

# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

Demand the Bonus for the Vets!



Vol. IX, No. 180

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## HOOVER'S CAVALRY, TANKS, INFANTRY MAKE WAR ON BONUS MARCHERS AFTER POLICE KILL TWO

### OPEN AIR MEETS MOBILIZE MASSES FOR AUGUST 1ST

Marine Workers And Youth Demonstrate Tomorrow

With the number of open air meetings increasing all over the city at shops and street corners, the preparations for the demonstration on August First are going forward with great intensity. The demonstrations of the young workers yesterday and the Marine Workers on Saturday are in preparation for August First.

In order that the August 1 demonstration may be of the character that it should be, the Communist Party makes the following requests:

1. That there be earnest proletarian discipline at the assembly points, on the march and at the Square. This means that there are to be no separate meetings, no conversations, strict adherence to the plans of the committee in charge.
2. No collections will be allowed at the Square by any organization.
3. The Williamsburg and Brownsville Unemployed Councils are to assemble at the 7th Street Park.
4. Each section of the Party is to assign 20 comrades to report on Monday, August 1, at 3:30 p.m. at the District Office.

**Anti-War Day in Lynn**  
LYNN, Mass., July 28.—The August First anti-war demonstration here will be held at Lynn Commons at 7:30 p. m. The police are trying to withhold a permit for the demonstration. The workers are determined to carry out the demonstration in spite of any police interference.

**Attack Anti-War Meet**  
BOSTON, July 28.—Police and plain clothes men brutally attacked an anti-war demonstration of workers here Monday night, ignoring the fact that a permit had been granted for the demonstration. Albert Mallinger, district secretary of the Friends of the Soviet Union, was arrested, manhandled and dragged two blocks, when he refused to

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### Use Forged Letterheads in Michigan Bank "Plots"

### POLICE TRIED TO FRAME UP COMMUNISTS

Printed 'Grand Rapids Section' Letterheads

BACKS UP FOSTER CHARGE

Capitalist Crisis Real Cause of Crashes

Charges made in yesterday's issue of the Daily Worker that the attempt to involve Communists in "whispering campaigns against banks" was the crudest type of police forgery is supported in the most convincing manner by the publication today on this page of forged letterheads of the Grand Rapids, Mich. Section of the Communist Party.

Seeking to escape responsibility for the growing bank crashes throughout the country—and anticipating further failures with huge losses to small depositors—midwestern bankers, headed by Melvin A. Traylor, president of the First National Bank of Chicago, had let loose a flood of vague charges

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Expose Grand Rapids, Mich., Police "Bank Plot" Forgeries

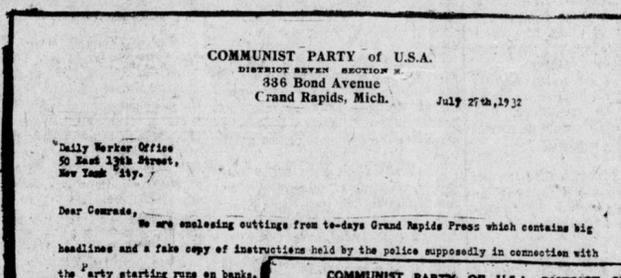


Photo (top) shows genuine letterhead of the Communist Party of Grand Rapids, Mich. Photo (bottom) shows crude forgery which the police tried to palm off as a part of their campaign to make the bank "plot" scare tales convincing. This is indisputable evidence of the frame-up character of the charges that "Communists are engaged in whispering campaigns to wreck banks."

FOSTER DENOUNCES BANK PLOT FRAME-UP

FLINT, Mich., July 27.—Wm. Z. Foster again branded as false the charge that "Communists were spreading rumors against banks" as 1500 workers gathered in an election meeting here in Kearsley Park applauded. This city has for years terrorized and suppressed workers meetings including the Mother Mooney meet last night.

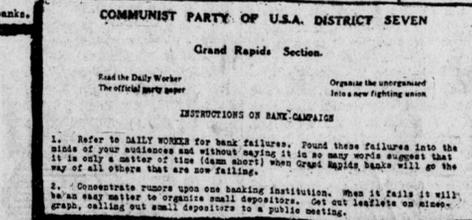


Photo shows William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President, speaking at a recent open-air meeting of thousands at Clark Park, Detroit. The candidate said it was one of the biggest meetings of its kind which he addressed since 1917.

## I.W.O. Appeals to Save the 'Daily'

TO ALL BRANCHES OF THE INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER:—

The National Executive Committee of the International Workers Order a few days ago published in the workers' press its indorsement of the election platform and candidates of the Communist Party in the present election campaign.

In our endorsement we pointed out that the Communist Party is the only party fighting for an adequate system of social insurance at the expense of the bosses and the government; the only party fighting against the persecution of the foreign-born workers and against the discrimination towards and lynching of Negro workers.

The Communist Party calls upon the working masses to create a fund of \$100,000 for the present election campaign. Our endorsement of the campaign will be valueless unless we actively participate in this drive for \$100,000.

The National Executive of the I. W. O. wants to stress that the Daily Worker, the central organ of the Communist Party, the only working class paper published daily in the English language in the United States, has been forced to issue an S.O.S. for immediate aid. It is needless to point out that the Daily Worker is the most important weapon in the hands of the working class in the present election campaign and that therefore the forced suspension of the Daily Worker will be a tremendous blow to the entire working class and to its vanguard, the Communist Party.

It is clear to us that we will not be able to carry on two separate campaigns in our Order. We have therefore come to an understanding with the National Election Campaign Committee and with the management of the Daily Worker to the effect that the I. W. O. will carry out one united campaign for funds, the money to go both to the Election Campaign and to the Daily Worker. The first \$6,000 of our minimum quota of \$15,000 goes to the Daily Worker.

The financial drive for the election campaign and the Daily Worker is one of the most important actions of the working class. We therefore call upon the members and branches of the I. W. O. to make every effort to collect one dollar per member and urge that each member should be mobilized to collect money from his friends and shop-mates.

We want to stress that we must collect a minimum of \$15,000. But we are certain that each branch that strive to realize the slogan of one dollar per member, so that we will contribute \$21,000 to the \$100,000 Fighting Fund from the 21,000 members in our Order.

We call on the members and branches of the Slovak Workers Sick Benefit Society and the Russian Mutual Aid Association to engage with us in socialist competition. The abovementioned organizations, who, do to certain technical reasons, have not yet amalgamated with us, should participate in this campaign equally with the members of the I. W. O. Each of their members should contribute one dollar, so that in all we can contribute \$32,000 to the \$100,000 fund.

All money collected by the members of the International Workers Order must be sent to the National Office of the I. W. O., 80 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE INTNL. WORKERS ORDER. Workers' organizations, follow the example of the International Workers Order!

### HOSE STRIKERS STAND SOLIDLY

Refuse to Return to Factories

HIGH POINT, N. C., July 28.—Following the announcement of the mill owners that 24 hosiery mills would open today and that thousands of strikers would return to work only 30 workers entered the mills. Half an hour later these thirty walked out and rejoined the strike. The strikers marched up and down the streets shouting their demands and pledging their determination to continue the strike until their demands are won.

Cops Patrol Streets

The whole strike area is under a state of virtual martial law. Hundreds of North Carolina highway patrolmen are sieging the town. But the strikers who are now on their tenth day of strike are holding out solid for their demands of \$2.25 per

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MORE JERSEY AUG. 1st MEETS NEW BRUNSWICK: at French and New St., at 3:30 p.m.  
PERTH AMBOY: at Elizabeth and Hall St., at 7 p.m.  
LAKEWOOD, N. J. (indoor) in Wolpin Hall, on 4th St., at 8 p.m.  
CARTERET, N. J. (indoor) in Workers' Home, 307 Romanosky St., 8 p.m.  
TRENTON, N. J. at Battle Monument Park, at 7 p.m.  
JERSEY CITY, N. J. at Orient St. and Jackson Ave. at 8 p.m.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:  
1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.

### DELEGATED MEET HITS INJUNCTIONS

225 at N. Y. Conference Plan Struggle

NEW YORK.—Meeting to fight the bosses' injunction weapon, 225 delegates representing 30 labor organizations, including A. F. of L. unions, gathered at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., last night at a mass conference.

Painters, pocketbook makers, butchers and other trades were represented, as well as accredited delegates from the Full-Fashioned Hosiery Workers affiliated with the United Textile Workers Union, of the A. F. of L.

John Steuben, secretary of the Provisional Committee for the Anti-Injunction Conference delivered the main report and called for a mass campaign against the injunction menace, citing recent struggles such as the shoe workers' strike to point out the need for urgent action.

Reports by delegates, discussion from the floor and concrete proposals for making the fight effective had not yet been made as the Daily Worker went to press.

A full report of the conference will appear in tomorrow's Daily Worker.

### Pace, Stember, Speak at Big Vets' Meet in Union Sq. Tomorrow

NEW YORK.—John Pace, ex-soldier, and Samuel Stember, ex-sailor—both leaders of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League now in the forefront in the fight for the bonus in Washington, will speak at a demonstration called by the W.E.S.L. in Union Square tomorrow at 5 p.m.

### POWERS PREPARE ATTACK ON THE CHINESE SOVIETS

Joint Campaign With Nanking Butchers

The United States and British imperialists are preparing for active participation in the new fifth "Communist Suppression" campaign against the emancipated workers and peasants of the Chinese Soviet Republic. This criminal decision follows the tremendous victories of the workers and peasants Red armies in smashing the fourth "Communist Suppression" campaign which was initiated by the Nanking butchers about two months ago.

U. S. Prepares Blood Bath  
Armed marines have been placed aboard all United States and British merchant ships flying in Chinese coastal waters and on the Chinese rivers. The American-owned "Yangtze Rapid Steamship Company" has equipped each of its ships with troops.

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### TROOPS SHOOT AT EAST OHIO MINERS

House of Evicted Miner Burns Down

ATHENS, O.—Thirty-five shots were exchanged here yesterday between National Guardsmen and an "unknown sniper" near No. 6 mine at Millfield. Reliable reports indicate that guerrilla warfare has broken out throughout the Athens strike area.

The same reports say that the house of Harvey Sullivan, a recently evicted striker, was found burning yesterday. Authorities charge the striking miners with setting fire to the house.

Adjutant General Frank D. Henderson flew from Camp Perry to Athens yesterday and conferred with Colonel Gilson Young, in charge of troop operations in the strike area.

The Ohio State Welfare Department announces that it has taken final action to close up the children's soup kitchens in Jefferson, Belmont and Harrison counties, all in the strike area.

The National Miners Union has endorsed the Workers International Relief Children's Hunger March in Jefferson County and urges miners by the thousand to support the march and demonstrate at the Steubenville Court House. The N.M.U. charges that the Ohio government is attempting to drive the miners back to work by snatching the last crust of bread from the mouths of their children.

### Tag Days Start Today for Aid to Striking Miners

Today, tomorrow and Sunday will be tag days for the collection of funds for the relief of the striking miners in East Ohio and West Virginia. The District Committee of the Communist Party calls on all workers and working class organizations to mobilize all forces in this drive. All workers should report at the following tag day stations:

Concoop Branch, W.I.R., 2800 Bronx Park East Section; Bronx Workers' Club, 569 Prospect Ave.; W.I.R. Center, 16 W. 21st St.; Needle Trades Center, 131 W. 28th St.; Williamsburg Workers Center, 61 Graham Ave.; Brownsville Workers Center, 1813 Pitkin St.; Bath Beach Workers' Center, 2273 Bath Ave., Brooklyn;

TORCH LIGHT ANTI-WAR MEET  
NEW YORK.—A torch light anti-war meet will be held Saturday night, July 30, at 7:30 p. m. at Claremont Parkway and Washington Ave.

### CONFERENCE WITH HEAD OF WAR DEPARTMENT LAID THE BASIS FOR ATTACK ON MEN

Communist Party Demands Withdrawal of Troops, Revocation of Eviction Order, Bonus Payment

Hungry Ex-servicemen Defend Selves In Hand-to-Hand Fighting With Washington Police

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Cavalry, infantry and tank corps troops, called out by the War Department today against the veterans, hurled tear gas bombs and finally drove the ex-servicemen out of the government buildings at Third and Pennsylvania Aves. Simultaneously, President Hoover issued a statement assuming full responsibility for calling out of the military and the attack on the men.

Gen. McArthur, chief of staff of the U. S. Army, looked on approvingly, according to press reports, as his men "mopped up" the area.

Terror reigned throughout the region as 50 cars filled with homeward-bound government workers were stalled by the activities of the troops. The cries of children whose eyes were blinded by the smarting gas were heard throughout the area as the troops donned masks to protect themselves.

Following the hurling of the gas, fire broke out and flames leaped 20 feet in the air. Seeking to justify further terrorism against the heroic veterans, army officers said that the ex-servicemen started the fire.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28.—Following the continuous attacks by the Hoover government and the repeated attempts to evict them from the city in order to stop their fight for the bonus, Washington police today fired upon ex-servicemen quartered in government buildings at Pennsylvania Avenue and Third Street.

One vet was killed, a bystander fatally wounded and several injured following a clash with police and a hand-to-hand battle—the result of the police attempt to evict the men from their quarters. A large number of vets were arrested.

ATTACK WAS PLANNED

That the federal government planned this attack in order to justify intervention is seen from the promptness with which the Hoover government ordered troops to the scene.

### Communist Party Denounces Assault on Vets; Demand Payment of Bonus

NEW YORK.—The Communist Party of the U.S.A., from its national headquarters here, denounced the "deliberately planned police assault upon the ex-servicemen" and called for protest demonstrations of workers throughout the country against the action.

The statement of the Party declared that "the attack was planned in a conference participated in by President Hoover, Secretary of the Treasury Mills and Secretary of War Hurley. The police attack was organized as a basis for the invasion of the troops into the city in order to smash the fight for the bonus."

The Party called upon all workers to demand the immediate withdrawal of troops, the revocation of the eviction order against the men, and the payment of the bonus for which a special session of Congress should be called. It called for the passage of protest resolutions by all workers' organizations, and urged support for the August First demonstrations against imperialist war which will at the same time demand payment of the bonus, unemployment insurance and against boss terror.

This was the second attempt today of the police to drive the veterans out of the government buildings at Pennsylvania Avenue and Third Street.

The veterans fought back valiantly. Sticks and stones were their weapons. They sent many police to the hospital. In the fighting Gen. Glassford had his gold badge torn off, and slightly shaken up in the process.

TROOPS ORDERED OUT

Shortly after the police attack Secretary of War Hurley ordered General Douglas McArthur, Chief of Staff of the Army, to surround and clear the area. Cavalry from Fort Meyer was rushed to Washington. Virtual martial law exists in the capital.

The attack on the veterans follows a conference held yesterday between Hoover, Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, and Secretary of War Hurley, at which plans for calling the troops against the veterans were laid.

GLASSFORD LEADS ATTACK

The police attempted to evacuate the bonus marchers from the 3d and Pennsylvania billets early this afternoon. Over a hundred police under the direct command of General Glassford rushed the building where men from Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia were quartered.

The vets were driven out by the surprise attack, but soon rallied at the rear of the building. Using the military tactics taught them by the capitalist government during the imperialist war, the veterans flanked the police and drove them off with sticks and bricks.

The police retreated from the area only to return soon with reinforcements. Over a thousand veterans were in and

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# Dubinsky Clique Fears Mass Revolt of Workers Against New Sellout

## Needle Trades Workers Union Calls All to Organize Against the Wage Cut

NEW YORK.—The second day of the fake stoppage called by the clique of the I.L.G.W.U. together with the bosses of the cloak trade, show definitely that the clique is afraid of the mass revolt of the cloakmakers, and that the workers understand this sell-out and are organizing their ranks to fight against the wage reductions and standard of production.

To the repeated demands of the workers at mass meetings to be called together in the halls to discuss the settlement, the appointed hall chairman declared that they have nothing to discuss with the workers and were afraid to call such meetings, knowing that the workers would take over these meetings and repudiate the sell out settlement.

### An Act of Treachery.

Another act of treachery in connection with the fake stoppage was the attitude of the International clique toward the thousands of unemployed cloakmakers. Despite the fact that mass unemployment exists in the cloak trade, the clique did not find it necessary to hire a hall where the unemployed could gather.

The entire stoppage is intended as a means of extorting money from the workers an amount they know that they cannot force any money from the unemployed they did not even find it necessary to secure a hall for them.

### Call To Fight.

The Industrial Union calls on the cloakmakers to fight wage reductions and the standard of production to organize in their shops and fight for union conditions.

In a statement issued by the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union on the same day of the fake stoppage and by the officials of the International Union pointed out that this settlement which has been repudiated by thousands of cloakmakers, is one of the worst sell outs against the cloakmakers. The Dubinsky's Breslauer and Levys' who get their fat salaries are very generous with giving wage cuts to the bosses at the expense of the workers.

The organization of the trade council to determine the cost of labor is even much more detrimental to the workers than open piece work and will result in a more inhuman speed up system. Thru this settlement the International clique has also attempted to divide the ranks of the workers by making a different settlement for the cutters who do not receive a wage cut, at the expense of the operators. In that way the clique hopes to gain the favor of the cutters with whose aid they hope to put thru their sell

out against all the other workers, and later after they beat the operators and finishers into submission, to have a free hand to cut the wages of the cutters.

The Industrial Union which has done all in its power to assist the cloakmakers and mobilize them for a real strike for union conditions, calls on all cloakmakers, cutters, operators, finishers and all other workers, to stand united and organize their ranks to fight against the wage cut, standard of production in their shop.

The Industrial Union calls on the employed workers to unite with the unemployed in the struggle for more jobs and relief for the unemployed.

## JOHN REED CLUBS TRY SAVE WRITER

### Hungarian Revolutionary Condemned to Die

Mobilizing its membership throughout the United States in a last-minute effort to save the life of Friedrich Karikas, Hungarian proletarian writer now under sentence of death for his political activity, the John Reed Club executive committee yesterday sent the following radio-gram to Count J. Karolyi, Premier of Hungary:

"Twenty John Reed Clubs of United States, organizations of revolutionary artists and writers, vigorously protest court-martial and impending execution of Friedrich Karikas, proletarian writer. We demand immediate and unconditional release of Karikas and two others arrested with him. We hold you responsible for his death."

The telegram was signed by Carl Johnson, Edwin Rolfe and E. A. Sefschner for the John Reed Clubs of the entire country.

At the same time an attempt is being made to rally leading American intellectuals to the defense of Karikas. In letters sent out to various writers and artists, they are urged to send personal radiograms to Karolyi and to his ambassador in Washington, Count Laszlo Szechenyi, urging the immediate release of the imprisoned proletarian writer. Such letters have been sent to John Dos Passos, Newton Arvin, Theodore Dreiser, Sherwood Anderson, Upton Sinclair, Sinclair Lewis, Lincoln Steffens, Mary Heaton Vorse, Edna St. Vincent Millay, Edmund Wilson, Malcolm Cowley, James Rejmy, John Hermann and others.

## What's On—

An important meeting of the John Reed Club writers will be held tonight at the Club headquarters at 8:30.

Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League Post 33 and the Irish Workers' Club will hold an open-air meeting at 25th St. and 4th Ave., at 8:30 p.m.

Office Workers' Union Comrade Schuster will speak on conditions of office workers in Germany and the Soviet Union. Meeting to be held at 7 p.m., Thursday, July 28, at 18 W. 21st St. Dancing, entertainment and refreshments. Admission 25 cents.

## Nurses Protest Wage Cut Attempt

A protest is growing in the rank and file of the nurses against the \$1 a week wage cut, which the officials are trying to ram through. This cut, it is pointed out, would mean a 15 per cent reduction, and must be fought by the nurses organized on a rank and file basis in the Medical Workers League.

## Children Demonstrate Against Jim-crow Pool

One hundred-fifty children and 50 adult workers demonstrated yesterday at the Bronx park pool, between Clarence Parkway and the Bronx Park East station to protest the discrimination against Negro children, which is practiced by the bosses at the pool.

The police attacked brutally the demonstration, showing how the bosses' government stops at nothing to enforce its jim crow policy. Four workers were arrested, George Walsh, of the Young Communist League; Rose Therin, Dave Goldknub, and Comrade Harris.

## VOY COMMUNIST FOR: 6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

W. 132nd St. Twenty-five per cent of proceeds for the I. L. D. Admission 25 c.

Black Party has been arranged by the Women's Council at the Cooperative Kindergarten, 2700 Bronx Park East. If rain, inside the kindergarten. If fair, in the open-air kindergarten. Comrade Hannah Gorielik will speak. Entertainment and refreshments. Admission free.

Camp Nitgedaiget will have a dance and Russian Bazaar, songs, music and eats. W. 132nd St. Admission 25 c.

Communist Party, Units 6-9-11 and the I.L.D. will hold an open air rally at Jerome Ave., and Shakespear Bay Road, at 7:30 p.m.

F. S. U. and Brighton Water Progressive Club will hold an open air meeting at Brighton Water Ave., Lakeland Place. Admission 50 cents. Huge program.

Bath Beach Workers Club will give a dance at 2773 Bath Ave., at 9 p.m. Admission 10 cents.

Proletarian Dance at Red Rose Club, 113

## Protest Arrest of American Worker By Finnish Police

NEW YORK.—A telegram has been received by the national office of the International Labor Defense, from Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson, in answer to the I.L.D. demand for immediate intervention in the case of Matti Tenhunen, American citizen held by the political police of Finland, stating that the state department has requested information on the case from the American minister in Helsinki.

Tenhunen was arrested at the Helsinki foreign office while seeking a visa for his passport on his return from Soviet Karelia. He has been instrumental in obtaining employment for thousands of American workers in the U.S.S.R.

An investigation has been started by the I.L.D. to determine to what degree the U. S. consulate at Helsinki was instrumental in tricking Tenhunen into the hands of the Finnish political police.

## FORD HITS TALK OF 'PROSPERITY'

### Says Predictions Are Election Promises

BETHLEHEM, Penn., July 27.—More than 700 workers crowded Hungarian Hall here last night for two hours in a sweltering heat in the biggest working-class meeting ever held in this company-owned town, to hear James W. Ford, vice-presidential candidate of the Communist Party.

Several hundred additional workers who could not find standing room in the hall waited outside for the duration of the speech. A large force of police attempted unsuccessfully to intimidate the workers.

Ford exposed the new talk of the economic revival now flooding the press as fake election promises of the same character as the countless previous predictions of economic revivals made by the Hoover government.

### Big Crowd in Wilkes Barre.

WILKES BARRE, Penn., July 27.—Four hundred workers crowded Cordia Hall here last night to hear James W. Ford, vice-presidential candidate of the Communist Party. The bosses and the capitalist politicians were amazed by the turnout of workers to hear the working-class candidate.

On July 25, Ford spoke in Shamokin before several hundred enthusiastic workers.

## Workers Write in on "Daily" Drive

### Urge Drastic Measures to Save Paper

The first workers' letter received by the Daily Worker in connection with the \$40,000 Save the Daily Campaign follows. Workers, start revolutionary competition in your shops and neighborhoods in the collection of funds for the "Daily." Write your experiences in to the "Daily."

"Answering the call of our Daily Worker, we members of shop nucleus section 4, New York, collected \$12 at our meeting last night. We also discussed the vital question of how best to bring the financial crisis of the 'Daily' before the other workers in our shop.

"We adopted the following resolution: "We pledge that we will double the amount we have collected in the shortest possible time. We challenge any shop nucleus in this very important drive.

"The Daily Worker helped us organize the shop nucleus and a T.U. U.L. group in the shop. The Daily Worker gives us guidance every day in our work in the shop. It is our Bolshevik duty to bring the Daily Worker's financial drive inside the shop, our fortress. The Daily Worker drive for its existence, is a Party campaign. Without the Daily Worker we cannot fight effectively against wage-cuts, against speed-up, against rotten conditions and against the whole system of capitalist exploitation and robbery. The Daily Worker is the best organizer of the Unemployed Councils, and the revolutionary unions. The Daily Worker is the leader of all strikes, it guides the strikers in how best to win their demands, it warns the strikers of sell-outs by A. F. of L. and Socialist Party leaders.

"We must save the Daily Worker. We need the 'Daily' to lead our fight against the imperialist war and to guide us in our defense of the Soviet Union. Particularly now, during the election campaign, the 'Daily' exposes every vote-chatter, every faker and demagogue and misleader of the workingclass. The 'Daily' exposes the Socialist Party, the most vicious enemy of the workingclass. Look at the July 27th issue of the 'Daily' and see a concrete example of how it exposes enemies of the workingclass. Can we afford to be without the 'Daily'? Failure to save the 'Daily' will be a tremendous setback to the entire revolutionary movement.

"We urge every class-conscious worker to do his or her best to save the Daily Worker."

Bronx Workers Parade NEW YORK.—Under the leadership of the Communist Party, Bronx workers will open their anti-war parade and demonstration Saturday afternoon, 5 o'clock, at Longwood and Prospect Aves., from which point they will march to 147th St. and Willis Ave.

James M. Steele and Helen Gerson, Communist Congressional candidates in the 4th and 22d Districts, respectively, will be among the speakers to expose the capitalist parties including the Socialist and their war preparations.

7,000 new yearly subscriptions by November 1.

VOY COMMUNIST FOR: 1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.

## MILLER SRIKERS VOTE TO CALL OFF SHOE STRIKE

### Four Shops Continue Struggle Against Wage-cuts

NEW YORK.—The Shoe and Leather Workers Industrial Union decided to call off the strike at the I. Miller in order to prevent any demoralization of the ranks, under the pressure of starvation.

A vote was taken by the strikers and it was passed unanimously to retreat in an orderly way.

A statement issued by the union will be printed in this paper, explaining to the workers in details the reasons for this move.

After the strike was called off, many workers expressed their sentiment and confidence in the union leadership and pledged to stand by the union. They don't feel that the struggle was a lost one.

Even Mr. Miller was forced to admit yesterday that this strike had a very serious effect on his business and will take time until he will recover from the blows which he received in this strike.

The hearing for an injunction against the workers of Werman & Son, who are on strike for the last week is being held today. The workers are on strike against wage cuts and discriminations.

The menace of injunctions threatens every worker who goes on strike against miserable conditions. The whole working class should be mobilized to fight this menace.

The workers of the 5 Star factory in Long Island are fighting militantly on the picket line. Mass picketing is carried on daily.

In the strike of the Riverside Slipper Co. in the Bronx, the workers were able to keep the shop clean. No strike-breakers were able to enter the factory.

In the strike in the Princely Slipper Co. in Brooklyn, the bosses are trying to get workers through scab agents. The workers are on guard. The police are very brutal, they terrorize the workers preventing them from going near the factory. The workers are resisting the police and one girl Freda Katz was arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct.

All the strikers are in great need and financial assistance is very important. The Union calls upon every shop to make collections and bring the money to the office of the union, 5 E. 19th St., which will enable us to feed the workers.

In spite of the forced retreat in the strike of the I. Miller shop the Andrew Geller shop goes on and the workers are solid and are carrying on strike activity.

## Jersey Picnic This Sunday Will Expose Forced Labor System

NEWARK, N. J., July 27.—Forced labor under which city and state officials compel unemployed workers to slave two and three days a week for a basket of groceries, and the shem to drive to the South Negroes and their families who have lived here less than five years, will be thoroughly exposed at the Communist Election Campaign picnic on Sunday, July 31, at Linwood Grove, Metuchen, N. J.

## 4 Unemployed Council Organizers Arrested

NEW YORK.—The workers of 83 E. 113th St., under the leadership of the Unemployed Council of Lower Harlem, succeeded in putting back the furniture of an evicted family at 83 E. 113th St.

Speeches were made to the crowd assembled, protesting against the eviction and against the interference of American Legion agents with the move to put back the furniture. The police called for help and arrested four organizers of the Unemployed Council.

Leaflets were distributed calling for a wide mobilization at the August First demonstration.

### BUILDING MAINTAINANCE WORKERS TO JOIN AUG. 1.

All Building Maintenance Workers are urged to rally at Columbus Circle, 59th St. and Broadway, at 2 p.m. to participate in the Anti-War Demonstration on August 1. From there the march will proceed to Union Sq. where the central demonstration will take place at 5 p.m. All Maintenance workers must support this demonstration against boss war and imperialism.

NEW YORK.—Under the leadership of the Communist Party, Bronx workers will open their anti-war parade and demonstration Saturday afternoon, 5 o'clock, at Longwood and Prospect Aves., from which point they will march to 147th St. and Willis Ave.

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## City and State Election Notes

Harry Raymond, candidate for Congressman from the 15th District on the Communist ticket, will address the Frick-Hill Mandolin Orchestra, at 108 E. 14th St., Thursday at 9 p.m. On Monday, August 1, Raymond will address a mass meeting at 421 South 5th Ave., Mt. Vernon, at 8 o'clock.

Rogers Speaks Friday. Pauline Rogers, Communist Congressional candidate from the 16th district, will speak on "War Preparations" under the auspices of the Harlem Progressive Club at 1532 Madison Ave., on Friday night, at 8. She will also speak at 42 Water St., E. Portchester, Conn., on Monday at 8.

Shepard Speaks Monday. Henry Shepard, Communist candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of New York, will speak in the Jamaica Town Hall on Monday night, August 1, in preparation for the August 1 anti-war meet.

Powers At Columbus Circle. George E. Powers, Communist candidate for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, will address a rally in Columbus Circle, Saturday, July 30, at 8 p.m.

Amier At Symposium. NEW YORK.—Israel Amier, Communist candidate for governor of New York, will expose the three capitalist parties represented by Congressman Oliver, Democrat, Alan Fox, Republican, and Garies Belmont, Socialist, at a symposium to be held in the New School for Social Research, 65 W. 13th St., Friday night. Hundreds of students from all educational institutions in New York and vicinity and workers are expected to attend.

## FOSTER, AUGUST 3, IN SCHENECTADY

### Thousands Are Jobless In Up-state City

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 28.—The workers of Schenectady are being mobilized for a big mass meeting in Crescent Park, August 3, to hear William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President of the United States.

There are more than 20,000 completely unemployed here, and about one family in ten gets relief. Wages have been slashed in the General Electric plant, and even those who receive them work as little as two or three days a month.

A huge turn-out is expected for Foster's meeting. Other speakers will be Walter Buhmster, Communist candidate from the 30th Congressional district, Melvin Letelle and Jack Rand, Communist candidates from the two assembly districts here.

### N. J. SOCIETY BACKS COMMUNIST PARTY

NEWARK, N. J.—For the first time in its history, the Ukrainian Scientific Society of Linden, N. J., is supporting the Communist Party election campaign after discussing all party platforms and what they have to offer the workers.

### REVOLUTIONARY SONGS EXPRESS NEW ERA IN U.S.S.R.

Mass musical literature as a specific phase of musical publishing did not exist in the pre-revolutionary Russia. At the present time it comprises from 40 to 50 per cent of the entire sale of music.

One feature of this literature consists of songs intended for school children and Pioneers. These are usually published with piano accompaniment and are intended for chorus singing. Of these the most popular are the following: Neumark's "Dneprostroi Song," Rauchwerg's "Song of the Turksib," Anatole Alexandrov's "The Pioneer Pledge," Shebalin's "Kolkhoz Children," A. Alexandrov's "The Flyers," Shenshin's "Million," Davidenko's "At the Camp Fire," Shebalin's "For Industrialization," and "The May Parade" by Kompanetz.

To complete the list one may add a few children's national songs, such as "Three Turkmen Children's Songs" by Kompanetz, the Crimean-Tatar song, "New Life," by Kravay, and "Two Mongolian Pioneer Songs" by Vinogradov.

However, these songs cannot be considered as truly mass songs, as they are intended for accompaniment by piano, an instrument seldom found in the workers' homes and unknown in the homes of kolkhoz peasants.

Hence real mass songs are those composed for workers' choruses and intended for groups at outdoor demonstrations without instrumental accompaniment. These mass songs are rapidly sold in hundreds of thousands, and some of the most popular sell in millions. And the cost is one-half cent per copy.

The following are some of the most popular mass songs: Shekhter's "March of the Aviators," Chemberdsh's "Song of the German Workers," Bely's "Proletarians of All Countries Unite," Koval's "Beyond Seas and Mountains," Davidenko's "They Strove to Defeat Us" and the same composer's "Song of the People's Commissar."

## STRIKE HALTS DOGSKIN SHOPS

### Strikers Vote to Mass Picket

NEW YORK.—A meeting of Dogskin strikers was held yesterday, where a full report on the results of the strike was given and further plans for the conduct of the strike were decided upon. The report that the dogskin branch of the trade is paralyzed and that many other trimming shops have answered the strike call, was received with great enthusiasm by the workers. The workers unanimously decided to go on with mass picketing and spread the strike not only to the Dog Skin trade but to the other branches of the fur trade.

In the afternoon a meeting of the strike committee was held where the various committees were set up and all plans for the conduct of the strike decided upon. The strike committee will meet regularly to take up the strike problems and report to the strikers.

## NEEDLE WORKERS CHEER I. AMTER

### Big Meeting Is Held In Garment Center

NEW YORK.—Thousands of workers cheered I. Amter, Communist candidate for governor in one of the greatest demonstrations ever held in the garment center today.

The meeting, held under the auspices of the election campaign committee of the Needle Trades Industrial Workers Union, gave Amter repeated ovations, while he exposed the Socialist leadership of the "right" wing, which has sold out the workers through the vicious standard of production agreement just put over by Lehman and Dubinsky.

## 'The Working Woman' Aug. 1st Issue Is Out

The August First issue of The Working Woman is now off the press. Section literature agents in New York are asked to call for their bundles at the District Office. All Working Woman agents are asked to pay up their bills as soon as possible.

The price of the paper has been reduced to 3 cents a copy. The paper for this month contains many articles of great interest to all working-class women; special feature articles deal with the problems of women's organizations and many interesting items of the life of women in the Soviet Union.

### Out into the streets on August 1.

## Amusements

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Produced by Van Beuren Corp. Directed by Clyde E. Elliott

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## Rally to Stop Eviction of Rent Strikers By Socialist This Morning

NEW YORK.—This morning at 9, the landlord, Ovetzky, who belongs to Branch 291 of the socialist Workers' Circle, intends to evict four workers families at 491 Hindsdale St., Brownsville, where the entire block is conducting a rent strike under the leadership of the Brownsville Unemployed Council and Block committees. All workers are asked to be on the spot to prevent this eviction as nearby landlords, taking the lead from this socialist, are threatening to do the same.

## U. C. LEADS RED TAPE PROTEST

### Thousands Reject Fake Relief Today

NEW YORK.—Seven hundred to 1,000 workers under the leadership of the Downtown Unemployed Council, today marched to the Home Relief Bureau at Spring and Lawson Streets, where they were joined by 3,000 others who completely filled up the streets as a committee of 10, including two Negro and four young workers presented their demands to the Bureau supervisor, Mrs. Goldman, for cash relief.

Workers from the neighborhood endorsed the demands and two Italian and one Irish family were taken in by the committee to tell of the red tape they had been forced to undergo to which Mrs. Goldman replied that she "had no power" in this and was taking orders from "higher ups." She promised them relief Monday, which promise was rejected by the workers who proceeded to march to Commissioner Taylor's office at Lafayette and Leonard Streets.

Stating that he had "no time," Taylor sent out his henchman and assistant, Kelly, who promised to take it "under consideration." Refusing to place any faith in these fake promises, the workers marched back to the starting point at 7th St. and Ave. A, where many of them joined the Unemployed Council and affirmed their intention of marching again on Monday should no relief be forthcoming.

## WATCH THE ADS!

REGULAR ADVERTISERS IN THE DAILY WORKER

Red Star Press ("The Book")	Parkway Cafeteria
Chester Cafeteria	Bushers Union, Local 174
John's Restaurant	Linel Cafeteria
Harry Stolper Optical Co.	Workers Coop Colony
Camps Unity, Kinderland, Nitgedaiget	Solo's Lunch
Lerman Bros. (Stationery)	Sanial Midy
Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund	Manhattan Lyceum
Feinstein's Vegetarian Restaurant	Solia's Restaurant
Dr. Kusler	Rollin Pharmacy
Caschowlow Workers House	Gettelle's Hardware
Avania Farm	Messinger's Cafeteria (50, Blvd.)
Union Square Mince Supply	World Tourist, Inc.
Camp Wocolona	Golden Bridge Colony
Russian Art Shop	Game Theatre
Dr. Schwartz	Acme Stadium
Cohen's (Opticians)	Theater Concerts
Dental Dept., I.W.O.	
Health Center Cafeteria	
Wm. Bell, Optometrist	

## Health Center Cafeteria

50 EAST 13th STREET

Patrons of the Health Center Cafeteria and help the Revolutionary Movement BEST FOOD REASONABLE PRICES

## Camp Wocolona

MONROE, N. Y.

Lodging: \$1.00 Per Day \$4.00 Per Week

Food Store on Premises

Regular Meals Served at \$1.50 Per Day

## SPEAKERS THIS WEEK-END from the American Comm. for the World Congress Against WAR

8:30 to 11:30 P.M. Saturday, 9 P.M.—From 143 E. 103rd St., one hour later.

## Stationery & Book Store

Opened by Ruderman

2707 WHITE PLAINS AVENUE (Near Allerton Ave. Station)

10 per cent of gross proceeds will go to the Daily Worker.

## MOONEY-MOORE MEET TONIGHT

### Br'klyn Workers Will Hear Tom's Mother

NEW YORK.—After an enthusiastic reception from Bronx Workers last night at which they asked that protests on behalf of the Scottsboro boys continue to be sent, Mother Mooney and Richard B. Moore will speak at an International Labor Defense meeting tonight at 105 Thatford Ave., Brooklyn. Later meetings this week and next are: Sunday, Mohegan Colony, Peekskill, N. Y.; August 3, Finnish Hall, 764 40th St., Brooklyn; August 4, Cantor Auditorium, Montrose St., Passaic, N. J.; August 5, Columbia Hall, 385 State St., Perth Amboy, N. J.; August 6, 27 Hudson St., Yonkers, N. Y.; August 7, Camp Wocolona; August 10, Monticello, N. Y.; August 11, Kreugers Auditorium, Main Hall, Newark, N. J.

## LEAGUE URGES FIGHT ON WAR

### Anti-imperialists Support Aug. 1st

The Anti-Imperialist League of the United States calls upon all workers and sympathizers to demonstrate on August 1 against imperialist war, for the defense of the Soviet Union and the Chinese people, and for immediate and unconditional independence of the colonial peoples, and for self-determination for all oppressed nationalities.

The league will fight at that meeting for a militant policy against war; it will expose pacifism as a smoke-screen for imperialist war preparations; it will urge the defense of the Soviet Union, the main target of the imperialist powers.

This policy is also endorsed by the Japanese Workers Club, the Chinese Anti-Imperialist Alliance, the Porfirian Anti-Imperialist Association, the Cuban Relief Committee, the Mexican Mutual Benefit Association, and the Unemployed Council of Filipino Se

# SOCIALIST MAYOR HOAN'S COPS CLUB WORKERS DEMANDING FOOD

## Words

1. "But the Socialist Party is by no means indifferent to the needs of the people, the needs of today and tomorrow."—Morris Hillquit, Chairman of Socialist Party.

From speech at recent Milwaukee Socialist Convention.

2. "The socialist city administrations everywhere have sought to enlarge the scope of public assistance to the needy members of the community and remove the stigma of charity from such assistance."—Morris Hillquit.

"The Practical Accomplishments of Socialism" p. 18  
Published by E. Haldermann-Julius.

3. "The socialist municipalities seeks to be model employers and invariably reduce the hours of work and increase the wages of municipal employees."—Morris Hillquit.

"The Practical Accomplishments of Socialism," p. 19  
Published by E. Haldermann-Julius.

\*E. Haldermann-Julius, Editor of the "American Freeman," which stole Foster's acceptance speech, is publisher of Hillquit's writings in "Little Blue Book" Series from which the above is quoted.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 28.—Police at the behest of Mayor Hoan's government viciously attacked a demonstration of unemployed workers yesterday in front of the relief station at Fondulac and 14th St., injuring many workers.

Two workers were arrested and held without charges. Many policemen were hurt and one sent to the hospital. Three injured workers are also in the hospital.

The demonstration, which was led by the Unemployed Council, was called in protest against the forced labor scheme which the socialist Mayor Hoan is trying to saddle on the unemployed of Milwaukee. The council had taken several workers, including Fred Burback, father of six children, to the relief station to demand relief.

### Demand Relief.

Burback was working on the city forced labor project for 80 cents a day. All relief was cut for Burback when he later became sick. The workers in the demonstration demanded immediate relief for the father, including milk for his children which has been stopped.

Ziegler, the notorious relief station stool pigeon, ambushed Burback and had him beaten behind locked doors by policemen. The workers, hearing the cries behind the locked doors, tried to assist Burback. Fifty police attacked the workers, clubbing women and children viciously.

The local press here admits the attack was planned. The workers defended themselves well against the attackers, taking the blackjacks from the police and using them on the police. Burback who was arrested by the police, was saved by the

workers later. Policemen drew their guns, but could not frighten the aroused workers, many of whom were Negroes.

The Milwaukee Leader, the paper which boasts of being the only socialist daily newspaper in America, congratulated the relief officials on the "diplomatic manner in which they handed the demonstration." The socialist paper, in lauding this brutal act of violence against the workers stated in its usual lying manner that Charles Green, well known Communist leader and candidate for Senator, was at the demonstration but escaped.

The masses of workers throughout the city are rising against the new forced labor scheme which was organized by the socialist officials. The plan of the socialists puts unemployed to work on city scab labor jobs for a few cents a day in groceries.

On Tuesday a thousand workers demonstrated in the south side of the city and demanded relief from Supervisor Michalski.

### Socialist Mayor Responsible.

A statement issued by the Unemployed Council today holds the socialist mayor responsible for the attack on the workers and calls all workers to intensify the fight against forced labor.

The demonstration on Aug. 1st, called to protest against the new imperialist war now being prepared against the Soviet Union, will elect a delegation of workers to go to the county board to protest against forced labor and hunger. The demonstration Aug. 1st will be held at Red Arrow Park at 2 p. m.

The Unemployed Council is planning another demonstration before the relief station.

## Deeds

Here are but a few:

1. On July 27, 1932, Mayor Hoan's police attacked unemployed workers protesting against forced labor and demanding relief.

2. On March 6, 1930, the Milwaukee police, at the behest of the socialist Mayor Hoan, attacked a demonstration of 40,000 workers demanding unemployment insurance. Thirty-six workers were arrested.

3. "After a prolonged fight of several hours, during which numerous amendments were proposed and rejected, Socialist aldermen succeeded in passing their proposal for a 10 per cent wage and salary donation by city employes." . . .

—Milwaukee Leader, July 26, 1932

The paper further says that the money was to be used as an unemployed relief fund which means that they have used the same schemes as Mayor Walker to cut wages and throw the burdens of unemployed on the workers.

## POLICE SHOOT BONUS MARCHERS; HOOVER GOVT. CALLS OUT TROOPS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

around the building. The police deployed, advanced and fired point blank at the bonus marchers. The veterans fought back with their fists, bricks and sticks. Three veterans fell, one of them dead.

The men continued to hold the building, while the police retreated and went about the work of roping off the entire area.

### BOO DOWN GLASSFORD

Glassford attempted to speak to the veterans following the shooting, but was booed down. He beat a hasty retreat from the area.

The shooting occurred when some of the veterans were going up the stairs in the old building they have occupied since they left Anacostia mud flats against the orders of W. W. Waters, self-styled high commander.

Following the shooting wholesale arrests were made. A large number of veterans were crowded in patrol wagons and hurried to jail.

### JOINED BY 5,000 VETS

Meanwhile the vets in Anacostia learning of the attack on their buddies rushed across the 11th Street drawbridge to the scene of the battle. Five thousand veterans from the camp joined their buddies in the city.

The rush of veterans across the bridge foiled all attempts of the police to raise it as they did last June when the bonus army marched to the Senate to demand immediate payment of the bonus.

Waters in commenting on the attack today exonerated the police, with whom he is working, and made the despicable statement that the bloody shooting was caused by the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League.

This morning Waters attempted to address a group of veterans in the government buildings. He urged the men to retreat from the buildings to the filthy, unsanitary Camp Bartlett.

John Pace, leader of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League, led a group of veterans from Camp Bartlett into the government buildings last June.

### GUARD WHITE HOUSE

All throughout the day today the White House gates were closed. A heavy wartime guard was thrown around the president's home.

Waters clearly exposed his role as an agent of the Hoover government and an enemy of the bonus when he said today that he agreed that the vets should evacuate the government property.

### PREPARE MARTIAL LAW

Several thousand Washington workers cheered the veterans for their heroic struggle. Secretary of War Hurley, in calling the troops out against the veterans, said in an official order to General McArthur:

"The President has just informed me that the civil government of the District has reported to him that it is unable to maintain law and order in the district.

"You will have U. S. troops proceed immediately to the scene of the disorder to cooperate fully with the District of Columbia police which is now in charge.

"Surround the affected area and clear it without delay. Turn over all prisoners to the civil authorities. . . ."

Pace, Eicker and Johnson, veterans who were arrested while picketing the White House Monday were denied bail today by the Washington courts.

### RANK AND FILE CONFERENCE

The Rank and File Committee of the B. E. F. announced today that it will go ahead with the conference announced to be held tomorrow at the Old Masonic Hall 5th and Virginia Avenue.

### SAILORS HELD

Veterans today said that not only were 25 marines held in jail for refusing to attack the bonus marchers, but that thirty-five sailors of the U. S. Navy are likewise held for declaring their solidarity with the veterans.

## MICHIGAN POLICE EXPOSED IN NEW 'RED' FORGERY

Out to Make Bank Plot Tales Convincing

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

that "radicals were wrecking banks by telephoning depositors that the institutions were unsound."

### Another Stupid Forgery

That the letterhead of the Grand Rapids Party organization is a forgery of the most inept kind—capable only of the most stupid police provocateurs—is seen even by a casual comparison of the faked one with the original:

1. The official name of the Communist Party section—as printed on the authentic letterhead—is COMMUNIST PARTY OF U. S. A. DISTRICT SEVEN, SECTION "R." On the other hand, in the forged letterhead, it is given as COMMUNIST PARTY OF U. S. A. DISTRICT SEVEN, GRAND RAPIDS SECTION.

2. In their zeal, the police forgers had printed on the fake letterhead, READ THE DAILY WORKER, THE OFFICIAL PARTY PAPER. The genuine letterhead of the Grand Rapids organization contains no mention of the Daily Worker. What is more, the Daily Worker is never described as the "official party paper," but usually as the "central" or "official organ of the Communist Party."

3. The forged letterhead puts forward the slogan: "Organize the unorganized into a fighting union." Such a slogan was never put forth by the Communist Party, which at all times calls for the organization of the unorganized into specific mining, etc.—under the leadership unions, such as auto, metal, rubber, of the Trade Union Unity League.

4. Note that the forged letterhead contains no address, while the general letterhead contains the address of the section headquarters. Only a police spy would be stupid enough to invest money in printing letterheads without an address.

The rest of the letter, which is on par with the whole police fabrication, purports to be instructions to Communists to spread rumors in order to bring about the failure of banks.

### Confirms Foster's Charge

Thus, the charge made in Detroit yesterday by William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, that this new "plot" is a police fabrication from start to finish, is fully confirmed. "There is no 'George Rowland' in the Communist Party," Foster said, "and if such an individual does exist at all, he is a policeman." Powers is N. Y. Candidate

Yesterday's capitalist press continued to carry scare-head stories about the "whispering campaign" against the banks, declaring that the mysterious "George Rowland," has been "identified" as George E. Powers who was arrested last August in Hancock, Mich., charged with violating the Michigan criminal syndicalism. At the same time they quote the American Vigilant Intelligence Federation, a racketeering "patriotic" outfit, whose director Jung, was formerly chief of a labor spy agency, to the effect that the "Comrade H. G." mentioned in the mysterious letters said to have been found in a Pontiac hotel is Harry Gannes, "director of the Agitation and Propaganda Bureau of the Communist Party for the New York district."

As a matter of fact, Gannes was never agitprop director of the Communist Party of the New York district, and in recent years has been a member of the staff of the Daily Worker, and stationed permanently in its editorial offices in New York City.

As for Powers, the New York district of the Communist Party yesterday issued a statement declaring:

### Obvious Frame-up

"George E. Powers, candidate for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals on the New York State Communist ticket, has been in New York con-

## Seeking an Alibi for Bank Crashes

(What the "Daily" Said Editorially July 6)

COMMUNISTS are blamed for everything now-a-days. There are even sages that hold them responsible for epidemics and earthquakes. When the Communists are blamed for the organization of unemployed demonstrations, for taking the leadership in the fight against wage cuts and hunger, for defending the rights of the workers, for struggling against imperialist war and organizing the workers for the eventual overthrow of the capitalist system, the capitalists are indeed correct, although here it must be stated that many spontaneous movements arise without the leadership of the Communists. By this we say not by way of depreciating our own activities, but only to emphasize the need for more aggressive leadership to the everyday struggles of the workers.

But when the Communists are attacked for crashing banks and for creating bank runs, we must protest at such vile falsehoods. This slander is made by the Detroit Free Press in its editorial of June 30, when it stated that "the Communists in this country have learned by experience that an open frontal attack upon America is bound to fail flat . . . so the reds are working chiefly at under-cover programs. They spread slanderous and alarmist rumors . . . to take advantage of general depressed conditions," etc. This reactionary paper goes on to say that the "Reds" are working in Oakland County, Michigan, attempting to bankrupt the one bank left open in Pontiac.

We must say that not only is this vicious nonsense, but behind this lurks some rotten business. How can the whispering of Communists destroy the pillars of the banking system of the United States? We know of the trumpet calls of Joshua causing the walls of Jericho to crumble, but we have not heard of whispering rumors or even shouting causing the crashing of the banking strongholds of capitalism, unless these banks are insolvent and, what is more, attempting by some cunning to cover up their insolvency. When that happens, there are enough people of the capitalist world to spread the rumors of their insolvency. Not even children will believe the fable that the banks crashed because of Communist propaganda. The banks are going under as a result of the deepening economic crisis and the anarchy of the system which the Detroit Free Press has hailed as strong as the rock of Gibraltar. If the Detroit Free Press and the First National Bank of Pontiac are compelled to issue statements that the Communists are uttering malicious falsehoods in order to crash the bank, then we must say that the bankholders and other such people are simply trying to prove a bad alibi for the destruction of workers' savings.

There is a proverb that when people shout "Stop thief," one should examine closely into the integrity of the shouter, and it is not unlikely that this proverb applies to the Detroit Free Press and their banking supporters.

tinuously for the past several months, and has made campaign speeches before clubs, organizations and open air street meetings almost daily for the past two months," the statement says.

Powers himself declared: "This statement of the American Vigilant Intelligence Committee is false and ridiculous. For the past two months I have been spending nearly every evening in making campaign speeches in New York. My days have been spent in looking for work here in New York.

"The entire story of this campaign against the banks is an obvious frame-up by the capitalist authorities to try to shift responsibility for their own bankruptcy and failure on to the shoulders of the Party of the workers. It won't work anyway. The workers know better."

DETROIT, Mich., July 27.—Jacob Spolansky, notorious provocateur, emerged as one of the figures behind the campaign to make Communist responsible for the growing bank crashes, who he dragged in the name of Max Salzmann, Detroit Communist.

Spolansky, a tool of the Michigan open shop manufacturers, has a long so-called record. He was mixed up in the attempt to frame-up Communists in the well-known "Michigan case" of 1922, testified before the Fish Committee in Detroit, and was the guiding spirit behind the defeated "Spolansky Bill" to register and finger print the foreign-born workers.

In the headlines of The DAILY WORKER The only Czechoslovak working class daily newspaper in the U. S. and Canada. It stands for the very same principle as THE DAILY WORKER. Yearly subscription \$5, for 6 mo. \$3. Write for free sample copy today



Is your neighbor at home, shop, mine or farm a Slavak or Czech worker? If he is, have him subscribe to the

Daily Rovnost Ludu

Czechoslovak Org. of the C.P., U.S.A. 1510 W. 18th St., Chicago, Ill.

## PREPARE ATTACK ON CHINA SOVIETS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

Recently on the voyage through Chenidji, near Yochow on Lake Tungting, one of the ships of this company made an attack on a force of the Chinese Red Army. The Shanghai "Shun Pao" reports that the Washington Government has empowered the commander of the American marines at Amoy to attack the Chinese Red Army, if it tries to occupy that town.

British warships are being concentrated at Amoy, Hongkong, Shanghai, Hankow and other Chinese cities for the attack. Admiral Kelly, commander of the British Fleet in the Far East, has arrived at Hankow to carry the war into Central China. On his way on his flagship "Kent" he stopped at Shanghai and Nanking for conference with the diplomatic agents of the Wall Street Government and officials of the puppet Nanking Government.

The Japanese imperialists, as a result of their rober campaign against Shanghai, are armed to the teeth on the South and North coasts of China and on the upper and lower Yangtze River. For the purpose of opening the direct fight against the Chinese Red Army, they have launched a special press campaign of war provocation and incitement against the Chinese Soviet Republic.

### Imperialists Powers Arm Kuomintang War Lords

The imperialists, in their aim of retaining the Kuomintang as the chief force against the Chinese Revolution, are arming the Chinese warlords. Kuomintang militarists in Nanking, Canton and Kwangsi are being supplied with bombing planes, tanks and other weapons and munitions. Large quantities of wire and sacks have been set from Hongkong to Amoy, Ching Kai-Shek, who fears for his reputation and had already appointed a commander-in-chief for the new fifth campaign, has been compelled by his imperialist masters to take over the supreme command himself.

### Masses Fight Back

Answering the imperialist preparations for a direct attack on the Chinese Soviet Republic, the Chinese workers in the cities are rallying to the anti-imperialist, anti-Kuomintang struggles with a new wave of strikes and demonstrations. The strike of the silk mill workers in Shanghai, the strike in the British-American Tobacco Company, the strike in the British coal mine in North Honan, are clear indications of this.

The Chinese working masses are ready for the fight for the victory of the Red Army, for the defeat of the fifth campaign of the imperialists and the Kuomintang. They must have, however, the active support of the international proletariat in order to prevent the direct war of the imperialists against the Chinese Soviet Republic, to prevent their supplying munitions and weapons to the Kuomintang and advising and financing them. American workers: Stop the robber war against China! All out August First! Defend the Chinese People! Defend the Soviet Union! Demand all war funds for the unemployed, for relief and social insurance! Demand the cash payments of the veterans bonus! Stop the shipment of munitions to Japan and the Kuomintang.

### Extend Japanese Invasion Into Jehol Province

The Japanese Rengo News Agency began yesterday to lay the grounds for a vigorous extension of the Japanese invasion of Jehol Province and North China as part of the new fifth "Communist Suppression" campaign against the Chinese Soviet Republic for which Nanking and its imperialist masters are jointly preparing. The News Agency voiced the threat of the Japanese militarist that "serious trouble was expected" unless the Japanese Army Captain Ishimoto "was freed soon."

The Japanese claim Ishimoto was "captured" by Chinese troops, and establishing a Manchurian war base

## Foster Calls "Red Plot" Story Pretext for Raids; Says Bankers Ruin Banks

Captain Marmon Documents Comparable to Documents Whalen Gave Fish Comm.

Shows Growing Radicalization of Workers In Frightening Capitalists

By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER.

DETROIT, Mich., July 28.—The Communist Party denounces as a deliberate fabrication the newspaper story ascribed to Captain Ira Marmon of the State Secret Service Corps, to the effect that Communists are carrying on a campaign to bring about failure of individual banks in this district or throughout the country.

## REPORTS SHOW MASSES RALLYING TO FIGHT ON WAR

New Sections Coming Out August 1

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

leave the platform from which he was addressing several hundred workers.

When the workers protested and followed the police with their prisoners, the police launched a vicious attack on the workers who, however, militantly stood their ground and refused to disperse.

The demonstration was held under the auspices of the F. S. U.

### Support of Many Organizations

WOODRIDGE, N. Y., July 28.—Many working-class organizations are supporting the anti-war demonstration which will be held on the school grounds in this town on August 1. Leaflets have been distributed, exposing the present robber war on China and the drive for armed intervention against the Soviet Union.

### In the Textile Town

LAWRENCE, Mass., July 28.—The August First demonstration here will be held on the South Lawrence Common (O'Connell Field), at 7 p. m. The demonstration is supported by a number of organizations, including the National Textile Workers Union, the Oxford Street Neighborhood Committee, Elm Street Neighborhood Committee, the Italian Workers Center, the Unemployed Council and the Communist Party.

### War Orders in Jersey

NEWARK, July 28.—Workers in over a score of cities in New Jersey will demonstrate on August First against imperialist war and hunger, for the defense of the Chinese people and the Soviet Union.

New Jersey state is the center of some of the biggest war industries in the country, including such big shops as Crucible Steel, Celluloid Steel (explosives) Grassell Chemical, American Cyanamid Chemical, Hollander Chemical, as well as hundreds of dye and silk mills that can easily be converted to war production. Some of these plants have already begun to turn out war orders, at the same time that they are cutting the wages of their employees.

### LEARNING TO FIGHT

Malden, Mass.

Dear Comrades: The lessons of the 14th plenum seem to sink in but slowly in some comrades' minds. Here in Malden we have quite a drastic example of this. After being denied a permit for a vigorous extension of the Japanese invasion of Jehol Province and North China as part of the new fifth "Communist Suppression" campaign against the Chinese Soviet Republic for which Nanking and its imperialist masters are jointly preparing. The News Agency voiced the threat of the Japanese militarist that "serious trouble was expected" unless the Japanese Army Captain Ishimoto "was freed soon."

But now we are going to hold an election meeting here, and call on the workers to be present and protest their rights to free speech on the streets they themselves have built.

—A Worker.

are using the cases as a pretext for further extension of their robber war against the Chinese people and in against the Soviet Union.

On their face, the letter and documents quoted in the press in connection with this story are manifest fakes. Not only is the whole line of these documents contrary to Communist policies but their text as well. There is no such person in the person in the Communist Party as Rowland, of Captain Marmon's story. The main purpose of the entire story, is obviously to lay the basis for raids upon the Communist Party.

The deepening of the economic crisis, the growing radicalization of the working-class and the rapid turning of the masses to the Communist Party for leadership, frightening the capitalists. In Detroit in the last four days the Communist Party has held a series of five mass meetings attended by 29,000 workers. Meeting a recourse to such frame-up "Red Plots" as the present to offer grounds for attacks on our party.

Marmon's documents are on a par with the Whalen forgeries presented to the Fish Committee. They are part and parcel of the general terrorizing and starving the workers, evidenced by the wholesale evictions and reductions of relief now taking place here in Detroit, as well as the arrest of 176 workers yesterday in Dearborn by Doak's agents.

Marmon's blood and thunder story is also an attempt to find excuses for the innumerable bank failures that are taking place all over the country. Marmon would like to blame the Communists for this holocaust. During 1931 twelve hundred and ninety banks involving \$1,759,000,000 closed their doors. The banks all over the country are in a bankrupt condition. Not one of them could stand the demand of the depositors for their money. The banks in this vicinity must be in a desperate condition when the government is compelled to adopt such a method to save them as this fantastic story of Captain Marmon's.

The Communists do not pursue a policy of initiating runs upon individual banks. We know that when banks are wrecked the big capitalist depositors find ways and means to protect their deposits and the burden of such failures always falls upon the poor depositors. If Captain Marmon wants to find the criminal bank wreckers who have robbed the workers and other poor depositors of hundreds of millions of dollars, let him turn his attention to the American Bankers Association and the great capitalists of the country.

## Nicaraguans Fight U.S. Marines, Nat'l Guardsmen; Kill One

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 28.—

A detachment of the National Army of Liberation engaged in a bitter fight with a patrol of the National Guard officered by United States Marines, near Pavonia, north of Yaly, the day before yesterday.

One member of the National Guard was killed and three were wounded. The fight lasted over half an hour. The National Guard Patrol was forced to retreat and ask for reinforcements.

The report of the defeat inflicted upon the National Guard patrol worried the Navy Department, a dispatch reported that the Navy Department is "watching the Nicaraguan developments closely."

# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

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## Green's New Move Against Jobless Insurance

In the American Federation of Labor Journal of July 2, William Green wrote an editorial in which he again denounced unemployment insurance in these words: "Labor abhors unemployment insurance."

At the Vancouver convention of last October the A. F. of L. officials opposed unemployment insurance, said it was "degrading" and that the crisis would soon be over anyway.

But the crisis continued and deepened, the ranks of the unemployed starving men, women and children grew to the fifteen million mark and is still increasing. The workers are showing in increasing numbers that they will not quietly submit to mass starvation. On every hand there are evidences of determination to fight against hunger. The struggle against hunger is growing; demonstrations are becoming more frequent, involve more workers and are more militant.

The fight of the rank and file against hunger is growing under leadership that is in no way influenced by the A. F. of L. bureaucrats. It is growing in spite of and against them.

The A. F. of L. Trade Union Committee for Unemployment Insurance and Relief has led the fight inside the A. F. of L. for real unemployment insurance and is meeting with widespread approval.

This alarms the capitalist class and threatens their vicious drive against the working class. Tens of thousands of members of the A. F. of L. are disgusted with the reactionary leaders and are more and more understanding the treacherous roles of the Greens, the Wolls, Lewises and Hutchinsons.

Hence the necessity for the fakery to adopt new forms of trickery, to pretend to back down from their position—but only in order more effectively to carry on their old fight against unemployment insurance. By no means have the A. F. of L. bureaucrats abandoned their old opposition to real unemployment insurance.

Green unwittingly exposed the sort of unemployment "insurance" he favors when, in commenting upon the recent decision of the A. F. of L. executive council, he said:

"Whether I shall propose that the federal government contribute as well as employers and employees I cannot say at this time."

Green pretends to be speculating, hesitating on exactly what sort of bill the council will propose. But one thing stands out clearly—he intends to propose some scheme that will further tax the workers—the "employees" as he calls them.

Thus, it can be seen that Green's "speculations" flow in the direction of the proposals of the governor's commission of New York state, the democratic platform schemes, the Swope General Electric scheme and other such frauds that force the workers in a given industry to contribute to a fund that is handled by the management for handing out crumbs to certain categories of those recently thrown out of employment.

Such a scheme in no way takes into consideration the millions that have been out of industry for the past few years. Such schemes are not to aid the unemployed, but to beat down further the wages of workers now working part time (there are less than 3 per cent according to A. F. of L. figures working full time) by forcing them to contribute to a fund which the employers control.

By virtue of the fact that Green says he does not wish state laws on the question and he does not propose federal aid he thereby excludes the overwhelming majority of the fifteen million unemployed who have not been connected with industry for a long time. For who can pay insurance to the workers out of the factories, if not the government?

Thus, like a section of the capitalists these people speak of unemployment insurance in name, while denying it in fact.

Thus we see the A. F. of L. bureaucrats endorsing a travesty on unemployment insurance. The very essence of any real unemployment insurance, is that it must be at the expense of the government and the employers—not a Swope scheme.

It is precisely to arrest the mass movement that is gaining such power that it threatens to compel the employers and the government to establish a system of unemployment and social insurance that Green comes forth with his travesty.

Unemployment and social insurance is placed as the first plank in our Communist Party election platform. It is not merely a demand. It is a plank around which masses of part time and unemployed workers, Negro and white, men, women and children are being mobilized in the day to day struggle against hunger and for jobs and bread. It is a question of generating sufficient power to compel the capitalist thieves to disgorge some of their plunder, to make them pay for food, clothing and shelter for the workers who alone have created their wealth.

## The Curtain Is Down

THE curtain is finally down on the Tragi-comedy called "Disarmament Conference." After nearly six months of empty talk and cunning maneuvers, the diplomats have taken a vacation from their arduous labors in behalf of "peace."

In the last week, the conference feverishly devoted its energy to getting at least some sort of a show of accomplishment. After much haggling behind closed doors, with Premier Herriot having been hastily summoned from Paris, the imperialist pursuers of "peace" let the world know that they have reached an agreement on "armament reduction in principle." The old Fox Bismark once stated that to accept "in principle" means in the language of diplomacy to reject in actuality.

That this agreement is not worth the paper it was written on, is apparent to all workers who have followed the activities of the scheming war mongers in Geneva. There can be no doubt that not one of the imperialist governments has any intention of carrying out even the very negligible arms-limitation so pompously proclaimed in the last resolution of the conference. There will have to be six months later—further conferences and protracted negotiations for the "practical" application of the agreement in "principle."

Why then the resolution?

The answer is that the imperialists had to save their faces. They had gone to Geneva not of their own free will. They had been driven there by the growing resistance among the masses to their war preparations and by the challenging disarmament proposals of the Soviet Union which made a profound impression on the workers of the world. The masses are opposed to war. They fear the monstrous military machinery set up by the governments. The severe crisis has deepened this animosity. The imperialists unable any longer to sabotage the calling of the disarmament conference—a game they had successfully played for over three years—decided to kill it from within. This they did, although it cost them six months of maneuvering.

Each imperialist representative came to Geneva determined to prevent the weakening of his own military machine. But each sought to push his rivals to the wall.

Hoover's plan was a cunning device to reduce the armaments of his rivals—England, Japan, and France allowing Washington to go on enlarging its army and increasing certain types of its battleships.

That Hoover was not serious with his plan can be seen from the fact that the American delegates refused to vote for their own plan when Litvinoff at the close of the conference, put it as an amendment in order to show their bluff.

The tactics of the two chief European imperialist powers in Geneva and Lausanne showed that there is in existence a skeleton of a block among them aimed at the Soviet Union in the first line (with the upholding of the treaty of Versailles), and against the U. S. in the second line (on the question of reparations and war debts).

From the failure of Geneva and Lausanne looms a new realignment of the forces of world imperialism, new block and secret alliances. The mad rivalry in armament will go on as witness the secret arming of fascist Italy, and she is not the only one. The danger of war becomes more immediate.

The Soviet delegation in Geneva spoke not only for the masses in the Soviet Union, but it gave expression to the desire and mood of the toiling masses everywhere.

August First will be the day when the workers will demonstrate their complete solidarity with the peace policy of the Soviet Union and their determination to defend the Socialist Fatherland with all their might.

## "DO I HEAR A COMMUNIST WHISPER?"

Melvin A. Taylor, President, First National Bank of Chicago.



By BURCK

## Mooney--16 Years in Prison

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH  
JULY 26, 1932, marked the sixteenth anniversary of the arrest and imprisonment of Tom Mooney, the best known among all the class war prisoners in the world today.

The American bourgeois "democracy" alone among all the capitalist nations in the world holds working class prisoners in chains, dating back into the period of the last world war. In fact, the lesser known working-class leaders in California, McNamara and Schmidt, were confined to the same living tombs that now hold Mooney and many other working-class prisoners, as long ago as 1911.

Mooney's imprisonment spans the period between the two imperialist world wars, the war of 1914-18, and the war of 1932 against the Soviet Union rapidly in the making. Freedom for Tom Mooney, for his fellow prisoner, Warren K. Billings, for the Scottsboro Negro boys, for amnesty—the liberation of all working class political prisoners—thus become a major slogan of the anti-war struggles on the 18th anniversary of the beginning of the world war, 1914.

The Maneuver of Mayor Walker

The sixteenth year of Mooney's imprisonment was emphasized by the ruling class effort to rob the Mooney case of its working-class character through the hypocritical appeal of Mayor James J. Walker of New York City, upon Governor James J. Rolph, Jr., of California, for Mooney's release. Mooney could have been a free man today, insofar as the prison regime itself is concerned, if he had consented to the conditions laid down to him by the agents of the boss class that wanted this issue divorced from the working class struggle in the period of the still deepening economic crisis, "so that we wouldn't have so many and so large red demonstrations in New York City" in the words of Mayor Walker himself. These conditions among others were: (1) repudiation of the Communist Party and all militant working class organizations, especially that the red trade unions; (2) An attack upon the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics; (3) His pledge not to return to trade union activities.

Mooney's reply was uncompromising. Governor Rolph's reply to Mayor Walker's appeal declared that Mooney must continue to rot in the infamous San Quentin prison until released only by death itself. Mooney's reply to Governor Rolph's decision was a clarion call to new working-class mass struggles. He declared:

"I am ready and willing today as always to give my life to the cause of the toilers of the world regardless of race, creed, color or nationality. This decision (Rolph's) in the face of worldwide protest against my brutal frame-up is an insolent and sinister challenge hurled by a doomed capitalist system into the teeth of the entire working-class. I call upon the militant working-class of the entire world to accept this challenge. They must also demand that the frame-up Scottsboro Negro boys do not die, and defend the Kentucky prisoners and all proletarian political prisoners."

Letter from Siberia  
Through the barred windows of San Quentin's dungeons breaks the sunlight of Soviet power in the First Workers' Republic. Units of

## August 1st Demonstrations Will Demand Freedom of All Class War Prisoners

on an unprecedented scale, it is an unforgettable sensation to read how you workers are constructing a new land and a new life.

"So build your land. Rest assured that though entombed as we are by concrete and steel, our vision is not blinded. We are watching you closely. We glory in your achievements. We are with you in your struggles, as we know it is difficult to build where there was nothing before. We are thrilled to see arising out of the muck and filth and ignorance and superstition that was old Russia, the new land of the Soviets, the homeland of the world's proletariat. I express

## August 1st--Which Literature to Use and How

THE Central Committee Directives on August First include directives on literature. In this article we want to show which literature should be used, and how it should be used. The directives say:

"Our daily activities in mobilizing the masses for struggle against imperialist war, in our preparations for August First, must be based on the sharpest realization that we already are in the midst of an imperialist war against the Chinese people, that any day imperialist war against the Soviet Union may break out, that a new imperialist world war is impending."

Shall we prove this to the masses? Nothing easier. Have them read "Japanese Imperialism Stripped," to show designs on the Soviet Union—the secret memorandum of Tanaka, Premier of Japan. Have them read the "Communist," July issue, which is entirely devoted to the struggle against war.

The Forces At Play.

The directives say: "In all our anti-war activities we must clearly bear in mind the analysis of the 14th Plenum of our Party, that 'the great imperialist powers, especially Japan and the United States, are at present more and more involved in the sharpest conflict for their share in the exploitation and division of China, and concentrating their war forces for an immediate armed struggle in the Pacific.'"

Do you want the workers to understand this play of imperialist forces in China? Give them our pamphlets to read, which analyze this situation: "War in China," by Ray Stewart (10c.), and "Soviet China," by M. James and R. Doornik.

The Socialist Party.

"Especially must we expose the role of the Socialist Party, which uses the slogan 'Recognition of the Soviet Union' in order to cover up the direct war preparations on the part of American imperialism against the Soviet Union and to cover up the attacks of the Socialist Party on the Soviet Government and the dictatorship of the proletariat."

Unfortunately there is nothing at

to you, from the bottom of my heart, my solidarity with you."

This was Mooney's reply to the demand that he attack the Soviet Union. He refused to retract one syllable of his blasting exposure of the role of the American trade union reaction, showing how it conspires with the profit takers to keep him in prison. As for the demand made up on him that he desert the working-class struggle, he declares:

"I am ready and willing today as always to give my life to the cause of the toilers of the world regardless of race, creed, color or nationality."

Won't Surrender

Freedom is a precious treasure to be won by a class war prisoner especially, like Mooney, after 16 years in a prison tomb. But Mooney refuses to pay the price of surrender for that treasure. So did the 14-year-old Roy Wright, one of the Scottsboro Negro boys, refused to surrender when the judicial lynchers of Alabama recently offered him his freedom and added \$500 to the bribe if he would betray the other eight Scottsboro boys.

The Mooney-Billings persecution links closely with the Scottsboro infamy in many ways. The 84-year-old mother of Mooney with a Scottsboro mother, tours the United States in the renewed Scottsboro-Mooney campaign; while the Scottsboro mother, Mrs. Ada Wright, touring Europe, raises the struggle not only for the release of the Scottsboro boys, but for the liberation of Mooney and Billings, and all the class war prisoners. Thus July 26th, the anniversary of Mooney's imprisonment, linked closely with the July and August days of struggle of the whole working-class.

Struggle Against Fascism.

The directives say: "In our struggle against social fascism we must be guided by the statement of the 14th Plenum, which says: 'Under the banner of pacifism they (social fascists) are trying to keep the masses from fighting against war, and support the war policy of the Hoover government, League of Nations, disarmament swindle, war debts, Laval visit, etc.'"

This is further explained in Bittelman's "Revolutionary Struggle Against War Versus Pacifism."

Thorough Ideological Understanding.

The directives say: "The Leninist teachings on war must receive the widest popularization in line with the resolution of the 11th Plenum of the Executive Committee of the Communist International."

Read this resolution—it will teach every comrade some very fundamental truths about war and to struggle against it. It is included in the new pamphlet "Toward Revolutionary Mass Work" (10c.). Then there are Lenin's works, and for those to whom these works are not as yet available there are the two smaller pamphlets: "War and the Second International," Little Lenin Series No. 2 (20c.), and "Socialism and War," Little Lenin Series No. 3 (15c.). One of the most important theoretical works on the anti-war struggle is the Sixth Congress Resolution on war, contained in the pamphlet: "The Struggle

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## Forced Labor--Jersey's Answer to Cry for Bread

The Government Cashes In On Unemployment

By REBECCA GRECHT.

A VICIOUS system of forced labor is now being established in New Jersey, by decision and under the supervision of the state government. Beginning with August First, cash relief with aid of state funds will cease everywhere. All able-bodied unemployed workers will be compelled to work in return for a weekly bit of groceries, or find their only means of subsistence to keep death from the door, the starvation allowance of the government charity system, taken from them.

New Jersey ranks as one of the first states in the number and per centage of unemployed. Over 800,000 are jobless, almost 25 per cent of the total population. New layoffs take place regularly in all industries.

Compelled to recognize the seriousness of the situation, the state director of relief, Chester I. Barnard, admitted in his report to the State Legislature eight months ago, in December, 1931, that not less than \$250,000,000 would be needed for cash relief and a public works program to care for the unemployed and their families, for the coming year. The answer of the state government, then, was to appropriate the miserably inadequate sum of approximately \$10,000,000, intended to last seven or eight months!

Now, faced with deepening crisis and a tremendous increase in unemployment, the state legislature at its last session concluded in June, demonstrated its complete bankruptcy as concerns any attempt to provide for the unemployed.

In the face of the hunger and destitution rampant in the state, a relief appropriation of some 14 million dollars was made (on paper, with no definite provision as to where this money was to come from, outside of four millions dollars taken from the teacher's pension fund, never to be returned. This sum admittedly can in no way suffice even the barest needs of the workers, and condemns them to deepest misery and suffering.

With the cry for bread of the toiling masses ringing in their ears, the corporation-controlled state legislature voted starvation for the workers, while refusing to touch one cent of the profits of the rich. They have inaugurated a system forced labor to save funds, keep the taxes of the banks, trusts, railroads down, and provide a new source of profits for the municipalities, counties and state government.

Now, everywhere, cities will build sewers, pave streets, build highways, drain swamps, dredge rivers, clear water sheds, at the expense of the workers, forced to labor without wages, in return for a morsel of bread. "Voluntary" slavery for the unemployed—this is the latest expression of capitalist demagoguery in New Jersey. The state government is itself directly putting through this system, sending representatives of the state relief department to the various cities, to show them how they can compel the unemployed to work without wages.

How profitable this new scheme of forced labor will be for New Jersey cities was quite openly admitted by the Newark Evening News, New Jersey's leading capitalist newspaper, which stated:

"Municipalities of New Jersey are deriving benefits from the unemployment crisis that years of prosperity never brought them."

Thus, one city in south Jersey was persuaded by the state relief director that the time had never been so good as now to develop the marsh land in the city's territory. "The state administration," declares the report in the Newark Evening News, "showed this municipality how a job that ordinarily

would cost \$381,000 could be done for \$35,000 if those men whose families were receiving relief from the city were required to do at least one day of work each week in return for the aid."

The state emergency relief administration is now busy "selling" ideas to the cities, on how dead-end streets could be developed, dumps could be turned into parks, city trucks repaired without hiring mechanics, lumber hauled, etc., all on the basis of forced labor. The dredging of the Passaic River, planned for the last 25 years, is now actually to be undertaken, because under the forced labor system it is found to be profitable.

Municipalities are being taught to exploit the suffering and misery of the masses, to use the whip of hunger to force them into this latest method of slave-labor. The government is showing itself openly as the slave-driver, the exploiter, to make profits out of the suffering of the working class.

But while the workers are given forced labor, the bankers and railroads receive direct gifts of aid from the government. Building and loan associations, railroads, in New Jersey have already received millions from the Reconstruction Aid Corporation. The Central Railroad of New Jersey has just received from the Federal government a gift of over \$200,000 in tax refunds. The policy followed in New Jersey is the Hoover hunger program. Categorical refusal of adequate unemployment relief for the workers, but full protection of the profits of the capitalists and millions for their aid.

Sacredly guarding the profits of Standard Oil, U. S. Steel, Public Service, etc., the New Jersey state government is seeking new ways of forcing the workers themselves to bear the full burden of unemployed relief; of taking from the workers who still cling to part-time jobs, the funds for the shameful charity doles handed out to the unemployed. Hence, the infamous New York "block-aid system" is now also to be put into effect in New Jersey, and Governor Moore has been busy conferring with Tammany Hall on how this system can most smoothly be established.

Workers everywhere are seething with indignation at this latest brazen attack upon the unemployed. On the basis of an intensive campaign throughout the state, it is possible to smash the system of forced labor. We must develop a broad agitation, demonstrations, parades, leading to organized resistance to putting this slave-driving policy into effect.

A campaign of organization of block committees, Unemployed Councils, must be started in all sections, to lead the workers in the neighborhoods. The struggle against forced labor must be connected up with other demands of the unemployed—with the fight against the block-aid system, against discrimination in relief of young workers and Negro workers, for milk for the children. Cutting off cash relief will mean a big increase in evictions, against which a determined struggle must be conducted.

We must expose the role of the government in establishing the new system of slave-labor, and intensify manifold our activity to mobilize the workers for the fight for unemployment insurance.

The situation in New Jersey is ripe for militant struggle and organization of the unemployed. Aid the establishment of a new district of the Communist Party in New Jersey, recently effected, makes possible an intensified campaign against the starvation, forced labor program of the state government, representing the oil, steel, chemical, railroad, textile and banking trusts of New Jersey.

## Letters from Our Readers

COPS FIGHT SOLIDARITY

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Kansas City.

Dear Editor:

Certain Negro workers living in my neighborhood, knowing me as a "radical," and being hard pressed for food and clothes, have been in the habit of coming to my house to read literature that I have and to discuss their problems with me. As a result someone reported it to the police, and they came and visited me and warned me not to admit Negroes to my house. It happens that these cops were under the rule of the Republican administration of Governor Caulfield.

Since then the control of the Kansas City police department has gone into the hands of the Democrats. And last night a couple of Democratic cops came to my house. They asked me if I came from the North. I answered: Yes. They then said: "You are in Missouri now and we don't like niggers. The next time one of them comes up these steps, we will take you all down."

I belong to no political party, but will vote Communist in the coming elections.—J. A.

PHILLIPSPORT, N. Y.—A group of comrades who have given up their homes in New York (not being able

New York City.

To the Daily Worker:

I have been a socialist for many years. Recently I have been listening to the Communists.

As a socialist rank and filer I call down the New Leader for its lie that the rank and file Communists in Germany followed the S. F. leadership to demonstrate against the banning of the "Vorwärts." It is ridiculous to expect the Communist rank and filers to give up their leadership because of the capitalist dictatorship of the Von Papen ministry established by Von Hindenburg, whom the socialists supported in the last election.

Besides, the N. Y. Times reports daily armed struggles between the Communists and the fascists which usually result in several deaths. The Communist Party fights fascism. The Socialist Party talks about it and acts otherwise. I WILL VOTE COMMUNIST!

to pay the high rents) and who have no job anyway are out here for the summer.

We have established a Women's Council, a pioneers' group, and camp fire meetings at which we explain the Communist program to visitors from other farms.