

NEW MASKED MOB READY TO WRECK GASTONIA TENTS

4 FUR WORKERS GIVEN VICIOUS PRISON TERMS

Were Framed Up by
Bosses' Scab
"Council"

1 Gets 14-Month Term
Picket Demonstration
Monday Morning

Four furriers were yesterday sentenced to long terms in prison by Justice Koenig in General Sessions as a result of a frame-up engineered by the "Joint Council," company union of the fur bosses, even before the present strike began.

The workers are Philip Cagner, Samuel Goldman, William Karpuzas and Mike Karvelos. Cagner was sentenced to one year and two months in the workhouse; Goldman to six months; Karpuzas and Karvelos were each sentenced to sixty days.

The workers who received these ferocious sentences were found guilty of "felonious assault" last Monday as a result of charges made by Philip Awstrack, alias Finney, who

Org. Committee This Morning.
A meeting of the Organization Committee will be held this morning at 10 o'clock at 16 W. 21st St., the Industrial Union announced.

is widely known as a scab and gangster in the hire of the "Joint Council." This strikebreaking outfit pushed the frame-up against the workers.

The charges against them was that on May 15, they beat up one of the patriots of the Fur Council, also as a matter of fact the reverse was the case, as asserted by eye-witnesses. In fact, one of the gangsters was caught red-handed immediately after the attack with his knife in

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MACDONALD LETS OWNERS DECIDE MINE WORK DAY

Tells Miners Tory Law
Won't Be Repealed

LONDON, June 28.—"We must consult the coal owner first" was the answer given the coal miners of Britain yesterday when a delegation from the Miners Federation came to consult with Premier Ramsay MacDonald of the "labor" party about repeal of the Baldwin legislation lengthening the work day in the mines.

Repeat of this longer work day law, the passage of which precipitated the great miners' strike and general strike, was one of the election promises of the labor party. MacDonald received the miners' union committee in secret, and no public statement was made of the results of the conference.

But miners' officials, coming out of the meeting, let it be known that the "labor" cabinet "fears that a simple repeal of the law to increase

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COLLECTION FOR GASTONIA RELIEF STARTING TODAY

Today and tomorrow hundreds of New York workers will participate in the city-wide tag days of the Workers International Relief to raise funds for the Gastonia textile strikers. The funds will be used to rebuild the W. I. R. tent colony in Gastonia, also to buy food and medicine for the militant workers.

The shop delegate conference of the W. I. R. held Thursday at Irving Plaza, prepared for participation in the tag days. Members of many trade unions and labor-fraternal organizations will collect. Working class headquarters throughout the city will be used for stations. The central station is located at the office of local New York Workers International Relief, Room 221, 727 Broadway.

INDICTED GASTONIA STRIKERS IN PLEA FOR \$5,000 TODAY

One Half of This Sum Has Been Raised; Will
the "Daily" Appear Monday Morning?

The Daily Worker has to date received only \$2,266.04 of the \$5,000 absolutely needed before tonight, otherwise the paper will have to suspend.

The office of the Daily Worker will be open until 9 o'clock tonight. There is still half of the minimum sum absolutely needed to save the Daily Worker still to come, and if it does not arrive by 9 p. m., it will be very doubtful whether the paper will appear on Monday.

It has already been pointed out that for the Daily Worker to suspend will seriously cripple the Gastonia textile strike defense of 15 workers facing electrocution.

Here is what four of the worker defendants now out on bail said about it immediately after their arrival in New York City to begin tours to assist their defense:

INDICTED GASTONIA STRIKERS' PLEA.

"We, Gastonia textile strikers and organizers, being framed up on charges of 'secret assault with intent to kill' and prosecuted by the attorneys of our bosses against whom we are striking, call upon the workers to realize that their fight is our fight, that the frame-up against us may be the lot of any militant striker, and that if they do not support us, and the 15 charged with murder, we will all be sentenced to death or to long prison terms.

"In our struggle, the press of the mill owners has consistently lied about us, and about the shooting which has been made the basis for the Gastonia murder and assault trial.

"We have found the Daily Worker always ready to give the facts about the attempt to murder by a framed up trial 15 of the Gastonia workers, and to imprison 8 more of us, including the undersigned.

"We see that the Gastonia Gazette, the mill owners' press, is exulting over the suspension for one day of the Daily Worker, which they hope will be permanent and which they say will end our chances to defeat the frame-up and save our fellow workers from electrocution and from jail sentences.

"We declare to all workers that it will be a crime against labor, and will injure our chances to arouse the world of labor to our defense, if the Daily Worker is crushed.

"We appeal to all workers to send in donations to the Daily Worker, to get the \$5,000 it needs by 9 o'clock tonight without which it will have to cease publication.

"We need the Daily Worker to fight for us, and other workers in the near future will need it to save themselves in other similar cases.

(Signed) "J. R. PITMAN.

"WALTER LOYD.

"CLARENCE TOWNSEND.

"CLARENCE MILLER."

That is the plea of workers facing long prison sentences on the frame-up charge of "secret assault with intent to kill."

They speak for the 14 Gastonia strikers now in prison facing the still more serious frame-up charge of murder, on which the textile mill owners hope to railroad them to death in the electric chair.

They call on all labor to help the Daily Worker reach the goal of \$5,000 set for tonight to insure its appearance on Monday morning. Bring in your contribution personally. Send it by telegraph, by special delivery air mail, or any other method that suits your convenience. But get it here on time. Rush funds to the Daily Worker, 26 Union Square, New York City.

WILL "THE DAILY" SURVIVE?

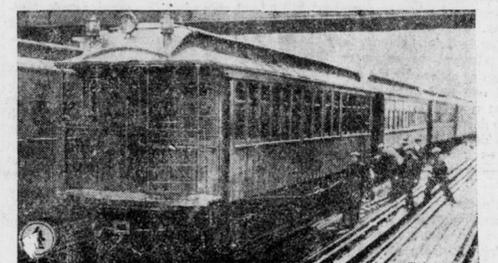
Send in Your Answer!

The Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square, New York.

After reading the appeal for aid in the Daily Worker I am sending you the enclosed amount, \$

Name
Address
Names of contributors will be published in the "Daily" without delay.

Wooden Cars—Heading for Another Disaster



The subway bosses' greed for more profits takes the form of speeding up the workers, hiring stool-pigeons to spy on the workers and making them joint a company union. Also wooden cars—which have caused many disasters with great loss of life in the past, but are still sanctioned by the boss-controlled transit commission.

CALL ALL ACTIVE CLOAKMAKERS TO MEETING MONDAY

Important Problems at
Special Meeting

A special meeting of all active cloakmakers will be held on Monday at 6 o'clock in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave.

The meeting, which is being called by the Joint Board of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, will consider the present situation in the trade, and particularly the plans for the fake stoppage with which the cloakmakers will be saddled by the company union, the International Ladies' Garment Workers, and the manufacturers.

The stoppage, which was scheduled to come off during the week, had been postponed at the express request of the bosses because they needed more samples and duplicates. Just as soon as this little accommodation is put thru, the fake strike will probably be called.

The chiefs of the I. L. G. W. are polishing their coffers, and have already announced that cloakmakers in various cities will be assessed, presumably for strike purposes, but actually to pay off some of the "boys" in the organization and their hired sluggers.

Not Real Strike.

Assurances have been made by the scab union to the Industrial Council, the association of the bosses, that no individual settlements will be made with independent manufacturers in an effort to push them into the association. So no more hitches remain in the path of the fake strike.

The Industrial Union is urging all cloakmakers to convert the fake strike into a genuine struggle for union conditions under its leadership.

Negro Trade Union Militants Show A.F.L. Sellout of Porters

On the occasion of William Green's arrival in New York to speak before the Pullman porters whose strike he together with the rest of the A. F. of L. Executive Council betrayed, the Department of Negro Work of the Trade Union Educational League issued a statement which follows in part:

William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, will address you this Sunday afternoon, upon the invitation of your leaders. Will William Green tell you why the Brotherhood's strike was betrayed at the instigation of the American Federation of Labor? Will he tell you why he and the others of the reactionary clique which controls the A. F. of L. were so reluctant in recognizing the Brotherhood and the right of the Negro employees of the millionaire Pullman Company to organize for a living wage? Or why, after they reluctantly recognized this right of yours, they proceeded to issue local charters to your various locals instead of an international charter for your organization as a whole? What was their purpose in thus seeking to prevent your unity of action?

Why did they prevent and betray your strike at a time when even your national organizer admitted that the chances of success were excellent? Why did they insist on giving the Pullman Company warning of your intention and time to organize strike-breaking measures. The Negro workers are rightly

Entire Crew of Rubens Restaurant on Strike; Other Pickets Freed

The entire crew of nine workers walked out of the Rubens Restaurant, 441 Ninth Ave., in a spontaneous strike yesterday under the leadership of the Hotel, Restaurant and Cafeteria Workers Branch of the Amalgamated Food Workers Union. A picket line was immediately established, and the strike will continue until recognition of the union and all other union conditions are achieved, leaders said.

WAITERS REMOVE LEHMAN, 6 AIDES ON GRAFT CHARGE

Yellow 'Forward' Hush
Up Grafters' Names

Following charges that they had received a bribe of \$1,200 from a large Bronx restaurant for preventing a walkout there, William Lehman and six other top officials of Local 1, Waiters and Waitresses, were removed from office following an all-night meeting of the organization Thursday at Webster Hall, Eleventh Street and Third Avenue. The action was taken by a vote of 350 to 206.

Lehman, secretary of the local and vice-president of the International, was chief strikebreaker of the A. F. of L. forces in the struggle of the cafeteria workers against the 12-hour day.

All the deposed officials, including Jack Lasher, president, and Metel Turtel, business agent, will be placed on trial within a period of four weeks as provided for in the recommendations submitted by the investigation committee. In the meantime, the affairs of the union, including negotiations with the bosses for

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GREAT CROWD AT HUNTSINGER FUNERAL PLEDGES FIGHT ON PLAN OF MILL BOSSES TO MAKE 15 MORE BURIALS NECESSARY

Working Women to Hear Speaker from International Labor Defense;
More Funds, Organization, Needed to Save Lives

Tour of "Mother" Bloor, Labor Defender Editor, Strikers, Defendants
Continues; Workers in Big Cities Hear of Frameup

LABOR DEFENSE N. Y. ATTORNEY VISITS GASTONIA

Frameup Defendant to
Talk Here Tomorrow

Joseph Brodsky, attorney for the International Labor Defense will leave tomorrow for Gastonia, N. C., to confer with the southern lawyers of the I. L. D. on the defense of the 23 workers who have been framed up on charges of murder and assault with intent to kill.

Brodsky declares that the seriousness of the frameup has not yet been realized by the workers of this country. Thousands of dollars for the defense will be necessary to combat the many thousands being supplied by the Manville-Jencks Company to railroad the outstanding figures in the heroic strike of the Gastonia textile workers. Brodsky urges all workers not to delay, but to raise funds at once and to send them to the National Office of the International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St., Room 402, New York City. Clarence Miller, southern youth organizer of the National Textile Workers Union and one of the defendants in the mill barons' frameup in Gastonia, will be the chief speaker at a Gastonia defense meeting tomorrow night at 8 o'clock at the International Seaman's Club, 28 South St. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Marine Workers

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HILLMAN THUGS FREED ON BAIL AFTER ASSAULT

Amalgamated Thugs
Have Records

Louis Sanderovich, a tailor, still lies in a serious condition in the Beth Israel Hospital after he and two other workers were murdered attacked by hired thugs, Thursday, under the direction of one of the trade managers in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America. The workers were assaulted with knives, blackjacks and lead pipes.

Three of the underworld characters in the hire of Amalgamated who were arrested after the bloody assault were arraigned before Magistrate Louis Brodsky in Jefferson Market court yesterday morning and were released in \$2,500 bail each for

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FAIL TO ENJOIN IRON STRIKERS

With the denial yesterday of two injunctions sought against the 400 iron and bronze strikers who have tied up nearly all the shops in the New York area, 15 applications for injunctions still hung over the strikers.

The State Supreme Court in 161st St. yesterday denied the injunctions sought by the Lazar and Kaplan Iron Works and the Grossman Iron Works, both of the Bronx.

The strikers continued to hold extensive picket demonstrations both in Brooklyn and the Bronx. The two largest picket demonstrations were held at the plants of the Pollachek Iron Works and the Sexauer and Lemcke Iron Works, both in Brooklyn.

Executioners Hope for End of 'The Daily'

The Gastonia Gazette of June 24 contains loud whoops of glee over the financial difficulties of the Daily Worker, a paper which, being by, for and of the working class, has no mill owners to subsidize it or advertise in it, and depends upon the working class for its support, giving the workers likewise its complete allegiance.

The Gazette reprints the appeal for funds to continue printing the Daily Worker, which appeared in the Daily Worker dated June 22, and exults:

"The Daily Worker, the Communist organ which is supporting the cause of those in jail here on the charge of murder is making frenzied appeals for money to keep going another day or two. This newspaper is on its last legs, it seems. With its collapse will go much of the ballyhoo that has helped the cause along."

This same issue of the Gazette publishes under the title "Amen," a reprint of an editorial headed, "Let Us Run Them Out," which it says first appeared in the Stanley News Herald. The editorial, with the usual polite and meaningless bow to the use of "constitutional" and "legal" measures, uses this language: "Shall our people take such dangerous characters as Beal into their bosoms as desirable incomers? Shall the general public in North Carolina including some of the outstanding newspapers of the South offer even slight words of sympathy for such characters as those who shot the Gastonia police chief in the back last week? . . . As the Charlotte News well says, when a rattlesnake shakes himself it is time to strike him

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Bronx Communist Unit Aims to Double its Sum of \$116.50 for "Daily"

Units anxious to smash records for the Daily Worker Emergency Drive are challenged by Branch 4, Section 5 of the New York District of the Communist Party whose members are working hard to realize their intention of doubling their contribution of \$116.50.

Registration Closes Monday for Camp

Registration for the W. I. R. children's camp at Windgate, N. Y. will close Monday for the first group of children. Registration takes place from 1 to 6 p. m. daily at the office of Local New York, W. I. R., Room 221, 709 Broadway.

EMERGENCY FUND

Up again today. Don't let down! We have three thousand dollars to go to reach the five thousand necessary to insure that the Daily will continue to live at least in the immediate future. Make the contributions increase every day until we reach the necessary quota! The following comrades have made contributions up till press time:

C. Thorwaldson, Glenmore, Me	\$ 1.00	Unorganized Plumber,	.....
U. Bergeton, Glenmore, Me.	1.00	New York City	..... 5.00
H. Magnuson, Glenmore, Me.	.25	J. Maxmovich, Detroit, Mich.	5.00
Unit 9F Sec. 1, New York, N.Y.	9.50	Passaic Unit, Passaic, N. J.	100.00
Unit 7F Sec. 1, New York, N.Y.	10.00	R. Wurman, Sullivan County,	.....
N. Darbs (M.A.L.), New York	10.00	N. Y.	..... 5.00
L. Munter (M.A.L.), New York	7.50	M. P. Kasper, Clarkston, Mich.	2.00
S. Singer (M.A.L.), New York	15.00	S. Silver, Tannersville, N. Y.	2.50
W. Blackfellow (M.A.L.), N.Y.	5.00	A. Nicola, Phila., Pa.	5.00
Unit 4 Sec. 3, New York, N.Y.	30.00	F. Luzzi, Phila., Pa.	3.00
Br. 3 Sec. 1, New York, N.Y.	53.00	U. Mageth, Phila., Pa.	5.00
H. De La Cueva, Balso, Md.	2.00	A. Sgarra, Phila., Pa.	5.00
H. H. Gage, Sec CP, Brocton,	.....	Lugi D'Antonio, Phila., Pa.	5.00
Mass.	26.00	G. Globman, Phila., Pa.	1.00
Camp Nitgedaiget, Beacon,	.....	F. Halikas, Phila., Pa.	1.00
N. Y.	200.00	A. Giansanto, Phila., Pa.	5.00
A. Lutz, Hoboken, N. J.	3.00	P. Barali, Phila., Pa.	3.00
L. K. Bennett, Detroit, Mich.	2.00	L. Paoleno, Phila., Pa.	2.50

FOREIGN NEWS

Feng Gets Cash and Job for Sellout to Chiang; Soviet Harvest Seen Better Than Last Year

BULLETIN.

BERLIN, June 28.—When student-fascists taking part in the demonstrations against "Germany's enemies" started a riot before the Berlin University, the police, after feeble efforts to disperse the mob, fired over their heads. It will be remembered that on May Day, when workers peacefully parading thru the streets of Berlin, the same capitalist outrage were not so chary about shedding blood; they killed 27 workers outright and wounded hundreds of others.

Nanking Bribes Feng To Clear Out.

PEKING, June 28.—The price on the head of Marshall Feng Yu-siang has been lifted by the Nanking government, which has given the Christian general a \$3,000,000 bribe to call off his war against Chiang Kai-shek's Nanking government, with a job as "special investigation commissioner of foreign economic affairs" thrown in for good measure. Chiang Kai-shek announced today. The job will oblige Feng to travel to foreign parts. He will be furnished with "ample funds" for the purpose.

Good Harvest Expected in U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, June 28.—The commissariat for trade said today that harvest prospects are vastly more favorable than those of last year. bumper crops are looked for in the Ukraine, the central black soil district and the Northern Caucasus. Crops on state farms, with peasant crops already contracted for, will amount to 5,000,000 tons as compared with 1,170,000 tons in 1928, according to the report.

Jail For Opponents of Jugo-Slav Fascism.

BELGRADE, June 28.—The special state court ruled that every action which might be construed as hostile to the Zivkovich fascist dictatorship is punishable, and sentenced Milovan Zanich, lawyer and former deputy, to six months' imprisonment for publicly proposing that King Alexander be asked to restore the Yugoslavian constitution.

Dawes and Prince of Wales Plot War on Soviet Union.

LONDON, June 28.—Wall Street Ambassador Dawes again visited the Prince of Wales at St. James' palace today, remaining about an hour to discuss the war plans now being drawn up against the U. S. S. R. by the five chief capitalist powers, the U. S., Great Britain, Italy, France and Japan. The king having emerged from his bed of disease a virtual half-wit, his royal seed is acting as figurehead of the capitalist empire.

Jingo Organ Makes War Threat.

PARIS, June 28.—The Echo de Paris, voice of the French imperialists, says that "the French government of today and the French governments to follow will be obliged to unite against those who wish to overthrow all the conservative forces on the continent." This is interpreted as an open threat of war on the Soviet Union and further suppression of the militant working class at home and of the natives in the colonies.

Celebrate Mass Murders of 1914-18.

SARAJEVO, Jugoslavia, June 28.—Fascists will celebrate the 15th anniversary of the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand here tomorrow. It was the murder of the heir to the Austro-Hungarian throne that was seized upon by the imperialists of the world as a pretext to plunge the working class into a blood bath from which it has not yet recovered. Those responsible for the assassination are regarded as national heroes in this country.

Rush War Plans Behind Kellogg False-Face.

BUDAPEST, Hungary, June 28.—The upper house unanimously ratified the Kellogg "anti-war" treaty today. Preparations for the impending imperialist mass-murder are simultaneously being speeded up.

Austrian Fascists Allied With Mussolini.

VIENNA, June 28.—In the discussions begun by the complaint of the French foreign minister, to the League of Nations that Austria's armed forces menace the peace of central Europe, it has been brought to light that the Heimwehr, fascist militarist organization, plotted with Mussolini to wage war on Jugoslavia in 1927, provoking again the international connections of fascism. The capitalist press admits the existence of two semi-official armies in addition to the regular troops—the Heimwehr and the Schutzbund, social-democratic militia. Both are used to crush the militant working class movement.

Sunday Excursion Aids Hungarian Communist Newspaper "Uj Elöre"

The Hungarian Communist Daily "Uj Elöre" will benefit from proceeds of the excursion to Excelsior Grove, arranged by the Uj Elöre Conference, tomorrow. The steamer Warwick will leave E. 91st St. Pier at 9 a. m.

Call Jobless Workers for Important Work at Harlem Labor Center

Unemployed workers are requested to call today at the Harlem Labor Center, 255 West 29th Street, to help with some very important organization work.

WAITERS REMOVE LEHMAN, 6 AIDES ON GRAFT CHARGE

Yellow 'Forward' Hush Up Grafters' Names

(Continued from Page One) The 1929 agreement, will be conducted by the committee together with the executive board.

Evidence revealed a cesspool of other corruption, according to reports, including the sale of jobs by business agents and other officials of the union, for sums varying from \$100 to \$300. Charges are also made that these worthies repeatedly made objectionable proposals to the wives of waiters, in return for jobs for their husbands. Lehman's bank book, brought into evidence, showed a deposit of \$800 for the month of March, which he blandly tried to explain as returns from the sale of cocoa to the restaurant bosses, by which he had made an honest living while out of office in 1928.

Bosses Defend Grafters. An illuminating feature of the case, and one which sheds a glaring light on the affectionate relations between the restaurant bosses and the union officials, is the fact that three bosses of the restaurant which gave the bribe swore out affidavits declaring that Lehman and his friends were innocent. The affidavits were negotiated by Borson of the Delicatessen Clerks, 302, and president of the strikebreaking "Food Council," which was set up with the aid of the socialist United Hebrew Trades.

Even now, incidentally, the yellow "Forward" is concealing the names of the grafters involved. Rubinfeld a Grocery Salesman That Rubinfeld's fight on Lehman was not animated by his interest for the union is proved by the fact that he himself, following his defeat as secretary of the union, now maintains close lucrative connections with the restaurant owners as a grocery salesman—but not so lucrative as to dampen his ambitions to get back into office.

In an attempt to whitewash the strikebreaking face of the union, at the same time working hand in hand with the bosses, the fake "progressives" hired Louis Wallman, a lawyer high in the councils of the socialist party, to act as legal adviser to the investigating committee.

Lehman, in making a feeble attempt at defense, charged that the attack on him was instigated by "Communists from Union Square." In order to prevent the rank and file from taking any initiative, and also to prevent any beans being spilled about the socialists, Shiplacoff, manager of the Pocketbook Workers Union, was brought in as an "impartial" chairman. Shiplacoff's strikebreaking activities resemble Lehman's, inasmuch as he has just ordered the workers of his organization back to the shops without a union agreement. Lehman implied that Shiplacoff and he had many things in common by saying that "Brother Shiplacoff has his troubles from that direction, too."

Executioners Hope for End of 'The Daily'

(Continued from Page One) rather than to pet and coddle him into friendliness. As the patriots cleaned the Tories out of this state at Moore's Creek, so let their posterity clean the sacred soil from the pollution of those who would attempt to stir up strife among our people and defy the laws of this great commonwealth.

Hate the Strikers. The people who are to be "cleaned out," for "shooting the police chief in the back," and "stirring up strife," etc., are the strikers, exploited by the ten-hour work day and longer, and laboring for about \$10 a week. Driven from their homes and living in a tent colony, they resisted an attempt to massacre them by deputies owned by the mill company, and one mill gunman who was not even a deputy. Most of them are also descendants of those who fought the Tories, but this the Gazette, the News Herald, and the Charlotte News conveniently forget.

Prefers U. T. W. The Gastonia Gazette is also much pleased with and reprints an article from the Manufacturers' Record, in which a certain Ernest H. Harrington, of 181 Angell St., Providence, R. I., writes about the difference, from the employers' point of view, between the United Textile Workers and the Textile Mill Committees, the precursors of the National Textile Workers Union. He says that the United Textile Workers were really trying to help the bosses by striking, but not so the Mill Committees. "From the United Textile Workers the thumps might have been intended as a helpful message, but no such kindly intent appeared back of the blows administered by the Textile Mill Committees, or whatever name the radical strikers chose to take."

The Gazette, like the mill bosses, prefers well-tamed unions, which will think more of the interests of "the industry" than of raising starvation wages.

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HILLMAN THUGS FREED ON BAIL AFTER ASSAULT

Amalgamated Thugs Have Records

(Continued from Page One) hearing July 8. Who provided bail it is not hard to discover. They gave their names as Albert Snyder, Joe D'Andria and Vin Mattera.

Snyder, police records show, was arrested for pickpocket jobs in Oklahoma City in 1919 and for the same activities in Kansas City in 1927.

A second of the murder crew, Mattera, was convicted for carrying weapons and other gangster equipment in Stamford, Conn.

Workers reported that a guerrilla in the hire of the corrupt Amalgamated machine hovered about the court room threatening workers with "consequences" if they dare take the witness stand against the Hillman gangsters. One of the workers who received this threat was himself hit on the head with a lead pipe during the attack on Thursday night before the Amalgamated "labor bureau" on 15th Street.

Workers Bitter. Great indignation rages among the tailors at this latest assault on rank and file workers. They point directly at the chiefs of the Amalgamated as the guilty ones in this pogrom on the workers. Following their meeting at Stuyvesant Casino on Thursday night, which was so crowded that hundreds of tailors had to be turned away, they are making intensive plans for combating the Hillman terror campaign—plans which will show this corrupt clique that there is a limit to the endurance of the rank and file in the organization.

Communist Activities

MANHATTAN

Downtown Unit 1.
The Downtown Unit of the C. Y. L. will hold a hike this Sunday to City Island. Meet at Cooperative Restaurant at 8:30 a. m. All young workers are urged to come.

Unit 3, Section 4.
Meetings are held every Tuesday night at 255 W. 129th St. Open air meetings are held every Wednesday night at 1328 Lenox Ave. or Fifth Ave. and 133rd St.

"Uj Elöre" Excursion.
The steamer Warwick leaves for Excelsior Grove from E. 91st St. Pier tomorrow at 9 a. m. Proceeds will be given to the Hungarian Communist daily.

BROOKLYN

East New York Unit, C. Y. L.
An open air meeting will be held today at the corner of Hinsdale and Sutter Ave.

BRONX

Lower Bronx Unit, C. Y. L.
A boating and bathing party will be held at Pelham Bay Park tomorrow. Meet at 715 E. 138th St. at 9:30 a. m. Proceeds to the District Training School.

McKinley Square Unit, C. Y. L.
An open air meeting—the first of the League to be held in a Negro section—will be held Tuesday, July 2, 5 p. m., at 165th St. and Brook Ave.

Branch 1, Section 7.
Bloomfield will lead discussion on "New Developments in the Mass Movement and the S. P." at 715 E. 128th St., at 8:30 p. m. Tuesday, July 2.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

MANHATTAN

Gastonia Protest.
A mass meeting to protest against the Gastonia frame-ups will be held this evening at the Russian Club, 652 Fourth Avenue. Speeches will be given in Russian, Polish, English, and Ukrainian.

Harlem Progressive Youth Club.

A summer dance will be held tonight at headquarters at 1492 Madison Ave.

Spanish Workers Aid Daily.

The Daily Worker will benefit from a dance to be given by the Spanish Workers Club at 26 W. 115th St. at 8:30 p. m. tonight.

Die Naturfreunde.

The English section will hike to the swimming hole at the Quarries, Sunday. Meet at E. 130th St. subway station.

Progressive Bakers' Club.

The picnic which was to be held Saturday at Pelham Bay Park has been cancelled to a date to be announced next month. Tickets will be good for the event.

BRONX

Sacco-Vanzetti International Labor Defense.

Sydney LeRoy will lead discussion on the Gastonia strike at the monthly meeting of the branch at 3:30 p. m., Monday, July 1, at 1472 Boston Road.

Bronx Workers Athletic Club.

Meet at 1347 Boston Rd. for the hike to White Plains tomorrow.

BROOKLYN

Council 17, U. C. W. W.

A concert, dance and Caucasian supper will be given at the Volga Boatmen's Inn at 1133 Brighton Beach Ave., tonight at 8:30 p. m.

Women's Council 18, Boro Park.

The International Labor Defense will benefit from a strawberry festival to be held at 1373 42rd Street tonight.

Communist fight on behalf of the immediate aims and interests of the working class, but in their present movement they are advancing the future of the movement.—Marx.

MACDONALD LETS OWNERS DECIDE MINE WORK DAY

Thomas Plans Only for Old Baldwin Scheme

(Continued from Page One) the work day from seven and a half to eight hours would result in losses to the industry," and that "it would be better to merely remove objectionable clauses in the bill."

J. H. Thomas, Lord of the Privy Seal, and in charge of the government's unemployment work, today stated that he was ready to leave for Canada to arrange for greater emigration of workers from England to that country.

His plan for unemployment relief therefore seems little different from that of former premier Baldwin, which was a complete failure as far as helping the English workers was concerned, though it did assure the English factory owners of large supplies of cheap labor and a permanent army of jobless men waiting to be picked over by the bosses. Canada itself has an unemployment problem, and English workers sent there during the harvest season have been underpaid, cheated, and left to starve when the harvest is over.

The working class cannot simply lay hold of the ready-made state machinery, and wield it for its own purpose... This new Commune (Paris Commune) breaks the modern state power.—Marx.

YOUNG PIONEER CAMP

OF W. I. R.

OPENS JULY 8TH

Workers!

GIVE striking textile and unemployed miners' children a vacation in a workers' camp! Rush contributions to Camp Department:

Workers International Relief
1 Union Square
New York City

REGISTER your children today for the W. I. R. Camp, Wingdale, N. Y. A working-class camp for workers' children which only charges the cost of maintenance. Maximum 100 children weekly.

LOCAL NEW YORK W. I. R.
799 Broadway, Room 221

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TO EXCELSIOR GROVE N. Y.

Arranged by the UJ ELÖRE CONFERENCE



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Steamer Leaves at 9 A. M. Sharp from East 91st Street Pier

DANCING — PICNIC — GOULASH — BATHING

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VOLUNTEER NOW FOR Tag Day for Gastonia Textile Strikers

SATURDAY and SUNDAY, June 29-30

LOCAL NEW YORK WORKERS INTERNATIONAL RELIEF
799 Broadway, New York

HELP THE GASTONIA PICKET LINE FIGHT TO VICTORY!

FOOD AND TENTS FOR STRIKERS!

Send Delegates—Bring Workers from Shop and Factory—Come Yourself to the

Gastonia Textile Relief Shop Delegate Conference Thursday, June 27th, 7 p. m.

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175 New Bungalows - - Electric Light

Educational Activities Under the Direction of **JACOB SHAEFFER** Director of Dramatics **JACOB MASTEL** Director of Sports, Athletics and Dancing **EDITH SEGAL**

THIS WILL BE THE BIGGEST OF ALL SEASONS

DIRECTIONS: Take the Hudson River Day Line Boat—twice daily—75 cents. Take car direct to Camp—20 cents.

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TRY INDIA'S WAY TO HELP BLADDER

Santal Midy capsules—filled with purest Santalol—discovered centuries ago by natives of India—often give prompt, blessed relief. Doctors acclaim it a disinfectant, stimulant oil, soothing to mucous membranes of bladder and kidney passages. Genuine bear signature of Dr. L. Midy, noted French physician. At good druggists.



Smash the Murder Frame-Up; Defend the Gastonia Textile Workers!

14 Workers Charged With Murder!

Members of the National Textile Workers Union

THEY FACE THE ELECTRIC CHAIR 8 OTHERS FACE LONG PRISON TERMS

The fight to free the fourteen leading Gastonia strikers from the electric chair is not only a fight for the lives of these working class leaders but is a struggle for the right of the workers of the entire South to organize and struggle for better conditions.

Rally to the Support of the International Labor Defense.

Defend the National Textile Workers Union.

The 14 Southern Textile Workers Must Not Die.

The 22 Strikers Must Be Freed at Once.

This new attack of capitalist justice in North Carolina is a part of the attack of the American imperialist government on the entire working class. It goes hand in hand with the process of capitalist "rationalization", the speeding up of the workers at long hours and for low pay, and is a part of the preparation of the capitalist government for a new bloody imperialist world war.

ANOTHER SACCO-VANZETTI FRAME-UP IN GASTONIA!

The Struggle of the Southern Textile Workers is the Concern of the Entire American Working Class.

The members of the National Textile Workers Union have been bayoneted, arrested, beaten, slugged and shot and evicted from their homes because they dared to fight for better conditions against mill owners, the government authorities and against the strike-breaking activities of the American Federation of Labor.

Thousands of Dollars are Needed to Defend These Heroic Strikers, Members of the National Textile Workers Union.

I hereby enclose \$..... for the Gastonia Defense.

NAME

ADDRESS

CITY AND STATE

Rush All Funds to the International Labor Defense
80 East 11th Street Room 402
New York, N. Y.

Black Haiti

By JACQUES DICHARSON

The author has already told how, after being beaten unconscious by the first mate of his ship, he goes into the city of Port au Prince, Haiti, where he strikes up an acquaintance with George Hey, an Englishman. At Hey's suggestion he goes the next day to seek a job at the Electric Light Company where Hey is working. He is interviewed by W. E. Bleo, one of the chiefs of the company.

WITHOUT looking at me he told me to sit down. Then: "Well-speak up. What do you want?" Seeing that I hesitated, as his attack had left me speechless, he continued, "Take this." At the same time he offered me a Gourd. I found my tongue and told him that I did not come into his office to beg for alms but to see if I could get a job.

"What can you do?" he snarled contemptuously at me, meanwhile taking a big cigar from a drawer and chewing it. I told him that I could keep books and that I could speak four languages fluently, including French. He called his secretary and told me to wait outside a few minutes. Calling me back after that time had elapsed, he said:

"It is not customary for this organization to employ strangers, especially men whom we do not know, but since we need a time-keeper, since you speak French, I'll waive the regulations aside and give you the job. Your salary will be \$25 per month, and if you prove worthy of the confidence that I place in you by giving you this opportunity, you will be raised a few dollars from time to time."

I took the letter his secretary handed me, thanked him and went out.

THE Power Plant of the Electric Light Company is located in the end of the Grande Rue. The walls are white, a pleasant contrast to the red roofs. The only thing pleasant about the place, in fact.

I entered the yard and gave my letter to Mr. Miller, the electrical superintendent. Miller is a Jamaican Negro, not a bad fellow; he's one of the best electricians in the West Indies, but since he's only a nigger," he's getting only \$150 a month, while the white colonist under him got \$250 and didn't know more about electricity than I know about chamber-maiding.

Miller took my letter and asked me if I was ready to go to work. I did not have anything to do, nor anywhere to go, so I told him that that suited me fine. He explained my new position. All I had to do was to take care of the pay-roll of 250 Haitians who responded to names like Pierre-Louis, Louis-Pierre, or Pierre-Jean. The first week I had a hard time, but afterward I got the hang of it and gave them numbers. After that I had it easy.

George was working as chief storekeeper. I would see him and have a chat every day. Lots of my ideas met on mutual ground with his. Then I met Dixon.

DIXON was the colonist under Miller, the second assistant superintendent. I had not met him before as he had been on a spree in Cap-Haitien. At first he was very friendly with me, telling me that he was always glad when he met a young man knocking his way about the world. He had done the same thing when he had been young. I believed him to be truthful. I unloaded all the bitterness that my heart contained. I told him how I had suffered trying to fight an uneven battle with the capitalist parasites. Explained to him how I had been railroaded to jail in Jamaica for attempting to organize a union over there. Told him how I had been held incommunicado in our own beloved United States of America, when I was a member of the I. W. W. Told him how the American Legion had come to our hall in San Pedro and had assaulted everyone present, including women and children. They had even thrown two babies into the coffee urns. I told him my hatred for bourgeois hypocrisy. Told him how I believed that all the working men in this world ought to unite and take possession of what was really theirs. I mentioned that and a lot more. Not knowing that at the same time his black soul was dreaming revenge for threatening his world and his most beloved inner thoughts.

HE came to me a few days afterward. "I've talked with the owner of the Terminus Bar," he said. "Mr. Widmier, the German proprietor, is willing to give you a chance, as manager of his place. I told him that you could speak several languages. He said to tell you that he would give you \$40 a month with room and board to start with."

I thanked Dixon and told him that I would be glad for the opportunity offered, and that I would hand in my resignation to the Electric Light Co. at the end of the month.

THE next day I received a letter from fellow-worker Petterson, the then New York branch secretary of the Marine Transport Workers the I. W. W. Petterson had sent me \$5. I had written to him that I had wanted to go to Santo Domingo, not knowing that I would get a job with the Electric Co. I wrote back telling him that it was very kind of him to send me \$5 and that I felt that I wasn't alone in my fight when I could hear from the comrades once in awhile.

After lunch I went back to the power plant. As I arrived I had a telephone call from the main office telling me to report there immediately. I forgot to mention that I had met Dixon in the post office. I had shown him the letter.

When I arrived in the office the cashier gave me the balance of my month's salary. He told me that by superior orders he had been told to let me know that my services were no longer required.

That set me back a little, but I didn't worry. Why should I? I had my friend Dixon procure me a better job? One where I could eat my fill and sleep where I wouldn't listen to my friends, the mosquitoes. You see it hadn't entered my mind yet that Dixon could have had something to do with my getting fired from Bleo's.

WENT to the Chinaman and took out the suit of khaki that I had bought since I had come into the Electric Light Co. I went up to George's house after I had cleaned up.

George had a little shack on Twelve Street. He was sharing it with a little native girl. It was cheaper, he reflected, since his salary did not permit him to stop at the Hotel de France as Dixon was doing. He had him of getting the can from Bleo. He wasn't surprised. He thought I had been expressing my opinions too openly in the power plant. "What are you going to do now?" he asked, eating the pois-et-chaud. "What does your little girl friend, had prepared for him."

"What does your little girl friend, had prepared for him." "I had a good job promised in the Bar Terminus, and the obvious advantages it would give me."

"Do not trust him too far, Jack. His world and yours are far apart. He's an ex-K.K.K. member and a religious fanatic besides being a hundred per cent American. He's from Georgia, you know!"

I only wished afterward that I had heeded his counsel. Perhaps a lot of the things that happened to me would have never occurred.

ABOUT 7:30 I left George's place and went to the Terminus. The Terminus is located in front of the National Palace not very far from the Marine Barracks. It is mostly frequented by marine officers. A Haitian that has any respect for himself will ever enter the place. Widmier was mooning over the cash register like a pasha as I entered. His fat face beamed all over when I told him that I was the young man that Dixon had recommended.

"Sit down," he said, at the same time gesticulating toward a garcon that apparently had forgotten a drunken customer in one corner. "I wouldn't expect you to start for a few days," he continued, "not until you obtain a general idea on how the place is run, and get acquainted with some of the clients."

I sat down and at his suggestion ordered a sandwich. I munched the thing. It was at least a couple weeks old. No wonder he gave it to me! I looked at the autocrats and their servants as they were coming in. I had been in the place half an hour and was growing tired looking at porcine complexions, when Dixon drifted in.

HE came over to where I was seated and asked me if I would like to have a glass of beer with him out in the garden. Unsuspectingly I answered that nothing would give me greater pleasure. We sat at a lonely table in one of the corners. He ordered two glasses of beer, took a cigarette from a gold case, lighted it, took a deep puff, gazed nervously in his chair until the garcon had brought the amber liquid over, then turned to me.

"You're a darn Bolshevik," he said, his face contorted by hatred. "We had a meeting between Mr. Bleo, a few other friends and me. It was our decision that you had better leave town tonight before 6 o'clock."

This left me astounded. I was supping for words, I could not get that even here in Haiti they could carry on that far. Little know!

BEAL'S FATHER, R. R. WORKER TO ASSIST DEFENSE

Will Visit Son in the Gastonia Jail

W. W. Beal, father of Fred Erwin Beal who is southern organizer of the National Textile Workers Union and one of the 14 strikers and strike leaders now facing murder charges in the big Gastonia frameup, is expected to arrive in New York within the next few days from his home in Lawrence, Mass., and will then leave for Gastonia to visit his son.

The elder Beal is going to Gastonia under the auspices of the International Labor Defense, which is defending the framed strikers and conducting a nation-wide campaign to save them. He will remain in Gastonia to aid the defense work.

W. W. Beal has been a railroad worker for 52 years and is in close sympathy with his son's ideals and with the cause for which he has so bravely fought. In a letter to Karl Reeve, editor of the Labor Defender, monthly organ of the I. L. D., the elder Beal writes that he has begun collecting funds for the defense among the workers of Lawrence. "If I can do anything for you, Fred or the cause I am ready," he declares.

I. L. D. Wires Greetings.

The New York District of the International Labor Defense has sent the following telegram of greetings to the 22 victims of the Gastonia frameup:

"New York District of International Labor Defense, in the name of its tens of thousands of members, sends you, our comrades in jail, fraternal greetings. We are with you in the struggle and will do everything in our power to keep you from the clutches of capitalist justice. Had successful protest demonstration in New York City where thousands participated. Resolution demanding your release and pledging wholehearted support to campaign being waged by I. L. D. for your defense passed unanimously. Yours with solidarity."

Ten-Year-Old Does Her Bit.

Celia Karpiloff of Los Angeles is only ten years old, but she understands the need of the workingclass solidarity better than many of her elders. When Celia learned of the great frameup in Gastonia, N. C., in which 14 workers are being threatened with the electric chair and eight with long jail terms, she got busy at once collecting money in the big na-

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Comrade
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351 E. 77th St., New York, N. Y.
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CHEMIST
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SURGEON DENTIST
1-UNION SQUARE
Room 803-1 Phone: Algonquin 8183
Not connected with any other office

DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF
SURGEON DENTIST
249 EAST 115th STREET
Cor. Second Ave. New York
Office hours: Mon., Wed., Sat., 9:30 a. m. to 12; 2 to 6 P. M.
Tues., Thurs., 9:30 a. m. to 12; 2 to 6 P. M.
Sunday, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Please telephone for appointment.
Telephone: Lehigh 6022

Dr. M. Wolfson
Surgeon Dentist
141 SECOND AVENUE, Cor. 9th St.
Phone, Orchard 2333.
In case of trouble with your teeth come to see your friend, who has long experience, and can assure you of careful treatment.

LABOR DEFENSE N. Y. ATTORNEY VISITS GASTONIA

Frameup Defendant to Talk Here Tomorrow

(Continued from Page One)
League and the International Labor Defense.

Miller, who has just come here from Gastonia, will tell the details of the great frameup by which the Manville-Jencks Company hopes to send 15 strikers and strike leaders to the electric chair and eight to long prison terms. Kermit Hardin, a Gastonia textile striker, will also speak on the frameup.

Other speakers will be Karl Reeve, editor of the Labor Defender, who spent nine weeks in Gastonia and Carl Haeker, assistant national secretary of the International Labor Defense. George Mink, national secretary of the Marine Workers League, will be chairman.

Working Women to Hear Reeve. Karl Reeve, editor of the Labor Defender, monthly organ of the International Labor Defense, will speak at 9 p. m. tonight on the Gastonia frameup at a meeting of the United Council of Working Women. The meeting will be held at 1873 43rd St., Brooklyn.

The United Council of Working Women is rallying its members to take an active part in the nationwide campaign of the International Labor Defense to save the Gastonia victims.

FIGHT FASCISTS IN COOPERATIVES

The meaning and importance of International Cooperator Day for the revolutionary working class, the necessity of strengthening the fight against cooperative bureaucrats who exploit the day for the popularization of pacifist illusions and class collaboration, the tasks of the cooperatives in the increasingly-fierce class struggles—these are some of the questions which the Co-operative Section of the Communist International considers of paramount importance for working class attention in preparation for International Cooperator Day which will be observed by the world working class on July 6.

Relentless was on the social fascists who control the International Cooperative Alliance will be a leading feature of the program for July 6.

Increase Strength of State Police to Use Against Penn. Strikes

HARRISBURGH, Pa. (by mail).—Through an appropriation of a half million dollars, the size of the state police, notorious in their brutality towards coal strikers, will be increased to the 421-men limit, and 120 more troops will be recruited. This is done simultaneously with the growing discontent of the coal miners throughout the state. The full strength of the troops will be sent in case of strikes.

AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS
Meets 1st Saturday in third month at 3561 Third Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.
Tel. Jerome 7090
Ask for Baker's Local 164 Union Label Bread

Hotel and Restaurant Workers
Branch of the Amalgamated Food Workers
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BUSINESS MEETING
Held on the first Monday of the month at 3 p. m.
One industry—One Union—Join and Fight the Common Enemy!
Office Open from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

MEET YOUR FRIENDS at
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1763 Southern Blvd., Bronx, N. Y.
Right off 174th St. Subway Station
Phone: Stuyvesant 3816

John's Restaurant
SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES
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All Comrades Meet at
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RATIONAL
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199 SECOND AVE. U. E.
Bet. 12th and 13th Sts.
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Meet your Friends at
GREENBERG'S
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Right off 174th Street Subway Station, Bronx

MELROSE
Dairy VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT
Comrades Will Always Find it Pleasant to Dine at Our Place.
1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., Bronx
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2700 BRONX PARK EAST
(corner Allerton Ave.)

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To Demand Release of Victims of Jugo-Slav Terror at Meet Tonight

The release of all class war prisoners in Jugoslavia and the cessation of the white terror against militant workers and peasants will be demanded by workers of New York at a mass meeting at 8 o'clock tonight at the Czechoslovak Workers Home, 347 E. 72nd St. The meeting has been called by the Jugo-Slav branch of the International Labor Defense.

Long Live the Revolutionary Struggle of the Oppressed Colonial Peoples!

"For Any Kind of Insurance"
CARL BRODSKY
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7 East 42nd Street, New York

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Meeting Rooms and Hall TO HIRE
Suitable for Meetings, Lectures and Dances in the
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347 E. 72nd St. New York
Telephone: Rhineland 6097

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HIGH-GRADE MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S SUITS
From \$12.50 to \$25.00
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83 Ave. A, Cor. 6th St., N. Y. C.

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Friday—6:30 p. m. Saturday—1:30 p. m.
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for children from 5 to 10 years of age.
Supervision of experienced leaders.—Comrade Torrent in charge.

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MAIN OFFICE: 9 Seventh Street (Cor. 3rd Ave.), New York, N. Y.
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Benefits paid since its existence:
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Total: \$14,274,941.63

Workers! Protect Your Families!
In Case of Sickness, Accident or Death!
Death Benefit according to the age at the time of initiation in one or both classes:
CLASS A: 40 cents per month—Death Benefit \$355 at the age of 16 to \$175 at the age of 44.
CLASS B: 50 cents per month—Death Benefit \$550 to \$230.
Parents may insure their children in case of death up to the age of 18. Death Benefit according to age \$20 to \$200.
Sick Benefit paid from the first day of filing the doctor's certificate. \$9 and \$15, resp., per week, for the first forty weeks, half of the amount for another forty weeks.
Sick Benefits for women: \$9 per week for the first forty weeks; \$4.50 each for another forty weeks.
For further information apply at the Main Office, William Souhr, National Secretary, or to the Financial Secretaries of the Branches.

4 FUR WORKERS GIVEN VICIOUS PRISON TERMS

Picket Demonstration Monday Morning

(Continued from Page One)
his hand. In spite of this, however, the Joint Council succeeded in getting out of an accommodating jury and a loyal boss-serving judge those severe sentences.

The Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union yesterday issued a statement denouncing these sentences and declaring that it will appeal the cases. Meanwhile, however, the workers are lodged in jail.

The twenty striking furriers arrested Thursday afternoon were held over from night court for a hearing yesterday morning in Jefferson Market Court before Magistrate Louis Brodsky. Each was given a suspended sentence. The charge against the workers was "disorderly conduct" because they participated in a picketing demonstration. But even the magistrate was hard put to find enough evidence which would permit him to send the workers to jail with comparatively good grace.

Picketing Monday
An enthusiastic meeting of fur strikers was held yesterday afternoon in Irving Plaza, where the progress of the strike was reported on. The General Strike Committee calls for a huge picketing demonstration in the fur market for Monday morning at 7:30. This demonstration is expected to bring out even more furriers into the ranks of the strikers. Meanwhile, the union is continuing to make individual settlements with bosses, at the same time intensifying the drive against those shops that are not out.

Long Live the Revolutionary Struggle of the Oppressed Colonial Peoples!

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CARL BRODSKY
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Hiking
Tents \$16.50—Bungalows \$17.50

Our busses leave every Wednesday at 2 p. m.
Friday—6:30 p. m. Saturday—1:30 p. m.
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AMUSEMENTS

Crime and Punishment to be Shown at Film Guild

"CRIME AND PUNISHMENT," the picturization of the great Russian novel, comes to the Film Guild Cinema beginning today.

The story is based on the novel and was enacted by the Moscow Art Theatre plays, unquestionably the greatest aggregation of actors in the world. This is the first time this troupe has ever been seen on the American screen. The players include: Chmaka, Tashanoff, Gekmanova, Kryshawskaia, Pavloff and Orlova. Dr. Robert Weine, well known German director, was chosen to supervise this production. Dr. Weine is best known in this country by his earlier work, "The Cabinet of Doctor Caligari."

On the same program will be Anatole France's "Crainquebille," with Maurice de Feraudy playing the leading role.

Constant Nymph at Cameo Theatre Today

First as a novel, then as a play, and now as a film, Margaret Kennedy's "The Constant Nymph" now being shown at the Cameo, has been very popular. The story achieves popularity in three mediums both in Europe and here. Ivor Novello plays the part of "Lewis Dodd," the composer. "Tessa" is played by Mabel Poulton.

A co-attraction on the current program, at the Cameo, will be the official fight pictures of the Schmeling vs. Paulino contest which took place Thursday night at the Yankee Stadium.

Another incidental bit is a scenic of the Pacific Coast, photographed in natural colors, and entitled "Trailing the Western Front."

Starting This Sat., June 29th
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY!
Theodore Dreiser says:
"I recommend
DOSTOIEVSKY'S
CRIME and PUNISHMENT
Enacted by the Moscow Art Players and directed by ROBERT WIENE, director of "Caligari"
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Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party of the U. S. A.

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Gastonia Hangmen Rejoice.

If the editorial page of the Gastonia Daily Gazette is any indication of the sentiment of the mill owners and their henchmen, as it surely is, the most interesting topic of conversation in that city over the past week end was the suspension of the Daily Worker for one day on last Friday. The Gazette gleefully publishes our appeal for funds and comments as follows:

"Here is the appeal sent to its subscribers by the Daily Worker, indicating the desperate straits in which it finds itself carrying on a losing game."

In a news story relating the burning of a "fiery cross" near the strikers' tent colony, the Gazette relates how the prosecution is still busy "gathering evidence" against the imprisoned strikers and strike leaders, and announces that the trial will probably take place the latter part of July. The story concludes with comment on the suspension of the Daily Worker:

"Much interest was created in the city by news that the Daily Worker, the Communist newspaper which is supporting the leaders and organizers in Gastonia, had been forced to suspend publication of one issue on account of lack of funds. The newspaper announced in its Saturday issue that unless more money were contributed, it would have to discontinue publication permanently. It is making a frantic appeal for one day's wages from workers all over the country for a \$50,000 Communist-Daily Worker fund."

The one day's suspension so preyed upon the mind of the editor of the mill owners' rag that he again referred to it in a special editorial paragraph, saying:

"The Daily Worker, the Communist organ which is supporting the cause of those in jail here on the charge of murder, is making frenzied appeals for money to keep going another day or two. This newspaper is on its last legs, it seems. With its collapse will go much of the ballyhoo that has helped the cause along."

Thus the Gastonia Gazette rejoices over what it thinks is our impending "collapse." Speaking for the enemies of the working class and the hangmen and lynchers in the service of the mill owners of the South the Gazette realizes the tremendous power and influence wielded by the Daily Worker among the workers. When it says that our suspension would dispose of much of the "ballyhoo" that has "helped the cause along" it means that without the Daily Worker it will be easier to carry out their campaigns of extermination against the working class.

The employing class knows only too well the importance of the class struggle of a Communist daily publication. It knows that it was the world-wide publicity emanating from the columns of the Daily Worker that initiated the demonstrations of millions of workers in every country in the world in behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti. They also know that the masses of the world, still infuriated at the American ruling class because of its dastardly torture and murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, will act in such a decisive manner that the hand of the executioner will be stopped, if they learn the facts in the case. And they know the Daily Worker, as long as it exists, will furnish those facts against the capitalist class butchers.

The Gastonia Gazette is rejoicing at our difficulties. It is up to the workers who realize the significance of the Daily Worker in the class struggle to rally to the support of their revolutionary paper and make the Gastonia Gazette editor and other pen prostitutes of the mill owners laugh out of the other corner of their mouths.

Relations Between Soviet Union and Britain.

The Pravda, official organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, in its issue of June 8th, views the relations between the Soviet Union and Great Britain, as follows:

The victory of the Labor Party at the British elections underlines one of the most acute questions of international politics, i. e., the question of the relations between Great Britain and the Union of Soviet Republics.

The question played no small role in the parliamentary elections, and the Labor Party which emerges victorious from the elections and which extracted no little political capital out of criticizing the aggressive anti-Soviet policy of its predecessors, will, in all probability, be compelled to honor the electoral promises in the question.

The re-establishment of diplomatic relations between Great Britain and the Soviet Union is not only of interest for the two countries immediately concerned, but is also a matter of great international significance.

Recently, the capitalist world has begun to show more and more interest for the Soviet Union, for by this time even the bitterest enemies of the Soviet Union have realized that their hopes for a "collapse" of the Soviets are illusory. On the contrary, the last Party Conference and the great plan of socialist reconstruction adopted by the Soviet Congress, must convince the whole world that we are carrying on reconstruction in deeds and not in words, to an extent unknown in any capitalist country. At the same time the capitalist countries are faced more and more urgently with the question of obtaining new markets.

Under these circumstances the presence of an important delegation of British industrialists in the Soviet Union was no accident, just as it is no accident that a delegation of American business men will visit the Soviet Union in the near future.

Great transactions like our agreement with the General Electric Company and our agreement with the Ford Company which has just been made public, show that our relations with the United States are being placed upon a more and more secure basis.

It is therefore by no means surprising that the formation of a Labor Government is causing lively comment in the whole international press, including the American press, concerning the expected re-opening of diplomatic relations between Great Britain and the Soviet Union.

We, of course, are well aware that in its negotiations with the government of the Soviet Union, MacDonald's government will defend the interests of capitalism with the same devotion that any other bourgeois government would show.

HIS MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM

By Jacob Burck



Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address to the Communist Party

THE Polbureau is desirous of securing the broadest possible Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address and the immediate Party tasks outlined therein. All Party members and particularly the comrades active in the workshops in the basic industries are invited to write their

opinions for the Party Press. Resolutions of Factory Nuclei also will be printed in this section. Send all material dealing with this campaign to Comrade Jack Stachel, care National office, Communist Party, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

A Necessary Indictment of Factionalism and Opportunist Errors

By JACK JOHNSTONE.

The Open Letter of the Communist International to our Party was a necessary, severe indictment of a series of right wing errors that, if continued, would have led us into a bog of opportunism—a series of right errors that were hindering our Party from taking its proper place as the leader of working-class struggles. It was a necessary, severe indictment of the paralyzing factional walls that had divided our Party into two parts: Minority, Majority, each operating as a separate political party—an intolerable situation that we were not able to overcome, not willing to overcome, and could not overcome without the rigorous assistance of the Communist International. I say "rigorous" because the Communist International on all too numerous occasions has corrected right wing errors making concrete proposals for the liquidation of factionalism that we had built, which factionalism made it impossible for us to see and fight against the main danger confronting our Party: the Right Danger. For the first time, since the factional fight began in our Party six years ago, the former grouping has really been smashed, and the Party as a whole is working determinedly to destroy the last remnants of factional walls, and to apply the new line laid down by the Communist International for us.

It is only factional blindness or rank opportunism that can keep one from seeing the correctness of the decisions of the Sixth World Congress and the Address of the Communist International to our Party. Gastonia, South Carolina, Elizabeth, the Boston and Haverhill shoe strikes, the series of New York strikes, the movement in the packing houses in Chicago and Kansas City, in the railroads of the Middle West, among the steel workers in Indiana, in the auto industry, the wide response, in spite of practically no preparations, to the call for the organizing of a new revolutionary union center, the Trade Union Unity Convention, are only a few examples of the sharpening of the class struggle, the wide-spread radicalization that is taking place among the workers.

The frantic preparations for war, expressed in many forms, the passage of bills, giving power to the president for the mobilization of all man-power for war, the drawing up of plans for legislation that will

quickly turn peace industries into war industries, the reviewing of the cadets at West Point by Green and the Executive Council of the A. F. of L., the united front between Atterbury of the Pennsylvania Railroad and Wharton of the Machinist Union to jointly mobilize the skilled workers in the railroad shops into the Machinist Union, rationalization: speed-up, war to the death against the new revolutionary unions, are all preparations for war. History is quickly proving the correctness of the Open Letter and the decisions of the Sixth World Congress, demanding of us to quickly readjust ourselves from factional to Party conduct and by a Bolshevik process of merciless self-criticism, unite the Party on a basis of the Communist International line, so that the Party can assume, unfettered by factional ties, the leadership of the movements that are developing right now, and which are developing into great mass battles.

The proposed visit of Ramsay MacDonald to Hoover, is a war maneuver. It is a fake imperialist olive branch of a peace gesture, a pretense used to gain a breathing spell under cover of which war preparations become intensified. The antagonism between British and American imperialists has been growing rapidly in the past few years and it is this antagonism that is bringing MacDonald here—antagonism that cannot be overcome within the framework of imperialism but antagonism that can temporarily be subordinated for the purpose of British and American imperialism jointly waging a war of aggression against the Soviet Union.

The vicious attacks now being carried on in the capitalist and reformist press of the world against the Soviet Union, are an expression of growing imperialist contradiction that thinks it sees a way of overcoming these contradictions in a war of aggression against the Soviet Union. The New York Times quotes the British industrial king Leslie Urquhart of anti-Soviet fame as follows:

"The real and only solution in my opinion," he continued, "is common international economic action of all nations. Just as common action between the United States and the allies in the war to down militarism was necessary, so common economic action of all nations will be necessary to cure Russia of Communism and help in

the evolution of saner economic principles."

And in the concluding paragraph of his speech, the New York Times further quotes:

"I am firmly convinced that the cooperation of England and the United States in the solution of the Russian problem is the thing which matters most, and it is my fervent hope that the forthcoming visit of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to Washington will bring about a friendly cooperation in this question for the good of the whole world."

This should bring home clearly to our Party the sound Bolshevik logic of the Communist International Address to our Party: the menace of the war danger, underestimated by both groups, should and is rallying the members to the smashing of all remnants of factionalism as a prerequisite for the carrying out of the new line laid down by the Communist International for our Party.

To be able to properly understand and carry out the tasks of the Party, we must liquidate past errors. In the past we had an easy way of doing this: if the errors were made by both of the former groupings, we either liquidated them by the silent process of letting them drop, or we tried to find out who made the motions and started another stage in the factional fight or we accepted the criticism made against those whom we were in political struggle against, and made factional instead of political capital out of it. It became a group victory used against the Party, instead of being a political victory and used to strengthen the Party.

Fountain Head of Errors. The error of "exceptionalism": an error committed by both groups, is pointed out in the Communist International Address to the Party as follows:

"The Executive Committee of the Communist International points out that not only the mistakes of the Majority but also the most important mistakes of the Minority were based on the conception of American exceptionalism—is the fountain-head from which flowed the major right errors of the Party. The Minority while correct in drawing attention to the growing inner contradictions of American capitalism as a primary factor, did not understand fully and correctly the relations between the inner and outer contradictions: that American imperialism as part of a decaying world capitalism, subject to

all its laws; that these accumulated contradictions were battering down the walls of American imperialism; that the very strength of American imperialism was creating new contradictions, hurrying chaotic world capitalism into new imperialistic wars. This confused approach was bound to lead to other right wing errors and especially to an underestimation of the War Danger."

The minority based its campaign in the last Party discussion against the theory of exceptionalism put forward by Pepper and Lovestone, but the weakness of this struggle, which had some real political merit, was that the minority did not realize that it, too, suffered from the theory of exceptionalism. True this was not a conscious line with the minority as it was with Lovestone-Gitlow and Wolfe which finally drove them to their present position of opposition to the line of the Communist International and therefore much easier to correct, nevertheless, it increased the right danger rather than struggle against it.

"No New Cruisers."

The minority also carried the banner, "Fight the Right Danger," but the right danger to the minority was contained in the majority group. We failed completely to see the opportunist character of our own errors. "No New Cruisers." Now was it possible to accept such a petty-bourgeois pacifist slogan? This error was an error of the minority and not merely of Comrade Bittleman, yet Comrade Bittleman was considered by some leading minority comrades as a leftist. And strange as it may seem, it was Comrade Bittleman who was the most insistent that the right danger, the main danger of the Party, also applied to the minority.

The most serious aspects of the right danger within the minority was the thought that the right danger was to be found only in the majority. Hence, the failure to carry on an effective struggle against right tendencies within the minority ranks. It became a factional rather than a political struggle. All of the minority participated in these errors. True, some of the young comrades of the minority fought against the error "No New Cruisers," and condemned it in the Youth League.

"Trotskyism."

On the question of Trotskyism, this brings to the surface the rottenness of factionalism. The errors made by the minority in the struggle against Trotskyism was not be-

CEMENT

By FEODOR GLADKOV

Translated by A. S. Arthur and C. Ashleigh
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CHAPTER XI.

IN THE VICE

I

THE MASTERS' HANDS

UNTIL sunrise Gleb was visiting one dwelling after another, personally directing the work of the detachment. Their rifles stood in the streets, the vigilant silent figures of the workmen stood in the darkness, the tramp of heavy boots filled the night with terror. Already the air shimmered with the blue dawn, and the stars, paling, seemed near and spring-like.

Shuk was on guard. This was not the same Shuk, the loanna, suspicious buffon and slouching disturber, who now stood before Gleb, but a strong, menacing soldier. As Gleb approached him he did not break into his usual flood of exclamations; he kept his rifle firmly grounded. From the open doors of a detached villa with big bay windows, the mewling hysterical cries of women were issuing.

"Who's working here, Shuk?"

"They're searching here, friend. Can you hear how the woman's shrieking! Savchuk! Savchuk, your wife, Serge and the two Chekists. Go and have a look at them stripping the bourgeoisie!"

"Well, and how's your work in the Economic Council getting on, Shuk? Have you caught many fleas?"

"Ho, ho, friend . . . Just pay a visit to Shibus! I felt like standing them all up against a wall today. You can't imagine what scoundrels they are. And as for Shramm, I'd stand him up first, or I don't know my own mind! Imagine, they've been starving all the men who are felling timber in the forest, and themselves getting as fat as rats in a granary. How I hate to see the working class cheated like that! Just wait a bit, friend: we'll give them such a smashing, they won't know where they are."

A RED SOLDIER, with his rifle, stood in the half-light of the corridor with its great windows. Through the open door, among the shadows, one could see a dishevelled woman, stretched on a sofa, sobbing and wringing her hands.

A hard, hurried job was being carried out there: the furniture was groaning as it was shoved about; voluminous bundles fell softly to the floor; heavy boots tramped, and slid.

Gleb entered, brusque and military, boldly trampling this cultured intimacy. He had no eyes for the woman on the sofa who, half-clothed, with tearful swollen face, looked with terror at these men with rifles who stood guard, and at those who were emptying the drawers, ward robes and chests. Most likely she didn't notice beside here a lit bare-kneed girl, who looked inquisitively at these unknown people who had so suddenly and noiselessly descended upon them in the night.

A man in slippers, braces and shirt-sleeves, with gold pince-nez and a long pointed beard, stood bewildered by a large writing-table. Lonely and proud, he shrugged his shoulders and smiled convulsively.

With the skilled hands of a good housewife, Dasha was carefully putting aside all that she could find that was plain and most useful among the linen, clothes and household utensils. She was placing them on sheets which were spread out on the ground, or into travelling baskets.

"This is for the Children's Homes . . . for the little ones. This for the Maternity Homes. Ah, this is good stuff! They've got a lot piled up here! This means clothes for such a lot of children!"

cause the former minority had Trotskyist tendencies, but the errors made were due to factional considerations. How was it possible that such a political degenerate as Cannon could be housed within the ranks of the minority and not exposed until the moment he chose to come out openly as a Trotsky supporter? The only answer to this is a proof of the political weakness of the former minority and this alone should be sufficient to disprove the stupid factional charge made by Lovestone that the Communist International is turning over the Party to the minority.

Reservations at Secret Congress.

There are the reservations made by me at the Sixth World Congress on behalf of the minority. The acceptance of the decisions of the Comintern with reservations is a major political error. We had proposed amendments to the draft thesis presented to the Sixth World Congress, the essence of which were embodied in the final thesis that was adopted, yet we declared to the Congress that we had reservations. This error in my estimation again showed the political immaturity of the minority.

While struggling against the right danger, we were yet inclined to accept the interpretation of the thesis made by the right elements. Our reservations to the thesis were a misunderstanding of the thesis, but to have reservations is wrong whether you understand the thesis or not. Decisions of the Communist International are decisions for all to carry out without reservations. This was not a way to fight the right danger.

Our reservations gave objective supports to the right elements. Pepper and Lovestone used them very effectively in the Party discussion, not to correct this error but to strengthen factionalism. And the minority by making these reservations, helped to confuse the issues before the Party. It was in the New York Active Committee meeting that the seriousness of this error was brought home to me, even more sharply than the Communist International Address, when a worker from one of the shop nuclei stated that he, as well as the majority of the Party, supported Lovestone because they were of the opinion that the Lovestone groups was the sole upholder of the Communist International. Of course, this interpretation is incorrect, but it shows how Lovestone and Pepper, aided by the minority reservations, were able to confuse a large section of the Party.

Speculation on the C. P. S. U. The error of the minority in speculating on the differences in the C.P.S.U. was also a factional one that had deep political implications. While the line of the minority in support of the Central Committee of the C. P. S. U. in its struggle against the Right danger and conciliatory tendencies was correct, it was only blind factionalism that allowed the minority to parade its

as the only comrades in the American Party that was supporting the Central Committee of the C. P. S. U. which assumption attempted to place the majority of the Party as a whole as consciously opposing this line, a position that was incorrect in a position that would have been ridiculed if a discussion on this question would have been conducted in the Party, or in the convention, a discussion that would have gone a long way to destroy the factionalism of the Lovestone-Gitlow-Pepper group, a discussion that might have torn away the factional glass through which Gitlow was looking when he made a declaration which upheld the slanderous attacks of the Right elements on the leadership of the C.P.S.U. and of the Comintern, and pointed out in the Address of the Communist International to the Party.

Being identified with all the errors of the minority, helping to formulate and inculcate them into the ranks of the minority, I want to do what I can to eradicate them. Only when we fully realize that our Party is but a section of the C. I., that carries out the program of the C. I. in the United States, that opposes to a line ends when a policy is adopted, and those who form themselves in error must not stand without reservation the decisions of the C. I., but must also expose to the Party by means of self-criticism, errors made, when these originated from, and if continued, where they would have led to. This Bolshevik method is the only guarantee that our Party is fitting itself to carry out its Leninist historical task. Neither groups had this Communist virtue in the past. The smashing of these groups which has been accomplished in a much shorter time than the most optimistic comrades expected, gives assurance for the future that the policies and methods of struggle will be the collective work of the Party; that errors made will be discussed on the basis of sharp self-criticism.

It is necessary that the whole Party discuss and understand the Comintern line, not in an abstract way, but how to apply that line to the every-day concrete demands of the workers. The Bolshevization of our Party is not a class-room discussion; it is class struggle, strike struggle, with mass picket lines mass violation of the injunction fight against the war danger, fight for the defense of the Soviet Union, for the building of shop nuclei, and shop committees, for building the T.U.E.L., to draw the Negroes, youth and women into the struggle. In other words, the Bolshevization process means the acid test of developing individual as well as Party leadership in all mass class-struggle so that our Party will quickly go into a mass Communist Party of the workers.

Away with factionalism! For a united mass Bolshevik