

WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!

Daily Worker Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A. (Section of the Communist International)

Collect Money, Scrape Up Every Penny to Save "Daily"

Vol. IX, No. 34

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1957

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1932

CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

UNITED FRONT DRESSMAKERS STRIKE SPREADS RAPIDLY

THOUSANDS RESPOND TO N. Y. DRESS STRIKE CALL

Dress Workers! Down Tools and Fight Against Starvation!

NEW YORK—Answering the strike call of the Dressmakers United Front Committee and the Needle Trades Union, thousands of dressmakers in Greater New York downed their tools yesterday and walked out on strike for union conditions in their shops.

Mass picketing of shops in Manhattan, Bronx, Harlem and throughout the needle market took place throughout the day. The strike is spreading hourly.

The numerous enthusiastic strike meetings held in all sections of the city designated the workers' determination to spread the strike and carry it on to victory.

The largest of these meetings was held at the strike headquarters of the United Front Strike Committee at 559 Sixth Ave. Masses of workers overflowed the hall. Thunderous applause greeted the speakers as they called on the workers to spread the strike to every shop in New York. The dressmakers were addressed by Ben Gold, A. Weiss and Maud White from the Needle Trades Industrial Union and Taft, of the Workers International Relief, who called on the strikers to participate in the tag days to be held Saturday and Sunday for the New York dressmakers and the Kentucky miners.

Another huge meeting was held at the Manhattan Lyceum. All the workers present pledged to carry the United Front Strike message to all dressmakers in New York and fetch them into the struggle.

Guide a number of the shops on

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO

Many Organizations Support Anti-War Meet Thurs., Feb. 11

NEW YORK.—Calling on all workers to participate in the struggle against imperialist war, the District Committee of the Communist Party of New York has issued an appeal for a mass rally at the anti-war demonstrations of the Friends of the Soviet Union, to be held at St. Nicholas Arena, Thursday, Feb. 11th.

The International Workers Order, a working class fraternal organization has endorsed the meeting and has appealed to all its members to attend and participate in the struggle against the imperialist war.

The Unemployed Council of Greater New York, in a statement issued yesterday, called on all its members and sympathizers to swell the meeting.

The statement of the Communist Party of New York, is as follows:

War is on in China. Japanese imperialism acting as the advance agent of world imperialism has sacked Manchuria and is now carrying on its destructive work in China proper. Shanghai, Chapei are in ruins. The Japanese government proposes that all the industrial towns of China shall be "internationalized", that is be put under international control. This means a partition of China, and unity against the revolutionary workers and peasants fighting under the banner of the Chinese Soviets.

Knowing that war is on and is spreading against the Soviet Union, the bosses are pushing forward the socialists, their dirty agents, who betrayed the workers before the last world war. Norman Thomas talks about "our government" having a "great opportunity to prevent the present crisis in Shanghai." "Our government", which is one of the robber governments has no intention of "preventing" war, for it is an open ally in the war against the Chinese masses and the Soviet Union. This talk of Thomas has the aim of making the workers of this country believe that U. S. imperialism wants peace. Neither Hoover nor Thomas nor Wall Street wants peace. They are preparing the workers for war—just as the British Labor Party is helping the war against the Indian masses, as the Japanese socialists are supporting the war of Japanese imperialism against the Chinese masses.

Workers! Demonstrate! Come in thousands to St. Nicholas Arena, 69 W. 68th St. Make this demonstration a signal to the bosses that New York workers are ready to defend the Soviet Union against the Japanese—Wall Street war plans and actions!

COMMUNIST PARTY OF U. S. A. District Committee.

Rent Strikers in Mass Protest Parade Against 12 Evictions

Following the brutal eviction of 12 families from the apartment house at 665 Allerton Ave., owned by the "socialist" landlord, Osinoff, more than three hundred workers demonstrated their solidarity with the rent strikers by forming a mass protest parade in the vicinity. The marchers went first to the office of the landlord, at the corner of Allerton Ave. and White Plains Road, where they denounced and exposed Osinoff's "socialist" eviction policy. From there they marched to Osinoff's home at 2712 Holland Ave., where a further demonstration was held, and wound up at 2704 Holland Ave., another apartment house owned by the same landlord, where a rent strike is also in progress.

At all points along the line of march the demonstrators were brutally handled by the police. Riot squads from three different Bronx precinct stations had been called out by Osinoff to enforce the evictions, and a big detachment of these police, after beating up and injuring several women and children on Allerton Avenue, followed the parade, using their clubs viciously at all points. They tried to break up the demonstrations and suppress the speakers at each of the 3 points where the march was halted, but were successfully opposed by the militancy of the workers.

After the demonstration, the Williamsbridge Unemployed Council, 3945 White Plains Road, which organized the march, announced that the workers in the vicinity would continue their demonstrations and mass meetings until they forced the landlord to grant the demands of the striking workers in each of his houses.

Ky. Coal Operators' Thugs Want to Take Them for "Ride"



Arrested leader of the Kentucky-Tennessee strike and kept in the Pineville jail on orders of the coal operators in an effort to smash the strike. (Left to right) Marguerite Fontaine, Workers International Relief; Dorothy Ross, International Labor Defense; Julia Parker, National Miners' Union; Ann Barton, labor press reporter; Clarina Michaelson, representative of the W. I. R., Norman Martin, W. I. R.



Leaders of the Kentucky-Tennessee strike jailed for strike activities under the "criminal syndicalist law"; rear, left to right: John Harvey, of the National Miners' Union; Vern Smith, representative of the Daily Worker; Vincent Kamenovitch, official of the National Miners' Union; front row, Harry Collet and Bill Greene, local strike leaders and members of the N. M. U.

MINE STRIKERS IN MASS MARCH; KY. MINERS ACT TO STOP LYNCHING OF 9

Prepare Mass Demonstration in Pineville to Greet Arrival of Relief Truck

PINEVILLE, Ky., Feb. 8.—Marching in organized fashion from mining camps within 20 miles radius, many hundreds of miners converged yesterday afternoon in Morley, Tenn., where they held an enthusiastic mass meeting with the Morley miners, who last Wednesday sent a petition to the Central Strike Committee asking for a National Miners Union organizer to form a local there.

Scores of strikers from Gatliff, Jellico, Clear Fork and LaFollette slept overnight in Morley to take part in the mass picketing that was to take place this morning to pull the more than 200 miners who work the mine.

Since most of the Morley miners attended the mass meeting, no opposition is expected.

Miners Roused by Threat Against Strike Leaders.

A wave of anger is sweeping through the 60 mile strike zone proper and in the Gatliff strike area 75 miles from Pineville, as the news spreads that the operators and the Bell County law, they control, are preparing to hand over

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE

Vicious Frame-Up by Ky. Coal Operators Aimed to Kill Relief

PINEVILLE, Ky., Feb. 7 (Delayed).—Four strike leaders were on strike today in Pineville for robbery in one of the most vicious frame-ups yet attempted by the coal operators during the course of the present strike.

Bill Garland, Charlie Peters, Rich Wolf and Henry Williams, members of the Central Relief Committee, after searching for truckloads of food and clothing stolen by company agents from the Pineville warehouse, found the truck and carried the stolen goods back to the warehouse.

It has now been proven that the thieves had been deputized by Sheriff Broughton just before they raided

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE

WIR Relief Kitchens to Be Set Up for Dress Strikers

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Relief kitchens will be set up immediately for the striking dressmakers by the Workers' International Relief and a relief committee, which will be appointed tonight at a meeting of the Central United Front Dress Strike Committee.

It is planned to serve coffee and sandwiches at two kitchens at the United Front Strike Headquarters, 559 Sixth Ave., and Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., provided, and provided only, that all workers mobilize immediately for the city-wide tag days to raise money for the joint strike relief of the thousands of

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO

Imperialists Plan to Seize Hankow As Chinese Red Army Advances on City

Removing Nationals from Yangtze Valley Cities in Preparation for Joint Attack On Chinese Soviet Republic

Japanese In Open Proposals for Partition and Looting of China

LATEST DEVELOPMENTS

Answering the imperialist war on the Chinese masses and the war moves against the Soviet Union, District 15 (Connecticut) of the Communist Party has raised its quota of shop nuclei to be organized during the present recruiting drive from five to eight. District 15 calls on all other Party districts to follow this example. The best defense of the Soviet Union and the Chinese Soviet Republic is the intensification of the fight against our own imperialists! Join and build the Communist Party which leads in this struggle!

The Soviet delegation at Geneva yesterday announced a regrouping of the local Soviet garrisons on the Manchurian frontier. It pointed out that this was done for the purpose of strengthening the frontier garrisons, primarily in the Zabakayle region, with a view for defense against the threatened aggressions by White Guard forces armed and concentrated in Manchuria. The Japanese Consul at Vladivostok admits that the movement of Soviet troops "were merely precautionary."

The delegation denied that there was any concentration of the Soviet Red Army at Vladivostok and re-affirmed the Soviet's firm struggle for peace in the face of the most monstrous provocations by the Japanese and other imperialists and their White Guard agents.

Japanese and White Guards in Harbin yesterday held a grand military parade with airplanes and troops participating in celebration of the Japanese seizure of the North Manchurian city, the chief point on the Chinese Eastern Railway, jointly operated by China and the Soviet Union. A Harbin dispatch reports that "the 'White Russians' were wild with joy."

The events in the Far East fully confirm the warning of the Daily Worker to the American working class that the war against the Chinese masses is accompanied by definite war moves and provocations against the Soviet Union.

Workers! On guard! Rally to the defense of the Soviet Union! Demand the withdrawal of all imperialist armed forces from China.

The sinister purpose of the present armed intervention by the imperialist powers against the Chinese masses is clearly shown in the proposals made yesterday by the Japanese to the United States, British, French and Italian imperialists.

Assuring their fellow bandits that they have no intention of hogging the loot in China, the Japanese imperialists proposed the immediate seizure by the imperialist powers of the five principal cities of China. This is intended as the next step in the partition of China which the imperialists are now

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE

Chester Sedition Trial Held Over; Start Fight Flynn Act

CHESTER, Pa.—The trial of Harry Roth and John Adams, the former a member of the Communist Party and the latter a member of the Young Communist League, on charges of violating the Flynn Sedition Act was postponed from January 13 to an indefinite day in the week of March 21.

Roth and Adams were arrested Oct. 2 of last year while speaking at an open air election campaign rally of the Communist Party. Arrested for violating the Flynn Act, they were indicted under 11 counts. The charges leveled at both Adams and Roth involve the existence of the Communist Party as an organization whose "purposes are seditious" and make membership in the Communist Party a crime.

The best that the frame-up experts could pin on Roth was his bitter exposure of the unemployment situation and his call upon workers to organize for a determined fight against it and for Unemployment Insurance. The charge against Adams is that he called upon the workers "to take up arms and fight."

This is clearly a frame-up, since the Communist Party is not a terrorist or adventurist organization. The Communist Party and the Daily Worker have regularly fought against individual terror, which is the policy of police stool pigeons and not of Communists. The policy of the Communist is the organization of the masses for militant struggle.

The trial was postponed because the prosecution could not obtain the expert lying services of a department of justice man on the scheduled day. At present both Roth and Adams are out on \$2,000 bail.

"Get Out", Socialists Tell Kentucky Miners Collecting Relief

NEW YORK.—Socialists drove out two Kentucky miners from the lobby of the Academy of Music, where the socialists were running a debate last night, when they tried to pass through the crowd to collect funds for their starving fellow-workers in the coal fields.

The two miners approached one of the leading socialists standing near the box office and showed their credentials. The socialist said, "I don't care who you are or what it's for, you can't collect." The Negro miner told him how urgent it was for the Kentucky miners to get relief, that they were starving. The well dressed socialist, smoking a fat cigar, told them to "get out."

Skoda Works dismissing Thousands More

PRAGUE, Feb. 8.—The Skoda Works in Pilsen is about to dismiss 600 clerical workers and several thousand workers. Last year about 400 clerical workers were dismissed.

Emergency Resolution

Save the Daily Worker

The Daily Worker, fighting organ of the working class is in great danger. The 4th District Convention of the National Miners Union of Minn., Wis. and Mich. appeals to all the iron and copper miners of this district to Help Save Our "Daily Worker". We need it in our fight to organize the metal miners against starvation.

(Signed)

W. MORGAN, CHAIRMAN D. ROWE, SECRETARY

Pick up this Appeal—workers in all industries—unemployed workers, Negro and white workers, native and foreign-born workers. The Daily Worker is your paper, fighting shoulder to shoulder with you on every working class front.

Mobilize your organization! Visit all workers' homes! Rush Funds.

SAVE THE DAILY WORKER!

# THOUSANDS RESPOND TO NEW YORK DRESS STRIKE CALL

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

There was a report that a committee of three misleaders of the I. L. G. U. had decided to call their fake strike today. A proposal was made that they postpone it until Thursday. Another motion was made for a week from today. The plans for the fake strike is left to the committee of three, who are uncertain on the date.

Throughout the day twenty workers were jailed by the Tammany police. Nine of the cases were dismissed. The rest of the workers were bound over for a hearing Wednesday. The jailed workers are being defended by the International Labor Defense.

Four of the jailed workers were arrested while picketing Dretel's Fur shop which has been on strike for several days against an attempt to cut wages.

A special mass meeting of all the strikers is called for 7 p. m. tonight, at 131 W. 28th St. A central strike committee will be elected at this meeting.

The United Front Committee and the Needle Trades Industrial Union issued a call to all dressmakers in Greater New York. It called on the workers to fight for a 25 per cent increase in wages, strict enforcement of the 40-hour, 5-day week, no overtime, unemployment insurance, no discrimination against Negro workers, shop committees to settle prices and conditions, etc. The call follows: Sisters and Brothers:

The United Front Dressmakers' Strike was declared yesterday, Monday, at 10 o'clock in the morning. Thousands of dressmakers have stopped work and have gone down on strike for better conditions.

Join the strike! Stop work this morning! Go out of the shops and march to the strike halls together with the other strikers. Strike now! Don't wait! Fight for better conditions!

The bosses' International fake union is planning to carry through a fake strike lockout to worsen your conditions.

By going down on strike under the leadership of the United Front you will improve your conditions and smash the fake strike lockout of the bosses.

Long live the United Front strike! Long live the unity of the dressmakers in the struggle for better conditions!

Forward to victory! United Front Strike Committee. Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union.

All shops of the uptown district down to 33rd St., including 7th, 8th, 9th, and Broadway, are to go to the United Front Auditorium, 559 Sixth Ave., near 15th St.

All shops from 33rd St. downtown, including 7th Ave., are to go to Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St.

Unemployed dressmakers are to register at the hall for the unemployed, 301 W. 29th St.

All workers in the outlying sections go to your respective strike headquarters.

# Jobless Council Urges Support to Needle Walk-Out

"Unity of Jobless and Employed Will Win"

NEW YORK.—The Unemployed Council of Greater New York has joined the growing list of workers' organizations which are rallying to the support of the dressmakers' strike.

In a statement released today, the Council states:

The Unemployed Council of Greater New York calls the strike of the New York dressmakers, called yesterday under the leadership of the United Front Rank and File Committee and the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, as an important part of the growing struggles of the American workers against the lowering of the standards of living of the masses.

Every worker, employed and unemployed, should rally to the support of this strike for decent working and living conditions. The demands of the strikers, for increase in wages, the enforcement of the 40 hour day, 5 day week for unemployment insurance, against discrimination, etc., must be fought for and supported by every militant worker.

The Unemployed Council of Greater New York pledges its support to the strike of the militant dressmakers. All Unemployed Councils in the city will hold mass meetings in support of the strike during this week. Arrangements are already in swing for mass meetings by the Brownsville Unemployed Council at 391 Watkins Ave., the Williamsburg Unemployed Council at 61 Graham Ave., the Downtown Council at 134 E. 7th St.—all to be held on Wednesday evening. The Bronx Unemployed Councils are making arrangements for mass meetings throughout the Bronx, in support of the strike. All other Unemployed Councils in the city are to take note and make similar arrangements.

House and block committees, etc., are called upon to take up the strike as a special point at their next meeting; organizing committees to go to the workers, urging them not to scab, to join the picket lines, and to raise financial aid for the strike.

An unemployed demonstration in solidarity with and in support of the dress strike will be held on Thursday, Feb. 11th. All unemployed workers will gather at the Needle Trades Unemployed Council, 422 7th Ave. at 11 a. m.

The Unemployed Councils are mobilizing their membership in support of the strike. The Councils and block committees will go through the neighborhoods and blocks urging the unemployed dressmakers not to scab in the strike, urging the unemployed to join the picket lines of the strike. Unemployed dressmakers! All unemployed workers of New York! Do not scab! Join in the militant fight against wage cuts and starvation! Join in the mass strike of the dressmakers to New York under the leadership of the United Front Rank and File Committee and the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union.

# MAXIM GORKI, FAMOUS NOVELIST, TELLS OF "HOMELESS WAIFS"

"The astounding history of the moral resurrection of hundreds of young people who have been re-born from socially dangerous into socially useful citizens." This is the pronouncement of Maxim Gorki, the famous Russian writer, on the story of the "wild boys" as told in the Russian sound film, "Road To Life," now at the Cameo Theatre. The picture recounts the real story of a group of homeless children, and how they were reclaimed from a life of crime by sympathetic treatment.

Gorki visited the children's collective where "Road To Life" was filmed, and wrote of it as follows: "In the first days of the collective the young people had no faith in the building up of an organization which aimed to transform them, people of the streets and cellars, into people useful to society. They could not at first accustom themselves to the new surroundings, where beds with clean sheets and new clean blankets were prepared for them, and as often as not they would be found at night sleeping, not on the neatly made bed, but under it.

"These children had not the slightest conception or understanding of order and discipline, and at first they spent all their free time getting and making all kinds of sling-shots, daggers, knives, and other weapons.

In the beginning, the "wild boys" had to be trained to habits of work, for over eighty per cent of them had lived by stealing and less than half had ever had a trade. After a period of training, however, regular work was organized, for this was a vocational school, and the shoe factory, shown in the film, was established. The young boys, combining the learning of a trade with their education.

Gorki tells the story of a "graduation" from the school, at which boys who had earned the right to it had their civil rights restored.

"Twenty-five members received gold and silver watches as a reward for exemplary work," he writes. "It was not noticeable that these material rewards greatly touched them. But when thirty-six members were informed that their convictions were nullified and their civil rights restored, and seventy-four received trade union membership cards, that is, were recognized as skilled workers who henceforth had the right to work where they pleased—in those minutes the hands of many of the 'former criminals' shook with ex-

# To Hold Banquet for German Seamen February 9th

NEW YORK.—The crews of the German ships "Bockenheim," "Sehnerbeck" and "Elise Schulte," who have been on strike for several weeks against the 10 per cent wage cut decreed by the German Bruening government, have decided to return to Germany to take part in the growing struggles against the fascist dictatorship.

The German consul was forced to grant the strikers' demand that they all return as one group.

The raise funds for the defense and for the families of the seamen, a farewell banquet will be held Tuesday night, February 9, at the Auditorium of the Bronx Co-operative, 2700 Bronx Park, East. The seamen will present a play, written collectively by themselves, depicting the beginning and the whole development of their strike. Representatives of the strikers and of the Marine Workers' Industrial Union will speak.

# YONKERS FEB. 4 DELEGATION TO SEE MAYOR AGAIN Will Call Another Demonstration

YONKERS, N. Y.—A delegation of 15, elected at the Feb. 4 demonstration here for unemployment relief, will see Mayor Joseph P. Loehr, who "was not in" when 600 workers demonstrated for unemployment insurance.

Another demonstration is being arranged to back up the delegation. The 20,000 unemployed in Yonkers are demanding: "Unemployment relief of \$15 a week for every unemployed worker starting with the first day of unemployment and \$5 for each dependent. That this immediate relief be given to every worker, whether or not he has lived in Yonkers for over two years.

"That this relief be paid in cash and not in scrip, i. e., groceries for which twice the amount is charged for than can be bought in any other grocery store that is not under direct contract of the local authorities.

"That this cash relief be paid also to single men and that no discrimination be used against Negro workers.

"Free lunches and carfare for the school children of the unemployed.

"Endorsement of the unemployment insurance bill, equal to full wages, at the expense of the bosses and bankers.

"No evictions of the unemployed and general reduction of 20 per cent in rents up to \$50.

"Free light, heat and gas for the entire period of unemployment.

"All vacant apartments to be opened for sleeping quarters for the unemployed.

"That a strict accounting be given to elected representatives of the unemployed workers of all money received locally and from the state for unemployment relief."

# L. L. D. CLASS TO START MONDAY. International Labor Defense class start on Monday, February 15, 7:30 p. m., at 50 E. 13th St., Room 203.

The purpose of this class is to acquaint the membership as well as outsiders with the history, organizational structure, aims and policies of the I. L. D., thus accomplishing the result of better understanding and consequently better consciousness and leadership in the ever increasing mass struggles against boss terror.

There will be included in the course the history of the class struggle, I. L. D. policies and construction, legal defense and organization. Registration will take place each evening at 799 Broadway, Room 410.

# Our Harvest Was Good Says Young Pioneer from Soviet F a r m

Dear Comrades:— We have neither landlords nor capitalists in the USSR. Our country is governed by the Soviets. We have enough clothes, shoes and plenty of food. All our children go to school. The harvest was good.

We live in the kolchoz "Rastvet." We plough with tractors and read with reaping machines. We are building new factories and plants.

The women work only 3 to 4 hours a day. The sick women are given a leave of 1 to 2 months.

VERA KLOKOVA. —A Young Pioneer.

ment, rough faces paled, eyes sparkled proudly. These people were proud that they had lived through so much that was terrible and degrading, and now all that had been left behind like a nightmare."

# EVERYBODY'S WELCOME

The new musical comedy hit, with FRANCES WILLIAMS, "ACME SEAW." ANN PENNINGTON, HARRIETT LAKE, SHUBERT Place, 44th St., W. of 45th Eves. 8:30, Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

# "CHINA SPEAKS"

Authentic Motion Picture of China and Her Side of the Conflict

—A L S O— TOLSTOY'S Immortal Drama "POWER OF DARKNESS" with MOSCOW ART THEA. PLAYERS

# ACME THEATRE

14th Street and Union Square. Popular prices—Midnight show Sat. Last Day "CAIN" Story of a Modern Robinson Crusoe

# Frederick Douglas Memorial Meet on Friday, February 12

NEW YORK.—In line with the program of reviving the revolutionary traditions of the Negro masses, the League of Struggle for Negro Rights will hold a Frederick Douglas Memorial Meeting on Friday evening, February 12, at the St. Luke's Hall, 127 West 130th St.

Although committing several mistakes in his lifetime, Frederick Douglas was nevertheless a fearless fighter against chattel slavery and for the emancipation of the Negro masses. Speakers at the meeting will point out his mistakes but will also tell of his services to the cause of Negro liberation. Speakers include Richard B. Moore and Harold Williams.

As part of the program of the Memorial Meet there will be mass recitation, dramatizing the Scottsboro case.

# YONKERS FEB. 4 DELEGATION TO SEE MAYOR AGAIN Will Call Another Demonstration

YONKERS, N. Y.—A delegation of 15, elected at the Feb. 4 demonstration here for unemployment relief, will see Mayor Joseph P. Loehr, who "was not in" when 600 workers demonstrated for unemployment insurance.

Another demonstration is being arranged to back up the delegation. The 20,000 unemployed in Yonkers are demanding: "Unemployment relief of \$15 a week for every unemployed worker starting with the first day of unemployment and \$5 for each dependent. That this immediate relief be given to every worker, whether or not he has lived in Yonkers for over two years.

"That this relief be paid in cash and not in scrip, i. e., groceries for which twice the amount is charged for than can be bought in any other grocery store that is not under direct contract of the local authorities.

"That this cash relief be paid also to single men and that no discrimination be used against Negro workers.

"Free lunches and carfare for the school children of the unemployed.

"Endorsement of the unemployment insurance bill, equal to full wages, at the expense of the bosses and bankers.

"No evictions of the unemployed and general reduction of 20 per cent in rents up to \$50.

"Free light, heat and gas for the entire period of unemployment.

"All vacant apartments to be opened for sleeping quarters for the unemployed.

"That a strict accounting be given to elected representatives of the unemployed workers of all money received locally and from the state for unemployment relief."

# AMUSEMENTS

## 2ND BIG WEEK!

### Soviet Russia's First Talkie

# "ROAD TO LIFE"

DRAMA OF THE HOMELESS WAIFS (TITLES IN ENGLISH)

THE CAMEO 42nd Street and B'way All Seats 25c to 1 P. M. 25c

# THE THEATRE GUILD presents EUGENE O'NEILL'S Trilogy

## Mourning Becomes Electra

Composed of 3 plays presented on 1 day: HOMECOMING, THE HUNTED, THE HAUNTED. Commencing at 8:30 sharp. Dinner intermission of one hour at 1. No Mats. GUILD THEA. 522 St. W. of B'way

# THE THEATRE GUILD presents REUNION IN VIENNA

A Comedy. By ROBERT E. SHERWOOD. Martin Beck THEA. 45th St. & 8 Ave. Eves. 8:40 Mats. Thurs-Sat. 2:40

# QUEENIE SMITH in A LITTLE RACKETEER

The New Musical Comedy Hit! BEST DANCING SHOW IN TOWN! 44th St. THEATRE, West of B'way Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

# HIPPODRONE

8th Ave. & 43rd St. BIGGEST SHOW IN NEW YORK WARNER OLAND in "Charlie Chan's Chance"

# Tighten Rule of Union Dictators Over Carpenters

NEW YORK.—Starvation, dictatorship and sell-out is the lot of the bricklayer these days. The little work that there still is given out to the henchmen of the union fakers or else the pay on abs is cut down to a minimum. All attempts of the rank and file to establish some system of equitable distribution of work have been resisted bitterly by the favorites and the international clique.

When they saw that the rank and file carpenters were taking steps to put an end to this, they set up a complete dictatorship in the union. The already weak and boss-ridden New York Executive Committee has been deprived of all power by the appointment by the International Union Board of two lame ducks. These two were defeated by large majorities in their own local but were hand-picked to rule over the entire New York organization and to keep the rank and file from fighting for their own interests.

To cap the climax last week, the bosses agents sent a circular letter to all locals of the International Union peddling the old lies about conciliation arbitration, etc. With a wage cut starting the bricklayers in the face, the workers wonder how the I. U. Executive Board which kept the bricklayers from enforcing their demands for better conditions can keep the bosses from violating their policy of "arbitration." Arbitration is a boss weapon devised by the bosses and their agents in the union. Bricklayers must face the situation squarely. They must unite against the united front of the bosses and the reactionary officialdom of the union.

# PLANES TO BOMB URUGUAYAN REDS

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay.—In an attempt to drown in blood the revolutionary movement of Uruguay the government has sent five military airplanes to bomb Northern Uruguay and is arresting all workingclass leaders. Already 30 have been arrested in Montevideo.

The government trying to justify this mass murder of the workers and peasants has created a scare of mysterious plots to blow up the water works, power plants, banks and everything else. The newspapers are helping in the situation by reporting alleged shipments of arms brought to light by the minister to Germany.

The fact is that the wide-spread unemployment and misery in the colonies of American imperialism which has brought on the recent revolts in Chile and Salvador has scared the rulers of that small country. They are using the opportunity to demand deportation of foreign born workers, stricter immigration laws and practical suppression of the Communist movement which has made great progress in Uruguay.

The capitalist press reports that the government has confined the troops to the barracks. This is because of the sympathy the soldiers have for the struggles of the workers and the government fears fraternization between the armed forces and the masses.

The British capitalists have about \$201,000,000 invested in that country, those of the United States \$81,000,000. All suppressive activities are undertaken with the approval of these two nations.

# N.A.A.C.P. Aid in Bomb Plot Bogey Hurts Scottsboro Case

A slashing, underhand attack on the Scottsboro boys printed in the Chattanooga News, one of the most rabid Negro-hating newspapers of the South, is given place of honor as "This Week's Editorial" in the last news release of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

The N.A.A.C.P. release quotes the News' comment on a "bomb plot" to kill the governor of Alabama and other officials, obviously concocted by Chattanooga newspapers and now ascribed to "International Labor Defense propaganda." The purpose of this "bomb plot propaganda," according to the News and the N.A.A.C.P., is to "make martyrs of the boys" and arouse "offensive appeals to racial prejudice."

The newspaper praises the N.A.A.C.P. for attempting to make the boys accept the legal counsel of Roderick Beddow of Birmingham, Ala., who recently secured by every trick and race-hate appeal the conviction of Willie Peterson, universally considered framed on the charge of murdering two white women. The N.A.A.C.P. publicity release does not state that this same Chattanooga News

# SMALL GROCERIES HELP SEND FOOD TO KY. STRIKERS

Tag Days Set for Feb. 13th and 14th

NEW YORK.—Indicating the willingness of workers and small store owner to rally to the aid of the hungry striking miners and their families if but approached is the fact that the truck drivers and salesmen and proprietor of the Allerton Ave. Grocery Store today donated 240 large cans of evaporated milk to the Kentucky-Tennessee Striking Miners Relief Campaign of the Workers International Relief.

Workers' organizations are urged to immediately lay plans for mass food collections in their neighborhoods. Truckloads of food can be gathered with little trouble as is proved by the experiences of Cincinnati comrades who are sending a steady stream of food into the hunger-terror areas of Kentucky.

Speed relief! Collect money for food! Organize the workers in your neighborhood, shop, and organization for the city-wide tag-day, February 13 and 14. New York workers are expected to play the major role in winning this strike for the working class!

# "POWER OF DARKNESS" AND "CHINA SPEAKS" AT ACME

Beginning Wednesday, the Acme Theatre, 14th St. and Union Square, will feature a double bill on its screen, consisting of "Power of Darkness," based on Tolstoy's drama, enacted by the Moscow Art Theatre players and "China Speaks," authentic motion pictures of China and her side of the conflict in Manchuria and China.

Build a workers correspondence group in your factory, shop or neighborhood. Send regular letters to the Daily Worker.

# See Who Advertises in Your Own Daily

**NEW MASSES**  
FEBRUARY 1933 - PRICE 15c

LET'S HAVE MORE CRIMINAL SYNDICALISM  
by SHERWOOD ANDERSON

A STORY... by MICHAEL GOLD  
1918... by JOHN DOS PASSOS  
THE CASE OF DIEGO RIVERA by Robert Ross

AT ALL WORKERS' BOOKSHOPS  
Subscription \$1.50 a Year  
NEW MASSES—63 W. 15th St., N. Y.

# Intern'l Workers Order

DENTAL DEPARTMENT  
1 UNION SQUARE  
5TH FLOOR  
All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

# SEROY

CHEMIST  
657 Allerton Avenue  
BRONX, N. Y.  
DI-2-7384

# Good Eats

UNIVERSITY DELICATESSEN  
100 University Place, N. Y. C.  
Telephone AL. 4-1307  
DELIVERIES ANYWHERE

# MELROSE DAIRY VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT

Comrades Will Always Find It Pleasant to Dine at Our Place.  
1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., BRONX  
(near 154th St. Station)  
TELEPHONE INTERVALE 9-8149

# Rational Vegetarian Restaurant

199 SECOND AVENUE  
bet. 12th and 13th Sts.  
Strictly Vegetarian Food

# LUNCH 35c; DINNER 50c

(For Comrades)  
Workers are members of FOOD WORKERS INDUSTRIAL UNION  
Part of receipts goes to I. L. D. and Workers School

# RED STAR

RUSSIAN MEALS  
For Poor Pocketbooks  
KAVKAZ  
332 E. 14th Street, N. Y. C.

Every shop, mine and factory a fertile field for Daily Worker subscriptions.

# THE WESTERN WORKER

Comes Out January 1st  
A fighter to organize and lead our struggles in the West  
RAISE FUNDS! BUILD IT! SUBSCRIBE NOW!

52 Issues \$2 26 Issues \$1 13 Issues 50c

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Street \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_  
Western Worker Campaign Committee  
15 FOURTH STREET, San Francisco, Calif.

# W. I. R. RELIEF KITCHENS TO BE SET UP FOR DRESS STRIKERS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

front strike of the dressmakers against common union, rotten conditions, gangsterism and for wage increases is not just a strike of the dressmakers, but a determined battle of every single worker against the increasingly miserable conditions existing in New York. Let every worker prove this to the dressmakers by taking part in the tag day and making it possible for every single striker to be fed on the picket lines. Bring your whole family into the tag day, wake up your whole house and neighborhood to the importance of this struggle and the part that relief will play in it. Forward to a tag day which will build a powerful strike chest for victorious strikes of the dressmakers and miners.

Workers' organizations are called upon to send out an immediate request for all active members to register at once for the tag day which will be held Saturday and Sunday, Feb. 13 and 14. All workers whose organizations are mobilizing for the tag days should report at once for full information and instructions. Unorganized workers and workers should immediately get in touch with the Workers' International Relief, 16 W. 21st St., New York City.

Comrade Taft of the W.I.R. Dress Strike Relief Committee, in making an appeal for mass co-operation of all workers, said today: "This united

front strike of the dressmakers against common union, rotten conditions, gangsterism and for wage increases is not just a strike of the dressmakers, but a determined battle of every single worker against the increasingly miserable conditions existing in New York. Let every worker prove this to the dressmakers by taking part in the tag day and making it possible for every single striker to be fed on the picket lines. Bring your whole family into the tag day, wake up your whole house and neighborhood to the importance of this struggle and the part that relief will play in it. Forward to a tag day which will build a powerful strike chest for victorious strikes of the dressmakers and miners.

# DEMONSTRATION FEB. 24 TO MARK 15th ANNIVERSARY OF DEATH SENTENCE AGAINST TOM MOONEY

NEW YORK.—Feb. 24th marks the 15th anniversary of the sentencing to death of Tom Mooney, the victim of one of capitalism's outstanding frame-ups against the labor movement.

On this date the New York district of the International Labor Defense will mobilize for a huge mass demonstration to take place at the Star Casino, 101 Seventh Street and Park Avenue.

The demonstration on February 24 will be an answer to Tom Mooney's latest appeal from his prison cell in which he again appeals to the United mass action of the whole working-class; realizing that this and this alone is the force which can bring about his liberation from prison.

The case of Tom Mooney stands out as a challenge to the whole working-class of the United States in its rights to organize and struggle against capitalism.

As part of this whole attack upon the working class stands the cases of Sacco and Vanzetti, the case of the 9 Scottsboro Negro boys, the recent attacks upon the miners in the state of Kentucky and of the hundreds of

our class war prisoners, rotting away in the bastilles of American capitalism.

Every possible force must be mobilized on this date; in the meantime telegrams and resolutions demanding the unconditional release of Tom Mooney must be sent to the governor of California who today is "under advisement" on the freedom of Tom Mooney.

# To Hold Big Marine Dance at Manhattan Lyceum Fri., Feb. 12

NEW YORK.—The Waterfront Section of the Communist Party is making big preparations for a dance and entertainment to be held at the Manhattan Lyceum, Feb. 12, to raise funds for the upkeep of the New Marine Workers Center on the waterfront. Everything possible is being done by the boys and girls of the waterfront section to make the dance a real shipshape, nautical and revolutionary affair.

The Youth Dramatic Section of the International Workers Order is rehearsing a first rate sea-going play, which will be one of the main features. There will be loads of other entertainment and plenty to eat.

All hands to the Manhattan Lyceum Friday night at 8 p. m. Enjoy yourselves and help build a strong Waterfront Section.

# Workers Correspondence is the backbone of the revolutionary press. Build your press by writing for it

Unit 2C Calls Upon Other Units to Raise Funds for "Daily"

To raise money for the Daily Worker, Unit 2c, Section 1, N. Y., voted on Tuesday to hold a party on Saturday night. At the party, \$10.55 was raised in cash. This sum was in the hands of the District Office by Sunday afternoon.

Besides this amount, \$3.00 was raised by collection at the Unit meeting on Tuesday, and 50 more cents is pledged.

Unit 2c calls upon all units to act as quickly. Run affairs. Raise funds right away.

What is your unit doing?  
Every shop, mine and factory a fertile field for Daily Worker subscriptions

# What's On—

TUESDAY  
The newly organized East Flatbush Branch of the F.S.U. will have a meeting at 321 E. 93rd St., Brooklyn, at 8 p. m. All workers are invited.

Volunteers are urgently needed by the F.S.U. to distribute leaflets for Anti-War Meeting to be held on Thursday, Feb. 11. All comrades who can spare some time to distribute leaflets in their neighborhood should call at the F.S.U. office at 222 E. 79th Broadway, Room 235.

David Lurie of the Anti-Imperialist League will speak on "Latin America in Revolt" at the American Youth Club, 13 Thattford Ave., Brooklyn, at 8 p. m. All workers are invited.

The Carl Sklar Youth Branch of the I.L.D. will meet at 8:30 p. m. at 1400 Boston Road, Bronx. There will be a discussion on the Scottsboro case. Admission free.

The Red Front has mobilized all its members to co-operate with the F.S.U. for the anti-war mass meeting to be held Thursday, Feb. 11, at St. Nicholas Arena, 69 W. 46th St. All members to report as early as possible.

WEDNESDAY  
There will be a lecture at the Alford Levy Branch of the I.L



# Party Recruiting Drive

January 11 - March 18, 1932

## TO THE EXPLOITED AND OPPRESSED NEGRO TOILERS, CLOSE RANKS! JOIN THE COMMUNIST PARTY!

The American working class is faced with a severe economic crisis. Twelve million people are wholly without employment. Forty million persons are without a means of livelihood and other millions are working part time, barely making enough to exist on. Wages are being slashed daily. The hours of working are lengthened. The speed-up system increases. The government and police terror against the toiling masses becomes more brutal and barbarous. As the crisis deepens the militancy of the workers is reflected in strike struggles which the bosses and their governments attempt to crush in terror and blood.

In this savage offensive of the bosses to get out of the crisis, the Negro toilers are the worst sufferers. The political reaction of the bourgeoisie against the Negroes takes its sharpest form. They systematically violate their own laws (democratic rights, 13, 14 and 15th amendments) with the rope and gag of lynch mobs, with the torrents of legal lynching and the horrors of Jim Crow laws to drive into the lowest depths of economic and political despair the Negro masses. Every organized and unorganized attempt of the Negro masses to resist the tightening yoke of oppression is met with lynchings, lynch frame-ups, shooting down by uniform thugs and semi-feudal terror from the capitalists, their henchmen, and fascist organizations.

The struggle of the Negro masses for liberation at every hand is met by the cold steel of the white ruling class landlords and capitalists. In the Black Belt of the South, American "democracy" enslaves close to nine million Negroes on peonage and share cropping farms. Every elemental democratic right guaranteed by the federal constitution is consistently denied the Negro masses. Chain gang, debt slavery, convict labor, whippings, medieval torture, the multiple horrors accompanying tenancy and peonage, midnight rides of "pure blood Americans" (Ku Klux Klan, American Legion, Black Shirts, etc.) and increased lynchings, spell in capital letters "DEMOCRACY" endorsed and condoned by every political and reactionary body, black and white, except the Communists and the revolutionary organizations of struggle.

The iron clutch of American imperialism which holds in subjection the Negro masses can be broken. Equal rights for the Negroes in the North and national self-determination for the majority of the Negro population in the Black Belt can be gotten but only through revolutionary struggles under the leadership of the Communist Party.

The programs of the reformists and misleaders turn the militant struggles of the Negro masses into channels harmless to the imperialists and their agents. Every avenue of escape from the barbarous yoke of oppression becomes a road, under reactionary reformist leadership, to carry the ruling minority class to a fortress of safety guarded by their cossacks and thugs armed to the teeth to plunder and rob the toilers and to drown in blood the growing struggles of the Negro masses.

The Communist Party is the leader of the struggles of the workers against the savage political reaction of the bourgeoisie. In the struggle against lynching it is only the Communists who are actively engaged in mobilizing masses of workers, white and black, to protest and demonstrate against this barbarous pastime of the American bosses.

The struggle to free the nine framed Scottsboro boys, the Orphan Jones case, etc., are major political campaigns of the Party to draw into the mass defense movement and into the ranks of the Negro liberation movement thousands of white workers to struggle together with the Negroes against oppression. In Camp Hill, Ala., the determined struggles of the Negro share croppers against the starvation plans of the plantation bosses were supported by the Communist Party. In the struggle against unemployment and the mass eviction of Negro workers (Chicago and Cleveland) Communists were actively engaged in building up the mass movement which forced the capitalists of the cities to give certain amounts of relief to the Negro jobless. The National Hunger March to Washington, D. C., of 1,650 of which a fourth were Negroes, proved the vitality of the Communist program of full equality for the Negro in smashing Jim Crow barriers all along the lines of march and in the capital. Recent strikes of the miners in Kentucky, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and West Virginia, proved conclusively the correctness of the Communist program of unity of black and white in strike struggles to force concessions from the coal barons.

The Party is the leader in the fight against unemployment, mass wage cuts, the worsening conditions of the toilers and against the immediate war danger. It mobilized the workers, black and white, to stubbornly resist the attempts of the bosses to drive them into another war to slaughter their brother workers in order to prolong the rule of the reigning parasites over the laboring masses. It is the leader of all oppressed national minority groups in the colonial countries, the West Indies and America, against the iron rule of the imperialist bosses.

The only solution to the wretched conditions of the Negro masses is the Communist program of struggle—full equality for the Negroes in the North can be obtained only after a relentless struggle of the black and white proletariat against the bourgeoisie. The right of national self-determination for the Negroes in the Black Belt can be realized by revolutionary struggles, with the white workers in the forefront, by the confiscation of the landed properties of the southern big landlords, by taking the power away from the imperialists (who use it to suppress the Negro majority in the Black Belt) and placing it in the hands of the black workers and peasants.

The recruiting campaign of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, U. S. A., is a drive to bring into the fighting ranks of the workers larger numbers of Negroes and whites, native and foreign born, to give mass resistance to the increased political reaction of the imperialists against the toiling masses.

Negro toilers, this is your Party! Join its ranks! Build a fighting solidarity of Negro and white workers! Build the Negro liberation movement! For unconditional equal rights of the Negro masses! For the right of national self-determination of the Negro population which is the majority in the Black Belt of the South! Close ranks with the advanced sections of the white workers! Join the Communist Party—the Party of your class!

CENTRAL COMMITTEE, C. P., U. S. A.

### District 19, CPUSA.

Dear Comrades: In the spirit of revolutionary competition we accept your challenge in the Party recruiting drive. We pledge ourselves to secure our quota of 200 new Party members before March 18th. We also pledge that through carrying on work among the exploited Negro masses to draw into the Communist Party 30 Negro workers during this period, and to recruit 25 women workers from among the working women and housewives. We further pledge to set up 4 shop nuclei and to establish two shop papers. In the Drive we set ourselves a special quota of 150 new subs to the Daily Worker, a 50 per cent increase in dues payments and a 100 per cent in total stamps purchased. We invite you to an exchange of experiences in the drive and assure you that with the same revolutionary spirit in which your challenge is accepted will help you in every way to aid you in realizing your quota. With revolutionary greetings,

District Committee, Dist. No. 10

### DULUTH SECTION OF MINNEAPOLIS DISTRICT CHALLENGES ST. PAUL SECTION

At last we are able to start some kind of revolutionary competition with two of our important sections, the Duluth Section of our Party has challenged the St. Paul section and following is a copy of the challenge:—

- 1.—That we will double our membership in the City of Duluth during this drive and challenge you to do the same in St. Paul.
- 2.—That we will organize a functioning shop unit into the Gary steel plant and challenge you to do the same in So. St. Paul Packing Plants.
- 3.—That we will recruit more railroad, steel, and dock workers into the Party in Duluth than you will form your basic industries during this drive.
- 4.—That we will recruit more A. F. of L. members into the Party in Duluth, and that we will build fractions in the unemployed branches and in the unemployed council and challenge you to do the same.

## ON THE ROAD TO HANKOW



News Item:—The Chinese Red Army of workers and peasants has advanced to within five miles of Hankow.

## The Role of Church in Strikes

(From the Pamphlet, "The Church and the Workers," Published by the International Publishers, Price 10 cents.)

CHURCHES can always be expected to take the side of the employers against the workers during strikes. For money speaks. The employers give the property, build the churches, hire the ministers, pay their salaries and take care of other church expenses. They dominate the churches and the clergymen completely and use them as they do the schools and school teachers to develop loyalty to the capitalist class. The zeal of clergymen in defeating strikes is, however, usually more than that of persons who realize that they must act in a certain way to retain their jobs. They thoroughly identify themselves with the capitalist class against the workers.

During the textile strike in Lawrence, Mass., led by the I.W.W. in 1912, church members paraded against the strikers with placards reading, "For God and for Country—The Stars and the Stripes Forever—The Red Flag Never." In the great steel strike, led by William Z. Foster in 1919, not one prominent minister in the steel region spoke out in favor of the strikers, while many used as sermons the prepared publicity material of the companies and brought pressure to bear upon the workers to desert the strike. The churches' betrayal of the masses was so obvious that after the strike the Interchurch World Movement led by church "liberals," to retain the church's hold upon the masses, published a report revealing the conditions that led to the strike. This was promptly repudiated by the large church bodies who withdrew from the organization causing it to collapse and showing more clearly than ever the control of the capitalists over the churches. Another large report, openly supporting the employers, was then issued, endorsed by churchmen, denouncing the first report as being financed by Soviet gold.

On the day the Seattle general strike was called, in 1919, one hundred church delegates in convention in Seattle, in their attempt to stir up sentiment against the strikers, issued a statement resolving that the church "deplores the spirit of strike and confusion; that it commends to all men the solution of all social problems by the simple application of the principles enunciated by, and of the spirit of the life and teachings of Jesus Christ." Before and during the strike the churches did everything in their power to break the militant spirit of the workers by urging their members not to participate. They violently denounced the leaders of the strike as being in the pay of Moscow. During the many miners' strikes in Pennsylvania and Illinois, leaders of the strikers also had to meet the strenuous opposition of the priests and Protestant ministers, who acted as strike-breaking agents, imploring the workers to return to the pits at reduced wages.

The Passaic strike in 1926 again illustrates the insidious role of the churches. Organizers found the local churchmen almost unanimously lined up against them, using their influence especially over the foreign-born to break the strike. The church "liberals" who came in to give some support to the strike actually directed their efforts toward arriving at a compromise through arbitration. Their plea was for the classes to come together "in conference," a procedure typical of "liberal" church agencies. In order to counteract the influence of the radical strike leaders in Passaic, the Department of Christian Social Service of the Episcopal Church supported, by a large money contribution, a special propaganda campaign after the strike conducted by an ex-minister who later was put on the payroll of the American Federation of Labor.

In the textile strikes of the South, the hostility of the churches toward the workers has been most intense. Everywhere in the cotton mill towns, such as Gastonia, Marion and Bessemer City, N.C., local churches were active in undermining the fighting spirit of the strikers. In Gastonia, the churchmen incited hostility against the strikers among the more backward elements of the workers to break their ranks in their fight against the mill owners. They helped the employers to stir up mob hatred against the strikers which culminated in the killing of Ella May Wiggins, an active union worker and mother of five. In Marion, N.C., and Danville, Va., where the strikes were under conservative leadership, local churches were nevertheless rabid against the strikers. In Marion they attempted to force the desertion of 100 strikers by dropping them from church membership. In both instances, outside "liberal" church agencies entered and furnished strike relief to alienate dissent. They raised funds for this relief from among capitalists on the grounds that they were preventing violence and keeping the workers orderly.

In the most recent strike of the textile workers in Lawrence, in February, 1931, when 10,000 workers, under the leadership of the National

Textile Workers' Union, tied up the plants of the American Woolen Co. in a struggle against an "efficiency" system which meant greater speed-up for the workers, a Catholic priest called upon the strikers, the large majority of whom were Catholics, to meet in conference with him and come to terms with the employers. Resolutions against the strike were also passed by a body of Protestant ministers. In co-operation with a "citizens' committee" and the American Woolen Co., the priest carried on an energetic campaign with the slogans: "Labor and capital must get together," "Go back to work," "The American Woolen Co. is honest." When the strikers voted to refuse the invitation to a conference, the churches acquiesced in the campaign of terror unleashed against the strikers by the police, city and federal government, which resulted in the arrest and deportation proceedings against the strike leaders, the raiding of the union offices and intimidation and brutality against the strikers. Church bells were rung when the workers went back to work. Weeks after the strike, outside "liberal" church agencies protested against the police terror in an effort to save the reputation of the church among the workers.

When "liberal" churchmen enter a strike situation they aim to curb the militancy of the strikers by encouraging a spirit of compromise and arousing false hopes of a favorable settlement. At a time when the workers are on strike because of the intolerable conditions under which they must work, these clergymen declare that

the employers are their friends, that there is no class struggle, and that "mutual interests" should lead to compromise.

Just as the churches participate in strike activity against the workers directly and indirectly, so too have they functioned in other phases of the class struggle. When the I.W.W. protected their hall in Centralia, Wash., and defended themselves against the assault of the American Legion mob instigated by the lumber barons, and were put on trial for the death of four of their attackers, the clergymen of Washington helped to whip up hysteria against them. The First Christian Church of Centralia and its minister contributed toward the funds for the prosecution of the men. Eleven years after the event a joint investigation to determine whether "justice" had been done in the case was undertaken by leading church groups which failed to make positive recommendations for the release of the workers.

Only after 15 years had passed did a hundred ministers issue a typically weak statement asking for the release of Mooney and Billings. The churches have been absolutely silent in the case of Frank Spector and other organizers who are imprisoned by the powerful fruit growers' interests of California, because they attempted to organize the miserably exploited Mexican agricultural workers of the Imperial Valley. The vast majority of church men asked for the death of Sacco and Vanzetti and when on August 24, 1930, Communist speakers were arrested on Boston Common for attempting to hold a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting, a Catholic Truth Guild speaker, permitted by the police to address the crowd, declared, "Whenever these Reds start action in this country they will find the Catholics in the front ranks oppping them."

## The Banruptcy of the Brandler Group in Germany

By PAUL LANGNER (Berlin)

THE Brandler group, which calls itself the Communist Party Opposition but in reality is only a branch of the social democracy, this moderate wing of fascism, is rapidly breaking up. "Arbeiterpolitik," the daily paper of the group appearing in Berlin ceased to appear as a daily at the end of January and now continues only as a weekly paper. On January 12, the prominent Brandlerists, Jacob Walcher, Paul Froelich, Koehler, Enderle, Rosi Wolfstein, Dr. Karl Frank and some other members were expelled from the group.

The decay of the Brandler group is the immediate result of the intensification of the class antagonisms and class struggles in Germany, as well as of the correct policy of the C. P. of Germany under the leadership of its Bolshevik Central Committee. The decay of the Brandler group is the direct reflection of the crisis within the social democratic party of Germany, of which the Brandler group is only a branch.

The quarrel between Thalheimer and Brandler on the one side and Walcher, Froelich and Enderle on the other, regarding the methods best calculated to keep the workers from entering the Communist Party, became an open conflict at the moment of the founding of the Socialist Labor Party (Seydewitz group).

The group headed by Walcher openly propagated the liquidation of the Communist Party Opposition and its incorporation in the Socialist Labor Party in order, allegedly, to convert this counter-revolutionary branch of the social democracy into a Communist Party. Thalheimer and Brandler rightly feared that the liquidation of their group and its merging with the socialist labor party would be bound to result in the greater part of their proletarian followers going over to the Communist Party; for such a step would cause the workers to recognize the correctness of the Communist Party's assertion that the Brandler group plays a counter-revolutionary role. On the other hand, the intensification of class antagonisms forces the Walcher group to act.

The development within the Brandler group is accelerated by the constantly declining influence of this group in the working class. According to a report of the "Arbeiterpolitik," the general meeting of the Communist Party Opposition in Berlin was attended by only 197 members, although both fractions had mobilized all their members in order to have the majority at this meeting. According to a report of "Gegen den Strom," the "theoretical organ" of the Brandler group, in Frankfurt, the second largest town in Germany, there were only 42 people present at the members meeting of the C. P. Opposition.

The fight within the C. P. Opposition is by no means confined to the national leaders. The fraction fight is raging in all parts of Germany. In some districts the Walcher group has the ma-

majority, as for instance in Offenbach, where the newspaper "Volksrecht," edited by the reformist trade union bureaucrat Galm, has already gone over to the Walcher group. In Hamburg a decision was adopted according to which Brandler is not allowed to speak at a public meeting unless a representative of the minority is allowed to deliver a speech at the same time.

The Walcher group is openly working for affiliation to the Socialist labor party and for the liquidation of the Communist Party Opposition. It is already holding joint fraction meetings with S. L. P. people. A leading functionary of this group has already joined the socialist labor party.

The differences of opinion which have now led to the open bankruptcy and decay of the Brandler group, in no way relate to any principle. Brandler is conducting an equally furious fight against the Communist Party as is the Walcher group. Now, at the moment when the workers are opposing the emergency orders with the weapon of the strike, both fractions are showing themselves to be branches of the social democratic party and of the reformist trade union bureaucracy. They conceal their shameful role of strike breakers behind the radical phrase that the only answer of the workers to the emergency orders must be the "general strike." This general strike, they declare, must be led by the reformist trade unions.

The "Left" socialist labor party leaders, Seydewitz and Rosenfeld, are singing the same tune. A huge number of reformist trade union bureaucrats in Germany are at present peddling round with the slogan of a "general strike" in order, at the present moment when it is necessary to mobilize the working class against wage cuts, to divert attention from their shameful strike-breaking policy.

"The Arbeiterpolitik" writes that the essence of the united front consists in compelling the reformist trade union leaders to lead the fight of the working class, whilst the socialist labor party calls for the setting up of the united front by the joint action of the Communist Party, the socialist labor party, the Brandler group, the social democratic party and the reformist trade unions. That is to say, the united front with Wels, Severing, Grzesinski, Zoergel, etc. The fact that the Brandler group held a joint meeting with the socialist labor party and the miserable remnants of the Trotsky group shows that the standpoint of the Brandler group in regard to the "united front" is quite reconcilable with that of the socialist labor party.

Also in regard to the question of the Red Trade Union Opposition, the formation of a revolutionary trade union movement and the setting up of strike committees for launching and leading strikes of the workers there exists a united front from Wels to Brandler. This front wishes to liquidate the R.T.U.O., because it does not wish

**Red Sparks**  
By JORGE

## Defending the "Foreign Quarter"

A headline in the capitalist press the other day, saying that "All Troops in Foreign Quarter Mobilized," was, of course, referring to Shanghai. But Shanghai's "foreign quarter," taken by violent seizure of the imperialists from the Chinese, reminds us that there is a "foreign quarter" in every American city also.

True, it has not been taken by such an obviously bloody game as war and conquest, but the bloodshed and violence and war are there, all right, under the surface. We refer to the "ritzy" parts of town where live the rich in practically every sizeable city of America, a place apart from the working class districts.

Walk along the little park on the north end of the Shanghai "bund" and you will see the sign on the park gate: "Chinese and dogs prohibited." And the whole "foreign quarter" is established and administered so as to keep out the Chinese except for those who may play servant to the resident imperialists, to exclude the toiling masses, doomed to hunger, misery and disease because they are exploited by these imperialists.

How like to the "exclusive districts" of American cities! Here live the rich, and they permit the nursemaids, the servants, the butcher, baker and candle-stick maker who are necessary to the existence in idleness of these rich, to enter and remain in the sacred precincts. There isn't any sign visible, but the rule is enforced, all right:—"Workers and stray dogs, prohibited." Indeed, not many blocks from the Daily Worker there is Grammercy Park, where the gates are locked and only the rich people of the neighborhood have keys!

It is not surprising, therefore, that when workers get out of bounds and invade the "foreign quarter," American capitalist mobilizes its defense forces to compel the exploited masses to "get back to their kennels" in the slums. For this reason, Walter Carpenter, a 20-year-old boy was sentenced by Judge Well here in New York City, to six months in jail for the "crime" of hanging around the "ritzy" theatre district, trying to make a dime or two in tips by opening taxi-doors for the grand dames of society, he being a young worker out of a job.

It is not surprising, therefore, to learn that another young worker, who got into the "foreign quarter" on Park Avenue, New York, and—being jobless and starving, entered a rich woman's flat and took just one apple, got a job of fifteen years in the penitentiary. Somebody protested. So the capitalist judge, to show he was "big-hearted," cut the sentence to five years. At this rate, the apples core alone was worth about 18 months at hard labor.

Workers should learn to see such things. They should learn to see, right under their noses, the imperialist invaders and looters; the capitalist "foreigners" who certainly look down upon the workers as a different race and nation than themselves, as servants when they are needed, and as trespassers, vagrants and "disorderly elements" when they are not included.

When you savvy that, you'll do nothing but cheer when the Chinese workers "invade the foreign quarter" at Shanghai or Hankow; and you'll be getting ready for the day when American workers will "seize the foreign quarter" and make playgrounds for their kids out of the mansions of the rich.

## LABOR SPIES EXPOSED IN A NEW PAMPHLET

By GRACE HUTCHINS.

EVER since the Pinkertons in the 1870's first planted a spy at the request of coal operators in Pennsylvania in their class war against the "Molly Maguires," spying on workers' organizations has been part of employers' tactics against the working class.

Spying on labor has become a well-organized system, and this system is now carefully described in a new pamphlet, "Spying on Workers," by Robert W. Dunn, prepared by the Labor Research Association and published by International Pamphlets. It reads like a detective story, but it is a true account of the rats, stool-pigeons and provocative agents, paid by the employers, either directly or through spy agencies, to give information on the workers' organizations.

How the system works; types of spies and agencies; hiring and training the "operative" with exact quotations from typical instructions given to the spy; the names of a hundred corporations among the many that employ spies; government spying on labor; American Federation of Labor officials spying on the Left Wing; these are some of the sections in this important and valuable booklet.

A photo-stated copy of a letter on U.S. Department of Justice stationery, signed by William J. Burns, is included. Burns, as head of the Wm. J. Burns International Detective Agency, was promoting his private business on government stationery and was busily engaged in suppressing "some of the activities of the radicals." The letter shows clearly the close connection between private spy agencies and the federal government, especially the Department of Justice, for which Congressman Fish is now demanding additional appropriations for undercover men.

"Spying on Workers" ends with an analysis of methods to be used by workers in fighting the capitalist spy system, with a practical account of steps to be taken when the presence of a stool-pigeon is suspected. "Rats must be ferreted out and gotten rid of, in any way possible. But more important is to make the forgers of the workers—the mass organizations—so strong that the nibblings of the rats cannot undermine them." Organization will beat the spy.

"Spying on Workers," by Robert W. Dunn, International Pamphlet. Price 10 cents.

the workers to defend themselves immediately with the strike weapon against the increased exploitation and oppression. The only difference between the Brandler group and the Walcher group is that the Walcher group wishes to combat the R.T.U.O. with the same methods that the reformist trade union bureaucracy and the S. P. leaders employ, whilst the Brandler group wishes to form a united front with the R.T.U.O. "for the purpose of liquidating the R.T.U.O."

These maneuvers will not arrest the decay and the complete bankruptcy of all counter-revolutionary branches of the social democratic party. History sweeps over them. Under the leadership of the Communist Party of Germany, the proletarian united front of the fight against the fascist emergency decrees of big capital will be set up.