

C. P. Units: Build Carrier Routes
Through House-to-House
Canvassing
Press Run Yesterday—48,600

Daily Worker

CENTRAL ORGAN COMMUNIST PARTY U.S.A. (SECTION OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL)

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WAGE-CUTTING BILL RUSHED TO SENATE

Elevator Operators' Strike Paralyzes Service in 200 Buildings

MEN DEMAND HIGHER PAY, CLOSED SHOP

Members Take Action After Continued Stalling by Arbitrators

Early last evening organizers of Local 32-B of the Building Service Employees International Union declared service in 200 buildings was paralyzed in a city-wide strike of elevator operators and other building service employees.

Unwilling to wait any longer for the results of arbitration, as urged by the officials of the Building Service Employees International Union, more than 3,000 operators took matters into their own hands and walked out despite the appeal of the officials at Monday night's shop chairmen's meeting "not to take things into their own hands."

The buildings included seven skyscrapers in the Madison Square area and eighty-five buildings in Harlem between 135th and 145th Streets.

The seven skyscrapers are owned by the K Realty Company, which the union charged violated the closed shop agreement signed last November at the time of the garment center strike.

The strikers' demands, according to the union, are for the forty-hour week, a \$35 minimum scale for elevator operators, a closed shop and union recognition, no discrimination because of race, color or nationality, time and a half for overtime, and the elimination of the stretch-out system.

Unity Parley Is Held for 18

(Special to the Daily Worker)
SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Feb. 13.—Nineteen organizations from twenty California cities, including eighteen American Federation of Labor unions, were represented at an enthusiastic united front conference in this city for defense of the eighteen Sacramento criminal syndicalist law victims and for repeal of the criminal syndicalism law.

Of the eighteen American Federation of Labor unions, fourteen had regular delegates, while four sent observers. There were delegates from four independent unions, the Utopian Society, six Democratic clubs, Epic groups, World War Veterans, the California conference of the Methodist Episcopal Churches, unemployed organizations, student and language groups, the Communist Party and the Young Communist League.

The Mooney Moulders Defense Committee was officially represented by Anna Mooney, sister of Tom Mooney. Mooney himself sent greetings to the conference and a five dollar donation for the defense of the eighteen Sacramento defendants.

Hearst Private Life One of Debauchery And Feudal Brutality

Lives Like Roman Emperor Surrounded With Fear-Stricken Servants—Keeps Marion Davies in Million-Dollar Palace Nearby

By James Casey
ARTICLE V

This is a chapter on Hearst's private life. How does Hearst live? What are his interests? Why does he attack the Communist Party and the Soviet Union? Every worker and farmer in America should know the answers to these questions.

Hearst does not want a proletarian dictatorship in America. Hearst wants the workers and farmers are not fit to rule. HEARST WANTS RULE BY HEARST—AND BY THE MORGANS, THE ROCKEFELLERS, THE MELLONS.

HEARST WANTS RULE BY THE FEW—WITH UNEMPLOYMENT, DESTITUTION, DEATH BY STARVATION FOR MILLIONS OF TOILERS.

Down in sunny California, Hearst lives on his San Simeon estate which covers four hundred square miles. On this estate there are mountains and valleys and enchanting forests. The Hearst property runs for fifty miles along the beautiful coast of the Pacific Ocean.

Like King's Manor
In this little kingdom, also, are many museums, a zoological garden, a botanical garden, a rare Japanese garden, a recreation park and fields for sports and games. There are dozens of buildings on the Hearst estate. But the main structure in which Hearst eats and sleeps SOME-

Special National Convention Will Be Held by T. U. U. L. In New York March 16-17

The Trade Union Unity League has called a special national convention to be held on March 16 and 17 in New York City, to take up the next steps of the T. U. U. L. organizations in the fight against the intensified drive of the employers and their government against labor.

The call of the T. U. U. L. National Executive Board, signed by William Z. Foster, national secretary, states the basis of representation to the convention, and takes up the fight for trade union unity.

The T. U. U. L. call for the convention follows in full:
Feb. 11, 1935.
To all Affiliated Organizations of the T. U. U. L.,
To all members of the Trade Union Unity League,
Brothers and Sisters:

The National Executive Board has decided to convene a SPECIAL CONVENTION of the Trade Union Unity League for March 16 and 17, 1935, in New York City.

The purpose of this SPECIAL CONVENTION is to take up the next steps of the T. U. U. L. organizations in the fight against the increasing capitalist attacks and the fight for the unification of the trade union movement.

In the past year many of the unions affiliated to the T. U. U. L. have already taken steps in the direction of one union in the industry. This was already carried through in the mining, steel, textile, auto and numerous other industries. Our organizations are now in the process of carrying through unification in the marine industry, in the dress industry and others. All of the unions are taking steps in this direction: among them the furniture workers union, the food workers union, the metal workers union. Not in all cases can unity be achieved in the same manner and with the same results. But in all cases the T. U. U. L. unions are taking the initiative to achieve such unity despite the obstacles placed in their path by the A. F. L. bureaucracy.

AFL COUNCIL CALLS TIGHE TO CAPITAL

Steel Union Head Will Confer on Expulsion of Militants

By Marguerite Young
(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13.—A sub-committee of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor held a heated secret session today on the problem they face because President Mike Tighe is attempting to expel the majority of the membership of the steel union at a time when rank and file pressure has compelled the council to take up the carrying out of a long-promised drive to organize the steel workers.

It was the rank and file drive to organize, undertaken months ago, that led to Tighe's effort to pitch out its leaders and all lodes supporting them.

Going into the sub-committee session, Tighe and vice-president Lewis of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers answered reporters' questions about the rank and file's charges against Tighe with two dodges.

"We suffer in silence," was Tighe's main reply.

Secretary Leonard again hoisting the tattered banner of the red-bogey, declared: "Communists control the so-called rank and file crowd. We've got their secret orders with us. You know, there's traitors even among traitors. How else do you think we got their orders from the Communists?"

Evades Direct Questions
When Leonard was asked, "How do you expect to get anywhere with that red-scare, when you must know that you've been howling 'reds' at your rank and file for months, and the only result has been that the steel workers rallied in ever greater numbers to support their rank and file leaders?" Leonard did not answer.

The sub-committee, to whom the

Murray Men Strike on Job

(Special to the Daily Worker)
DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 13.—Yesterday morning at 8 a.m. some 500 metal finishers in the Murray Body plant refused to start work until they were promised a raise in wages. A leaflet was distributed reading: "No one starts work at 8 a.m. today. We'll win \$1 an hour. Now is the time. Issued by Department Committee." These leaflets flooded the entire department. The stoppage lasted about 15 minutes and was 100 per cent effective. It hampered the work for the entire morning.

The company officials rushed into the department saying: "How do you know that you won't get the raise? How do you know that you don't get \$1 an hour? Go back to work."

Urges More Stoppages
The workers feeling that they won their point, returned to work. The department committee of the metal finishers is issuing a leaflet to all other departments today calling upon them to follow this example. "Organize stoppages in every department for your demands. If the company turns down your demands then strike and unite with the maintenance men who are already

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Mussolini Mobilizes Doctors

Italian Government Begins Fake Negotiations With Abyssinia

DUCE MASSES ARMY

England and France Urge Negro Country to Accept Terms

ROME, Feb. 13.—Not relaxing for a moment its gigantic war mobilization against Abyssinia (also called Ethiopia), the Italian Fascist government today declared that negotiations were proceeding for a satisfactory "settlement" of the immediate issues of conflict.

In reality, however, Mussolini is dragging on negotiations with the Abyssinian chieftains, Negradus Yesus Afework, in order to give the Italian army, navy and air fleet more time to mass their forces around Abyssinia so that the Fascist government can demand greater concessions, and be in position for a major assault.

It is clear from the Italian Fascist press that any temporary "agreement" would only be a step to Mussolini's ultimate object of complete domination of Abyssinia.

Huge War Budget
To achieve this end, the Fascist government is providing a war budget of \$850,000,000 for a two-year murderous drive in Abyssinia. The 250,000 men called to

AFL MEN BACK LABOR PARTY

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 13.—The growing movement for a working class Labor Party with a clear-cut program of opposition to all capitalist parties received strong impetus yesterday at the semi-annual State Conference of the American Federation of Labor Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers unanimously endorsed a resolution supporting such a movement.

With delegates present from all parts of the State, the convention, on a motion by Local 37 of Detroit, declared that it would support "only such candidates to be put forward which will carry on a serious fight against the attacks of the capitalists as well as their agents in the labor movement."

The proposal for a working class party, which the resolution called a "United Workers Ticket," was embodied in a platform of eight points adopted by the convention.

Urges "United Ticket"
This resolution urged that "such a 'United Workers Ticket' be organized and supported by trade unions, unemployed organizations, fraternal workers' orders and all working class organizations, working in general for the proposed program."

The resolution sharply condemned the so-called "non-partisan" policy of the American Federation of Labor leadership, which, in practice, leads to subordinating the workers to the old capitalist parties.

In addition two other important

(Continued on Page 2)

S. P. LEADERS DUCK HEARING ON H. R. 2827

Thomas and Senior Refuse to Answer Invitation to Testify on Bill

BULLETIN

Earl Browder, general secretary of the Communist Party, and Herbert Benjamin, organizer of the National Committee for Unemployment Insurance, will appear before the Senate Finance Committee in Washington next Tuesday, Feb. 19, to speak in opposition to the Wagner-Lewis Bill and in favor of the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill H. R. 2827.

Browder spoke for the H. R. 2827 at the hearings of the subcommittee on labor at the House of Representatives last Tuesday.

By Seymour Waldman
(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13.—Negro and white spokesmen representing organizations of veterans, coal miners, auto workers, railwaymen and general trade union and unemployment groups appeared today before the House labor subcommittee to add their emphatic request for the passage of the Workers' Unemployment, Old Age and Social Insurance Bill, H. R. 2827, to the millions of workers, farmers and professionals who have already registered their support for the bill.

Two representatives of the Maryland Unemployed League, a Socialist Party-directed organization, added their endorsement of H. R. 2827 today to other Socialist Party members who have appeared before the sub-committee. However, despite the considerable support which exists for H. R. 2827 among Socialist Party members and groups, Norman Thomas and Clarence Senior, members of the National Executive Committee of the Socialist Party, have refused even to answer a letter of invitation to appear.

Soviet Farm Gains Cited

(Special to the Daily Worker)
MOSCOW, Feb. 13 (By Cable).—"Socialism for the collective farmer," declared Y. A. Yakovlev at tonight's discussion by the farmers and shock-worker delegates at the historic Farm Congress, here "means the replacement of small individual farms, which only engendered want and ignorance, by big social farms!"

Yakovlev, who is head of the Agricultural Department of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, led the discussion on "what is socialism for the farmer as Marx and Lenin understood it," the vigor and expertise with which the collective farmers present handled the whole question indicated the striking development of revolutionary consciousness in the new socialist farmer generally.

"Socialism," continued Yakovlev, "means the equal obligation for all to work and receive an income according to labor and not according to property, according to capital."

Good Life for All
"Socialism means the conversion of technique, which formerly served the aristocrats only as a means of

(Continued on Page 2)

UNION-SMASHING PAY SCALE IS RETAINED IN WORK RELIEF PLAN

Unions Called to Make Huge Protest Against \$50 Pay Scale

Roosevelt Machine Goes Rough Shod Over All Opposition

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13.—The Roosevelt machine today carried through another step in its union-smashing drive by passing the works bill through the Senate Appropriations Committee without any amendment on the "prevailing wage" clause or any provision that would guarantee union wages on government work relief projects.

Under an amendment to the bill which was offered by Senator Russell, of Georgia, wages paid by the government on the forthcoming projects, if they "endanger prevailing rates" on similar construction, may be changed. This amounts to complete denial of union rates, since even the "prevailing wage" is not the established union rate. Monthly wages under the Russell amendment will remain at an average of \$50 a month. The amendment further gives Roosevelt more power than heretofore granted under the works bill to fix the rate of pay in all sections under the works projects. The low pay thus provided on work relief endangers the whole wage level of all workers.

In the face of rising resentment from all quarters, the administration senators moved to report the bill out of committee immediately for enactment with the wage cutting provisions intact. Chairman Garter Glass of the committee said that he had been authorized to report the bill at once.

The Senate committee, which is in all probability will report the bill to the floor of the Senate tomorrow, voted:

1.—Approval of a substitute amendment giving Roosevelt authority to fix work relief wages without in any way being bound to pay even "prevailing wages," not even considering union hourly rates.

2.—Rejection of an amendment to cut the appropriation in half and required a direct relief rather than a work relief program.

3.—Elimination of a provision which would have required contracts on all projects in which 10 per cent or more of skilled labor was used.

Fascist Laws Menace Labor

By Anna Damon
(Acting National Secretary, International Labor Defense)

In Sacramento, California, 18 workers' leaders are facing the courts on a charge of "criminal syndicalism." Their crime was organizing workers in a fight for better conditions which admittedly won for them considerable improvement.

The trial now going on in Sacramento is of the utmost importance to the whole working class movement in America.

In Congress, four federal sedition bills, more repressive than any state bills, are now in the Senate. Introduced along with fourteen measures especially directed against the foreign-born. In California, a series of state bills has been introduced to outlaw practically every form of working class activity. In other states, such as Georgia, and Washington, such bills have also been introduced.

The eyes of the Roosevelt N.R.A. administration are on Sacramento, California. This is their test case.

Labor Backs Defense
The whole working class movement in California is being organized solidly behind the defense of the eighteen. Groups, such as the E.P.I.C. and the Utopian Societies, as well as scores of American Federation of Labor locals, Socialist Party branches, are being brought into this united front of defense.

Leo Gallagher, the courageous International Labor Defense attorney in the Reichstag fire trial, in the Mooney case, in the "sedition" case of A. E. Smith, head of the Canadian Labor Defense League, is carrying through a militant line of defense of the trade union and revolutionary movement in the Sacramento court-room.

A. F. L. Members! Form United Front of All Labor To Win Demands!

AN EDITORIAL

The flagrant assault of President Roosevelt on the working class continues unabated. He is carrying through the employers' open shop drive with one hammer blow after another against labor. Yesterday, before the Senate Appropriations Committee, Roosevelt's spokesmen insisted on pushing through, unamended, the wage-cutting works bill calling for a minimum average wage of \$50 a month on all work relief. This would force down the wage level of all workers.

President Roosevelt conceded nothing to the demands of the A. F. L. executive council. All his recent acts against the workers stand. In fact, concealed in his general statement to the A. F. L. executive council there lies the threat of further moves toward fascism. Roosevelt deplored "the absence, in many respects, of a disciplined order both as it refers to labor and industry," and favored "highly developed organization of both employees and employers," bound by arbitration. He called for "the full and frank recognition of the unescapable community of interests to be found in the industry itself."

Translated into plain words, and taken together with the brushing aside of the A. F. L. unions in the auto industry and the noteworthy absence of any mention of the recognition of the right to strike—this statement means one thing—the encouragement by the government of the development of fascist company unions, more governmental control of the unions and another big stride toward fascism.

The Open Letter of the Communist Party to William Green declared, "The arrogant blows delivered against the trade unions by Roosevelt through extension of the automobile code and his method of handling the question, creates a very critical situation if not answered by a powerful movement of the working class. The whole trade union movement is in the most serious danger. An unprecedented 'open shop' drive, with the backing of the government, is now fully coming into the open. The government, which with all of its promises, cannot bring about industrial recovery, successfully brings the recovery of profits and the 'open shop' THIS POLICY, NOW OPENLY PROCLAIMED BY ROOSEVELT, IS A LONG STEP TOWARD ESTABLISHING IN AMERICA A REGIME ESSENTIALLY SIMILAR TO THOSE OF MUSSOLINI IN ITALY AND HITLER IN GERMANY—THAT IS, FASCISM."

William Green knows very well that Roosevelt's "open shop" drive is an attack which increases greatly the fascist danger. Green himself said, "They (the auto workers) protest against the imposition of a code upon them by the government at the behest of automobile manufacturers without being given an opportunity to be heard, and against their will. SUCH ACTION SMACKS OF FASCISM IN A MOST AGGRAVATED FORM." (N. Y. Herald-Tribune, Feb. 4.)

In the face of further attacks, "smacking of fascism" on the part of Roosevelt, since Green made this statement, how does Green propose to fight against this fascist danger? The Communist Party, in its open letter to Green, posed the question, either Green continues (Continued on Page 2)

AFL Council Calls Tigne To Capital

(Continued from Page 1)

Executive Council handed the steel question late yesterday, is composed of John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America; Arthur Wharton, International Association of Machinists' official and a member of the Roosevelt Labor Advisory Board, and Daniel J. Tobin, International Brotherhood of Teamsters' president, who last week donated \$10,000 of union funds to the Democratic Party's campaign fund.

Even these three officials who have worked overtime to tie the rank and file to the Roosevelt anti-strike chariot soberly pressed Tigne and Leonard to tell them what they would do about organizing steel workers. Evidently the Executive Council of the A. F. of L. realizes that the A. A. rank and file are determined to organize and win their demands. Top A. F. of L. officials are known to be determined above all to head off serious struggle by the steel workers for organization and strike to win their demands. But how the Council will attempt to do this they themselves obviously do not know.

During the luncheon recess, Lewis informed reporters: "We are considering the whole problem of steel." Including the charges of the rank and file led by president William J. Spang of District One? he was asked. "We discussed that," Lewis said, refusing to amplify. He also refused to discuss rumors that the Council may attempt to create a new union set-up in steel, scrapping the A. A. on the conviction that Tigne no longer can hold its membership in tow on his do-nothing policy. To such action the rank and file are opposed.

To Take Up Matter

Lewis' attention was directed to the fact that president Green of the A. F. of L. yesterday told Spang and other members of the A. A.'s organization committee that they were notified at once of the organization campaign in which he pledges that "if" Green said that, he guessed he would let them know.

Green made the statement after assuring the organization committee that the Council would take up the question of steel this week. The organization committee, elected at a conference of A. A. lodges at Pittsburgh last Feb. 3, includes four district presidents and as many heads of lodges.

The Feb. 7 conference included representatives of 78 local lodges. It was for supporting this conference to plan an organization drive to build the A. A. that Tigne notified those participating that they were expelled.

Now the international officers are launching a new bid at this rank and file—they are withdrawing the international officers' support of these lodges' demand to the Roosevelt government for elections to determine collective bargaining representatives. Leonard said that in the case of lodges such as Duquesne and others whose charters have been "revoked" (the lodges have not surrendered their charters) the A. A. would insist that their demands for elections be made independent of the A. A.

Committee Definitely Ousted

Significantly, however, Leonard refused to say whether the lodges' charters have been "revoked." This indicates that the international officers are not sure of their ground in their expulsion campaign.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 13.—President Mike Tigne and Secretary Leonard of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers left here for Washington this morning following receipt of a telephone order from William Green directing them to appear immediately before the A. F. of L. Executive Council.

Tigne was hard pressed to explain the reason for the order, which followed on the heels of Green's meeting with rank and file leaders demanding an organization drive and halting of expulsions.

"We are to discuss ways and means of organization," said Tigne. "I think they want my advice and I am ready to give them that." But the purpose of the Tigne-Green conversation is to evolve ways and means of safely ousting and keeping out all militants who favor fighting policy.

The 76-year-old reactionary indicated this in a statement later which took a new angle regarding the expulsion of Fort Duquesne Lodge and questioned its status. "The Fort Duquesne Lodge is one of the thirteen or fourteen which have been expelled until it, itself, expels all members taking part in the Communist-fostered movement."

Tigne said the international officers intend "to organize steel in a big way, but it is going to be our way," in other words with dues, not demands.

Weinstock Urges Protests

NEW YORK.—Declaring that the steel workers' struggle to organize the unorganized and to win union recognition has the wholehearted support of the rank and file in the American Federation of Labor, Louis Weinstock, national secretary of the American Federation of Labor Trade Union Committee for Unemployment Insurance and Relief, in a statement yesterday urged every local union and central body to adopt resolutions protesting the expulsions by Mike Tigne of the best fighters in the steel workers' ranks, and supporting the action of the 78 steel lodges in calling the historic Feb. 3 conference.

"Mike Tigne's expulsion order strikes a serious blow both at the steel workers' union and at the labor movement as a whole," said

"Save the coupons. Fifteen coupons and \$1 will get you a copy of 'Hunger and Revolt: Cartoons by Berck.'"

Hearst Private Life One of Debauchery And Feudal Brutality

(Continued from Page 1)

Hearst struts about and fumes and raves like a typical brutal monarch of the Roman era.

WHEN HEARST SITS DOWN TO BREAKFAST, NO ONE MAY ENTER HIS LUXURIOUS BREAKFAST ROOM. WHEN HEARST TALKS HE INSISTS ON SILENCE ALL ABOUT HIM.

Should any of his friends or acquaintances or other callers dare to disagree with him on any point in the course of conversation, he flares up and foams at the mouth like an untamed beast.

A guest on the Hearst estate must observe with exactitude all the rigid rules laid down by the fascist publisher. A guest of Hearst's must act like a knight in the courts of the Roman emperors.

Employees Like Slaves

All the employees on Hearst's San Simeon estate are treated as defenseless slaves. Emperor Hearst has them hired and fired by the hundreds. And this same cruel treatment of the workers is the rule in all of his business enterprises.

Hundreds upon hundreds of Hearst's newspaper employees have been fired without a minute's notice and without explanation. Hearst simply issues orders to his executives and at times he has fired the executives along with the others.

At San Simeon, Hearst lives like a feudal king—but he spends much time at another "hide-out."

Not far from Hollywood, there is a vast tract of land with many buildings. All this is called the Santa Monica estate. On this estate, residing in a bright-eyed, beautiful young blond woman. She is the mother of twin sons. The father of the two boys is William Randolph Hearst, 73-year old fascist publisher.

This young mother is sweet, charming, engaging. She must have millions of young men admirers. Where is there a young man who would not be captivated by the fascinating Marion Davies, the famous screen actress?

Drunken Parties

Marion, too, lives in a grand palace with scores of beautiful rooms. But even Hearst's Marion knows that she cannot use all those rooms. She needs four at the most. The Marion Davies hide-out cost \$1,000,000 to build. Of course, Marion didn't pay for it. The estate was just a little gift from William Randolph.

Every night and then Hearst holds large drunken parties with his Marion at the Santa Monica estate. Actors, actresses and movie producers come to make merry. Hearst, who preaches temperance in his filthy newspapers, just loves to indulge.

Several years ago Hearst visited the offices of the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Pictures, Inc., and told the producers he wasn't satisfied with just a "star" contract for Marion Davies. The producers didn't see their way clear to make a special place for Marion. So Hearst met the problem. He built a private building for Marion Davies on the Metro-Mayer lots. The "dressing-room" for Marion cost \$75,000.

Czarism and Debauchery

At San Simeon, Hearst lords it over everyone like one of the Russian Czars, for whom the fascist publisher still mourns.

At Santa Monica, Hearst leads a life of debauchery.

BOTH THESE ESTATES WERE

Weinstock. "At a time when the union must strengthen itself in preparation for an impending struggle to defeat company unionism and to compel union recognition, and economic demands. Tigne is splitting the union wide open. By paying directly into the hands of the steel trust, Tigne opens the doors for a smashing open shop drive which will extend to the labor movement as a whole.

Green's Subterfuge

"William Green's answer to the steel workers that he cannot interfere in the affairs of their union is a subterfuge. This excuse did not prevent him from circularizing every local union in every international to expel Communists and 'all radicals.' He found no constitutional reason to prevent him from ordering the loss in the later-nationals to boycott the Unemployment Insurance Congress. Green and the Executive Council must take full responsibility with Mike Tigne for splitting the ranks of the steel workers and lending their aid to the steel trust.

"The time has come for the unions in the A. F. of L. to unite in a solid front and swing into action against an expulsion policy which, if not checked, will end in wrecking the trade union movement. We must brand Tigne and company as union wreckers. We must unite to save our unions.

"We call on all rank and file members in the A. F. of L. to take the initiative in introducing resolutions in their locals and central bodies, protesting the action of Tigne and calling for the immediate reinstatement of all expelled steel workers. Let the voice of the rank and file be heard against expulsions, against union wrecking, for trade union democracy and for the support of the steel workers' struggle. Compel their reinstatement."

Professionals Organize

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 13.—About 350 workers on a professional workers' protest in the city assessor's office here have organized the Professional Workers Program Employees Association to resist the announced cut in hours from forty to thirty a week. The hourly cut would mean a wage slash from the prevailing \$18.90 to \$15.12 a week.

Lenin, Liebknecht Honored in Berlin At Cemetery Rally

BERLIN (By Mail).—On the anniversary of Lenin's death thousands of class-conscious workers made their way quietly to the Friedrichsfelde Cemetery, where the graves of Karl Liebknecht, Rosa Luxemburg, Syld and others are situated, to hold a memorial meeting. Lookouts were posted along the road. Many women insisted on accompanying the men.

Red blossoms were strewn upon the graves. A worker spoke briefly on the significance of the memorial and its meaning in the light of the approaching final struggle with Hitler fascism.

By the time Gestapo agents arrived the meeting had long dissolved, but many individuals altogether unconnected with the demonstration were nevertheless arrested.

TUUL to Hold Special Parley

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need for unification more urgent than ever.

Our convention must discuss what steps we can and should take to unite all the forces of the working class against these latest attacks and for the development of the struggles of the workers against these attacks.

One of the important questions that will be placed before the convention by the National Executive Board will be the future of the T. U. U. L. which clearly, on the basis of the developments of the last period and the further steps toward unification of the trade union movement, will have to undergo a radical reorganization.

The unions that remain for the present outside of the A.F.L. will have to consider how they can best unite their efforts in the direction of the fight for trade union unity. Clearly whatever organizational forms the remaining unions will adopt cannot be the same as the present T. U. U. L. which functioned as a centralized organization of all the affiliated unions. Now the main emphasis has to be placed on the creation of an organ for the agitation and work for trade union unity. However, the convention will finally decide on this as well as on all other questions.

Not later than the third week in February the N. E. B. will submit to all the affiliated organizations the draft resolution for the Convention. This resolution shall be thoroughly discussed in all the divisions of the organization and on the basis of this discussion delegates shall be elected. The N. E. B. has decided upon the following basis of representation to the Convention:

1. All national unions are to have one delegate for every thousand members or major fraction.

2. All local unions that are not part of a national organization shall have one delegate, no matter what the membership. If the local union has more than a thousand members, it shall receive one delegate for every thousand members or major fraction.

3. All District or State organizations of the T. U. U. L. are to have one delegate.

4. All District and State organizations of the national affiliated unions shall be entitled to one delegate.

National unions can themselves decide upon the form of organization of the delegates they are entitled to. But it is recommended that they elect their delegates from all the important centers of their organizations, as well as the various departments of their industry.

All delegates must be fully financed by the organizations which they represent, since there will be no assessment for the Convention. Each delegate must, however, be provided with a fee of \$2 to be submitted together with the credential, for the purpose of defraying the cost of the Convention organization.

FRANKLYN Z. FOSTER, General Secretary.

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, General Secretary.

Pickets Protest Africa Attack

Two successive refusals by Italian consulate officials to meet a delegation protesting against intervention in Abyssinia failed to dampen the militant spirit of 130 pickets before the consulate building at 134 East Seventieth Street yesterday.

For more than hour, the pickets, mostly Italian and Negro, paraded their protests against the Italian fascist invasion of Abyssinian territory. They bore placards demanding "Hands off Abyssinia" and "Fight Against Fascist War Plans." Other shouted and placarded slogans were especially designed to arouse the interest and the solidarity of German workers living in Yorkville, where the demonstration took place.

Cowering behind a strong police cordon, officials for the Fascist Italian consulate refused to see a delegation of nine which sought to present a formal protest against the Italian war plot which is being unfolded in Africa for the enslavement of the Abyssinian people. Call for further intensification of the fight against Mussolini's drive to enslave the people of Abyssinia were issued last night by the League of Struggle for Negro Rights and the American League Against War and Fascism.

Preparations were being speeded yesterday throughout the entire city for the anti-war rally Sunday, 2 p. m. at New Star Casino, 107th Street and Park Avenue, to protest the war moves by the Fascist dictator Mussolini for the enslavement of the people of Abyssinia, the only remaining independent Negro country in Africa.

Preliminary meetings were held in Harlem, in Italian working class neighborhoods and other parts of the city yesterday afternoon and evening. A series of such meetings will be held between now and Sunday.

Speakers at Sunday's meeting will include Tom De Fazio and Joseph Magliacano of the Italian Bureau of the Communist Party, James W. Ford of the Central Committee, Communist Party, and Harry Gannes of the Daily Worker staff.

Richard B. Moore, National Field Organizer of the International Labor Defense, will act as chairman.

S. P. Readers Duck Hearing On H.R. 2827

(Continued from Page 1)

pear before the sub-committee sent to them by Matthew A. Dunn, chairman of the committee, it was learned today.

The hearings will close tomorrow afternoon after two weeks of testimony which has revealed the deep sentiment all over the country for H. R. 2827 and against the Roosevelt administration's Wagner-Lewis bill, a measure which denies genuine unemployment insurance.

Paul P. Crosbie, of Queens, New York, a member of Blissville Post 727 of the American Legion and the representative of the American League of Ex-Servicemen, demanded "the enactment of unemployment and social insurance, as represented by H. R. 2827, with the full cost to be borne by the government and the employer." Crosbie, who described himself as "an American citizen of revolutionary ancestry," was the candidate of the Communist Party for Congress in the last election.

He characterized the Wagner-Lewis bill as a "fake" which "gives no relief to the millions now unemployed," and "a fraud on all those who are employed and expect through it to gain economic security against disability and old age."

Crosbie was a first lieutenant of the 31st Field Artillery of the 80th Division. He served twelve months in front line battle in France.

James Hannon, speaking for 20,000 unemployed Pennsylvania anthracite miners and 30,000 employed miners and other workers of Luzerne and Lackawanna counties, said that "these workers all want H. R. 2827 enacted into law." The workers for whom he spoke, Hannon stated, are "the hardest hit of all the 67 counties in the State of Pennsylvania."

Vets Refused Jobs

Brown Squire, Negro member of Post 197 of the American Legion of Ex-Servicemen of Chicago, and a member of the National Veterans Rank and File Committee, informed the House sub-committee that veterans were refused employment at the Union stockyards. The stockyards' employers, he said, told the veterans: "You veterans are not able to give us a good day's work, especially you overseas veterans, because you're shell-shocked, wounded and half illiterate."

Squire asked that "all war funds be turned into unemployment and social insurance." He informed the Committee that "the veterans whom I represent have pledged themselves to carry on a relentless fight until we are able to force through, with the cooperation of the rest of the workers—farmers, intellectuals, professionals and industrial workers—the passage of the Lunden Bill H. R. 2827."

J. E. McDonald, of the Railroad Brotherhood's Unity movement, testified that "more than 500 Railroad Brotherhood Lodges have directly or through their elected representatives already endorsed H. R. 2827, including the Midwest and the Western Conference of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers." In concluding his statement, McDonald declared that "The rank and file of railroad labor demand a form of unemployment, old age and social insurance that will place the responsibility of job giving direct relief, exactly where it belongs, upon those who own and operate industry and who reap the profits."

Speaks for Auto Workers

Richard Kroon, spokesman for the A. F. of L. Rank and File Committee of Detroit, declared that the Workers Bill "is a vital need for every employed as well as unemployed worker in the auto industry." He said that "in no industry in the country is unemployment insurance needed so badly as in the auto industry."

Elmer Johnson, representing the Chicago Branch of the A. F. of L. Trade Union Committee for Unemployment Insurance, and the secretary of Painters' Local Union 637, said that these two organizations "consider it H. R. 2827 the only measure before Congress which provides unemployment benefits for all workers now unemployed, and social security benefits for all workers."

Bedacht Speaks for 62,000

Max Bedacht, executive secretary of the International Workers' Order of America, a fraternal organization of 62,000 members, yesterday spoke to the committee on the extensive need among fraternal organizations for unemployment insurance. He pointed out that when the government conducts war it doesn't ask whether it can raise the money, exposing the anti-working class significance of the argument made by opponents of H. R. 2827, who ask where the money for social insurance is to come from.

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Ryan Moves To Head Off Soviet Farm Gains Cited

(Continued from Page 1)

exploitation, into the helper and friend for farmers who have united for common labor.

"Now," continued Yakovlev, "all the members of the collective farms, and not only a few rich people, exploiters, kulaks and bourgeoisie, will rise in a few years to the level of a well-to-do life. (Prolonged applause). It is now possible for all peasants who take the collective farm path, according to the decisions of the Congress of Soviets and the will of the Party, to participate on equal terms with workers under the leadership of a workers' administration and to elect their own government by secret ballot."

"This is what socialism means, which the working class, under the leadership of Lenin and the continuer of his work, Stalin, carried into practice and made a reality for hundreds of millions of the peasant population of our country. (Loud and continuous applause.)"

Murray Men Strike on Job

(Continued from Page 1)

out," declares the leaflet of the metal finishers.

The Communist Party sent a letter today to the Murray strike committee reporting the stoppage in the metal finishing department and recommending that the committee recommend the strike by the following measures:

Five Steps Proposed

1. To popularize the demands adopted by the City Council of the Automobile Workers Union of a \$35 minimum wage for production men, \$48 for skilled workers, 30-hour week, time and one-half over six hours, no speed-up, recognition of the union.

2. To issue an appeal for support to all A. F. of L. locals of all trades and all labor organizations for funds, pickets, etc.

3. To call a big central mass meeting within a few days backed by all organizations.

4. That action committees of both union and non-union workers be set up in the other departments to spread the strike.

5. That the tactic of calling the strike "a lockout" shall be rejected because it interferes with the strengthening and spreading of the struggle.

The letter ends by extending the warmest brotherly greetings to the Murray maintenance men.

AFL Men Back Labor Party

(Continued from Page 1)

steps were taken by the convention. One was a pledge to send delegates to the Michigan State Conference for Unemployment Insurance and Relief, called by the delegation which returned from the historic Washington Unemployment Insurance Congress in January.

Another was the emphasis by the Detroit delegates that the painters assist in the organizing of a powerful auto-workers union.

The conference took steps to further the campaign for the Lunden Bill H. R. 2827, for social and unemployment insurance.

A resolution introduced by Local 37 of Detroit urging all affiliated locals "to at all times cooperate and work jointly with such unemployed and relief workers' organizations as may exist in their localities" was unanimously adopted.

Other resolutions adopted were for dues exemption for the unemployed; for the 30-hour week, with no reduction in pay; for immediate liquidation of the "split" in the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor; for cooperation with local unions in Ohio, Indiana, Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota in calling a Regional Conference of the Brotherhood in Chicago in either March or April. The conference urged that every possible step be taken to convene an international convention of the brotherhood in September or October.

Relief Rally At 30th Street

The statement in yesterday's Daily Worker that the Seventeenth Street local of the Unemployment Council has called a demonstration for this morning in front of the Home Relief Bureau at Thirtieth Street and Fourth Avenue should have read Thirtieth Street and Fourth Avenue.

The Tribune comments, "IT WILL BE FASCISM," finds Green's position "astounding" and declares that Green "is risking fascism on the gamble that in a 'disciplined' industrial order the A. F. of L. will do the disciplining."

In his announcement of intention to launch an organizational drive in steel and coal, Green made it apparent that the locals in both these A. F. of L. units will be given little say regarding the campaign, which will be entirely in the hands of the Executive Council.

The members of the A. F. of L. in the face of these dangers of fascism, in the face of the wage cutting, open shop drive of Roosevelt, should at once organize the united front of all labor to win their demands. This means that over the head of any surrender of any or all the leaders of the A. F. of L. the locals and the unorganized workers must build the A. F. of L. unions into mass unions, must prepare immediate strikes to defeat the anti-union attacks.

The open letter of the Communist Party to Green pointed the only road whereby the open shop drive can be defeated—the united front of all the workers on a fighting, class struggle program and the repudiation of the no-strike policy of cooperation with the N.R.A., with Roosevelt and with the employers, whereby Green has been preparing the ground for these intensified attacks.

Clash Between Local 791 Business Agent and I. L. A. Head at Longshoremen's Meeting Reveals Maneuvers to Spike Walk-Out

(Continued from Page 1)

him of 'advocating a strike behind his back.'

The workers' report part of the conversation as follows: "I have nothing against you personally. But I don't like your program," Sampson shouted.

"I have been on the same corner with you, now you turn against me," Ryan stated pathetically. "I take criticism. I was bombarded by the Communists in San Francisco and I took it on the chin. But I was trying my best. Sampson called me up while I was there to get instructions. I told him under all circumstances to keep the men on the docks. That's the reason the East coast men got a ten cent increase."

"Imagine," one of the longshoremen told your correspondent, "he said we got the ten cents on account of staying on the job, when everyone on the docks knows we got it because the bosses feared a strike, and we could have gotten a hiring hall, and a thirty-hour week if we went out."

Vote Taken

After more arguments between the two officials, a motion was passed that the "longshoremen will not violate the agreement."

"No man would vote against the motion," the longshoreman told the Daily Worker. "There were so few around and the official machine watches the votes carefully, you know. It's hard enough as it is to get a day's work on the docks. But don't worry the men will come out when the time comes."

Before the meeting opened, after accepting Tony Charelli's dues, the officials barred him from the meeting because they said he is a Communist.

The following day a leaflet signed by Ryan, distributed on the docks declared that "a motion was carried unanimously to the effect that the membership carry out the existing agreement in its entirety. This means no stoppage of work for any reason." Then in an effort to pacify the men on the Humphrey injunction Ryan stated:

"The New York District Council has worked out a method by which we can continue to work with our sister organization, the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, by appointing a committee consisting of a checker, a longshoreman and a teamster to visit the trucking company when trouble exists and endeavor to settle the matter in their office instead of adjusting it at the piers."

"All the men on the docks are talking about the meeting, and know that it was not the expression of the thousands of longshoremen," the longshoremen stated.

"Ryan's leaflet is taken as a scab leaflet. He'll find out different if a teamster strike breaks out. Every longshoreman and teamster knows that a committee going to a trucking company's office won't mean a damn."

Working-class organization. Socialist, Communist, and non-party workers are threatened simultaneously.

The united front of defense for the Sacramento eighteen must be built from coast to coast.

The bosses and reactionary officials of California must hear the voice of working-class solidarity demanding the right of workers to organize, to strike, for better living conditions, without interference from the courts, vigilantes, or police. The fight of the Sacramento eighteen is your fight, for the rights of labor.

Sign the resolution printed elsewhere in this paper and send it to those officials named in it. Get your trade-union and mass organization, your party unit or local, your church, club, or fraternal organization to do the same.

Send funds to aid the defense of the Sacramento eighteen, directly to the Northern California I. L. D., 1005 Market Street, San Francisco, California.

Form United Front of All Labor to Win Demands

(Continued from Page 1)

day shows that the employers recognize that Roosevelt has not relaxed his anti-labor drive. The Times states: "Such cooperation as the leaders of the A. F. of L. effect with him (Roosevelt) is plainly to be on his terms, not on theirs."

Green, testifying before the Senate Appropriations Committee, while criticizing the provision of Roosevelt for the average maximum wage of \$50 a month, asked only for the "prevailing" wage in the community. Green made it clear he did not mean the prevailing UNION wage scale, and stated he did not care how many hours each individual worked on the project as long as the HOURLY rate was the "prevailing" wage. Thus Green, while criticizing Roosevelt's program, gave up the position of labor for prevailing UNION wages, and for MINIMUM WEEKLY pay on all work relief. This weak stand of Green weakens the whole stand of labor against Roosevelt's wage cut drive.

The New York Herald Tribune, in an editorial yesterday, admitted the retreat of Green and his virtual surrender on concrete issues before the pro-fascist measures of Roosevelt. The Tribune quotes Green's statement to Roosevelt: "We believe that if self-government is not developed in industry, it will be necessary

HOME LIFE

— By —
Ann Barton

INTERNATIONAL Woman's Day (March 8), must this year be a most intensive, determined and effective mobilization of the women against fascism and war, and the capitalist system that brings them into being.

War is at the gates. This morning's paper says that Mussolini has mobilized 250,000 troops against Abyssinia. Japan tampers with Outer Mongolia, creeping nearer and nearer to the borders of the Soviet Union, doing its best to provoke the Soviet Union into war. The Soviet Union, pursuing an unswerving peace policy, will not be provoked to an attack, but will defend its "red garden" against the war mongers. No matter where the first spark of war flames, it will soon become an attack of all the imperialists upon the workers' fatherland.

WHAT is there to be done to awaken the consciousness of all women that they must, as Lenin has said, organize against war before war breaks out? Too many people do not quite believe that the "war dancer" means that blood, horror, death is ready to pounce any day upon millions of workers throughout the world. If they did, they could not go about their housework, their work in the shops quietly. They would speak constantly to all workers, they would gather their shop mates, the housewives together into meetings and organize them into committees to agitate and organize in the neighborhoods and shops against war. They would issue leaflets, plan mass meetings. They would watch every move of the war mongers and be ever on guard.

IN the preparations for International Woman's Day, which was initiated by Clara Zetkin, who was above all things a fighter against imperialist war, women must see how many anti-war committees they can organize. They must combat the war propaganda of Hearst and others in their own homes—make of their sons and daughters class-conscious anti-war fighters. Then if the bosses dare to ask the workers to fight against their brothers, the organized workers will know that there is no question but that they must direct their guns against the boss class which sent them into war.

THE Women's Committee of the American League Against War and Fascism, 213 Fourth Avenue, New York, N. Y., has just published in English, the "Manifesto of the International Women's Congress Against War and Fascism," the document adopted unanimously by the women attending the Congress in Paris August 4, 5, 6, 1934. It sells for three cents, and should be read widely. One of the things it says is: "We, the women, see humanity threatened by an unprecedented calamity. It is our duty to oppose it, to place ourselves against it. This is our mission. We call on all women throughout the world, all organizations which oppose fascism and war, and invite them to join without delay in the ranks of the fighters for a great and just cause."

NOTE:
Every Thursday we publish letters from farmers, sharecroppers, agricultural, cannery and lumber workers. We urge farmers and workers in these industries to write us of their conditions and efforts to organize. Please get these letters to us by Monday of each week.

Can You Make 'Em Yourself?
Pattern 2187 is available in sizes 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10. Size 6 takes 2 1/2 yards 36 inches fabric. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.



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From Factory, Mine, Farm and Office

FLAUNTS COMPANY UNION

By a Worker Correspondent
NEW YORK—Through the columns of your paper, I want to publish what took place at the recent company union meeting of the Caruso Restaurant employees, held on Friday, Feb. 8, at 752 8th Ave., New York City.

The purpose of this meeting was to bulldoze us to kill the sentiment for a real union. Dr. Harry Spiegel, the secretary of the company union, opened the meeting with an attack on Sam Karris, a waiter, who was fired for union activities and reinstated, due to the pressure from the Hotel and Restaurant Workers Union Local 119 of the Food Workers Industrial Union.

He raised the red scare to cover up the rotten conditions forced upon us by the Caruso Restaurant management. Mr. Spiegel praised the company union and slandered the Hotel and Restaurant Workers Union and all real unions. He thought he was fooling us into thinking that the company union is good for us. Before he finished his speech, he tried to provoke the union members but he did not succeed.

Mr. Nino, the president of the company union, called upon Sam Karris to state his grievances. Brother Sam took this opportunity

and gave a very good answer to all questions raised by the officials of the company union. Sam exposed the company union and fearlessly spoke for the Hotel and Restaurant Workers Union. The company union officials became panicky and shouted that he should stop propagandizing but he continued until three of the officials, including the secretary, forced Sam to sit down. At this point, several workers questioned the lack of free speech.

Instead of answering the questions, the officials tried to justify the existence of the company union and put to a vote a motion for the maintenance of the company union. Only an insignificant minority, composed of heads of the various departments, raised their hands. No vote was taken against the company union. The meeting adjourned.

Fellow workers! It is clear to all of us that the only union which fights for the interests of the workers is the Hotel and Restaurant Workers Union and not the company union.

We must organize a strong union group in every Caruso restaurant. Get in touch with the Caruso Group at 915 8th Ave. Join the Hotel and Restaurant Workers Union, Local 119 of the Food Workers Industrial Union.

By a Worker Correspondent
WEST CONCORD, N. H.—The Quarry Workers International used to have a good local here a few years ago. At that time there were a few Communists, belonging to the union, who worked in the quarry.

Work began to slack up and they left the town. The local then went into the hands of individuals who had no interest in how the local would handle questions concerning the membership. We know very well what happens to a union of that kind.

A year ago it so happened that a Communist from another craft of the granite workers had to join the local. He took up the work right off with the class-conscious workers and began to check-up on the irresponsible individuals in the office.

The first thing they did was to elect to the state convention of the A. F. of L. a delegate, who introduced a resolution against Green's strike-breaking tactics in the San Francisco general strike.

Then they were able to force an auditing of books of the local and when they went over them they found that it was impossible to make head or tail of them. So in the last election there was a new slate elected of good militant workers.

The International office had to give new books to the local. The secretary had to call in all cards because the dues that was collected had been spent on good times for the officials.

The local has endorsed the Workers Unemployment and Social Insurance Bill and sent a resolution to the House Committee demanding that it be brought on the floor of Congress. Resolutions for the freedom of the Scottsboro boys and Angelo Herndon have also been passed.

Committees have been sent to the city relief administrations along with other granite unions, as every granite worker is idle now. This is how Communists work with their fellow union members.

By a Worker Correspondent
SELMA, Ala.—Here is a piece of low down on Will Jones. He is a white thug who is terrorizing the workers down here. He is saying that he will kill some of them.

The government sent the checks down to that thug and he won't give some of the workers their checks. Send Will Jones a Daily Worker with the low down about

securities against the Negro masses. Plans for "peace" and "order" plans for hunger, terror, and the enslavement of the Cuban people.

Imperialism Dictates Policy
Yankee imperialism is the instigator of the whole policy of brutal terror against the toiling masses of the country. Mr. Caffery, the U. S. Ambassador, gives orders daily to the government in regard to the masses to be carried out. The last trip of this sinister individual to the United States, to confer with the State Department, resulted in the suspension of constitutional guarantees throughout Cuba, the establishment of the death penalty and life imprisonment for workers in the sugar industry, and threats to land Yankee marines in case the Zafra was not carried out.

The Threat of Intervention
The danger of military intervention in Cuba is increasing with the development of a revolutionary situation in the country was shown by the notice published in the Havana Post, announcing that in case the Zafra was not carried out, the Cuban government would have Yankee marines at its disposal ready to land, to reinforce its armed forces.

Provocation of the Masses
The government is preparing to carry out to the bitter end war against the masses, who are struggling for their demands. The government is strengthening its whole apparatus of repression, covering the island with new fortifications, equipping them with all kinds of weapons, and ideologically poisoning the soldiers in order to throw them against the whole toiling population.

Attempts at Conciliation
At the order of Caffery, the sinister U. S. Ambassador, the real instigator of the policy of the government, attempts are being made to form a "national" front against the revolution.

Brutal Terror
These gentlemen all agree that the present situation of bombings, strikes, and mass struggles must not continue, that "order" is necessary if the Zafra is to be carried through. An understanding between the bourgeois-landlord opposition and the government is vitally necessary.

Various plans for an understanding have been drawn up. That of the "F.U.R." (Revolutionary United Front), consisting of the A.B.C. (the Autenticos and the party of the old politician Menocal), calls for the replacement of two-thirds of the present cabinet, together with a program for the maintaining of "peace" and "order" at all costs. The Mariannistas have their own plan, and the party of Menocal, the A.B.C. and the Autenticos, who have withdrawn from the F.U.R., have each their own "solution."

Grat, leader of the Autenticos, opposed to the continuation of the present government, tells his followers to be "calm," that is, to remain criminally inactive in the face of the assassinations and the brutal attacks of the government.

The Ruling Classes



"... and the revolution won't come for 50 years, my butler says so."

Hits Child Labor In Farm Areas
By a Worker Correspondent
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—I was working some time ago in the Minnesota harvest fields. As it rained one forenoon, I stayed in the house waiting till it cleared up.

Very suddenly, the farmer's young wife appeared at the door. Holding her hand to her bosom, she exclaimed: "I am going to die! I was adopted by a farmer when I was very young, and I worked me so hard that I got a heart disease. They often wished me in hell, but maybe they, too, will go to hell!" Then this young woman turned around, walked into her bedroom, laid down and died in less than five seconds.

I have often wondered whether this young woman's last words were what the clergy mean by "the consolation of religion."

Yes, we need laws that will protect children on the farms as well as in the great industrial centers. I believe that the Communist Party and Communism are the greatest force and ideal to prevent the literal murder of innocent and defenseless children for profit.

Negro Worker Exposes Alabama Thug
By a Worker Correspondent
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MOVIES USED AS BAIT

By an Agricultural Worker Correspondent

HAINES CITY, Fla.—The conditions at the Polk Canning Company, the largest grapefruit cannery in the world, are becoming worse each day for the workers.

This is one of the canneries where there was a peaceful strike last season and this strike was settled through arbitration by one of the bosses' tools, J. M. Chapman, a fascist of Haines City.

At that time Chapman was the president of the United Citrus Workers Union. Now he advises Polk as to how to organize their yellow dog union. They call it an association.

They give their employees a free picture show every two weeks. This is to win them over to the company union.

In the past few weeks several workers have been fired because of their refusal to work soft grapefruit,

for which they receive no pay. Several workers have been seriously hurt in accidents because of the speed-up on the machines which is forced upon them through the N.R.A. policies and arbitration. These workers received no pay for the time that they lost in recovering from their injuries.

Polk company union told them that this should be a good lesson for them to join the company union and receive a measly one dollar a day for the time they lost.

These are good lessons for all the workers—not to join a company union but to get into a real militant union that fights the N.R.A. policies of forced arbitration and slave conditions that we now have to endure.

We should organize stronger than ever before and settle our own labor troubles, not through a bosses' tool like Chapman but through the rank and file of the workers.

Pioneer Delegation At Relief Bureau
By a Worker's Child Correspondent

NEW YORK.—The Pioneers of the Red Brigade Troop 46-J, in the neighborhood of 177th Street and Third Ave., went down to the Home Relief Bureau to demand clothes and food for some kids in the neighborhood whose parents were unemployed. The Unemployment Council was supposed to lead this demonstration but only two members of the Council showed up and so the job of setting forth our demands

was left to us inexperienced Pioneers.

When we got to the Relief Bureau, they only allowed a committee of three to see the Precinct Supervisor. We sent in a delegation consisting of Joe Hoffman, our leader, and two Pioneers. As our delegation went in a policeman tried to push the rest of us out on the street.

One of the Pioneers spoke up and said that we refused to leave the place without our leaders and we refused to wait for them out in the cold. At this, the big bully smirked the defenseless Pioneer right across the face. This was met with shouts from workers who were waiting on the relief line. Hearing the noise, our delegation came out and told the workers there that they were paying taxes so that defenseless children who come up for food and clothing could be beaten.

The Supervisor tried to stall the delegation off with sweet promises. This did not fool the committee and they did not leave until they made him promise that an investigator was to be sent to these children within the week.

Youth Club Backs Rodgers Defense
By a Worker Correspondent

NEW YORK—Enclosed is a copy of a letter which the New View Club of Brooklyn sent to the Southern Tenant Farmers' Union:

The New View Club of Brooklyn, consisting of young workers and students, enclose a money order of \$3 towards the struggle for the freedom of Ward Rodgers. We know of Comrade Rodgers as an active and revolutionary member of the Socialist Party and are full sympathetic with the fight he and you and others in Arkansas are waging in behalf of the sharecroppers.

We are especially anxious to inform you that we are fully in support of the united front agreement which the Southern Tenant Farmers' Union has worked out with the Sharecroppers Union. We firmly believe that only by the broadest and most effective united front action on all fronts of the class struggle will we be able to improve immediate conditions, stop war and fascism and carry forth successfully a positive fight for a workers' and farmers' government.

Please keep us in touch with the developments in the Ward Rodgers case.

Comradely,
THE NEW-VIEW CLUB.

A RESOLUTION
The following resolution should be sent to:
Dist. Attorney N. McAllister, Atty. General U. S. Webb, Governor Frank E. Merriam, Superior Judge Dal Lemmon, All at Sacramento, Calif.

I (we), the undersigned, protest against the frame-up of 18 workers in Sacramento, California, under the vicious anti-labor Criminal Syndicalism Law.

I (we), demand their immediate, unconditional release, and further demand that the Criminal Syndicalism Law be wiped off the statute books of the State of California.

This law denies workers their fundamental rights to organize, strike, and picket, and the right of free speech, press, and assembly.

Individual or Organization.

Cuba Needs Support
Because of the deep economic penetration of Yankee imperialism in the country, because of its geographic position at the entrance of the Panama Canal, and the fact that the island is only some five or six hours distant by steamship from the United States, because of the monarchical character of its economy—all of these factors make imperative the greatest support on the part of the proletariat of the United States and of the toiling masses of Caribbean and South America for the Cuban revolution, opposed by the power of Yankee imperialism.

At the present time the diplomatic intervention of the United States is becoming more open and barefaced, and its threat of armed intervention is increasing.

YOUR HEALTH

— By —
Medical Advisory Board

The Human Belt Line

MANY workers know how a belt system works; they know what happens from one end of the line to the other. In Ford's, the workers know what happens from the time the first parts of the chassis are put on the assembly line till the finished car rolls off under its own power. But how many know about the Human Belt Line? How many know what happens, for instance, to a piece of pie or a slice of bread from the time it is chewed and swallowed till it is completely digested?

The digestive system works in an even more automatic manner than the auto assembly line. An article on the digestive system, describing its normal functions, will appear in the first issue of the Medical Advisory Board's magazine, "Health and Hygiene." In the "How Your Body Works" Department, subscribe now. Take advantage of the special advance subscription offer of one dollar a year. After March 15th it will cost \$1.50.

"Stroke" in a Young Man
MRS. J. Chicago, Ill.—You inquire concerning the cause, prevention and treatment of a paralytic stroke of six weeks' duration in your 30-year-old brother.

Stroke is not a disease, but a symptom. Just as a headache may be due to a great number of causes, so also may a stroke be due to many things. Some are: high blood pressure; hardening of the arteries; certain kinds of heart disease in which small clots of blood get into the brain; brain tumor, syphilis and various kinds of neurologic diseases.

The fact that your brother recovered in such a degree in six weeks limits the possibilities somewhat. We would suggest that a blood Wasserman test be taken to rule out syphilis. In addition, there is a certain neurologic disease affecting young adults almost exclusively—"Multiple Sclerosis." This disease produces a great variety of symptoms, such as eye disturbances, unsteadiness of the hands and feet, trouble with urination and speech difficulty. We would advise you to take him to some good neurologic clinic in Chicago, such as those connected with a Medical School.

As regards the depression from which he suffers, that might well be expected, considering the serious nature of his symptoms. He has perhaps seen old people with a stroke and he may have feared that he would be a helpless invalid for the rest of his life. With steady improvement in his physical symptoms, his depression will probably disappear.

Nail Biting
S. S. New York.—You say you have the habit of biting your nails and that since you are unemployed you are at it continuously.

Your nail biting is a symptom of restlessness or nervousness. Anything that increases your nervousness would naturally tend to make the condition worse.

A fundamental cure would involve removing the causes of nervousness, such as, unemployment and all other causes of life. More superficial methods are to keep the nails cut short, and to apply bitter substances to the finger tips. A good substitute for this purpose is Fluid Extract of Gentian, which is applied to the finger tips and allowed to dry. If you can't afford to buy an ounce of this, a cheap substitute is a strong solution of epsom salts.

Chewing gum is sometimes an aid since it affords a similar release of tension to that furnished by nail-biting. Finally, throwing yourself into an activity that will absorb your energies and afford a better mode of release often helps.

Wanted: A Good Armpit Deodorant
J. Philadelphia.—The best deodorant is soap and water. Bathing daily, providing you have the facilities, is the best way of keeping the armpits, etc., free of offensive odors.

However, if you feel that you would like to use something in addition to bathing, then you can either use a fine boracic acid powder, or a boracic acid solution made up by dissolving a level teaspoonful of boracic acid powder to a glass of hot water. After allowing to cool a little, perfume may be added.

Deodorants sold in fancy bottles at high prices will prove no better. Indeed, they often contain boracic acid as their chief ingredient. A wash cloth soaked in ordinary rubbing alcohol and held for five minutes under the armpit is another effective deodorant.

SUBSCRIPTION BLANK
HEALTH AND HYGIENE
Medical Advisory Board Magazine

I wish to subscribe to Health and Hygiene. Enclosed please find \$1 for a year's subscription

Name.....
Address.....
City..... State.....

Scottsboro-Herndon Fund
International Labor Defense
Room 610, 83 East 11th Street,
New York City

I enclose \$..... as my immediate contribution to the Scottsboro-Herndon Defense Fund.

Wall Street Threatens as Cubans Strike Against Harvest Slave Wage

The "Zafra" (harvest of the sugar cane) is now going on.

Because of the monocultural character of the economy of Cuba, the entire life of the country revolves around the sugar industry. The most important occurrence in the economic life of Cuba, an occurrence which each year causes political repercussions, is the Zafra.

The beginning of the Zafra was set for January 15, through a decree of President Mendieta; the death penalty has been decreed for those who "interfere" with the carrying out of the Zafra.

The present Zafra takes place under special conditions, not only because of the fact that the revolution is developing, but also because this is the first Zafra that has taken place since the ratification of the new Reciprocity Treaty, imposed by Yankee imperialism.

Because of the restriction of production brought about by the treaty, the Zafra will not last more than 40 days. At the present time, before the start of the Zafra, the plantation and mill owners have done away with the gains won by the workers through past struggles, by carrying out brutal attacks against the masses, such as that at "Media Luna," where many workers were massacred. The owners are now once again forcing the workers to toil from sunrise to sunset for between 40 and 50 cents.

The Strike Movement
Faced with the perspective of a new Zafra, with all its hunger and ruin, the masses have shown that they are determined to fight for better conditions.

During the last two weeks, there have been strikes for higher wages in the sugar mills at Mercedes, Hershey, etc. Other strikes, such as that at Romelia, are still continuing. And the "colonos" (peasants who raise sugar cane), have also organized mass meetings all over the island in preparation for the struggle for immediate demands.

The development of the revolution, is evident. Every day the contradictions within the government increase, as its situation becomes more untenable.

The strike movement among government employees has become chronic. For example the strikes which are now taking place in the Electoral Census Department, in the Department of Labor, in the Municipality of the City of Cienfuegos, in the hospitals of Havana and in the University.

The government has almost completely lost its mass base, and is increasingly relying on the open military dictatorship of Batista, who is today the decisive factor in politics of Cuba.

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Brutal Terror
Faced with this situation throughout the country, with the increasing development of the revolution, the ruling classes are intensifying their efforts to strengthen the government, and to carry out a more determined offensive against the revolutionary movement. The terror has been greatly increased, surpassing in many respects that of Machado's regime. The application of the fascist formula of administering castor oil has been carried out against well-known journalists, such as Levi Marrero of Santiago de Cuba. Emergency courts, established by special decree, are now functioning. Constitutional guarantees are suspended. The system of secret assassination, such as that of the three young men of the Autenticos Party who were recently murdered in Havana, has been re-established.

The latest decree of the government establishes the death penalty or life imprisonment for anyone who "interferes" with the carrying out of the Zafra. Half a million dollars have been appropriated for armaments and barracks, while hospitals and schools are closed for lack of funds. Throughout the country an intense campaign is being carried on against all revolutionary organizations. These are being accused of attempting to hinder the Zafra. This whole campaign is nothing but the ideological preparation for even more vicious massacres than those perpetrated at Jarou, Senado, Tocajo, Baguanos, Media Luna, etc., in recent months.

This reign of terror, however, under present conditions in Cuba, increases the hatred of the masses for the present regime, and serves to hasten the development of higher and more powerful struggles.

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Imperialism Dictates Policy
Yankee imperialism is the instigator of the whole policy of brutal terror against the toiling masses of the country. Mr. Caffery, the U. S. Ambassador, gives orders daily to the government in regard to the masses to be carried out. The last trip of this sinister individual to the United States, to confer with the State Department, resulted in the suspension of constitutional guarantees throughout Cuba, the establishment of the death penalty and life imprisonment for workers in the sugar industry, and threats to land Yankee marines in case the Zafra was not carried out.

The Threat of Intervention
The danger of military intervention in Cuba is increasing with the development of a revolutionary situation in the country was shown by the notice published in the Havana Post, announcing that in case the Zafra was not carried out, the Cuban government would have Yankee marines at its disposal ready to land, to reinforce its armed forces.

Provocation of the Masses
The government is preparing to carry out to the bitter end war against the masses, who are struggling for their demands. The government is strengthening its whole apparatus of repression, covering the island with new fortifications, equipping them with all kinds of weapons, and ideologically poisoning the soldiers in order to throw them against the whole toiling population.

Attempts at Conciliation
At the order of Caffery, the sinister U. S. Ambassador, the real instigator of the policy of the government, attempts are being made to form a "national" front against the revolution.

Brutal Terror
These gentlemen all agree that the present situation of bombings, strikes, and mass struggles must not continue, that "order" is necessary if the Zafra is to be carried through. An understanding between the bourgeois-landlord opposition and the government is vitally necessary.

Various plans for an understanding have been drawn up. That of the "F.U.R." (Revolutionary United Front), consisting of the A.B.C. (the Autenticos and the party of the old politician Menocal), calls for the replacement of two-thirds of the present cabinet, together with a program for the maintaining of "peace" and "order" at all costs. The Mariannistas have their own plan, and the party of Menocal, the A.B.C. and the Autenticos, who have withdrawn from the F.U.R., have each their own "solution."

Grat, leader of the Autenticos, opposed to the continuation of the present government, tells his followers to be "calm," that is, to remain criminally inactive in the face of the assassinations and the brutal attacks of the government.

The plan of the A.B.C., which includes the resignation of Mendieta, and the establishment of a national government headed by a Premier, is an attempt to gain a dominant position for this fascist party, which, at the point of the revolver, attempts to destroy the trade unions, murders the best and most militant workers, and organizes vicious per-

securities against the Negro masses. Plans for "peace" and "order" plans for hunger, terror, and the enslavement of the Cuban people.

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lishing capital punishment for the workers in the sugar industry, have as their aim the provoking of the toiling masses into a premature rising. But the masses are standing firm, and will not allow themselves to be provoked.

Change the World!

By MICHAEL GOLD

ONE of these days, somebody is going to write a truthful book on William Randolph Hearst. It will make the old rooling monkey shut up for the rest of his few years of life. There must be millions of Americans who have repeated some of the facts of his private life. It is a juicy story.

America reads the Hearst papers, it is true, but few Americans have much use for Dirty Willie. The sex filth and scandal by which he has made his fortune has clung to him like a bad smell. Willie has had many political ambitions in his worthless life. Once he ran for the office of Mayor of New York; another time for Congress. He also had the Presidential bee in his bonnet. But the American people, though they have been betrayed into "electing" every kind of demagogue and grafter to office, have never elected Willie to even the office of dog-catcher. The stink was too awful.

And now this man, with his long record of sex-mongering, war provocation, faked news, sensationalism, yellow dirty journalism, business racketeering, political treachery, exploitation of labor, and skirt-chasing, is trying to tell us he is our leading patriot.

Yes, this unspeakable Hearst, this vast dirty joke of gutter journalism and gutter riches, this slum-intellectual, this degenerate son of a millionaire, this heartless playboy who has trifled with the lives and liberty of the American people—

This deformed monster born of the diseased loins of a corrupt system is trying to teach the decent people of America the meaning of patriotism. It is to laugh or weep. Is this the best that America can do? Is this moral here the voice of America? Of course, not; any more than Nero was the voice of Rome.

America is finer, better, and grander than William Hearst. America is contained in the hearts and minds of millions of unknown miners, engineers, sailors, farmers and housewives, who have not yet been heard from. When they learn at last to speak and act, William Randolph Hearst and his like will join the Russian Czar, who was as much the voice of the Russian masses as our own yellow Hearst.

Let not the accidents of time fool us. Let us not mistake these temporary puppets for the nation. They will vanish, leaving their names only as memories of the animal origin of mankind, the jungle nightmare in which man once lived before his brain was formed.

For You But not for Me

AT one time Hearst began a hypocritical patriotic campaign, "Buy American!" It is amusing to recall that in the midst of his shrill clamor for autarchy he himself was importing his newsprint paper from Canada, and importing Italian workers and materials at enormous expense to build himself a regal Roman swimming pool. His slogans are meant to fool the workers; his patriotism is not meant for himself.

When Thieves Fall Out

DURING the first world war, Hearst was originally pro-Kaiser. He used the mask of a snivelling, hypocritical pacifism to cover his sympathies for the Kaiser, who was his personal friend. His economic interests were also involved in Germany.

But when J. P. Morgan and Ambassador Page and a host of bankers and businessmen tied up with the allies made Woodrow Wilson see the light, and the George Creels inflamed with lies and atrocity stories the mind of the American masses, fooling some, and blackjacking the rest, Dirty Willie made a quick and nasty flop.

He became a super-patriot overnight, and the most rabid German-baiter and lyncher of them all. His newspapers were peppered with hundreds of American flags. His hired brain prostitutes, including the oily Brisbane, turned out rafts of hate-editorials, shrieking for the blood of Germans.

What a disgusting exhibition of bald-faced hypocrisy! It was at this time that the New York Herald-Tribune, probably for competitive business reasons, printed a series of exposures of Dirty Hearst's record, entitled, "C-c-coiled in the Flag Hearst." He was cartooned as a venomous rattlesnake, coiled in the American flag to hide his face, and spitting poison and betrayal on the American people.

When capitalist thieves fall out, they often tell the truth about each other.

Save America from Hearst

HEARST, with interests in Cuba, egged on the American people to hatred of Spain, and an imperialist war to seize Cuba. He was accused of inspiring the assassination of President McKinley, because McKinley was slow about declaring war.

Hearst's papers in the South approve of the lynching of Negroes. On the West Coast they have led the lynchers against innocent Japanese farmers and workers.

Today he is leading his foul pack of bought brains and dollar patriots against the Soviet Union and the American radical workers and farmers. Wherever there is hate, wherever there is a war on the people, this degenerate millionaire is in the forefront. And he is the patriot, he says, and he is saving America. But it is our America, and we promise him we will yet save this beautiful land from such despoilers as William R. Hearst.

MILITARISM AND FASCISM IN JAPAN

By O. Tanin and E. Yohan

Introduction by Karl Radek, who says:

"The present work is of great scientific and political value. . . . It uncovers the fuse which leads to the explosives in the Far East hidden in the cause of peace. . . . reveals concretely the roots of the military fascist movement in Japan, and the phases of its development; a qua in ts the reader with its ideology, organization and the place it occupies in the complex system of forces which determine the basic problems of Japanese imperialist policy."

CLOTHBOUND, 320 pages, \$1.75

INTERNATIONAL PUBLISHERS
381 FOURTH AVENUE • NEW YORK, N. Y.

LITTLE LEFTY

A RICKETY TABLE AND SOME CHAIRS SALVAGED FROM A FIREWOOD PILE, AND THE PROBLEM OF FURNITURE IS ALL SOLVED!!

NOW THAT WE'RE ALL SET IN OUR UNION HALL I'M GOING TO SUGGEST OUR FIRST OFFICIAL ACT—

BEING WE ARE ALL WORKERS! KIDS LET'S SEND A VALENTINE TO THOSE WHO ARE IN JAIL ON ACCOUNT OF FIGHTING FOR THE WORKERS!

AFTER LOTS OF THINKING, HEAD-SCRATCHING, AND DISCUSSING THE THREE FINALLY ARRIVE AT

We all love you on account you are in prison for fighting for all of us. We pledge to help all we can to get you out and we'll all fight together.

Soviets in Spain Vividly Recreates Spanish Uprising

SOVIETS IN SPAIN, The October Armed Uprising Against Fascism, by Harry Gannes. Workers' Library Publishers. Ten cents.

Reviewed by J. L.

FOR fifteen days the Red Flag flew over the Province of Asturias in Spain. In the ordinary run of life fifteen days are hardly noticeable. But in this short period the foundation of a new society was laid last October. In these two weeks while bitter fighting raged throughout the land of Catholic reaction, a Soviet governing apparatus was set up, a Red Army created, industries taken into the hands of the workers, land divided up among the peasantry, and the people of Spain and the rest of the world shown once more "Why Communism."

To a revolutionary worker any publication dealing with a revolution that has been made is exciting, but "Soviets in Spain," written in an easy-going, flowing style, is especially welcome. It shows the miserable conditions of the Spanish worker and peasant still in a semi-feudal state in spite of the land laws of the Republic; it proceeds to the general strike and armed uprising, taking up the cause of the defeat and ending with the victory-breathing proclamation of the Party that more than ever shows the way—the Spanish section of the Communist International.

In 1931 the Spanish monarchy fell under the advancing revolutionary tide. As in Austria and Germany in 1918 the Socialist Party announced the arrival of the new society. Without bloomed, the Socialists declared, the land would be given to the peasantry, the power of the church broken, industry harnessed to the will of the people. The Socialist Party took over the major responsibility for the government.

Although the workers gained a bit through the laws introduced by the bourgeois Republic after Alfonso was forced to flee, Comrade Gannes has marshalled a few figures which strikingly reveal the conditions that forced the people of Spain onto ever higher struggles up to the armed uprising. The strike figures issued by the government, although greatly underestimating the actual number, admit that 269,000 workers struck in 1931; the 1933 records state that 1,032,000 workers went on strike, and in the first quarter of 1934 more than 1,900,000 workers resorted to strike action mainly on political issues. Similar figures are given to show the sentiments of the peasants.

There are 3,000,000 landless agricultural workers who earn from 50 to 75 cents a day. Two per cent of the Spanish landowners own 87 per cent of the land. The land laws, so widely heralded in the Socialist and capitalist press as having solved the agrarian problem, were farcical; only 10,000 peasants profited even in the slightest degree. The Province of Catalonia still was denied self-determination. These were the conditions that drove the Spanish workers and peasants to "storm the heavens." That they did not succeed this time is not due to their lack of bravery. Comrade Gannes quotes from the capitalist press to prove once again that the rising proletariat fighting as a class is made of the best.

THE struggle reached its peak in Asturias. In other parts of Spain sporadic fighting went on. The revolutionary power of Asturias appealed to the rest of Spain. The appeals are reprinted in "Soviets in Spain." But a number of factors prevented the whole country going Red. Asturias fell after a bitter struggle.

The causes of this defeat of the Spanish revolution were: The revolution was not organized. The Socialist Party, the largest of the workers' organizations, took up the fight only as a defensive measure at the last moment. The peasants, a very large factor, were not drawn into revolutionary struggles. The army, made up mainly of peasants, was therefore left to the enemy. Several other important factors are brought out, the most important being the counter-revolutionary role of the anarchist leaders. They controlled a million workers and succeeded in keeping the majority of these from joining the general strike. The anarchists denounced the uprising and were the best support of the bourgeoisie.

Today the Spanish fascists, led by the Catholic Gil Robles, are engaging in a frightful reign of terror. They are afraid of the shadow of Asturias. In the battle the united front of the Workers' Alliance was put on a firm foundation. The workers and peasants learned valuable lessons. The first battle was lost. In losing it the Spanish proletariat lost its illusions about the Republic, about peaceful development, about anarchist leadership. It gained tremendous confidence in the Communist Party. In a word, it gained the pre-requisites for inevitable victory.

In our American fight for working class unity we can well use the experiences of Spain.

Revolutionary Dancers to Show Finest Work at Sunday Recital

Huge Theatre Taken for Daily Worker Benefit

By LEE STANLEY

NO LESS than five years ago, it seemed unbelievable that hundreds of thousands of workers would support the revolutionary dance. Yet in three years, the Workers Dance League has managed to have its members, either as soloists or groups, perform before approximately a million workers in New York alone, at strike halls, workers clubs, trade union halls, workers' benefits, united front affairs and on the recital stage. What kind of dances did these workers see? Spiritual revolutionary marches and folk dances, witty satires on the bourgeoisie, dances based on current social and political themes, dances dealing with broad international issues, dances of courage of the militant proletariat, dances of sorrow at the loss of comrades killed in class battles.

At all times, these elements in the revolutionary dance are apparent; strength, militancy, and an unquenchable desire to make the dance not a namby-pamby expression of personal, mystic, or pretty emotions, but a vital art concerned with the problems of the day, and determined to find inspiration in the rich material afforded it in the struggles of workers for freedom all over the world.

On this broad basis, the Workers Dance League has enrolled in its ranks over 100 individual members, and 30 groups in the United States, in New York, New Jersey, Illinois, Washington, California, Michigan, Connecticut, Massachusetts. It has established classes in all forms of the dance; tap, ballet, social, folk,



Tamiris and her group, who will be among the performers at the Center Theatre, February 17th.

modern. Its performances in New York City on the concert stage have been acclaimed not only by our enthusiastic revolutionary audiences, but by a vast public composed of hostile as well as friendly intellectuals and members of the bourgeoisie.

AT ITS first recital of this season, for the benefit of New Theatre magazine, the solo dancers in the League presented a program of such revolutionary interest and artistic importance that thousands were turned away at the doors. The outstanding bourgeois dance critic in America, John Martin, of the N. Y. Times, states openly that these young performers were the most promising dancers not only in the revolutionary movement, but in the entire field of the dance. The following week, the repeat program on Broadway for the benefit of the League of Workers Theatres was so crowded that the Fire Department halted the sale of standing room.

On Sunday, February 17th, the high point of the season will be reached. The League, to aid the Daily Worker in its drive for funds, is giving a gala performance of its outstanding dances at the Center Theatre at Rockefeller Center. This affair is arranged in conjunction with International Theatre Week, and the Eastern Council held by the League that weekend. The solo dancers, Miriam Blecher, Nadia Chilkovsky, Jane Dudley, Sophie Maslow, Lily Mehmam, Irving Langford, and the New Dance Group, The Dance Unit (formerly the Theatre Union Group), and Tamiris' Group (appearing for the first time with the League), are presenting their finest works. The Workers Dance League feels this recital will show the tremendous progress the organization has made in the brief period of its existence, and the engraver in body movements on the strength of these performers and performances, will broaden the plans for the future.

'A Swell Job', Says Gropper Of Burck's 'Hunger and Revolt'

Unforgettable Record of Class Struggle in Cartoons

HUNGER AND REVOLT: Cartoon by Burck, limited de-luxe edition, published by Daily Worker, 248 pages, large folio size, 8 1/2 by 11", \$5.

Reviewed by WILLIAM GROPPER

WHEN I was asked to write a review on a book of cartoons *Hunger and Revolt* by Jacob Burck, I did not feel so happy about it, in fact I gave all sorts of excuses. What-the-hell—I can't write, and besides I hate reviews of books and plays, they're like obituary notes, and why ask me, I know Jake so well that I can't be objective, I know that Jake wouldn't do it if the situation were reversed, and whatever one artist would say about another, should it be praise, people would think, Ah, mutual admiration society, should it be critical: Yes, the guy's jealous. And so it went on until I caved in.

We all see and know Jake Burck's cartoons in the Daily Worker. It is a feature that gives the reader at a glance, and without much reading, a picture of the political, Marxian, theoretical and editorial comment on the events of the day. There are people who can't read through long theoretical editorials or sermons (you'll find these people cartoonists and editorial writers) but everybody looks at pictures and cartoons. So there it is on the back page every day, staring you in the face whether you like it or not. It's a tough job drawing a cartoon every day, the actual making



THE CLOAK (From Hunger and Revolt)

of the drawing is not difficult or unpleasant. But to have to make this political cartoon daily on short time, the job of getting the subject to tie up with the editorial, and the creating of the ideas either alone or with fellow-workers, to be constantly aware of any political errors, the getting down to work in a dark corner, cramped with desks and typewriters banging into your ears,

Fine Edition Brings Out Qualities in Drawings

and these cartoons must be drawn fast under such conditions, the cartoon must be ready at a certain hour in order to have it back from the engraver in time for the paper. It is impossible for anyone to keep up a high standard of work under such pressure. And to have this work gathered and put into book form is a daring thing to do.

When I got a copy of the book, it was the biggest surprise I had in years.

LET me tell you that those same daily drawings look entirely different in this book, *Hunger and Revolt*. It is beautifully gotten out, the printing on good paper brings out the soft greys and blacks of the drawings that are entirely lost in the daily newspaper. What surprised me most was that the drawings are of a high standard. The book is arranged in eleven sections, with introductions to each section by a famous expert, although I personally don't think that the long-winded writers that have to write more than one page to tell their story add very much or are in tune with the snap and vitality of the cartoons, fortunately they are very few. Each section is very well arranged, a complete story in itself with a happy ending. It's a book worth having. It's the story of the class struggle in cartoons. It's a book I'm compelled by enthusiasm to praise, but god-damn-it I told you I didn't want to do it. Jake, here are my congratulations you've done a swell job.

Anti-War Struggle Feature Of Internat'l Theatre Week

International Theatre Week, Feb. 15 to 25, will be celebrated this year with Theatre, Film, Dance and Music productions, and its program of struggle against fascism, war and censorship will be popularized by the New Theatre League (formerly the League of Workers Theatres), through its lecture bureau. Interesting speakers are being sent out during this week to all organizations, meetings, affairs, etc. All organizations, that have not their request done so, should put in their request for a speaker immediately to the lecture bureau of the New Theatre League, 114 West 14th Street (CHelsea 2-9523).

Get your club, fraternal or mass organization to elect a committee to plan activity among the membership in the Daily Worker drive for 10,000 new daily and 15,000 new Saturday subs.

February Communist Contains Resolution Of Central Committee

"Profound changes have taken place in the U. S. A. in the last period," begins the Resolution of the Central Committee of the Communist Party which met last month. "The transition of the crisis into a depression of a special kind, lasting already two years, did not bring prospects of an upsurge in the economy of the country. . . . At the same time, there is a leftward swing of the working class and an upsurge of the strike movement."

The Resolution is printed in its entirety in the February issue of "The Communist," making this issue of outstanding interest and importance. It traces briefly recent developments in the U. S. and proceeds quickly to lay down its tasks on three most important questions—the trade union question, the united front, and the question of the possible formation of a mass Labor Party."

Working Woman to Issue Special Edition Mar. 8

The Working Woman announces that all orders for the special March issue of the Working Woman (the issue of the Working Woman) should be sent in before February 20. Although additional magazines are being printed with every issue, those who have been ordering late find the magazines entirely sold out. The March issue, the biggest issue of the year will have many attractive features and articles, among them the last installment of "Stockyard Stella."

If you want to make sure your organization, shop, or union, is sufficiently supplied with copies for March 8 (International Women's Day) meetings, order now. Orders of twenty-five or more copies cost three and a half cents per copy; from five to twenty-five copies cost four cents per copy; five copies or under, five cents per copy. The subscription price is fifty cents a year. The address of the Working Woman is 50 East 13th Street, New York, N. Y.

WORLD of the MOVIES

POWER, a Gaumont-British production, directed by Lother Mendelsohn, featuring Conrad Veidt. Now playing at the Acme Theatre.

Reviewed by DAVID PLATT

THERE are plenty of anti-Semitic touches in Gaumont-British's impressive if gruesome rendering of Feuchtwanger's book. Here is a film, interesting as it is, that subtly confirms what the Nazis are always saying about the Jews being the real powers behind the throne.

Joseph Suss, whatever the intentions of the producers or the authors were in creating him, is a characterization of an over-ambitious power-mad Jewish financier that cannot help but provide fuel for the rage of the Black and White shirt brigades against the Jews they hold responsible for wars and crises.

Suss, very cleverly played by Conrad Veidt, is puffed up as an heroic example of the brotherhood-of-the-ghetto type of Jew, when he is nothing, as the picture reveals throughout, but the worst kind of enemy of the Jews. A staunch pillar of shaky empires, Suss is convinced early in the film that he can best serve his race, can best show the world that the Jew can rise above the ghetto, by maneuvering himself into increasingly higher positions of power, from where, at the tip top, it will be simple to lead his people towards the promised milk and honey. And it is through Suss's eyes, glaringly trained on position and power, and away from the needs of the people which to him are spiritual, not material necessities, that we are asked to study mid-eighteenth century ghetto life in Germany.

Naturally the picture produced is the typical cinema version of Jews with unkempt beards, waving hands, heavily accented speech, and a money-grabbing mania to the gentiles. Only Suss is free from these defects because later on he has to find out that he is a Christian, not a Jew. All these things the producers tried to counter-balance by showing certain gentiles in their true color but not sufficiently to leave at least a neutral impression of the Jews as a race.

"Power" is a well-made film. This much we can say. It is impossible not to be impressed with the brilliant acting of the Gaumont-British players, or with the power of certain individual scenes in the film. But as a whole, the film is colored with anti-Semitic sentiment of the kind that will send Nazis and anti-liberty lovers en masse to see it. However, this is not meant for the reader to stay away from the picture, but it is a warning to watch it carefully and not be taken in.

Chicago Revolutionary Theatre School Opens Second Term on Sunday

CHICAGO—The second term of the School of Revolutionary Theater, sponsored by the New Theater League of Chicago, will open Sunday, Feb. 17, at 29 East Ontario Street, with an informal reception to meet the teachers. Prominent theater professionals of the middle west will offer training in all phases of the theater arts to an enlarged student body. Beginning its first term last fall with a curriculum of three courses and an attendance of 35 students, the School of Revolutionary Theater now offers six courses to young workers who wish to equip themselves for the theater of class struggle, and expects to double its student registrations.

Ralph Schoolman, now playing the lead in Judgment Day at the Jewish Peoples Institute Players, will teach a class in acting. Nicholas Tsoukikas, well-known dancer, will instruct in body movements. Louise Hamburger, professional dramatic reader, will offer voice training. William Heitler of the John Reed Club will teach playwriting, and Henry Lyons of the Theater Collective will lead a laboratory class in make-up. George Mann, former star of the University of Chicago Dramatic Association, now writing his master's thesis on a Marxian Approach to the Theater, will lecture on the Social Basis of the Theater. This last is a required course, which every student will take. Tuition is 75 cents per course for a 12 weeks term. For further information, or registration, communicate with New Theater League, 505 S. State Street, Chicago, phone Webster 4122.

"NEWSBOY" IN CHICAGO

"Newsboy" outstanding revolutionary play which won first prize in the national competition last spring, will be presented in Chicago by the Theater Collective at a workers' "Chauve Sours" at Peoples Auditorium, 2457 W. Chicago Avenue, on Saturday, Feb. 15. Stanley Burnshaw, prominent revolutionary critic, has said of the play: "After having seen it six times, this reviewer still can find fresh meanings and what is more remarkable—increased pleasure with each performance." As produced by the Workers Laboratory Theatre in New York, the play thrilled all workers who saw it.

Questions and Answers

This department appears daily on the feature page. All questions should be addressed to "Questions and Answers," c/o Daily Worker, 50 East 13th Street, New York City.

The British Labor Party

Question: What are the differences between the British Labor Party and the labor party which the Communists propose to the workers?—E. O. B. Answer: The British Labor Party is under the leadership of reformists. They practice class collaboration, and in every way hinder and scotch the class struggle of the working class.

These reformist leaders are in the forefront of the fight against the united front of the workers. They attack the British Communist Party and its efforts to develop united working class actions. Within England, and internationally, they block the fight of the workers against the developing menace of fascism and war.

The Communist Party will do its best to keep the movement for a labor party here from being side-tracked into class collaboration by such reformist leaders. It will fight for a labor party with as broad a base as the British Labor Party—the trade unions and all workers' mass organizations.

But in the very fight to establish such a party to conduct independent working class political action, we must defeat the class collaboration ideas of the reformists. We must keep them from putting themselves at the head of the labor party and steering it into "safe" channels. By stressing class struggle principles, by participating in every class battle of the workers, the militants including the Communists can lead the workers to a labor party which will not produce the American equivalent of Ramsey MacDonald.

Is the Communist Party Retiring?

Question: Is it an admittance of defeat by the Communist Party to retire from the field in favor of a Labor Party?—Sympathizer.

Answer: The Communist Party is not retiring from the field as a political party. On the contrary, by participating in a broad labor party with a class struggle program, the Communist Party will be able to spread its influence and principles among millions of workers, and lay the basis for winning these masses to its own revolutionary position.

As Comrade Browder has pointed out, "We cannot win millions of workers directly into the Communist Party overnight. But the time is ripe to launch a labor party that will fight for the immediate demands and interests of the workers. In the struggles around these immediate issues, the workers will soon learn from their own experiences that it is the Communists who carry these struggles forward in the interests of the workers."

They will come to understand that in addition to fighting for the realization of immediate demands, they must organize and prepare for the overthrow of capitalism as the only real solution for their problems. Their experience and activity, in the struggles around the class struggle issues raised by the labor party, will lead them to the Communist Party and its program, as the only way out for the American working class.

Prosperity Notes

By HARRY KERMIT

NEW YORK—Falling eye-sight, a faltering hand and the lack of governmental concern for the aged have sent 84-year-old Alexander Rudolph to the Harlem Hospital in a starving condition. For the past twenty-five years the old man had supported himself by repairing furniture in the cellar which is his home at 105 West 142nd Street.

In recent months the aged worker found he could no longer earn his own living, and neighbors brought food to him to keep him alive. Harassed by their own needs, the neighbors forgot about him for several days. Finally the old man, too proud to beg for food, crept upstairs to the flat of another worker to ask for matches for his stove. The latter noticed his emaciated state and summoned an ambulance. In the hospital it was said that he was seriously undernourished.

The city authorities have promised to place Alexander Rudolph in a municipal home—if he recovers.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Frederick Dinkelberg, just another poverty-stricken old man to his neighbors, died here several days ago in a dingy tenement flat. It was a characteristic capitalist tribute to one of the world's famous architects.

Dinkelberg was the architect of America's first skyscraper. New York's famous Flatiron Building, which he designed, still stands in its grandeur at Fifth Avenue and 23rd Street, in the heart of New York City.

The aged architect—he was 74—had been on the relief rolls of Chicago for several months before his death. Completely destitute, his wife informed the police she had no money to pay for his funeral. The ill-ventilated and squalid flat in which Dinkelberg died was an ironic contrast to the sunlit and soaring buildings which his architectural genius created.

TUNING IN

- 6:45-WEAF—Billy Batchelor—Sketch
- WOR—Talks and Music
- WJZ—Lowell Thomas, Commentator
- WABC—Beauty—Margaret Brainard
- 6:55-WEAF—Press-Radio News
- 7:00-WEAF—Recovery and the National Budget—E. Roland Harriman of National Economy League
- WOR—Sports Review—Stan Lomax
- WJZ—Amos 'n' Andy—Sketch
- WABC—Myrt and Marge—Sketch
- 7:15-WEAF—Jack Smith, Songs
- WOR—Lum and Abner—Sketch
- WABC—Concert Orchestra
- WJZ—Just Plain Bill—Sketch
- 7:30-WEAF—Ministrel Show
- WOR—The Street Singer
- WABC—Nick Lucas, Songs
- 7:45-WEAF—Comedy, Musical
- WJZ—Nichols Orchestra
- Ruth Etting, Songs
- Speaker, Lawson Robertson, Track Coach, Univ. of Pennsylvania
- WABC—Boake Carter, Commentator
- 8:00-WEAF—Vallée's Varieties
- WOR—Little Symphony Orchestra
- 7:50-WEAF—Whiteman's Music Hall: Helen Jepson, Soprano, and others
- WABC—Waring Orchestra
- 10:00-WEAF—Whiteman's Music Hall: Helen Jepson, Soprano, and others
- WJZ—String Ensemble
- 10:15-WOR—Current Events—H. E. Roy
- 10:30-WEAF—Eddy Brown, Violin
- WJZ—Taxation—Harold Battenheim, Editor, American City Professor Carl Shoup, Columbia University
- WABC—Stevens Orchestra
- Kennedy
- WOR—News
- WJZ—Sir Orchestra
- WABC—Little Orchestra
- 11:15-WEAF—Jesse Crawford, Organ
- WOR—Moonbeams Trio
- WJZ—Broadway Promenade
- 11:30-WEAF—Dance Music
- WOR—News
- 11:30-WEAF—Dance Music
- WOR—News
- Service Men—Representative William P. Connery Jr., of Massachusetts; James E. Van Zandt, National Commander, Central of Foreign W. U. S. Navy Band

Anti-Communist Bills Aimed At Political Rights of Labor

SIX STATES GET MEASURES TO WIPE COMMUNIST PARTY OFF BALLOT—ROOSEVELT FEARS GROWING LABOR PARTY MOVEMENT

IT IS a very ominous fact that already in six state legislatures bills have been introduced aimed at outlawing the Communist Party, and wiping it off the ballot.

Yesterday, the New York State legislature received such a measure, proposed by the Republican Assemblyman, Harold C. Ostertag.

In the past six weeks, such resolutions have also been introduced in the states of Washington, Indiana, New Hampshire and Ohio.

It is a very extraordinary fact that every one of these bills, whether introduced by a Republican or a Democratic representative, is worded practically the same way, almost word for word!

The Bill introduced in New York is aimed at parties which advocate or carry on a program of sedition or which advocate or carry on a program of sedition of

treason, by radio, press, or speech."

Every one of the state bills is couched in this language.

It is clear that this campaign against the Communist Party is being directed from some central headquarters located, most likely, in Washington, D. C.

And, as Earl Browder, secretary of the Communist Party, charged at the House hearings on the Workers' Bill on Tuesday, this drive against the Communist Party is being directed by the Dickstein Committee, which itself is preparing to propose such a measure in Congress.

The meaning of all this is clear enough.

The Wall Street ruling class, the Roosevelt government, are preparing to disfranchise whatever section of the workers and farmers dares to fight the capitalist program of the New Deal.

It is an act of terrorism aimed at political awakening of the American workers, aimed at the growing movement for a mass Labor Party, a party that will wage the political battles of American labor against Wall Street!

From the wording of these measures, it is obvious that the attack is intended not only for the Communist Party, but for the Socialist Party and for the whole trade union movement.

It is aimed at terrorizing the workers against any resistance, against strikes, against picketing, against any struggle for higher wages and better hours.

The Wall Street-Roosevelt government is rapidly organizing to crush the workers politically, to deprive them of all political activity in their own interests.

And the men who are carrying through this anti-labor, reactionary program are the very Republican

and Democratic agents whom the American workers were urged to follow by A. F. of L. leadership in its "non-partisan" policy.

This "non-partisan" policy stands revealed now as aid to the grossest agents of political reaction, as aid to the most dangerous enemies of the working class movement. The need for independent political action of the working class, in a mass Labor Party, is clearly a burning need!

The present anti-Communist campaign calls for immediate united front action of the Socialist Party, A. F. of L. trade unions, and the Communist Party for the defense of the political rights of the working class!

It is against this organized thrust toward fascism, coming right out of the Roosevelt New Deal, that American labor must build the united front!

Daily Worker

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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1935

Steel Workers, On Guard!

THE manner in which the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor is approaching the question of the organization drive in the steel and auto industry should sound the note of warning throughout the entire A. F. of L.

William Green, when confronted by the demand of the Organizational Committee representing the lodges of the A. F. of L. steel union, did not dare to call police and throw out the steel workers' spokesmen as did Mike Tighe, president of the Amalgamated Association. Green was forced to listen to their demands that the A. F. of L. Executive Council throw its entire resources into the building of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers (A. F. of L.).

The Organizational Committee did well in achieving this interview and forcing Green to give lip service to an organization drive in steel. To that extent a "victory" can be claimed. But they also did well in not waiting around Washington, but in going home to immediately take leadership of the drive themselves.

So far the Executive Council has only set up a sub-committee of three, which includes the reactionary Tobin, to "make recommendations." Mike Tighe has been called into consultation.

These delays and consultations show the reluctance of the A. F. of L. Executive Council to take any real steps to organize the unorganized steel workers and thus prepare for the coming strike struggles. The only necessary recommendations have been made by the Organizational Committee of the A. A. lodges—which outlined a concrete program for the A. F. of L. Council to organize the industry.

Every A. F. of L. local, every unorganized worker, should support the campaign of the Organizational Committee to organize the steel workers now.

Browder's Speech

THE fight for the building of a mass Labor Party, based on the trade unions, and organized for the defense of the interests of only one class, the working class, has begun.

The time has come when American labor, rapidly seeing through the capitalist class basis of the whole Roosevelt program, is preparing to act politically as an independent class in opposition to all capitalist parties.

It is this which gives such importance to Earl Browder's speech on the Communist position on the Labor Party, printed in today's issue.

In his speech, which every reader of the Daily Worker should study with the greatest care, Browder drives home this main point—that the Communist Party today emphasizes the need for a mass Labor Party so that the American working class can march steadily forward in political offensive against its class enemies.

It is the political class action of the workers that is the essential thing. Too long has American labor fought heroically on the picket lines, only to fling away all its gains by supporting, on the political field, the agents of the employers.

To win the American masses, now becoming disillusioned with the New Deal, for a program of struggle against capitalism via the path of a class Labor Party, that is the burning political task of the immediate struggle, which will speed the revolutionary overthrow of capitalism.

Browder's speech, outlining the ways and means to carry through this policy, the mistakes to avoid, and the direction in which to move is a call to action for American labor, a call to organize the ranks of

the working class in a political army fighting for the defense of the unions, for political rights, for the interests of the workers.

Slum Clearance

FOR years New York politicians have used the sweet phrases, "low-cost housing" and "slum clearance." Now we hear the dulcet voice of Mayor LaGuardia singing the same words—to the tune of \$150,000,000.

We, of course, are heartily in favor of slum clearance, just as we support every move towards improving the conditions of the masses. But two points must be made in this connection.

Firstly: union wages. The building trades workers of this city must not permit their unions to be wrecked by the hiring of workers on municipal housing projects at wages under the union scale. This would depress the whole wage level in the industry and, sooner or later, destroy the strong building trades unions—an end greatly desired by the real estate sharks and large building contractors.

Secondly: Slum clearance projects must provide homes for the people now living in the slums. It must not be made a means of forcing the present slum-dwellers into new slums.

This means that the city cannot pay high rates of interest on money it borrows from the government nor can it pay the robber land values demanded by the real estate interests.

Clearing of slums without guaranteeing that the slum-dwellers will move into the new apartments will simply be a colossal sham, a fraud perpetrated upon the masses of New York in the interests of the real estate owners.

A Reactionary Danger

THE fact that the Dickstein Committee of Congress is secretly and stealthily scheming to outlaw the Communist Party came with something of a shock to the chairman of the House sub-committee now holding hearings on the Workers' Bill.

Earl Browder, general secretary of the Communist Party, testifying for the Workers' Bill, confronted the House Labor sub-committee with this fact about the Dickstein committee.

Every day, inspired news reports, hinting at such action by the Dickstein committee, appear in the capitalist press as trial feelers to test the sentiment of the people toward such action.

Browder, with his bold accusation and challenge to the Dickstein committee, has brought this reactionary menace into the open.

Matthew A. Dunn, chairman of the committee, on hearing of the secret proceedings of the Dickstein crowd, their refusal even to permit the Communist Party to state its position before the Committee, indignantly denounced such action as "un-American." Actually, it is a big step toward fascist reaction.

It will take more than the indignation of a Congressman to block the Dickstein schemes. The Dickstein scheme is a grave menace to the whole labor movement. Right now the Dickstein committee must be informed by the working class, Socialists, trade unionists, and others that its scheme will meet with overwhelming resistance.

Build the A.F.L. Auto Unions

THE auto workers cannot be satisfied with the steps so far taken by the A. F. of L. Executive Council to organize the auto industry. The local unions of the A. F. of L. are demanding strike preparations against the anti-labor code and the company union Auto Labor Board. They demand an immediate drive to build the A. F. of L. auto union into a powerful mass union.

But Green and the Executive Council propose only to unite all the auto locals under the domination and appointive power of the Executive Council. This will strangle democracy within the union and hamper the organization drive. The auto workers demand that the locals shall have something to say as to how they shall govern their union, in the forming of the new International.

Build the A. F. of L. union into a powerful mass union! Defeat Roosevelt's attack on the auto workers! Win the demands of the auto workers!

Party Life

Worker in Small City Wants One Organization For All Purposes

THE recent textile strike brings to us the importance of the small towns as places to reach important strata of workers. In the small towns and small industrial cities we have the need of organizations that will cover the needs of the unemployed, defense, relief and cultural work.

We would like to have an organization that would take in all the functions, except that of the Party, Young Communist League and trade unions. We are all native born here, so that the language problem doesn't exist. Our organization would base itself first on the fight for unemployment and social insurance and the struggles of the unemployed. It will have a defense committee that will have the functions of the I. L. D. In time of strikes, it will organize solidarity and relief for the strikers; it will organize a woman's auxiliary as soon as practical; it will conduct an open forum; it will conduct classes in trade unionism, history of the working class, and political economy; it will have something doing almost all the time, without the confusion of a dozen names and dozens of membership cards.

As for affiliation, we can affiliate as the situation warrants. We intend soon to affiliate with the National Unemployment Council and the International Labor Defense. As soon as our influence warrants, we will ask for seats on the Central Labor Union as fraternal delegates. We are calling our organization the Workers' Protective Association.

I believe that the Organizational Commission of the Central Committee should appoint a committee to study the organizational problems of the small towns and cities. N. S. Section Organizer, Sec. 12, Dist. 3 (Philadelphia).

Editor's Note

YOUR intentions are good, comrades; but you should ask yourselves: Do you believe that through building one organization that will become everything, can you solve your problems?

If you ask yourselves—Do we reach the majority of the toiling masses in our town, or are the majority of the workers of Lancaster organized under our influence, then you will come to the conclusion that this is not the case. You know that the majority of the workers are not yet ready to join the Party, yet many may be interested in assisting the victims of reaction and would like to organize themselves into a branch of the International Labor Defense.

We cannot build one organization that one day will fight for relief for the unemployed, the next day will take over the tasks of the I. L. D., still on another day take up the struggles against war and fascism, etc.

An Unemployment Council has its own program and proper functions and so has an I. L. D. branch. What is the main task for the Party in Lancaster?

1. To build the Party in the factories (shop units).
2. To penetrate the American Federation of Labor locals; lead the struggle for workers' democracy, for rank and file leadership; to build the opposition against the bureaucrats with the aim of transforming these unions, that are under the control of the bureaucrats, into instruments of serving the interests of the working class.
3. To organize the masses of unemployed into the Unemployment Council of Lancaster for the purpose of winning the demands for the unemployed; of strengthening the struggle for the Workers' Bill, etc.
4. To build a strong International Labor Defense Branch. In this connection you have a vast field.

As for building other organizations, it would be sufficient if you would take the initiative in building, for example, a committee of the American League Against War and Fascism, composed of representatives of the various working class organizations (the Party, the A. F. of L. unions, the I. L. D., etc.). Is this too much?

Join the Communist Party

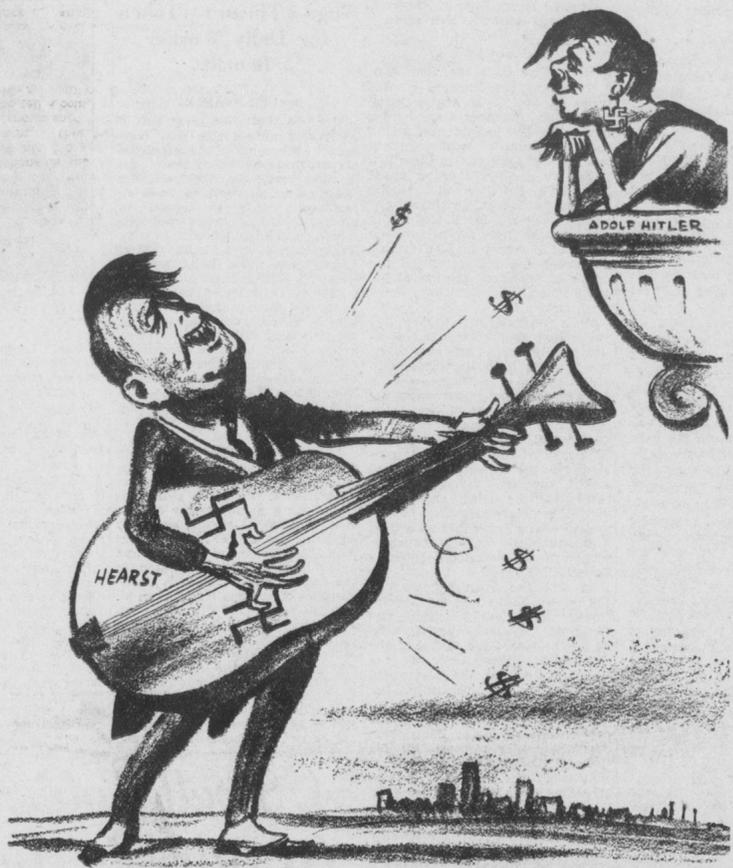
35 East 12th Street, New York

Please send me more information on the Communist Party.

NAME

ADDRESS

SINGING HIS PRAISES



Letters From Our Readers

Wants Vivid Stories Of Daily Life

New York, N. Y.

Comrade Editor:
If the Daily Worker is a Party organ, then it is almost ideal, read eagerly by thousands of comrades. If intended for a proletarian newspaper, then it misses the mark almost completely.

What is news for us comrades has for the average adult no meaning. "Benjamin Gagged," "U.S.S.R. Parley," "Writ Defied," may as well be higher mathematics.

The millions of tabloid readers who devour every word of the Hauptmann trial can be reached only through the human interest appeal.

To state that 3,000 persons have been dropped from relief rolls says nothing to them. Instead, let them hear the story of the Smiths, the Cohens or the Sullivans; how father lost his job and little Mary had no warm clothes for school. Show undemourished Charlie sick in bed, and tell about the relief investigator, with description and two columns of conversation. Then lead up to the Unemployment Council, etc. This should be front page stuff.

Last week there was a splendid story of an Ohrbach sales girl disrupting a banquet of charity boys. This should have been on the first page, with a two-column picture of the young lady, who, I understand, was attractive. Imagine the thousands of shop girls (who need organizing) who could have been reached through such a story!

Does this mean that the readers of the Daily Worker can't be reached at all. There is not a single story that could not be given a class angle.

We are losing precious moments. A truly proletarian newspaper could have a circulation of millions and teach Communism. The time was never more ripe.

J. C. R.

Minnesota Farmer Asks For News of U.S.S.R.

Lake Crystal, Minn.

Comrade Editor:
I have been reading a great deal of the U. S. S. R. but like to know more.

I think the Communist movement is gaining ground, because more and more people that I talk to have a more favorable attitude toward the U. S. S. R. I know this is true of my brothers and several of my neighbors here also. I know our country under our capitalist political parties will never get anywhere.

I am at present studying the Russian language from a text book I sent for from the Amkniga Corporation. It is a very good text book.

One of my friends whom I knew out in Wyoming visited the U.S.S.R. this winter. He isn't back yet but is also visiting Sweden. He plans to stop off here on his way back and I will hear what he has to say.

R.

Visitor to Ukraine Saw Bumper Harvest

Vancouver, B. C.

Comrade Editor:
Having read Mike Gold's column in the Daily Worker of Jan. 29, in which he said that conditions in Ukraine in 1933, I should like to add the following:

"I was visiting in the district of Kiev in August, 1933, for several days. Not only did I not see any signs of even malnutrition (let alone starvation), but as a matter of fact, there was a bumper harvest that year and many urban workers were volunteering to help get it in."

K. P.

Good Meetings Symbolize Future Society

New York, N. Y.

Comrade Editor:
I wish to thank Michael Gold from the bottom of my heart for his reference to badly organized, long drawn-out meetings, which did more harm than good. And I know I am not the only one. All Party members will feel pride and joy if all of our future meetings are conducted in a way becoming our great movement and symbolizing the planning and thoughtfulness of architects and builders of the future society.

E. V.

Prostitution At C.C.C. Camps

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Comrade Editor:
Here is an extract of a part of a letter I received from a friend of mine in a C.C.C. camp. It shows how far the capitalist system has degraded workers. The letter follows:

Knoxville, Tenn.
"This city is about thirty miles away from our camp. I was there last Saturday. The trucks take us there each week. I was disappointed. It was dirty and drab. This city does not seem to have the languorous beauty we associate with Southern towns. Most of the fellows go there for things they need, for movies and most important of all, for the prostitutes. I wouldn't have believed it if I hadn't seen it with my own eyes. As we got off the trucks we walked awhile and before us came fathers, brothers and even mothers trying to sell their daughters or sisters for the mere pittance of a quarter, sometimes fifty cents. I'm no goody, but the sight that I saw revolted me."

I want to add that this person is not a sympathizer to the movement, yet even he was able to see how rotten this system is.

I. F.

World Front

By HARRY GANNES

Fainted Abyssinian News Mussolini's Plans China Red Army Advances

NEWS purporting to come from Abyssinia, via the capitalist press, should be scanned with the greatest suspicion. Every avenue of information out of that country, now the target of a huge fascist army, is controlled by the imperialist powers whose colonies surround it. The only railroad goes through French Somaliland. Telegraph and cable news is filtered through British censors. Most of the purported news is manufactured by that veritable trash, Mussolini's propaganda agency in Rome.

Here is the setting for the juiciest batch of atrocity stories ever to be manufactured by a war-hungry imperialist bandit power. Mussolini can create no end of pretexts and "incidents" to suit his needs.

The guiding principle of the war now under way in Abyssinia was developed in Manchuria by the Japanese militarists. The idea is to make war but not to declare it. The next step is to seize the country and declare it "independent" and "free."

HAVING withstood the whole epoch of imperialist expansion, retaining its independence, Abyssinia now, on the brink of the doom of world imperialism, is slated for colonial slavery.

It was only by the stalwart, heroic, fierce fighting qualities of the Abyssinian Negro people that Abyssinia is to date not shackled. This spirit is rising again in Abyssinia, and with the support of the proletarian and colonial masses throughout the world, Abyssinia can retain its independence, and help the toiling masses of Italy to turn the imperialist war into a civil war, to destroy Italian fascism.

At Aden, in 1926, the Abyssinian armies inflicted a crushing blow on the Italian imperialist army. In 1935, the proletarian masses in all countries should help the Abyssinian people to deliver the final death blow to Fascism's imperialist aspirations in the heart of Africa.

AT the other end of the world, the heroic Red Army of China is harrying Chiang Kai Shek in Szechuan province. Here is the latest news from the British imperialist daily in Shanghai, the "North China Daily News":

"Considerable nervousness is being felt in Chungking (largest industrial city in that province with nearly 1,000,000 population) owing to the threats from Communists, who are making their way northwards through Kweichow, to enter Szechuan and attempt to cross the Yangtze to join their comrades already in the north-eastern parts of the province."

And just as British gunboats at Aden, Arabia, just across from Italian Somaliland, assist the Italian troops in their march into Abyssinia, the British Tern, Falson, Aphid and Scarab stand by at Ichang and Chungking to assist Chiang Kai Shek shoot down Chinese workers and peasants.

FROM the latest issue of the Chinese Workers' Correspondence we learn the following about the movements of the Red Army in and around Szechuan:

The Red Army is closing in on Chungking from three sides: From North Szechuan, from South of the Yangtze River, and from the West of Chungking. Comrade Hsi Hsiang-chien is commanding the army from the Chinese Soviet base in the North. Comrades Hsiao Keh and Ho Lung are moving upwards from Hunan province. Comrade Chu Teh, commander-in-chief of the Red Army, is leading 40,000 men from Hokiang, a city located between Luchow and Chungking.

In Anhwei province, the anti-Japanese vanguard of the Red Army advanced to a point 25 miles of Anking, capital of the province.

The Red Army in West Hunan is still holding the important cities of Taoyun, Yinshan, Kutsang, Sanchi and Lungshan. They have successfully defeated six divisions of the Kuomintang army. When this army entered Szechuan, they took Yuyang and Shushan, and effected a juncture with the 6,000 Red Army soldiers under the command of Comrade Liu Pei-chen in Nanchuan. They are now ready to march on Felling opposite to Chungking with the Yangtze River between.

Thus the "defeated" Red Army is massing greater forces on the most important industrial city in the largest province of China.

Save the coupons. Fifteen coupons and \$1 will get you a copy of "Hunger and Revolt: Cartoons by Burck."

Required Reading for Mr. Hearst

"This country, with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it. Whenever they shall grow weary of the existing government, they can exercise their constitutional right of amending it, or their revolutionary right to dismember or overthrow it."

—ABRAHAM LINCOLN.