

INTERBOROUGH RESPONSIBLE FOR 35 MORE DEATHS

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

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WORKERS PARTY ON BALLOT IN 5 NEW ENGLAND STATES; DEFY TAMMANY TO HALT N. Y. RED ELECTION TAG DAY

35 ARE KNOWN DEAD; SCORES DYING IN RUSH-HOUR SUBWAY SMASH-UP; COMPANY KNEW OF FAULTY SWITCH

Train Crammed With Workers Split in Two on Concrete Stanchion

Mayor Walker Views Tragedy; Pleased Cement Support Was Strong

BULLETIN

IN CONFORMITY WITH THE HABITUAL PRACTICE OF THE NEW YORK TRACTION OFFICIALS, AN ATTEMPT WAS LAST NIGHT BEGUN TO SHIFT RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE DEATH OF AT LEAST 35 PERSONS AND THE MUTILATION OF AN UNKNOWN NUMBER OF OTHERS IN THE TIMES SQUARE CRASH TO THE SHOULDERS OF THE MAINTENANCE AND TRAIN WORKERS.

THE REAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE TRAGEDY WAS INADVERTENTLY STATED BY MAYOR WALKER, FOLLOWING A VISIT TO THE SCENE LAST NIGHT, WHEN HE SAID THAT HE "UNDERSTOOD THAT THE SWITCH HAD BEEN REPORTED FAULTY."

(By United Press)

A southbound Interborough subway express train was wrecked at Times Square late today, derailing three cars and telescoping two others.

An ambulance attendant at Bellevue Hospital told the United Press he had seen 35 bodies laid out in the Times Square station and he believed all of them were dead.

The train was wrecked on a split switch. Thousands of persons, attempting to get home at the evening rush hour, were stranded on subway platforms. Extra police were called to keep order.

Just before 6 p. m. Mayor Walker arrived at Times Square. Then he came out and in the midst of a group of newspapermen said: "There will be an investigation."

"Terrible and deplorable as this is, we find some comfort in the splendid subway construction where a train would split in half, yet only one supporting column was destroyed. The rest of the structure is safe."

FIVE HOSPITALS CROWDED.

Hours after the accident ten blocks in the heart of the Times Square district, where the wreck occurred, were still closed and under police guard, with none permitted to enter.

At five hospitals 100 surgeons were busy attending the injured and reviving those who were shocked and fainted.

In morgue rooms there were strewn gruesome relics of the havoc which had occurred when the thing all New Yorkers fear came suddenly upon the city.

It was just 5:10 p. m., with the rush of home going traffic approaching its peak, when the accident occurred. On the Times Square subway platform, and every other subway platform in lower Manhattan, there were crowds, almost countless in numbers, milling about and waiting for trains.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company's New Lots Avenue express train of 10 steel cars, southbound, whirled into the Times Square station.

Jammed in Cars.

"Let 'em off; let 'em off," shouted the guards and a few left the train, their places taken by as many as the guards could squeeze inside the doors.

With effort, the doors of the 10 cars were closed and inside each car was packed 200 or more people, men and women, clerks, office workers, professional men and women, laborers.

The heavy train pulled out, leaving hundreds of people still on the platform, waiting for other trains.

Just about a city block beyond the end of the platform, there is a switch on the express track. The first seven cars of the train passed swiftly over it with only the usual clack and clatter.

But the eighth car, for a reason which may never be known, in railroad parlance "split the switch" and went hurtling from the track. The momentum carrier it on. About 100 feet from the switch it smashed with a deafening crash into one of the great steel pillars which support the street above.

The impact tore the car in half and ripped it loose from the forward seven cars of the train. The forward half smashed and plunged its way alone some 200 feet above the stanchion. The rear half telescoped into the two cars behind it.

The 200 or more people in the eighth car, which had been torn

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VICTIMS:

When this edition of the Daily Worker went to press, only six of the 35 or more dead had been identified. They were:

DEAD.
James P. Cedmore, Manhattan.
William McDonald, Bronx.
William Crone, Far Rockaway, L. I.

James Benke, Far Rockaway, L. I.
George Frey, Rockville Centre, at West 30th St. station.

Vincent Mangario, thirty-one, No. 175 Trimble Avenue, Clinton, N. J., at St. Vincent's Hospital.

THE INJURED
The names of the injured, according to first reports, were:

Becker, Mrs. B., thirty-one, No. 237 West 12th St., shock; at St. Vincent's Hospital.

Blanchard, George, No. 243 Willow St., Brooklyn.

Cornello, Tony, sixty-three, Ave. B.

Fricario, Andrew, twenty-nine, No. 324 Wilkinson Ave., Jersey City, lacerations; St. Vincent's Hospital.

Gerrity, John, twenty-nine, No. 358 57th St., Brooklyn, head and back injured; at St. Vincent's Hospital.

Gentry, John, thirty-four, No. 350 57th St., Brooklyn, lacerations; at New York Hospital.

Gomez, Ricardo, twenty-eight, No. 75 South St., returned home.

Grunkett, Guy, eighteen, No. 708 West 184th St., lacerations; Poly-clinic Hospital.

Harvey, Lillian, twenty-four, No. 946 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, contusions of both legs; New York Hospital.

Kammille, Ted, No. 1650 59th St., Brooklyn, sprained ankle.

Keane, Anna, amputation of left

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Golden Tag Days of Wall Street Parties

Mr. Bird Coler, how about prohibiting the Golden Tag Days of the two corrupt parties of capitalism?

William F. Kenny, of New York, to Al Smith's campaign fund, in return for fat construction contracts with the New York public utilities corporations at the hands of Gov. Smith's Public Service Commission.

Herbert Lehman, banker, identified with the importing interests, \$10,000.

William Todd, ship builder, doing much contracting work for the city of New York, \$5,000.

James J. Riordan, head of the County Trust Co., of New York, \$5,000.

Al Smith's pre-convention campaign in 1920 cost \$121,471. The republican party spent \$566,364 to put over Calvin Coolidge.

The two capitalist parties spent (officially) \$730,981 to put over Calvin Coolidge in 1920. This does not include crooked transactions in mysterious "black satchels" that are, naturally, not recorded.

"Official" reports of pre-election campaign contributions to the Washington office of the Hoover organization state that \$43,150 in that office alone. The other \$337,672 Hoover fund collected at other G. O. P. stations was not disclosed. Generous contributors included Edsel Ford, Julius Rosenwald, of Sears, Roebuck Co., and others.

Enormous sums of money were collected by both democratic and republican parties during the campaign of 1924. Corruption and thievery reigned supreme and the backers of the two Wall Street candidates did not even disguise the brazen fashion in which the election was being bought up.

Some of the contributors to the G. O. P. fund in 1924—

Joseph R. Grundy, Bristol, Pa., president of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association, \$50,000; William Wrigley, Jr., Chicago, \$50,000.

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FIGHT THUGGERY IN ACW, IS CALL

Forming themselves into a "Committee for the Reinstatement of Abe Jacobs, of William P. Goldman's shop, militant workers in that large factory yesterday issued a circular calling on the approximately 500 workers there to demand the return to the job of the worker who was recently severely slugged by the business agent of the Lapel Makers Local of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union.

Because he was known to the right wing gangster officialdom to be a left winger, Business Agent Frunzi and a squad of other thugs came into the factory and assaulted Jacobs while he was at work, knocking out three teeth, slashing his lip and then emptying his pockets of a pay envelope just received containing \$44.

The attack was made because the other hundreds of workers in the

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WORKERS IN BIG CENTERS RALLY TO BACK PARTY

Organizers are Busy in Drive to Line Up Maine

Negroes Support Drive

Five of the six New England states comprising one of the greatest industrial sections of the United States will be on the Communist ballot in this election campaign according to a report made to the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party by Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the National Election Campaign Committee who has just returned from a tour of New England.

Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and New Hampshire are already certain to be on the ballot and the Campaign Committee of District one with headquarters in Boston, plans to send an organizing crew into Maine to whip that rockribbed center of reaction into line as soon as their work is complete in the other states.

Heights Campaign. Having already placed more states on the Communist ballot than the total in the 1924 campaign the National Election Campaign Committee is sending representatives from New York headquarters into the various districts to spur the comrades into increased activity.

Added interest is attached to the Maine fight because of the fact that the placing of the Communist ticket on the ballot there will mean a clear-cut fight between the Workers (Communist) Party and the Republican Party, the Democratic Party having quit the field in this election campaign and the Socialist Party being nowhere in evidence.

There were only two New England states on the ballot in 1924, Massachusetts and Rhode Island. The Communists polled a bigger vote in Massachusetts in that year than the Socialist Party and this year because of the activities of the Communists in the New Bedford and Fall River textile strike and the general activities of the Party in behalf of the workers in all other industries, the workers of New England are rallying to the Party standard and helping energetically in the Communist campaign.

In New Bedford alone the striking textile workers guaranteed to collect half the necessary number of signatures to place the Workers (Communist) Party ticket on the ballot and in Rhode Island the textile workers, impressed with the work of the Party in Massachusetts are turning to the Party as the only political leader of the exploited masses.

The Socialist Party is practically eliminated in New England, Comrade

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FISHING SMACK DISABLED

CHATHAM, Mass., Aug. 24 (UP).—The fishing vessel, Orion, of Gloucester, Mass., is disabled at latitude 48.41 north longitude 69.37 west with a broken shaft, a radio message from the S. S. Gytsun, received here today said.

A HUNDRED PER CENTER.

ROME, Aug. 24 (UP).—Secretary Turati of the fascist party in a circular to fascist federations today, deplored the use of foreign sparkling wines at fascist banquets in preference to the native beverages. "Such snobbishness is intolerable," he said.

650 ATHLETES AT BIG LABOR SPORT MEET TODAY

Men and Women Workers Will Participate in Thirty One Events Here

The biggest workers' athletic meet ever held in the United States will get under way at Wingate (P. S. A. L.) Field, Brooklyn, N. Y., at 2 o'clock today. Thirty-one track and field events, soccer, swimming and a mass drill will top the program. In the mass drill alone, 300 will participate.

Athletes from all parts of the country have come to New York for

the meet. From Sudbury and Toronto, Canada, five athletes have come, making the trip in a has-been Ford. Milwaukee, Waukegan, Chicago, Duluth, Superior, Cleveland, Buffalo and other cities have sent athletes to the meet. In all, 24 cities are represented.

Strong Waukegan Trio.

Waukegan, Ill., has probably sent the strongest trio of athletes of any one city, in Paul Venhe, Arne Jokinen and A. Karjala. Venhe and

Thousands Demand Mooney Release at N. Y. Sacco-Vanzetti Meeting



13,000 workers braved a heavy rain in Union Square, New York, Thursday to demonstrate against capitalist "justice" at the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting. They pledged to smash the frame-up system and voiced a demand for the immediate release of all class war prisoners. The demonstration was held under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense.

LEWIS MACHINE GRANTS \$5 DAY Aim to Break Ranks of Ohio Miners

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 24.—Officials of the Lewis-Hall machine have worked out another betrayal of the miners in a so-called agreement signed up for about fourteen miners in district 6 which call for a wage scale of \$5.00.

Most of the operators to whom the concession was granted belong to the Central Ohio Operators Association. Four of the mines are said to be in the Hocking Valley, one in the eastern Ohio district, and the remainder in Tuscarawas county. The contract is dated September 1, and terminates March 31, 1930. It calls for \$5 a day and 70 cents a ton for cutting and loading.

Rank and file miners and militant leaders are organizing their forces for the convention for a new miners union to be held in Pittsburgh September 9-16, as the only way to protect the coal diggers from the betrayals of the Lewis machine.

MEXICAN LABOR IN SACCO MEET

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24.—Several thousand militant Mexican workers staged a fiery demonstration here yesterday on the anniversary of the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti.

Marching defiantly before the American consulate, they carried placards denouncing "Yankee imperialism" and "the assassins of Sacco and Vanzetti."

The demonstration continued for three hours and forced the closing of stores in many parts of the city. Traffic was completely paralyzed.

Three speakers were arrested for making "statements offensive to the Mexican army."

Kellogg Dodges Sacco-Vanzetti Demonstrators

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Secretary of state Kellogg arrived in Paris this morning having changed his entire schedule in an effort to dodge a Sacco and Vanzetti demonstration which he feared was waiting to receive him at the depot.

All he succeeded in outwitting was a small crowd of Americans who were waiting to welcome him on the wrong platform. Surrounded by a phalanx of gendarmes and intelligence service officers, the small figure of the American secretary was hustled out of his compartment before he was whisked away thru a little used side-door of the depot.

Elaborate precautions were taken by the French and American intelligence service jointly to protect the secretary from Sacco and Vanzetti.

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BIG PICNIC TODAY AT ULMER PARK

Thousands of left wing workers of New York, representing every nationality and every industry in the city, will meet today at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, at the festival of the Trade Union Educational League.

A list of sport events will be staged, after which there will be general potato races, fat men's races (of whom there is a scarcity among the left wingers), and others.

In evening several well known revolutionary poets will read their creations in a Poet's Forum, led by Mike Gold, editor of the New Masses. Those who will participate are Edwin Rolfe, Hebray Heich, Jr., George Henry Weiss, Beatrice Siskind and A. B. Magil.

Ulmer Park may be reached by taking the B.-M.T. West End Line to Twenty-fifth Avenue.

COLONIAL ISSUE AT RED CONGRESS

Indian Delegate Tells of British Rule

At World Congress of the Communist International now in session Contreras declared that the main aim of the Latin-American Parties must be to found a workers' and peasants' alliance between Latin America and the United States. He said that Humbert Droz's slogan of Latin-Americanism was dangerous. The Indians must receive more attention, he said. The Communist Party of the United States has not fulfilled its tasks in the anti-imperialist struggle, he declared, and the Central Committee of the Party is responsible.

Pepper declared that the fundamental line of the theses was correct. India was really agrarian and dependent on the motherland, he said. He thought that Bennett's ideas of decolonization were wrong. India, he said, has practically only light industries which cannot transform an agrarian into an industrial country. The transformation was only possible, he said, by the production of the means of production. Ninety per cent of British capital was sent to India, not for industry but for state loans. The basis for the revolutionary situation in India, he continued, is the collision of imperialist capital with the pre-capitalist conditions of India. The Indian bourgeoisie was not completely

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MINE DISTRICTS DRIVE FOR UNION

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 24.—"The United Mine Workers of America is dead! Long live the new union!" This is the ringing slogan now resounding throughout the mine fields as preparations for the convention of September 9-16 are speeded up. The National Arrangements Committee of which John Watt is chairman and Pat Toohy is secretary, has been receiving reports from numerous districts indicating the rising sentiment of the coal diggers for a new and militant union under their own control.

Unionism and militancy is in the life blood of the coal diggers! Texas to Pennsylvania, east to west, organized and unorganized fields—the miner is a union man. He knows the value of solidarity, the need for militancy and struggle. September 9, everyone predicts confidently, will prove the accuracy of this estimate of progressive leaders.

Throughout District 12, thousands of miners are getting together in mass meetings, to protest against

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COLLECTIONS TO BE MADE TODAY, TOMORROW HERE

Communists Expose Fake Tammany Alibi

Volunteers to Cover City

In complete defiance of the threat of the Tammany police department which yesterday indicated that it would take steps to halt the Red Tag Day collections, the Workers (Communist) Party will proceed with its program, it was announced last night at the New York district office of the Party.

All the forces of the Party will be mobilized for the collections today, and the entire city will be blanketed with thousands of volunteers who will invade all sections of Greater New York.

"We propose to go forward with our collection," John J. Ballam, acting organizer of District 2, announced last night. "We shall appeal directly to the working class and carry out our original plans in spite of the attempts of Mr. Coler to prevent us."

Announcement had been made yesterday by Police Commissioner Warren that he would act on the instructions of Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Public Welfare, advising him of the Communist collection and that "any collection of moneys by party workers would be in violation of the ordinances of the city of New York."

A Tammany Order. Calling attention to the obvious political character of the order, the statement charges: "Mr. Coler's party—Tammany Hall—has access to the money bags

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GITLOW SCORES TAG DAY THREAT

Urges Workers Defy Tammany Order

In a scathing statement issued last night from the national campaign headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, 43 E. 125th St., Benjamin Gitlow, the Party's vice-presidential candidate, denounced the action of the Tammany police department in threatening to bar the Red Tag Days scheduled for today and tomorrow.

Characterizing the move as a vicious attack by Tammany Hall upon the Workers Party, and urging the workers of the city to redouble their energies in the drive, Gitlow said:

Bird S. Coler and Police Commissioner Warren are determined to prevent the Workers (Communist) Party from collecting funds from the workers for the Communist Election Campaign. This vicious attack upon the Workers (Communist) Party is being made by the Tammany Hall Al Smith administration of New York. Al Smith does not seek campaign contributions from the workers. He gets his from Mr. DuPont, the powder and explosive king of America. He gets his from the big fat boys of Wall Street. The Standard Oil crowd, General Motors, the power interests, the traction interests, the trusts and super-trusts are out to elect Al Smith. They will supply millions to elect Al Smith president. These millions they have robbed from the sweat and toil of the workers and poor farmers. They want to elect Smith to continue the reign of Wall Street and a strike-breaking government. Hoover will also get millions from the same crowd for the same purpose. The millions that will be spent by Wall Street for election purposes are for corruption in government, wage cuts, injunctions, breaking up of picket lines, jailing of workers, framing up of innocent workers, Sacco and Vanzetti executions, and imperialist world war.

"The textile strikers of New Bed-

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Scenes of Horror as Hundreds Are Trapped in Rush-Hour Interborough Smash-Up

LIMBS BROUGHT TO SURFACE IN BLOODY BASKETS

Relatives Besieging the Morgues, Hospitals of City

Disaster on West Side

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apart, were thrown wildly about, perhaps half of them onto the tracks, against stanchions, even under the wheels of the cars behind.

Through the train there went the shriek of hundreds of people, seized with near-panic. But the passengers were too closely packed in to struggle much. Women fainted and men fought—but it was a futile fight for they could hardly move. Someone tore open a window in one of the rear cars; then another and another. People scrambled out.

Electric Fire.
Peter Molther of Manhattan saw two women beside him. Their faces were pale and their forms were stiff. He thought they were dead. He lifted them both through a door, left them on the track, and sought safety for himself.

Men pulled other men and women through doors and windows after them. Everyone seemed to scream for a moment and then to concentrate upon winning safety for himself and his fellows.

A hiss went through the wrecked cars and blue smoke curled from the electrical wiring, short circuited and burning. But the fire was soon out.

"As I fled from the place," Peter Molther said, "I could see bodies strewn along the track clear back as far as the station which the car hit, and I could see arms and legs and parts of bodies. It was a frightful vision and I can never forget it."

Back on the Times Square platform, where hundreds were crowded waiting for trains, the people heard a crash, then a shriek, and a shout of terror; the thundering of the derailed cars as they plunged along the track; and the hiss of the short-lived fire; all in such a brief space of time none could tell what sound had followed the other.

The cries were echoed from the crowd on the subway platform. Like sheep, the people crowded towards the end of the station from which the terrifying sounds had come; then turned and fought for the exits.

By 7:30 p. m. 250 workmen were engaged repairing the damage to the subway—that New York might ride to work in haste again Saturday morning, or perhaps even ride home from the theatre tonight.

While the city and the transit company centered efforts on rescue at Times Square, thousands crowded platforms at stations along the route, and extra police had to be sent to each platform to maintain order. It was mid-evening before the last of these home-goers had been moved away on emergency trains which were routed over the Broadway and East Side subways. Many of them were hours late.

It was mid-evening before the work of identification of the dead and injured was more than well underway. It may be dawn before it is completed.

About 10 p. m. Frank Hedley, president of the Interborough, came to the Seventh Precinct Headquarters and for 10 minutes talked with two assistant district attorneys in an inner office. Hedley left, accompanied by two detectives, refusing to make any comment. Rumors went around that he was under technical arrest but these were denied by officers who said he had been directed to produce immediately the switch inspector who was responsible for permitting the train to cross a switch which was not in good repair.

Contributions

- Sec 1—Shop Nuc 1, N. Y. C. 3.75
- Sec. 1—3F, New York City... 3.75
- Sec. 1—2F, New York City... 5.25
- Sec. 1—2I, New York City... 1.50
- Sec. 1—1F, New York City... 10.25
- P. Glasser, New York City... 50
- C. Labron, New York City... 1.00
- Brown, New York City... 1.50
- J. Reiner, New York City... 1.00
- M. Pizer, New York City... 1.00
- S. Kahn, New York City... 25
- S. Klein, New York City... 50
- S. Blum, New York City... 1.00
- M. Feinblatt, New York City... 1.50
- Risher, New York City... 25
- Fredrick, New York City... 25
- J. H. Owens, Ripley... 50
- K. Zhikova, Ambridge... 1.00
- Herwegh Maenner Chor, Cincinnati... 10.00
- H. McGillivray, Portland... 5.00
- P. Males, Portland... 5.00
- V. Gosheff, Portland... 5.00
- L. Skaka, Portland... 1.00
- T. Evanoff, Portland... 1.00
- T. Costoff, Portland... 1.00
- I. Ivanoff, Portland... 5.00
- J. Duman, Portland... 1.00
- G. Nadenoff, Portland... 5.00
- S. Nekelehoff, Portland... 1.00
- S. L. Hetrick, Elwood... 1.00
- Siegel Family, Ontario, Calif... 1.00
- Mrs. M. Okiech, Pueblo... 1.00
- Nucleus 23, Chicago... 5.00
- J. Beestech, Bronx... 1.00
- L. Harris, Paterson... 2.00

Labor's Martyrs Immediately After Murder—Capitalist Class Justice



These remarkable photos were taken immediately after Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti (right) were burned to death on the electric chair on August 23, 1927.

GITLOW SCORES TAG DAY THREAT

Urges Workers Defy Tammany Order

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ford and Fall River are getting a taste of Hoover-Smith big business government.

"Defy the Wall Street powers who want to crush the labor movement and prevent a campaign in the interests of the workers and farmers being carried on in the United States today.

"Roll up a mighty contribution from the workers for the Communist campaign.

"Redouble your contributions to the Communist election campaign. Let dollars come from workers to the Communist Campaign Fund as an answer to the dastardly attack against the workers by the Wall Street plunderbund.

"Solidarity among the workers. Full support to the Workers (Communist) Party.

"Down with the parties of Wall Street and the candidates of Big Business.

"Carry on a mighty Communist campaign for Workers and Farmers Government."

THE VICTIMS OF SUBWAY CRASH

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leg; Polyclinic Hospital.

Keenan, Anna, at Polyclinic Hospital.

Kenway, E., thirty-five, No. 108 Rockaway Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, fractured shoulder, to New York Hospital.

Kraft, Emma, forty-seven, No. 101 East Forty-first St.

Kreunter, John, No. 71 Willow St., Brooklyn.

Larcomb, William, thirty-three, Perth Amboy, N. J., multiple abrasions of scalp, left knee and shoulder.

M'Groarty, Anna, No. 20 Rensselaer St., Brooklyn, Polyclinic Hospital.

Mitchell, William, lacerations; Polyclinic Hospital.

McGarrity, Anna, at Polyclinic Hospital.

Palange, Alice, twenty-one, No. 793 Baker Ave., Bronx; abrasions of legs, at New York Hospital.

Rabinowitz, David, sixteen, No. 585 Powell St., Brooklyn, lacerations of face, abrasions of left knee; treated at Bellevue Hospital.

Rabinowitz, Isidor, thirty-one, No. 322 East 19th St., Brooklyn.

Scanlon, E. O., twenty-nine, No. 219 Washington, lacerations of scalp, at New York Hospital.

Schold, Elizabeth, nineteen, No. 335 Beach 87th St., Rockaway.

Whitman, Mabel, thirty, Brooklyn.

Weisman, Louis, thirty-seven, 81 Nassau St., contusions.

Wortendyke, Frank, thirty-three, Mahwah, N. J.

Mr. Plunkett.
An unidentified woman about 30 years old.
Crapf, Emma, 47, Manhattan.
Price, Morris, 52, Brooklyn.

Theremin, Noted Soviet Musician, in Program at Stadium on Monday

Professor Leon Theremin, noted Soviet scientist and musician, and inventor of the Theremin-Vox, which produces music from the ether, will appear as solo artist at the Lewisohn Stadium, Convent Ave. and 139th St., next Monday, the Stadium Concerts Committee announced yesterday.

Professor Theremin, with three of his pupils assisting him, will present a program of well-known classics as well as the improvisations that featured his recent program at the Daily Worker Concert at the Coney Island Stadium. He will be accompanied by the entire Philharmonic Orchestra in several of his renditions.

BARE RIGHT WING MURDER ATTEMPT

Sorkin, ex-McGrady Man, Exposes Plot

Accusations of startling cold-bloodedness were leveled at the right wing scab Joint Council of the fur industry and at the "Forward" chiefs, "socialists" and A. F. of L. bureaucrats at the helm of the drive to destroy the fur workers union conditions.

"Forty thousand dollars were used by the scab council in payments to those who were to 'wipe out of existence' one of the leaders of the left wing Joint Board Furriers' Union," was the statement made by Hyman Sorkin, until recently a leader of the scab council and therefore in a position to know. This statement was made by Sorkin at a meeting of the Progressive Bloc which split away from the council in order to join the movement for a new union sponsored by nearly all fur union locals.

Sorkin's declaration is substantiated by facts already known since it can be recalled that Aaron Gross, Joint Board leader, was murderously assaulted by thugs who slashed his throat in an effort to kill him.

Sorkin also bare facts relative to this attempt. He declared that in order to avoid the possibility of future investigation on the big sums paid out, finance books were destroyed. Further in the expose, it was learnt that, at the time Gross was attacked, the "socialist" party leader, Bearak, was in New York and was the recipient of a number of checks averaging \$6,000. Bearak refuses to explain whether these huge sums were for himself or for people who were to do the "work."

Further disclosures made later by Sorkin, interestingly portray the complete demoralization reigning in the camp of the right wing union destroyers. A special gang of thugs are employed by the scab council, Sorkin said. Their job is to force fur workers to take out membership books from the council. Each of these gangsters always carry scores of membership books in his pockets, which they sell to the workers, pocketing the money. In rare cases only do these cut-throats force a worker to the council offices for a book or dues stamps, each one is himself a union treasurer. Books and stamps are sold on the spot.

Every time a squad of these guerrillas are sent out to stop a shop, they are paid five dollars for a morning job and three dollars for an evening job. Recently, Sorkin related, they went on strike demanding five dollars for both jobs. They won. Now that the thousands of dollars are spent in the fight to wreck union standards, many of these thugs are threatening to resign unless the Forward or the A. F. of L. "comes across."

More Involved in Obregon Murder Plot

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24 (UP).—The latest group of suspects arrested in connection with the assassination of President-elect Obregon will be tried as co-authors of the crime instead of accomplices, it was indicated today.

WORKERS PARTY HAS MINE PAPER

Stanton Nucleus Will Push Election Drive

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 24.—The first coal diggers' paper ever issued by a Workers (Communist) Party mine nucleus, appeared yesterday with the publication of "The Miners' Blast," shop-paper of the miners in the vicinity of Stanton, Pa. This is the first miners' nucleus paper that has ever been issued in the United States.

Introducing itself to the coal diggers, the "Miners' Blast" prints an editorial, part of which follows:

"The Miners' Blast is published by a group of miners in Stanton, organized in the mine nucleus of the Workers (Communist) Party, the revolutionary organization of the American working class. It is your paper, the paper of the rank and file, the miner, the laborer, driver, breaker-boy, of all the workers employed in and around the mine.

"The Miners' Blast is appearing at a time when conditions in Stanton, as in all other mines and the mining industry as a whole, is becoming increasingly worse day by day. Unemployment, wage-cuts, and speed-up mark the offensive of the operators, who gloating over their victory in the soft coal fields, are now preparing to attack and smash the union in the anthracite also."

The editorial, after showing up the betrayals of Lewis's corrupt clique ends with a call to all the miners to write for the paper and to participate in the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Perfect New Airplane for Militaristic Use

A new type of airplane, reported to be a compromise between the monoplane and biplane models now in standard use was scheduled for public exhibition and test today at Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

The model, known as the New Standard, is the work of Charles Healy Day, veteran aircraft designer. Clarence Chamberlain, officials of many New Jersey cities, and aviation engineers will watch the tests.

120 Others Charged With Part in Obregon Death

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24 (UP).—The twelve persons recently arrested in connection with the assassination of president-elect Obregon will be charged with being co-authors of the crime and not accomplices, it was indicated here today. The penalty for the men if found guilty is death and 20 years imprisonment for the women.

CREW SAVED BY TUGS.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Aug. 24 (UP).—The crew of the steamer Labrador was saved by tugs today when the vessel struck a sunken reef off the Isle of Gorri. Water flooded the ship through a hole in the side.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

PHYSICAL AND MENTAL RECREATION

Co-operative Workers Camp Nitgedaiget

Beacon, N. Y.—Tel: Beacon 731

MASS PLAYS, mass singing, sports, such as baseball, soccer, football, tennis, etc. Social dancing, campfires, amateur nights, lectures, camp magazine and other recreations during the entire summer season.

A kindergarten with competent counselors for children whose parents stay in camp.

Don't drag any bundles.—You can get everything at moderate prices at the camp store.

REGISTER NOW for the New Spacious and Airy Bungalows At:

OFFICE: 69 Fifth Ave. PHONE: Alg. 6900
2700 Bronx Park, East (Co-operative Workers Colony)

Rates: \$17.00 Per Week

TRAINS LEAVE GRAND CENTRAL EVERY HOUR.
BOATS TO NEWBURGH—\$1.50 ROUND TRIP

CANDIDATES OF WORKERS PARTY TO FIGHT CASEY

G. O. P. and Democrats Back Labor Faker

WILKES-BARRE, Aug. 24.—John J. Casey is the president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, the successor of Jim Maurer. Mr. Casey is of only a socialist. He represents Luzerne County in Congress, elected on the republican, democrat, and socialist tickets.

The honorable congressman is a typical labor faker, a good illustration of the fusion of the "non-partisan" A. F. of L. machine with the capitalist parties. Because Mr. Casey started his career as a breaker-boy and because he comes from a district where the majority of the voters are union men, he is posing as a friend of labor.

Last February he delivered a speech about the strike in congress, appealing to the representatives of the Mellons and Rockefeller to relieve the suffering of the miners and to save the country from the Bolshevik menace. Maurer can be well proud of his successor—this flag waving, red-baiting, republican-democratic-socialist politician.

Casey is running again for reelection. The labor misleaders are working hard to get him in. Of course, the socialist party is not going to oppose him. He will have the united coal-operators "labor" support, which will mean election.

The Anthracite Sub-district of the Workers (Communist) Party of America is going to put up a strong fight against Casey, as well as the other capitalist politicians. A rank-and-file miner will run as candidate in his district against him. The class collaboration of the A. F. of L. will be fully exposed, and the miners rallied behind the Party of the Class Struggle.

Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers Party, will devote quite some time in his speech to the Caseys, Lewises, and the other fakers. He will speak at the monster Picnic and Rally in Sans Souci Park, Saturday, September 1st. Judging from the interest of the miners and the publicity given to it by the capitalist papers, this affair will be a great success in our election campaign.

German Firm Produces

A rocket-propelled car which will attain a speed of 400 miles an hour is being planned by the Opel Motor Works of Germany, according to Dr. Karl Kuelb who arrived here yesterday.

The car was recently experimented with in Germany and will probably be shown at the Daytona Beach this winter. Dr. Kuelb is here to arrange for the exhibition of the "lightning" car.

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Speakers and Agitprop Conference at 2 Today

A special conference of Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League open-air meeting speakers and agitprop directors will be held at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, fifth floor, at 2 p. m. today.

ARREST 175 FOR LESE MAJESTE

Peasants are Jailed by Japanese Terror

TOKIO, Japan, Aug. 24.—The temporary suspension of police censorship has revealed that 175 men and women, chiefly peasants, were arrested in this country in April for religious practices which included a form of primitive collectivism.

The devotees are alleged to have seceded from the Shinto faith and the leaders of the movement have exhorted their followers to contribute their wealth to the common support of their sect. The government charged that this is a form of Communism and proceeded against them on accusations of lese majeste to the emperor.

Many of the adherents to the sect are peasants upon whose credulity their religious teachers imposed.

BRITISH PREPARE DIRIGIBLE BASES

The Party Drive In Arkansas

By WILLIAM PICKENS.
So says a news headline.—Well, what difference will it make with evolution if Arkansas votes on it? If a "Hill Billy" votes yes, what is the difference? If he votes no, what is the difference? Evolution will not be altered by a political vote. Evolution is not a town law; if it be a law at all, it is a law of the universe. And great natural laws are not to be determined by stump speeches and ignorant voters. Natural laws are only to be discovered and understood. They cannot be influenced, altered or repealed.

If there are any scientists in Arkansas, they might set about and study the theory and the laws of evolution and see if they can understand any of it, or rediscover it—or something like that.

What could be the sense of submitting the matter of evolution to the general populace "to take a vote on it?"

BLAST INJURES MANY.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Aug. 24 (UP).—Several persons were reported injured today in a gasoline sewer explosion which seriously damaged two buildings shortly after noon.

ANOTHER HOOVER BANKER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (UP).—The United States needs the leadership of Herbert Hoover, Mortimer L. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb and Company, New York bankers, said today in advising republican headquarters of his support.

Food Workers Support Big Youth Conference

Local 164, of the Amalgamated Food Workers, has contributed \$10 to carry on the work of the Working Youth Conference.

FIGHT THUGGERY IN ACW, IS CALL

Beckerman Is Ousted From Joint Board

Continued from Page One
shop declared they refused to pay dues to Hillman's collector because the officialdom had made a company union out of the organization.

An event occurring too late to be contained in the leaflet took place when Jacobs appeared before the executive board. When he came to face that body he was told that he will be kept off the job unless he signs a statement against the Jewish Communist Daily Freiheit and the Daily Worker which denies the truth of the story of the beating. After the worker had refused this, he was ordered to stay away from that shop.

The long expected withdrawal of Abraham Beckerman from management of the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union has finally been effected by that "little Mussolini" and his name will not be put on the ballot in the so-called elections to be held by that union soon.

An internal dispute of long standing with the chief officials of the organization are known to be the cause in informed circles. The rapid and ever-growing assumption of more power in the New York market due to his popularity among the bosses because of his brazen sell-outs of the workers' interests, caused the Hillman-Schlossberg clique in the national office to look upon him as a dangerous rival.

This, and the recent exposure of a huge graft machine in his administration, coupled with loss of support of his own underworld characters, back up the generally known belief that Beckerman's resignation is imminent. It is not as yet known which henchman of Hillman is to be assigned Beckerman's place.

THE GOLDEN TAG DAYS OF PARTIES OF CAPITALISM

Witnesses Show Jingoes Led Brutal Attack

Continued from Page One
\$25,000; F. K. Prince, Boston, \$25,000; W. H. Woodin, N. Y., head of the American Car and Foundry Co. and now in return for bus franchise in New York City a contributor of \$25,000 to the Al Smith campaign fund.

The democrats were equally receptive in that year. Some of their "rich smiles" included:

B. M. Baruch, New York banker, \$22,500; Henry Morgenthau, New York ambassador to Turkey under Wilson and real estate operator in Tammany controlled New York City; Jesse H. Jones, Houston Tex., who won notoriety in 1928 demonstration convention, \$20,000; Thomas F. Ryan, public utility operator in New York City, \$50,000.

After the 1924 campaign the republicans showed a surplus of \$355,264 and the democrats a deficit of \$265,000. On March 7, 1928 the democrats announced that the deficit was wiped out, and that the 1928 campaign fund would be begun with \$250,000 in hand. Contributions: Thomas F. Ryan, \$50,000; Jesse H. Jones, director of finance of democratic national committee, \$50,000; William F. Kenney, \$25,000; C. W. Watson, Fairmount, W. Va., former U. S. senator, and coal magnate, \$25,000.

The sums of money mentioned above relate only to expenditures of the national committees and probably constitute less than half of the total cost of the national campaign.

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STRIKE A BLOW for the PARTY OF THE WORKING CLASS



Contribute and Collect Funds for the ELECTION CAMPAIGN of the WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY During



Red Week--August 20 to August 26, Inclusive VOLUNTEER FOR SERVICE ALL WEEK

—A T—
60 St. Marks Pl. 1800 7th Ave. 2700 Bronx Pk., E.
101 W. 27th St. 2075 Clinton Ave. 46 Ten Eyck St., Bklyn.
143 E. 103rd St. 215 E. 138th St. 1378 43rd St., Bklyn.

For Red Mass Collections, August 25 and 26

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY - - - - - 26-28 Union Square, New York City

Colombian President Calls for War on Trade Unions, Communists in Manifesto

KELLOGG DODGES SACCO, VANZETTI MEET IN PARIS

Izvestia Comments on Peace Pact Promise

Continued from Page One
zetti demonstrators who, they alleged, were planning a protest when the secretary arrived. Ambassador Herrick, who also seems to have been suspected, was not informed and arrived several minutes too late on the platform. He was in time, however, to hear one or two of the bolder Americans, who by this time had recognized the secretary, shout, "Vive, M. Kellogg." Aside from this there was no demonstration as, heavily guarded by police and detectives, the secretary proceeded to the official reception.

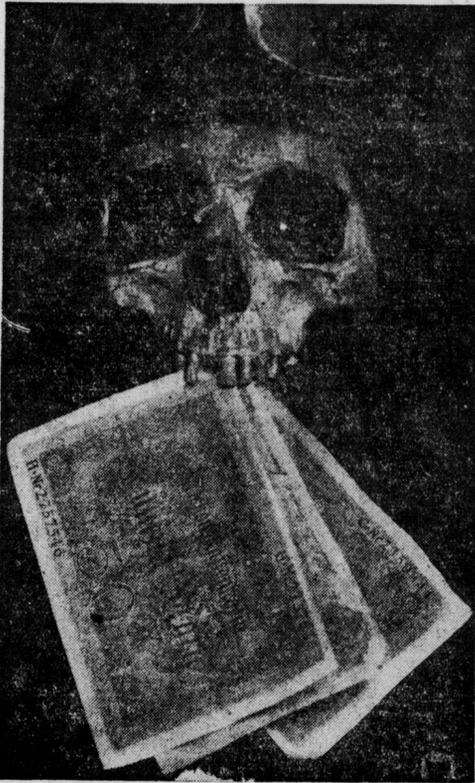
Announcement has been made that steps are being taken whereby the multilateral peace treaty will be opened to signature by forty-four other powers following its signature by the original Locarno pact signatories here on Monday.

It is intimated that the government of the Soviet Union also may be invited to sign the treaty, although the American government will evade the appearance of recognizing the U. S. S. R. by delegating France to undertake this negotiation.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 24.—Commenting on reports that the United States government was willing to consider the signing of the Kellogg multilateral peace treaty, the Izvestia today regretted that the announcement made by assistant secretary of state Castle is oral and unofficial. This excites perplexity and may be the cause of a number of supplementary questions, the paper states.

"We only regret that the step of the assistant secretary of state—dictated, undoubtedly, by the desire to explain questions arising in relation to the compact's complicated procedure and the fact that the

The Imperialist War Is Looming



A poster issued illegally to members of the German army aviation corps by the Communist Party of Germany. The poster is being used in the campaign against the war with which the imperialist powers are threatening the Soviet Union.

Union of Socialist Soviet Republics did not participate in the preliminary discussions—still leaves many difficulties and renders more difficult considerations of the fundamen-

tal problem, which could only be aided if all questions concerning the rights of States not original signatories were illumined with the necessary fullness."

Who Will Organize the Auto Workers?

(This is the seventh in the series of articles on "Automobile—Symbol of the Modern Slavery." The articles thus far have given a general picture of the industry, the extent of the mergers, the conditions among the workers, etc. The recent Flint strike came in for special consideration. Who will organize the auto workers? Every worker should read this most important article.)

By BEN LIPSCHITZ

The National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, an organization of auto manufacturers, is the powerful instrument in the hands of the bosses to promote their interests. On the other hand, we find the workers completely unorganized and absolutely helpless against such powerful combinations as Ford, General Motors Corporation and the other giants in the industry. It is true that the wages of the workers, up to January, 1927, were relatively high, but since then there has been a steady reduction in wages, a lengthening of hours and ever-increasing speed-up. This intense exploitation will affect the workers much more in the future.

Who Will Organize the Auto Industry?

The problem of organizing the workers in the automobile industry is very complicated. It requires a thorough knowledge of the development of the industry, its constant changes. It requires close examination of each of these powerful producing machines.

There are only a few unions, and all of these, except one, are craft unions. There is the automobile aircraft, Vehicle Workers Union, the machinists, pattern makers, molders, electricians, polishers and a few others. All these unions (with the exception of the A. A. and V. W. U., usually called the Auto Workers Union) represent very small groups. The machinists' locals include primarily automobile mechanics working in garages and some tool and die makers from the manufacturing plants.

The central labor bodies in the auto center are made up chiefly of the building trade locals. Their leaders are usually connected with the city and state politicians of either the democratic or republican parties, depending upon which political machine is in control. Some of these officials, as is the case of Frank Wade, president of the Michigan Federation of Labor, a prominent republican, have such high regard for organized labor that he has built a new home on Third Ave., Flint, engaging the Modern Housing Corporation, a General Motors subsidiary, to do the job. This housing corporation employs only non-union labor. Much to his surprise and indignation, he was recently called before the central labor body of Flint by his union to answer charges of misconduct in betraying union labor and the principles of union labor. He admitted these charges and so heated a discussion arose in the meeting that steam roller methods had to be used by the chairman to prevent further exposures of the actions of this labor faker.

Officials' Sabotage Struggle.
It is, therefore, not surprising that in the last strike the officials of the Central Labor Body of Flint, Michigan, not only did not support the strike, but actually did everything possible to hinder the struggle.

When a mass meeting was arranged in the Labor Temple, under the auspices of the Auto Workers Union, they found the door locked and a sign placed there by officials of the organization reading that the auto workers were not to meet there that night. Even members of the A. F. of L. were indignant at such tactics, calculated to obstruct the organization of automobile workers, and they forced the custodians to open up the hall for the workers.

It is also no accident that the Flint Federation of Labor issued a pamphlet entitled "Americanism Versus Communism," in which they give a list of the business concerns co-operating with the Flint Federation of Labor in their campaign against Communism. The list includes such open-shop concerns as the DuPont de Nemours and Co. and the General Motors subsidiaries, A. C. Spark Plug and the Buick Motor Company.

Ruthless Open-Shoppers.

The General Motors Corporation is the most ruthless foe of organized labor in Michigan, and, for that matter, in the United States. Yet the Flint Federation of Labor begs the Buick Motor Company for a few tainted dollars to help fight the Communists. General Motors has declared that it will buy no more union-mined coal. Yet they do not hesitate to assist the labor fakers of Flint in their campaign against Communism. They know that by attacking the Communists they are attacking the only group that is making a determined effort to organize the workers in the automobile industry. Hence they do not hesitate to help the leaders of the Flint trade unions to stab the motor workers in the back. The workers are learning very fast about this crew of labor misleaders. When the Flint Federation of Labor called a mass meeting of these strikers not one of the strikers showed up at the meeting.

It is already almost two years since the Detroit Convention of the A. F. of L. adopted a resolution to organize the automobile workers. It is no surprise to us that practically nothing was done toward organizing these workers. We may expect even greater betrayals by the local and national leaders of the A. F. of L. when a greater and more deep-going awakening takes place among the automobile workers.

Against Mass Power.

The leaders of the A. F. of L. realize what an organized movement of hundreds of thousands of automobile workers would mean for them and they are not so anxious to build something that will turn against them.

The leaders of the American industries have already learned by this time to take the statements of the American Federation of Labor with a ton of salt. We have no

doubt that the capitalists in the airplane industry have as much fear of the threat of William Green to organize this industry as when the A. F. of L. passed their resolution to organize the automobile industry. Certainly we cannot expect the officialdom of the A. F. of L. to make a real effort to organize the workers in the automobile industry. Their latest betrayals of the miners, textile and needle workers, and their action in the Flint strike, must convince every class-conscious worker that the A. F. of L. officialdom are the enemies of the American working class.

Task of Workers Themselves.

The organization of the workers in the automobile industry must come through the initiative of the class-conscious workers themselves. A number of problems are connected with the question of organizing the workers in the automobile industry.

The automobile industry, as we have noted in the article on "The Scope of the Industry," is the largest manufacturing industry in the United States, both in the raw material used and in the number of workers, directly and indirectly employed. The most important feature of the industry is that nowhere in the world, not even including the Clyde district of Scotland, is there such a compact mass of proletarians concentrated as there are in the Detroit-Toledo-Cleveland area, which contains close to three-quarters of a million workers employed in the factories, making motor vehicles, parts, accessories and tires. The most significant fact is that more than two-thirds of these workers are located within a radius of about sixty miles. Detroit is the center, Flint is to the northwest and Toledo to the east.

A strike in one of the large automobile plants, properly conducted, is bound to have an effect on the workers in the other shops and must result in deepening the class-consciousness of the workers in the auto industries and lead to further struggles.

Increase of Semi-Skilled.

The tendency in the automobile industry is generally in the direction of less and less skill. That does not mean that the absolute number of the skilled workers in the automobile industry is diminishing, but that the percentage of the skilled workers in relation to the amount of production is diminishing. The tendency is also to reduce the number of unskilled known as common laborers. Both tendencies are in the direction of increasing the semi-skilled workers. No matter what you are doing in the industry, some slight skill or agility is required and, as in the case of the oil sander, while the amount of skill is not high, nevertheless a particular form of skill is required which takes some time to acquire.

(Tomorrow's article, which will conclude the series, will deal with the important problem of the tactics and strategy of organizing the auto workers and the necessity of building shop committees.)

COLLECTIONS TO BE MADE TODAY, TOMORROW HERE

Communists Expose Tammany Alibi

Continued from Page One
of Wall Street. Wall Street's candidates, Hoover and Smith, will be supported by contributions amounting to millions. The Workers (Communist) Party, which is the party of the working class, is determined to defeat the attempt of Mr. Coler to prevent the workers from conducting an adequate campaign.

Would Refuse Permit.
"It comes with ill grace from Mr. Coler, appointee of Tammany Hall," the Communist statement continued, "to issue such an order, after that organization has accepted the generous contributions of Mr. DuPont, the gunpowder magnate, Mr. Dooney, the oil bandit, Mr. Kenny, the contractor who reaps his rich profits from city contracts, Mr. Ryan, the traction millionaire, and Mr. Baruch, the banker."

In his letter to Warren, Coler said that he had not received an application for a permit from the Workers Party, but that he would refuse to grant one in any event.

Tammany Corruption.

It was pointed out last night that Coler's alleged support of "law" is particularly ironic in view of the well-known fact that the City Lodge House, among others, on East 25th St., one of the municipal institutions over which Coler has general supervision, has for years been a nest of corruption and general inefficiency. This was especially revealed during the so-called unemployment surveys last winter when William G. McMahon, superintendent of the logging house, fearful of revelations that would undoubtedly be made, refused all access to his books and records.

Received No Notice.

The Communist statement concluded:

"The Workers (Communist) Party disclaims having received any notice or information from Mr. Coler in reference to its city-wide drive on August 25 and 26 for the purpose of raising funds among the workers for its election campaign. We have a legal right to approach workers for funds in the city-wide house to house drive which we have planned. The alleged statement of Mr. Coler, an agent of Tammany Hall, is an attempt to persuade the workers of this city not to contribute to the election campaign fund of the only Party which speaks in their interests. Time and again Mr. Coler has expressed his class prejudice by preventing the raising of much-needed relief funds for strikers and now he caps the climax by attempting to prohibit workers from contributing funds for an election campaign for the Party of their choice."

"We are confident that instead of discouraging the workers, Mr. Coler's statement will serve as an added stimulus to the workers of the city of New York to support the campaign fund of the Workers (Communist) Party in this drive."

"Workers (Communist) Party, District Two—John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer"

(Wireless to The Daily Worker).
MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 22—Discussion of the colonial question,

RED CONGRESS DISCUSSES THE COLONIAL ISSUE

Indian Delegate Tells of British Rule

Continued from Page One
in the imperialist camp, as Bennet says.

Bourgeois democratic revolutions are the central question for all colonies, Pepper continued. The chief errors of the Communist Party of China, he said, were, first, that it failed to notice the development of the general national into the bourgeois democratic revolution and, second, that it thought the latter was developing into a proletarian revolution. Stalin's definition of the bourgeois democratic revolution, he continued, as a unification of the struggle against imperialism and feudal remnants is classical and applies to China, India and all colonial and semi-colonial countries. The central Communist task today, Pepper declared, is to fight against imperialism and the war danger. The bourgeois democratic revolution still exists in China. Regarding the Canton insurrection, he said, I always described it as the greatest historical action of the Chinese proletariat and never opposed armed insurrection.

The Colonial Theory.

Further speakers were Remmele, of Germany, and Wolfe, of the United States. Wolfe declared that the de-colonization theory overestimates the progressive role of imperialism and leads to an opportunist apology for imperialism and weakens the struggle against it. Temporarily, he continued, United States capitalism played a progressive role in Latin-America but only in order to drive out British imperialism, which was the first in the field and allied with the feudal and clerical reaction. When the American aim was achieved, he continued, the United States crushed the progressive movement it had itself released and made an alliance with the feudal reaction. The petty bourgeois theory of unity of Latin America against United States imperialism is inacceptable, he said. We aim at the unification of the revolutionary forces in Latin America and in the United States and the foundation of a Latin American workers' and peasants' Soviet Republic, he declared.

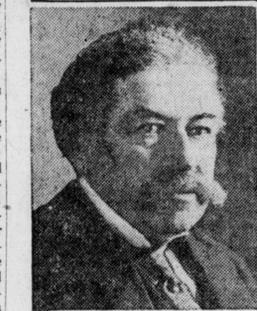
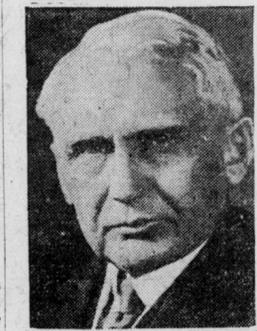
Closing Speech on Colonies.

At the thirty-ninth session of the World Congress under the chairmanship of Remmele, Sikander, of India, commenced the closing speech on the colonial debate. The speeches participated in by delegates from the colonial Communist Parties and from the working class all over the world continued in the thirty-eighth session of the Sixth Congress of the Communist International, under the chairmanship of Manavar of Indonesia.

The following discussed theses dealing with the colonial problem:

Bunting, of South Africa; Raza, of India; Schubin, of the Soviet Union; Cardenas, of Colombia; Lominade, of the Soviet Union; Raveto, of Argentina; Wurm, of the Information Department of the Communist International; Masut, of the Young Communist International; Ramirez, of Mexico; Bensaïd, of Algeria; Shagri, of Persia, and Shenkuang, of China.

The Bunk Artists of Imperialism Get Busy



After refusing to accept the proposals of the Soviet Union for complete and immediate disarmament the imperialists got busy concocting a "peace" plan, whose only relation to world peace is to cloak the preparations which the powers are making for the next imperialist war. Above, four imperialist diplomats who will sign the Kellogg treaty in Paris August 27th. Frank B. Kellogg, upper left; Austen Chamberlain, British Foreign Minister, upper right; Aristide Briand, French Foreign Minister, lower left; Gustav Stresemann, German Foreign Minister, lower right.



GOVERNMENT TO ABET PETROLEUM IMPERIALISTS

More Concessions are Granted

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 24.—Strict and comprehensive legislation against Communism, the Communist Party and revolutionary labor unions and organizations, and organization of mixed oil companies that would give greater power to foreign capital were called for in a manifesto issued today by President Dr. Abadía Mandez and his cabinet.

Legislation against the Communist Party already exists in Colombia, but the new manifesto declared the government's intention to declare revolutionary labor unions and other revolutionary organizations illegal, and would provide strict punishment for violators.

The "mixed" oil companies proposed would provide a combine, dominated by foreign capital, the main competitors being England and the United States, for the exploitation of oil lands, as well as for the refining and marketing of the oil and the construction and exploitation of public pipe-lines. The same manifesto indicates that the government will not begin exploitation of the national oil reserves, which it would consider "inconvenient at the present time."

The Andean Oil Company, British controlled, and the Standard Oil are the two chief petroleum interests in Colombia. The Gulf Refining Company was recently legislated against when the Barco concessions were repealed by the president. One national company already exists in which, it is believed, Standard holds chief control.

the imperialists. The idea that the Indian bourgeoisie has not betrayed the national revolution, just as the Koumintang did, is incorrect.

The upper section of the Indian bourgeoisie is prepared to ally itself with British imperialism whereas the lower section is prepared to fight for power and utilize the masses as cannon-fodder, he continued. The fight must be conducted against the petty bourgeoisie which has an influence on the masses. The Second International strives to prove the progressive role of imperialism in the colonies. It is incredible, Sikander declared, that some Communists hold the industrialization theory and thus follow in the footsteps of MacDonald.

WORKMEN'S SICK & DEATH BENEFIT FUND

OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ORGANIZED 1884

60,000 MEMBERS IN 344 BRANCHES IN THE U. S. A.

Assets on December 31, 1927, over.....\$2,830,000
Paid for Sick and Death Benefits, over.....\$13,440,000

Benefits in case of Sickness or Accident \$6, \$9, or \$15 per week for first 40 weeks, one-half thereof for an additional 40 weeks, or altogether \$260 to \$900.

Sick Benefits for Women—\$9 for first 40 weeks, \$4.50 for another 40 weeks, or altogether \$540.

Death Benefits—in proportion to the age at initiation (Class A and B).
\$355 the age of 16 to \$405 at the age of 44.
Parents can insure their children up to the age of 15 years against death.

WORKERS! Protect Yourselves and Your Families!

For further information write to the Main Office: 9 Seventh St., cor. Third Ave., New York City, or to the Branch Financial Secretary of your District.

A BOOK—

for Proletarians and Radicals

THE HEALERS

By DR. B. LIBER

A unique, extremely original story of an ideal, almost impossible, struggling truth-seeking physician, who at last leaves his practice and becomes a tramp. Many phases from his most intimate life, his childhood, sex development, love and disappointments are told. But it is mainly an exact description of all the healing professions and quacks, with many details about their shortcomings and criminal practices and a relentless picture of the social background of disease.

FROM THE PRESS:
"An unusual book. An honest and courageous setting forth of puzzling problems of healing."
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Enclosed find \$1.00 for which send me 10 copies of newly published platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. Also send me an allotment of literature FREE, which I shall distribute among my shop mates and friends:

NAME
ADDRESS
CITY STATE

"Organize for General Strike," Correspondent Urges Philadelphia Clothing Workers

HANDOUTS

Everybody knows the American marines are in Nicaragua to ensure fair play at the elections and prevent the activity of disorderly elements so that the balloting can be conducted with the same serenity noted in American cities for instance Chicago. It is a fact, odd and without significance, that American investments in Latin America have jumped from 300 million in 1900 to \$5,000,000,000. It is also a remarkable coincidence that there are no investments in Labrador and no marines.

CONDITIONS NOT ONLY TERRIBLE BUT HORRIBLE

Must Oust Blumberg and Colleagues

(By a Worker Correspondent) PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—To be successful in an organization campaign, to organize the unorganized, it is necessary to have a correct picture and a correct analysis of the situation in the particular industry on which you intend to concentrate.

To assure the success of the organization drive it is also necessary to organize the whole membership of the union to participate in the drive, not the kind of participation that Mr. Blumberg, Weinstein and the rest of the corrupt machine want, that is "To give out leaflets only," but the participation of the rank and file members of the union in the formulation of the policy on how to organize the clothing workers of this city.

Not Italian Situation. The present misleaders of the Amalgamated have a narrow conception of what is actually the situation in this city. The Hillman machine has been telling to the Philadelphia clothing workers, that "Philadelphia is an Italian situation" and many sincere brothers from the Italian local and those of the Jewish locals believed and still believe that Philadelphia is an Italian situation.

This analysis is misleading for the clothing workers of this city. Being that there are a number of active clothing workers who believe that the analysis of the Hillman, Weinstein machine is a correct one, I want to prove here the incorrectness of it and how misleading this analysis is.

In 1922, we had a large number in the Philadelphia clothing workers' industry. In 1922 there were no immigration laws preventing foreign born workers from coming to America to fill the industries as there are today. We must consider that the immigration laws prevailing in America have reduced tremendously the entrance of Italians in the clothing industry in this city.

Many Italians that were working in the Philadelphia clothing market in 1922 have left their work and changed their trade due to the lower standard of wages in the clothing industry here. Many others have left the city.

This, however, does not mean that we have no Italian clothing workers in the industry here. Let me bring you some figures and that alone will convince you of the incorrectness of the analysis of the Hillman and Blumberg machine.

We have in the city of Philadelphia 15,000 clothing workers. Sixty-five per cent of whom are young workers and fifty per cent of the young workers are American born and the other percentage Americanized so that they hardly read or understand Italian. Fifty per cent of the Philadelphia clothing workers are female workers.

60% American Born. Of the 15,000 clothing workers we can say that 80 per cent are Italian, not Italians from Italy but of Italian parentage. Sixty per cent of the 80 per cent are American born. This very clearly shows that we do not have an Italian situation when we speaking of organizing the Philadelphia clothing workers.

The reactionary Hillman, Blumberg, Weinstein machine has not the slightest intention of organizing the

Scandinavian Pioneers Arriving in Berlin



Pioneers from all over the world are coming to the Pioneer congress in Berlin. The group above, are workers' children from Norway, Sweden and Denmark.

unorganized clothing workers and their analysis is in accord with their intention.

I want to give here some high lights of the so-called organizational drive carried on by the officialdom of the Amalgamated here. Recently Mr. Blumberg came in Philadelphia to "organize" the clothing workers. Even the "campaign" has not been officially called off the clothing workers can rest assured that the campaign is over.

At the beginning of the campaign before Mr. Blumberg, the dictator, arrived in town, thru the pressure of the left wing and progressives a Youth Committee was organized by the Joint Board of the A. C. W., to organize the unorganized young clothing workers. Soon as this committee started some work with organizational results the machine launched an attack. Mr. Weinstein, the manager of the Philadelphia Joint Board, viciously attacked the committee at one of the meetings of the board and declared, "This committee must not organize the young clothing workers but merely study ways and means of organizing them. When the writer of this article reported that we had a group in the Makaransky shop, and some other connections in other shops, it was considered by Mr. Weinstein and the rest of his associates, London, Licastro, etc., a crime to organize a group in a non-union shop and have connections in other non-union concerns.

Their attack did not prevent the committee from continuing its work and few parties and dances were organized by this committee with the result that hundreds of young clothing workers attended. Mr. Weinstein, Licastro and the rest of the machine feared these young workers would join the union and that the youth would have made real headway in the organization of the unorganized clothing workers, and smashed the Youth Committee to prevent the meeting of the Young Workers' Social Club (organized by the Youth Committee).

Pressers Recruit. The Italian pressers also made some headway in recruiting pressers from open shops to come to meetings. When the pressers proved their real intention of willingness to organize, they were abandoned by the misleader, no meetings were called any more, etc.

Thru the activities of the youth and the pressers in this "campaign" some workers were fired by the bosses from Makaransky, Daroff, Middished, etc. The officialdom permitted the manufacturers to continue to terrorize the clothing workers.

The conditions of the Philadelphia clothing workers are not terrible, but horrible. Young workers, boys and girls, are working for from \$8 to \$15 per week and a man with a family to support does not make

GERMANY SIGNS NANKING PACT

SHANGHAI, Aug. 24.—The text of the treaty signed by the Nanking government and the German government has been made public and the treaty follows the same lines as that recently signed by the United States government.

It included the most-favorable national clause that is included in the Kellogg treaty. "In all customs and kindred matters neither of the high contracting parties shall be placed at a disadvantage in the territory of the other as compared with treatment accorded any other country."

The treaty provides for early negotiations for trade and shipping agreement although the German government had already granted China trade autonomy in 1921.

enough to clothe and feed his family. A general discontent prevails among the clothing workers. The to be organized. These workers Philadelphia clothing workers want have no confidence in the Hillman, Blumberg, Licastro, Weinstein, Morriconi and corrupted misleaders of the workers. Our slogan should be: "Mr. Blumberg, Weinstein, London, Morriconi, Licastro, must go. The union must be led by the workers themselves and not by the corrupted bureaucratic politicians of the present machine."

The rank and file of the Amalgamated are interested in the organization of the clothing workers here. The corrupt machine is not interested and they must go.

An organization drive is necessary in Philadelphia. A real organization drive conducted by the rank and file members of the organization committees of hundreds of rank and file members must be mobilized who should lead the campaign. The dictator, Blumberg, must go. Jewish and Italian brothers and sisters must be made to participate in the campaign. Italian, Jewish, Poles, and Lithuanians can be found in the clothing industry of this city, and most of all young American-born elements. With a correct approach, with a correct and militant policy and with a campaign conducted by the membership of the Amalgamated we can feel confident that a successful general strike can be won. Philadelphia clothing workers, organize. Organize and fight against the corrupted misleaders of the workers. Organize for a general strike.

DOMINICK FLAIANI.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of *The DAILY WORKER*.

"PROSPERITY" IN "SUNNY SOUTH" MEANS POVERTY

Workers, Farmers are Crushed

(By a Worker Correspondent) Some of the chambers of commerce in the south are inserting large advertisements in various northern papers inducing mill owners and other manufacturers to move down south. Inducements are cheap so-called "Anglo-Saxon labor," non-unionism and other delights of the open-shoppers.

The various politicians are shouting as usual that there is prosperity in the south. Herbert "Starvation" Hoover is sending his agents thru the south with the intention of buying votes. One of his agents, congressman W. E. Evans, of California, recently visited Chattanooga, Tenn. According to the Chattanooga News of Aug. 18, he visited that city and conferred with the republican leaders. Mr. Evans called Hoover "humanitarian" and other names that sound sweet. Evans said in part, "I find a tremendous sentiment in Tennessee for him (Hoover), and this is true regardless of party."

How is "prosperity" in reality in the south? A few days ago I spoke with several people from Chattanooga who gave me a real description of conditions there.

Business is in a state of general depression. Many petty shopkeepers are closing up their establishments. Among the little shopkeepers there is great competition. The "little guys" are being swallowed up by the "big fellows," such as the Atlantic and Pacific, Rigby Wiggly and others.

Recently Sowder and Brown, two large merchants of Chattanooga, opened up a \$50,000 modern grocery store. This has hit the little fellows hard and many of them in the neighborhood have to close up their shops. They are raising a cry against the chain stores and they cannot do anything against them.

Wages of workers are being cut near everywhere. Many factories have closed down completely.

Farmers are selling most of their crops below cost. Many of them are

Clark's "Relations" at the Masque Up to Specifications

ONCE a year there has to be a play about Jewish small businessmen who are very excitable, easily angered, who splutter, but who have good hearts. There's money in it. "Relations," now at the Theatre Masque, is this year's.

Being one of a distinct class, drawn according to blue prints of previous successes, you cannot expect to be surprised at anything Edward Clark, producer, author and star of "Relations," brings into it. He just delivers the goods, and that's all. It sounds funny enough to explain the presence of various anti-Semites who come to have their little joke, it is sentimental enough to account for the presence of the possessors of the Ghetto inferiority complex, and therefore it should be a sure fire success; why not? All the jokes in it have been tried many times before, on many other audiences, and they always went over right.

Aside from considerable Retarian propaganda about business men needing to help each other out, and considerable plain boss propaganda about delivering a fair day's work for a fair day's wage, "Relations" concerns itself with the clash in the retail millinery business between family loyalty, ingrained into Jewish business families by hundreds of years of persecution by the Gentiles, and the conflicting demands of profit-making, likewise a product of life and culture. "Uncle Wolfe" (Michael) he changed his name from Lubin because everybody in America changes his name) runs a small scale business, and tries to employ all his relations. They swindle him. The heroine, also a relation, calls them "slackers." Uncle Wolfe calls

flocking to the large cities to find employment. Their lot is pitiful.

Many of the workers are realizing that they cannot depend on the political fakery and they are joining the trade unions to better their conditions.

A strike of stone workers is now on at South Pittsburgh near Chattanooga. The ranks of the strikers are solid and no doubt they will win.

The hill people of the south are waking up from their slumbers. The trade union movement should pay more attention to the southern workers. There is a great field for organization work.

—CASSELL.



Will be one of the principals in "Elmer the Great," Ring Lardner's comedy, which opens at the Lyceum Theatre in September.

them numerous other things, in his effort to get more speed out of them. Finally he fires the bunch.

Edward Clark, as the testy "Uncle Wolfe," and Peggy Coudry, as the usual slangy office girl, who left a good job at Woolworth's to labor for Uncle, are the best.

"DAWN" AT THE CAMEO

Beginning today, the Film Arts Guild will present "Dawn" for its first popular priced engagement at the Cameo Theatre. Sybil Thorn-dyke, the noted English actress, plays the role of Nurse Cavell.

On the same program will be shown "Memories of Conflict," flashes of war photographed on the battlefields of Europe.



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59066 BEAUTY and POLISH MAZURKA.
59001 KOROTCHKA. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59044 MOSKVA. National Song. Isa Kremer.
59010 PA D'ESPAGN. Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59007 PERED RAZLUKOJ (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59009 UKRAINA (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".

UKRAINIAN RECORDS
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59016 FOURTEENTH STREET (Kupley). S. Sarmatoff.
59055 KAMARINSKY (National Dance). Solo, Zibulski.
59026 KOHANOTCHKA BALALAJKA. Orchestra Biljo.
40048 KORUBUSKA... Soprano Isa Kremer.
77005 VOSPOMINANIJA O ROSSII. Waltz. Patro Biljo.
59017 AMERIKANSKI BABI. Humorist S. Sarmatoff.
59048 KAVKAZKA MELODIJA. Kaukazus Orchestra.
15034 OJ, GORE KALINA. Ukrainian National Chorus.
59002 REVE TA STOGNE. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59004 VIJUT VITRI. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59029 ZAPOROZJI U SULTANA. Kornienko Ukr. Orchestra.

POLISH RECORDS
77006 FANTASY ON SONG OF INDIA. Dance Oriental.
77007 FREEDOM MARCH—INTERNATIONAL—LA MARSEILLAISE.
60029 ALL RIGHT. Baryton Ochrymowicz.
60042 BAJ-BAJ (Komishe scene). Trupe Marskiego.
60048 DJABELSKA PIENS O PEKLE. Bassist Didur.
68014 MARSZ UKRAINSKY. Orchestra Warsaw.
60038 NAPISZE KARTECKE DO RZYMU. Tarnow Orchestra.
60036 NA WARSZAWSKIM BRUKU. Podgorsky & Pavlak.

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Goodwill, etc.



A sure way to gain fame, when normally you wouldn't attract any more attention than a banana peel on Third Avenue, is to hire an airplane and fly off into some waste place. Above is Miss Zoe Beckley who has just completed a "Goodwill" flight to Mexico City. She is now in the market to endorse overalls, chewing tobacco or Castoria. A flight of this kind is called a Goodwill-flight on the absurd theory that because an airplane of one country flies over another country it is a token of friendship. This might be so if airplanes were constructed to transport olive branches instead of bombs.

The depravity of Fascism can be reassured by what it regards as admirable. "That coward Nobile! The first airship captain who was first to leave his ship 'has just been awarded a Papal medal as big as a 'smallish soup plate.'"



"Oh, mama, what happened here?"
"That's a composite photo showing Norman Thomas on the left addressing a crowd of one sympathizer right on his tour out west."
"What's he saying to them, I mean her?"
"That even though the socialist party has nullified the class struggle for the workers they will never gain complete freedom unless they all get together and vote for municipal ownership of croquet lawns and government supervision of horse-shoe throwing."
"Who are all those people down below?"
"They're the people that stayed away."
"Well, why doesn't Norman come home?"
"He can't get such big audiences in New York."

Gems of Learning

Archbishop of York, referring to the war:
"Was it all worth while? Here at this gate let there be no faltering in the answer, 'Yes, a thousand times yes.'"
If you were selling poisoned meat or paper shoes yes, a thousand times yes.

Don Miguel Primo de Rivera, son of Spanish dictator referring to father:
"His duties in Spain are so arduous that he may never come to America, so he is sending me instead, to show his interest in America, because I am his namesake. . . . This year and next there will be great exhibitions at Seville and Barcelona. . . ."

—M. C. H.

ENGINEER DROWNS. ITHACA, N. Y., Aug. 24 (UP).—Prof. John G. Pertsch, Jr., 42, a member of the faculty of the College of Electrical Engineering at Cornell University, was drowned in Cayuga Lake, off Taughannock Point. He was seized with cramps while attempting to aid Miss Signe Sjoegren, an assistant medical advisor of the university, who was in distress in deep water.

Did You Receive Our Letter?
Did You Answer?

If not yet, tax yourself with one day's wage and do your share to complete the Fund.

A Day's Wage for the \$100,000 COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN FUND

Are you unemployed and so badly in need that you cannot send even a single dollar or a two-dollar bill for the Communist Campaign?

ANSWER BEFORE YOU LAY DOWN THIS NOTICE

WE NEED 5's, 10's, 25's, 100's but the singles and twos are just as welcome.

Just attach your contribution to the blank that we sent you and mail it in NOW!

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ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treasurer
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Rebecca Grecht Found Guilty of Disorderly Conduct at Long Island Magistrate Court

FLIMSY EVIDENCE CAUSE SENTENCE TO BE SUSPENDED

But Tammany Bars the Communist Collection

Rebecca Grecht, District Campaign Manager of the Workers (Communist) Party was found guilty of "disorderly conduct tending to a breach of peace" at the First Magistrates Court of Long Island City yesterday, in spite of evidence given at the trial pointing to the guilt of the fascists—none of whom were arrested—who broke up the open air meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party on August 9 and assaulted the speakers, and in spite of evidence showing that no police protection had been given the speakers.

Policeman Stewart Donnelly was the first to testify. Donnelly submitted that in the face of the commotion it was impossible to prevent the assault on Abraham Harfield, Communist candidate from the First Assembly District of Queens, that he had had no opportunity to apprehend those guilty of the assault; that he had no chance to even inquire the names and addresses of members of the Veterans of Foreign Wars who were standing in a menacing circle around Harfield. Donnelly testified, however, that he remained standing there with Harfield for a number of minutes, during which Harfield was still subjected to the attack of the members of the jingo organization.

Jingo Testifies.
At the close of Donnelly's testimony, after many glaring discrepancies and what amounted to an admission of aid to the assault had been wrung out of him by Jacques Buitenkant, representing the International Labor Defense, a righteous citizen walked up to the bench and asked permission to testify, having been present at the meeting in question. He gave his name as Alfred Heller, and proceeded to denounce the "inflammatory remarks" of Rebecca Grecht in a vicious manner.

Under cross-examination, Heller, who said he was motivated purely by his duties as a citizen in volunteering his testimony, admitted he was a member of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, but maintained that as such he is not prejudiced against the Workers (Communist) Party. This unprejudiced, righteous and indignant patriot, maintaining that he had not crossed the street from his meeting to the Communist meeting, proceeded to give "testimony" in detail of what took place around the Communist platform, details not possibly visible to anyone more than a few feet away.

Grecht on Stand.
Rebecca Grecht, called to the witness stand, testified that when the meeting was being broken up and Harfield and Mueller assaulted, no policeman was in sight, and that when one arrived she made repeated demands for attention from him, but that the policeman ignored those demands and that she was responsible for the assault being arrested. Only after she had seen Harfield's bleeding face and blood-stained shirt, Rebecca Grecht testified, did she characterize "the elements responsible for the assault on the speakers and the breaking up

Blessed by the State Department



The murder of Chinese workers and peasants, and their wives and children, by the Kuomintang war lords, has received the official blessing of the state department thru the virtual recognition accorded to the Nanking regime. (Above) A Kuomintang soldier amuses himself. (drawing by William Gropper)

YANKS LOSE 2 GAMES; GIANTS LOSE BY 16-6

The Yanks' lead was yesterday cut to 3 games, when they dropped two games to St. Louis, 5-2 and 3-1, as the Athletics beat Cleveland, 1-0. Crowder opposed Pipgras in the first Yank game, allowing 8 hits. Blaeholder gave the Yanks only 6 hits in the second, Heimach opposed him. Walberg for Philadelphia, shut Cleveland out, 1-0.

The Giants lost to Pittsburgh, 16-6. Genevich, Scott, Faulkner and Bentz were slaughtered by the Pirates, who got 19 hits. Grimes pitched for Pittsburgh. The St. Louis Cards beat Philadelphia, 1-0, gaining another game on the Giants.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League.
Chicago 4, Boston 1
Chicago 4, Boston 3
Pittsburgh 16, New York 6
St. Louis 1, Philadelphia 0.

American League.

St. Louis 5, New York 2
St. Louis 3, New York 1
Boston 2, Detroit 1
Philadelphia 1, Cleveland 0

of the meeting as 'hoodlums.' Upon this, the officer had arrested her.

Harfield Scores.

Harfield next testified as to what had occurred, stating definitely that the policeman who arrived in the nick of time, after he had been brutally beaten, made no effort to prevent the assault. During his testimony a court official came in and whispered in the ear of Judge Paul U. Daly. Immediately the judge walked out of the court room and a recess was declared for a few minutes. The nature of the closed-chamber consultation and the identity of the person consulted was not revealed.

In finding Rebecca Grecht guilty of disorderly conduct, Judge Daly refused to consider the circumstances of the case, refused to take into consideration the breaking up of the Communist meeting and the assault on the Communist speakers, refused to censure those responsible for the assault, and refused to censure the policeman for failure to make arrests or even inquiries as to those responsible.

650 ATHLETES AT BIG LABOR SPORT CARNIVAL TODAY

Men and Women Will Participate

Continued from Page One
months the clubs have been practicing specially for this occasion, and the drill is expected to be executed in perfect harmony. A big brass band will be on the field to enliven the proceedings. Moving pictures will be taken of the drill, as well as the track and field events and the soccer game.

Big Crowd Expected.

Wingate Field, where the meet will be held, has a covered grandstand, accommodating 6,000 people. However, there is standing room around the field for the overflow crowd which is expected. The field can be reached by taking the Brighton Beach B.-M. T. line to Ave. J.

L. S. U. Convention.

More than 100 delegates, representing 70 affiliated clubs, are expected at the Second National Convention of the Labor Sports Union, which opens Monday, at 10 a. m. at the Progressive Hall, 15 W. 126th St.

The convention will definitely establish the L. S. U. as a real national organization for workers' sports and athletics.

The full program for Saturday and Sunday follows in full:

100-meter dash, trials; 60-meter dash (boys), trials; 100-meter dash (women), trials; 100-meter dash, semi-finals; 800-meter run, trials; 3,000-meter walk; 200-meter dash, trials; 4 X 400 relay (district); 400-meter, trials; 4 X 100 relay (club); 5,000-meter run; weight throwing; pole vault, honk-skip and jump; high jump (women); shot put, 8-pound (boys); hammer throw; basketball throw; porter game, semi-finals (girls); soccer game, semi-finals.

Saturday, Aug. 25, 8:15 p. m. Washington Baths, Coney Island; admission 35 cents—Sixty-meter, free style, women; 60-meter, free style, boys; 100-yard, free style, men; 3 X 100 relay, three styles; 4 X 100 relay, free style; spring-board diving; life saving; water polo; exhibitions; comical acts; juggling after 9 p. m.

Sunday, Aug. 26, 10 p. m. Wingate Field (P. S. A. L.): admission 50 cents—110-meter hurdles, trials; 800-meter, finals; 60-meter, boys, semi-finals; 100-meter, women, finals; 200-meter, finals; 60-meter, boys, finals; 4 X 100 relay (women); 400-meter, semi-finals; shot put, 16-pound; broad jump, women; high jump; porter ball game, finals.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 24 (UP)—Seven men were killed, three are dying and six others were overcome today by lethal acid fumes when the freighter Steel Inventor, on which they were stowaways, was fumigated for yellow fever at Quarantine, off Hawkins Point.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

ATTENTION SECTION 3.

All those members of Section 3 who did not attend unit meetings this week are hereby ordered to report to section headquarters, 101 W. 27th St., this morning at 10 a. m. Section Organizer.

Branch 2, Section 8.

A unit meeting of Branch 2, Section 8 will be held Monday at 8 p. m. promptly. Members should bring their membership cards, as a roll call will be taken.

Upper Bronx Signature Drive.

A contest for a free week end at securing the most signatures in the 6th A. D. will be held tomorrow. One hundred comrades are wanted at 2700 Bronx Park East, headquarters of Branch 6, Section 5, Sunday morning at 9 a. m. to compete for the free week ends.

Subsection 3E.

The enlarged Executive Committee of Subsection 3E will hold a meeting on Monday, Aug. 27, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

International Branch 1 will hold the regular meeting on Monday, Aug. 27, at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Membership Meeting.

The membership meeting of Subsection 3E will be held on Tuesday, Aug. 28, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Williamsburg Y. W. L.

The following open air meet will be held at Williamsburg, at the corner of Hart St. Speakers: R. Gordon, Harris.

Attention Section 3.

All members of Section 3 living in Brooklyn must report for duty Sunday morning at 10 a. m. at campaign headquarters.

Unit 2C, 3F.

"The War Danger" is to be discussed as a special educational order of business at the meeting of Unit 2C, 3F, on Monday August 27, 6 p. m., at 108 E. 14th St.

Section 2 Red Sunday.

All members of Section 2 are urged to participate in the Red Sunday Drive for the collection of funds for the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign. Members should report to 154 Watkins St. this Sunday, at 9 a. m.

Attention Literature Agents!

The new "Party Organizer" is just off the press. All literature agents are requested to report for their bundles at the Workers Book Shop, 28 Union Square, 1st floor.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL. T. U. E. L. The New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Uimer Park for today.

All friendly organizations are urged to participate in the annual fair on this day and cooperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L. Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

free!

All wishing to participate in contest apply to L. SPENCER Campaign Director 6 A. D. 2700 Bronx Park East.

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WORKERS IN BIG CENTERS RALLY TO BACK PARTY

Organizers are Busy in Campaign

Continued from Page One
Trachtenberg reported, leaving the hegemony of the class struggle in the hands of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Alexander Bail, district organizer for all the New England states outside of Connecticut, and Sidney Bloomfield, campaign manager assured Comrade Trachtenberg that Maine would be on the ballot, leaving Vermont to the ex-bill collector and strike-breaker Coolidge and the renegade John Spargo, who is now engaged in writing a treatise on the fauna and flora of the Granite state.

Comrade Trachtenberg reported that on the eve of the textile strike in New Bedford, there was no Communist organization there worth speaking of, but now, due to the participation of the Party in the struggle, there is a strong Workers (Communist) Party organization and a healthy nucleus of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Negroes Sign Petitions.

Trachtenberg learned that the Negro workers in Connecticut, where there are large Negro settlements are most willing to sign the Communist petitions, which shows that those workers, who suffer from race discriminations as well as industrial exploitation are beginning to see a way out, and are turning to the Workers (Communist) Party as the only party that has a program to meet their problems as a persecuted race and also as industrial wage slaves.

Rhode Island Strong.

The New Bedford strike not only raised the revolutionary spirit of the workers in that great mill city but the struggle has electrified the workers in all the New England states, particularly Rhode Island, another great textile state. Though small in area New England is an industrial stronghold where the textile workers in particular, in view of the chaos in the industry and the wage-cutting drives of the textile barons are in a state of ferment unequalled since the great struggles in Lawrence and other cities seventeen years ago.

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For President: WILLIAM Z. FOSTER
For Vice-President: BENJAMIN GITLOW



WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers!

Against the Capitalists!

Smith on Prohibition and Labor

Among the newspapers that support Al Smith, one section which caters to "liberal" readers is busy shouting about the liberalism of Smith's acceptance speech; the other section catering to a wealthier section of the bourgeoisie, is equally insistent that the acceptance speech shows that Smith is just as good as Hoover from the Wall Street point of view.

The truth is that Smith's acceptance speech is fully as reactionary as the speech of Hoover. Look into the "liberal" phrases carefully, and every "liberal" statement Smith made contains an "out"; everything has its reservation that nullifies its pretended liberalism, except such as are purely negative statements of pious wish or sentiment.

Smith is not a liberal. If he were a liberal he would come closer to making promises, each of which would be ignored after election. But search Smith's speech through and through, and every pretty flower of speech has a Tammany worm in it.

There is absolutely no difference of class basis between the republican and the democratic party today. The real or pretended division among the directors of the largest trusts and finance-capitalist institutions only goes to prove that both Hoover and Smith are acceptable to the finance-capitalist oligarchy that rules America. It proves equally well that both Smith and Hoover are completely and unquestionably disciplined servants of the same giant oligarchy.

An examination of the various points of controversy (so-called) in this "gentlemen's campaign," upon the "high level" of which each side compliments the other, only goes to confirm the fact that they serve the same masters.

The prohibition question Smith tries to ballyhoo into the first place of controversy. But when all is said and done, each of these capitalist candidates would carry out precisely the same program in regard to prohibition. Is the directorate of General Motors divided on the question of best policy in regard to liquor? Well, the directorates of this and other such corporations will decide among them what is the best system for

getting the highest degree of efficiency and the greatest exploitation out of labor in the big American industrial plants, and Smith or Hoover will take orders that will be delivered to either of them from the same desk.

Smith said, "If with one hand on the bible and the other hand reaching up to heaven" he promises to enforce the constitution, he will do so—but he specifically applied this to the prohibition amendment, not to the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments. On the question of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments his position is expressed in the figure of the dead Negro swinging by a rope at the door of the democratic convention that nominated him.

As for what Smith calls his "labor" plank, it commits Smith to absolutely nothing. His "labor" plank is for capital. His words in favor of "the principle of collective bargaining" do not commit the General Motors or the Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. to agree to the unionization of their plants. Nor does anyone seriously imagine that Raskob, Woodin and Du Pont will even juggle with company unionism because of anything Smith says, or that the U. S. government will make them.

Smith, though he is said never to have read a book, must have grinned inside when he repeated Sam Gompers' idiotic phrase "labor is not a commodity," and it will not interfere with the Steel Trust's purchase of that commodity at the lowest starvation rate.

Smith declares for injunctions in labor disputes. He is for the use of injunctions; he merely "recognizes" "abuses" in the use of injunctions and is only against what the board of directors of General Motors would be disposed to class as "unwarranted" issuance of injunctions!

Smith's acceptance speech is the speech of John J. Raskob, the open-shop manufacturer, Pierre du Pont and their banker-friends.

Smith is obliged to scratch harder for votes because he is the man outside of office, and this affects his language. If he can persuade millions of disoriented workers and farmers to vote for capitalism, he will be serving capitalism as well as any politician can.

Smith is equally as reactionary as Hoover or Coolidge.

"GOING TO HIS FUNERAL, BUT JUST FOR THE RIDE"

By Fred Ellis

Told You So

NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER has burst into the limelight again with a bang. Nick is one of those fellows who needs no introduction, for where is the man with ears so deaf who has not heard of Columbia University? Because of his opposition to the prohibition of booze—not the prohibition of free speech on the campus—Butler is known among the irreverent as Nick the Bartender. He is a republican of considerable standing and his name has been frequently mentioned for the presidency. Nick is against the substitution of fuel oil for whiskey and a mixture of T. N. T. and ditchwater for beer. He is also against war with England and perhaps France, but not so that you notice it against war on Nicaragua.

NICK'S latest bid for public attention is a letter to the New York Times, in which he berates Hoover and the republican party for their evasive attitude on the Volstead act and Hoover's sponsoring of a navy that will command "respect." As a member of the Carnegie peace foundation, Nick objects to this. Now that Gene Tunney has disarmed and made an alliance with the Carnegie peace millions, there is no good reason why the United States should not turn its gun cotton into bathing suits.

REPUBLICANS say that Nick's blast against Hoover doesn't mean anything; the democrats say that it means much. Nick's next move will be to walk down Broadway arm in arm with John J. Raskob, who is busily engaged making the democratic party respectable. John will have nobody around him who is not worth at least a million. Democrats are going to be as scarce in the democratic party pretty soon as Negroes in the Ku Klux Klan.

JUST the same Nick pulled off a dirty trick on the Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton. Roach was having the time of his life, breaking into the front page daily, until Nick shoved him over into the want ad section. Now, it will take the discovery of a brewery in Calvary Baptist Church to win him back his rightful position in the news. Of course, our readers know something of the fit-throwing fundamentalist, but perhaps not all of them have heard of the recent purchase of a hotel by Roach for \$50,000. And, shucks! What did a blackguardly reporter do but purchase a quart of whiskey in the place and invite Roach to have a snifter. Roach did not blame the devil, but he blamed Al. It was a dirty trick, anyhow.

BECAUSE the war department plundered a Washington dog pound for subjects on which to test a new brand of poison gas there is considerable indignation among the members of the Animal Rescue League and other humanitarian organizations. A deaconess of the House of Mercy had a friend who wanted a dog, her husband presumably being a congressman. The lady of mercy went to the dog-pound and picked a sadfaced little terrier. Her kindly nature took pity on him and she thought he would be just the kind of a little animal to counteract the atmosphere created by the other member of her friend's household.

BUT the deaconess was informed that before she could have the dog she must present the pound-keeper with papers signed by a notary public giving assurance that the animal would not be used for vivisection or otherwise subjected to cruel and unusual punishment. When the lady returned with the papers, fancy her embarrassment when she was informed that the war department ordered the terrier and the other dogs in the pound sent to Maryland, to be used in experiments with poisonous war gases. Perhaps the members of the Animal Rescue League are of the opinion that with so many unemployed around there is no necessity for the war department to pick on the dogs.

RIGHT on the heels of the Kellogg pact for the outlawry of war, comes news of the renewal of the entente cordials between England and France. Of course the Kellogg treaty is about as effective an instrument for the prevention of a war as the incantations of medicine man against the ravages of an epidemic of cholera morbus.

Tom O'Shaherty

national bourgeoisie has completely betrayed the national revolution. Whilst the Japanese troops were attacking the Southern army and bombarding Tsinan and the advance guard of the Southerners were putting up a desperate resistance to the Japanese, the commanders of the Japanese and the Chinese troops were shaking hands as a sign of "peace."

Only an immediate resuscitation of the international solidarity of the proletariat with the oppressed peoples can ward off the threatening catastrophe and prevent a bloody campaign against the Chinese people and the Chinese revolution.

The Chinese and Japanese proletariat already see the necessity of a common and joint struggle against Japanese imperialism and intervention in China and against the occupation of China by the Japanese militarists.



For a New National Mine Union

By JACK OBLAN.

The coal mines of the United States are the private property of some seven thousand companies. Of these about two thousand are affiliated nationally and control 75 per cent of the production. All these companies are like fish in a pond—the big ones eating up the smaller ones.

The production capacity is approximately double the market capacity. With the present low and ever falling wages, long hours and even worsening conditions of labor, the coal companies can produce over one thousand million tons a year. The market cannot consume more than 550 million tons.

The coal barons thus are always provided with a "reserve army," an army of unemployed miners, which they skillfully use to exert a terrific pressure on the miners at work and keep them at starvation wages. The miners exist under a condition of exploitation both degrading and humiliating.

Crazy Speed-Up.

The crazy speed-up is on the gallop. From 1916 to 1924 production of bituminous coal per man-hour increased 29 per cent.

Accidents and fatalities are increasing. The increase in the accident rate is even more rapid than the production rate. While the production increased 29 per cent the accident rate increased in the same period 38 per cent; 53 per cent of the accidents were due to collapse of roofs and in most cases were avoidable even according to capitalist engineers; 18.6 per cent due to mine car and locomotive accidents—nearly all these are avoidable. Almost all accidents occurred due to dastardly, criminal negligence and disregard of human life by the coal companies.

In the brief period between May 19 and 25, of this year, in only four coal mine disasters 230 men were killed, namely:

- Mather Mine, Mather, Pa., May 19th, 195 killed.
- No. 1 Mine, Yukon, W. Va., May 22, 17 killed.
- No. 80 Mine, Kenvir, Ky., 8 killed.
- No. 50 Mine, N. Wilkes-Barre, Pa., 10 killed.

Other Causes of Death.

The introduction of machinery further increases the hazards of human life in the mines. So, for instance, in the states of Alabama, Colorado, Indiana and Pennsylvania, with a low percentage of machine mined coal (62 per cent) fatalities were 4 in 1,000—bad enough! However, in the states of Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio and Kentucky where machine cut coal is high (84 per cent), fatalities rose to 7.2 to 1,000 men.

Superior to get other affidavits made. After driving all night we reached Superior about 8:30 in the morning. We ate breakfast and then got busy and found an ex-I. W. W., who made the affidavits. We left for Phoenix, and arrived there at 3:30 p. m. We decided to file the papers the next day, which was the tenth. I went home, and Com. Saul spent the night with Com. O'Brien.

Friday morning, August 10th, we went to the capitol to file the papers with the secretary of state. When we got there, we found that the assistant secretary took care of these matters. As he was out, we had to wait for him about two hours. When he did come, he told us that we should go down and see the attorney general. The latter was out, and would return at 2:30. After eating our lunch we returned to the attorney general's office. Upon checking up, we found that we needed 38 more signers from Gila county. They were somewhat hostile toward us, but we knew the election laws and went right ahead.

Coal Diggers of All Districts Rally Forces for September 9 Convention

For the country as a whole, while fatalities due to haulage increased one-third, those caused by mining machines more than doubled. "It is surely unnecessary to argue the point that the introduction of mechanical haulage increased the risk of injury to underground employees thru incident speed of movement and consequent less prompt control," is the admission of Harry L. Gandy, secretary of the National Bituminous Coal Mine Operators, in the May issue of the "Coal Mine Management."

Speed-up blessings! Dear child of the Greens and Lewises! Gandy further admits that "it is safe to say that it (the total effect of various forms of mechanization upon the risk of life.—J. C. O.) is very substantial" (boldface mine. J. C. O.).

Dastardly Record.

In the matter of killing off its producers the parasitic coal barons of the U. S. A. are the best racers on a world-scale.

During the five year period of 1921-1925 inclusive, average number of men killed per 1,000 on the basis of a 300 day year (record from capitalist sources), the following is a comparative table:

United States4.87 men
Great Britain1.13
Prussia1.86
Belgium1.00
France (to 1924)0.97

The German socialists combined with their capitalists could not kill half as many workers as could the American coal barons combined with John L. Lewis' treacherous machine.

It must be remembered that the American mines are at the same time the most "advanced" from the point of view of machine production. So, for instance, in 1924, the following percentages of mines had cutting machines installed:

United States69.5%
Germany, about30%
Britain19%

The U. S. mine barons hold the record in:

1. Mechanization of mines; alongside with it speed-up; intensification of production, and exploitation.
2. An ever increasing percentage of hazards—accidents and fatalities.
3. Setting free ever greater numbers of miners (installation of cutting and other machines "liberates" five miners out of every 6).

What makes the power of the coal barons so supreme? Untamed? What is their strategy in the present situation?

They are so all-powerful because they have succeeded in paralyzing temporarily the great giant—the organized strength of the coal miners, the producers of coal. This they achieved thru planting their agents, tools within the ranks of the U. M. W. A.—the Lewis machine.

The coal barons have set up a bureaucratic machine of their own within the miners' ranks. This is the chief source of their strength. This Lewis clique has done the bosses an invaluable service by crippling the union and sapping it of its strength and vitality. The next step in the bosses' strategy is to use this Lewis clique as a lever with which to further break up the union into many more fragments, to further weaken, devitalize and demoralize every one of its parts, and, therefore, the union as a whole—and to thus lay the basis for a final smashing of the union.

That such is the mission of the present Lewis misleaders of the U. M. W. A. is testified by the capitalists themselves.

Proof of Treachery.

George J. Anderson, president of the "Consolidation Coal Co." at a banquet of coal operators at Pittsburgh in February sought to inspire them with fighting capacity against 200,000 striking miners. There must have been some "lame ducks" among the coal interests. So, upon request of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., he made a speech.

He stated that in his mines (thanks to Lewis' efforts—remember the 1922 strike in which Lewis against the protest of the union locals involved signed a separate agreement with the "Consolidation Coal Co." in W. Va., while the men employed by the same company in W. Pa. were still out), the union was smashed in 1924.

Comparing the last union year (1924) with 1927, the "Consolidated Coal Co." with practically the same number of men (7 per cent increase), increased production 66 per cent. The men were worked more than twice as many days a year (265 days, as against 131). They naturally worked longer hours, having no organized backing. Productivity was more intense. In Somerset County, Pennsylvania and in W. Virginia his company recently eliminated 2,500 workers, which constitutes 20 per cent of his force, thru machine installation. The workers were getting on the average \$23 in 1924 and \$29 in 1927, only 21 per cent increase in wages for probably treble the exploitation.

Order is being maintained by Japanese troops alone.

At the same time the jealousy and competition between the powers is becoming more intense. Chang Tsolin's former adviser, the Englishman, Simpson, had long been agitating for a resuscitation of the activity of British capital in North China where the revolutionary wave does as yet but little harm. In point of fact one can observe the

reprises of the Kuomintang and the bloodhound Chiang Kai-shek, organized an anti-Japanese movement. This anti-Japanese movement is spreading in Tsinan, Tsingtau, Tientsin, Peking and also in Mukden.

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A Signature Drive in Arizona

By FRANK R. LOGAN.

(The following story is an interesting account of how three comrades—Saul, O'Brien, and Logan—toured the State of Arizona in a flivver to collect the necessary number of signatures to put the Workers (Communist) Party ticket on the ballot. The job was accomplished, and then Comrade Logan sat down and sent in the following intriguing narrative.—Editor.)

Phoenix, Arizona.—Comrade Saul arrived in Phoenix 11:30 p. m., August 2nd. He went to Comrade O'Brien's home, where he spent the night. The next morning Comrades O'Brien and Saul came to my room and pulled me from my bed, and in a very few minutes I was dressed and ready to go. After our breakfast, Comrade O'Brien went to work, leaving us with the understanding that he would get permission to join us at 12:30. Comrade Saul and I went to the State Capitol to get the required number of signers that we had to get from each county and to get a copy of the election laws. We then went to Comrade O'Brien's home and had dinner. Comrade O'Brien overhauled his flivver, after which we put some cots in, so we would have beds to sleep on.

At 8 o'clock we left Phoenix for Superior, which is 78 miles from Phoenix, and arrived there about 1:30. We got a small number of signatures Saturday night. After all of the people had left the streets, we decided that we should pitch our tents and lie down. Comrade Saul and I slept somewhat cold, not being used to the climate in the mountains.

We left Superior for Miami, 21 miles distant. We reached Miami at 7 p. m. Sunday evening, and started to work. Everything looked very gloomy, as it seemed that it would be impossible to get the required number of signatures from Gila County (we thought 90 was the required number). We worked until 11 o'clock, and obtained only three signers. We all met at a certain

place as per agreement, and then drove outside of town, where we had the use of a natural camp-ground.

After "No Negroes Here." We awoke at 6:30 o'clock. We went for breakfast to a Greek cafe, where I was refused service at the table but was invited to the kitchen, because of my being a Negro. I rejected this offer, and we found a cafe a short distance away where we all had breakfast. We then started out to get the signatures, and although it seemed an impossible task, by about 2 o'clock we had the required number.

After lunch we left for Safford, which is in Graham County, 95 miles southeast. We arrived there at 10:30, got a number of signatures by 11 o'clock, and decided to call it a day. We were able to drive out a few blocks to accommodate ourselves with another natural camp-ground. Safford is a town of Mormons (hicks). We were up at six o'clock, and went for breakfast at a cafe operated by the so-called lily white A. By instruction I was told that I could not get service there because of my color, and I said that I was born here and not colored. Yet this lily white Caucasian refused through his little hick waitress, who doesn't know whether she lives on earth or exists on some unexplored planet. Nevertheless we found a cafe where all were served.

Get Signatures Comrade O'Brien went to the County Hall to find out the required number of signatures to complete the list from Graham County. Comrade Saul and I went right ahead with getting signers. Everyone seemed to be somewhat indifferent, but we overcame all of the objections, one by one, until we got the required number. It was then about one o'clock, and we made our affidavits and ate lunch. We then (1:30 o'clock) went over and started the flivver for our next long drive of 185 miles to Tucson, which is in Pima County.