

WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!

Daily Worker Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A. (Section of the Communist International)



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JAPANESE WAR MINISTER THREATENS U. S. S. R.

Norman Thomas Helps Tammany Hunger Drive

IN THE campaign against the unemployed and employed workers the capitalist class finds its most dependable tools in the ranks of the social fascists.

The increasing mass demonstrations against the Wall Street hunger program and for unemployment relief and insurance strikes fear into the hearts of the capitalists and their allies.

In the next issue, April 9, the Rev. Thomas states that these dangers are—mass demonstrations and hunger riots.

Although using demagogic phrases against Tammany, the leadership of the socialist party, in reality plays the same game against the workers, employed and unemployed, as Mayor Walker and Chairman Gibson of the Emergency Unemployment Relief Committee, who has utilized the misery of the unemployed to compel work for hunger rations.

While aiding the bankers and Tammany put over the fascist block-aid scheme, the socialist party leadership, by that very action helps Wall Street in its entire program of trying to find a capitalist way out of its crisis at the expense of the toiling masses—which includes pacifist deception as an aid in the terrific drive toward imperialism world war and the further ferocious oppression of the colonial and semi-colonial masses as is manifested by the demagogic maneuvers of Yankee imperialism in regard to Philippine independence in the year 1940, a maneuver praised by Norman Thomas in the New Leader of April 9, as "a wise, even a fine thing."

Block-aid definitely carries forward the war preparations of American imperialism by registering every working class family and utilizing the suffering of millions upon millions of unemployed to beat down the standards of life as a prelude to conscription of youth and young workers in the armed forces of the United States and conscripting workers in industry on a starvation dole.

Every honest worker who is in the ranks of the socialist party or who has heretofore supported that social fascist outfit should unmask and repudiate such treacherous leadership and participate in the united working class front against hunger by fighting in the ranks of the block committees organized by the Unemployed Councils.

By waging such a fight we can deliver heavy blows against the whole program of the hunger and war-mongering program of Wall Street.

Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League to Lead Scottsboro Protest Parade in City Sat.

Mrs. Ada Wright, mother of Andy and Roy, two of the Scottsboro boys, will arrive at Pennsylvania Station from the South at 4:25 p. m. today.

NEW YORK.—The Workers Ex-servicemen's League is among the many organizations supporting the demonstration and parade to be held this Saturday afternoon for the defense of the Scottsboro Negro boys and in vigorous protest against the recent decision of the Alabama Supreme Court upholding the lynch verdicts against these innocent boys.

The war veterans will participate 100 per cent. Posts 1 and 2 will hold a joint open air meeting at 125th Street and 5th Avenue at 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon in preparation for the parade, which will be led by the League's Bugle and Drum Corp.

Saturday's demonstration is called by the United Front Scottsboro Defense Committee, in conjunction with the League of Struggle for Negro Rights and the International Labor Defense.

The workers will assemble, many of them behind the banners of their organizations, at 125th Street and Lenox Avenue. The parade will begin at two o'clock, and will proceed

up Lenox to 132nd Street, east to Fifth Avenue, north to 135th Street, west to Lenox, north to 141st Street, west to 7th Avenue, south to 116th Street, east to Fifth Avenue, and down Fifth Avenue to 110th Street where the parade will culminate in a tremendous demonstration, with well-known working-class leaders, Negro and white, addressing the assembled workers.

A series of street meetings along the route of the parade will acquaint the workers with the nature of the parade and help to mobilize them for the protest demonstration.

Read the Central Committee Resolution in the April issue of "The Communist." Price 20 cents.

Fellow Workers! May First is coming—the day of International Workers' Solidarity! Since 1886 it is the day of struggle of the workers against their capitalist exploiters.

This May Day finds over 12 million workers unemployed—over a million in New York City alone. Hundreds of thousands of families are without food! Even the miserable charity of the "home relief bureaus" completely have been stopped by the city. As an excuse for stopping all relief, the fake "block aid" is set up—the bosses supply machine in preparation for war.

Demonstrate May First for Unemployment Insurance at the expense of the bosses and the government! The most terrible suffering facts, especially the unemployed Negro workers. Even in their miserable charity, the bosses discriminate against the Negroes. Young and women workers suffer discrimination at "relief" bureaus.

Negro Workers, Young Workers, Women Workers, Employed and Unemployed! All Out! Demonstrate May First Against Discrimination!

Hundreds of thousands of War Veterans have been robbed by the Wall Street government of their war bonus. They are on the bread lines, in flop houses, fill the hospitals and jails, hungry and starving! Their "compensation" checks are stopped. Workers War Veterans, Ex-Servicemen! Demonstrate

KILL PICKET IN FIGHT IN OHIO STRIKE

Tear Gas Thrown As Gunmen's Autos Are Turned Over

UMW Prepares Sellout

BULLETIN

STUEBENVILLE, Ohio.—While speaking to a miner going to work, Walter Kimbel, a 50-year old picket, was shot and killed by the aide to the National Guard Colonel here.

Pickets lined the road as carload after carload of Guardsmen and deputies rode by. The workers retaliated by overturning two of the gunmen's cars. In order to break up the angry group of pickets the deputies hurled tear gas bombs into the crowd.

(Special to Daily Worker)

WHEELING, W. Va., April 14.—Yesterday fifty miners, who were arrested for picketing in Muskingum, were indicted by the Grand Jury for inciting to riot.

At a meeting of all National Miners Union organizers today take a report on the strike situation was given. While the United Mine Workers Scale Committee prepares a sell-out at Zanesville, reports show that miners everywhere are asking what the scale is.

Indications are that the small operators are fighting any union, while the large operators are willing to accept the United Mine Workers Union as a wage cutting agency.

In Cambridge town terror exists with seals being hauled in county cars. Boys fourteen to sixteen are employed in the Walonding mine.

At Amsterdam four mines are out one hundred per cent and the National Miners Union is gaining daily. The United Front Relief Committee is working here.

At Piney Fork the Deep Shaft mine struck 100 per cent. Picketing is carried on daily. The miners favor the National Miners Union policy but fear the terror. The United Mine Workers Union has set up a soup kitchen but there is no soup.

At Fairpoint, Lafferty and Providence all are out. At Bellaire the miners' distrust of the officials is growing. At the Stewart mine 7 voted for a United Mine Workers charter, the others favor the National Miners Union.

Jail Threats Fail to Halt Worker Vets; Force Congress to Hear Them

Stember and Ford Take Floor in Bonus Hearing After Hot Fight; Demand Immediate Cash Payment

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Following a hot battle on the floor of the National Committee of the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League, S. J. Stember and J. W. Ford of the National Committee of the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League, who had been repeatedly denied the right to speak, forced the congressmen to hear the demands of the worker vets on the bonus issue.

The chairman of the committee, Crisp, threatened to have the worker vets' delegation arrested, but Stember and Ford stood their ground and forced the committee to hold a special conference in which the congressmen decided to give the W. E. L. delegates the floor.

Both delegates were allowed 20 minutes. Their statements calling for militant action of all the veterans and a mass delegate parade to Washington to force Congress to pay the bonus was received with enthusiasm by the 200 veterans who attended the hearing.

"The present proposals of Congress are insufficient," said Stember, "and furthermore, the means by which they are proposing to raise the funds will not in any way add to the relief of the war veterans or the masses of people. We propose that the money now used for war preparations, by taxing inheritance, by removing tax exemptions on securities and imposing a surtax on industries."

Both delegates urged all veterans, and particularly the members of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, to have no confidence in the actions of the democrats or some of the republican representatives who may vote or speak for the bonus.

"It will be only our mass pressure that will force Congress to heed to our demands," said Ford.

On May 1st the Russian workers will celebrate the triumph of Socialism. Demonstrate against the bosses who are preparing war on Socialism!

Communists Poll 40 Per Cent of All the Votes in Brantwood

BRANTWOOD, Wis.—The election results for the Town Board of Knox shows a 50 per cent increase in the vote of the Communist candidates against the social-fascist ticket. The Communist vote was as high as 40 per cent of the total vote, and the Communist candidate for Assessor received a higher vote than one of the two social-fascist candidates for that office.

The United Farmers League endorsed the Communist Party election program and its candidates.

TOKYO LIES TO STIR UP WAR FEVER

Speeds Campaign of War Incitement Against U.S.S.R.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

James W. Ford, a member of the National Committee of the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League, appeared with S. J. Stember yesterday before the Ways and Means Committee.

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VETERANS TO MARCH TODAY TO UNION SQ.

Parade Starts at Madison Square at Noon

Veterans of the world war will voice their demands for full and immediate cash payment to the tombstone bonus in a mass demonstration and parade which will commence at 11 a.m. at Madison Square today.

The demonstration, which is part of the nation-wide drive of the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League to mobilize the masses of veterans to force Congress to pass the bonus bill, should be the largest and most militant organized rally of war vets held thus far in New York City.

Rank and file veterans who have been betrayed by the American Legion, unorganized veterans and members of the Veterans of Foreign Wars and disabled veterans organizations are urged to rally into a huge united front today and show their uncompromising will to fight until their back pay (called bonus) is wrested from the Wall Street government.

The veterans cannot rely on congressmen and senators. Congressmen and senators, who claimed they stood for the bonus, ordered Ford and Stember, members of the Ex-servicemen's League, arrested yesterday when they appeared before the Ways and Means committee calling for a mass united front to force the government to pay the bonus.

Force the fat bosses who got rich on the blood spilt on Flanders field by rallying with your buddies at Madison Square today.

THE 50TH BIRTHDAY OF COMRADE AMTER

Bolshevik leadership, revolutionary steadfastness and integrity, is one of the most necessary factors for the successful conduct of the struggles of the working-class.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

The celebration of the 50th Birthday of Comrade Amter is not a personal matter, but a political act to emphasize that our Party is more and more aware of this fact, and is more and more raising our standards in this respect.

Open war threats against the Soviet Union were made yesterday by high Japanese government officials in both Tokyo and Manchuria.

Seizing on the dynamiting by insurgent Chinese troops of a Japanese troop train in Manchuria as a convenient pretext for further advancing the program of the infamous Tanaka Document for a robber war against the Soviet Union, Japanese officials, including Minister of War Araki, brazenly attempted to connect the Soviet Government with the dynamiting of the troop train.

"Reports from Changchun, where the plot to blow up the Shanghai bridge is being investigated, hint that if evidence supports the assumption that the scheme was fostered by Russians, 'adequate measures' will be taken against the country responsible.

"The evidence so far brought out in the investigation is reported to indicate that 'a certain country' is attempting to embroil relations between Japan and the new Manchurian state. The plotters are said to have been promised a large reward if the attempt against the railway bridge was successful."

Thus, the Japanese try to blame the Soviet Union for conditions in Manchuria which developed as a direct and expected result of the Japanese attempt to subjugate the Manchurian masses by bestial butcheries daring to resist the Japanese invasion and conquest of their country.

"Electric wiring devices found on the span were said to be too ingenious to be the work of Manchurian bandits."

General Sadao Araki, Japanese War Minister, is reported by the dispatch as declaring that the blowing up of the bridge would be "investigated" thoroughly, and that "proper steps will be taken upon the result of the findings."

These threats have only one interpretation. They are the direct prelude to an immediate armed attack against the Soviet Union! Japanese troops are already massed on the Soviet border! Japanese troops are advancing through the Chinto district in Manchuria to within striking distance of the Soviet port of Vladivostok.

HARBIN SEES JAPANESE IN ATTACK SOON

Foreign Observers Report Tense Situation Anticipate War

(Special to the Daily Worker)

Foreign observers at Harbin, Manchuria, look for an early attack by the Japanese against the Soviet Union, according to a dispatch from that city to the New York Times. The dispatch fully confirms the admission appearing in the American press during the past few days that Japan was rapidly moving towards armed intervention against the Soviet Union and its successful socialist construction. The dispatch likens the situation to a keg of powder ready to explode at any minute. It says:

"Conditions are so disquieting in Manchuria that the city of Harbin is reported to be like a keg of powder, as in 1929 and last September."

The dispatch here refers to the Japanese-inspired attempt of the Chinese militarists to seize the Soviet owned Chinese Far Eastern Railway in 1919, and to the advance of Japanese troops last September toward the Soviet border. The dispatch further reports:

"A most reliable source says: 'Harbin's atmosphere is similar to that of 1929, when the Chinese ousted Soviet representatives from the Chinese Eastern Railway. The situation is unexpected, but now that the Soviet Union is ready to fight, the slightest slip is most likely to cause a conflict without a declaration of war.'"

The dispatch soft-peddles the fact, admitted by various imperialist sources including the New York Herald-Tribune, and U. S. Major General William S. Graves and Washington officials, that the Japanese imperialists are deliberately driving towards war against the Soviet Union. It is not a matter of the "slightest slip" precipitating armed conflict, but of the deliberate war program of the Japanese and their admitted intention to attack the Soviet Union.

The dispatch reports that Harbin is placarded with posters bearing a red sun in which appears the flag of the new Manchurian puppet state. At the top of the flag is a crowing cock, from the mouth of which come the words: "With Japan's help, Manchuria flourishes." This is regarded at Harbin as Japan's declaration that Manchuria has been amazed.

Thousands of unemployed huddled police and sailors through the streets of Auckland, New Zealand, today. For three hours the workers defended themselves against the police, smashing store windows and helping themselves to food and other supplies which the government has refused to give them.

The workers were armed with bricks, fence pickets and sticks, and the police were unable to control the situation for three hours. Hundreds of business men were hurriedly sworn in as fascist forces to help beat back the hungry workers.

The capitalist press reports that girls were in the forefront of the fighting. About 150 people were received at the hospital in Auckland and it seems as if the greater part were policemen.

This is the second militant demonstration to take place in the rotting British Empire within a week. Last week over 10,000 workers stormed the parliament at Newfoundland, beat up the Prime Minister and forced the government to flee. Also there the cause was the refusal to give unemployment aid.

It is reported that the streets look as if an earthquake had rocked them, with thousands of dollars of damage to the starvation government and its supporters.

Workers, Make This May First a Day of Mighty Struggle Against the Hunger and War Allies of the Bosses—The Socialist and A. F. of L. Leaders! Demonstrate on this May Day the Unity of the Workers in Joint Struggle Against the Bosses and their Agents! Defend the Chinese People and the Soviet Union! Demand Immediate Withdrawal of All Imperialist Forces from China!

Stop Transport of Munitions to Japan! ALL OUT MAY 1 AT UNION SQUARE! March in Mighty Masses to Rutgers Square! Against Capitalism—For a Workers' and Farmers' Government! COMMUNIST PARTY, YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE, 60 East 13th St., New York City.

WORKERS OF NEW ZEALAND BATTLE POLICE, SAILORS

Workers Seize Food In Fighting Off Fascist Forces

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JOBLESS WORKER HANGS HIMSELF

James Kreczi, 48, of 3434 E. 52d Street, a laborer who had been out of work for several months, hanged himself last night in the attic at his home.

Doctor Tells of Japanese Troops On Soviet Borders

Returning recently from the Far East, Dr. Arthur Torrence, American physician and expedition leader, reported that the Japanese were massing a large army and hundreds of airplanes on the Soviet border. He admitted that all the elements for a new and bloodier world slaughter are present in the situation created by the Japanese imperialists on the Soviet border. He is quoted in the bourgeois press as stating:

"Japan is massing hundreds of airplanes and thousands of men along the north Manchurian frontier to oppose Russia in the coming major war. And Japan is getting money and munitions from France.

"All that is needed is one spark to kindle a terrific conflagration which will embroil the entire Orient and perhaps more. America must watch her step."

UNITED FRONT COMMITTEE CHANGES MAY 1 MARCH ROUTE

Mass May Day Demonstration and March, Sunday, May First, 12:30, at Union Sq.; March from There to Rutgers Sq.

Fellow Workers!

May First is coming—the day of International Workers' Solidarity! Since 1886 it is the day of struggle of the workers against their capitalist exploiters.

This May Day finds over 12 million workers unemployed—over a million in New York City alone. Hundreds of thousands of families are without food! Even the miserable charity of the "home relief bureaus" completely have been stopped by the city. As an excuse for stopping all relief, the fake "block aid" is set up—the bosses supply machine in preparation for war.

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May First for Immediate Payment of Bonus, for Cash Relief, for the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill!

Wages of employed workers are slashed without mercy—in all industries! Hundreds of thousands are working 2 or 3 days a week. Union standards are destroyed. A. F. of L. members by the hundreds of thousands are unemployed and starving in New York. Yet the A. F. of L. leaders fight against unemployment insurance. Wages of thousands of building, printing and other workers will soon be cut 20 to 30 per cent. The bosses carry the cuts to our homes thru their "block aid" sales tax hold-ups. Rank and file members of the A. F. of L., Employed Workers—Make May First a Day of Mighty Struggle Against Wage Cuts, for the 7-Hour Day Without Reduction in Pay! Join the Fight for Unemployment Insurance for All Unemployed, Part-Time and Laid Off Workers! Workers, Negro and White, Native and Foreign-Born

The bosses want to solve their crisis by plunging us into a fresh World War! Already the war is on in China. The Japanese imperialists are slaughtering thousands upon thousands of Chinese workers, their women and children. The imperialist governments are out to divide up China. They are out to make Manchuria their war base against the Soviet Union! The bosses' government is spending billions of dollars for war. Plans are ready to draft an army of 4 million. They are preparing for war especially against the Soviet Union.

Soviet Russia stands out on this May Day as the land of Socialism. Soviet Russia is the only country that has abolished unemployment! It is the only country that is building up its industries and agriculture! While all capitalist countries are in deep crisis, while our wages are slashed and millions starve in capitalist America, WAGES ARE GOING UP IN THE SOVIET UNION! The workers there enjoy the 7-hour day, free vacations with pay, free medical care. The second 5-Year Plan will greatly increase the well being and comfort of the entire population.

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The workers of the Soviet Union show to the workers of the entire world that the only way to abolish unemployment, crisis, hunger and oppression is by following the leadership of the Communist Party, by fighting militantly in defense of the conditions of the workers, by overthrowing the rule of the capitalists and landlords and by establishing a Workers Soviet Government. The capitalists and their Wall Street government are, therefore, getting ready a bloody war against the Soviet Union. Already Japanese armies are at the gates of the Soviet Union. All Capitalist Governments speak openly about a Spring drive against Worker's Russia, Poland, Rumania, Hungary, Czechoslovakia are being armed to the teeth by the United States and France.

The Socialist and A. F. of L. leaders are helping

# Demonstrate at Home Relief Buros in N. Y., B'klyn Today

The Unemployed Councils of Williamsburg and Downtown will hold demonstrations today in front of the Home Relief Bureaus in their sections to protest against the shutting off of relief for 56,000 starving families.

In Williamsburg where police yesterday beat up a worker just out of the hospital because he insisted on aid, workers are asked to report to the following headquarters at 10 a. m.: 61 Graham Ave., 118 Cook St., 795 Flushing Ave., 226 Throop Ave., 46 Ten Eyck St., 285 Rodney St. and 73 Myrtle Ave.

**East Side Demonstration**  
On the East Side yesterday the Unemployed Council forced the owner of a restaurant on Rivington St. to pay wages to a woman worker whom

he had tried to exp.  
The Eighth St. Block Committee hearing of the eviction of Mrs. Klor, a widow with three children who lives at 329 E. 8th St., mobilized its members and the Downtown Unemployed Council to return the furniture. This was done. The eviction here took place after the landlord had refused to accept a Home Relief ticket for the money due.

The Downtown Council will start its demonstration at the headquarters, 134-7th St., at 10 a. m. and march to the various relief stations. All workers who have been cut off the lists, who have been discriminated against in the giving of relief are especially urged to join in the fight against starvation.

# Ban on Hitler's Troops Step Towards His Entering Gov't

(Cable by Inprecor)  
BERLIN, April 14.—Last night at a mass meeting of the Communist Party, 20,000 workers crowded the Sport Palace. Many delegations representing factory, transport and postal workers were present. The wives and children of murdered workers were present in the front rows.

Ernest Thaelman was welcomed with thunderous applause and delivered a speech outlining the Communist Party program in the Prussian elections.

The Rote Fahne declared, "It may sound paradoxical, but it is true that the Hitler storm detachments have been suppressed in order to pave the way of the fascists into the government. Every German knows that the government is more or less dependent upon France. The latter has no objection to Hitler since he, Hitler, has capitulated on the war debt question, but feared Hitler's participation in the government and the resultant disappointment of the fascist masses might cause a revolt amongst the storm detachments and begin a new mass move towards Bolshevism."

The Rote Fahne further declared that Hitler is not averse to the suppression of the storm detachments since they are becoming politically dangerous. This suppression does not mean an end of fascist terror against the workers. Hitler's entry into the government means a strengthening of the anti-Soviet elements in the German foreign policy.

Both the Berliner Tageblatt and Zwölfuhrblatt confirm the contention that Hitler is not averse to the suppression of the storm detachments owing to the fact that the latter are becoming politically dangerous. The financial problem of maintaining the storm detachments was becoming intolerable owing to the fact that several hundred thousand marks daily were needed for its up-keep.

The Rote Fahne in an editorial points to the gentlemanly fashion in which the storm detachments were suppressed, without any arrests having been made.

Brunswick, Saxony and Bremen have not yet made any efforts to enforce the suppression order. The authorities agree to take over and care for the disbanded storm members where the latter are without any means.

During the inside demonstration for these demands the prisoners broke down the wall separating them from the criminals and rescued those politicians who were still held with the criminals.

For this the authorities have placed the political prisoners in solitary confinement, but the prisoners pressed for their demands. The authorities finally consented to grant all demands but evidently not intending to carry them out. They planned to deport the more militant to the Isle de Pinos and then take all rights away from the prisoners.

The political prisoners will not stand for this and will go on a hunger-strike as soon as the authorities begin to carry out their threats.

The International Labor Defense calls upon all workers and workers organizations to rally to the support of our Cuban victims, victims of Wall Street and Machado terror. Send protest resolutions and telegrams to Secretario de Gobernacion, Havana, Cuba.

Demand the release of all political prisoners of Cuba!

**"BONDAGE," RUSSIA IN 1850, OPENS AT ACME, APRIL 16th**  
"Bondage," a drama of Russia in 1850, will have its first showing at the Acme Theatre, 14th St. and Union Sq., this Saturday. "Bondage" gives a vivid picture of the various aspects of the Russia of 1850—with its proximity of poverty of the workers and peasants on one side, and the riches and wastefulness on the other side, serving as an under-current which ultimately culminated in the uprising of the workers. "Bondage" serves as an historical background, showing just what it was that finally led to the gigantic upheaval in the October revolution.

As late in the world's history as 1850, serfdom, as practiced in the middle ages in Europe, existed in Russia under the rule of the Czars and this is vividly shown in the new UFA film "Bondage," opening Saturday at the Acme Theatre. The film story is based on the play "The Danischeffs," by Pierre Newsky, and the cast includes many noted European players of the stage and screen. Heinrich George, who played an important role in "Metropolis," heads the cast. Other players are Mona Marie, Maria Reisenhofer, Hana Haim, Oscar Homolka and Jutta Jol. Richard Schnberg directed "Bondage."

**AT THE HIPPODROME**  
On the stage: Radio's Ballyhoogs, Jordan and Woods; Bert Walton, master of ceremonies; Johnny Tyrrell with Helen Tejan, the "Folies Montmartre," a Parisian revue of 14 girls; Sood and Landou; Topo and Cherry Blossom, Dugan and Hadley and Eddie White. On the screen: "Disorderly Conduct," with Sally Eilers, Spencer Tracy, El Brendel and Dickie Moore

will mark election campaign opening; Browder to speak

The revolutionary workers of New York will celebrate the 50th anniversary of Comrade Israel Amter, District Organizer of the Communist Party, District No. 2, tonight.

Comrade Amter's anniversary banquet tonight will mark the opening of the Communist election campaign. Resolutions of workers' organizations and Party units have reached the District Office endorsing and asking Comrade Amter to be the standard bearer of the Party in the coming election campaign as the candidate for governor of the state of New York. These resolutions also expressed their fullest confidence and devotion to the Party as the only revolutionary force that can create such devoted and proved comrades in struggle.

A good program has been prepared, besides the banquet. The Prolet Buehne and the W.I.R. Band and a singer of Soviet songs will participate in the musical program. Comrade E. Browder, representing the Central Committee of the Communist Party will greet the gathering. The admission is only 50 cents.

**200 Dockers at MWIU Meet Pledge Fight On Wage Cut**

Morgan Pier to Lay Off 200 Workers Friday

NEW YORK—Two hundred longshoremen at a meeting in front of the Morgan Line pier listened to speakers of the Marine Workers Industrial Union and voted to fight the wage cut which the bosses aided by the International Longshoremen's Union officials are preparing. As a move towards terrorizing the workers and scaring the fight out of them, 200 workers are scheduled to be laid off on April 15. Speed-up as a result is greater than any ever seen in New York before.

The longshoremen, whose children go hungry and without sufficient clothing, vigorously expressed their refusal to stand any further cuts. Some of them on pier 40 are now working for 68 cents an hour. Loads have been increased from 500 to 1,800 pounds.

The realization that the N. W. I. U. was correct in its forecast of the cuts was expressed by a worker who said: "You told us this, now we see it."

This Morgan line cut is the beginning of general campaign against the workers.

The Marine Workers Industrial Union calls upon the workers to organize, Negro and white, on all piers. To elect Dock Committees to see the superintendent and of refuse to unload any ships until the wage cut is withdrawn. While the committee reports no work should be done.

The M. W. I. U. which is located at 140 Broad St., is ready to back the workers in their fight.

Picture and text on the history of the Scottsboro boys will mobilize the masses to release them. Spread "They Shall Not Die," new two cent pamphlet.

**REVOLT OF THE SERFS IN RUSSIA OPENS TOMORROW (SATURDAY) "BONDAGE" (RUSSIA IN 1850)**

Drama of the struggle between serfs and landlords—a vivid and enthralling story of Russia when the peasants were the slaves of the autocratic land owners. Enacted by noted Russian players.

**LAST DAY.—"Revolt in the Desert"**

**ACME THEATRE** 14th STREET & UNION SQUARE 15c Exc. Sat. & Sun. Midnite Show Sat.

**WORKERS SCHOOL** 35 East 12th St., N. Y. C. Alg. 4-1199

**SECOND SPRING TERM** APRIL 25th—JULY 1st

Principles of Communism: Classes every evening except Saturdays and Sundays. Political Economy: Wednesday, 7 to 8:30, instructor, H. Sagan; Friday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor, A. Markoff; Friday, 7 to 8:30; Friday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor, F. Jacobs. Advanced Political Economy: Wednesday, 7 to 8:30, instructor, Harry Gannes. Marxism: Thursday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor, A. Markoff; Friday, 7 to 8:25, instructor, V. Jerome. Leninism: Monday, 7 to 8:25, instructor, A. Markoff; Friday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor, M. James. Organizational Principles: Friday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor, A. W. Mills. Trade Union Strategy and Tactics: Friday, 7 to 8:25, instructor, I. Zaek. Negro Problems: Friday, 7 to 8:25, instructor, Otto Hall. Youth Problems: Tuesday, 7 to 8:25, instructor, M. Hyatt. The Struggle Against Imperialism: Thursday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor, S. Don. Colonial Problems: Monday, 7 to 8:25, instructor, A. Moreau. Revolutionary Parliamentarism: Thursday, 7 to 8:25, instructor, N. Stevens. Problems of Shop Work: Monday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor to be announced. Methods in Shop Work: Friday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor, J. Steuben. Revolutionary Journalism: Monday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor, G. Lewis. Work Among Women: Monday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor to be announced. Dialectic Materialism: Monday, 8:30 to 10 p. m., instructor, A. Landy. Public Speaking: Monday, 7 to 8:25, instructor, C. Brodsky. Russian (elementary, intermediate, advanced), English, Spanish, etc.

**REGISTER NOW!**  
Only 10 days left for registration. Number of students in each class will be limited. At Workers Forum this Sunday, April 17th, B. Stevens, author of "The Church and the Workers" will speak on "Combating Religion," at 35 E. 12th Street, N. Y. C.

# AMTER BANQUET TO TAKE PLACE THIS EVENING

Will Mark Election Campaign Opening; Browder to Speak

The revolutionary workers of New York will celebrate the 50th anniversary of Comrade Israel Amter, District Organizer of the Communist Party, District No. 2, tonight.

Comrade Amter's anniversary banquet tonight will mark the opening of the Communist election campaign. Resolutions of workers' organizations and Party units have reached the District Office endorsing and asking Comrade Amter to be the standard bearer of the Party in the coming election campaign as the candidate for governor of the state of New York. These resolutions also expressed their fullest confidence and devotion to the Party as the only revolutionary force that can create such devoted and proved comrades in struggle.

A good program has been prepared, besides the banquet. The Prolet Buehne and the W.I.R. Band and a singer of Soviet songs will participate in the musical program. Comrade E. Browder, representing the Central Committee of the Communist Party will greet the gathering. The admission is only 50 cents.

# LINE OF MARCH FOR VETERANS BONUS PARADE IN N. Y. TODAY

The following is the program and line of march of the veterans' bonus demonstration today:

Mass meeting at Madison Sq., Fifth Ave. and Broadway at 11 a. m.

At 12:30 the veterans will fall in in columns of eight behind the bugle corps of the Workers' Ex-servicemen's League and march down Broadway to 27th St.

The parade will proceed as follows:

33d St. west on 33d St. to Eighth Ave.; south on Eighth Ave. to 15th St. east on 15th St. to Union Sq. The parade will halt at 17th St. and Union Sq. where the final mass meeting will be held.

# SUBS FOR LABOR DEFENDER WINS HIM SOVIET TRIP

I.L.D. Starts Another Drive with Same Opportunity

NEW YORK, N. Y., April 12.—Sam Gerber, Los Angeles needle trades worker, will sail for the Soviet Union, Wednesday, April 14, to take part in the Moscow May Day festivities as the guest of MOPR, the Russian division of the International Red Aid.

Comrade Gerber won this trip to Russia in the sub drive of the Labor Defender, organ of the International Labor Defense, last year, when he secured 300 new subscriptions for the magazine. It was originally planned that the winner of the contest should visit Russia last November, but Comrade Gerber asked that his trip be postponed until spring so he could spend May Day in Moscow.

Following the drive in which Comrade Gerber won his trip, the circulation of the Labor Defender was boosted from 25,000 to 35,000. A second contest now under way to close October 15, has as its aim 5,000 new subs and bundle orders of 15,000.

Among the new prizes offered are: A trip to the Soviet Union with a three week stay in the Soviet Union as guest of the MOPR and a set of Lenin's collected work and five working class novels of winner's choice.

Comrade Gerber has been an active member of the I. L. D. for six years. On his return from the Soviet Union, he intends to become an organizer of the I. L. D. and the Labor Defender.

In a letter to the Labor Defender on the subject of the new drive, Comrade Gerber wrote: "I think your new drive for subs

# Ann Barton to Speak At Working Woman-Liberator Carnival

Ann Barton, one of the organizers of the National Miners Union just released from jail in Kentucky, will greet the workers at the Spring Carnival and Dance for the Working Woman and the Liberator on April 16 at the Workers' Center, 60 E. 13th St., New York City.

An extra fine program is being prepared for the affair on April 16. The play, "Scottsboro Limited," by Langston Hughes, a well-known Negro writer, will be performed on that evening. Besides the play, there will be the Red Dancers and many other features on the program including an excellent Negro Jazz Band.

On April 16 white and Negro workers of New York must show their solidarity by coming in large numbers to the Spring Carnival and dance at the Workers' Center in order to help support our revolutionary press.

**REVOLT OF THE SERFS IN RUSSIA OPENS TOMORROW (SATURDAY) "BONDAGE" (RUSSIA IN 1850)**

Drama of the struggle between serfs and landlords—a vivid and enthralling story of Russia when the peasants were the slaves of the autocratic land owners. Enacted by noted Russian players.

**LAST DAY.—"Revolt in the Desert"**

**ACME THEATRE** 14th STREET & UNION SQUARE 15c Exc. Sat. & Sun. Midnite Show Sat.

**WORKERS SCHOOL** 35 East 12th St., N. Y. C. Alg. 4-1199

**SECOND SPRING TERM** APRIL 25th—JULY 1st

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# Demonstration to Smash Injunction

Bronx Rent Strikers Fight for Lower Rent

NEW YORK.—A united front demonstration will be held on Saturday, April 17, 8 p. m., at 174th St. and Longfellow Ave., to smash the sweeping injunction that is used against the worker rent strikers.

The demonstration is organized by a committee representing the Unemployed Councils of the Bronx, the International Labor Defense and the Communist Party.

The workers will demonstrate their determination to carry on the fight for lower rent in spite of injunction, to continue the struggle for immediate relief, unemployment insurance, against evictions and police terror. They will also demand that Comrade Landis, an active leader in the Longfellow Ave. strike, who was arrested and charged with violation of the injunction shall be released.

All workers are urged to attend this very important demonstration on Saturday, April 17, 8 p. m., at 174th St. and Longfellow Ave.

# AMUSEMENTS

**MY IDEA OF AN AUTHOR'S DREAM OF THE SUPREME ADVENTURE WAS REALIZED LAST NIGHT WHEN I BEHELD MY SYMPHONY OF SIX**

**MILLION COME BRILLIANTLY TO LIFE UNDER FLAWLESS DIRECTION AND CASTING.**

**RICARDO CORTEZ · GREGORY RATOFF IRENE DUNNE · ANNA APPEL**

DIRECTED BY GREGORY LA CAVA + RKO RADIO DAVID O. SELZNICK PRODUCTION PICTURE

**TWICE DAILY 2:45-8:45 · 3 SHOWS SUN. 2:45-5:45-8:45**

**GAIETY B'way ALL SEATS RESERVED at NOW SELLING AT BOX OFFICE THEATRE 46th FOR ALL PERFORMANCES**

**ALL NIGHTS 50c-75c-\$1-\$1.50 · ALL MATINEES 50c-75c-\$1**

**THE THEATRE GUILD Presents TOO TRUE TO BE GOOD**

A New Play by BERNARD SHAW GUILD THEATRE, 52d St., W. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Sat., 2:30

**The Theatre Guild Presents REUNION IN VIENNA**

A Comedy By ROBERT E. SHERWOOD. THEATRE, 40th St. & 5th Ave. Ev. 8:40. Mats. Thurs., Sat., 2:30

**COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW** With ELMER RICE PAUL MUNI Plymouth Theat. W. 45 St. Ev. 8:20 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

**Madison Square Garden—Now** Twice Daily, inc. Sunday 2 & 3 P.M.

**RINGLING BARNUM BROS and BAILEY CIRCUS** Presenting 10,000 MARVELS including BEATTY BATTLING FORTY LIONS and TIGERS 1,000 New Foreign Features—800 Circus Stars—100 Clowns—700 Horses—50 Elephants—1,000 Menagerie Animals—World Congress of FREAKS Admission to All (Inc. Seats) \$1-\$4.50 In. 1st Child's and 12 Half Price Every Art. Ex. Sat. Tickets at Garden, Gimbel Bros. & Agencies

**Golden Mountains** AMKINO'S LATEST SOVIET TALKIE With English Sub-Titles

Selected as the Best Russian Film by M. OLGIN, Editor of the "FREIHEIT"

**CAMEO** and 25c All Seats to 1 P. M. Mon to Fri

**HIPPODROME** 6th Ave. & 43rd St. BIGGEST SHOW IN NEW YORK 8 ACTS "GIRL CRAZY" Incl. LEON JANNEY With BERT WHEELER and ROBERT WOOLSEY

**RUSSIAN MEALS** For Poor Pocketbooks **KAVKAZ** 132 E. 14th Street, N. Y. C.

**Intern'l Workers Order** DENTAL DEPARTMENT 80 FIFTH AVENUE 15th FLOOR All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEFSON

# Expect U.S. Steel to Announce Third Wage Cut in a Few Days

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 14.—The third wage-cut in twenty months, affecting 203,674 workers of the United States Steel Company, was announced here yesterday.

In 1931 two cuts were forced upon the workers. A first cut of 15 per cent was enforced in August, reducing the wages of all salaried employees who received over \$1,800 a year. A second one of 10 per cent affecting all wage earners, except a few who were employed under "service agreements," was made in October.

The cut just announced will reduce wages to the extent of 15 per cent. That means that from 40 cents per hour wages will be reduced to less than 35 cents.

But this is not all. The Company has rearranged and concentrated plant operations in the most important units, reducing the working force. This means that unemployment was increased while the real wages of the workers still employed were reduced by lengthening of the working day and increased intensity

# U.S. TO MAINTAIN FLEET IN PACIFIC

A Washington dispatch reports that the entire United States fleet may be kept in the Pacific "indefinitely." The State Department is said to have suggested that the navy should not return the scouting fleet to the Atlantic. This indicates that the concentration of the U. S. fleet, which was carried through under the manouver at Hawaii, is to be continued of a joint army and navy

This decision reflects the enormously sharpened antagonisms between Japanese and United States imperialism in the struggle over the loot in China and for domination of the Far East. The fleet concentration in the Pacific would also facilitate any decision by the United States for joint armed intervention with the other imperialist powers against the Soviet Union.

The Washington dispatch admits that "virtually all seaworthy vessels of the Navy, says some submarine and miscellaneous vessels, are now concentrated in the Pacific."

A few days ago the U. S. fleet carried out a manouver in the Pacific which was shrouded in the greatest secrecy.

**TO DEMONSTRATE AT RELIEF BUREAU**  
Bronx Workers Plan to Protest Arrest

NEW YORK.—A mass demonstration before the Home Relief Bureau, P. S. 42, Claremont Pkwy. and Washington Ave., will take place today at 2 p. m., under the auspices of the Upper Bronx Unemployed Council.

The demand to be put forward is that the Home Relief Bureau be kept open and that immediate adequate relief be given to all unemployed.

The demonstration furthermore will be a protest against the arrest of a worker during the April 6 demonstration before the Home Relief Bureau.

of labor as a result of rationaliza-

# Workers' Clubs Should Advertise in the "Daily"

**SECOND ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION**

**INT'L WORKERS ORDER**

**Saturday, April 16th**

**At 7:30 P. M.**

**The Bronx Coliseum** 177th St. and West Farms, Bronx  
Mass-Demonstration for the Protection of the Soviet Union

**--Speakers--**  
WM. Z. FOSTER—Communist Party  
MAX BEDACHT—Nat'l Executive, I. W. O.  
WM. WEINER—Chairman of the I. W. O.  
N. Shaffer—Chairman of the Meeting

**—PROGRAM—**  
Freiheit Singing Society in Jewish and English Songs—  
Conductor Jacob Schaeffer  
Ballet by the Children of the I.W.O. Schools—Under the direction of Lily Mehlman and Lily Shapiro  
Pantomime "SHOP"—by the Youth Section of the order.  
Written and produced by Sam Pevzner. Decoration by M. Solotaroff.

**Auspices—English, Jewish, Youth, Ukrainian and Italian City Committees**

**ADMISSION 35c** Youth 15c

**RUSSIAN MEALS** For Poor Pocketbooks **KAVKAZ** 132 E. 14th Street, N. Y. C.

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# PAGES FROM HISTORY OF THE MOONEY CASE

## TOM MOONEY



By ROBERT MINOR  
III. (Conclusion)

BUT the important thing is not the actions of this or that individual so much as the historical role of the Mooney case in the development of the class struggle, and the organized instruments of the workers, the trade unions and the revolutionary party of the workers.

The socialist party still coldly refused to have anything to do with the Mooney case. No response came from Hillquit, or from Algonon Lee, or any of the present leaders of the socialist party except, I think, a formal acknowledgement of receipt of a letter to the National Executive Committee. Later, when Alexander Berkman, the anarchist who was a leading figure in the defense of Mooney, was indicted for murder by the San Francisco Grand Jury as a means of striking at the defense organization, and to make a conviction of Mooney easier, Hillquit did consent to act, purely as a lawyer to oppose the extradition of Berkman.

It is interesting to note that the attitude of Morris Hillquit, who was willing to be a lawyer but not a political defender of the Mooney group, with the sly covering up of his political role, later showed its real essence when Hillquit voluntarily went before the Grand Jury to ask the indictment of Communist editors (myself included, with Wm. F. Dunne and Moissaye J. Olgin) in New York City.

But the movement around Mooney constantly grew and became a tremendous mass volume. The entry of the United States into the world war and the clamping down of the police war-time terror caused much of the revolutionary opposition of the workers to the war to find a channel of expression through the Mooney Defense movement. There were 54 organizations affiliated to the American Federation of Labor which, in spite of Gompers' efforts to stop them, openly affiliated with the International Workers' Defense League. The masses of the membership of the socialist party were already with us and just as the Gompers' bureaucracy decided that they could no longer withhold an official word in favor of Mooney, the socialist party bureaucracy sent John Spargo to California to "investigate" the Mooney case.

I met Spargo when he came to San Francisco and soon learned that he hadn't the slightest intention of "investigating," and this trip to California was merely a blind to cover up the intention of the socialist party leaders to put through a formal endorsement of the Mooney defense as a means of answering the flood of attack that was being heaped upon them by the rank and file. Even before this, the fiercely belligerent attitude of the rank and file of Jewish trade unionists had compelled the leaders of the Hebrew Trades to endorse the defense of Mooney.

After the official "endorsement" of the movement

**Editor's Note.—The Socialist Party is MAKING MANEUVERS IN REGARD TO THE MOONEY CASE. Facing contradictions between its claim to be a party of the working class and its increasing role in the present economic crisis as a fighter against every interest of the working class—its role as strikebreaker in the mine fields, the textile fields and the needle trades, its treacherous support of the police against the unemployed and its hardly concealed co-operation with the police and capitalist prosecutors in present-day arrests and jailings of militant workers—the socialist party leadership is reaching for new means of securing the confidence of the working class. Among its efforts are—pretenses of building "also" unemployed councils, and, among other things, maneuvers to make itself appear as a "defender" of the most famous of American labor's living martyrs—Tom Mooney.**

It is common knowledge around the Mooney Defense Committee headquarters in San Francisco that the socialist party national office has put an ultimatum to Mooney—that if he will refuse to associate himself with the International Labor Defense they are willing to make Mooney their vice-presidential candidate, but that if he does not they will "drop" his case.

The author of this series, Comrade Robert Minor, member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, personally knows more of the Mooney case than any other man. Tom Mooney writes in his recent pamphlet of how Minor rushed to San Francisco and took over the leadership of the defense:

"For two long and discouraging years Minor exposed the frame-ups. His meager wages, . . . barely kept him alive, the 'labor leaders' vilified him, his co-workers on the Defense Committee slackened up their efforts, some quit altogether, but Minor kept plugging away. His tremendous efforts during the darkest days of the Mooney-Billings case need only be contrasted with the tactics of the labor leaders' who obstructed the defense, to indubitably damn them."

From "Tom Mooney Betrayed by Labor Leaders"—by Tom Mooney.

to defend Mooney, so grudgingly given by the socialist party bureaucracy, its whole role was nevertheless the role of killing the mass movement to the extent possible. Always the socialist party press was the hardest to get any space from. Always the socialist party officials gave only so-much "support" as they could not avoid if they were to retain their hold upon their members.

The Russian proletarian revolution in November, 1917, electrified the working class, especially the masses of membership in the Socialist Party, and crystallized the revolt against the treacherous bureaucracy, which could defend itself only by being temporarily, "for" Lenin, as they became "for" the young California labor martyr as soon as they could no longer hold back the masses from his defense.

At the same time all factors of the Mooney defense began pouring into one mighty flood of revolutionary feeling and action. The general strike at Seattle was most intimately connected, both by the personnel of the leading rank and file in the strike, and in the

sense of political heritage, with the mass movement that had been worked up in that city beforehand for the Winnipeg general strike.

And it is an interesting fact that out of the great movement later built up by Foster, under the name of the Trade Union Educational League (now the Trade Union Unity League), practically every leading figure in this movement led by Foster had previously been a leading figure in the mass movement for the defense of Mooney. The movement reached such proportions as very nearly to result in a general strike in 1919, in spite of the treachery of certain members of the leadership. There was a very bitter struggle in the Southern Illinois coal fields, precipitated by a strike for Mooney's liberation.

The Mooney movement resulted in the biggest left wing convention of trade union delegates that ever menaced the Gompers' bureaucracy in the American Federation of Labor. I refer to the great convention of the Mooney defense movement in Chicago in 1919, which was ditched, sabotaged and destroyed by the

treachery of Fitzpatrick, Nockels and others who worked through the weakness of Ed Nolan, who had been a co-defendant with Mooney and who had become "tired of the fight."

Why this excursion into the past history of the Mooney case?

Because it is necessary now to look and see what has led up to the present role of the socialist party.

At the end of 1919 came the split in the socialist party, with the two left wing conventions in Chicago, out of which grew the formation of the Communist Party of the United States of America. And in these conventions in Chicago—every single figure of the socialist party who had played a leading role in the fight for the defense of Mooney was to be found as a leading figure in the split from the socialist party and the formation of the present revolutionary party of the working class, the Communist Party.

This is true with the one exception of Eugene V. Debs. Debs was sent to prison and the cruel treatment of the aged leader practically destroyed him physically. Debs went to prison declaring: "From the crown of my head to the soles of my feet, I am a Bolshevik." Debs remembered Tom Mooney as one of the staff of campaigners who accompanied him on the "Red Special" train in the socialist party campaign of 1908. But the socialist party bureaucracy, with the kind assistance of the United States prison authorities who gave them every possible access to Debs, succeeded in confusing the old man and preventing his joining the Communist Party. Seymour Stedman, the "Caliban" of the socialist party, its vice-presidential candidate in 1920, was instrumental in wheeling Debs. Stedman appeared as the leading figure in aiding the prosecution of the revolutionary workers in Detroit, by means of a parallel civil suit.

But, aside from Debs, every other single figure in the struggle for Mooney in these dark days, when the club and the gun and murder indictments were the penalty for being for Mooney, has ceased to be a figure in the discredited, reactionary social-fascist organization now headed by Morris Hillquit and the Reverend Norman Thomas, and now more callously than ever busy at strike-breaking and helping the American capitalist rulers to place the burden of the economic crisis on the working class.

It is necessary to remember these things if we are correctly to guide the movement to victory in the freeing of Tom Mooney. It is necessary for the workers to know that those who whispered to the prosecutors and police chiefs in 1918 in order to "clear their skirts" of the young Red labor leader, Tom Mooney, and who have continued that course through sixteen more years of treachery and strike-breaking, cannot do anything else than betray the struggle for the liberation of our working-class martyrs.

## ROBERT MINOR



STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGING EDITOR, CIRCULATION, ETC. REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912.

Of the Daily Worker, published daily at New York, N. Y., for April 1, 1932. State of New York, County of New York.

Before me, a notary public, in and for the state and county aforesaid, personally appeared Emanuel Levin, who, having been duly sworn according to law, depose and say that he is the Managing Editor of the Daily Worker and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 411, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business manager are: Publisher, Comprodi Publishing Co., Inc., 50 E. 13th St.; Editor, none; Managing Editor, Emanuel Levin, 30 E. 13th St.; Business Manager, none.

2. That the owner is: (If owned by a corporation, its name and address must be stated and also immediately thereunder the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding one per cent or more of total amount of stock. If not owned by a corporation, its name and address, as well as those of each individual owner, must be given. If the publication is published by a partnership or other unincorporated firm, its name and address, as well as those of each individual must be given. If the publication is published by a sole proprietor, his name and address must be given.)

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees and other security holders owning or holding one per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities are: (If there be none, so state.) None.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names and addresses, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person in such relation, for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and validity under which the stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as such, hold their stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, mortgages or other securities as so stated by him.

5. That the average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paying subscribers during the month preceding the date shown above is: 39,987.

EMANUEL LEVIN, Managing Editor. Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of April, 1932. Notary Public, Bronx County, N. Y. (My commission expires March 20, 1934.)

on the already shaken position of Japanese capitalism, the continued catastrophic deepening of the crisis and the additional burdens imposed upon the already fruitfully exploited toiling masses of Japan. The prospect of a revolution in Japan, he holds forth both hopefully and with dread; hopefully because it would weaken Japanese imperialism as a rival of the United States, with dread because if successful it would destroy Japanese imperialism and bring about the triumph of the social revolution in Japan.

## WHERE ARE THE OTHERS?

Up to April 13, these branches HAVE contributed to the MAY DAY DAILY WORKER! But there are thousands more to come! YOU MUST ACT QUICKLY! THE MAY DAY DAILY WORKER will be the most important issue of the workers' paper in this critical time for the proletariat. GET YOUR ORGANIZATION TO ACT NOW ON A MAY DAY GREETING!

Miscellaneous Organizations, 38—Total Contribution	\$811.85
Freiheit Gesangs Verein Branches, 5	91.15
Daily Worker Clubs, 2	8.00
Friends of the Soviet Union Branches, 8	54.16
Workers International Relief Branches, 3	9.00
For Branches, 5	44.00
I.W.O. Branches, New York City, 23	156.05
I.W.O. Branches, out of New York, 18	39.90
I.W.O. Schools, 25	217.72
Workers Clubs, 23	733.25
T.U.U.L. Unions, 29	127.57
International Labor Defense Branches, 13	114.63
Czechoslovak Club, 1	15.50
Armenian Club, 3	24.50
Bulgarian Club, 1	5.00
Chinese Clubs, 2	3.58
Estonian Club, 1	14.35
Finnish Clubs, 32	283.15
Greek Club, 1	9.00
Hungarian Club, 1	15.50
Japanese Club, 1	2.25
Jugoslav Clubs, 2	6.00
Lettish Clubs, 2	3.30
Lithuanian Clubs, 16	92.90
Polish Clubs, 4	24.50
Rumanian Clubs, 2	15.90
Russian Clubs, 13	275.13
Slovak Clubs, 6	81.61
South Slav Club, 1	6.30
Scandinavian Clubs, 5	80.60
Swedish Club, 1	6.50
Spanish Club, 1	10.00
Ukrainian Clubs, 22	419.24
Italian Clubs, 0	
German Club, 1	5.00

SEE THAT YOUR CLUB WILL BE LISTED IN THE MAY DAY DAILY WORKER

## "RED SHIRTS" IN INDIA COMBAT FAKE ELECTIONS

### Militant Peasant Movement Denied Right to Vote

Members of the revolutionary Red Shirts of India were fired upon by police as they were picketing polling places in the village of Katlang and urging workers and peasants to boycott the imperialist elections. The sympathy of the people towards the movement may be seen by the fact that in one district where 1,251 are entitled to vote only 65 did so.

Tribesmen are again intensifying their struggle against the supporters of British imperialism in the north and attacking British planes met with the fire of the revolutionary tribes. The seriousness of the situation is indicated by the visit of the Viceroy to the territory near Afghan border.

PESHAWAR, India, April 12—Polling booths were picketed by more than 5,000 "red shirts" in the Northwest Frontier Province, preventing the casting of votes in the elections held yesterday. When the polls closed at Charsadda only one vote had been cast.

Truckloads of traders and money lenders were attacked and their occupants beaten. The "Red Shirts" began organizing more than a year and a half ago at the time of the famous Peshawar mutiny against British imperialist tyranny and have kept up a continuous fight which, for the most part, consists in militant demonstrations against British institutions and agents.

It is primarily a peasant movement, and has engaged in many sharp fights against mass starvation that threatened to wipe out vast sections of the peasant population. It has led many militant fights against payment of rents and taxes and fights to hold from British imperialist agents the products of the soil. Outlawed by British imperialism and its agents among the Indian capitalist elements, the "Red Shirts" fight against the "supervised" elections.

Women suffer more from war and war preparations than the men. Read about it in "Women five cents."

### Help Build the Central Comm. Library

Comrades can help a great deal in building up the reference library of the Central Committee by bringing pamphlets and books and back numbers of periodicals, particularly the Inprocur and the Communist International, to Room 903, Workers Center. Pamphlets and books which are out of print are particularly needed.

## 70,000 'May Day Dailies' Ordered Already By Only Three Different Districts!

The May Day Daily Worker, with an 8-page tabloid filled with workers' news, will be off the press in four separate editions. It may be necessary to print more than 100,000 copies, because orders already have come in for 70,000! New York wants 35,000 at least. Chicago has put in its bid for 20,000, and Detroit for 15,000. That makes 70,000 from three cities alone!

Also pouring into the National office are coming requests for advertising contracts and greeting blanks, and these are both being shipped or are already. The complete consignments are off to the district representatives of the Daily Worker, and local agents will receive theirs shortly.

The map in Tuesday's Daily Worker showed you where your edition of the May Day Daily Worker will reach—and when. Be sure you are ready for it. Send in greetings now, order your bundle, get your friends and other contacts to send in greetings, get an ad blank and go after a local business man. Be sure your organization is represented with a May Day greeting. Every organization that has contributed in the emergency campaign, will be there.

Workers! Write in your experiences in getting May Day greetings or ads for the May Day Daily Worker! We need letters from workers telling other workers how to do it!

## May Day Preparations in Full Swing Thruout States

Preparations for May Day are going on rapidly all over the United States. Conferences are taking place one after the other, in which thousands of workers are represented. According to hand, May Day is going to be a day of mighty struggle against the menace of a new world robber war, for unemployment insurance, for immediate relief, for defence of China and the Soviet Union.

PASSAIC, N. J.—A successful May Day Conference was held here on April 1, eighteen organizations were represented with 26 delegates. Plans were laid down for a May Day Demonstration to take place at Hudson and Market Street, in the afternoon, followed by a parade throughout the working-class district. A revolutionary program was arranged for the evening at Pollack's Castle Park, Rover Road, Garfield.

Leaflets in different languages will be issued calling upon the workers to demonstrate. An executive committee of 13 was elected to carry on the preparations.

IRONWOOD, Mich.—A well attended "United Front Anti-War May Day Conference" was held here on April 6th, with delegates from many mass organizations. A main demonstration was planned to take place in the Farmers Market Square at 2 p. m., in which workers from Ashland, Marquette, Wakefield and other small localities are to participate. After the demonstration the workers will march to Palace Hall by way Vaughn Street and down Suffolk Street. A dinner is to be served between 5 and 7 o'clock. The evening program will begin at 8 o'clock.

Preparatory meetings are to be held at the following places: Marquette, Town Hall, Wednesday, April 13th, at 7 p. m.; Iron Belt, Wis., Saturday, April 16th at 10.30 a. m. Plymouth Hall, Tuesday, April 19th, at 7 p. m.; Gile, Wis., Thursday, April 21st, at 7 p. m.; Bessemer Old Washington

School Lot, Saturday, April 23rd at 7 p. m.; Ironwood, Farmers Market Square, Monday, April 25th, at 6.30 p. m.; Newport, Thursday, April 28th, at 7 p. m.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—As parts of the preparations for May Day three indoor meetings will take place here, arranged by Section 3 of the Communist Party. The schedule for the meetings is as follows: Holton Hall, 3128 Holton St., Jewish Center, 14101 Kinsman; Hungarian Workers Home, 11233 Buckley Rd. All these meetings will start at 7 p. m. sharp.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Police Department is doing all in its power to prevent a successful mobilization of the workers for May 1st. This week they refused the Young Communist League a permit to parade on April 22nd. The official reply of the chief of police was: "We haven't sufficient cops to give you guys protection."

However the workers are determined not to follow the bosses to go through with their terror plans and are making all arrangements to have a real mass open air demonstration and march on April 30th, and an indoor mass meeting in the Market Street Arena on May 1, at 2.30 in the afternoon.

The May Conference which was held April 8th adopted a resolution demanding that the City Hall plaza be granted to the workers for May First and also decided to reconvene on April 21st, in the Girard Manor Hall, to make final arrangements for the demonstration.

All working-class organizations not represented in the April 8th Conference can send their delegates to the April 21st Conference.

WARREN, Ohio.—With 25 delegates from 16 mass organizations, an Anti-War May Day Conference was held here. It was decided that all preparations for May 1st must be carried out under the following slogans: "Against imperialist war for the defence of the Chinese people"; "Immediate freedom for the Scottsboro boys"; "For Federal Unemployment Insurance"; "Defend the Soviet Union!"

It was decided also that the central May Day demonstration shall be held in Court House Park, followed by a huge parade through the main streets and the working-class neighborhoods; that scores of preparatory meetings shall be held in various neighborhoods before May 1st, that 10,000 leaflets shall be issued for the May 1st meeting, and that anti-literature shall be sold at all meetings, particularly the special edition of the Daily Worker.

TOLEDO, Ohio.—Forty-five delegates, representing 17 mass organizations, attended the May First Conference held here. A big mass demonstration on May 1st was planned.

Organizational measures were adopted to draw in the demonstration all unemployed and part time workers, ex-servicemen, Negro workers and women workers.

Have you sent in your Half-Dollar?

## U. S. FORCED TO NEGOTIATE WITH CHINESE SOVIETS

### Seek Release of Missionary Agent of Imperialism

BULLETIN

A Peiping dispatch to the New York Sun reports that Chinese Red armies in Fukien Province, South China, were converging on the city of Changchow. Fear was expressed in the dispatch that the Kuomintang could not defend the city against the Red armies.

Changechow is on the mainland, directly opposite Amoy. Missionary agents of American imperialism are reported in flight from the city.

The British have sent a warship to Amoy in a move for direct armed intervention against the revolutionary struggles of the Chinese masses.

The Japanese are reported preparing to resume their attacks in the Shanghai area.

American imperialists in China were forced to recognize the existence of the powerful Chinese Soviet governments by the dispatch of emissaries to the Chinese Soviet district in Honan to negotiate for the release of Rev. Bert Nelson, a missionary agent of American imperialism, who was captured by the Chinese Reds several months ago. A Shanghai dispatch reporting the negotiations states that the Soviet Government of the district has refused to release Nelson at present because of valuable knowledge he has picked up during his captivity. It says:

"During his captivity Mr. Nelson has become an authority on the Soviet governments of Central China, but is not permitted to send out any of his observations." The dispatch admits that Nelson is well treated, and "allowed considerable freedom of movement and permitted to wander in the mountains, from which there was no possibility of his escaping unaided."

The direct negotiations with the Chinese Soviets is an admission of the failure of the various Nanking military expeditions sent on instructions at the United States to "rescue" Nelson. The emissaries on their return to Shanghai reported that the Chinese Red Army men in the district declared "they were able to capture Hankow whenever they desired and that the Soviet regimes in China were growing rapidly."

The New York Times reports a cable from foreign circles that new floods are threatening the lives of 25,000,000 people in China. The Times story says that unless repairs to the dykes along the Yangtze River are made before June, areas embracing 42,000 square miles will be flooded. This is an indirect admission of the criminal responsibility of the Nanking Kuomintang government, supported by the imperialists, for the loss of millions of lives in the flood disaster in China last year. In addition to the tremendous loss of life, over 50,000,000 people were rendered homeless and destitute. The

## Order Deportation of August Yokinen As Party Member

### Repudiated Race Hate, Seized by Gov't

NEW YORK, April 14.—Mere membership in the Communist Party is sufficient ground on which to deport a worker from the United States, according to the running made a few days ago by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in upholding the decision of the Department of Labor in the case of August Yokinen, deported on the ground of his membership "in a Party which advocated the overthrow of the government by force of arms."

Yokinen was expelled from the Communist Party in March, 1931, after a public working-class trial in New York, in which it was proved that he had absorbed the poisonous propaganda of the bosses about the "inferiority" of Negroes. Yokinen had failed to fight for the right of Negro workers to enter the Finnish Club and had even stated that he did not care to associate closely with Negroes. At the trial, he admitted his crime against the working class undertaken to prove that he would overcome this attitude of white race superiority.

The day after the trial, and unquestionably because Yokinen had repudiated his white race patriotism, he was seized by immigration officers and his deportation was ordered. The case is being fought by the International Labor Defense.

The judge who has ordered Yokinen's deportation has pointed to the Act of Oct. 16, 1918, according to which a foreign-born worker who joins the Communist Party is subject to deportation. The attempt to deport Yokinen and to enforce this ruling against him is an attack of the bosses against all foreign-born workers and therefore against the entire working class.

## WANTED

### VOLUNTEER SOLICITORS FOR THE MAY DAY DAILY WORKER 100,000 COPIES WILL BE SOLD!

Every worker can give a half-dollar to HAVE THE DAILY WORKER! Every worker and every worker's group can give \$5 or more to the Daily Worker! Every worker can get a commercial ad for the Daily Worker! Every worker's group can order a bundle of May Day Daily Workers! Every worker and every worker's group can pay for a greeting in the MAY DAY DAILY WORKER! But in addition we need solicitors for subs., business ads, routes, etc. If you can devote some of your spare time to this important phase of building up the only workers' daily newspaper in English—

GET IN TOUCH WITH YOUR LOCAL DAILY WORKER AGENT, or write the National Office.

## Upton Close Predicts That China Will Go Communist

In an article in the Cosmopolitan Magazine for May, Upton Close, bourgeois authority on the Far East, repeats his prediction that China will go Communist. He admits that the Kuomintang Party is discredited before the masses and that only the Chinese Communists have shown themselves capable of leading the national revolutionary struggle against the imperialists. He writes:

"What of China? In the past the only uncompromising leadership and resistance to the invader emanated from the Communists. The nationalist leaders who had armies, fortunes or careers to save are discredited. We may expect a Communist oligarchy to dominate the productive central and southern regions of China and to ally with Russia. The League, America, have 'let China down.' Better go back to Russia."

It is this knowledge that the Chinese Communists are offering the only organized resistance to the plans of the imperialist powers to carve up and partition China that lies behind "the great interest in the Communist threat" shown by the League of Nations Commission during its "investigation" visit to Hankow. The League of Nations is the organizer of the robber war against China! Close admits that the Japanese have the backing of other imperialist powers in their bestial butchery of the Chinese masses.

"In Tokyo before Sept. 18, in the capitals of Europe and in Geneva

afterward, I gained the conviction that the Japanese military elite would not have moved at this time without sub-rosa encouragement from Europe."

A faithful servant of American imperialism, Close attempts to cover up the role of American imperialism in forwarding the present robber war on China and hypocritically presents the United States as standing for the unity of China. He admits the growing antagonisms and intrigues between the imperialist powers over the division of the loot in China, and sees the European powers in an attempt to isolate the United States. He declares that the Japanese imperialists are preparing to challenge the United States for domination of the Pacific and warns that Japan "has thrice made war before declaring it."

He speculates on the probability of the Soviet Union and the United States fighting on the same side in a world war, which he admits has already begun in China. He predicts a revolutionary upsurge in Japan itself as a result of the strain

## MEET FOR HUNGER MARCH IN LOWELL

LOWELL, Mass.—A meeting was held in Odd Fellows Hall in Lowell by the Unemployed Council. The attendance at this meeting was very good. Workers who last week attended the "socialist" meeting were present and endorsed the State Hunger March denouncing the role of the Socialist Party. The chairman was Jalo Snellman, a young worker and Manuel Perry, youth organizer of Column 3 of the March spoke on the purpose of the March.

Preparations are being made for a United Front Conference for the Hunger March. The newly organized Labor Sports Union club, International A. C. has endorsed the March. The Lithuanian Sons and Daughters, a mess organization has also endorsed the Hunger March. An unemployed youth committee has been organized in Lowell.

## Out Again on April 7th! WORKERS' VOICE

(Weekly Organ of the Revolutionary Irish Workers' Movement.) One of the papers suppressed under the Coercion Act. Subscription Rates: 6 months, 3s 4d; 3 months, 1s. Order from your Newsagent, or from: WORKERS' VOICE 206 Pearse St., Dublin, Ireland

# TO THE TOILERS OF ALL COUNTRIES!

THE war in China is still going on. After the bloodbath in Shanghai, after the destruction and devastation of the working-class town of Chapel, after the bloody and cruel violation of Manchuria, the Japanese troops are advancing against the frontiers of the Soviet Union. New divisions are being landed daily in Manchuria, in Central and North China, a gigantic army is being gathered together for the attack on Soviet China and the Soviet Union.

War is raging, although there has been no formal declaration of war. The armament undertakings in Europe are experiencing a boom. Wagon-loads of munitions are being conveyed by the railways. Hundreds of ships loaded with explosive material and poison gases for Japanese imperialism against China and the Soviet Union are leaving the big ports of Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Marseilles, Dunkirk, London and Malmo.

Japan's chief European ally, French imperialism, is organizing, financing and feverishly extending the Western war front against the Soviet Union.

The attempts of the National Government of Baldwin and MacDonald to restore the Anglo-Japanese alliance, the attempts of French imperialism to come to an agreement with the Italy of Mussolini, the plan for a Danube Federation, mean an attempt to create a platform of understanding for the war of intervention against the Soviet Union, for the final and firm inclusion of Germany in the anti-Soviet front.

In Geneva, in the magnificent halls of the League of Nations palace, peace idyls are staged;

in Shanghai, Japanese robber imperialism is conducting peace negotiations. The imperialist robbers and their social-fascist agents are juggling with the lying paragraphs of the League of Nations statute in order to prevent the toiling masses of Europe and America from taking up the fight against the fury of war which has been unleashed in China.

Proletarians of Europe and America! You must realize that your blood and lives are involved in the events in China. The Chinese workers, peasants and petty bourgeoisie are today subjected to the scourge of war. The mouths of the guns of Japanese imperialism and its European allies are already directed against the Soviet Union.

The danger of a new imperialist world war for the revision of the world was never so great and immediate as at the present time.

The competition with peaceful means between the world of capitalism and the world of victorious Socialism has been decided already in favor of Socialism by the magnificent successes of the Five Year Plan. It is precisely this circumstance that induces world imperialism, which is more and more shaken to its foundations by the intensifications of the class struggle and the national revolutionary movements in the colonies and dependent countries on the one side and the sharpening of the inner imperialist antagonisms on the other side, to seek a way out of the crisis at the cost of the Soviet Union, to decide the fight between capitalism and Socialism by means of arms.

The world crisis of capitalism is unceasingly

driving to a new imperialist world war, a new war phase has commenced.

Social-democratic workers, members of the reformist trade unions! Your leaders, the king's ministers of imperialist world war, stand shoulder to shoulder with the criminal imperialist war-makers. They deceive you with the slogan: "No more war!" Before the last world war they came forward with hypocritical phrases against war and then actively took part in it. The Second International and the Amsterdam Trade Union International are the worst inciters of the capitalist offensive; they prepare the way for fascism. They carry out brutal wage cuts, they come forward openly and cynically as organizers of strike breaking. And now they crown their crimes with the preparation for the new imperialist world war. The Japanese social-democrat, following the example of the German and French social democracy in the year 1914, grants war credits to Japanese robber imperialism and defends the predatory attack on Manchuria and Shanghai; it is allied with the most reactionary military clique.

The leaders of the Second International occupy first place in the incitement against the Soviet Union. It is their ministers, their police presidents, who protect the transport of arms and munitions for Japanese imperialism. It is their press which, in order to justify the criminal actions of the social-democratic leaders put forward the slanderous and lying assertion that the weapons and munitions which are being produced in the armament industries of the whole of Europe for Japanese imperialism, are destined for China and the Red Army; that no danger of intervention threatens the Soviet Union, that the Soviet Union has concluded a secret agreement with Japan. The appeal of the International Trade Union Federation against the transport of arms and munitions is exposed by the practical actions of the social-democratic and reformist leaders as a new deceitful manoeuvre. It is the leaders of the Second and of the Amsterdam Internationals who forcibly prevent any active revolutionary mass struggle against the war-makers and those who make profit out of the imperialist war. It is they who pull the unemployed that war will bring them bread and work. At the same moment when the social-democratic and reformist leaders talk about peace, the German social-democratic party vote for Hindenburg, the

Field Marshal in the world war, and all parties of the Second International support the war policy of their own imperialist governments.

Toiling men and women of the whole world! Think of the deprivations, the misery, the military dictatorship, think of the mountains of corpses, the starving women and children, the war cripples, the widows and orphans at the time of the imperialist world war! Think of the fascist murder bands who are only waiting for war in order to be able to fly to your throats. Kick out the treacherous social-democratic leaders, the agents of the imperialist war-makers! Take your place in the revolutionary front of the fight against imperialist war. It depends upon you whether the fury of war can continue to rage in China and spring over to the Soviet Union, whether it will also immediately involve Europe and America. You will perish in the trenches whilst the capitalists will pile up fresh wealth out of your corpses.

Young workers! The imperialists and their social-democratic lackeys want to send you to your death in the trenches, they want to use you as cannon fodder at the front, as wage slaves in the munition factories against your class brothers.

Working peasants! Imperialist war, intervention mean fresh blood sacrifices, requisitions, fresh taxes, increased usurious interest, more forced sales, more compulsory labor for the big landowners and the capitalist state, destroyed and devastated villages and homesteads, increased land robbery, ruined economy.

Workers, employees, peasants! Reply to the criminal war against the Chinese people, reply to the increased preparation for intervention against the Soviet Union by launching and organizing the revolutionary mass struggle against war! Follow the heroic example of the Chinese and Japanese workers and toiling peasants, who, under the leadership of the Communist Parties, in spite of the most brutal oppression, in spite of the most cruel terror, are conducting a heroic fight against the imperialist robbers, against their own bourgeois and social-democracy.

Remember the year 1920! Remember how the German, English and French proletarians conducted the fight against the sending of munitions and arms for the Polish robber war against the Soviet Union. Follow the example of the Erturt railway workers, the Danzig dock work-

ers, the English and French seamen, who by their revolutionary intervention stayed the arm of French and British imperialism and forcibly prevented the transport of arms and munitions!

Forward to the mass mobilization, to the mass struggle of all toilers against imperialist war!

Prepare for First of May, the world fighting day of the international proletariat, in the spirit of determination and inexorable fight against the imperialist warmongers, against your own bourgeoisie and their social-fascist agents! Rouse the indifferent! Mobilize the broad masses who today still stand aside from the fight against war! Let loose a storm of indignation against the war criminals! Carry the spirit of rebellion against war into the factories, the labor exchanges and trade unions, into the masses of the petty bourgeoisie and of the toiling peasants!

Long live revolutionary international proletarian solidarity!

Long live the revolutionary mass struggle against imperialist war!

Set up fighting organs of the revolutionary united front in the factories, among the unemployed, among all toilers in town and country! Set up vigilance committee in the armament

factories and at the ports and railway depots! Prevent any transport of weapons and munitions to Japan!

Organize strikes in the munition works! Defend China from being partitioned by international imperialism! Protect Soviet China! Form with your bodies a living, unshakable, protecting wall round the Soviet Union, the land of victorious Socialism!

Defend yourselves against mass murder! Proceed to act against imperialist war.

Conference for the Fight against Imperialist War: C. C. of the Communist Party of Germany, C. C. of the Communist Party of France, C. C. of the Communist Party of Poland, C. C. of the Communist Party of Holland, C. C. of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, C. C. of the Communist Party of Holland, C. C. of the Communist Party of Sweden, Revolutionary Trade Union Oppositions and Red Trade Unions of Germany, France (C. G. T. U.), Poland, England and Czechoslovakia, European Secretariat of the Red International of Labor Unions, West-European Bureau of the Young Communist International.

## WHEN INDEPENDENCE IS NOT INDEPENDENCE

By WILLIAM SIMONS

THE House of Representatives on April 4 by a vote of 306 to 47 passed the Hare Bill for so-called Philippine Independence. Immediately Manuel Quezon, President of the Philippine Senate, cabled from Manila to the Philippine Independence Commission in Washington congratulations on their achievement. But what's all the shouting about? Has American imperialism decided to grant independence to the Philippine Islands? Not by a long shot.

Too often have Presidents of the United States promised independence to the Philippine Islands, for American imperialism now to state categorically that all talk of independence is idle chatter. Congressman Lozier implies this in his extended remarks in the Congressional Record of April 5: "An irrevocable decision by the American Government to permanently hold the Philippine Islands will light a flash of frenzy in the Orient and transmute the affection of the Filipino for us into a hatred so intense that it will never be eradicated." To be sure, the masses have no such affection for the American Government, but the Congressman does reveal the reason for American manoeuvres and complicity with regard to Philippine independence.

The Hoover Administration through Secretary of State Stimson and Secretary of War Hurley continues its vague promises of independence in the sweet by and bye, declaring that it is impossible to set any date for such independence, thus continuing the policy of the Jones Bill of 1916, which provided for independence as soon as a stable government was established in the Philippine Islands.

United States Will Hold On The Hoover-Wall Street war and hunger government is determined to hold on to the Philippines. A War Department memorandum of May 5, 1930, advocating the continuance of the present colonial status of the Philippine Islands gives these reasons for its stand: "The Islands have great present, and enormous potential value of needed raw materials, the production of which may ultimately be expanded with mutual benefit to the people of the United States and those of the Philippine Islands; they constitute an important present market, and future much greater market, for the products of American agriculture and industry; they constitute an important strategic and trade outpost in the Orient and their retention tends to insure our fair participation in the great trade of the Far East."

Secretary of War Hurley stated flatly before the House Committee on Insular Affairs that "The political chaos in the Orient today is such that in my opinion this is no time to deal with Philippine Independence." The War Department of Wall Street call for an extension of her colonial empire, not for weakening it. And on the other hand, Hurley voiced the fear by the imperialists of the revolutionary mass movements, when he said: "Until the Filipino people shall have made greater progress toward economic independence, political independence would merely invite revolution and anarchy." "Greater progress toward economic independence"! American imperialism holds the Philippine Islands in a vise, strangling her industrial development, utilizing Filipino economy for the advantage of the American ruling class, and Hurley hypocritically demands "greater progress toward economic independence" as a condition for political independence.

A Strait-Jacket Constitution The Hare Bill and the Hawes-Cutting Bill (which comes up within a few weeks in the Senate) are detailed and exacting. They provide for the following: 1. The calling in the Philippine Islands of a Constitutional Convention which must contain certain mandatory clauses, certain strait-jacket provisions which continue the Philippine Islands as colonies during the period between the election of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands and the final withdrawal of the sovereignty of the United States (8 years under the Hare Bill; 17 to 19 years under the Hawes-Cutting Bill). (a) All citizens and officials in the Philippine Islands owe allegiance to the United States. (b) Property owned by the United States shall be free from taxation. (c) No loans shall be contracted in foreign countries without the approval of the President of the United States. (d) Foreign affairs shall be under the direct supervision and control of the United States. (e) "The Philippine Islands recognizes the right of the United States to appropriate property for public uses, to maintain military and other reservations and armed forces in the Philippines and upon order of the President to call into the service of such armed forces all military forces organized by the Philippine Government." (f) The United States may exercise the right of intervention. (g) The Philippine Islands must recognize the authority of the United States High Commissioner, the personal representative of the President of the United States.

So this is independence! The Philippine Islands bound hand and foot, and all this in the name of independence. The Constitution drafted by the Constitutional Convention must contain these mandatory provisions, and must contain nothing counter to them; and no less an author-

ity than the President of the United States shall determine if it is a good Constitution or not. If not, back it goes to the Constitutional Convention for amendment. No agreement, no independence. After agreement, the qualified voters vote on it, within four months. If the Constitution is approved, then under the new Constitution officials are elected for the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands.

The Restrictions Go Into Effect

After the inauguration of this Government (which would take from 2 to 4 years after the passage of the so-called Independence Bill by Congress), immigration from the Philippine Islands into the United States would be restricted to 50 a year; and the amounts of products free of duty into the United States would be limited for refined sugar, unrefined sugar, coconut oil and cordage. All constitutional amendments are subject to approval by the President of the United States, who has the power to veto practically any law. The President shall have his own snoopers, the High Commissioner, to put his nose into everything. In case of default of payment of indebtedness or interest, the customs receipts shall be taken over.

Eight years of the above, and the Philippine Islands shall be "free," provided that the Constitution of the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands shall be previously amended (1) to safeguard the property rights of American citizens and corporations, (2) that the Philippine Government assume responsibility for all the debts and liabilities of the present government; obligations assumed by the Philippine Islands under an act of Congress to be a first lien on taxes. These provisions shall be put into a treaty. In addition, the government of the Philippine Islands shall cede or grant to the United States land necessary for commercial base, coaling or naval stations at points to be agreed upon with the President of the United States, within two years after the proclamation recognizing the independence of the Philippine Islands.

These Are Fake Independence Bills The Hare Bill and the Hawes-Cutting Bill are a snare and a delusion. They are aimed to deceive the masses of the Philippine Islands who for years have been demanding genuine, immediate and unconditional independence. Under the guise of independence, these bills would satisfy those elements who have been clamoring for the shutting off of Filipino immigration from the United States (particularly the American Federation of Labor); and those interests who have been protesting against entry free of duty of Filipino sugar, coconut oil and dairy products (American Farm Bureau Federation, the National Grange, Daily Union, National Association of Sugar Beet Producers). These bills would give the native Filipino bourgeoisie (the Roxas, Quezon, and Osmena) a greater role in suppressing the revolutionary mass movement in the Philippine Islands. The conditions of the workers and peasants would worsen from the general world crisis and from the crisis in sugar. When asked at the House hearings how they would make up for a smaller market in the United States for their products, Roxas, the spokesman of the Philippine Independence Commission, replied: "To place our sugar on a competitive basis, we have to bring up our efficiency in production and lower costs" (emphasis mine—W. S.). Lower costs! This means cutting the already miserable wages of the sugarcane and plantation workers. This is the solution of the Philippine bourgeoisie. "Independence" for the workers and peasants.

What Real Independence Means The Philippine Independence Commission again reveals itself as agents of the Wall Street Government. They lobby in Washington. They make no appeal to the anti-imperialist forces in the United States, because the Commission is not anti-imperialist. The Anti-Imperialist League of the United States repeats its demand for immediate and unconditional independence for the Philippine Islands, with the following program: (1) The abolition of all debts to the imperialists. (2) The removal of all American armed forces from the Philippine Islands. (3) The confiscation without compensation of all sugar centrals and refineries, public utilities, banks and other enterprises owned by American interests, and the nationalization of the same. (4) Confiscation without compensation of all lands at present in the possession of rich landowners and the distribution of the same among the working peasants.

Support Fight For Immediate Independence The Communist Party of the Philippine Islands, the Filipino Proletarian Labor Congress and the National Peasants Confederation are conducting a struggle in the Philippine Islands for immediate and unconditional independence. The Anti-Imperialist League of the United States supports their struggle against American imperialism and against the native misleaders, the Roxas and Company. All anti-imperialist organizations in the United States should send resolutions to President Hoover, and to the Congressmen and Senators from your district, demanding the immediate and unconditional independence of the Philippine Islands. The issue should be raised at as many mass meetings and demonstrations as possible.

## WHY THE WAR WILL NOT "BRING BACK PROSPERITY"

By N. SPARKS Part II (Conclusion).

Granted the war will bring an increase in present employment, manufacturing munitions and military supplies. But at no time will the present huge army of 12,000,000 unemployed, which is still increasing, be absorbed by the war industrial machine. Let us see what will be the nature and extent of this "increase" of employment. It is true several million workers will be "employed" in the army as cannon-fodder, but millions of new workers, women and children who have up till now lived at home, ruined farmers and their families — will be uprooted from their homes by the increasing poverty and forced to the factories, numbers of them finding themselves together with masses of other proletarians not in the employed but in the unemployed division of the working class.

The rationalization of industry, which has been taking place since the last war, marks a tremendous change in the factories and in the lives of the workers between the present period and the period of the last war. This rationalization, which means a more intense exploitation of the workers through speed-up and through the use of unskilled instead of skilled labor, of women and children instead of men, has been one of the most essential preparations for war, raising the war-making capacity of industry to produce the maximum of war material with the minimum of labor at the lowest wages. It has been part of the general attack on the conditions of the workers without which no imperialist war can be prepared. The factories, during the next war, far from supplying employment to all, will be the scene of a colossal replacement of men workers by women and child labor, not only to release men for the army, but to cut wages still more by the employment of "cheaper" labor.

Military Control In addition, we will see many of the factories working on essential war materials manned by conscript labor battalions—workers, often those not physically fit for the front lines, who are conscripted and then sent, as soldiers, to work in the factory. This was already largely the practice in many of the factories making poison gas in the last war, and is now a definite part of the present mobilization plans. In this way, the bosses force the workers to work on these dangerous jobs any number of hours and for the negligible pay of a soldier and threatened with being shot under military law for any attempt to strike. Practically all the factories making munitions, airplanes, etc., will be at least under semi-military control where special detachments of soldiers will be stationed in an attempt to prevent the workers from organizing and fighting for any improvement in conditions or wages. Political reaction and terror which has already reached a high pitch as witnessed in the Ford massacre, in Kentucky, in Tampa and in numerous other cases, will sweep the country under the cloak of "patriotism." Every attempt to organize, the bosses will endeavor to treat as "treason" and punish with the utmost viciousness.

Wage-Cuts—Direct And Indirect Some workers have the illusion that wages will be raised again when war comes. To believe this is to completely miss the significance of the present wage-cut drive as one of the direct preparations for war. The expenses required for carrying on a modern war are colossal. Under capitalism, all such expenses will come, not from the capitalists, but can only be squeezed out of the workers thru still further wage-cuts, thru still further lowering their standard of living. Even when taxes are apparently put on the bosses, these will also be transmitted to the workers thru a rise in prices or still further wage-cuts.

Besides the wage-cuts, three other methods will be used just as in the last war, to make the workers pay for the war. First: sales taxes, similar to the tax that is now before Congress, raising the prices of every necessity of life which must be bought by the workers. Second: inflation—the inflation of the currency on a huge scale, causing a drop in the value of money and thus steadily cutting the wages of the entire working class in one lump by Government decree. Third: Forced loans. Every worker who remembers the last war will likewise remember how he was badgered and threatened and forced in the shop, on the streets, in his home, everywhere he went, to subscribe to the "Liberty" loans, how his children were forced at school to buy War Saving Stamps. Even the soldiers and sailors were forced to buy the Liberty Bonds. By forcing out of them their savings, by checking off from their wages—one way or another, the workers were forced by the hands of bosses' agents to buy the bonds to pay for the war.

It is of the greatest importance to note that, besides the wage-cut drive, all these three methods of war financing have already begun.

The sales tax is already before Congress. The Glass-Steagall Bill is already starting the inflation. Even the forced loans are beginning—the Hoover Government's "Baby Bond" scheme. The fact that these measures have already been introduced shows the closeness of the war. It is the plan of the Hoover Government to have all these measures already working when the war begins, so that only an extension of their application will be necessary, and their introduction will not be obstructed by the resistance of the masses of the population who will be against the war.

Thus it is clear that the idea of "war prosperity" is the most dangerous mirage for the workers, which can only lead them into still deeper misery and millions of them to their death. Japan, which has already begun the war, does not seem to be enjoying much prosperity. On the contrary, its economic difficulties have increased, news leaks thru the censorship of increased unemployment and starvation, of demonstrations which are being savagely repressed by an increasingly fascist government.

Organized Resistance But how did the American workers react during the last war to the "prosperity" that was provided for them by the capitalist class? Only their organized resistance prevented the bosses from driving them down to lower standards of living during the war. During the last war from three to four million workers were organized in the A. F. of L. Despite the fact that Gompers, Green and Woll had sold the A. F. of L. body and soul to the bosses' war machine, they were unable to completely prevent the struggles of the workers. Time after time, from 1917 to 1919, the workers forced concessions from the bosses by strike or threat of strike. Despite the pledges of Gompers, the menace of these 4,000,000 organized workers hung like a sword over the heads of their bosses, holding back the full force of the bosses' attack.

Today, the extent to which the workers will be able to resist the war and misery lies now in the extent to which we, the revolutionary advance-guard of the working class, will be able to lead the masses of workers to organize and struggle thru the revolutionary unions of the T.U.U.L. thru the rank and file opposition groups in the A. F. of L. to the extent that we will be able to make their daily struggles part and parcel of the struggle to stop the war against the Soviet Union, of the struggle to turn the imperialist war into a civil war.

## "Father Cox" Grants an Interview

(The Daily Worker publishes the following interview with "Father" Cox because of the light it throws on the aims of the activity of the Pittsburgh "holy" demagogue. This interview by the Forum writer is a striking confirmation of the claims made repeatedly by the Daily Worker that Cox is not concerned with the welfare of the unemployed, but aims primarily to prevent the unemployed workers from taking up a real struggle for relief and unemployment insurance at the expense of the bosses and their government.—Editor.)

By CHARLES R. WALKER

IN connection with the survey I am making for the Forum Magazine of industrial conditions in the East and the Middle West, I interviewed Pittsburgh's famous Father Cox last week in his office at the Rectory. The reverend father received me cordially. He has a full-blooded jowl and wears long silk cassock which falls ample over a paunch that would do no dishonor to a Bishop.

He gave me his solution of the "unemployment problems." It is this: a two billion dollar sum to be raised by inheritance and income taxes and to be expended on job-making public works program. With great enthusiasm he spoke of Cox's convention of the unemployed which he proposes to hold next August to nominate the unemployed party's candidate for the Presidency. "We shall take a million men to that convention," he shouted.

I expressed the opinion that little or no federal aid would be forthcoming unless in the wake of bread riots and mass pressure.

"Bread riots!" he shouted, the blood coming into his face, "I could have a bread riot in

Pittsburgh, tomorrow if I wanted! I could take over the city of Pittsburgh," he said loudly, "if I wanted to." He studied my face. "Do you know what keeps the workmen of America from revolution?"

"What is it," I asked, "What keeps them?" "It is people like ourselves," he answered, "talking about God and the flag. Talking about the constitution, the church and the flag—that is all that keeps them!"

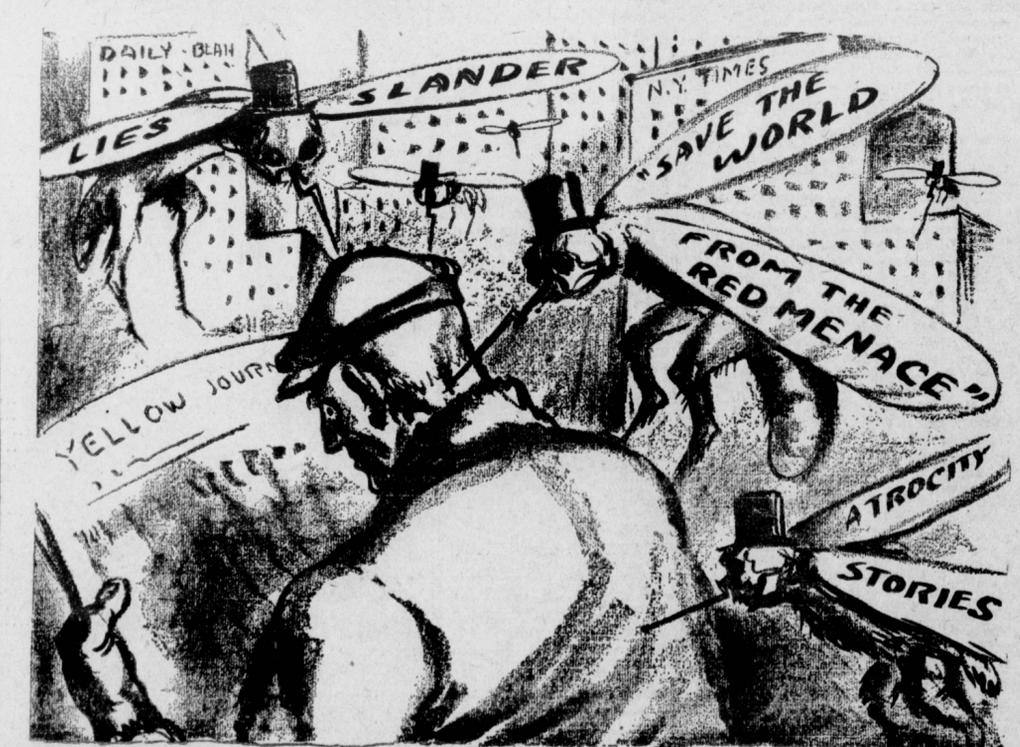
I had heard this theory of the basic aims of the Cox movement expressed by Communist opponents before. But no one of his Red critics had been able to put the matters clearly as the Father himself.

He attacked big businessmen vehemently, and spoke of the need for a more equitable distribution of wealth. But he recognized that they were or should be his allies. Speaking of the property classes he said:

"Even these people—who are not in sympathy with our aims ought to be grateful to us. They should support us who hold the trust of the workmen—because only through us and persons like us can they retain even a part of their properties."

After the interview I visited Cox's "Shantytown" situated a few yards from the church on a vacant lot. Here about a hundred wretched men are living in shanties and eating at Father Cox's soup kitchen. On every shanty there is a printed sign, which says: "God Bless Our Homes." By inquiry I discovered that a few weeks ago, eleven residents of Shantytown who had grown impatient with the church and the flag and joined the Communist Party, had been turned over to the police. After they had served their sentences, they were given orders to keep them out of their "homes" in Shantytown.

## "BEWARE OF BLOOD-POISONING!"



By BURCK

ATROCITY STORIES