

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR

- 1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rents or debts.

Daily Worker
Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR

- 4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

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CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

MASS MEMORIAL FOR MURDERED VETS TO BE HELD ON UNION SQUARE TODAY

Election of Delegates to Be Held in All Cities for Workers Ex-Servicemen's League Conference in Cleveland

MUST CARRY ON FIGHT FOR FULL BONUS PAYMENT

Raise Demand Against Allowance Cut for Veterans

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—All posts of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League, branches of the Unemployed Council and workers' mass organizations will participate in the mass veterans' memorial meeting to be held at 4.30 today on Union Square to honor the victims of Hoover's 'Bloody Thursday.'

The meeting, aside from being a memorial, will put forward the demands of the jobless veterans and unemployed workers for the bonus, disability allowances, unemployment insurance and against imperialist war.

Emanuel Levin, S. J. Stember, leaders of the Unemployed Council and rank and file veterans and workers will address the meeting.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 12.—A mass demonstration of veterans and jobless workers to protest against the slaughter of three ex-servicemen and two children and to demand immediate relief for the 53,000 unemployed workers who had all relief cut off by the City Welfare will be held Sunday at Hospital Lot, 12th and Central at 7 p. m.

Prepare for Conference Following the demonstration a series of meetings will be held throughout the city to elect delegates to the National Conference of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League to be held in Cleveland Sept. 23, 24, 25.

Aside from working out plans for the next steps in the bonus fight the conference will also take additional steps to stop the attacks that are being made against the miserable disability allowances of the ex-servicemen Hoover is preparing at the next session of congress to make further drastic cuts in the vets disability allowances.

"The task of fighting for the bonus requires mass organization in every city, in every town, in every shop, in every union, to bring together all of the veterans under a single program," says the call issued by the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League.

"This requires the broadest support for the veterans' struggle, especially from the fifteen million unemployed in the United States who demand unemployment insurance and relief and have been rejected the same as the veterans were rejected."

VETS DENIED AID AT CITY WELFARE

March to Relief Bureau With Unpaid Bills

NEW YORK.—Over 200 war veterans and unemployed workers, marching under the leadership of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League and the Unemployed Council and carrying with them a big bundle of dispossessed notices, gas and electric bills, demanded relief yesterday at the Department of Public Welfare and were denied it by James W. Kelly, Second Deputy Relief Commissioner.

The workers and vets gathered at Union Square in the morning, elected a committee consisting of J. J. Collins, Paul Fransee and Patrick O'Boyle, unemployed veterans. Following an enthusiastic meeting, at which members of the bonus army told how they were denied relief by the Public Welfare Department when they arrived in the city, the workers marched to the offices of Commissioner Frank J. Taylor.

A meeting was held in front of the Welfare Department offices while the committee went inside and demanded to see Mr. Taylor. The officials said that Taylor was not in town, so the committee presented their demands and unpaid bills to James Kelly, his assistant.

The committee demanded no discrimination in city relief, free gas and electric lights for jobless workers, food and clothes for children of the unemployed and the reconditioning of the Municipal Lodging House.

All the demands were denied, de-

Report USSR Denies That Bonds Will Be Sold in United States

Soviet officials denied that domestic bonds being issued in the Soviet Union will be marketed in the United States or any other country, according to a dispatch from Moscow to the capitalist papers.

They stated, however, that any foreign investor willing to do so may purchase these bonds through the State Bank.

The Soviet Government issued bonds to the amount of \$1,600,000,000 to finance the last year of the Five-Year Plan.

The reports published in the United States to the effect that the Soviet Government intended to float these bonds in foreign countries are said to have arisen out of a wrong interpretation of the decree calling for the domestic loan.

A provision contained in the decree stipulates that the bonds may be purchased in foreign currency and that the interest on them will likewise be paid in foreign money.

THUGS ATTACK FAILS TO HALT FURRIERS STRIKE

Many Bosses Forced to Settle With Workers

NEW YORK.—The bosses in a desperate attempt to smash the fur workers' march to victory in their strike, which now involves close to 2,000, brought out into the market an organized gang of thugs led by the business agent of the Greek company union. The thugs proceeded to attack strikers who were picketing shops.

A bitter battle broke out in which a few workers and several thugs were badly beaten. It is reported that one of the thugs was taken to a hospital.

Picket Jailed One of the workers, Morris Lorbem, was latter arrested on the picket line. The strike-breakers and thugs, however, were driven from the market and the ranks of the strikers remained unbroken.

It was reported that the so-called big association, which includes mostly fur coat manufacturers held a confidential meeting to discuss what should be done about the present strike which is going on in hundreds of shops. It was said that there was many different opinions among the leaders of the association.

Some said that an injunction should be gotten out; others said that a lock-out should be declared in all shops, and still others said such actions would be of no avail, that they'll have to start negotiations with the Industrial Union in order to try to reach a settlement. What was decided at the meeting has not yet been revealed.

The second fur-trimming manufacturers association still is insisting on its ultimatum sent to McGready and his Council a few days ago that if in ten days enough scabs to take the places of the strikers are not gotten the association would be free from its agreement with the Council.

A large number of bosses who were members of the association have been forced to tear themselves away in the past few weeks and make agreements with the strikers and the Industrial Union.

Break With Association A great many bosses who are members of the associations are on the verge of breaking away and signing agreements with the union. There are many applications from bosses, members of the associations, who are ready to negotiate agreements in the office of the union at present.

The associations are seeing that there is a danger that they will be smashed altogether.

That is why they are trying with might and vain to find a way out of the present situation.

spite the fact that the Welfare boasts of its "activities in relieving the unemployed."

Patrick O'Boyle, chairman of the delegation, told the Welfare officials that the thugs would be back again.

"The next time we will come back in larger numbers," said O'Boyle,

BOSSES PRAISE HILLMAN'S NEW PAY CUT SCHEME

B'klyn Workers Strike Against Speed-Up

NEW YORK.—High praise for the "wage arbitration" scheme of Sidney Hillman, president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, came yesterday from various heads of department and chain stores dealing in men's clothing.

He plan calls for the setting up of a board consisting of manufacturers and of the A. C. W. machine to determine the wages of the tailors. That the leading retail merchants and manufacturers will be the chief factors in determining the scale goes without saying.

Those who lauded Hillman's scheme included Charles T. Yaffe, president of the Clothing Manufacturers' Exchange, and Sam Kappel, of the Howard Clothing Co.

At the same time came reports of a strike in one of the larger shops, Wasserman's, Brooklyn, where the work on the new piece-work and speed-up system. This firm manufactures children's jackets. The agreement which Hillman put over in this shop demands that the workers produce 2,000 jackets per day instead of 1,600 which was the former quota. Side by side with this was put through a 10 per cent wage cut.

The fitters, turners and button-hole makers of this shop have from the beginning refused to accept these terms. Now, however, they have been joined by the other workers in the shop. The Amalgamated chieftains, meanwhile, are repeating their threats that if the workers persist in rejecting the new agreements they put over, that all work will be taken out of New York and brought to the small towns.

These threats, far from terrorizing the workers, is making them more and more determined to fight the new speed-up program.

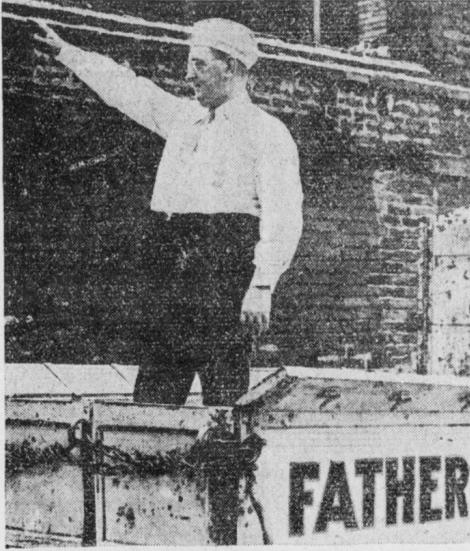
Police Arrest Three Demanding City Relief

NEW YORK.—A delegation of workers from the New York Unemployed Council Thursday made a demand for relief for 25 workers, from the Home Relief Bureau at 235 East 125th Street, New York City.

The relief bureau refused the demand of the committee on the ground that no documentary evidence was presented which proved that the workers were starving. When the committee insisted that the 25 be fed the relief bureau called out the police riot squad, which arrested three of the workers, Elinor Henderson, Communist candidate for Congress in the 21st District, Sidney Spenser and Francis Moody.

Negotiations Postponed Hitler's conference with Chancellor Von Papen, which was to take place

"Father" Cox Giving the Fascist Salute



Picture shows the Catholic Priest, Cox, speaking from one of the trucks in which gangs of his "Blue Shirts" are rushed around Pittsburgh to attack workers' meetings. The picture was taken of Cox, Aug. 10. Cox is financed by a group of Pittsburgh employers, who hope that his fascist crowd, and his "Unemployed Party" convention this month in St. Louis will prevent the jobless from fighting for unemployment insurance at the expense of the employers and the state. Cox is wearing the "Blue Shirt" uniform.

Workers Organizations Thruout Prussia Raided By Huge Police Forces

Several Workers Arrested for Unspecified Reasons; Leaflets Confiscated

PROTEST DEMONSTRATIONS DURING SEARCH

Bruening Threats Vote of No Confidence If Nazis Are Not Given Responsibility in the New Cabinet

(By Inprecoor Cable)

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—The biggest police action in years occurred today against the revolutionary workers' organizations. The headquarters of the Soviet Union, Red Aid, Workers International Relief, Trade Union Populism and other organizations in Berlin, Hamburg, Essen and other cities were raided simultaneously by huge police forces.

The homes of several workers were also raided and searched. No one was allowed to enter or leave the occupied buildings while the search was going on.

Several arrests were made for unspecified reasons. Judging from a police report which mentions that only leaflets were confiscated, the action resulted in a gigantic fiasco.

Protest demonstrations on the part of the workers occurred in the streets during the search.

The debate is being held under the auspices of the Negro Workers Club, 143 West 136th Street.

PATTERSON DEBATES WITH REPUBLICAN

NEW YORK.—A debate between the principles of Communism versus those of "Republicanism" as they affect the Negro workers will be held tomorrow at the Urban League, 202-206 West 136th Street, at 8 p. m.

William Patterson will speak for the Communist Party and Clayton T. A. French will speak for "Republicanism."

The debate is being held under the auspices of the Negro Workers Club, 143 West 136th Street.

Hoover Is Silent on "Bloody Thursday"

Acceptance Speech Repeats Program of Starvation for Unemployed; Praises Himself for Enormous Gifts to Bankers

Behind Cloud of Pacifist Phrases, Indicates That War Is on the Way; Workers Must Fight for Insurance and Against War

CONFERENCE ON BREAD PARADE COMES MONDAY

Last Call to Elect Delegates!

NEW YORK.—The conference of active fighters for unemployment relief and unemployment insurance at the expense of the employers and the state, is day after tomorrow. Delegates from block committees, from meetings of those registered at the various relief stations and employment offices, from the inmates of flop houses, from the breadlines, etc., will gather to make plans for further action.

With them will be delegates from union locals, both of the A. F. of L. and Trade Union Unity League, delegates from war veterans' organizations, from clubs and fraternal organizations of workers.

This conference is of great importance. It will assign the tasks for the mobilization of a tremendous Bread Parade which will march from Union Square on Sept. 10. The conference is Monday, Aug. 15 at 7:30 p. m., in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East Fourth St. This is almost the last call for workers in the various organizations to bring the demands of the jobless before these bodies, get them approved, get the organization to endorse the Bread Parade of Sept. 10, and the conference day after tomorrow, and elect delegates.

The Unemployed Council in its call for the conference scores Walker's wage cutting plan for city employes, and its demands for relief specify that the relief funds shall not be raised by cutting city workers' wages. Instead, there is a demand that Walker's salary of \$40,000 a year be cut to \$3,500 a year, and the salaries over \$3,500 a year of other officials be cut likewise. The Unemployed Committee asks especially for city employes to send their delegates to the conference.

Mother Mooney Spurns Police Escort; Sneaks In Camps This Week

NEW YORK.—"Mother" Mooney and Richard B. Moore will speak today (Saturday) in Camp Nizkedalget and Sunday at Camp Kinderland.

Thursday evening, Mother Mooney was greeted with resounding cheers when she arrived in Newark. Throngs of workers packed the station as she arrived. Police attempted to break up the welcome demonstration, but failed. They were frustrated again when "Mother" Mooney refused the police escort offered her.

On Wednesday, 400 workers heard the fighting mother of Tom Mooney, and Moore speak in Monticello, N. Y. The day before, the walls of Sing Sing, in the little town of Ossining, N. Y., echoed to strange music when a crowd of 100 men, women and children, Negro and white, greeted her at the station. Later in the evening they spoke to 200 workers on the campaign to free Tom Mooney, the Scottsboro boys and all class-war prisoners.

Supreme Court Tries to Help Roosevelt Dodge Walker Issue

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 12.—The second act in the capitalist legalist farce being played here by Governor Roosevelt and Mayor Jimmy Walker of New York took place today with the announcement that the Tammany Governor would probably withhold his decision on the trial of Walker for taking graft until after the presidential election.

It was also announced that Supreme Court Justice Hinman had issued an order for Roosevelt to show cause why he should not be permanently prevented from giving any decision.

VOTE COMMUNIST Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.

Red Election Tag Days Today, Sunday; Thousands Take Part

NEW YORK.—Thousands of workers throughout Greater New York are expected to participate in the Communist Election Campaign fund tag days, today and tomorrow.

Realizing the vital necessity for raising funds to bring the fighting program of the Party to the masses everywhere, workers from Party, labor and fraternal organizations have indicated their intention of participating in the drive today.

A complete list of the stations will be found on Page 2 in this issue of the Daily Worker.

DEMONSTRATION AT POOL TODAY

Will Demand End of Negro Discrimination

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Bronx workers will hold another demonstration today at 1:30 before the Bronx-dale swimming pool in protest against the discrimination of the owner of the pool towards Negroes. No Negroes are admitted into the pool.

The Negro capitalist press, in line with its policy of supporting the white ruling class, is reporting that no Negroes are taking part in the demonstrations.

The Amsterdam News, for example, a leading Negro reformist paper, after stating that Negroes have not been refused admittance into local swimming pools, was forced to admit that the manager of a neighboring swimming pool actually advertised that Negroes were not admitted. The Amsterdam News has been opposing the holding of the demonstrations.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR Emergency Relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rents or debts.

Brotherhood Officials Are Granting Wage-Cut By Use of Watson-Parker Statute

Foster Issues Ringing Call in Scranton Speech for Organization and Strike

"DON'T BE FOOLED BY FAKE RESISTANCE OF GREEN, MUSTE"

A. F. L. and Brotherhood Clique Actually Framed Anti-Strike Law They Intend to Use Now

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 12.—"The suggestion in the capitalist press that the railroad companies and the Brotherhood officials intended now to use the Watson-Parker law to 'arbitrate' the additional wage cut this year should be a warning bell to every militant worker, to every railroad man who doesn't want his wages slashed," said William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President in an interview with the Daily Worker on the eve of his speech here tonight in Regall Hall.

FORD MEETINGS IN MINE TOWNS

Help Build Steel Union Convention, Also

"WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 12.—Miners and steel workers come long distances to hear the message of struggle against wage cuts and for unemployment relief and insurance, which is brought to them by James W. Ford, Communist candidate for Vice-President of the United States.

Ford is touring the towns of West Virginia, eastern Ohio and western Pennsylvania, the heart of the wage-cutting, unemployment and strike struggle in the mining and steel industries.

Ford, a Negro worker and an ex-serviceman, issues always a stirring call to action for unity of Negro and

Only Four Pages Today!

The Daily Worker appears in only four pages today, instead of six as is usual for the Saturday issue:

Thus, material of the most urgent kind is omitted from the paper. With the fighting program of the Communist Party, the Daily Worker must be in a position to wield hammer blows at the foes of the working class.

Not only was it impossible to have six pages today—the printing of the four pages was a task which took every bit of resource and energy.

Whether we shall be able to return to the Saturday six-page issue depends upon the readers of the Daily Worker. If support does not come at once, still more drastic measures may have to be resorted to!

The Daily Worker needs at least \$40,000 at once if it is to continue publication.

COMRADES, if you think that these appeals are exaggerated, change your mind before it is too late—because the situation is desperate! The bosses with the aid of their labor lieutenants, are preparing new assaults on the workers of the U. S. A new wage-cut of the Illinois miners is followed by the attempt to put over a pay slash on the railroads. Wage cuts, speed-up, and terror against the workers go hand in hand.

THE DAILY WORKER IS THE VOICE OF THE WORKING CLASS, ITS REVOLUTIONARY GUIDE, THE ORGANIZER OF THE FIGHTING MASSES. IT MUST NOT BE PERMITTED TO SUSPEND. Rush your donation at once!

I contribute \$..... to the \$40,000 Save the "Daily" Drive.

Name Street City

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Chiang in Move to Set Up New Bloody Fascist Dictatorship in China

Aimed at Drowning Communist-Led Revolutionary Movement in Blood

Move Backed by Wall Street Imperialists; Wang Ching-wei Maneuvering in Sham Opposition

His main army defeated by the Chinese Red Army in a terrific ten-day battle in Hupeh Province, Central China, the Wall Street Butcher Chiang Kai-shek is attempting to set up a new bloody fascist regime in China in a desperate attempt to save the tottering rule of the Chinese militarists and their imperialist masters.

The fascist move is aimed at drowning in blood the tremendous anti-imperialist, anti-Kuomintang upsurge throughout Kuomintang China. By this move, Chiang and his imperialist masters, seek to block the spread of the Chinese Soviet Power whose rapid growth is uniting China and threatening the stranglehold of the imperialist bandits on the throats of the Chinese People.

Chiang's move, which has been in preparation for several months, is instigated and supported by the Wall Street imperialists. The fascist organization now has 3,000 members, recruited exclusively from among the militarists and feudal landowners. The organization is organized apart from the Kuomintang Party, whose rapid disintegration and loss of confidence among the toiling masses, has destroyed its effectiveness as a ruling class instrument against the Chinese

Expect Big Attendance At F. S. U. Boat Ride on the Hudson Tonight

NEW YORK.—Hundreds of New York workers will gather tonight in support of "Soviet Russia Today", official organ of the Friends of the Soviet Union, on a moonlight boat-ride up the Hudson River on the S. S. Susquehanna.

The steamer will leave from Pier 11, East River, foot of Wall Street at 7 p. m.

The affair will be an informal send-off for H. W. L. Dana and other delegates to the World Anti-War Congress, and a large number of well-known writers, are expected to be present as guests of honor.

An interesting entertainment program has been arranged including Margaret Larkin, in a program of cowboy songs; Negro songs by Taylor Gordon; Russian songs by Boshka Scherer; Chilean folk songs by Ricardo Cortez, and a musical concert. Later in the evening, Paul Sweet's Carnival Serenaders will play dance music.

An attempt will be made to reorganize the Kuomintang Party under the leadership of the Canton misleaders as a sham opposition party to the proposed fascist regime which will be headed by the butcher Chiang Kai-shek.

PRINTERS VOTING ON JOB SCALE

NEW YORK.—The New York Typographical Union ("Big Six") has issued a call for a special meeting tomorrow at Stuyvesant High School, at 2 p. m. to hear a report of the book and job scale committee. The official have purposely brought up the issue of the job scale in order to distract the attention of the members from the newspaper scale, which is still not settled.

The members of the union have rejected the proposals of the officials and publishers to "arbitrate" the wages. The sentiment of the membership is for the union's proposed scale—the six-hour day, five-day week, without reduction in pay.

The Amalgamation Party is calling a united front meeting for August 19 at 7:30 at the World Assembly Hall.

CITY ELECTION NOTES

SATURDAY
Fifteenth Ave. and 89th St. South Brooklyn. Speakers, J. Roberts and H. Kaplan. Sheephead Bay and Jerome Ave. Brooklyn. Speaker, I. Pinkson.
1374 Forty-third St., Brooklyn. Speaker: A. Teiffer.
Seventh Avenue and 138th St. central region demonstration, speakers: George E. Powers, candidate Chief Court of Appeals, Fitzgerald and Sklar.
Avenue St. John and Fox St., Lower Bronx (Central demonstration), main speaker, Henry Shepard, candidate for Lieutenant of New York.
Emanuel Levin, leader of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League and candidate for the seventh Congressional District, Communist Party, will speak on the Bonus March and the Election Campaign in Williamsburg, at Grand Street Extension and Havemeyer Streets, Saturday at 8 p. m. Boro Hall, Brooklyn 2 p. m. (preliminary rally).

SUNDAY
Albert Glasford, candidate for the 21st Assembly District, and Gera Szepessy, candidate for the 18th Assembly District, will be the speakers at a picnic at Edenwald Park, Bronx, Sunday, August 14th. The picnic will be under the auspices of the joint Yorkville Units and the Young Communist League.

First Annual Picnic of the Ital. Workers Center of Harlem

The Annual Picnic of the I.W.O. of Harlem will take place on Sunday, August 14th at PLEASANT BAY PARK.

At FOREST HILLS PARK Section Five (Jamaica Lice to Woodhaven Blvd. Sta.) Sun., Aug. 14, 11 a.m.

Admission 35 Cents

Admission 15c CHILDREN FREE

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Support the Communist ELECTION CAMPAIGN

PICNIC AT EDENWALD Sunday, August 14

Sponsored by Joint Yorkville Units C.P. and Y.C.L. and Hungarian Workers Club

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HELP US MAKE THIS AFFAIR A SUCCESS

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ADMISSION ONLY 15c

RUEGGGS REJECT NANKING 'TRIAL'

Refuse to Give Replies In Murder Court

(By Inprecoor Cable)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 12.—The farcical "trial" of Paul and Gertrude Ruegg was resumed today in Nanking behind closed doors. Formal charges have never been drawn up against the defendants, but at the last "hearing," which was as farcical as the present one, the prosecutor made vague charges of "Communist activities."

At the very beginning, Ruegg protested against the employment of an incompetent interpreter by the court, who had been rejected at the first hearing. At the same time he also renewed his demand for the transfer of the case to Shanghai, where at least there would be the possibility of the defendant having lawyers to handle the defense.

The judge at the star-chamber hearing, having rejected Ruegg's request, the defendants refused to participate further in the mock proceedings, declining to answer all questions and limiting themselves to taking notes. They indicated that they refused to participate in this judicial farce, but reserve the right to say the last word.

The judge then put a series of questions to the accused, but they remained silent. After long and fruitless questioning, during which the judge tried to "confirm" the charges against the defendants, he showed Ruegg several documents which were allegedly found in the rooms of the accused, and which purport to show their connection with the Chinese Red army and the Chinese Soviet government.

AMUSEMENTS

NOW PLAYING

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(Tragedy of Dostoevski)

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What Are the Communist Party and Workers' Organizations Doing to Save the "Daily Worker"?

1. Aug. 12, Lecture, Mapleton Workers' Club, 2066 70th St., B'klyn, N. Y., 8:30 p.m.
2. Aug. 12, Concert, East N. Y. Workers' Club, 52 Vermont St., B'klyn, 8:30 p.m.
3. Jamaica, L. I., Picnic, Communist Party and Women's Council, Aug. 14, Forest Park.
4. Aug. 21, Daily Worker, District 2, Picnic and Mass Features by the Proletarian, Labor Sports Union, Pioneers, Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League, Marine Workers' Industrial Union and Russian Echoes, under the direction of W. Kirsanoff. Speaker W. W. Weinstein, Editor of Daily Worker.
5. Aug. 27, Mapleton Workers' Club, 2066 70th St., B'klyn. Concert at 8:30 p.m.
6. Aug. 28, Coney Island Workers' Club, 2709 Mermaid Ave., Brooklyn. Concert at 8:30 p.m.
7. Sept. 3, Bath Beach Workers' Club, 2709 Mermaid Ave. Concert at 8:30 p.m.

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SIXTH ANNUAL

Daily Worker Morning Freiheit Young Worker Bazaar

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THURSDAY
FRIDAY
SATURDAY
SUNDAY
MONDAY

October 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10
Collect articles and greetings and send it immediately to the Bazaar Headquarters

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An Entertainment and Dance is Arranged by the East New York Workers Club

SATURDAY, AUGUST 13th

At the WORKERS CENTER
524 Vermont St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
PROLETBUENNE
All Proceeds for the DAILY WORKER
Speaker—COMRADE FRANK SECTOR

Jamaica, L. I. — A PICNIC is arranged by the Communist Party and Women's Council on SUNDAY, AUG. 15

All Proceeds go for the DAILY WORKER
Comrade Vern Smith will speak on the role of the revolutionary press in the present economic crisis. To reach the picnic ground take B.M.T. subway, change for Jamaica train at Broadway Junction, get off at Forest Parkway

Picnic in Prospect Park
to be held by the WOMEN'S COUNCIL No. 15

Sunday, August 14th

All Proceeds to the DAILY WORKER

5th AVENUE THEATRE
Friday & 2nd St. ST.

LAST SHOWING TODAY
GOGOL'S RUSSIAN MASTERPIECE

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What's On —

SATURDAY
The Y. C. L. will have a party at 1619 Washington Avenue, Bronx, Apt 8, at 8 p. m.

Council 8, U. C. W. C. W. will hold their open forum at Crotona Park, Clarendon Parkway and Fulton Avenue, Bronx, at 4 p. m.

Council 29, U. C. W. C. W. will hold an open air meeting at Bryant Avenue and 174th Street, Bronx.

The Bath Beach Workers Club will have a dance at 2773 Bath Avenue, at 9 p. m. Admission 15c.

Installations of a new Executive Board, concert and dance will be held in the Tremont Workers Club, 2073 Clinton Avenue, near 130th Street, Bronx, at 8:30 p. m. Admission 15c.

Workers Ex-Servicemen's League, Post 75, will have an outdoor meeting at Bathing Road and Rockaway Parkway.

Concha Michel, revolutionary artist will sing at the festival and ball of the Anti-Imperialist League, at 1533 Madison Avenue at 8 p. m.

Red Hook Workers Center, at 293 Columbia Street, Brooklyn, will open with an entertainment, at 8 p. m.

The Brooklyn Section, I. L. D. will hold a concert and dance at Casa D'Amor, West 21 Street and Mermaid Avenue, Brooklyn, at 8 p. m.

All organizations are urged in a notice sent out by the New York State United Front Election Campaign Committee, today, not to arrange any meetings or collection of funds which will conflict with the Election Campaign tag days for New York City, set for August 15 and 16.

F. S. U. Moonlight sail on Hudson, tonight. Leaves Pier 11, East River, foot of Wall St., at 7 p. m.

The Coney Section of the I. L. D., which is active in the fight for Samuel Weinstein, framed-up Brooklyn furniture worker, is holding an affair tonight at Casa D'Amor, 312-314 St., Brooklyn.

An open air meeting of the International Workers Club and the Young Storm will be held at Irving Place and 14th St., at 8 p. m. Speaker: Bob Harris.

F. S. U. Moonlight sail on the Hudson aboard the S. S. Susquehanna. Boat leaves at 7 p. m. from pier 11, East River, foot of Wall Street.

The West Side Unemployed Council will have a entertainment and dance at 301 West 22nd St., at 9 p. m. Admission 15c.

The Workers of the Coop will have a social affair in the auditorium, 2700 Bronx Park East, at 8:30 p. m. Admission 15c

SOVIET NIGHT ON THE HUDSON Moonlite Sail

SATURDAY, AUGUST 13th

—Entertainers—

NEGRO FOLK SONGS Gordon Taylor

COWBOY SONGS Margaret Larkin

RUSSIAN SONGS Boshka Scherer

MUSICAL CONCERT — DANCING

Guest—H. W. L. Dana, leaving for the World Congress Against War

Others Invited

Theodore Dreiser, Malcolm Cowley, Prof. Oakley Johnson

S.S. Susquehanna leaves at 7 P. M.

Pier 11, East River—Foot of Wall Street

FRIENDS OF THE SOVIET UNION
799 BROADWAY—Room 330
Admission 90 Cents At Boat \$1.10



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JEFFERSON

14th Street and 3rd Ave.

—TODAY TO TUESDAY—

Richard Dix in "ROAR of the DRAGON"

SALLY BLANE in "WHO! ME!"

TODAY AND TOMORROW

Revolt of the Volga Peasants!

"Flames On the Volga"

Realistic Drama of the Rebellion Against Catherine the Great Regime

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We Carry a Full Line of STATIONERY AT SPECIAL PRICES for Organizations

First Annual Picnic of the Ital. Workers Center of Harlem

The Annual Picnic of the I.W.O. of Harlem will take place on Sunday, August 14th at PLEASANT BAY PARK.

At FOREST HILLS PARK Section Five (Jamaica Lice to Woodhaven Blvd. Sta.) Sun., Aug. 14, 11 a.m.

Admission 35 Cents

Admission 15c CHILDREN FREE

Proceeds for Daily Worker

Support the Communist ELECTION CAMPAIGN

PICNIC AT EDENWALD Sunday, August 14

Sponsored by Joint Yorkville Units C.P. and Y.C.L. and Hungarian Workers Club

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DIRECTIONS.—Third Ave. "L" to 133rd St. Transfer to Westchester local train to Dyre Ave. or subway to 180th St. Station. Transfer to Westchester train.

ADMISSION 15 CENTS

ATTENTION! SOCIAL AFFAIR

to be given by the Workers in the Coop. House

METAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD LOOK TO PITTSBURGH TODAY FORMING NEW UNION

Credentials Pour in Along With Signs of Hunger, Suicide and Speed-Up in Steel Town; New Local Are Already Being Organized

MAN NOW DOES TEN TIMES WORK OF 5 FORMERLY

Communist Election Meeting Will Hear Convention Reports

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 12.—Credentials for the swarm of delegates from workers in steel mills and metal manufacturing plants are pouring into the national office here of the Metal Workers Industrial League. The delegates will open a three day session tomorrow here to form the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union. The latest credentials received were from Birmingham, Ala.

While this is going on, news comes in of the bitter life of the steel workers. James Kirk, 60 years old, committed suicide in hunger and desperation in the town made famous by the great Homestead strike years ago. He did it as his fellow workers were energetically planning the organization for the next great struggle. A local of the proposed Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union is already functioning in Homestead.

The Pittsburgh Steel Foundry at Pittsburgh has just announced a new system in its sheet mill, by which one man produces 80 to 90 tons daily as compared with five men producing eight to nine tons daily under the old style.

The meetings of James W. Ford, Communist candidate for vice-president, in the nearby steel towns will be made rallies also for organization of the metal workers. Reports of the convention will be made in Ford's Monday meeting, and his meeting Tuesday at Bluthedale.

Foster In Call To Action To Miners, Railroad Workers

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

led for a while on the open and undisguised treachery of the Railroad Brotherhood officials," said Foster, referring to the agreement of the officials to a ten per cent cut beginning Feb. 1st, of this year. This, Foster pointed out, was in line with the wage cutting plan of all industry up to the middle of this year. It proceeded from a departmental to direct assistance by the Hoover government. But now when nation-wide slashes in the railroad workers' pay, and the second cut in the same year, is intended, the Brotherhood and A. F. of L. officials want to pretend a little more than usual to be "for the workers." President Green of the A. F. of L. has published a statement "against the wage cut," and the lesser officials of the A. F. of L. and the heads of the Brotherhood will follow suit. The Musteltes and Socialists are in the same class, for they approved of the action of the Brotherhood officials early this year while the latter were still pretending to oppose the February wage cut on the railroads.

Foster brands all this as "fake show of resistance," and points to cases, as in the mines and textile strikes, where A. F. of L. officials even lead strikes, in order to mislead and betray them, and use very "radical" and "militant" phrases meanwhile.

The Watson Parker law is ideal for their purpose now. Hiding behind it, Green and the Brotherhood chiefs can shoot to the skies against the wage-cut. Meanwhile, the inexorable government machinery will grind along, month after month, and produce the wage cut with all the authority of the Hoover government and the federal courts behind it.

They Framed The Law
And the A. F. of L. officials and the Brotherhood chiefs are responsible for the law. They got it passed. "Labor," official organ of the railroad shop crafts, went into ecstasies over the law when it came before Congress in May, 1926.

The law was framed, by their own admission, by the labor bureaucrats in session with the employers. The 1926 A. F. of L. convention lauded the Watson-Parker law as "perhaps the most pronounced progress made this year."

The law itself (its official name is "Railroad Labor Act") is an anti-strike law. Strikes are absolutely illegal until the machinery of the law has run down, and any strike against the decision is illegal after that.

Prepare To Fight
The railroad workers must move at once to avoid another wage-cut. They must build their National Brotherhood Unity Committee movement in every division and shop and on every railroad system. There must be mass organization of the rank and file for strike, against the will of the A. F. of L. and Brotherhood officials, against the wage cut. And a big Communist vote during the progress of the Watson-Parker arbitration will have a powerful effect. The slogan of the railroad workers must be "Against this fake arbitration! No wage-cut! Strike against a wage cut!"

HOOVER SILENT ON BLOODY ACTS

Reports Program of Starving Jobless

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

imperialist war.

U. S.-Japanese Conflict.
Stressing the "virtues" of the Briand-Kellogg Pact "outlawing" war, Hoover revealed the rivalry existing between United States and Japanese imperialism. Without referring specifically to the Japanese adventure in North China where it came into conflict with United States' imperialist positions and aspirations, Hoover said that he supplemented the Kellogg Pact by transforming it into an instrument for mobilizing public opinion against any aggressor.

The efforts of United States imperialism to encourage the Japanese military preparations for war against the Soviet Union while discouraging the occupation of North China, were indirectly indicated by Hoover when he praised the principle that acquisitions made through war could not be recognized by the United States.

This principle did not commit United States imperialism to any action which called for the use of force to maintain peace, declared Hoover showing quite clearly that United States imperialism is not concerned about maintaining peace and prepares for war.

Against this program of hunger and war as outlined by Hoover, the Communist Party offers to the workers the program of revolutionary struggle for social insurance, at the expense of the government and the bosses, for defense of the Soviet Union and China, against imperialist war.

The workers must rally around

INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE HAILS NEW METAL UNION

"Must Be United Front of All Races for Class Struggle"

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 10.—The Metal Workers Industrial League has just received a cablegram from the Metal Workers International Committee in Berlin. It reads:

"Fellow Workers:—The United States of North America, the most highly developed industrial country in the world, held up for praise by the reformist leaders of all countries as a model country of advanced development to the workers of the world, has been caught up in the whirlpool of the capitalist international economic crisis, and has been drawn deepest of all into it. In the so-called free America, "more free than any other country in the world," the workers are abandoned to the greatest want and misery.

"The leaders of the American Federation of Labor trade unions, in alliance with the yellow fascist of the Cox type, know no other way out of the crisis beyond attempts to save the accused capitalist system, and therefore they support all the working conditions. In order to aid in the maintenance of the brutal capitalist dictatorship, these deliberate betrayers of the working class promote by every possible means the sowing of dissension among the exploited, and do their utmost to incite the employed against the unemployed, the native against the foreign born workers, the white against the colored.

"The first National Convention of the M.W.I.L. in Pittsburgh, the delegates of the exploited workers, are faced by the great task of creating the united front of all exploited iron, steel and metal workers, colored and white, American and foreign, employed and unemployed, for the struggle against the impoverishment of the working class.

"This same object must be served by the organization which the Pittsburgh Convention is going to found for the metal workers. This must become the most energetic and purposeful organizer and leader of the struggle.

"Therefore, the Metal Workers Intercom welcomes your Unity Convention for the founding of an iron, steel and metal workers union, and hopes that you will be successful in welding together all iron, steel and metal workers, irrespective of race, in one organization, which will be able to lead the struggle against the employers, against the reformist and yellow unions, and against the threatening imperialist war on the Soviet Union.

"The Metal Workers Intercom expects that the new organization, the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union, will establish firm international contact with the Metal Workers Intercom and with all revolutionary metal workers' organizations in other countries. In order that the results of experiences may be exchanged, gained in the struggle in different countries, and in order that mutual support may be given in the struggles, this contact is an imperative necessity at the present juncture.

"Long live the struggle of the American metal workers in the revolutionary united front against the exploiters.

"Long live the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union of the U.S.A.

"Long live the struggle of the metal workers against imperialist war.

"Long live international solidarity with the metal workers of all countries.

Metal Workers International Committee

New Jacksonville, Fla. Branch of I.W.O. First To Contribute to Daily

The newly organized branch of the International Workers Order is the first of the branches to answer the call issued by the National Executive Committee of the I. W. O. for the support of the election campaign fund and the \$40,000 Save the 'Daily' drive.

At its very first meeting, the branch raised \$25, of which \$10 was sent to the Daily Worker and \$15 to national election campaign fund. Which branch of the International Workers Order will be the first to follow the example of the newly-formed Jacksonville branch?

The Communist Party and its candidates to defeat the further attacks which Hoover is planning to launch on the workers. The way to defeat Hoover and his hunger and war program is not by supporting Roosevelt, candidate of the Democratic Party which stands on the same platform as the Republican Party, or Norman Thomas, candidate of the "socialist" third party of the bosses.

Only a vote for Foster and Ford will constitute a blow against the war and starvation plans of the capitalists.

Victims of Hungarian Fascism



Comrades Emmerich Sallai and Alexander Furst, leaders of the Communist Party of Hungary, who were executed in Budapest on July 29, two hours after a farcical trial before a court martial.

International Notes

PROTESTS AGAINST BUDAPEST DOUBLE MURDER

VIENNA.—Short protest strikes took place in Budapest against the murder of Imre Sallai and Alexander Furst, Hungarian Communist leaders executed on July 29th.

Prior to the trial of the two Communists, large numbers of leaflets were distributed in Budapest despite the extraordinary precautions taken by the police to prevent this. The police succeeded in arresting only two of the numerous distributors who wore uniforms of the post office employees.

Owing to the threatening attitude of a large crowd which immediately collected, the two were able to make their escape amidst the cheers of the crowd who prevented the police from chasing them.

After our comrades Sallai and Furst were executed the Central Committee of the Hungarian Democratic Party issued a statement condemning the hanging as "not being in accordance with humanitarian principles." The main significance of the statement was however the appeal to the workers "not to take any action in order not to endanger the unity of the working class."

THE STRIKE SITUATION IN BELGIUM

BRUSSELS.—The strike of the coal miners in the Limburg district is continuing. Intense pressure is being exerted by the authorities on the foreign born workers in order to force them back to work.

The efforts of the reformist leadership to persuade the coal miners in the Liege sector to return to work met with no noteworthy success.

The Communists are working hard for the election of pit strike committees and district strike committees were already elected in a number of districts including Charleroy and Liege.

The police received reinforcements in the districts affected by strikes.

The German Communist member of the Reichstag, Sobotta, one of the revolutionary miners' leaders, was arrested together with an editor of "L. Humanite." A number of prominent communists were arrested in Brussels.

HOW BUFFALO WORKERS RAISE FUNDS FOR "DAILY"

A comrade in Buffalo tells how Buffalo workers are mobilizing for the Save the "Daily" Drive. "At one of our Buffalo unit meetings the appeal for the "Daily" was read. We realized the danger in which our paper is and the dire need for raising funds immediately. After a discussion of the possible ways of helping to save our paper, we concluded that each member of the unit should raise \$1 by the next meeting in the following manner.

"Each member takes a block. He gives out back copies of the "Daily" to the workers on the block and tells them that he will be back the next day at the same time. The next day he discusses the paper with the workers and appeals to them to contribute their pennies, nickels and dimes to Save the "Daily" Fund. We believe that it is far more important for 1,000 workers to give a nickel each than for 100 workers to give \$1 a piece."

YOKINEN CONTRIBUTES

August Yokinon, once expelled from the Communist Party for white chauvinism but later readmitted upon his changed attitude as exemplified by his activity among the Negro workers, has contributed \$5 to the Save the Daily Fund with the following note:

"Dear Comrades: Enclosed you will find \$5 for the \$40,000 Save the 'Daily' Fund. In the fight for equal rights for Negro workers, the Daily Worker stands in the forefront. We cannot let the 'Daily' suspend. I want to take the opportunity to say that I am glad our Party has nominated James W. Ford, a Negro worker, for vice-president of the United States.

A BENEFIT AFFAIR

Unit 5, Section 15, District 2 of the Communist Party will hold an affair at 1013 Tremont Ave., at 17th St., on August 27th at 8 p. m. for the benefit of the \$40,000 Save the 'Daily' Drive. Entertainment will be provided by the Workers Laboratory Theatre, a section of the Pretheit

Washington Bosses Pushing Murder Frame-Up of Negroes

Nine of Ten Held by Police Indicted, Jury Orders Arrest of Two Others

I.L.D. Attorney Arrives in Behalf of Workers Held On Charge of Killing Cop

BULLETIN

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—Bernard Ades and William L. Patterson, representing the International Labor Defense, were today denied the right to see the Washington prisoners in the Kennedy case despite authorization by the relatives of the Negro boys, some of whom are minors.

Col. Peake, prison superintendent, and the district attorney demand proof of admission to the bar of the two I. L. D. attorneys, in an effort to prevent their seeing the prisoners.

"Mass sentiment is growing around the case," Patterson declared. "The death of Kennedy is an act of self-defense, and is the climax of a sustained campaign of terror against the Negro masses."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Ten Negro workers were ordered held for the grand jury yesterday in an attempt to frame them for the death of Milo J. Kennedy, park policeman, who died last Sunday of a fractured skull after attacking a group of Negro workers on the street. The attack was part of a general terrorizing drive launched against the Negro workers of this city as an aftermath of the murderous attack by the Hoover government on the war veterans.

The jury of white bosses, sitting in an inquest into the death of the police thug, charged Joseph Jackson, Irving Murray and Ralph Holmes with first degree murder. It ordered held as "accessories," Lewis Murray, Henry Duval, Leroy Robinson, Leroy Brazier, Gaston Baylous and Walter Murray. It also named

as "accessories," two other workers who have not yet been arrested: William Wood and Stanley Clark. It gave orders for their arrest.

All of those charged with the killing of the policeman or as accessories to the killing face the death penalty under local laws. They are being defended by the International Labor Defense whose attorney Bernard Ades arrived in the city yesterday.

Information obtained by the I.L.D. shows that the dead policeman was regularly terrorizing Negro workers in the vicinity of the park at Logan and Circle where he was killed.

The Washington Board of Trade has issued a lynch incitement call demanding a "clean up" of Negroes in the parks. Many homeless Negro workers have nowhere else to sleep but the parks.

2,000 New Readers Gained in Sub Drive Since July 15

But 953 Cancelled Subs Reveal Big Weakness in Drive Apparatus

The Daily Worker herewith prints the first chart of its progress during the present Subscription Drive. Workers will see at a glance that the Daily has gained 2,000 new readers since the drive began on July 15—through new subs and 1,011 through bundle orders.

As a result of these results, however, have been accomplished despite a definite, noticeable lack of functioning apparatus on the part of every district involved. Many of the subs have come in from individual workers, reached haphazardly, mainly because their own conditions have arrived at the point where they themselves see the necessity for subscribing and reading the Daily Worker as an important part of their daily struggles.

The failure of the districts to set up sufficient organizational apparatus can be seen in the fact that while 2,000 NEW readers were reached in the last three weeks, 953 SUBSCRIPTIONS WERE CANCELLED DURING THE SAME PERIOD. This should never be allowed to happen under any circumstances! We must realize that while we are carrying on our campaign for 7,000 new yearly subs, it is of equal importance to continue to hold the readers that we have acquired in the past. Districts should immediately set into motion a powerful, functioning sub-group in every unit, every mass organization, every local militant union.

It should be mentioned that our data is incomplete in the case of District 15 (Milwaukee, Wisconsin). This district, formerly a part of District 8 (Chicago) has just recently been established, and expects to submit a more complete record of its activities at an early date.

The chart follows:

District	Yearly Sub	Subs	Total No. New	Total No. Subs	No. Cancelled	Net Gain	New Orders	Bundle Orders	
1	325	14 1/2%	88.00	47	55	300	3	26	3
2	719	31 1/2%	187.00	116	102	1000	2	1	1
3	550	14%	89.00	57	150	1000	2	1	1
4	278	8%	38.80	24	14	275	2	43	0
6	450	15%	90.00	56	28	300	6	50	6
7	700	20%	122.00	63	34	700	7	25	4
7	700	21%	128.50	76	65	700	7	15	3
8	950	57%	241.50	193	102	1000	25	435	13
9	275	16%	38.50	54	57	275	2	13	2
10	135	10%	60.00	54	18	128	2	13	2
11	135	4%	26.50	24	8	123	1	35	0
12	275	7%	41.00	20	16	225	1	25	0
13	450	19%	117.00	50	28	250	1	42	2
14	300	13%	76.00	55	—	295	13	92	1
15	375	7%	43.50	26	16	250	7	26	2
16	125	1%	4.00	2	—	125	3	20	0
17	125	2 1/2%	15.50	11	10	125	3	23	0
18	200	1%	4.00	3	—	250	0	0	1
19	175	4%	24.00	19	11	150	4	40	0
Totals	226 1/2%	1895.50	953	563	88	1011	46		

District 1—Boston
E. Urebus Boston \$3.00
A. G. Friend Lynn .95
District 2—New York
Lena Steinberg Mohogon Colony .15
Pauline Brady 1.00
N. Joyce 1.50
A. Sabbath 2.00
M. Baerem 1.00
M. Stetson .50
D. Green 1.00
C. Goldenberg .50
Moris 1.00
H. Goldberg .50
M. Keogh city .50
District 3—Philadelphia
J. D. Demko Dameron Md. .50
District 8—Chicago
A. Abraham Tinley Park III 1.00
District 11—North Dakota
1.15
District 12—Seattle
1.00
District 13—California
1.00
District 14—Newark
1.00
District 15—Wisconsin
1.00
District 16—Milwaukee
1.00
District 17—Chicago
1.00
District 18—Chicago
1.00
District 19—Chicago
1.00

Singing Society and a Negro dance group. Comrade Sheppard, Communist candidate for Lieutenant Governor of New York State, will be the main speaker. All workers are invited.

HATHAWAY IN DETROIT.
DETROIT, Mich.—A city wide Daily Worker conference in connection with the subscription and financial drives will be held Monday, August 15, 7:30 p.m. at the Greek Workers Club, 337 Monroe.

Clarence Hathaway, director of the National Election Campaign Committee, will address the meeting.

A celebration of the entire Communist press, in which all language newspapers will participate jointly with the Daily Worker, will be held Sunday, August 14, at the Workers Camp, Farmington, Mich.

Attempt to Deport 500 Negro Families in Newark to South

Those Who Have Lived There Less Than Five Years Not "Citizens"

Call Mass Conference to Mobilize White and Negro Against Bosses' Scheme

By REBECCA GRECHT.
Newark, New Jersey, has a new deportation policy. By DECISION OF THE TRUST-CONTROLLED CITY GOVERNMENT, 500 UNEMPLOYED NEGRO WORKERS AND THEIR FAMILIES ARE TO BE "DEPORTED" FROM NEWARK TO THE SOUTH.

The deepening crisis and increase in unemployment in Newark has hit the Negro masses especially. It is estimated that over 90 per cent of the Negro workers in this city are unemployed, compared with an approximate estimate of 50 per cent unemployment for the city as a whole. These figures give glaring proof of the discrimination and special oppression to which the Negro toilers are subjected.

New Form of Discrimination.

Now a new form of discrimination, a new method of oppression has been devised by the bosses' city officials, who refusing to touch one cent of the profits of the rich for unemployment relief, are busily searching for new ways of throwing the burden of the crisis more heavily upon the shoulders of the impoverished masses, particularly on the shoulders of the Negro workers.

Negro workers, out of whose bitter toil and suffering huge profits have been piled up for the capitalists, are not "citizens" of this fair city if they have lived here less than five years. Negro workers who came to Newark, driven by hunger out of other states, in the vain hope of finding jobs, of finding protection from the race hatred and lynching terror of the South, only to find themselves here, as throughout the country, the objects of severe persecution and oppression, are now to be thrown out of the city like so much rubbish.

It is said that there is a "law" of Interstate Commerce prohibiting the ejection of unemployed workers from any city or state; but according to Egan, Newark's red-baiting director of public safety, "The police would do the work," law or no law.

The capitalist class anticipates sharp struggles of Negro and white workers for unemployment relief, as hunger and misery increase throughout New Jersey. Under the scheme of deportation, militant Negro workers can be singled out for attack, and the threat of ejection from the city held as a club over their heads to prevent militant action.

It is significant that while the first public statement of the policy indicated that Negro and white families would be evicted, now the principal emphasis rests upon Negro families. By this method the city government hopes to divide the ranks of Negro and white workers, set them against one another, and thus place a serious obstacle in the way of united struggle.

Urban League Backs Move.
To carry through this program, the city officials have enlisted the services of the New Jersey Urban League, through its secretary, Mr. R. L. Puryear. This bosses' agency, betrayer of the Negro people, known nationally for its strike-breaking activity, is now working hand in hand with the police and poor departments of the city to drive Negro families

out of Newark back to the South. Mr. Puryear, well-fed, well-paid "liason" between the city government and the Negro masses, is out to round up Negro families for deportation.

Mr. Puryear's heart is touched by the suffering of the Negro workers in Newark. He does not like to see them suffer poverty "in loneliness" in the North, so he is going to help them suffer poverty "among friends" in the South—the "friends" of race hatred and lynching terror. Mr. Puryear is the one, through maneuvering and soft-spoken threats, to persuade the Negro families to be thrown out that it is better for them to go "voluntarily," than to go at the point of a policeman's club or gun. Thus, cover of "humanitarianism" to carry through one of the most atrocious policies against the Negro workers.

But Mr. Puryear is not alone. There is now a group of Negro business men, ministers, and politicians, who, under cover of attack upon Puryear for his "open" support of the Negro deportation policy, are giving indirect support to the government to enforce this policy. This group is not opposed to ejection of the Negroes "on principle." It is, presumably, opposed to deportation "by force," and deportation only to the South, instead of to all sections of the country.

Equally with Puryear, this group of petty-bourgeois reformists fight against any call to the workers for mass struggle, and thus serves the purpose of the capitalists just as well. It differs from the Puryears only in the methods to be used, and with its skillful demagoguery is even more dangerous and must be the more sharply fought.

Communist Party Calls for Fight.
Only the Communist Party and the Unemployed Council have raised the clear-cut issue of uncompromising struggle against all forms of deportation of unemployed workers from Newark, and mobilizes Negro and white workers to fight for unemployment relief, unemployment insurance, against all forms of discrimination against the Negro workers.

A mass conference is now being called in Newark, to mobilize the Negro and white workers for united struggle against the new deportation scheme of the bankers' government, a scheme, which can be defeated only by the mass action of the workers themselves.

It is especially necessary to make this battle a part of the basic struggle against national oppression, for absolute equality for the Negro people—a struggle which will bring massiveness of Negro workers into the revolutionary fight against the entire capitalist system.

FORD MEETINGS IN MINE TOWNS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

white workers, and of struggle for the veterans' bonus. The crowds of part-time workers and jobless greet his words with cheers. Many of them join the Communist Party, the National Miners Union, and form new locals for the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union, which will be formed in a convention beginning tomorrow in Pittsburgh.

Below are incidents from some of the towns recently visited by Ford.

FOLLANSBEE, W. Va., Aug. 12.—Over 400 miners and steel workers

overflowed the hall here, and as many more wanted to get in and couldn't when Ford spoke, Aug. 10. Many came from miles away.

The town is dominated by a justice of the peace and a sheriff, who are trying their best to force the locked-out men of the Follansbee Steel Mill to go back with a wage cut when the mill re-opens Aug. 15.

Ford and Jack Stuart, a local Communist Party organizer, urged the steel workers to turn the lockout into a militant strike under rank and file leadership. He called on them to build the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union here.

This was the first Communist meeting ever held in Follansbee, and when the sheriff saw the temper of the crowd he did not attack the meeting.

Part of Fight for Relief
FAIRPORT, Ohio, Aug. 12.—Ford's meeting here yesterday became part of the local struggle against starvation. Gathered in the open air on a hillside, 150 miners heard the Communist candidate for Vice-President call for ceaseless struggle for that plank in the Communist platform demanding unemployment insurance at the expense of the employers and their state.

Vets in Hibbing, Minn. Denounce Hoover And Build Bonus Committee
HIBBING, Minn., Aug. 12.—Two hundred war veterans protested here against the murder and the attack on the war veterans in Washington.

When the speakers pointed out that the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League is the only leader of the war vets, and explained how they are fighting for the bonus many vets said this is the organization we want.

Plans are now being laid to organize a Bonus Committee in Hibbing.

Spanish Workers Protest
DENVER, Col., Aug. 12.—The Denver Spanish Workers Club emphatically protested against the action of Hoover calling the troops against the ex-servicemen in Washington and pledged to support the veterans in the struggle for the bonus and unemployment relief. A telegram of protest was sent to President Hoover.

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The Convention of Steel and Metal Workers

THE steel and metal workers in the United States have been the victims of a ruthless drive against their living standards. The recent wage cut of 10 per cent was followed in rapid succession by a 15 per cent cut. This decisive section of the American working class have suffered the worst blows of the Hoover stagger system.

The despotic steel trust has refused to grant relief to this large body of workers and their families and have left them to starve on a beggarly pittance. In the mills the steel workers are surrounded by a despicable spy system and kept in suppression by specially deputized gunmen. The city governments are virtual appointees of the steel barons and show the hollowness of American democracy. It is only necessary to mention Gary, McKeesport, Braddock, Homestead, Youngstown, Johnstown, to recall the horrors of steel town domination.

Not satisfied with the low standard of living which they have already created, the steel barons are laying plans for a further offensive. New layoffs are in store, new wage cuts and new forms of hideous stagger system are being evolved.

The convention of the Metal Workers Industrial League, which opens today in Pittsburgh to set up a union of steel and metal workers, is a timely occurrence. Since the great strike of 1919, which was led by Comrade William Z. Foster and defeated only because of the betrayal of Gompers and his bureaucratic clique, the steel workers were relatively passive in the face of the attacks of the steel trust.

The tide of struggle is once again rising among the steel workers in the United States. Since the crisis demonstrations of unemployed have occurred in many steel and metal centers. The steel workers are becoming radicalized under the blows of the capitalist attacks. Yet, faced by the terror of the steel trust and its cunning policy of dividing the workers, they have not had the strength necessary to take up the battles against the wage cuts and stagger system. This has been chiefly due to the lack of a mass union under militant leadership.

The greatest need at the present moment among the steel and metal workers is to take up an organized fight against the capitalist offensive by building a fighting organization based directly on the mills. This need is to be satisfied by the convention which has now been called.

The Metal Workers Industrial League has been the only fighting force among the steel and metal workers. In the short period of its existence, it has given repeated evidence of its ability to conduct a fight against the attacks upon the unemployed and on the workers in the mills. It has succeeded in a number of places in carrying through strong demonstrations, which have further aroused the fighting spirit of the steel workers. It has in some places been able to win a number of local grievances in the mills. It has succeeded likewise in breaking down the terror of steel towns.

The Metal Workers Industrial League, affiliated with the Trade Union Unity League, has conducted a fight against the leadership of the Amalgamated Association of Steel, Iron and Tin Workers, dominated by the American Federation of Labor. This organization served as one of the main forces of the steel trust to keep the workers in suppression. The Amalgamated has recently, in Niles and Warren, carried through a wage slash over the heads of the rank and file members. This organization, which was the first to betray the great steel strike, has kept faithful to this policy of treachery and subservience to the steel masters.

The convention of the metal and steel workers, which is being held in the heart of the steel regions, will lay down a policy of immediate fight against the capitalist attacks. It will answer for the steel workers the burning question of how to organize and fight against the wage cuts, the stagger system and unemployment. In its preparations for this convention, it has laid proper emphasis upon the necessity of organizing on the basis of the shop, as only by forming branches in the shop will it be capable of rendering effective blows to the policy of terror, espionage and the other hideous devices of these companies.

The convention will be a call to action against imperialist war. The steel and metal workers under revolutionary leadership can serve as one of the most powerful weapons to stop the production of ammunition and to destroy the preparations for imperialist war against the U. S. S. R.

By adopting the policy of the united front, by stimulating and organizing the initiative of the rank and file workers in the mills, by combining the fight of the employed and unemployed, drawing in the women and youth, and the Negro and white workers, by being in the forefront of the struggle against discrimination of the Negro workers in the mills, the convention of the militant metal and steel workers will give a powerful impetus to the defense of the entire working class against the predatory attacks of capital.

The Communist Party greets this convention of the men and women workers of the slave pens of capitalism and pledges full support to their fight, in which the Communists will be in the forefront. The Communist Party calls upon the metal and steel workers to throw their weight behind the election struggle of the Party, which carries upon its banner the urgent demands of the steel and metal workers and which fights for the destruction of capitalist slavery and oppression. It calls upon the steel workers to vote for the standard bearers of the Communist Party, Foster and Ford, whose names symbolize the best traditions of the fighting steel workers of the United States.

Letters from Our Readers

"NOTHING TOO GOOD"—NOT EVEN BULLETS

Cicero, Ill.

Daily Worker:
About May 5, 1918, when we were boarding a ship at Hoboken, N. J., for France, the American Red Cross and Y.M.C.A. were distributing candy and cigarettes, telling us what wonderful and brave soldiers we were.

Promises were made that nothing would be too good for us when we returned. Yes, nothing is too good for us today, not even bayonets and bullets. Plenty of help for a few. But not for the starving millions, especially for those who won the war.

We were called heroes in 1918, but considered hoodlums in 1932, because we are starving and asking for help. It is all right to help financiers, etc. But it is all wrong to help the starving, helpless veterans and their families.

A World War Veteran.

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. —The principal of our school invited the French consul to the city of Philadelphia to come and speak to us. What did he speak about? He spoke mostly about the Communists. He advised us to keep away from the Communists, because he said that the Communists are not good for us. He said they are "against" us.

Well, I know lots of Communists, friends of my father and mother and I wouldn't change one of them for all the French consuls in the United States.

I may be only a school girl but I can see the only people doing anything where I live, in South Philadelphia, to get help for the people out of work are the Communists. I never heard tell of the French consul doing anything, nor the principal of

FOR MORE PROLETARIAN DISCIPLINE AT MEETINGS

New York.

Daily Worker:
On Aug. 1 we workers read in the Daily:

"No collection boxes or collections of any character are to be made at the square."

I do not think it was necessary to make such a statement when we all know that we must make collections.

Many comrades, however, should be advised not to discuss when speakers hold the platform, but to pay a little more attention, especially when the main speaker addresses the workers.

At Pleasant Bay Park, when Somrade I. Amter was speaking, some comrades were singing and making unnecessary noise instead of listening to the speaker. A Sympathizer.

In this particular case the District decided not to make any general collections which would have disturbed the meeting, but one central collection from the platform. With regard to discussions during the meeting, discipline can be established only through the political character of the meeting, the tone of struggle given to it and the organization of the meeting. While it is necessary to call attention to the need for discipline, it would be very much better to take organizational steps to establish it by a large number of committees, best of all by a workers' defense corps. Preaching or haranguing alone will not achieve the discipline.—Editor.

our school either. Nearly everybody old enough to work in the block I live in can't find a job.

—Jennie Mak.

THE NAVIGATOR



"The policies I have inaugurated have protected and aided the navigation of the ship of state in this terrible storm."
—HERBERT HOOVER, U. S. GOVERNMENT

The Steel Workers Under the Blows of the Crisis

By CRAINE

What do the coming months hold in store for the steel and metal workers? A brief review of what has taken place in these industries since the crash of 1929 will disclose the answer.

In 1929 there were at least three million two hundred and fifty thousand workers in the iron-steel-metal industries, including the machine, transportation equipment, etc. By the end of 1931 approximately half of this number were not working and most of the other half were put on a part time basis bringing home but a few dollars a week. A good example of this can be found in the 1931 figures for the United States Steel Corporation. This corporation was supposed to have employed 203,000 workers, but in reality only 53,000 were on full time. There is no doubt that since the beginning of 1932 with the constant drop in production and increase in labor saving devices, many more tens of thousands were laid off and others "staggered" by part time employment. Unemployment, full or partial, affecting almost all the workers of the iron-steel and metal industries is but one side of the situation. The other is wage cutting. The two go hand in hand.

According to statistics of the New York State Department of Labor the steel and metal workers for this state had their wages slashed over 20 per cent by September 1931. The state of New York was not alone. The situation was similar throughout the country, excepting that 20 per cent is too low an estimate.

Wages Slashed.

In October, 1931, the billionaire U. S. Steel Corp., the Bethlehem Steel Corp., the American Smelting and Refining, the Utah Copper, the Jones and Laughlin Steel and others slashed 10 per cent off the wages of 500,000 workers. This gave the signal to hundreds of smaller companies to cut wages again and again. On the official announcement of the wage cut in September, William Roberts, acting for Green, head of the American Federation of Labor, made the following statement: "Stories like that have been appearing every week and there was nothing to them." In less than a week the steel and metal workers knew that he was lying thus helping the magnates to quiet the workers. On the other hand, one day before the U. S. Steel Corp. put over the 10 per cent cut, the press carried the news that the steel workers in Soviet Russia received a 30 per cent INCREASE in wages.

Not a half a year passed and these magnate corporations who have made hundreds of millions of dollars on the workers, announced and put over another wage cut. In May, 1932, the United States Steel Corp., and the Bethlehem again cut the wages of over 200,000, no less than 15 per cent; although President Eugene Grace of the Bethlehem, for instance, receives a "bonus" on an average of \$815,000 a year. This again became the signal for the entire industry to cut wages.

Now what are the prospects for the future?

There is but one definite and regular thing about the steel and metal industry and that is its invariably constant downward trend since 1929. The percentage of capacity production decreased in a straight line since 1929 until it reached only 15 per cent of capacity on June 25, 1932, with positive signs towards a lower percentage for the future. For instance, the first week of July it hit a new low of 12 per cent. Individual

The National Convention of Steel and Metal Workers to Organize the Fight

states went down below that figure. In St. Louis most stove foundries closed. Buffalo is "low" again. The Lackawanna of Bethlehem resumed with four furnaces. Cincinnati iron "sluggish", several foundries closed. Cleveland declined once more and the outlook is "far from encouraging."

No Movement Back to Prosperity. The big hullabaloo raised by the press about the auto industry initiating the movement back to prosperity was nothing more than an empty

bubble. In June auto production instead of increasing as expected declined by 13,000 units or about 9 per cent. Not only that, a further decrease is predicted for July and then another for August again. Our distinguished citizen and super capitalist, Ford, is better at lulling unemployed men asking for bread from one who robbed them of millions than to bring the auto industry "back to prosperity". In June world Ford production amounted to 95,000, in July it is not expected to exceed

85,000 and in August 60,000.

Just think. The average percentage of capacity production in 1931 was still 38 and look what havoc the magnates played with the lives of the workers. There were increasing wage cuts, more than half are unemployed with absolutely no means of existence unless one wants to call so for instance the 1 1/2 cent a day per person assigned so charitably by the governing bodies to the population of the steel city of Niles, O.; most of the others only partially employed with earnings necessitating outside aid.

What then does a further new "low" of over 100 per cent below that of 1931 mean to the workers of these industries?

More Layoffs Coming.

It means that within a very short time more plants will be closed, more men will be laid off, more thousands will be put on a part time basis. AND more wage cuts. It will mean a most precarious existence for those few employed and stark starvation for the unemployed. It will mean misery for all—misery with no substantial improvement in sight. The bourgeoisie admit it. "Steel companies," writes one in the July 7 issue of the Iron Age, "are at a loss in trying to determine when a real turn for the better will come."

Is there a way out of it? Yes. How? By an organized fight against speed up and wage cuts against the stagger plan and for unemployment insurance to be paid by the bosses and their government. How can that be accomplished? By persistent organization in the shops of all workers regardless of sex, age or color, into a unified body for a relentless fight against wage cuts. Such an organization already exists in the Metal Workers Industrial League which is to hold a national convention on August 13, 14 and 15 in Pittsburgh to lay the basis for country wide organization of the iron, steel and metal workers against the steady onslaught on their standard of living.

On the other hand, the unemployed and partially employed must organize into unemployed councils closely bound up with the shop organizations and both fighting for unemployment insurance and against wage cuts. This accomplished the steel magnates will no more be able to use the unemployed in cutting the wages of the employed, on the other hand the unity of the employed with the unemployed is necessary and will obtain unemployment insurance for the unemployed and partially employed, thus also assuring the employed with some security in case of layoffs.

once lived in are destroyed because because they can no longer make a profit for the owning class."

Destruction of machinery goes apace with destruction of housing in New Bedford. A New Bedford correspondent tells of 100,000 spindles smashed by the owners of the Wamsutta Mills and an equal number in Nonquit Manufacturing Co., 70,000. These are only a few local examples of the destructive policies of the capitalist machine wreckers. Total spindles dismantled in the U. S. cotton industry during the two years prior to January 1, 1932, amounted to some 2,200,000; and 590,000 more have already been destroyed this year. Since 1925 about 6,200,000 spindles have been dismantled.

"This is another clear example of the sabotage of human welfare by the capitalist class," says the Labor Research Assn. "While workers together 'doubling up' in congested tenements, the houses they

On the International Textile War

EXPORTS of cotton cloth from the United States in 1931 shrank to 70 per cent of the average to be more energetic in the exports markets, especially in competition with Britain and Japan, declares the Labor Research Assn.

China is rapidly becoming a "serious menace" to the cotton and cotton goods industries of the United States because of her ability to undersell in the world market, mill owners in this country are being told by experts on the Far East. Some of the Shanghai cotton mills, probably those owned by British and Japanese capital, are making as much as 57 per cent on their investment. Chinese goods are gaining in both India and Africa.

According to a radio from a United States trade commissioner in Java, Japanese textiles are re-

Spain. No less than 40 countries have restricted the importation of rayon products, through a tariff, a quota system, or through exchange restrictions.

Rayon exports from Japan rose but in volume and value in 1931, and in the first four months of 1932 were 150 per cent higher than in the corresponding period of 1931. But there is "overproduction" in Japan, too, and rayon producers have curtailed output 25 per cent to keep up prices and profits.

MORE DESTRUCTION OF MACHINERY

Housing conditions and the depth of unemployment in textile cities, such as Fall River and New England, are reflected in permits to raze tenement buildings formerly occupied by workers. About sixty such permits have recently been



The picture shows a small section of 1,500 strikers of the Royal (Pawtucket, R. I.) and General Fabrics (Central Falls, R. I.) at a mass meeting during a strike last year against wage cuts and speed-up.

ported underselling America and European fabrics 10 to 40 per cent.

TARIFFS RISING

In the rayon field tariffs are rising as high as in cottons. The British, recently increased duties 10 per cent on both rayon and silk, and stringent tariff measures have been applied on rayon in Scandinavia, Italy, Japan, France and

granted in these two cities alike. "Families have doubled up to combat the depression," is the official explanation given for the empty houses that have been taken down to "escape tax valuation."

"This is another clear example of the sabotage of human welfare by the capitalist class," says the Labor Research Assn. "While workers together 'doubling up' in congested tenements, the houses they

RED PODOLSK

The Former Singer Sewing Machine Plant Near Moscow

By MYRA PAGE
Our Correspondent in the Soviet Union.

Part VIII
Yesterday we read of the difference of the old and new technique in the Red Podolsk plant. Old machinery adding to the burden of the workers has been replaced by the latest machinery and today Podolsk has only four equals in the world. With this has come an improvement in the working conditions: wide, roomy, aisles, asphalt floors, overhead skylights through which the sunlight streams in, etc.

Today's installment continues with a description of the changes in the factory since the capitalist owner, Singer, has been driven out.

Monstrous ventilators puff fresh air through the rooms, sucking up the old. Ever in the furnace and casting departments, the fumes and dirt have been reduced to a surprising minimum. Fedor tells us, "Mr. Strouck, the American engineer who supervised construction, was a bit put out about the ventilation system. He said it was very expensive, and no other foundry in Europe or America had one like this, why should we? But we told him that the health of our workers was as important to us as turning out good machines."

"Soon we're going to make it pretty as a forest here, with flowers and shrubs all about," Fedor grins. "Some foundrymen make fun of the plan. What are we, sissies, they ask! Why do moulders want pansies about! We answer, why not? We spend seven hours a day here, don't we? Why should not it be green and restful? Besides, we can't let other factories get ahead of us. Take Moscow's Electroavod, in some departments, it's like a greenhouse. That's how it'll be here."

SHOCK BRIGADERS ON THE JOB.

Fedor continues. "This is how we Soviet workers are laying the technical basis for socialism. Now a lot of foreign capitalists are having to admit our workers' power can build as fine industrial giants as any. But, they claim we haven't got the skill to run them. That's

ized ourselves into a brigade, in order to improve our production, and do our part in speeding the building of socialism. We're aiming to apply all the new methods of work which Comrade Stalin summed up for us in his famous six points." He gestures toward the wall, where they shine forth in white letters on a red background. "There are twenty-seven of us. We work in groups of three. See, above each machine, the names of each three are written, also our day's programme. We know we alone are personally responsible for our machines. Nobody else can work on it. It's up to us to keep it in good condition. At the end of the day, we write in our output, and the percentage of damage, reported to us from the inspection department."

"How does our output compare with formerly? In the old foundry, three men made 600 forms in a seven-hour day. Here, we make 1,150. Of course the big part of our increase is due to the new equipment, as well as new methods of work, also there are less absences from illness. The whole foundry will double its output, with an increase of only 400 men. As for wages, we have gone over to the progressive piece work system. Each of us earns much more that way, and have incentives to do our best. We make on an average about 160 roubles a month. The basic rate is 5.75 roubles a day, with 2.35 roubles extra for each 100 moulds that are without damage. Four per cent spoilage is allowed: if we have less, 15 kopecks is added for each 10 moulds turned out. Our wages will go higher still, as we get more skill. All of us are studying in the technical school, three hours a week."

"At first our damage was terrific—even up to 44 per cent. That was before we caught on to the new machines. Now, it runs around 2-3 per cent. No, we're not yet on a cost accounting basis, but expect to be soon."

"What about those fellows across the aisle?" he repeats our question. "Oh, they're green yet. In a short time we're going to challenge



A group of young workers of the Soviet Podolsk sewing machine factory which once belonged to the American capitalist Singer

not true!" The molten steel of his eyes flashes, his grey hair bristles: "It's not true, and we're proving it. Of course, it's no cinch, training peasant lads who don't know a lathe from a drop-hammer, into skilled mechanics and masters of industry. But we're doing it. How? Come", he adds abruptly, "see for yourselves."

We enter the moulding department. On our right, is a group of twenty youths, shirtless, their muscles rippling in quick, exact rhythm, as they swing levers, releasing sand, into forms of shining copper, press moulds, placing them on the moving conveyor which runs to the casting room. Here, no back-breaking, no wasted hand labor. Again they swing. Another set of forms placed on the conveyor, another—another. What fine team work! What ease and skill to their labor!

COMMUNIST YOUTH
"This is our Comsomol brigade," Fedor says.

To our left, just across the aisle, another set of moulders are at work. Slow, clumsy, these men. Their output, in quality and quantity, is obviously far below their companions'. Once a machine catches. The worker, snorting, fumbles with its levers. Darting across, a Comsomol adjusts the levers, returns to his own machine.

Suddenly the work halts. A five minute rest period in every hour, lighting cigarettes, the men take their morning papers, delivered to them each day in the factory, from their notches, or sit about in small groups, talking.

Fedor calls over the Comsomol leader. "Tell us about your brigade."

The lad's face lights up. "Simple enough," he answers. We organ-

them to form a brigade and compete with us. Then you'll see how they'll change, and now the sand'll fly!"

The Podolsk machine factory has 836 such shock brigades, including 87 per cent of its 11,000 workers.

(To Be Continued)



Fedor Trefanov, who has been telling the story of how he and the other Podolsk workers drove out the capitalists, took over the factory and set up their own government. Today, although over 60 years of age and able to live on his government pension, he prefers to work in the new foundry, instructing young workers how to mould. He also wants to hear from American workers. His address is: Fedor Trefanov, Dom 11, Bolshoi Serpokhavska St., Podolsk, U.S.S.R.