



HOOVER'S TARIFF TO BAR REVOLUTIONARY WRITINGS

TRIAL OF CANTER, BOSTON COMMUNIST, OPENS TODAY; CALL FULLER'S RECORDS

Plot to Frame Militant Who Called Executioner of Sacco, Vanzetti a Murderer

International Labor Defense Issues Statement Exposing Capitalist Frame-up System

(Special to the Daily Worker)
BOSTON, May 21.—Following a long campaign of evasion, the trial of Harry J. Canter, active Boston Communist, is expected to begin definitely tomorrow morning. Canter was indicted on a "criminal libel" charge for carrying a placard: "Fuller, Murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti," at an election campaign demonstration of the Communist Party last November 3.

Arthur Garfield Hays, prominent attorney, who has appeared in a large number of labor cases in the past few years, formally took charge of the defense today.

Demand Fuller Records.
Ex-Governor Fuller, millionaire auto manufacturer, having been served with a summons to appear at the trial by defense attorneys last Monday, was today notified that he must bring all records, notes and memoranda on the Sacco-Vanzetti case. A similar demand was made of Robert Worthington, clerk of the Dedham Court, where the Sacco-Vanzetti "trial" was conducted.

At the same time defense counsel today planned to serve summonses upon President Lowell of Harvard, Samuel Stratton of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and Judge Robert Grant. These three reactionaries served on Fuller's fake "advisory committee" appointed to lend a veneer of "respectability" to the Massachusetts mill owners' murderer crew.

Issue Summon.
Summonses have also been issued to Albert Basco, the editor of "Lanotizia," James Mede and several others.

"Big Chief" Mede, together with Frank Silva, confessed to having engineered the Bridgewater holdup for which Vanzetti was sentenced to 15 years. This conviction was later used as a basis for the murder frame-up against him and Sacco.

The charge is being made that the prosecution is making a deliberate effort to shield Fuller from "embarrassing" cross-examination at the Canter trial. Instead, it is planned to railroad Canter to a long (Continued on Page Two)

CAN'T FIX CHARGE ON N. J. GRAFTER

Ignore Rivals' Appeal for "Contempt"

TRENTON, N. J., May 21.—The Hague machine triumphed again over its republican rivals with the ruling by Chancellor John J. Fallon that Frank Hague, democratic mayor of Jersey City, could not be punished for contempt.

The appeal arose out of Hague's ignoring the subpoena of the Case legislative "investigating" committee, which at its last sessions proved by testimony from over 700 witnesses, recorded in thousands of pages of evidence, that Hague and his henchmen had made thou-

(Continued on Page Two)

OIL, SOAP COMBINE
CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 21.—The Proctor and Gamble Soap Co. of Cincinnati has taken over the refineries of the Chattanooga Cotton Oil Company.

W. I. R. Alone Gives Food in Gastonia; Sick on the Streets

Mary Heaton Vorse, tells her impressions of the evictions of the Gastonia strikers.

"Sweet-faced Mrs. Vallentyne sits among her household goods, a sick child in her arms. The little girl's face is covered with scabs, her eyes, sick-looking eyes, roll upwards so only the whites can be seen.
"No," says the red faced, paunchy mill doctor, Lee Johnson, "that's not the chickenpox. That's the small-pox she's got. She's all right, just peelin' her scabs."

LATIN-AMERICAN CENTER OF CLASS UNIONISM FORMED

Congress of Trade Union Confederation Opens in Montevideo

Wide Representation Against Pan-American Reformist Center

The congress for the formation of a Latin American Trade Union Confederation, based upon the class struggle, opened yesterday in Montevideo, Uruguay, marking another step in the advance of the world trade union movement toward complete unity of one International of class struggle.

At the same time, class labor union centers are in the process of construction in the industrial centers of the United States. The Trade Union Educational League has sent two fraternal delegates, including a Negro worker, to the congress.

First Steps Taken.
An initial meeting of Latin American trade union representatives took place in Moscow at the tenth anniversary of the October Revolution, on a larger scale than was possible in any of the Latin American countries. There a common platform in the united struggle against Yankee imperialism and its agent in the labor movement, the Pan-American Federation of Labor, dominated by the reactionary American A. F. of L. officials and Morones, the Mexican Gompers of the CROM, was decided upon.

The common policy was further formulated and organizational steps for the formation of the new center were taken at a later conference in April, 1928, at which a Provisional Committee was formed to issue the call to the Latin American proletariat for the formation of the Latin American Trade Union Conference.

The following agenda was outlined for the Montevideo congress:
1. The Report of the Provisional Committee on the work done; 2, the fight against Yankee and British imperialism and against the interior reaction; 3, the attitude toward the Pan-American Federation of Labor; 4, the Program of Economic Demands; 5, Trade Union Unity, National and International; 6, Problems of Immigration and Emigration; 7, the Problem of the (Continued on Page Two)

At the same time, the corrupt and reactionary officialdom of Local 719 of the Hotel and Restaurant Employees International Alliance of the American Federation of Labor joined hands with the labor-hating courts and the brutal police in their efforts to break the strike of the courageous food workers. They announced the expulsion from this local, yesterday, of three members—Robert Long of the executive board; Harry Anns, organizer, and Harry Fox, on account of their outspoken support of the struggle of the cafeteria workers.

Michael Obermeier, organizer of the Hotel, Restaurant and Cafeteria Workers Union, characterized this action as further evidence of the reactionary character of the A. F. of L. officials, who have "engaged in" (Continued on Page Five)

CALL MEET TO HIT BRUTALITY

Will Protest Raid at Union Sq. Saturday

Militant workers of New York City will gather in a demonstration at Union Square, Saturday, May 25, in mass protest against the brutality of the Tammany police against strikers and in the raid on the Workers' Center last Saturday afternoon.

This demonstration, to be held under the joint auspices of the International Labor Defense, the left wing unions and District 2 of the Communist Party, whose organizer, Ben Lifshitz, was given a 30-day sentence in the workhouse by the anti-labor Judge Goodman, was announced last night by the New York district of the I. L. D.

The brutality of the Tammany police, accentuated by the reign of the "gentlemanly" Grover Whalen, has been directed with increasing violence against the cafeteria strikers many of whom are brutally beaten every day and given long jail sentences.

Added to this, while Whalen was displaying 5,000 of his best-armed forces in an effort at intimidation, Tammany police raided the Workers' Center and arrested Lifshitz in the building without a warrant. With the arrest of the 17 workers and nine Pioneers there went the usual brutality, fully testified to by the Pioneers in court Monday.

The only comment that Police Commissioner Whalen made on protest from the I. L. D. was to say that the workers were "criminals," that he was not concerned with them and that his police are fully justified in handling them as they do.
Militant workers will not take the Tammany police brutality, decorated (Continued on Page Five)

Party District Organizers Endorse Comintern Address

Join with the Unanimous Action Taken by the Political Committee

The first four District Organizers of the Party to express themselves on the address of the Executive Committee of the Communist International to the membership of the Communist Party of the U. S. A. are Abram Jakira, district organizer in Pittsburgh; Alex Bail, district organizer in Boston; Herbert Benjamin, district organizer in Philadelphia, and Norman Tallentire, district organizer in Detroit.

JAKIRA'S TELEGRAM FOLLOWS.
"I fully endorse Comintern letter and Polcom decisions and, have begun campaign yesterday as soon as decisions became known to win over membership for unqualified endorsement. Bureau meets Thursday.—A. Jakira."

BAIL'S TELEGRAM FOLLOWS.
"Comintern letter indicated clearly and sharply ECCI determination to smash all former factions, eliminate anti-Party and anti-Comintern methods of faction fighting, lays down new and correct line for Party replacing incorrect line both former groups. Am convinced correctness organization measures as necessary prerequisite broader leadership on non-factional basis. Definitely disassociate myself former majority to which I belonged since inception. Approve strongest measures against vacillators or opponents Comintern letter. Will do all in my power to mobilize membership support Comintern letter and unanimous decision Central Committee.—Alex Bail."

BENJAMIN'S TELEGRAM FOLLOWS.
"As a loyal member of Comintern with full faith in our revolutionary international leadership I accept, endorse and pledge full support for the final decision of ECCI. This decision excludes all possibility for confusion as decision supporting one or another of the former groups and provides for the elimination of all group viewpoints, lays basis upon which our Party may go forward unhampered by remnants of old factional considerations to the many important tasks which confront our Party in the present period. Long Live Our United Communist Party! Long Live the Communist International.—Herbert Benjamin."

TALLENITRE'S TELEGRAM FOLLOWS.
"I urge that the entire Party both in its leadership and its proletarian rank and file elements most unreservedly accept and endorse as I do the decision of our Communist International—both in its organizational and political implications. The entire Party must be mobilized in the spirit of this latest decision to concentrate on building a mass Party of Communism without respect to previous factional groupings. As one of the strongest and longest supporters of the previous majority faction in the Party I pledge my support to the Central Committee in carrying out the C.I. line in the Communist Party of America.—Norman H. Tallentire."
These comrades show by their telegrams that they support the decisions of the Central Committee adopted unanimously by the Political Committee on Saturday, May 18, accepting and endorsing the Comintern address.

MINE FAKERS FIGHT IN COURT

Cappellini Injunction Is Against Boylan

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., May 21.—Misleaders of the United Mine Workers' Union, District 1, are quarreling among themselves over the nomination for president and secretary-treasurer of the district. On petition of Rinaldo Cappellini and Thomas Lavelle, who have taken part in many betrayals of the District 1 miners, and who claim to have been nominated, Judge McLean has granted a preliminary injunction directing the officers and board members of District 1 to preserve the ballots, books and records of the nomination, and produce them in court at the hearing to be held Thursday.

Cappellini and Lavelle claim they were nominated by more than 15 locals for the offices of president and secretary-treasurer respectively. (Continued on Page Two)

Final Fur Strike Plans at Cooper Union Meet Soon

Joint Board Announces Important Meetings to Plan Vital Struggles Soon

A mass meeting of furriers to be held in Cooper Union, 8th St. and Astor Pl. shortly, to make the final preparations for the forthcoming general strike of the furriers—this was the principal decision arrived at by the Joint Board of the Needle Workers Industrial Union which met last night at 16 West 21st St.

This is expected to be one of the most significant mass meetings in weeks, inasmuch as the mobilization campaign among the fur workers will then reach its climax.
Many Vital Meetings.
The Cooper Union meeting, although the largest, will be but one of the large number of other significant meetings to be held within the next few days in preparation for the great struggle of the furriers, which exceeded the 1926 general strike in the display of militancy, courage and fighting power on the part of the workers.
J. Borochowitz, general manager of the Joint Board, in his report de-

NATIONAL MINERS WIN IN ZEIGLER

U.M.W.A. Meet Fails; Fakers Seen Grafting

ZEIGLER, Ill., May 21.—The sub-district convention here of the United Mine Workers of America, run now practically as a company union by the Lewis machine nationally and the Fishwick machine in Illinois, has been indefinitely postponed.

The growing strength of the National Miners' Union in southern Illinois is responsible for this postponement of a meeting which was to have been held June 4. Zeigler was once the stronghold of Bill Hagen, who helped to frame up Corbushley and the other Zeigler boys on murder charges several years ago, and who led a conspiracy to murder John Watt, president of the N. M. U., in the streets of Herrin (Continued on Page Two)

Final Fur Strike Plans at Cooper Union Meet Soon

Joint Board Announces Important Meetings to Plan Vital Struggles Soon

claimed that only a general strike soon of the cloakmakers will exterminate both the fake company union known by the pretentious title "International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union," and the scores of sweatshops which this scab union breeds.
Urges General Strike.
Denouncing the framed maneuvers of the right wing clique and the fake "stoppage" which is being threatened with the aid and connivance of the cloak manufacturers, Borochowitz declared that "only a general strike will succeed in giving to all the cloakmakers union conditions and improved living standards."
All the energies of the Needle Workers Industrial Union must flow in this direction from now on, Borochowitz stated.
Joint Meeting Soon.
The Joint Board will also soon call a meeting of the Joint Executive Boards of all cloak, dress and (Continued on Page Five)

MINERS ELECT DELEGATES FOR UNITY CONGRESS

221 Delegates Already Assured; Unorganized Will Send Additional

Convention Endorses It Mine Youth, Women to Be Represented

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 21.—The fighting miners, whose experience of years of struggle against the coal barons and the labor fakers in their ranks has convinced them of the necessity of establishing a new trade union center to really represent the interests of the workers in the mines, mills and factories, are rallying to the support of the Trade Union Unity Congress to be held in Cleveland and will send more than two hundred delegates to Cleveland to help establish such a center, according to an announcement today by the National Office of the National Miners Union, 119 Federal St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

New Committees.
All over the country, the miners organized in the National Miners Union are holding meetings and electing their delegates, direct from the mine.
The response to the call upon the miners to support the Trade Union Unity Congress may be judged by the fact that even in localities where no local unions of the National Miners Union are as yet in existence, the unorganized miners are forming organization groups to select representatives to Cleveland.

This is particularly true in the previously unorganized territory of Pennsylvania—Somerset, Westmoreland, Fayette and Greene Counties—in West Virginia and in the Southern mining territory.

Information to hand so far, which is not yet complete for the unorganized groups, indicates that the miners will be represented by 221 delegates at the Trade Union Unity Congress, which will be distributed as follows:
From local unions and District Executive Boards, 201; National Executive Board of the N. M. U., 5; National Youth Section of the N. M. U., 5; Ladies Auxiliary Section of the N. M. U., 10.
This number will undoubtedly be increased as more unorganized (Continued on Page Two)

BERLIN WORKERS IN BIG PROTEST

Hold Meet in Spite of Prohibition

(Wireless By "Inprocor")
BERLIN, May 21.—The workers of Berlin demonstrated against the killing of 27 of their comrades by the police of the social-democratic police chief Zorgebel during the May Day demonstrations and demanded his removal, despite the government ban on the meeting.

The demonstration took place in Frankfurter Allee on Saturday and was marked with severe collisions with the police.
The appeal of Gregor Grossman, Berlin correspondent of the Moscow "Pravda," against Zorgebel's order that he be expelled from Germany because of his reports of the May Day events, has not yet been replied to.

BOYD SAYS NEEDS NO MARTIAL LAW

Senate Comm. Hears Bemberg Bosses

ELIZABETH, Tenn., May 21.—Adjutant-General Boyd today announced that he was not immediately applying for declaration of martial law. He felt that the five companies of militia there now, deputized as sheriffs, but using their national guard uniforms, rifles, bayonets, tear gas bombs, hand grenades, machine guns and other artillery can club and shoot the strike to pieces without the formal declaration of martial law.
The cases of more strikers arrested in the latter part of last week (Continued on Page Two)

PRESIDENT'S CRIME BOARD PLANS FOR HUGE SPY ARMY AND CHEAPER FRAME-UPS

First Steps in Government Drive to Crush All Workers' Organizations and Smash Strikes

Anti-Union Campaign Waged Under Smoke Screen of "Prohibition" and "Morality"

WASHINGTON, May 21.—A glaring side light on President Hoover's appointment yesterday of his so-called "law enforcement committee" of investigation is thrown by another quiet and camouflaged attack on the working class, concealed away down in his new tariff bill.

A committee composed of big corporation owners, their lawyer and college professor servants, meets ostensibly to investigate prohibition, but actually, according to their written instructions, which mention prohibition only incidentally, to devote their first and main efforts to propaganda for the creation of a larger and more vicious secret police service, a strike-breaking, labor-hounding gendarmierie, and by recommending changes in the laws concerning the selection of jurors, to do away with as many as possible of the already flimsy safeguards of workers facing frame-up charges in the courts, thus to make the conviction and jailing, and the deportation of foreign born workers cheaper and more efficient.

Prohibits Revolutionary Writings.
At the same time this crusade against revolutionary labor and its organizations is started directly by Hoover through his newly appointed committee, the new tariff law which was practically written by Hoover, and is now ready to pass, this week or next, the special session called by him for that purpose, contains, suitably misnamed and deeply buried in the text, undebated and hardly noticed, a provision which can easily be interpreted by any of the prejudiced courts to exclude from the country every variety of class conscious news, printed matter or drawings of the international revolutionary working class movement. The workers are to be dragged in America, and as far as the law can be enforced, isolated from the world movement of the Communist International and the Red International of Labor Unions. Practically all of the books and publications of the state printing plants of the workers of the Soviet Union, and the news services of the Communist Interna-

(Continued on Page Two)

SENATORS HEAR TEXTILE BOSSES BUT NO STRIKERS

Scabs in Elizabethton Fake Some Shooting

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The senate committee on manufacturers, which has been going through the form of taking public testimony on the Wheeler resolution for a senate investigation of starvation among southern textile workers and strikers, concluded its hearings last night, without listening to any of the real strikers at all. It heard representatives of the strikebreaking United Textile Workers Union, and it gladly gave the floor and abundance of time to the manufacturers. It listened politely to Paul Blanshard of the new fake liberal group of union officials and editors. Blanshard told them the wages, to be sure, were low in the south, but the housing was not so bad, better than workers in the north enjoy.

Shut Strikers Out.
The delegation of Gastonia strikers, which arrived a week ago in Washington to testify to the real conditions, got the door slammed in its face. As soon as it became known that they were in town the committee adjourned and did not resume sessions until after they had gone back to their North Carolina picket lines.

On resumption of hearings, the committee listened to the sort of evidence it really wanted to hear.

Bosses Talk at Length.
Ralph V. Reece, assistant superintendent of the Bemberg mills at Elizabethton, said the strikers had nothing to strike about; A. W. Smith, president of the Brandon mills, where there was a spontaneous strike, said the workers were unjustly prejudiced against the speed-up system which the need for profits made necessary for him to install; H. A. Ligon, president of the Mills No. 2 and Arcadia mills in South Carolina, declared he was always good and kind to his workers.

Striker Tells Story.
BALTIMORE, Md., May 21.—The actual state of affairs in the Gastonia strike and in the mills before the strike was related to a workers' mass meeting, held under the auspices of the National Textile Workers Union here yesterday and the Workers International Relief. William Bledsoe spoke and appealed for all workers to rally to the call of the Workers International Relief and gather funds for the feeding and clothing of the Gastonia strikers and their wives and children.

Bledsoe stated: "People in the south have been working their days away without getting anywhere. Parents have been unable to give their children an education. Sons and daughters go into mills at the (Continued on Page Two)

Otis Company Fears Shop Paper; Plans to Hire Spies

YONKERS, N. Y., May 21.—Proof that the awakening of the 2,800 workers at the plant of the Otis Elevator Co. here and their establishment of a fighting shop paper, the Otis Lift, under Communist leadership, has struck fear into the Otis bosses, is given in a letter to the Otis Co. from the Eagle Detective Agency.
After failing to halt the Otis workers through using the local police to terrorize the May Day meeting of the workers, the Otis Company evidently begin bidding for the services of detective agencies notorious in work along the lines of spying.
The following is the letter to the Otis Co., from the Eagle Agency, located at 1440 Broadway, New York:
Superintendent, Otis Elevator Co., Yonkers, New York.
Dear Sir:—There is one question! Are you or the Communists going to run your business!
Every manufacturer might just as well settle for himself or else (Continued on Page Five)

TRIAL OF CANTER WILL OPEN TODAY

Demand Fuller Bring in Sacco Records

(Continued from Page One)

term on the technical charge, without undue ceremony.

I. L. D. Fights Frame-up. The International Labor Defense, which is conducting the defense of Canter, has announced that it will make a vigorous campaign against this conspiracy and urges all workers who want to help prevent this new frame-up against the Boston militant to send funds at once to Robert Zelm, New England secretary of the I. L. D., at 113 Dudley St., Room 6, Boston, Mass.

The Canter case re-opens the whole issue of Sacco and Vanzetti and will bring his murderers to account, declares a statement issued last night by Juliet Stuart Poyntz, national secretary of the International Labor Defense, from the headquarters of the organization, 80 E. 11th St., New York City.

The statement follows:

"For the working class Sacco and Vanzetti did not die when their lives were burned out in the electric chair on August 23, 1927. The capitalist class thought that by murdering Sacco and Vanzetti they would stem the tide of working class revolt that was rising in every country for the defense of these innocent victims of the frame-up system. The workers, however, are not to be turned aside from the goal they were striving for, which was not only to save Sacco and Vanzetti but to expose and destroy the system of capitalist terror against the working class.

Inspire World Workers. "Sacco and Vanzetti, these martyrs of the working class still live. Their spirit and example and the lesson of their fate inspire the workers to struggle against capitalist reaction. Their very names are a beacon light in the militant labor movement all over the world.

The International Labor Defense is leading the struggle today for Sacco and Vanzetti and for the destruction of the capitalist frame-up system and is revealing the hideous facts of the capitalist frame-up in the Massachusetts courts that railroaded these two innocent workers to a horrible death after years of torture. The Canter case in Boston reopens the whole issue of Sacco and Vanzetti, and brings his murderers to account. Governor Fuller, the capitalist executioner, who dared to send these workers to their death in the face of the outraged resistance of the working class, has been subpoenaed and will be finally brought into court after his many attempts to avoid being called.

He will be confronted in this case by witnesses who will show the murderous role of Fuller.

Communist Lead. "The Communist Party of the U. S. A. raised again the banner for Sacco and Vanzetti and against boss terror during the last election campaign when its candidate for United States senate in Massachusetts, Harry Canter, picketed the State House on November 3rd with other workers carrying a sign 'Fuller, the murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti!' The capitalist reaction has concentrated all its efforts to railroad Canter to prison for years.

I. L. D. Needs Funds. "The I. L. D. is conducting the defense of Canter, and will fight the case to the end to drive home the attack on the frame-up system. It is fighting for the fur strikers framed-up in Mineola, for William Shifrin, whom the bosses and the corrupt socialists are trying to frame-up for murder because he defended himself from the attacks of six thugs, and for all the victims of capitalist terror, and the capitalist open-shop offensive that is developing with the growth of American imperialism.

All workers and working class organizations must rally to organize the workers' defense movement, to raise funds required in fighting these cases, and to support the International Labor Defense."

BOYD SAYS NEEDS NO MARTIAL LAW

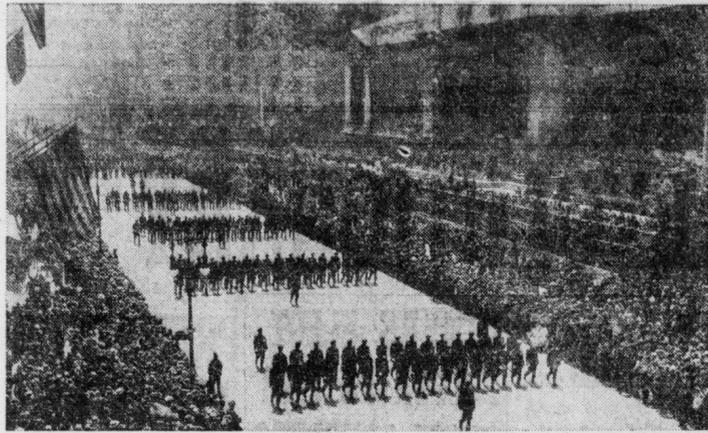
(Continued from Page One)

are coming up today and tomorrow. These strikers are charged with violating the anti-picketing injunction, and their case is to be a test case for the Tennessee law on picketing, and injunctions against it.

Senate Hears Bosses. WASHINGTON, May 21.—Raleigh Pierce, assistant to the general manager of the American Bemberg plant in Elizabethton, Tenn., came before the Senate Committee on Manufactures, taking evidence on the Wheeler resolution to investigate the southern textile starvation, and told them that the strike was "reasonless" and a bad thing for business.

The senate committee is now taking evidence from employers, after a hasty adjournment a week ago to avoid hearing the side of the Gastonia strikers' delegation which had just arrived in Washington. Now that the Gastonia strikers have returned to the picket line it is safe for the senate to again take an interest in the southern textile strikes, by listening to the employers curse the strikers.

Tammany Police Thugs Display Armed Fist Against N. Y. Workers



While the above parade of 13,000 Tammany police thugs was passing a block away from the Workers Center, Union Square, New York, a huge sign denouncing their brutal activities was seen by those at the head of the pompous procession. Enraged, a detail of police was immediately sent to the Center, broke into the building and tore down the sign. In the course of their raid, they swung clubs freely, arresting 27 workers and Young Pioneers, thus displaying the very brutality the sign was denouncing.

UNIONS SUPPORT T.U.E.L. APPEAL

Many Trades at May 26 Philadelphia Meet

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By Mail).—Due to the technical difficulties arising from the strikes in shoe and needle trades and to the jailing of two organizers by the police for over a week the Trade Union Unity Conference here had to be delayed for one week, until May 26.

Arrangements are progressing more favorably than was originally expected and already two new unions besides the shoe workers, needle trades and food workers have endorsed the call and sent in delegates. The new unions are the Independent Carpenters and the Window Cleaners' Union.

Representatives will be present from nine unions, according to reports on credentials received. These unions have a combined membership of over 3,000 organized workers.

There will also be representatives from shop committees in the large textile and metal factories here, among whom will be many Negro delegates who for the first time are finding an organization willing and able to help them organize.

Donations toward expenses of the Cleveland delegation are daily coming in as the workers begin to realize the necessity for financing the new industrial union movement.

To date the following organizations have donated: National Textile Workers Union, District Philadelphia, \$100; Sparrow Point Steel Workers, \$10; Bethlehem Steel Workers, \$25; Eastern Local, N. T. W. U., \$20; Allentown Local, N. T. W. U., \$20; Philadelphia Local, Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, \$6.25.

As the total sum required to send the delegates will be over \$2,000, other organizations are urged to immediately forward their donations to the District Office, care W. T. Murdoch, 1214 Spring Garden St., Phila.

NATIONAL MINERS WIN IN ZEIGLER

U.M.W.A. Meet Fails; Fakers Seen Grafting

(Continued from Page One)

just a few days ago. For that reason Zeigler was chosen by the U. M. W. A. machine for the sub-district convention.

But things have changed, and changed rapidly. Today Zeigler is a National Miners' Union town.

Juggles With Graft.

WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., May 21.—The grafting officials of Local 4173 of the United Mine Workers of America, who were expelled by the unanimous vote of the local about a month ago, have been reinstated by sub-district and the decision reversed in the face of a mass uprising of the local. President Cobb let it be known that their offenses were very small, their graft only "legitimate." This graft consisted of their taking \$4,000 from a certain Doctor Estes, in return for the profitable privilege of knifing the injured workers of the local, at a cost of \$1,800 per month to the members of the local.

The miners voted for another doctor, but votes don't matter much in the U. M. W. A., where elections are defined merely as "something to be stolen."

Cobb's maneuvering had had the effect of throwing the whole case up to Fishwick, who was Farrington's right-hand man, vice president of the district when Farrington, its president, was drawing his \$25,000 a year from the Peabody Coal Co.

PLAGUE KILLS NATIVES. CAIRO, (By Mail).—The Egyptian ministry of health announces that a plague is spreading and taking a great toll among the natives of the Levant. So far over 50 have died in Cairo, scores in Transjordan, and Iraq.

W.I.R. Alone Gives Food in Gastonia; Sick on the Streets

(Continued from Page One)

beds, mattresses, cooking things that a few minutes ago had been a home. 'My husband went away,' Mrs. Valentyne said quietly. 'He was afraid he might hurt someone.' (Valentyne is on the strike committee.)

"They're throwing 'em out down in Trenton Street," cries a striker. "Down at 217 Trenton St., the deputies are at work, taking out the possessions of 14 people. It is Henry Tetherow's house."

"Henry is head of the family. He is 17 and looks 14. Henry and a sister support a family of nine. His father is too sick to work. With them lives the family of William Truitt, secretary-treasurer of the local union of the National Textile Workers."

"This house has been a hotbed of union meetings," says the company doctor. "The company's been patient to let 'em stay here so long. Let 'em stay five weeks."

"What's the matter with the little girl in bed? Oh, she's got nothin' but runnin' ears. Might have 'em for four weeks."

"Men come out, bringing children's beds, a basket of pretty glasses, a tiny old-fashioned organ. A big doll is being evicted."

"Henry, pale of face, very small, wanders at random among the swelling mountain of things. Miss Tetherow stands as if she would never move again."

"The Manville-Jencks Co., owners of the Loray mills, are teaching people the price of a union!"

Support W. I. R.

An appeal for the striking textile workers of Gastonia, N. C. was made yesterday by a committee of nine prominent liberals who urged contributions for the Workers International Relief, One Union Square, New York City.

The appeal is signed by Roger Baldwin, director, American Civil Liberties Union; Robert W. Dunn, Labor Research Ass'n.; Arthur W. Calhoun, Brookwood Labor College; Harvey O'Conner, Federated Press; ex-Bishop William Montgomery Brown; Louis Lozowick, well known artist; Susana Paxton, former secretary, Emergency Committee for Miners' Relief; Anna Rochester, author, and by Winifred F. Chappell.

"Will you help feed," reads the appeal, "5,000 textile strikers in and around Gastonia, North Carolina, who have been out since April 1st heroically fighting against long hours and miserable wages? The press has carried the story of their dramatic struggle for their rights against employers' gunmen and state troops."

W. I. R. Alone Gives Food. "The W. I. R. is the only agency feeding them, or collecting for them. Appeals for textile strikers from other agencies are for strikers in other districts."

"The Gastonia strikers are out for an 8-hour day as against the long 12-hour day and night shifts, to increase the average weekly wage of \$12 to a minimum of \$20, and to abolish child labor. They are led by the National Textile Workers Union, which conducted the big strike in New Bedford last year."

"The strikers are holding out despite their poverty—but to continue they need food, and they need it quickly. The W. I. R. is maintaining four distribution centers in the district under trained direction. Every dollar contributed for relief goes directly to these centers."

All for Food. "The undersigned make this personal appeal to you through the W. I. R. on the understanding that every dollar raised goes directly into food for the hungry strikers and to the slight overhead expense in distributing it. We will inspect the books of the W. I. R. after the strike is over to insure to all contributors a satisfactory accounting."

"Send in your contribution today. The situation is critical. Adequate food supplies can win the struggle of these newly-awakened southern textile workers against the feudalism of arrogant mill-owners."

PHOTO ENGRAVERS STRIKE. SAN FRANCISCO, (By Mail).—Seeking a 40-hour week with a minimum of four hours on Saturday at double pay, more than 200 organized photo engravers in Northern California are on strike.

MINE DELEGATES TO UNITY MEET

Convention Endorses It; Youth, Women Elect

(Continued from Page One)

miners select their delegates. The young miners are very actively participating in the elections to the Congress, and many of the delegates from the locals will be young miners. There will also be other youth delegates selected by special meetings of young miners, held particularly to enable the young miners who are not yet in the union to participate in the work for the Congress and to be represented there.

This is especially true of East Ohio, where meetings of the young miners are taking place in all of the most important mining centers. The children of the miners will be represented at the Trade Union Unity Congress by a fraternal delegation of five miners' children selected by a number of children's auxiliaries.

Convention Endorses Congress. The miners of Western Pennsylvania, who were in the forefront in the last strike and in the fight against the Lewis machine, who played a very important role in the establishment of the National Miners Union, went on record to endorse the Trade Union Unity Congress at the District Convention held in Pittsburgh, May 19. This district will be represented by 50 delegates, 45 elected by local unions and five by the District Executive Board.

After listening to a report from Secretary-Treasurer Tooby of the National Miners' Union, the district convention unanimously adopted the following resolution:

This Convention of Western Pennsylvania, National Miners' Union, realizing the utmost significance and importance to the working class as a whole and to the Trade Union Unity Congress, scheduled to be held in Cleveland, hereby declares its approval of and endorses this Congress.

This District Convention of the National Miners Union calls upon all local unions to elect and send delegates to the Trade Union Unity Congress. To make this Congress a tremendous assemblage is the most urgent, pressing and imperative task now before the militant working class of the United States.

CAN'T FIX CHARGE ON N. J. GRAFTER

Ignore Rivals' Appeal for 'Contempt'

(Continued from Page One)

sands of dollars in graft, mainly by padded payrolls.

To Be Before Legislature. Hague is to appear before the legislature in June, where he will face the same questions. However, because of his fourth victory over all opposition, he is expected to be able to treat the decisions and "recommendations" of the June sessions with the same lighthearted indifference which characterized his attitude to the McAllister commission.

While Hague's defeated rivals are pushing the investigation to get whatever satisfaction possible from exploiting it in an effort to capture at the next elections the municipal apparatus with which Hague made such fortunes, they were successful over the week-end in securing a writ authorizing examination of the ballot boxes, which, they charge, were "fixed" by Hague's men in the recent elections.

May Have Recount. John E. Ferguson, superintendent of elections of Hudson County, will open the ballots. On the result of the examination depends the possibility of a demand for a recount by Hague's republican opposition.

Their charges include bribery, false counting and manipulation of the registration lists.

VOLCANO ERUPTS. MANILA, (By Mail).—A fresh eruption of the Mayon Volcano has caused great fear among the peasants in its vicinity.

FOR NEW CENTER IN MONTEVIDEO

Latin Trade Union Confederation Formed

(Continued from Page One)

Latin-American Indians and Organization of the Agricultural Proletariat; 8, Creation of a Latin-American Trade Union Confederation; 9, Election of officers of the Confederation.

Wide Representation. As a result of the extensive work of the Provisional Committee the following organizations have already adhered to the committee and expressed their intention of sending delegates to Montevideo:

In Colombia: Three organizations, the "Sindicato Central Obrero," the "Sindicato Central Obrero," the "Confederacion Obrera Nacional," and the "Federacion Obrera Occidental," at the invitation of the Montevideo Committee, held a unity congress in December and formed one United National Confederation, which has elected delegates to the Montevideo congress.

In Cuba: Two organizations, the "Confederacion Nacional Obrera" and the "Sindicato Nacional de Obreros y Campesinos" (independent).

In Ecuador: There is no national trade union center. But by the work of the Montevideo committee, the existing trade unions have formed a national Joint Committee for unification and to send a delegation to Montevideo.

In Brazil: Until now there was no national trade union center. But aided by the Montevideo committee, regional congresses have been held in preparation for a national unity congress to take place at once to form a national center and elect delegates to the Montevideo congress. The federations of Rio de Janeiro, San Paulo, Pernambuco and many local unions are leading this unity movement.

In Chile: The revolutionary trade union center, Foch, "Federacion Obrera de Chile."

In Peru: Two organizations, the "Federacion Obrera Local de Lima," and "Sindicatos de Vitarte."

In Bolivia: The "Federacion Obrera de Bolivia."

Paraguay: Two organizations, the "Union Obrera de Paraguay" and the "Liga de Obreros Maritimos."

In Panama: The "Sindicato Nacional General de Trabajadores."

In Uruguay: Here the majority of trade union members are supporting the "Bloque de Unidad Obrera" or Labor Unity Bloc, which is striving to compel the anarchist sectarian bureaucrats who automatically rule the "Union Sindical Uruguayo" to consent to a unity congress.

In Venezuela: The "Union Obrera Revolucionaria Venezolana."

In Guatemala: The "Federacion Regional de Trabajadores."

In El Salvador: Three organizations, the "Federacion Regional de Trabajadores," the "Union Sindical de Ahuachapan" and the "Sindicato Central de Panificadores."

In Mexico: The recently formed "Confederacion Sindical Unitaria Mexicana," organized by adherents of the Montevideo committee.

In Argentina: The "Union Sindical Argentina," whose delegates signed the call for the congress at Montevideo.

(EDITOR'S NOTE.—Although the T. U. E. L. received a telegram from its fraternal delegate, William Simons, last week announcing that the Congress would be opened yesterday, no telegraphic dispatches have been received as yet by the Daily Worker.)

CONCRETE MEN GAIN

WASHINGTON, D. C., (By Mail).—Concrete workers on a huge government building won a raise in wages of 50 cents a day after a short strike.

Make every factory our fortress. Organize shop nuclei. Issue shop papers. Build the Communist Party.

SPRING IS HERE WITH ITS BEAUTY

Have Your Vacation NOW In

Proletarian Nitgedaiget

Cooperative Camp

PHYSICAL AND MENTAL RECREATION PROLETARIAN ATMOSPHERE

OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR \$17 A WEEK

New York Central Railroad to Beacon

Camp Address: New York Address: CAMP NITGEDAIGET CAMP NITGEDAIGET Beacon, New York 2800 Bronx Park East Telephone: BEACON 902. Telephone: ESTABROOK 1400

IF YOU INTEND TO BUY RADIOS, PIANOS, PLAYER-PIANOS, PLAYER ROLLS, RECORDS, OR ANY MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, BUY AT

"SURMA'S STORE at 103 Avenue "A" New York, N. Y. (Bet. 6-7th Str.)

President's Crime Board Plans for Bigger Spy Army

(Continued from Page One)

tional can easily be construed by any bosses' judge as falling within the prohibited class outlined in this most drastic section of the tariff bill.

Section 305 of the new tariff bill, entitled "Immoral Articles—Importation Prohibited," states:

"Urging Treason.—All persons are prohibited from importing into the United States from any foreign country any book, pamphlet, paper, printing, advertisement, circular, print, picture or drawing containing any matter advocating or urging treason, insurrection or forcible resistance to any law of the United States, or containing any threat to take the life or inflict bodily harm upon the President of the United States, or any obscene book, pamphlet, paper, writing or advertisement, circular, print, drawing or other representation figure or image on or of paper or other material, or any cast, instrument or other article of an immoral nature, or any drug or medicine etc., etc. . . . (All such prohibited articles and the package in which they are contained shall be detained by the officer of customs and proceedings taken against the same as herein after prescribed unless) and, unless, it appears to the satisfaction of the collector that the obscene articles contained in the package were inclosed therein without the knowledge or consent of the importer, owner, agent or consignee, the entire contents of the package in which such articles are contained, shall be subject to seizure and forfeiture under the customs laws."

The emphasized phrases above are new provisions; those that are not emphasized are taken over from the present tariff law and those that are bracketed are incorporated in the present tariff bill, but omitted in the new tariff bill.

No Appeal. Then should follow the provision in the present tariff laws, which permits an appeal to the courts against the seizure of "obscene" matter. This provision is omitted from the new tariff bill. As the report of the ways and means committee states, these "seizures are to be governed" by the general provisions covering other customs cases.

Tell Purposes. The report of the Ways and Means Committee accompanying the tariff bill, includes an explanation of the objects of the clauses relating to the importation of "seditious" matter. The committee's explanation is as follows:

"Section 305 of the 1922 act, prohibiting the importation of certain obscene articles and articles of immoral use or tendency, has been extended in conformity with the present provisions of the postal laws, to include books, pamphlets and other matter of a seditious or anarchistic character. Subdivision (c) of Section 305 of the 1922 Act sets out the procedure for procuring warrants and for searches and seizures in respect of the prohibited articles, and for their condemnation and destruction. The proceedings are required to be had before United States district judges. The bill eliminates these requirements and leaves the proceedings to be covered by the general provisions governing seizure and forfeiture in other customs cases."

The statement that the new provisions are intended to bring the tariff bill into conformity with the postal laws is so much camouflage. It is now possible to ship literature by express or freight. The "seditious" provision, if it becomes a law, will erect an air-tight barrier against revolutionary literature, which will be seized by customs inspectors. No appeal to the regular courts is permitted under the provisions.

To Use Radio. As part of the propaganda to assist the changes in the laws which Hoover thinks necessary to crush labor in the United States, his secretary of the interior, Ray Lyman Wilbur, today called a conference of representatives of broadcasting interests and educational society for

next Friday to discuss the possibilities of "education by radio."

Invitations to the conference were sent to the National Broadcasting Corp., the Columbia Broadcasting Corp., the National Education Association, the five federal radio commissioners and a score of other radio representatives.

These are all part of the radio trust, created by the Radio Commission established under Coolidge, with Hoover assisting as secretary of commerce. They control and were given to hold in perpetuity all of the best wave lengths.

From His Own Class. The persons appointed on the "crime commission" by Hoover to open the way for his horde of secret police and improved frame-up system are reliable men for that purpose. Most of them come from centers of labor struggle where much progress has already been made in the technique of government strikebreaking and the imprisoning and murder of workers. They come from the scene of the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, from the centers where the coal and iron police torture and slaughter workers for striking; from the state of California, which holds Mooney and Billings, proved innocent over and over again, in prison for life. One of them is from the state of the Centralia tragedy and the Everett massacre.

Knows His Coal Police. George W. Wickersham, chairman of Hoover's commission, is from Mellon's town of Pittsburgh. He exploited his workers, under the name of Strong and Cadwalder, a firm in which he was for years a partner. He was the frame-up expert for President Taft, famous for his dictum that all Bolsheviks should be shot, being attorney general in the cabinet. He is also a League of Nations appointee and a student of the technique of breaking men in prison, being president of the American Prison Association.

Newton D. Baker, another leading figure on the new commission, is not only an ex-secretary of war, familiar with the army "intelligence service" (spy system), and use of troops to break strikes, but speeds up his labor as a big boss and part owner of Baker, Hostetler and Sidlo, in Cleveland, is director of the Cleveland Trust Co. Bank, and of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, where he uses the B. and O. class collaboration plan with the reactionary bureaucracy of the machinists' union.

Henry W. Anderson, once special assistant to the attorney general, is a former vice-president and general counsel for the Atlantic Life Insurance Co., and is now a director of the Planters National Bank. In 1921 he was trustee for the big meat packers, Armour and Swift. He has a long war record as a dollar a year man, in safe positions.

Frank J. Loesch is a member of the "Crime Commission of Chicago" and has already begun on a city scale what he is now expected to do on a national scale.

Monte M. Lehman, Ada L. Comstock and Roscoe Pound are college professors in three reactionary universities.

William I. Grubb is a federal judge.

SENATORS HEAR TEXTILE BOSSES

Meeting for Relief and Union in Baltimore

(Continued from Page One)

age of 14 or 15 and start the same grind as their parents.

"Doffers in the spinning rooms made \$29 to \$37 in 1927. There have been three wage cuts to date, with the current wage scale from \$15 to \$20 today.

"SpINNERS make from \$6 to \$15 a week and are employed 60 hours a week. They are mostly young girls, from 14 to 18.

"A wage cut of 50 per cent has been made in the card rooms. Weavers have been given two extra looms to manipulate, but have had to suffer a 50 per cent wage reduction."

ELIZABETHTON, Tenn., May 21.—After all kinds of provocative tactics, including bayoneting of strikers by the militia, burning of cars and dynamiting of houses in which strikers lived, terrorist acts done by agents, unformed and otherwise, of the mill owners, an attempt to cloud the issue and camouflage the terrorists is being made here. It comes in the form of complaints, impossible to prove or disprove, by scabs that "shots have been fired at them." The militia, the sheriff's deputies and the police therefore have a nice long case to investigate, which gives them a perfect alibi for not finding out who blasted the strikers and who blew up the water main that carried water to the strikers, but not to the mills.

The strike goes on, with picketing resumed and militia breaking up picket lines.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

Mine Fakers Fight in Pennsylvania Court

(Continued from Page One)

but that the executive officers of the district refuse to recognize them as such. Among those affected by the injunction are such mine misleaders as John Boylan and Enoch Williams, present president and secretary-treasurer of District 1.

Both the Cappellini and Boylan factions have helped in reducing the miners in this district to starvation. As a result of the graft and betrayals by these officials, the militant miners broke away from the United Mine Workers, forming into the National Miners' Union. The National Union is gaining rapidly in this district.

No Wavering, no Hesitancy, no Deviation From the Policy Laid Down by the Red International of Labor Unions, Which Will Lead the Workers in the Coming Class Struggles, Will Lead Them to Victory!

LAST THREE DAYS!

—"A picture one should not fail to see." —DAILY WORKER

Dynamic! Vivid! Realistic! AS GOOD AS A TRIP TO RUSSIA! FIRST SHOWING IN AMERICA!

MOSCOW TODAY

A SOVKINO FILM

A Penetrating Close-Up of the Seething Soviet Capital

—and on the same program—

EMIL JANNINGS as HENRY the VIII A Brilliant Characterization.

in "DECEPTION" -Directed by Ernst Lubitsch

FILM GUILD CINEMA 52 W. 8th St. (Just West) Spring 5095 Cont. Daily, Incl. Sat. & Sun. Noon to Midnight SPECIAL PRICES Saturday and Sunday . . . 12 to 2—35 cents Weekdays 12 to 2—35 cents

Starting this Saturday, May 25—"PAWNS OF DESTINY"—a tense, poignant drama of a woman caught in the web of the Russian Revolution; featuring OLGA CHEICHOVA, the noted emotional artiste

—Just Off the Press!

RED CARTOONS 1929

A BOOK OF 64 PAGES SHOWING THE BEST CARTOONS OF THE YEAR OF THE STAFF CARTOONISTS OF THE DAILY WORKER

[Fred Ellis Jacob Burck]

With An Introduction By the Brilliant Revolutionary Journalist Joseph Freeman

Edited by SENDER GARLIN

PRICE \$1.00

Sold at all Party Bookshops or Daily Worker, 26 Union Sq.

25,000 Land Workers in Czechoslovakia Now in Strikers' Ranks as Walkout Spreads

MACHADO CENSOR HOLDS PROTEST CABLE OF I. L. D.

Demand Terror Cease, Called "Subversive" By U. S. Puppet

Mexican Terror Grows

A. F. of L. Outfit Gives Its Approval

The persecution of Latin-American workers and peasants by the puppet governments of Yankee imperialism, growing sharper from day to day, is gain brought out by a cable received yesterday by the National Office of the International Labor Defense in answer to a cable sent to Machado, dictator of Cuba, protesting the fascist terror. The following cable was received from the Postal Telegram Cable Company:

"Your cable of May 18 addressed to Mr. Machado, president of the Cuban government at Havana, Cuba, as not been delivered for the reason that the Cuban government at Havana has stopped and filed the cable for the reason being of subversive character."

This was the answer to a cable sent by the I. L. D. protesting vigorously against the whole regime of terror, and its latest act, the deportation of Santiago Coleman, militant labor leader, aboard the steamer Maximo Gomez. The cable sent by the I. L. D. was:

"The International Labor Defense of U. S. A. raises most vigorous protest of working class against regime of terror in Cuba against workers, resulting in assassination of Mella in Mexico, persecutions for opinions in Cuba, deportation of Santiago Coleman aboard steamer Maximo Gomez. We demand immediate release of Coleman and cessation of imperialist Cuban government persecution of workers."

"Signed, International Labor Defense."

Machado, who does the butchering for Yankee imperialism in Cuba, as the same one who sent his agents into Mexico to assassinate Mella, Cuban Communist leader. During the fake trial in Mexico of the assassin of Mella the Mexican government had him acquitted as an act of favor to the Yankee imperialists.

That the Mexican government is at far behind in the footsteps of Machado was shown by the execution of Jose Rodriguez, treasurer of the National Peasants League, at Durango last Tuesday on the order of Calles.

The congress for the formation of Latin American Trade Union confederation, which opened yesterday in Montevideo, Uruguay, has for its purpose the organization of a new revolutionary trade union center to unite the fight against Yankee imperialism, its puppet governments and its agents in the labor movement, the Pan-Pacific Federation of Labor.

The terror against the workers and peasants in Mexico is taking on a same form as that in Cuba and becomes more accentuated the more it becomes the complete sell-out by the Mexican government to the Yankee imperialists.

With the negotiations on hand with the Roman Catholic Church, now closely allied with Italian fascism as the result of efforts of Dwight Morrow, Yankee ambassador and the Yankee imperialists state department, all the rees of reaction are now solidly tied up on the side of Wall Street, including the Crom, Mexican Federation of Labor.

The Pan-American Federation of Labor, controlled by the reactionary Fialdom of the American A. F. L. and by men like Morones, the Mexican Compers, has signified its ill consent of the terror by announcing their convention in Havana on July.

The terror, following Yankee imperialism like a shadow, has now become an instrument in the hands of the Mexican government, just as in the case with the Machado regime in Cuba. Fragmentary reports received from Mexico tell of the murder of revolutionary peasants in cold blood, of strict censorship on all news, and the actual fighting for their lives with guns against assassins sent against them by leaders of the Workers-Peasants Bloc.

The Mexican workers and peasants are retaining their arms, despite the order of the Mexican government that the peasants disarm. The arms are being retained on the demand of the Communist Party.

Calles Pledges Gil Aid.

MEXICO CITY, May 21.—In his statement announcing his resignation as minister of war in the Cortes Gil government, General Plutarco Calles, by whose orders Rogriguez, leader of class revolutionary peasants, was executed only last week, offered today to again "serve a revolutionary government" if necessary.

He assured Gil that he would be willing to help the reactionary government in any crisis, and he is expected to remain in Mexico until after the election, to see to it that Dwight Morrow's man is elected.

Prepare Transatlantic Flights to Glorify Imperialism



Rival imperialist powers are planning trans-Atlantic flights to boost their air services, in preparation for imperialist war. At left, are Armeno Loti, Jean Assolant and Rene Lefevre, getting ready for a New York to Paris hop, for French imperialism, and at the right is Capt. Louis Yancey, planning a flight to Rome, to boost Mussolini.

ANTI-FASCISTI CALL MEETING

To Announce Plans for Concerted Activity

An "international body which will mobilize, co-ordinate and consolidate the anti-fascist forces of the entire world" has been established by the recent International Anti-Fascist Congress in Berlin which was attended by 240 delegates from 40 countries.

The American Section of the new Anti-Fascist Federation will hold its first mass meeting on Friday evening, May 24, at Irving Plaza. It will be the first of a series of mass meetings and demonstrations to be held throughout the country.

To Draw Americans In.

All American groups that can participate in the struggle against fascism will be drawn into the new federation, to make a compact, fighting organization. The organizations that have united to form it include the Trade Union Educational League, the International Workers Defense, the Workers International Relief, the Italian Anti-Fascist Alliance, the Anti-Horthy League, the Lithuanian Anti-Fascist Alliance, the Anti-Imperialist League and the American Civil Liberties Union.

Will Outline Plans.

At the meeting on Friday the plan for the American struggle will be outlined, and delegates to the Anti-Fascist Congress, A. Markoff and L. Kovess, will report. The discussion will include the following topics: "Fascism, Imperialism and the Danger of War," "The Fascist Terror," "The Situation of the Worker and of the Intellectuals Under Fascism," and "The International Struggle Against Fascism." Other speakers will be Robert Minor, Juliet Stuart Poyntz, John Owens, Robert W. Dunn, from the Civil Liberties Union; Ben Gold and George Fershing, Carl Hacker of the International Labor Defense will be chairman.

All workers are urged to attend this mass meeting, which is the beginning of this important, co-ordinated, international struggle.

No Accidents in Six Years of Soviet Air Passenger Service

MOSCOW, May 21.—The report issued by the Soviet air-traffic company "Dobroljet" states that in 1928 1782 flights were made on the company's regular lines, covering nearly a million kilometers. Passengers totaled 4422. The report states that since the company's inauguration six years ago there have been no accidents on which either pilots or passengers have been killed or injured, and this has made the air service popular.

Protest Police Brutality in the June "Workingwomen"

The June issue of The Working Woman, published monthly by the National Women's Department of the Communist Party of the U. S. A., will be a special edition against the brutality of the Tammany police against the cafeteria, needle trades and other strikers and a protest against the raid on Workers' Center last Saturday, it was announced by Pauline Rogers, its business manager.

In The Working Woman for May are pictured the heroic struggles of the militant needle trades workers, the recent successful dressmakers' strike in New York, the struggle of the Millinery Workers Union Local 3, against right wing treachery, the militant spirit of the cafeteria worker now on strike. Grace Lamb writes of vile houses and high rents which are the lot of the Negro workers in the Harlem district. Workers' correspondence of working conditions in the Eagle Pencil factory, in knit goods mills, millinery shops and cafeterias give an interesting picture

To Exploit Philippines



Dwight F. Davis, new governor-general of the Philippines, rendered Wall Street many services as secretary of war under Coolidge. In his new post he will take up Henry L. Stimson's work in leading the exploitation of the Philippines for Wall Street.

POWERS BUILD CANTON DEFENSE

British, U. S. Forces Drawn Up in City

CANTON, China, May 21.—British sailors, landed in Shameen, the foreign concession of Canton, are erecting fortifications in readiness to hold back the forces of the Kwangsi clique who are reported to be but a few miles from Canton.

British and American marines have been placed on bridges leading to the city.

Three British and 2 French gunboats and two Japanese destroyers are anchored in the harbor outside of the concession, strategic military point of the city. The U. S. S. Tulsa was en route from Hongkong.

It is unlikely that the Kwangsi troops will be permitted to enter the city by the imperialists unless the Kwangsi clique agrees to submit to the powers just as the Nanking government did.

Another United States battleship, the Guam, is stationed at Wuchow. The Cantonese troops are in retreat, and a British missionary arriving from 15 miles north of Canton said that the Kwangsi forces were within 25 miles of the principal city of the South.

Marshall Feng Yu-hsiang is still reported to be mobilizing his forces in the interior preparatory to a drive on Nanking.

The lower middle class, the small manufacturer, the shopkeeper, the artisan, the peasant, all these fight against the bourgeoisie, to save themselves from extinction their existence as fractions of the middle class. They are therefore not revolutionary, but conservative.—Karl Marx (Communist Manifesto).

of the exploitation of women workers in industry. Kastova, a working woman correspondent writes from Soviet Russia and tells about the textile mills, the 7-hour day, the nurseries and other legislation which make it possible for the working women of the Soviet Union to really enjoy freedom.

The campaign for 20,000 subscriptions for The Working Woman is still on. Subscriptions are only 50 cents a year. In New York, the women shoeworkers, the needle trades workers and many other industries are getting subscriptions. Many of the mass organizations of working women have also responded, the United Councils, the Finnish, Hungarian, and Lithuanian Working Women's Clubs are on the job. But we have a long way to go before the quota is reached.

The June issue of The Working Woman will be out soon. Send for bundle orders and subscriptions to The Working Woman, 43 East 125th Street, New York.

ANOTHER DEAD IN WAR MANEUVERS

Practice for Air Raid on Moscow, in N. Y.

YELLOW SPRINGS, Ohio, May 21.—The large scale preparation of the Wall Street imperialists for war in the maneuvers in Ohio has already resulted in two deaths. Second-Lieut. Florin W. Shade was killed when his plane developed engine trouble and crashed to the ground. Another aviator, Edward Meadow, was killed last Saturday in a collision during the maneuvers.

Despite these deaths sacrificed to the preparations for war between the imperialists, the United States army department is mobilizing its forces to continue practice for the war. Dispatches dated insinuatingly "Red Army Headquarters, Columbus, Ohio" give the smell of actual gunpowder and war-time jingoism. The blue army is reported to be advancing on the front and is ready to launch a "sanguine attack" on the "reds."

The drive to stir up feeling for imperialist war is being extended to New York City. A huge bomber, equipped with all the latest means of destruction, its motors silenced, will try out the latest war stunts on New York City tonight.

The "raid" is to be a part of the Ohio war preparations, the plane leaving Ohio in a non-stop flight, presumably being sent by the blue forces in a rear-end attack on the red capital. It is very reminiscent of plans recently aired by the French imperialists for launching night air-attacks on Moscow, using Warsaw as a base.

CUBAN TERRORIST IN SECOND TERM

Fascist Symbols Mark Machado Inauguration

HAVANA, Cuba, May 21.—Surrounded by a special bodyguard symbolically clothed in black, riding on black chargers, the line of march protected by a solid array of infantrymen with fixed bayonets, and the police attire throughout the city, Gerardo Machado, Yankee imperialism's puppet in Cuba, rode to take his oath of office as president for the second time, after having himself elected with terror as his instrument.

In a manifesto issued by him today he repeated his program of three words, "Water, roads, schools," in reality meaning no water for the prisoners, roads for the Yankee business interests, and a few schools here and there, but the principal school being for the purpose of training perfected assassins.

By having his puppet legislative body pass an amendment near the close of his term in 1928, Machado had his term lengthened to six years. It was Machado, who at the request of the Yankee imperialists, had Julio Mella assassinated, and it was the now equally reactionary Mexican government which acquitted the murderer.

Raids upon workers' organizations are common in Cuba, and the system of espionage stretches to the United States where the lives of Cuban revolutionists are in constant danger. Only a few days ago Santiago Coloman, militant labor leader, was deported, and only last week the offices of the Ukrainian workers' organization, "Unity," were raided, the leaders deported to Europe and others held in prison.

Coal Miners in New Kensington Strike Against Cut in Pay

NEW KENSINGTON, Pa., May 21.—The miners at the Barking Mine, located near New Kensington, struck in a body against a wage cut, which cut the loaders to 47 1-2 cents a ton; motormen to 60 cents per hour; drivers to 59 cents an hour, and trackmen to 55 cents an hour.

HOOVER PULLS STUNT IN DEBTS

Now Openly in Banker Conference

PARIS, May 21.—With a gesture of offering concessions to the German government in reparation payments, concessions which in reality amount to nothing, President Hoover has officially entered the international conference of bankers, working hand in hand with them and representing Wall Street.

His offer, which amounts to a reduction amounting to no more than \$1,309,000 on the amount Wall Street wants from Germany, has been presented to a select committee of the banker-delegates, who have remained rather cool at this gesture of "good-will" and rather angry that Hoover thought of it before they did. One delegate termed it a "waiter's tip," but the American bankers are reported to have hailed the offer as the "inauguration of a new stage."

Other Imperialists Surprised. The entrance of Hoover into the negotiations, officially bringing in the American government, must have taken the other imperialist powers by surprise, for they appeared to be quite willing to allow their bankers to settle the question. Owen D. Young, chairman of the committee and president of General Electric, and J. P. Morgan have been wanting to get the thing over with quickly, assuring Wall Street control in the proposed international bank and in the shyinglocking of the German workers.

It was chiefly this control by Yankee imperialism that the British imperialist delegates were fighting against, causing the drawout three-month sitting.

French Also "Generous." Now that Hoover has shown his "good-will," the French imperialists are not far behind. Today Premier Raymond Poincare, dedicating a monument to the last imperialist war at the battlefield of Douaumont Farm, declared that he, too, would be willing "to make concessions," but that during the present conference "it is not the French delegates who have made the task complicated."

"The French simply have guarded against the Dawes plan being exchanged for another more precarious and less productive one," he said, meaning that he wanted a plan in which Yankee imperialism did not run away with all the gravy.

Film Director May Be Tried in Blast Killing U. S. Sailor

LOS ANGELES, May 21.—James Cruze, prominent Hollywood film director, will be brought to trial on charges of criminal negligence, it is reported, in connection with the explosion which occurred June 27, 1926, off the Catalina Island Isthmus, during filming of the picture "Old Ironside," in which Charles Davis, a sailor, was killed. Two other sailors were injured. The sailors were "loaned" to the director by the navy department.

Pilot Killed In War Maneuvers



During the air maneuvers at Columbus, Ohio, in which a sham battle was staged, Lt. Edward Meadow was killed. The above photo was taken right after the crash. The mimic air war was in preparation for the real imperialist war.

3 WOMEN IN POLL ARE COMMUNISTS

1,720 Nominations in British Elections

LONDON, May 21.—The British general election campaign entered its final stage today before the election on May 30 with the candidates for all districts definitely announced.

The conservative, liberal and labor parties have all entered candidates in 401 districts compared with 239 districts in the 1924 general election. In addition, there are 24 four-cornered fights, in which the Communists have entered a candidate against the three principal parties. In 1924 there were only 10 such races.

Both the conservatives and the laborites steadily have maintained the liberals had little hope of obtaining more than 60 or 70 seats in the new parliament, but both are trying to win them over.

Total nominations yesterday were 1,720, of which 68 were women, three of them Communists. Only seven candidates were not opposed.

Nominations in the English universities were set for today which probably will increase the total number of candidates by four, one of whom was expected to be a woman.

Reap the benefits of the May Day demonstrations by getting into the Communist Party workers who participated.

MOBILIZE STATE FORCES; ATTACK STRIKERS MEETS

Workers Prevent Scabs from Reaching Fields

(Wireless By "Inprecorr") BRATISLAVA, Czechoslovakia, May 21.—Twenty-five thousand land workers in the Slovakian provinces have already joined in the land workers' strike which is spreading rapidly.

Oppressive state action has been taken against the strikers, with virtual martial law in force in the affected areas. Many of the strike meetings have been broken up and the workers beaten, while the gendarmerie are occupying the villages.

The authorities have issued a general prohibition of all public meetings in Western and Southern Slovakia, the curfew law has been introduced and no more than three persons are allowed together on the streets.

Despite these prohibitions and armed forces the workers are insisting en masse and preventing imported scabs from reaching the fields. The government is mobilizing soldiers, fully armed, as scabs.

Drive to Aid Relief of Textile Strikers at Milwaukee on May 26

A house-to-house collection for the relief and defense of the southern textile strikers will be held here Sunday, May 28.

The drive is being run under the joint auspices of the Workers International Relief and the International Labor Defense. An appeal has been sent to workers organizations to turn their headquarters into a station where workers can come to take their supplies on the collection day.

A preliminary committee is being formed to call a conference for the relief of the southern strikers, and for the organization of a permanent Workers International Relief section in Milwaukee.

The sympathy strike of 1,000 textile workers in Pelzer, who walked out because two workers were fired for soliciting funds for the W. I. R. is hailed by the Milwaukee militant workers as a fine example of solidarity. Workers here feel that they must bring the message of the exploited textile workers and their militant struggle into every shop, factory and mill.

Court Decision Stops 700 Canada Workers from Working in US

BUFFALO, May 21.—Approximately 700 foreign-born Canadian workers will be prevented from commuting for employment at the U. S.-Canadian border here by a Supreme Court decision which summons 40 foreign-born workers to appear in Federal Court and have habeas corpus writ dismissed and their bonds cancelled.

The Graber case mandate is effective May 27. Under the decisions, only native born Canadians are allowed to commute.

Much of the agitation—directed principally against Canadian immigrants—to reduce the number of commuters was led by the reactionary officialdom of the A. F. of L. under the plea of "protecting native born labor."

Every member an active member. Get a new member. Celebrate the Red month of May by building the Communist Party.

Newest WORKERS! Columbia Records

10" 75c	Russian Lullaby.....Violin, 1 part
133	The Far Away Bells.....Violin, 2 part
257	Ain't ja coming out Tonight.....1 part
	Prison Song (Dalhart).....2 part
792	Cohen on the Telephone.....Comical
	Abe Lewis Wedding Day.....Comical
939	Ain't He Sweet.....2 parts
	Mollie Make Up Your Mind
20070	Bolshevik Galop.....Orchestra
20074	New Russian Hymn.....Singing
20046	La Marsalleja.....Singing
20085	Workers Funeral March.....Singing
12082	Russian Waltz.....(Acc. Solo-Guit) Magnante
	The Two Guitars.....Magnante
18276 F	The Star of Siberia, Mazur.....Orchestra Przybylski
12079	In the Trenches of Manchuria.....Waltz
	Sonja.....Waltz
12059	Cuckoo Waltz.....Columbia Quintette
12083	Ramona (Waltz).....Mabel Wayne
	The Seashore.....Waltz
12063	International Waltz.....Umbraio Trio
"12 \$1.25	
59048 F	Wedding of the Winds—Waltz.....Russian Novelty Orch.
	Danube Waves—Waltz.....Russian Novelty Orch.
70002	Ukrainian Wedding.....Ukrainian Humeniuk Orchestra
	Beautiful Ohio—Waltz with vocal refrain
	Eddie Thomas' Collegians
59039 F	Love and Spring—Waltz.....International Concert Orch.
	Spring, Beautiful Spring—Waltz.....Int'l. Concert Orch.
59046 F	Three O'Clock in the Morning—Waltz.....International Orch.
	My Isle of Golden Dreams—Waltz.....International Orch.
95045 F	Dream of Autumn—Waltz.....International Concert Orch.
59038 F	Gold and Silver—Waltz.....Fisher's Dance Orch.
70014	Ukrainian Kolomeyka.....Humeniuk Orchestra

We Carry a Large Stock in Selected Records in All Languages

We will ship you C. O. D. Parcel Post any of the above Series or we will be glad to send you complete Catalogues of Classic and all Foreign Records. When ordering, please give your order at least for 5 Records. Postage free.

Surma Music Company 103 AVENUE "A" (Bet. 6-7th) NEW YORK CITY

SEND the Daily Worker to a Striker

THOUSANDS of workers on strike desire to receive the DAILY WORKER, but we are not in a financial position to send it. Although we send thousands daily—it is insufficient to cover the demand. Even these bundles we will be compelled to discontinue unless aid is forthcoming. The DAILY WORKER as in all previous struggles during the past few years must be the guide and directing force. In addition to relief send them the organ of class struggle.



DAILY WORKER 26 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK CITY Enclosed find \$_____ to be used for the DAILY WORKER fund to supply bundles of Daily Workers to the strikers in various sections of the country. Name _____ Address _____ City _____ State _____

Workers, Jailed in Arizona "Red Raids," Thrown into Filthy Jail, Says Correspondent

TB PRISONERS IN SAME CELL AS THE OTHER MEN

14 Men In Tank Built for Eight

(By a Worker Correspondent)
TUCSON, Ariz., (By Mail).—I want to tell you of the conditions in the county jail at Tucson, where I have been placed in the "red raids" here. This tank that I am in is made for 8 men, but 14 men are in it. The tank has four cells with two beds in each cell. In three of the cells three men are forced to sleep in each, and in one cell two men sleep. The cells are about 5 feet, 10 inches wide, and not quite 6 feet long.

The deck is about 6 feet wide and 16 feet long. The toilet and basin are in the center of the deck near the bars. Also we have two men badly affected with T. B., and one of them is forced to sleep in a cell with two other men. On account of his bad stomach, he vomits often, so you can see this place don't help the men's health any.

When I was brought here I was locked up in the bullpen. On March 6 I was transferred to tank number 6. The food is rotten here and there is little of it. All prisoners take their bath in the bullpen and get only 5 minutes to bathe. On April 15, when the jailers took us down to the bullpen for our "baths," one of the boys called me and told me about three men that were arrested in Phoenix, Arizona "red raids." He told me one of them asked about me, and I asked him where this comrade was. He told me tank three, which is next to the bullpen. I got acquainted with two comrades right away and we spoke to each other. The jailer later stopped us from speaking to each other.

Today is 29 days since I am in jail. Most of the prisoners here are Mexican workers arrested for immigration law "violations."

—ARIZ. WORKER.

Missouri Farms Struck in Flood; Workers Fight to Avoid More Disaster

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 22.—Working hard for several days to avoid a crash, several hundred workers here failed to stay the break of the St. Francis River levee, near Kennett, which gave way early today. Farmers' belongings on approximately 50,000 acres of land are endangered, although no deaths to date have been reported.

No large town is said to be in the path of the flood. Reports received here state that all residents of the "danger" area have escaped. It is believed, however, that more detailed reports later will reveal some loss of life, especially in the Negro sections of the towns.

Workers and the poorer farmers in the Mound Landing neighborhood feared the break of the dike which brought such disastrous loss of life in the Mississippi flood of 1927. Governor Bilbo of Mississippi has asked for state troops to be prepared to move in the district in case of emergency.

Some 30,000 acres of farm land are threatened by the possible break of the Reelfoot levee, ten miles south of Hickman, Ky. Earthworks were being raised hurriedly for a distance of 300 yards to offset the danger threatened by a reported 300 yards' crumbling of the levee.

For a Six-Hour Day for Underground Work, in Dangerous Occupations, and for the Youth Under 18!

NOT AFRAID OF PRISON

Injunction Won't Stop Cafeteria Strike

(By a Worker Correspondent)
Well, here I am in the Tombs for the fourth time. It is getting to seem like home. Well it is not so much worse than "home" at that. The dirty furnished room full of bedbugs that I call home is just about as bad as the cell. There are a lot of cafeteria slaves that have learned since this strike what prison life is like. It is all part of the game. If the bosses think that they can scare us by throwing us in jail they have another guess coming. Like the rest of the boys I am willing to continue coming to jail before I will go back to that 12-hour slavery in the stinking kitchens and cellars, washing dishes or any other work in the cafeteria sweat shops.

After all it is a good cause we are fighting for. I want to be respected as a human being, not treated like a dog, kicked around by the boss. I want to eat decent food, not the swill that comes back from the leavings of some one else. I remember once when I took a baked apple to eat and the boss told me, "We are short of apples and anyway apples are not for dishwashers. There is plenty of good stew if you are hungry." He won't talk like that when we make him sign up with the union.

But you all know about the details of the dirty work we have to do and the starvation wages we get so that the boss can make a lot of money and buy his chorus girl or et-

1,500 WORKERS SPEEDED UP IN SOUTHERN PACIFIC BAY SHORE SHOPS

(By a Worker Correspondent)
SAN FRANCISCO, (By Mail).—There are more than 1,500 workers employed in the Bay Shore plant of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Workers of the various departments, builders, machinists, helpers, apprentices, etc., are slaving under the worst speedup sys-

tem for wages running as low as 28 cents an hour. While the profits of the company are piling up higher and higher every year, the workers in the shops are forced to work in torn shoes, without gloves in order to make both ends meet. This is especially bad for men who have

a family to support. The speedup system is so effectively enforced that the workers are like machines. Some of us lately received an increase of 2-5 cents an hour. Right after this, the company fired 25 workers and forced the other workers to make up for the work by the worst

speedup. The company employs a large number of young workers from 17-25 years of age, paying them as low as 28 cents an hour. The spy system is very bad. The watchmen search the men's pockets to see that we don't steal a million dollars from the company.

Two workers were recently discharged because they smoked while working. The bosses can smoke as much as they want. They always have good cigars in their mouths when visiting the departments. We also have a company union which was organized after the

strike. The union is a tool of the company, is not for the workers, but we are forced to pay it 35 cents a month dues. We have to smash this company union and build up a fighting organization of the workers.
—SOUTHERN PACIFIC SLAVE.

How Latin Harlem Received "Daily" Housing Exposure

(Something of the results of the Daily Worker exposure of housing conditions in lower Harlem, and the maneuvers and lies of "El Nuevo Mundo," bourgeois Porto Rican newspaper, are told in the following letter received by the Daily Worker from a Porto Rican worker in Lower Harlem.)

I have distributed many Daily Workers when your articles have appeared, especially those dealing with the housing conditions in lower Harlem, and the workers, Porto Rican, white and Negro workers all of them have been very enthusiastic about them. Some of them were surprised to know that such a true and frankly revolutionary paper could be published in the land of King Dollar. Some of them are already getting the habit of buying it every day.

Your articles have made a tremendous impression among the Latin-American workers here, but they have been just like a terrible nightmare to those intellectuals and political "has-beens" from Porto Rico who are today trying to build their political ambitions on the back of the workers—but especially on their votes.

Lie for "Error."

I am enclosing herewith a clipping from the Spanish weekly tabloid, *The New World*, (*El Nuevo Mundo*), official organ of the Porto Rican Spanish League, (*Liga Puertorriquena e Hispana*). The heading of the article reads, *Righting Errors*, (*Rectificando Errores*) and it deals with a statement made by you that "60 per cent of the Porto Rican workers were members of the Negro race," branding this statement "false" and "misleading." Although forced to admit that your articles were written in behalf and for the defense of the exploited Porto Rican workers, the editors of the *New World* violently attack the Daily for printing such "grave" and "injurious" statements, perjured, so they say, to the Porto Rican race in general—(grave and perjured, I might add, to their own selfish interests).

The *New World* points out that only 25 per cent of the Porto Rican inhabitants in New York and in the island are Negroes. By making such a statement, the *New World* substitutes a lie for what it claims to be an error.

Jobless Come Here. Government statistics in Porto Rico show that 33 per cent of the islanders are members of the colored race, but this figure cannot be applied to the Porto Rican population of New York because, as a matter of fact, the majority of the Porto Rican workers that migrate to the U. S. A. are Negroes.

The reason that Negro workers migrate to the U. S. A. in larger numbers than the white workers is due to the following: First, because they are usually to be found in the big industrialized towns and cities where the things are not so rosy as in the farms, where the "jibaros," who are mostly white workers, are still able to work themselves to death as "farm hands," or as tenant farmers and "share croppers" at the agrarian fields of the now remaining feudal lords, when not actually slav-

BUILDING FAKERS FEAR STRIKE MAY ENDANGER CRAFT

As a building trades worker, I can tell you that the reactionary officials of the American Federation of Labor building trades unions never would permit such a thing as a lock-out to happen. The calling of a strike would endanger their fat salaries, for they are afraid that in a strike they might have to sacrifice some of their easy money to help the strike. During the negotiations for agreements, the rank and file of the building trades unions were kept in ignorance of what was going on. They were led to believe that they would get what they demanded. Then the officials signed without asking the men, as much as to say "if you don't want it, then reject it."

In one of the unions, the feeling ran so high among the rank and file for a strike that the majority were in favor of a strike. Their wishes were of course ignored, and the question of accepting the agreement called carried.

The rank and file know that the officials are grafters on a large scale, and the feeling against the grafting officials in my union runs very high. In a building trades local in Brooklyn the officials have reduced the funds of the local from \$87,000 to \$13,000 in a short time. The way things are handled by the officials is on a "buying and selling" basis. The workers feel they are helpless against this.

The International upholds the fakers here in New York. The officials of the building trades unions have made the term "union" meaningless. They allow the union men to work with non-union materials. The officials always take a stand against the employees. The A. F. of L. never bothered to organize the makers of building materials, such as the cement workers.

From 45 to 50 per cent of the workers in the building trades are out of work. Most building workers are forced to accept any wage they can get—below the union scale. The officials know this violation of the "wage scale," but care nothing. The real reason, as I said, that the building trade union fakers will never allow any strike or lockout is that the strike would result in cutting their fat salaries.
—BUILDING WORKER.

Monroe Lunch Boss Threatens to Blacklist Those Who Strike

(By a Worker Correspondent)
The boss of the Monroe Cafeteria, at 850 Broadway, near 18th St., Manhattan, recently called all the workers into the cellar, and told them if anyone tried to go on strike he would look out all the workers in the place and have them blacklisted. He offered to reduce the hours from 12 to 10 a day, but refuses to recognize the union, the Cafeteria Workers Union. He said he would rather close the place. But he will soon have to recognize the union.

Aid Jobless Musicians at Band Concert, New York Coliseum Sunday

Eminent soloists under the direction of Professor A. Parisi will appear at the band concert given by 600 musicians at a cooperative entertainment for the benefit of unemployed musicians. S. L. Rothfeld, (Rox) and other guest conductors will contribute to the program, which will be given at 3 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Sunday, May 26, at the New York Coliseum, E. 177th St., Bronx.

Urging mass support of the event, sponsors point to the widespread introduction of the vitaphone as one of the contributory causes of the mass unemployment among musicians. Tickets may be obtained in advance at the office of the New York Coliseum.

BACHELORS HOLD FETE. ECAUSSINES, Belgium, May 21.

Bachelors who had grown weary of their independence thronged to this little village on the Senne today for the first International Bachelors' Field Day, which was promoted by the unmarried maidens of Ecaussines. Communist fight on behalf of the immediate aims and interests of the working class, but in their present movement they are also defending the future of the movement.

FRUIT, GROCERY CLERKS IN PHILA. HAVE LONG HRS. WAGES AS LOW AS \$15 A WEEK

(By a Worker Correspondent)
PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—In this city over 5,000 men and women slave in the fruit and grocery stores, chain stores as well as individual stores. These clerks are working under rotten conditions, slaving as long as 75 to 95 hours a week. Wages are as low as \$15 a week, and the conditions are unsanitary. There are no washrooms and lavatories. The workers are always kept in fear of losing their miserable jobs. In most of the stores the clerks are not allowed to go out for lunch and are compelled to eat in the filthy back of the store for 5 or 10 minutes so the clerk will not lose any time in making more profits for the boss.

These workers realize that the only way to abolish these miserable conditions is to organize into a militant union, and the General Food Workers Industrial Union was organized, taking into its ranks all men and women employed in handling and distributing food.
—J. D.

"Strange Interlude" Is Now in Final Week at John Golden Theatre

The Theatre Guild production of Eugene O'Neill's nine act drama "Strange Interlude," will close this Saturday evening. It opened on January 30, 1928, and has over 400 performances to its credit. Next season the Guild will have two companies of "Strange Interlude" on tour; that now playing on the Pacific Coast and the New York Company, which will be sent into Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Pittsburgh and Cleveland. Abroad, the play is now being performed in Stockholm, Budapest, soon in Berlin and next season maybe in London.

"The Camel Through the Needle's Eye," now at the Martin Beck Theatre, will move on May 27th to the Guild Theatre. "Caprice," which closes at the Guild this Saturday, will be on its way to London.

Join the American section of the Communist International, the Communist Party of the U. S. A.

How Soviet Workers Spend Their Holidays

Today we publish a letter from a Soviet commercial employee in Kalouga, a provincial town. He tells of the holidays enjoyed by the workers of the USSR, and how they are spent.

I want to tell our foreign comrades—workers of the counter—how the Soviet commercial employee passes his free time and how he rests. I shall speak about a provincial town—Kalouga. In Kalouga all the commercial employees have their holiday on Monday, because on Sundays all shops are open. The District Branch of the Soviet and Commercial Employees' Union takes into account the fact that Monday—free day for commercial employees—is also a free day of workers of art, and therefore on Mondays all cinemas and theatres are closed. Consequently, our union branch organizes evening parties, called "Our Mondays" for the commercial employees and their families. These evening parties take place every Monday. It is necessary to note, that our union tries to combine the useful with the agreeable, and at these evening parties, the workers of the counter always discuss some industrial, political or trade-union questions and then enjoy a concert, movies or a performance staged by the club dramatic circle.

As an example I shall quote the programme of "Our Mondays" for the month of March of the current year: A report on the decisions of the All-Union Conference of Commercial Employees; to be given by the delegate of commercial employees of Kalouga; after the report—motion pictures. The results of examination of the city co-operative's activity. All the workers of the counter have the possibility of expressing their opinions and desires to the administration of the city co-operative. The criticism and the self-criticism of the workers at the counter help to solidify and to improve the co-operative trade apparatus. The workers of the counter are interested in the political questions too, because even the non-Party employees understand that only thanks to the Communist Party the toilers of former Russia, now the powerful Soviet Union, attained the possibility of governing their immense country. Thus, one Monday they will listen to the report "Summary of the November Plenary Session of the Central Committee of All-Union Communist Party."

The worker of the counter, together with the whole workers' class, wants and must know the last decisions of the leading organ of the Communist Party.

One of the "Mondays" there is to be discussed the report: "Why it is necessary to make the inventory of goods and how to do it". The worker of the counter is not a dumb machine, he is a conscious worker, interested in the whole process of production. After such reports there is shown a film or some performances of club circles.

So, on his holiday, the worker of the counter combines the useful with the agreeable.
—BORIS MONASTIRIEV.

Tomorrow, a typist of the Soviet Union will tell of the conditions enjoyed by the office workers in the USSR.

TRY GRAFTERS. ELIZABETH, N. J., May 21.—Thomas A. Archipley, president of the Linden City Council, and Edward Wallace, a council member, both charged with accepting a bribe, went on trial in quarter sessions here today before Judge Alfred A. Stein and jury.

John F. Meakin, an accountant, was convicted last week of giving the \$500 bribe. He has not been sentenced. Witnesses testified that the council had awarded to Meakin's firm the city's accounting business.

Women Workers and Young Workers! Join the Ranks of the Struggling Workers!

BLOOMINGDALE BELT SYSTEM A SAMPLE OF HELL

Sometimes Work Until 3 A. M.

(By a Worker Correspondent)
I wish to say that Henry Ford's belt system has nothing on Bloomingdale's belt in that department store company's Long Island City warehouse. After being out of work since Christmas I finally secured a position as sheet writer in the delivery department. A belt running from one block in length with route bins on both sides where the slaves throw packages in their respective bins, is a speedup hell. You start at 3 p. m. until you are finished, sometimes until 6 a. m. next day.

The pay is \$20 a week and overtime of 65 cents an hour after midnight. After two weeks work I was laid off with the rest and was told they "will send for me when they have another 'sale'".
—A. B.

A. F. L. Misleader Aids Boss Painters In Getting A Law Passed

(By a Worker Correspondent)
SAN DIEGO, Calif., (By Mail).—The Master Painters Association with the help of Brummitt, business agent of the painters' A. F. of L. local in San Diego, had the city council pass an ordinance which required every painter contractor to furnish a \$3,000 bond and a license which would cost \$10 a year.

When the ordinance was before the council, Brummitt was the only one who spoke for it. This ordinance was passed on the charge that the floaters were getting all the painting jobs here. In reality the master painters wanted to eliminate the little contractors who live here, so they could monopolize the painting and then kick the union men in the pants. They were aided by Brummitt in this. The mayor vetoed the ordinance.
—CLARK.

OIL COMPANY WINS. WASHINGTON, May 21.—A Supreme Court review of a claim of a "league of land," which now includes 76 oil wells from which \$100,000,000 is said to have been taken, was denied today to Mrs. Annie De Graf fenried, New York. Mrs. De Graf fenried claimed title under an 835 grant of the Mexican government to one William, or Pelham Humphrey Her suit was brought against the Young Lee Oil Company and some 50 other Texas persons in federal court at Beaumont, Tex.

JERSEY TO SUE N. Y. WASHINGTON, May 21.—The Supreme Court today granted the State of New Jersey permission to file a suit against New York State and New York City seeking to enjoin them from diverting the waters of Delaware River tributaries for the city's water supply.

THEODORE DREISER Hails—VILLAGE OF SIN

First Soviet Film Directed by a Woman
"An excellent film, with the best cinema photography I have ever seen; among the best so far achieved by the motion picture adventures anywhere."—(Dreiser Looks at Russia.)
Little CARNEGIE PLAYHOUSE, 146 W. 57th St., Circle 7551

Have you seen NOW PLAYING! "MOSCOW TODAY"

—AS GOOD AS A TRIP TO THE SOVIET CAPITAL—
Presenting the leading Soviet personalities in the Kremlin.
FILM GUILD CINEMA, 52 West 8th Street

Grand St. Follies

with Albert Carroll & Dorothy Sand
BOOTH Thea. W. 45th St. Evs. 2:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
MOROSCO THEA. W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
JOHN DRINKWATER'S Comedy Hit

BIRD IN HAND

Chanin's MAJESTIC Theatre
44th St. West of Broadway
Evs. 8:30; Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
JACK PEARL, PHIL BAKER, ALLEN STANLEY, SHAW & LEE
In the Revue Sensation

PLEASURE BOUND

ARTHUR HOPKINS
Presents
HOLIDAY
Comedy Hit by PHILIP BARRY
PLYMOUTH Thea. W. 45 St. Ev. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

Patronize Our Advertisers

Don't forget to mention the "Daily Worker" to the proprietor whenever you purchase clothes, furniture, etc., or eat in a restaurant

Visit.....
Soviet Russia
VIA LONDON—KIEL CANAL—HELSINGFORS AND
10 DAYS IN LENINGRAD and MOSCOW
TOURS FROM \$385. Sailings Every Month
INQUIRE:
WORLD TOURISTS, INC.
175 FIFTH AVENUE (Flatiron Bldg.) NEW YORK, N. Y.
Telephone: ALGONQUIN 6616
CHICAGO—See us for your steamship accommodations—MOSCOW

WITH A YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION TO THE COMMUNIST YOU HAVE YOUR CHOICE OF EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING TWO SETS

Reminiscences of Lenin by Zetkin
Program of Communist International
Paris on the Barricades by George Spiro
OR
Revolutionary Movement in Colonies
Marxism by Lenin
Building Up Socialism by N. Bukharin

This special offer will hold good during the months of April and May only
\$2.00
Mail your sub to
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
43 East 125th Street New York City

WARDER NOTES UNCOVER MORE TAMMANY DIRT

"Little Red Book" Has Many Items of Graft

Mysterious disappearance of the "little red book" last seen in the hands of ex-State Banking Superintendent Frank H. Warder, and stated by witnesses at yesterday's foreland Act investigation on the affairs of the defunct City Trust Bank to contain further items of the 30 thousand dollars graft rocketed by Warder in his capacity as bank superintendent was the subject of most of the questioning at yesterday's hearing before Chief Counsel Walter Pollack.

Other damaging evidence continued to drag leading politicians of Tammany Hall still further into the mess of widespread corruption accidentally exposed by the City Trust hearing, in the failure of which thousands of poor stockholders were rendered penniless.

State Bank Examiner Fred W. Piderit declared on the stand that the memo book contained notes which read:

"Gashed check of Atl. for 30,000. FMFVP, who brought the cash by ab in bills of 1M and 500 to re-lraw.

"425 Riverside Drive Apt. 69 M. E. went to Rights man party Dir. of Fed. and Atl. Bank.

"Eddy went to Bank Dept. to ask merger approved and inc. of capital."

A further notation was made by Piderit announcing he had found the book at the main office of the City Trust Company at 109th St. and Second Ave.

Piderit indicated his understanding of the word "redraw" as meaning Warder spelled backwards, for in the note, redraw was followed by Warder's address (rent for which, incidentally, had been guaranteed by his friend, the late Francis M. Ferrarri, owner of the bank, who performed him many "favors").

Tammany Again.
"Eddy means Eddy Glynn, referring to Edward P. Glynn, nephew of former Gov. Smith. Glynn has figured in the City Trust dirt before.

In the search for the ways of the missing book, Julius Sakolsky, former director of the City Trust Company, accompanied by his attorney, was asked to take the stand. He got off answering awkward questions by the simple process of refusing to sign waivers of immunity—the third time he has resorted to such a measure.

However, testimony from subsequent witnesses showed that the last time the book had been seen was at Warder's office.

Warder's Bad Memory.
When Fourth Deputy Banking Superintendent O'Connell took the stand and referred to the mysterious book Warder conveniently let the knowledge of the book slip his memory. "What red book are you referring to?" he asked.

More stories of lavish gifts to Warder by Ferrari were unfolded. A chauffeur testified that he had driven Ferrari to Warder's apartment "sometimes once a week, sometimes once a month" in the course of the last two years. He said he had taken eggs and chickens to the Warders, and bottles which "might have contained olive oil," the chauffeur suggested innocently.

Judge George Overocker, first deputy of the banking department, testified that bank reports required by law to be submitted on May 15 and November 15 were delayed months by the City Trust Company. The directors' statement due on Nov. 15 had never been filed, he said. Under Warder's administration, only two reports against the required year had been submitted during the year, Overocker testified.

Monday's session exposed Judge Mancuso, Pasquale Mancuso, his father, Edward Glynn, H. Warren Hubbard, just now a Tammany district leader, the editor of the fascist newspaper "Il Progresso," and others implicated in the Rothstein tops ring.

STRIKING CLERKS TELL OF FRAMEUP

Held Three Days in the Raymond St. Jail

(Continued from Page One)
Ave. at 11 o'clock Monday morning, they relate, when two representatives of the United Hebrew Trades, accompanied by a detective and a policeman came to the store. "There they are," the right wing "unionist" shouted, and the arrests followed.

U. H. T. Aids Bosses.
Immediately after the strike broke out, the United Hebrew Trades, for "consideration," provided cards to the boss declaring that no strike existed in the place. These cards were being displayed in the windows. The case of Max Reichmeister, who was arrested for the second time for picketing the store of Silzberg, 65th St. and 23rd Ave., will come up in Coney Island Court on Friday morning. He is at present free in \$1,500 bail.

Long Live the Revolutionary Struggle of the Oppressed Colonial Peoples!

Communist Activities

MANHATTAN

Party Picnic.
Keep June 23, the date of the Party picnic to Pleasant Bay Park, open.

Night Workers.
Special meeting of the Night Workers today at 3 p. m. Election of organizer will take place. Meeting to be held at 26 Union Square, top floor.

Section 2 Daily Agents.
Daily Agents will meet today at 8 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Disciplinary action will be taken against those absent.

Unity Cooperative.
A. Markoff, instructor of the Workers' School, will lecture on "Anarchism and Communism" at the Unity Cooperative, 1390 Seventh Ave., Sunday, 8:30 p. m.

Downtown Communist Youth League.
Literature agents will meet at the meeting of the Downtown Unit 1 at 7:30 p. m. Friday, at new headquarters, 27 E. 4th St.

Miller at Morning Branch Today.
Bert Miller, organization secretary of District 1, will speak on "The Tasks of Our Party" at an open forum of the Morning International Branch at the Workers' Center, 24 Union Square, 10 p. m. today.

Unit 3F, 2A.
Unit meets at 101 W. 27th St. 6 p. m. tomorrow.

Unit 4F, Section 1.
Unit meets at new headquarters, 27 E. 4th St. 6:30 p. m. today.

Unit 4.
The unit meets tomorrow, 6 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

BROOKLYN

Unit 6F, Section 4.
Unit meets tomorrow, 6:30 p. m., at 55 Manhattan Ave.

Section 6 Literature Agents.
Literature agents will meet at 3:15 p. m. tomorrow, 55 Manhattan Ave.

BRONX

Lower Bronx Branch 1, Section 5 Social.
A social will be given by the unit in connection with the membership drive at 715 E. 138th St. at 8:30 p. m. Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

A social will be given by the unit in connection with the membership drive at 715 E. 138th St. at 8:30 p. m. Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

Lower Harlem Unit, Communist Youth League.

A garden-party will be held at the open air garden at 143 E. 162nd St. at 8 p. m. Saturday. Music, entertainment, and other interesting features will be offered.

Lower Bronx, C. Y. L. Unit.
A meeting will be held at 8:30 p. m. tomorrow at 715 E. 138th St. A report of the newly elected executive committee will be given. Sub-committees will be elected.

Lower Bronx Section.
Louis A. Baum, secretary, Photographic Workers' Union, and Harry Elman of the Young Pioneers, will speak at the open air meeting at 138th St. and St. Anne's Ave. at 8 p. m. tonight.

Jugoslavian Workers Club.
An entertainment and dance will be given Saturday, May 25, at the Workers' Center, 26 Union Square. Music by the Yugoslavian Workers' Tamburica Orchestra.

Scandinavian Workers' Club.
A social will be given at Yasa Castle Hall, 149th St. and Walton Ave. A dance program will follow recitations and songs. Proceeds to the workers' weekly, "Ny Tid."

Engdahl at Swedish-American Workers' Athletic Club.
J. Louis Engdahl, retiring editor of the Daily Worker, will speak on "The Soviet Union in 1929" at the club entertainment at the Swedish American Hall, 267 Sixth Ave., corner Garfield Place, Brooklyn, 8 p. m. tomorrow. Music by Spartacus Orchestra.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

"Marching Guns," by the Workers' Laboratory Theatre, will be presented at the entertainment and literary evening of the Brownsville Workers' Club Saturday night, at 154 Watkins St. for the benefit of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. Samuel Goldstein will give a piano recital. Singing and recitations will be rendered.

HAITI TODAY AT TOUSSAINT MEET

Anti-Imperialists Tell of Conferences

At the Toussaint L'Ouverture memorial meeting held last night at St. Luke's Hall, Harlem, Albert Moreau, secretary of the Latin-American department of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League spoke of the heroic struggle of the Haitian peoples led by Toussaint L'Ouverture and of the differences between that liberation struggle and the present movement for colonial emancipation from the imperialist powers.

"Simultaneous with the further political and economic penetration of Latin America, the marine invasion of Nicaragua and Haiti, we are witnessing today the rise of a new revolutionary anti-imperialist movement on the part of these peoples, subjugated by U. S. imperialism," he said. "For the first time, we see a growing solidarity between the Indian agrarian masses and the organized industrial workers in the cities.

Series of Conferences.
The All-America Anti-Imperialist League, U. S. section, is mobilizing all of the Latin-American organizations represented in the U. S. together with representatives of other groups in a series of conferences leading to an Eastern conference at New York on June 8th and 9th at which the first point on the agenda will be sending of a strong delegation from the U. S. to the second Anti-Imperialist World Congress at Paris between July 20th and 31st.

The working class cannot simply lay hold of the ready-made state machinery, and wield it for its own purposes. This new Communist (Paris Commune) breaks the modern state power.—Marx.

Comrade
Frances Pilat
MIDWIFE
351 E. 7th St., New York, N. Y.
Tel. Rhineland 2916

Comrades!
ERON SCHOOL
Moved!
The Eron Preparatory School, which holds a Regents Charter as a private high school and which was located for a period of thirty years at 187 East Broadway, has now moved and is now located in larger and more commodious quarters at 853 Broadway, Corner 14th Street, facing Union Square. The Eron Preparatory School runs courses in:

(1) Regents and College Entrance preparatory for all colleges and universities.
(2) All Commercial and Secretarial subjects.
(3) Comptometry, Electric Book-keeping and Electric Billing.
(4) All grades of English for intelligent foreigners.

Registration for Our Summer Term is Now Open.
Telephone: STUYVESANT 2387.
J. E. Eron, Principal.

Unity Co-operators Patronize
SAM LESSER
Ladies' and Gents' Tailor
1818 - 7th Ave. New York
Between 110th and 111th Sts.
Next to Unity Co-operative House

Local 35 to Meet.
Local 35 of the Cloak and Dress Pressers will hold a general membership meeting tomorrow night at Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave. Weiss, manager, of the cloak department of the Joint Board, will discuss the threatened fake stoppage of the right wing grafters, it is announced.

Hyman Speaks at Forum.
Louis Hyman, president of the Needle Workers Industrial Union, who has returned from the convention of the Canadian needle workers, which has just concluded in Toronto, spoke at an enthusiastic open forum of cloakmakers and furriers yesterday afternoon at Bryant Hall, Sixth Ave. and 42nd St.

Every seat was taken long before the forum was scheduled to open at 1 o'clock and workers filled the platform and the aisles, in their eagerness to participate in the discussion.

Arrange Band Concerts for Jobless Musicians at Coliseum for May 26

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party of the U. S. A.

Published by the Comradely Publishing Co., Inc., Daily, except Sunday, at 26-28 Union Square, New York City, N. Y.
 Telephone Stuyvesant 1596-7-8. Cable: "DAIWORK."
 SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
 By Mail (in New York only): \$3.00 a year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months
 By Mail (outside of New York): \$4.00 a year \$6.00 six months \$3.00 three months
 Address and mail all checks to the Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

The Drive for Law Enforcement.

President Hoover has appointed a National Law Enforcement Commission consisting of 10 lawyers and one woman educator. When the supporters of the profit system plot to put through some shady deal, lawyers are brought in to do the job. The lawyers on this commission indicates that Hoover feels some especially big and dirty job must be handled successfully and effectively.

The job is a big one. The forces that put Hoover into the White House are demanding a material strengthening, through further centralization, of the federal government. New powers will be urged to bulwark the new era of imperialist development that especially calls for increasingly oppressive attacks against an attempted complete subjugation of the working class as one of the major war preparations of the Wall Street government.

Already in the proposed tariff legislation, as exposed in the news columns of the Daily Worker today, the Hoover government provides for an ambitious attempt to erect an airtight barrier against revolutionary literature coming into the country. It is proposed to seize "any book, pamphlet, paper, writing, advertisement, circular print, picture or drawing containing any matter advocating or urging treason, insurrection or forcible resistance to any law of the United States, etc., etc.," which might include anything that Wall Street rule finds in the least hostile to its profit interests.

While it is generally declared for popular consumption that the commission will take up the question of the enforcement of the Eighteenth (Prohibition) Amendment to the federal constitution, this is by no means the whole program that has been mapped out for it. In fact, this is only a sort of camouflage for its real work, mentioned only in the third paragraph of its instructions. The working class is especially interested in the first two instructions as follows:

1. To critically consider the entire federal machinery of justice, redistribution of its functions, simplification of its procedure, revision of additional special tribunals, better selection of juries and more effective organization of agencies of investigation and procedure.
2. To cover the entire question of law enforcement and organization of justice.

Here is an alarm bell for labor. The capitalist government is not worried about enforcement of the dry laws. Some of the highest placed politicians, great sections of the police, as well as business itself, take great profits out of the supposedly illegal liquor traffic.

The Hoover regime in Washington, however, representing the greatest capitalist interests, is very nervous about the growing militancy of the working masses. There is every indication that the commission will give its greatest attention to "law enforcement" against the working class, to still further develop the illegalization of strikes, outlaw class struggle trade unions, put heavier bans on picketing and other forms of working class struggle. It will take up definitely the proposals that have been before congress for years, to materialize the proposed increasing oppression over the foreign-born. Such legislation, of course, is directed against all labor, providing for registration, finger-printing, photographing, with special provisions for deportation, revocation of citizenship rights and other extreme measures that exist today in vicious anti-syndicalist laws in force in 35 different states.

The commission represents sections of the country where labor faces the most bitter persecution. The chairman, George W. Wickersham, hails from Pennsylvania, the home state of "Andy" Mellon where the steel-coal-railroad tyranny grips tightly the throat of labor; Newton D. Baker, the jingo secretary of war in President Wilson's "war for Morgan" cabinet; Frank J. Loesch, from Chicago, that has seen the courts used on every occasion necessary to break strikes, imprison workers and smash their organizations; Roscoe Rand, submissive to Harvard university, that put its approval on the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti; William I. Grubb, from Alabama, with its Birmingham, "the Pittsburgh of the South"; Monte M. Lemann, from Louisiana, that lynch labor organizers, as in the lumber camps and oil fields; William S. Kenyon, from Iowa that furnishes experts to the capitalist government in its war on the farmers; Kenneth R. MacKintosh, from the state of Washington, that framed up labor at Centralia and was guilty of the Everett Massacre; Paul J. McCormick, from California, that keeps Mooney and Billings, with many others, in prison, after the frame-up charges against them have been thoroughly exploded; Henry W. Anderson, of Virginia, who was special assistant in the infamous Daugherty regime in the department of justice under President Harding and the "Ohio Gang", and who served Wall Street's interests loyally on the Mexican Claims Commission; and Ada L. Comstock, who eagerly upheld in the University of Minnesota the interests of the lumber and mining barons.

No more ruthless anti-labor aggregation could be gathered together. It will carry on its work in behalf of the most extreme demands of the imperialist power that has been the world war transfer the center of economic strength to its domains, but which, at the same time, realizes the precarious position in which it is placed, with growing discontent among workers in its homeland, increasing resentment in the colonial and semi-colonial nations it seeks to keep in subjugation; growing jealousies among other imperialist powers, and the fact that one-sixth of the world is already under the rule of the Soviet power of workers and peasants, building a socialist economy directly hostile to its own.

The answer of labor to Hoover's "law enforcement" commission and its expected proposals, is the strengthening of its own ranks through the organization of the unorganized and creation of a national class struggle trade union center; increasing its efforts against the war danger, and the building of the Communist Party, the leader of labor's class struggle, into a powerful mass party.

OLD CRONIES!



By Fred Ellis

CEMENT

By FEODOR GLADKOV

Translated by A. S. Arthur and C. Ashleigh

All Rights Reserved—International Publishers, N. Y.

"COMRADES: A terrible economic debacle . . . a formidable crisis . . . a most difficult test for the working class. The liquidation of the military front. . . All our strength must go to the industrial front. The Tenth Congress of the Party have drawn up a new economic policy. The proletariat is the only force . . . revival of the industry of the republic . . . concessions and the world market. . . (Phew, these stupid intellectuals!) We must stand for the country of the proletariat . . . increase our strength tenfold, and with iron ranks. . . We have broken the blockade. . . The working class and the Communist Party. . . (Finish now, Comrade Ivagin!) Recovery of fuel supply. . . Use of the factory power. . . On this matter, Comrade Chumalov can speak better than I."

"Comrades, the report is before you. Silence, please, Comrade Gromada!"

"It's about the Comrade Speaker. . . But his father doesn't belong to the working class elements. . . Likhava is a stronger speaker. . . Though the Comrade is sympathetic his argument is good for nothing. We've been filled with enough words. What is the C.P.R. doing about it?"

"Comrade Gromada, you seem to have no idea of order. Comrade Chumalov has the floor."

THE audience became silent. Well, let's see what Gleb Chumalov is going to say. The main strength is in him. Tomorrow depends on his words.

"Comrades, don't let us play around with words. We've played around enough already with pigs and pipe-lighters. Enough. The factory isn't a factory any more, but a cattle barn. Enough. A lot of fools. Is this business, Comrades? There's two sides to every man: You can either let the devil grab you, or you can swing him by the tail. It all depends on just how much of a fool you are. Our hands aren't meant for goats and pigs, but for something else. We know this: As our hands are so are our souls and our minds. To hell with all foolishness! As Comrade Ivagin said, there is now a new economic line. What is this new economic policy? It means hit the devil in the jaw with a great effort at reconstruction. Cement is a mighty binding material. With cement we're going to have a great building-up of the Republic. We are cement, Comrades: the working class. Let us keep that in mind. We've played the fool long enough; now we've got to start real work."

In the hullabaloo it was impossible to understand what the Group were trying to say. In flushed faces, white eyes grew bloodshot. Gromada jumped up, arms wildly waving; Savchuk sprang out from his corner howling.

GLEB raised his arm asking for attention. His jaw-muscles quivered. Dasha rang the bell furiously for silence and shouted:

"Comrades! Communists! You're still a rabble! Keep discipline. I had not given you the floor, Savchuk!"

"Well, Comrades, let's consider it closely. Ask yourselves. What's lacking in the factory, Brothers? There's no fuel! And the workers have no fuel! We've come to the point where there's nothing left. Winter's coming and will give us hell. Let's set up a new ropeway on the mountain sides. And we'll bring wood to the town. Let's get at the Economic Council and tell them: Give us petrol and benzine, you hounds! What have you done with the oil reserves? We've got the orders for the stores. And if they try to trump us, we'll play our trump card, through the Cheka to the Revolutionary Tribunal. The ropeway—that's our first step. Through the Trade Unions we'll organize voluntary Sunday labor. We'll set our engineers at drawing up plans and to oversee the construction work. Let the damn goats go to the devil!"

Savchuk made his way to the table, and banged his fist upon the papers with which it was littered.

"Ah, the bloody idlers, swineherds!"

"Come to order, Comrade Savchuk!"

"Why are you shutting me up, woman? How can I keep quiet when there are swineherds here and makers of pipe-lighters?"

"Comrade Savchuk—for the last time!"

"Oh, you bitch! Comrade Gleb, give your wife a kick in the ribs. Ah, she's not my wife. . . And you good-for-nothings. . . Goat-herds! Where are your hands and your throats? Say, what's the Cheka doing about Engineer Kleist? Gleb, what kind of friend is Engineer Kleist, who delivered you up to be killed? I can't stand for that! Let them bring Engineer Kleist here!"

"Right! The specialist. . . Engineer Kleist. . . Have him arrested and sent to the Cheka! He's shut himself up like a rat in a hole. He sneaks around like a thief. . . Didn't he try to have your blood?"

ENGINEER KLEIST. This man had Gleb's life in his hands and he threw it to the executioners as though it were a dirty bit of waste, Engineer Kleist. . . Isn't Gleb's life worth that of Engineer Kleist? But this was bygone, and now their two lives had met again.

The hunchback Loshak met Dasha's eye at that moment and silently raised his hand.

"Comrade Loshak has the floor."

All heads were turned to the corner where the humped mechanic sat. His words always hit like stones and did not spare his hearers. "Yes, we want to do the work, but we've been yelling a lot of nonsense. It's my turn to speak now. We've been like a whole lot of bladders: we've swollen and burst. Put the right man on the job and things will move. That's where the point is, you idiots. And as for Engineer Kleist, he may be a louse but—I want to say this: it's true that he turned Gleb over to them, but how did he treat Dasha? How did Engineer Kleist treat Dasha, when he rescued her from death?"

Dasha suddenly leaned forward over the table and shoved Loshak by the hump.

"Comrade Loshak, I'm not a subject of this discussion. Shut up, or keep to the subject of the report. If you've nothing to say get back to your place!"

Loshak glanced at her, made a gesture of discouragement and went back to his seat.

Dasha again! Again this mystery. . .

GLEB contained himself with a strong effort. He pondered, wrestling with his own thoughts.

"Well, Comrades, if that is so, let me fight my own battle with the engineer face to face; and now let's leave that question."

The tired workmen were wiping the sweat from their foreheads with their shirt-sleeves.

Dasha lifted a piece of paper to her eyes and glanced over it around the room.

"Comrades, we must seriously consider the question of the Party Committee. We are ordered to dispatch a certain number of members of the Group for work on the communal farm. It's a Party order."

Again it was as though a bomb had exploded amidst the Group.

"No, we won't let ourselves be ordered. Ordering us here and ordering us there! It's just throwing us as food to the bandits. This is no 'Order to dispatch', it's sheer murder. We're not beasts to be sent to the slaughter-house."

"But, Comrades, you're a Group of the Party and not a bunch of speculators. I'm only a woman but I tell you: I have never even for an hour trembled for my fate. You all know that well."

"If you like, dispatch yourself by order and take all your damned hens with you."

"What a woman! She's trying to bridle the whole Group! Drive the woman out of the Group!"

THEN the voice of Savchuk. But even he could not dominate the tumult.

"Dispatch Gromada! He's buried himself in his Factory Committee!"

"And Loshak, Brothers! The Factory Committee members have had an easy time all right."

Gleb walked calmly and with heavy steps from behind the table to the middle of the room. His face was drawn and the clenched muscles stood out.

"Choose me, Comrades—Communists; and choose my wife. She has called you speculators and she was right. I've been in far worse hornets' nests than the one you're speaking of. For three years I've looked death in the face. Those god-damn goats keep you glued to the spot!"

"Well, and what about it? You're not dead yet, Chumalov! Who hasn't seen blood these last years?"

"That's it! And why haven't they killed me? I'm as tough as the immortal Kachchai, I've fraternized with death as an equal. And if you've seen anything of blood you must know that death has sharp teeth. Better than a mincer! There, have a look at and admire it!"

(To Be Continued)

How Soviet Economy Functions

I. Different Phases of Economic Organization.

In order to understand well the structures of the economy of the U. S. S. R. it is necessary to review the different phases of Russian economy.

From 1917 to the Nep.

The first period, from the October Revolution to the end of 1918, was that of violent destruction of all of the capitalist apparatus. In reality, that was the time when, after the transitory periods of "workers' control" and the co-existence in the factories of the bosses and the factory committees, the workers began to get rid of the former effectively.

The workers in power nationalized the banks, the merchant marine, and on June, 1918, was decreed the nationalization of all heavy industry, the liquidation of the societies of action and all other capitalist organizations.

The proletariat took into its own hands the development of the economic life of the country. The first organizations formed to salvage this immense heritage, almost destroyed by the war and in the midst of the most difficult interior and exterior conditions, created factory councils and economic committees attached to the Soviets which were spontane-

(This is the first of a series of articles describing the economic apparatus of the Soviet Union in all its various phases and branches. The next article will describe how industry is directed by the proletarian state and following instalments will explain the organization of industry, commerce and distribution.)

ously formed over the whole country.

At the same time the tendency was manifest to establish connections high and low and of centralizing the direction of each industry through corresponding central committees.

However, the characteristic trait of this period was not the creative work of the new forms of economic development, but the destruction of the capitalist apparatus. Here the union organizations from below and the factory committees played a tremendous role, for in fact it was they who took over the direction of the mines, factories, etc.

Second Period—1918 to End of 1919.

This period of bloody civil war (Kolchak, Denikine, etc.) and of interior difficulties just as great (sabotage by technicians and functionaries) was that of the concentration of the direction of industry. In December, 1918, the Second Congress of the Economic Councils met. This Congress had already put the question of the development of the

productive forces of the country and the reinforcement of the Economic Councils in all their branches.

At this time the apparatus of direction had already taken form—economic councils of the rayons, of the states and of national economy as well as the "Centrals" for the direction of each particular branch.

All this took place during the period when there was no coal, no oil, no bread, when there was fighting on all fronts, when all the forces were needed to maintain traffic on the railroads and assure the provisioning of the armies.

In all this the factory committees played an enormous role.

Third Period—End 1919 to August, 1920.

This was a period of considerable improvement, as far as rehabilitation, the extraction of coal and transport were concerned. The foreign blockade was broken and the intellectuals and technicians stopped their sabotage and began to co-operate with the Soviets.

The questions of organization

were solved as follows and the factories were divided into three groups:

(a) The largest having a national importance, were placed directly under the Supreme Council of National Economy.

(b) The factories of moderate importance were attached to the State Councils of National Economy but were under the control of the Supreme Council.

(c) The factories of local importance were attached to the corresponding councils of national economy.

Fourth Period—Constructive Work. The years which had just passed, in spite of the tremendous difficulties and because of them, had already furnished an experience without precedent in the history of the world.

Organs of direction for all of the economic life took form more and more to replace the anarchy in production of a capitalist society and began the work of the construction of a socialist society.

After the violent destruction of private property and of the whole capitalist system, the proletarian state, "proprietor" of one-sixth of the globe, began to organize and develop the productive forces of the country.

And all this according to a plan established in the interest of the toilers alone.

Pioneer Tells of Children's Society

By HARRY EISMAN, Pioneer.

For me to relate my experience and opinion of The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children is very easy especially since I have been there more than once.

The S. P. C. C. is a jail for children who are delinquent and have either been misled or were turned out of their homes due to the fact that their parents are unemployed or cannot afford to support them. The S. P. C. C. where the 9 Pioneers were placed, is located in the Negro district and as a result of this over two-thirds of the children there are Negroes. The children are divided according to groups which is A, B, and C.

The A group consists of children who have no homes, who have been evicted and have no place to stay. The children in the B group are children who stay out of school, run away from home and those who are lost. The C group is the worst group in the house which consists of children who steal. All the boy Pioneers that were locked up were put in the B group because there was no room for them in the C group. The girl Pioneer, Jessie Taft, was put in the C group which consists of girls who are prostitutes and thieves.

Pioneers Searched at Station.

Before we were put into the S. P. C. C. all the comrades were taken over to the 8th Precinct Station at 22nd St. On our way to the station the Pioneers sang and cheered our older comrades who were with us. At the station where they made a check up, many interesting things happened, such as, one Pioneer was wearing a Lenin button which had the inscription on it: "Lenin Said Organize the Children." After a little bit of confusion the sergeant replied: "G'wan, he never said it." When one of our girl comrades was being checked, Sergeant Hicky asked, "male or female?" After all our comrades were checked up we were searched, and this is what they found on some of us—a big safety pin was found on David Malikin and was confiscated as a dangerous weapon.

Off-Arrested Eisman Relates Tammany Police Brutality at Hearing

On Jessie Taft, a book of 1c stamps for the children's delegation to the Soviet Union was found and confiscated. And on Harry Eisman a small box of nails was found and confiscated as a dangerous weapon?

After all the searching for dangerous weapons was over the nine Pioneers were packed into a patrol wagon and taken to the S. P. C. C. While we were riding to the S. P. C. C. we had to cut into Fifth Avenue where the jail is located and where the police parade was going on, and at 7th Street we cut right into the parade where we disrupted the line of march. When the patrol wagon was riding along with the parade the people thought that we were all a part of the parade and as a result, much of the attention was focused upon the patrol wagon where the Pioneers were singing the International and Solidarity Forever. When we finally reached our destination we were again checked up and were treated like real convicts and were given a culture test in which they stick a thermometer into your mouth. After this, one of the head men of the place came over and gave us a lecture on how to behave.

Feed Children Slop.

After the lecture we went to eat. And this is just what they give the children to live on—a cup of so-called milk, 2 slices of thin white bread, a sliced peach, hot dog with spaghetti (this is a Saturday meal). At the table there is strict discipline. When you pass the girls dining room you are not allowed to look at any one of them. When we finished our supper, we were taken to the bathing room where we were all given baths and changed into prison clothes which consists of a blue shirt, blue overalls, and a pair of stockings with underwear in the bargain. To make sure that we could not escape, all of our clothing had the mark of the N.

Y. S. P. C. C. When all of the steps were gone through, we were taken into a room with the B boys and about five minutes later we were taken up to the dormitory (which is very overcrowded); ready to wash up and go to sleep. It was exactly 20 minutes to eight, and all children were in bed except one who was disciplined by the matron and had to stay in the hall for two hours. Just as we were about to go to sleep a notice came up that Sol Welman and Jessie Taft was going home, and about 15 minutes later a notice came to the effect that Irving Shavelson and Comrade Levy were going home, and still later two more were sent home. At 2 a. m. in the morning another Pioneer, Frank Billinson was released. After Frank left us only Kaplan and Eisman was left out of the nine who were pulled in.

At about 10 a. m. the next day Bernard Kaplan was released and now only Eisman was left. At 11:30 a. m. Eisman's brother tried to bail him out, but was denied the right to do so until he filled out an application in the police station. When it was about 3:30 p. m. a notice came up and Harry Eisman was let out in custody of his brother. Now that all Pioneers were let out in custody of their parents a trial was arranged for Monday at 10 a. m.

The results of the trial were in our favor due to the fact of the good work of our attorney Jacques Buitenkant and of our Pioneers on the witness stand. The trial started at 10:30 a. m. Monday at Children's Court, 137 East 22nd Street, with Sergeant Hickey on the stand. Hicky swore was hicky. He charged our Pioneer with parading without a permit, with no American flag, but with red flags. He also charged that Harry Eisman carried a placard with the inscription "Down with Wall St."

Judge "Lectures" Pioneers.

After all the convictions were through, the Judge went out and returned in about 8 minutes with a long speech urging us not to participate in labor struggles, but instead, go to the park and play. He also said that he wouldn't like to fine us, but instead carried out the motion of Jacques Buitenkant which was to discharge the case. So this was the end of police terrorization for the present of the nine Pioneers with no telling what is going to happen in school and in the future battles of the workers against the bosses.