

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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WORKERS [COMMUNIST] PARTY GOES ON BALLOT IN OHIO

British "Labor Leaders" Appeal for Police Protection Against Starving Welsh Miners

EXPULSION SEAMEN'S UNION FOR HELP TO COAL MINERS

Jobless Men March Past Hall; Hold Open Air Meet in Park

Crocodile Turner Cries

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Fear of the officials of the sixteenth annual convention of the British Trade Union Congress which opened here today that a large delegation of unemployed Welsh miners would try to invade the hall and present their case to the conference caused them to appeal to the police for protection and heavy guards were held in readiness to repel the starving workers.

The miners, however, marched quietly past the Congress building and held their meeting in a park. Following the appeal to the police, Ben Turner, president of the Congress, said: "Unemployment is a perpetual nightmare of the workers. It is breaking down the physical standards of the nation."

MORGAN GRIP ON MEXICO TIGHTENS

Control of National Railways Looms

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 3 (UP).—Rehabilitation of the National Railways cannot be accomplished unless they are administered as a private enterprise, Luis Montes De Oca, secretary of treasury, said in his annual report to congress today. He urged that statutes be changed so that the railways could progress comparably with those of other countries.

The recommendation of Luis Montes De Oca, Mexican secretary of treasury, that the railways of Mexico be taken out of state control is regarded as a maneuver designed to place the Mexican railways under control of J. P. Morgan and Co., thus more effectively tying Mexico to the apron-strings of American finance-capital.

Last year when Mexican finances were in an unusually low state, an international bankers' committee headed by Thomas W. Lamont, of J. P. Morgan and Co., considered some method of settlement of Mexican debts to them. It was unofficially reported that one of the recommendations of the committee was that the railways become a private instead of a state monopoly. The report of the Mexican secretary of treasury to congress is thus in compliance with the wishes of this Morgan-controlled committee.

GREEN ORATES IN CLEVELAND

Labor Flakers Fawn Before Bosses

(Special to the Daily Worker) CLEVELAND, Sept. 3.—After anxiously insisting that International May Day, the true American Labor Day, is "entirely European in origin and character," William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, delivered himself of his annual Labor Day oration at Geauga Lake Park here by thanking the American capitalist government as "having done something fine and noble when it honored labor by creating a national holiday and designating it Labor Day. Completely unmindful of the "insignificant" fact that the working class creates all and should therefore feel less humble at receiving such "overwhelming honors," the

TUNNEY IN PARIS. PARIS, Sept. 3.—Gene Tunney, retired heavyweight champion, arrived here tonight.

Stronghold of Army of Independence



The Sandino Nationalist army has slowly and steadily lured the marines back into the jungles and the tortuous Nicaraguan valleys. The armies are "still advancing." In the opinion of military experts, the marines will be "still advancing" until the end of time at their present rate. Experts contend that it will take many more thousand marines than the United States now has in Nicaragua to subdue the army of independence while it has a friendly population to feed it and to recruit from, and a rugged, defensive country to campaign in. The map shows the scene of the latest operations, the Coco River country, fever-swamp and jungle.

TO HOLD CONFERENCE FOR MILL STRIKERS

BOSTON, Sept. 3.—A call rallying all working class forces in New England for a conference to build up substantial machinery for the defense of the hundreds of victims of the court and police terror in the bitter New Bedford and Fall River textile strikes, was issued by the New England District of the International Labor Defense over the signature of its Secretary-Organizer, Robert Zelms.

All of that organization's locals, branches and affiliated bodies, all trade unions and other sympathetic societies are called upon to send delegates to the conference which will be held here Sunday, Sept. 23, at 10 a.m., in Paine Memorial Hall, 9 Appelon St.

The appeal broadcast and the instructions it gives are in part as follows:

"The records of the New Bedford police already show more than 500 arrests in that city alone in their

TEXTILE PICKET LINES STRONGER

Expose Fake Federal Mediation Scheme

(Special to the Daily Worker) NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 3.—Simultaneous with the extensive preparations that were being made during the last few days for the textile strikers' parade today, special attention was being paid to plans for strengthening the picketing of mills, and particularly homes, beginning with tomorrow. Reliable reports have it that the mill barons intend to launch an intensified drive to build up a "sizable" nucleus of strikebreakers by sending special agents to the homes of mill operators.

Never was an army of tens of thousands of strikers more unanimously adamant in its refusal to keep out of the mills. This and the fact that Labor Day has already been reached without any sign of

NEGRO AIDS NEW UNION

Miner's Wife Will Attend Convention

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 3.—The Indiana Women's Auxiliaries will be represented at the National Miners Convention by Mrs. Ora Boyce, of Clinton. Mrs. Boyce has been doing excellent work in both Kentucky and Indiana, speaking at mass meetings and union meetings for the new union.

Mrs. Boyce, who is a Negro sister, has been especially useful in organizing the miners of her race into

GENERAL MOTORS HEAD FOR HOOVER

Partner Backs Smith; Win Either Way

Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., president of the General Motors Corporation, yesterday announced his support of Herbert Hoover, republican presidential candidate, in a statement which at the same time endorsed the G. O. P. platform.

John J. Raskob had previously officially announced his "resignation" as chairman of the finance

MINOR TO SPEAK AT RIDGEWOOD

Election Rally Called by German Conference

Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for the U. S. senate from New York state, will be the principal speaker at the election rally of Brooklyn and Queens to be held at the Queens County Labor Lyceum, 785 Forest Ave., Ridgewood on Friday, Sept. 7, at 8 p. m. Joseph Berg, well-known German speaker will deliver an address in German, and Erich R. Saenger, secretary of the German Language Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party will be the chairman.

This election mass meeting is being called by the German Election Campaign Conference, organized some time ago by the German Language Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party. Several Workers' Sick and Death Benefit branches, German singing societies, the Arbeiterbund, the German branch, Ridgewood, of the International Labor Defense, and the German Language Bureau will participate in the conference.

NEGRO AIDS NEW UNION

Miner's Wife Will Attend Convention

locals for the new union, and their women-folk into auxiliaries. "We must not allow the same mistakes the U. M. W. A. officials made," Mrs. Boyce says. "The new union is not discriminating against any miner. The Negro miners are all rallying to the new union because they know they will get a square deal. In the delegation coming from Indiana, the Negroes will be represented. We will take part in building our union."

SPEED ELECTION OF DELEGATES TO MINE MEET

Arrangement Committee Issues Appeal to All Locals

Convention 5 Days Off

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 3.—As every day brings the National Convention to build a new Miners Union closer, the speeding-up of the elections of delegates to participate in the momentous rank and file meeting is requested by the Convention Arrangements Committee. Over the signatures of John J. Watt, chairman and Pat Toohy, secretary the following appeal has been issued:

To all Local Unions and Progressive Groups:

When you receive this letter there will be only a few days left before the National Miners Convention convenes in Pittsburgh, Pa. We expect that you have already made the fight in the local unions to secure delegates to this convention and made a successful fight. However, should you have failed in these efforts, due to being blocked by the remnants of the reactionary machine, it is essential that your progressive group immediately get together in a regular meeting and select your delegates.

Secondly, make all arrangements possible for collection of finances for your delegates as well as arrangements for transportation by automobile, bus or whatever is convenient and cheap.

Thirdly, please remember that we are already now in the process of building the New National Miners' Union in the place of the one which has been wrecked by the joint efforts of the coal operators and the corrupt Lewis machine. It is therefore necessary that we go to work immediately to prepare to have all your local unions affiliate with the new union. Make arrangements to have your local union go on record for securing charter and dues cards from the New National Miners Union.

A successful convention means speeding of the good work to build

HILLMAN HOLDS FAKE ELECTIONS

Left Wingers are Ruled Off Ballots

With annual monotony the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union will hold its election farce today and tomorrow in several sections of the city in order to put the "democratic seal" on the reactionaries appointed by the Hillman-Schlossberg machine at the last national convention of the union.

Disregarding the mass demand for the elimination of Beckerman, Joint Board czar, from the ranks of organized labor—this demand coming even from workers not professionally left wing—Beckerman and his entire coterie of henchmen are on the ballot to fill positions of manager, assistants, trade managers and business agents. This despite the fact that the largest locals in New York voted overwhelmingly not to allow Beckerman on the ballot.

NEGRO AIDS NEW UNION

Miner's Wife Will Attend Convention

Militants Ruled Off. Left wingers, progressives and all other workers who have courage enough to openly manifest opposition to the sell-out policies of Beckerman and Hillman were arbitrarily ruled off the ballot. If the workers' Convention 5 Days Off.

RUMOR CHAMBERLAIN RETIRE

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Rumors that Sir Austen Chamberlain, British imperialist foreign secretary, is about to retire from the political arena, in which he has been instrumental in putting across several of the worst imperialist measures ever perpetrated on the British colonies, was voiced in London official circles today.

For a New Miners' Union! Fight Cossacks



Cossacks warming up for action in Pennsylvania. Not only the Pennsylvania delegation to the National Miners Convention for Building a New Union which will meet in Pittsburgh from September 16, but miners from all over the country can remember similar instances of open war used against them by the mine barons with the connivance of the capitalist state and their own reactionary misleaders. They are determined to build a strong union.

MURDER IS SEEN IN DEATH OF SEWER MAN

TRAINMEN VOTE SOLID FOR STRIKE

Officials May Prevent Walk-out

CHICAGO, Sept. 3 (UP).—Trainmen and conductors of 55 western railroads have voted almost "one hundred per cent for a walkout," A. F. Whitney of Cleveland, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, announced tonight.

"The complete tabulation has not been made," Whitney told the United Press. "The result will be close to 100 per cent for a strike, however."

Whitney arrived here today to meet with E. P. Curtis, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, and other officials and members of the "Strike Committee" to tabulate the vote and to consider the tentative proposal the railroads have offered for mediation.

The committee, numbering between 115 and 120 men, will consider the proposal of the roads at a meeting Tuesday and will vote whether or not to accept it. In event the committee would vote to accept the proposal the strike vote would be set aside, Whitney said.

A strike, if called, would affect 70,000 men. The controversy over which the men threaten to strike has been waging for several months. The workers originally demanded increases of from 10 to 18 per cent. The roads offered to meet the wage demands in part but sought to have certain working conditions included in the agreement.

The men refused the offer and the strike vote resulted.

Young Worker League Dist. 2, Meets Tonight

A general membership meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League of District 2 will be held tonight at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

Matters of immediate importance will be taken up and discussed at the meeting, and every member of the Young Workers (Communist) League should be present.

FRENCH TEXTILE STRIKE

PARIS, Sept. 3.—The rank and file of the other textile unions, headed by labor reactionaries, have joined the strike of textile workers in Northern France, which was called by the Communist textile union which delivered an ultimatum to the Northern France Textile Syndicate demanding more wages and threatening a general strike on September 2 if their demands are not met.

20,000 SIGNATURES ARE COLLECTED BY WORKERS IN BIG OPEN SHOP STATE

William Patterson, Labor Veteran, Heads Ohio Ticket

1,000 Volunteers to Be Sent Thruout State On Agitational Tours

FIND NEW PLOT AGAINST USSR; MANY ARRESTED

G. P. U. Seizes Heads of Four Moscow Factories

War Danger Is Seen

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 3 (UP).—The G. P. U. announced today that they had arrested the directors of four large Moscow factories, several technical chiefs, officials of various trusts and private traders, accused of bribery.

It was charged that raw materials, of which there is a shortage, were imported for government use and were diverted to private channels.

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, Sept. 3.—An unconfirmed dispatch from Moscow today states that directors of four of the largest factories in Moscow, and a number of technicians in various industries, have been arrested by the G. P. U. The prisoners are charged with participation in plots against production and for the overthrow of the Soviet government.

Similarity of the present arrests and charges to those in the celebrated Shakhla trial of several months ago have been pointed out and rumors that the present conspirators were financed by enemies of the Soviet Union outside the country have been made.

New clouds of war hovering on the horizon were freely discussed today following disclosure of the arrests.

Al Smith's Bed Fellow Makes Labor Day Spiel

(Special to the Daily Worker) DALLAS, Texas, Sept. 3.—The usual blarney about the "dignity of labor" was emitted by Joseph P. Robinson, vice-presidential candidate on the democratic ticket, in a Labor Day speech here today.

He approved the "principle of collective bargaining" and shadow-boxed against the "abuse" of labor injunctions.

Robinson spoke under the auspices of the labor skates of the city. According to a statement issued by the sections' industrial organizers the reports by Zimmerman and Potash are of the greatest importance at this vital moment in the struggle of the needle trades workers, and therefore to the entire Party membership in these industrial areas.

NEW DRIVE ON TAXI MEN

Yellow Cab Has Aid of Tammany Hall

Actively co-operating with the big open-shop taxi corporation, the Tammany police has begun a new campaign to drive independent taxi drivers out of existence. The campaign has taken the form of a gradually widening edict whereby public hack stands are being abolished. This is in addition, of course, to the systematic persecution and intimidation of cab drivers by the police.

Taxi drivers report that bans have been placed on a number of the most profitable hack stands. One of the latest to be abolished has been the stand on Seventh Ave., between 33rd and 34th St., in front of the Pennsylvania Hotel, which has been the favorite hack stand for more than 100 taxi drivers since the hotel was built.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 3.—For the first time in its history, the Workers (Communist) Party has qualified for a position on the official ballot in the great mining, manufacturing and agricultural state of Ohio.

The placing of the Communist ticket on the Ohio ballot is a big factor for the Workers (Communist) Party and a tribute to the enthusiasm with which the members of the Party in the Ohio District faced the tremendous task of collecting the 20,000 signatures necessary to comply with the terms of the law.

Mine, Steel Workers Aid. Of the 20,000 signatures, 10,000 were collected in Cleveland alone.

In the mining and steel regions the workers not only signed the Communist petitions willingly, but assisted in the securing of signatures.

The willingness is attributed to the active part played by the Party in the great coal strike which raged in Ohio for over a year. The Communists stood with the left wing in the United Mine Workers Union against the operators and the Lewis machine which deliberately sought to break down the morale of the strikers and send them back to work on the employers' terms. When the strike was finally broken and the union destroyed, the Communists took the lead in fighting to build the new union.

Open Shop State. This is a state notorious for its open shop drives, as the birthplace of the infamous "Ohio gang" including Warren Gamaliel Harding, Harry Daugherty and Jess Smith, unofficial head of the bribe-collection section of the department of justice.

Ohio has contributed more capitalist presidents and presidential candidates to the nation than any state in the union. It threw up Mark Hanna, the man who put electioneering on a gold basis, and John D. Rockefeller, the oily king of gasoline who his start there. Norman Thomas, who is now leading what is left of the socialist party back to Jesus, first saw the light of salvation in Marion, O., the late Gamaliel's home town.

The district organizer, I. Amter, and the Campaign Committee of Party District No. 5, with headquarters in Cleveland, under the direction of N. Schaffer, mapped out a plan for all sections of the state and assigned quotas to each Party organization in the district.

Workers Remember. The steel workers of Youngstown, Warren and other cities remembered the great steel strike which was led by William Z. Foster, candidate for president on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket this year. They know that today only the Communists are actively engaged propagandizing the workers in all industries for militant trade unionism, the reactionary leaders of the A. F. of L. and the socialist party having gone over bag and baggage to the employing classes.

Ohio was the first state to send a revolutionist to jail for opposition to the war. Charles E. Ruthenberg, late executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, delivered a speech against the war shortly after it was declared in the public square of Cleveland and was sent to jail in Canton prison for one year.

Revolutionary Traditions. It was in Canton that Eugene V. Debs was arrested for his famous anti-war speech and sentenced to 10 years in Atlanta.

The left wing of the socialist party of Ohio was expelled on the eve of the socialist convention in Chicago in 1919 with the entire state of Michigan. Ruthenberg, who was secretary of the Cleveland section of the socialist party, was the leader of the left wing in Ohio and was

Reveal Criminal Negligence of Interborough in Third Train Accident in 2 Weeks

CHARGE I. R. T. WAS AWARE OF BAD EQUIPMENT

111 Persons Treated by Doctors

Criminal negligence on the part of the Interborough Rapid Transit, on whose subway and elevated lines three accidents, claiming almost a score of lives and injuring over 200 others, have occurred within the last two weeks, was yesterday blamed for the fire in the East River subway tunnel which caused a panic among 300 passengers trapped within the smoke-filled car.

When the final check-up was made this morning of those who had suffered injury in the latest disaster, it was found that 111 persons had been treated for suffocation and injuries. Many of the injured had been trampled as the passengers, still fresh with the horrors of the Times Square disaster, made a general rush for the exits.

So indisputable is the guilt of the I. R. T. in the most recent train accident that even the Transit Commission of New York, which has continually shielded the company and perverted the facts of different accidents to exonerate the officials from all blame, was forced to reluctantly admit that the entire blame for the East River tunnel fire lay on the criminal negligence of the Interborough.

The report of the Commission disclosed the fact that a Flushing train which had passed through the tunnel which goes under the East River from the Grand Central terminal to Long Island City, just preceding the train in which the fire and subsequent panic had taken place, had arrived at the Jackson Ave. station in Long Island City with eleven contact shoes ripped off.

The Transit Commission admits that Interborough had made no attempt to investigate how the shoes had been torn away. As a result of this failure to investigate, the Astoria train was sent over the same tracks a few minutes later, with disastrous results.

The three accidents on the I. R. T. lines, coming within so short a period of time, have served to arouse the anxiety and the anger of the workers who are forced to use the inefficient and out-of-date cars supplied by the I. R. T. on their ways to and from work. A movement is growing steadily to demand the immediate investigation of I. R. T. facilities, wages, hours and assets by a committee composed of workers.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

Open-air meetings throughout Greater New York have been arranged by the agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party:

Today.
Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, Bklyn., Frank Rosemond, Shafran; Sutter and Williams, Gklyn., Taft, Lipzin, G. Welsh, Julius Cohen; Longwood and Prospect, Bronx, Neslin, Frishkoff, Blake, Leo Margolies; Lenox Ave. and 133rd St., N. Y. C., R. B. Moore, McDonald, H. Williams.

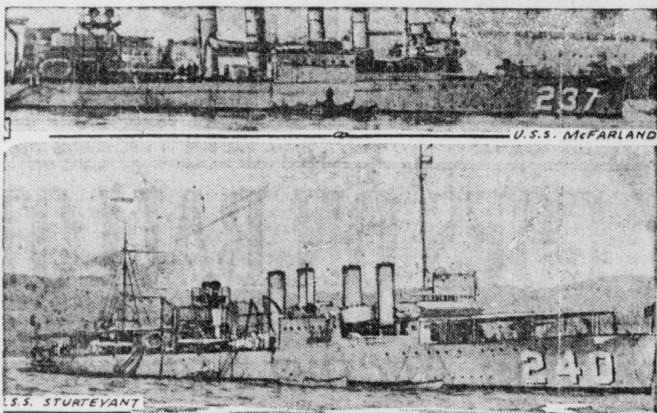
Tomorrow.
Twenty-eighth St. and Lexington Ave., Baum, Suskin, Abert; 2nd Ave. and 10th St., N. Y. C., Gussakoff, Hendin, Goliger, I. Cohen; Union Square, N. Y. C., Powers, Blake, Ross, Caplan; Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx, Padgug, Gold, LeRoy, Alkin, Sumner; Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Bklyn., Yusem, Vera Bush, Midolla, Jessie Taft; 7th Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. C., Padmore, Pasternack, Ed. Welsh, Schalk; 7th Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C., R. Moore, Lamb, Lloyd; Passaic, N. J., Ed. Wright, Ida Starr, Evelyn Blacker.

Thursday, Sept. 6.
138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, Cokind, Peer, H. Williams; Wm. Margolis; 40th St. and 6th Ave., N. Y. C., V. Smith, Joe Cohen; Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx, Chas. Zimmerman, Wurtis, Harfield, Weitz, Spiro; 25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I. Ben Lifshitz, Shapiro, Magliacano, Chalupski; Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, L. L. Powers, Rock, Schachtman, Heder, Mueller; Stone and Pitkin Ave., Bklyn., Benjamin, Kagan, Sumner, J. Cohen.

Friday, Sept. 7.
National Biscuit Co. (noon), Grecht, Ross; Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn., Ragozin, Castrell, Lillienstein, Wilson; 5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C., Markoff, Lloyd, Grace Lamb, Lyons, Rodriguez; Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn., Bimba, Rosemond, G. Welsh, Midolla; 50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn., Reiss, Yusem, I. Zimmerman, Donaldson; Market Plaza, Newark, N. J., Vera Bush, Szepeszy, L. Duke; Patterson, N. J. (8 Governor St.), Baum, Freiman, Laurence Elkind.

Saturday, Sept. 8.
1st Ave. and 116th St. (Italian), Auerbach, Napoli, Rolfe; 1st Ave. and 79th St., V. Smith, Moreau, Magliacano, Lloyd; West New York, N. J., Leroy, C. Martin; Perth Amboy, N. J., Padmore, Covatez; Elizabeth, N. J., Markoff, R. Duke; Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Wright, Weich.

A Real Wall Street "Yacht"; Destroyer Sturtevant



With the signing of the Kellogg "peace" pact the powers of Europe and North America have drawn closer together for a more concerted preparation of war against the Soviet Union. Their common desire to crush the first workers' and peasants' republic does not exclude the possibility of a war among themselves in the meantime, nor does the "peace" pact forbid their crushing weaker populations in their fight for colonies. In preparation for all these eventualities the American, and other militarists, are constantly on guard. Above, one of the "guardians," whose guns are always levelled against the workers of Nicaragua, China, the Soviet Union or the United States no matter which way they happen to be pointing.

GENERAL MOTORS HEAD FOR HOOVER

Partner Backs Smith; Win Either Way

Continued from Page One
committee of the General Motors Corporation before assuming his position as chairman of the finance committee of Al Smith's campaign. This move was made in order to disguise the role of the Morgan interests, which control General Motors, in the presidential campaign.

Wall St. Twins.
Pierre du Pont, big munitions manufacturer and one of the heads of General Motors, had also come out for Tammany Al, backing his announcement with a \$50,000 Tammany campaign contribution, whereas his brother, Lamont du Pont, has announced his support of Hoover.

Emphasizing the fact that the General Motors Corporation has never been so prosperous as under the Coolidge administration, Sloan continues with: "I am confident that Mr. Hoover can be counted upon to carry forward all the policies and principles which have contributed to this prosperity."

Prosperity for the Boss.
"Would the stockholders of any business," he asks, "the management of which has built up generous profits, made liberal disbursements in dividends, increased prestige and the value of the corporation's securities, brought prosperity to the organization, be likely to change that management?"

His statement, it is seen, clearly defines the stand of big business, which has built up fat profits from the imperialist and reactionary activities of the old parties, and which is interested naturally, in the continuation of the same state of affairs.

LEAGUE COUNCIL SESSION OPENED

GENEVA, Sept. 3.—The ninth assembly of the League of Nations opened today. H. J. Procopo, foreign minister of Finland, presided as temporary chairman. The assembly then elected Herluf Zahle, Danish minister to Berlin, as president. The assembly was attended by the prime ministers of Germany, Austria, Canada, Lithuania, Luxembourg and Norway, and the foreign ministers of Belgium, Cuba, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Latvia, Holland, Poland, Portugal, Yugo-slavia, Czechoslovakia, Sweden and Switzerland. It was a record for the attendance of so many high government officials. Chancellor Hermann Mueller of Germany and Foreign Minister Aristide Briand of France conferred at length in the corridors before the assembly opened.

REPORT VENIZELOS ILL.
ATHENS, Sept. 3 (UP).—Premier Venizelos was taken to hospital today, suffering from a slight attack of the dengue fever that, assuming epidemic proportions, has caused grave anxiety throughout the country.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

- Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
- Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
- Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
- Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
- Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
- Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Underworld Czar Ruled Philadelphia Gangs, Bootleg Ring

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 3 (UP).—An underworld czar who ruled various gangs with the proverbial iron fist—settled disputes, acted as chief pursuer of the treasury in paying out protection money and fixed prices—has been disclosed in the grand jury investigation of Philadelphia's gang world.

District Attorney Mongahan, who is resting at Atlantic City over the week end, made this disclosure today.

The tentacles of the rum ring's organized graft payment has involved the Delaware River Bridge police, according to the prosecutor, and liquor-laden trucks have passed without interruption from Camden, N. J., to Philadelphia through large payments to certain members of the force, the prosecutor said.

GITLOW TO TALK IN PITTSBURGH

Opens Workers Party Drive in State

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 3.—The Workers (Communist) Party Election Campaign in western Pennsylvania will be opened with a huge mass meeting at 8 p.m., Sept. 7, in the Fifth Ave. High School Auditorium located on the 1800 block of Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh.

Ben Gitlow, candidate for vice-president of the United States, will be the principal speaker. Gitlow, who is well known in western Pennsylvania, will speak on the issues involved in the present election campaign and will expose both Hoover and Smith as the enemy of the workers. He will also expose the socialist party as an enemy of the workingclass.

The Workers Party had no difficulties here in securing the necessary number of signatures in order to place its candidates on the ballot and they were also endorsed by the Labor Party of Pennsylvania. The names of Foster and Gitlow will appear on the ballots of both the Labor Party and the Workers (Communist) Party.

Gitlow will also address a meeting in Ambridge at the Croatian Hall, on Thursday, Sept. 6, at 8 p.m. These are the only two meetings at which Comrade Gitlow will speak in western Pennsylvania.

Peasants Elect Woman Governor of Kaluga

KALUGA, U. S. S. R., Sept. 3 (UP).—Serefina Liubimova, a woman of 30, has been chosen chairman of the central executive committee of Kaluga province, a position which corresponds to governor.

Peasants of the province excitedly discussed their "young lady governor."

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of THE DAILY WORKER.

HILLMAN HOLDS FAKE ELECTIONS

Left Wingers are Ruled Off Ballots

Continued from Page One
vote was too overwhelmingly in favor of a left winger in the nomination primaries the Hillman gang ordered that "objections" be found against him and he was then removed.

The Trade Union Educational League, Tailors section, yesterday issued a statement to the workers in the men's clothing industry of New York regarding the present elections. The statement declares in part:

"The Hillman company union holds elections this week. A pretense at 'democracy' will be made. They will ask you to vote for officials long ago appointed by the Hillman-Schlossberg clique at the national convention, who were appointed in return for their votes of endorsement of Hillman's policy of betraying the workers by forcing the piece-work system on them.

Attacked Workers.
"Those who received three and four times as many votes in the primary elections which the officialdom were compelled to hold at open local meetings, were not permitted to go on the ballot. This was done because they fought the officialdom's planned sell-outs to the employers.

"Tailors! At the same time the officials were planning 'democratic' elections, they were organizing squads of thugs who came in automobiles to butcher your fellow workers. An example of this is the attack on Abe Jacobs in William P. Goldman's shop.

"What have you to gain from these elections? What benefits do we derive from the elections of any of the sets of crooks that may be competing among each other?

Most Organize!
"Tailors! We must organize into left wingers and progressives into an organization which will fight bitterly against the continued betrayals of the reactionaries who have made a company union of our organization.

"Only a struggle conducted by such an organization will put an end to slavish conditions forced upon us in the shops. Only that will end piece-work, wage reductions, the speed-up systems and further betrayals."

Comrade Scott Nearing and Foster will speak in Pittsburgh same time in October, it has been announced.

"HERMITAGE" IS VISITED BY MANY IN SOVIET UNION

World Tourists, Inc., Plan New Trip

The Hermitage Art Gallery in Leningrad is one of the richest and most famous in the entire world. Despite the disorganization caused by the World War and years of civil war, the Soviet Union has guarded zealously the art works which are now enjoyed by all the workers and peasants.

Famous Art Gallery.
The Hermitage is a name that for art-lovers is comparable to the Louvre in Paris, the National Gallery in London, the Prado in Madrid, or any of the other extensive collections in the world. On the roof of the original Hermitage, this mighty Semiramis of the north, as she is called, created a huge garden of flowers, shrubs and trees, heated in winter by subterranean vaults and illuminated in summer.

After the October Revolution some of the collections were moved to the Winter Palace (now the Palace of Art), thus affording space for the acquisitions, some of which came from other museums and others from private collections that were expropriated by the workers and peasants republic.

Treasures.
In the Hermitage the Dutch art works are rivaled only by the museums in Holland and are perhaps unequalled save at Dresden. The Spanish collection is comparable to that at Madrid. Rubens may be seen here as he is at Munich. There are over 1,500 pictures, many of them masterpieces of world-wide fame.

The collection of coins and medals contains over 300,000 pieces and it is said to be equal to all the collections in Paris combined. There are 400 antique marbles and about 1,700 vases.

In the section of antiquities are Greek and Roman sculptures and a rich collection of terra cottas, vases and cameos, the collection having started with Peter the Great, who purchased the Venus of Taurida. The collection of Egyptian antiquities is of sufficient variety to afford a complete impression of life and manners of ancient Egypt.

Visitors Enthusiastic.
Visitors returning from the U. S. S. R. report that these museums and art galleries are found everywhere, and are frequented by thousands of workers each day.

The World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., is arranging a popular tour to the Soviet Union on the S. S. Mauritania, which leaves New York on October 17. The trip will consume 35 days, and tourists will visit London, Copenhagen, Helsingfors, Leningrad, Moscow, Warsaw, Berlin and Paris.

Inasmuch as the World Tourists, Inc., is officially authorized to arrange visas of Americans to the U. S. S. R., it is able to obtain free visas for its passengers.

Attempt to Hush Up Evangelist's Fraud

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 3 (UP).—A final conference between attorneys attempting a settlement of the suits charging Aimee Semple McPherson and others with conspiracy to defraud in connection with a land deal will be held here today. E. S. Hahn, counsel for the investors, said he expected the cases to be settled satisfactorily. Otherwise, he said, he will file six more actions this week.

Route Bombing Planes Will Take



The direct air route from Curtis Field and Roosevelt Field, the army's military plane center, to Canada runs on a diagonal from the Hempstead Plains on Long Island over the low Allegheny ridges in Southern New York to Buffalo. This is the line which bombing planes will use in event of war between Great Britain and the United States, should Canada participate on the side of Great Britain. It is not for nothing that Macel Merrill, director of the Curtis Air Service, and Edward Ronne, manager of the Buffalo airport, flew over this route recently. Their flight ended in disaster at Eddy Pond, Pa., marked E on the chart.

OPPOSITIONISTS RETURN TO RANKS

Young Workers Admit Their Errors

The Central Control Commission of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union has received a declaration signed by the following well known oppositional members of the Young Communist League who were expelled from the Party: Rumiantev, ex-Secretary of the Northwest Bureau of the Central Committee; Tarasov, ex-chief of the Educational Department of the Central Committee, and Katalynov, ex-member of the delegation of the Executive Committee of the Communist International. Sixteen other active ex-functionaries of the Young Communist League have associated themselves with this declaration of the former oppositional elements.

Alexandrov, a former member of the Central Committee of the Young Communist League and Secretary of the Leningrad Gubernia organization, has handed in a special declaration with which Takhanov, a former Secretary of the Central Committee of the Young Communist International up to 1924, and a prominent leader of the Leningrad opposition, has associated himself. All these comrades renounce all factional activity, condemn the platform of the opposition, recognize the correctness of the policy of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and of the decisions of the fifteenth Party Congress and withdraw their signatures from the documents of the "13" and "63." They ask to be reinstated into the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. "Our way can only be that of the Leninist Party, we can work only within that Party," is a statement contained in the declaration.

Karolyi Leaves U. S. After 2-Day Visit
Count Michael Karolyi yesterday sailed for Europe aboard the Spanish Royal Mail liner Cristobal Colon following a two-day stay in New York and Washington.

During that period, allowed him by special dispensation from the U. S. State Department, Karolyi flew to Washington to confer with the Alien Property Custodian about funds which he collected here and which is being withheld, and delivered a timid speech at the Anti-Horthy mass meeting held at Central Opera House Sunday evening.

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These will be red letter days of the biggest event of the year.

You're in the fight when you write for THE DAILY WORKER.

SHOE STRIKERS HOLDING FIRM AFTER WEEK

Boss Can't Make Dent in Ranks

The seventh day of the strike of 73 shoe workers, who constitute 100 per cent of the working force of the S. Lieberman Shoe Co., Oak St., Brooklyn, finds the workers as unanimously determined to fight it out to the end as they were on the first day when they left their benches and walked out after their general chairman had been dismissed for union activities.

Tempting advertisements were again inserted in the newspapers by the factory owners in an effort to replace the striking workers. Ten shoe workers answered the advertisements, but immediately made an about-face when they found the plant strike-bound. Yesterday, as on the first attempt to get strike-breakers by ads, several of the applicants went to the union headquarters and signed up as members.

An announcement by A. Magliacano, organizer for the Independent Shoe Workers Union of Greater New York, says that the strikers are to hold a general meeting this morning at 10:30 in the quarters of the Arcadia Club, Rodney and Hope Sts., Brooklyn. The organizer and several outside speakers will address the strikers.

The strike was precipitated when the boss decided to challenge the union by discharging the general chairman. The walkout followed immediately.

Fires May Indicate Lost Explorers

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 3 (UP).—Mysterious fires seen on Edge Island, off Spitzbergen, a fortnight ago were believed by meteorologists today to afford an indication of the possible presence there of survivors of the seaplane of Roald Amundsen or the "gasbag party" of the dirigible Italia.

Already parts of the seaplane, in which Amundsen and five companions started on a rescue mission to the Italia, have been found and taken back to Tromsø. Two pontoons, rusted after long hours in the northern waters, were picked up.

DENGUE IN EGYPT
CAIRO, Egypt, Sept. 3 (UP).—Dengue fever, which spread through Greece in a devastating epidemic, appeared in Cairo today.

Who wins when you read your boss's paper?

Are You Working

for the

DAILY WORKER-FREIHEIT BAZAAR

October 4, 5, 6 and 7

These will be red letter days of the biggest event of the year.

Madison Square Garden

will be the place for this stupendous expression of proletarian effort and initiative.

EVERY PARTY UNIT from New York to Seattle, from Maine to Texas, every workingclass organization sympathetic with the revolutionary movement, every class conscious worker on the job. Here is what you should do:

ELECT A BAZAAR COMMITTEE to gather articles. Solicit ads for the souvenir program at \$75 per page. No workingclass organization should fail to register itself in this manner by taking all or part of a page. No Workers Party Unit should be missing. Gather names for the Red Honor Roll at one dollar a name.

Fall in line to make the Red Bazaar the biggest success of the year.

HEADQUARTERS

National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee

30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK CITY

Did You Receive Our Letter? Did You Answer?

If not yet, tax yourself with one day's wage and do your share to complete the fund

A Day's Wage
for the
\$100,000
COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN FUND

Are you unemployed and so badly in need that you cannot send even a single dollar or a two-dollar bill for the Communist Campaign?

ANSWER BEFORE YOU LAY DOWN THIS NOTICE

We Need 5's, 10's, 25's and 100's but the singles and twos are just as welcome.

Just attach your contribution to the blank that we sent you and mail it in NOW!

Send all Funds to ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treasurer

National Election Campaign Committee

43 EAST 125TH STREET

NEW YORK CITY

Bukharin's Speech in Reply to Discussion on the International Situation

Bukharin's speech in reply to the discussion on the international situation at the Sixth Congress of the Communist International began in Saturday's Daily Worker. Those sections already published are: "I. The Positive and Negative Sides of the Discussion," "II. The Stabilization of Capitalism and the Controversy over the 'Third Period,'" and "III. The War Question is the Central Question."

Thus, the imperialists say: We don't want war, the U. S. S. R. wants war. Pilsudski says: I don't want war, the U. S. S. R. wants war. Meanwhile, all of them are feverishly preparing for a war of aggression against the U. S. S. R. and for war among themselves. I do not wish to assert that this war will break out for certain within the next few months. No one can say in what month, or even in what year war will break out. But the point is not whether war will break out within a year or two or three. The point is that the danger of war is growing from month to month. I think that this is perfectly clear. It is to the imperialists' interests to obscure this thesis and the social democrats are interested in the same thing. But there is no reason why we should conceal this fact. Hence, I cannot agree to the significance of this fact being diminished in any form, even in the form of separating external contradictions from internal contradictions.

Several comrades, as it were, keep internal contradictions in one pocket and external contradictions in another. There were several comrades of our delegation who adopted the same attitude, but they received no support. Is this attitude correct? No, it is not. It is the reflection of an underestimation of the war danger. From the objective point of view it is the reflection of right wing dangers in the Communist International. The principal danger that threatens us is the underestimation of the war danger. In view of the fact that this question is by no means a simple one, on the contrary, it is a very complicated one, I think it is my duty to explain it in the most elementary manner possible, in order to avoid any possible misunderstandings and in order to obtain a clearest possible picture of it.

First of all, are there any persons in the Communist International who underestimate the war danger? Undoubtedly there are. Comrade Thorez, Semard, Ercoli and many other comrades referred to it. All of us have said and emphasized, for example, that the Chinese revolution and Japan's war against China have not been sufficiently reflected in the work of the Parties affiliated to the Communist International. Therefore, the objective situation reveals a continuous increase in the war danger, if the position of the imperialists and social democrats is absolutely clear, then we must take the under-estimation of the war danger seriously into consideration. This under-estimation of the war danger follows from the fact that the war danger is regarded as an ordinary problem, as one of many equally important problems. We do not link up the war danger with other questions in such a way as to subordinate all our other tasks combatting approaching war. And this is precisely what we must do if our actions are to correspond to the objective situation and to our tasks of the day. This is why I would like to enlarge on this thesis.

You know, comrades, that in his article on the Hague Conference, Lenin wrote, that in time of war or immediately on the eve of war a section of the Communist press will undoubtedly disgrace itself. Of course, it may be said that Lenin was a "pessimist." But the fact is, we have these words written in black and white by Lenin. Shall we say that this was an "incautious" expression to use? I do not know whether this forecast will be realized, but I do know that such a danger exists in view of the under-estimation of the war danger. I ask you what other danger is there to compare with this one? Almost none, for this is the fundamental question of the whole situation.

How the Question of External and Internal Contradictions Should be Presented.

I ask you to verify the question as to whether this is the fundamental question or not. If you decide that this is the fundamental question then it will be easy for you to draw the necessary conclusions. In my opinion, attempts to transfer the center of gravity from the question of the war danger to that of the internal contradictions or to some other, imply a failure to understand the seriousness of the situation. This question is closely connected with the under-estimation of the intervention which has already commenced in China. I think also that it is connected with what I referred to in my speech: the inadequate internationalism of our Communist Parties.

The question of the internal contradictions and the connection these have with the external contradictions is a very complicated one. I have already pointed out that some comrades, as it were, put the internal contradictions in one pocket and the external contradictions in the other. Such an attitude does not correspond to the objective state of affairs and must inevitably lead to erroneous tactical conclusions. Let us examine the question. First of all I ask you: is revolution possible without war? This is quite a legitimate question. The answer is: of course it is possible. It would be absurd to suggest that an im-

mediate revolutionary situation can arise only in connection with war. It is true that history shows that in a majority of cases revolutions have been connected with war. Examples of these are: the Paris Commune, which arose during the Franco-Prussian war; the first great revolution in Russia in 1905, which broke out immediately following the Russo-Japanese war; the February and October Revolutions of 1917 in Russia and a number of European and Asiatic revolutions, which broke out in connection with the world war—all these revolutions were closely connected with wars. But can it be asserted that in our times an immediate revolutionary situation in countries like Germany and Czechoslovakia can arise, only in connection with war? Such an assertion would be absurd and from the practical point of view it would imply that we must "wait" for war to break out, and that we must take into account only one single perspective in our work. The question is: must we, as subjective factors, as a definite force, prepare for revolutionary situations under all circumstances? Of course we must. I repeat, it would be absurd to propose any other tactics. But, speaking generally, the degree of probability of revolution in either of these cases are not the same. I would formulate this in the following way: immediate revolutionary situations are possible, and perhaps even probable in Europe say, even without wars; but it is absolutely inevitable in the event of war. In the event of war revolution is historically inevitable; wars will be inevitably accompanied by revolutions. Thus, it would be radically wrong to deny the possibility of an immediate revolutionary situation arising as a result of the development of internal contradictions alone.

Rejecting as I do the eclectic point of view of the comrades who isolate internal from external contradictions I must deal with the mutual relations of these contradictions.

What are the mutual relations between these two categories of facts, where is the function point, which is to serve as the starting point or the conclusions we must draw? In my opinion, world economic contradictions, the great world conflicts are of first class importance in this respect. Take England for example. Are the internal contradictions becoming more acute there? Of course they are. The growth of those contradictions in Great Britain are connected with the process of decline of the British Empire. But has not the process of decline of the British Empire its roots, in the majority of cases, in the international situation? Is it not due to the competition of the United States, to the centrifugal tendencies of the British Dominions and partly also of the colonies, and a number of other international factors? Picture to yourself a different international milieu for British capitalism, and the results will be altogether different.

Now take another example, the

IV. The External and Internal Contradictions of the Capitalist System

internal contradictions in Germany. Who does not know that it was American capitalism that facilitated the stabilization of Germany. Can we in this case draw a sharp line of demarcation between internal and international factors? Just imagine for a moment America refusing to supply credits to Germany (a prospect that is held out by the Economist, Paish)—and internal collapse is inevitable.

Now take another category of factors. Why should we deal only with economics? I have in mind politics and partly also economic policy. We talk about "industrial peace," "Mondism," about the treachery of social democracy and of how it is becoming merged with the state apparatus, etc. All this is 100 per cent true. But try and explain these processes merely from the point of view of the growth of internal contradictions. You will not be able to explain them. What is "peace in industry?" It is the most sharply expressed form of the class truce—the best form of war preparations. Those who fail to understand that, lose sight of the very essentials of the question. Why was the Trade Union Act passed in Great Britain? Is it possible for us to understand this "internal" act if we ignore external problems and completely lose sight of the preparations for war? If we ignore this point, in this way we shall be incapable of carrying on any agitation whatever against this act. Does not the new orientation of social democracy towards the internal question of class truce intensify the treacherous role of social democracy in foreign politics? Is this not clear to every infant? Is there anyone so foolish as to deny the connection that exists between Paul Boncour's military law with the internal situation in France as well as with its foreign relationships? I could quote numerous examples of a similar character. But the examples I have already quoted are sufficient to convince us that all other problems are subordinate to the central problem of the war danger, to the problem of war. This applies to the problems of internal politics and to internal contradictions. Any other approach to the question of internal politics and to the tactical problems connected with them are unsound and certainly not revolutionary.

The Fight Against the War Danger Must Permeate All Our Day to Day Work.

We all start out from the point that it is necessary to intensify our day to day mass struggle. Several Parties are limping along very badly in this respect. But everyone is agreed with the theory of it. What then is the difference between our day to day work and the day to day work of the social democrats? There surely must be a difference. What is this difference? The difference is that Communists must link up the day to day ques-

tions of so-called "high politics." Take a British Communist for example. What sort of agitation must he carry on among the masses when, for example, he has to lead, say, a small strike? The fight against restriction of trade union rights in any form must be linked up with the fight against the Trade Union Act. In its turn the fight against the Trade Union Act must be linked up with the fight against "Mondism" and with the fight against war. The fight against war must be linked up with the fight for the dictatorship of the proletariat. If he does not act in this way he is not a Communist. The broad masses of the proletariat

who took part in the last world war know the "price" and know the incalculable suffering that the imperialist bourgeoisie inflicted upon humanity. In our day to day work we must point to the danger of war in connection with every day to day question of any importance. We could quite easily give up this trump card, but it would be a very silly thing to do from the political point of view. I want to put this question very clearly before the comrades and ask them to ponder over it. In my opinion we may make two estimations of the situation, and from each of these, different tactical orientations will follow. One orientation is that which does

not co-ordinate general problems with everyday problems, and the other orientation which certainly does link up every day to day demand with the problem of war—the problem which in our day is the central problem. In their tactics Communists must unfailingly link up every minor, everyday problem with the big general problems. It goes without saying that this calls for considerable ability. High-sounding phrases are not enough. We must employ astute methods of propaganda and agitation; not isolate but co-ordinate them and subordinate all problems to the problem of war. In criticizing the social democrats (rights as well as

"lefts," who are the most subtle and most pernicious deceivers of the working class) we must emphasize that "industrial democracy" and arbitration are not only of economic significance, but that they are also means for the preparation for war. We must open the eyes of the proletariat and the poor peasants to this fact. This is how we must carry on our propaganda, this is the direction towards which we must orientate the whole of our tactical line. We do not want a jumble of numerous facts; but from all the facts, from all the developing tendencies we must bring out the central point, the central problem of the war danger. In co-ordinating our partial demands with the problem of war, with the struggle against war, we must also link them up with the propaganda for the dictatorship of the proletariat. It may so happen, of course, that the immediate struggle for the dictatorship of the proletariat even if there is no war. But we must note the fact that the coming war is already casting its

evil shadow before. Thus, I have analysed the mutual relations between internal and external problems. I have emphasized that an eclectic approach to this question is impermissible. This analysis has brought out the necessity for a firm and determined line and the necessity for concentrating attention on the problem of war; the need for linking up this problem with all other problems, the need for special propaganda and agitation in order to prepare the proletariat for the struggle against the bourgeoisie and against social democracy. Such is our fundamental tactical line. It is the only possible line for the Communist International.

Bukharin's speech will be continued in tomorrow's Daily Worker when the fifth section, "V. Problems connected with the work of the Communist Parties," will be published.

TEXTILE PICKET LINES STRONGER

Expose Fake Federal Mediation Scheme

Continued from Page One
a break in their ranks are the cause for frenzied attempts to marshal seabs, strengthen the police terror and call in federal "conciliators" of the strikebreaking Wood type.
In spite of the rumors of rallying seabs, two of the most important mills here, the Potomaska and the Kilburn, were compelled to announce to their office force, minor superintendents and other petty foremen, that the mills are compelled to dismiss them until further notice.
Charles Wood, federal labor commissioner, announced that he is intensifying his efforts for a settlement. Surprisingly little attention is being paid to his efforts by the workers, who are determined not to permit their inspiring struggle to be betrayed by a fake settlement. Wood and the Textile Council of officialdom may reach without taking into consideration the Textile

WORKERS UNION OF THE TEXTILE MILL COMMITTEES, WHO ARE THE REAL REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STRIKERS. WOOD SAID HE HAD APPLIED TO SECRETARY OF LABOR DAVIS FOR TWO MORE MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION TO BE SENT HERE.

The removal of the governor-appointed judges who have sent hundreds of strikers to jail, donation to strikers' relief of the sums returned by the authorities to the mill owners as tax rebates on their property and the immediate termination of the police terror against mass picketing, are three of the outstanding demands to be made of Governor Fuller when the committee of 40 strikers go to Boston to keep their appointment with him.
Although by no means Utopian enough to believe that Fuller will concede these justifiable demands, the leaders of the textile strikers take this step in order to further expose the governmental machine and show that even the higher officialdom are directly responsible for the oppression of strikers in Fall River.
STRATON AGAIN
John Roach Straton, notorious Holy Roller, yesterday revived his attack on Tammany Al Smith, calling him the "chief friend of liquor in America today."

HOLD PARLEY FOR STRIKE DEFENSE

Boston Conference for Mill Strikers

Continued from Page One
effort to break up the mass picketing. Many of the workers have been arrested numerous times and their sentences total, in some cases, as high as two years. Their fines run into thousands of dollars. The bail that is now posted with the courts amounts to more than \$250,000, involving security running up to \$500,000.
"In Fall River 82 workers have been arrested for their strike activities. Their sentences amount to many months in jail and heavy fines. The judge has just handed down a ruling that is practically without precedent, deciding that the bail posted for an arrested striker is to be forfeited if the striker is again arrested!" The bail put up for Fall River strikers amounts to \$35,000.
"The International Labor Defense, a national, non-partisan, working-class organization, whose aim is to defend all workers, irrespective of

their opinions or affiliations, from attacks, arrests and imprisonment, I. L. D. (in cities having more than one branch) is entitled to send two delegates, one of whom is to be the local secretary.
"3. All trade unions, co-operatives, workers fraternal societies clubs and other organizations sympathetic to the aims of International Labor Defense, are entitled to two delegates each.
"4. Former class-war prisoners influential individuals interested in labor defense, and members of the District Committee of the I. L. D. are invited to attend the conference as fraternal delegates.
"5. The expenses of all delegates attending the conference are to be paid by the delegates themselves or by the organizations they represent.
"It is the aim of the International Labor Defense to make this conference of New England an imposing demonstration of the unity of all progressive elements in the labor movement for the defense of New Bedford and Fall River strikers and for support of all persecuted workers and their families and for organized resistance to capitalist persecution in America and throughout the world.
"All organizations which favor this idea are urged to send delegates to the conference. Credential form enclosed herewith. Please notify the District Office as soon as your delegates are elected.

COMPLETE TOUR \$375

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1928
The Presidential Election and The Workers
By JAY LOVESTONE
20 cents

The secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party analyzes the economic and political background for the presidential elections.

The role of the major parties in the campaign.

The tasks facing the workers and what the Workers (Communist) Party means to them.

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ELECTRICAL WORKER, DAILY WORKER READER, SAYS MEN ITCHING TO FIGHT BROACH

(By a Worker Correspondent)
The Daily Worker of Aug. 7, dealing with the electrical industry and especially with H. H. Broach and Co., certainly was an eye-opener to

(thousands of electricians of New York and vicinity.
The members of local 3, as well as the unorganized electricians, are finding out who their friends and who their enemies are. Mr. Broach, who tried to railroad a \$24 increase in dues was miserably defeated, al-

though he succeeded in railroading an increase of \$21.
Right was Mr. Solomon when he got up at that meeting, red and full of perspiration, and stated that the members have voted down the increase of \$24 because of the "Red Page" in the Daily Worker.

Yes, Mr. Solomon, we have realized that it is the Daily Worker with its "Red Pages" that is fighting for the interests of the workers and not you who are getting \$115 a week of the workers' sweat and blood.
In a recent copy of the Daily Worker appeared a letter signed by

a brother, K. V. W., stating that "Little Caesar" did not answer the questions put to him by the Daily Worker. Of course not. Don't you know that he has nothing to say on the accusations. He knows that the membership is discovering his betrayals and that he can't bluff them

any more.
The members of local 3 will have to put up a bigger fight than they have done until now, for Broach will not give up without a battle. Many of us are now determined to fight to a finish.

I, too, am a reader of the Daily Worker. I hope that all members of the local will get wise to themselves and begin to read the Daily.
More power to the Daily Worker.
—J. C. S.

Central Alloy Steel Mill Committee to Call Strike, Correspondent Says

HANDOUTS CANTON WORKERS MASS PICKETING DESPITE POLICE

Mill Bosses Import Gamblers, Spies

(By a Worker Correspondent)
CANTON, O. (By Mail).—The strike of 500 chippers and grinders of the Central Alloy Steel Corporation, now in its fourth week, is still gaining strength. The strikers are more enthusiastic and hopeful of gaining their demands than at any time since the strike. News has reached the strikers that of the 600 scabs imported into the mill, from Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Youngstown, etc., only 150 remain in the mill. The scabs are being sheltered and fed inside the mill. The company has put into use the barracks which were used in 1925 to break the strike.

Mrs. Proves Dud



In the excitement of a campaign politicians some times make some strange blunders even going to such absurd lengths as enforcing a law that would cause some annoyance to the rich. Mrs. Mabel Walker Wilbrandt, assistant attorney general, in charge of dry enforcement, has heard some criticism. Some people have even gone so far as to suggest the prohibition law as not being enforced noticeably. Mrs. Wilbrandt descended on New York and prepared 125 subpoenas. Many a wealthy liquor lover took a lama off his knee and a bottle out of her mouth to get a better glance at a newspaper to see that he was able to be called before the grand jury. But it was all a mistake. Mrs. S. Attorney Charles H. Tuttle arrived from the hills, reassured the boys, pulled some strings, sent Mrs. home, and cancelled the subpoenas, and the balloon-bellies cancelled their bookings to Europe.

A worker can occasionally get a little solace even from a capitalist employer. For instance a dispatch says that Joseph Craig a policeman must spend ten days in his own car for being drunk.

Gems of Learning

Charles Curtis, vice-presidential candidate solving the farm problem: "I am convinced that if a small joint committee of the House and Senate were appointed to study the problem and to find a proper solution, the necessary relief quickly would be offered."
The detail certainly should be attended to.

Dr. Otto Hoetzsch, member of German reichstag, now in America; the Kellogg pact:
"... is his policy solely due to election considerations inasmuch as the electoral campaign demands success for the republican party, or, at least, a program of foreign policy?"
Not altogether. It's also an anti-S. S. R. combine. —M. C. H.

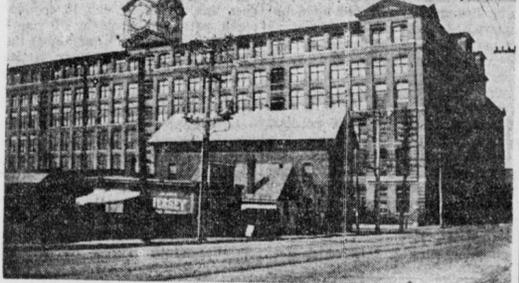
Start Flight From Dessau to Peking

DESSAU, Sept. 3 (UP).—Two German flyers, holders of the world's endurance flight record, today were winging their way on a record flight from Dessau to Peking. The Germans are Edward Istiez and Herr Zimmerman, who recently established an endurance flight record of 65 hours. They opened to make the flight to Peking without a stop, going by way of Vladivostok and Tokio.

Try to Free Swindler of N. Y. State Funds

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Friends of Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp will take immediate steps seeking to have Gov. Smith extend executive emergency if Justice Stephen Callahan tomorrow imposes a prison sentence on the former Secretary of State, convicted last June of larceny of state census funds.

Slavery Here: But Workers Organizing



The Ayer Woolen Mill, one of the three largest in Lawrence, Mass., was one of the first New England mills to form a Textile Mill Committee. It was organized by a leader of the New Bedford textile strike. On September 22, the Textile Mill Committees movement, grown nationwide, will hold its first national convention in New York City.

KANSAS COMMUNISTS FIGHT BOSSES DRIVE

(By a Worker Correspondent)
KANSAS CITY, Kan. (By Mail).—Tuesday morning, at half past eight, comes up the trial of Hugo Oehler, Ed. Eastwood, Nelson, Stom, Sam Kassis, Matthew Cushing and others on their second set of charges which are vagrancy. To be sure Hugo Oehler and M. Cushing have been arrested twice and both times were charged with vagrancy in addition to Hugo Oehler's indictment for alleged violation of the criminal syndicalist law. It is expected that more charges against Cushing will be brought up in court and also against other packing house workers. Cushing was arrested at first together with Oehler when they were addressing a meeting of the Armour workers at the gates of the plant at noon. After the meeting was broken up by the police and both of them arrested Hugo Oehler was beaten up and when brought to jail hypocritically charged with vagrancy.

Captain Beatty admitted to the local newspaper reporter that the arrests were made following complaints of the Armour Company, that two "Reds" were agitating the workers frequently appearing at the gates. A policeman who arrested Hugo Oehler said that he did so because Hugo Oehler wanted to organize the workers against the bosses.

Many spies in the past months have been trying to enter the Party. Even now spies are all over spying on Party members and workers in general. The company officials of Armour are anxious to find names and information. When the arrested were brought to the police station they were thoroughly searched and while this was done a company official stood by greedily looking for "names." Almost the entire capitalist machine the courts, police, detective agencies, stool pigeons, spies, including the word-healers of both parties, have been mobilized to stave off the Communists. All these visit neighborhoods and homes of workers suspected of radical or Communist leanings and these are being threatened in an underhand way. One politician approached one worker whom he suspected of sympathizing with the Communists and said, "Did you hear of what the government is doing to them Reds, the trouble-makers? Kansas is a tough state and we will clean out all the Reds."

Negro communities are also visited and are told for the sake of the preservation of the Negro race to stay away from the Communists and remain good American citizens and support the "Dems. and Reps." In other words, the Negro workers should not fight for their emancipation but should be thankful and kiss the hands of their exploiters and lynchers like willing slaves.

TWO COMMUNIST CAMPAIGNERS

Designed By Fred Ellis
THE VOTE COMMUNIST STAMP
Printed over a background formed by the Red Hammer and Sickle with the photographs of Foster and Gitlow tastefully worked in.
To be posted on envelopes, letters, programs, shop papers, bulletins, etc.
PRICE: Book of eighty stamps, \$1.00. Can be resold at 10c per page of eight stamps.
Quantity lots: 55 books for \$50; 90 for \$75; 125 for \$100.

THE VOTE COMMUNIST BUTTON
A beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Gitlow within a solid red shield.
VOTE COMMUNIST stands out.
Can be sold anywhere for a dime.
PRICE: 5c in lots up to 100; 4c in lots up to 1000; 3c in lots up to 5000; 2c in lots of 5000 or over.

National Election Campaign Committee
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th Street NEW YORK, N. Y.

'Eva the Fifth' at the Little Provides Fair Entertainment

THE trials and tribulations of a road company playing a version of Uncle Tom's Cabin suited to the standards of the state of Kansas, said trials consisting of the badgering of a harassed manager who finally leaves his troupe stranded on a siding, the effort of a go-getting hick undertaker to take unto himself in marriage the leading lady and the emotional disturbance brought to her thespian lover by the ambition of the solvent mortician, bring laugh from a perspiring audience in the Little Theatre where "Eva the Fifth" is on the boards.

The story begins in Little Eva's dressing room at a one night stop in Kansas. The box office contains everything but money and the troupe has not enough of the coin that cheers between them to buy castor oil for Little Eva's lesser sister, whose fondness for candy is her chief business in the show. The manager at his wit's end to make things go, dug up a wealthy business man, and immediately saw wings sprouting from the yokel's shoulders. Badly in need of an angel he broadly hinted that Little Eva, (Claiborne Foster) should treat the hick with tact and courtesy, in other words, string him along for the sake of the business.

The embarrassed by a jealous lover, Little Eva did the best she could, but being obviously virtuous, as is the rule in plays produced by Mr. John Golden, it is reported, Eva frightened the wary gold finch away with her realistic description of the show's financial condition. This lack of business acumen angered the show manager so he left the troupe to its fate on a siding.

It was then that the entire troupe with but a single thought for food and transportation urged Little Eva to accept the attentions of the kiking hick who followed her from town to town. Finally she offered herself up on the matrimonial altar for the sake of her comrades. But two things happened that saved her from a fate worse than death. Her thespian lover—a squint-eyed critic could see from the start that he was first in her affections—established his leadership over the troupe by staging a show in the little town that brought in coffee and doughnuts for the troupe and the lesser Eva learned that the wealthy hick was an undertaker and not a furniture dealer as he led her big sister to believe.

Everything ended happily, without bloodshed or much hard language. In fact the only violence in the play was when the bloodhound, or what looked like one, put in a busy ten minutes scratching the best organized collection of fleas that ever appeared before an audience.

The gags in the show are as mossy as a speech by Charlie Curtis, but they are the kind that could be printed in the late Warren Gamaliel Harding's "Marion Star." Why one laughs at them is hard to explain, but human nature is sometimes inexplicable.

Claiborne Foster, Buford Armitage, Lois Shore and Philip Barrington get away with the lion's share of the applause. In fact all the

blow to the imperialists.
This is the reason for the attack upon the Party and it must also be the reason why the workers must support the Party and beat back the attacks of the bosses.

—R. S.

IMPERIALISTS BUILD AIRPORTS FOR FUTURE WAR

U. S. Will Have 2,000 by Next Year

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (UP).—Airports are being established by municipalities at a rate that will give the United States about 2,000 well-equipped fields next year, reports to the aeronautics branch of the commerce department showed today. Henry Ford is reported cooperating heavily in a movement to increase the port.

The aggregate present investment by cities in airports is estimated by the department at between fifty and sixty millions, which includes value of grounds, buildings and equipment. A score of airports now existing cost more than \$1,000,000 each to construct and plans are proposed for many more of this type.

Virtually every large city has an airport, either built or proposed, and an average of 1.10 cities a month are notifying the department of intention to build airports. Cost of these airports averages \$100,000, but the total runs to \$3,000,000 and more for some of the largest. Chicago expects to spend about \$4,000,000 on its municipal airport, according to the department's information.

roles are played as competently as the author could expect.
Sixty-five per cent interesting.
—T. J. O'F.

STEAMSHIP BURNING AT SEA

LONDON, Sept. 3 (UP).—The Moor Line steamship Castlemoor avulsed its owners today that its cargo was on fire and that the crew has been unable to extinguish it after a week's work.



Betty Lee Carter, who plays an important role in "Skidding," now at the Bayes Theatre.

Special Offers

during
SubDrive
September-October

Offer No. 1.
1 year Daily Worker... \$6.00
1 year Communist... 2.00
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1 year Daily Worker... \$6.00
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Offer No. 4.
6 mos. Daily Worker \$3.50
1 year Labor Defender... 1.00
\$4.50

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Offer No. 5.
6 mos. Daily Worker \$3.50
1 Red Cartoon Book 1928... 1.00
\$4.50

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Offer No. 6.
6 mos. Daily Worker \$3.50
1 Lenin Medallion (Wall Size)... 1.00
\$4.50

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SEPTEMBER

Communist

IS OFF THE PRESS!

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Politics and the Fly-Hunt.....M. J. OLGIN
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Oregon Assassinated.....JANET CORK
A Reply to Eastman's "Marx, Lenin and the Revolution".....A. CHIK
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Book Reviews

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"Goin' Home" "Vivid and unforgettably exciting." —Alison Smith, World.

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d and B'way 2nd SECOND BIG WEEK

"DAWN" WITH SYBIL THORNDIKE and on the same program "MEMORIES OF CONFLICT"

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EXTRA MATINEE LABOR DAY SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

CENTURY Thea. Central Pk. W. & 62 St. Eves. 8:30 Mts. Wed. and Sat.

THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN EXTRA MATINEE LABOR DAY

QUITS CHANNEL SWIM. CAPE GRIS NEZ, France, Sept. 3 (UP).—Annie Meynell, German girl swimmer, abandoned her attempt to swim the English Channel today when she was within five miles of Dover.

Acceptance Speeches

Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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In lots of 100 or more 30 per cent off.

National Election Campaign Committee
43 EAST 125TH STREET
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Ralph Easley, Labor-Baiter, Calls for New Series of Raids Against the Militants

ALLY OF WOLL URGES FEDERAL SYNDICALIST LAW

Wants 'Stronger' D. of J. Action

By LAURENCE TODD, Federated Press. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Ralph M. Easley, formerly secretary and now chairman of the executive council of what remains of the National Civic Federation, has circulated in the capital, for Labor Day reading, a suggestion that congress begin a new persecution of labor radicals. He advances this Bismarckian scheme as a prelude to one of his appeals for harmony between anti-union employers and the conservative element in the American Federation of Labor. The American labor movement, he says, "is not only the one labor movement in the world which is not Red but that is militantly anti-Red."

Urges New Drive. "Strange as it may seem," he says, "one of the reasons why the A. F. of L. has so much trouble with the Communists in this country today is that, under our federal laws, the U. S. government at Washington is without power either to investigate or check the venomous propaganda of the Communists and other subversive forces which are striking viciously at the vitals of our national life and attempting to undermine the American labor movement. Therefore the Communists say openly to their members: 'Go the limit! The federal government can't do anything and the state governments don't know anything.' And unfortunately they are right in both instances."

"When, in his splendid challenge of Aug. 20 to the Communists, Mr. Matthew Woll pointed out that the Soviet government of Russia is sending its money in here to finance Communist activities, he is describing a condition of affairs which every other civilized government in the world would deal with most summarily. . . . The anti-syndicalist laws are state laws, and the Department of Justice cannot use funds as now appropriated to aid in the enforcement of state laws. The only way to remedy this disturbing situation is for congress to make a specific appropriation which will enable the Department of Justice to keep itself informed with respect to the activities of these destructive elements. This will call for much educational work since, naturally, all the radical forces will oppose the granting of such power. Until this is accomplished, the Bureau of Investigations of the Department of Justice will remain padlocked as it has been for over two years."

The final two sentences seem to point to a need for funds in the office of the National Civic Federation, which would, of course, conduct the elaborate—and expensive—"educational work" to secure from congress an appropriation for terrorization of radicals. They seem also to indicate that Easley has had a quiet talk with Chief Hoover of the Bureau of Investigations, who inspired the Red raids of 1919-1920. They are not satisfied with the deaths of Sacco and Vanzetti.

For a New Miners' Union—Remember Evictions!



Starvation was lived thru; the National Miners' Relief sent help to the mine strikers when the Lewis machine abandoned them to die, if they could not succeed in living, thru the bitter winter months of their struggle. Thwarted in their plans to starve the men, the coal barons drove them out of their homes and forced them to spend the icy months in flimsy barracks hastily erected to meet the crisis. Here men, women and children lived, more children were born in this suffering and the weakest and oldest died, but the miners persisted unflinchingly in their grim struggle for the right to have a union and to live. John L. Lewis wrecked that union and the rank and file is determined now to build a New Union. They meet for this purpose in Pittsburgh, Sept. 9-16.

GREEN ORATES IN CLEVELAND

Labor Fakers Fawn Before Bosses

Continued from Page One. . . . The anti-syndicalist laws are state laws, and the Department of Justice cannot use funds as now appropriated to aid in the enforcement of state laws. The only way to remedy this disturbing situation is for congress to make a specific appropriation which will enable the Department of Justice to keep itself informed with respect to the activities of these destructive elements. This will call for much educational work since, naturally, all the radical forces will oppose the granting of such power. Until this is accomplished, the Bureau of Investigations of the Department of Justice will remain padlocked as it has been for over two years."

Leading up to the main point in his speech, Green spoke about the growing masses of workers who are permanently displaced from industry by the increasing installation of new machinery. Both Green and Morrison admitted the misery of the unemployed and then as a climax offered as a remedy, not a general struggle for the forty-hour week, but the necessity of careful examination of this "phenomenon" by the efficiency engineers. After citing figures showing that over 3,000,000 wage earners, the support of 15,000,000 persons are at present unemployed, Morrison declares, "The unemployment situation, intensified by the increased use of machinery, challenges the attention of efficiency experts."

WORKERS PARTY GOES ON BALLOT IN OHIO

Continued from Page One. . . . secretary of the Communist Party of America, which was organized in Chicago that year.

Ohio State Ticket. In addition to getting the national Communist standard bearers, Foster and Gitlow, on the ballot, the Ohio Communists have nominated a complete state ticket, headed by William Patterson of Toledo, 60 years old, a member of the Knights of Labor until that organization petered out and now a charter member of the Longshoremen's Union.

Patterson joined the Knights of Labor when he was 16 years old. In 1920 he joined the Longshoremen's Union as a charter member and has worked in that industry and been a member of that union ever since. He joined the socialist party in 1900 and was always with the left wing and opposed to the reformists. He has helped the workers in every struggle from the days of the Knights of Labor until today.

Patterson joined the Communist Party when the split came in the socialist party in 1919 and has been an active member ever since.

Call Volunteers to Work. The District 6 Campaign Committee has called for volunteers to go out into the industrial sections of the state on agitator tours, making new contacts for the Party and selling Communist literature.

The Central Executive Committee of the Party is calling for 1,000 members for this work. Ohio has already started by sending out members who are hitch-hiking from town to town, speaking and selling literature.

Not only has District 6 performed the task of collecting 20,000 signatures to put the Party ticket on the ballot in Ohio, but Party members were released for work in Tennessee and Kentucky, where the job of getting the Party ticket on the ballot is nearing completion.

Membership Participates. N. Schaffer, in a letter to the Na-

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Party Fraction Meeting. A Party Fraction meeting will be held tomorrow evening at Party headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, at 8 p. m. of all Party members belonging to the United Council of Working Class Women and other women's organizations. Party members who are housewives must all come to the fraction meeting. All active campaign mobilization groups such as Lithuanian, Ukrainian, Finnish, Jewish, etc., etc., must attend this meeting.

3 E. 1 F. Unit 3 E. 1 F. will hold an important meeting today at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

3 E. International Branch 1. The International Branch 1 will meet today at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

3 E. 2 F. An important meeting of Unit 3 E. 2 F. will be held tomorrow evening at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

Subsection 3 E. The new Subsection Executive meeting will hold their first meeting today at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

Comrades Zimmerman and Potash Report. A report of the present situation in the needle trades will be given by comrades Sasha Zimmerman of the Cloak and Dressmakers and Potash of the Furriers Joint Board at the Headquarters of Sections 2 and 3 on tomorrow evening at 7:30 p. m. A discussion will follow. All comrades of Sections 2 and 3 are to attend.

Unit 6 F. Subsection 3rd will hold their next business meeting tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. sharp at 101 W. 27th Street.

Unit 4 F. S. S. 2 A. will not meet today on account of Labor Day—next meeting of the unit will be held on Monday, Sept. 10th. Every member must attend.

Executive Committee of 3 C meets Wednesday at 100 W. 27th St.

completely disregarding that the only real forty-hour concessions made in an industry were made only after general strikes led by the left wing had compelled capitulation by the employers. Shorter work weeks voluntarily conceded in other industries are nothing more than part-time production standards for the workers.

The A. F. of L. will also enter the political field in the fall, Green declared, explaining that they will advocate the usual policy of supporting either of the boss parties.

TWO LOST ARCTIC FLYERS RESCUED

ROCKFORD, Ill., Sept. 3 (UP).—Bert Hassell and Parker Cramer, who disappeared two weeks ago while attempting to blaze a new air trail from here to Stockholm, have been found safe and well.

Advises received by the Rockford Chamber of Commerce from Mount Evans, Greenland, said that the fliers have been picked up by members of the University of Michigan-Greenland expedition after they had landed on the Sukkertoppen ice arm.

BARBERS ORGANIZE INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 3.—The Journeymen Barbers' International Union has issued charters to these craftsmen in Cisco, Texas, and Halifax, Nova Scotia.

necker, United States senator; John Foley, congress, Cleveland; Frank Sepich, congress, mining section; Carl Guilloid, congress, Canton; Sadie Van Veen, state senator; N. Schaffer, state senator; Milosh Boich, state senator; Christopher Kraven, state senator; John Fromholz, state senator; A. Bonati, state assembly; Abraham Eliff, state assembly; G. Theodore, state assembly; S. Czolgosz, sheriff; Thomas Bradley, commissioner.

Unit 6 F. A meeting of Unit 6 F. will be held today at 60 St. Marks Place at 8 p. m. sharp. Your presence is most urgent.

Unit 3 E. 1 F. A meeting of the printers' fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tomorrow at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, at 8:30 p. m. A very important matter for immediate attention will be taken up. Members are asked to note the change in date and hour of this meeting.

Section 5 of the Bronx is in the midst of a Red Signature and Campaign Mobilization Week which began yesterday to last until Red Sunday, Sept. 9, at 5 p. m. in a Red Banquet to be held at 2075 Clinton Ave. Workers (Communist) Party candidates will address those gathered at the banquet.

SEEK TO FORCE OUT TAXI MEN IN NEW YORK

Police in New Move to Aid Corporations

Continued from Page One. . . . asked to explain this action, they declared that modern hotels and apartment buildings were no longer permitting hack stands outside their buildings and they had decided to keep up with the fashion. The fact, however, that directly across from the Pennsylvania Hotel, at the entrance to the Pennsylvania Station, the Yellow Taxi Corporation has its cabs is considered to have had more to do with the abolishing of the public hack stand than chagging fashions in hotel exteriors.

On the south side of the hotel a Fifth Ave. bus stand is also located—further reason for abolishing the hack stand. At least 500 taxi calls leave the hotel daily and these are now being gathered in by the Yellow Company.

Close Down Other Stands. Stands in Harlem and the Bronx are also being closed down to make room for buses of the Surface Transportation Corporation, a subsidiary of the Third Ave. Railway. The latest to go has been the West Farms stand, at 177th St. and Boston Rd.

The police are also actively aiding the big corporations in Coney Island. Since the opening of the summer season taxi drivers have been forbidden to cruise for fares on the main streets, including Surf Ave., by order of Traffic Inspector Kuhne. Cab drivers caught cruising on the main streets are haled into court for "obstructing traffic" or for "hacking other than from a public hack stand."

The large bus corporations, such as the Greeley, Luna, Knickerbocker and the Rialto are cleaning up fortunes as a result of the no cruising order, hackmen declare.

Ferry Traffic. The Yellow Taxi Corporation is also reaping the harvest of the ferry traffic which is unusually heavy at this time of the year. On the waterfront, at the West 23rd St. and West 42nd St. ferries, police, with the aid of officials of the company, are on the watch for independent drivers.

The open favoritism shown to the big taxi corporations serves another purpose in helping to divide the ranks of the exploited taxi drivers, setting up the corporation wage-slaves against the independent hackmen, it is pointed out. Despite this and the constant browbeating and persecution of taxi men by police and fleet owners, the organization drive of the newly formed Taxi Chauffeurs Union is growing in dimensions and hundreds of cab drivers are being enrolled daily.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of THE DAILY WORKER.

Local 22 T. U. E. L. Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Freiheit Gesangs Verein. The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Day Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

Icor Concert. Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the New Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

"Esperanto Laborularo." "Esperanto Laborularo," class-conscious workers organization will hold its meeting today, 8 p. m., at the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 51st St.

Spanish Workers Club. The Centro Obrero de Habla Espanola will meet today, 8:30 p. m. A lecture on imperialism will be given by Leon Ruiz.

Washington Heights Lecture. Joseph Rofman will talk on "100 Years of Development in Transportation" tonight, 8:30 p. m., at the Heights Progressive Club, 176th St. and Amsterdam Ave. Questions and discussion will follow.

MEET YOUR FRIENDS at Messinger's Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant 1763 Southern Blvd., Bronx, N. Y. Right Off 174th St. Subway Station

WE ALL MEET at the NEW WAY CAFETERIA 101 WEST 27th STREET NEW YORK

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Hotel & Restaurant Workers Branch of THE AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS 133 W. 51st St. Phone Circle 7336 Business Meeting Held on the First Monday of the Month One Industry—One Union. Join and Fight the Common Enemy Office Open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

John's Restaurant SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet. 302 E. 12th ST. NEW YORK

YANKS BREAK EVEN; GIANTS WIN TWO

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (UP).—The upward rush of the Philadelphia Athletics came to an abrupt halt today when the Philadelphia club dropped both games of a double-header to the Washington Senators and lost a full game in their pursuit of the league-leading New York Yankees.

As for the world's champions, themselves, they are not particularly happy over the outcome of the Labor Day ball games, for the best they could get was an even break with the Boston Red Sox, and it took four pitchers and a lot of luck to bring about the single Yankee victory.

The Senators won two games, 6 to 1 and 5 to 4, and dragged the Athletics back to a place two and one-half games behind the league leaders.

The Yankees gained a full game by their even break with the Red Sox, and needed it. Bill Carrigan's crew battered four New York pitchers for fifteen hits in the opener, yet were beaten, 8 to 7. In the second game, Ken Williams' homer in the ninth and the relief pitching of Morris, who was rushed in to stem a belated Yankee rally, gave the Sox a 4 to 3 victory.

The St. Louis Cardinals were given a setback in the National League race Monday when the Cincinnati Reds rallied behind Eppa Rixey and Adolph Luque to win a double-header, 6 to 5 and 8 to 2.

By winning a double-header from the Philadelphia Phillies, 4 to 3 and 9 to 3, the New York Giants advanced to within four and one-half games of the Cardinals.

The Pittsburgh Pirates routed the Chicago Cubs in two games, winning 16 to 1 and 6 to 3, dropping the Cubs to four and one-half games behind St. Louis.

Cincinnati ended a five-game losing streak by winning from St. Louis, 6 to 5, in an extra-inning contest. A single by Critz and a double by Purdy produced the winning run with two out in the eleventh inning. In the second game the Reds scored

Additional casualties. The report added that bridges and roads were damaged as the flood waters, which came after heavy recent rains, washed over them.

Relief measures already have been started through the district, where the suffering is reported most serious. A government investigation also has started.

Every new reader of THE DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 3 (UP).—Religious rebellions continue in only six states, President Calles announced today, and operations even in these districts, he said, were confined to smallest villages and to ranches.

"The executive is confident the rebellion is dying rapidly, and that the beginning of the new administration December 1 will find the country completely peaceful," the announcement added.

"For Any Kind of Insurance" CARL BRODSKY 7 E. 42d St. New York City Telephone Murray Hill 5555.

LOUIS P. WEINER, BCS Public Accountant and Auditor 140 Walker Street, N. Y. C. Spring 5788 or 7537

MARY WOLFE STUDENT OF THE DAMROSCH CONSERVATORY PIANO LESSONS Moved to 2420 Bronx Park East Near Co-operative Colony, Apt. 5H Telephone EASTABROOK 2453 Special rates to students from the Co-operative House.

DAVID OSHINSKY GENERAL INSURANCE Office: 60 Graham Ave., Brooklyn. Fire, Life, Public Liability, Compensation, Automobile, Accident, Health.

Co-operative Workers Patronize I. SCOLNICK TAILOR Fancy Cleaner and Dyers 707 Allerton Ave., Bronx, N. Y.

Unity Co-operators Patronize SAM LESSER Ladies' and Gents' Tailor 1818 — 7th Ave. New York Between 110th and 111th Sts. Next to Unity Co-operative House

No Tip Center Barber Shop NEW WORKERS CENTER 26-28 Union Sq. 1 Flight Up NEW YORK CITY Individual Sanitary Service by Expert—LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop

SPEED ELECTION OF DELEGATES TO MINE MEET

Big Convention Only 5 Days Off

Continued from Page One. . . . the new union! Altogether for the New National Miners' Union. (Signed) National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee, John J. Watt, Chairman; Pat Touhey, Secretary.

EDITOR'S NOTE:—Every day another batch of credentials arrive at the headquarters of the National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee. From West Virginia, 100 credentials have already arrived. From Kansas, the last report shows 21 delegates elected. The other Western districts elected another 20 delegates. Illinois last reported 60 delegates. Indiana and Western Kentucky, 45 delegates. Ohio, 55 delegates. Pittsburgh district elected 150 delegates, and District 2 has sent in credentials for 18 thus far.

From the unorganized territory of Pennsylvania, 70 credentials have arrived. These are only partial reports, and indicate a great National Miners' Convention.

WORKERS GET RAISE. EDMONTON, Alta., Sept. 3.—Increases of 2 to 15 cents an hour mark the new two year contract negotiated by the brewery workers unions of Alberta with the employers. The new scales run from 57 1/2 cents for laborers to 81 1/2 cents for first brewhouse men.

CULINARY WORKERS UNION Big Spring, Texas, will now have a union of culinary workers. The new union has started off with more than forty members.

ERON SCHOOL 185-187 EAST BROADWAY NEW YORK JOSEPH E. ERON, Principal THE LARGEST AND BEST AS WELL AS OLDEST SCHOOL. to learn the English language, to prepare oneself for admission to college. ERON SCHOOL is registered by the REGENTS of the State of New York. It has all the rights of a Government High School. Call, Phone or write for Catalogue. Register Now. School Opens in September. Our 25,000 alumni are our best witnesses. TELEPHONE ORCHARD 4473

Amalgamated General League Meeting will be held Tuesday, September 4 at 7:30 P. M. AT 26-28 UNION SQUARE This is a very important meeting. Every member must attend.

Section One BAZAAR CONFERENCE Wednesday, September 5 at 8:00 P. M. AT 60 ST. MARKS PLACE All Units in Section One Are Requested to Elect Delegates

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Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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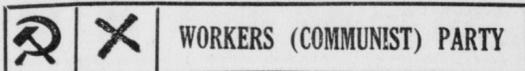
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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President: WILLIAM Z. FOSTER
For Vice-President: BENJAMIN GITLOW



WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

A White Worker Who Hates Negroes

To the Editor of the Daily Worker:

Your paper is wonderful always helping strikers and trying to get the workers together in one big body. I read your paper every evening I enjoy it very much. But one thing your paper gives me a pain. That is, about the poor negroes. I wish you would ride on Lenox car line to 146 st. and Lenox ave and see for yourself how the blacks behave. They have never got the fare ready, always looking for trouble. The N. York railroad Co. hires hundreds of men all year and every one off them goes away with a different ideo in regards to colored people. I have been through a few strikes and 4 free speech fights out in the western country in other words I have been through hell but still I say get the white people together. The colored people will be the last in the world to wake up. The colored people think to much of there color. And they don't know what there rights are. I hope you rebels won't throw this letter in the waste basket. And here's hoping that some colored people read this letter in your paper, And act a little human.

Yours for big Change in america
J—K—

The writer of the above letter appears to be a member of one of the most exploited sections of the working class. Undoubtedly he thinks himself quite a radical person, perhaps a revolutionist, and certainly he considers himself a loyal fighter for the working class.

But we are of a different opinion. His letter convinces us that Mr. K— represents one of the most pitiful examples of that type in the working class that has been completely saturated with the views which his masters want him to hold in order to keep him and his kind in slavery and in condition to be used as a tool against his own and our class.

His experiences in strikes and free speech fights does not deter us from saying that if he continues to hold a contemptuous view of those members of our class whose skins are darker in color than his own, he will finish up as a strikebreaker and perhaps as a hired gunman against the working class when a decisive struggle is on. For Mr. K— is already a complete mental slave of his boss. For him it is enough to make him hate his brother worker of the Negro race when a Negro passenger on a streetcar is not quick enough in complying with the insolent demands of the big corporation that the passengers "step lively," "move up front, there!" and "have the fare ready," and generally act as well-trained human sardines in packing themselves together for the greater profit of the traction millionaires. It does not occur to him to insist that the wealthy labor-exploiting corporation should be made to supply better accommodations and hire bigger crews. If K— had any real rebel working-class spirit in him, he would rejoice when Negro workers show themselves self-respecting enough not to jump to the commands of the traction corporation. But he seems instead to be reacting automatically as a trained flunkey of his boss. And he tries to justify himself by hating a section of his brother-workers for being Negroes.

And in hatred toward those brother-workers who are Negroes, he again shows himself merely a petty intellectual slave of the ruling class. All talk about "helping strikers and trying to get the workers to-

gether in one big body" is nothing but a dirty and reactionary lie unless it includes an active struggle for the equal rights of the Negro workers with the white workers and to get all workers organized together absolutely regardless of race or color. The Daily Worker and the Workers (Communist) Party for which it speaks are fighting and will continue to fight without compromise for the full economic, political and social equality of the Negro workers with the white workers as an inseparable part of the struggle of the working class for freedom. When we fight for the dictatorship of the working class in the form of the Soviet Republic, we mean precisely what we say—that the working class, Negro and white workers alike and equally, must make themselves the ruling class for the suppression of the capitalist class and the capitalist system and for the socialization of industry and finally the establishment of the Communist society. This involves the complete and ruthless sweeping away of all privileged positions and class distinctions in the whole of society; and first of all it involves a merciless eradication of all racial and other division between sections of the working class. That is one thing that is meant by "trying to get the workers together."

Mr. K—'s idea is particularly dangerous because he wants to solve his problem by compelling the Negro masses to reform themselves to the twisted Jim Crow ideals which he seems to entertain in his own head. We say flatly that the trouble is not with the Negroes, but with the whites. About the Negro masses we say only that they give in too much to the Jim Crow treatment that a white capitalist system imposes upon them, often through such little tools as Mr. K—. What we should do is not to preach at the Negroes to "act a little human," but to conduct a crusade among the white workers to eradicate the race hatred that divides the working class and thus makes it weak before its real enemy, the capitalist class. Furthermore the Communist movement, the working class movement, is an international movement, and to think of it otherwise would be nothing but a farce. Mr. K—'s idea, carried out logically, would have to include hatred of the Chinese workers and peasants and consequently a treacherous, counter-revolutionary attitude toward the great Chinese revolution. It would have to include hatred on an international scale against the hundreds of millions of our oppressed brothers of dark skin in Africa, Indonesia, India, etc.—in fact the major portion of the human race which is of non-white color. In short, it is the ideology of imperialism, the ideology of reaction and capitalist domination.

The Communist Party always and everywhere takes sides first of all with the most exploited sections of the working class. In United States among other countries this means first of all the Negro workers, the most exploited of all. We want all of our class regardless of race to stand shoulder to shoulder for our common cause; but let us tell Mr. K— frankly that if it comes to a struggle between the Negro workers and white workers holding such views as Mr. K—, we shall fight to the last ditch for the Negroes.

And so, Mr. K—, we would like for you to change your ideas, but as long as you think as you do we are glad we "give you a pain."

A Camp for Workers' Children

(Continued.)
The WIR Childrens Camp is organized on the broadest possible basis. In the camp, the children have the right to determine their own activity, express their opinions of the work of the leaders, etc. There is a children's council which meets 3 times a week. There all matters pertaining to camp life are discussed. There is an executive committee of 8 or 9 children and one leader. This executive committee meets whenever necessary. The executive committee is composed of the heads of committees, such as the organizer of the camp, the secretary of the camp, head of the educational committee, of the sports committee, social, sports, life saving, construction, literature and sanitation.

when their 2 weeks or more are over, with a real understanding of working class discipline. Not that this discipline is enforced from above; but our younger comrades are explained, taught, educated to the significance of working class discipline.
The Night Camp Fire.
On Saturday nights camp fires are lighted, and programs arranged for the evening. Last Saturday night we had an opportunity to observe the children themselves at play. It was in the evening, after supper, after a day of sports activity, swimming, baseball, etc. The children were relaxing—and enjoying themselves. The fire was started, wood was added to the slow flame, and in a short time there was a large bright fire. The children were seated on benches. They opened the program by reciting the pledge and singing the International. Following that, an entirely impromptu program took place. Some children recited poems, others

danced, there was mass singing, Comrade Eric Burroughs, a leader in the WIR Camp, then sang some songs and did some dancing.
Relations With Camp Unity.
The real life and punch of Camp Unity is the WIR Childrens Camp. They lead the singing, cheering, and everything else in camp. The activities of the children are all conducted in English. Certainly W. I. R. camp can teach many adults who claim to be experts in the childrens movement a thing or two about childrens work.
The children carry on their activity independently of the Unity Camp. There is no interference, no conflict at all—in fact there is cooperation between the two. For the adult workers it is a real education to watch the WIR Camp at work; and the fact that the children have their baseball games with the adults affords both a mutual interest and good relationship between the two.
(To Be Continued.)

The Disarmament Comedy in Brussels Told You So

By WALTER STOECKER (Berlin).
The disarmament comedy of the Geneva League of Nations has found a worthy continuation in Brussels. The social-democratic press reports on the "unanimity" with which the disarmament resolution was passed in Brussels. In reality it was precisely in this question that the national-imperialistic parties collided most violently with one another. To speak of actual unity here is simply ridiculous. The sole "unity" observable among the delegations in Brussels consisted of a mutual willingness to come to a decision placing no obligations on anybody, and giving the separate socialist parties a free hand for the continuation of their imperialist policy.

Submit Resolution.
The Executive submitted to the Congress a resolution on the disarmament and military question in full accordance with this standpoint, a mere string of empty disarmament phrases, expressly demanding "equal freedom in the choice of their arms system" for all nations, and containing nothing further than a few pacifist demands which do not bind the parties to anything. There was naturally no mention of any description of proletarian fighting action against the war danger. The Swiss social democrat, Reinhardt, observed very truly that the acceptance of the proposal for free choice of the arms system could only mean that the labor parties of the conquered states should demand better and more effective armies, in other words, renewed armament.

The disarmament commission in Brussels, after a lengthy consultation, laid before the Congress a resolution practically identical with the draft already submitted. This is all that the public has learned up to now about the "unity" of the Congress.

Internal Fights.
How did this resolution come to be accepted? We hear from reliable sources that violent disagreements took place in the disarmament commission. The British Independent Labour Party opposed the Executive resolution by one of its own, beginning with an approval of the disarmament proposal of the Soviet government:

"The Labour and Socialist International declares that the experiences gained by the Disarmament Commission of the League of Nations, and the failure of the Anglo-American-Japanese naval disarmament conference, have clearly emphasized the impossibility of arriving at disarmament by means of partial measures which do not completely exclude war. It congratulates the Russian Soviet government on its proposal for complete disarmament. In its opinion partial disarmament can only be of slight value for removing the danger of war."

Pacifist Slogan.
A further paragraph of this resolution demands the closing down of the key industries, and adds to the pacifist slogan of refusal of war service the further refusal to manufacture munitions:
"The time has come for the International socialists to take up a relentless attitude against war, to join forces all over the world in the struggle for complete disarmament, and to organize the working class to resist every threatened war, even by means of resort to the closing down of the key industries and the refusal of war service and the manufacture of munitions."

A final paragraph demands increased pressure on the governments and the refusal of all military credits:
"Meanwhile the socialist parties should invariably vote against all credits for the army, navy, and air force."

The British Labour Party, of which the Independent Labour Party forms only a small part, found itself obliged, under the pressure exercised by the British working class, to bring forward demands falling but little short of those of the Independent Labour Party. It supported the motion for congratulating the Soviet government on Litvinov's disarmament proposal, and proposed the following supplementary motion to the resolution submitted:
"The Congress not only appeals for socialist peace policy, but calls upon the workers to make it clear to their governments that they will meet every danger of war, whether defensive or offensive in name, by the organization of a general resistance, including the refusal to bear arms, to manufacture means of war, or to lend any material aid whatever. It demands that steps be taken for organizing, with the utmost rapidity, a world conference of the socialist, trade unionist, and co-operative internationalists, in order to prepare for unanimous action on this basis."

It is characteristic that the Labour Party did not support the motion for the refusal of all military credits.
More Alterations.
The Swiss Social Democratic Party moved numerous alterations intended to give the resolution of the Executive a somewhat more Marxist touch, but without actually changing anything essential. The sole step in this direction was the demand that the paragraph be struck out which provides for equal free choice of the arms system for all countries. The following paragraph of the Swiss motion is of interest:
"The development of war techniques involves the necessity of small barracks armies in place of the great unwieldy masses of a field army; mechanized war replaces the fighting mass army. These small professional armies are replaced by illegal army bodies and strictly organized masses of industrial work-



European experts point to the British-French participation in the exercises for the world war dead who fought for imperialism in 1914-18 as an indication that the two countries are formal allies again by secret terms in the Anglo-French naval accord. The alliance not merely directed against the United States indicating the sharpening of the struggle between the imperialist powers, but is also directed against the Soviet Union. Above, the French Generals Petain, Gouraud, Weygand and the British general Hamilton, participating in the military rally.

ers in the countries themselves. The militarists are endeavoring to make us believe that this change in technique is disarmament, whilst in reality the disarmament conferences, in Washington and other places, have simply been veiled agreements for increased armament. The working class will not allow itself to be misled in this manner, but will take up the struggle against these new forms of armies with utmost energy."

Further motions from Julius Deutsch, and from the American and Dutch parties, were of little importance.

The Commission debate proved extremely interesting. The proposals of the I. L. P. were more than disagreeable to the assembled reformists and anti-Bolsheviks. Renaudel, Breitscheid, Julius Deutsch, and the representatives of Polish and Czech social democracy joined forces for a violent attack upon the British proposals, and in part upon the Swiss. To these gentlemen it appeared as something monstrous to be called upon to congratulate the Soviet government on its sincere and real peace policy. And they were even more indignant at the thought of paralyzing the key industries and the manufacture of munitions in the case of war. And on top of that the demand for the refusal of war credits! This proposal was almost unanimously condemned as "nonsensical" and "irresponsible," for a "State" cannot be refused the means for its "defense." A principle which formed a natural part of class war policy in the Socialist International before the war—the refusal of all military credits—is merely "irresponsible" in the eyes of the "statesmen" of the Brussels Congress.

Withdraws Motion.
After a few somewhat violent clashes the British Labour Party withdrew its motion, which it had not taken very seriously in any case, and the sub-commission then appointed incorporated a few of the radical phrases contained in the motions of the I. L. P. and the Swiss party, omitting, it need scarcely be said, any mention of concrete fighting measures.

The congratulation of the Soviet government on its disarmament proposal was rejected!
The demand for the organization of the resistance of the working class against war was rejected, as also the demand for closing down the key industries and the manufacture of munitions!

Back Down.
The demand for the refusal of all military credits for the army, navy, and air force was rejected!
The demand that the passage on the free choice of the arms system for all nations should be struck out of the resolution was rejected!

The proposal that a world conference should be called of the socialist, trade unionist, and co-operative internationalists against war danger, was rejected!
And then followed a tragedy-comedy! The Left heroes of the I. L. P. and the Swiss party climbed down, and agreed to the resolution submitted, although all concrete demands had been abandoned!

These negotiations of the disarmament commission, as also the mo-

tions of the parties and the votes upon them, were secret, and intended to be kept secret. We have, however, every reason to bring them to the notice of all social democratic workers.

Social Imperialism.
The resolution, in this crippled form, was naturally passed without difficulty by the Congress. This disarmament resolution is a typical document of reformism and social imperialism. A series of pseudo-radical phrases conceal the fact that this resolution accords every single national labor party perfect freedom, and places it under no obligation whatever, either now or at the moment of war danger, to undertake any proletarian action against imperialism. The resolution reeks of League of Nations cretinism and sickening disarmament chatter.

The clouds of verbosity spread by the imperialist handits in Geneva, for the purpose of concealing increased armaments behind the shield of disarmament, have been efficiently imitated by their assistants in Brussels. Even where they speak of political measures at all, not one of the parties dreams of executing them. One example suffices. The resolution demands:

"Restriction of financial expenditure for army and fleet" and states further:
"The Labour and Social International emphasizes the necessity of accelerating disarmament action. Apart from the struggle for the international disarmament agreement, the socialist labor parties will continue to fight in order that every State will previously, of its own will either cease or limit its armaments."

On the very same day upon which Breitscheid, Crispin, and Lobe were expressing their agreement to this principle in Brussels, Herman Muller and Hilferding were voting for the building of the new armored cruiser, Henderson and MacDonald, Renaudel and Boncour, Hilferding and Breitscheid, to say nothing of the Polish and Czech social democrats, who have hitherto granted practically all the means required for increased armaments, have not the slightest intention of adhering to this resolution. They know very well that paper is very patient. Boncour's military law, MacDonald's air fleet, and the German armored cruiser, are striking evidence of the revolting disarmament hypocrisy of the reformists assembled in Brussels.

How little these gentlemen take their talk of disarmament seriously may be further seen from the fact that they rejected the British motion for the convocation of the disarmament conference before the end of this year, substituting the non-committal formula: "The disarmament conference is to be convened as soon as possible."

The "left" social democrats point out that the resolution really does demand revolutionary measures against warring governments. Is this really so? The passage in question reads:
"The Labor and Socialist International demands that all international conflicts be subject to the decision of obligatory arbitration or some other process of peaceful settlement. The strongest possible

pressure of the masses, even in the most revolutionary form, is to be exercised against any government which, in the event of an international dispute, refuses to submit to arbitration award and proceeds to war."

Boncour's Militarism.
Quite apart from the fact that the national defenders assembled at Brussels will certainly side with their own fatherlands when the next war breaks out and have purposely invented a vague formulation for the passage on arbitration, this passage is further a deliberate support to anti-Bolshevik war agitation, for it may easily be interpreted to give opportunity to capitalist powers to pronounce an arbitration award against proletarian Soviet Russia.

The whole passage on the "democratization of the army," is on the one side a confirmation of Boncour's incredible military law and on the other a formula that the other social imperialist parties will simply laugh at. The resolution demands the removal of all barriers dividing the army from the people, the securing of civil rights for the soldiers, etc. All these are demands which the German social democrats, for instance, have already trodden under foot dozens of times. With the aid of a formula stating that the army must not be politicized, they have rejected every motion brought in by the Communists for the suffrage and coalition rights of the Reichswehr soldiers.

The Brussels resolution is an empty and non-committal social imperialist document, evidencing only too plainly the nationalist spirit of this II. International, a document taken seriously by nobody, and only fit to be stowed away in the League of Nations disarmament commission archives. It is characteristic that the resolution meets with the approval of the Austro-Marxists, as well as of the left phrasemongers of the I. L. P. and the Swiss Social Democratic Party.

The bourgeois press has readily recognized the real character of the Brussels disarmament resolution, and takes it no more seriously than it does the disarmament resolutions of the League of Nations. The actual effect of the Brussels resolution is therefore to favor and promote imperialist war danger, for it confirms the bourgeoisies in their faith that they may confidently rely on their social-imperialist accomplices. In spite of all phrasology, the Brussels Congress has therefore actually been a congress for the preparation of the next imperialist bloodbath.

For their own sake, for the sake of their struggle for emancipation and their international war against war, the class-conscious working class have every reason to defend themselves energetically against the Brussels disarmament comedy. At the same time they call to the social democratic workers and class comrades: "Give up all hope in this pseudo-international, and join the one and only proletarian international, the Communist International!"

OFFICERS of British ships touching at Soviet ports are returning home those days with terrible tales of Communist attempts to extract whatever germs of imperialism remain in the systems of the British sailors. Apparently the Bolshevik propaganda is having some effect, as the officers complain that the sailors are not near as docile on their return trip as they were when outward bound.

It appears that as soon as a British ship docks in a Soviet port, officials of the local seamen's club visit the rank and file of the vessel and offer them the freedom of the city. The sailors are treated with traditional proletarian hospitality and made to feel at home. And at home they surely are, for the Soviet Union is the Fatherland of all workers. British sailors as well as the sailors of all countries are treated with honor in Russia while in their home ports they are more used to the policeman's club than to an official welcome. And instead of the key to the city they usually hear the grating of jail keys turning in the locks from the outside.

T. J. O'Flaherty

FRANK FARRINGTON, former president of the United Mine Workers of Illinois, tho a life-long Republican is out for Al Smith. It is not Al's friendliness for the foaming flagon that tempted Frank, but the good and welfare of the people. Frank has always been an altruistic cuss. He worked for the miners until he wrecked their organization with the aid of John L. Lewis. Then, in disgust he accepted a \$25,000 a year job from the Peabody Coal Company. Should Frank give a year's pay to the Smith campaign fund he could prove Arthur Mushman's contention that there are no proletarians in this country—that they are all capitalists.

PHILADELPHIA bootleggers have set a good example in thrift to the rest of the country by parking \$10,000,000 in the savings banks of the Quaker City last year. This is no reflection on the prohibition director of Philadelphia or on Wet Vore, the G. O. P. Republican boss, who supported the arid Oover at Kansas City. It merely goes to show that bootleggers like actors are not the reckless spenders they were believed to be. A political boss with a solvent rum ring is more to be envied than pitied those days. This is surely a spiritual nation.

AS a local capitalist sheet that is willing to do anything to increase its circulation observed, the I. R. T. wreck at Times Square last week has degenerated into a mystery. Mayor Walker, District Attorney Banton and half a dozen other celebrities started so many investigations that they succeeded in casting doubt on the authenticity of the wreck. "Who is who and what is what?" is the big question agitating the public mind today. In the meantime the dead have been buried and the wounded have not the wherewithal to pay their hospital bills. And Frank Hedley, president of the I. R. T. is playing golf and Mayor Walker is planning another vacation.

THIS is not a dirty slam at the ministerial profession, but it must be commented on as a part of a columnist's duty. Clinton S. Carnes, Treasurer of the Home Mission Board of the Southern Baptist Convention, who has been missing since August 15, is a two-time convict, having served one term in Missouri state prison and another in Atlanta for misuse of the mails. For twelve years Mrs. Carnes kept the secret of her husband's shame from their two sons. While he was in Atlanta she assured them that he was serving his country. Whether he was or not, many of those who are "serving their country" in Washington ought to be serving time in Atlanta.

TEXAS GUINAN, the big wisecracker of Broadway, got a chilly reception in Los Angeles. The anglians did not give the little girl a hand or a handshake. Perhaps they thought that one bally whoopee artist was enough for one city. As long as Los Angeles has Aimee McPherson, they don't have to plunder New York for talent.

THE officials of the United Mine Workers of Illinois have agreed to accept a reduction in wages for the Illinois mine workers. But the officials will not accept a reduction in their own salaries. The wage slash has the sanction of John L. Lewis international president. At the 1924 convention of the international union in Indianapolis, Lewis boasted that he never accepted a wage cut and never would. And he was right. He had his salary raised from eight to twelve thousand dollars a year.

Tom O'Flaherty

Dutch Imperialism in Indonesia

(Continued.)
The change of front of the governor-general has its consequences. His speech is indeed a bomb thrown into the midst of the moderate nationalist party, "Budi Utomo," which at this moment is in opposition to the non-co-operators, and attaches value to collaborating with the government for the attainment of Indonesian independence! Soon after De Graeff's speech, "Budi Utomo" publishes a manifesto, addressed to all nationalists, urging them to a "Union sacree" with national liberty as their goal and to make a strong stand against the attempt of the governor-general to divide the nationalists into two camps. This demarcation between

the evolutionary and revolutionary nationalists is denounced as artificial and must be rejected by every nationalist whether he be for co-operation or non-co-operation. The manifesto reiterates that most of the Indonesian nationalist organizations have been united and consolidated in the P. P. K. I. (Consolidation of Indonesian Nationalist Political Parties). The rejection of Dutch leadership by "the Indonesian nationalists of all shades" is called natural. And the manifesto ends with the slogan: "By an indissoluble united front we march towards Indonesian Independence."

The remarkable thing about this manifesto is that it was issued by "Budi Utomo," the extreme right wing of the nationalist movement, whose members are mostly governmental officials. This seems to be a good sign for the Indonesian cause of independence, for with that manifesto "Budi Utomo" enters the radical nationalist movement. Mr. Singgih, a non-co-operator and now secretary of the "Budi Utomo," made the following statement in an interview with a correspondent of the newspaper "Mataram":
"The confidence in the capacity of the government to translate into action what the governor-general said he would do upon entry into office, has been changed into one of distrust. In these circumstances co-operation with the government is impossible."

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