

- 1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rent or debts.

Daily Worker Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A. (Section of the Communist International)

- 4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

Vol. IX, No. 241

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1932

CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

DEMONSTRATE ON UNION SQUARE TODAY, 2 P. M.

MAYORALTY CONFERENCE MONDAY TO PUSH AHEAD PATTERSON'S CAMPAIGN

Communist Election Committee Only One to Asks Workers' Organizations to Session Points Out O'Brien Is Tool of Wage Cutting Capitalists; Socialists Flirt With Tiger

NEW YORK—Workers of New York will answer Tammany wage cutting and denial of relief to the hungry unemployed, will reply to Socialistic trickery and Socialist overtures to Tammany. The workers will answer by sending strong delegations from each working class organization to the Communist City Election Conference Monday at 8 p.m. at the Lido Room, 146 St. and Seventh Ave.

Only the Communist Party, the N. Y. State United Front Communist Election Campaign Committee declares in a statement issued yesterday, has appealed directly to working class organizations to send delegations to a majority conference.

Packing Madison Square Garden Thursday night with his ward politicians, Tammany nominated one of its faithful tools, John P. O'Brien as its candidate for Mayor of New York City.

"Tammany is prepared to wage a broad campaign for misleading the workers of New York City," the United Front Communist Election Campaign Committee says. "On the other hand, the Socialists have called in Daniel W. Hoan, Mayor of Milwaukee, at whose order police clubbed unemployed workers demanding relief, to help elect Morris Hillquit, bitter enemy of the Soviet Union and of the American working class, the Socialist nominee for Mayor."

The Committee further points out that Norman Thomas, evidently knowing that Hillquit would serve capitalism as faithfully as any Democrat or Republican, has urged Tammany, the Republican and Socialist Party to unite on Hillquit as a "fusion" candidate for Mayor.

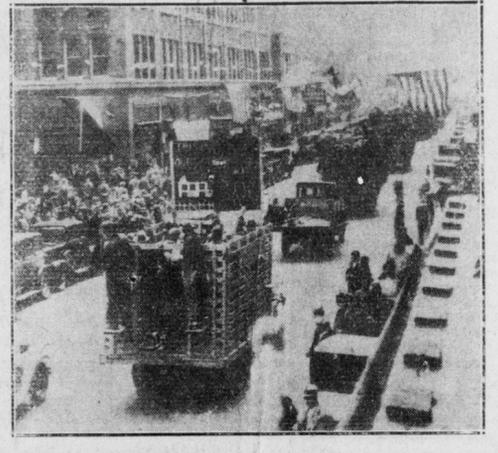
"Thomas was not mistaken in urging upon Tammany to favor Hillquit," the United Front Committee declared. Hillquit, if elected, will suppress the workers' struggles against capitalist misery with brutal force just as his fellow Socialist, Hoan, has done in Milwaukee, and the Tammany and Republican tools in the cities they rule."

"Of the candidates for Mayor of New York City, William L. Patterson, Communist candidate, is the only one who has participated in the struggles of workers against capitalist misery," the United Front Committee stated. A large vote for Patterson, the Committee added, will show the capitalist class that the workers are united under powerful and militant leadership in their fight for relief in this crisis.

Thomas Willing to Keep Porto Rico and Philippines Awhile

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 7.—The holding of the conquered territory of Porto Rico and the Philippines to an indefinite length of time in the future, was expressed as part of the Socialist Party policy by Norman Thomas, its presidential candidate in a speech to the Commonwealth Club here today.

"In Bankers We Trusted, Now We Are Busted"



Part of the parade a mile long of striking farmers who swept thru Des Moines Streets October 4 to protest the government policies of high taxes, land seizures, and no relief to ruined farmers.

Signs read: "Hoover's Loans Are Only More Debts," "In Hoover We Trusted, Now We Are Busted," "The Republican 4-H Club: Hoover, Hyde, Hell and Hard Times." The paraders tore Republican Party signs down, beated Hoover's picture, and would have protested to him personally if he had not sent ranks of militia to keep them away.

VETS STORM B.E.F. CONVENTION HALL

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Oct. 7.—Angered by the steam roller tactics of the Walter W. Waters group which under the guise of being for the bonus is doing everything in its power to sabotage the preparations that are now being made by the National Veterans Rank and File Committee for a bonus march to the capital in December, masses of veterans stormed the doors of the B. E. F. convention here shouting defiance at the guards.

More than at any time before it has now become evident that the capitalists and bankers are preparing to oppose in every possible manner the mass movement of the veterans for their back wages. It is the policy of the bonus enemies to support the Waters leadership against the rank and file committee. The Waters leadership under the pretext of fighting for the interests of the veterans is attempting to steer the fight for the bonus into non-effective channels of lobbying and away from the policy of mass action which is the only policy that will win.

All during the convention the Waters group kept the doors of the warehouse where the meeting was held heavily guarded by military police who kept out a large number of the rank and file veterans. Only after the so-called elections, in which Waters was again declared commander, was the body of the rank and file admitted to the convention. The late arrivals gained admission only after they had made a considerable demonstration before the warehouse doors.

Speed Vets Conference Plans

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Plans are being worked out here at full speed by a rank and file committee of veterans elected at a meeting here Oct. 5 for a city united front vet conference which will mobilize the New York veterans for the bonds march to Washington Dec. 5. The conference will be held Oct. 30 under the leadership of the National Veterans Rank and File Committee.

NEGRO WORKER KILLED

NEW YORK.—Early yesterday morning a Negro worker slipped and fell on the road at Monroe and Rutgers Street, and a Mack truck ran over his head. When the cop came, he asked who was run over. The driver said, "Only a nigger." The cop said, "Oh, well, one nigger less." The driver was not arrested.

Report 16 "Surprise Attacks" on Army of Sandino in September

MANAGUA, Oct. 7.—Sixteen "surprise attacks" on Nicaraguan detachments of the Army of Liberation were reported at the headquarters of the Nicaraguan National Guard during the month of September.

58 members of the Army of Liberation were killed and many wounded. Three men of the National Guard are reported killed and five wounded. The attacks were made by patrols of the National Guard in most of the cases led by United States Marines.

Smash the Scottsboro-Tom Mooney Frame-Up

Masses of Workers to Rally on International Day of Struggle Against Capitalist Terror! To Demand Freedom of Class War Prisoners! No Deportations!

ADA WRIGHT IN APPEAL TO THE WORKING MASSES Urges Socialist Rank And File to Protest Defy Leaders



Scottsboro Mother Mrs. Ada Wright who has toured 16 European countries to rouse the workers of the world for the freedom of Negro boys condemned to death at Scottsboro, Ala.

MOTHER OF TOM MOONEY TO SPEAK AT N. Y. MEETING Unions Mobilize All Members for Great Protest

Today at 2 p.m. workers from all over New York City and vicinity will throng to Union Square to form a gigantic army in defense of the nine innocent Scottsboro Negro boys and to become one of the leading factors in the worldwide movement of demonstrations now being held by millions of workers as part of the fight to force the United States courts to release the innocent Scottsboro boys, Tom Mooney, and other class war prisoners.

(By Imprecor Cable) BERLIN, Germany, Oct. 7.—A great mass meeting in the Neubelbin district of Berlin to welcome the released nine workers accused in Charleston of killing a fascist, was to have been addressed by Mrs. Ada Wright. But the police prohibited her from speaking.

The meeting elected a deputation to go up to the American embassy and protest the Scottsboro frame-up. The German Scottsboro Committee has issued an appeal on behalf of the Scottsboro boys, signed by Alfons Goldschmidt and other famous personalities. The appeal stresses the urgency of the situation, declaring that if the U. S. Supreme Court upholds the death verdict, the only possibility left is a presidential pardon. It declares the complete innocence of the Negro children, and states they are the victims of capitalist class and race hatred. The committee appeals for a strong last minute effort for their release.

Ada Wright, who became ill during the tour, is being operated on by the famous Professor Gohrbadt, for stomach trouble.

By ADA WRIGHT VIENNA, Austria.—I want to appeal to all social-democratic workers (followers of the Socialist Party) to join in the protest against the Scottsboro judicial lynching to the United States Supreme Court at Washington that will hear our appeal October 10.

The International Red Aid, that is leading the fight to save our children from the electric chair in Alabama, calls for all-day picketing of United States embassies and consulates everywhere. It calls for the setting up of workers' juries everywhere to sit simultaneously with the highest court of the American boss class to give the workers' decision about the verdict to burn alive our children.

In hundreds of meetings and demonstrations, during the five months of the Scottsboro tour of sixteen European countries, I am sure there have been tens of thousands of social-democratic workers participating. I have met many of these personally, received their assurances that they were in this struggle until the children were freed and restored to their parents.

In Germany hosts of social-democratic workers assured me they were bitterly opposed to the policies urged by their leaders that resulted in some of our meetings being prohibited, others broken up by the police, and where many meetings were permitted the refusal to allow me to speak.

You, social-democratic workers know, many of you, that while your leaders have been party to the mobilization of the police and the prohibition against our meetings (Austria, Switzerland and other countries), that you yourselves, have come to the meetings and voted for the resolutions off protest and many of you joined the International Red Aid.

You agree with me that mass protest is necessary to force favorable action for our boys from the American boss class. I am criticized by (CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

SCOTTSBORO CASE IN HIGH COURTS

Argued in Washington On October 10

The appeal made by the attorneys of the International Labor Defense for a reversal of the verdict in the frame-up trial of the nine Negro boys at Scottsboro, Ala., will be heard Oct. 10 by the Supreme Court of the United States. Seven of the boys are sentenced to death and the highest Alabama court has upheld the sentences. These boys are: Ozie Powell, Willie Robertson, Andy Wright, Olin Montgomery, Haywood Patterson, Charlie Weems and Clarence Norris.

Arguments to Court Arguments for the appeal were compiled by Walter E. Pollak and George W. Chambliss. They are based on the contentions that "the denial of a fair and impartial trial before an unbiased and unprejudiced jury constitutes a violation of rights under the Fourteenth Amendment; that the refusal of a change of venue was a denial to the defendants of their rights under the Constitution of the United States; that the demonstration and excitement attending the trial constituted a denial of due process; that the defendants were compelled to go to trial represented by attorneys who by their own admission in court, stated that they were not prepared (Robby and the N. A. A. C. P. attorneys, who are against the boys—Editor); that the trial of the defendants before juries from which qualified Negroes were by a custom long standing excluded, was a violation of the Fourteenth Amendment."

The Scottsboro case developed when the nine Negro children, unemployed and looking for work were riding a freight train through Alabama. A group of white toughs attacked other Negroes on the train and got locked.

A posse of deputies took the boys off at Scottsboro, in revenge for the defeat of the whites, and the usual southern charge of rape was made. Their frame-up trial was a feature of the county fair going on at Scottsboro. Two white prostitutes were obtained to swear they had been raped by these children. The Negroes were convicted as a matter of course.

Remember the dates: Oct. 14, 15, 16, for National Daily Worker Tag Days. Stations will be announced later.

Voluntary Departure Is Won for Ferrara

NEW YORK.—Comselli Ferrara, one of the delegation arrested on April 21, 1932, for attempting to present a program of immediate relief for the unemployed to the Board of Estimate at City Hall, was released on \$1,000 bond from Ellis Island Thursday after having served five months in the Tombs awaiting trial.

The International Labor Defense won the voluntary departure for Ferrara to the Soviet Union early in November.

The New York District of International Labor Defense has issued a call to action to all workers to prepare for and to participate in the demonstration today at 2 p.m.

CHURCH HELPS ROB SEAMEN OF VOTE

Try to Bar Polls to Thousands Who Can't Pay Rent

NEW YORK.—Many marine workers, ashore for months and even years because they could not find a job, are being denied the right of registration and vote until they bring in signed statements showing that they have been "properly domiciled" for two months in one of the flop houses on the waterfront.

The Seamen's Church Institute, which for years has been the mail address and the living quarters while they had money, of many seamen ashore, is now denying that it is the "residence" of any except those who actually have been sleeping in its 20c, 35c, 50c and \$1 rooms. This would throw thousands of seamen out of the right to vote.

One seaman reported that he has been living, when ashore, and getting his mail at the Institute since 1922, when he started sailing out of New York. He has been out of a job for over five months, so has not been able to pay for a bed for some time. The Institute refused to certify his residence, disfranchising him. This disfranchisement of the starving and homeless workers, evicted by capitalist landlords, is going on all over the city. Those who have the greatest right to protest against the system that keeps empty houses rather than let unemployed workers sleep in them, that would throw food into the sea rather than let unemployed and starving workers eat it, are to be denied the right to vote. When they wanted the workers to fight for them in the imperialist war of 1917-18 they were not so particular about addresses. Many men were registered for the war, who could give no home address. One man was registered as living in a box car from which he had dropped that morning into the city. And he went to war to fight for the bosses even if he didn't pay rent. Workers can fight their bloody battles for them, but can't vote because they haven't jobs.

THUGS KILL PORTO RICAN WORKER Fake "Nationalist" Gang Attacks Anti-Imperialists

NEW YORK.—Leaders of the so-called "Nationalist Party" of Porto Rico, smarting from the exposure made of them by the Porto Rican Anti-Imperialist Association, sent their followers to attack the Association's open air meeting at Fifth Avenue and 113th Street, Thursday night. The Nationalist hoodlums not only beat up severely many of the workers in the crowd, but stabbed and killed Angel Felice, a bystander who was listening to the Anti-Imperialist speakers. The attackers came directly from the Nationalist Party's meeting nearby. The "Nationalist Party" then gave information to the capitalist press, representing Police as one of their members and claiming that he was killed in a brawl by members of the Anti-Imperialist Association. The capitalist papers published this false statement, and thus laid the basis for a possible frame-up of Anti-Imperialist Porto Ricans.

Unity Committee Settles 12 Dress Shops in One Week

NEW YORK.—Despite the fact that the work in the dress trade has slowed down the unity committee of International Members and the Industrial Union settled 12 shops during the past week. Plans were worked out to continue the drive during the coming week and also to begin work among the unemployed. Workers from open shops are called upon to bring their grievances to the office of the unity committee, 365 W. 36th St.

WEVD BARS JIM CROW EXPOSE

NEW YORK.—That Socialist operators of radio station WEVD, Hotel Claridge, refused to permit the broadcasting of a Scottsboro Defense program because one of the speeches criticized Socialist conduct in the matter of discrimination against Negro radio performers by the hotel management, was revealed by James Rorty, poet and journalist.

Hattie Carnegie Shop Workers Face Pay Cut Through ILGW Scheme

NEW YORK—Officials of Local 38 of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union yesterday took steps to sell out the workers of the two Hattie Carnegie shops. Without consulting the rank and file, the officials agreed with the bosses to submit the question of a wage cut and of legal holidays to an "impartial chairman."

ASKS CUT IN N. Y. HEALTH BUDGET

In Line With Drive of McKee and Bankers

A high rate of infant deaths, as well as deaths from tuberculosis, in the working class districts of Brooklyn and Manhattan, and a particularly high rate for the districts where Negro workers live, are shown in the figures just issued by Shirley W. Wynne, health commissioner of New York.

I.W.O. Urges Workers to Elect Delegates to Mayoralty Conference

NEW YORK—A special call was sent out to all local organizations of the International Workers Order to send delegates to the New York City Communist Mayoralty Election Conference which will be held on Monday, October 10th at 8 p. m. at Lido Ball Rooms, 146th St. and 7th Avenue. It was announced by N. Shaffer, city secretary of the International Workers Order.

BAKERS VOTE TO UNITE 3 LOCALS

700 Capture Hall Held By Officials' Thugs

NEW YORK—Seven hundred rank and file A. F. of L. bakers stormed into a hall yesterday, from which thugs of the Local 505 Bakery and Confectionery Workers Union of the A. F. of L. had previously clubbed away members trying to enter. The 700 took over the hall and adopted resolutions to combine Locals 505, 79 and 509. They voted also to suspend the financial secretary of Local 505, I. Korman, and his thugs, Lewis Baker, Lipkowitz and Bykosky, who had beaten up workers trying to enter the hall previously.

Lenel's Uses A 1929 Injunction to Jail 28; Strike Goes On

NEW YORK—Lenel's Cafeteria, 12 Street and Broadway, is using an injunction obtained in 1929 against the present strike of its food workers. The injunction was against the Amalgamated Food Workers. The present strike is led by the Food Workers Industrial Union. But on this old injunction 28 workers were arrested in September, and 2 more Tuesday.

STRIKE BROOKLYN KNITGOODS SHOP

100 Walk Out at Meyer Dorfman Mills

NEW YORK—About 60 knitgoods workers of Meyer Dorfman, 218 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, struck Thursday. Friday morning the strike increased to 100, with good prospects of completely paralyzing the shop. The workers of the Dorfman shop were encouraged by the recent victory in the Murray Knitting Mills in Brooklyn, where 150 workers won higher wages, shorter hours and union conditions after one week's strike.

GARMENT DISTRICT

L. O. R. Cooperative Barber Shop 169 WEST 29TH ST. (Near 7th Avenue) 50c Haircut and Shave NO WAITING — 6 BARBERS

COMRADES MEET AND EAT at the 7TH Ave. Delicatessen and Dining Room 295 SEVENTH AVE. (Between 26th and 27th Streets) FROM A SANDWICH TO A MEAL

WORKERS PATRONIZE CENTURY CAFETERIA 154 West 28th Street Pure Food Proletarian Prices

Phone: Chickering 4917, Longacre 19089 GONRADELY ATMOSPHERE FAN RAY CAFETERIA 156 West 28th St. New York

HYGRADE VEGETARIAN and DAIRY RESTAURANT 149 West 28th St., NEW YORK A REAL TREAT FOR WORKERS Special Dinner 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. 45c

Garment Section Workers Patronize Navarr Cafeteria 333 7th AVENUE Corner 28th St.

Good Food Served Right Farragut Cafeteria 326 Seventh Av., at 28th St.

SEVERN'S CAFE 7th Avenue at 30th St. Best Food at Workers Prices

PURITY QUALITY SUTTER Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant 382 SUTTER AVE. (Cor. George) B'klyn

LOUIS' BARGAIN STORE 999 East 178th St. (2 blocks east of subway station) Real Workers' Prices for Infants Wear, Laddies and Gents General Dry Goods

WORKERS—EAT AT THE Parkway Cafeteria 1633 PITKIN AVENUE Near Hopkinson Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

H. A. BLUM, Opt.D. OPTOMETRIST 24 East Mt. Eden Avenue New York

UNIT 20, SECTION 6 (Communist Party) SOCIAL GATHERING at Bridge Plaza Workers Club MONDAY, OCT. 10 AT 2 P. M. 285 RADNEY ST., B'KLYN All Proceeds for the Daily Worker.

DAYLIGHT BAKERY—RESTAURANT 711 Allerton Avenue (Near Woolworth's) FRESH BAKING 4 TIMES DAILY Special Attention to Parties and Banquets KATZ & MARRUS, Managers

Classified TWO ROOM FURNISHED APARTMENT—Bronx, to share with comrade (male), \$15 per month. Write A. Z. c/o Daily Worker.

Felmar Cafeteria 964 INTERVALE AVE. at the Station Good Food—Workers' Prices Comradely Atmosphere

For Lowest Travel Cost GO BY Private Auto TO ANY POINT IN U. S. A. via SHARE EXPENSE PLAN You Can Go Direct from New York to CHICAGO for \$12.95 CLEVELAND 8.85 DETROIT 10.50 ST. LOUIS 14.50

Morrisania Stock Farms, Inc. GRADE "A" DAIRY PRODUCTS 883 Tinton Ave. Bronx, N. Y.

ENTERTAINMENT AND DANCE SATURDAY EVENING OCTOBER 8TH at PARADISE MANOR 11 W. Mt. Eden Ave., Bronx (Near Jerome Ave. and 132d St.) Dance Music by DIXIANA SYNCPATORS

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VOTE COMMUNIST FOR Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.

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STUDY—AUTOMOBILES—TRACTORS Tractor Automobile Workers School of Brooklyn and Philadelphia open for registration of students for special four months course. Registration closed on October 15th.

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DAILY WORKER 9th ANNIVERSARY WILL BE HELD DECEMBER 31st NEW YEAR'S EVE. BRONX COLISEUM We call upon all Organizations to keep this day free

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What's On—

Attention, members of Post No. 1, WELF: Our new headquarters are located at 154 West 20th St.

SATURDAY August—working women will have a Yachterica and dance, at the Jewish Workers Club Hall, 131 W. 21st St., at 7:30 p. m. All workers invited.

The Jim Connelly Br. ILLD and Lower Bronx Unemployed Council will have a game house-warming at their new headquarters, 523 East 19th St. (bet. St. Ann's and Brook Ave.) Admission free.

Unit 14, Sec. 5, will have a Party for the benefit of the Daily Worker at 801 Crotona Park, North, Apt. 12-B. Admission free.

Upper West Side Unemployed Council will have an entertainment and dance, 600 West 182d St. Good music, refreshments. Admission 15 cents.

Democratic Committee, Downtown Unemployed Council will have affair at which Comrade Marston will speak on the election platform of the Communist Party, at 71 St. Marks Place, 8 p. m.

Two units, Sec. 5, are giving an affair for the benefit of the Daily Worker, at 31 Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn. Revolutionary program and dancing.

Spokane Br. FSU will have a lecture on "The Second Year Plan," by Prof. John Irving and Alfred G. Morris will speak on "The Role of the FSU," at the Workers Center, 2874 West 27th St., Concy Island, 8 p. m.

Lower Harlem Unemployed Council will have lecture on the "Unemployment Situation," 3 p. m. at 24 W. 115 St.

Hungarian comrades attention: There will be a Scottboro-Karikas protest meeting 7:30 p. m. at 418 West 130th St. Good music, refreshments. An interesting social program has been arranged.

Boyo Park Ella May Br. ILLD will have a concert and dance, 8 p. m. at 1073-43rd St. Proceeds to Scottboro defense.

A special meeting of all Daily Worker agents in Newark and vicinity, representatives of working class mass organizations and readers of the Daily Worker will take place at 10 a. m. at the Party Center, 7th Street, Newark, N. J. This meeting is to mobilize for Daily Worker tag day, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, October 14, 15 and 16.

Harlem Int. Br. FSU will have a lecture on "Why Should Negroes Defend the Soviet Union," 2:30 p. m. at 237 Lenox Avenue. Speaker, Chas. Alexander.

All unemployed workers who want to come to the Daily Worker, Morning Freiheit and Young Worker banners and can't afford to buy tickets, will get admission tickets free from any Unemployed Council. No one will be admitted without a ticket.

Emanuel Levin will talk on "The Sharpening Struggles of the Ex-Servicemen" at the Sunday night forum, 8 p. m. conducted by the Workers' School at 35 East 13th St., second floor.

All carpenters called to a meeting Saturday night at 260 E. 128th St., Bronx to celebrate the victory at Garfinkel and Steinberg shop.

CITY ELECTION NOTES

Saturday, 13th Ave. and 45th St., speakers: Rose Prager, R. Weber. Coney Island and Brighton Court speaker: J. Roberts.

23rd St. and Mermaid Ave., speaker: M. Blum. Longwood and Prospect Ave., speaker: Lapin.

14th St. and Brook Ave., speaker: Sheinbaum. Intervale and Wilkins Ave., speaker: Shirley Fields.

48th St. and Second Ave., speakers: Pauline Rogers, candidate for congress in the 18th district, and Dave Freed, chairman. Boyo Park, Brooklyn, 8:30 p. m., speaker, Dr. Santo, candidate for congress in 5th district.

Friends of Soviet Union Election Campaign Meeting, Harlem International Branch, speaker: Leroy, at 134th St. and Lenox Ave.

LIVE IN A—WORKERS COOPERATIVE COLONY

We have a limited number of 3 and 4 room apartments NO INVESTMENT NECESSARY—OPPOSITE BRONX PARK 2800 BRONX PARK EAST Comradely atmosphere—In this Cooperative Colony you will find a library, athletic director, workroom for children, workers' clubs and various cultural activities

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Saturday, 13th Ave. and 45th St., speakers: Rose Prager, R. Weber. Coney Island and Brighton Court speaker: J. Roberts.

23rd St. and Mermaid Ave., speaker: M. Blum. Longwood and Prospect Ave., speaker: Lapin.

14th St. and Brook Ave., speaker: Sheinbaum. Intervale and Wilkins Ave., speaker: Shirley Fields.

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Friends of Soviet Union Election Campaign Meeting, Harlem International Branch, speaker: Leroy, at 134th St. and Lenox Ave.

LIVE IN A—WORKERS COOPERATIVE COLONY

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Tel. Estabrook 8-1400; Olivine 2-6972 Take Lexington Avenue train to White Plains Road and Get off Allerton Avenue

Office open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. every day 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturday 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sunday

What's On—

Attention, members of Post No. 1, WELF: Our new headquarters are located at 154 West 20th St.

SATURDAY August—working women will have a Yachterica and dance, at the Jewish Workers Club Hall, 131 W. 21st St., at 7:30 p. m. All workers invited.

The Jim Connelly Br. ILLD and Lower Bronx Unemployed Council will have a game house-warming at their new headquarters, 523 East 19th St. (bet. St. Ann's and Brook Ave.) Admission free.

Unit 14, Sec. 5, will have a Party for the benefit of the Daily Worker at 801 Crotona Park, North, Apt. 12-B. Admission free.

Upper West Side Unemployed Council will have an entertainment and dance, 600 West 182d St. Good music, refreshments. Admission 15 cents.

Democratic Committee, Downtown Unemployed Council will have affair at which Comrade Marston will speak on the election platform of the Communist Party, at 71 St. Marks Place, 8 p. m.

Two units, Sec. 5, are giving an affair for the benefit of the Daily Worker, at 31 Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn. Revolutionary program and dancing.

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# SPREAD FIGHT ON ACW MISLEADERS

## Forced Dues Checkoff Brings Revolt; Two Language Locals Fight Officials

### Hillman Machine Aids Bosses; Speed Up the Workers; Has High Salaries

(By a Worker Correspondent)

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—The men's clothing workers of Rochester are beginning to show fight against the Amalgamated machine and the terrible conditions that they force upon the workers. The burning issue at the moment is the question of dues. The put across every wage-cut, every new in its power to help the bosses. But the high dues and the high salaries of officials have remained the same.

When the so-called season started this fall, workers who had been unemployed for a long time were given \$2 a week because of part-time work, and yet were forced thru the check-off system to pay \$1.75 each week on their back dues.

A fight has developed on this issue. On September 13 the Italian local, the largest in the city, put thru a motion for lower dues and lower salaries for officials. This was done in the face of the machine mobilizing all its forces to defeat this motion. The vote was over 200 against the machine's 105. It is a fact that the machine brought in outsiders, non-local members, to vote against the motion.

This issue spread like wild fire to other locals. The Lithuanian local carried the same motion at their last meeting by a vote of 53 to 3. The Polish local passed the motion with 49 to 4. In local 14, the machine's stronghold, the motion was defeated. One of the workers who voted for the motion at this local was told to pack up and leave the job, but the workers in the shop told him to come in. He is still working.

It is important to note that previous to this issue only a few members used to attend the local meetings. In the Lithuanian and Polish locals attendance used to be up to about 15. Now all of them are coming.

Opposition to the A.C.W. machine is springing up everywhere. With the proper guidance, the militant groups already in action hope to develop the struggle on a wider field.

# Japanese Empress Receives Chief Murderer of Manchurian Peasants



General Shigeru Honjo, commander of Japanese imperialist armies in Manchuria, on his way to an audience with the Empress of Japan. Honjo is seated in the carriage. The Empress will extend the blessings of the Japanese bankers to Honjo for his achievements in the invasion of China.

# Worker Correspondence

## Worker Correspondents of US Greet Workers of USSR on 15th Year of Power

The Daily Worker recently received a cable from "Trud", the trade union paper issued by the workers of the Soviet Union, which contained the following:

"PLEASE IMMEDIATELY ARRANGE SENDING SEVERAL WORKERS CORRESPONDENTS TO DENIGATE CRISIS UNEMPLOYMENT CLASS STRUGGLES RELATION USSR CONNECTION WITH FIFTEENTH ANNIVERSARY, TRUD."

In accordance with this message the Daily Worker has asked several of its worker correspondents to write articles to be published in "Trud" in the issue of November 7th commemorating the 15th anniversary of the workers' seizure of power. Among the articles received is the following one, part of which we are printing here before sending it on to "Trud" as an example of what other worker correspondents can write in the next few days:

JAMESTOWN, N. Y.—The workers here are tremendously interested in the progress and the victories of the Soviet Union. We have had many moving pictures here produced in the Soviet Union, and the workers here are getting real facts about the achievements of the proletariat in Russia. They know that the Soviets are struggling against great odds, but as one worker said, "Hell, they are creating commodities for themselves, not the bosses."

# U. S. Agents Pushes Anti-Red Bill In Argentina

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 6.—A bill has been brought into parliament here which calls for the "suppression of communism and the registration of communists." Propaganda for communism is to be punished with no less than two years' imprisonment. Anybody offering assistance to Communists is also liable to imprisonment. Foreign born workers are to be deported after serving their term.

The originator of this bill, Senator Sanchez Sorondo, was the representative of U. S. financial interests in the Uruburu regime. Sorondo bears a large share of the responsibility for the crimes of this regime, including the shooting of hundreds of workers. He is regarded as "the strong man" behind the government.

In the meantime the influence of the Communist Party in Argentina is steadily growing despite the offensive being carried on against it. The newly founded "Mundo Obrero" reached a circulation of 16,000 in the first few weeks, despite the fact that its sale is prohibited on the stands.

# 10,000 Silk Spinners Strike In Shanghai

SHANGHAI (By Mail).—Ten thousand silk spinners in Shanghai went on strike on September 25th, demanding a reduction of working hours from 12 to 11 and increased wages.

The authorities are trying to settle the strike by arbitration. Martial law is enforced in Chapel, the workers' city located by the Japanese soldiers several months ago.

Mass arrests of alleged Communists are being made by the police on the ground that the strike is led by them. The workers are advancing also political demands.

# Generals' War In China Extending

The new generals' war in the Szechuan province, bordering on Tibet, is denounced by the Nanking government as disorganizing the offensive against the Chinese Soviet Districts and the Communists.

A dispatch from Shanghai states that the Nanking Government considers this generals' war as discrediting its authority in the eyes of the foreign imperialists who, in the Lytton report, advocated the destruction of communism which "has become a rival of the national government."

300,000 soldiers in fight. The generals' war in the Szechuan province is extending 135 miles across the Nansui, Suning, Yungchuan and Kiangtong regions. Three hundred thousand soldiers are already thrown in the struggle which is led by General Liu Hsiang against the governor and the representatives of the Nanking government in the province.

# 100 Communists Shot Daily at Hankow

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# General Liu Hsiang, a nephew of the governor, is withdrawing from the Western Huper province large contingents of his soldiers who had been assisting General Kai-shek in his campaign against the Communists.

Report 100 Communists Shot Daily. Despite this setback suffered by the Nanking Government in its endeavor to turn the generals' war into an offensive against the Soviet districts, and Communist prisoners are tried and shot every day in Hankow, according to a dispatch from Shanghai.

Red soldiers a reported however at 33 miles from Hankow, after having occupied Sinchow despite the heavy fire of Chiang Kai-shek's airplanes.

A report from Chefoo discloses that in the area of Shanghai where another lords' warfare is raging, the peasants are killed and their villages burned. The warfare in this province is between the Governor Han Fu-chu and Liu Chen-nien, warlord of the Chefoo area.

# TOWARDS 15th ANNIVERSARY OF RUSSIAN REVOLUTION!

## CHARGE THAT "5-YEAR PLAN HAS BROKEN DOWN" REFUTED BY 'SOVIET RUSSIA TODAY'

Magazine Prints Article Pointing Out That the Plan Has Been Revised Upward, Not Downward

The October issue of Soviet Russia Today, which just came off the press, contains an article sent from Moscow by Leo Cendon, on the charge of anti-Soviet propagandists that "the Five-Year Plan has broken down, the food shortage is acute, and socialist planning has failed."

Cendon says that "the Five Year Plan is not a set of immutable figures, but a living thing, constantly being adopted and revised according to circumstances." He gives as the main events causing revision of the original plan as adopted in 1928:

"First—the rapid development of collective farming. The original plan envisaged that one-fifth of the peasants would be in collective farms by the end of the five years. Actually there were more than three-fifths by the end of three years. This meant that the plan for certain industries had also to be revised.

For instance, there had to be a greater and more rapid increase in the number of tractors and agricultural machines generally. Not only is the plan for these already surpassed, but the USSR is now turning out more agricultural machinery than any country in the world. In addition, some 3,000 machine and tractor stations have had to be organized. These were not even contemplated in the original plan.

State Farms Surpass Original Plan. Moreover the rapid growth of collective farms sometimes accompanied by "hothead excesses," led in 1929 to a wholesale slaughter of farm animals by rich peasants, kulaks. This seriously depleted livestock and made it necessary for the State to build extra reserves for replacement. Result, the State Farms had surpassed the whole original plan by the end of last year.

These changes have meant that the sum invested in agriculture is 156 per cent of the amount originally planned. These investments however, have been made only recently and cannot, this year, overcome all the dislocation caused by the unexpected rapidity with which peasants have joined the collectives. The drought of 1931 another factor. As a result the grain crop will, at the moment of writing, fulfill only 95 per cent of the original plan.

Other crops—sugar, flax, cotton, tobacco, etc., have surpassed their estimates.

Greater Influx of Workers Into Industry. Second—there is the great influx of workers into industry. The original plan provided for four million industrial workers. This year the number is over six million. Altogether the original plan called for 15,000,000 workers of all kinds. There are already 21,000,000. This great overfulfillment of the Plan has required greater expenditure on wages, housing, social insurance, and food supply.

Third—the world crisis has required a revision of some aspects of the Plan, not downward, but upward. Reaching a smaller payment for its exports, the Soviet Union has not been able to buy so much machinery or employ so many experts from abroad, but has had to start manufacturing this machinery and training more skilled workers. So that in these two items, the original plans

# International Notes

## ARRESTS OF HUNGARIAN MINERS

BUDAPEST.—The Hungarian secret police discovered another "Communist conspiracy," this time in the mining center Salgotarjan and 120 miners were arrested last week.

In the meantime eighty of them were released after having been subjected to brutal maltreatment at the hands of the police. Forty have since been sent to Budapest for "further inquiries."

The Hungarian police conduct "inquiries" is too well known to need detailed description.

# THROWN NAKED INTO JAIL

GRANTS PASS, Ore.—In their zeal to uphold the sacred capitalist laws of private property, police forced Julius C. Pratt, tenant farmer, to spend a night in jail absolutely naked.

Pratt had walked into a clothing store, ordered a complete outfit of clothing, put it on, and tore up his old clothes. Police grabbed him off to jail, removed his clothing and left him shivering and naked in a cell.

Fourth—it has been necessary to make good the sabotage that went on in industry until 1930, when the leaders of the Industrial Party were rounded up and tried. This sabotage was particularly vicious in the coal and metal industries. The original plan for coal, for instance, specified far too small an output in the early period (the idea of the wreckers being to keep industry short in fuel) and too much in the later years.

Fifth—is the war situation. Not only did the defense of the Far East in 1929 require special resources, but the present situation requires even greater precautions. Some day the full story of Japan's "adventure" in the Far East will be told. The Lytton report to the League of Nations certainly does not tell half of it.

These are the main causes for revisions in the original plan. With such tremendous overfulfillment in agriculture, machine building, technical training, etc., it is only natural that other sections should be proportionately reduced. But in fact, there had not been any proportionate reduction. Light industry and metallurgy are, in four years, only a little behind the plan set for five years; while such important industries as the oil and electrical industries overcome their handicaps and finished their quotas in less than three years.

# FREE RUEGG' CALL BY CHINA SOVIETS

Nanking Scored As the Betrayer of People

SHANGHAI (By Mail).—The Central Government of the Chinese Soviet Districts, with its seat at Suikang in the Kiangsi province broadcasted a declaration demanding the immediate release of Paul and Gertrude Ruegg.

Call Is Suppressed. The declaration which was received here on the 19th of September and deliberately suppressed, points out that the Nanking Government for five years has ruled China with fire and sword, proceeding with the utmost brutality against the national revolutionary movement in the country while betraying the interests of the Chinese people time and again to the foreign imperialists.

After stating that in accordance with the dictates of the foreign imperialists the Nanking Government abandoned the fight against Japan and sent the heroic soldiers of the 19th Army to fight against the red battalions of the Soviet troops, the declaration says that the Rueggs proceedings were also carried out under imperialist orders.

Fight for Ruegg Release. The Central Soviet Government declares its absolute solidarity with the two Rueggs and states that it will fight for their release with all possible means, as they are real friends of China and the Chinese Revolution.

In return for the release of the Rueggs the Central Government of the Soviet Districts in China is prepared to release all the missionaries arrested for anti-soviet activities.

# ORGANIZE RICHMOND UNEMPLOYED COUNCIL

RICHMOND, Va.—Twelve delegates representing five Unemployed committees met on Monday night, October 3, at 210 East Broad St., where the council was officially established, a president, secretary and press committee were elected. The council issued the following statement:

"The coming winter from all indications promises to be the worst since the beginning of the economic crisis. Thousands of women and children in Richmond are now facing hunger, destitution, and degradation.

Only a small percentage of the unemployed are given some sort of relief, which is not enough to maintain decently even a family of two. Hundreds and perhaps thousands are denied any relief at all because of the criminal policy of the relief agencies who refuse to grant relief to single men and women and small families.

In the face of this widespread destitution, starvation and misery, Governor Pollard had the nerve to make a public statement a few days ago that he would not consider asking for a loan from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

The Unemployed Council will carry on an active and systematic campaign to collect signatures to endorse the program of demands for the unemployed which will be presented to City Council, and will at the same time continue to organize the unemployed for more and better unemployment relief.

The program includes the following:

An appropriation of \$750,000 for winter relief to be raised by special taxation on all incomes above \$2,500 a year and all properties above \$7,500 or else by a loan from the R.F.C. to every unemployed worker, man or woman, young or old, single or married, to be paid a minimum of \$5 a week in cash relief and \$2 a week for each dependent.

No forced labor.

No eviction of unemployed workers and their families because of non-payment of rent.

Free gas, water and electricity for the unemployed.

Free lunches and milk in the schools for the children of the unemployed workers.

Adequate medical and dental treatment, free of charge, for the unemployed workers and their families.

All men working on relief jobs for the city to be paid the same rate of wages as all other laborers who are employed regularly by the city.

No discrimination to be applied against anybody in giving out of relief because of age, color, creed or nationality.

The distribution of relief shall be supervised by a committee of workers, employed and unemployed.

# WED. DONATIONS DROP TO \$147

Only One Week Left in Half Dollar Drive

A slackening in the financial drive is seen from Wednesday's drop in donations amounting to \$175.14, or 14.7 per cent, contributing nothing. Following letters indicate sincere desire to aid the "daily," but districts must initiate independent canvassing for funds. Make up for the small sum by renewing activity in collections!

Only one week left for final collections in the 50,000 Half-Dollar Campaign. Visit workers everywhere, in shops, clubs, parks, homes, and rest homes.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 27

Dist 1—Boston	Appeal	\$1.00	Dist 14—Wash.	Appeal	1.00
C Windlen	\$2.00	A Krampetz	1.00	Dist 15—Mich.	1.00
Yevers Panacek	4.31	Total Dist 2	\$177.11	Dist 16—Minn.	1.00
Frank Heble	.50	Til to date	\$6,714.38	Dist 17—N. Dak.	1.00
Aschwin Lohi	.25	Dist 18—Pa.	1.00	Dist 18—Pa.	1.00
E A Williams	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 19—Calif.	1.00
S L Sjogren	.19	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 20—Calif.	1.00
Herma's Koski	.25	Ed Sheer	2.00	Dist 21—Calif.	1.00
Wm. J. Koski	1.00	D. Secor	1.00	Dist 22—Calif.	1.00
Wenner Werky	.55	Total Dist 3	\$5.00	Dist 23—Calif.	1.00
From Editorial	1.00	Dist 4—Buffalo	1.00	Dist 24—Calif.	1.00
Board Appeal	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 25—Calif.	1.00
Abil Koski	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 26—Calif.	1.00
Half-Dollar Campaign	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 27—Calif.	1.00
Jos Dion	.50	Sam Backson	1.00	Dist 28—Calif.	1.00
Total Dist 1	\$25.35	Total Dist 4	\$12.00	Dist 29—Calif.	1.00
Til to date	\$1,012.08	Til to date	\$234.63	Dist 30—Calif.	1.00
Dist 2—New York	1.00	Dist 31—Calif.	1.00	Dist 31—Calif.	1.00
Dist 3—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 32—Calif.	1.00
Dist 4—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 33—Calif.	1.00
Dist 5—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 34—Calif.	1.00
Dist 6—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 35—Calif.	1.00
Dist 7—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 36—Calif.	1.00
Dist 8—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 37—Calif.	1.00
Dist 9—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 38—Calif.	1.00
Dist 10—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 39—Calif.	1.00
Dist 11—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 40—Calif.	1.00
Dist 12—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 41—Calif.	1.00
Dist 13—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 42—Calif.	1.00
Dist 14—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 43—Calif.	1.00
Dist 15—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 44—Calif.	1.00
Dist 16—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 45—Calif.	1.00
Dist 17—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 46—Calif.	1.00
Dist 18—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 47—Calif.	1.00
Dist 19—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 48—Calif.	1.00
Dist 20—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 49—Calif.	1.00
Dist 21—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 50—Calif.	1.00
Dist 22—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 51—Calif.	1.00
Dist 23—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 52—Calif.	1.00
Dist 24—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 53—Calif.	1.00
Dist 25—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 54—Calif.	1.00
Dist 26—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 55—Calif.	1.00
Dist 27—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 56—Calif.	1.00
Dist 28—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 57—Calif.	1.00
Dist 29—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 58—Calif.	1.00
Dist 30—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 59—Calif.	1.00
Dist 31—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 60—Calif.	1.00
Dist 32—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 61—Calif.	1.00
Dist 33—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 62—Calif.	1.00
Dist 34—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 63—Calif.	1.00
Dist 35—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 64—Calif.	1.00
Dist 36—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 65—Calif.	1.00
Dist 37—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 66—Calif.	1.00
Dist 38—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 67—Calif.	1.00
Dist 39—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 68—Calif.	1.00
Dist 40—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 69—Calif.	1.00
Dist 41—New York	1.00	From Editorial	1.00	Dist 70—Calif.	1.00
Dist 42—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 71—Calif.	1.00
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Dist 60—New York	1.00	Board Appeal	1.00	Dist 89—Calif.	1.00
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# ADA WRIGHT IN APPEAL TO THE WORKING MASSES

Urges Socialist Rank And File to Protest Defy Leaders

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

your leaders, the Vanderveeldes and Blums, when I go among the masses, and when I am arrested in Belgium, in Czechoslovakia, in Bulgaria, the leaders of your social-democratic party and your social-democratic press made no protest. But you protest.

Your social-democratic leaders in the Scandinavian countries refused me the right to speak over the government radio that they controlled. You joined in the protest against this denial.

You protested the denial for three weeks of the British government headed by the social-democratic premier, J. Ramsay MacDonald. You helped secure for me the right to come to England, if only for ten days. I am sure that this is also true of many countries I have been unable to reach. The social-democratic newspaper in Budapest, Hungary, said I was carrying on an "extreme left propaganda." If fighting for the lives of my two sons and the other Scottsboro boys is an "extreme left propaganda," then I am sure that all honest social-democratic workers are in favor of it.

Demonstrate Oct. 8! The Scottsboro campaign is broad enough to enlist all right-thinking workers. Social-democratic on election day, but on Scottsboro Day, I appeal to you to join militantly, effectively in the struggle against the electric chair in the United States that took the lives of Sacco and Vanzetti in 1927, as you all know.

Support the Scottsboro Action of the International Red Aid in all your cities, in all your countries.

Help free the Scottsboro Negro children and thus win a tremendous, historic victory, not only for my race but for our class—the working class.

(Signed) ADA WRIGHT, Mother of Roy and Andy, two of the Scottsboro Children.

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## Defeat the Capitalist Terror Drive

ON October 10 the case of the nine Scottsboro boys comes before the U. S. Supreme Court.

Nationwide demonstrations and mass meetings are taking place today—October 8—in their defense, and for the release of Tom Mooney. The mass struggle for the lives and liberties of the Scottsboro boys goes forward on a wider front one year and a half after Alabama lynch terror reached out for these innocent Negro youths.

Workers throughout the entire world have kept these young victims of American imperialist oppression alive by continuous militant mass protest and support. Led by the Communist Party and the International Labor Defense, the united front of the working class has been organized on an ever wider scale.

Joined with the fight for the freedom of Tom Mooney, the Scottsboro struggle has brought before millions of workers the need for mass organization and participation by white workers in the fight for Negro liberation as an integral part of the world struggle of the working class against imperialist robbery and oppression.

THE Communist Party has taken a leading part in this struggle from the first moment. Its members have taken up the day-to-day work of agitation and organization with great energy. In addition it has had the task which it alone as the Party of all the oppressed can carry through to make clear to the basic class the fundamental fact that the Scottsboro case is not an isolated attack by the Alabama authorities for local reasons; that the case is not just an unusually cruel and horrible example of police frame-up, but that the Scottsboro case symbolizes the whole system of national oppression, of lynch terror, Jim Crowism, brutal subjugation to a level far below that of the white working masses, inflicted upon Negroes in the United States, especially in the South.

The Communist Party has had the task of convincing workers that the continual charges of rape against Negroes in the South are nothing more or less than a regularly American method of devising excuses for terroristic orgies designed to cow the Negro population. It works much in the same way as the legend of the use of the blood of gentle children in Jewish ritual has been and is still used as an excuse for pogroms in Poland, Rumania, etc., and for the same purpose—that of maintaining the system of national oppression.

THE existence of a national minority whose economic and social conditions are far below even the miserable level of the working class in general, places in the hands of the ruling class a weapon they will surrender only when decisively defeated by the united front of the working class and the basic sections of the oppressed minority. In the United States this means the united front of white and Negro masses in struggle for Negro liberation and against capitalist oppression.

The culmination of the struggle for Negro liberation, because of the character of the oppression to which they are subjected—that of one nationality by another—occurring especially in huge territorial areas in which Negroes are the majority, because these areas are overwhelmingly agricultural and Negroes are denied access to the land even on an equal basis with the relentlessly exploited white farmers, croppers and tenants, is a struggle for self-determination.

The Communist Party has had to point out that the struggle against indignities and persecutions inflicted upon the Negro masses, is part of the struggle for self-determination and must not be separated from it. It must prepare the way and lead up to the fight for self-determination, for a separate Negro government in the Black Belt of the South if this is desired by the Negro masses.

THE Socialist Party and the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People have taken no part in the struggle for the release of the Scottsboro boys. They will not be present in the united front protest meetings that are taking place today.

From the beginning these forces have tried to split the ranks of the working class. Their excuses for their treacherous actions have been many and varied. Had it been left to the leaders of these organizations the charred bodies of the Scottsboro boys would long ago have been dissolved in the quicklime the sovereign state of Alabama reserves for its Negro victims.

On an international scale, taking their cue from their American counterparts, the leaders of the social democracy have sabotaged the struggle. Germany, England, France, Belgium, Bulgaria, Hungary, Jugoslavia and Poland have all witnessed masses of workers overriding the betrayal of the social democratic leaders—many of them in government posts—and rallying in huge protest meetings addressed by Louis Endegahl, of the International Labor Defense, and Mrs. Ada Wright, mother of one of the Scottsboro boys.

First of all, the Socialist Party and the leaders of the National Association for Advancement of Colored People swallowed whole the capitalist slander that the Scottsboro case was "just another rape case." This lie was repudiated by masses both of white and Negro workers when the Communist Party exposed it.

Next, under the pressure of thousands of aroused workers the N.A.A.C.P. retained a lawyer who did his best to turn the boys over to the executioner. Exposed in this treacherous maneuver, the N.A.A.C.P., backed by the Socialist Party, retained Clarence Darrow and demagogically offered his services—provided the International Labor Defense would discontinue its appeal for mass defense and abolish the mass defense movement that had been organized.

The N.A.A.C.P. and Darrow—later exposed in the Massie case as a defender of American imperialism—withdraw all pretense of cooperation when their conditions, which meant leaving these innocent young Negroes to the mercy of a lynch jury, were refused and exposed.

The Socialist Party and the N.A.A.C.P. press then began a campaign to discredit the Communist Party and the International Labor Defense. They accused our Party of sacrificing the boys to make martyrs and further Communist propaganda. Their press echoed the most vicious slanders of the capitalist press—and still does, although somewhat more cautiously because of the immense popular support of the struggle for the lives and liberties of the Scottsboro boys.

THE achievements so far in the mass character of the struggle have indeed been great, especially when we take into account the obscurity of the issue when the struggle first began and the three centuries of anti-Negro prejudice that had to be combated.

Legally the case has been shown to be a frame-up. The struggle taken up by the International Labor Defense has won the support of great masses of Negroes. It has rallied hundreds of thousands of white workers nationally and internationally.

Lynch and murder terror, Jim Crowism, segregation and all other special forms of oppression have become burning issues of struggle. Organization of the most exploited Negroes in the South—tenants, croppers, farm laborers—has begun and is spreading.

THE main task—that of prying loose the clutching fingers of murder justice from the throats of the Scottsboro boys, of mobilizing far greater forces of white and Negro masses to force their unconditional release, is still to be accomplished.

But the fact that the Scottsboro boys are alive today has proved that the Communist way—that of mass organization and mass struggle—is the only effective method of combating the growing persecution and robbery of the toiling millions, Negro and white.

IN THE year and a half that has elapsed since the Communist Party called upon the workers to save the Scottsboro boys capitalist prisons have closed their doors on scores of militant members of our class. Police persecution is a daily occurrence. Capitalist murder terror has taken life after life of workers in strikes and unemployment demonstrations.

The murder terror of the gangster bands of the bosses and bankers has now invaded the countryside. Striking farmers are shot down in their homes and on the highways.

The increase in legal persecution and outright fascist methods coincides with the growth of unemployment, with the new wave of wage cuts with Ford setting the pace by his wage slash of one-third.

New attacks on the Soviet Union are being prepared. War is in the air. Capitalism's way out of the crisis puts unbearable burdens on the masses—Negro and white.

The mass united front in defense of the Scottsboro boys and Tom Mooney is a powerful weapon for the working class. It must be made still more powerful. For greater energy must be applied and more resolute steps taken to form the broadest united front movement for the freedom of the Scottsboro boys, Mooney and all class war prisoners.

Unity of the working class, and the toiling farmers, Negro and white, employed and unemployed, native and foreign born, around the Communist program of action will free Mooney and the Scottsboro boys and check the growing terror drive against the living standards and elementary political rights of the American masses.

## PARTY LIFE

### Suggestions In Building Block Committees

By RUBIN SCHULMAN

(13th St. Block Committee, N. Y.) THE Party must be the driving force in beginning the organization of the block committee. In mobilizing the unit for work on the block which is selected, we must first discuss with the Party comrades the method of approach.

In approaching the workers, we must come to them as their friends, and not in the manner of investigators from some relief or charity organization. We must always raise issues that the workers can understand, and are willing to fight for; the demand for free milk, immediate relief, struggle against evictions, for food tickets, for playgrounds for children, etc.

### EXPLAIN IMPORTANCE

With the employed, we explain the importance of joining to help his fellow worker, for unemployment insurance, and other forms of immediate relief. This is done by speaking to the employed workers of the insecurity of the job, the uncertainty of existence, the mass lay-offs, wage-cuts, etc. We always raise, with employed workers, the question of organizing struggles for rent reductions, because of the employed workers reduced wages, and link this up with the struggle against eviction of the unemployed living in that house.

IN sending out comrades for canvassing, they are to understand that this is not a mechanical process. For instance, on 13th St. we have canvassed many buildings and all we got was names. After re-canvassing, the same buildings by comrades that did not do so mechanically, we got, in many buildings, from five to eight supporters for the block committee, who registered with us. We also found many families actually starving, and we organized committees for immediate relief. Here too, we must act quickly.

Then we call our contacts (registered supporters, or sympathizers) to a meeting in a workers' house, where we explain the functions of the block committee. Here we elect a committee that will take all the needed work on the block to the Home Relief Bureau. If sufficient time, we issue leaflets, to mobilize the entire block for this action.

IN our canvassing we may meet many difficulties, and we may use various methods. We therefore make arrangements that all our canvassers come back to a comrade's home, at the end of the evening canvassing to discuss our methods of approach, the response of the workers, etc. In this way we check up mistakes and shortcomings and learn correct methods of approach.

Comrades that do block work must always be with the workers and become a part of that block, living their struggles, experiencing their difficulties, knowing when a worker gets laid off, fired, immediately when these things occur. In the words of the 14th Plenum, "establishing solid, personal contact with the workers"—and their children. They must be known and looked up to by the workers as warm friends, and then as we develop intimacy, as Communists. And this is our best protection against the police, gangsters, provocateurs, etc.

### GAIN WORKERS' CONFIDENCE

We must learn to understand how to raise the proper issues. This can be done if we really "live" with the workers. As for instance, young workers, on 13th St. while they were not against us, nevertheless a little bit cynical, and skeptical of the practical results to be gained by mass organization. They were playing ball on the block, and were continually stopped by passing traffic. We approached them on the issue of closing the block for a play street, and they responded very well. With the result that after this demand was won, they became enthusiasts of the Block Committee.

In the very forefront of all our struggles must be placed the immediate demand of Unemployment Insurance at the expense of the bosses and the boss government.

THE children play an important role in all block struggles. In evictions, when we put back the furniture, as in 606 E. 13th St., the children helped. In the fight for a milk station, which we are carrying on, the children led in the cheering, singing, carrying of placards. In militancy the kids are wonders, ducking the cops, holding the streets, and as last week, rushing into the H.R.B. after they had refused to see the delegation, thus paving the way for the adults to make their way into the H.R.B. with our demands.

Open-air meetings must be block meetings in the beginning. By this I mean that we must speak on problems that exist on the block, and not about China, or any other national or international situation which these workers will not understand readily. Popularization of the living conditions, wages, employment, in the Soviet Union should be used, but very carefully, and then only by the best speaker, who can match up the living problems here, with the corresponding information of the lives of the Soviet workers.

The workers of the block must be drawn into speaking, because they themselves will always make better impression than any of our "theoretical" speakers. The workers must be stimulated, "nursed" along to assume leading positions on the Block Committee, to regulate their work themselves, with proper guidance.

## DEMONSTRATE TODAY!

—By Burck



## The Appeal of the Amsterdam World Congress Against War

### Calls Upon Workers, Farmers, Intellectuals and Students for a United Struggle Against Imperialist War

#### (OFFICIAL MANIFESTO)

THE hand and brain workers united in this Anti-War Congress are conscious of the importance of the task that has been entrusted to them by millions of men and women in all countries. In order to lay a solid foundation for their future work, they wish to record in a single document the efforts and the intentions of this Congress, and to come to an agreement on the essential points and conditions of the struggle against war, and the duties and responsibilities incumbent on each and on all.

The Congress, regardless of the ideological and political differences which may separate its various component elements, desires to face facts and facts only. It desires to emphasize that the dangers of war are no less real and grave today than in the years immediately preceding the war of 1914. Though none, not even those ready to launch the war, can specify the exact date of its outbreak, the fate of the human race is nevertheless at the mercy of a diplomatic incident, a frontier clash, or a political crime.

#### IMPERIALIST WAR RAGES

The Congress faces the facts. It points out that war in colonies and mandated territories, and economic piracy, ravages the continents of the world. It points out that entire nations and vast countries such as India, Morocco, or Nicaragua, are as matter of fact at the present moment waging a defensive war against the armed forces of imperialist profiteers.

It points to the invasion of China by Japan, with the evident complicity of the Great Powers, that most dastardly act of brigandage, which will be inevitably followed by a division of the spoils no less bloody than the contest itself.

In the present political situation, with its more or less veiled alliances and treaties, its various conflicting yet interlocking capitalist interests, any imperialist war must certainly spread until the whole world is involved.

#### WAR PROPAGANDA

The Congress denounces the conduct of the big newspapers and of public men who through servility or love of gain conceal or distort the truth about the wars in progress and about the imminent catastrophes towards which the present generations are being visibly impelled, and which will engulf them unless they put up a vigorous resistance.

#### GROWTH OF ARMAMENTS

It points out and condemns the huge and ever increasing growth of armaments throughout the world, which flatly contradicts the sophistries, quibbles, and theatrical proclamations of the governments concerned. It condemns the terrifying and increasing efficiency of weapons, all the sinister instruments of scientific extermination through poison gas and disease germs, certain to be employed in the next world war.

#### IMPERIALIST RIVALRIES

It condemns the capitalist policy which rigorously shuts off the countries from each other for the exclusive benefit of a small and voracious minority, which drives every government to exploit to the limit the territory, wealth, and population of weaker countries, in order to secure markets at any cost.

It accordingly condemns such agreements as the one recently reached at Ottawa. These protectionist measures, adopted under the pressure of the economic crisis resulting from the existing economic system and lasting as long as the system itself, only serve to accentuate the crisis and render inevitable the transformation of economic strife into armed conflict. The sole course open to the governments of capitalist countries, or rather to the financiers who so thoroughly dominate these countries and governments, is to resort to an act of violence which will forcibly dip the scales to the exclusive advantage of the best armed and most powerful group among them. Capitalism is the cause of the economic crisis and the economic crisis accelerates war.

A SINGLE fact suffices utterly to condemn the existing system, since it illustrates the deplorable plight of world capitalism: it is the fact that in some parts of the globe enormous stocks of foodstuffs are being destroyed while in others famine reigns. In India and in China a large proportion of the population die of hunger, and in other continents hundreds of millions of human beings suffer and perish.

The Congress points out that all capitalist Powers treat the Soviet Union as their common enemy, which they are attempting to undermine and overthrow. There have been direct wars of intervention.

Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.

encirclements and blockades, armed attacks supported by Western imperialism, raising of White Guards in Europe and Asia, attempts at destruction by sabotage within the Soviet Union, unprecedented campaigns of calumny and defamation, all carried on under the flimsy cover of diplomatic relations established merely for the sake of immediate financial advantage. And today is being openly prepared in the Far East: a final armed crusade against the Soviet Union.

#### PEACE POLICY OF U.S.S.R.

The Congress points to the steadfast peace policy systematically pursued by the Soviet Union, and repudiates the legend of "red imperialism," the only object which is to justify and mask the persistent attacks against the Republic of workers and peasants.

The Congress proclaims that the present and future victims of the whole situation are the great masses of the people. The crisis of over-production and maldistribution resulting from the chaotic system of private profit, the consequent increase of unemployment which has reduced hundreds of millions of human beings throughout the world to the point of starvation, the enormous growth of military expenditure, the rise in the cost of living and in taxation, all combine to crush the working masses already decimated by the late war and for 14 years still suffering from its wounds and bereavements. After having been ruined they are now driven to the slaughter once more.

It points out that the Japanese workers have, by their heroic example, already shown how the fight against imperialist war is best carried on. They have stood up against their own bourgeoisie, held up war production and munition convoys, and shown up this war in the eyes of the Japanese soldiers for what it is—a war of piracy.

The Congress points out that the maintenance of the artificial frontiers imposed by the peace treaties—these one-sided arrangements dictated by vengeance and by political interest, and sacrificing the immediate future to a momentary gain to the victors—has created a great division between the nations which conjures up war upon all frontiers. The very basis of these treaties, Article 237 of the Treaty of Versailles, which attributes the sole responsibility of the war to Germany, is a flagrant untruth which has been used by a trick of demagogic mysticism to contribute to the growth of the Fascist reaction in Germany.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

## Negro Workers in African Colonies of British Empire

By R. BISHOP

THE African Negroes are being steadily exterminated as a result of the development of imperialism. The population of the British Sudan has decreased from 10,000,000 to 6,000,000, that of the Belgian Congo from 20,000,000 to less than 7,000,000. The native population of French Equatorial Africa has declined steadily from 6,000,000 in 1910 to 2,000,000 in 1921, since which year the government has decided the publication of further statistics to be "undesirable."

The causes of this decline are obvious. In Kenya and many other parts of Africa the reserve and compound systems have robbed the Africans of the best and most fertile lands, and reduced them to a state of complete slavery. Unable to make a living in the "reserves" the Negroes have to work at starvation rates for the white robbers who have stolen their land from them. Driven by their dire poverty, the parents hire out their children to the Whites for 12 months in return for a heifer, valued at between 30 and 40 shillings (\$5-\$7).

For 10 shillings (\$1.70) a month the mothers work from early morning till late at night, performing the most arduous tasks. Coupled with an almost entire lack of sanitation and maintenance of the most shocking type, this compulsory labor has resulted in an infant mortality rate that exceeds in many parts 500 deaths per 1,000 births. The surviving children grow up ragged and dirty, eating rotten food in scanty quantities, debarred from any medical facilities, and liable to thrashings for the most petty offenses.

The Australian aborigines provide a prime example of the extermination of a people by imperialism. Where once there were millions of healthy native Australians, there is now but a mere handful, and these have had their physique destroyed by the "civilizing" advent of the white man. If the imperialists have their way, the Africans will follow the same path.

It is through these abominably treated people that the imperialists continue to draw their huge tribute from the colonies and try to stem the growing crisis in the metropolitan countries. André Gide, the French writer, gives the following picture of conditions in the Belgian Congo:

"In the neighborhood of our encampment a whole flock of children, between 8 and 13, squat around a feeble gas fire all through the cold night. . . . These children have been marched from the villages with ropes around their necks, for 6 days they have been forced to march without pay or food."

Here is another passage from the same book:

"We met a group of prisoners, all of them tied together by ropes. One of them carried nothing; he was a lad between 10 and 12 years old, frightened, emaciated, and utterly exhausted from misery, hunger and want of sleep. From time to time his whole body shook and the skin of his stomach moved convulsively. His head was full of scabs and in

place of the hair there grew skin, the like of which usually forms over wounds. He seemed to have lost his smile forever. "If these children should find their conditions unbearable and venture to protest against it, their fathers are tied to trees and, then shot, as was clearly stated at the beginning of the season in 1927, when a terrible massacre took place among their parents, and five small children were chased into a hut and then burned alive."

Gide confirms his observations to Belgian territory. But the same things hold good, in a greater or lesser degree, for all parts of Africa, whether ruled by Belgium, France, Britain or Italy.

#### UNDER MACDONALD

In British Nigeria, the standard of living of the Negroes was driven down through the operations of Lever Brothers, causing tremendous hardships. The situation became so desperate that on December 14, 1929, some Nigerian women demonstrated in the station of Abaho. Six of them were shot dead by the police. Two days later another large number of women collected at Oppobo; they were attacked by troops who killed 19 and wounded many more. And this was to maintain the profits of the Unilever soap and margarine combine. All was carried out with the full approval of the British Labor government then in office, who issued a whitewashing report exonerating the officials on the spot.

IN 1925 the Governor of Kenya reported to the British Colonial Secretary that thousands of Negroes were being compelled to work on the construction of the Uganda railway for wages of 12 shillings a month. In a medical report on 2,500,000 natives in Kenya, the Chief Medical Officer reported in 1930 that:

"In general they are naked, poor, illiterate, uncultured, and utterly without common things like soap, beds, tables, chairs, etc., which are usually believed to be necessary for a comfortable life. Their huts are infested with worms and other parasites, so much so that it has been said that the inhabitants of some areas do not know what 'health' means. In general between 30 and 80 per cent of them have malaria."

#### THE SCOTTSBORO CASE

The murderous role of imperialism in the colonial countries is beyond cavil. But what of the Negroes abroad? In the United States the brutal oppression and exploitation of the Negro masses goes on apace. The whole press and educational system is engaged in fostering racial prejudice against the colored people, the logical outcome of which is Lynch Law and cases like the Scottsboro frame-up.

The Scottsboro case is as typical of American imperialism as is the Meerut case is of its British counterpart. It is significant, however, that the masses of workers in both Britain and the United States have refused to be stampeded and have rallied to the side of their colored class brothers. As a matter of fact the Scottsboro case has done much to cement the unity of white and colored workers throughout the world.

## What Have S.P. Rulers of Milwaukee Done for Labor?

By M. C. (Conclusion)

This is nothing new to the revolutionary workers in Milwaukee. We know that Mayor Hoan employs a spy system, and although there is no squad called the Red Squad, nevertheless, there is a special squad that has the same function to trail radicals, pointing out militant workers to the bosses, raiding workers' meetings, sending in plain clothesmen into the unemployed councils. The two such detectives, Berg and Mueller, were recently exposed. In Chicago, the Red Squad has its Mills and Murphys, known for their brutality in dealing with workers. In Milwaukee, we have the McGarveys and Tichurs. The Chicago police department has its "Gold Fish" room where prisoners are beaten and third degree to get "confessions." In Milwaukee, they have a more refined name for this room—it is called the "shadow box."

And gangsters? Yes, they ride around in the squad cars of the Milwaukee Police Department. We are not referring to Chicago where the Capone gangsters look upon the police department as their own, but in the socialist "miracle city," the gangsters are under the protection of the police department. On July 14th, a squad car ran over a little girl on the street. And who were the occupants of this car? A few Milwaukee policemen, and Joe Dentice, sitting in squad car No. 4. Who is Joe Dentice? Joe Dentice was connected with Joe Riggio, Brooklyn, New York, gangster who was hanged for a murder. At that time, Dentice himself received a few slugs, but recovered. When the police squad was asked what Dentice was doing in the car, Inspector J. B. Drewiak when pressed, said that the gangster rode around in the squad car for protection—he feared the other gangsters!

#### PROTECTION GRAFT

Only a few days ago grenades were hurled into two drink parlors on the North Side. Milwaukee is not very far from Chicago, and the beer wars taking place there finds its way into Wisconsin. The reason that the beer war does not assume greater proportions is due to the fact that the big breweries like Pabst, Miller, Blatz, are a dominant power in Milwaukee. The socialist politicians try to hold the market for their own beer and eliminate the competition as much as possible. Here, things are done in an official

way. "Socialism" is for eliminating competition. Outside beer, therefore, must be kept out—the hating market first.

When Mayor Hoan was attending the socialist convention in Milwaukee he claimed that for the first time in his life he saw a couple of dicks pay for their drinks when they came into a saloon. He tried to use this as an example to prove that the socialist police are "different," writing in his column in the "World-Telegram." The workers of Milwaukee who know their cops, say that Hoan doesn't know what he is talking about—the Milwaukee cops have itchy palms, just like their colleagues elsewhere.

The "miracle city" is involved in all the corruption that goes with capitalism. The Socialist Party makes deals with the other capitalist parties, just as the democrats and republicans make deals in other large cities. It is always with the aim of a few so-called non-partisan votes that Mayor Hoan puts up his measures for the bosses.

The socialists conclude deals with the republican "progressives" and other politicians as to who will go to the assembly, or other offices. At present, there is a fight within the Socialist Party in Milwaukee on the question of spoils. Some office-holders elected on the socialist ticket refuse to carry out the original bargains. The question of spoils was the cause of Mayor Swaboda of Racine quitting the Socialist Party. He refused to put in the police chief demanded by the socialist party.

#### S.P. SLOGAN: "LAW, ORDER, FORCE"

As a sample of "socialism," the head of the "miracle city," Mayor Hoan will soon travel through the U. S., campaigning. The workers should keep up the things in mind. They should prepare some questions for his honor, Mayor Hoan, and expose the acts being perpetrated by the Socialist Party. On the Safety Building (jail) in the city of Milwaukee, a new structure whose corner stones were blessed by the socialist administration, there is inscribed the following: "Law, Order, Force." This has been the slogan of the capitalist class from the very first day of its existence in order to put down the exploited and oppressed working class. This is the slogan of the capitalist administration in the city and county of Milwaukee.