, revolutionary, Anarcho-Syndicalist and Christian trade unions, members of co-operative societies, sports societies, cultural and all other working class organizations!

Build the united front of all proletarians in joint struggle! The united front of the struggle against the class enemy can prevent the destruction of the rights of the toilers, can overcome Fascism and strengthen the struggle for the victory of the dictatorship of the proletariat, for real government by the people, for proletarian democracy, and for Soviet power, which will do away forever with capitalist exploitation and oppression.

Workers, toilers!
Turn your gaze on the Soviet Union, which points the way out, of capitalist slavery, to freedom, to Socialism. The peoples of the Soviet Union are triumphantly building Socialism.

EXTENDING DEMOCRACY

While the ruling classes in the capitalist countries are depriving the masses of the people of their rights, the U. S. S. R. is extending democracy and is drawing the masses of the people to a still greater degree into the administration of the State. Socialist property, and government by the people as embodied in the Soviets, have become the foundation of all life in the U. S. S. R.

Under the leadership of the Communist Party the workers and collective farmers are carrying into life the program of the mighty proletarian revolution.

The workers and collective farmers of the Soviet Union, who are masters of their own fate over one-sixth of the globe, fighters for peace, and defenders of the oppressed, weak and small nations, advanced fighters for the international proletarian revolution, are raising ever higher their standard of living and their culture, are sweeping out of their way the last remnants of capitalism, and are marching forward in full confidence through all obstacles towards the classless society.

There are two worlds, the world of Socialism and the world of capitalism. There are two roads, the road of class struggle and that of class collaboration.

The road taken by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (Bolsheviks), the road taken by the Communist International has led to the abolition of unemployment in the Soviet Union, to a well-to-do life, to freedom and Socialism.

The road taken by international Social-Democracy, the road of collaboration with the bourgeoisie, has led to hunger, want and Fascist slavery and is leading to imperialist war.

A CALL FOR UNITY

Working men and women! Communists, Social-Democrats, Anarcho-Syndicalists and non-party workers!

In the name of the world Party of the revolutionary proletariat, the Executive Committee of the Communist International addresses the proposal to the Executive Committee of the Labor and Socialist International that joint May Day action be organized in all capitalist countries against the capitalist offensive, Fascism, for the preservation of peace, against imperialist war and in defense of the Soviet Union.

The Red International of Labor Unions has already addressed a proposal to the International Federation of Trade Unions that joint demonstrations be organized on May 1.

Joint action by Communist and Social-Democratic workers, by members of the reformist and revolutionary unions will also attract the unorganized workers, and the members of the Anarcho-Syndicalist and Christian trade unions.

Joint action will draw in and weld together the broad masses who still stand aside from the class struggle and who may fall victims to Fascist demagoguery.

Working men and women!
At joint May Day meetings, demonstrations and in strikes show your determination to engage in united struggle under the banner of proletarian internationalism!
Against capitalist exploitation, against the capitalist offensive, for higher wages, for unemployment insurance, and against the robbery of the toiling farmers!

Against Fascism, and for the defense of the democratic rights of the toilers! For the release of Ernst Thälmann, Mathias Raskob and all revolutionary fighters! For the liberation of Largo Caballero and all anti-Fascists!

AGAINST FASCIST TERROR

Against the bloody terror in China, Japan, Rumania, Yugoslavia, Poland, Finland, Hungary, and all other capitalist countries! Against the death sentences in Spain, Germany and Bulgaria!

Against the imperialist armaments race, against the principal instigator of war, Fascist Germany, and its allies the Polish Fascists, against Japan, engaged in pillaging China and preparing to attack the Soviet Union. Against British imperialism, inciting anti-Soviet war, against Fascist Italy, engaged in the thrilling Abyssinia!

Render active support to the struggle of the Soviet Union for peace!

For the defense of the U.S.S.R., the Fatherland of the toilers in all lands!

PROTECT SOVIET CHINA!
FIGHT FOR THE UNITED FRONT OF ALL MILITANT WORKERS!

FIGHT FOR THE UNITY OF THE WORLD TRADE UNION MOVEMENT!

ONWARD TO THE VICTORIOUS STRUGGLE AGAINST FASCISM, AGAINST CAPITALISM, FOR THE DICTATORSHIP OF THE PROLETARIAT, FOR SOVIET POWER AND FOR SOCIALISM!
LONG LIVE MAY DAY, THE REVIEW DAY OF THE FORCES OF THE INTERNATIONAL PROLETARIAT!

WORKERS OF ALL LANDS, UNITE!
—EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL.

World Unity Of All Youth Is Proposed

Young Communists Put No Conditions for Negotiations

(Special to the Daily Worker)
PRAQUE.—Putting no conditions for negotiations and expressing readiness to consider any proposal from the Young Socialist International to unite the toiling youth of the world against fascism, the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International has proposed the immediate opening of discussions on a joint struggle against the fascist militarization of youth.

In its letter the Executive Committee of the Y.C.I. mentions the growing menace to peace coming from German fascism and the absolute militarization of the youth in Italy, Japan, Poland and in other capitalist countries.

Communists, Socialists Organize United Front in North German City

BERLIN.—The Communist and Social-Democratic parties in a city in the north of Germany have just concluded a series of conferences for the promotion of trade union unity and joint action. The understanding arrived at envisages the joint building up of trade union groups in a number of large-scale industrial undertakings, and the distribution of a joint leaflet to the population of the city.

In an industrial town in Saxony the Young Communist League and the Socialist Working Union have formed a unity committee.

Evicted From His Home, Salt Lake Man Pitches Tent in Front of Court

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Apr. 26.—Evicted from his home, Jack Allen, an unemployed laborer, his wife and three young children are living in a tent on the court house lawn here. Allen, who is a member of the local Unemployment Council, stated that the tent home may soon become a tent colony, since other evicted unemployed workers are planning to move to the same site.

The Unemployment Council has posted placards about the camp in which the Roosevelt "New Deal" program for the unemployed is scored.

Priest Opens National Drive

(Continued from Page 1)
of the new company union setup, and his double-dealing policy with respect to the New Deal, but he evaded answering any of these questions in his speech.

Left Mass

The meeting was dressed up to give a labor and farmer stamp to the Coughlin movement. In this respect Father Coughlin himself, recognizing the distrust of a fascist movement by the workers and small business men, attempted to put on a more "left" mask in order to insure the organization of a mass movement. This was the meaning of the attendance of Senator Nye, Representative Conroy, Kennedy, and Collins and Lemke of the North Dakota Non-Partisan League.

But even more ominous for the masses was one of the central points of Coughlin's speech declaring that he was about to organize the unorganized auto workers, demagogically declaring that he does not fear Ford, General Motors, Chrysler and the auto barons. What he meant by "organize the auto workers" was left vague, as usual, but he declared that though in the past he has been accused of opposing the labor movement, he wishes to build up the "union movement." He evaded any direct mention of the A. F. of L., the works council schemas, or the company union setup. This statement was intended deliberately to provide the basis for the support of the A. F. of L. chiefs.

All Things to All Men

All things to all men—this was the theme of the Coughlin speech. Promises to labor, to farmers, small business men, veterans, housewives, youth, especially stressing the latter, and promising to capital restoration of the capitalist system. He called the meeting a convention, announced the presence of thirty organizations and 100 delegates, and stated that a Board of National Union would be appointed by him subject to a convention within two years.

He stepped lightly on the question of definite crystallization of a political party, declaring that they would support certain congressional bills, leaving the impression that in 1936 they would have their independent party.

The Coughlin movement in this meeting sought to attract to itself the sentiment for independent political organization among the workers and farmers, and to rally them under his banner.

Dramatically turning to Collins, he obtained his pledge to support farmers, and from Kennedy the pledge to join in the movement to support labor.

Fear of Labor Party

The fear of the growth of a labor party and of the revolutionary movement among the workers found repeated expression in a number of speeches as well as in that of Father Coughlin, who declared that the union is set up to express adherence to the constitution and abhorrence of Communism, especially mentioning that the youth was being attracted by Communist propaganda.

Kaganovich Tells How Moscow Workers Built Their New Subway in Record Time

Great Difficulties Were Overcome Digging in Treacherous Soil

By L. M. Kaganovich
People's Commissar for Transport, U.S.S.R.

Throughout the period of its existence Moscow has lived through fires, wars and revolutions. Time destroyed its old feudal walls and old buildings. In place of these, new buildings sprang up, but without any plan or system. The winding Moscow streets were joined either by small alleys or large crooked squares.

In 1918-Moscow became the seat of the proletarian government. After the civil war Moscow grew very rapidly. New industrial plants arose in the suburbs. By 1933 the population of the city had increased to 3,500,000 persons. No existing transportation system could cope with such a population. The old street cars, inherited from Czarist Russia, carried 1,000,700,000 passengers in 1933. A way out had to be found. Therefore the Central Committee of the Communist Party decided that a subway had to be built in the shortest possible time.

Great Difficulties Overcome

The first line of the subway was to cross Moscow diagonally from north-east to south-west, with a small branch in the south-western section. Its construction, particularly in the last half-year, has shown what great difficulties the workers have overcome. It has shown what workers, what Bolsheviks are able to do when they tackle a job in earnest, when they mobilize the masses, and when they lead them correctly, supporting them, encouraging them and criticizing them—which was done continuously by our Leninist Communist Party.

Quickhands Encountered

Many thousands of workers were recruited for work on the subway. Almost all Moscow enterprises selected their best workers, particularly Young Communist League members, to take part in the construction of the first Moscow subway. An overwhelming majority of the workers recruited were not only entirely unfamiliar with the building of subways, but they were also unfamiliar with the job of excavating, and reinforcing concrete, etc. Textile workers, chemical workers, municipal workers and collective farmers speedily had to qualify as builders.

In spite of the difficulties encountered in digging a subway under conditions where the subsoil is full of streams and quicksands intersecting the subway line, the construction of the subway has been accomplished with a comparatively insignificant number of accidents.

You comrades know, of course, that the workers and young engineers did not know much about the movement of the subsoils. Until now they knew different movements—the workers' revolutionary movement and counter-revolutionary movement, but now they were confronted with a movement of subsoil, which in the end was overcome.

Boldly disclosing all shortcomings, so as best to mobilize the workers to eliminate these shortcomings, the workers have successfully completed the first line of the subway, except for a few minor details.

Thus we all look forward to the official opening of the subway on May First.

Farm Machine Output Rises in the U.S.S.R.

MOSCOW, April 26.—The new enterprises of Soviet agricultural machine-building, constructed with the most modern technique, have made it possible this year not only to satisfy the growing demand for these machines within the country, but also to start exportation, it is announced here.

A number of machine-building plants, such as the Luberetsky plant near Moscow, the Rostov works, the Kharkov plant, and others are beginning to turn out very high quality machines for export, including soil cultivating, sowing, harvesting, threshing, fodder cultivating and other agricultural machinery for both home and tractor power. The harvesting machines of the Luberetsky and Rostov plants enjoy a special reputation in many countries.

Those plants which export agricultural machinery received high praise from the testing and scientific agronomical European stations, as well as from the individual farms. At the Agricultural Exhibition at Izmir, Turkey, the Soviet Union received a gold medal for the excellent quality of its agricultural machines.

Silver Up 7c; Miners Face Murder Trials

(Continued from Page 1)
necessities, it is to be seen in the fact that the top limit for silver has been set by Congress at \$1.26. Roosevelt is empowered to increase the government stocks of silver up to one-fourth of the country's metallic currency base, and the government is empowered to pay up to \$1.29 for silver to accomplish this. A ratio of 16 to 1 between silver and gold is seen as a close probability.

Wall Street speculators are reaping harvests in profits as the markets rise under the inflationary impetus given to them by Roosevelt's acts. But these profit harvests mean increased misery for the masses whose pay will shrink in value while prices rise.

Free State Police Raid Conolly House 3 Times in 2 Weeks

DUBLIN.—The Irish Free State Police have raided Conolly House, headquarters of the Communist Party of Ireland, for the third time within a fortnight. The last raid coincided with the rejection of terms of settlement by the Dublin tram strikers.

The raiding police arrested Jim Larkin, junior, one of the leaders of the Irish Communist Party.

Madrid Movie Audience Cheers Soviet News Reel

MADRID.—The Soviet film record of the Chetvrukin expedition is running at present in one of the theatres here. At the moment when the Soviet flag appeared on the screen, the audience, which included a large number of students and employees, broke into applause and rose from their seats.

The enthusiasm rose even higher when officials of the Soviet government were shown. The audience rose and sang the International. The police intervened with their customary brutality.

THE WORLD'S MOST BEAUTIFUL SUBWAY



New Orleans Communists Urge Unity Against Long's Anti-Working Class Policies

NEW ORLEANS, La.—The Communist Party here has issued a call to the Socialist Party and the American Federation of Labor to unite now against the anti-working class, fascist-like dictatorship of Huey Long as part of a campaign to launch a working class Labor Party to fight Long's program.

Exposing the hollowness of Long's "share-the-wealth" program, the Communist Party lists eight immediate demands on which such a united front could be formed, including a fight for civil rights and equality for the oppressed Negro masses.

The full statement of the Communist Party follows:

To the American Federation of Labor and All Other Labor Unions:
To All Labor and Fraternal Organizations, Negro and White:
To the Socialist Party:
Friends and Brothers:

Conditions of the workers, poor farmers, tenants and sharecroppers in Louisiana are daily growing worse. Wages are being cut. Relief for the unemployed is being cut. The cost of living is going up.

Anti-Labor Actions of Long

Huey Long controls the state as a dictator. During the past eight months he has called five special sessions of the legislature, during which many laws were passed giving him and his gang more power and granting special privileges to the capitalists and landlords. No laws were passed for the benefit of the workers. No state relief was provided for the unemployed. The bridges and roads he talks so much about were built with the cheapest non-union labor. While boasting of free poll tax, free school books, etc., he is making the workers pay ten times over for these by special taxes on cigarettes, theatre tickets, gas, etc. We must hold Long and his clique directly responsible for this situation. If Long wanted to "share the wealth" of the rich he would show it by really taxing them. All workers and workers' organizations must unite against this fascist-like and anti-working class dictatorship of Long. We call upon the A. F. of L. unions and all labor and fraternal organizations and the Socialist Party to unite with the Communist Party for a united fight for the following demands and as a basis for a real united Labor Party:

- Demands:**
1. The maintenance of all civil rights (free speech, free press, right of assembly, right to organize, strike and picket).
 2. Union wages, in no case less than 50 cents per hour, and the 30-hour week on all state jobs (bridges, roads, public buildings, etc.).
 3. Recognition of bona fide workers' trade unions on all state projects, with provisions that effect in all contracts let by the state.
 4. Immediate state relief appropriations sufficient to provide adequate relief for all unemployed workers and the now destitute share-croppers and agricultural laborers.
 5. Immediate adoption in Louisiana of the Workers' Social, Unemployment and Old Age Insurance Bill, H. R. 2827.
 6. Moratorium on all debts owed by tenants and share-croppers.
 7. Every person over 21 years of age, without restriction by cause of race or color, shall be granted the right to vote, with no requirements other than residential requirements in the state.
 8. Repeal of all "luxury" taxes on cigarettes, tobacco, theatre tickets, gasoline, etc., and instead direct taxes on the "wealth and incomes of the rich."

MORE MAY DAY GREETINGS TO APPEAR

The Daily Worker regrets that it is not able to print all of the May Day Greetings sent in by workers and workers' organizations in this special May Day issue, because of lack of space. These greetings will appear in the May 1 issue of the Daily Worker.

Study and Enjoy Life

This summer at a Workers School in the Ozarks

10 Weeks for \$40

Address Inquiries to Commonwealth College, Mass. Arkansas

Boston Sets Scottsboro Defense Day

Communist Party Calls for Support of Tag Day May 5

BOSTON.—District One of the Communist Party has called upon all units to mobilize all their members and members of workers' organizations in every city of Rhode Island, Massachusetts (Eastern half), New Hampshire, Maine and Vermont to take part in a house to house collection on Sunday, May 5, for the Scottsboro defense.

Collection cans, leaflets and credentials may be obtained from the I.L.D. District Office, 5 Harrison Avenue, Boston, Mass. All I.L.D. members are being mobilized for this tag day, and the Party has pledged full support, and urges members of workers' clubs, unions and others to come to their neighborhood centers on Saturday and Sunday, May 4 and 5, to get material for the collection.

British Aircraft Workers Win Strike, Build Strong Union

LONDON.—The Hawker plant aircraft workers here have returned to work after winning their demand for 100 per cent trade unionism in the face of opposition from the trade union officials who refused to recognize their strike.

As a result of the victory, non-union workers at the two other Hawker factories have entered the union. During recent weeks the union has enjoyed heavy enrollment from workers in other aviation factories.

The Hawkers strike committee has sent a strong protest letter to the Daily Herald, official Labor Party daily, against untrue reports in its columns regarding the strike. Unless the slanders are retracted, the committee warned, an appeal will be issued to all aircraft workers to boycott the paper.

Workers and tolling farmers: Unite to repel these attacks on the Socialist fatherland of the working class! In this struggle the defense of the most basic interests of all working people is at stake!

Compass Specials to the SOVIET UNION

A SELECTION OF 36 TOURS Covering every part of the Soviet Union

8 to 31 days in the Soviet Union—\$302.50 up

PHYSIOLOGICAL CONGRESS Leningrad and Moscow—42 days—\$45.50 up

MOSCOW UNIVERSITY Summer School and Tour—62 days—\$369.00

Many other interesting and inexpensive trips to the Mediterranean, Scandinavian Countries and South America

For information apply to
Compass Travel Bureau
L.Ongare 5-9070
55 West 42nd St., N. Y. City

SUMMER TOUR EXTRAORDINARY TO THE U. S. S. R.

54 most interesting days!
\$429
CONDUCTED BY LOUIS LOZOWICK

Louis Lozowick, artist, lecturer, critic, has visited the Soviet Union several times beginning with 1922, has traveled extensively and has met intimately with Soviet scholars, workers, artists, writers, men of the theatre, critics.

Sailing July 5 St. Champlain
World Tourists, Inc.
175 FIFTH AVENUE, N.Y.C.

TRAVEL Soviet Educational Tours

As interest in the Soviet Union grows among American workers, students and professionals, more and more tours are organized for the convenience of such groups. These tours are conducted by specialists in various fields of activity, men and women who are acquainted with Soviet life and can afford the traveller a well-planned tour for both sightseeing and study.

World Tourists, Inc., the first organization to send tourists to the U. S. S. R., is offering a wide variety of conducted tours this year.

Physicians, nurses and pharmacists will be particularly interested in one such tour to be led by Dr. A. Shier, M. D., well known in the medical field and a regular visitor to the U.S.S.R. He speaks Russian fluently and is especially capable in conducting a tour of hospitals, laboratories and other points of interest to the medical and nursing profession.

Miss Lillian Hedgehead of the San Francisco Conservatory of Music leaves with her group late in June for 72 days cruising, motoring and sightseeing in various parts of the U. S. S. R. and the itinerary will include a visit to the Caucasus and Crimea.

Louis Lozowick, well-known artist, also conducts a tour of interest to the artist and writer. This tour covers territory from Leningrad to Yalta on the Black Sea, as well as institutions devoted to arts and letters.

The National Students' League, in cooperation with the World Tourists, is organizing a travel group of students, teachers and professors for a study tour which includes a course in the Moscow State University.

Professor Margaret Schlauch, Doctor of Philosophy from Columbia University, who has also studied in various universities of Europe, is taking a limited group of tourists with her to the Soviet Union this summer. She speaks Russian fluently, also French, German, Danish and Dutch. She has made several trips to the Soviet Union and has been particularly interested in the new Soviet system of education. She has lectured on the subject before educational and professional groups as well as more popular audiences.

The Swedish American Steamship Line Offers Soviet and North Cape Tours

The Swedish-American Line is offering three special cruises this summer in addition to its regular trans-oceanic service to the Scandinavian peninsula and the Soviet Union. One, which is a popular priced cruise of 9,773 miles, takes the tourist to the North Cape, visiting ten Swedish and Norwegian ports; the two others combine a North Cape cruise with a visit to Leningrad. These latter are of longer duration and include other countries in their itinerary. Three ships, the Drottningholm, Kungsholm and Gripsholm, all modern vessels with the latest of conveniences, are engaged in the service of this line.

A unique tour of Europe and the SOVIET UNION

67 Days with a month and a half of travel and study at the

\$379

including all transportation, hotels, all meals and sleeping accommodations except those on train from Kiev to Cherkass.

Itinerary includes: ENGLAND DENMARK FINLAND RUSSIA POLAND GERMANY BELGIUM FRANCE

An opportunity for students, teachers and all those interested in social progress, to learn while they travel. Field work includes travel through Ukraine and Crimea. The tour is expertly conducted... and the cost is as little as you might spend on a vacation at home.

Sailing in the "Britannic" from New York, June 30. Returning in the "Berengaria" to New York, Sept. 3.

Write for Booklet D.W-8

THE WORLD YOUR UNIVERSITY (INTERNATIONAL EDUCATIONAL TOURS)

When going to Russia, travel via the SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE

Whose fast and comfortable ships offer a short, convenient route across the Atlantic and the North Sea, without change, to Gothenburg, Sweden, whence passengers proceed by electric train (6 hours) to Stockholm, where the line's own modern passenger steamer connects for the trip across the Baltic to Leningrad. Thus the journey begins and ends in a Swedish American Line ship.

Time of passage New York - Leningrad, 11 - 13 days.

MINIMUM PASSAGE FROM NEW YORK:			
CABIN CLASS	TOURIST CLASS	THIRD CLASS	THIRD CLASS
One way Round-trip	One way Round-trip	One way Round-trip	One way Round-trip
Leningrad \$155.00	\$289.00	\$134.50	\$255.00
Moscow			\$115.50 \$204.50

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK:

Ship	May	June	July
Kungsholm	May 1	Gripsholm	July 5
Gripsholm	May 26	Drottningholm	July 21
Kungsholm	June 4	Gripsholm	July 28
Drottningholm	June 13	Kungsholm	Aug. 17

For reservations and all further information, apply to any travel agent or any office of the SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE 21 State St. New York

AGENCIES AND OFFICES IN ALL CITIES

AGNES SMEDLEY writes on "China Betrayed" in the May issue of 'China Today'

The publication of authentic and first-hand information on the Chinese revolutionary struggles has resulted in a tremendous growth of this magazine. The problems in the Far East are at our door. Every one of us is deeply involved. Read "CHINA TODAY" for a clear understanding of world affairs.

OTHER FEATURES IN MAY ISSUE

RED MONGOLIA — MAY IN CHINA — CHIANG KAI-SHEK "REHABILITATES" KIANGSI — SCRAP IRON FOR JAPAN — A GAME OF LOVE — RED ARMY VICTORIES — STORY — LATEST MAP

BE SURE TO GET YOUR MAY COPY OF "CHINA TODAY" at 15c or subscribe by the year \$1.90

Ask your dealer or write to 166 West 23rd Street, N. Y. Published by the American Friends of the Chinese People

TRAVEL AND STUDY IN THE U. S. S. R.

Moscow State University SUMMER SESSION

10 Weeks Travel and Study Complete round trip, including full maintenance and travel in the U.S.S.R. (40 days in the Soviet Union), stopovers in England, Denmark, Finland, Germany, France.

\$369 to \$379

June 29th S.S. Britannic July 5th S.S. Champlain

COURSES (additional)

Art and Literature • Institutional Changes and Social Backgrounds of Soviet Society • Education and Science • History, Economics, Philosophy • Philosophy of Dialectical Materialism • Languages.

Visit the Country that is Building Socialism

TOURS AS LOW AS \$202.75

including round trip steamship passage, eight days in the Soviet Union with hotel, meals, and sightseeing.

TOURS IN THE \$40.00 UP SOVIET UNION

European tours arranged at the lowest rates

Torgm. orders executed in the quickest and most direct way

WORLD TOURISTS, Inc.

175 FIFTH AVENUE • ALgonquin 4-6656-7-8 • NEW YORK, N. Y.
CHICAGO OFFICE • 6 N. Clark Street • SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE
Room 304 • 580 Market Street
Telephone: Deans 3666 • Telephone: Garfield 7968

Toiling Masses From Factories and Farms Will Demonstrate on the Streets Today For the Rights of Labor, Against Fascism

May Day United Front Forged in Scores of Cities and Towns Throughout Nation — Old Guard Socialists and Labor Bureaucrats Blocked by Militant Rank and File in Many Centers as Unity Movement Sweeps Forward—Appeal Issued to Working Men and Women Everywhere to Fight for Right to Strike, for Unemployment Insurance, Against Terrorism of the Employers Against War and Fascism

Thousands upon thousands of workers from every industry, and in cities and towns all over the country, are meeting today in May Day demonstrations to pledge their solidarity in the struggle for better conditions, for their rights to organize their own unions, for the right to strike, for unemployment insurance, against the terrorism of the employers and the government, and for international working class unity in the fight against war and fascist reaction.

The united front has been forged in scores of cities and towns, overriding the deliberate hostility of the "Old Guard" Socialist Party leadership and the bureaucrats in the unions.

The following is a brief summary of the May Day activities in the leading cities and towns of the country, indicating the sweep of the united front movement, and the growing class solidarity of the working class.

CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Ill.—Fighting for the right to demonstrate in the streets, the workers of this city, led by the Communist Party have prepared a May Day demonstration in the face of the bitterest opposition from the authorities.

Raising the slogan of struggle against the sales tax, which is robbing the workers class of millions every month, the Communist Party has called a demonstration at Union Park, Ogden and Randolph, with a parade through the Loop.

SAN FRANCISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif.—The fight against criminal syndicalism and the recent frame-up conviction of the eight Sacramento defendants will be the main issue at a great May Day demonstration to be held at the Dreamland Auditorium. More than 100 labor unions, political organizations, church and fraternal groups are participating. As a preliminary mobilization for May Day, more than 7,000 workers held a meeting to demand the repeal of the criminal syndicalism law.

YOUNGSTOWN

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio.—The Communist Party is calling a demonstration, despite refusal of the authorities to grant a permit. Appearing before the City Council the Communist Party representatives demanded the right of the workers in this steel-trust city to demonstrate for their demands on May First. A united front call has been issued to all unions and to the Socialist Party. More than 20,000 leaflets and circulars have been distributed to the steel workers in the large plants.

BETHLEHEM

BETHLEHEM, Pa.—Nineteen organizations, including the Socialist Party, A. F. of L. unions and the Unemployed Leagues, with a combined membership of more than 1,000 members, voted for a united front May Day demonstration here in the largest labor conference ever held.

In line with the main fight against the steel barons in this section of heavy industry, the main line of march will pass the offices of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, where a delegation of workers will present the demand for the abolition of the company union in the mill, for the right to organize the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers without intimidation and victimization, for a six-hour day, 30-hour week, and a \$1 minimum for common labor.

GARY

GARY, Ind.—More than 15,000 May Day leaflets have been distributed in the biggest steel mills here. Seventeen organizations responded to the call of the Amalgamated Association, Lodge 52, and unanimously adopted the platform for a May Day demonstration in this center of the steel area. The steel workers' delegation introduced a motion to elect a delegation to visit the Socialist Party with an offer of unity. The Central Labor Body here has also been urged to join the united demonstration.

The demonstration will take place at the East Side Park, Seventh and Connecticut.

SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Powers Haggood of the National Committee of the Socialist Party, and Paul White of the Communist Party, as well as trade union speakers, will address a united front demonstration here at a conference of delegates from all groups.

The Western Massachusetts Confederation of Socialist locals, in addition, voted to accept the proposals of the C. P. for joint demonstrations in Holyoke, Ludlow, Chicopee and Greenfield. A joint committee of Socialist and Communist workers is leading the trade union organizations.

CAMDEN

CAMDEN, N. J.—This shipbuilding center will witness a united front that includes the Socialist and Communist Parties, the trade unions and the Action Committee for the Lundeen Bill which represents 24 working class groups. The demonstration will be at Court House Plaza at 4 o'clock.

This united front follows similar actions in Paterson, Passaic, Newark, and Elizabeth, where the Central Labor bodies have all endorsed the united front.

DETROIT

DETROIT, Mich.—A May Day demonstration will be held in Times Square at 5 p. m. preceded by a parade from Ferris Park at 3 p. m. to be followed by an evening celebration at the Deutsches Haus, 8200 Mack Avenue, at 8 p. m. The Socialist Party withdrew from the conference called to form a United May Day.

PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—A May Day demonstration, including twenty-seven A. F. of L. locals and fourteen independent unions, as well as more than 100 fraternal groups and clubs, has been called by the Communist Party to meet at 3 p. m. at the Reynolds Plaza. The Socialist Party refused repeated proposals for united action on a minimum platform that included unemployment insurance, the thirty-hour week, and the right to organize and strike.

ALLENTOWN

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—The Socialist Party, Communist Party, leading A. F. of L. unions, and unemployed groups, formed a united front here for May Day. A large number of silk workers are participating in the demonstration here as a result of the fact that the American Federation of Silk Workers, Local 10, and the Ribon workers organizations are among the unions included.

A special feature of May Day here is the fact that the workers have sent delegations to the farmers around the city inviting them to join the parade. The committee demanded the school authorities release all working class children for the May Day demonstration. The demonstration will be held in City Square at 2 p. m.

EASTON

EASTON, Pa.—The Central Labor Union, the Communist Party and the American Federation of Silk Workers formed a united front here for May Day. The Socialist Party refused to join this broad working class united front, acting on an order from the State Committee of the S. P. forbidding any joint actions that include Communists. However, many Socialist Party workers, particularly in the trade unions, acted to participate in the united front, that included the leading A. F. of L. bodies in the city.

TOLEDO

TOLEDO, Ohio.—The Central Labor Union endorsed the proposals of the Joint Action Committee for the mobilization of all Toledo workers in a May First demonstration against the sales tax and anti-labor legislation.

Proposals made by the Communist Party for one united front of all unions and the S. P. and C. P. were rejected by E. Ledford, leader of the right wing Socialists in this city. The Communist Party, however, issued an appeal to all workers for united action in support of the demonstration initiated by the Central Labor Union.

NEWARK

NEWARK, N. J.—The Essex Trades Council, including twenty-two A. F. of L. unions, the Socialist Party and the Communist Party are united here for one May Day demonstration.

The Joint Committee of Socialists and Communists has arranged to hold a joint May Day celebration in the evening at Laurel Gardens, one of the largest halls in the City, seating 4,000. The United Action of these groups is expected to produce the largest May Day parade ever witnessed here.

TACOMA

TACOMA, Wash.—Although the State Executive Committee of the Socialist Party refused to act on any unity proposals, the Socialist Party local here accepted a united front agreement with the Communist Party.

The Socialist local here sent delegates to the May Day conference called by the Communist Party at which fourteen other organizations, including three A. F. of L. locals worked out the plans for the May Day demonstration.

The S. P. Executive Committee, headed by John F. Mackay, refused to unite on May Day around the points worked out at the conference, and also rejected a proposal to affiliate with the American League Against War and Fascism.

INDIANAPOLIS

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—More than seventy delegates of twenty-two working class organizations answered the call of the Communist Party for a united May Day demonstration. Organizations represented by official and unofficial delegates include A. F. of L. unions, five delegates from the United Textile Workers, members of the Amalgamated Association of the Steel Workers and delegates from the Relief Workers Union, the Unemployment Councils and the National Unemployed League. An appeal was sent to the Socialist Party and the Central Labor Union for joint action.

BOSTON

BOSTON, Mass.—The Somerville and Cambridge locals of the Communist Party here, despite active opposition of Alfred Baker Lewis, State Secretary of the S. P., voted for full participation in preparations for the united front

parade and demonstration on May First.

Socialist Party members attacked the position taken by Lewis that the N.E.C. had forbidden any united front actions in the localities.

Intensive work to involve as many trade unions as possible was agreed upon by all the delegates.

CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—United Front of Socialist Party, Communist Party and leading trade unions involve 25,000 workers here in united parade, largest demonstration in the history of the city.

United action was spurred by counter-demonstration organized by Father Coughlin, with elaborate radio set-up, with the assistance of reactionary elements in the Chamber of Commerce and certain trade union sections of the trade union officialdom.

The tremendous united action of the workers gave rise to provocative rumors that the "Secret Seven" of the Chamber of Commerce would attempt to attack the demonstration. Thousands of trade union members united to defend their right to organize and against company unions. All plans of the United May Day Committee were approved by the police.

ST. LOUIS

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—A May Day demonstration including many Negro and Croatian workers will be held here. The officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union succeeded in blocking efforts to form a united front. The International Workers Order held six preliminary meetings in preparation for the May Day demonstration. Thousands of leaflets and posters have been distributed, and a Soviet film, "Three Songs About Lenin," will be shown, despite the fact that all the larger halls have refused to rent to the Communist Party.

DANBURY

DANBURY, Conn.—The Socialist and Communist Parties are united in support of the May Day demonstration sponsored by the Central Labor Union.

The Socialist Party here has instructed its secretary to write to Congressman Merritt demanding the passage of the Workers' Bill for Unemployment and Social Insurance, H. R. 2827.

LYNN

LYNN, Mass.—A conference of organizations, including the Communist Party and the Socialist Party, formed a united front and will hold two joint demonstrations. Representatives of the arrangement committee include John Hall, Arthur Kent, and John Christie of the Socialist Party, and Fred S. Reynolds of the Communist Party. Representatives of the Jewish Socialist organizations withdrew from the conference. One of the main demands of the demonstration will be trade union rates on all relief projects.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—Raising the slogan of working class unity and the demands for immediate needs of the Illinois miners, tens of thousands in southern Illinois are reporting broad preparations for May Day. In a number of towns Socialists and Communists will, for the first time, jointly organize and demonstrate on this International Labor Day.

Demonstrations will be held in the three largest centers of Madison County, namely, in Tri-Cities, Edwardsville and Collinsville. In Glen Carbon labor candidates stated that if they are elected they will proclaim May Day a regular holiday. Other towns preparing demonstrations include Benld, Staunton, Virden, Taylor Springs, Panama, Johnston City, Marion and Belleville.

PROVIDENCE

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—For the first time in the history of the labor movement in this city, the second largest in New England, leading A. F. of L. unions will take a part in promoting the May Day demonstration here. These include the United Textile Workers, Typographical Union and Painters Union. The Communist Party delegate was admitted to the conference and pledged the support of the Communist Party.

PITTSBURGH

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Three representatives of the United Front May Day Committee, representing 154 working class delegates, including four A. F. of L. unions, were refused admittance to the Socialist Party May Day Committee by "Old Guard" reactionaries. Refusal of the united proposal made by the Communist Party was based on the following order in the State Committee of the S. P. to all branches and locals: "That local branches of the Party may not negotiate, participate in or endorse any united front activities with the Communist Party. . . . Any member failing to comply shall be subject to expulsion."

An appeal was sent to all Socialist Party workers urging them to join the united front parade and to press for official negotiations for joint action.

BIRMINGHAM

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Police Commissioner Downs has refused a permit for a May Day demonstration on the ground that the Negroes are too insistent on their rights following the Scottsboro decision. Meetings will be held in suburbs, Tarrant, Bessemer, Pratt and Hainefield.

Other meetings in Southern district will be held in Memphis, Atlanta and in Mississippi.

WILKES-BARRE

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—More than forty delegates representing thousands of coal miners have arranged a May Day demonstration here. Harry Wicks of the Communist Party will speak. The Executive Board of the Miners Union is arranging to have speakers present. The most important slogans to be raised at the May First demonstration here are for 100 per cent increase in relief, release of all workers jailed for strike activity, removal of the state police and the right to strike and picket.

INDIANA HARBOR

INDIANA HARBOR, Ind.—For the first time in this steel center a united front of the Socialist Party, the Communist Party and trade unions has been submitted. This united front includes the Workmen's Circle and other working class groups, despite the opposition of the S. P. leadership.

One of the leading demands of the united front is for the right of the steel workers to organize into the Amalgamated Association and against company unions.

PORTLAND

PORTLAND, Ore.—Workers' delegations forced the granting of a May Day permit. The demand of the mayor that no Communists be allowed to participate was blocked by the militant action of the workers' delegation led by Dirk De Jonge who faces a seven-year sentence on criminal syndicalism charges.

TARRANT CITY

TARRANT CITY, Ala.—Negro and white workers responded to the call of the Communist Party to hold a mass meeting in this industrial suburb of Birmingham. The meeting will be addressed by Socialist and Communist speakers, Arlie Barber, Socialist candidate for Governor in the last elections, and Jesse Owen, who will speak for the Communist Party. In mobilizing for their rights, the workers here recently defeated a "sedition" bill.

SEATTLE

SEATTLE, Wash.—Plans for a May Day demonstration were completed here by thirty delegates from the Communist Party, the Commonwealth Builders, the Unemployed Citizens League, and other working class groups. Meetings will also be held at the University of Washington.

STAMFORD

STAMFORD, Conn.—A large number of Negro workers are answering the call of the Communist Party for a united demonstration, of Negro and whites, for the rights of labor and the oppressed. Many followers of Father Divine responded to the call.

A parade through several miles of city streets and then a meeting in the Town Hall Square has been arranged.

WHAT'S ON

Philadelphia, Pa.

Illustrated lecture given by Susan H. Woodruff, graduate of Smith College, on "Education and Religion in the Soviet Union." Saturday evening, April 27, 8 p. m. at Martin's Hall, 1035 W. Girard Ave. Adm. at door 25c, with this ad 25c. Aup. North City Central R. P. S. U.

The Pierre Degerter Music Club is giving a Concert and Ball on May 26 at the Park Manor to raise funds for the opening of a Workers' Music House. The concert will be at 8 p. m. and the ball at 10 p. m. A program will be given as a memorandum to buy your tickets now.

All Out! Hikers, guests, friends and members of working class organizations, are urged to participate in the hike arranged by the Nature "Friends" to celebrate International Hiker's Day on Sunday, April 28. Meet at Frankford and Bridge Sts., 9 a. m. (daylight saving time). Program and entertainment prepared.

Cleveland, Ohio

Cleveland Attention! "Chapayev" is coming to the Penn Square Theatre, 2000 at 18th St., for one week beginning April 28th. Adm. 25c to 5 p. m.; 35c to 8 p. m. to closing, Matinee, Wed., Sat., and Sun.



Connects you with your relatives and friends in the Soviet Union

Send a TORGSIN ORDER to your relatives and friends in the Soviet Union.

U.S.S.R. and carry about 15,000 different domestic and imported articles of high quality; CLOTHING, shoes, rubbers, shirts; FLOUR, sugar, coffee, and other FOOD STUFFS; household goods, tobaccos, etc.

Torgsin Stores are located in every larger city of the

PRICES FOR MERCHANDISE IN THE TORGSIN STORES COMPARE FAVORABLY WITH THOSE IN AMERICA

TORGSIN STORES ARRANGED BY DISTRICTS:

ARMENIANSKY

Delisban
Erivan
Karakhli
Leninakan
BASHKIRSKY
Ufa

BELOUSSKY

Bobruisk
Borisov
Chevren
Elsk
Gomel
Kilimovichi
Krupki
Lepel
Minsk
Mogilev na Dnepru
Mozyr
Orsha
Perevalov
Pleschenitsy
Polotsk
Rechitsa
Rogachev
Samoil
Shklov
Slutsk
Uda
Vitebsk
Zheleznitsa

CENTRAL-CHECHENOMY

Alekseevka
Belgorod
Bobrov
Bolshoy
Borisoglebov
Elsk
Karek
Lgov
Lipeisk
Livny
Mikhailovsk
Morshansk
Mtsensk
Obolani
Orel
Ostrogorsk
Rybnik
Rybnik
Sary-Oskol
Sudzha
Tambov
Valuyki
Veronezh

CHEKOVSKY

Chernigov
Gulikov
Konotop
Krylovsk
Mema
Neshin
Novgorod-Seversk
Priluki
Komy
Shebeka

DALNO-VOTCHENY

Blagoveshchensk
Khabarovsk
Vladivostok

DNEPRO-PELOVSKY

Berdiansk
Dnepropetrovsk
Kamenskole
Zaporozhsk
Krivoy Rog
Melitopol
Nikopol
Pavlograd
Zaporozhsk

DONETSKY

Artemovsk
Grishino
Lugansk
Mariupol
Rykovo
Slaviansk
Stalino
Voroshilovsk

GORKOVSKY

Alatyr
Armasas
Cheboksary
Glazov
Gotki
Gorodets
Ishkar-Ola
Izhevsk
Kanasch
Kanasino
Kotelnichi
Moshaga
Murov
Pavlov na Oke
Sergach
Slobodskoye
Viatka

IVANOVSKY

Aleksandrov
Chukhloma
Dandilov
Gallich
Ivanovo
Kineshma
Kostroma
Korovy
Perevalov
Rostov
Rybnik
Shnig
Tutayev
Uglich
Urievo
Viazniki
Vladimir
Yaroslavl

KAZAKSKY

Alma-Ata
KARKOVSKY
Akhtyrka
Belopolie
Gadnakh
Izium
Khar'kov
Krasnodar
Kremenchug
Kupiansk
Lebedin
Luhov
Piraisin
Poltava
Summy
Zenkov

KIEVSKY

Belala-Tserkov
Boguslav
Cherkassy
Kiev
Kirovsk
Novograd-Volynsk
Smela
Uman
Zhitomir
Zvenigorodka

KIRGIZSKY

Frunze
KRIMSKY
Dzhankoi
Eupatoria
Feodosia
Kerch
Sevastopol
Simferopol
Yalta

LENINGRADSKY

Belosarsk
Borovichi
Cherapovets
Delekoie-Sele
Khabingorsk
Krasnogvardeisk
Leningrad
Lodince-Pole
Luga
Malaya-Vishera
Murmansk
Nov'grad
Opochka
Oranbaum
Pestovo
Petrozavodsk
Porkhov
Pskov
Staraya Russa
Tikhvin

MOSCOWSKY

Aleksin
Belev
Belozersk
Dmitrov
Efremov
Egorievsk
Kalinin
Kaluga
Kashin
Kashira
Kasimov
Kimry
Klin
Kolomna
Krasny-Kholm
Kuznetsk
Majakovka
Maly-Yaroslavl
Mikhailov
Moscow
Mozhaisk
Noginsk
Orskhov-Zavsk
Podolsk
Riazan
Serpukhov
Torjok
Tula
Yaroslavl
Vologodsk
Voshcheyevsk
Volokolamsk
Zaraisk

NIZHNE VOLZHSKY

Astrakhan
Balashov
Guryev
Kamyshin
Saravov
Stalingrad
Volok

ODESSKY

Berdyuzhka
Kherson
Nikolayev
Odessa
Pervomaisk
Tiraspol
Zinovievsk

SEVERNY

Arhangelsk
Gryazovets
Kotlas
Nandoma
Shenkursk
Sokol
Syktyvkar
Tolma
Ust'ye
Velik
Vologda

SEVERO-KAVKAZSKY

Annaps
Armavir
Bulnakk
Mogiler-Podolsk
Prokhorov
Shepetovka
Staro-Konstantinov
Tulchin
Vinnitsa
Zhmerinka

YOSTOCHNO-SIBIRSKY

Cheremkhovo
Chita
Irkutsk
Kansk
Krasnoyarsk
Nizhne-Udinsk
Tr'un
Cima

ZAKAVKAZKY

Akhtsikh
Baku
Batumi
Borzhom
Chikhoty
Gagry
Gudzhutsa
Koba
Kutaisi
Lenkoran
Luksemburg
Nalchikhevan
Potti
Samtredli
Stalinay
Stepanovan
Sulbium
Telay
Tiflis
Zestafoni

ZAPADNO-SIBIRSKY

Achinsk
Berezniki
Barnaul
Biyak
Kolpashevo
Novosibirsk
Omsk
Tara
Tomak

ZAPADNY

Beshinta
Briansk
Dorogobuzh
Ghatsk
Karshevy
Klinyov
Nulidovo
Nevel
Novozybkov
Ostashevsk
Pochep
Roslavl
Rudnia
Ryhev
Smolensk
Spaso-Demensk
Staritsy
Stardub
Sukhlinichi
Surash
Svecheva
Trosheva
Trubchevsk
Velikie Luki
Velish
Viazma
Yaroslavl
Zhizdra

UZBEKSKY

Andijan
Bukhara
Fergana
Katta-Kurgan
Kakand
Margelan
Namangan
Naryn-Urgench
Samarkand
Stalinabad
Tashkent
Termez

URALSKY

Alpaevsk
Berezniki
Chelabinsk
Irbis
Kalinin
Krasnoufimsk
Kurgan
Kurgan
Maksimogorsk
Perm
Serpul
Sverdlovsk
Vereshchagino

UZBEKSKY

Andijan
Bukhara
Fergana
Katta-Kurgan
Kakand
Margelan
Namangan
Naryn-Urgench
Samarkand
Stalinabad
Tashkent
Termez

To Places Where There Are No TORGSIN STORES the Merchandise Is Mailed Promptly by Parcel Post

For Torgsin Orders See Your Local Bank or Authorized Agent



MILITANT TRADITIONS OF MAY DAY LIVE AND GROW IN THE U. S. A.

May 1st Is An International Day of Struggle; Workers Will Forge United Front Despite Activities of Their False Leaders

By Jack Stachel

From all indications the May Day demonstrations this year will surpass those of any previous May Day. Reports from many sections of the country bring news that is most encouraging. It shows that large sections of the workers are participating in the united front May Day preparation conferences, that in numerous cases the Central Labor Bodies of the A. F. of L. are either participating with other organizations, or, in their own name, are organizing May Day meetings and demonstrations. In many cities, while the officialdom of the central labor bodies has still been able to defeat the proposal for organizing May Day action, local unions affiliated to these central bodies are, however, proceeding with their May Day preparations.

All this is an indication that the militant traditions of labor in this country which developed in the May Day in the heretofore struggles for the eight-hour day in the eighties lives and grows. That a new spirit is developing among the mass of the workers is evidenced in the big strikes in the last two years, the growing general strike movements, the fight for social and unemployment insurance, the increasing struggles against war and fascism, the fight for equality for the Negro people, the beginnings of the development of the movement for independent class political action.

It must become the pressing task of every Communist and every militant worker who understands the importance of big mass demonstrations on May Day, to do everything possible between now and May 1st to develop the May Day united front to assure the biggest outpouring of masses into the streets to demonstrate for the demands of the workers. This year we must exert every effort to make May Day a fitting reply to the bosses' growing attacks on the living standards of the masses, against the growing fascist attacks, against the growing war and fascism, for the defense of the Soviet Union.

Who betrays workers' progress? We must understand who are the ones who are trying to keep the workers back from taking the path of militant struggle, who are the ones who are preventing the united action of the masses, the united May Day actions of the millions. We must understand their methods. We must expose them before the masses, and thus mobilize the masses in spite of their efforts.

Who are trying to keep the workers from joining in the international May Day demonstrations and why? The top leaders of the AFL, the Greens, the Wobblies, and the Lewises are calling upon the workers to stay away from the May Day demonstrations. They tell the workers that the May Day demonstrations are "un-American." Un-American? What do these people mean? Do they mean that these actions are directed against the interests of the capitalist class, their charge is indeed true. But if they mean that these actions are not the traditions of the American workers, then they are dead wrong. The workers of this country can be justly proud that it was they who gave the workers of the world the international May Day which was born in the gigantic strike movement for the 8-hour day. It is this very AFL that first initiated this day of struggle which later was made into an international day of struggle by the workers of the world.

May Day is International. Now these gentlemen of the AFL bureaucracy call May Day a "foreign importation." But here their case is indeed exposed. They are caught lying. Because there it only emphasizes the international character of the workers' movement and of the struggle of the workers. For May Day is surely an international day of struggle. It is no less German than it is American. It is no less Russian than it is British. It is true that only in the Soviet Union has May Day really come into its own. Because there it is a free people with the workers in power that is celebrating its victory on May Day, demonstrating its solidarity with the struggles of the world's oppressed masses. And in this there is a great lesson for the workers to bear in mind. The capitalists and their agents tell us that the Soviets are a "foreign importation." But here they are no more Russian than is May Day. They are the international form of the workers' rule after the overthrow of capitalism.

The capitalists and their agents fear the international character of the struggle more than anything else. For once the workers realize that the workers of other lands stand above all else then it is impossible for the capitalists to fool them with "common interests of capital and labor." It is impossible for the capitalists to spread their poisonous chauvinism among the workers. It is therefore no accident that May Day and its international significance, handed down to the workers Labor Day as the symbol of class collaboration, of class peace, and the AFL bureaucracy, which bases itself on the policy of class collaboration, has accepted this Labor Day and tries to give it to the workers as a substitute for May Day. One of the concrete tasks toward the internationalization of the labor movement is to develop real unity between the native and foreign born, Negro and white workers.

Bureaucrats fight H.R. 227? Continuing this policy of class collaboration and the betrayal of the interests of the workers in every struggle, this same policy is, of course, expressed with regard to May Day this year. Thus the AFL

bureaucrats with Green at the head fight against genuine unemployment insurance as embodied in H.R. 227 and instead support the Roosevelt inspired Wagner-Lewis Bill. They do everything possible to prevent strikes for improved conditions as just witnessed in the case of the Akron rubber workers, as we have seen in auto, steel, etc. They disrupt the struggles of the workers, organized in spite of them, as was the case in the general strike of the textile workers. Instead of organizing and supporting the struggles of the workers, they preach reliance on the NRA, on arbitration, in the Roosevelt "New Deal." Surely such people can have nothing to do with May Day—a day of international struggle of the working class.

But there are also those who pretend to join in the May Day actions who do so only because they wish to prevent the development of the workers' struggles, to prevent the growing unity of the workers. The Socialist Party leadership had for years since the World War given up May Day. Where May Day was not entirely forgotten, it was converted into a spring festival or picnic. But with the rise of the workers' struggles reflected in a greater participation of the masses in the May Day under the leadership of the Communist Party, the Socialist leaders including the right wing leaders of the unions under Socialist control are following a new policy. They do organize May Day meetings and parades. But they do so with the purpose of splitting the workers' ranks and to limit the character of the workers' demands and actions.

United Front Growing. The developments of the past few weeks show that they are not everywhere able to split the workers. The united front of the workers is growing, the united front of socialist, communist, and AFL workers. And it will continue to grow as a result of the experience of the workers and the efforts of the Communist Party. Let us make May Day a day of struggle for higher wages, for the 30-hour week without reduction in pay, for the Workers' Bill (H. R. 227); against the NRA and the Wagner arbitration bill, for militant united struggle of the employed and unemployed. For the unionization of every worker, every mine, mill and factory.

Let us make May Day a day of struggle for the unity of all workers—black and white, for equality of the Negro people against discrimination of the foreign born. For the unity of men and women workers, adult and youth labor.

What We Fight For. Let us make it a day of demonstration against the growing attacks on the workers' rights. For the right to organize and strike, against injunctions, against the criminal syndicalism laws, against the deportation laws. For the freedom of Tom Mooney and the Scottsboro Boys, for the freedom of Angelo Herndon, the Gallup miners, the Sacramento frame-up victims, for the freedom of all political prisoners.

Let us demonstrate for separation of the workers and poor farmers from the capitalist parties, for independent class political action, for a Labor Party based on the interests of the workers and other organizations of workers and toilers.

Let us make it a day of international struggle and solidarity against fascism, for the release of Ernst Thaelmann and all anti-fascist fighters in Germany, Austria, Spain and throughout the world.

Let us make our voices felt in the struggle against a new world slaughter, for the defense of the Soviet Union whose peace policy is halting the horrible world murder being prepared by the imperialists throughout the world including the American imperialists.

Let us make May Day a memorable day in the struggle against the horrors of capitalism, for a Soviet America.

Workers in Pullman Shops Are Revolting Against Boss' Union

CHICAGO, Ill.—Workers in the Calumet shop of the Pullman works are rising in revolt against the company union.

When the A. F. of L. started to organize the Pullman works two years ago a number of organizers were arrested and the company union strengthened by using terror and by granting a few concessions through the company union which the company thought could be taken away at any time.

The men have voted down almost unanimously the company's proposal to do away with overtime penalty rates, and at every meeting of the company union motions are carried demanding an increase in wages. The company union president started a turmoil in a recent meeting when he ruled such a motion of order.

The main demand at present is for an increase in wages and for organization that will back up this demand with strike action.

Polish Chamber of Labor. Rochester, N. Y. Collected by I.W.O. at Dist. Convention, March 24 Buffalo, N. Y. Greetings from the Syracuse Section of the Communist Party

DISTRICT 20 WACO, TEXAS Otto Hunko

MILITANT LEADERS OF HOMESTEAD STEEL STRIKE IN 1892.



One of the few photographs available on the personalities involved in the militant Homestead (Pa.) steel strike of 1892. Left to right (standing): John Durkin, Robert Morrow, George Hatfield, Tom Williamson, Richard Hartwell; Edward Richards and William Rose. Sitting: William McConegry, secretary of the committee; David Lynch, Tom Crawford, chairman; William Gaches and Harry Bayne.

Why the Children Will Be Marching

By MARTHA CAMPION Editor, New Pioneer.

Why will they be marching in the May Day parades, these children, with their banners and placards, their floats, their empty bottles and torn shoes and clothing flapping grotesquely in the air at the ends of long sticks? Why will they be marching, their shrill children's voices shouting slogans and raised in song?

They'll be marching because they're hungry. "My father is sick and on relief," writes Anna Z., of Pennsylvania. "There are eight children in our family. We get \$1 for each person for a week. We don't get anything in the fuel and clothing line unless we fight for it. My sister missed six weeks of school because they had no shoes. My mother asked for shoes and they sent us back and forth from Doylestown to Norristown, till she took a committee from the United Farmers' Protective Association. Then the relief woman called the store and told them to give my mother what she needed. We were out of fuel for four weeks, but when mother threatened them with a committee we got a coal slip and we can get things only when we are organized."

From the Deep South "A few months ago," writes Elizabeth of Birmingham, "we were caught with relief and we sure had trouble getting along. The welfare gave us a Number 3 order for 3 or 4 weeks and then cut our order to a Number 2, and there are eight in our family. A Number 3 was bad enough to live on but a Number 2 is still worse. They give us dried up old collards that it would even take a cow all day to chew and think a child should eat such things for nourishing their body. I am a cripple girl and need lots of rich foods and the welfare don't care if I don't even get enough bread to eat."

Listen to William S.—of Ohio: "My dad and mother are gardeners. We garden all summer and when time comes to go to market we can't even sell things for what the basket costs and where are we going to get the money we spend for gas and seed? We work from dark in the morning and to dark at night and when winter comes how are we going to live and pay our tax and debts?"

For Food and Clothes They'll be marching for free lunches in schools, for milk to drink, for bread to eat. They're

marching for shoes to wear, and clothes to keep out the cold. Why will they be marching? Because their schools are overcrowded; their classes are packed to the doors; their teachers are overworked and not paid regularly. Some of their teachers are brutal; many of their principals are becoming openly fascist in their methods of handling the children.

Timons of Chicago writes as follows: "One day the teacher tried to beat me up like she did to all the others and I ran home. She tried to make me come back to get my coat but I knew she would catch me if I did so away I ran. Then she got scared and sent two girls to see if I got home all right. The next day my mother went to see the principal, who made a suggestion to my mother to move to some other district in town and take me to another school, because 'This school has Jewish and Italian and even nigger' children in it.' My mother told the principal and teacher a few things about workers' children, no matter what nationality they were. She made them promise not to beat the children any more. They agreed because they were afraid of a school strike. I wish we had toilers in this school because the toilers are filthy and the school is terribly over-crowded."

They'll be marching against the fascistization and militarization of the schools; for the right to voice openly in the schools their opposition to war and fascism.

What They Face. What happens when they try to do this? "Something dreadful has happened in Chicago," writes Sue, Lester Schlosberg was distributing leaflets calling for the support of the Students' Strike Against War. He was taken to the principal's office and asked to tell the names of other students preparing for the strike. When he refused, they took him to the Dean's office, and the Dean turned him over to eight of the toughest and dumbest boys of the school. They took him down the basement, and threatened to kill him. They beat him with ropes and hit him on the head with iron, they stuck a pointed instrument into his thumbs, and pulled his hair out. He wouldn't tell the names. Now he is sick in bed. His nose bled for a day and part of the night, and his eye and mouth are all swollen."

Why are they marching, Negro and white together, side by side with their parents and their older brothers and sisters? They are marching for equal rights for Negro children, who are discriminated against in the streets, at the relief stations, in the schools.

"In the South," writes Melva of Birmingham, "we can't meet together, Negro and white." (When they did, a fiery cross was burned across from the house.)

In Cleveland, a teacher beat up a little Negro boy, King Stevenson, so badly that he was sent to the hospital.

They will be marching against the conditions in Harlem, and other Harlems. They are marching for the freedom of the nine Scottsboro Boys, and of Angelo Herndon.

Why will they be marching, with their bootblack boxes slung across their narrow shoulders? They are marching against child labor, against the conditions at home that force children of six to stay out all night delivering papers, and boys of no greater age to shine shoes to help their families eke out an existence.

Build Their Organizations. They'll be marching against the vicious Hearst, whose filthy lies are being spread in the schools and through his fascist-led Junior Birdmen of America.

They'll be marching to build their own organizations—organizations of working class boys and girls—the Pioneers, the Young Defenders, the I. W. O. Juniors, the Nature Friend Scouts, the Junior Liberators, etc., all bound together in the Federation of Workers' Children's Organizations.

What is this Federation. It is composed of children's sections of various working class organizations, and it is directed by a National Council composed of the National Secretaries of these children's sections. Its aims? To educate the children as loyal members of the working class and to organize them to fight with the adult organizations for their needs—free lunches for the needy, playgrounds, better school conditions.

That's why they'll be marching in the May Day Parade, with their banners and floats, selling their magazine, the "New Pioneer," to greater masses of children.

Every worker should determine, at this moment, that next year there shall be twice as many children in the May Day Parade. For here, before our eyes, march the future citizens of Soviet America.

"THEY SHALL NOT DIE!"

Workers and Workers' Organizations Greet Daily Worker on May Day

DISTRICT 4 SARANAC LAKE, N. Y. D. Appel R. Schneider BUFFALO, N. Y. Nick Leopie M. Ikryn Batches' L. Darian Harry J. Cohen F. Zboni R. Hudecek H. Streeman S. T. Cloud A. Cordazo ROCHESTER, N. Y. P. Jacobs Louis Singer Alex. George P. Chaney W. Ace G. J. Friend A. Friend E. Rudinoff Restaurant Carol Wallace George W. Christoff V. Christoff T. J. Leonard H. Zolas H. Achter C. Moyer A. Friend S. Christoff J. Krokmalaka A. Hays S. S. Krokmalaka A. Reides G. Gibsichirn K. Kostoff Kasvatiks Geo. Christo

Polish Chamber of Labor Rochester, N. Y. Collected by I.W.O. at Dist. Convention, March 24 Buffalo, N. Y. Greetings from the Syracuse Section of the Communist Party

DISTRICT 20 WACO, TEXAS Otto Hunko

Why will they be marching in the May Day parades, these children, with their banners and placards, their floats, their empty bottles and torn shoes and clothing flapping grotesquely in the air at the ends of long sticks? Why will they be marching, their shrill children's voices shouting slogans and raised in song?

They'll be marching because they're hungry. "My father is sick and on relief," writes Anna Z., of Pennsylvania. "There are eight children in our family. We get \$1 for each person for a week. We don't get anything in the fuel and clothing line unless we fight for it. My sister missed six weeks of school because they had no shoes. My mother asked for shoes and they sent us back and forth from Doylestown to Norristown, till she took a committee from the United Farmers' Protective Association. Then the relief woman called the store and told them to give my mother what she needed. We were out of fuel for four weeks, but when mother threatened them with a committee we got a coal slip and we can get things only when we are organized."

From the Deep South "A few months ago," writes Elizabeth of Birmingham, "we were caught with relief and we sure had trouble getting along. The welfare gave us a Number 3 order for 3 or 4 weeks and then cut our order to a Number 2, and there are eight in our family. A Number 3 was bad enough to live on but a Number 2 is still worse. They give us dried up old collards that it would even take a cow all day to chew and think a child should eat such things for nourishing their body. I am a cripple girl and need lots of rich foods and the welfare don't care if I don't even get enough bread to eat."

Listen to William S.—of Ohio: "My dad and mother are gardeners. We garden all summer and when time comes to go to market we can't even sell things for what the basket costs and where are we going to get the money we spend for gas and seed? We work from dark in the morning and to dark at night and when winter comes how are we going to live and pay our tax and debts?"

For Food and Clothes They'll be marching for free lunches in schools, for milk to drink, for bread to eat. They're

marching for shoes to wear, and clothes to keep out the cold. Why will they be marching? Because their schools are overcrowded; their classes are packed to the doors; their teachers are overworked and not paid regularly. Some of their teachers are brutal; many of their principals are becoming openly fascist in their methods of handling the children.

Timons of Chicago writes as follows: "One day the teacher tried to beat me up like she did to all the others and I ran home. She tried to make me come back to get my coat but I knew she would catch me if I did so away I ran. Then she got scared and sent two girls to see if I got home all right. The next day my mother went to see the principal, who made a suggestion to my mother to move to some other district in town and take me to another school, because 'This school has Jewish and Italian and even nigger' children in it.' My mother told the principal and teacher a few things about workers' children, no matter what nationality they were. She made them promise not to beat the children any more. They agreed because they were afraid of a school strike. I wish we had toilers in this school because the toilers are filthy and the school is terribly over-crowded."

They'll be marching against the fascistization and militarization of the schools; for the right to voice openly in the schools their opposition to war and fascism.

What They Face. What happens when they try to do this? "Something dreadful has happened in Chicago," writes Sue, Lester Schlosberg was distributing leaflets calling for the support of the Students' Strike Against War. He was taken to the principal's office and asked to tell the names of other students preparing for the strike. When he refused, they took him to the Dean's office, and the Dean turned him over to eight of the toughest and dumbest boys of the school. They took him down the basement, and threatened to kill him. They beat him with ropes and hit him on the head with iron, they stuck a pointed instrument into his thumbs, and pulled his hair out. He wouldn't tell the names. Now he is sick in bed. His nose bled for a day and part of the night, and his eye and mouth are all swollen."

Why are they marching, Negro and white together, side by side with their parents and their older brothers and sisters? They are marching for equal rights for Negro children, who are discriminated against in the streets, at the relief stations, in the schools.

"In the South," writes Melva of Birmingham, "we can't meet together, Negro and white." (When they did, a fiery cross was burned across from the house.)

In Cleveland, a teacher beat up a little Negro boy, King Stevenson, so badly that he was sent to the hospital.

They will be marching against the conditions in Harlem, and other Harlems. They are marching for the freedom of the nine Scottsboro Boys, and of Angelo Herndon.

Why will they be marching, with their bootblack boxes slung across their narrow shoulders? They are marching against child labor, against the conditions at home that force children of six to stay out all night delivering papers, and boys of no greater age to shine shoes to help their families eke out an existence.

Build Their Organizations. They'll be marching against the vicious Hearst, whose filthy lies are being spread in the schools and through his fascist-led Junior Birdmen of America.

They'll be marching to build their own organizations—organizations of working class boys and girls—the Pioneers, the Young Defenders, the I. W. O. Juniors, the Nature Friend Scouts, the Junior Liberators, etc., all bound together in the Federation of Workers' Children's Organizations.

What is this Federation. It is composed of children's sections of various working class organizations, and it is directed by a National Council composed of the National Secretaries of these children's sections. Its aims? To educate the children as loyal members of the working class and to organize them to fight with the adult organizations for their needs—free lunches for the needy, playgrounds, better school conditions.

That's why they'll be marching in the May Day Parade, with their banners and floats, selling their magazine, the "New Pioneer," to greater masses of children.

Every worker should determine, at this moment, that next year there shall be twice as many children in the May Day Parade. For here, before our eyes, march the future citizens of Soviet America.

TIGHE AND HIS GANG AID BOSSES IN DRIVE ON MILITANT MEMBERS

Scores Are Victimized—Rank and File Calls for Recruitment of Members on Basis of Democratically-Controlled Union

By Tom Keenan

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Two years of the Amalgamated Association's official organizing work under the guidance of Mike Tighe and his crew have left a wide swath of discrimination among the ranks of the steel workers, literally thousands of workers being discharged for joining the union. Tighe doesn't care a snap of his fingers whether they ever work or not again, let alone their effect on the masses of workers still outside the union—were Weirton and Clairton.

Probably the most glaring examples of discrimination, not only from the point of view of numbers involved, but also in their effect on the masses of workers still outside the union—were Weirton and Clairton.

The history of the Weirton debacle for which Tighe is responsible is almost common knowledge now after two years of the "Weirton case." That is, it is common knowledge how the union was smashed and the company unions established; it is doubtful if workers generally realize how many were fired for union affiliation. But at the time the discharge of Mel Moor, Weirton rank and file leader, added one more to the ranks, the total approached 400 actual counted cases of discrimination in the Weirton mills.

800 Dropped in One Plant. In the Pittsburgh district, Clairton is an even sharper example of the way Tighe can shrug his shoulders at mass blacklisting of the workers who join the Amalgamated. At least 800 have been dropped from the employees' rolls at the plant of the Carnegie Steel Company there.

Th miners had marched in from the Fayette county captive mines of the steel companies in the fall of 1933, pulled the Clairton workers out on a sympathy strike, only to have Tighe label the militant demonstration of solidarity a "wildcat walkout." When the miners went back, the steel workers who had struck were left by Tighe and Co. holding an empty bag.

Many of those blacklisted have already left town, those who remain who participated in the walk-out are existing on miserable relief checks, thanks to the work of the A. A. bureaucracy in washing their hands of the strike.

These are the outstanding examples of discrimination by the big steel companies, but there are untold hundreds of individual cases going on, week after week.

To cite a single locality, the Rankin wire mill and blast furnace plant of the American Steel and Wire Co. and the Carnegie Steel Co., respectively, offer many such cases.

The Case of Deangelo. A typical case is that of James Deangelo, with nineteen years service in the wire mill. Deangelo joined the union while ostensibly "on furlough" from his job. He had been told that, such as work picked up, he would be called back. The department "picked up" shortly after his joining, but Jimmy was never called back. Another man was brought in from the outside so as to fill the job with a non-union worker. Deangelo has a wife and 6 children to keep on his relief pittance.

Another Polish worker, whose name cannot be revealed, was discharged by the company recently the same way. He had 23 years service.

In the Carrie plant, Mike Ribich, 63, an A. A. member within two years of a pension, fainted while working as first helper in the Number Two furnace cast-house. This was eight weeks ago. A month later, after a sick spell, Ribich returned for work, only to be subjected to an examination by the company doctor and told he cannot be rehired as he is suffering from various ailments.

After 20 Years. Ribich went to a physician outside, who after a thorough examination pronounced him "in good health," and fit for "manual work." But the certificate of the outside physician carries no weight, nor does the twenty-odd years during which Ribich made profits for the U. S. Steel stockholders. He is "for the outside union," that is enough.

Rankin has its counterpart in every one of the mills from Weirton up to Monessen, where in all of these discriminations is widespread.

And all Tighe has offered the workers, who take chances on the worst kind of company terrorism (as in Aliquippa), is the right to pay dues to the international lodge.

Rank and File Active. The rank and file of the A. A., however, realizing that the fight against discrimination is part of the whole fight for recognition and better wages, is forcing the only program which will halt the arrogant blacklisting of workers by the corporations, the program of organizing for a strike to abolish such practices and win demands. For the \$1 minimum wage, the 6-hour day, the 5-day week, abolition of North-South wage differentials, recognition of the Amalgamated, and equal rights for Negro workers.

With many thousands of workers already recruited on the basis of a militant, democratically-controlled union, the rank and file has long ago recognized that the question of a bona fide union in steel can only be decided through recruitment of workers around economic demands, and that recognition gained through a general steel strike is the only weapon which will halt the blacklisting of workers and their abandonment of Tighe which has been going on wholesale under the present officialdom of the A. A.

Swedish Workers Score Nazi, Finnish Terror. STOCKHOLM—A meeting of the building workers' trade union of Stockholm, at which more than 7,000 members were present, and a delegates' meeting of the Trades Council in Motala, representing 2,200 organized workers, adopted solutions to the German and Finnish embassies against the fascist terror, and demanded the release of the anti-fascists, Piete Schultze and Toivo Antikainen.

Workers and Workers' Organizations Greet Daily Worker on May Day

DISTRICT 6 CLEVELAND, OHIO. Willie B. Vopenka Jos. Pesch A. Strand J. Waullick Joe Strand G. A. Lindquist E. Thorsvaldsen AKRON, OHIO. John Tonch Tony Lumbo Steve S. Kiss F. Perrano F. J. Lerner A. N. TOLEDO, OHIO. John Whitten John Selay Mrs. N. Foidway Fango Gosepple John Seth G. Svalay Mike Lengel Sympathizer CANTON, OHIO. Jugoslav Br. 602, I.W.O. BEDFORD, OHIO. I.W.O. Br. 2133 CLEVELAND, OHIO. Frank Rada S. A. Dostal J. Sims CLEVELAND, OHIO. A. O. Purnet M. Kosobokvaki I.W.O. Br. 4256 Geo. Novaco (Croation Unit 24, Sec. 14 Branch) Polish Chamber of Labor Progress and Polish American Youth League Erie, Pa. R.N.U.A.S. of America Erie, Pa. Russian National Mutual Aid Society of America Erie, Pa. Russian Bureau Communist Party Erie, Pa.

DISTRICT 7 Russian Mutual Aid Society of America Detroit, Mich. Detroit Workmen's Cooperation Detroit, Mich. S. S. W. Club "Margarovis" Detroit, Mich. DETROIT, MICH. Collected by Ben Green: Wm. Machno S. Promack Peter Machno John Reed Club 106 W. Hancock Detroit, Mich. DETROIT, MICH. Collected by Ben Green of the Workers Bookshop: Uncle Bob S. Antoneth G. Tuchelski Ben West E. Berenski Anti-Heart E. Brandt E. West Harry Eckert T. Herron John Mahoney I. Punatim K. E. Martin Ellen Morris J. J. B. J. C. Goldman W. Stevenson D. Horowitz Anna Robis E. Kang Yala Buyer H. E. John Luger Sol Smith Fred Gould Paul Duke White Ralph Mann H. Gracie W. S. Fairway E. Flanders R. Anderson John Doe John Stefanakis Eric Anderson J. Shepherd John Moore J. Kleis E. Brandt J. Sanchik M. A. Hedgecock N. H.

ROCKFORD, ILL. A. Friend M. Carlen H. S. B. A. Lungin Hugo Bolanda C. E. S. Knut Carlsson International Workers Order Branch 4754 Brookfield, Ill. WABASH, IND. D. H. and R. H. Matt Rasane M. King Rae Haug Gretloff E. H. Reinal Dombrosio Veala Heino J. Birks A. Schneider C. Wade M. Stenberg A. Litvin David Gilman Axel Swanson Victor Rosen GARY, IND. Working Women's Progressive Org. CHICAGO, ILL. I. Metrovich W. Korpas John Novick T. Bratanas

DISTRICT 8 WAUKEGAN, ILL. S. Stolkef M. Krandolph C. Stornoff P. Georgeff Christ George M. Stoitkoff Tobe Kostich Friend E. E. H. H. A. S. Y. T. Kosta A. H. P. Puntovich Mario Sam Malek T. Kosta E. W. W. n. E. W. W. n. Ellen Salmi S. E. Bermons Tanya, Ana, Ray Davis Ariens, Marnie, Arvo Haukala Anna Saari Lida Hartwig Gertrude Ojala Friend R. Peterson Nick Carey Frank Strain Friend Friend Friend Christ, Ririkoff J. Smelia Camatasoff Gligor Popoff M. Demerick Dimco Iamloff Unit 1 C. P.

Greetings on May Day to the DAILY WORKER from American Federation of Silk & Dye Workers, Paterson District, and Dyers Local 1733 Paterson, N. J. CLEVELAND, OHIO

Comradely Greetings MAURICE SALTZBERG (KENMORE DAIRY PRODUCTS) 2445 East 83rd Street Cleveland, Ohio For Home Delivery: Phone Garfield 4537

DISTRICT 16 BARNWELL, S. C. Saul Friedman

FIRST TIME IN CLEVELAND! Soviet Epic Film "THE RED COMMANDER" Starting Sunday, April 28th, 2 P. M. Penn Sq. THEA. (54th St. Crossing St. Met. Thurs, Sat. & Sun. 25c till 6 P. M.)

Workers and Workers' Organizations Greet Daily Worker on May Day

DISTRICT 4 SARANAC LAKE, N. Y. D. Appel R. Schneider BUFFALO, N. Y. Nick Leopie M. Ikryn Batches' L. Darian Harry J. Cohen F. Zboni R. Hudecek H. Streeman S. T. Cloud A. Cordazo ROCHESTER, N. Y. P. Jacobs Louis Singer Alex. George P. Chaney W. Ace G. J. Friend A. Friend E. Rudinoff Restaurant Carol Wallace George W. Christoff V. Christoff T. J. Leonard H. Zolas H. Achter C. Moyer A. Friend S. Christoff J. Krokmalaka A. Hays S. S. Krokmalaka A. Reides G. Gibsichirn K. Kostoff Kasvatiks Geo. Christo

Polish Chamber of Labor Rochester, N. Y. Collected by I.W.O. at Dist. Convention, March 24 Buffalo, N. Y. Greetings from the Syracuse Section of the Communist Party

DISTRICT 20 WACO, TEXAS Otto Hunko

DISTRICT 6 CLEVELAND, OHIO. Willie B. Vopenka Jos. Pesch A. Strand J. Waullick Joe Strand G. A. Lindquist E. Thorsvaldsen AKRON, OHIO. John Tonch Tony Lumbo Steve S. Kiss F. Perrano F. J. Lerner A. N. TOLEDO, OHIO. John Whitten John Selay Mrs. N. Foidway Fango Gosepple John Seth G. Svalay Mike Lengel Sympathizer CANTON, OHIO. Jugoslav Br. 602, I.W.O. BEDFORD, OHIO. I.W.O. Br. 2133 CLEVELAND, OHIO. Frank Rada S. A. Dostal J. Sims CLEVELAND, OHIO. A. O. Purnet M. Kosobokvaki I.W.O. Br. 4256 Geo. Novaco (Croation Unit 24, Sec. 14 Branch) Polish Chamber of Labor Progress and Polish American Youth League Erie, Pa. R.N.U.A.S. of America Erie, Pa. Russian National Mutual Aid Society of America Erie, Pa. Russian Bureau Communist Party Erie, Pa.

DISTRICT 7 Russian Mutual Aid Society of America Detroit, Mich. Detroit Workmen's Cooperation Detroit, Mich. S. S. W. Club "Margarovis" Detroit, Mich. DETROIT, MICH. Collected by Ben Green: Wm. Machno S. Promack Peter Machno John Reed Club 106 W. Hancock Detroit, Mich. DETROIT, MICH. Collected by Ben Green of the Workers Bookshop: Uncle Bob S. Antoneth G. Tuchelski Ben West E. Berenski Anti-Heart E. Brandt E. West Harry Eckert T. Herron John Mahoney I. Punatim K. E. Martin Ellen Morris J. J. B. J. C. Goldman W. Stevenson D. Horowitz Anna Robis E. Kang Yala Buyer H. E. John Luger Sol Smith Fred Gould Paul Duke White Ralph Mann H. Gracie W. S. Fairway E. Flanders R. Anderson John Doe John Stefanakis Eric Anderson J. Shepherd John Moore J. Kleis E. Brandt J. Sanchik M. A. Hedgecock N. H.

ROCKFORD, ILL. A. Friend M. Carlen H. S. B. A. Lungin Hugo Bolanda C. E. S. Knut Carlsson International Workers Order Branch 4754 Brookfield, Ill. WABASH, IND. D. H. and R. H. Matt Rasane M. King Rae Haug Gretloff E. H. Reinal Dombrosio Veala Heino J. Birks A. Schneider C. Wade M. Stenberg A. Litvin David Gilman Axel Swanson Victor Rosen GARY, IND. Working Women's Progressive Org. CHICAGO, ILL. I. Metrovich W. Korpas John Novick T. Bratanas

DISTRICT 8 WAUKEGAN, ILL. S. Stolkef M. Krandolph C. Stornoff P. Georgeff Christ George M. Stoitkoff T

Imperialists Seek To Rob Ethiopian Masses by Seizure

Reports Reveal Protocols in Italy—Ford Calls For Defense of Ethiopia From Aggression by Fascist Brigands

By James W. Ford
May Day is an international day of celebration of the working class and its allies, the colonial and oppressed people, celebrating victories and marching forward in greater struggles against imperialism, fascism and war. The call for action this May Day, 1935, resounds throughout the world. The tramping feet of millions, and the militant cry of hundreds of thousands now held behind prison walls will be the answer to the call of the Communist International.

Each succeeding year ends the class conscious masses and the fighting spirit of the Negro masses rising higher and higher. Behind barricades (Negro brothers and their Cuban comrades at Realengo 18 in Cuba, and insurrectionary fighting in Brazil), in militant street battles, brilliant peasant fighting in the West Indies, in world wide struggle defending the Scotchboro boys, the Negro masses are raising their fight for liberation to great heights!

They are finding faithful and loyal allies in the working class movement led by the Communist Party, in the fight for Negro rights and for the defense of Ethiopia.

Ethiopia is a vast and strategically important country, coveted by imperialist nations. Mussolini wishes to take the first step to destroy the Ethiopian State and to provoke a world war. In the early part of this year, he incited bloody conflicts at Gondar and Ual-Ual. Italian troops from Somalia invaded Ethiopian territory. Thousands of Italian troops, aeroplanes and munitions of war have been transported to East Africa. An obscure incident at Af-dub was used as an excuse for this later mobilization against Ethiopia.

France already owns a great empire in Africa. Laval, France's foreign minister, pretended friendship for Ethiopia in the League of Nations. But at the same time put his signature to the Rome Pact, which gave Mussolini a free hand in Ethiopia.

John Simon, British foreign minister, sent a secret note to France and Italy supporting the Rome pact. The Rome pact provides that Italy would have the dominant hand in the seizure of Ethiopia, that Italy be granted full right to transport troops and arms over the railroad from Jibuti against Ethiopia. And finally, that Italy received 150 thousand square kilometers of territory in South Libya.

Italian imperialism is the first to follow in the footsteps of Japanese imperialism which has seized vast territories belonging to China. These two imperialist nations are a little late in making their bid for shares in the territories of so-called backward countries. A new distribution cannot take place without giving rise to a world conflict because, despite the agreements made in the present maneuvering, the intentions of Italian imperialism in Ethiopia run counter to the interests of England, France, Japan, the U. S. A. and Germany. The last mentioned country desires to regain a foothold in Africa but at the same time takes full advantage of the presence of Italian troops in Ethiopia to further her policy in Europe. Japan jealously guards the favorable position she has created in Ethiopia for herself by means of excessive dumping and the security of her favorable position with regard to the importation of cotton, clothing and textiles.

The United States, according to Clarence Streit writing in the New York Times on April 7, entered the picture in 1927 through the J. G. White Engineering Corporation for the right of a \$20,000,000 concession to build the Lake Tsana Dam. Britain protested, but in 1930 the British Labor Government, Abyssinia and the American Finance Corporation signed an agreement whereby the White Company would build the Dam, whose bonds were to be guaranteed by the Italian government.

The peasants also have shown their hostility to the fascist government by demonstrations and revolts in Southern Italy and frequent fighting in Northern Italy, in Lombardy and Piedmont. Discontent has expressed itself among the middle classes also, whose conditions have been worsened by fascist policies.

The Italian Communist Party issued an appeal to the Italian workers and soldiers calling for "Not a man, not a penny for the Fascist Adventure in Abyssinia!" The appeal exposed the true nature of the adventure.

It means that your blood is to be shed on the burning sands of Africa once more, as in Aden, where the first frightful African adventure took place, or as in Chara-Chat. It means that Italian capitalism is to be given the possibility of subjugating a colored people.

Workers Demonstrations
Demonstrations of Italian workers against the transportation of troops took place in Messina and Florence against the mobilizations of two divisions, which considerably delayed the departure of these units by the Sudan's Government's water taxes for fifty years.

'New Deal' Administration Takes Active Part in Drive Toward Fascism and War

Capitalists Prepare to Solve Crisis by Bloody Violence

By C. A. Hathaway

In a world atmosphere charged with the spirit of war, with jingoism, chauvinism and an insane armaments race, the United States government is by no means a passive factor.

From Washington we repeatedly receive assurances that we will not become involved in any war situation. That Hitler has brought Europe to the brink of war, with frantic efforts under way to ally the capitalist nations against the Soviet Union, is not denied. That Japanese militarism stands ready to jump at the Soviet Union on its Eastern borders is admitted.

But, say the government apologists, the United States has "no foreign commitments"; "we will not become involved in the affairs of the Far East or of Europe." "No foreign entanglements" is the slogan given out for public consumption.

Echoes of 1914
Such was also the cry in 1914-15-16. Then also we had "no foreign entanglements." We were "neutral." In 1916 Woodrow Wilson campaigned and was re-elected on the slogan "He kept us out of war." Yet in the spring of 1917 we were in the war!

We went in then to protect the investments of powerful financial cliques, the Morgans and the Rockefeller, who dominated the government. We went in to establish the dominance of American capitalists over the markets, the trade, the raw materials and the finances of the world. It was done behind the mask of "a war to end war" and "a war for democracy."

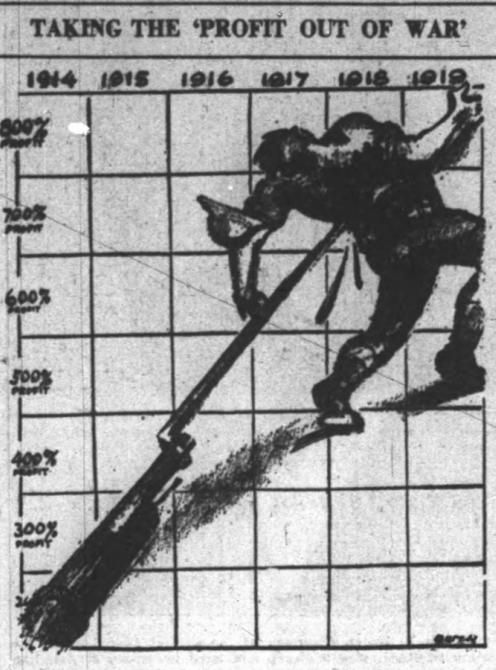
But today nobody can deny the naked truth: it was a war to satisfy the greed of the rich for profits.

"New Deal" Flops War
The Roosevelt government has carried through the greatest "peace-time" militarization program in the nation's history. That is the meaning of the N. R. A. and the "New Deal" in general. Hundreds of millions—yes, billions—have been appropriated for the army, navy and air force. Just this week an appropriation bill for the navy department was introduced in Congress providing \$487,786,261—the largest naval budget far since 1922. The army enlistments were authorized increased by over 40,000. Another \$110,000,000 was appropriated for a new string of army air bases. And these funds, openly appropriated, are being supplemented by additional millions secretly transferred to military and naval funds from relief and public works funds. Totalling up both the "official" and "unofficial" appropriations for the various aspects of Roosevelt's militarization program, one would probably find that a point has now been reached where America's expenditures for war are equal to those of the world war period.

Today we are about to repeat our 1917 experiences. American capitalists, like capitalists the world over, are unable to solve the present crisis by ordinary means. They are preparing to overcome the crisis by means of the bloody violence of war and fascism.

The market for American goods within the United States has been undermined by the crisis and by a ruthless slashing of the living standards of the masses of the people. To re-establish a market for the products of American factories at home would require wage increases, unemployment insurance, higher farm prices, etc. But such a course would mean, at least for a time, lower profits for the rich. But they will not yield up a cent of their profits. Instead they seek to secure markets outside the country, markets which they must necessarily wrest from some competitor by means of war. This leads them on to a course which must inevitably end in war.

This capitalist greed has already brought the world to the very verge of war. All imperialist powers are maneuvering for military alliances; all are arming at the most rapid tempo in world history. Today only a spark, possibly in a most remote corner of the world, is required to set the world aflame.



Furthermore, the American people are being prepared and trained for war. The C. C. C. camps, the R. O. T. C., the National Guard, etc., are preparing millions of young men for direct military service.

Above all a spirit of jingoism, of war hysteria, a sham patriotism, is being whipped up through the press, the radio, the movie theatres and other such mediums. The Hearst press particularly, with its slanderous campaign of lies against the Soviet Union, and its drive against the foreign born, militant labor and the Communists, serves only the war mongers and those driving toward fascist dictatorship.

A fake official pacifism serves only to screen, as it did in 1914-15-16, feverish war preparations in all forms.

U. S. Encourages War on U. S. S. R.
The task before the workers, the farmers and the middle class opponents of war and fascism is the fight against ROOSEVELT'S program. War—and also fascism—cannot be fought in the abstract or in general. Necessary as it is to arouse the people against the war plans of Hitler and of Japanese imperialism, the job before the American workers is that of defeating the war preparations and war plans of the United States Government, of Roosevelt.

The stand of the United States State Department in breaking off debt negotiations with the Soviet Union, in closing the Moscow con-

United Front of Labor and Allies Can Alone Halt War, Fascism

ulate, in withdrawing part of the diplomatic staff, etc., was direct encouragement to fascist Germany and militarist Japan. The defense of the Soviet Union requires, therefore, the fight against "our own" government in Washington. To fight Roosevelt on such issues is at the same time the fight against Hitler and Japanese aggression.

Likewise, American workers must be taught to see through the pacifist smoke screen thrown up by the administration in Washington. Expressed in administrative declarations on "no foreign entanglements," "take the profits out of war," etc., when they are already hopelessly entangled in the contradictions of world imperialism, making profits now by the millions, and preparing for a new world slaughter along with the rest of the imperialist nations.

The American workers and farmers must fight against the N. R. A. and the A. A. A., the instruments through which the big monopolies are strengthening their domination over the economic and political life of the country, and through which they are putting the country on a war footing. These measures today are the counterparts of the War Industries Board, War Labor Board, etc., of 1917-1918. These laws make possible not only the immediate undermining of the workers' living standards and the preparation of fascism but the mobilization of the resources and industries of the country for war.

The struggles in the factories and the trade union for the workers' immediate needs and against war and fascism is the main job. Every worker, every workers' organization must be made conscious of the war and fascist danger. All must be won for active mass struggle against war and fascism, and in the first place against the war and fascist policies of the American capitalists, at this stage carried out by the Roosevelt regime.

The united front of all workers against war and fascism must be built, attracting to it the logical ally, the A. F. of L., the unemployed, the Socialists, the farmers, the anti-war forces within the middle class—in short all who will fight sincerely against war. In this connection the most effective medium can be the American League Against War and Fascism which already has won many thousands of adherents and active supporters.

On May Day the united front against war and fascism, the routing of the tollers, millions strong, for the anti-war, anti-fascist struggle stands in the forefront of the tasks of the working class movement. May Day should be the protests of millions against Roosevelt's program. May Day should mark the beginning of a more intensified opposition to war preparations and fascist plans of the American bankers and manufacturers.

Six Years of Crisis Proves Boss Class Is 'Unfit to Rule'

The Struggle for Social Insurance Is a Revolutionary Struggle—Communists Lead Fight for Jobless Relief

By Herbert Benjamin

"The modern worker, instead of rising as industry develops, sinks ever lower in the scale, and even falls into conditions of existence below those proper to his own class. The worker is becoming a pauper and pauperism is increasing even more rapidly than population and wealth."—Communist Manifesto.

When these words were written, eighty-seven years ago, they were intended as a description of a historical process. Today, millions of American workers, along with their class

brothers in all other capitalist countries throughout the world, can recognize the above as a graphic description of their own, immediate, actual condition. These great working class leaders, Marx and Engels, the founders of the revolutionary working class, declared in the Manifesto:

"This plainly shows that the bourgeoisie is no longer fitted to be the ruling class in society or to impose its own social system as supreme law for society at large. It is unfit to rule because it is incompetent to provide security..."

Already millions of workers, supported by large and growing groups in other sections of the population, are insistently pressing their demand for a system of social insurance. This constitutes a challenge to the ruling class. Even though not all the millions who are pressing for this basic demand for a greater measure of social security have been fully convinced that the ruling class is "unfit to rule because it is incompetent to provide security," yet by very reason of the fact that they have recognized the need and have issued the challenge, they are now in a position to learn and realize this fundamental truth.

Recovery "Bubbles"
After six years of crisis, after innumerable "plans" which were described as "recovery plans" and held forth the promise that the jobless will be re-employed, more than twenty-two million men, women, and children remain dependent upon public relief for their existence. The ruling class admits that these represent only half of the unemployed and their dependents. The government must be forced to provide "subsistence relief" for these millions. Even this relief requires an expenditure of 150 million dollars a month. What better proof is needed of the correctness and immediate applicability of the declaration embodied in the historical "Communist Manifesto" that the ruling class is unfit and incompetent because "it has no option but to let them [the workers] lapse into a condition in which it has to feed them instead of being fed by them."

C. P. Heads Drive for Relief
During the years since the beginning of the present crisis, Socialist, trade-union, and Communist leadership have been subjected to this acid test. It is no accident that only the Communist Party has stood this test. It is no accident that the present powerful movement for genuine unemployment and social insurance developed and is led by the Communist Party.

It is not astounding that when, for example, the files of the official organ of the Socialist Party, the New Leader, are examined, one finds that during four years of bitter suering and struggle, the problem explained, but hardly even mentioned. And is it not significant that when this vital issue is mentioned, it is only with a view to promoting illusions about the fraudulent substitutes which the ruling class offers in the name of "unemployment insurance"? Yet, this is precisely the record of the Socialist Party leaders.

As late as August of last year, we find the spokesmen of the Socialist Party aiding the ruling class in the effort to popularize their spurious social insurance program. The Washington correspondent of the New Leader concludes with a eulogy of the plans set forth by Secretary of Labor Perkins, in the following significant manner:

"It took five years of economic breakdown, millions of unemployed, untold suffering and star-

vation to come to that which the Socialist representative (Mayer London) introduced into Congress 18 years ago.

"Well, better late than never!" So there is nothing wrong apparently with the Roosevelt "Socialist Insurance" program except that it is late! And even that is forgiven by the magnanimous Socialist writer. We will not stop to comment on the significance of the fact that a professed "Socialist," when elected to Congress, could propose no better plan for social insurance than is now sponsored by the Wall Street government.

One week later, on August 25 the New Leader boastfully reports under the headline: "Social Insurance in Socialist Scandinavia," that a "voluntary unemployment insurance plan proposed by the Swedish Social Democratic government... is being put into operation... Workers will contribute 21 million Kroner, the government supplying the balance." (Our emphasis, H. B.)

Fight Saboteurs
Finally, while hundreds of thousands of rank-and-file trade-unionists are compelled to fight against sabotage by their leaders of their fight for genuine social insurance, the "militant" Socialists, Norman Thomas writes: "It is encouraging that President Green of the A. F. of L. is speaking out so vigorously on the matter of unemployment insurance." (New Leader, Aug. 11, 1934.)

But, even now, after thousands of members of the Socialist Party have joined with the millions of politically unaffiliated workers who have endorsed the Bill formulated by the Communist Party, even after the NEC of the Socialist Party gave formal endorsement to the Workers' Unemployment, Old-Age and Social Insurance Bill (H.R. 2827), it continues to sabotage the struggle for this, the only genuine social insurance measure.

Is it an accident that the endorsement of the Workers' Bill by the NEC of the Socialist Party is tucked away on a back page of the New Leader? Is it an accident that this endorsement is so carefully qualified by a statement that the NEC endorses this Bill... despite serious weaknesses? Is it an accident that the very same issue of the New Leader which carries the reluctant announcement that the NEC endorsed the "Lansden" Bill, also carries a page wide headline: "Support Labor's Unemployment Insurance Bill"—the vicious, Tammany Hall-sponsored, Burns-Kilgrew Bill? Is it an accident, that the Socialist member of the Pennsylvania State Legislature, and member of the NEC of the Socialist Party, Darlington Hoopes, introduces an "unemployment insurance" Bill which is patterned upon the principles outlined in the Wagner-Lewis Bill and refuses to introduce a Bill modelled on the principles of the Workers' Bill?

"Militant Leaders" Block Bill
And lest it be argued that this sabotage of genuine unemployment and social insurance is the work of the "Old Guard" in the S. P., we should note: First, that Darlington Hoopes is a leader in the so-called "Militant" group and secondly, that the "Socialist Call," organ of the "militants," has not yet distinguished itself from the New Leader in the matter of fighting for genuine social insurance. The May Day manifesto of the Socialists, as published in the Socialist Call does not even mention the words unemployment insurance, much less the Workers' Bill.

C. P. Is Most Able Leader
Our united front movement in support of the Workers' Bill already embraces among its millions of supporters, thousands of Socialist workers and large sections of A. F. of L. workers. These workers, prompted by a healthy, revolutionary proletarian instinct, set aside all barriers in order to join in the necessary united struggle for the vital needs of their class. They join thereby the revolutionary struggle to win the masses to a realization that "the bourgeoisie is no longer fitted to be the ruling class in society or to impose its own social system as supreme law for society at large."

HUGE DEMONSTRATION ON UNION SQUARE, MAY DAY, 1934



May Day Struggles Reach Ever Higher Political Levels

By ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG

Each year the struggles of May Day are lifted to a higher level. Born in the United States in the throes of a general strike movement and in a fight for a major political demand, each May Day should witness a political strike on behalf of the major class issues of the American workers. Old and young workers, men and women, Negro and white, should be drawn into participation in the May Day actions. There should be strikes on May Day, for stoppage of work is the very tradition of May First. The strikes should be mass strikes involving great numbers of workers leaving their workshops collectively, not as individuals. Whole industrial units should be stopped, for only such strikes are effective demonstrations of the determined will of the workers to struggle. These mass strikes should be political, i. e., based on major political issues affecting the whole working class.

Although the Communist Party and the militant unions have put forth the demand for the shorter day and shorter week without reduction in wages, the American workers, almost 80 years after the initiation of the general 8-hour day movement, must still fight for that demand, although the militants have advanced the slogan and are struggling for the still shorter work day. The failure to establish even the 8-hour day for all during this period is due to the aristocracy of labor who, helmed by the capitalist class with comparatively high wages and better conditions of work, have left the unskilled and unorganized workers without the protection of an organized labor movement, so that they may be more easily exploited for the benefit of the owners of the industries.

A. F. of L. Leaders Against Struggle
Over 40 years ago on Union Square, New York, A. F. of L. leaders of the first May Day demonstration spoke not only about the 8-hour day but about the abolition of the capitalist system. "While struggling for the 8-hour day we will not lose sight of the ultimate aim—the abolition of the wage system," read the resolution presented to the striking masses assembled at Union Square on May First, 1890, after they had marched there in great columns under unfurled red banners through the working class sections of the metropolis. Now, the A. F. of L. leaders advocate and practice class collaboration and are doing everything possible to prevent the workers from fighting for the improvement in their conditions, and instead of fighting for the abolition of the capitalist system are fighting to preserve it.

Over 45 years ago, the A. F. of L. appealed to the International Socialist Congress in Paris to help the American Federation of Labor with the strike movement inaugurated for May First, 1890, and the International came to the aid of the American workers by making this appeal an international one. Now, President Green and his satellite Matthew Woll, pledge the support of the A. F. of L. to each and every reactionary organization or movement formed for the purpose of combating the Communist Party which is carrying on the American fighting traditions of May First. Prominent A. F. of L. leaders have developed from class collaborationists into supporters of the capitalist movements formed by the capitalists as foreposts in the fight against the American working class.

The real meaning of this sudden interest in child welfare, however, may be gleaned from the following reference to the subject in a report submitted by the Executive Council to the 1928 Convention of the A. F. of L.:

The Communist still maintain May 1 as Labor Day. Hereafter May 1 will be known as Child Health Day, as the President is directed by the resolution passed by Congress to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe May 1 as Child Health Day. The object is to create sentiment for year-round protection of the health of children. It is a most worthy purpose. At the same time May 1 no longer will be known as either strike day or Communist Labor Day. (Bodface mine—A. T.)

Can it be that the A. F. of L. leaders have not heard the story about King Canine and his attempt to sweep back the tempestuous ocean waves? Or is it that in their eagerness to break the fighting

spirit of the workers they are willing to try anything?

The Communist Inheritis May Day Traditions
The Communist International, inheritor of the best traditions of the revolutionary proletarian movement since Marx and Engels published the Communist Manifesto in 1848, carries on the traditions of May Day. The Communist parties of the various capitalist countries call upon the workers each year to stop work on May Day, to go into the streets, to demonstrate their growing strength and international solidarity, to demand a shorter workday without reduction in pay, to demand social insurance and unemployment relief, to fight against war and fascism and defend the Soviet Union, to fight against imperialism and colonial oppression, to struggle against race discrimination and lynching, to expose social demagoguery as part of capitalist propaganda, to build militant workers' organizations which fight for the every-day needs of the masses and to organize them for the overthrow of the capitalist system and for the establishment of a Soviet republic.

May Day in the Deep South Shows Growing Unity of Negro and White

Resistance of Masses Meets New Drive by Roosevelt Regime

By NAT BOSS

The big drive of Roosevelt and the bosses against the living standards of the toilers and against the trade unions is being carried out with more vigor in the lower South than perhaps in any other section of the country. This drive is being met by a growing united resistance on the part of the southern masses, large sections of whom have been spurred on and galvanized by the recent partial, but great, victory in the Scottsboro fight. Such, in a word, is the situation in Alabama, Tennessee, Mississippi and Georgia as May Day, 1935 approaches.

May Day Near South

Only a few years back May Day was relatively unknown to the southern workers. However, in the past few years, with the beginning of work by the Communist Party in the South, large sections of workers and farmers have become acquainted with this first international day of struggle. This was particularly seen on May Day, 1934, when thousands of workers took part in May Day actions in such important cities as New Orleans, Birmingham, Atlanta, Norfolk, etc.

The southern masses in participating in May Day help to revive the finest traditions of the American people, and of the working masses and oppressed people of the whole world. At the same time, the toilers of the South bring forth again the traditions of the remarkable and courageous struggles led by Negro slaves against chattel slavery, as well as the splendid activities of the abolitionists. On May Day, we in the South pay our fighting tribute to the hundreds of thousands of white and Negro workers and farmers who gave their lives in the Civil War to destroy chattel slavery. On this day we are reminded of those great words of Marx, uttered in 1847: "Labor in the white skin cannot emancipate itself while labor in the black skin is branded," and of the tremendous impetus given to the American labor movement as a result of the smashing of chattel slavery.

Civil War Background

It was the defeat of chattel slavery that helped give rise to May Day as a day of struggle for the eight-hour day in the United States. So today we can say that a powerful united struggle for the liberation of the Negro people will be a tremendous help in developing a broad and fighting labor movement which can successfully move forward toward a Soviet America.

On this May Day the workers and farmers of the South will honor the memory of Ralph Gray and other fallen sharecroppers who gave their lives in order that the oppressed farming masses of the South and of the Black Belt in particular, might organize their ranks. We pay our tribute to the score and more of white and Negro union men who gave their lives on southern picket lines under the regime of the New Deal. Truly we can say that for the toilers in the South, May Day represents a day of furthering the common interests of the white and Negro toilers, of deepening their solidarity, of broadening and uniting their ranks, whereas the reactionary ruling class in the South encourages every move toward fascism, and tries to intensify the lynch spirit.

It is for this reason that the advanced white workers are duty bound to break down the feeling of white chauvinism and other backward moods among the white workers, and they themselves must boldly come forward in the struggle for equal rights for Negroes. At the same time the advanced section of the Negro population must carry on a daily struggle to break down the distrust for the white workers that the Negroes accumulated as a result of decades of Jim-Crowism and persecution, and these revolutionary Negroes must struggle on all fronts to bring the Negro masses in close harmony with their class brothers, the white workers.

Scottsboro Brings Unity

There is no question that among the proletarian masses there is a growing feeling of unity, as shown above all in the numerous strike struggles in the South in the past year. This whole spirit is brought to a higher plane as a result of the recent victory in the Scottsboro fight, which makes it possible to bury more deeply all the nonsense about Negro inferiority, as well as the cursed race frame-ups. In the recent weeks Scottsboro has stirred the entire South. The decision has aroused practically the entire Negro population, and the four year struggle has literally opened the eyes of thousands upon thousands of white workers.

The ruling class received the Scottsboro decision as a "body blow," in the words of Solicitor Bailey of Jackson County, Alabama. And Governor Graves declared in his recent statement that "Whether we like the decision or not" the names of Negroes must be placed in the jury boxes. However, the main reaction of the Alabama ruling class is to bring the Negro masses actually keeping Negroes from serving on juries, with the exception of a few Negro professionals here and there. Already Senator Bonner, of Wilcox County, plans to introduce a bill in the Alabama Legislature, allowing only qualified voters to serve on juries. In the Black Belt this means not a single Negro will be qualified to serve, and very few will be qualified in other parts of Alabama.

In Birmingham, Assistant Solicitor Macadory declares that the jury rolls are satisfactory, despite the fact that John Altman, attorney for the State Federation of Labor, has published facts to show that not only are Negroes excluded, which is known to everybody, but tens of thousands of white union men and other white workers are prevented from jury service. As a

result of the Scottsboro decision the reactionary ruling class is intensifying the lynch spirit. Representative Tunstall comes out against the proposed bill to limit poll tax payment to two years, on the ground that Negroes will pay their poll tax and may qualify. Commissioner Downs refuses a May Day permit for Capital Park in Birmingham, on the grounds that the Scottsboro fight has made the Negroes too insistent on their rights.

At the All-Southern United Front Conference for Trade Union and Civil Rights, to be held in Chattanooga, May 26, one of the major questions will be the struggle for the right of Negroes and white workers to sit on juries and to vote. Such a movement is also proceeding in many cities of the South, largely as a result of the victory in the Scottsboro fight. The movement for the right to vote and sit on juries, which directly affects a majority of the white workers and poor farmers and the whole Negro population, is also helping to deepen the struggle for civil rights in the South, and against the rapid growth of lynch terror and fascism.

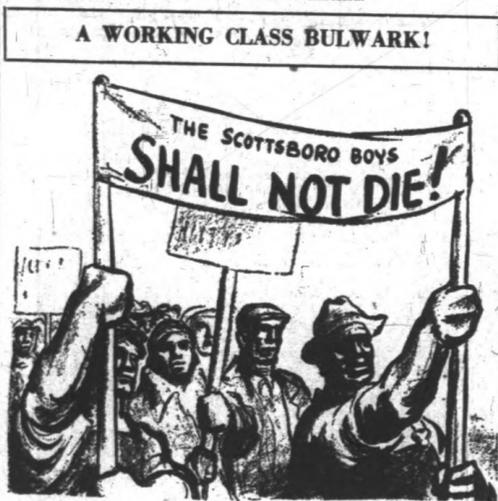
Drive Against the Unions

The drive against the unions was launched on an intensified scale with the fake company union elections in the Birmingham steel mills of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company (U. S. Steel), on March 5. It was clear that the attack on the weak Amalgamated Association was to be the spring-board from which the powerful U.M.W.A. and the Smelter Union would be attacked. In fact, it was the signal for the attack on all the unions in Birmingham and on the working conditions. This is seen in the laundry strike, in which approximately 1,200 workers, mainly Negro women, are asking for a small increase over their present wage of sixteen and two-thirds cents an hour. The laundry owners refuse to have any dealing with the union representatives since their intent is to smash the union altogether. Most of the plants are operating with a small force of scabs, brought in mainly by the police and the White Legion.

Although some strike leaders agreed to discontinue mass picketing, the laundry strikers, with the help of the coal miners, have recently made a determined resistance to bringing scabs into the plants, and are prepared in the next few days to close the plants down by real mass picketing. The help that the coal miners are giving the laundry strikers is one of the most remarkable acts of solidarity witnessed in the South, and results primarily from the appeal made by the Communist Party, and in spite of the open sabotage of Bill Mitch, District President of the U.M.W.A.

A WORKING CLASS BULWARK!

THE SCOTTSBORO BOYS SHALL NOT DIE!



Scottsboro Struggle Cements Unity of Southern Labor

Just before April 1, it was clear to all that the 21,000 coal miners were ready to strike. This was prevented at the very last minute by the desperate actions of Bill Mitch. The miners are now at work under a temporary agreement, but the operators are insisting on a lower wage. At the District Convention of the U.M.W.A. just held, Bill Mitch was compelled to speak about higher wages and shorter hours, although immediately after the close of the convention he is already pussy-footing. The convention went on record as opposed to the N.R.A. wage differential for southern workers, and against the Street Sedition Bill. The leading officials at the convention declared war against the Communist Party, which created dissatisfaction among a number of delegates.

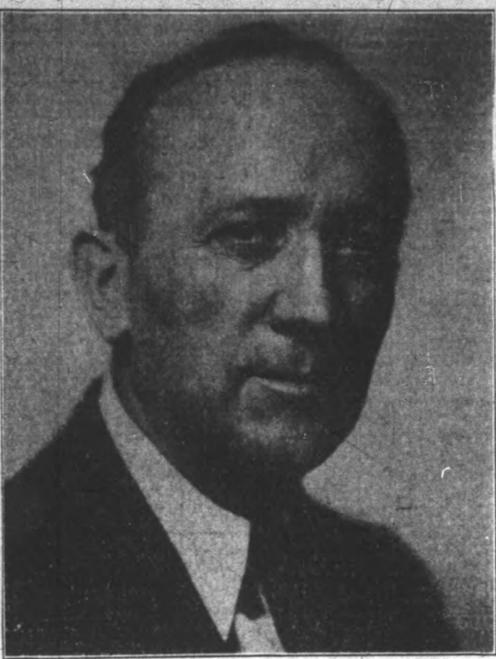
Another important event in the Alabama labor movement is the annual convention of the State Federation of Labor, to be held May 13. A number of burning questions face the rank and file at this convention. No doubt the most important question that the rank and file must raise is that of the trade unions of Alabama officially going on record for building a broad mass labor party as a further weapon in the hands of the toilers for better conditions, and against the traditional support to the Democratic party, as well as a weapon against the phenomenal growth of influence of the fascist demagogue, Huey Long.

May Day in Other Cities

In District 17, the Communist Party has called for united May Day meetings in many cities. In Birmingham, while it was decided not to go to Capital Park, a number of open meetings will be held in different sections of Birmingham, and the suburbs, such as Tarrant, Ensley, Pratt, Fairfield and Bessemer. In the Alabama Black Belt, meetings will be held in the Montgomery section, in Selma, in the Tallapoosa area and in other sections of the cotton fields. In Georgia, meetings will be held in Atlanta; in Tennessee, meetings will be held in Chattanooga, Memphis and in other cities; and in Mississippi, meetings will be held in Oxford and in other cities.

There is no doubt that May Day, 1935, will be a day of united struggle in the South, against the Roosevelt New Deal, for the unionization of the South, for the complete freedom of the Scottsboro boys, for the growing solidarity of the Negro and white toilers. It will be a further step in the whole struggle for a Soviet America.

ACTIVE LEADER IN U. S. STRUGGLES



William Z. Foster, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, who is known and loved by masses of American workers as a result of his activity in scores of labor struggles.

Company Doctor Who Robs Miners Slanders U. S. S. R.

BROWNSVILLE, Pa. — Here in Brownsville we have an "expert" on the Soviet Union. His name is Dr. Waggoner. He spent ten days of his vacation in Leningrad, and this qualified him to speak before Rotary Clubs, Kiwanis, Chamber of Commerce, High schools, etc., on the "horrible" conditions in the Soviet Union. By profession, he is a doctor, and has been a company doctor of all major coal corporations and rail roads. Before the miners were organized into the United Mine Workers of America, it was very easy, because the company appointed the doctor, and our "expert" was a doctor for 3-4 companies at the same time. This gave him a fairly high income. He had a chauffeur, invested in bank stock and became a bank director. The income enabled his wife to have lavish parties.

Robbing the Miners

Now it happened that among his patients the doctor had a family by the name of M. For the last three years they were on relief. The woman was sick and she required two visits a week at \$3 a visit. It happened that this woman was getting sick benefits from her lodge, and as soon as the sick benefits stopped and the family could not pay, the two trips a week also stopped. The doctor filled his own prescriptions, and charged her \$2 a bottle. When he was going on his last vacation, the family asked what to do about getting the medicine bottle refilled. The doctor told them to go to any drug store in town. When the daughter of Mrs. M. went to a drug store, and got the bottle refilled the druggist told her it would cost 50 cents. They could not believe it as they had such a high opinion of their "family" doctor. They thought it was a mistake. When the doctor came back and visited Mrs. M. she needed the medicine bottle refilled, so doctor stated he would do it. Mrs. M.'s daughter told him that they only paid 50 cents, to which he replied, "I'll fill it for the same price." He did once, the second time he charged \$1.00, eventually going back to

the \$2.00 price for medicine that the druggist billed for 50 cents. A doctor, cheap enough to pull off such tricks, is just the right type for Hearst anti-Soviet crew.

Useful to Hearst

They are the type that the Coal and steel barons need. They mix and come in contact with the working class and naturally anyone who would stoop so low for \$1.50 will certainly turn mental somersaults to get some of the Hearst "gravy."

When the Communist Party of Brownsville sent a committee to challenge Dr. Waggoner to a debate on the Soviet Union, he attempted to threaten the committee with jail and wanted to know if they are American born, definitely stating that if they are not they are liable to deportation.

The Communist Party of Brownsville and all the sincere elements in the workers movement here must carry unceasing exposures of Doctor Waggoner, and thus drive him into the open as a fascist and agent of the Frick-Mellon-Tainey corporations.

Peasants Rush to Join New Collective Farms

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW (By Cable)—The advance of spring is bringing a considerably increased individual peasant influx into the collective farms, it was disclosed today.

In recent months in West Siberia 1,043 new kolkozhes were formed. In Kuliyshev Province the kolkozhes accepted 10,000 new members during January and March. In the last three months 27,435 peasants joined the Ivanovo Province kolkozhes, whereas during the whole of last year only 28,797 had joined the collective farms there. In many Ivanovo villages 98 per cent of the peasantry are joined in kolkozhes, and the total Ivanovo collectivization reaches 80 per cent.

Lately 10,900 White Russian peasants joined kolkozhes. Many joined especially after the Second Collective Farmers' Congress.

May Day in Pennsylvania Sees Labor Preparing for Battle

UMWA Locals, Other Groups Back Workers' Insurance Bill

By JACK JOHNSTONE

Unity of the employed and unemployed steel workers and miners and a broad strata of students and liberal elements throughout western Pennsylvania is being hammered out. Under the blows of the anti-union fascist war mongers led by Hearst and his chain of newspapers, the United Front steels itself more determinedly for struggle. Weak elements here and there will before this attack, but the characteristic of the movement for unity is that it grows stronger and more determined.

May Day this year in many sections of western Pennsylvania will draw in more trade unions and mass organizations than in other previous May Days. The meaning of May Day as a day of struggle becomes more clear.

Issues on May Day

The outstanding feature of May Day in western Pennsylvania will be the rejection of the trustee in mining signed by Lewis and company on the eve of the strike set for April 1 and the preparations for strike struggles. In steel, May Day will be the central point in the organizing of the steel industry. The main demands of the steel workers and the miners are practically the same: they center around the six-hour day, \$6 a day, five-day week, recognition of the A. A., and a much better agreement in mining than the one now in force.

A great many of the United Mine Workers of America locals and other trade unions are on record for the Workers Unemployment and Social Insurance Bill, H. R. 2827, and for the prevailing union rate on all relief projects, and have recorded themselves against the fascist war program of which Hearst stands out as the most blatant exponent. The District A. A. and its affiliates are on record in the struggle against fascism and war, while the national convention of the A. A. endorsed H. R. 2827. The trade unions are more and more taking an active part in these major political questions, aligning themselves with one or more united fronts, American League Against

Reactionary Officials Give Aid to Hearst Anti-Red Drives

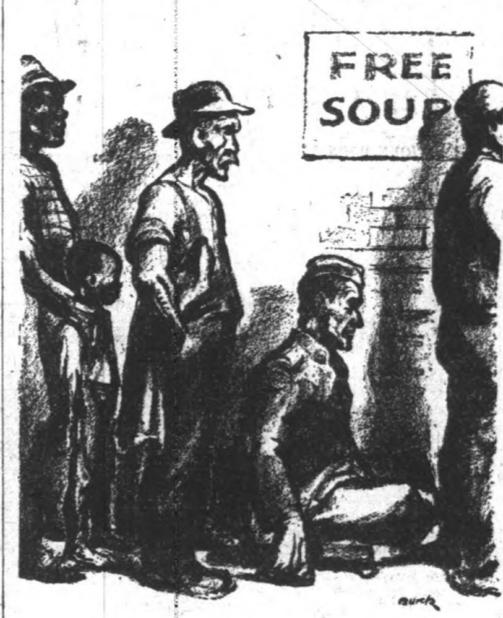
up in any way in the struggles against the expulsion policy of Mike Tigue of which participate in the united front struggle against fascism and war, against Hearst.

The reason is plain. The national leadership of the Socialist Party links up directly with Hearst. Lang like many others before him merely carries out in practice the policy of the "old guard" and the Executive Committee of the Socialist Party of Pennsylvania, find themselves in the same company as the "Alli-quippa Gazette," follow in the footsteps of Mike Tigue who has expelled almost every live local of the A. A. in this district, by proposing to expel all members of the Revolutionary Policy Committee whose program has been adopted by the majority of the Socialist Party and the National Executive Committee elected to carry out the program of the revolutionary Policy Committee.

The majority of the Socialist Party and the Young People's Socialist League do not agree with this counter-revolutionary program of their leaders. Just as the expelled majority of the A. A. at this writing are preparing to fight against the expulsion policy of their executive board at the 90th convention of the A. A. so must every member of the Socialist Party and Y.P.S.L. fight against the reactionary, expulsion program of their national and state leaders. To yield as the New Kensington branch did because of the threat of expulsion is not the answer.

Unity with the fighting miners and steel workers in the struggle for their immediate demands, unity with all unemployment organizations for more cash relief, for the passage of H. R. 2827, for union wages on all relief jobs, unity against fascism and war, unity against Hearst and his lying attacks against the Soviet Union. The majority of the Socialist Party agrees on these demands and in a struggle for them. All those who support these demands will unite to struggle for them. The greatest of scoundrels are those who use radical and even revolutionary phrases to hide their defense of capitalism. They do not all disclose their rottenness as openly as Lang does. They have to be judged by what they do and not merely by the words they use. The answer to the Hearst, Mike Tigue, Lang red-baiting attacks and threats of expulsion is to join the growing united front. Fight against the united front of reaction which, your leaders strengthen. Join the May Day working class united front in struggle for workers' rights, and against fascism and war.

THE 'AMERICAN STANDARD OF LIVING'



Huey Long Pamphlet By Sender Garlin Has Foreword by Hathaway

A first edition of 50,000 copies of Sender Garlin's new pamphlet, "The Real Huey P. Long" is off the press today. Workers Library Publishers announces.

The pamphlet carries a penetrating introduction by C. A. Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, who discusses the plans of Long, Coughlin and Olson in the direction of the formation of a new, capitalist third party movement.

Garlin's pamphlet is a result of a thorough, first-hand investigation of Long's record in Louisiana. It is based on articles which have appeared in the Daily Worker and the New Masses.

The price of the pamphlet is 5 cents. Discounts are allowed on quantity orders. All orders should be sent to Workers Library Publishers, P. O. Box 148, Station D, New York City.

Workers, Workers' Groups Greet 'Daily Worker' on May Day

Philadelphia, Pa.

Greetings on May 1st to the Daily Worker from the

Freiheit Gesang Verein

DR. F. KESSLER
DENTIST
4633 Girard Avenue
Office Hours: 9:00 to 12:00 a.m. - 2:00 to 8:00 p.m.
Evergreen 3333

ABRAHAM B. HEIFETZ
FAMILY SHOE STORE
4084 Girard Avenue
Shoes of the Better Kind

ZIMMERMAN'S
Hosiery Our Specialty
945 No. Marshall Street
Phone: Market 3462

ISRAEL DECOVNY
Fresh Meats, Poultry Market and Restaurant Supplies
912 N. Marshall St., Phila., Pa.
Phone: Market 3165

MAX BECKER
Groceries
1126 N. 40th Street
Patronize

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Edith S. Moore
Upjohn Women's Council No. 4

DISTRICT 3

May Day Greetings

NOVELTY Printing Company
Creators and Designers of Attractive Printing
410-412 Commerce Street
Lombard 6186 Main 6164

Patronize
Rosenbaum's Cigar and Candy Store
4029 Girard Avenue

MOSENSON'S DAIRY
1702 N. 42nd Street
Phone: Greenwood 1288

The Central Fruit Co.
S. Sher
1127 N. 40th Street

Greetings from Branch 173, I.W.O.
on May 1st

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Collected from Unit 2, Wash. Sec.

WYOMING, PA.
Unit 1 and 2 C.P.

Michael F. Nasevich
Undertaker and Embalmer
N. E. cor. Franklin and Brown Sts.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Private Chapel
Day and Night Service

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Member of the F.S.U.

A group of Y.O.L. members

I.W.O. Branch of Washington
K. Pillaris William Jones
Andrew Pappas Nickolson
E. P. Peroga Christ Nickolas
Benj. King Artemis P.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
I.W.O. Br. 135
Section No. 6: wood Br. 561
E. Brooks E. Finkelstein
M. Johnson S. Zumoff
A. Alston H. Pinsker
S. Kelley I.W.O. Medical
W. Douglas Department
H. Masdon Phila. Office
I.W.O. Br. 30 Workers Union
Unit 307, C. P.

FARRISON, PA.
Joe Williams S. Perez
Domestico Joseph O'Neill
Joseph Siro Theresa Dupulo
Frank Colucho Geo. Luchon
Joe. Morcira Justo Dares
Angelo Herman Buron
Frank Veina Paul Kulisen
Jos. Patrio Jacob Zuis
Marie Boudinini M. Malinatu
N. Frumchella skieno
G. Rodriguez Nora Kudons

Philadelphia, Pa.

Joseph Dubow
Top, Body and Fender Repairs
BUO and REFINISHING
CHROME PLATING
338-40 North 13th Street
Philadelphia, Pa.
Bell Phone Keystone Phone
Mittchen 2897 Rate 6865

DISTRICT 1

Mothers League of New Eng.
Brookton Branch
Brookton, Mass.

Norwood Unit
Norwood, Mass.

Tobin's Delicatessen
Blue Hill Avenue
Dorchester, Mass.

Dorchester Unit 1, C. P.
Dorchester, Mass.

Roxbury Cultural League
Roxbury, Mass.

Peabody Unit C. P.
Peabody, Mass.

Chelsea Unit C. P.
Chelsea, Mass.

Roxbury Unit 1 C. P.
Roxbury, Mass.

MAYNARD, MASS.
W. Manninen Stanley Makins
W. Kazokas J. Kley
A. Denisevan S. Denisevian
MANPANSSET, MASS.
Karl Jerni Matti Sura
M. Louns A. Roderick
A. E. N. V. Roderick
M. Antresan Frank Gorras

LOWELL, MASS.
A. Paylin Miss
K. Korpor J. E.
F. Grecka A. B.
P. S. J. M. Karson

DORCHESTER, MASS.
Millan
S. Ross
Mattapan Cultural League

ROXBURY, MASS.
Working Women's Council
Chernick Clark
Myrovitch Ginsberg
Kaly Sher

HAVERHILL, MASS.

B. Pancarik Victor Bacht
Mike Jelonius M. Brandoint
Geo. Sahagan H. Drake
Leo Kavskan P. Odies
J. Balaban J. Linchby
Rekas Aghean F. Cimino
G. Georgean G. Pardello
I. Mezenhaks R. Rudy, Amodio
P. Broonde S. Cristofaro
Diru Mooljan W. Peltonick
Abah Davidson A. V. Belrick
J. Kazabehaan Archie Bates
L. H. Albanian Silvio Sanarchi
A. Brandoint W. Frank

BOSTON, MASS.

S. Zelnick Intl Bookshop
A. Friend Women's Incor
H. Roberts Study Club
West End Cultural League Sara Gruber

GARDNER, MASS.

Finnish Working Women's Club
Finnish Federation

FITCHBURG, MASS.

Sandro and Emil Helmi and John
Maki Selo
Ida H. Wewn Ida Nulo
M. Winkikas Kusti Maki

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

I. Summers

HUDSON, MASS.

Marie Koeki C.P. Units of
Flattunen Fitchburg
Anna Dahlanen Y.O.L. Units of
Anna Manner Women's Club
E. & W. Eskell Pioneer Federa-
Nector Laakso tion
Eskia Mallinen Frank
D. Raita Mike
A. J. Sikoraki Ygnar
John Urban August
F. Kaulkas Mike
Hilda Aarnio M. Y.

Russian National Mutual Aid Society
(PHOB)
629 Chestnut Street

We, the members of the Russian National Mutual Aid Society, greet the Daily Worker on the occasion of May First and pledge to mobilize the Russian workers for May First, for the Workers' Unemployment and Social Insurance Bill—H. R. 2827, for the 30-hour week and against hunger, war and fascism.

SECOND SMASH WEEK IN PHILA!
EUROPA THEATRE Market & 19th Sts.

INTOURIST
Incorporated and
TORGISIN
ALEXANDER ENRICH, Rep.
N. E. Corner 6th and Spring
Garden Streets
Philadelphia, Pa.
Will arrange your trip to the Soviet Union or any other country at the lowest price.
Information free.

ANNUAL BAZAAR CONCERT - DANCE
Friday and Saturday, May 3 & 4
at Girard Manor Hall
911 W. Girard Avenue

Program:
On Friday—E. Neph, famous pianist, Gdus.
On Saturday—National speaker on "World the Sixth and Seventh World Congress of the Communist International."

DANCING BOTH NIGHTS
Best Food in Our Restaurant
Get Your Bargains at Our Booths
(Opp. Third Workers' Organization)

Bernstein's Pharmacy
S. E. cor. 41st and Girard Aves.

Green's Tailor Shop
42nd and Vails Streets

MAY DAY BRINGS NEW ADVANCE IN CAMPAIGN FOR THE UNITED FRONT

'Red Scare' Has Lost Its Punch; Browder Criticizes Examples of Sectarianism Toward Socialist Party Members

By Earl Browder

May Day this year has been marked by a more decisive, more persistent, struggle for a broader united front, a more inclusive united action, of the workers and their allies. Serious achievements have resulted from these efforts. The issue of unity of action is in the air. It is in the minds of millions of workers. The slogan of unity has a tremendous mass response.

While we recognize those achievements which have been made towards unity, we cannot be satisfied with them. They are only the first steps. A hundred-fold gathering of workers and their organizations for united action is called for by the needs of the situation. Only united mass action can call a halt to the attacks against wages, conditions, and rights of the workers. Only workingclass unity can fight against and defeat the capitalist policies of hunger, fascism, and imperialism.

Most significant in the spread of unity sentiment and action, is that to be seen in the American Federation of Labor local unions, and even in many city central delegate assemblies. The "old reliable" bogeyman, that formerly was so infallible a disrupter of the united front—namely, the Red Scare—has lost its punch. In a recent trade union conference, among a couple of hundred delegates, a reactionary official arose and cried: "Brothers, there is a Communist in this hall. The meeting cannot proceed until he is ejected." Another official arose, a local man who had just completed the "National Run Around" of the Boards, and back where he started, and said: "There is no Communist here. I have been looking for a Communist down every way for several months. Maybe he can tell us something different from the hot air fed us for the past two years."

That is the mood of millions of workers today. The more they hear and read curses against the Reds and Communists, coming from their known enemies or from leaders and friends who have completed their terms, the more interested they are to meet the Reds and have a long talk with them.

This sentiment is being crystallized in common action on May Day. Among the members and followers of the Socialist Party there is a big and growing sentiment for the united front. This was not yet registered, except in a few localities, in actual unity for this May Day. That is because the sentiment is unorganized, has no leaders. The leading circles of the S. P. are either ferociously opposed to the united front, or are fearful and hesitant, capitulating to the Old Guard or keeping silent on this issue.

There is no doubt that Norman Thomas could, by a few bold, clear words, swing the main mass of the S. P. into the united front against war and fascism. He is afraid to utter these words. He is ideologically dependent upon the Old Guard, so fearful of them, that he cannot stand on his own feet and really lead (assuming that he is really for the united front, as he has so many times declared). The result of his vacillations is, that the Old Guard openly defies the national leadership and, correctly, declares that it is incapable of following through its own policies.

Since the Buffalo meeting of the National Executive Committee of the S. P., serious negotiations have been going on to reconstitute the national leadership, with Dan Hoan replacing Norman Thomas as the principal leader, basing itself upon the local machines in Milwaukee, New York, Connecticut, and Pennsylvania, subordinating the militants and driving the Revolutionary Policy Committee elements out of the Party. These plans have been disturbed by the mass uprising against Harry Lang and the Forward because of the open alliance with Hearst. But Thomas and the militants have been weak and incapable to assume the offensive, even in this situation that cries aloud for decisive action, so that the Old Guard conspiracy may still be successful.

One thing is clear, that the S. P. membership can find their way toward the class struggle, away from the Old Guard path of reaction, only by energetically taking up the fight for the united front together with the Communist Party. The S. P. can only be a force in the S. P. when it too takes up practically the united front issue. That was proved to the full during the course of May Day preparations.

The Communists have conducted a much more effective campaign for the united front this year than ever before. That is good. But let us not be satisfied. We must admit that there still remain in our ranks, also, many obstacles to a successful united front struggle. Here I am referring to "small things," but things which loom big in the minds of socialist workers.

The whole problem of finding a comradely approach to the socialist workers is becoming of first importance. We must weed out of our life such examples of sectarianism as that of a line in the popular song, "On the Picket Line," which reads: "If you don't like scabs and socialists and thugs." Such a stupid and impermissible lumping together of all socialists with scabs and thugs, of course, raises an insurmountable barrier of prejudice between the socialist workers and ourselves. It is all the worse because it is in a song, and precisely that song which is sung on the picket line where the call for unity of Socialist, Communist, and non-party workers must be the clearest,



Earl Browder

most insistent, most necessary. We must apologize to the honest socialist workers, with whom we sincerely want to make a united front of struggle against the capitalists, for making such nonsensical errors. We have no reason to hide our mistakes; we speak of them openly in order to reject them and eliminate them for all the future.

May Day must be a serious drawing together in action of all workers to defend their immediate class interests, to become conscious of their class position, to build workingclass unity in struggle and for struggle.

That is the leading idea that the Communist Party puts forward on May Day.

The Ruined Farmers Throughout the U. S. A. Fight the A. A. A., Demand Relief on May Day

By JOHN BARNETT

Farmers are usually busy at this time of the year with spring planting and cultivating. But the "Triple A," the Agricultural Adjustment Administration rules the countryside. Millions of acres are forced to lie idle under its blight. Millions of needy farmers are not allowed to plant part or all of their cultivated land. Thousands of farmers in the drought area have no seed or feed, and no money with which to buy them.

The A.A.A. hit first and hardest at the share-croppers of the South, whose conditions are much worse than those elsewhere; and next at the drought-stricken farmers. This is already the third year of the Roosevelt curtailment program in cotton.

Misery in the South
The "AAA FILES MISERY ON SHARE-CROPPERS." No this is not the Daily Worker speaking, although it predicted three years ago that this would happen. It is a headline in the conservative New York Times of April 15th.

"Crop reduction, parity payments and the government rental money for acres retired from production have increased the prosperity of the landlords," stated the writer, after an investigation in Arkansas. "There is another class, however, which has not shared equally in the benefits of the New Deal. These are the share-croppers, who, it has been estimated, constitute between 80 and 90 per cent of those directly affected by the 'Three A's,' as the Agricultural Adjustment Act is known."

"For many of them, the Three A's have spelled unemployment, shrunken income, and a lowered standard of living, if the hand-to-mouth existence they have led since the war between the States may be called living at all."

The share-croppers, especially the Negroes, have no choice about whether their farms are to be taken out of production or not. This is decided by the landlord or plantation owner, and enforced by the Bankhead Gin Tax. Such compulsory reduction has been applied to both cotton and tobacco.

From Tenancy to What?

Now the kind-hearted robber barons have concocted an extension of the New Deal under the slogan, "End Farm Tenancy." Senator Bankhead, big landowner, has introduced into Congress the "Farm Home Bill" for this purpose. This bill, endorsed by the Department of Agriculture, the social welfare departments of the Catholic, Protestant and Jewish denominations, and William Green, is supposed to provide "homes" for tenants and share-croppers, but it is nothing less than a low-down plan for forcing croppers further into debt and peonage. It calls for government buying of land from the big insurance companies, banks and landlords who own much poor land in the South, and the reselling of this in small patches to "worthy" tenants or croppers.

It provides for one billion dollars to be poured into the pockets of these big landowners for the purchase of this land and other equipment. The tenants will be compelled to pay for their "home" to earn a

Slave Statute Is Challenged In High Court

Herndon Held on Law Designed to Maintain Chattel Slavery

By BEN DAVIS, JR., Editor, "Negro Liberator"

In direct line of descent from the cruel slave laws of the earliest colonial days, is the statute which stands today upon the books of the state of Georgia, and under which Angelo Herndon, 22-year-old Negro organizer, faces a sentence of eighteen to twenty years on the chain-gang.

Thus, in colonial New York, statutes were passed in 1706 and 1712 to prevent and punish slave insurrections and conspiracies. The fear of such insurrections in 1712 and 1741 led, in New York City, to the wholesale execution of Negroes and of their white friends, and involved the most cruel punishments.

Death Penalty for Revolt
On May 19, 1804, the Georgia legislature passed a statute which may be considered the direct predecessor of the present Georgia insurrection law. Any incitement to insurrection of slaves was a felony punishable by death without benefit of clergy. The law stated:

In almost every slave-holding state of the union it was a crime to teach a slave to read and write. Yet thousands learned, in small, secret groups held under the guise of prayer-meetings, barbeque feasts and fishing expeditions.

It was on the basis of this law that Angelo Herndon was indicted and sentenced—because he organized, recommended "mercy"—to serve 18 to 20 years on the chain-gang.

The right of the state of Georgia to keep this slave law on its statute books is being challenged before the Supreme Court of the United States by attorneys for the International Labor Defense, who are arguing the case of Angelo Herndon. This court can be forced to free Herndon, to declare the slave law unconstitutional and wipe it off the books, only by the method that has forced it to reverse the Scottsboro death verdicts—mass pressure, mass protest.

Working Women: Into the Streets on May 1!

By ELLA BREEVE BLOOR

To the working women of all capitalist countries this May Day means a day of organized protests—against hunger, against unemployment, wage cuts, sales tax, high cost of living, and above all, against imperialism war.

These protests will be crystallized into demands of united front action.

Women everywhere are awakening; they are coming out into the streets, marching side by side with the workers and farmers, their husbands and brothers.

The Women's Voice

It has been a revelation to the stolid old capitalist politicians in Congress this year to see and hear the wonderful women advocates who have appeared before them at the various hearings in Washington on Social Insurance and Farm Relief—hearings where women demanded total disarmament, where they protested against deportation bills.

The congressmen listened with open ears and open mouths to the scientific analyses of the present economic situation made by women like Mary Van Kleeck, of the Russell Sage Foundation, Dr. Dorothy Douglas of Smith College, Dr. Mildred Partridge of Bryn Mawr, textile workers, women like Rosa Reside of Harlem, miners' wives. Most of all they marvelled at the farm women who argued for the Farm Relief Bill. The little women, powerful women, like Ella Walstead of South Dakota, told them the terrible story of the drought, of the dust storms, which now affect almost half of the nation; women from Kansas who predicted famine for America.

Stirring protests, stirring demands, all these were put forward.

Now these women have gone back to their homes, back to their work and they are organizing their May Day demonstrations.

Inspired by U. S. S. R.
This vast army of marching women gets its inspiration, its courage, from the great leadership of the women of the Soviet Union, the women who so proudly march today in what was once czarist Russia—celebrating their victories in the factories, the schools, the beautiful new homes, the magni-

bodies, cultured minds, lovers of beautiful things. Freed womanhood, freed motherhood, without fear of the future. It will be glorious May Day in the Workers' and Farmers' Fatherland—the Soviet Union.

We American women must march with our heads up, too, for



Mother Bloor

ificent new race of humanity of boys and girls with clean, beautiful bodies, and the great force that will inspire our comrades everywhere to win victories here.

Together, we can abolish slavery here. We shall soon change the world we now live in—a world of hunger and fear—to a new world where our youth will realize the joy and happiness which they know is their right.

What a May Day We Shall Have in America Then!

It is not far off, in the distant future. It is nearer than we know. This great May Day demonstration of 1935 will bring it closer—so close that even we, older ones, will share in its triumph.

Come out with us, women, into the streets May 1st. Housewives, teachers, workers in the shops—women of all creeds, all colors, all nationalities. Come with us! Protest! Demand! And above all, unite with us in organized action for the freedom of the workers and the workers' children.

Central Body Backs May Day In Paterson

Inspiring Traditions of Struggle in New Jersey Textile City

By J. ANYON

(Sec. Org., Communist Party)

For the first time in the history of Paterson, the Central Labor Union endorses a May Day demonstration. This demonstration will find the entire organized labor front united in their mobilization against the Bosses offensive. It is the true expression of the masses of workers of Paterson who have written some of the most heroic pages of labor history in the past, beginning as far back as 1828. And they carry on; in the 12-month strike of the dyers' union, the struggle of the silk workers fought against discrimination and wage-cuts. The dyers' militant action forced the Mayor's Fact-Finding Committee to back down on their campaign to introduce compulsory arbitration, wage-cuts, and were defeated in their attempt to smash local 1733.

Profound Changes Occur

If we remember that this is the first time in the history of Paterson that the C. L. U. has endorsed a May 1st demonstration, we can grasp the profound changes that have taken place in the organized labor movement in Paterson in recent years. This growing sentiment, amongst the masses has swept aside opposition that stood in its way, and promises the same to any other who will dare to stand in their way.

In the silk union, the workers rallying behind the Rank and File leadership, are striking against discrimination and wage-cuts in the shops. The silk workers, on May Day, are priming their forces for major action to force the manufacturers to sign a contract with improved working conditions, recognition of union and 1933 wage level. The Rank and File and his crew are completely routed from leadership and today try in vain to do their worst to hinder the Rank and File leadership in leading a united struggle against bosses. In the dye industry the manufacturers stop at nothing in their attempt to smash the militant dyers local 1733. Every move they make is repulsed by honest militant Rank and File leadership, enthusiastically backed by the mass membership. Haines and Williams Bros. newspaper publishers had counted on a fast and furious campaign to smash the Paterson Typographical Union No. 195. They were met, not only by stubborn resistance of the printers, but by the widest and broadest united front in the Conference to aid the Striking Printers.

Plan Labor Day
Born out of this struggle, the Paterson masses are involved in raising \$50,000 to publish a local daily newspaper controlled by organized labor.

The State Relief Administration has been slowly and surely driving the standard of living down to a starvation level. Resistance of employed and unemployed; has been able to force not only a stop to relief cuts but actually brought increases in relief. The United Unemployed and Relief Workers Association has been called upon by the unions to help organize unemployed departments in the unions and are meeting the offensive of Gov. Hoffman on relief cuts and the sales tax, they are mobilizing broad masses for H. R. 2227.

These activities, this growth of solidarity behind a class-struggle policy is the backbone of the Paterson workers today. The conservatives and reactionaries in the unions have felt the precapture of the masses and fear it.

Meet Boss Offensive
Simultaneously with this tremendous growth in the fighting ability of the Paterson working class we find the most feverish campaign by manufacturers of Paterson to drive the standard of living of the workers down ever lower. First there was the Chamber of Commerce "Boost Paterson" campaign. Followed by a barrage of demagoguery from Governor Hoffman and "Feeling the Need" they aimed at putting over a Sales Tax. Recently the Mayor's Fact-Finding Committee tried to prove to the masses the need for "Compulsory Arbitration," wage-cuts and smashing of militant local 1733.

The workers knew it was their united militancy that defeated these attempts. Working in the ranks of the masses, side by side in the shops, shoulder to shoulder on the picket lines are the members of the Communist Party; the guidance and leadership of the Communists in the local unions is accepted by the workers.

Move for Labor Party
The influence of the Communist Party in Paterson is growing strong. The membership of the Communist Party has grown and taken in workers from decisive sections of the working-class. The Daily Worker, Communist leaflets and bulletins are eagerly read by workers.

May 1935 is the appropriate day of mobilization for the Paterson working class to build a class struggle Labor Party. The character of this May Day shows us that all working class organizations, made unions, mass organizations, unemployed Negro organizations and Socialist and Communist Parties can present a united Labor Party to fight the capitalist-controlled parties in the coming election.

The Roosevelt-N. R. A. "Security" program means starvation for the millions of unemployed, sixteen millions unemployed—the result of more than five years of crisis and of the N. R. A. These millions are the dependents are forced to live at starvation levels. Unite for the forcing of the passage of H. R. 2227—the Workers Unemployment and Social Insurance Bill.

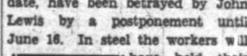
BIG STRUGGLES LOOM IN NEW YORK, SAYS COMMUNIST LEADER

Amter Cites Numerous Strikes, Advancing Relief Struggles, Harlem Events and Growth of the United Front

By I. Amter

(Organizer, District No. 2, C. P.)

May Day, 1935, finds the workers preparing for battle on all fronts. In auto and rubber, the workers, misguided by William Green and some of their local labor leaders, have been faced with government recognition of company unions. The coal miners who traditionally have closed their contracts on April 1, and if necessary have gone out on strike on that date, have been betrayed by John Lewis by a postponement until June 18. In steel the workers will



I. Amter

have held their convention against William Green and Mike Tighe in order to effect organization, so as to carry on a struggle for the right to organize a fight for better conditions.

The Roosevelt government has betrayed its pledge to the workers to provide unemployment insurance. The U. S. Congress, on order of Roosevelt, has defeated the Workers' Bill, H. R. 2227, and enacted in its place the Wagner-Lewis-Doughton Bill, which does not provide one penny of insurance but leaves to the individual states the whole question of providing relief. The fight for unemployment insurance has not ended. On the contrary, the betrayal of the U. S. Congress of the interests not only of the 17,000,000 unemployed but of the whole working class will be answered in full measure.

Hearst, Macfadden, Coughlin, Johnson, Long, still rant about the rights of the workers. The Hearst press, taking the leadership in the struggle against the Communist Party and aiding the McCormick-Dickstein Committee in its attempt to outlaw the Communists and all militant workers' organizations, is doing its worst to slander the Communist Party and the Soviet Union. This is done in conjunction with the struggle against the Soviet Union and the building of fascism and military forces within the United States. Hitler is preparing for an onslaught against the Soviet Union. The growing strength of the Soviet Union and that of the revolutionary forces throughout the world represent a force that the capitalists and their government will have to reckon with.

Relief Cut in New York
In New York the situation is keeping with the national situation. Unemployment, relief has been cut. More than 25,000 workers have been removed from the relief lists but the number of applicants continues to grow. One-third of the population of the richest city in the world is dependent on relief. Wages are not advancing, but on the contrary the rising cost of living is cutting into the standard of living of the employed workers and driving down the condition of the unemployed still lower. Battles at relief bureaus continue and mount with the sharp attacks of the police.

The Negroes, always the worst sufferers, broke out in rebellion on March 19 in Harlem. This is but an indication of what will occur not only in New York but throughout the country. Down in the South, where government investigators have disclosed conditions, we face not only the mass misery of the Negroes, but the mass struggle of workers.

Beginning in January, 1936, aliens in New York will be denied relief. Increased persecution of the foreign-born and the threat of deportation over the head of every militant foreign-born worker threaten these workers. Filipinos are being picked up on the streets and immediately deported to the Philippines Islands.

Strikes Are Answer
The workers have not accepted these conditions without struggle. On the contrary, today in New York City 3,000 workers of the National Biscuit Company, workers who had never been organized before, are now in their seventeenth week of strike with their lines undiminished. Food, hotel, needle, marine, building service, metal, in all of these industries the workers have gone out in militant struggle. Today the electric signal men are putting up a battle against the N. R. A. The Klein and Ohrbach workers, newspaper publishing and other white collar workers have joined the ranks of the strikers and have carried on a splendid fight.

Political strikes of a high character have taken place. Not only the mass outbreak in Harlem, but the demonstration of the Cuban workers in lower Harlem and the closing of about 500 shops in the one-hour strike, show that the political consciousness of the workers is rising. The strike of the longshoremen and teamsters against the injunction shows the growing political understanding of the workers and the need of unity in struggle against the government.

United Front Grows
The strike of the students on April 12 reached a figure of about 25,000 in New York City, and the militancy displayed by these youth shows the leftward trend among this section of the population. The splendid Madison Square Garden meetings in defense of the Soviet Union and against the fascist Hearst indicate quite clearly that the masses of New York are developing a clearer understanding of the danger of fascism and war.

Must Build "Daily"
The building of the Daily Worker into a newspaper reaching hundreds of thousands of workers in the New York District; the increase in the circulation of the Party literature; the reaching of the workers in the shops, the white-collar workers and the industrial workers; the building of the Communist Party and the Young Communist League in the shops of basic industry, and of fighting union organizations in every shop, on the road to making New York City a 100 per cent union town—these are our tasks.

May Day is a milestone in our struggle for unity—but only a milestone that should lead to ever greater unity and to the victory of the working class over its enemies! A milestone in the revolutionary struggle of the workers for the final emancipation from capitalism, for its destruction and the establishment of a Soviet America.

Peasants and Workers in Portugal Protest Oppressive Wine Taxes

LISBON.—Great demonstration took place in all the wine-growing centers in Portugal during the month of April these being directed against the oppressive wine taxes. Particularly were the manifestations militant in Carfaxo, a large wine region in central Portugal, where the soldiers, peasants and strikers in 11,000 workers demonstrated against the tax collectors.

A conspicuous factor of the demonstration was that the trade union leaders were forced to join the workers. Armed troops were called in to disperse the demonstrators. In order to pacify the crowd, an officer of the National Union declared: "I am a liberal, I am one of you; I am a liberal, too." But the wrath of the workers only increased. They marched to the town hall and destroyed all the nationalist posters and pictures of the dictator, Salazar. The demonstration concluded with shouts of "Down with the dictatorship!" and a repetition of the demand put forward by the Communists: "No payment of the 18 per cent wine tax."

THE BROWN PEST



The areas suffering from the drought have felt the same choking grip of the A.A.A. As we know, last year the Triple A permitted and even used the drought to ruin thousands of farmers, to destroy their cattle and farm resources. The desperate farmers are driven into debt and to subsistence farming before they can get relief. This year the government is following the same policy. With proper measures the New Deal could have prevented the destructive dust storms and the havoc of drought which have driven families sick and suffocating from their homes, and killed their crops and cattle. But it did not take these necessary steps. It allowed the bread basket of the nation to dry up. Instead, the New Deal now proposes to take millions of these acres out of farming. Many families living on them are penniless. They will be turned loose to drift or be transferred to subsistence "postage stamp" farms, denied the right to commercial farming, and be forced to starve slowly in utter poverty. Those families whose farms have been hopelessly ruined should be provided at government expense with irrigation or good commercial farms equal to what their own farms used to be.

It was the desperation of farmers that brought the farmers together at the recent Sioux Falls relief conference in a mighty demonstration for relief without debt, for production credit, for repeal of the A.A.A. and the passage of the Farmers Emergency Relief