

## CHINESE WAR LORDS IN NEW PROVOCATION ON U. S. S. R.

### Extend Union Organization as Defense in Gastonia Frame-up

#### ROACH, GILBERT IN GRAND JURY OVER GUN PLAY

Manville-Jenckes Tells Its Gunmen to be More Brutal

#### Another I.L.D. Lawyer

Workers Reject Loray Mill Owners' Bribe

#### BULLETIN.

GASTONIA, N. C., July 17.—The mill owners' "committee of 100" called a meeting last night at the school house, at which 500 were present. When volunteers were called for to raid the strikers' tent colony, only 50 responded. So they gave up the plan temporarily.

The United Press correspondent here quotes a deputy sheriff as telling him that some of the police in the raid, June 7, when the shooting took place, were drunk and looking for trouble. "There is not a person to blame for the death of Aderholt," this deputy stated, "but the mayor. He is an owner of cotton mills and was afraid that the strike would spread."

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 17.—The grand jury of Mecklenburg County is today examining witnesses in connection with bills charging the gunman Roach and Gilbert, a Gastonia policeman, with assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill. The charges were given the grand jury yesterday by Gastonia City Solicitor John Carpenter by order of Judge Shaw.

The charges are based on affidavits given the International Labor (Continued on Page Two)

#### N. Y. Workers Join Protest Against Plot to Attack USSR

That the workers of New York City will add their voices in no uncertain tones to the swelling roar of world working class protest against the imperialist plot to use the mercenary Manchurian and White Guard troops as a flying column behind which to hurl their home forces upon the Soviet Union was indicated by reports coming from the Anti-Imperialist War Day Committee yesterday.

Thousands of leaflets calling for the defense of the Fatherland of the Workers and urging all militant toilers to stream forth to the city-wide outdoor mass meetings on Friday night are being distributed, the committee announces.

These street assemblies, which

#### RIGHT OF SELFDEFENSE

##### Article 3—Homestead

By VERN SMITH.

The Homestead steel strike, and the attempted frame-up that followed it, was an answer in more ways than one to the Haymarket prosecution.

In a strike of unexampled militancy the steel workers showed that they were not intimidated by the execution a few years before of four strikers' leaders in Chicago. And in answer to the theory worked out by Judge Gary, the corner stone of the frame-up system, that in hanging a labor leader, legally, it is not necessary to prove he actually committed an overt act, the Homestead defense rested on the grounds that when a strike meeting is attacked strikers can fight in self-defense, and when once the battle is joined, do not necessarily have to remain on the defensive. No

judge has ever admitted this principle, but wherever the working class has sufficiently mobilized the principle has stood.

Those "Tractable" Toilers. Homestead in 1892 was already a steel town. The Carnegie Steel Co. in 1886 (Haymarket year) had bought the Klamans mill, on the banks of the Monongahela. There were 4,000 workers in its Homestead mills by the year of the strike. They were of the class known favorably to employers (as in Gastonia) as "docile."

Some time before, Captain Jones, an official of the Edgar Thompson Works (owned by Carnegie at the time of the strike), had said:

"My experience has shown that Germans, Irish, Swedes and 'buckwheats' (young American country (Continued on Page Two)

#### Gastonia Defense Meet Will Be Attended By Worker Body Delegates

Many working class organizations are now electing delegates for the big city-wide conference for the defense of the Gastonia frame-up victims, to be held in Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place, Friday evening, July 26, at 8 o'clock. The conference has been called by the New York District of the International Labor Defense.

A number of organizations have already sent in their credentials and all others are urged to send them in as quickly as possible to the New York office of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway, Room 422.

#### TAMMANY HALL EXPOSED BY C. P. MAYOR NOMINEE

#### Exposes Roosevelt and Walker in Fakery

William W. Weinstone, candidate for mayor of New York City on the Communist ticket, today issued an expose of the Roosevelt and Walker government and its attempt to make political capital out of the fake stoppage of the Schlesinger company union by pretending to be interested in the welfare of the needle trades workers.

"Governor Roosevelt is following in the footsteps of Governor Smith's commission that is responsible for putting over reorganization and for beginning the bloody war of destruction of the cloakmakers' union," Weinstone said.

"Governor Roosevelt, Lieutenant Governor Lehman and Mayor Walker are fastening new chains of slavery upon the tens of thousands of needle trades workers of New (Continued on Page Three)

### Workers of America! Defend the Soviet Union!

Stand By the Workers and Peasants of the USSR Against Imperialist War Provocations! Prepare for the Anti-War Strikes and Demonstrations on August First!

The imperialists of the world that have for years been forging an iron ring of military powers around the Soviet Union are now moving definitely toward war against the government of workers and peasants. The insolent provocations, the stealing of the Chinese Eastern Railway, the arrest, imprisonment, deportations of Soviet managers and workers, the massing of tens of thousands of troops on the Manchurian border, are part of the imperialist drive that is now launched to destroy the revolution in the domain of the former czars and let loose a reign of terror and mass murder unparalleled in history.

The imperialist butchers have instructed their hirelings at the head of the Kuo Min-tang government of China to strike the first blow in Manchuria on the Siberian frontier in the hope of diverting forces of the Red Army from the Finnish, Polish and Roumanian border, so that European reaction can strike a blow on the Western front. British forces have been mobilizing for months in India awaiting an opportunity to drive northward into the land of the Soviets in Middle Asia.

In spite of the fundamental imperialist antagonisms between the two giant powers, the United States and Great Britain, in spite of the conflicts between France and Britain, Italy and France, Italy and Jugo-slavia, Jugo-slavia and Hungary, Germany and France, all the ruling classes of the capitalist world have found one common platform on which they meet—their implacable hatred and fear of the Soviet Union.

The sharpening world situation, the onward march of the forces in the Soviet Union toward the building of socialism, the certainty of realizing the five-year plan of industrialization that will tremendously increase the power and influence of the Soviets, have hastened the war conspiracies of the imperialist powers. The events on the Man-

churian border are the result of the world-wide front of the capitalist powers against the Soviet Union.

Against the unity of the capitalist class is being mobilized the solidarity of the working class. In the Soviet Union the masses are rising as one man to hurl back the mercenary hordes of imperialist invaders. In China the revolutionary risings are gaining momentum in a half dozen provinces. The impoverished and tortured workers and peasants are rising against the monstrous despotism of the imperialist tool, Chiang Kai-shek. In Berlin, Paris, London, Stockholm, Copenhagen the masses are mobilizing in defense of the socialist fatherland, the Soviet Union. Here in America the workers will show their solidarity with the revolutionary workers of the world. This conspiracy against the Soviet Union now sheds a clear light upon the long war preparations of the Wall Street gang and their government at Washington. The fierce drive to consolidate its power in Latin America was calculated to give American imperialism a free hand in other parts of the world. The union-wrecking campaign, the Gastonia conspiracy, the increasing treachery of the labor officials at the head of the reactionary unions are all a part of the war conspiracy. The fight against war must include the entire fight of the American working class against the American capitalists. After crushing your unions, jailing and executing the best leaders of labor, this ruling class now moves, in collaboration with other powers, against the Soviet Union.

Every worker must fight against this latest imperialist conspiracy!

Stand by the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union! Defend the Soviet Union against the Chinese war lords, hirelings of world imperialism!

Fight the imperialist war danger! Down tools August First!

#### SECRETARY DAVIS AGREES TO HELP BETRAY CAR MEN

#### Hasty Effort to Avoid General Strike

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The nearly unanimous demand of the building trades workers of New Orleans and the rank and file of other unions has at last compelled the building trades council to call another mass meeting tomorrow night, to decide on the question of a general strike of 45,000 or 50,000 workers, tying up New Orleans industry.

Feeling that he would not be able to much longer hold the members of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees in subjection and force them to obey the federal strikebreaking injunction of Judge Borah, President W. D. McMahon of the union has speeded up his betrayal plans. He announced today that he had submitted the case to the labor department in Washington, and that Secretary of Labor Davis had consented to act as arbiter.

#### PLANDRESS DRIVE AT MEET TONIGHT

Tonight the dressmakers will take action against the open shops in their industry. A general membership meeting of all dressmakers is being called by the Joint Board of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union for 7 o'clock in Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. at which plans will be made for an intensive organization drive to embrace the entire industry.

#### Day's Pay Assessment and Donations Must Be Made to Continue Work

This doesn't mean that Party work will stop, but it does mean that it will not be possible to continue the drives that are under way and bring them to a successful conclusion unless the Party members instantly meet their obligations of the One Day's Pay assessment and mobilize all the Party sympathizers with whom they are acquainted to collect donations for the Daily Worker.

The Party itself is stronger than it has ever been, in the sense that it is participating in and leading more vital campaigns than ever before. As the war clouds grow ever darker, the capitalists and their government launch more vicious drives against the living and working standards of the working class. But, at the same time, the workers swing into action and in many places assume the offensive against the employers. In such a situation there are immense possibilities for revolutionary activity. But lack of funds seriously hamper our work. And the danger of suspension of the Daily which has threatened us every day for the past few weeks makes matters worse. Our Party is largely judged by the non-Party masses by the appearance of the Daily Worker. When we have to cut our edition to four pages, that is taken as a sign of weakness, and our one day's suspension was viewed by friends and foe alike as the worst blow we had received in the history of our Party.

In order to save the Daily from a worse fate the Party members must meet their obligation to the Party and pay the one day's wage assessment. And then proceed to collect as much as possible from sympathizers until we are through the present crisis.

#### CLOAK WORKERS REAP BETRAYAL FRUITS IN SHOPS

#### Industrial Union Leads Growing Revolt

The several thousand cloakmakers who were sent back to work by the seam International Ladies Garment Workers yesterday and Tuesday learned the meaning of their "glorious victory" soon enough. In the office of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, many of them told the story of the abuses and indignities that they had been subjected to on their first day. There was a new arrogance in the bosses, a new determination to squeeze everything they could out of the workers.

Already the discontent is widespread. Those who had any illusions about the agreement signed between the employers and the company union with the connivance of Tammany Hall quickly discovered their error. As pointed out time and again by the leaders of the Industrial Union, the fake agreement leaves everything as it was before, repudiates the 40 hour five-day week, makes no mention of piece-work, abandons unemployment insurance (Continued on Page Three)

#### Unemployed, Report Center, 11:30 Today

All unemployed comrades and those able to take time off from work are to be at the Workers Center tomorrow at 11:30 a. m., for very important special tasks.

New York District Committee, Communist Party, U. S. A.

### CHINESE LABOR REVOLTS AGAINST RULERS WHO ARE TOOLS OF IMPERIALISTS

#### Nanking's Cable is Another Crude Provocation; Full of Extreme Imperialist Propaganda

Workers Flood Soviet Gov't. Offices with Promises of Support; German Demonstrations

#### BULLETIN.

The Associated Press in a Moscow story states that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics has severed diplomatic relations with the Chinese government.

#### ATTACK U. S. S. R. CUSTOM HOUSE.

(Wireless By Imprecorr.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 17.—Further excesses by the Chang Hsueh-liang government in Manchuria (which is backed by the Nanking government) are reported. Chang's police in the frontier town of Pogranitchnaya unsuccessfully attempted to enter the Soviet consulate. They surrounded the customs house late in the evening and also attempted, unsuccessfully, to enter.

Workers' demonstrations continue throughout the Soviet Union. A tremendous wave of enthusiasm is rising. The Chinese ambassador at Moscow declared to the U. S. S. R. Commissariat of Foreign Affairs that, owing to the difficulties of translation, the Nanking answer to the Soviet Union's note was delayed, but he promised an immediate answer.

He pointed out that the events on the Chinese Eastern Railway need not interrupt diplomatic relations.

#### AWAIT OFFICIAL ANSWER.

The Soviet government has decided to ignore the statements of the Nanking ambassador until the official answer of his government arrives.

In answer to the permission brought by the ambassador for the Soviet Chief of Transport Serebriakov to enter China, the Soviet government declares that recent events render Serebriakov's journey useless before a satisfactory answer has been received from the Chinese government.

The three days given the Chiang Kai-shek government in which to answer the Soviet Union's demands expire today.

#### BERLIN DEMONSTRATIONS CONTINUE.

(Wireless By Imprecorr.)

BERLIN, Germany, July 17.—Last night mass meetings of tens of thousands of workers were held in 20 meeting places to protest provocation by the Chinese war lords against the Soviet Union, and for the support of the Soviet Union. There was a magnificent demonstration, in spite of lack of previous preparation.

The German press is divided. The Nationalist, fascist, and social democratic press is conducting a campaign of incitement against the Soviet Union, while the great dailies, the Frankfurter Zeitung, Vossische Zeitung, Berliner Tageblatt, Koelnische Zeitung, and Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, agree generally that the attitude of the USSR is conciliatory and her demands just. The Koelnische Zeitung writes: "The Soviet note to China represents the greatest possible political moderation and is unique in diplomatic history."

#### MORE TROOPS MOVE ON MANCHURIA.

TOKIO, Japan, July 17.—The Japanese press agency in Manchuria reports 15,000 more troops of the brigand chieftain, Chang Hsueh-liang, son of the late Chang Tso-lin, "Tupan" of Manchuria and practically absolute ruler as long as he takes his orders from foreign imperialism, have been sent to the eastern terminus of the Chinese Eastern Railway, on the border of Siberia. This is part of the four divisions (about 100,000 men) already mobilized along the railway by Chang.

Six armored trains constantly patrol the road. They are manned by White Guard Russians, in the pay of Chang. White Guard Russians are along the border opposite Pogranitochaya. All traffic has ceased from Siberia to Manchuria over this line, and the road is slumping towards bankruptcy, although under U. S. S. R. administration it was making millions yearly.

#### CHINESE WORKERS IN REVOLT.

AMOY, China, July 17.—The Chinese worker and peasant armies have struck another blow at the war lords who rule in Nanking and Mukden, by capturing about half the rich province of Fukien, in South Eastern China, at the very time the generals who rule by subservience to imperialists attempt to throw their country into an attack on the first workers' republic, the Soviet Union.

The Red armies, which have never been destroyed in Fukien, Kiangsi and Kwangtung, in spite of many expeditionary forces sent against them from Canton, and which also (Continued on Page Two)

## Tomorrow Night at 8 o'clock! Demonstrate Against the Attacks on Soviet Union!

### Demonstrate!

Militant Workers! Your Fatherland, the Fatherland of the workers of the world, is threatened with war by the Chinese war lords, tools of American and world im-

#### DEMONSTRATE IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD!

10th Street and Second Avenue  
110th Street and 5th Avenue  
Intervale and Wilkins Avenues, Bronx  
Whitehall and South Ferry

Grand Street Extension, Brooklyn  
Stone and Pitkin Avenues, Brooklyn  
13th Avenue and 43rd Street, Brooklyn  
Steinway and Jamaica Avenues, Astoria, L. I.

perialism. Organize the workers in your shops, unions, and neighborhood to join the mass demonstrations being held throughout the city. Raise the banner of struggle against

the Wall Street government which is supporting the Anti-U.S.S.R. war moves! Defend the Soviet Union! Join with the workers of the world to defeat the imperialists! Prepare to

### Forward to August First!

DOWN TOOLS AT 4 O'CLOCK, THURSDAY, AUGUST FIRST, INTERNATIONAL RED DAY AGAINST IMPERIALIST WAR!

# WORKERS MUST ORGANIZE TO FIGHT FRAME-UP

## Homestead Proved Need to Do So

(Continued from Page One)  
boys), judiciously mixed, make the most effective, tractable force you can find. Scotsmen do very well, are honest and faithful. Welsh can be used in limited quantities."

### Exploiters Get a Fight.

The Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers had a yearly agreement with Carnegie. Some of the men were paid on a tonnage basis, and, for purposes of calculating wages, an arbitrary price was placed on the ton of steel. The company, under its new manager, H. C. Frick, in 1892 cut the price from \$25 to \$22, and proposed the contract should end in January, instead of June.

The strike started July 1, 1892. A strike committee of 50 was organized, and the situation was peaceful, with the strikers mass picketing, refusing to let the sheriff place his deputies in the mills, and offering to guard them themselves.

### Armed Strikebreakers.

On June 20, while negotiations were still going on, Frick had bargained with Robert A. Pinkerton, head of the Pinkerton Detective Agency, for 300 gunmen at \$5 a day per man. They were to arrive on July 6, sneak into town by the water route, smash through the picket line and break up mass picketing. Two barges were prepared at Ashtabula, armor plated inside, and stored with 250 Winchester rifles and an unlimited supply of pistols, clubs and ammunition.

Two tugs belonging to a Captain Rodgers were hired to tow the barges up the river to Homestead. The sheriff, William H. McLeary, was told by the Carnegie people he was to deputize these Pinkertons. He always claimed he did not promise to do so, but he sent Deputy Sheriff Gray, with General Superintendent Potter of the Carnegie Co., to meet the boats and come up the river with them.

The strikers had foreseen such a plot, and had a picket on horseback stationed ahead of the boats, and the strikers' picket boat at Homestead gave the warning with its whistle. By the time the barges reached Homestead, one of the tugboats had broken down and the boat named "Little Bill" was towing both barges, somewhat more slowly.

The strikers gathered on the bank followed the barges toward the mill and shots were exchanged. The barges docked at the Carnegie Co. pier, and the pickets crashed the iron fence around the mill and gathered on the high bank, between the mill and the pier.

### Gunmen Attack.

The Pinkertons shot off another volley and charged up the bank. A steady fire from the pickets drove them back. The battle started at 4 a. m. and lasted to 5 p. m. The Pinkertons about noon raised a white flag, and sent a number of men and wounded away on the "Little Bill"; then they made another attempt to attack. The pickets had meanwhile built barricades of pig iron and other substantial products of their labor made while toiling for Carnegie, at an average wage of 14 cents an hour. The attack failed and rifle firing continued.

To break the impasse, a Negro worker, Sam Burgett, led a detachment of strikers and captured a cannon belonging to the river squad. There was no proper ammunition. It had to be loaded with scrap iron, and it burst after several shots. Although there is no evidence that the cannon did the armored barge much damage, it may have shaken the nerves of Carnegie's Pinkertons. They raised the white flag again at 5 o'clock and surrendered. The strike committee formed a guard to protect them from the relatives of the strikers they had murdered in their attack. They were kept prisoners in the skating rink for a time and sent to Pittsburgh.

Seven Pinkertons had been killed and 30 wounded. Eleven strikers were killed, an unknown number wounded, as, with the prospect of a

frame-up, the strikers hid their wounded.

### Frame-up Starts.

The strike committee of 50 held the town of Homestead until July 12, when the militia arrived. On July 18 a number of strikers were arrested and charged with murder. The whole strike committee was charged with "treason against the state of Pennsylvania."

Chief Justice Paxton addressing the grand jury that was voting on treason indictments, shouted:

"We can have some sympathy with a mob driven to desperation by hunger, as in the days of the French Revolution, but we can have none for men receiving steady employment at exceptionally high wages (14 cents an hour) in resisting the law and in resorting to violence and bloodshed in the assertion of imaginary rights and in entailing such a vast expense upon the taxpayers of the Commonwealth."

On the other hand, and directly opposite, hear the defense in the case of Sylvester Critchew, the striker brought to trial, as a test case. Attorney Irwin stated in court:

"Yes, these workers had a right to shoot, and to shoot to kill even on the very precipice of hell, for they were defending themselves against an army of invaders."

But not more so than the Gastonia strikers, who stood on their own property, at the very doors of their tents, where wives and children were huddled, and fought against a squad of gunmen attacking at night!

In Homestead the strikers won the court case. They had made some charges themselves, securing indictments against the Carnegie officials and the Pinkertons, and all cases were dropped by mutual consent.

But the real reason the right of self-defense prevailed in Homestead, and did not at Haymarket and some other frame-up trials, was because the strikers were organized, had reached the world with their side of the story, and a militant and aroused working class stood back of them.

If we have that situation in the Gastonia trial, the defense can say here also: "Yes, the strikers shot, they had a right to shoot," and the jury will say, "Not guilty."

### CORRECTION

Two typographical errors in the article printed yesterday on the Haymarket case change the sense intended. Where it reads "Fisher was hanged," it is meant, "Fisher was hanged." Omitting the word "venue" in another case makes the implication that there were ten workers placed on the jury. There were only ten workers in the whole venire, and the jury was composed largely of business men.

# WORKING WOMEN PLANS PROCEED

## Will Be Active in Anti-War Drive

Plans for the organization of workers wives, which are featured by a concrete plan for the organization of the Negro working class women, are rapidly being carried out by the United Council of Working Women.

The plans are the outgrowth of the conference of the Council which was held on June 22, at which 87 council delegates were present. Thirty-seven fraternal delegates from various women's labor organizations were also present at this conference.

The Working Women's Council has pledged its active co-operation toward making International Red Day on Aug. 1 a success, and will bring home to the working women the growing danger of imperialism.

Other plans were made at the June 22 conference and the first meeting of the new executive committee on July 2 includes the organization of unorganized working women into trade unions, and the education of working class women toward training their children along class lines. This part of the program will include a campaign exposing such organizations as the Boy Scouts as schemes to train the children to become cannon-fodder in imperialist wars.

W. I. R. Grows.

# UNION, DEFENSE UNITE IN GREAT DRIVE IN SOUTH

## Workers Reject Loray Mill Owners' Bribe

(Continued from Page One)

Defense by Pedro Melton, who runs a refreshment stand on the automobile highway from Gastonia to Charlotte, and a visitor at his stand, E. Hensley. Both of these affidavits state that about three hours before the shooting in Gastonia, Roach and Gilbert, drunk and disorderly, drove Melton into the creek, where Gilbert threw rocks at him, and that Roach menaced him with his gun.

They then attacked Hensley and Roach fired a couple of shots at him. Both officers were cursing vilely at Melton and Hensley.

### By LISTON OAK.

GASTONIA, N. C., July 17.—The defense counsel met yesterday at the Asheville office of Judge Carver to make plans for the building of the strongest possible case to release the 15 textile unionists held in the Gaston County jail for trial July 29 on murder charges.

The International Labor Defense realizes, however, that the strongest defense is the building of a powerful National Textile Workers Union and the N. T. W. U. is redoubling its organization activities.

### Organize to Organize.

A conference was held today at union headquarters near the tent colony outside of Gastonia. Organizer Hugo Oehler and William Murdoch conferred with local organizers and active members on launching an organization campaign leading to the July 28 Southern Textile Workers' Conference at Bessemer City. Strenuous efforts will be made to get large representation from as many mills as time and forces make possible. The meeting at the tent colony was addressed by Oehler, Murdoch, Wagenknecht of the Workers International Relief, and Dewey Martin.

### Gray Mill Workers Come.

There were delegates from many other mills and an especially large delegation from the Gray mill at Gastonia. The conference was announced and forces were organized to begin the campaign.

A meeting at Bessemer City the night before last had Wes Williams as chairman, with Oehler and Murdoch as speakers. The speakers were welcomed by the strikers. A meeting was held last night at the Rex mill, at Gastonia, with the same speakers and local organizers.

### Loray Incites Brutality.

It is openly stated here that the Loray mill bosses are much dissatisfied with the Committee of One Hundred thugs and gunmen and are calling them cowards and insisting that they be more aggressive and brutal toward the strikers and union members.

The bosses are astonished and alarmed at the rapid growth of the National Textile Workers Union. The Manville-Jencks Co., which owns the Loray mill, is known to be planning the organization of a "Committee of One Hundred" at its High Shoals mill, where the workers are rebelling. This is the result of the increasing discontent of the textile mill workers.

Four leading strikers in Gastonia were approached by representatives of the Loray mill management and begged to come back to work, at double wages for themselves, and told they could have a nice union inside the mill without "outside agitators" interfering.

The strikers answered: "We have had your kind of company union before, and it did us no good. Now we want our own union and we prefer outside agitators to the bosses. You have made promises before, and broken them. You would pay us double wages for a week or two and then cut wages worse than ever before. We are going to keep on fighting until we force you to recognize our union and grant its demands."

Five families at the Arlington mill have received eviction notices after being discharged for joining the union.

The Workers International Relief Gastonia Committee met Monday afternoon for routine work. Its organization is growing rapidly.

The Labor Sports Club held a meeting yesterday afternoon to complete the organization of baseball teams in Gaston and Bessemer.

Leon Josephson arrived yesterday from Trenton, to join the counsel of the defense, engaged by the International Labor Defense. He issued a statement that:

### OPEN-AIR MEETINGS TODAY.

Tenth St. and Second Ave., at 8:15. Speakers: Bloomfield, Markoff and Sersokov.

132nd St. and Lenox Ave., at 8 p. m. Speakers: Donaldson and Glassford.

Frances Reil Hardware Factory, at 5 p. m. Speakers: Brody and Harper.

### MAKE STRIKERS RETURN.

HAZELTON, Pa. (By Mail).—Mill wagon drivers here who struck for a wage increase, better hours and union recognition were told to return by union officials pending "continuation of negotiations."

# Chinese Workers Revolt as War Lords Menace USSR

## Mass Support for Soviet Union From Factory and Village Organizations; Demonstrations

(Continued from Page One)

hold large sections of the near-by province of Hunan, are now approaching Changchow, from the south and west, after crushing all opposition in the smaller cities in their path. To the north of Changchow, almost to the city limits of the metropolis, Fuchow, the countryside is in revolt against the militarist rulers, adherents of the Chiang Kai-shek government.

When Changchow falls, as is expected in a few days, the whole road is clear for a drive against Fuchow. Militarist garrisons in the territory south of Fuchow are concentrated at Kingwafu and Yungchun. They are already panicky, and will not be able to stop the revolutionists' advance, once past Changchow.

### Crude Provocation.

NANKING, China, July 17.—Further details of the telegram sent to the Chinese acting charge d'affaires in Moscow by the cabinet of Chiang Kai-shek indicate that in contradiction to the peace camouflage in the beginning of the message, first made public, it contains and is essentially a provocative document, deliberately attempting to justify the criminal assault on the Soviet officials and workers on the Chinese Eastern Railway, their arrest and deportation and the seizure of the railroad itself.

### Chiang Threatens.

At the same time, Chiang Kai-shek, chief militarist, and nominally, "president" of China, made a speech in which he stated plainly that the capture of the railroad was merely the first stage of the attack on the U. S. S. R., and that: "After the first stage we will go further. The imperialist powers are greatly excited over our coup against the Russians and are united against us for fear that their interests may be involved. As long as we Chinese are united, we need not fear oppression from the outside. Unfortunately, we have a small group, known as the Reorganization Cliques, which is seeking to create dissension within our ranks. We must eliminate such elements and continue our program."

The official organ of the Kuomintang, in an editorial yesterday, stated: "Since the unification of the country, the government has paid special attention to the problems of North China, especially relating to Russia and Japan. The taking over of the Chinese Eastern Railway has

received the special consideration of the national government and the government is fully prepared to meet coming developments."

### Promises Answer.

The cable of the Nanking rulers to Moscow does not answer the note of the Commissariat of Foreign Affairs of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. It merely promises an answer, "when translation is completed," and states that Chu Chow-yuan, formerly Nanking's envoy at Moscow, will return there from Nanking in the near future to negotiate the settlement of the Manchurian question.

### Imperialist Propaganda.

The cable then continues with the pretense that "the seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railway was necessary because of the discovery that Soviet officials there were spreading Communist propaganda, endangering the Chinese government and the social system," and calls for the "release of all Chinese arrested in retaliation for the arrest of the Soviet workers on the railroad," and claims that the Chinese government is worried if the government of the Soviet Union "does not give them adequate protection."

Chiang's propagandists in Nanking have issued a statement claiming that 1,000 Chinese have been arrested in the U. S. S. R. No names are given, and the whole argument sounds thin. The cable is careful to state that this is "not a counter demand," the Nanking war lords evidently feeling that if the U. S. S. R. really desired to release 1,000 Chinese merchants, etc., they would first have to go out and arrest them. The Nanking telegram ends, hypocritically:

"The national government will always welcome Soviet subjects and merchants in China, but the recent arrest of Russians in Manchuria is only just, being necessary for the suppression of Communist propaganda and the maintenance of order in Manchuria."

### Mass Movement of Workers.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 17.—The Commissariat of Foreign Affairs states that it will make no answer to the telegram from Nanking, just received, but will await the promised note in answer to the note of protest sent from Moscow.

Meanwhile the proofs that the worker and peasant population of the U. S. S. R. is unanimously behind any policy of defense the Soviet government may decide to carry out are simply flooding in.

### "Do You See?"

Spontaneous demonstrations of workers from the factories swarm

through the streets. The Chinese workers and students led a gigantic procession to the Chinese embassy, where the agent of Chiang and some 22 of his staff crouched in abasement.

When the procession first appeared, the chief envoy laughed at them out of the window. Chinese workers immediately showed in front of his face a huge sign: "Away with the militarist blackguards from China—hail the Chinese proletariat!" and Chinese workers shouted in unison, "Do you see it, Mr. Ambassador?"

The laughter disappeared, and a very angry but terrified diplomatic official rushed out and fled from the building in an official automobile of the Japanese embassy.

Resolutions come by mail and wire in a veritable torrent from workers' factory meetings everywhere, and from peasants' soviets, all demanding strong measures "to protect the Socialist Fatherland with every means and by every force." All pledge increased activity, offer to work overtime and to donate days' wages, and readiness to serve in the Red Army.

The Red Army camp at Tomsk calls for "vigorous action against the traitors to China—the hirelings of foreign imperialism," and concludes: "We are ready, with arms in hand, to support the government's demands."

# CAP STRIKE IS FAKE STRUGGLE

A strike has been called by the right wing machine in the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers International against all cap shops that have refused to sign the new agreement with the union. The strike is remarkable for the fact that hardly any of the workers know what they are striking for. Like all right wing strikes, this one has been engineered from above and the workers must obey meekly and close their eyes to betrayals.

The Capmakers Section of the Trade Union Educational League points out that this strike is not a struggle for improved conditions for the workers. The new agreement is the same as the old; all the union bureaucrats want is the right to take the bosses to court to settle a dispute. In other words, they are trying to delude the workers into believing that their battles can be won in the capitalist courts, and this is what they are being asked to strike for.

All capmakers are urged to fight for the inclusion of real demands in the new agreements, demands that will help alleviate the present intolerable conditions under which the capmakers are slaving. Only in this way can the cap strike be converted into a real struggle against the brutal exploitation of the employees.

# QUOTA NOT HALF FILLED

## "Daily" Is Barely Hanging On to Life

Day by Day the financial condition of the Daily Worker has been sinking until now, with less than half of the \$1,000 daily quota being subscribed, we appear to have touched the bottom of our resources. If the immediate mass response for which we have appealed until our typewriter ribbon and our nerves have been worn to a frazzle is not forthcoming at once, it will take a deep-sea diver to locate the paper next week.

Unit 37, Sec. 1, New York .. \$1.00  
Unit 16F, Sec. 1, New York .. 4.00  
Unit 2F, Sec. 1, New York .. 7.00  
Unit 9F, Sec. 1, New York .. 5.00  
Unit 6F, Sec. 1, New York .. 19.00  
Unit 3D, San Francisco, Cal. 21.00  
Unit B, Section 4, New York 12.00  
Rochester Unit, Rochester, New York .. 17.50  
Building Nucleus, Phila., Pa. 2.00  
Unit 32, Sec. 3, Cleve., O. .. 34.00

Unit N S S W, Milwaukee, Wisconsin .. 19.00  
Unit 2B, Philadelphia, Pa. .. 50.00  
Unit 1, Sec. 8, B'klyn, N. Y. 5.00  
Unit 5, Sec. 5, New York .. 55.50  
Wocolona Unit, Camp Wocolona, N. Y. .. 32.00  
Unit 4F, Sec. 1, New York .. 22.00  
Unit 8F, Sec. 1, New York .. 6.65  
Unit R2, Sec. 1, New York .. 13.00  
International Unit 5, Sec. 7, Brooklyn, New York .. 9.00  
St. Nucleus 1, Detroit, Mich. 14.00  
Unit 34, Sec. 3, Cleve., O. .. 7.00  
Unit 204, Sec. 2, Chicago, Ill. 15.50  
Unit 10, San Francisco, Cal. 16.00  
Unit 4, Section 4, New York 11.50  
Mansfield Unit, Mansfield, O. 19.00  
Unit 206, Sec. 2, New York .. 17.00  
Unit 6, Sec. 5, New York .. 37.00

Total .. \$468.15  
Previously Collected .. 9,301.71  
Total to date .. \$9,769.86

# GENERAL STRIKE IN BUENOS AIRES

## 48-Hr. Walk-out Stops All Shipping

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, July 17.—The 48 hour general strike in the port of Buenos Aires has stopped all shipping. This strike is a united front demonstration arranged by the Communist Party and the revolutionary trade unions, in sympathy with the harbor workers of Rosario, a river port. The Rosario workers are menaced by a fascist organization, the Argentine Patriotic League, which is supplying seals, and armed guards.

# Kluxers Who Drove 200 Negroes From Homes Are 'Allowing' Return

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., July 17.—The 200 Negro workers who were driven out of town by a mob of kluxers following the alleged shooting of a policeman by Louis Seeman, Negro, who was later mobbed and murdered in his home, are being "permitted" to return to their quarters.

Several of the Negro families that were chased into the surrounding country by the lynchers, whose leaders were representatives of the boss class, ventured to make their way back to North Platte yesterday while others are reported to be en route.

**Wocolona WORKERS Camp**  
ON LAKE WALTON, MONROE, N. Y.  
Fifty Miles from New York City

MODERN BUNGALOWS, ELECTRICITY — MUSIC — SPORTS  
LECTURES AND DISCUSSION  
DIRECTION OF RAY RAGOZIN  
\$23 for Tents—\$27 for Bungalows  
Special Low Rates for Members  
Round Trip Ticket Thru Our Office \$2.00  
Save \$1.60 by getting tickets at the office  
N. Y. Office Phone Stuyvesant 6015  
CAMP TELEPHONE — MONROE 89

Reservations must be made a few days in advance

# Smash the Murder Frame-Up; Defend the Gastonia Textile Workers!

## 15 Workers

Members of the National Textile Workers Union

### Charged With Murder!

#### THEY FACE THE ELECTRIC CHAIR

#### 8 OTHERS FACE LONG PRISON TERMS

The fight to free the fourteen leading Gastonia strikers from the electric chair is not only a fight for the lives of these working class leaders but is a struggle for the right of the workers of the entire South to organize and struggle for better conditions.

Rally to the Support of the International Labor Defense.

Defend the National Textile Workers Union.

The 14 Southern Textile Workers Must Not Die.

The 22 Strikers Must Be Freed at Once.

This new attack of capitalist justice in North Carolina is a part of the attack of the American imperialist government on the entire working class. It goes hand in hand with the process of capitalist "rationalization", the speeding up of the workers at long hours and for low

pay, and is a part of the preparation of the capitalist government for a new bloody imperialist world war.

### ANOTHER SACCO-VANZETTI FRAME-UP IN GASTONIA!

The Struggle of the Southern Textile Workers is the Concern of the Entire American Working Class.

The members of the National Textile Workers Union have been bayoneted, arrested, beaten, slugged and shot and evicted from their homes because they dared to fight for better conditions against mill owners, the government authorities and against the strike-breaking activities of the American Federation of Labor.

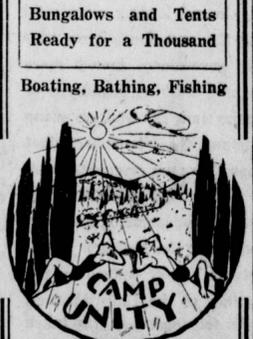
Thousands of Dollars are Needed to Defend These Heroic Strikers, Members of the National Textile Workers Union.

Spend Your VACATION at

# Unity Camp

The Cooperative Summer Home for Workers  
WINGDALE, N. Y.  
Phone Wingdale 51

Bungalows and Tents Ready for a Thousand  
Boating, Bathing, Fishing



Comradely Atmosphere  
Fresh Food  
Mountain Trails  
Hiking—Sports  
Mass-Singing  
Comic Paper  
"THE RED COCK"  
All for \$17.00 a Week

HOW TO GET THERE  
Our Buses Leave:  
Sunday 9 o'clock a. m. from  
**Unity House**  
By train from 125th Street or from Grand Central Station to WINGDALE, NEW YORK  
New York Office:  
1800 7th AVENUE  
(CORNER 110TH STREET)  
TEL. MONUMENT 0111-0112

## Can Daily Survive?

funds vital if our press is to live

Respond immediately to the appeal of the Daily Worker for aid in its present crisis!

The Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square, New York.

After reading the appeal for aid in the Daily Worker I am sending you the enclosed amount, \$

Name .....

Address .....

Names of contributors will be published in the "Daily" without delay.

I hereby enclose \$..... for the Gastonia Defense.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

CITY AND STATE.....

# YOUTHS SUFFER JAIL TERM FOR GASTONIA MEET

## California, Montreal Conference Called

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 16.—Three members of the Young Communist League, Sam Herman, Bill Albertson, and Freda Truhar were today sentenced to ten days in jail or ten dollars fine by Magistrate Rothenberg in the Morals Court. They were arrested for arranging and speaking at a Gastonia defense demonstration held at Union Ave., and Ohio St., North Side, without a permit, after several attempts to secure a permit had failed. The International Labor Defense was in charge of the case.

## Speed-Up Gets Victim.

The speed-up system wore out Felix T. Mosley, a Highland Park mill employee at North Charlotte, near Gastonia, and forced him to stop working. When the mill officials retaliated by ordering Mosley from his company-owned home, the worker drew a pistol and fired at L. E. Anderson, city councilman and superintendent of Highland Mill No. 3. One of the shots struck the boss in the shoulder, but he will recover. These facts were yesterday gathered from the bloodthirsty Gastonia Gazette, which is crying for the lives of the fifteen members of the National Textile Workers Union, who go on trial in less than two weeks.

The International Labor Defense is rallying the workers of the nation to help the N. T. W. U. fight for the right to form militant unions, to war against the speed-up system which caused Mosley to shoot his boss in desperation. The I. L. D. also fights for the right of workers to defend themselves against the brutal attacks of the boss-controlled government military forces, police and gangsters.

## Realize Southern Horror.

From all parts of the country reports are coming into the national office of the I. L. D. of workers' conferences, of united front of workers rising to the horror of the situation in the South and aiding with all the strength they possess. From Chicago, from Detroit, from the East, and especially from Gastonia and the South, come reports of workers mobilizing and forming a mass I. L. D. to save the 15 workers from the chair, to build militant unions, to fight for better conditions, to fight the bosses press, gunmen, police and government.

## Canadian Conference.

MONTREAL, Canada, July 16.—The Montreal City Central Committee of the Canadian Labor Defense League invites all labor organizations to send delegates to the conference on Gastonia textile strikers' defense, to be held in Canadian Labor Circle Hall, 62 Rachel St., Friday, July 26 at 8:30 p. m. The conference will plan demonstrations and collections for the frame up victims. Collection sheets can be obtained from the financial secretary of the C. L. D., F. W. Gerrish, 2765 James St., Montreal, Telephone Harbour 1989, or from the national secretary, at League Headquarters, 105 Bloor St., West Toronto.

## Funds will be turned over to the International Labor Defense for use in Gastonia cases.

## Daily Worker to Hold Moonlight Cruise and Costume Ball, Aug. 9

Something unique in the way of proletarian entertainments has been arranged by the Daily Worker for Friday evening, Aug. 9. On that night all those lucky enough to possess tickets will board the S. S. Peter Stuyvesant of the Hudson River Day Line and take part in a Moonlight Cruise and Costume Ball that will be like nothing ever before attempted by a workingclass organization.

The capacity of the Peter Stuyvesant is 3,500, but reservations have been made for only 2,500 in order that there may be a maximum of comfort for all. The dance music will be furnished by Vernon Andrade's famous Negro Renaissance Orchestra. Tickets are \$1.50 in advance and \$2 on the day of sailing. They are on sale at the office of the Daily Worker, 26 Union Square, or at the Workers Book Shop, 30 Union Square.

# August 18 Daily Worker picnic

Pleasant Bay Park  
Watch for Announcements

## Office Workers Meet Tonight; Plan Fight On Brooklyn Company

A mass meeting will be held by the Office Workers Union and strikers of the Modern Investment and Loan Company at 5 p. m. tomorrow opposite the office of the company at 1697 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn.

The strike, to extend which will be one of the main tasks of tomorrow's meeting, followed the action of the new efficiency expert of the company, who reduced workers in the filing department from 18 to seven.

Working 12 hours daily, the average wage paid the Modern Investment Company workers is \$70-\$80 monthly.

Office conditions will be exposed by the union in a leaflet which it is preparing.

## WEINSTONE HITS TAMMANYRULERS

### Exposes Roosevelt and Walker in Fakery

(Continued from Page One)

York City. These chiefs of Tammany Hall are the direct agents of the big bankers that have taken control of this industry and are carrying through a ruthless policy of speed-up, low wages, long hours, etc., and that are driving thousands of workers in the trade into a condition of permanent unemployment.

"Under the guise and bluff of wiping out sweatshop conditions, these capitalist politicians are entrenching the power of the banks and big industrial manufacturers in the industry and are seeking to strengthen the control of the bosses' union over the workers in order that the workers may docilely accept these new conditions of bitter exploitation and oppression.

"The employers know that Schlesinger and Dubinsky are only miserable vassals of the manufacturers, that they are the instruments for carrying through the piece-work system and the whole process of squeezing out the last drop of blood from the workers in order to increase the profits of the manufacturers.

"The policeman's club and the whole authority of the capitalist state machinery is being put behind the manufacturers. The forces of reaction are being united to prevent the resistance of the workers. The workers understand that only through struggle, only by organization of the unorganized workers, which can be accomplished through the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, can these new chains of slavery be broken.

"The strike conducted by the Schlesinger company union was a fake from beginning to end. It was not intended to improve the conditions of the cloakmakers, and the three-year agreement, which has been signed with such jubilation by the capitalist class, by the employers, is a proof of the fact that this strike was only a further step toward tying the workers, hand and foot, to the bosses' plans for increased production at the expense of the workers. The united front of the labor bureaucrats, shows the need for establishing the unity of the great masses of needle trades workers in a powerful industrial union, which can be accomplished only by the leadership of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union. This united front, representing the concentrated power of big capital and the banks, can be broken and the workers organized only on the basis of the industry as a whole and not according to the old forms of craft union organization. Only an industrial union, uniting the workers in the shops on the basis of shop committees can overcome these forces that are conducting a war of destruction against the cloakmakers' slavery.

"The pretenses of these Tammany Hall officials that they are interested in the welfare of the needle trades workers is a hollow mockery. Governor Roosevelt is following the footsteps of Governor Smith's Commission that is responsible for putting over reorganization and for beginning the bloody war of destruction of the cloakmakers' union.

"The needle trades workers must take up the struggle against their enemies on the political and economic field by conducting, and by joining with the Communist Party, in a broad election campaign to fight against the capitalist politicians, against Tammany Hall, the republican party and socialist party, by organizing the needle trades workers to expose these capitalist strikebreaking and company-union politicians. Only in this way can the needle trades workers establish union conditions, organize the unorganized, overcome the terrible speed-up and fight against the increasing unemployment and general misery of the workers in the industry."

## Need Volunteers for Extra Job at Workers International Relief

Twenty-five workers wanted to report at the office of Local New York, Workers International Relief, Room 221, 799 Broadway, at 12 o'clock today for special work.

# August First

INTERNATIONAL ANTI-WAR DAY.

## Defend the Soviet Union! Things to Be Done!

1. Rouse the workers in the factories to the danger confronting the Soviet Union.
2. Organize anti-war committees in the shops. Preparatory for the antiwar demonstration August 1st, resolutions must be passed in the shops protesting the provocative acts against the Soviet Union and resolutions for the defense of the Soviet Union.
3. Adopt resolutions of protest and support for the Soviet Union in all trade unions.
4. Elect delegates, from three to five, in all labor organizations, small or large, to attend the Conference on July 25, to participate in the anti-war demonstrations of August 1.

### DOWN TOOLS AUGUST FIRST!

5. Propagate for the slogan of anti-war day, August 1. Down tools at 4 o'clock! Join the demonstration at Union Square. Parade from your shop to Union Square.
6. Get all workers to attend Friday's special demonstrations throughout the city. Make these meetings ringing protests for the defense of the Soviet Union and preparation for Anti-War Day, August 1.
7. On every occasion, wherever possible, speak at factory gate meetings, spread Party leaflets, issue special editions of shop bulletins, issue special leaflets to the factories in your locality raising the call for the fight against the coming war! Down tools August First.

The above tasks are the concern of every loyal member that feels himself a soldier of the world proletarian army. To forsake your duty at this moment is treachery to the working class! All unit functionaries, all Party members, redouble your energies; speed up the fight!

# Communist Activities

All units are regularly to watch the Party column for directions in regard to the main tasks to be taken up by the Party organizations. The District will regularly enumerate these tasks and these, in addition to local and unit problems, shall serve as an agenda of unit meetings. The Daily Worker desires that the Party column shall reflect more the life of the Party units, and therefore requests the units to send in regularly and in good time notices in regard to meetings and also decisions and instructions of the unit which are of importance to the membership of the units of the Party at large.

Main tasks for the Units:

- (1) Defend the Soviet Union. Fight against the war danger. This is the main task of the Party units. Mobilization for Friday night's meetings. All Party comrades must attend the meetings and bring workers with them.
- (2) Prepare for the anti-war conference July 25th.
- (3) Units to take up, raising the issue in all organizations, of mobilization for the anti-war conference July 25th.
- (4) Special mobilizations of which the units will be informed.
- (5) Discussion in the units on Leninist war tactics and aims of International Red Day.
- (6) Gastonia defense. Everything to be mobilized for the ILLD and ILLD week starting July 27th. Make the conference on July 20th a mass event, to be held at the Gastonia Defense Committee of the ILLD.
- (7) Make the affair of the ILLD on July 20th at Washington Baths a huge success.
- (8) Prepare the election machinery for putting the Party ticket on the ballot.
- (9) Take the preparatory steps for the ILLD and the conference on August 25th in preparation for the Cleveland Conference.
- (10) Every Party comrade must pay his day's wage. Funds are needed to carry on the struggle against the war danger.

## DIRECTIONS TO ALL FRACTIONS IN TRADE UNIONS AND LABOR ORGANIZATIONS. (Fraternal, work- men's organizations, workers' clubs, etc.)

Meet immediately on the war danger, as follows: To prepare for raising the question of the tanks in relation to the defense of the Soviet Union. Mobilize the masses for a struggle against the war provocations.

See that the organization in which your fraction works elects delegates to the anti-war conference July 25 (three to five delegates) and to the Gastonia Conference of the ILLD July 20th.

Do everything to make the events in which the Party participates successful.

## MANHATTAN

Units 14, Section 2. A meeting will be held at 6:30 p. m. today at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square, Room 690.

Shop Nucleus 4. Important communications will be read and a roll call will be taken at the meeting of the Nucleus at 5:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. today.

Section 2 Functionaries Confer. A "Defend the Soviet Union" conference will be held by functionaries of Section 2 at 6:30 p. m. tomorrow at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square.

Unit 45 Meets. A meeting will be held at 6 p. m. today at 101 W. 27th St.

Yorkville C. Y. L. The Executive Committee meets today at 6 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square. Because there will be no unit membership meeting tomorrow comrades must attend this executive meeting.

There will be an open air demonstration for the defense of the Soviet Union at 7:30 p. m. tomorrow at 110th St. and E. 4th Ave.

# AMUSEMENTS

NOW PLAYING!  
Inspired by "ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT" — a blasting argument against all wars.

SEE—THIS AMAZING FILM!  
AUTHENTIC! ACTUAL!  
"FIGHTING FOR THE FATHERLAND"  
and on the same program—  
JOHN BARRYMORE in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde"

film guild cinema 52 w. 8th street  
Continuous Daily 2 p. m. to midnight  
Spring 5065-5066

REFRIGERATED 42nd Street  
"THE OPPRESSED"  
Starring RAQUEL MELLER  
a powerful drama of the inquisition



# CLOAK WORKERS REAP BETRAYAL FRUITS IN SHOPS

## Industrial Union Leads Growing Revolt

(Continued from Page One)

Indefinitely and does not even throw the workers a few crumbs in the shape of alleged wage raises. The company union has also given up the right to strike since the agreement provides that the question of an increase in wages will be taken up one year from now and will be decided not on the picket-lines, but by Tammany's \$25,000 "impartial" chairman, Raymond V. Ingersoll.

## Bosses Strengthened.

The real achievement of the new agreement, which the company union agents openly boast about, is the strengthening of the three employers' associations and the thousands of dollars in cash mulcted from the workers by the company union chiefs. Yesterday's Women's Wear, organ of the employers, quotes Salvatore Ninio, first vice-president of the I. L. G. W., as saying that "he was urging all independent applicants for settlement to join the respective employers' associations and so avoid losing part of the season."

How this "union," which received the enthusiastic support of the American Federation of Labor, intends to operate in the future is also evident from yesterday's Women's Wear. It quotes Benjamin Schlesinger, the company union president, as telling Mayor Walker that "the union expected the cooperation of the police."

## Will Fight On!

But undismayed, the thousands of cloakmakers who attended the big mass meeting in Lincoln Arena Tuesday night, intend to carry on the struggle for real union conditions under the fighting leadership of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union. Already the revolt is spreading.

## Frame Up Fur Worker.

Efforts of the company union clique to jail two workers on a charge of entering a shop failed when the workers, Ben Weinstein and L. Zecher, were dismissed in magistrate's court yesterday.

The frameup machinery of the scab Joint Council, the American Federation of Labor strikebreaking agency in the fur industry, also got into action. Tom Jores, a Greek worker arrested in the furriers' strike, was held on \$2,000 bail in the County Island court on a charge of "felonious assault."

## HOSIERY WORKERS STRIKE.

LAPORTE, Ind., (By Mail).—A strike is on of the 300 hosiery workers of the Fox Brothers Woolen Mill here. A wage increase is demanded.

All Daily Worker Agents of District 2 Must  
Attend a Very Urgent Meeting Called for  
THIS FRIDAY, JULY 19, at 6:30 P. M.  
26-28 UNION SQUARE

Very Important Matters Are To Be Taken  
Up, and You Must Be Present Without Fail.

ACTIVE  
Press, Inc.  
26-28 UNION SQUARE  
NEW YORK CITY

MOONLITE CRUISE and COSTUME BALL  
ABOARD THE  
S.S. Peter Stuyvesant  
(a Hudson River Day Line Boat)  
FRIDAY EVENING  
August 9  
VERNON ANDRADE'S FAMOUS  
NEGRO RENAISSANCE ORCHESTRA  
Tickets: \$1.50 in Advance Boat leaves West 42nd St.  
\$2.00 on day of sailing Pier at 8:00 P. M. sharp  
DAILY WORKER, 26 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.

# N. Y. Workers Join Protest Against Plot to Attack USSR

(Continued from Page One)

Ave. and 43rd St., Brooklyn; Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria, L. I.; and Whitehall and South Ferry, the latter meeting having been arranged today.

A number of street meetings scheduled by the Gastonia Defense Committee for the Harlem section Friday night will be adjourned early in order to permit the workers to join the anti-war demonstration at 110th Street and Fifth Ave.

## Conference July 25.

As a further preparation for the international August 1st manifestations of which the local rally will be a part, the New York District of the Communist Party is calling a conference of unions and workers' fraternal organizations for Thursday, July 25, 7 p. m., at Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Place. Included in the call for the international Red Day demonstration, mailed to all militant labor bodies as well as to countless individual workers yesterday, is an urgent request that all class struggle labor organizations elect three to five delegates to this conference and mail credentials to the Anti-Imperialist War Day Committee, 26-28 Union Square, at once.

The call says in part: "The danger of a new world war in which millions of workers will be sacrificed for the sake of Wall Street profits is drawing ever nearer. At this moment the imperialist powers are provoking attacks upon the Soviet Union and war clouds are hanging heavily over Manchuria. The Chinese war lords, backed by the imperialists of America and Great Britain, are moving troops on the Soviet border. The time for the toiling masses to act in behalf of their interests, to fight against war preparations of American imperialism is here.

## War Efficiency Gov't.

"The Hoover government at Washington is organizing the biggest army and navy in the world. Bills for conscripting the workers in time of war are already introduced in Congress. At the same time, new tariff laws are being enacted which will increase the cost of living of the already miserably underpaid workers, while sharpening the war tension between the capitalist nations. The capitalist class of America, to beat the competition of the British and win new members are cutting wages, increasing speed-up, framing up workers and all along the line are invading the rights and freedom of the working class, while new speed-up devices are causing unemployment, already 4,000,000 in the country, to increase steadily.

## "Peace" Talk Means War.

"Fellow workers! It is time to take stock! Now is the moment to rally to labor's forces! The pacifists, socialists and labor officials are babbling about disarmament—but the capitalists showed at Geneva

that they do not want disarmament: they rejected the proposals of the Soviet government for universal disarmament. Under the cover of "peace talk" greater preparations for war are taking place. "Fellow workers! On August First the workers of the entire world will join in common demonstration, in all countries of the world, to mobilize against the coming war. Workers of New York, do your part: Down tools August 1st, at 4 p. m. and join in our great demonstration in Union Square. March from your workshops to the Square."

## Youth Speakers.

By decision of the District Executive Committee of the Young Communist League of District 2 (New York) the following comrades will report to speak at Tenth St. and Second Ave., Friday, July 19, at 8 p. m.: Intrator, Klinghoffer, Helfin, Amter and Clark.

At Intervale and Wilkins Ave., Bronx, Comrades Harper, Norman, Green and Rijak.

At Grand St. Extension, Brooklyn, Comrades Davis, Hoffer, Wilson and Sacks.

At Stone and Pitman Aves., Brooklyn, Comrades Gudisman, Trotzky, Chernenko and Heller.

At 13th Ave. and 43rd St., Brooklyn, Eisenberg, Litvak and Resnikoff.

## Labor and Fraternal Organizations

### BRONX

Fraternal Symphony Orchestra Wants Players.

Instrumentalists are asked to communicate with Morris Morgenstern, 1072 Forest Ave., Bronx. Nathan Altman, organizer, inquires communications from those anxious to take up orchestration, and musical theory. Pioneer orchestra an orchestral work should write to Harper at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square.

Clothing Workers Meet. The operators, pressers and Tailors Clubs will meet at 7 p. m. today at 28 Union Square.

### BROOKLYN

Williamsburgh International Labor Defense.

Hoffer and Schacter will speak on Gastonia at the meeting of the branch at 8 p. m. today at 55 Manhattan Ave.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

### Cooperators! Patronize

SEROY  
CHEMIST  
657 Allerton Avenue  
Estabrook 3215 Bronx, N. Y.

### Cooperators! PATRONIZE

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Your Nearest Stationery Store  
Cigars, Cigarettes, Candy, Toys  
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### DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF

SURGEON DENTIST  
249 EAST 115th STREET  
Cor. Second Ave. New York  
Office hours: Mon., Wed., Sat., 9:30 a. m. to 12; Tues., Thurs., 9:30 a. m. to 12; 2 to 8 p. m.  
Sunday, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.  
Please telephone for appointment.  
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1 UNION SQUARE  
Room 803—Phone: Algonquin 8181  
Not connected with any other office

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FLORIST  
NOW AT 31 SECOND AVENUE  
(Bet. 1st & 2nd Sts.)  
Flowers for All Occasions  
15% REDUCTION TO READERS OF THE DAILY WORKER

### Patronize

No-Tip Barber Shops  
26-28 UNION SQUARE  
New York  
2700 BRONX P. K. EAST  
(corner Allerton Ave.)

### FURNISHED ROOMS

Now is your opportunity to get a room in the magnificent Workers Hotel

Unity Cooperative House  
1800 SEVENTH AVENUE  
OPPOSITE CENTRAL PARK  
Cor. 110th Street  
Tel. Monument 0111

Due to the fact that a number of tenants were compelled to leave the city, we have a number of rooms to rent. No security necessary. Call at our office for further information.

### Unity Co-operators Patronize

SAM LESSER  
Ladies' and Gents' Tailor  
1818 - 7th Ave. New York  
Between 110th and 111th Sts.  
Next to Unity Co-operative House

# LYNCHING WAVE SWEEPS COUNTRY LABOR PROTESTS

## Harlem Will Protest Lynch Terror

That a general wave of lynching is sweeping the South is evident from reports from various cities. The leaders of the Gastonia strike, both white and black, have been saved from the rope only by the vigilance of the workers whom they have led.

The lynching of Willie McDaniels, in Charlotte, only a few miles from Gastonia, was reported soon after, and white courts are doing their utmost to hide the real nature of the crime by a long "investigation."

Many Negroes have fled from the terror started by the "investigators."

Last week came the report of the mob threats in North Platte, Neb., which drove the entire Negro population out of town with shotguns, in many instances not even giving the fleeing Negroes a chance to gather up their belongings. The governor of the state has "intervened" in this case. About the same time, the Negroes of Princess Anne, Md., were similarly driven from their homes because some of them walked on the wrong side of the street! On July 15 a Negro of Raleigh, N. C., mysteriously "disappeared."

The interracial branch of the International Labor Defense of Harlem is calling an anti-lynching protest meeting Friday night, with the co-operation of other labor organizations. The legal lynching of strike leaders, now being attempted in Gastonia, will be the main subject of the meeting.

## WORKER HURT IN FALL.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 17.—Julian Amador, 25-year-old worker, of Watts, was seriously injured when he fell from a scaffold at the second floor of a building under construction at Rampart boulevard and Kent Street.

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# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party of the U. S. A.

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## The Next Stage of the War Preparations Against the Soviet Union

THE reply of the Chinese bandit lackeys of imperialism to the note of the Soviet government regarding the seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railroad, the imprisonment and deportation of Soviet workers and officials, and the dispersal of the workers' organizations, initiates the next stage of the war preparations against the workers' and peasants' government.

The insolent and provocative seizure of the railway line was answered by a declaration from the Soviet government, giving the Chinese imperialist bandits three days in which to reply and to open negotiations toward a peaceful settlement of the matter. Meanwhile the mass fury of the workers and peasants in the Soviet Union proved that the Bolshevik government has the population solidly behind it. The mass demonstrations in other countries, particularly the events in Berlin, emphasized again the fact that the workers of the world will defend the Socialist Fatherland. It was the mass response of the workers to the slogan to defend the Soviet Union that impelled the imperialists to instruct their agents at the head of the Chinese brigand government to comply with the demand for an answer within three days.

The government of Chiang Kai-shek, that exists as the executioner of the Chinese people at the behest of foreign imperialist powers, continues to maintain its insolent attitude toward the Soviet Union. The note repeats the lie about the Soviet executives of the railroad carrying on Communist propaganda and demands the release by the Soviet government of alleged Chinese prisoners.

It is quite evident that the Chinese note was designed only for the purpose of gaining time; to make possible a further concentration of troops on the Manchurian border preparatory to an attack against the Soviet Union.

Let no one be so politically stupid as to believe that the question of the Chinese Eastern Railroad is really the issue. That is only the excuse for a well-planned imperialist drive against the Soviet power. The seizure of the railroad was determined upon by the imperialists as the most advantageous point from which to launch the long-prepared war against the Soviet Union.

The military strategy involved in the Manchurian attack is obvious. The first attack was to be that of white guard exiles and Chinese mercenaries on the Manchurian border. The imperialist military strategists hoped that the outbreak of war at that Siberian outpost would withdraw such numbers of the Red Army from other points in the Soviet Union that it would be possible for the fascist Poles, the white-guard Finns, the Baltic states and Roumania, to throw their armies over the western borders. It was an old military trick that has been in vogue since long before invention of gunpowder.

But the decisive action of the masses in the Soviet Union and in the capitalist countries has forced the imperialists to beat time so they can strengthen their forces on all fronts. The tone of the note indicates one thing only—the determination of the imperialist powers and their Kuomintang vassals to launch an armed offensive against the Soviet Union within the shortest possible time.

Against this conspiracy must be mobilized the full force of the revolutionary working class of the world. Here in the United States it is the task of the workers to fight with all their might against the American imperialist power, which is playing a leading, if not the leading role in this latest drive against the Socialist Fatherland.

Workers in New York will demonstrate on Friday evening at a large number of mass meetings and prepare for tremendous strikes and demonstrations on August First—International Red Day Against Imperialist War.

In all other cities and many small towns the workers will demonstrate on August First in defense of the Soviet Union and against the conspiracies of the imperialist war-mongers.

## The Strikebreaking Government of Hoover

IN ORDER to run scab street cars in New Orleans and break the strike of the carmen the federal government has sent in a horde of deputy United States marshals to enforce the injunction of the judge of the district court.

This was preceded by a series of acts of treachery on the part of the labor officials of New Orleans who, at the time the strikers and their sympathizers swarmed the streets of the city preventing the operation of cars and the importation of scabs, proposed to call off the strike pending negotiations by a so-called government conciliator. Now these same officials of the New Orleans central labor body, reinforced by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, are protesting against the employment of the United States marshals in New Orleans, not because they object to their strikebreaking, but only on the grounds that "their services are not necessary."

Such a policy of betrayal is in complete harmony with traditional practices of the labor fakery. Instead of exposing the role of the government as a strikebreaker and reviving the strike movement, these officials simply argue that the situation is such that the direct intervention of the federal government on behalf of the public utilities corporations is unnecessary. In other words, the reactionary officials assure the government that they themselves can break the strike without the aid of the federal marshals.

At the same time the pressure of the rank and file of the membership of the unions is so great that the central council is still making gestures about calling a general strike of all organized workers in the city, while at the same time talking about carrying their case to Hoover, head of the strikebreaking government.

The only reply to the government injunction and the labor leaders is open defiance and a strike over the heads of such officials.

THE air fleets of the great powers were increased by more than one-half (70%) during the past five years; this rate of growth will be kept up for the next two or three years.

In comparison with 1918, the quality of the war aircraft was improved as follows: speed 50 to 60%; action range of scouting aeroplanes and destroyers 30 to 70%; of bombing aeroplanes 250 to 300%; the rate at which bombs can be dropped has tripled or quadrupled, the rate of fire of machine guns has increased six or sevenfold.—Soldat on "The Growth of Militarism."

## ON INTERNATIONAL RED DAY

By Fred Ellis



## Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address to the Communist Party

THE Polbureau is desirous of securing the broadest possible Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address and the immediate Party tasks outlined therein. All Party members and particularly the comrades active in the workshops in the basic industries are invited to write their

opinions for the Party Press. Resolutions of Factory Nuclei also will be printed in this section. Send all material dealing with this campaign to Comrade Jack Stachel, care National office, Communist Party, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

## Communist Party Membership Will Defeat All Attempts to Split Party Away from Line of Communist International

### Resolutions Declare Unity Vitally Necessary to Enable Party to Carry on Bolshevik Activities Among American Workers; Endorse Expulsion of Lovestone and Wolfe Removal from Polcom

THAT all attempts to defeat the application of the line of the Communist International in the work of the American Party will meet with crushing political defeat is again indicated in resolutions passed by meetings of members and functionaries of the Communist Party, endorsing disciplinary action taken by the Central Committee of the Party against the splitting tactics of Jay Lovestone.

Whether resistance to the Bolshevik line of the Party is expressed openly, or in the manner of the concealed opposition diplomatically, this resistance will fall before the iron pressure of the overwhelming majority of the Party membership. Because Party solidarity in the present tense international situation is the absolute prerequisite of the task of carrying on Bolshevik activities among the American working class, Party members pledge merciless war on those who stand in the way of this vitally necessary Bolshevik unity.

#### PHILADELPHIA ENDORSES EXPULSION OF LOVESTONE

Full support to the Central Committee of the Party in its task of carrying out the decisions of the Sixth World Congress is pledged by Unit 3B of the Party membership in Philadelphia in a resolution passed after discussion on the Address of the Comintern lead by District Organizer Herbert Benjamin.

"We endorse the action of the Polcom of the Party in expelling Lovestone from the Party for his breach of discipline of the Comintern and for trying to organize a right wing group in order to fight the Comintern and the Party," the resolution declares.

#### PITTSBURGH WILL JOIN WAR ON RENEGADES

In a resolution, endorsing the expulsion of Jay Lovestone, adopted unanimously by Street Nucleus 1 of Pittsburgh, Lovestone's actions are characterized as following "along the same line as the actions of the right wing renegades in other sections of the Comintern."

"We pledge our whole-hearted support to the Central Committee in its struggle against the right opposition, both open and concealed," the resolution concludes.

#### SEATTLE NUCLEUS CONDEMNS SPLITTERS

"We accept and endorse the line and organizational measures of the Communist International as a necessary step toward the elimination of unprincipled factionalism and the creation of a basis for unity," a resolution, endorsing the expulsion of Jay Lovestone and the removal of Bertram D. Wolfe from the Polcom, adopted by Street Nucleus 3, Seattle, District 12, declares.

#### CONVENTION DELEGATE SUPPORTS CENTRAL COMMITTEE

"Intrigue and disruptive tactics which lead to an organized struggle against the Communist International," are condemned in a statement by J. Laurie, a delegate from District 12 to the Sixth National Convention.

"I hereby declare my fullest agreement with the action of the Central Committee in expelling Lovestone and removing Comrades Wolfe and Miller," Laurie states.

#### N. Y. UNIT 2 WILL FIGHT ALL OPPOSITION

"We reject and condemn all opposition whatsoever to the Comintern and pledge ourselves to fight relentlessly against any attempts to split the Party no matter from what quarter," states a resolution on the Comintern Address passed by members of Unit 2, Section 4, New York District 2.

#### DENVER MEMBERS LAUD COMINTERN ADDRESS

"We pledge ourselves to carry out in deeds the instructions of the Comintern," the resolution passed unanimously at a membership meeting of the Denver Party organization declares. The resolution calls for a strong fight against right wing tendencies and for proletarianization of the Party.

PITTSBURGH STREET NUCLEUS WILL CARRY OUT C. I. LINE  
"We pledge ourselves to fight opportunism, factionalism and the right danger in our Party," states a resolution passed unanimously by Street Nucleus 4, District 5, Pittsburgh.

#### N. Y. UNIT DENOUNCES SPLITTING POLICIES

Unit 7F, Section 2, New York, passed unanimously a resolution on the Comintern Address. Its members pledge themselves to do their utmost "to defeat the splitting policy, the policy of unprincipled opposition to the line of the Comintern, of Lovestone, Gitlow and Wolfe."

#### CHESTER UNITS APPLAUD COMINTERN LETTER

Because the American working class is now "confronted with increasing attacks by the capitalist class on the Party and the working class, the C. I. Address is of immeasurable importance," the resolution passed by Chester Party Units hold.

"We pledge ourselves to loyally carry out all decisions of the Comintern. We repudiate and condemn any split tactics or opposition to the decisions of the Comintern," the resolution adds.

#### BUFFALO MEMBERSHIP BEHIND COMINTERN LEADERSHIP

Members of the Buffalo section of the Party welcome the Comintern Address because "it will release our paralyzed hands and free us from the destructive germs of factionalism to plunge into mass activity in our District."

#### CLEVELAND LEAGUE CONDEMNS LOVESTONE, GITLOW

Condemning the opposition to the Comintern by Jay Lovestone and Benjamin Gitlow, members of the Cleveland Communist Youth League declared in a resolution endorsing the line of the Comintern Address that "we warn the comrades against any verbal acceptance of the Comintern Address and at the same time conducting a struggle against carrying out its directions."

#### DETROIT LEAGUE MOBILIZES AGAINST SPLITTERS

A resolution adopted unanimously at a membership meeting of the Detroit Communist Youth League "calls upon the entire Party and League membership to close the ranks more solidly and unitedly than ever before on the basis of loyalty to Communism and the Comintern, and to deal a crushing political defeat to any attempts on the part of Lovestone and Gitlow to split the Party."

#### NIGHT WORKERS WILL FIGHT CONCEALED OPPOSITION

"We are determined to fight any open or concealed opposition to the Comintern and pledge our full support to the Central Committee in the measures it is taking to carry out the line of the Comintern in the American Party," states a resolution passed by the Night Workers Branch of Section 1 of the New York District.

#### BUFFALO FUNCTIONARIES DENOUNCE LOVESTONE

A resolution adopted unanimously by functionaries of Section 1 of the Buffalo District, states, in connection with the disciplinary measures taken by the Central Committee against Lovestone and Gitlow, that "we condemn these former leaders of our Party as consciously working to bring about a split in the Party."

#### WORCESTER FUNCTIONARIES PLEDGE STRUGGLE AGAINST OPPOSITION

At a meeting of functionaries of the Worcester Party Section a resolution was unanimously adopted pledging a "struggle for the unity of the Party, and to fight to the limit any and all concealed opposition to the Comintern Address."

## CEMENT

By FEODOR GLADKOV

Translated by A. S. Arthur and C. Ashleigh

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Gleb Chumalov, Red Army Commissar, returns to his town on the Black Sea after the Civil Wars to find the great cement works, where he had formerly worked, in ruins and the life of the town disorganized. He discovers a great change in his wife, Dasha, whom he has not seen for three years. She is no longer the conventional wife, dependent on him, but has become a woman with a life of her own, a leader among the women of the town together with Polia Mekhova, secretary of the Women's Section of the Communist Party.

The town is attacked by a band of counter-revolutionaries and Gleb is in command of one of the defense detachments and the attack is repulsed. The town resumes its routine. Gleb works hard, planning the reconstruction of the cement works.

ALREADY the quays were far away. The mountains glimmered with a copper tint in their clefts; they rocked and swam in the sea, covered with a violet mist. The boat played in the swell, and the ship rose and fell, blocking out half the horizon, piled up like a sky-scraper. Shibus, Shidky and Polia all seemed tiny and clear-cut as in a convex mirror. Gleb felt small also, but his heart was big, bigger than himself.

Serge could not take his eyes off the steamer; he was still biting the nail of his little finger.

In the womb of the ship, iron chains clashed and rattled; a thunderous reverberation was in the air.

"To the gangway!"  
Above, the deck was lined with a garland of dusty faces. They gazed down with bleared, unblinking eyes. Thousands of hands fluttered out frantically. There was a stormy howling uproar. High up above the rigging a blue smoke was whirling. Down below in the oily swell, splashing and rattling like a machine-gun, was a little motor-boat with a piece of red cloth at the stern. A little, menacing, fiery atom of dust of the R.S.F.S.R.

An Englishman in a gold-laced uniform—doubtless the captain—motionless at the rail of the bridge, impassively gazed down at the motor-boat below.

On the distant docks a field of poppies bloomed and undulated; and in the bosom of the ship iron rumbled and clashed with a dull shaking thunder.

### TOOTHLESS WOLVES.

THUS it happened that the Bolsheviks clattered with their heavy boots upon the deck. It was all the same to them: whether they were at the Party Committee's rooms or on the deck of an English ship. But these people were not like those who, in the past, had trod that deck. They were of the past and were forgotten; but these it would not be possible to forget. Never could one forget these dreadful people out of a dreadful land.

A great crowd was jammed together, stinking and sweating. Corpses risen from the tomb. Mildewed typhoids. Blue, swollen faces and mad eyes. Ragged spawn of the barracks. It was impossible to distinguish who were officers and who were soldiers, in this grey herd. Heavy and silent stood this crowd of condemned beings.

Shidky, who looked like an Englishman himself, was speaking to the gold-laced Englishman.

Shibus, in fawn leather, looking like a bronze figure, was speaking clearly and impassively:

"Officers to the front! Let the others stand back!"  
The crowd shuffled noisily, clearing a space on the deck. It looked like the scene of an execution.

RAGGED creatures, still preserving a martial bearing, pushed their way through the crowd. Their once well-cared-for faces were now swollen with hunger and ingrained with dirt. It was impossible to tell with what frenzy they were possessed—were they drunk with despair or with the joy, or in the fury of self-immolation before their fate?

Polia smiled insolently. And whilst Shibus was speaking she talked to Gleb.

"Look, Gleb! These people look as though they had already been hanged. They used to kiss the hands of the ladies. . . . Now they're like dung-beetles."

Shibus' voice was even and gloomy, like the mask of his face.

"You are our foes! You hate us! You have destroyed us by the thousand, the workmen and the peasants. You have come here hoping to find not death but life. Why have you come to Soviet Russia?"

An old man with a silver-grey beard stepped forward. But perhaps he wasn't an old man; perhaps his face was just mouldy?

"We are not afraid to answer you. Oh, no. . . . We are only people who are deadly tired. A defeated enemy is no longer an enemy. Have we suffered less than you? We have only our homeland; and nothing outside of it. We cannot exist outside of it. We are accused, but in this accusedness is our expiation. Let our country even demand torture and death from us. We are ready; we submit. You will not refuse us this joy?"

While speaking he had not looked at Shibus but proudly raised his head to the sun.

Shibus watched him silently and attentively through the net of his eyelashes.

They were all silent. The silence exhaled a unanimous sigh. Everyone was waiting for the moment when the tension would give way, and then there would be an outburst of cries.

A very young little officer suddenly began to shout hysterically: "I've been deceived! I was blind! Yes, I am a murderer. Let me justify my life. Even if I die let me vindicate myself."

A sigh of repressed agitation passed over the crowd. Shibus carelessly waved down the cries of the little officer.

"Very good. But how will you prove to us your sincerity? How will you prove that you are speaking the truth?"

THE little officer ran up to Shibus, tearing open the breast of his tunic.

"Shoot me now! Shoot!"

Shibus calmly waved him back.

"Return to your place. If you wish, you need not come on shore but may return to where you came from. Are you certain that we are not going to shoot you?"

The officer raised his hands. His sleeves fell down his skinny arms almost to the shoulder. The red fists at the extremity of those dead white arms did not seem to belong to him.

They took him by the arms and walked him away. He went on screaming:

"To live! To live!"

Polia frowned and smiled; her eyes were big and round with joy.

"What weak nerves these slugs have! Why the devil did they surrender to us, Gleb? Ask them, Serge. They won't understand me."

Serge pressed hard on Shibus' shoulder. His voice was broken with excitement.

"Comrade Shibus, have the courage to speak to them in other words, more worthy of us. It's always easy to jeer at people. You should assume a more difficult role: speak to foes as to human beings."

Shibus looked at him distractedly, like a blind man; and said through clenched teeth:

"I shall send you ashore at once, Comrade Ivagin. What's the matter?"

THE crowd was stamping and shifting, and coldly and silently gathered round them. Dirty scare-crows were climbing upon the ventilator shafts and upon each other's shoulders, crawling up the rigging like snails; they were looking in stupid bewilderment at these people and trying to guess whether they were cruel and dangerous or only ironically jesting. They were all expecting something terrible; that the taut gloom would suddenly explode like a distended bladder; some sudden, crushing catastrophe would arise with uproar, and then everything would sink to ashes. But then everything would at last become simple and clear and their doubt would be gone.

Gleb was gazing at the stinking human mass, at the moist faces; he did not pity anyone—it was just curious and laughable.

WOLVES. . . . Yes, there they were, the wolves . . . with blood-shot eyes they had been over-running the vast spaces of the Republic. Three flaming years of suffering. In the fight against them, Gleb had learned to hate them, because death had always been over him, in gale and tempest; the nights had been red with fire, and the days poisoned with blood and smoke. And now there they were, these wolves. Their eyes had dimmed and their jaws were toothless.

Gleb listened to Shibus, smilingly. Well-spoken—but not enough. It should be more vigorous. He was grinding his teeth. He felt an intense desire to burst out laughing and cursing.

(To Be Continued)