

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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FOSTER STARTS NATION-WIDE CAMPAIGN TOUR SUNDAY

"Miners' Convention Sept. 9 To Be Biggest Historical Turning Point," Says Gitlow

SPEAKS AT BIG ELECTION RALLY IN ANTHRACITE

Charges Lewis Machine Wrecked Old Union

Scores Labor Fakery

Tells Diggers New Union Only Hope

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Sept. 5.—The National Miners' Convention to be held at Pittsburgh on the 9th of this month will be the biggest historical turning point in the history of the mining industry, declared Ben Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president of the United States, in his speech here Saturday as a part of the national political campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The keynote of Gitlow's speech was the struggle of the miners. Reporting on the smashing of the union and the wage-cuts taking place in the bituminous fields, the Communist vice-presidential candidate called upon the hard-coal miners to organize themselves under the banner of the new union to resist the coming attack of the coal operators.

Fakers Accept Wage-Cuts

"In Ohio the officials accepted a \$2.50 wage-cut a day, in Illinois wages were cut to \$6 a day. It is definite that when negotiations will be started in the anthracite tri-district, the operators will demand the reduction of wages, further speed-up and the elimination of union control. The United Mine Workers bureaucracy will betray the miners here too, and the rank and file must turn for leadership to the new union which will be organized in Pittsburgh at the Sept. 9 convention. The Workers (Communist) Party gives full support to the rank and file in building this new union."

Blames Lewis. "John L. Lewis and his policies," declared Gitlow, "are responsible for the collapse of the coal strike which leaves the coal diggers at the mercy"

OBSERVE YOUTH DAY NEXT WEEK

Young Worker League to Hold Many Meets

While the capitalist countries of the world are gathering their forces for a new imperialist war, the working-class youth of this country is preparing to demonstrate against imperialist war in celebration of International Youth Day, which will be observed this year during the week of September 16. Numerous open-air meetings and demonstrations, as well as indoor meetings, will be held throughout the country during this week under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

International Youth Day has been celebrated annually by the working-class youth of the world since September 3, 1915, when the historic conference of youth to fight the imperialist war was held at Bern.

Daily Worker Agents Will Meet Tomorrow

A meeting of Daily Worker agents will be held tomorrow, 6:30 p.m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. The drive of the Daily Worker for 10,000 new readers, and the preparations for the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar will be on the order of business of the meeting.

All Daily Worker agents have been urged to attend the meeting without fail.

BELIEVE SHIP LOST SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 4 (UP).—The crew of a salvage boat which searched all day Monday for the missing freighter Floridan reported today that an oil film on the waters off Cape Flattery apparently marked the grave of the vessel.

Police Terror; But New Bedford Textile Pickets Fight On



In spite of the terrorist methods with which the New Bedford police have attacked the picket lines of the textile strikers, the lines are larger and firmer today than at any time in the history of the strike. Above, three policemen seizing one woman picket during a recent raid of the authorities.

SIX MORE HURT IN NEW I. R. T. WRECK

Traction Barons Refuse to Repair Equipment

Two accidents on the transit lines of New York City yesterday added to the toll of workers' lives injured and endangered in recent catastrophes here. The first occurred on the Williamsburg Bridge and the second on the Third Avenue elevated line of the Interborough Rapid Transit.

Six persons were hurt in both crashes. John Lamb, a worker, was nearly thrown off the Williamsburg Bridge in a rear-end collision of one man surface cars. Two of the six injured were children. Lamb, who is employed on the Williamsburg Bridge as cable repairman, managed to clutch a cable just as he was hurled over the side of the bridge.

Another subway disaster was narrowly averted when trainmen discovered a warped rail on the tracks near the Canal Street Station of the B.-M. T. They immediately held up the train and hurried repairs on the rail, tying up traffic for more than twenty minutes. Had the warped rail not been discovered, workers afterward said, the rail would have cracked under the strain of the crowded train, causing a disaster

RESCUERS COMING SOON

Krassin Heroes to Visit U. S. December

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—As they prepare to set off again into the frozen north in search of the 12 lost men of the Amundsen and Allessandri parties, news has been received here by the Soviet Union Information Bureau that Prof. Rudolph Lazarevich Samoilovich and Aviator Chukhrovsky, two of the leading members of the Krassin rescue expedition, will visit this country early in December.

Knapp 'Nearly Goes to Prison; Life Ruined'

ALBANY, Sept. 5.—In a gray, tiny cell in the county jail here the wife of a jobless Albany worker is serving a nine-months' term, following her conviction on a charge of stealing some clothes to keep herself warm last winter.

In a large, airy, sunny and comfortable room with wide windows overlooking great lawns—in the home of County Sheriff Henchey—Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp, former republican secretary of state sobs ostentatiously because she will have to spend 30 days in these comparatively congenial surroundings.

Sky Was Limit. Mrs. Knapp was convicted of grand larceny as a result of the highly informal manner in which she "administered" the \$1,000,000 state fund appropriated for the

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as bad as the recent Times Square I. R. T. wreck. The I. R. T. officials have come to the point where they no longer bother about repairing out-of-date equipment and machinery in their subway and elevated lines, using the archaic equipment as a maneuver for the campaign to get an increase in fare.

TO USE TELEVISION IN DIRECTING ORCHESTRA

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 5 (UP).—Fritz Reiner, director of the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra will go to New York to discuss his plan of directing by television an off-stage orchestra necessary for the presentation of the second symphony of Mahler, he said today.

CALL DELEGATES TO RELIEF MEET

Weisbord Will Speak at Conference

Albert Weisbord, leading figure in the spectacular Passaic textile strike and now national secretary of the Textile Mill Committees, will be the principal speaker at the Workers International Conference, Saturday, Sept. 15, at 1 p.m. in Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Pl. The conference will also be addressed by Fred Beidenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief and by many militant workers who are now struggling on the New Bedford and Fall River strike fronts. Harry Silverman, who issued the call for the conference, said yesterday.

The call reads in part: "Organized labor must respond to the New Bedford and Fall River strike with 100 per cent support. The strike has been on for five months. The need is great. Immediate and continuous relief must be sent into New Bedford and Fall River. The Workers International Relief has responded to the strike from the very beginning of the struggle.

"We count on organized labor and its sympathizers in New York to show its solidarity with the New Bedford striking workers. Help us win the strike."

The appeal called upon unions to discard red tape and to elect or appoint delegates to the conference either by executive boards or by executive members and to forward names of such delegates to the offices of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square.

TO USE TELEVISION IN DIRECTING ORCHESTRA

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 5 (UP).—Fritz Reiner, director of the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra will go to New York to discuss his plan of directing by television an off-stage orchestra necessary for the presentation of the second symphony of Mahler, he said today.

BRITISH UNION "LEADERS" OUST ALL COMMUNISTS

Could Not Answer Red Attacks; Exclusion Is Result

Thomas Kills Union

Officialdom Drives 2 Million From Union

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Unable to answer the charges of leaders of the British minority movement and of the Communist unionists, the officials of the Trade Union Congress, meeting at Swensen, Wales, yesterday demanded and forced thru a resolution excluding the progressive leaders from participation in the further proceedings of the congress.

The move had a two-fold aspect designed, on one hand, at silencing criticism of the officialdom and, on the other, to direct public attention away from the congress officials and towards the Communists and minority members as responsible for the tremendous decrease in union membership during the last year.

Figures disclosing the falling off in members continue to point to the appalling decline of rank and file confidence in the officialdom as the leaders while totals continue to reveal wider losses and the progressive consciousness of the British workingman that the present congress heads are bent on leading him to the destruction of the trade union movement.

Loss of 2,000,000 members was again cited today, this time by J. H. Thomas, former cabinet minister and now secretary of the National Union of Railway Men. Minority leaders taunted the officials from the floor on the increasing lack of confidence betrayed in their leadership by the decrease totals.

The most significant action of the congress, after the exclusion of the progressives and Communists, was the stifling of a plan for the formation of a Government Workers' Union, comprising workers from the Woolwich arsenal, which John H. Thomas quashed before it could gain momentum.

SEWER GRAFTER 'KNOWS NOTHING'

Connolly Called for Questioning

Former borough president of Queens, Maurice E. Connolly, who resigned under fire during the investigation into the notorious \$23,500,000 sewer graft scandal, was yesterday called to the district attorney's office in connection with the death of William L. D'Olier, wealthy sewer sub-contractor, who was found near a cemetery in Maspeth, L. I., Sunday morning, a bullet having been put thru his temple.

Takes No Chances. As was expected, Connolly gave little information of a tangible sort which would trace the murderers of D'Olier. He did, however, succeed in involving himself in several contradictions and inconsistencies some of which might prove embarrassing to him should the authorities do a surprising thing and penetrate into the actual basis for D'Olier's death.

Connolly swore on his dubious honor, when closeted with the district attorney, that he met the dead contractor only once, when the latter was introduced by Robert E. Moore of the electrical contracting firm of Fishback & Moore. At that time, he said, D'Olier was trying to interest Moore in a \$15,000,000 road-building venture in Kentucky.

This statement by Connolly was flatly contradicted by Walter G. Lowe, a taxi driver, who positively identified pictures of the dead man as a man he had seen in conversation with Connolly in front of Connolly's office in Long Island City, the afternoon of August 16. Lowe said that amounting to \$63 were demanded,

William Z. Foster



Recognize him? This picture of the Communist candidate for president was taken when he was leading the huge 1919 steel strike. The picture may be familiar to those who followed that stirring strike.

WOLFE STARTS ON TOUR SOON

Many Cities to Hear Communist Speaker

Bertram D. Wolfe, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, head of the agitprop department and director of the Workers School, is scheduled to start a speaking tour in behalf of the Communist election campaign, that will take him to the principal cities in the United States from Cleveland to the Pacific Coast.

Wolfe has been active in the Communist movement since it was organized in 1919, and prior to that was one of the leading elements in the left wing of the socialist party. He was editor of the Rank and File, the organ of the left wing in the

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RED DRIVE RALLY PLANNED SEPT. 28

Minor, Dunne to Speak at Big Meet

The first large election campaign rally this year of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Friday, Sept. 28, 8 p.m., at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., where the workers of New York who have survived the "prosperity" which press-agented the Coolidge administration, will hear the Communist candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Among the Red candidates who will make their appearance at the Central Opera House rally will be William F. Dunne, candidate for Governor of New York, Robert Minor, candidate for U. S. Senate from New York; Juliet Stuart Poyntz, running for Attorney General of New York; Lovett Fort-Whiteman, Red candidate for Comptroller of the state; Philip Frankfeld, candidate from the Third Assembly District of the Bronx, and Rebecca Grecht, running in the Fifth Bronx Assembly District, and Communist Campaign Manager of District two of the Workers (Communist) Party. Will

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POLICE BEAT UP MINER

Victim Is Slugged, Fined and Jailed

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 5.—Hundreds of miners are appealing to the International Labor Defense for aid against the onslaught of the operator's courts. Rudolph DiPiazzy brought a black-jack which he declared a coal and iron policeman broke in two over his head, to the court with him. His case against the coal and iron policeman was dismissed nevertheless. Court costs, amounting to \$63 were demanded,

COMMUNIST PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE TO SPEAK AT MEETS IN DETROIT, FLINT

Ford, General Motor Slaves to Get Election Message of Party

Tour Will Include Chief Industrial Centers of Country

ADAM MOLESKI FIGHTS FRAME-UP IN COURTS

Sam Bonita, Mendola, Innocent, But Jailed in Same Case

WILKES BARRE, Pa., Sept. 5.—Under the shadow of the murderers of Frank Bonita, the same Luzerne county courthouse that witnessed the frame-up proceedings against the latter's brother Sam will see the further frame-up of Adam Moleski on similar charges, Sept. 13. Moleski is one of a trio of miners, including Sam Bonita and Steve Mendola, framed-up in a conspiracy which resulted in the death of Frank Agati, Lewis lieutenant, when he attacked the three progressives after a local meeting last spring.

Mendola and Bonita have already been railroaded to jail and are serving terms varying from six to ten years of hard labor.

Moleski will take an appeal to fight his conviction in a higher court.

The trial of Moleski and the jailing of Bonita and Mendola is the outcome of the fight against the Lewis-Cappellini machine and the contractor system in the anthracite.

With the opening of the National Convention for the building of a new union four days off, the coal miners from all over the United States are watching with the most intense interest the outcome of the struggle for his freedom which the innocent miner is waging in the Luzerne County courthouse.

ASTORIA JINGOES FORCED ON RADIO

Fail to Compete With Communist Meetings

Discredited as a result of their attempts to break up the open-air meetings arranged every Thursday night in Astoria, L. I. by the Workers (Communist) Party, the Tammany-controlled John J. Dwyer Post, Veterans of Foreign Wars, has resorted to radio broadcasting.

So completely victorious did the Communists emerge from the battle waged against the Astoria fascists when they tried to halt the Party meetings, that the Post has completely abandoned its own open-air meetings which they had conducted

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Invading one of the leading exploitation centers of the United States, William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, will start the first leg of a tour that will take him into every industrial section of the country when he speaks at two meetings to be held in Detroit and Flint, Mich., Sunday.

Foster will speak in Flint in the afternoon and in Detroit in the evening at the Danceland Auditorium.

The cities of Detroit and Flint are dominated by the Ford Motor Company and General Motors, respectively. Both giant corporations are business rivals, but they are in thorough accord on the question of the open shop and the speed-up system.

Ford Backs Hoover.

Ford is a staunch supporter of Hoover for president, and General Motors is divided in its support of the two Wall Street parties, Alfred E. Sloan, president of General Motors, being for Hoover, while John J. Raskob, chairman of the finance committee of the corporation, is putting his money and his organizing ability behind the candidacy of Al Smith.

Ford has consistently fought every effort to organize the slaves of "The Belt," as his system of producing automobiles is known. The bureaucrats of the American Federation of Labor, after making several threats to organize the Ford plants, did not move a muscle. But the Detroit district of the Workers (Communist) Party, through shop bulletins and open-air meetings, has brought the message of trade unionism to Ford's slaves despite the opposition of the Ford-controlled police and city government officials.

Flint Strike.

The workers in the Flint plant of the General Motors Corporation recently went on strike against a wage cut at the very moment that John J. Raskob was lining up a committee of A. F. of L. misleaders to support Al Smith, under the direction of the notorious strike-breaker, George Berry, president of the pressmen's union.

Thousands of workers in the Ford and General Motors factories are awaiting with keen interest what Foster has to say on the situation in the automobile industry. Foster is known to millions of workers in the United States as the outstanding figure in the struggle against the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor. He organized the packing house workers of Chicago and the slaves of the Steel Trust, bringing 400,000 of the steel

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RIDGEWOOD MEET TO HEAR MINOR

Candidate Will Speak On Party Demands

The workers of Ridgewood will have an opportunity to hear the Communist program at the mass meeting to be held tomorrow at 8 p. m., at the Queens County Labor Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, Communist candidate for U. S. senator, will be the chief speaker.

Other speakers are Joseph Berg and Erich R. Saenger, secretary of the German Language Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party.

All sympathizers of the Communist movement are urged to help in making this mass meeting a success.

Miners Throughout West Virginia Fields Respond to Call for New Militant Union

BITTNER, PAL OF LEWIS, FAILS TO DUPE DIGGERS

Freeman Thompson Leads Militants

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 5.—Now that locals have been organized throughout West Virginia under Freeman Thompson's direction, "hundred per cent" Van Bittner is ballyhooing through the state with an equipage of armed thugs, state police and company "yellow dogs," attempting to smash the miners' locals affiliated with the new union, and revive the extinct U. M. W. A. district.

The trouble with Bittner's "mass meetings," is that they are totally lacking in masses. When the gang arrived in Riverside, Bittner sent his thugs out to round up the miners for a meeting. But the coal diggers of West Virginia have been betrayed too often to be duped by Lewis' henchmen, and refused to come. A handful of men did, however, gather several hundred feet away from the hall, to watch the show. While state police and "yellow dogs" looked on, Bittner's lieutenants tried to herd the men into the hall. The first man who refused the invitation was viciously punched in the face. The police did not interfere.

Loud Speakers Used. In Monogah, Bittner used other methods. There always were a few curious enough to watch the spectacle from a distance, or others unfortunate enough to live in the neighborhood of the "mass" meetings. To reach them, Bittner belted into loud speakers. Even at that his gang was not successful in getting more than a small handful close enough to take a picture for the U. M. W. Journal, which reports great triumph.

Since Bittner is so openly protected by the same police who have always sided with the operators and fought the miners, it is commonly believed here, that Bittner's scheme is to trick the men into a company union and break the rapidly growing new Miners' Union which is recognized as a menace to the operators.

A strong delegation is coming to the National Miners' Convention in Pittsburgh, September 9th, to help build the new union. Wages are as low as \$3.50 a day. In many places, the companies pay wages in company-coined counterfeit "scrip" money, which is exchangeable only in company-owned stores, at from 25 to 35 per cent loss.

SECTION 7 IN ELECTION DRIVE To Gather Signatures Beginning Sunday

The Election Campaign Committee of Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party, located in Boro Park and taking in Bath Beach, Coney Island and the Brighton section, is preparing for an intensive signature drive starting Sunday, Sept. 9, and lasting for one week. There is a growing determination in the section to put the ninth assembly district on the Communist election map by September 16.

A special call has been sent to the Jewish Workers' Culture Clubs of Boro Park, Coney Island, Brighton and Bath Beach to participate in the signature drive. The Boro Park Jewish Workers' Culture Club, confident of its ability to outstrip the other clubs in the signature race, has issued a challenge to these clubs.

The signature work in the Boro many interesting experiences met with by the Red campaigners. A one-page leaflet issued by the Section 7 Campaign Committee, called "The Lighter Side of Signature Gathering" contains droll and serious anecdotes related by the Communist campaigners.

Section 7 was the first section to swing into line on the signature drive, and hopes to be the first to complete its job. D. Weitz, section campaign manager, has sent communications to every unit of the section urging participation in the intensified drive of next week, and looks forward to considerably increased signatures as a result of the drive.

The workers' clubs who will also take part in the drive have resolved to obtain more signatures than the members of the section themselves.

Section 1 Workers to Hold Banquet Saturday

The members of Section 1 will gather at a banquet this Saturday at 8 p.m. at the headquarters of the Downtown Workers Club, 35 East 2nd St.

Section 1 has been the first to officially receive the Red Banner awarded by the district for its work in procuring the highest amount of signatures to place the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the ballot.

Victims and Potential Victim in the Sewer Graft Case



John M. Phillips (left), reputed head of the sewer construction grafters in Queens, L. I., whose body will be exhumed following the suspicious circumstances surrounding the death of William L. D'Olier (right), sanitation engineer, also alleged to have been in the graft ring. It is possible that Francis Phillips (center), son of the sewer grafting will be the next person who "knows too much." It is now believed that not Phillips but some one still higher up in a graft line is the key man in the case. To date Phillips, D'Olier and George Redding, bond salesman, about to testify for the government, have conveniently "died."

ASTORIA JINGOES FORCED ON RADIO

Fail to Compete With Communist Meetings

Continued from Page One regularly in competition with the Communists.

Meet Their Waterloo. The last attempt on the part of the fascist Post to attack the Communist open-air meeting in Jamaica was frustrated by the attendance of over 1,000 workers from Astoria, Long Island City and other industrial centers.

The first radio talk delivered under the auspices of the Tammany gang was made by Harold Lord Varney, a renegade I. W. W. and stool-pigeon, who proudly described himself as "a personal labor aid" to the late lamented oil-smeared Warren G. Harding. Referring to the militants in the American unions, Varney said: "It is time for our patriotic and veterans' organizations to take the offensive against this disloyal force at work in the heart of the nation."

Red Meeting Tonight. Tonight's meeting, to be held at the usual storm-center, Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, will be addressed by Max Schachtman, editor of the "Labor Defender"; Powers, Rock, Heder and Meuller.

BUTCHER UNION CHIEFS OUST 6

Militants on Committee to Delve Finances

The right wing officialdom of the Jewish Butchers' Union tried themselves out of a highly uncomfortable position just before the rank and file committee elected by the membership had an opportunity to probe the finances of the union. The officials came to the union membership meeting and railroaded through the expulsion of six left wingers, several of whom were at the same time members of the rank and file committee which was to investigate the treasurer's accounts.

The six left wingers, Sam Sivak, Eli Werner, M. Malamud, M. Teitelbaum, Sam Marcus and S. Portnoy, were the leaders of a struggle against the union leadership, which has been active in the support of the campaign of the United Hebrew Trades to destroy any Jewish union showing signs of militant policy against the employers. When these left wingers were also elected to delve into the accounts of the organization, the socialist chiefs decided they must get rid of them and thereby the danger of a public revelation of the union's income and expenses.

The investigation committee was elected at the meeting before the expulsions took place, the expulsion meeting having been held Monday night in the Forward building. The election was brought about when the officialdom came to the members with the demand that they pay increased dues hereafter.

SEWER GRAFTER 'KNOWS NOTHING'

Continued from Page One on another occasion, a man who he is convinced is D'Olier, coming from the same direction, hailed him and directed him to drive him to the Pennsylvania Club, 35 E. 50th St. The officers of the Awixa Corporation, whose records mysteriously "disappeared" during the sewer investigation were also questioned yesterday as to their relations with D'Olier's corporation. It is generally known that the firm held sub-contracts from the Awixa in the equipping of two sewage disposal plants in Queens.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

Graft Smell Hovers Over Fat Bank Books of Philadelphia Police

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Huge bank accounts owned by high police officials are believed to have a direct connection with the \$10,000,000 bootleg ring now under grand jury investigation here.

District Attorney Monaghan, who represents an opposition faction within the republican machine, also expressed himself as skeptical of the effectiveness of the so-called "clean-up" ordered by Mayor Mackey.

GUNS TO PROTECT FASCIST MEETING

Seipel's Challenge to Be Met by Workers

(Special to the Daily Worker) VIENNA, Austria, Sept. 5.—Chancellor Seipel, fascist dictator of Austria, today announced his intention of protecting the provocative demonstrations of the fascists scheduled to be held Oct. 7 in the industrial town of Wienerneustadt, against the counter-demonstrations of Austrian workers.

Seipel's statement declared that he would protect the fascist demonstrations "with all the means within the power of the state." In spite of the demonstration of the fascists, which the workers know will be "protected" by the presence of thousands of armed soldiers, the workers are rallying strongly and will attend their own demonstration in large numbers as an answer to the Chancellor's reactionary decree.

STAGE WORKERS MAY STRIKE SOON

Demand Increase of \$10 Per Week in Wages

Over two thousand stage hands in New York City theatres may go on strike this Saturday, tying up the productions on Broadway just as the new theatre season is beginning to get under way. This was revealed yesterday, when Local No. 1 of the Theatrical Protective Union, composed completely of workers employed in the heavy work behind the scenes, refused to accept the agreement of the theatre owners under which they have been working for the last few years.

The agreement between the International Theatrical Association and the union of stage hands expired last Sunday. At the expiration of the agreement, a new one was submitted to the union by the theatre bosses. But all indications point toward the refusal of the union to accept the new proposed agreement of the theatre bosses.

The stage hands, who received \$48 a week under the old agreement,

SIGMAN AGENTS IN WILD DASH

As Forward Says, 'They Get Warm Reception'

After enduring for two years the terrorization of reactionary union-wrecking officialdom of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, the workers in the cloak and dress manufacturing trades are demonstrating their determination to drive the agents of the employers out of whatever control they still possess. Again the workers in a right wing shop defied the Sigman dues collectors and drove them out of the shop.

The "Collectors" Arrive. A business agent from the company union, reinforced by the usual "dues collecting" underworld committee, came to the shop of Skwirlsky and Son, West 22nd St., to extract tribute from the workers.

After the business agent and his committee refused to obey the order of the workers that they leave, the workers rose from their machines and drove them out. The Sigman agent then went to the 30th Street Police Station and came back with a detective to arrest those he claimed had "beaten him up." No arrests were made, however.

This shop had been under right wing control for many months, the employer himself paying for the company-union membership books, because the workers had refused to do so. The employer, seeing the public disintegration of the right wing union, had notified the scab union that he would no longer pay his workers' dues. This led to the visit of the "dues" committee.

"Warm Reception." While events like this are registered in the cloak market every day, workers see much irony in stories appearing in the right wing Jewish Daily Forward announcing: "Cloak and Dressmakers Give a Warm Reception to the Union's Campaign for Dues." The cloakmakers comment sardonically that the Sigman organ is understating its case, and vouch that the Sigman campaign is being received with even greater heat.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (UP).—Attorneys, acting for William B. Wilson in his contest of William S. Vare's election to the United States senate from Pennsylvania, revealed today they will protest the entire vote in all but 400 of the 1,500 election divisions in the city of Philadelphia.

Attorney A. B. Hurshman said Wilson also would protest approximately 300 election divisions in Allegheny County, in which Pittsburgh is situated.

now demand an increase for each worker of \$10 a week.

A meeting of representatives of the bosses and workers was held yesterday with no results. Another is scheduled to be held at 1 p.m.

One of the leaders of the union when asked yesterday whether a strike would be declared if the demands of the union are not granted, replied: "Oh, we won't be able to hold the boys back after Saturday."

HUGE NEW YORK RED DRIVE RALLY PLANNED SEPT. 28

Minor, Dunne to Speak at Big Meet

Continued from Page One liam W. Weinstein, District Organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, will officiate as chairman. The rally will be held immediately after the completion of the state tour of Robert Minor and Lovett Fort-Whiteman, whose last meeting will be held at Binghamton on Sept. 25.

Workers clubs and fraternal and benefit associations throughout the city are cancelling whatever other activities were scheduled for the night of the meeting and are expected to attend the Red Campaign Rally in a body. Increasing unemployment, drastic wage-cuts, layoffs, and the growing reactionary policies of the socialist party misleaders aimed at all progressive workers which have characterized the past four years and especially the past year, have taught the workers of New York that their industrial and economic demands cannot be separated from their political affiliations, and as a result the huge rally of the Workers (Communist) Party on the 28th of this month will assume an unprecedented mass character.

FLAY SOCIALISTS ON YOUTH WORK

World Youth Congress Raps Reformists

(Special to the Daily Worker) MOSCOW, Sept. 5.—Reports by Chitarov and Gorkitch yesterday opened the Fourth Plenary session of the Young Communist International. Young acted as chairman for the day. The following participated in the discussion and business of the session:

Blenke of Germany; Rust of Great Britain; Botto of Italy; Mehring of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International; Fuernberg of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International; Grossen of Roumania; Pionier of China.

Blenke pointed out that the role of young workers in industry was increasing steadily and that young workers are continually replacing adults. "The chief enemy of work among the youth," Blenke said, "was the Socialist Youth International, which still had some influence in workers' mass organizations. The participation of young workers in the recent German elections, with their own program, proved the great possibilities that exist for youth work."

Rust declared that the British delegation was in agreement with the policies of the Executive Committee of the Communist Youth International. The British Young Communists, he declared, had made progress and extended its influence. The left wing of the British social-democracy is joining in the Young Communist movement.

The delegates to the congress honored the memories of the victims of the International Youth Day in Berlin, Warsaw and Shanghai.

LaFollette Candidate Beaten in Primary

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 5.—Although Sen. Robert M. LaFollette, so-called "insurgent" leader, won the senatorial nomination by an overwhelming vote in Tuesday's primary, conservative republicans gained a victory when Walter S. Kohler was chosen nominee for governor.

Practically complete returns tonight gave Kohler a lead of approximately 21,000 over Joseph D. Beck, "insurgent" candidate, who had the backing of LaFollette. Gov. Fred Zimmerman, who had a small progressive following and was endorsed by the anti-saloon league, ran a poor third.

'Welcomed' to America



Unable to find work in Germany, Alfred Ross, 16 year old worker stowed away to get to the United States, where he thought he might find work. He found out his mistake when he was arrested here on a charge of vagrancy. The young worker is shown seated above.

POLICE AS SHOE STRIKEBREAKERS

Fail as New Workers Walk Out

Not even the use of police as strikebreaking agents has helped the owners of the S. Lieberman Shoe factory break the determined strike of the 73 workers normally employed in that shop. This was demonstrated yesterday when the sergeant and policeman on strike duty near the Hope St. Brooklyn shop, escorted almost a dozen men up past the picket lines and into the plant. This tactic, however, failed to get strikebreakers, for every one of the men taken in walked out of the plant in about 15 minutes.

Hitherto, applicants who came to answer the employers advertisements for shoe makers were met at the street corner by the striking workers and were told that the shop is strikebound. They then immediately went home, a few of them even joining up with the Independent Shoe Workers Union which was only recently formed thru an amalgamation of several craft unions. Seeing that he would never get a man to go near the plant the employer told the police to escort applicants up.

The strike grew out of the employers' discrimination against active unionists, and the dismissal of the general chairman.

Czech Immigrants Starving in Sydney

SYDNEY, Sept. 5.—Several hundred immigrants to Australia from Czechoslovakia are starving and penniless in Sydney.

They say they were misled by immigration agents who told them at Prague there was plenty of work in Australia at \$30 per week, and all they would have to do was to walk off the steamer and tumble into jobs.

But they found record unemployment. Since government immigration agents misled them, they want their fares paid back to their homeland.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

YOUTH TO HOLD HUGE MEETING IN NEW YORK

Frankfeld, Perilla and Gordon Outline Tasks

The Young Workers (Communist) League of New York held a very successful membership meeting. Over 275 members were present at the Irving Plaza Hall.

The order of business was a report on International Youth Day. Frankfeld, acting district organizer, reported on the history of International Youth Day, the struggle against the social chauvinists in the Second International on the part of the revolutionary youth movement, spoke about the present war danger facing the working class, discussed the role of the fake Kellogg "peace pact" as an instrument in the hands of the imperialists to fool the masses, the struggle against capitalist militarism on the part of the League, and the immediate tasks of the League during this period.

Must Increase Work. "What is most important for the League is to develop a real Bolshevik understanding and ideology during this period of war preparations. The League must increase its work right within the very institutions of capitalist militarism. At this moment, we can report that we have sent as many comrades into the Citizens Military Training Camps this year as we did last year plus the year before. We must expose the National Guard, we must show the real class character of the army, the navy, the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, etc., to the masses of youth, both inside and outside of these organizations." Frankfeld concluded his remarks by reporting on the joint mass meeting arranged by the Party and the League for International Youth Day for Friday, Sept. 14.

Gordon Outlines Tasks. David Gordon spoke next on the election campaign. He criticized the League members for not responding energetically enough to the election campaign. He showed that while the League had collected 1,000 signatures to date, that it was not sufficient. "The quota for the New York League is 5,000 signatures, and the League must go out and get them," said Gordon. He outlined the immediate tasks of the League in the election campaign.

Perilla spoke next on the Working Youth Conference. He reported that the League had put out 23 leaflets, eight bulletins and two general leaflets. More than 250,000 leaflets had been distributed by the Working Youth Conference Committee, together with the League. "Now the big job is to begin to get trade union endorsements and the election of delegates. The bigger task is to begin to organize shop committees in large and small factories. We must have in mind," said Perilla, "that this conference will be only a beginning. The fakers will never organize the youth; the progressives have shown their inability to do so, and only the Communists and left wingers will do the job." Perilla, in conclusion, called for still greater efforts to put the Working Youth Conference over, the conference date being set for September 29 and 30.

A discussion followed in which many members spoke. Frankfeld read a cable to be sent to the Congress of the Young Communist International now in session in Moscow. The cable was greeted with applause, and a collection of \$17 was taken up to send the cable there. It was also announced that a former

Section 2 Campaign Conference to Take Up Important Work

The first enlarged Election Campaign Conference of Section 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tonight at the section headquarters, 101 West 27th St., at 8 o'clock, according to Bessie Gussakoff, Campaign Director of the Section.

In a statement issued last night, Gussakoff urged the attendance of all unit and subsection campaign committees of Section 2. The statement reads in part as follows:

"It has long been known that Section 2 is the backbone of every campaign that the party undertakes in the New York district and the election campaign is no exception. This is proven by the work of the section's Red Squad, which is participating in signature drives throughout the city. In the last few weeks of the election campaign it is of especial importance that the campaign committee of our section be more firmly knit and work more closely together. Many important issues have to be discussed and it is vital for the whole election campaign in the city as well as for our section that every member of every unit campaign committee be present at this conference."

The Daily Worker agent, the Agitprop Director and the literature agent of every unit is the unit's campaign committee, according to Gussakoff, and these functionaries should lay all other business aside tonight and be present at the conference.

A special request has been made by Bessie Gussakoff that the unit campaign committee of every unit be excused at 8 o'clock from whatever unit meetings are in progress at that time tonight. A special registration of attendance will be taken.

Arrest Taxi Driver On Framed Charge

Issac Cohen, taxi driver, of 80 Allen Street, was arrested on a trumped-up charge of disorderly conduct and given a summons to the traffic court, because he had stopped on the corner of 29th Street and Fourth Avenue for a prospective passenger.

Cohen was proceeding south on Fourth Avenue and was behind a police truck when he saw a passenger signaling him. Cohen says the truck was traveling at a low rate of speed and that he passed it and when in front of the truck signaled the driver to come ahead. He pulled his cab up near the curb to pick up his passenger, when a cop who was in civilian clothes, jumped from the truck and gave him a summons for traffic court. Cohen turned to his passenger and told him that he did not think he deserved a summons and would battle the case in court. This irritated the Tammany cop, who half drew his "gat" from his holster and ordered the driver to proceed to the police station. There his hack license was "picked up" and he was thrown into jail. In the evening he was taken to night court where he was given a suspended sentence.

Returning to the police station he discovered that his cab had been stripped by the cops and that his license had been sent downtown to the hack license bureau. In the meanwhile, Cohen is out of his license, which means out of a job.

member of the Young Peoples Socialist League, Joe Freedman, had joined the League. Freedman was one of the leaders in the Brownsville Y. P. S. L.

The New York membership of the League was very well mobilized for the International Youth Day campaign which is now in progress.

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Bukharin's Speech in Reply to Discussion on the International Situation

This is the final section of Bukharin's speech in reply to the discussion on the international situation at the Sixth Congress of the Communist International, which began in Saturday's Daily Worker. Those sections already published are: "I. The Positive and Negative Sides of the Discussion," "II. The Stabilization of Capitalism and the Contradictions of the Third Period," "III. The War Question is the Central Question," "IV. The External and Internal Contradictions of the Capitalist System," and "V. Problems Connected with the Work of the Communist Parties."

Comrades, now a few words about inner-Party affairs. It is quite clear that now, after the defeat of the Trotskyist opposition, which represented a bloc of the right and ultra-left, the chief danger is undoubtedly the right wing danger. This danger is fairly serious both from the standpoint of current tasks as well as from the standpoint of the future. This danger has been frequently referred to from the standpoint of current affairs, in regard to the German Communist Party in connection with activity in the trade unions; in regard to the Czech Party in connection with the Red Day; in connection with the opposition against our "new tactics" in France, and so forth. The right wing danger is a fact, a dangerous fact not only from the standpoint of the present situation, but also from the standpoint of tomorrow. We must not lose sight of this.

Take the Czech question. The Party tried to mobilize its forces, but proved incapable of accomplishing this. The result was a poor rehearsal on the eve of future events. The diagnosis of the internal ailment has been made; the disease proved to be fairly serious. Now we must calculate quite calmly. I am not a particular believer in alarms about the right danger and left deviations. I believe that during the last year the Communist International has effected a big change—mind you, a big, not a little change—primarily in regard to the British and French Parties. Comrade Lominadze was quite wrong when for some reason he thought fit to assert that only a slight change has been made towards the left. It seems to me that a big change towards the left has been made particularly in regard to the British Party. Any one who knows the inner life of the British Party will realize that we have broken with all the old traditions of the British labor movement which exercised great influence upon our Party too. (Voice: "The same in France!") Yes, in France as well, but I cannot speak of two countries at the same time. The strongest traditions in the British working class was that of the unity of "organized labor." Such "unity" has been a big trump in the hands of the reformists: by deceptive use of this slogan they were able to combat revolutionary ideas, the revolutionary Party, and so on. This "unity" (of the revolutionary workers with the reformist workers) proved to be the most formidable obstacle to the emancipation of the proletariat from the influence of the reformists who have openly resorted to the outrageous policy of expulsions and splits. On the one hand they enjoyed the protection of the police, and on the other hand they shielded themselves by cries about unity. This tradition is so deeply rooted among the British proletariat that some of our best comrades could not conceive of a fight being waged simultaneously against the Baldwin government and the Labor Party. The chief danger, they said, was the Baldwin government against which a united front of the whole working class was to be formed; but the whole working class was in the grip of the Labor Party, consequently, the Baldwin government could be overthrown only with the help and support of the Labor Party. Such was the original position. Hence the slogan adopted at the congress of the British Party, of "a Labor government under the control of the executive of the Labor Party." Then our British comrades, not without the influence of the E. C. C. I., made a sharp turn. How is it possible to fail to appreciate the importance of so important a change for the whole life of the Party? We effected this change without a lot of noise, and without bandying epithets against each other, effected it by conviction and frank and open discussion. This will render it all the more durable, notwithstanding the friction that must inevitably arise. This change in tactics constitutes a big event in the history of the British labor movement.

All of us have known all along that in the French Party here were also deeply rooted parliamentary traditions. Only a few months ago the parliamentary traditions were revealed, for instance, on the question of loyalty towards the state (the question of the arrests). Was this a mere accident? Was this merely a surface phenomenon? No, these tendencies were deeply ingrained in the ranks of the Party. And yet, within the short period of two months or so we took a sharp turn and hurled forth the slogan of "class against class," the slogan of "Don't vote for the Socialist Party, this implies not a little, but a big change in the tactics of the French Party. Here again the change was effected without superfluous noise, by relying upon the rank and file by comradely reasoning with those who hesitated, and stern combat against those who were stubborn. These tactics have not been carried out without friction, not without internal conflicts, not without internal difficulties; nevertheless, the change effected by the French Communist Party is one of principle. It is a change which relates to principle to a larger extent than any change effected in the French Communist Party since the time of its foundation. I do not mean to say that the French Communist Party, the British Communist Party and the Communist International, have accomplished a great "feat." However, looking at this question objectively, don't you find that a big change has been effected in the tactics of both of these big Parties. I believe that is the case. And does not this change constitute a decisive blow to the right danger? Of course, it does. Does not this tactical change help us to focus the light upon the hidden danger from the right? Of course it does. This very fact accounts for the opposition from the right, this explains the misgivings expressed as to the correctness of these tactics. This accounts for the fight which has been waged against these tactics. The best means of combating the right tendencies both in the French and in the British Parties is the consistent application of the so-called "new tactics."

As I have already said, the right danger may grow in the future. Why? We must expect the phenomenon referred to by Comrade Lenin in the article which I quoted, namely, that a section of our press may not prove equal to the task. Such a possibility is not at all excluded. Another question is, to what length may the wrong position be carried? It is not merely a question of the press, but also of Party organizations. Where is the guarantee that at a period of immediate danger of war, when we shall have to decide upon still another change in our tactics, that some "deviations" will not be discovered? A number of changes will be required in our tactics, on organization questions, on our attitude towards legal and illegal work, and upon many other issues. Where is the guarantee that there will be no schism in some parties, no facts and phenomena resembling a crisis? Such things are quite likely to happen. They will come, naturally first of all, from the extreme right circles in the different parties. And for this reason, if we thoroughly analyze the existing situation and the outlook, we must arrive at the conclusion, as regards the question of our inner Party policy, that we must hit at the right wingers all over the front, all along the line.

Inner Party Questions.
Breaches of discipline, in which the right danger is hidden, certainly cannot be tolerated. Against this we must wage the most strenuous fight. Nevertheless, I must say: the task of conducting a vigorous struggle against the right wing danger within the Party by no means removes the tasks of internal Party unity, the task of reasonably conducting given campaigns and of developing a sort of inner Party tactfulness. In Germany we have a right danger. We propose in the theses to wage a vigorous fight against this right danger. In the theses we propose to combat systematically any conciliatory attitude in regard to right

VI. Tactical and Inner Party Problems

dangers. Yet, at the same time we must by every means in our power rally all the comrades who stand on the platform of the Essen Party Congress, of the decisions of the Comintern and who promise to wage a relentless fight against the right danger. (A voice: "This is what we are doing.")

I am instructed by the delegation of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union to declare—in so far as the German Party is concerned—that we are opposed to any attempts to oust Comrade Ewart from the Party leadership. I must say, however, that leading German comrades have no intention of doing that. At this Congress we wish to create the pre-requisite conditions for a situation which will make even the slightest fissure in the leading bodies of the Party impossible. All the comrades must act upon the basis of the strictest discipline, the strictest subordination of the minority to the majority. Without such a pre-requisite condition it will be impossible to carry on a political fight. Further splits, further schisms either in the leadership or within our Parties, would lead to the most fatal consequences. I take it therefore that the essential pre-requisite for our successful activity should be discipline. We have seen how actually the question stands in Poland. Consolidation, unity, and discipline are absolutely essential for the victorious development of revolutionary events. Lately we have had moments of crisis in the Comintern. Such critical moments, experienced by some of the Parties, have a highly detrimental effect upon the masses of the workers. It is possible to get rid of such crises only by pursuing a firm and definite political line. This constitutes the fundamental postulate to the whole of the subsequent development. For instance, among the minority of the German Party there is a striving towards effecting a change in the leadership. I believe such aims to be improper. We must do nothing of the kind, as this would lead to internal strife in the German Party. The E. C. C. I. fully and entirely supports the historically formed nucleus of the Polbureau of the C. C. with Thalmann at the head. I believe that questions like that of inner Party democracy, for example, questions of the new cadres of the Party, of raising the theoretical level of the Parties, of living up to the rank and file groups, of mass activity, etc., should be raised as big Party questions. The Parties should learn to live more of a real political life, and eschew all politics without principles.

Take the Polish Party for example. There are no great political differences in that Party and yet a furious factional strife is raging in it. Or take the American Party. Quite lately, at least so it seemed to all of us, the American Party appeared to be overcoming the internal friction; but now we find that the controversy is flaring up again. The internal Party struggle has "revived" to such an extent that attempts are being made to utilize the present conjuncture for the purpose of continuing the struggle in the acutest form. Are there any really big political differences in the American Party? No, they are petty. Are these differences so important as to warrant the formation of factions? I believe they are not. For instance, take the question concerning the attitude of American imperialism. Some say that American imperialism has grown stronger; others claim that their opponents, i. e. those who say so, are advertising American imperialism. Such an expression should not be used. No good can come of it, and it does not help clear up the question. I must confess that I do not entertain hopes of a revolutionary situation arising in the United States in the near future. I say this quite frankly. In no country in the world is capitalism so strong as it is in the United States of America, where it has reached its zenith. Is it a terrible thing to say that there is little likelihood of an immediate revolutionary situation? It is, if this is used to contradict the argument that there is positively no ground for activity among the American masses. As far as I know, however, no one has made such an assertion. Unemployment is a fact; changes

in American industry are also a fact and so is also the growing discontent among the unskilled workers. Is there any ground for the growth of the Communist Party? Yes, there is. Does this furnish any justification for an acute factional struggle? Of course not. All steps must be taken to avoid such a struggle. It seems to me that the Czechoslovakian Party presents the most difficult problem. Perhaps we are not yet in possession of the necessary data for a correct analysis of the situation and for drawing up the proper measures; nevertheless, the case of Red Day is highly symptomatic. Something is wrong in the Czechoslovakian Party, not only among the leaders, but also among the rank and file, and the Party as a whole; there is something wrong from the standpoint of the political line, of the fundamental orientation of the Party, and of grave social democratic survivals. It is essential therefore after this Congress, or during the Congress, for the Executive Committee to take up the Czech question specially in order to frame the necessary measures not only in regard to the leading bodies, but also in regard to the orientation of the whole Czech Party.

FASCISTI WOULD CRUSH FAMILY OF ASSAILANT

OREGON CAUCUS SEEKS NOMINEE

Report Mexican Group Favors Trevino

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 5 (UP).—A majority of the Oregon faction, at a caucus yesterday, were reported to have decided in favor of Perez Trevino as provisional president to succeed Provisional Calles. Others mentioned were General Gonzalo Escobar, General Andrew Almazan, Senator Eduardo Neri and Secretary of the Interior Emilio Portez Gil.

Oregon Investigation.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 5.—The hidden power of the Catholic Church to alter the testimony of witnesses was revealed as the government's investigation of the Oregon assassination plot, adjourned from Monday, continued today with conflicting statements before the authorities of the plot alleged to have been played in the plot by Mother Superior Concepcion. Elugio Gonzalez and Maria Elena Manzano, who had confessed that they planned to kill Oregon by sticking him with a poisoned pin while dancing, retracted their statement that the nun joined them in the conspiracy. In spite of damaging testimony, Mother Concepcion again denied any knowledge of the plot, or of the manufacture of bombs to be used against Oregon and President Calles.

Fake "Farmer-Labor" Meet Names Nominee for the Presidency

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 5.—The executive committee of a fake convention calling itself the "Farmer-Labor Party" today named Frank Elbridge Webb, of San Francisco, as its presidential nominee. The convention is said to be part of a plan to split the farmer-labor party in this section. The committee in charge of the convention stated that it would attempt to get Senator James A. Reed of Missouri to run as vice-president. If Reed declines, it was said, L. R. Tillman of Georgia, nephew of former Senator Tillman of Georgia, would probably be named.

NEW YORK JINGOES MEET.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 5 (UP).—The tenth annual convention of the American Legion, State Department of New York, opened today with a series of preliminary meetings. Actual business session will get under way tomorrow.

Lately the Czech Party committed a series of mistakes in connection with the Factory Committee Bill, for example in the plan to vote for Massaryk in the presidential election, and in a whole number of other questions which revealed the passive attitude of the Party. Just now we are witnessing even something more than mere passivity. This imposes upon us the task of thoroughly analysing the situation and of taking efficient remedial measures.

At the present time, when everything must be done to strengthen our ranks, it seems to me we are confronted with a tremendous task—the task of ideologically educating the Party. We do not yet show sufficient energy in this work. To my mind, it is one of the tasks of our Parties to force the pace of mental activity, of the ideological struggle, of ideological discussions, etc. This corresponds to the general line of the whole of our development. For instance, if we desire to prepare against war, we must carry on big propagandist activity both among the social democratic and among our own workers; yet we have very little agitatorial and propagandist literature for the purpose. We cannot get the social democratic workers under our influence merely by shouting. Therefore, at a period when war is approaching, it is absolutely necessary to live up to the inner work of our Parties, to increase the activity of the rank and file members of our Party, to promote the conditions for their growth and for raising fresh cadres of active workers. Discipline, this is our commandment. Nevertheless, comrades, I should like to allude to an unpublished letter addressed by Comrade Lenin to Zinoviev and myself in which Comrade Lenin wrote as follows: "If you are going to expel all the not very obedient but clever people, and retain only the obedient fools, you will most assuredly ruin the Party."

KNAPP NEARLY GOES TO PRISON

"Life Is Ruined Now," She Says

ROME, Sept. 5 (UP).—Three persons went on trial before a special military court today accused of plotting the assassination of Premier Mussolini. They were Mammolo and Ludvico Zamboni and Virginia Tambaroni, father, brother and aunt respectively of Anteo Zamboni, 16, who was lynched when he tried to kill Mussolini at Bologna on Oct. 31, 1926. Bloody Mussolini Helps. A deposition from Mussolini said the shots were not fired by Anteo but by another young man standing beside him. Police claimed the second young man was Ludovico and that a revolver found in his room closely resembled that carried by Anteo.

The indictment quoted a remark written by Anteo on the leaf of an anarchistic book: "The assassin of a despot who is strangling the people constitutes an act of justice, not a crime."

Ex-Hillman Flunkey Fined for Bootlegging

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 5.—After forsaking the "labor" business for more lucrative fields, Samuel Lavitt, of this city, has run afoul of the police. Lavitt, formerly a business agent for the Amalgamated Clothing Workers and ex-flunkey of other corrupt union machines, was today fined \$200 and costs in city court for keeping and selling liquor at the Lincoln Hotel, of which he is the proprietor. Three of Lavitt's assistants were fined, and five frequenters of the place, which was raided by police a week ago Sunday, forfeited \$50 bonds.

Police Slug, Then Jail Mine Militant

Continued from Page One turned and arrested the miner for "disorderly conduct" and "inciting to riot." The case against the miner was given the same "impartial" treatment from the court. The charges against DiPiaz were dismissed at the same time that the charges against the coal and iron policeman were.

France Fears Austro-German Unity Move

PARIS, Sept. 5 (UP).—France has become greatly alarmed over the possibility of a closer relationship between Germany and Austria, it was learned today. While Germany has shown increasing signs of worry because consideration of Rhineland evacuation at the League of Nations Assembly has been delayed, French statesmen have seen a menace to European peace in the "Anschluss" demonstration among peoples of the two former allies. It is known that Foreign Minister Briand said as much to Chancellor Ignaz Seipel at Austria at Geneva Monday night.

FRENCH CREATE AIR DEPT.

PARIS, Sept. 5 (UP).—The cabinet decided today to create a separate air ministry instead of having aviation under jurisdiction of the Department of Commerce.

not get the social democratic workers under our influence merely by shouting. Therefore, at a period when war is approaching, it is absolutely necessary to live up to the inner work of our Parties, to increase the activity of the rank and file members of our Party, to promote the conditions for their growth and for raising fresh cadres of active workers. Discipline, this is our commandment. Nevertheless, comrades, I should like to allude to an unpublished letter addressed by Comrade Lenin to Zinoviev and myself in which Comrade Lenin wrote as follows: "If you are going to expel all the not very obedient but clever people, and retain only the obedient fools, you will most assuredly ruin the Party."

I believe Comrade Lenin's view to be perfectly correct. We need a firm hand in the leading bodies of our Party, a hand which will not hesitate to expel every blackleg from our movement. At the same time we need in our leading Party bodies people—and I believe we have them—who will quite tactfully plead the cause of every "not foolish" member of the Party with the view to getting him back to the proper line of the Party and of the

VII. Conclusion.

There is no doubt but that the international situation is going to become more and more acute. We are heading for a second imperialist world war. This does not mean that tomorrow, say, the war will be started against the Soviet Union. But if we are to speak of the time we have at our disposal to prepare, I must say that we have very little. This is an incontestable fact. The brief respite which we still have, whatever its duration, we must utilize with all our energy, with all our revolutionary zeal, in order to strengthen our Parties and consolidate them, in order to win over to our side the large masses of the proletariat and to attract the large masses of the peasants.

These are huge and important tasks. These tasks we cannot achieve without persistent work, without working every day, every minute, and every second. All the comrades are aware that in the instructions he gave to the delegates to the Hague Conference, Comrade Lenin wrote: "Not the cry of the general strike, etc., is important; it is important to prepare systematically against the event of war, systematically to combat the danger of war, to fight systematically against social democracy, systematically to expose its sophistry, systematically to prepare the organization, etc." This we cannot do without straining the forces of our Party to the utmost. From our Parties and from

the Executive Committee of the Communist International we must demand increased ideological activity, greater energy in recruiting members, better work in regard to the day to day questions, further strengthening of the Parties, greater efforts on the part of our youth organizations to recruit new members, more energetic activity in the colonies, in the army, and preparation for the eventuality of our Parties becoming illegal. To believe that we are going to continue such a relatively "tranquil" existence as we are now enjoying is to indulge in illusions. Moreover, we must take all steps to prevent other Parties from repeating the Red Day experiences of the Czechoslovakian Party.

Comrades, the Communist International was born out of the war. The Communist International has scored many a big victory. The largest achievement of the world proletariat is the establishment of the Soviet Union. In the final analysis, if the bourgeoisie unleash the dogs of war, the proletariat will capture the world. This is by no means a pessimistic view. On the contrary, together with Friedrich Engels, we, the Communists, say to the whole of the ruling class: "Gentlemen, unleash your spirit of war if you will. The Communist International will reply by closing its ranks for the revolution, for civil war, for the triumph of the proletarian dictatorship! (Loud and prolonged cheers. All the delegates rise and give the speaker an ovation.)"

FOSTER TO START NATION-WIDE TOUR

Continued from Page One

workers out for several months in one of the most fiercely fought industrial battles in American labor history. This strike was lost through the treachery of the heads of the international unions, who were more concerned with grabbing off members and per capita tax than with building an industrial union of steel workers.

Most Exploited. The automobile workers are among the most exploited in the United States. In this acceptance speech at the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, Foster said:

"The automobile workers for years were among the best paid workers in the United States. But recently their wages have repeatedly been cut, they have been speeded up enormously; unemployment has borne down on them; in short, their former relatively favorable conditions have been taken from them to such an extent that a growing spirit of resistance is spreading among them, in Canada as well as in the United States. . . .

"The automobile industry has been held up, not only in this country, but all over the world, as a most decisive achievement of American capitalism; as the industry in which American capitalism with a formula of mass production and high wages had laid the basis for a contented working class. Yet we see that under the wage-cuts, speed-up, unemployment and generally worsened conditions, the privileged automobile workers are being forced down to such a position that sentiment for organization and struggle is rapidly developing among them."

Foster will speak in the principal cities of the country, touching Spokane, Washington, in the northwest and going down the coast to Los Angeles. He will travel east as far as Chicago, then south through Kentucky, Alabama and Georgia. He will finish his tour at a monster mass meeting in New York on November 4.

DETROIT, Sept. 5.—William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, will be the speaker at two election campaign meetings in this city and vicinity Sunday.

At 2 p. m. Foster will speak at 1223 1/2 N. Saginaw Ave., Mich. In the evening at 8 o'clock he will speak at Danceland Auditorium, Woodward, near Forest Ave., Detroit.

Hundreds of workers are expected to hear the Communist presidential candidate at these two meetings.

9 KILLED IN ACCIDENTS.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 5 (UP).—Following a holiday week-end during which nine persons lost their lives in motor accidents, six persons were killed in automobile mishaps in Connecticut yesterday.

BUFFALO GETS 18 NEW 'DAILY' SUBS

Many Cities Respond in Big Campaign

The election campaign drive of the Daily Worker to procure 10,000 additional readers for the paper throughout the United States got off to an auspicious start yesterday when 18 new one-year subscriptions to the militant daily were raised in Buffalo, N. Y. through the efforts of Louis Sisselman, Daily Worker agent who has been touring the country for the past two months in the interests of the paper.

Considering the fact that the entire quota of subs set for Buffalo is 75, the start of 18 subscriptions which were procured yesterday augurs well for the realization of the entire quota in the city, and for a successful campaign throughout the country. Buffalo is not the only city, however, which has responded vigorously to the Daily Worker election campaign subscription drive. Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Boston and other big industrial centers of the country have also begun sending in new subs. In many cities throughout the United States, committees have been elected among the class-conscious workers which will concentrate all their efforts on the realization of cities' quotas.

Rescuers Will Come Here Soon

Continued from Page One

plane believed to indicate the almost certain death of Roald Amundsen and his five companions, the Soviet icebreaker Krassin will continue to search the northern seas for traces of both the members of the Amundsen expedition and of the six lost members of the Allessandri party, according to an announcement by the Russian Arctic Rescue Committee.

The rescue committee declares that it will persist in the search for the 12 victims of the disastrous expedition of the fascist General Nobile as long as there is one chance in a hundred that any of them may be alive.

Mexican Federals Rout Reactionary Forces

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 5.—Federal troops killed 27 counter-revolutionists when the garrison at Penjamo, State of Guanajuato, was attacked by reactionary forces it was announced today.

PUT YOUR ARTICLES, DONATIONS AND ADS ON A FAST TRAIN AND RUSH TO THE BAZAAR COMMITTEE 30 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK

Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Special

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New Bedford Textile Youth Conference Is Success, Correspondent Writes

HANDOUTS YOUNG WORKERS FROM MILLS LAY DOWN POLICIES

The sanctimonious grass-hopper Cal Coolidge who went to Brule, Wisconsin, to fish and attend church to the click of news photographers, has just made a sickening bid for the approval of timid churchgoers by an act which will work extreme hardship on his faithful guide George Babb. The president has ordered him categorically to stop swearing.

Egg Men Her Meat



Everyone knows that Herbert Hoover's wet stand varies from west to east and republican party workers are cautioned to have a map handy to know at any time exactly what Hoover's platform is in any given locality. Mrs. Willibrand lost hers and began to apply Kansas G. O. P. tactics to New York state. Herbie called her on the carpet and told her not to be a child. The run raids are over now. Above is Helen Morgan who was forced to the indignity of putting up \$1,000 bail before the madness ceased. This is quite irritating to Helen who could hardly shake that much out of a butter and egg man in an hour and a half's heavy hand-patting.

Bossy's Act



Newburyport, Mass., isn't as big as Chicago or New York, but it also has a vaudeville sketch for mayor. Bossy Gillis decided his love for humanity could best be satisfied by supplying its gasoline needs and proceeded to put up a gas station in what is laughingly referred to as the respectable part of the city. The people who reside there, who made their money originally peddling pig iron and exploiting girls in their scenes, were horrified. Bossy decided the best way to satisfy individual wants is to get a public office, so he became mayor. The council refused him a permit for his station so Bossy built it without a permit. He was then given a sentence of 330 days in jail. This irritated Bossy who now says he will start a paper called "Bossyisms" in which he will regale everybody with incidents in the private lives of his enemies. All of which would be a rather mildly amusing Hippodrome for the factory workers if the cost of production was not so high and didn't all come out of their wages.

Gems of Learning

Senator Smith W. Brookhart: "Herbert Hoover has handled two billion dollars worth of farm surpluses. He did it successfully and to the prosperity of the farmers all through the war and for a year and a half after the war was over. His acceptance speech shows that he knows how to do the same thing in time of peace."

Norman Thomas, S. P. ite: "Gov. Smith's speech is a clever and emotionally appeal to liberals for support of a program impossible of achievement through the democratic party."

Child Labor Delegate Reports

(By a Worker Correspondent) The textile youth conference held at New Bedford was one of the most successful conferences ever held in the textile industry in Massachusetts. It was a very successful step towards the organization of the youth in the textile industry.

At this conference there were 51 delegates, representing 25 mills, in which 50,000 textile workers are working for the most miserable wages. Twenty-five to thirty per cent are young workers.

There were representatives from Fall River, New Bedford, Lawrence, Rhode Island, Revere and Malden knitting mills. The bulk of the delegation were from New Bedford and Fall River. Due to the bitter struggle that is being carried on in New Bedford and the beginning of an intensive fight against the mill owners in Fall River the young workers are beginning to understand the class struggle and the need for organization, and this was pointed out by the report of the T. M. C. organizer, Keller.

The conference was a very constructive one. Very little time was spent by all the reporters and participants in discussion in generalizing things. Analysis of local situations and concrete proposals to start work were discussed and plans laid for further activity.

Keller, the first and general reporter on the T. M. C. and strike leader, reported on the situation in the textile striking regions and the betraying role of the Batty crowd. He further pointed out the role of the T. M. C. and youth activity in the T. M. C. and in the strike. At the end he called upon the conference to send delegates to the National Convention to form a new National Textile Union, which is to be held September 22, 1928.

Edith Slaff, youth organizer in the textile industry, reported on the youth in the textile industry and the need of the youth to organize and fight side by side with the adults to organize and improve their conditions.

E. Donnelly reported on child labor in the textile industry. She pointed out the relation of the exploitation of child labor and public school education. At the end she called upon the youth conference to help to organize the children and win them for the working class.

Winn, fraternal delegate of the Young Workers (Communist) League, pointed out the role of the young worker in the struggle against capitalism, with all its educational and military institutions. He promised 100 per cent assistance from the League to organize the youth and make soldiers of the working class. In conclusion, he analyzed the program and the aim of the conference, and then the main thing—to carry on the work after the delegates return to where they came from.

Very interesting were the reports of the young textile delegates. You could notice the exploitation and speed-up system of the youth in the textile industry, the low wages, long hours, speed-up system and work in danger, expecting to get injured any minute from certain machines.

A child labor delegate of F. R. told of the wages the children get and how early they have to come in. At the end he told the delegate that he is a member of the T. M. C. and that he is going to get all the children from his department into the union. The reports and discussions were typical, interwoven with anxiety to find a solution. Spontaneous desire from the delegates to discuss and report on the conditions in their mills was a surprising one. Every delegate wanted to speak and this proves the awakening of the youth in the textile industry.

Arm in Arm With the "Law," Mrs. Knapp



Mrs. Florence Knapp is on the third day of the thirty-day sentence imposed on her for grand larceny in administering the \$1,200,000 census funds. O. capitalism takes care of its own. Under the Baumes laws a person can be held for the theft of a few cents. Mrs. Knapp is in the Albany County Jail, not in the common jail, but occupying a room in Sheriff Henchey's quarters where she is served specially prepared meals. Capitalism takes care of its own. She is said to be indignant at receiving a thirty-day term (which she probably will not complete) when she expected a suspended sentence.

PUTTING PARTY ON BALLOT IN OHIO

By N. SHAFER, Campaign Manager, Workers (Communist) Party, Ohio District.

In order to put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in the municipal elections in the City of Cleveland, in 1927, it was necessary which the city is divided, some 800 signatures in a district. We started the campaign for signatures rather early, and yet when we were approaching the date for filing the petitions, we found we had not enough signatures in any of the four districts to put the Party on the ballot.

In the 1924 presidential election, we did not even make an attempt to put the Party on the ballot in Ohio. With this experience in mind we entered the national election campaign of 1928.

Organize Drive. Many comrades, when they heard we need 20,000 signatures in order to put the Party on the ballot, shrugged their shoulders. "It is impossible," they smiled to themselves, but dared not say it aloud in face of the political importance.

We organized the campaign for signatures according to territory. Each section elected a campaign committee with a responsible comrade for manager of the section. We did the same thing in each local outside of Cleveland. We placed the question of securing signatures at every meeting of the nuclei, fractions, section, and even fraternal organizations.

20,000 Names Needed. During the three months the campaign for signatures lasted, our major work was signatures—always keeping in mind that 20,000 were needed in order to put the Party on the ballot.

Now after the campaign for signatures in the various towns show bankruptcy and gradual decay. A very good example is the Central Labor Union of Boston. At its last meetings we noticed the fear of the state officials. Speaking on the textile situation they all raised the "cry" of the militancy of the T. M. C. against the A. F. of L.

The Central Labor Union of Boston shows its decay in not doing any work at all, members do not attend the meetings and there is no interest. Myers of the Cigarmakers Union, a rank and file delegate, speaking at the Central Labor Union, at its last meeting, pointed out that the A. F. of L. and the Central Labor Union are not carrying on any activity on behalf of the workers, and that is why there is discontent. He further pointed out the role of the "socialist" party in the unions and he exposed them as the worst betrayers of the workers.

natures is over and we were able to get the necessary amount of signatures, it is necessary to point out some of the drawbacks with which we were faced in the signature drive. We will take as our object a comrade who refused to go out for signatures, advancing the following reasons for it: "Do you mean to tell me that if Foster and Gitlow are elected and they go to Washington and get \$75,000 a year, they will remain Communists?" He added, "I don't believe in this election bunk, where the Party is going to spend \$100,000 for nothing, when we can take this \$100,000 and spend it for the hungry miners, striking textile workers, etc."

We argued with the comrade, we asked him: "Are you in favor of the Party conducting meetings?" "Yes," he said. "Are you in favor of the Party distributing pamphlets, books, increasing its circulation in the Press?" "Yes." "Are you in favor of the entire membership being mobilized for this work and not only a few comrades?" "Yes."

"Then," we argued, "why not utilize this political situation in the country, when the workers are thinking more and more politically than at any other time during the year, and speak to them through meetings, leaflets, etcetera, on the issues with which they, the workers, are concerned, from a Communist viewpoint?" "Yes," he said, "but if Foster and Gitlow are elected and get \$75,000 a year, will they remain Communists?"

Get Signatures. To prove our contention we will point to only a few comrades at this time: Comrade Moskogianes, a Greek, who does not speak a clear English was able to get more signatures during this drive than the whole membership during the 1927 elections.

Comrades Sisco, Pyotsia, H. Levine, Vranovsky, Bonati, are a few comrades in this district who were able to get hundreds of signatures and at the same time sell many Party Platforms and make connections for the Party among the American and foreign-born workers despite their handicap.

TAXI "BUCKERS" ON WATERFRONT WORK WITH COPS

Yellow Cab Co. Hogs Depots, Ferries

(By a Worker Correspondent) Although no ban has been made on cruising taxicabs on the waterfront from South Ferry north, taxi drivers complain that cops stationed along West Street have, for the past three weeks, been chasing them into the side streets. This despite the fact that hundreds of people who want cabs are unable to get them and are forced to ride in the cabs run by "buckers," who operate the high-rate cabs. These "buckers," drivers say, work hand in hand with the traffic cops, whose palms are "greased" to keep independent drivers and those working for fleet owners away from the ferries and boat lines.

This discrimination on the part of the Tammany cops has been going on now for a number of years. Inside the depots the open shop Yellow Taxi Corporation is strongly entrenched and outside are the "buckers" who work off the public hackstands. Also the stands, which are established by the city are theoretically for all cab drivers to work from, drivers of low rate cabs who try to work these stands soon find themselves surrounded by a gang of hostile "buckers" who demand that the stranger leave the stand. If the drivers don't move quick enough, the tires on their cabs are "needled" and oftentimes the driver is given a beating by these gorillas, while the cop takes a walk.

Cops Help "Buckers." At the Hudson Day Line pier, at the foot of Desbrosses Street, the traffic cops stationed there are said to be very active. In fact the drivers say these cops actually exerted themselves. These cops, in order to please their "bucker" friends, picked up the credentials of a number of drivers. This, of course, means that the drivers will be unable to provide for their dependents until fourth deputy police commissioner in charge of the hack license bureau sees fit. This may mean days, weeks and perhaps months. Other drivers were summoned to the traffic court for "hacking other than a hackstand," or "obstructing traffic." This to serve as a warning to other drivers for more drastic action.

Not only do these "Buckers" hold full sway over the waterfront but on the hackstands in front of hotels and apartment houses and the night clubs. Also it is against the hack regulations to maintain a "closed line" on pain of revocation of license, these fellows for obvious reasons are able to get away with it. In front of the night clubs, where no hackstands are established, and where these "buckers" work hand in hand with the doorman of the night club, who oftentimes is a well-known gangster, and who also lends his hand in slugging up of taxi drivers who try to pick up passengers who hail them from in front of these clubs. The only "calls" outside taxi drivers are allowed to pick up are the fares who are going a small distance or are obviously sober.

It is estimated that there are about 500 fifty-cent pieces which are

THE PARIS VISIT OF THE VAKHTANGOV THEATRE

By A. V. LUNACHARSKY, Commissar for Education and Fine Arts.

MARC LOEBELL.



THE SOVIET THEATRE represents an exceedingly interesting phenomenon. Its general trend, which has become fully observable now after ten years existence, is characterized in regard to its content by a gradual approach to the theatrical illustration of the basic phenomena and fundamental problems of our post-revolutionary realities. In order to be able to make full use of theatrical art achievements and traditions of the past in carrying out this task, we are so solicitous about preserving the heritage of our theatrical past.

On the other hand, the Soviet theatre has been looking for a form which would enable the fullest and most flexible representation of the new and tremendous content engendered by the Revolution.

Genius of Vakhtangov.

In the path-seeking of our post-revolutionary theatre a quite exceptional role was played by the genius of Vakhtangov. His death prevented him from completing those profound lines which could be discerned in his fundamental productions. This remarkable man was constantly engaged in seeking for new lines towards evolving a profoundly artistic and at the same time essentially popular theatre. The unusually graceful and whimsical "Princess Turandot," composed of the elements of fantasy, naturalism, and the grotesque; the Maeterlinck play "St. Anthony's Passion"; the mystico-poetical and eerie play of "Hadi-buk," and a number of other plays produced by him, have served as one of the chief sources for the further development of our theatrical innovations.

Example of Creative Liberty.

Fortunately for our theatre, the death of Vakhtangov did not mean the end of his efforts. His young and talented disciples did not become scattered like a flock of sheep after the death of the shepherd. They continued his work with the greatest success, and in a number of plays

paid nightly, and about 6 gorillas on the receiving end. The doorman get paid by the week. Each "bucker" donates his bit of one dollar. About twenty-five men work a night club. Not a bad racket. —TAXI.

In "The Grand Street Follies," now in its fifth month at the Booth Theatre.

they have portrayed our contemporary life, taking first rank among our social theatres. At the same time they did not give up the cultivation of the art achievements of the past, reaching at times a stage of real virtuosity, whilst at the same time imparting to their play the breath of modern realism. The young Vakhtangov Theatre has a tremendous diapason, and may therefore be considered to a large extent a characteristic representative of our theatre in general. The play which the theatre is now taking to the West, "Princess Turandot," like any other play taken by itself, naturally reflects neither all the nuances of the Vakhtangov Theatre nor all the original features of the contemporary Soviet Theatre; nevertheless this old Italian play, conceived in the form of free myth and jesting, was transformed by Vakhtangov and his able assistants into an unusually brilliant example of creative liberty and unrestrained originality in enjoying the art of theatrical presentation in genial and humorous vein. Perhaps, it is characteristic to show this splendid jest by one of the most serious masters of our serious theatre in order to show thereby how far we are from pedantism of any kind, and how little we are trammelled by tendency. We believe that Europe will yet have the opportunity to become introduced to our more serious productions, not quite so readily appreciated by the spectator, which are at time impregnated with the art portrayal of the great and strenuous life of our serious and infinitely glorious epoch.

"See SOVIET RUSSIA for yourself"



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Acceptance Speeches Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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ABANDON FRENCH FLIGHT. PARIS, Sept. 5 (UP).—Jean Assolant and Rene Lefevre have abandoned their flight to Dakar, Africa, and returned to Casablanca, Morocco, authorities at Le Bourget field were informed by wireless today.

SEPTEMBER

Communist

IS OFF THE PRESS!

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A Reply to Eastman's "Marx, Lenin and the Revolution"..... A. CHIK
Notes on American Literature..... JOSEPH FREEMAN
Study Study Corner (Tactical Questions in the Struggle Against War)

Book Reviews

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 East 125th St., NEW YORK CITY

Three Die, One Injured, as Ten Families Are Trapped in Harlem Tenement Fire

STRUCTURE WAS A TINDER BOX; BABY IS VICTIM

Injured Man, Skull Fractured, May Die

A mother, her five-months old baby daughter, and a Porto Rican worker were burned to death yesterday when a fire starting on the ground floor of a flimsy tenement in Harlem spread like prairie-fire thru the house.

The mother, Mrs. Melise Rutledge, 40, a Negro, and her young child were trapped on the third floor of the match-box structure and were suffocated.

Alonzo Gomez, a young worker who arrived here only several days ago from Santo Domingo, was found dead on the fifth floor. Most of the inmates of the building managed to escape before the flames enveloped the arched structure.

Walter Miller, another Negro worker, was taken to the Harlem Hospital suffering from a fractured skull he sustained as a result of the blaze.

The lives of ten families escaped complete annihilation only through the timely aid given by workers living in the neighboring houses, who came to the aid of the trapped families and guided them down to the streets.

Where Pullman Porter Lost Leg in Crash



Jerome Johnson, a Pullman porter, lost his left leg in a crash when two empty trains of the New York Central and New York New Haven and Hartford lines crashed at the Mott Ave. yards in New York City recently. Above, clearing away the debris after the smash-up which derailed one car.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

A special meeting of F6, 2A will be held Thursday at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

Section 2 Campaign Conference will be held today at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All unit campaign directors and unit campaign committees must come.

Functionaries Meet. A meeting of all functionaries of Section 3 will be held Friday, Sept. 7, at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All functionaries must be present as important matters will be considered, including the section conference.

Williamsburg Y. W. L. The regular membership meeting will be held today at 8 p. m. at the new headquarters, Throop Ave. corner Thälott St.

Shop Nucleus 4, 3E. This nucleus will meet today.

F3, 8S2A. An educational meeting of F3, 8S2A will be held today at 6 p. m. sharp at 101 W. 27th St.

Boxes and Lists Must Be Turned In.

All lists and boxes for the collection of funds for the Party's campaign fund must be turned in at once to the various headquarters they were taken from.

Section, subsection and units are instructed to turn in all moneys to the district office.

Comrades, vacation period is over—we must all chip in our forces and put our Bronx candidates on the ballot. We've put across the 5th Assembly. We are close to doing the same in the 4th. In the other Assembly Districts we can do likewise if we all exert our fullest energy in this Red Mobilization Week for our section which began Tuesday, Sept. 4. A Gain Report Bureau will be set up on Bronx Red Week on Sunday, Sept. 9th at 5 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. Our candidates are to be presented. Headquarters—2075 Clinton Ave. open every night—Sat. and Sun. all day, for signature collectors.

Bronx Party Notice.

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party living in the Bronx must report to headquarters, 2075 Clinton Ave., to solicit signatures. Several hundred signatures are still needed and all workers are urged to participate immediately.

An open air meeting under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League, Downtown Unit 2, will be held tonight on the corner of 49th St. and 1st Ave. The speakers will be Rosen, Jenks, Rothman, Richman, Helfand, Harris and Duke.

Section 3E.

The new Subsection Executive Committee will have a meeting today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

3E International Branch 1.

A meeting will be held of the 3E International Branch 1 on Monday, September 10 at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

3E, 1F.

Unit 3E, 1F will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 11 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

3E, 2F.

A meeting will be held on Wednesday, Sept. 12 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Section 1.

Section 1 meets at 8 p. m. Saturday, at 35 E. 2nd St. headquarters of the Downtown Workers Club.

1st Section has officially received banner awarded by the District for the most signatures.

Connecticut A. F. L. Meet Again/Passes Over Vital Matters

NEW LONDON, Conn., Sept. 5.—The Connecticut State Federation of Labor finished another session today without taking up a single program of importance to the workers in this state. Organization of the thousands of unorganized workers in this state was not mentioned, nor was the serious unemployment situation. Election of state officers will be held at tomorrow's session.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

- Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
- Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
- Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
- Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
- Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
- Section 8—Brookville, 154 Watkins St.

N. J. MISLEADERS OF LABOR MEET IN CONVENTION

Ignore Main Tasks; May Endorse Smith

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 5.—The New Jersey State Federation of Labor opened another annual convention here today. Important matters affecting the workers in this state, such as fighting the powerful open-shop corporations in this state and relief for the many thousands of jobless, were ignored in today's session.

The reactionary officialdom of the state federation is expected to table these matters should they come up. The convention will probably be devoted entirely to the question of endorsing one of the capitalist presidential candidates. Since the corrupt Hague democratic machine is closely allied with the labor misleaders, Al Smith is expected to receive the officials' endorsement.

At the last annual convention of the state federation, Hilfers, treasurer, was forced to admit that he had received \$100,000 from a combination of the largest open-shop firms in the state. Nothing has been done about this matter by the officialdom, who have many times been accused of similar charges, but on a larger scale.

A leader of the corrupt ring dominating the state federation is Theodore Brande, wealthy insurance man and building trades official, who has sold out many strikes.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

Iceor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. A concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Workers School Sport Club.

All comrades and friends are invited to attend the Workers School Sport Club Hike which will take place on Sunday, Sept. 9. All participants will meet at 242nd St., Van Cortlandt Park Subway Station at 8:30 sharp. There will be a soccer practice on this hike.

Working Women.

The Central Body of the United Council of Working Women will have its regular meeting this evening at the Workers Center, 26 Union Sq., on the 6th floor, Room 601, at 8 p. m. Organizers, secretaries and delegates must attend; members are invited.

Freiheit Gesang Verein Picnic.

The Annual Picnic of the Freiheit Gesang Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. The chorus will render an original program of songs under the leadership of Lazar Weiner. A large group of the Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra will give a program in classical music. 1529 Pitkin Avenue will be included in the program during the day.

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held Sunday, 8 p. m. at 118 Bristol St. near Pitkin Ave. All members are urged to attend.

Jewelry Workers Club.

The Jewelry Workers Welfare Club will hold its second outing of the season this Sunday at Pelham Bay Park. Bring lunch. Start at 8 a. m.

Yorkville L. L. D.

The Yorkville English Branch will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 11 at 347 E. 72nd St. at 8 p. m.

Brownsville "Iceor."

A general "Iceor" meeting of the Brownsville Committee will take place tonight at 8:30 at Hoffman's mansion, 1529 Pitkin Avenue. All friends of the movement to colonize Jews in the Soviet Union are urged to come and partake in the great historic work.

The question of the Town Hall concert which will be held September 29th, will be taken up. All "Iceor" members must be present.

Imperial Planes Forced to Return

AUGUSTA, Ga., Sept. 5 (UP)—The nine huge war planes, enroute from Langley Field, Va., on a trans-continenta trip to Los Angeles, were forced to return here when they failed to break through cloud banks after taking off for Montgomery, Ala., and Shreveport, La.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations!

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Meets every Thursday, 8 P. M., at Labor Temple, 243 East 84th St. Office and headquarters are in the Labor Temple.

YANKS SPLIT DOUBLE BILL WITH SENATORS

By United Press. After giving Connie Mack's pennant aspirations a jolt Monday, the Washington Senators split a double-header with the New York Yankees at the Yankee Stadium Wednesday. Washington won the first game 3 to 1 and the Yankees won the nightcap 8 to 3. As the Philadelphia Athletics were idle Wednesday, the Yankees maintain a two-game lead in the American League race.

The New York Giants gained a half-game on the St. Louis Cardinals by defeating the Philadelphia Phillies 14 to 3. The Cardinals were idle and still hold a four-game lead on the New York Giants and the Chicago Cubs.

Sad Sam Jones held the world's champions to six hits in the first game to win the 3 to 1 decision. Huggins used Pipgras, Moore and Thomas on the mound but the Senators pounded out nine hits. Lefty Heimach pitched the second game for the Yankees and was saved in the first inning with a fast double-

play with the bases filled. Goose Goslin's hitting was the feature of both games.

The New York Giants obtained twenty-two hits off Walsh and Wiloughby to give the McGrawmen a 14 to 3 victory over the Philadelphia Phillies. Mel Ott, New York outfielder, hit two home runs and accounted for four of New York's scores. Klein, Philadelphia outfielder, hit his fourth home run in as many games.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.
Washington, 5; New York, 1 (1st).
New York, 8; Washington, 3-(2d).
Detroit, 10; Chicago, 2.
(Only games scheduled.)
National League.
New York, 14; Philadelphia, 3.
Boston, 9; Brooklyn, 2 (1st).
Boston, 7; Brooklyn, 1 (2nd).
(Only games scheduled.)

Gitlow Rallies Miners at Meet

Tells Diggers New Union Only Hope

Continued from Page One of the blood-sucking operators unless the miners rally courageously to meet the situation. The criminal misleadership of the Lewis bureaucrats has brought the mine workers to wage cuts of as much as \$3 per day. Betrayed by the Lewis henchmen and left at the mercy of the operators, some miners have settled for \$5 per day. The Illinois settlement for \$6 with full permission for the unrestricted use of loading machines is the result of the same treacherous policy which has brought ruin and devastation everywhere in its trail.

"The anthracite coal operators," continued Gitlow, "are determined to take advantage of the ruin that Lewis has wrought in the bituminous coal regions, to strengthen their attack against the miners in the anthracite region.

"The only forces that fought against the Lewis policies leading to this debacle, were the left wing and progressives in the union. And they are expelled by the Lewis gang from the union. Now these militant fighting coal miners are being drawn together. The rank and file have taken the initiative and are in the act of establishing a powerful national miners' union.

"Unite with Soft Coal Miners." "You coal miners of the anthracite must unite with the rank and file of the bituminous miners for the great convention at Pittsburgh on Sept. 9, which will be the biggest historical turning point in the history of the mining industry. For there will be gathered the real fighting elements of the mine workers from all points of the country to give the final knockout blow to the treacherous Lewis gang that has been throttling the coal miners of this country. The

Tonight the advisory committee of the Cotton Manufacturers Association is to consider the request made by the Citizens Mediation Committee, asking that conferences be held with the officialdom of the American Federation of Labor Textile Council. The Citizens' Committee will submit a "peace" plan which concedes the mill owners the right to enforce an intense speed up system in return for their withdrawal of the wage cut notices.

The plan of the mediators is based on the notorious "Labor Extension Plan" offered as a settlement plan by the officialdom of the Textile Council. The Textile Mill Committees denounce this offer as an intolerable speed-up system which is even worse than the ten per cent wage cut.

The T. M. C. union also launches a sharp attack on the A. F. of L. fakers for being so eager in making concessions to the employers when even the local press is carrying daily stories refuting Sullivan's pretenses of unanimity among the mill owners. These reports show that the ranks of the mill owners are fast disintegrating. Rumors reported by the press state that many mill owners are ready to capitulate to the brilliant anti-wage cut struggle and resume operations.

Besides Gitlow, George Papcun, secretary of the tri-district National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee, spoke about the situation in the union, exposing both Boylan and McGarry, the regular and "insurgent" presidents of District 1, who are both supporting the policies of Lewis and who will both be eliminated by the rank and file of District 1. "The hard-core miners will join hand in hand with their brothers in the bituminous fields in building their union," said Papcun.

Emil Gardos, subdistrict organizer, acted as chairman at the rally.

The breaking up of the Workers Party Endorsement Conference, and threats of the police and reactionary union officials and the presence of spies and hecklers could not prevent hundreds of hard-core miners from attending the campaign rally which was held at Sans Souci Park.

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TEXTILE COUNCIL FAKERS TRYING TO SELL MILL STRIKE

Gov. Fuller Threatens Reid, Mill Leader

(Special to the Daily Worker) BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 5.—Mistaken about the identity of the committee of forty New Bedford textile strikers who, "he thought," were members of the A. F. of L. New Bedford Textile Council, Governor Fuller, in keeping his appointment with the delegation yesterday betrayed the fact that Batty, reactionary council leader, had met the strike by offering the mill owners an opportunity to install a speed-up system in return for their recall of the wage cut. The committee he was speaking to were members of the Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committees.

When the notorious Fuller discovered he was talking to honest trade unionists, who not only refused to sell out the 21-week-old struggle of 28,000 textile workers, but who denounced the traitor Batty, he openly threatened to have James P. Reid, the 70 year old committee spokesman, thrown out of the building.

Batty's proposal to the mill owners via the governor, that a vicious speed-up system be installed in the mills, in return for the recall of the ten per cent wage cut, was sharply attacked by Reid and Keller as a sell-out that is a bigger wage slash than the 10 per cent cut.

Fuller not only refused to listen to the demand for an unconditional recall of the wage cut, but he even refused to hear the complaints of the strikers against the brutal police terror and the sending of hundreds of workers to jail for picketing.

Philadelphia Workers to Aid the Starving Chinese Trade Unions

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 5.—All the forces of the various labor, fraternal and other workers' organizations affiliated with the Philadelphia Joint Conference to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions will be mobilized this Saturday, Sept. 8, for a big house-to-house collection, with all the funds to be sent immediately to the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions at 96 Fifth Ave., New York City.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (UP)—A hurricane, the progress of which has been watched several days by the weather bureau, has apparently moved inland over the Yucatan Peninsula, the bureau reported today. The storm was described as of slight intensity.

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TRAINS LEAVE GRAND CENTRAL EVERY HOUR.
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OBSERVE YOUTH DAY NEXT WEEK

Continued from Page One

Switzerland, under the direction of Karl Liebknecht.

Meetings Scheduled. The Young Workers League has issued an appeal to all its members to make the International Youth Day meetings this year more successful than ever. The following calendar of meetings has been arranged.

District 1—Quincy, Sept. 1; Norwood, Sept. 11; Brooklyn, Sept. 12; Lawrence, Sept. 13; Lowell, Sept. 14; Lynn, Sept. 15; Peabody, Sept. 16; Lonsville, Sept. 17; Worcester, Sept. 10; Fitchburg, Sept. 11; Gardner, Sept. 12; Washua, Sept. 13; Providence, Sept. 15; W. Concord, Sept. 14; Boston, Sept. 16; Fall River, Sept. 15; New Bedford, Sept. 14.

District 2—New York City, Sept. 14.

District 2—Philadelphia, Sept. 28; Norfolk, Sept. 4; Scranton, Sept. 5; Wilkes-Barre, Sept. 7; Old Forge, Sept. 8.

District 4—Buffalo, Sept. 16.

District 5—Pittsburgh, Sept. 8; New Kensington, Sept. 13.

Cleveland Meeting. District 6—Cleveland, Sept. 16.

District 7—Flint, Sept. 8.

District 8—Waukegan, Sept. 13; St. Louis, Sept. 16; Chicago, Sept. 23.

District 9—Superior, Wis., Sept. 16; Duluth, Minn., Sept. 16; South Range, Mich., Sept. 13; Cloquet Minn., Sept. 16; Eben Junction, Sept. 15; Belden, N. D., Sept. 14; Culu, Wis., Sept. 16; Ontonagon, Mich., Sept. 9; Lawler, Minn., Sept. 16; Bovey, Minn., Sept. 16; Paynesville, Mich., Sept. 9; Makinen, Minn., Sept. 15.

District 10—Denver, Col., Sept. 6; Walsenburg, Sept. 6; Trinidad, Sept. 8; Aguilar, Sept. 10; Pueblo, Sept. 11; Leadville, Sept. 12; Canon City, Sept. 14; Omaha, Sept. 5; Lexington, Sept. 10; Galveston, Sept. 4; San Antonio, Sept. 6; Brockton, Sept. 9.

District 15—Springfield, Conn., Sept. 8; Hartford, Sept. 14; New Haven, Sept. 15, and Bridgeport, Sept. 9.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Open-air meetings throughout Greater New York have been arranged by the agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party:

Today. 138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, Codkind, Pear, H. Williams, Wm. Margolis; 40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y. C., V. Smith, Joe Cohen; Bryant Ave. and 174th St. Bronx, Chas. Zimmerman, Wotis, Harfield, Weitz, Spiro; 25th St. and Mermad Ave., C. I. Ben Lifshitz, Shapiro, Magliacano, Chalupski; Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, L. L. Powers, Rock, Schachtman, Heder, Mueller; Stone and Pitkin Ave., Bklyn., Benjamin, Kagan, Sumner, J. Cohen.

Tomorrow. National Biscuit Co. (noon), Grecht, Ross; Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn., Ragozin, Castrell, Lillienstein, Wilson; 5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C., Markoff, Lloyd, Grace Lamb, Lyons, Rodriguez; Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn., Bimba, Rosemond, G. Welsh, Midolla; 50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn., Reiss, Yusem, I. Zimmerman, Donaldson; Market Plaza, Newark, N. J., Vera Bush, Szepesky, L. Duke; Patterson, N. J. (6 Governor St.), Baum, Freiman, Laurence Elkind.

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

- Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
- Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
- Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
- Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
- Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
- Section 8—Brookville, 154 Watkins St.

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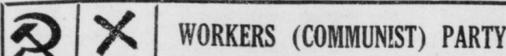
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For President WILLIAM Z. FOSTER For Vice-President BENJAMIN GITLOW



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For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

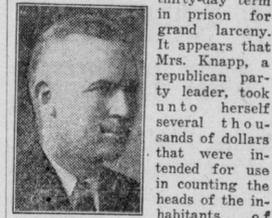
"ONE MORE, BOSS."



By Fred Ellis

Told You So

MRS. FLORENCE E. S. KNAPP, former secretary of state for New York, was sentenced to a



thirty-day term in prison for grand larceny. It appears that Mrs. Knapp, a republican party leader, took unto herself several thousands of dollars that were intended for use in counting the heads of the inhabitants of New York state. Had Mrs. Knapp been a poor working woman, who, seeing her children hungry, took a bottle of milk from a wealthy neighbor's doorstep, her punishment would be more severe. As it is, Mrs. Knapp is said to be shocked at the sentence.

AL SMITH may be gracious enough to pardon Mrs. Knapp, even though her sentence could not be milder had she stolen a gander. This would touch new levels among the liberals and even some hard-boiled republicans might take the gesture as a sign that with Al Smith in the white house legitimate grafters would not fare so badly. It would be nice, you know, if a gentleman's agreement could be reached between the republican and democratic parties to share the loot on a percentage basis, the lion's share going to the party that polled a majority of votes in any national, state or city elections.

FORMER Judge Jacob Panken, of the Municipal Court, returned from the International Socialist Conference in Brussels, is fully convinced that the imperialist "anti-war" treaty of Senator Kellogg will prevent "big wars." The ex-judge apparently is not much concerned over little wars, like the war on Nicaragua or the continuous punitive expeditions sent against the peoples of India, Syria, and other peoples, by the imperialist powers that enslave them with the sanction of the League of Nations.

MANY readers of the Daily Worker believe we are indulging in excessively severe condemnation of the socialists when we class them as allies of imperialism. Yet Panken's and Thomas's views on the fake Kellogg peace pact proves our contention. The imperialist powers, while preparing for war to defend the loot already in their possession or in order to grab off more spoils, are continually drugging the mass mind with pacifist illusions. Side by side with the building of battleships, bombing planes and the production of poison gases goes the production of peace propaganda designed to lull their own cannon fodder as well as to throw their imperialist competitors off the scent.

HERE is where the socialists come in handy. Of course the American socialists do not play as important a role in this game of bluff as do the European socialists. But they take exactly the same position on this question of war. Wars between big powers, or "big wars," as Brother Panken says, the socialists are against. Such wars are liable to put too big a strain on the capitalist system and result in a nasty revolution. But little wars to punish subject peoples for daring to demand freedom, though Panken might send a fervent prayer aloft to Jehovah, and Thomas an earnest supplication to Jesus, to make the milk of human kindness flow more freely in the breasts of the ruling classes.

THE socialists do not object to imperialism conquering other peoples, stealing their land and natural resources and putting them to work as wage slaves. This is what they call preparing the world for the social revolution. But they don't like to have to kill Nicaraguans and others who resist this "civilizing" process. They sometimes protest, little less vehemently than the imperialist political acrobat Al Smith it is true, but still they protest against the "unconstitutional" killing of subject peoples who fight for their freedom. But just as soon as any subject people is having reasonable success in returning shot for shot, they always find some darned excuse for jumping on the defendants and threatening them with socialist displeasure unless they lie down and confine their activities to writing letters to The Nation or the World Tomorrow.

WHEN the polecat produces attar of roses instead of the perfume by which he has hitherto won recognition if not favor, imperialism will become an agent of world peace. Socialist leaders know this. They are not political idiots, any more than Smith, Hoover and Company. They have cast their lot with the capitalist system in conjunction with William Green, George L. Berry, John L. Lewis, and the rest of the labor fakery. They have a stake in the capitalist system. They are engaged in the business of fooling the masses. And no greater disservice can be rendered the workers of the world today than to give them the impression that the Kellogg peace pact will or can prevent big wars. Lack of space prevents me from touching on incidents that have transpired since the signing of this fake treaty in Paris, which would convince anybody that the Kellogg pact is the joke of the century as a peace instrument.

Tom O'Flaherty

The Red Presidential Campaign.

Do workers closely sympathetic to the Communist Party—do even all of the members of the Workers (Communist) Party itself realize the importance of the nationwide campaign now getting under full speed with the speaking tours of Foster and Gitlow?

Already scores and even hundreds of thousands of American workers have a friendly acquaintance with the Workers (Communist) Party. They have learned by experience that this is the party which can always be found on the picket-line side-by-side with the workers in any struggle, large or small, with the employing class, the state or the treacherous bureaucrats which so often attack their organizations "from on top."

In short, many thousands of workers know the Workers (Communist) Party as a "strike" party, so to say.

But with the getting of the national political campaign under full steam, these workers will have the chance to see the same fighting party in a broader light. Not that the Communist Party shows a "different" side to the working class in an election campaign from that shown in a strike. On the contrary, the Communist Party is unique in exactly this fact, that it is and remains consistently the militant party of the class struggle at all times and under all conditions.

The great audiences which will hear Foster and Gitlow in scores of cities and towns throughout the United States will witness a kind of political campaign that is conducted by no political party other than a Communist Party. Not obsequious soliciting of the largest possible number of votes from all classes alike by softening the sharp discords between the classes, but conducting a straight-out propaganda and agitation of class struggle on the part of the working class against its enemies, is the Communist method. Not to make a separation between what is called "politics" and the fights of the workers for wages and conditions, but to link together all phases of the struggle of the workers for the smallest demands and for the largest. To show the

working class that every class struggle is a political struggle, and to lead the workers always more and more consciously to unify their forces and their struggles. To politicize the struggles of the working class in the true sense of the word—to direct the struggle into broader and deeper channels in which the whole combined struggle appears more clearly as the struggle of all exploited classes and peoples for emancipation against the capitalist class and against the capitalist class state.

Much can be done in this election campaign struggle to make vast numbers of American workers for the first time see the connection between their economic struggles and the necessary political struggle. Foster and Gitlow and the many other candidates on state and local tickets can bring many to understand that they must vote as they strike. Holding always before the working class the essential character of the Workers (Communist) Party, its revolutionary purpose to be realized not in capitalist "democracy," but in the revolutionary struggle for the overthrow of capitalist society and the establishment of the dictatorship of the working class, the Communist candidates will stand in sharp contrast to the opportunist vote-snatchers of the socialist party.

"Socialist" party election activity is a blind to draw the workers away from class struggle and into "political activity" in the pettiest and most sordid sense of capitalist politics. Communist election activity is a broadening and clarifying of the struggle, so that it becomes political in the sense of being unified and strengthened and deepened into a conscious struggle for power.

The working class ticket before the workers is the Communist ticket, and the manner of conducting the campaign can make the workers understand this essential truth. Members of the party and sympathizers must see the tremendous significance of this campaign, and act accordingly in sparing no labor to make the meetings big and successful.

Communist election activity is revolutionary activity.

Expose C. M. T. C. Vacation

The "vacation" promised young workers who go to the Citizens' Military Training Camps is exposed in a letter from one of the recruits to the Young Workers (Communist) League.

"Unharness the mules before cooping them" was the spontaneous demand of those who had been led to join the camps by the war department, the letter reports. "Whether he is a Catholic or a Communist, there is a curse on each pair of lips."

The letter follows:

Dear friends, It is a good thing that at last one organization is fighting for the interest of the boys in the C. M. T. C., and is willing to publish the truth. I will tell you something of my own experiences here.

The C. M. T. C. at Fort Snelling started on Wednesday, August 1. First of all we went through something that was supposed to be a physical examination. We were rushed through such a machine-like process that it brought a picture of a Ford factory. A fellow stepped in with his civilian clothing on—he came out clad in full uniform. During this transition period we got a taste of crankiness that is quite popular amongst those in the officialdom of the army. Then a wave of protest went through the barracks. Some felt like leaving for home. When we got organized into platoons we had to march out on parade and take the C. M. T. C. oath.

Lecture on Patriotism. The lieutenant gave a speech on "citizenship" emphasizing the importance of patriotism, but he didn't tell us who got the profits while the young workers die in the trenches.

At six o'clock Wednesday night we had our first army meal. It consisted of white bread, water, potatoes, meat and brown gravy. One

could see at once that some of the boys were disappointed because the food was not as good as they expected. The next day the meat was a great deal worse than before. Some of the boys were yelling that army mules should be at least unharnessed before they are served on the table. However, it isn't as bad as starving like so many unemployed workers in this country of "prosperity." Many join the army because of hunger.

Higgins Renews Graft Investigation in New Pre-Election Move

Commissioner of Accounts Higgins, on his first day back in New York after his vacation, renewed his "investigation" of graft in the Department of Street Cleaning of New York City. The charges made by the Commissioner included vague assertions concerning graft and inefficiency and payroll padding in the department, but made no definite charge against any of the city officials involved in the graft.

The sessions on the graft situation which Higgins announced had been held on his return, were held behind closed doors. The continuation of the so-called investigation, which before his vacation had resulted in many bombastic and self-covering accusations but very few sentences, is seen as a padded move on the part of the Commissioner, who is utilizing the rottenness of the New York City official graft, to inflate the pre-election Tammany campaign.

Indict Bankers in Fraud Scheme

BOSTON, Sept. 5 (UP).—Seven Middle Western bankers were indicted by a federal grand jury today on charges of conspiracy to defraud New Englanders of \$1,500,000 in a bogus farm loan scheme. Fraudulent use of the mails was charged against Guy Haston, John Huston, John Boyles and Harold A. Smith, all of Chicago; Orin F. Schee and Vernon Sigles of Des Moines, and Walter Cravens of Kansas City.

harnessed before they are served on the table. However, it isn't as bad as starving like so many unemployed workers in this country of "prosperity." Many join the army because of hunger.

Bawled Out. The appearance of your clothes and beds has to be "just so." All buttons buttoned, shoes shined and hats the right way. For the least mistake the student officer will bawl you out. The bunks are examined daily and everything has to be placed correctly to an inch.

Conditions in the dormitories and where washing is done is terrible. Water is fed through one pipe which at any one time will be icy cold or boiling hot. Yet we are expected to take baths as often as possible. Also, we are expected to be ready for reveille on time, washed up. Also the barracks are supposed to be swept "under the beds"—a room consisting of from 20 to 40 beds and only one broom is given. But beds must be ready in twenty minutes and the room swept. All came here for a nice vacation, but whether one is a Catholic or a Communist there's a curse on each pair of lips.

C. M. T. C. Tool of Bosses. You may be sure that the officers will try their best to prevent the facts presented by the Young Workers League from reaching the boys here, but it is easy to see that the "so-called" vacation we get is to make us tools of the bosses so that we are ready to fight and die to defend the investments of the capitalists.

Speaking for myself and some others here, I wish to say that the war department has another guess coming. We'll endure this "vacation," and when the time comes we'll use our military knowledge on the side of the working class. All success to you. A C.M.T.C. ROOKIE. P. S. If you print this please don't use my name.

By BERT MILLER.

"The party term Republican isn't definitive any more. It isn't even descriptive. No more so is the party term Democrat. They are labels on empty bottles, signs on untenanted houses, cloaks that cover but do not conceal the skeletons beneath them. . . . There are no genuine issues between them, no authentic differences of policy or performance." —Samuel Blythe, Saturday Evening Post, March 25, 1922.

The frequency and agility with which the highest representatives of American capitalism have assumed and discarded political labels, in the election campaign of 1928, and the similarity of the interests represented on both sides, are convincing evidence of the closest identity of the two major parties as instruments of the ruling class.

John J. Raskob, for instance, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, was formerly a member of the republican party, a member of the Union League Club and is reliably reported as one of those who called on Calvin Coolidge, to ask him to run again. Mr. Raskob is at the same time one of the leading figures of the General Motors Corporation, a Morgan firm, notwithstanding the fact that Dwight Morrow, of Morgan & Co. is one of the right hand men of Coolidge.

Both Generous. Simultaneously we find that Mr. DuPont, also of the General Motors Corporation supports Al Smith with a generous contribution of \$50,000, while his associate in the same firm, Mr. Durant, supports Herbert Hoover. Mr. W. H. Woodin, head of the American Car and Foundry Company, who contributed heavily to the republican war chest in 1924, gives \$25,000 without the slightest hesita-

Labels on Empty Bottles

The Terms "Democratic" and "Republican" Mean Same; Both Dance to Wall Street

as they are. In 1844, and for a long period thereafter, the democratic platform assailed the evils of federalism. It demanded "a form of government springing from and upheld by the popular will," declared "that the Federal Government is one of limited powers," and insisted upon the rights of the various states. Yet we find that the World War during the administration of President Wilson, "increased the power of the Federal Government tremendously, centralizing it to an unheard-of degree. The president, above all, was given almost unlimited power" over the industrial life of the nation, the railroads, telephones, telegraphs and the press. "The rights of the separate states were subordinated to the desires of the Federal Government." (See "For a Labor Party," by John Pepper P. 25). In the last gubernatorial election in New York State, Al Smith came out for increased centralization of the state government and a four year term for governor. In spite of the fact that the democratic platform still contains a mild demand "that the rights and powers of the states shall be preserved in their full vigor and virtue" and opposes "bureaucracy and the multiplication of offices and office holders" to placate the Solid South, the democratic Party has already given full assurance of its ability and readiness to strengthen the centralized power of the government as a necessary asset of American imperialism.

A study of past platforms of the two major parties discloses the fact that each of them have at times fulminated more or less against the trusts, monopoly, etc. The democratic platform of 1900 declares: "We pledge the democratic party to an unceasing warfare in nation, state and city against private monopoly in every form." Yet the fact remains that following a few phrases, intended for the consumption of the petty bourgeois, small merchant and manufacturer, about "sinister monopolies formed for the purpose of wringing from the necessities of life an unrighteous profit," we find in the democratic platform of 1928, the following assurance: "Honest business, no matter its size, need have no fears of a democratic administration."

More Pap. In 1900 under the leadership of William Jennings Bryan, the democratic platform declared: "No nation can long endure half republic and half empire" and further, "We are unalterably opposed to seizing or purchasing distant islands to be governed outside the constitution, and whose people can never become citizens." Yet Wilson's platform of 1916 declared: "But the circumstances of the last two years have revealed necessities of international action which no former generation could have foreseen. We hold that it is the duty of the United States to use its power, not only to make itself safe at home, but also to make secure its just interests throughout the world," which constitutes a clear and unequivocal defense of the acts of American imperialism. The record of the two parties brings into much sharper relief their approximation toward the line set down by American imperialism. No distinction can be drawn between them as far as the use of injunctions and police violence in labor disputes, the passage of legislation favorable to business, such as the Federal Reserve Act, reduction of taxes, etc.

Raditch's Death and the Yugoslav Crisis

By GEORG.

The events preceding the death of Raditch illustrate the profound nature of the state crisis. We will recall the most important: on May 30th a demonstration was held in Belgrade against the government's intention to sign the Nettuno Treaties with Italy. Bloody fights ensued between the demonstrators and the gendarmery and numerous wounded bestrewn the barricades. Thereupon followed weeks of the highest tension and an obstruction fight of the opposition against the government. The leader of the obstruction party of the Great-Serbian bourgeoisie answered this obstruction with threats to murder the leaders of the opposition, and then very soon carried out the threat. On June 20th the government deputy, Raditch fired a number of shots in open parliamentary session from the government benches at Raditch, killing Raditch's brother Pavel, and two other members of the Croatian Peasant Party and severely wounding Raditch and several of his friends.

The Croatian Peasant Party answered this murderous attack by withdrawing from parliament and setting up in the Croatian capital, Agram, a sort of opposition parliament. The news of the murder in parliament called forth tremendous indignation throughout Croatia. On June 21st endless processions of peasants were formed. Barricades were erected in Agram and dead and wounded lay around. Raditch himself, who appeared to be recovering from his wound, tried to exercise a pacifying influence, but passions had been aroused. At the beginning of August the editor of the Serbian journal, which had given incitement towards the murder of Raditch, Ristovic, was shot down in the streets of Agram, the act meeting with popular approval.

The Croatian territory, populated chiefly by poor peasants, belonged before the war to the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy and was incorporated in Hungary. Under the Habsburg Monarchy the country was administered as a colony. As was the case with all the suppressed nationalities of the Habsburg Monarchy, the Croats, too, lived, as far as the broad masses were concerned, in complete national, social and cultural enslavement. After the war the Habsburg Monarchy collapsed.

One of the chief gainers by this new formation of states was Serbia, which was selected by France as an outpost in connection with French plans for supremacy in the Balkans and became a big state. Among other territories to be incorporated in Yugoslavia was Croatia.

Once more Croatia was treated as a colony, oppressed nationally and exploited economically; this time by the Great-Serbian bourgeoisie. The result of this Great-Serbian policy was general impoverishment of the Croatian population, and more especially of the peasant masses. Naturally, this national suppression was felt most by the poor working masses. The well-to-do strata, so set at a disadvantage by the Serbs, used the dissatisfaction of the masses in Croatia for their own purposes. They formed a separatist movement, which often bore upon its banners radical slogans of complete severance of Croatia from Serbia. But the petty-bourgeois leaders of the Croatian movement were themselves afraid to take revolutionary measures, for their chief purpose was to gain satisfaction for the Croatian upper classes, which object was best to be achieved through a compromise with the Serbian bour-

geoisie and through participation in governmental power. In addition to these domestic causes the State crisis in Yugoslavia is aggravated by the outside interference of the big imperialist powers. French imperialism is equipping Serbia as its guard in the Balkans against Italy. As far as the Croatian question is concerned, French imperialism has an interest in the Belgrade policy of the "mailed fist" in order to make the country ripe for war.

On the basis of the Anglo-French rapprochement against the Soviet Union, the Belgrade Government is compelled to draw closer to Italy by ratifying the Nettuno Treaties and opening Dalmatian and Croatian territories to Fascist penetration. The resistance of the Croatian parties to these intentions of the Belgrade Government was strengthened when it became known that, as a price for the signing of the Nettuno Treaties, Belgrade was to receive from England a fifty million pound loan, accompanied by English financial control, exclusively to serve the economic interests of the Great-Serbian bourgeoisie, which would signify the Croatian upper classes once more at a disadvantage.

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