

WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

Vo. IX, No. 85

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1932

CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents



The Dollar, Mr. Stimson and World War

The latest phase of the financial struggle between France and the United States which is described in the New York Times as an "attack on the dollar," cast a new light on the growing contradictions between the imperialist countries and their diplomatic maneuvers.

The so-called "subversive campaign" against the American financial situation is much larger than an article in a speculative newspaper. While the New York Times must admit that the real reason is the "disappointment over the budget situation and the continued weakness of Wall Street," the fact that an article referring to the monetary system in America in the London Economist by Gilbert C. Layton, who is chairman of the commission of the League of Nations in the Far East, is brought into the picture, is characteristic by itself.

The new attack against American credit in Europe is consequently the first greeting that the French competitors give to Stimson on his trip to Europe to "save" the world for American imperialism.

It is known that all the efforts of the Hoover administration and the whole bourgeois press is directed towards representing this trip as if Stimson is going to Europe as a philanthropist whose unselfish and noble aim is to inspire the European countries with the example of America on disarmament.

The very first information from Washington about this visit, however, was connected with the problem of war debts. From the very beginning it was stated that this problem would not be mentioned in the conferences between Stimson and the European statesmen. Afterwards, however, a certain concession was made. It was explained that he will not refuse to hear the opinion of the other powers on this topic but he will give no answer to them. "He will have a clip on his tongue but not cotton in his ears."

Hoover's administration tried to conserve the proud face that it had years ago when Stimson and Mellon went to Europe in the capacity of "outsiders" not affected by the trouble in ruined Europe. But during these years the situation has changed very rapidly and many things that were hidden have come out clearly.

The ruin of bourgeois Europe by the industrial and financial crisis reached a stage where bankruptcy in international obligations has become the most popular system of acting and when the conditions of a period on the eve of war have sharpened the economic and financial struggle to an unparalleled degree. On the other hand, America is plunged more and more into the very depth of the crisis. With the further drop in production and growing elements of financial catastrophe, America succeeded in postponing temporarily the rise of the wave of bankruptcies of banks on a national scale only with the system of artificial financial measures, including the so-called liberalism of the Federal Reserve system, which means the involving of the Federal Reserve Bank in open speculation and by bringing into the game the last reserves of financial stability, and consequently preparing a more deep catastrophe.

The United States is on the eve of clearing up the indebtedness on real estate, which will mean not only starvation, eviction and death to millions of farmers and their families, but will have a repercussion in a wave of bankruptcies of the banks whose assets are in real estate mortgages and first of all in the bankruptcies of the savings banks with their millions of depositors.

The system which is used by the American trusts, by Morgan & Company, to balance the budget, will result in a further attack upon the standards of living of the workers and peasants and intellectuals, in a new form of destructive taxes, and shows the drastic system of destroying the inner market for the benefit of saving the position of the big financiers and securing their extra profits.

The United States has reached a situation where the slightest effort, regardless of the hypocritical motives behind them, to stop this financial policy of robbery of the population, is met by the open representatives of financial capital with accusations of "Bolshevism." William Randolph Hearst in accusing the majority of the rotten bourgeois parties, Democratic and Republican, who voted against the sales tax, of Bolshevism, has told much more than he wanted to. The situation is such that the characterization and predictions given by the Communists about the deepening of the crisis and the measures of the bourgeoisie to find a way out of this crisis, is every day proven to be correct by the policy of all the parties and even by their demagoguery.

Of course the United States does not represent an exception in the sense of the sharpening of the crisis. Even a year ago Bruening insisting on a moratorium, warned international imperialism that the existing situation would inevitably lead to a revolution in Germany. Now the ripening elements of a revolutionary situation, on the basis of the attack of the capitalists upon the masses and their activity, is growing not only in Germany and in Central Europe, but in many other countries.

A year ago Morgan pictured the proposition of American imperialism in Europe as a doctor who is invited to operate on sick Europe and to save its life and prosperity. Now the "doctor" is himself lying on the operating table, there by showing that all of his remedies only worsened the situation.

Events of every passing day clearly show that capitalism is rushing headlong into a new world war, in a desperate effort to find a capitalist way out of the crisis.

Workers, organize for struggle against the capitalist attacks on your living standards, for struggle against imperialist war, for defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

Storm of Protest Against the Scottsboro Decision Sweeps U.S.

NEW YORK.—The entire country is being swept into an unprecedented storm of activity in protest against the Scottsboro lynch verdicts. Workers in thousands are mobilizing to raise funds for defense and to force the release of the seven boys, sentenced to die, J. Louis Engdahl, general secretary of the International Labor Defense, reported on his return from a tour of the Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Buffalo districts.

Mass Scottsboro protest meetings have been held in Cleveland, Akron, Youngstown, and Canton, Ohio, within the last few days. In Youngstown, a Scottsboro-Mooney conference was held at which 35 organizations in the steel-mill districts were represented by 55 delegates, who formulated detailed plans for carrying on the Scottsboro-Mooney campaign more intensively, drawing in every branch and unit of the International Labor Defense and allied organizations.

It is estimated that more than 35,000 workers attended the meetings in New York, Washington, Wilkes-Barre, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago, Detroit and Indianapolis, jointly addressed by Mother Mary Mooney and Mother Violet Montgomery, mothers of two class-war prisoners, white and black, Tom Mooney and Olin Montgomery.

In Philadelphia the Scottsboro-Mooney campaign is being tied up with the campaign of protest against the frame-up of Willie Brown, young Negro worker sentenced to die in the electric chair because he "looked

ORGANIZERS JAILED IN MINE STRIKE

Western Pa. Mine Strikes Against 25 Per Cent Cut

N. M. U. Urges Unity

WHEELING, W. Va.—In a desperate effort to keep the West Virginia miners from joining the Ohio strikers, the police here jailed the National Miners Union organizer Hegel. Hegel was given ten days in jail and will be held for a hearing before the immigration officials for deportation.

The National Miners Union organizer Septich, who was jailed for picketing the Castanzo Mine, was sentenced to serve thirty days in jail on a charge of vagrancy.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 8.—Sixty miners of the Son Mine, located at Cunningham, Western Pennsylvania, walked out on strike Thursday against a 25 per cent wage cut.

The National Miners Union is holding a strike meeting today to consolidate the strike and elect a committee to present the demands of the strikers to the company.

The East Ohio-West Virginia District of the National Miners Union, with headquarters at 113 Pike St., Bridgeport, Ohio, issued a statement to the press through the secretary of the district, Robert Sivert:

"The National Miners Union has called on all its members and supporters make the present strikes of the miners in East Ohio and the Panhandle of West Virginia 100 per cent effective. The miners went on strike because their conditions had become unbearable, because one drastic wage cut has followed another. The National Miners Union calls on all the strikers for complete unity."

MOSCOW.—The Stalingrad tractor plant has reached a daily production of 140 tractors.

NMU Calls Workers to Loan Bail Money for Borich Release

In an attempt to crush the militant struggles of the miners the Wall Street government, at the behest of the coal operators, have jailed Frank Borich, Secretary of the National Miners Union. They are holding him for deportation to fascist Yugoslavia.

The jailing of Borich at this time when the bosses are launching a new wage-cutting campaign is a blow at the miners throughout the country and the entire trade union movement.

In order to make it doubly difficult for the workers to free Borich from the bosses jail, the government has demanded a \$20,000 cash bond to secure his appearance in court.

This cash bail must be raised. Borich must be bailed out of the Pittsburgh jail. Workers must fight these vicious deportation proceedings against the militant leader.

Therefore the National Miners appeals for loans for bail of \$100 and up to be sent to the headquarters of the union at once. Separate defense funds should also be rushed to the headquarters of the N. M. U. Send all funds to the National Miners Union, 511 Penn Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

Crisis Deepens Despite Quack Remedy Proposals

NEW YORK.—In face of the most frenzied attempts of the bankers to check the deepening of the crisis, all industrial and financial indices show a steady downward march.

More and more the famous "five points for recovery" of President Hoover are being exposed as the sheerest form of empyicism. According to a survey made by R. G. Dun and Co. industrial production for the first quarter of 1931 declined by more than 29 per cent from the corresponding level for 1931. Slide by slide with this came a drop in sales of all forms of goods of 28.7 per cent.

The production of steel ingots, one of the most sensitive indications of the level of industrial production, was 48,717 tons less in March than in February, according to the monthly figures of the American Iron and Steel Institute. The daily output of

One Shot, Many Arrested As Chicago Youth Demonstrate

(Special to the Daily Worker) CHICAGO, April 8.—Two thousand demonstrated today before Emerson's Relief Committee headquarters for relief to be given to young workers, single men and families. After the demonstration the young and adult workers marched to fight an eviction. Over 1,000 were in the line of march.

Republican Party provocateurs began to shoot into the crowd when workers boomed them. One worker was shot and many were arrested. Hundreds of youths from school and members of the National Guard joined in a demonstration against the vicious terror on the South Side.

The demonstration was led by the Youth Committee of the Unemployed Council.

Washington Court to Jail Suskind for Protesting Butchery of China Masses

Boss Jury Returns Verdict of 'Guilty' in 'Trial' in Connection With Anti-War Demonstration Before Japanese Embassy

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 8.—A verdict of guilty was returned today against Albert Suskind, one of the workers arrested for daring to protest in a demonstration on March 26 against the Japanese butchery of the Chinese masses. The demonstration was held before the Japanese Embassy. The demonstrators were viciously attacked by police, acting under the direct instructions of the U. S. State Department and the Japanese Ambassador. Suskind is one of four workers charged with assault. Nineteen others have already been sentenced on charges of parading without a permit. The charge against Suskind carries a maximum sentence of one year. Sentence is to be pronounced on April 12.

The jury was composed of professional men and women, as follows: Two salesmen, an assistant superintendent of the A. and P. Stores, a floor manager of a department store, an inspector of the Western Electric Co., a dressmaker, five conservative housewives, one compositor.

Witnesses for the prosecution were all policemen who had engaged in the brutal attacks on the workers in the demonstration. Six of these police thugs gave identical testimony in precisely the same words, clearly exposing the fact that they had been coached by the prosecution. They claimed that while Patrolman Langley was holding Joan Hardy, Suskind ran up and struck him on the jaw. They stated that they then arrested Suskind.

Walter Gelhorn, lawyer and law secretary of Justice Stone, testified for the defense. He said he saw the entire demonstration and that at no time was Langley struck by anyone. He saw Joan Hardy all the time and did not see Suskind near the spot where the police were holding Joan Hardy.

Irwin, a reporter for the Washington Star, also testified for the defense, declaring he saw Suskind on his back with Langley's arm around his neck, about 40 feet at least from Joan Hardy. Suskind, he said, was first arrested by Holmes and had not struck Langley.

Ford, I.L.D. attorney, offered two pictures in evidence. One showed a policeman holding Joan Hardy down on the sidewalk. The judge ruled the picture out of evidence and did not permit the jury to see it. The other picture showed Holmes arresting Suskind. When shown this picture, Holmes said this was not the time when Suskind "assaulted" Langley, but afterwards. The prosecution objected, and the judge ruled out the picture on the grounds that it was not taken at the precise moment when Suskind "struck" Langley and was therefore irrelevant.

MOTHER MOONEY



GOV. ROLPH IN SHAM MOVE ON MOONEY RELEASE

Calif. Press Reports Plan for 'Commutation' in 2 Years

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—A commutation of sentence to take effect two years from now for Tom Mooney, was the general press prediction here today as Governor James Rolph, Jr., of California, again postponed decision on the case.

The Tom Mooney Molders' Defense Committee and the International Labor Defense pointed out that such a decision would be in complete accordance with the whole frame-up policy which has resulted in Mooney's imprisonment for sixteen years, and would be unacceptable to the American working class. Unconditional release is the demand for Mooney of the angry masses aroused over the brazen frame-up of Mooney for his labor activities and the governor's eternal delays and postponement of decision.

By setting the commutation at two years from now, it was pointed out, Governor Rolph would save the votes of the boss-class in his reelection campaign in 1934, and by commuting the sentence at all he might foolishly expect to assuage the anger of the working masses. Governor Rolph continues to play his game of politics with the lives of workers.

Workers Near Toledo Demand Relief

TOLEDO, O.—Three hundred workers of the Unemployed Councils of Adams township marched and demonstrated against the hunger and starvation of Governor White and the bosses.

The meeting of the workers was held in the churchyard at Dorr and Reynolds. Following the speeches a committee was elected to visit the township trustees and demand relief. Some of the speakers were accused of getting a salary of \$2,000 a year from Moscow. The exposure of this brought cheers from the workers. Reports were also heard of the Hunger March in Columbus, O.

Invade Knoxville Relief Center, Smash Furniture

Four hooded men broke into the headquarters of the Workers International Relief last night. They completely wrecked the mimeograph machine, the typewriter and the furniture, and threw all literature and the wreckage outside.

They then climbed into an automobile and went to the homes of 2 known members of the Communist Party, Joe Maw and Clyde Rader. There they left threatening notes to stop Party activity. The notes were signed by the "Red Hand," and were similar to the note left to Roy Hubbs on Wednesday night.

The American Legion charges that the "Reds" are pulling a publicity stunt to arouse sympathy for the May First demonstration. The real reason for the attack is contained in the statement of Colonel Ragsdale of the American Legion: "If they can create enough excitement and sympathy they plan to pull off a big demonstration here about the 1st of May, preliminary to agitation for a general strike among the workers in the Knoxville industries."

The Workers International Relief will maintain its headquarters in Knoxville, if necessary with armed pickets to protect its property.

Chinese Red Army Wins Big Victory in Hupeh Province

Defeats Large Kuomintang Army In Fierce Ten Day Battle Near Important City of Hankow

United States Imperialists Threaten Direct Armed Intervention Against Rapidly Growing Soviet Power in Central China

The Chinese Red Army, under Gen. Ho Lung, has won a tremendous victory over Kuomintang troops in Hupeh Province, near Hankow according to a dispatch to the New York American. The battle was one of the fiercest in which the Chinese Red Army has engaged to date. It raged for over ten days. The dispatch says:

"Three divisions and two brigades of government troops were reported severely defeated in a battle with the Second and Sixth Communist armies northeast of this city."

A Shanghai dispatch to the New York Times refrains from mention of the victory of the Chinese Red Army but admits that the situation of the Nanking Kuomintang government is becoming increasingly desperate as a result of the growing power of the Chinese Soviet districts and the split among the Kuomintang militarist lackeys of the various imperialist powers. The dispatch says:

"To the west, in Central China, are several Communist governments, the most menacing of which appears to be that of General Ho Lung. General Ho, long one of the most feared single commanders in China, has 60,000 troops concentrated in Hupeh Province with plenty of ammunition, with the avowed intention of overthrowing the Nanking Government."

The dispatch admits that the League commission on its recent visit to Hankow spent most of its time investigating the growth of the power of the Chinese Red Army and the revolutionary worker-peasant masses in the emancipated Chinese Soviet Districts. The presence of the League Commission at Hankow further exposes the role of the League of Nations in preparing the present Japanese attack on China and developing the plans of the imperialists for armed intervention against the Soviet Union.

Direct armed intervention by the United States imperialists against the growing power of the Chinese Soviet districts was openly threatened yesterday by the Shanghai Evening Post, an American-owned newspaper published in Shanghai, South China. The paper admitted that the United States has been forced to negotiate with the Chinese Soviet Government of the Honan-Anhui-Hupeh districts for the release of two Americans. The two Americans are Captain Charles Baker who was caught transporting munitions to the Nanking troops, and the Rev. Bert Nelson, one of the missionary agents of United States imperialism in China.

The following anti-war meetings were held in the Calumet steel region: Hammond, 300 workers; Harbor 600 in an indoor meeting; Gary 300, and South Bend 75.

In Milwaukee, 1,500 demonstrated in front of the City Hall. St. Louis workers and their organization are rallying to the support of a Scottsboro conference to be held on Sunday, April 10.

Send May Day Greetings to Your Paper Show your support in your paper with your greetings in the May Day issue of the Daily Worker. May Day is the day of the workers' solidarity. Join hands in May Day solidarity in the pages of the Daily Worker. The coupon is at the bottom of

"Socialist" Papers Whitewash Plotters Against Soviet Union MOSCOW.—Reviewing the trial of Stern and asliev, who have been sentenced to death for conspiring with the interventionists to provoke the Soviet Union into war by attempting the assassination of the German ambassador, the Koinische Zeitung declares: "France is trying to form a war front against the Soviet Union. The trial has somewhat lifted the veil of interventionist conspiracies." The "Vorwaerts", continuing its slanders against the Soviet Union, declares: "Moscow trials never serve the ascertainment of the truth." The same "Socialist" paper attempts to whitewash Poland and to defend Stern.

Unemployed Demonstration in Frisco Brutally Smashed

(Special to Daily Worker) SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—The worst police brutality ever seen took place before the Associated Charities today when men, women and children were attacked by specially planned police thugs and Unemployed Council committee demanded food and clothing. J. Feingold, the Council secretary was taken for a ride and brutally beaten. He was then thrown out of the car. The thugs said: "It's no use arresting him as they make too much trouble in court." Four others were brutally beaten including a Western Worker reporter and a photographer who, besides being beaten had his camera broken. The Unemployed Council and the International L. D. Defense had intervened the large demonstrations in front of the charities as a mass protest. The police were given the order to "beat them up but make no arrests," because they feared exposure in the courts.

2,000 AT ANTI-WAR MEET HELD IN ST. LOUIS WED.

Workers Parade Thru Streets Shouting Slogans

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 8.—Shouting slogans against war and demands for the release of the Scottsboro Negro boys, 2,000 workers demonstrated in front of the City Hall, on April 8, National anti-War Day. Fully 35 percent were Negroes.

After the demonstration, the workers paraded for seven blocks shouting and singing. The defense of the Scottsboro boys, the fight against the national oppression of the Negro masses, was in the forefront of the fight against war. Thirty workers joined the Communist Party.

In preparation for the central demonstration 14 open air and two factory gate meetings were held during the day with a total attendance of over 4,000. The Communist candidate for governor was given a tremendous ovation at the central demonstration where he was one of the main speakers.

The following anti-war meetings were held in the Calumet steel region: Hammond, 300 workers; Harbor 600 in an indoor meeting; Gary 300, and South Bend 75.

In Milwaukee, 1,500 demonstrated in front of the City Hall. St. Louis workers and their organization are rallying to the support of a Scottsboro conference to be held on Sunday, April 10.

Send May Day Greetings to Your Paper Show your support in your paper with your greetings in the May Day issue of the Daily Worker. May Day is the day of the workers' solidarity. Join hands in May Day solidarity in the pages of the Daily Worker. The coupon is at the bottom of

"Socialist" Papers Whitewash Plotters Against Soviet Union MOSCOW.—Reviewing the trial of Stern and asliev, who have been sentenced to death for conspiring with the interventionists to provoke the Soviet Union into war by attempting the assassination of the German ambassador, the Koinische Zeitung declares: "France is trying to form a war front against the Soviet Union. The trial has somewhat lifted the veil of interventionist conspiracies." The "Vorwaerts", continuing its slanders against the Soviet Union, declares: "Moscow trials never serve the ascertainment of the truth." The same "Socialist" paper attempts to whitewash Poland and to defend Stern.

Unemployed Demonstration in Frisco Brutally Smashed (Special to Daily Worker) SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—The worst police brutality ever seen took place before the Associated Charities today when men, women and children were attacked by specially planned police thugs and Unemployed Council committee demanded food and clothing. J. Feingold, the Council secretary was taken for a ride and brutally beaten. He was then thrown out of the car. The thugs said: "It's no use arresting him as they make too much trouble in court." Four others were brutally beaten including a Western Worker reporter and a photographer who, besides being beaten had his camera broken. The Unemployed Council and the International L. D. Defense had intervened the large demonstrations in front of the charities as a mass protest. The police were given the order to "beat them up but make no arrests," because they feared exposure in the courts.

You can do it by advancing the money yourself or by getting your group, Red Builders or Friends of the Daily Worker or any other workers' organizations, to contribute to the advance payment. Get orders from your friends, from your shop-mates, from your neighbors. Spread the Daily Worker May Day issue.

### Unemployed Council To Hold Tag Days April 9th and 10th

196 East Broadway, 79 East 10th Street, 142 East 3rd Street, 134 East 7th Street, 11 Clinton Street. April 9 and 10 will be tag days for the Downtown Unemployed Council, which is doing an excellent job in exposing the fakers of the Home Relief Bureaus and the Block-Aiders.

Yesterday the Council held a demonstration in front of the Block-Aiders. A committee went in with seven starving families, and demanded help. The chairman answered: "We have only \$142 for starving families. We can't help you. Go to the Home Relief Bureau."

At the Home Relief Bureau, First and Second Avenue and Houston Street, Supervisor Bartlett was very sorry to say there were no more food tickets. He said all he could do was to take down the names of the starving and "investigate."

Workers, turn out for the tag days. Expose the Block-Aiders and their starvation plans. Join the Unemployed Council in its fight for immediate relief.

### CHARITY FORCED TO GIVE RELIEF

NEW YORK.—Jessie Ward, a widow and mother of two children of 131 W. 132nd St. got relief today as a result of a struggle put up by a committee of the Unemployed Council at the Harlem office of the Charity Society.

Jessie Ward, being a member of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, knows the value of organization. She therefore came to the Unemployed Council of Upper Harlem before ever applying to the charities.

The Council immediately took up her case, elected a committee of militant workers to bring her case to the Charity Organization Society. The officers of this organization tried to trick the committee as they do the individual workers who apply for relief. But seeing that their attempts did not bring the desired results, they decided that the best thing to do will be to come across and give relief to Mrs. Jessie Ward.

### Readers of "Soviet Russia Today" to Meet With Editors

NEW YORK.—At the open self-criticism meeting to be held on Sunday afternoon, April 9, at Irving Plaza Hall, at 2:30 p.m., the basis will be laid for direct communication between the editors and readers of "Soviet Russia Today."

Most of the contributing editors have signified their desire to be present at this meeting—and there is no question that this will be one of the most interesting meetings ever held.

Do your share toward making "Soviet Russia Today" what you really think it ought to be—by coming down to Irving Plaza on Sunday at 2 p.m., to make your suggestions and criticisms.

### Show Mine Strike Film In Brooklyn

The new two-reel picture "Kentucky-Tennessee 1932", will be shown tonight at eight p.m. at the Queens Neuns County Labor Lyceum, 785 Forest Ave., Ridgewood, under the auspices of the Ridgewood Workers Club.

In connection with this there will be an organizer of the Workers International Relief speaking on the latest developments of the miners' strike situation. All workers are invited. Admission only 15 cents.

### BRONX OPEN HEARING POSTPONED

NEW YORK.—The open air hearing which was called for today in front of the Bronx Boro Hall has been postponed indefinitely.

All workers are urged to get in touch with the Unemployed Councils at 1325 Southern Blvd. and 621 E. 136th St. for the purpose of organizing a protest demonstration in front of the Home Relief Bureaus, which were closed this week.

### Y.C.L. LAUNDRY WORKERS MEET MONDAY

All Y.C.L. members working in the Laundry trade are called to a very important meeting on Monday, April 11, at 7:30 p.m. at the Workers Center.

Comrades must come without fail.

District Secretariat

**BIGOTRY AND SUPERSTITION DEFEATED BY LENINISM!**  
BEGINNING TODAY (Saturday)  
Amkino Presents—American Premiere

## REVOLT in the DESERT

A tense drama of the Nomadic People in Soviet Turkmenistan  
A Young Communist Leads the Reclamation of the Desert and  
Its Thirsty Soil—Enacted by the Desert People

**ACME THEATRE** 150<sup>th</sup> A. M. to 1 P. M.  
14th Street & Union Square  
Exc. Sat. & Sun.  
Midnight Show Sat.

### Attention! Unit and Section Organizers

NEW YORK.—The Emergency Mobilization Conference of all working class organizations, called by the Unemployed Council of Greater New York, will be held today at 1 p.m. at 5 E. 19th St. (top floor).

This conference will play an important role in rallying the workers of New York to defeat the starvation program of Tammany Hall, in cutting off the relief from the unemployed.

All sections, bureaus and unit organizers and unemployed directors are instructed to attend this conference.

### JAMES FORD TO SPEAK AT FORUM

Subject, 8th Plenum of Red Trade Unions

NEW YORK.—James W. Ford, of the National Council of the Trade Union Unity League who just returned to the United States after a long period of work in the Red International of Labor Unions, will speak at the Workers Forum this Sunday night, April 10, at 8 p.m. at 35 E. 12th St., 3rd floor, on "The 8th Plenum of the Central Council of the R.I.L.U."

The deepening of the economic crisis in the capitalist countries, the experiences, progress and perspectives of the revolutionary trade union movements throughout the world, and our tasks as dealt with at the 8th Plenum of the R.I.L.U. will be the main themes of the lecture.

The revolutionary trade union movements in the Far East, as in China, Japan and India, will be specially discussed.

### Writers to Hold Conference Sun.

NEW YORK.—The First Annual Conference of the Federation of Revolutionary Writers will be held on April 10 at 10 a.m. in the auditorium of the Workers Center, 50 E. 13 St., New York City.

All cultural organizations should elect at once two or three delegates to attend the conference. Individual writers are also welcome and will be given the floor for discussion.

### NEIGHBORHOOD THEATRES EAST SIDE—BRONX

**RKO Always a Good Show**  
JEFFERSON FRANKLIN  
TODAY TO TUESDAY  
**"Dancers in the Dark"**  
With MIRIAM HOPKINS, JACK OAKIE and WILLIAM COLLIER JR.  
NEW LOW PRICES  
MATS. 15 Cents || EVES. 25 Cents  
Except Sat., Sun., and Holidays

### MUSIC—CONCERTS

**Philharmonic-Symphony**  
BEECHAM Guest Conductor  
Carnegie Hall, THIS SUNDAY AFT. at 3:00  
Smeana, Bax, Tchaikovsky, Handel  
Dellus, Rimsky-Korsakoff  
Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Eve., April 14, at 8:45  
Friday Afternoon, April 15, at 2:30  
Soloist: ALFRED WALLENSTEIN, Cellist  
Carnegie Hall, Sat. Eve., April 16, at 8:45  
Sunday Afternoon, April 17, at 3:00  
Soloist: REMO BOLOGNINI, Violinist  
ARTHUR JUDSON, Mgr. (Steinway Piano)

### Gottlieb's Hardware

119 THIRD AVENUE  
Near 11th St. Tompkins Sq. 6-4547  
All kinds of  
**ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES**  
Cutlery Our Specialty

### Airy, Large Meeting Rooms and Hall TO HIRE

Suitable for Meetings, Lectures and Dances in the

### Czechoslovak Workers House, Inc.

347 E. 72nd St. New York  
Telephone: Rhineland 5097

### AT COMRADELY PRICES Telephone ORchard 4-8260

**Seymour Printing Company**  
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS  
55 SUFFOLK STREET  
New York City

Couple or single comrade share apartment country and seashore environment. Near Coney Island, \$22.50 per month. Write immediately for appointment to R. Shulder, 3728 Maple Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

## AMUSEMENTS

THE THEATRE GUILD Presents  
**TOO TRUE TO BE GOOD**  
A New Play by BERNARD SHAW  
GUILD THEATRE, 334 St. W. of B'way.  
Eve. 8:30 Mats. Thurs., Sat., 2:30

The Theatre Guild Presents  
**REUNION IN VIENNA**  
A Comedy  
By ROBERT E. SHERWOOD  
THEATRE, 35th  
Martin Beck St. & N. Ave.  
Eve. 8:40. Mats Th., Sat. Tel. Pe 6-0100

**COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW**  
By ELMER RICE PAUL MUNI  
Then. W. 45 St. Ev. 8:20  
M. Plymouth Mat. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20

**CAMEO** B'way & 42nd St.  
ZANE GREY (himself)  
"South Sea Adventures"

**HIPPODRONE** 6th Ave. & 43rd St.  
BIGGEST SHOW IN NEW YORK  
8 Acts  
"GIRL CRAZY"  
With BET WHEELER and ROBERT WOOLSEY

**1st NATIONAL WORKERS THEATRE SPARTAKIADE**  
SATURDAY, APRIL 16  
3:30 to 7; 8 to 11 p.m.  
MANHATTAN LYCEUM  
66 East 4th Street, New York City

NEW PLAYS BY—  
CHICAGO BLUE BLOUSES.....CHICAGO  
SOLIDARITY PLAYERS OF W. I. R.....BOSTON  
JACK LONDON DRAMA GROUP.....NEWARK  
JOHN REED DRAMA GROUP.....PHILADELPHIA  
ARTEF—PROLET-BUEHNE—WORKERS LAB. THEATRE OF W.I.R.  
CONEY ISLAND DRAM SECTION—I.W.O. YOUTH DRAM GROUP  
—UKRAINIAN DRAM CIRCLE—SCANDINAVIAN BLUE BLOUSES  
—UJ ELORE DRAMATIC CLUB—L.S.N.R. DRAM GROUP  
Also RED DANCERS OF W. I. R.—YOUNG REVOLUTIONARY DANCERS OF W. I. R.  
Tickets for Entire Spartakiade—Only 50 Cents  
At WORKERS BOOK SHOP—50 East 13th St.  
CITY CLUB COMMITTEE—108 E. 14th St.

**LIVE IN A—WORKERS COOPERATIVE COLONY**  
We have a limited number of 3 and 4 room apartments  
NO INVESTMENT NECESSARY—OPPOSITE BRONX PARK  
2800 BRONX PARK EAST  
Comradely atmosphere—In this Cooperative Colony you will find a library, athletic director, workroom for children, workers' clubs and various cultural activities  
Tel. Estabrook 8-1400; Oliville 2-6972  
Take Lexington Avenue train to White Plains Road and Get off Allerton Avenue  
Office open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. every day; 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturday 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sunday

**LOW RENTALS!**  
2-3-4-5 ROOMS—NEAR SUBWAY  
Up-to-date Modern Apartments a few blocks from the Bronx Botanical Gardens  
665 Allerton Avenue  
690 Allerton Avenue  
2707 Barnes Avenue (Corner of Allerton Ave.)  
2704 Barnes Avenue (Corner of Allerton Ave.)  
2723 Barnes Avenue (Near Allerton Ave.)  
Office:—OSINOFF BROTHERS  
2559 White Plains Avenue  
Tel. Estabrook 8-0121

**RUSSIAN ART SHOP**  
PEASANT HANDICRAFT  
100 East 14th St., N. Y. C.  
Imports from U.S.S.R. (Russia)  
RUGS, SHAWLS, PEASANT LINEN, WOODENWARE  
**MAY DAY** FIGHT IMPERIALIST WAR  
MAY 1st  
MAY 1st  
MAY 1st  
Buttons Are Ready  
Send Money With Order  
\$2.00 Per Hundred  
COMMUNIST PARTY, U. S. A.  
P. O. BOX 87, STATION D.  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

**Needle Trades BAZAAR**  
at the  
STAR CASINO—107th St. and Park Ave.  
Saturday APRIL 9th 50c  
Sunday APRIL 10th 25c  
COMBINATION TICKET (For All 4 Days) 75 CENTS  
Collect Articles for the Bazaar!  
BAZAAR OFFICE—131 West 28th St., N. Y. C.

**C B COSTUME**  
We will celebrate the achievements of the DRESS STRIKE and mobilize for further struggles in the Needle Industry!  
at the  
**Needle Trades BAZAAR**  
at the  
STAR CASINO—107th St. and Park Ave.  
Saturday APRIL 9th 50c  
Sunday APRIL 10th 25c  
COMBINATION TICKET (For All 4 Days) 75 CENTS  
Collect Articles for the Bazaar!  
BAZAAR OFFICE—131 West 28th St., N. Y. C.

## WORKERS SCHOOL

35 East 12th St., N. Y. C. Alg. 4-1199  
SECOND SPRING TERM  
APRIL 25th—JULY 1st  
—MANY COURSES OPEN TO ALL WORKERS—  
COURSES FOR WORKERS  
Principles of Communism  
Political Economy  
Marxism-Leninism  
Organization Principles  
Trade Union Strategy  
Methods in Shop Work  
Struggle Against Imperialist War  
Dialectic Problems  
Colonial Problems  
Number of Students in Each Class Will Be Limited  
Register Now! Don't Delay

**WORKERS FORUM**  
35 East 12th St., N. Y. C. Second Floor  
THIS SUNDAY, APRIL 10th, 8 P. M.  
JAMES W. FORD  
"The 8th Plenum of the Central Council of the R.I.L.U."  
Questions ADMISSION 25c Discussion

**MASS CONCERT—ENTERTAINMENT**  
for the benefit of the  
**DAILY WORKER**  
GIVEN BY 11 BRANCHES OF THE RUSSIAN MUTUAL AID SOCIETY, POLISH WORKERS' CLUB, AND THE STALIN BRANCH OF THE FRIENDS OF THE SOVIET UNION  
April 9, 1932 at 8 p. m.  
MANHATTAN LYCEUM—64 EAST 4TH STREET  
Two Halls!—Two Orchestras!  
—PROGRAM—  
1. Violin Solo.....A. RIBITZKI, accompanist by ANNIUTA  
2. Dancer.....MARTINOWSKAYA and WASILEWSKAYA  
3. Folk Songs.....STELLA FARINA & SOLODUKA, brother & sister  
4. Ukrainian Songs, MARIA DMITRSHINA, accompanied by piano  
5. Balalaika Duo—Folk and Revolutionary Songs.  
6. Revolutionary Program by the Prolet Buhne  
7. Cartoonist—Chalk Talk.  
8. Ballet—Gypsy Tabor.

**TONIGHT!**  
J. KUNITZ  
On  
"Soviet Literature Since 1917"  
at the  
**PROLECT**  
126 WEST 21st STREET  
ADMISSION 25c 8:30 P. M.

Patronize the  
**Concoops Food Stores**  
AND  
**Restaurant**  
2700 BRONX PARK EAST  
"Buy in the Co-operative Store and help the Revolutionary Movement."  
Phone Tompkins Sq. 6-0554  
**John's Restaurant**  
SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES  
A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet  
302 E. 12th St. New York

EAT AT THE  
**ROYAL CAFETERIA**  
827 Broadway  
(Bet. 12th and 13th St.)  
IF YOU WANT TO EAT THE BEST FOOD, GIVE US A TRIAL.  
Phone STarg 2-2294  
A GOOD PLACE FOR WORKERS'  
**THE KALE CAFETERIA**  
286 BROADWAY BROOKLYN, N. Y.  
(Near Marcy Ave.)

**LUNCH 35c; DINNER 50c**  
(For Comrades)  
Workers are members of FOOD WORKERS INDUSTRIAL UNION  
Part of receipts goes to I. L. D. and Workers' School  
**★ RED STAR**  
48 EAST 12TH ST.  
**Schildkraut's**  
Vegetarian Restaurant  
4 West 28th St.  
Wishes to announce a radical change in the prices of our food—to fit any purse—yet retaining the same quality food.  
Those new prices shall prevail only at the  
4 West 28th Street Store  
We hope to greet you as before.

A NEIGHBORLY PLACE TO EAT  
**Linel Cafeteria**  
Pure Food—100 per cent Frigidair  
Equipment—Luncheonette and Soda Fountain  
830 BROADWAY  
Near 12th Street  
**JADE MOUNTAIN**  
**AMERICAN and CHINESE RESTAURANT**  
Open 11 a. m. to 1:30 a. m.  
Special Lunch 11 to 4... 35c  
Dinner 5 to 10... 55c  
197 SECOND AVENUE  
Between 12th and 13th Sts.

## Workers' Clubs Should Advertise in the "Daily"

**Intern'l Workers Order**  
DENTAL DEPARTMENT  
80 FIFTH AVENUE  
15th FLOOR  
All Work Done Under Personal Care  
of DR. JOSEPHSON

**Open Forum—FREE**  
Hodge Kirron Will Speak on  
"DECLINE OF WESTERN CIVILIZATION"  
254 West 135th Street  
Sunday, April 10th, 3:30 p. m.  
Auspices—Int'l Branch, F.S.U.

**Banquet**  
The Tractor Automobile School will give a  
**BANQUET**  
in honor of the  
8th Group of Tractor Mechanics  
Leaving for the U.S.S.R.  
Sun., April 10th, 8 p.m.  
Workers Center, 50 E. 13th St.  
Interesting Program—All Invited  
All Proceeds for Proletarian Press  
(Group leaves Thursday, April 14th)

**COHEN'S**  
CUT RATE OPTICIANS  
Eyes Examined by Registered Opticians  
White gold rims \$1.50 117 Orchard St.  
Shell rims \$1.00 Near Delancey  
Fig. 4-9649 Strictly by appointment

**Grand Social and Ball**  
to be given by the  
Int'l Workers Committee  
Of Cliffside and Guttenburg, N. J.  
Saturday, April 9th, 7 P. M.  
N. CORRELO HALL  
Walker St., near Palisade Car Line  
Cliffside, N. J.  
For the Benefit of the Daily Worker  
Good Music—Refreshments  
All Invited Admission 50c

**Rollin Pharmacy**  
PRESCRIPTION CHEMIST  
675 ALLERTON AVE.  
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS 200 WORKERS  
Telephone, Oliville 2-9991

**KABTZONIM DANCE**  
At Tremont Workers Club  
2075 Clinton Ave., Bronx  
SATURDAY, APRIL 9th, 8 P. M.  
Admission 25c Two for 45c

**Rational Vegetarian Restaurant**  
189 SECOND AVENUE  
Bet. 12th and 13th Sts.  
Strictly Vegetarian Food

**FIVE COURSES 50 Cents**  
**Siberia-Russian RESTAURANT**  
315 East 10th St.  
Bet. Ave. A and Ave. B

**Parkway Cafeteria**  
The Only Strictly Vegetarian Cafeteria in Brownsville  
WE SERVE GOOD FOOD  
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU  
1638 PITKIN AVE.  
Near Hopkinton Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.  
Phone Dickens 2-7653

**SOLLINS' RESTAURANT**  
216 EAST 14TH STREET  
6-Course Lunch 55 Cents  
Regular Dinner 65 Cents

**Garden Restaurant**  
323 EAST 13TH ST.  
EXCELLENT MEALS and SERVICE  
NO TIPPING  
Tel. Tompkins Sq. 6-9707

**MELROSE DAIRY VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT**  
Comrades Will Always Find It Pleasant to Dine at Our Place.  
1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., Bronx  
(Near 174th St. Station)  
TELEPHONE INTERVAL 8-9149

**RUSSIAN MEALS**  
For Poor Pocketbooks  
**KAVKAZ**  
332 E. 14th Street, N. Y. C.

40 comrades Meet at  
**BRONSTEIN'S**  
Vegetarian Health Restaurant  
558 Claremont Parkway, Bronx

**Chester Cafeteria**  
876 E. Tremont Ave.  
(Corner Southern Blvd.)  
Quality—Cleanliness—Moderate Prices  
All Workers Members F.W.I.U.

**Save the Daily Worker**  
CONCERT and DANCE  
Saturday April 9th  
At 8:00 P. M. at  
105 Jackson St., Newark  
Excellent Jazz Band and Musical Program  
Dancing and Refreshments  
ADMISSION 35c  
Come and Bring Your Friends  
Report all Daily Worker Affairs to this column

A beautiful room, good for two, kitchen. Inquire 2700 Bronx Park E., Apt. 414.

# Y. M. C. A. RACKETEERS GYP SEAMEN IN WATERFRONT "HOME"

## WHOLESALE LOCKOUT AT PITTSFIELD GEN. ELECTRIC CO. PLANT

### Force Reduced from 9,000 to 4,500; Bosses Plan New 40 Per Cent Layoff

#### Workers in Lynn Plant Walk Out on Spontaneous Strike

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Within the next two or three weeks the Pittsfield plant of the General Electric Company is putting through another gigantic scheme of "rationalization." The Pittsfield factory is one of the G. E.'s largest plants and is the world's greatest manufacturer of electric transformers.

During the so-called era of prosperity this plant employed slightly more than 9,999 men. Since then there has been a wholesale firing of men going hand in hand with a vicious program of wage-cutting and speed-up. At present there are slightly less than 4,500 men employed at part time work. Practically no workers are employed for a full week. Even the technical experts, the engineers, have been put on a part time week.

But the General Electric is not satisfied with ridding itself of between four and five thousand men. It is now going to lay off outright 40 per cent of its remaining working force. This means that another 1,800 men will be out of work bringing the total of unemployed workers of this plant to about 6,500 men. These unemployed together with their dependants number between 25 and 30,000, more than half the total population of the City of Pittsfield.

#### \$15 A Week.

At present the men work, on an average, between two and three days a week. For this work they receive one steady wage—\$15 weekly. If they are told to work overtime which often means up to twelve hours a day, their weekly check is just the same. From this meager wage the G. E. also exacts its toll in the form of deductions for group insurance, bonus, pension, etc., etc. These deductions amount to about \$5 a month and more for each worker.

Since the G. E. has its employees, as well as the entire city, under its thumb it can treat the workers as it pleases. The men are rarely told in advance during what days of the week they are to report for work. They must awake every morning at 6 a. m., pack lunch, take the trolley to the plant (carfare is an item to be reckoned with since the cars run in zones and most men spend 24 cents a day in fares) and see if they are needed. Sometimes they are used for two or three hours and sent home, other times, which is more usual, they are told, "Nothing doing. Come back tomorrow." Those who work a few hours a day either work part of the next day to complete a day's work, or if they are needed, lose the time entirely. That is, if they are needed for a full shift the following day they are not paid for the extra few hours they put in.

#### Gang System.

The G. E. has also, as another part of its stabilization program, instituted one of the dirtiest of possible speed-up systems—the gang system, and work switching. By the gang system the company plays one worker against another making them force each other to the breaking point. The men are relegated to gangs of eight or nine. The workers are paid not according to the production of each individual but according to the output of the gang as a whole. Thus every man is put into the position of a foreman and has to see that everybody in the gang is continuously working at top speed since he will suffer if any one worker lets up a bit.

There is no sign of a union movement in the Pittsfield factory. The workers are very incensed concerning present conditions.

#### Lynn Workers Strike.

In the General Electric Plant at Lynn, Mass., a group of workers have gone out on a spontaneous, unorganized strike. They just packed up their tools and went home. There is no union and no picketing. These workers must get busy and organize rank and file committees, commence picketing. Otherwise it will be difficult for them to win anything.

## 1,000 DEMAND RELIEF IN CAL.

### March to Sacramento County Court

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

SACRAMENTO, Calif.—Over 1,000 workers marched to the county court house on March 30 and demanded real relief for the hungry unemployed.

The Community Chest headquarters is located at in the county court house and the workers are very angry at the way they are treated when they go there for relief.

Miss Mary Judge who is the big wig of the headquarters gets \$300 a month for insulating the workers who come for help. If one happens to be foreign born, or if one has not lived in Sacramento long enough, this woman tells the worker to go back where he came from.

The workers were tired listening to this kind of talk and came out on the streets a thousand strong and

## Morgan Lithograph Co. Busy Printing War Propaganda

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CLEVELAND, O.—Even the lithograph companies are busy preparing for war. We all remember the poster during the last war—an inviting looking Uncle Sam with his finger pointed at the looker and which read: "I Want You."

Well, we're busy printing those right now. By "we" I mean the Morgan Lithograph Co. right here in Cleveland.

The words have not been put on yet, but that can be done later. Yes the imperialists have mobilized the artists and art departments to the job of helping gather cannon fodder for the Wall St. bankers.

On May 1st the American Workers Started the Fight for the 8-Hour Day! On May 1st Demonstrate Against Wage Cuts and Unemployment!

## Soviet Auto Workers Tell of Their New Giant Plant

Nijni Novgorod, U. S. S. R.

Dear Comrade:

We, 76 shock troopers of the giant Nijni Novgorod automobile factory, read your letter with extraordinary attention. We also examined very attentively your Communist paper the "Daily Worker," which gave you the idea to write to us,

workers of the USSR, about conditions in your capitalist country, as we could not make out much by examining the unfamiliar letters and pictures, we had to call to our assistance an English worker of our department.

You are interested to know how we live and work. We are very glad to know that workers of a distant country are interested in our mode of living. Comrade, we are both workers in automobile factories, but there is quite a difference between the conditions under which we work and between our aims. You are making automobiles to enrich the capitalists. We will make them to supply the needs of the only Socialist country in the world.

Our Autozavod has just been completed, and we are certain that before you receive this letter, we will be busy producing our own steel horse-Soviet automobiles.

The first of January, 1932 is the well known date for the opening of the Autozavod.

#### Paid in Advance

The wages of our locksmith repair workers amount to 175 roubles a month and of more highly skilled workers, 240. We have a 7 hour working day, and we rest one day after every 5 days of work. We get paid twice a month. The first half of the month's wages is paid in advance. Eight of our 76 shock troopers are women, who work hand in hand with the men. Our brigade received premiums 3 times for its excellent work and for overfulfilling its tasks. Our best udamniki have their names on the red board of the department.

We got hot meals in the factory dining room. The factory also supplies our working clothes, leather coats, sweaters and boots in the winter, and light clothes in the summer.

#### Entertainments

The department committee arranges all kinds of entertainments for us in the theatres and clubs. We have reading rooms, libraries, rest rooms, rooms for playing games. From the library we can take books home. We can also read in the club, where we often have social readings.

After work, many workers of our brigade attend courses in universities and institutes in order to improve their political and technical knowledge.

We hope, dear comrade, that you will write more and in detail about the conditions in your factory, and about the living conditions of the workers in America.

With comradely greetings, Signatures of 47 workers

Shock Brigade of the Tool Maker Department of the Nijni Novgorod Autozavod and Brigadier Saveliev.

demand relief in no uncertain terms. The Sacramento "News Bee," leading capitalist paper in this town, said that only 200 workers demonstrated. This paper is telling a big lie. They wished that there had only been 200. The editors no doubt allowed the wish to be father of the statement.

## 150 Fired from New York Aviation Engine Factory

(By a Worker Correspondent)

HICKSVILLE, L. I.—Last Monday 150 workers were fired from the American Engine and Aviation Corporation at Farmingdale, L. I.

This lay-off occurred after a notice was placed on the board announcing a change in the management. About six weeks ago a wage-cut of 10 to 30 per cent was put over. Many of the workers fired have been employed in the company for four to

five years. The workers who have been working only from six months to a year were kept because they were getting lower wages.

In the experiment department the workers are working five hours overtime and also on Saturdays and Sundays.

Workers in the American Engine and Aviation, get busy. Organize in the Metal Workers' Industrial League and stop the attack on wages.

## HELPING TO BUILD SOCIALISM



This is one of the thousands of peasants who have been drawn into Soviet industries during the course of the Five Year Plan. These peasants are being trained in the factory schools throughout the U.S.S.R. and are amongst the most enthusiastic workers in the new growing industries. The worker in this picture has just received an increase in wages.

## Old Sailor of Battleship Potemkin Greets U.S. Seamen

Moscow, U.S.S.R.

Dear Comrades:

We, workers of the Soviet Union, are interested in the life of workers in the whole world. This interest is due to the fact that the workers of the foreign countries make it possible for us to fulfill our Five-Year Plan in the conditions of peace. We know, if the capitalists of all the world have had no fear before the revolutionary movement, they would already a long time ago declare a war against the U.S.S.R.

We are interested in the frame of mind of American seamen.

We remember now the efficient aid towards the Russian Revolution on the part of foreign seamen in the Black Sea during the civil war. The working masses of the U.S.S.R. will never forget the name of the comrade, Andre Marti, who stood at the head of sailors rebelling against the French imperialism and hindered in this way the military intervention into the young workers republic. The deed of Andre Marti, whose name is remembered here with love and respect, must become an example for the seamen of the whole world. Now the workers, peasants and seamen must be ready for the destroying of capitalist system in all the countries. The revolutionary American seamen must lead this struggle. Therefore we are interested in the frame of mind among your seamen.

Do write us, please, circumstantial letters and ask us about all in what you are interested.

With revolutionary greetings,

An Old Sailor of the battleship "Potemkin,"

ALEKSEI STEPANOVICH ZINOVIEV.

A worker of machine works in Kolomna—PETER PORTECHKO.

Moscow U.S.S.R., Twerskaya, 3. "Wodny Transport."

## Ford Lies About Number Employed in Plant

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

DETROIT, Mich.—Mr. Ford's latest statement that 80,000 men are now on the payrolls at the River Rouge plant does not mean that all these men are working and getting paid.

This is one of Ford's new tricks to keep the workers from organizing a new Hunger March to demand work and unemployment insurance.

In the past two years I was given two months' work. I was laid off

again ten weeks ago. I am kept on the payroll like many other workers. We come down to the employment office every week, only to be told to come back next week. J.L.S.

## Bethlehem Steel Starts Back to Land Movement

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BALTIMORE, Md.—In order to subdue the discontented, starving steel workers, and because there is no relief extended to the needy cases, the Bethlehem Steel Co. here in Sparrows Point has authorized Mr. Stingley, Czar of Bethlehem real estate, or otherwise known as the superintendent of the Dundalk

Realty Development, which is a subsidiary of the Bethlehem Steel Co., to loan out patches of land to some unemployed steel workers.

Unemployed Must Get Their Own Seeds and Implements.

The first statement in the press (Sun Paper) stated that seeds and implements would be loaned out to the unemployed steel workers. However the next day revealed that this was an error as the Sun Paper announced its regrets over making an error (that only small patches of land would be loaned out).

Steel Workers Must Become Onion Growers.

From 1905 to 1931 the total investments of the Bethlehem Steel Mills increased from \$40,000,000 to \$681,000,000, the gross sales increased from \$14,500,000 to \$342,000,000 yearly, the number of plants increased from 5 plants to 33 plants, the number of subsidiaries increased from 9 to 61, the total acreage of manufacturing land and real estate increased from 350 acres to 14,250 acres. ALL OF THIS ACCOMPLISHED BY THE

STEEL WORKERS although Charley Schwab accepts these accomplishments as his.

So this is the great reward for producing all this wealth. We must become onion and garlic growers and seek out a pitiful existence after producing all this steel, making rails, building steel, tons of wire, tin, sheet, pipes. In other words, after producing all the necessities for developing the industries to what they are now in 1932, we must be reduced to a worse standard of living, as if we were living in the year 200 B.C.

Maryland Official Comments.

W. L. Fairbanks, director of surveying, Maryland Development Bureau, one of Ritchie's men, comments this "generosity of the Bethlehem Steel Co." to allow the workers to raise vegetables this summer to keep hunger away from the doors of the unemployed steel workers. This servant of capitalism must get his answer from the steel workers.

The Bethlehem Steel workers must give their answer to the Bethlehem Steel Co. Demand immediate relief

for the unemployed! Demand the payment of unemployment and part-time insurance, to be paid by the bosses and city government! Demand immediate relief for all the lists of needy cases to be presented by the committee to the Welfare Agency of Baltimore!

Join the Metal Workers' Industrial League to carry on the fight in the mill for unemployment and part-time insurance! Against wage-cuts and speed-up!

What have you done in the half-dollar campaign?

## Piney Fork Miners Hit Cut in Pay with Stubborn Strike

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PINEY FORK, Ohio.—We miners of the Piney Fork Mines, No. 1 and No. 2, came out on strike because the Hanna Coal Co. gave us a cut in wages amounting to 25 per cent. This happened on March 23. The Hanna Coal Co. is the dirtiest company in this part of the country. I do not think that there is a company as rotten as this outfit.

Only 10 per cent of the miners get it and the other 90 per cent get \$2.20 a day and must load 10 tons of coal to get it.

Mr. Roush, boss of the mines, said that if the men would not go back to work he would take the rails out of the mine and put the cars on the bum so that the miners would never have work in the mines again. The miners know that this is a lie. The bosses cannot fool them to go back to work until they have won their demands.

The Stubenville Herald Star had an item in their columns stating that the new scale is \$3.20 a day. This

## New York Seamen's House Is A Huge Graft Enterprise

Establishment Built on Money Collected by Y. M. C. A.

Supplies Fat Salaried Jobs for Broken Down Preachers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW YORK.—The marine workers are getting a raw deal at the new magnificent building built here in New York known as the Seamen's House. The house was built by the Y.M.C.A. out of funds collected from poor sailors and other suckers here ashore.

This little racket club constructed on West 20th St. and the riverfront is supposed to give the seamen a place to stay while in port. In reality it is a business house to weede the hard earned dollars out of the pockets of the working class to make profits for the idle rich.

When a seaman enters this house, even though he has the required 75 cents to pay for his room, he is told that he cannot use the building unless he becomes a member—a member of the Y.M.C.A!

This membership ONLY costs \$2.00 and on top of this the highest rates are charged in the pool room, cafeteria and barber shop. And just crack one word of foe's lingo and out you go bag and baggage.

Where the Graft Comes in

The building was opened in November with a crowd of employees who knew the sea and the ways of it. Now one can hardly see one of them. They have all been discharged just to place the big shots into good salaries jobs.

Preacher Draws Rake-Off

First there is a Southern preacher who draws a rake-off somewhere around \$5,000 per year. The preacher got his side-kick in as cashier. He is soon to become the business secretary at about \$4,000 a year. The seamen all know this gent as a high-minded, gray haired uplifter who had a distressed sailor thrown out because a supply of medicine for a certain disease prevalent among workers of the sea was found in his room.

This running partner of the preacher was a retired gentleman of 60 winters. When they opened this hotel he was given this well-paying job. Incidentally a young comrade of the workers worked on this job at a small salary. He was fired to be replaced by the friend of the racketeering clergyman.

Listen, fellow workers of the sea, let us not be suckers. Let us demand that this house be turned over to the seamen and that the grafting preachers be thrown out. Wake up and organize in the Marine Workers Industrial Union. Go down to the headquarters of the union while in port. The address of the New York Branch is 140 Broad St.

## Wages 19 Cents in Oklahoma City

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

OKLAHOMA CITY.—Let us not talk of feudalism and serfdom, let us talk of the charitable system in Oklahoma City that has it best.

The Salvation Army is working men for the city at 19 cents per day, all in the name of Christ and charity. At the same time they pray for God to deliver us from the red hand of anarchism. The fake charities and the police have succeeded in rounding up the unemployed in one group, and they call it Camp Erby.

In this camp there are two policemen who tell them when they can go to bed and when they can or must get up. They are allowed to attend church, are not allowed to have any open-air meetings in the camp and they are not allowed to have a dog or a cat. In this way the charities can feed them cheaper by letting them eat the garbage that rightfully belongs to the dogs and cats.

W. T. A.

I had told the workers that the cut was coming and tried to form a group into a shop committee but failed. I explained to them that the National Railroad League is fighting for the six hour day without reduction in pay and also for unemployment relief and insurance.

The workers now understand that what I said was right. They are against the fake union now alright.

There are many new tricks being used by the slave drivers here. First they lay off a group of workers and put them on extra. Then they give ten cars to each stevedore. Just three days ago they took three men away, leaving three to do the work of six. Car spotters were taken away and pier spotters were put in their place. When the car spotters finish the job, they are sent back to the pier.

Very few of the men are working full time for the starvation wages. Now the organizer of the fake union comes along with offers of pie in the sky.

The workers, however, are wise to this bird. They have learned of the role of the Brotherhood and are learning that the Trade Union Unity League means business in the fight against wage-cuts.

## MICH. CHARITIES GIVE LESS THAN 3 CENTS A MEAL

Worker Hits Brucker's Statement; Thousands Slowly Starve

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SAGINAW, Mich.—Our Governor Brucker said that there was no starvation in Michigan. This is a lie. Thousands are slowly starving all over the state.

In our town the charity is paying \$16.40 a month for a family of six. This is exactly 3 and 1-27 cents per head per meal. Another family I know only gets \$20 a month and there are ten people in the family all unemployed. This family has to be satisfied to get along on 2 and 2-9 cents a meal per person.

These are the true facts, so let the workers all over the U.S.A. judge for themselves if there is no starvation. I would like to see the big shots live on 2 and 2-9 cents per meal I think that it is high time for the workers of this country to wake up and do a little thinking.

The best way for us to win unemployment insurance and to organize to overthrow the capitalist system is to build strong Unemployed Councils and a strong Communist Party.

## R. R. WORKERS STAGGERED, SPEEDED UP

Workers See NeedB of Real Rank and File Organization

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

NEW YORK.—Following the ten per cent cut on the New York Central Railroad an organizer came to "organize" the 33rd St. freight station.

I saw this organizer over a year ago. He never called the members of the dirty scab union to a meeting. We never knew what went on between the bosses and the union fakers. We found out, however, what was going on on February 19, because on that day we got our pay. It was cut 10 per cent.

I had told the workers that the cut was coming and tried to form a group into a shop committee but failed. I explained to them that the National Railroad League is fighting for the six hour day without reduction in pay and also for unemployment relief and insurance.

The workers now understand that what I said was right. They are against the fake union now alright.

There are many new tricks being used by the slave drivers here. First they lay off a group of workers and put them on extra. Then they give ten cars to each stevedore. Just three days ago they took three men away, leaving three to do the work of six. Car spotters were taken away and pier spotters were put in their place. When the car spotters finish the job, they are sent back to the pier.

Very few of the men are working full time for the starvation wages. Now the organizer of the fake union comes along with offers of pie in the sky.

The workers, however, are wise to this bird. They have learned of the role of the Brotherhood and are learning that the Trade Union Unity League means business in the fight against wage-cuts.

## Contemporaries

By HENRY GEORGE WEISS

Resting by the side of the road, Capitalism lies covered with festering sores  
Hugging to its bosom  
A bag swollen with money  
Across the road,  
Swinging a sickle,  
A young man in overalls  
Clearing ground for a grave...

# A.F.L. BUROCRATS TREMBLE BEFORE THE SPECTRE OF COMMUNISM

By a Worker Correspondent

PEORIA, Ill.—The official fakers and betrayers of the American working class are getting nervous when they contemplate the advent of Communism in the United States.

Says "The Peoria Labor Gazette," edited by Walter S. Bush, head of the local Typographical Union here, in a full back page spread, issue of March 25, 1932:

"AMERICAN UNION LABOR AGAINST COMMUNISM. Communists Take Advantage of Despair of Labor on Account of No Work to Gain Recruits. EVEN THE MOST MODEST AND TIMID OF APOLOGISTS FOR SOVIET RUSSIA cannot and will not deny the fact that they aim at Control of The American Labor Movement."

The fat boys who graft on the trade union movement in this country, however, bite off too big a chunk when they say that American Union Labor is against Communism. They consider themselves and their official wrecking machines as the American labor movement, forgetting the millions of honest rank and file members of the unions in this country who are building ever closer solidarity with the workers of Soviet Russia. The rank and file have learned from the many workers' delegations which they have sent to the U. S. S. R. that the best thing they can do here is emulate the Soviet Russian workers in the building of a Workers' and Farmers' Government in America and plaster it with the label:

"Made In The U. S. A."

But when these miserable misleaders of the labor movement say the Communists "aim at control of the American labor movement," for once they are right. But they conveniently forget to add "by the rank and file." And it is the growing revolutionary

ferment among the millions of honest workers in this country for working class control by the rank and file, not only of the unions, but also of all industry and government, that will soon cast these lackeys of capitalism and the rotten capitalist government for which they stand, into the garbage heap of history.

Lamenting further, the "Gazette" whiningly asks for "futile tolerance, forbearance and understanding" between their officers and members, between betrayers and betrayed. Just a bit too late, Judas!

But the "Gazette's" warning at the bottom of the page is a gem:

"Trade unionists, beware of wolves in sheeps' clothing and protect your union."

"Stop thief!" say the grafters, as they plunder the union treasuries. "The reds did it," say the wreckers and betrayers as they hamstring and demoralize the union ranks. For the labor misleaders, however, the cry of "Stop Thief!" will not avert the coming storm of rank and file action, which will send them to oblivion. The railroad workers, swallowing their bitter pill of 10 per cent. wage-cut, the miners in the U. M. W. A., disorganized and disheartened by the betrayals of their official leadership, the workers in the other unions who have been sold out by their rotten leaders again and again—now know where to find the "wolves in sheeps' clothing." The sharpening capitalist crisis, the tens of millions of unemployed and their suffering dependents, the wage-cuts, the worsening of conditions, the murder of peaceable workers, the oncoming imperialist war—these things have cleared their vision. To them, Communism is no longer a bugaboo; it is a promise! And one that will be kept!

## Students and the Class Struggle

By MAX WEISS

The recent trip of the student delegation to Kentucky and the one day protest strike of the Columbia students, both under the leadership of the National Student League, are indicative of the extreme sharpening of the crisis.

Under its shattering impact, resulting in the impoverishment and increasing insecurity of large sections of the petit-bourgeoisie, and as a direct reflection of the mass upheavals of the working class, the petit-bourgeoisie is beginning to move from out its former orbit of smug complacency. A large sector of the petit-bourgeois intellectuals is trying to break away from the undisputed control of the big finance capitalists.

This movement finds its reflection in the colleges and universities, particularly in view of the considerable number of working class students who act as a leavening force.

The two mass actions of the students, under militant leadership, represent what will undoubtedly become increasingly frequent as the crisis sharpens and directs its blows at the whole petit-bourgeois "liberal" intelligentsia. The first large scale crack has been made in the shell of "neutral, non-class" idiocy within which the student body has been kept for decades.

The expulsion of Reed Harris and the answering strike is not only important as an indication of the radicalization of the students but also as a forecast of the sweeping academic reaction that will increase in the same proportion as the militancy of the students rises.

It is additional evidence that "academic freedom" has always been a sham wherever the sacred interests of capitalist society are involved and that the capitalists in the schools, as elsewhere, are proceeding more ruthlessly than ever against any assertion of even the feeblest protest

against the capitalist system. The consciously cultivated myth of the liberals, Nicholas "Miraculous" Butler, president of Columbia University, has been completely shattered. This professional "pacifist," who a year ago declared that "We are all Socialists now," has once again shown the Wall St. fangs that lurk behind the gracious smile of the college president.

In the case of President Butler, as in no other, can the direct hookup between the capitalist educational system and Wall St. be seen. Himself a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce, a director in the New York Life Insurance Company, and high in the councils of state of the Republican Party, Butler typifies the abject servility with which the administrators of "impartial, non-class education" obey the dictates of the financial plutocracy.

Although the students are beginning to move and to assert themselves, the very class nature of the mass of students precludes all possibility of their playing an independent role. The students are not an independent class or a homogeneous unit. They are preponderantly a petit-bourgeois group and as such are characterized by the lack of a consistent class policy.

Only by allying themselves with and placing themselves under the leadership of the only consistent revolutionary class, the working class, and by participating in all of its struggles can they achieve their aims.

That the revolutionary path is not the only direction of possible student development is made amply evident, for example by the role now played by the German students. The attempt of the Columbia athletes to break the strike is also sufficient to indicate the fascist nucleus which already exists in the colleges in the form of professionalized "amateur" athletic bodies and the Reserve Officers

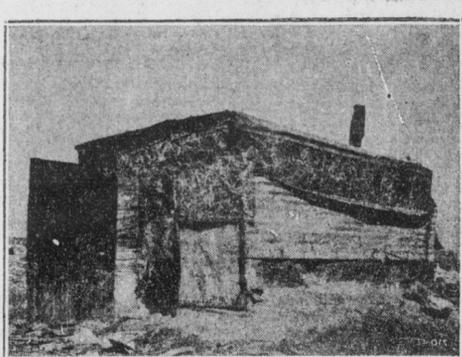
## THIS IS HOW THE UNEMPLOYED LIVE IN MURPHY'S DETROIT



These pictures are a good answer to the lying hypocrisy of that arch-demagogue, Mayor Murphy of Detroit.

LEFT: Jobless Detroit workers, unable to pay rent, have dug holes in the lakefront to protect themselves from the biting wind.

RIGHT: A "spacious mansion" built by an unemployed Detroit



auto worker who was not content with the holes pictured on the left. For protesting against hunger and living conditions like these, Henry Ford and Mayor Murphy killed four workers and wounded 50 others on March 7th when 5,000 unemployed, in a Hunger March on Ford's Dearborn plant, demanded work or jobless insurance.

## SLANDERERS EXPOSED

By B. ROOT

Practical work has enabled us to more clearly understand socialist construction and the relations of the Party and the Soviet organs to the masses of workers in the Soviet Union. We are now better armed to effectively smash to atoms the slanders of the bourgeoisie and their social fascist lackeys.

Among these slanders is the oft-repeated cry that the Soviet Union is going back to "Capitalism" or that the Soviet system of economy is "State Capitalism." How shall we annihilate these assertions? First the question of "State Capitalism." Let us analyze in brief what it means.

"State monopoly is never anything else than a means of guaranteeing the income of millionaires who are on the point of going bankrupt in one branch of industry or another." (Lenin in "Imperialism," page 39.)

Such cases occur mostly during periods of economic crisis. Numerous examples could be found to illustrate this. But the best example of state capitalism yet could be seen during the last world war when in a number of countries the most important branches of industry were managed by the government for efficiency's sake.

With the concentration of capital into trusts and monopolies, the relations of the state to industry become ever more close. The United States, with its tax refunds to the big corporations, its Secretary of the Treasury, Andrew Mellon, offers an excellent illustration of this. But the more the state becomes identical with capitalism, the greater becomes the concentration of wealth in the hands of a few share or bond-holders, and the deeper becomes the misery and impoverishment of the toiling masses. Anarchy in production, crises continue to reign in full force.

What do we find in the Soviet Union? The means of production owned and controlled by the working masses, managed for their benefit by their soviet organs. These organs as well as the party which leads them are a part and parcel of the workers themselves, reaching into every nook and corner of factories, mines and kolchozes, with its millions of representatives and members. Production is planned to satisfy the needs of the masses and insure a constant improvement in their living and working conditions. This planning, based on the estimates of the experts in the economic organs of the Soviet Union, is worked out in detail and often improved upon by the workers

Training Corps.

All the energy of the radicalized students of America must be turned into the fight against the fascization of the capitalist system, against the reflection of that process in the schools by the ever more complete suppression of all militant student movements, and above all against the growing danger of a new imperialist war on the Soviet Union, the actual beginnings of which have already been made by robber Japanese imperialism.

at the point of production. The unions are the means of controlling the carrying out as well as the shaping of the plan itself.

Take the Amo for an example. Every worker was involved in outlining its 1932 plan of 256,000,000 rubles of gross production. A glance at the details of the plan will give an idea what sort of "State Capitalism" this is. 13,000,000 rubles for

wages (increase of 4.1 per cent over 1931), 2,500,000 rubles for new housing for the workers; 73,672,000 rubles for new buildings and machinery (Socialist accumulation). Besides this a whole list of items, including millions of rubles for children's creches, dining rooms, etc. The carrying out of this plan is controlled by the workers' committees, such as business accounting brigades, housing committees, production conferences, etc.

A funny sort of "State Capitalism" where the workers decide to go the estimate of the factory management on the question of the reductions of cost one better by setting the figure from 21 per cent to 24 per cent.

When business accounting was introduced the cry of "going back to capitalism" was heard more loudly than ever from the mouths of the social-fascists. What then is business accounting? Simply a method of enabling the workers to eliminate waste more effectively in order to more quickly increase their socialist accumulation as well as the portion for immediate consumption. In one department in the Amo business accounting methods resulted in a decrease in the cost of production of 7 per cent. During the same period of time (one month) wages in the department had risen 7 per cent also. It will not surprise anyone therefore that the initiative to organize business accounting brigades is so great among the workers. During our twenty days in the Amo five brigades adopted the business accounting system in one department alone.

Hundredsof examples could be given, in more detail, each of which, by itself, could smash the lies of the enemies of the Soviet Union. The above is only to show how we must put into service the knowledge and experience we have gained in order to win the mass in capitalist countries for the defense of the Soviet Union and for the revolutionary way out of the crisis—the proletarian revolution.

## The Struggle Against the Olympic Games

By I. AMTER

The working class must neglect NO front of the class struggle. The bosses don't. They are active in a thousand ways, working to win the workers and the working youth over to their side, to divide and demoralize the workers.

They are using today the 10th Olympic Games, the biggest part of which are to be held in Los Angeles this summer, as just such an instrument. The bosses are using these games to distract the attention of the workers from their misery, hunger, wage cuts—the attacks on workers' rights, and the preparations for war on the Soviet Union. "Look! the sport pages scream, "American supremacy is threatened in the mile run!" Or it is the half-mile, or something else. But the entire to-do about the Olympic games is necessary to distract the attention of the masses of sport-following workers in the United States from their own immediate job of fighting the robber war now going on in China, fighting for unemployment insurance and fighting against wage cuts. This entire fuss about the Olympic games is necessary in order to tie the American workers closer to the bosses' sport organizations, led in most cases by army officers.

Not only are the Olympic games being used to distract the attention of the workers from their own immediate problems, but the games are also being used to whip up a 1917 patriotism. The sport pages of the capitalist press fairly reek with the vilest chauvinism. "We Americans must conquer the aliens!" the papers shout.

The Soviet Union is being boycotted by the Olympics Committee. Negroes are discriminated against. A handful of corrupt "stars" take part in the games. The state government of California has appropriated a million dollars for the games—but gives no unemployment relief.

Chief of War Staff, General Douglas MacArthur (who only recently returned from an inspection trip of the fortifications and armed of the Baltic states ringed the Soviet Union) devotes much of his time and attention to the American Olympics Committee, in which he is a leading figure. On top of all this, the Olympic games are being held in the state of California, the state

which has held Tom Mooney imprisoned for sixteen years on the foulest frame-up known to American labor history.

In a word, the Olympic games show all the characteristics of bosses' sports generally. They "faithfully reflect the policies of the Hoover government" (resolution of the Cleveland National Conference, Labor Sports Union).

Against these Olympic games every worker—and not only the worker sportsmen—must fight! In the past many revolutionary workers—and Communist Party members, too—have merely tipped their hat to the workers' sports movement in this country and to the necessity of building it—and some revolutionists even consider sports as having nothing to do with the working class movement. These comrades should watch carefully the actions of the German Communist Party and its relations with the workers' sport movement. They would change their minds very quickly.

The militant workers must give their heartiest support to the Counter-Olympic Campaign. Shop teams can be built. Individual workers in your shop who are athletically inclined may be brought closer to our movement through handing them an entry blank to the various open Counter-Olympic meets in the city—and bringing them to the meet. Teams can be built, particular, among the youth, in shops, unions, language and fraternal organizations, thus strengthening the particular organization at the same time.

Workers must support the Counter-Olympic Campaign to the best of their ability. The Labor Sports Union, the militant workers' organization on the field of sports, must be built at a much faster pace than heretofore. All workers' organizations should send delegates to the united front Counter-Olympic Conference to be held in New York Saturday afternoon, April 23rd, at the Finnish Progressive Hall, 15 West 126th Street, at 3 p.m. Workers should try, particularly, to get workers and organizations to this conference who are connected with shop teams, Y. M. C. A. S., etc.

Support the Counter-Olympic Campaign! Build a powerful workers' sport movement in the United States! The struggle against the Los Angeles Olympics is one front in the struggle against war!

# SOVIET INVENTORS ARE FREEING THE U.S.S.R. FROM FOREIGN IMPORTS

By TOM BARTER

Outstanding among the many inventions which are rapidly making the Soviet Union independent from capitalist imports is the new system of automatic air brakes for locomotives, railway cars, etc., invented by Matrossav, a Russian engineer, working in the Tamosney Zavod—a factory—and supplies the entire railway systems of the Soviet Union with air compressors and brakes.

The factory up to recently manufactured the Westinghouse system of air brake and paid thousands upon thousands of gold rubles to the above mentioned concern for the use of its patent. Comrade Matrossav took upon himself to free the Soviet government from this technical subjection to the Westinghouse Co. and save the Soviet Union enormous yearly expenditures. He was successful.

The factory is now preparing 150 sets of Matrossav's air brakes for an international exhibition initiated by the factory itself which will take place in Berlin next summer. The management of the factory is confident that the invention is going to be recognized as the best air brake in the world so far. It is an outstanding example of the growing technical development of the U.S.S.R.

The purpose of this article is not to discuss the technical differences between the Matrossav, the Westinghouse and other air brakes. This part does not interest the American working class which is now suffering the pains of hunger as a result of the crisis of capitalism. We leave the discussion of the point to technicians and their agents that the socialist system of production kills the incentive to learn, to work hard and invent new things.

Now that one-sixth of the globe is emancipated from capitalism and the workers and peasants who live in it are building socialism by practice are demonstrating the truth. Now that the two systems, capitalism and socialism, exist side by side we see that while under capitalism most of the important discoveries of science and inventions are being suppressed in order not to disturb the vested interests of capitalist firms, in the Soviet Union, on the other hand, scientific research and invention is assuming mass proportions.

Lenin predicted this in an article entitled "How to Organize Socialist Competition," when he said: "So-

cialism does not only not eliminate competition, but on the contrary, gives above all an opportunity to apply it on a real broad scale, in a genuine mass movement and to include the real majority of toilers in such work, where they can develop their abilities and discover the talents which are an untouched reservoir of strength in the people, and which were crushed and oppressed and suppressed in thousands and millions of cases under capitalism."

And we might as well let Karl Marx state the reason why in the capitalist countries the application of science and invention is being suppressed. Answering a statement of John Stuart Mill, to the effect that "it is profitable whether the mechanical inventions so far made have rendered labor easier even for a single human being", Marx answers this in the following manner:

"Neither is this the purpose of machinery used in a capitalist manner. In common with all other methods of development in production of labor, their purpose is to cheapen the price of commodities, to shorten that part of the working day which the worker uses for himself, and thus to lengthen the other part of the day which he gives gratuitously to the capitalist. Machines are a means for the production of surplus value."

Under capitalism science and invention is promoted only if the application of it increases the profits of the capitalists. When the capitalists can get labor power cheaper than machinery they suppress inventions and science. In the Soviet Union the workers themselves suggest improvements and invent new machines because through new and more efficient machinery they lighten their own burden and get more of the necessities of life.

In the factory above mentioned—Tamosney Zavoda—another important invention has been produced which frees the Soviet Union from the importation of tin for the production of alloy. An engineer of this factory has discovered ingredients which are plentiful in the Soviet Union, less costly than tin and at the same time they improve the quality of the alloy produced.

This is only one factory, and we have spoken only of the two main inventions. It is also interesting to know that there has been hundreds of suggestions for rationalization of production made by the workers at the machines and at the benches. Outside of this factory in all other industries we find new and important inventions produced every day.

For example, at the recent All-Union Inventors Congress the representatives of the Leningrad Institute of Inventors reported that in that city in 1929-30 inventors saved the country 102 millions of rubles, as compared with 100 millions which they had undertaken to save. One hundred and fifty thousand suggestions were received by the institute coming from workers in the shops. Representatives from other centers reported similar achievements differing only in quantity. The chief slogan of the Congress was to "free the Soviet Union from foreign import entirely."

At the sixteenth Communist Party Conference Comrade Stalin stated that the U.S.S.R. possesses everything but rubber. So now the workers of the Kauchuk factory in Moscow are presenting to the Frunze Party Conference a banner made out of Soviet synthetic rubber.

Socialism is not killing the incentive of learning and inventing but it is a stimulus to that incentive, and the Soviet inventors are freeing the Soviet Union from technical dependence on the capitalist world and foreign import.

On May 1st the Japanese workers demonstrate against the Japanese imperialist war-makers! On May 1st out into the streets against the American imperialist war-makers! Support the heroic struggle of the Japanese workers!

## HOW THE BOSSES REWARD WAR VETERANS



This World War veteran, Wilbur C. MacKenzie, is now working for 35 cents an hour cleaning guns for the Los Angeles cops. In the "war to end war," to "save democracy and civilization" from the "barbaric Hun," this worker was an ace aviator.

Workers and farmers, do not be fooled again. Another imperialist war will mean for the toiling masses a repetition of the horrors of the last war, a repetition of the slaughter and maiming of tens of millions of toilers, while the capitalists pile up huge war-time profits.

## What Imperialist War Means to the Working Class -- Proletarian Chapei After the Blood-Bath by the Japanese Robbers



# More Cities Report Anti-War Demonstrations on April 6th

## Thousands of Negro and White Workers Rally to Fighting Program of Communist Party Against Bosses' War and Hunger Offensive

(Additional Reports of Anti-War Demonstrations Held Throughout United States on April 6)

**YOUNGSTOWN, O., April 8.**—Preceded by several neighborhood open air meetings which were attended by over 1,500 workers, the central anti-war demonstration was held at the Ukrainian Hall with a capacity crowd of over 300 present. The meetings were all marked by the most vigorous mass protests against the war on China, against the Scottsboro lynch verdicts and determination to defend the Soviet Union.

I. O. Ford of Cleveland was the main speaker. Tremendous applause greeted his speech as he denounced the lynch verdicts and the determination to defend the Soviet Union. Other speakers included Sambles, for the United Workers Industrial League, Walker for the League of Struggle for Negro Rights and Dixon for the Young Communist League.

Walker spoke on the Scottsboro case, exposing the lynch verdicts and the national oppression of the Negro masses. The meeting voted unanimously to send a protest telegram to Gov. B. M. Miller of Alabama demanding the immediate release of the Scottsboro boys. Most of the workers present were from the steel mills.

**NILES, O., April 8.**—Over 300 steel workers attended an anti-war demonstration at Central Park in spite of police refusal to grant a permit and the threats by the police and American Legion to break up the demonstration. The meeting concluded with the workers pledging, with raised fists, to fight under the leadership of the Communist Party against imperialist war and to defend the Chinese people and the Soviet Union.

**WARREN, O.**—250 steel workers demonstrated against imperialist war and for the defense of the Scottsboro boys. They pledged support for the United Front Anti-War Conference which will take place Sunday, April 10, at the Building Trades Hall and for the May Day anti-war demonstrations.

**NEW CASTLE, Pa.**—700 workers demonstrated at the Central Fire Station against war and the Scottsboro lynch verdicts. Comrade Marshall was the main speaker. Abe Lewish, a worker delegate just returned from the Soviet Union contrasted the unemployment and misery in this country with conditions in the Soviet Union where there is no unemployment, where wages have just been raised 11 to 20 per cent, and the material and cultural conditions of the masses are constantly improving.

**INDIANA HARBOR, Ind.**—The mass anti-war demonstration at Broadway and Adler St. was attended by 80 workers, 20 per cent of whom were Negroes, 20 per cent youth, 20 per cent women workers. The speakers included Herbert Newton, working class Negro leader and member of the District Committee of the Communist Party, District 8; Rice and Stella Chapa of the Young Communist League, and Morton of the Steel Workers Industrial Union.

An anti-war resolution and a Scottsboro protest resolution were adopted by thunderous "ayes." A number of workers joined the Communist Party and the Young Communist League.

**NEW BEDFORD, Mass.**—Over 500 workers, the biggest crowd seen in the South End in two years, demonstrated at Grove Park Wednesday night against imperialist war, for the defense of the Chinese people, and the Soviet Union.

Speakers exposed the robber war of the Chinese masses, the rapid development of the imperialist moves for armed intervention against the Soviet Union, and the vicious frame-up against the Scottsboro boys.

Ross Armstrong, of the Unemployed Council, pointed out the results of the last World War. He pointed to the miserable conditions of the New Bedford textile workers as some of the fruits of "the war to save the world for Morgan." The crowd applauded Armstrong's exposure of Mendoza, the bullying dick who was put on the welfare department to intimidate and insult workers seeking relief. Mendoza who was present at the meeting to spy on the workers soon after slunk away.

In addition to Armstrong, speakers included Kravitz, district organizer of the National Textile Workers Union, and Walter Peters, section organizer of the Young Communist League.

**BOSTON, Mass.**—Over 400 workers attended the anti-war demonstration in the Franklin Union Hall. A series of open air meetings preceded the central demonstration. Amidst the greatest show of militancy and determination to fight against the bosses and their war plots, the workers adopted resolutions demanding Hands off China, Hands off the Soviet Union! Freedom for the Scottsboro Negro boys, Mooney, Berkman and other class war prisoners. They pledged full support for the State Hunger March on May 1 and 2. A feature of the meeting was a playlet, written especially for the demonstration by a Chinese worker and presented by Prof. Henry W. Longfellow Dana, entitled "Three in the Dark." It depicts a Chinese soldier, a Japanese soldier and an American marine on the battle front.

# Second Mass Meeting Held to Carry On Fight

## COLUMBIA STUDENT REPORTING ON KENTUCKY TRIP



Albert Goldschmidt, one of the delegates from Columbia University on the trip sponsored by the National Students League to investigate conditions of miners in Kentucky and Tennessee, is here shown reporting to his fellow students. The students delegation was not permitted to enter Kentucky, being met by the county attorney and a mob of armed gun thugs, together with a special investigator for the United States Department of Justice. In Tennessee the governor of that state refused to be responsible for the safety of the students. A demand for safe-conduct was also made upon the United States Attorney General, and was likewise turned down.

Two thousand students demonstrated again yesterday on the Columbia Campus for the reinstatement of Reed Harris, student-editor who was expelled from school for attacking the system of professionalized athletics in the colleges, for exposing the rotten conditions in the Columbia lunch-room, and for supporting the Student Delegation to Kentucky.

Speakers from City College and Hunter College expressed their solidarity with the students struggling for the reinstatement of Harris, and pledged the support of their in this struggle.

While this meeting was going on, the reactionary athletes, who are paid for their "services" to the college, and who, therefore, are attempting to break up the militant fight of the majority of the student body held a meeting of their own on the opposite side of the street. They soon broke this up when they saw the students all flocking to the protest demonstration, and attempted, unsuccessfully to break up the demonstration.

Petitions are being circulated throughout the colleges in New York demanding the reinstatement of Harris, and protesting against the attempts of the faculty to suppress student opinion.

# Ten Cops Beat One Worker Asking Aid For Starving Family

Ten husky Tammany cops took part in unmercifully beating one Italian worker until his face was a bleeding pulp and his body was bruised all over by the blows of clubs.

The worker came to Home Relief Bureau at P. S. 102, Arthur and Taylor Avenue asking relief for his wife and four small children. The supervisor remained deaf to his heart rending story of starvation. The workers could not take "no" for an answer, he knew that his children were crying for bread at home, so he persisted in his demands. The supervisor called the cops, who took him into a back yard out of sight of the rest of the workers in the bureau and taught him that the bosses intend to answer the workers cries for bread with blows and bloodshed. This story was reported to the Daily by an individual employed by the Home Relief Bureau who witnessed the brutal scene.

Hoover calls May 1st Child Health Day Demonstrate on May 1st for Unemployment Insurance, for food for your children!

The Boston rally was part of 18 meetings held in as many towns in Massachusetts and Rhode Island. In Gardner, Mass., a red flag calling for struggle on anti-war day was flown from the tallest pole in the town. After strenuous efforts it was finally removed by the local authorities.

**DULUTH, Minn.**—Six hundred workers attended the anti-war demonstration at Court House Sq., despite a steady downpour of rain throughout the day. The fact that the workers were willing to stand in the rain shows their granite determination to fight against the bosses hunger and war offensive.

Resolutions condemning the decision of the Alabama Supreme Court upholding the lynch verdicts against the Scottsboro boys and demanding hands off China and the Soviet Union. The resolutions demanded immediate release for the Scottsboro boys and Tom Mooney.

**LAWRENCE, Mass.** At the anti-war demonstration here, C. Rock spoke for the Young Communist League, and pointed out the horrors of war and the role forced upon the youth in the last war. C. Perry spoke on the preparations for the State Hunger March, May 1 and 2, and the organization of 80 delegates to Boston. C. Tomasselli, speaking for the National Textile Workers Union, pointed out the connection between the wage slashing campaigns and the bosses' preparations for war. C. Winn exposed the role of United States imperialism in support of the Japanese war moves on the Soviet border. He called for a stern fight against imperialist war, against the Scottsboro lynch verdicts, against the national oppression of the Negro masses.

# Minnesota District School to Open

**MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.**—The District Training School of the Communist Party will open Monday, April 11th, and continue for six weeks. The students from Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan and North Dakota will be greeted by an opening affair on Sunday night at the Workers Cultural Center, 1239 Logan Ave. North. Only one third of the quota of funds needed for the School has been raised thus far. This means that the drive for finances will have to continue until the full quota is raised, otherwise the School may be shut down for lack of funds. The District School Committee appeals to all sections and mass organizations to arrange affairs and rush in funds without delay.

# Show Your Solidarity with Your Class; Join May Day Daily Worker Honor Roll

The Honor Roll of the May Day issue of the Daily Worker will list organizations and individual workers who realize the importance of their paper and have come forward with contributions to help their paper out of its financial difficulties.

This Honor Roll is not only intended as a source of gratification of the contributors. It is another sort of mass demonstration, a mass demonstration in which workers register their solidarity with their class and show their willingness to make sacrifices for the ultimate victory of the proletariat.

Furthermore, every worker on that list who has contributed or will contribute 50 cents or more will receive five copies of the eight page Daily Worker to distribute or sell to his fellow workers. This will give workers a chance not only to register their solidarity but to spread this solidarity in wider circles.

The time to send your contribution is NOW, so that we have the funds to print the 100,000 copies of the Daily Worker. Cut out the coupon in this issue and do your share.

**HALF-DOLLAR CAMPAIGN**  
Today's report shows another batch of half dollars from the Butte District, and also another from the South—unexpected leaps ahead from unexpected sources. There is still time to reach quotas ahead of New York, the latter having something less than 50 per cent.  
All Districts! This socialist competition must increase tempo until May Day! All those who gave half dollars are not excluded from giving May Day greetings to the workers' paper!  
Let us hear from the Pacific Coast!  
**WATCH THIS DAILY REPORT!**

# HALF DOLLAR CAMPAIGN

Total Cash Received	District	Quota of Half Dollars Received	March 1st to April 6th	Percentage of Quota to April 6th
\$ 737.61	1. Boston	1,851	340	15.11
13,041.51	2. New York	18,803	7,880	41.8
929.15	3. Philadelphia	5,437	293	5.4
270.04	4. Buffalo	2,818	220	7.8
339.76	5. Pittsburgh	2,057	235	11.4
1,321.68	6. Cleveland	6,273	926	14.7
1,489.78	7. Detroit	5,221	1,211	23.2
1,052.23	8. Chicago	11,222	2,332	20.7
450.91	9. Minneapolis	3,273	172	5.2
85.61	10. Kansas City	1,485	56	3.8
19.01	11. N. & S. Dakota	279	17	6.1
283.89	12. Seattle	2,351	119	5.1
761.26	13. San Francisco	2,708	209	7.7
491.78	15. Connecticut	1,896	378	19.9
17.10	16. N. & S. Carolina	289	8	2.8
111.95	17. South	125	148	118.4
93.45	18. Butte	282	59	20.9
170.46	19. Denver	482	40	8.3
22,567.27		68,225	14,538	21.2
152.31	Miscellaneous			
22,719.58				

# Budapest Socialists Take Steps to Sell Out Strike

## Line Up With Fascist Government As the Masses Turn to Real Struggle

Working hand and hand with the fascist Hungarian government, the Budapest socialists, alarmed at the militancy of the workers and the success of the Communists in winning the workers for real struggle, urged the printers trade unions to call off the strike which had closed practically all the newspapers in Budapest.

A special dispatch to the N. Y. Times states:

The socialists, obviously alarmed at the success of Communist agitators within their party in gaining the ear of workers, this afternoon suddenly adopted a milder tone and advised the printers' trades unions to call off the strike, which the unions agreed to do. Newspapers will appear tomorrow.

The strike, which was called two days ago following the suppression of the socialist paper "Nepszava," spread throughout the industrial cities of Hungary. Two of the largest Danubian shipping companies were tied up and the street car service was stopped in many sections. Huge street meetings and demonstrations were held all over Hungary demanding freedom of the press. Most of these meetings were led by Communists.

In the provinces petitions demanding political liberty and relief for the starving unemployed workers and

# Workers Force Cleve. A. F. L. to Favor Jobless Insurance

**CLEVELAND, Ohio.**—As a result of the mass pressure for Unemployment Insurance many A. F. of L. locals have already come on record. The Cleveland Federation of Labor was forced to take a position in repudiating the Vancouver Convention and going on record for Unemployment Insurance.

McLaughlin and a number of other racketeers of the Cleveland Federation who are exposed among the workers and due to the revolt on the rank and file of the A. F. of L. were forced "tacitly" not to fight against this proposal.

The Cleveland central federation represents 60,000 workers and is the first central body to have repudiated the Vancouver Convention. The fight within the A. F. of L. unions against the reactionary officialdom's opposition to unemployment insurance was started in New York by the A. F. of L. Rank and File Committee for Unemployment Insurance and is spreading throughout the country.

## MAY FIRST AT DNEIPROSTROY

12 THRILLING DAYS 12 in the Soviet Union

Itinerary including Leningrad, Moscow, Ivanovo Voznesenski Collective Farm and May 1st Celebrations in Moscow.

This tour \$200 up

Itinerary including Leningrad-Moscow-Kharkov-Kiev and May 1st Celebrations at Dnieprostroy.

This tour \$220 up

Other Tours as Low as \$175.50

Sailings on SS BREMEN—MAURETA—NEW YORK

World Tourist tours are complete from embarkation to termination of tour in the U.S.S.R., with a return 2nd class ticket from France on the round trip.

**WORLD TOURISTS, Inc.**  
175 Fifth Ave., New York Phone AL. 4-8656-8797

# USSR Urges Steps to Prepare Independent Republic for Jews

(Special Cable to Daily Worker)  
**MOSCOW, April 8.**—The Presidium of the Central Executive Committee of the USSR has decided that the Comzet (the organization in charge of settling Jewish people on farm lands—Ed.) must consider as its most important and urgent task to help in the speediest possible industrial and Sovkhoz (State farms) and Kolkhoz (Collective farms) development in Biro-Bidjan through the utilization of the land's natural resources.

Accordingly, necessary measures must be taken to strengthen both economically and organizationally the Jewish collectives, and State farms. The decision urges the preparation of a distinct Five-Year Plan for Biro-Bidjan as an independent, autonomous part of the Far Eastern region.

# BLAST CHARGES AGAINST LIEUT. SCHERINGER

**BERLIN.**—The second day of the trial of Lieutenant Scheringer, a former fascist officer, who joined the Communist Party, began with the reading of documents forming the basis of the prosecution. After the reading was concluded, the defense attorneys asked for the release of Scheringer as neither collusion nor attempt to escape was likely. The public prosecutor opposed this motion and the court refused to grant the release.

The witnesses for the defense produced evidence showing that the documents brought forward by the prosecution were all written as answers to requests from former comrades of Scheringer for information concerning Scheringer's changed political opinions. They also showed that Scheringer had been flooded with such requests.

The defense evidence refuted the contention of the prosecutor that the documents were written in order to conduct propaganda indiscriminately.

Grzesinski, "Socialist" chief of police in Berlin, confiscated a pamphlet containing speeches of Thaelmann, secretary of the Communist Party of Germany. Yesterday, the "Socialist" police disbanded several parades of workers returning from the Lustgarten alleged to have been singing prohibited songs and shouting "Down Hitler!"

A "Socialist" demonstration at the Lustgarten today was of the smallest and all white collar audience character possible. Despite increasing terror against all revolutionary working class organizations and especially against the Communist Party of Germany, propaganda for the Communist program is everywhere progressing.

### MIMEOGRAPH SUPPLIES

Stensils Ink Paper  
Any trouble with your machine? Write us  
**PROLET MIMO**  
108 E. 14th St., Rm. 208—Algonquin 4-4763  
MIMEOGRAPHS \$15 and Up

### Mosselprom Candy

IMPORTED FROM SOVIET RUSSIA  
5 lb. Cans Golden Fruit Filled Mixture  
\$1.25 Plus Postage  
Many Other Varieties in Stock  
RED STAR IMPORTING CO.  
11 St. Nicolas Terrace, N.Y.C.

## WANTED

VOLUNTEER SOLICITORS FOR THE MAY DAY DAILY WORKER  
100,000 COPIES WILL BE SOLD!

Every worker can give a half-dollar to SAVE THE DAILY WORKER! Every workers' group can give \$5 or more to the Daily Worker! Every worker can get a commercial ad for the Daily Worker! Every workers' group can order a bundle of May Day Daily Workers! Every worker and every workers' group can pay for a greeting in the MAY DAY DAILY WORKER! But in addition we need solicitors for subs., business ads, routes, etc. If you can devote some of your spare time to this important phase of building up the only workers' daily newspaper in English—

GET IN TOUCH WITH YOUR LOCAL DAILY WORKER AGENT, or write the National Office.

# ROBED KNOXVILLE THUGS ROAM THRU STREETS TO SCARE C. P.

(Special to Daily Worker)  
**KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 7.**—"To the Communist Party, operating in Knoxville: We, as red blooded Americans, and true believers in Christianity, would that you should know that your road will be full of sharp stones from now on."

"The Silent Hand." Shrouded in white garbs with white masks on stupid faces, a gang of hoodlums numbering 50 or more, it is rumored, led by Col. T. J. Wyrick, attempted last night to intimidate Roy Hubbs, who rented his property to the Workers International Relief, by storming his home with the above message. "Citizens" of Knoxville pranced through the streets far into the night in night-shirts in an attempt to terrorize the Communist Party comrades.

**Cut Down Jobless Relief.** This vicious attack on the Communist Party comes simultaneously with an announcement that over \$49,000 of \$63,000 that had been appropriated for relief by the city is spent—with growing discontent of the mill workers over the contemplated ten to thirty per cent wage cut—with the introduction of the fake Block-Aid Plan which will again throw the burden of caring for the unemployed onto the backs of the workers who average \$6 a week even when working.

Knoxville is teeming with uniformed men and dicks. Jimboism in the form of Preparedness Day Parades, wild patriotic speeches, etc., are the order of the day. Col. Wyrick, in an Army Day radio speech, stated that free speech and free privileges were being abused by communists and foreigners and he urged that more arms be built.

"Investigation of Kentucky" is the subject of the sermon in all churches. The general opinion of the ministers of Knoxville who are supported by the Coal Operators' Association and mill owners, is that an "investigation should be made by ministers of this section." Rev. Arthur M. Hoffman said:

"New York ministers would not have the correct viewpoint of the situation."  
(Editor's Note.—This last refers to a proposal made by a group of New York ministers that they be allowed to investigate the conditions in the Kentucky coal fields. It was reported that the gun-thug authorities of Bell County accepted this offer, but nothing has been heard of it since.)

**NEW YORK.**—The Knoxville headquarters of the W.I.R. is the main distribution point for all re-

liefs going into the mining camps and this latest attack is aimed at intensifying the starvation of the mill miners in order to demoralize the growing power of the National Miners Union," the national office of the Workers International Relief stated today. "We call for immediate increase in solidarity support of the Kentucky-Tennessee Miners Relief Campaign as a powerful aid in a smashing counter-offensive against the terror campaign of the operators and mill owners."

**500 DEMONSTRATE IN WISC. AGAINST FORCED LABOR**  
Sheboygan Workers Pack City Council On Hearing

**SHEBOYGAN, Wisconsin, April 8.**—Despite the rain, more than 500 workers packed the Common Council Chambers on Monday, April 4th, to hear the ten spokesmen of the Unemployed Council present and voice the demands of the workers against "forced labor" and script payment.

Some time ago, the Common Council sent a committee of three, Aldermen Sonnenburg, Kuntze and Bruno of the American Legion, to Grand Rapids, Mich. to study the "forced labor" system in operation there, while the "Sheboygan Press," a democratic sheet, paid \$150.00 for their trip.

On March 21, Alderman Sonnenburg and his gang, plus the American Legion thugs, finally succeeded to pass a resolution in the Common Council to the effect that all workers employed by the city to be paid in script, while those receiving aid must work for it. They reported that the "plan to provide work" (forced labor) in Grand Rapids has proven satisfactory, they recommended that a similar "plan" of forced labor should be introduced here in Sheboygan. (They forgot to say that there is 78 dollars debt per capita in Grand Rapids.)

The local papers state: "The section last night (March 21st) is the result of a request on the part of the Prescott-Bayens Post No. 87, of the American Legion that the city adopt a similar plan." This shows the role that the American Legion plays in this town in starving the workers, beside their fake block-aid system, which is a miserable failure, designed to fool the starving unemployed.

The workers present in the city hall cheered and applauded wildly when the spokesmen of the Unemployed Council completely exposed the city hall gang and the warmongers of the American Legion, who are the agents of the bosses, the Tamney Co. and the Kollers Co. It must be remembered that Kollers Co. already started to manufacture shells for the next war against the Soviet Union, while in the last war, Kollers, the millionaire, made tens of millions of dollars from the war materials sold to the U. S. government.

Alderman Sonnenburg, from the silk stocking district, who, by the way is also a doctor, was exposed a hundred per cent by the spokesmen of the Unemployed Council. One worker said: "Don't forget, fellow workers, when you need a doctor, go to Dr. Sonnenburg and when he asks you for payment, give him a piece of paper."

The Unemployed Council demanded: Cash payment of 60 cents per hour for all work done for the city; no script payment. Free rent, light and gas. Free milk for the children. Reduction of salaries of all officials. Tax exemption of the unemployed, and tax for the part time workers.

The demands of the Unemployed Council, were placed on file.

## Hey there Kids!

Have you read it? Just Out!

New Story Book

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED IN TWO COLORS  
Order from  
**Only 50c Workers Library Publishers**  
P. O. Box 148, Station D, New York City

## WILL YOUR NAME (AND YOUR ORGANIZATION) BE IN THE MAY DAY ISSUE

**Daily Worker**  
Central Office, 175 Fifth Ave., New York, U.S.A.

All contributors will be listed, but those who gave before are not excluded for May Day.

Fill out NOW and send with cash to Daily Worker, 50 East 13th Street, New York City

Name.....  
Address..... City..... State.....  
Enclosed is \$..... TO SAVE THE DAILY WORKER WITH HALF DOLLARS AND MAY DAY GREETINGS!

# UNDER FALSE COLORS

BY THE PAN-PACIFIC TRADE UNION SECRETARIAT

AMERICAN workers should wake to the fact that numerous propaganda agents of Japanese imperialism are busy in the United States, and one in particular, Mr. Ikuo Oyama, is making a tour of the U. S. A. especially to influence the immigrant workers.

As a basis of his tour, this social-fascist leader of the fake "proletarian" party, the "Jenkoku Rono-Taishu-to" (or "Ron-to"), has elaborated a program and went to the trouble of issuing a special "American edition" of his party's paper, which is being sent to America.

But this very paper completely exposes the character of Mr. Oyama as a "left" social-fascist supporter of Japanese imperialism, an enemy of the Japanese workers, as well as an enemy of the world's working-class.

This paper carries brave slogans, such as: "Workers of the World Unite!" "On the Class Struggle Basis," and "Uniting and Struggling," etc. But in its detail, there is nothing more than flattery to the petty-bourgeois Japanese immigrants in America and tricky phrases that build up a non-class viewpoint, quite contrary to the militant slogans.

First, they print in big type: "WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!" But they do not publish even one line favoring the solidarity of workers without discrimination of yellow, white and black. Because the Japanese bourgeoisie daily pumps out poison of race hatred against the Chinese race, the omission of a special campaign against this race hatred which Japanese imperialism is using to further its robber war against the Chinese people, is an open violation of the very slogan this paper of Mr. Oyama most features.

Throughout the paper of this fake "proletarian" party, not one word is said on demands of the American working-class, of which the Japanese immigrant workers are a part; not a word for the demands which American workers are now pouring out blood and sweat for in heroic struggle.

There is not a word against the wage-cuts and mass dismissals in America; not a word favoring unemployment insurance and immediate relief; not a word against discriminations and deportation of foreign-born workers; for repeal of the criminal syndicalist laws—all matters of importance to Japanese immigrant workers in America as for the whole American working-class.

Worst of all—there is not a word against the war of rape, robbery and murder being waged by imperialist Japan in China! And this exposes the purpose of this scoundrel Oyama who, with the words "Workers of the World Unite!"—upon his lips, goes to America to make war propaganda for the Mikado's hangers on the Japanese working-class and the Mikado's war plans.

Yet this scoundrel social-fascist Oyama, his paper and his party, dares to talk about the "wrong policy" of the Communist Party of Japan; ordered to do so, no doubt, by the Japanese

police, who daily imprison more members of the Japanese Communist Party for their "wrong policy" of fighting Japanese imperialism.

But this paper of Mr. Oyama does manage to formulate what it calls "demands" for the Japanese workers in America, and true to its role of turning the workers' attention to parliamentary illusions, it says that—"The will and demands of our brothers in America must be surely reflected in the Japanese parliament."

The first demand of Mr. Oyama for Japanese immigrant workers in America is: "Insure the daily life of aged immigrant workers!" But of course, the insurance of the daily life of "aged immigrants" cannot be separated from insurance of the workers in general, without unemployment insurance of all workers in America, white, Negro Japanese and all others. But Mr. Oyama's paper carefully avoids saying a word favoring unemployment insurance.

Second, is "Free fare for the return (to Japan) of aged immigrant workers." What is the idea behind this "demand"? Is it that Japan is a paradise for workers. Mr. Oyama, the social-fascist raises this as a "demand," but it happily coincides with the same "demand" of Mr. Doak. And what would "aged immigrant workers" do, once they got free fare back to Japan? They would starve to death! For in Japan also there is no social insurance, and neither in Japan nor in America does Mr. Oyama and his social-fascist "Rono-to" Party fight for social insurance.

Third, is: "Exemption from military service of those workers who have been abroad (from Japan) more than three years." And what about Japanese workers remaining in Japan? Mr. Oyama says nothing about exempting them at any time or place; therefore Mr. Oyama favors, in reality, the enforced military service of Japanese workers and peasants to make war against the Chinese people and the Soviet Union.

Thus, any analysis of these three "demands" of this fake "proletarian party" and its leader Oyama who is going to America with these "demands" as his program, shows that they are cleverly made up so as to give offense neither to Japanese imperialism nor American imperialism, but only to fool the Japanese worker immigrants in America, to bring them closer to Mr. Oyama so that he can put war propaganda for the Mikado into their heads.

Yet Mr. Oyama's paper, in its American edition, has the audacity to carry in big type the slogan: "Workers and Farmers, unite under the banner of the Jenkoku Rono-Taishu-to Party!" Thus trying to sidetrack the Japanese workers in America from struggling in America against their immediate enemy, American imperialism, under the banner of the Communist Party of the U. S. A. and the Trade Union Unity League.

This is the hypocritical character of the social-fascist leader of Japan, Ikuo Oyama, who is going to the United States on a lecture tour! American workers will aid the Japanese workers who are bravely battling "their own" imperialism, by telling Mr. Oyama—"GET OUT!"

# BALANCING THE BUDGET

By BURCK



# Cleveland's Man-a-Block Prosperity

Part I

GATHER around, all you unemployed, and listen to a tale that will give you renewed faith in our benevolent masters. The tale of how the master minds put their intellects (?) to work, rolled up their silk shirt sleeves, and solved the problem of the unemployed situation in the sixth largest city of our fair and God fearing country.

No doubt you have read in the daily newspapers that the Echo Dairy Co. of Cleveland, Ohio, admitted dumping 1,500 gallons of pure milk down the sewers every day, and told how it was the practice of all milk companies here in the city to do the same with their surplus; when asked the reason of this waste, and why they didn't donate it to the schools, the answer was that it would spoil business, and the price of milk had to be kept up—but let me tell you, comrades, that wasn't the real reason. It was because here "in the city where none shall go homeless and hungry" they have solved that problem that has even our President baffled.

The farmers are feeding their crops to hogs around the country-side, and are burning wheat for fuel all because everybody here has plenty of everything. Owners of apartment homes are having them torn down (they say because tenants don't pay rent and it is cheaper to pay taxes on the lot instead of the apartment), but again they lie, and the reason is that everybody here is housed. (Why even the city maintains a Wayfarer's Lodge, for transients. True—it's a little overcrowded, and only 29 died within four months due to unsanitary conditions, but that's to be expected in a thriving city, where everybody has been or is being put to work.)

Up to about three months ago Cleveland had an unemployed population of around 150,000 men and women. Things were in a pretty bad mess. The charities were overtaxed, what with supporting a large overhead and staffs of investigators who were drawing down salaries of \$100 a month and more. What with maintaining large and well furnished offices was it any wonder that here they were taxing their great minds in dividing up a community fund of \$6,000,000 which they had just raised, supposed to be for charitable purposes? I say they were dividing it up so that the Y.M.C.A., the Y.W.C.A., the Boy Scouts, the Camp Fire Girls and a hundred other parasitic organizations were getting their fair share of it, so that what remained of it (about one-third) went to the support of those that could humble themselves the most, answering more personal questions that made them feel as though they were worse than dogs.

Of every 10 families that applied for relief, it was only possible to investigate and take care of three of them, and that at an average of about \$5 a week per family, which in most cases made out less than a dollar a week per person. Rents they couldn't and wouldn't pay until a family was evicted, and then they moved them into hovels that were worse than barns. Gas and electric were shut off. No coal to heat their homes was furnished.

When the people started to wake up and realize that they were starving in the midst of plenty, going cold when the railroad and coal yards were well stocked, and being put on the street, with empty homes aplenty, they started to organize unemployed councils and to resist the evictions, with the result that the owners called upon the law and order upholders, and started to club and shoot down unarmed unemployed workers. In one such affair two colored workers (Rayford and Jackson) were murdered in cold blood. In another eviction, a Jewish worker was clubbed, and three other Jewish workers arrested in resisting an eviction of an Italian unemployed family.

Girls were offering themselves for sale in order to exist, and so things were getting to a pretty bad way when those who have our welfare at heart realized that the name of our fair city was being dragged down in the gutter and something had to be done.

common base for a further terror drive to crush the union and relief organization of the miners. Wagenknecht never made such a statement as the Journal attributes to him. The Workers International Relief has, however, been the relief mainstay of thousands of striking and black-listed miners since the beginning of the present strike, January 1.

There was a genius in Buffalo, by the name of Charles E. Roesch, who (as Alger would have said) rose from butcher boy to be Mayor of the town. Being a kind-hearted sort of a man, he started to worry (?) about the fathers of families who were out of work through no fault of their own. He worried so much that he gave birth to an idea (the first time, I believe, that a mayor of any town has admitted that he could give birth to an idea. The birth pains must have been very hard on the poor boy). Anyway, he called up a few friends of his, such as Alex Osborn (advertising partner of Bruce Barton), Alfred H. Schoellkopf (executive vice-president of the Niagara, Hudson Power Company), and Myron Forbes (former president of the Pierce Arrow Company). Together they started what is now known in twenty cities as the "Man-A-Block" plan.

Briefly stated the plan calls for those that have everything to give up the tiniest crumb of what they have in the form of finding two hours work a week at fifty cents an hour, the pledge to run for ten weeks. When they line up ten homes in a block, the charities recommend a man to the unemployment bureau or Director in charge, who in turn after having you fill out a card (which gives you writer's cramp) sends you out to the captain of the block, who turns over the list of your ten prospective employers and you make the rounds doing two hours work at each place, a total of twenty hours work a week, for the sum of ten dollars and your name is then stricken off the charity lists. You have become a self-sustaining family

man; you have once more become self-respecting (?) and now can, by your own honest efforts support your family of four, five, six or more persons, on the amount received in the manner befitting an American citizen.

Cleveland's charitable officials, bankers, the Chamber of Commerce, and all else concerned in trying to save the city's good name, jumped for the idea at once.

They had failed to raise a private fund for relief—the city gave until it hurt—the Governor of our State couldn't see the necessity of calling an extra session of the law-makers to grant the city relief, the President of our Country couldn't (Oh well, what's the use of talking about our President anyway, he is too busy taking care of the bankers). In other words, when everything else failed, and the people were getting serious minded, here was the answer to their prayer, in the form of the "Man-A-Block plan."

Organization started immediately. A Director was named, majors and captains were appointed. The press, pulpit, radio were all called upon and donated their time and space to the idea; the boy scouts were mobilized and sent from house to house with hand bills, announcing the approach of the captains for interviews with all the patriotic, 100 per cent, red blooded heads of business (all shades) to sell them the idea of finding two hours work for all the unemployed, and so the campaign got under way. Enthusiasm was in the air, the wolf that was sneaking into the back doors of thousands of homes, was already ashamed of itself and was slinking out again. Prosperity was again around that phantom corner; in fact the depression suddenly disappeared, as if by magic.

(To be concluded)

# The Role of the DeValera Government in Ireland

By BRIAN O'NEILL (Dublin)

A FIANNA FAIL ("Band of Destiny") Government (de Valera Party), backed by the handful of Labor deputies, is now in power in the Irish Free State—that is, the Irish bourgeoisie is now to rule through its parliamentary republican wing. The position of the parties now, compared with 1927, is as follows:—

	1927	1932
Fianna Fail	57	76
Cumann Nan Gaedheal	13	56
Labor Party	6	7
Farmers	6	4
Independents	15	13

De Valera's rise to power reflects the growing crisis in Ireland. Cumann Nan Gaedheal ("Association of the Gael") had been in office ten years, during which it ruled nakedly as the agent of the Irish bourgeoisie and the ally of British imperialism. Its record was a foul one. During its rule, the employers attacked every section of the working class. Unemployment grew, while the amount paid in workless benefit dwindled. Teachers, civil servants, police and soldiers all came under the lash. The small farmers sank further into the morass of debt as a result of the price slump due to the agrarian crisis, while the burden of the Land Annuities they paid annually to the British Land Stock holders became heavier than ever. And every symptom of revolt was savagely attacked, culminating in the Coercion Act last September, proclaiming illegal the Irish Republican Army, the Revolutionary Workers' Groups and several other organizations.

So Fianna Fail climbed to power, posing as the "party of the masses, not the classes," and using the most shameless demagoguery. The chief points in its program were:—

1. Promote the industrial revival, securing the establishment of at least 200 new factories and the employment of an additional 80,000 hands.
2. Secure the erection of 40,000 new houses for the proper accommodation of our people and let them at rents which the average working-class family can afford to pay.
3. Reduce taxation by rigid economy in all branches of the public service.
4. Improve social legislation, including better provision of Old Age Pensions and for necessitous widows and orphans.
5. Direct the affairs of the Irish people so as to create a self-supporting and self-reliant nation."

In addition, the release of the revolutionary

fighters jailed by the Cosgrave government was a big feature of their election propaganda. So, on the shoulders of the radicalized masses, and canalizing their revolt, Fianna Fail rode to power. As the crisis toppled Cosgrave from office, it has raised de Valera, who, under new forms and using new phrases, is to continue and intensify the attempt of the bourgeoisie to "hand the baby" of crisis to the masses of the people.

How swiftly the world crisis has drawn the Irish Free State into the vortex may be seen from the fact that the total trade of this Lilliputian State dropped \$5,000,000 in 1931 compared with 1930. Exports (including re-exports) in 1930 were \$45,745,019 and imports \$56,768,702. In 1931 they were \$37,070,896 and \$50,468,114 respectively. The returns for January, just published, show the position further aggravated. Exports for the month were \$2,329,529; imports were \$3,585,278. The debit balance was \$1,255,749 as compared with \$563,356 in January of last year.

The capitalist Government of de Valera will attempt to solve this crisis by three methods:—tariffs, "retrenchment" and wage reductions. Tariffs are the corner-stone of the "Gaelic and Catholic Ireland" de Valera hopes to build up. By building a tariff wall high enough to shut out the products of the large scale industry of Britain and other countries, he hopes to have shelter to build a number of small industries in this under-developed country. It is a mad notion, but it is the workers and the peasants who are to pay for the madness; the tariffs already imposed have increased the cost of living so that it is among the highest in Europe; the coming tariffs on the people's food and necessities of life will worsen the position. The "retrenchment" will mean, of course, attacks on the social services, already miserably inadequate. A clever piece of demagoguery "window-dressing" has already been performed by the new Government: in order to give the lead to the country, the Cabinet Ministers have agreed to reductions in their salaries. With this example of self-sacrifice before them, can the Irish masses justly complain when education, health and other social services are slashed? As for the wage reductions, the employers in almost every industry of any importance have given notice of the attack. At the annual meeting of the Great Northern Railway, on Feb. 24, the chairman said: "To maintain wages at the present rates, I, I fear, imposing on the Irish railways a greater burden than they can bear." The shareholders of the Great Southern Railway, at both

# Facts on War

Workers employed in almost every United States industry are engaged in potential war work. If not working already on war goods they are subject to call to such work the minute war is declared. Some of the most important industries to be involved in war contracts are the following: iron and steel, machinery and tools (including ordnance, small arms and ammunition), copper, zinc, brass, as well as mining and manufacturing industries involving such ferro-alloys as manganese, vanadium, tungsten, and chromium. Then there are such important metals involved as tin, aluminum, lead, nickel, quicksilver, antimony and platinum.

Workers engaged in the chemical industry are, of course, most closely tied to war. Some of the chief chemicals employed in the manufacture of munitions are nitrate of soda, sulphur and pyrites, acids and heavy chemicals (sulphuric acid and nitric acid), alkali and chlorine, ethyl alcohol, cotton linters and explosives.

The explosive industry in the United States increased from an output of about \$50,000,000 in 1913 to a \$500,000,000 output in 1917, and to nearly \$1,000,000,000 by November, 1918.

There is a very close relationship between explosive chemicals and industrial chemicals. The chief of the latter industries, therefore, considered in the war category are those manufacturing dyes, both material and artificial gases and gas products, creosote, tanning materials, paints and pigments, wood chemicals and other chemicals.

Products likewise indispensable in war-time are those made in refractories (silica bricks, etc.) as well as ceramics, electrodes and abrasives, chemical glass, stoneware, asbestos, magnesia, mica and related products.

Other vast industrial fields closely related to war, and needed in its conduct, are leather, rubber, textiles (especially rayon), as well as lumber, wood products, pulp and paper, not to mention the all important field of automotive products such as trucks, motors and airplanes, and all sorts of other transportation and electrical power equipment.

These are the major industries involved in the extensive "procurement planning" now being carried on by the War Department. It has already placed tentative "educational orders" for war products with at least 17,000 corporations. These orders do not include those for products made in government-owned ordnance factories and navy yards.

The military personnel of the United States government now numbers 290,913 and costs the government annually in pay \$259,719,830.

their last meetings, demanded immediate wage-cuts if there were to be any dividends at all. The chairman of the Dublin Tramway Co., reporting a record year, at their meeting on March 1, pointed out that British tramway workers had just received a cut, and he licked his lips in anticipation.

In addition to continuing the capitalist offensive, the Fianna Fail has another role. Launched as the parliamentary wing of the republican struggle, to it falls the task of killing that struggle for ever. Its policy is not one of fighting imperialism, but of making peace with Britain on the basis of a new agreement. And the Irish Republican Army (I.R.A.) and the other republican organizations, which dragged at the tail of Fianna Fail in the election as the result of its promise to release the prisoners and abolish the Coercion Act and the Oath of Allegiance to King George V, have now fallen completely into its arms. For ten years the leaders of the republican movement, with all the capacity of the petty-bourgeoisie for regarding forms and ignoring realities, howled against the Oath. The prisoners are free now, and the Oath will probably be abolished soon, and they are left high and dry—imperialist tribute will remain, the partition of Ireland will still exist, but for them the struggle will be over.

The republican leaders express this clearly themselves. "An Phoblacht" (The Republic) has re-appeared after its twopenny under the Coercion Act. Maurice Twomey, the I. R. A. chief, writes about the new situation:

"Members of Fianna Fail express friendliness with the ideals of the I.R.A., and under their administration the movement could become, what it ought to be, a normal feature of our national struggle, popularizing our national ideal and encouraging the people forward to the re-education of a united Republic." ("An Phoblacht," 12-3-32.)

Madame Gonne McBride, secretary of the Prisoners' Defense League, in the same journal, even more revealingly states the abdication of the petty-bourgeoisie:

"When Samonn deValera takes over power, and releases all the republican prisoners the shame of imprisoning the men who fought for her freedom will be lifted from Ireland. The work of the Women's Prisoners' Defense League will be concluded and the 'mothers' can take a rest. The opening of the jail gates will have accomplished what machine guns and proclamations failed to do..."

The battle over for them, the Defense League is to be wound up; the next prisoners will be workers fighting not for phrases but for bread and freedom, but that will be no concern of the petty bourgeoisie. As the "Irish Press," the chief government organ, says (12-3-32):

"... Irishmen of any section will no longer have to feel that the independence of their country can be established only through armed conflict in which their own fellow Irishmen will be opposed to them. The way is being opened to secure by peaceful means the realization of our national ideals, and henceforth the responsibility to avail themselves of those means rests upon all sections equally. There is no longer cause for anyone to believe that when the national rights are to be asserted that must be done by a protesting minority. In future that assertion of national rights will be, as it should always have been, the exclusive right of the government chosen by the majority of the electorate."

But while the petty-bourgeoisie leaders of the republican movement may be satisfied with this, the rank and file of the republican movement—the peasant lads and the proletarian youth who have formed the backbone of the struggle against British imperialism—will not be content to starve under a deValera government any more than they were under Cosgrave. The task now of the revolutionary forces is to win these genuine fighters against imperialism away from the petty-bourgeois elements who are trying to shackle them to the chariot of a capitalist government, and to lead them along the path of class struggle and the final fight to end capitalist and landlord domination.