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VOTE COMMUNIST FOR

1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rents or debts.

4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

CHINA REDS IN NEW BIG VICTORIES

Cut Railway and Tighen Ring Around Hankow

MARTIAL LAW IN CITY Chiang Warns Bosses Major War Looms

Nanking and Hankow militarists launched a savage reign of terror against the workers of Hankow yesterday following a series of important victories by the Chinese Red Armies in Hupoh and Hunan Provinces and the attempt of a Hankow worker to assassinate the Nanking butcher, Chiang Kai-shek. The strictest martial law has been clamped down on the city. All news is being censored. The censorship is so strict that the Chinese correspondent of Shanghai's largest newspaper has been jailed for attempting to send out the news.

A full division and a half of Nanking troops deserted to the Red Armies in the Sinyang area following the Red victories. The Red forces have won control of a long stretch of the Peiping-Hankow Railway, cutting one of the main lines of supplies for the Hankow garrison and further strengthening the iron ring of the Red forces around that chief Central China city.

The victories of the Red Armies in Hupoh and Honan, following closely on the heels of the invasion of Kwangtung Province, in South China, by a huge Red Army, has spread the greatest consternation among the imperialists and their Kuomintang allies. Chiang Kai-shek yesterday renewed his pledge to the imperialists that he would "personally lead" the fourth "Communist Suppression" campaign against the Red Armies and the Soviet Districts. The campaign already has been shattered by the powerful counter-offensive of the Red Armies.

Threat Large Scale War
Chiang is now threatening civil war on "a large scale." He has requested the imperialists to notify all foreign legations to order the withdrawal of their nationals from "large areas in Hunan and Hupoh Provinces."

Six students were killed, four seriously wounded, and four Nanking gendarmes killed in a pitched battle between students and the military at Hopt Normal School in Peiping, sixty miles southward of Peiping, yesterday. The gendarmes surrounded the school land opened fire on the students as a sequel to the declaration of martial law following the police claim of widespread Communist plots for extensive armed uprisings in North China. The students are reported to have fought back, shouting "Long Live the Communist Party."

Arrest Communists
The militarists are carrying out mass arrests of Communists and anti-imperialist fighters in Peiping and other North China cities. A bloody reign of terror is already under way in a desperate attempt by the militarists to save their threatened rule.

The Nanking government is trying to raise funds to finance "a six-months anti-Communist campaign under General Chiang Kai-shek." Chiang, who personally commanded at the beginning of the Third "Communist Suppression" campaign and promised his imperialist masters to wipe out the Soviet districts "within three months," is now asking six months for the new campaign. The Third campaign left the Soviet districts stronger than ever. The fourth campaign has already seen a tremendous extension of the power of the Chinese Soviets and a correspondingly weakening of Nanking power and prestige.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR: 2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.

Bolivians, Paraguayans Clash; Four Reported Slain

LA PAZ, Bolivia, July 10. — Four Bolivian soldiers were killed when a Paraguayan military detachment attacked Fort Mariscal at Lake Chuquisaca in the disputed Gran Chaco region.

The attack occurred June 29th according to a dispatch from the Chaco region adding that the Bolivian outpost finally forced the Paraguayan detachment to retreat.

The dispute over the Chaco region in 1928 precipitated open hostility between Bolivia and Paraguay. The dispute reflects the Anglo-American rivalry.

PREPARED RED TAG DAYS

For Fighting Fund in the Election Campaign; July 22, 23, 24

CONGRESSMAN GARNER stated yesterday that he opposed an investigation of the U. S. Treasury because "all that the American people had left was faith in the government, and that they would lose this faith if the U. S. Treasury were investigated."

Graft and corruption do not exist only in the U. S. Treasury. They exist wherever capitalism exists. Capitalism itself is legalized robbery, grows fat on robbery, periodically engages in robber wars. To destroy corruption in capitalist governments it is necessary to destroy the thing which gives it birth—the system of capitalism.

In the United States wealthy grafters like Andy Mellon are rewarded by high office.

In the Soviet Union, grafting is a capital offense—graft is one of the two crimes in the Soviet Union punishable by death.

Fight capitalism—the system on which is based the robbery of the working class—by contributing to the \$100,000 Fighting Fund for the Communist election campaign and by participating in the Tag Day on July 22-23-24. The \$100,000 Fighting Fund will be used to bring the Communist program of struggle to workers in every corner of the country, it will be used to help the Daily Worker pull back the veil of lies and misrepresentations which the capitalists and their huge propaganda machines have thrown around the program of the Communist Party.

The \$100,000 Fighting Fund is ammunition in the battle of the working class for freedom from their oppressors.

Take your place in the struggle. Contribute to the Fighting Fund and collect in the Tag Days on July 22-23-24.

COMMUNIST NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, Clarence Hathaway, Campaign Manager.

| \$100,000 FIGHTING FUND | | QUOTAS FOR DISTRICTS. | |
|-------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Dist. 1 |\$ 4,000 | Dist. 9 |\$ 6,000 |
| Dist. 2 |35,000 | Dist. 10 |3,000 |
| Dist. 3 |6,000 | Dist. 11 |1,000 |
| Dist. 4 |2,000 | Dist. 12 |3,000 |
| Dist. 5 |3,000 | Dist. 13 |500 |
| Dist. 6 |6,000 | Dist. 14 |5,000 |
| Dist. 7 |6,000 | Dist. 15 |500 |
| Dist. 8 |15,000 | Dist. 16 |500 |
| | | Dist. 17 |500 |
| | | Dist. 18 |500 |
| | | Dist. 19 |200 |

Government Proclaims State of Siege in Belgian Strike Area

BRUSSELS, July 10. — The Province of Hainaut was proclaimed in a state of siege by police last night following a clash between striking coal miners and strikebreakers. Many workers were injured in the collisions.

Troops were rushed to the scene of the strike which is rapidly spreading to other trades. Many Communists, who are playing a leading role in the strike, were arrested.

The strike has extended from the coal mines to the other industries, stopping furnaces, glass and cement plants and electricity and gas works. Transport was halted and the workers are preparing to march to Brussels despite the fact that all meetings and processions have been prohibited under penalty of 10 years imprisonment for the participants.

FORD SPEAKS AT JERSEY MEETINGS

To Discuss Mass Wage Cuts and Layoffs

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 10.—James W. Ford, Negro worker, vice-presidential candidate of the Communist Party in the coming elections, speaks here Monday night at the Ukrainian Hall, 156 Mercer St.

Intensive preparations for Ford's meetings are being made in seven different cities where he is to speak. Thousands of unemployed workers and impoverished farmers will be reached through Ford's meetings which are being arranged by the newly organized District 14 Communist Party of the U. S. A.

Ford's schedule follows:
Tuesday, 8 p. m. at Turn Hall, 725 High St., Newark, N. J.
Wednesday, 8 p. m. at Kantor's Auditorium, 259 Monroe, Passaic, N. J.
Thursday, 8 p. m. at the Krueger's

Soviet State Farm Workers Help World Fliers After Crash

MOSCOW, July 10.—With the aid of workers on the Soviet State farm near Borisov, and of Red Army soldiers and a crew sent by the Russian Civil Aviation Society, James Mattern and Bennett Griffin are busy dismantling their damaged plane, which crashed Thursday in a forced landing at a peat bog near Borisov. Both aviators spoke enthusiastically of the hospitality and helpfulness of the Soviet workers, though they were sorry they had lost their chance to beat the record set by Post and Gatty for a round-the-world flight.

A representative of the Council of People's Commissars of the White Russia Republic, the division of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics in which the fliers landed, arrived yesterday at Borisov to help the visitors. The fliers are going to Moscow today where an official reception is waiting for them.

HIT JAILING BY JAPAN OF 202 WORKERS

Radiogram to Emperor Warns of Protest Thruout U. S.

I. L. D. LEADS FIGHT Fight War Plan Aimed at USSR on August 1

BULLETIN
NEW YORK.—The International Labor Defense yesterday sent a radiogram addressed to the Emperor of Japan protesting against the savage persecution of revolutionary workers in that country and the convictions against 202 leading members of the Japanese Communist Party. The radiogram pointed out that protest action will be organized throughout the U. S.

Prepare Aug. 1st
Demonstrations are being prepared throughout the United States for August 1st, the eighteenth anniversary of the start of the last imperialist world war. The Daily Worker appeals to all workers to send it reports of the preparatory work for these demonstrations.

Japan's robber war on China, involving the seizure of Manchuria and the slaughter of tens of thousands of unarmed Chinese civilians, was yesterday described by Gen. Araki, Japanese War Minister, as a "necessary move" to "prevent the spread of Communism."

Speaking before the League of Nations "Investigation" Commission for two and a half hours, the Japanese War Minister discarded all pretexts that Manchuria was to be an "independent" state and argued that inclusion of Manchuria in the Japanese Empire was "necessary for Japan's safety." He hypocritically defended the theft of Manchuria from China as aimed to "prevent the further disintegration of China."

In support of his thesis for an anti-Soviet front, Gen. Araki jured up the picture of a Manchuria freed of imperialist oppression and ruled by Soviets of Manchurian workers, peasants and soldiers. This "terrible" picture he intimated would now have been realized but for Japan's armed intervention in Manchuria and her savage assault on the Manchurian masses.

The League Commission which is supposed to be "investigating" the Japanese aggressions in Manchuria is reported to have asked Gen. Araki three general questions—first, the relation of Manchuria to Japan's national defense; second, the army's plans regarding the maintenance of order in Manchuria, and, third, the army's view of Manchuria's future.

Gen. Araki replied that "the interests of Japan and Manchuria were inseparable." He declared that Manchuria was Japan's "first line of defense." He answered the third question with the statement that "the maintenance of stability in Manchuria was of vital interest to Japan."

The League Commission which is now in the final stage of its "investigations" is preparing a white wash of the Japanese aggressions which will seek to legalize the conversion of Manchuria by Japan into an armed base against the Soviet Union, and at the same time attempt to deceive the toiling masses of the world into belief that the League of Nations is working for "peace" in the Far East.

known writer; Professor Vida D. Scudder of Wellesley College; Babette Deutsch and Lola Ridge, poets; Owen R. Lovejoy, executive secretary of the National Child Labor Committee; Clifton P. Fadiman, critic and lecturer.

Dr. William J. Robinson, Virginia Dabney, John Herman, Clara W. Mayer, Josephine Herbst, Ralph Cheyney, Lucia Trent; also A. Robbins, editor of the Hickman (Ky.) "Courier"; Robert W. Dunn, author of "American Foreign Investments"; Louis Lozowick, artist; Professor Bernhard J. Stern, New School for So-

A GOOD OLD CAPITALIST CUSTOM



(F. P. Pictures)

COLUMBUS, Ohio.—Twenty lashes at the whipping post on the charge of petit larceny was the fate of two workers, William and Jesse Wynn here. The judge said he would "stretch all laws until they crack" to protect the bosses' property. He admitted there was no state law for whipping prisoners.

The two prisoners were allowed to keep their shirts on because they had no underwear.

FOULKROD SABOTAGES BONUS FIGHT; PACE HITS HOOVER PLAN

Ex-Detective Attempts to Get Vets Out of Washington Via Fare Scheme

Workers ExServicemen's League Leader Urges Men to Stay in Capital

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 10.—In an attempt to stimulate a general retreat of the Bonus Expeditionary Forces from the capital, Harold Foulkrod, legislative chairman of the Waters "High Command," applied for a ticket home today and advised masses of veterans to follow his example.

This action was not a surprise to the rank and file of the veterans, for the role of Foulkrod as a stool pigeon and detective was well known in all sections of the bonus army. The fact that Foulkrod is an ex-office manager of the Philadelphia Burns Detective Agency was exposed last week by the Daily Worker.

Debt Agreement Aimed at U. S. Does Not Abolish Reparations
The thirty-fifth war debts and reparations conference adjourned at Lausanne on Saturday with the Powers finalizing the agreement whereby the von Papen Junker Cabinet, contracts Germany to continued political and economic slavery and the payment of war tributes to the victor powers in the last World War.

The conference admitted the impossibility of sweating out of the impoverished German masses the entire balance of the huge sixty-four billion dollars reparations bill exacted by the terms of the infamous Versailles Treaty and arranged for under the Young Plan. Germany has already been forced to pay twelve billion dollars of this sum.

The conference refused to wipe out further payments, and set the final payment at \$712,500,000 and pretending to make a substantial reduction in the amount of reparations still claimed by the Powers. This reduction, however, is made contingent upon the success of European pressure upon the United States to free the former Allied Powers of their war debt obligations to this country.

These debts amount to over eleven billion dollars, according to figures released by the U. S. Treasury on Saturday.

The agreement is thus not final.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR: 6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

"This bill provides for the exclusion and expulsion of any non-citizen who believes in... a system based upon common ownership of property and abolition of private property, provided that the platform, program or objectives of the Third International... shall be held to embrace said doctrine."

"Vicious Bill!"
"We feel that the express and implied powers of this bill do such violence to freedom of thought even when unaccompanied by overt act or propaganda, that further argument as to its vicious nature is unnecessary."

10,000 AT N. Y. RED RALLY CHEER COMMUNIST NOMINEES AND UNITED FRONT PROGRAM

Meeting Lays Basis for Huge Aug. 1 Anti-War Demonstration in Union Square

Ford and Weinstone Expose Boss Parties, Put Forward Communist Program of Struggle

More than 10,000 workers of Greater New York gathered in Coney Island Stadium Saturday night to greet James W. Ford, Communist candidate for the vice-presidency at the Red Ratification Rally, the mass demonstration which opened the national and state election campaigns here.

United Front Is Keynote.
The keynote of the rally as put forward by both Ford and Weinstone was a call for a united front in the election campaign to include A. F. of L. members and honest rank and file socialists behind such slogans as "Not a man, woman or child without food, clothing or shelter"; "Stop the payment of subsidies to the bankers—all funds for the jobless"; "Not a cent for war, every cent for the payment of the ex-servicemen's bonus and relief through unemployment insurance."

The meeting was not only a demonstration of enthusiastic support for the Communist Party platform and its candidates, but a mobilization point for the huge anti-war rally to be held in Union Sq. on August 1, as part of the international demonstration of labor.

Wild Ovation.
"The crowd went wild with enthusiasm as the vice-presidential candidate was carried into the stadium on the shoulders of ex-servicemen and twice around the bowl at the head of a cheering procession of the Ex-servicemen's League. The cheering lasted for half an hour."

(CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO)

FOSTER IS HAILED AT BIG MEETING IN KANSAS CITY

Raps "Liberty Party"; Exposes Howatt Who Takes Floor

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 10.—Nearly 1,500 workers heard William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President of the United States, when he spoke here Friday night.

Foster made a vigorous expose of the parties of capitalism, and attacked the basis and aims of the fascist outfit known as the "Liberty Party" which has its national headquarters in this city.

500 Negro Workers.
More than 500 Negroes attended the meeting, and joined with the white workers in giving an enthusiastic response to Foster's stirring appeal to unite in the struggle for Negro rights, for self-determination in the Black Belt, for the veterans' bonus and unemployment insurance, and in defense of the Soviet Union.

Owen Penney, Communist candidate for governor of Missouri, and Paul Cline, Communist district organizer, followed Foster and exposed local starvation conditions and the maneuvers of the bosses' candidates in the election. Winsions, young Negro worker, exposed the Negro misleaders and urged them to join in support of the Communist program and candidates.

Exposes Howatt, Betrayer of Miners.
PITTSBURGH, Kan., July 10.—More than 1,000 workers, including hundreds of coal miners, heard Foster at a meeting here Saturday. The Communist candidate made a slashing attack against the Socialist Party and its candidate for senate, the racketeer, Haldemann-Julius, who failed to appear in answer to a challenge to defend the Socialist Party position before the workers.

Foster scored the betrayals of the coal miners by Lewis and Howatt. Howatt, at one time an insurgent, took the floor and weakly attempted to defend himself, but admitted Foster's charge regarding his own previous alliance with the Fishwick-Walker outfit in Illinois in their fight with Lewis for the domination over the miners.

Paul Cline exposed the efforts of the Kansas politicians to keep the Communist Party off the ballot by deception and terror.

J. W. Ford Predicts Next Steps in Menus "by Relief" Groups

NEW YORK—Speaking to 10,000 workers at the United Front Ratification Rally at Coney Island Stadium Saturday night, James W. Ford, Negro worker and vice-presidential candidate, declared in the course of his speech:

"While the country is glutted with food, 15,000,000 unemployed workers are starving and capitalist 'relief' agencies are suggesting sample menus on which it is claimed the workers and their families can subsist. This menu consists of wheat porridge, wheat soup, wheat croquettes and wheat coffee."

"The next step," Ford declared, will be for these 'relief experts' to provide menus of water soup, water croquettes and water pie—with air bubbles for dessert."

COMMUNIST ACTIVITY IN MEXICAN ARMY.
MEXICO CITY, July 10. — Three soldiers were dismissed from the Mexican Army for "spreading Communist literature and propaganda." General Quiroga of the War Department said here.

INTELLECTUALS BACK FIGHT ON FISH-DIES BILL

Mencken, Dewey, Dos Passos Among Signers of John Reed Club Appeal

H. L. Mencken, John Dewey, Michael Gold, John Dos Passos, and Professor Edward A. Ross of the University of Wisconsin are among those supporting the campaign of the John Reed Club against the adoption in the Senate of the so-called Dies Bill for the "exclusion and expulsion of alien Communists." The signers of the protest join in characterizing the bill as "a flagrant violation of fundamental human rights."

Others signing the protest, the first presented to the John Reed Club appeal, include Malcolm Cowley of the "New Republic"; Robert Littell, well-

known writer; Professor Vida D. Scudder of Wellesley College; Babette Deutsch and Lola Ridge, poets; Owen R. Lovejoy, executive secretary of the National Child Labor Committee; Clifton P. Fadiman, critic and lecturer.

Dr. William J. Robinson, Virginia Dabney, John Herman, Clara W. Mayer, Josephine Herbst, Ralph Cheyney, Lucia Trent; also A. Robbins, editor of the Hickman (Ky.) "Courier"; Robert W. Dunn, author of "American Foreign Investments"; Louis Lozowick, artist; Professor Bernhard J. Stern, New School for So-

"This bill provides for the exclusion and expulsion of any non-citizen who believes in... a system based upon common ownership of property and abolition of private property, provided that the platform, program or objectives of the Third International... shall be held to embrace said doctrine."

"Vicious Bill!"
"We feel that the express and implied powers of this bill do such violence to freedom of thought even when unaccompanied by overt act or propaganda, that further argument as to its vicious nature is unnecessary."

Socialist Scab.
Umberto Spatola, member of the Socialist Party and secretary of the Gun Hill Road Branch of the S. P. is one of the leading scabs in the five-star strike.

TRADE UNION UNITY LEAGUE COUNCIL CALLS FOR INJUNCTION FIGHT

N.Y. MASS CONFERENCE WILL MAP CAMPAIGN

"Attack Sounds Warning to All Workers," Is Declaration; Conference Thursday Eve.

NEW YORK—A ringing call to the workers of New York city to join in the fight against the injunction menace, and in support of the shoe strikers' fight in particular, is contained in a statement issued last night by the newly-formed Provisional Committee for the Anti-Injunction Conference, with headquarters at 799 Broadway.

The statement, which concludes with a call for the sending of delegates to a mass conference to be held Thursday at 7 p. m. in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., follows: "Fellow Workers and Friends: "The ink has scarcely dried on the so-called anti-injunction law recently passed by Congress when it stands exposed already in all its sham and hypocrisy. Charles G. Wood, of the U. S. Department of Labor, well known for his strike-breaking activities against the textile workers in the South and New England and against the New York shoe workers, has obtained an injunction in behalf of I. Miller and Andrew Geller shoe companies in an attempt to break the strike of the shoe workers fighting a wage-cut and a company union.

"The injunction against the shoe strikers, which is so drastic that it outlaws all strike activity, sounds a warning to the entire labor movement that unless the workers rally to fight this vicious weapon of the boss, every semblance of the right to strike, to organize, to picket, to assemble, and even to speak to the workers about their miserable conditions will be completely destroyed.

"The workers cannot permit the shoe and leather workers' Industrial Union to wage the fight against the injunction alone, with the possibility of a repetition of 1927, when Charles G. Wood, allied with the shoe employers, succeeded in cancelling all contracts with the former Independent Shoe Workers' Union and practically abolishing the union.

"In order to make the ranks of the labor movement and its friends and sympathizers solid for a smashing and decisive defeat of the injunction issued against the striking shoe workers, we are calling upon you to send delegates to a conference to be held on Thursday, July 23, at 7:30 p. m., at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St. It is important that your organization instruct your delegates to bring or pledge a financial contribution for this campaign against injunctions and against deportations to insure its success.

"Fraternally yours,
"JOHN STEUBEN,
"Provisional Secretary."

Meeting of Worker Correspondents Called for Tonight

A permanent organization of worker correspondents of the revolutionary press, is the aim of the meeting called for tonight at 8:30 p. m. at the Workers' Center in Room 303, under the auspices of the Revolutionary Writers Federation. Members of the staffs of workers' papers will address the meeting, and plans will be discussed.

All worker correspondents are urged to attend tonight's meeting.

"DEMON OF THE STEPPES" AT ACME THEATRE TODAY

"Demon of the Steppes," a Soviet production, will be presented at the Acme Theatre, 14th St. and Union Square, today, tomorrow and Wednesday. The picture deals with the Civil War days in Russia. Nikolay Salytkov, noted Soviet artist, plays the leading role. The same program will have as an added feature the latest Bonus News and a Soviet reel "The Tenderfoot" with Joe E. Brown and Ginger Rogers, is the current screen feature at the Jefferson and Franklin Theatres. Beginning Wednesday, both theatres will present "Westward Passage," with Ann Harding, Laurence Olivier and Irving Fitch. The Jefferson will also show an extra feature, "Fast Companions," in which Tom Brown, James Gleason and Maureen O'Sullivan play the chief roles.

LABOR UNION MEETINGS

Painters' Union
The Bronx Local will meet Monday at 8 p. m. at 1330 Southern Boulevard.

Cloakmakers
Unemployed Cloakmakers meet Wednesday at 1 o'clock at Bryant Hall, Sixth Ave. and 41st St., to discuss problems of unemployed and the role of the unemployed in the coming strike. All unemployed cloakmakers are urged to come to this meeting.

Cloakmakers' Mass Meet
Solomon, a leading member of the left-wing group, will speak at Claremont Parkway on the coming strike in the cloak trade. The meeting will open at 4 p. m. Demonstrations will speak at the open forum at Crotona Park at 6 p. m.

Needle Trades Left Wing Groups
The Central Committee of the Left Wing Groups in the I.L.G.W.U. is calling a meeting of all its members tonight at 8 o'clock at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. The meeting will mobilize the cloakmakers to set up rank and file strike committees to turn the coming I.L.G.W.U. strike into a real strike.

Origin to Speak
NEW YORK—Opening the campaign to mobilize the needle trades workers of Greater New York for the Aug. 1 anti-war demonstration, M. Olin, editor of the Morning Freiheit, will speak on the danger of war at an open forum at Memorial Hall, 144 W. 56th St., Wednesday, July 12.

Election Picnic at Pleasant Bay Park To Be Held July 24

Extensive plans to make the Red Election Rally and Picnic at Pleasant Bay Park, Unionport, N. Y., July 24, the most successful Red picnic of the season were announced yesterday by the committee of the New York District, Communist Party, in charge.

There will be one speaker, I. Amter, Communist candidate for governor. Games, sports and entertainment will fill the day's program from 10 a. m. on.

Organizations are urged to call at the District Office, 5th floor, 35 E. 12th St., to obtain throwaways for district distribution.

Workers Slugged By Lovestonites

1 Blackjacked Other Stabbed in Brooklyn

BROOKLYN, July 10.—One worker was stabbed and another blackjacked following an attack upon them and other workers directed by leaders of the Lovestonite renegades at Pitkin and Hopkinson Aves., Brownsville.

A large number of workers had gathered at this corner in response to a widely-advertised Scottsboro meeting arranged by the International Labor Defense. Seeking to wreck the meeting and get the audience for themselves, the Lovestonite gang organized an opposition meeting with two of their leaders, Gitlow and Lifshitz as speakers.

Police Aid Renegades.
Joseph Elliott of the American Youth Club was stabbed and Rothstein, another worker was blackjacked. Nelson, a Lovestonite strongarm thug, is accused by the workers of having wielded the black-jack.

During the fighting, Gitlow grabbed the platform and ran with it after Lifshitz was thrown from it. Both fled as police pursued workers who had been attacked, rather than their assailants.

Workers at the meeting charge that the display of weapons on the part of the Lovestonites indicated that they were prepared for and had planned to attack the meeting, and call attention to the need for worker self-defense groups for similar occasions in the future.

Socialists Call Police in Bronx.

Police were called by Socialist Party speakers at Intervale and Wilkins Ave., Bronx, Friday evening when militant workers exposed the role of their organization. The S. P. had organized an opposition meeting to the one called by the I.L.D., part of a dozen held the same night throughout the city on behalf of the Scottsboro boys.

A number of workers were beaten by police and plainclothes men who arrived in police cars, motorcycles and on foot.

A large number of other workers were saved from slugging at the hands of the police and thugs by the militancy and courage of a defense corps organized by the Workers Ex-servicemen's League.

Noted Speaker at Student Symposium

"The International Student Movement" will be the subject of a symposium to be held Friday, July 15, at Community Church, 76th St. and Fifth Ave., under the auspices of the National Student League.

The speakers will be Moisse Olin, editor of the "Freiheit"; Donald Henderson, Instructor of Economics at Columbia University; Sidney Hook, Professor at New York University; Harry Elmer Barnes, author and lecturer, and J. T. Yang, Chinese student.

The July issue of "The Communist" is a special anti-war number. Have you bought a copy yet?

NEIGHBORHOOD THEATRES EAST SIDE—BRONX

RKO Always a Good Show

JEFFERSON FRANKLIN

TODAY TO TUESDAY

Joe E. Brown in "THE TENDERFOOT"

With Ginger Rogers

MATS. 15 Cents || EVES. 25 Cents Except Sat., Sun., and Holidays

SUMMER TERM WORKERS SCHOOL

35 East 12th Street, N. Y. C.—Algonquin 4-1199

"Training for the Class Struggle"
Many important courses given: Principles of Communism, Political Economy, Organization, Marxism-Leninism, Trade Union Strategy, Methods in Shop Work, Imperialism, Colonial Problems, Youth Problems, Public Speaking, Revolutionary Journalism, English, Russian, etc.
Complete catalogue obtainable by communicating with the Workers School. Terms to start July 25th. REGISTER NOW—DON'T DELAY!

10,000 WORKERS IN N. Y. RALLY BACK RED CANDIDATES

Meeting Lays Basis for Aug. 1 Demonstration

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

ed 10 minutes after Ford was carried triumphantly to the platform.

About 6,000 workers were in the stadium as the meeting opened, but thousands more poured in as the rally got under way, attracted by the parade of ex-servicemen which marched for two hours through the streets of Coney Island just before the opening of the demonstration.

Hits Slanders.

Ford opened his speech with an attack on the Socialist Party whippersnappers who slandered the Communist Party with the charge of opportunism in the nomination of a Negro for the vice-presidency.

"I want to say to those people, and to those who have listened to them, that the Communist Party is not stupid," Ford said. "The Communist Party knows that of the twelve million Negroes in the United States, at least eleven million are disfranchised. It would be a poor piece of strategy to play for votes which do not exist. The illy-whiteness of the Socialist vote-voters shows they know that, too. The Communist Party, in nominating a Negro to run with William Z. Foster, throws a challenge to the parties of capitalism, which have disfranchised these workers, to divide the workers, the better to exploit and repress and starve them. In nominating a Negro for this office, the Communist Party expresses its fundamental principle of solidarity between all workers, Negro and white."

Ford outlined and discussed the six demands put forward by the Communist Party in the election campaign. Each point, as he read it, was greeted by cheers from the workers in the stadium.

"The capitalist 'relief' agencies," he said, "have offered the fifteen million starving unemployed of the United States a sample menu on which it is claimed they can subsist. It consists of wheat porridge, wheat soup, wheat croquettes, and wheat coffee. But what is handed out in practice to the starving millions is more nearly like water soup, water porridge, water coffee, and air-bubble cakes for dessert. And that is what they will soon be advising in theory, too."

William W. Weinstone, Communist candidate for United States Senator, dealt with the demagogic platforms and records of the Democratic, Republican, and Socialist parties in his address. Instead of the chicken in a pot promised him in 1928, Weinstone said, the workers now face ten times as much starvation, misery, unemployment, and terror as four years ago.

"The capitalist class has dressed up the Democratic Party as a liberal party," he said, "and offers a fake platform, and a presidential candidate who, as assistant secretary of the navy under Wilson, was responsible, among other things, for the invasion and occupation of Haiti, and with the threatened invasion of Mexico in 1916."

He quoted the record showing dozens of relief bills put through by Roosevelt in New York State, every one a direct vote of relief to a wealthy corporation.

Thomas and Hoover.
He quoted Norman Thomas' words in 1928, denouncing Marxism and predicting unending prosperity for the working class in the United States. "I don't know whether Hoover has moved closer to Norman

Cheer Ford in Harlem

NEW YORK—An audience of about 900, more than two-thirds Negro workers, packed Renaissance Hall, 138th St. and Seventh Ave., to hear W. J. Ford, Communist candidate for vice-president on Friday night.

Other speakers included William Patterson and Clarence Hathaway, Communist election campaign manager, Henry Shepard, Negro worker, and Communist candidate for lieutenant-governor in New York state, was chairman.

Ford received a tremendous ovation when he entered the hall, the crowd rising and singing the "Internationale."

Speaks in Yonkers.

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Dorothy Shalkin spoke for the Young Communist League, and Ervin Wagner was chairman.

Hated Secret Police Chief Killed in Cuba; Martial Law Declared

HAVANA, July 10.—The capital of Cuba was put under military control yesterday when Captain Miguel Calvo, head of Cuba's secret police, was killed in one of Havana's principal avenues.

Dr. Carrera Justiz, a leading University teacher, was arrested. Government agents said they suspected him of being the owner of a green automobile used by five men who shot Calvo and two of his assistants.

Captain Calvo was the right arm of Gerardo Machado, the bloody dictator who is responsible for the terroristic drive against the workers. Calvo boasted of his record as head of the secret police.

He was the most hated man in Cuba, next to Machado himself upon whom the hatred of exploited and oppressed toilers is chiefly concentrated.

MINNESOTA MINES SHUT DOWN CROSSBY, Minn.

Dear Comrades:
Armour Nos. 1 and 2 closed down here and 250 miners lost their jobs. These miners belong to the Inland Steel and now not a mine is running in the region. The mines were working two and three days a week.

We will organize the miners for struggle. The miners of Cuyana Range will fight. I will write you again. Miner.

Thomas, or Norman Thomas closer to Hoover, in the last four years, but certainly they are very close. Norman Thomas is the man who hailed Hoover's calling of an economic council of finance capitalists in 1929 as a step toward Socialism.

Other speakers were Carl Brodsky, Communist candidate from the 23d Congressional District, chairman of the meeting, and William Albertson, secretary of the New York district of the Young Communist League and state senatorial candidate from the 16th District, Manhattan.

The program contained also mass recitations under the direction of the League of Workers Theatres, mass choruses, and a dance number presented by the Red Dancers.

Hit War Shipments, Dies Bill.
Resolutions denouncing the shipment of munitions to Japan to be used against the Chinese workers and peasants and the Soviet Union, as well as a protest against the Dies Bill soon to come up for vote in the U. S. Senate were adopted.

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Amter Gers Warm Response from Binghamton Workers

Is Now On Statewide Tour; Routs Socialist and S. L. P. Hecklers at Meeting

BINGHAMTON, July 10.—Despite a pouring rain, about 250 workers turned out to hear I. Amter, Communist candidate for governor, at the Sokolovia Hall.

Binghamton is one of the "Triple Cities." It is the center of Endicott and Johnson shoe industry. But there are also other industries here: General Cigar Co., which employs about 2,000 girls and women at 25 cents an hour, and the International Business Weighing Corporation, with about 2,000. The Endicott and Johnson plants at Endicott, Johnson City and Owega employ about 17,000 workers, of whom 15,000 are working today, also making army shoes. There was a strike at one of the plants recently against a 10 per cent wage-cut. The strike was sold out by the leader, a minister. The workers are learning their lesson and are looking for real leadership.

9,000 Jobless.
Still there are 9,000 unemployed in this, the "white city," as the bosses call it. Gas and electric are shut off, evictions take place. They are feeding the unemployed—or at least 1,200 of them—on less than nine cents a day. Now the new \$9,000-a-year city manager, Harrell, with his relief director, Tobey, are trying to find a "substantial" diet which will cost the city less than nine cents. Amter's proposal that all salaries of the city officials be cancelled, and these people be compelled themselves to live on the 9-cent diet, was greeted with applause.

IRISH MILITANTS IN COURT TODAY

Bronx Demonstration to Precede Others

NEW YORK—The fight against the frame-up of four Irish workers charged with felonious assault because they helped resist an eviction will be carried into the Bronx County Court this morning when the case is moved for pleading. A mass protest demonstration will greet the defendants—John Mullally, Hugh McKiernan, John Rooney and Martin Moriarty—as they are called to the stand in the court house at Bergen Building, Tremont and Arthur Aves. Slugged, Framed.

Labelle d as common criminals after being viciously slugged by the police because they tried to prevent the home of John and Catherine McPartland at 411 E. 147th St. from being wrecked by Tammany eviction enforcers, the four workers face long prison terms if the frame-up against them is put over.

Replies to Hecklers.
Following Amter's speech, a socialist, a shoemaker, objected to the characterization of the socialist candidates, and spoke about the "breadlines" in the Soviet Union. Amter replied to him vigorously, and the crowd lustily booed the socialist who, Amter said, "saw breadlines in the Soviet Union which did not exist, but forgot about the breadlines in the United States and the children starving here in the midst of plenty."

A member of the Socialist Labor Party, a contractor of Binghamton, who cuts the wages of his men, dared to call the Communist Party a "reform party," like the Socialist Party and the A. F. of L. Amter exposed the record of the S.L.P., its "patriotism" during the world war, its accessibility to the bosses today—the fact that not the socialists, anarchists or socialist laborites are feared by the bosses and its government, but only the Communists and the revolutionaries.

Protest Meetings.
A protest demonstration, the first of a series planned throughout the Bronx, will be held this Wednesday evening at 147th St. and Brook Ave. Speakers will include Pat O'Boyle, Workers' Ex-servicemen's League; James Cooney, International Labor Defense; John Donovan, National Students' League; J. Maguire and the four defendants will speak for the Irish Workers' Club.

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MEET FRIDAY TO MAP PLANS FOR "DAILY WORKER"

All Workers Invited to Help Lay Basis for Mass Work

All workers who wish to help the Daily Worker, with suggestions or with active participation in broadening the mass basis for the paper in the editorial or circulation departments, are called to a general meeting to be held this Friday evening at 8:30 p. m. at the Workers' Center, 35 E. 12th St.

Worker correspondents, Daily Worker supporters and members of a Daily Worker Clubs are particularly urged to attend.

The meeting will be addressed by Comrade Weinstein and other members of the staff on the future plans for the Daily Worker and on the means to be taken to insure a mass base for the workers' paper. Discussions and criticisms will take up the main part of the meeting, and the organizational groundwork will be laid for our future work.

SEVEN FURNITURE STRIKERS JAILED

Call to Picket Throop Ave. Shop Today

NEW YORK—Seven striking workers of the Miskin furniture shop, 232 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, were arrested by the police Saturday. The strikers were released on parole until July 26 when their cases will come up in court.

The workers of the shop have organized a strikers' childrens club. A mass meeting was held in front of the striking shop Saturday. Picketing will continue throughout the week.

The Furniture Workers Industrial Union, which is leading the strike, urges workers to come out and help the strikers picket Monday. All those reporting for picket duty must report at 226 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, at 7 a. m.

"Towards Soviet America" by Wm. Z. Foster—\$1.25—an elaboration of the platform of the Communist Party in its election campaign.

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WATCH THE ADS!

REGULAR ADVERTISERS IN THE DAILY WORKER

Red Star Press ("The Road")
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John's Restaurant
Harry Koller Medical Co.
Camps Unity, Kinderland, Nitgedaiget
Lerman Bros. (Stationery)
Workers' Sick and Death Benefit Fund
Bronstein's Vegetarian Restaurant
Dr. Kessler
Czechoslovak Workers House
Avantia Farm
Union Square Mimeo Supply
Camp Woodcock
Russian Art Shop
Dr. Schwarz
Cohen's (Optician)
Dental Dept., I.W.O.
Health Center Cafeteria
Wm. Bell, Optometrist

Intern'l Workers Order

DENTAL DEPARTMENT
80 FIFTH AVENUE
15th FLOOR
All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

Health Center Cafeteria

WORKERS CENTER
50 EAST 12th STREET
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BEST FOOD REASONABLE PRICES

Phone Tomkins Sq. 6-9534

John's Restaurant

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302 E. 12th St. New York

Comrades—Eat at the Parkway Cafeteria

1628 PITKIN AVENUE
Near Hopkinson Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

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73-75 CHRYSTIE STREET
(Third Ave. Car to Hester Street)
9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Daily
Phone: Dry Dock 4-4522

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The New

CONEY ISLAND CENTER CAFETERIA

2709 MERLAIID AVENUE
10% of all proceeds to go to the Daily Worker and the Morning Freiheit
All comrades invited to come—Best Food—Low Prices—Comradely Atmosphere

Two Thousand Workers Spent July 4th Week-End in Nitgedaiget and Unity

A great number of them secured Tents, Bungalows and Hotel Rooms for the entire season. Our camps excel in environment, spirit and beauty. You can have a Summer Home for your entire family for a minimum of \$15 and a maximum of \$35. You will be able to stay a week alone for only \$3.00 or a full family for a maximum of \$6.00. You can spend a day for 75 cents or a 2-day week-end for \$1.25.

Workers

GREATEST OPPORTUNITY FOR WORKERS' VACATION IS NOW BEING OFFERED BY OUR TWO COOPERATIVE CAMPS
A PLAN FOR EVERY WORKER!
A PLAN FOR EVERY WORKERS' FAMILY!

The Plan Works Because It Serves the Workers!

Take advantage of the new plan in Nitgedaiget and Unity

This is a Proletarian Plan to serve you. You can live according to your pocket.

—Cooking facilities in your own tent or bunk—
A Cafeteria will serve you at city prices, also a Food Store at low rates.

USUAL CULTURAL AND SPORTS ACTIVITY
Come out for this week-end and choose your place.

For any information call ESTab:ook 8-1400

Autos for both camps at 148 E. 102nd St. and the Coop. Cafeteria, 2700 Bronx Park East. Daily at 10 a. m.; Friday, Saturday at 9 a. m., 2:30 and 7 p. m. Phone: LEhich 4-2382

30 CENTS A DAY FOR 16 HOURS WORK IN CANEFIELDS OF CUBA

1,200 "Political Prisoners" Buried in Old Dungeons

Corpses on Public Highways Increasing at Alarming Rate

(By a Worker Correspondent)

HAVANA, Cuba.—Misery in Cuba is growing more intense every day. The number of unemployed is reaching enormous figures, and the government has attempted nothing toward calming the pangs of hunger, which in the cane field regions is most frightful.

Lately cane field workers have been earning 30 cents a day for 16 hours' work. And even then they are not paid in cash but in scrip, which must be presented at company stores where prices are sky high.

League Reorganized

The struggle against the grip of Wall Street is becoming intensified. In Havana, and ramified throughout the republic, the Antimperialist League has been reorganized and activated, carrying on the work of its late president, Julio Antonio Mella, student leader, who was murdered in Mexico by thugs sent down by the Cuban Government.

In this island colony of the Wall Street capitalists there are approximately 1,500 "political prisoners" a pretty name for mass suppression of the workers. The significance of this figure can be realized when it is known that the population of Cuba is 3,500,000.

Old Dungeons Used

In the Castle of Principeles, dungeons are being used which were discarded at the close of the period of Spanish domination. In the Isle of Pines jail there are about 200 "political prisoners."

All those arrested are brought up before military tribunals, with no right of appeal, and at least 90 per cent of those arrested have been in jail for six months without ever having been brought before the judges. Lately the authorities have even refused to divulge the names of those under arrest, and it is necessary to find out by means of relatives, for if the newspapers dig up the information they are forbidden to publish the names. The number of workers found dead on the country highways is mounting at an alarming rate.

DEBT AGREEMENT AIMED AT U.S.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

and does not mean that the collection of war tributes from Germany has been abandoned. The agreement is both a defeat for the German Junker Cabinet and its fascist supporters, who have declared they would make no further reparations payments and a maneuver against the United States. It is also aimed to present the "possibility" that Germany may be able to make some payment on the private loans, thus attempting to win the support of some financial interests in this country for an extension of the Hoover moratorium.

While the French were denying that the Lausanne agreement was in the nature of an ultimatum to the United States to cancel its claims against the European powers, the Wall Street government yesterday issued a formal statement declaring there had been no change in the attitude of the government on the war debts owed this country, as expressed in the Hoover statement of June 30, 1931, advocating a debt holiday for one year in the hope of saving German capitalism. In that statement Hoover declared that he did not approve "in any remote sense of the cancellation of debts to us."

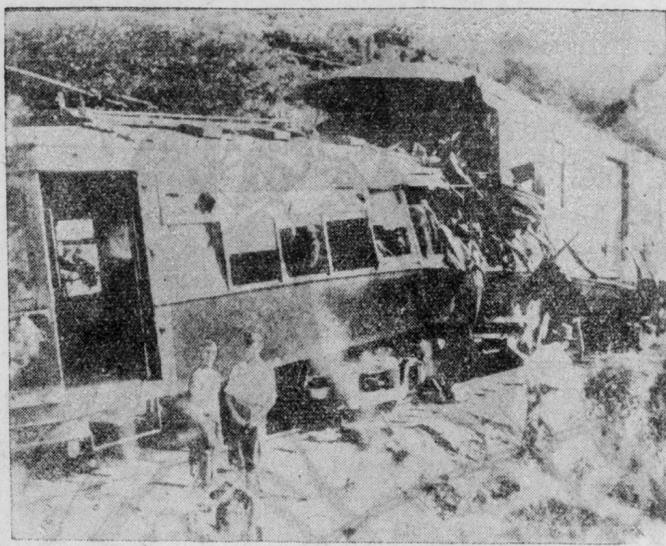
The French have made it clear that without such cancellation by the United States the Lausanne "agreement" will be null and void. The French bourgeois and socialist press is reported unanimous in stating that Europe has fulfilled Hoover's condition of settling reparations and now the United States must act to cancel the war debts due this country.

A supplementary document to the Lausanne agreement provides that should the agreement of treaty not be ratified a new war debts and reparations conference would be called. It provides further that in the meantime the Young Plan should be operative, but with the payments suspended. This document, referred to as "a gentleman's agreement," was signed without consultation with the German delegation. It fully exposes the sham nature of the so-called war debts settlement. It clearly shows that the powers are still intent upon sweating out of the German masses all they can, and have only suspended payments because it is utterly impossible to collect with the economic crisis already reaching catastrophic depths and the German government admittedly bankrupt and unable to collect money for reparations in spite of its savage attacks on the already low living standards of the masses, its reduction of unemployment relief, etc.

German Masses Protest

So great is the indignation of the German masses against the agreement concluded by von Papen that the Hitlerites, who have all along supported the Junker Chancellor in the negotiations at Lausanne, are now pretending to be shocked by von Papen's action. In the face of this pretended opposition, German and

Seven Killed In A Railroad Crash In Ohio



(FP Photo)

Seven were killed and many injured when two Cincinnati and Lake Erie Railroad electric cars crashed near Hamilton, Ohio. The official explanation offered by the company was that "signals had been misunderstood." Long hours and the necessity for many railroad workers doing two men's work is causing frequent accidents.

FORD SPEAKS AT JERSEY MEETINGS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

Auditorium, 25 Belmont Ave., Newark, N. J.

On the following week: Monday, July 18th, at 8 p. m. (place to be announced later), Atlantic City, N. J.

Tuesday, July 19th, 8 p. m. (place to be announced later), Trenton, N. J. Delegates Tell of War Preparations

DECATUR, Ill., July 10.—While shops in the same city are closing down, the force at the Rock Island Arsenal has been doubled, one of the delegates at the recent Illinois state nominating convention declared during the discussion from the floor.

Last year only 500 workers were employed at the Arsenal, while today there are more than 1,000. Himself a worker in the Arsenal, the delegate said:

"The arsenal is hiring workers while other shops are closing down. Last year only 500 workers were employed and this year they have over 1,000. At Savannah Illinois, they have all ammunition and you could see carload after carload of ammunition. At Savannah they sealed the building and at the Rock Island arsenal they do not allow workers to visit it. They have built nine tanks. They sent one to Washington, which cost over \$10,000. It was sent down a week before the servicemen went down there. We have many contacts in the arsenal."

Get Less than Convicts Unemployed workers in Granite City, Ill., are feeding their children on one and two-fifths cents per meal, less than the prisoners in the state prison at Joliet receive, J. Warden, a delegate from Granite City reported. Speaking from the floor, Warden said:

"I have not worked for two years. In the mills in Granite City, getting 30 and 40 per cent cuts, I absolutely am one that refuses to take that \$1.25 and \$1.50 a day. I am going to stand by the Unemployed Council and try to make it just as strong as it is possible to make it. We have a Jim Crow system in Granite City and on National Youth Day, the Negro comrades spoke for the first time from the City Hall in Granite City."

Mass lay-offs and wage cuts in the Chicago steel mills was reported by another delegate, J., of Chicago, who said:

"I am representing here the steel workers. In my shop we have mass lay-offs of workers and cutting of wages. Wages have been cut from \$90 for two weeks to \$26 for two weeks. One department has laid off 1,200 workers. There are 40 men left out of 1,200. These are drawing \$25 for two weeks' labor. They are having a 25 per cent cut and another department a 10 per cent cut. I think the workers should get wise to themselves and organize. Under the present conditions it is impossible for a man to live, in this industry or any other."

"They have recently installed \$2,400,000 worth of equipment in my mill. It would probably take a thousand or so men to turn out what 150 men are turning out with the machine. They usually get out about 60,000 tons. Last week it was 9,000. Every time one tries to organize he is discharged. A man worker working with me was discharged for that reason. I am the only one left to organize the workers. I may be out next week. It doesn't make any difference to me. But even if I am fired, I will still organize."

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR: Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.

foreign political observers in Germany confidently predict ratification of the agreement. It can only be ratified with the support of the fascists. The Communists will vote against it. Should the fascists also vote against it, it would be defeated. The tactics of the fascists are apparently based on exploiting the mass anger against their Junker allies in an attempt to secure full power for themselves in the German elections

Honor Ryan Walker at Moscow Funeral

Speakers in Tribute to Revolutionary Artist at Cremation; Symposium in New York

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R. (By Mail).—The funeral and cremation of Ryan Walker, famous revolutionary artist, took place here June 23 at 7 p. m., and was attended by many friends and representatives of the revolutionary press here and abroad.

Speakers included a representative of the Communist Party of the U.S.A.; E. Hamdi, for the International Union of Revolutionary Writers, Charles Ashleigh of the Moscow Daily News, and Myra Page, correspondent of the Daily Worker. Statements were also read from W. Holmes, correspondent of the London Daily Worker and P. Bertram, of the "Rote Fahne," official organ of the Communist Party of Germany.

Speaking on behalf of the Communist Party of the U. S., of which Walker was a member at the time of his death, the representative of the Party said:

"Saw Essential Issues."

"Ryan Walker was in his way a

CHARLES ROLLINS TRIAL POSTPONED TO TUESDAY

N.A.A.C.P. and Republicans Seek to Betray Negro Worker

KANSAS CITY, Mo. July 10.—The case of Charles Rollins, young Negro framed on an alleged attack of rape and robbery, was brought up before Judge Joseph J. Daugherty for preliminary hearing last week and postponed until this Tuesday. When the court room was opened, John Love, the local president of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, was on the job accompanied by Attorney Almer Knox, a Negro politician, who was once Republican state legislator, Charles China, another local Negro faker, was also on the job, with a Republican white lawyer. China is president of the local Negro Republican club, a Jim Crow organization.

The purpose of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and of the Negro Republican Club in entering the case is to block the efforts of the International Labor Defense and the League of Struggle for Negro Rights to save Rollins from the vicious frame up heaped upon him by the bosses. Love is doing his best to encourage Rollins to accept the sole defense of the N.A.A.C.P. On the other hand, the local Negro Republican Club is trying to influence him to accept the defense of the Republican Party.

But despite the efforts of the facters, up to now Rollins still prefers the League for Struggle for Negro Rights and the International Labor Defense, the organizations that is defending the Scottsboro Boys to have his case.

Police Aid Socialists In Attack on Workers

DETROIT, Mich., July 10.—Two Communist workers were arrested when the police attacked an open air meeting to please their "socialist" friends. The meeting had been called by the socialists, but when they refused to answer questions, the workers transformed it into a militant Communist street meeting. A comrade mounted the platform and began to address the workers.

The socialists attempted to break the meeting by throwing bags of water on the workers. And when they failed to do the job, the police stepped in attacking the workers with their clubs. A protest meeting was held after the two comrades were arrested.

PROVIDENT MINE SCABS HALTED; STRIKERS JAILED

Relief Urgent to Help Miners Carry Fight to Victory

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

fore, all for strike activities.

To arouse prejudice against the strike, a local newspaper reported the arrest of Domyshyanovich as a red invasion. He was booked, according to this sheet, as John Donley of Pittsburgh, because "he had a foreign name of length and spelling that stumped the best of them."

Press Lies

The lies of the press concerning the miners' union didn't stop there. It goes on to say that the literature is "most inflammable that was ever given out in this section. It called on the miners of the country to go in and wreck the mines or take them over by force for themselves." A lot more rot like that is said in the papers.

Call to Action

The actual circular which Domyshyanovich was distributing calls on the miners to take over strike—not the mines—for themselves and win decent conditions as workers. It cites the rottenness of Lewis, Cinque and other UMWA betrayers, and urges rank and file committees of the miners to run the strike. Domyshyanovich will probably be charged with criminal syndicalism. Another worker was arrested in St. Clairsville Saturday. He is being held without charges, for a hearing July 22.

Dorothy mine will not open Monday, because fire destroyed a trestle bridge, which led the trestle across the river. Newspaper accounts are so unreliable that in one case the papers reported more scabs in a mine than the mine employed in boom times.

LANSING, O., July 10.—That UMWA officials called the strike to sell it out to wage cutting operators in exchange for the check-off was the almost unanimous opinion of delegates to the NMU district conference held here Friday.

In Provident, Flushing, Guerin No. 1 at Yorkville and Blaine, UMWA officials have led the back to work parade. In every mine where the strike has lost much ground UMWA officials or men said to be on Lewis' payroll have gone scabbing. In some it has reached the point where NMU men say the mine must be re-struck or all should go back to prevent blacklisting of active men.

The general opinion was that the strike was still in good condition, despite UMWA scabbing, and the mines could be brought out again.

Amsterdam Strike Solid

Amsterdam delegates reported solid NMU sentiment among the miners and a solid strike. Only 35 men have gone into Wolf Run mine despite terroristic methods of the militia and mine guards. Twenty-five Wolf Run men are in jail, on charges ranging from riot to attempt to kill. The Amsterdam men have picketed en masse from the start. They refuse to be divided by the agreement of the sheriff and UMWA officials that pickets shall stay in groups of three fifty feet apart.

Must Have Relief

Disastrous conditions of hunger and misery threaten the very existence of the striking miners in eastern Ohio. Relief is needed and immediately to keep thousands of miners fighting the battle of the working class against the combined power of the bosses and the state and local governments.

Food must be sent to the striking miners and their families at once. Send all relief to the Workers International Relief, 4 Freiter Bldg., Bridgeport, Ohio.

Judge Orders Families of Spartanburg Mill Strikers Evicted

SPARTANBURG, S. C., July 10.—In an attempt to break the textile workers' strike in Arcadia mills, Magistrate John L. Lancaster issued warrants to evict 24 families of strikers from company owned houses. Nine families were evicted from company houses last week.

WE ANSWER CRITICISM

Some worker correspondents write us very helpful suggestions on making the paper. We want more of them. Typographical errors are noticed by many. We are trying constantly to overcome these and you will see less of them all the time.

GERMAN COMMUNIST PARTY LEADS MASS UNITED FRONT IN STRUGGLE ON FASCISM

Makes Inroads Among Social-Democratic Workers By Policy of Uniting Ranks Below

"Socialist" Officials Use Force Against Workers' Anti-Fascist Mass Actions

(Cable by Imprecour)

BERLIN, July 10.—The Communist Party of Germany in its struggle against fascism is steadily making inroads among social-democratic workers by its policy of the united front.

Recently the Communist Party made an appeal to all the branches of the Socialist Party, the Reichsbanner and the lower organizations of the

HUNGRY WORKERS DEMAND RELIEF IN HAMMOND, IND.

Elect 19 Delegates to Indiana Hunger March July 19

HAMMOND, Ind., July 10.—The unemployed workers in a militant march on the Township Trustee's Office for Poor Relief Thursday forced the management to recognize a delegation and listen to the reading of the demands of the hungry workers for immediate relief.

A delegation representing the workers demanded that forced labor be abolished, that more and better relief be given to families, that young and single workers be given relief without discrimination as to race or age and that groceries be given single workers when they have their own quarters instead of sending them to sleep house where 20 cents profit is made on each worker.

March Applauded

The workers marched through the city and were applauded by those on the sidelines. Although the office manager of the Poor Relief called the police, the mass pressure of the workers forced her to hear the demands.

The Unemployed Council is preparing a greater mobilization of unemployed workers for a return march if the demands are not met.

Delegates for State March

Following the march a mass meeting was held where the plan for the Indiana State Hunger March to Indianapolis which will take place July 17, was outlined by Comrade Stocker. Nineteen delegates were elected to participate in the march. The marchers will demand 25 million dollars for immediate relief of the unemployed at a special session of the legislature.

PHONE CO. CUTS SUTS.

(By a Worker Correspondent) MILWAUKEE, Wis., The Wisconsin telephone company has ordered all of their employees to install phones or be dismissed. This is in order to regain part of the 12 per cent reduction in rates recently ordered.

Workers' United Front

The Communist Party is being recognized as the only Party conducting the workers' struggles against fascism. The united front is being formed from below in workers' meetings by the election of committees and the formation of mass defense detachments.

United front actions are proceeding against wage cuts, forced labor, evictions, etc. The "socialist" leaders prohibit the participation of lower socialist organizations in extra-parliamentary actions against the Von Papan government. The "socialist" leaders are occupied in appealing to Hindenburg and the fascist Minister of the Interior Von Gayl.

Socialist Officials Use Force Against Workers' United Actions.

The socialist Prussian Minister of the Interior, Severing and the police president Grzesinski are mobilizing the police with armored cars against the anti-fascist actions of the workers.

The "socialist" trade union bureaucrats publish their program for the salvation of capitalism and use the whole trade union apparatus to prevent strikes, thus proving again that the Socialist Party is the chief social support of the capitalists.

The "socialist" leaders declare themselves for a "responsible national opposition" to the Von Papan government. The Communist Party and the supporters of anti-fascist action are mobilizing for a political mass strike.

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"Socialists" and Anti-War Demonstrations

HEYWOOD BROWN is provoked. In his column in the World-Telegram last Friday, the night club light of the Socialist Party froths at the mouth because American workers are demonstrating before Japanese Consulates in angry protests against Japan's robber war on China and criminal drive for armed intervention against the Soviet Union.

Naturally these demonstrations are organized by Communists. Communists are the only ones organizing and leading the revolutionary fight on the basis of the broadest united front against the imperialist war now going on in the far east and for the defense of the Chinese People and the Soviet Union. This leads Mr. Brown to make the ridiculous argument that the Communists are trying "to bring about a war between Japan and the United States."

The fact is that these demonstrations under Communist leadership have served to rouse the American workers and to encourage the revolutionary Japanese workers in our joint struggle against the present robber war in the Far East. Brown and the Socialist Party particularly do not relish the fact that these demonstrations exposed the Wall Street Government, which violently attacked the demonstrators as a sign of its encouragement and protection of the Japanese war moves against the U.S.S.R. The United States Government encourages the shipment of munitions to Japan and pursues the policy of provoking Japan into a war against the Soviet Union and at the same time that it struggles against Japan for a greater share of the Far Eastern loot.

The "socialists" in attacking the anti-war demonstrations in front of the Japanese Consulates are thus trying to disarm the workers and to get them to place their faith in the "neutrality of the U. S. Government." It is not the imperialist struggle over loot, but the Communists, who are endangering the peace of the world argue the "socialists."

Brown calmly tries to cover up the fact that imperialist war has already begun, that the Japanese militarists have been conducting a bestial, robber war against the Chinese people for many months past—at Shanghai as well as in Manchuria, and that this war is daily threatening to plunge the whole world into a new imperialist slaughter, on the one hand, as an armed quarrel among the imperialist themselves over the division of the loot in China and for a re-division of the world. Nor has he any protests against the frightful slaughter of tens of thousands of Chinese workers and peasants at Shanghai and in Manchuria.

Brown's attack on the American workers who are fighting against imperialist war and for the defense of the Chinese people and the Soviet Union, is quite in line with the activities of the leaders of the Second (Socialist) International. For a long time these social-imperialists have attempted to distort the firm peace policy of the Soviet Union with the slanderous cry that the Soviet Union wants war. This, precisely at a time when the imperialist press itself is constantly forced to admit the peaceful aims of the U.S.S.R.

What these betrayers of the working class are trying to do is quite clear. In their efforts to help the imperialists cover up their war preparations against the Soviet Union, these people are attempting to present imperialism as peaceful. "It is not imperialism, not capitalism, that promotes war but the workers. Capitalism is peaceful. It is the workers who are aggressive. It is the workers who are the militarists." This is what these gentlemen say in effect. The Soviets are red imperialists, they say, fighting over railroads. This even though, the Soviet Union has refused to be provoked by the Japanese attempts to seize the Chinese Eastern Railway. The imperialists, on the other hand, are trying to disarm. The New York Forward an official organ of the Socialist Party has given fulsome praise to the sham "arms cut" proposal offered by Hoover, although it is clear to everybody that this proposal merely seeks to strengthen American imperialism. The Socialist Party convention in Milwaukee has endorsed the war-making League of Nations and the "Disarmament" Conference as instruments of "peace." Norman Thomas has called upon the Hoover Huner and War Government to exercise its "pacifist" role, thus attempting to trap the masses into the dangerous belief that the Wall Street Government is above the constantly sharpening fight of the imperialists for new loot.

In 1914, the present leaders of the Second (Socialist) International betrayed the toiling masses into the slaughter of the imperialist war. History repeats itself. Today, when the Japanese are raping China and acting as the spearhead of world imperialism for armed intervention against the Soviet Union, the socialists are strenuously striving to disarm the vigilance of the masses, to trap them into a new world war. In Japan, the socialists have already come out openly in support of the shameful robber war on China. In America and Europe, Norman Thomas, Vandervelde and other socialist leaders are giving objective support to the Japanese imperialists and supporting their own imperialists in the drive for a "peaceful" transition to war.

The workers of America must answer the imperialist hunger and war drive and its "socialist" supporter with a tremendous out-pouring into the streets on August First, International Day of Struggle Against Imperialist War.

Doak's Deportation Drive

OUR little Napoleon, the Secretary of Labor, Doak, is already enacting the Dies-Fish bill into law. Since the passage of the Dies-Fish bill by the House of Representatives, Doak has increased the drive of the capitalist class against the foreign born workers. His agents are now attempting to terrorize the workers in the industrial centers of the country.

Unemployed workers looking for jobs at the employment agencies are mercilessly beaten up, arrested and held for deportation by the Department of Labor dicks. Starving workers are torn out from the breadlines, questioned and held for deportation. Workers arrested in the struggle against evictions, in the fight for relief, in the fight for bread and jobs, are cheerfully turned over by the local authorities to Doak's agents for the "refined" questioning of the third degree. Every strike is "visited" by immigration officials. Every strike leader is hunted for deportation on the flimsiest pretext.

The extended drive of Doak must and can be stopped. Every case, no matter how small, of arrest and persecution of foreign born workers, every attempt to carry out the provisions of the Dies-Fish bill, must meet the determined and organized resistance of the toiling masses. Mass protest has so far retarded the Senate from passing this vicious bill, but it has not yet been defeated. The defeat of the Dies bill can only be successful if the flood of protests is combined with a determined struggle against pending deportations, against Doak's extended drive.

The local police is extending every "courtesy" and "co-operation" to the agents of Hoover's flunkies—Mr. "Deportation" Doak. The Tammany Hall administration, the Chicago administration of Mayor Cermak, the follower of the progressive and liberal Franklin D. Roosevelt, are only too glad to give a helping hand to their worthy "opponents"—the Hoover Huner Republican administration. Nor does the Socialist administration in Milwaukee hesitate for a single moment to turn over arrested workers in the struggle for bread to the agents of the Department of Labor. These open actions of the capitalist dictatorship are further covered up by the Socialist Party with phrases about "political democracy."

All three capitalist parties, the Republican, Democratic and Socialist parties, are one in the growing attack against the civil rights of the starving millions.

The bosses' parties in the present election campaign will use demagogic phrases to cover up the growing attacks on the civil rights of the workers. Just think of the sham and hypocrisy of capitalist "political democracy." The Republican platform "reaffirms" its stand for "freedom of speech." We would not be a bit surprised that Doak himself helped to place it in the Republican platform!

The Communist Party is in the front ranks in the fight for civil rights of the workers, in the fight against the persecution of the foreign born workers, in the fight for the unity of native and foreign born, the Negro and white workers. In this year's presidential election campaign one of the central demands of the Communist platform is "Against capitalist terror, against all forms of suppression of the political rights of the workers."

A huge Communist vote will be a powerful blow against the Dies bill.

THE BATTLE GOES ON!



Now that the "Disarmament" and War Debts Conferences are over the imperialist rivalries, threatening to throw the workers into a new world war, are sharper than ever.

Why I Will Vote "Red"

By LOREN MILLER (Loren Miller, until recently city editor of the "California Eagle," Los Angeles, Cal., largest and oldest of western Negro newspapers, is now en route to the Soviet Union.)

BECAUSE it is evident that the coming election campaign is one of the most important ever waged in this nation, I regret very much that I will not be present to take an active part in the struggle that Negroes must wage to pile up a huge vote for William Z. Foster and James W. Ford, Communist candidates for President and Vice-President.

The issues in this campaign are so clear that the only thing that will prevent Foster and Ford from polling the vote of every honest Negro in the country is the wave of lies and slander that will be let loose by misleaders of both races foisted by these lies. Long experience has taught me that when white bosses crack the whip, cringing and sniveling Uncle Toms spring up on every hand to defraud the rest of us and bamboozle us into voting for our enemies and oppressors.

This multitude of liars and lackeys has every reason to do the bidding of the bosses. They profit by

Loren Miller, Los Angeles Negro Journalist, Tells of Issues in Present Campaign

their treason. Nor do they care that the election of the Hoovers, the Roosevelts and the lesser fry doom the rest of us to continued misery and want. For themselves, they know that they can continue to decorate swivel chairs, pulpits and classrooms, and add another inch or two to their already fat bellies. The rest of us can go to blazes for all they care.

The Real Issue But the time has come when we must take this matter in hand. The rapid increase in starvation and mass misery in the past four years, when Republicans and Democrats have been in control everywhere, demands that the workers band together to overthrow the system that dooms them to soup lines and flop houses, while the rich have potatoes in the ocean and pour milk down the gutters.

A party that refuses to fight this system is our enemy, no matter what the Uncle Toms may say. On the other hand, a party whose platform promises us relief is the one which we must support. Here's

where the Communist Party comes in. Read its platform.

Here is part of it: Unemployment and social insurance at the expense of the state and employers.

Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.

Emergency relief for poor farmers exemption of poor farmers from forced collection of rents and debts.

OUR FIGHT Nobody needs to tell us that we stand in need of unemployment insurance. The bosses have been laying us off right and left, without regard for conditions.

The cities and towns are full of miserable and starving Negroes who want jobs. The bosses won't give us jobs because they can't make profits from our employment.

There are many more of us who are poor farmers. We can't sell our wheat, our cotton, or our corn. We can't pay rent or taxes or other bills. Our place is in a party that fights to get us relief from the hard-fisted rent, tax and bill collectors.

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beyond the need for argument that it is against the official Jim-Crow policy of the Democrats, the Republicans and the Socialists.

However, the Communists go further. Their platform demands equal rights for Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt. While the Republicans and the Democrats have been lying about giving us the vote for the past sixty years, the Communist Party comes right to the front with a bold demand for equal rights and, without beating about the bush, the Communist Party emphasizes social equality for Negroes.

Compare Them Now, the Republicans and Democrats have announced their platforms. Come to think of it, they don't need to in order for us to know what they stand for. Their actions speak louder than words. Under their regime, we are starving, we are hungry and naked and homeless. We are lynched, beaten up, denied the vote and Jim-Crowed. They haven't done anything about it for all these years. They don't intend to do anything about it. It is profitable to them.

These Republicans and Democrats are the big-wig bankers, the rich, the plunderers. They had rather dump food in the ocean than feed us, so they can raise prices. They stimulated race hatreds so they can keep the poor of one race fighting against the poor of other races, and thus insure their own safety.

It must be evident to anybody who thinks through the things about which I have been talking that the Communist Party is our party. It is fighting our fights, warring against our enemies, struggling for our welfare. Common sense dictates that we should support our party with every means at hand.

Right now, the task is to get out on the street corners, in factories, farm communities, and other places and win votes of the toiling masses for this party of ours. If our party is to triumph, it must have support.

REVIEW GAINS OF PARTY IN WEST

SAN FRANCISCO. —The building of a mass Red trade union movement, and the rapid shifting of the Party to a war footing, were the main themes of the District Convention of the Communist Party just concluded in San Francisco. One hundred twenty-seven delegates representing nearly 1,000 members in California, Nevada and Arizona, took part in the proceedings.

Among the achievements recorded during the past six months, were the establishment of the Party in Arizona and Nevada, the doubling of the membership in the District, the securing of 33,000 signatures of registered voters in California for the Party, the California state hunger march and the establishment of the Western Worker, which in great measure has made possible the other achievements.

The main weaknesses of the Party, the isolation from the decisive sections of the toiling masses and an insufficient struggle against imperialism and for the defense of the Soviet Union and Chinese workers and peasants, were thoroughly analyzed and steps taken to improve our work.

Main emphasis was given the organization of the agricultural workers and marine transport industries. The serious let-up in our unemployed

work was discussed at great length.

The District Committee of District 12 sent the District Organizer as a fraternal delegate. He spoke about the struggle against demagoguery in Seattle; the fight to win the unemployed away from demagogic organizations such as the Unemployed Citizens League (which at present is active in Oakland), the Producers League, etc.

These organizations are designed to put across the Hoover policy for facing the workers to assume the full burden of the crisis of their shoulders. He reported that in the city of Seattle alone through carrying on an intensive organization campaign, and exposing the fakers of the U. C. L., etc., there are today 300 block committees of the Unemployed Councils daily fighting against evictions, gas and electric shut-offs, and for relief.

Set Tasks The tasks set for the Party by the Convention include the doubling of the Western Worker circulation and the recruiting of 500 new members by struggles of the agricultural workers, November 7, the organization of and the developing of a MASS anti-war campaign.

A collection was taken for the Colorado beet strikers and the Communist Party of the Philippine Islands, over which District 13 has patronage.

Days with Lenin

BY MAXIM GORKY

The American Trip

In America I had seen a lot of Morris Hillquit, who was aiming at becoming mayor or governor of New York, and the old man Debs, who had only just come out of prison and was snarling at everybody and everything in a tired and forlorn fashion. I had seen many people and many things, but I had not met a single person who could understand the whole significance of the Russian Revolution, and I felt everywhere that it was regarded generally as "a mere incidence of European life" and a usual occurrence in a country "where there was always either cholera or revolution" in the words of one "handsome lady" who "sympathized with socialism."

The idea of a journey to America to collect money for the Bolshevik funds came from L. B. Krassin; V. V. Vorovsky was to go with me as secretary and organizer of meetings. He knew English well, but the Party gave him some other work to do and N. E. Burenin took his place. The latter belonged to the militant group in the C. C. of the Bolshevik Party; he didn't know the language and began to learn it on the way and when he arrived in the country. The Social-Revolutionaries became childishly interested in my journey when they learnt the aim of it. Tchailovsky and Zitlovsky came to me while I was still in Finland and suggested that money should be collected not for the Bolsheviks, but for "the revolution in general." I refused to collect money for any "general revolution." Then they sent "babushka" there also, and so two people appeared in America, who independently of each other, and even without meeting, began to collect money, apparently for two different revolutions. The Americans of course had neither the time nor inclination to consider which was the better and the more substantial. "Babushka" apparently was already known to them—she had been well advertised in the past by her American friends—and the Tsarist embassy prepared a scandal for me. The American comrades also regarded the Russian Revolution as a "foe" and abortive affair and treated somewhat "liberally" the money which I collected at the meetings, and on the whole I collected very little money—less than \$10,000. I decided to get some money by writing in the newspapers—but there happened to be a Parvus in America as well, and the American tour was on the whole a failure. However I wrote "Mother" there—a fact which accounts perhaps for the faults and defects in it.

After that I went to Italy, to Capri, and plunged into reading Russian books and newspapers—this also increased my low spirits. If a tooth could feel after being knocked out, it would probably feel as lonely as I did. I was full of amazement at the acrobatic skill and agility with which well-known people jumped from one political platform to another.

Little Theodore Dan spoke like a man whose relationship to the authentic truth is one of father and daughter—he has begotten and fostered it, and still fosters it. He again, is Karl Marx incarnate, and the Bolsheviks—half-educated, ill-mannered children; a fact which is quite clear from their relations with the Mensheviks among whom are to be found, he said, "all the most eminent Marxist thinkers."

"You are not Marxists he said disdainfully, "no, you are not Marxists"—and he thrust out his yellow fist. One of the workers asked him "When are you going to tea again with the Liberals?"

Describes Martov I don't remember if it was at the first meeting that Martov spoke. This amazingly attractive man spoke with the ardor of youth and was evidently especially deeply affected by the tragic drama of the dissolution and split. He trembled all over, swayed backwards and forwards, spasmodically unfastening the collar of his starched shirt, and waving his hands about. His cuffs fell down from under the sleeves of his coat, he raised his arm high up and shook it to send the cuff back again to its proper place. Martov didn't give so much the impression of arguing as of urging and imploring; we must put an end to the split, the party is too weak to be divided, the workers must get freedom before anything else, we mustn't let them lose heart. At times during the first part of his speech he sounded almost hysterical; he became obscure through abundance of words, and he himself gave a painful impression. At the end of his speech, and without any apparent connection with it, he began in the same "militant" tone and with the same ardour, to shout against the militant group and against all work directed to the preparation of an armed rising. I remember distinctly that someone from the Bolshevik benches cried out, "Well, there you are!" and Tomsky, I think it was, said "Have we got to cut our hands off for Comrade Martov's peace of mind?" Again, I do not remember exactly if Martov spoke at the first meeting. I only mention it in order to describe the different ways in which people spoke.

Describes Plekhanov It is not always what is said that is important, but how it is said. When Plekhanov, in a frock-coat, closely buttoned up, like a Protestant pastor, opened the Congress, he spoke like a preacher, confident that his ideas are incontrovertible—every word and every phrase of great value. High up over the heads of the delegates he skillfully weighed out his beautifully rounded phrases, and whenever anyone on the Bol-

shevik benches uttered a sound or whispered to a comrade, the venerable orator made a slight pause and sent his glance into him like a needle. One of the buttons on his frock-coat was a great favorite with Plekhanov; he stroked it caressingly all the time with his finger, and when he paused, pressed it like an electric bell—it seemed to be this pressure which broke up the flowing current of his speech. Once at a meeting Plekhanov, rising to an-



V. I. LENIN

swer someone, folded his arms and gave a loud and contemptuous "Ha!" This evoked a laugh among the Bolshevik workers. G. V. raised his eyebrows and his cheek grew pale. I say—his cheek, for I was sitting at the side of the pulpit and could see the orator's face and profile.

While Plekhanov was speaking at the first meeting, the person who did the most fidgeting on the Bolshevik benches was Lenin. At one time he hunched himself up as though he were cold, then he sprawled as if he felt hot. He poked his fingers in his armpits, rubbed his chin, shook his head, and whispered something to M. P. Tomsky. When Plekhanov declared that there were no "revisionists" in the party, Lenin bent down, the bald spot on his head grew red, and his shoulders shook with silent laughter. The workers sitting next to him and behind him also smiled, and from the back of the hall a voice called out loudly and morosely, "And what about the people sitting over there?"

After that I went to Italy, to Capri, and plunged into reading Russian books and newspapers—this also increased my low spirits. If a tooth could feel after being knocked out, it would probably feel as lonely as I did. I was full of amazement at the acrobatic skill and agility with which well-known people jumped from one political platform to another.

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swer someone, folded his arms and gave a loud and contemptuous "Ha!" This evoked a laugh among the Bolshevik workers. G. V. raised his eyebrows and his cheek grew pale. I say—his cheek, for I was sitting at the side of the pulpit and could see the orator's face and profile.

While Plekhanov was speaking at the first meeting, the person who did the most fidgeting on the Bolshevik benches was Lenin. At one time he hunched himself up as though he were cold, then he sprawled as if he felt hot. He poked his fingers in his armpits, rubbed his chin, shook his head, and whispered something to M. P. Tomsky. When Plekhanov declared that there were no "revisionists" in the party, Lenin bent down, the bald spot on his head grew red, and his shoulders shook with silent laughter. The workers sitting next to him and behind him also smiled, and from the back of the hall a voice called out loudly and morosely, "And what about the people sitting over there?"

After that I went to Italy, to Capri, and plunged into reading Russian books and newspapers—this also increased my low spirits. If a tooth could feel after being knocked out, it would probably feel as lonely as I did. I was full of amazement at the acrobatic skill and agility with which well-known people jumped from one political platform to another.

Little Theodore Dan spoke like a man whose relationship to the authentic truth is one of father and daughter—he has begotten and fostered it, and still fosters it. He again, is Karl Marx incarnate, and the Bolsheviks—half-educated, ill-mannered children; a fact which is quite clear from their relations with the Mensheviks among whom are to be found, he said, "all the most eminent Marxist thinkers."

"You are not Marxists he said disdainfully, "no, you are not Marxists"—and he thrust out his yellow fist. One of the workers asked him "When are you going to tea again with the Liberals?"

Describes Martov I don't remember if it was at the first meeting that Martov spoke. This amazingly attractive man spoke with the ardor of youth and was evidently especially deeply affected by the tragic drama of the dissolution and split. He trembled all over, swayed backwards and forwards, spasmodically unfastening the collar of his starched shirt, and waving his hands about. His cuffs fell down from under the sleeves of his coat, he raised his arm high up and shook it to send the cuff back again to its proper place. Martov didn't give so much the impression of arguing as of urging and imploring; we must put an end to the split, the party is too weak to be divided, the workers must get freedom before anything else, we mustn't let them lose heart. At times during the first part of his speech he sounded almost hysterical; he became obscure through abundance of words, and he himself gave a painful impression. At the end of his speech, and without any apparent connection with it, he began in the same "militant" tone and with the same ardour, to shout against the militant group and against all work directed to the preparation of an armed rising. I remember distinctly that someone from the Bolshevik benches cried out, "Well, there you are!" and Tomsky, I think it was, said "Have we got to cut our hands off for Comrade Martov's peace of mind?" Again, I do not remember exactly if Martov spoke at the first meeting. I only mention it in order to describe the different ways in which people spoke.

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