

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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WAR DEPARTMENT DRIVE ON YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE

COURT FAILS TO TERRORIZE FALL RIVER STRIKERS

Deportation Threat Is Made to Pickets by Judge

6 Months Jail for Nine

(Special to the Daily Worker)
FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 16.—The overawed, confused and threatened with deportation and long prison terms, by the judge, and district attorney and especially hired Portuguese flunkies, scores of Portuguese textile workers today stolidly refused to be bludgeoned into renunciation of the Textile Mill Committee, the union leading the strike. Nine strikers and leaders most articulate in their pledges of union loyalty were again the victims of savage six month jail sentences and \$1,000 "surety bonds."

Openly speaking as mill owners' agent Judge Hanify brazenly declared that the vicious sentences he was meting out were for the offense of picketing and singing strike songs.

Intimidate Strikers

The intense campaign of intimidation of the strikers up for trial was consciously carried thru with the most flagrant disregard of the so-called laws the judge presumably was there to uphold. In a long vituperative attack on the Textile Mills Committee, which he later ordered translated by the Portuguese interpreter, Hanify termed the workers' organization as "criminal" and "illegal," membership in which is punishable by deportation and imprisonment.

Following this fascist procedure, the editor of a reactionary Portuguese paper, and a Portuguese lawyer who is the nephew of the priest who helped police break up the funeral of Johnny Madeiros, drowned boy, then delivered long harangues against the union.

Completely overwhelmed and intimidated.

KELLOGG NOTES BACK FRUIT CO.

Honduras Land Dispute Is Fruit Feud

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Aug. 16.—The Honduran government has received another note from Secretary Kellogg which, it is generally believed, states categorically that the Honduras-Guatemala boundary dispute must be submitted to the Central American Arbitration Tribunal, which the Honduras government refuses to do.

The disputed land contains large fruit plantations which are being contested by the United Fruit and Cuyamel Fruit Companies, the former of which has branches throughout Central America. The Cuyamel, with its center in Honduras, has consistently refused to submit the dispute to the Tribunal because the United Fruit would have a stronger representation and thus get the better in the decision.

Special CEC Meet on Negro Work to Be Held Tomorrow

A special meeting of the Central Executive Committee subcommittee on Negro work is called for tomorrow at 5 p. m., at the National Office.

As the work of this committee has been much hampered in the past because of failure to attend these meetings, the CEC is requiring that all members shall attend punctually. The committee has just been reorganized and it is of the utmost importance for the effective prosecution of this work, especially in connection with the present election campaign, that every member participate.

BUKHARIN'S REPORT

Executive Committee of the Communist International to the Sixth Congress now in session in Moscow

will be published in the full official text beginning with next Saturday's issue of the

Daily Worker

Majesty of the Law; Throttling Textile Mill Leader



When the terrorism of the Fall River Textile bosses operating thru their police burst upon the textile pickets on Aug. 8, Peter Hegelin, young leader of the Fall River Textile Mill Committee, was one of those most savagely attacked by the authorities. Above, "guardians of the peace" in Fall River throttling the striker for leading the picket lines.

INTEREST RISES IN 'DAILY' AFFAIR

Sunday Carnival Will Draw Thousands

With the huge International Costume Carnival of the Daily Worker at Pleasant Bay Park only two days off, active preparations are now being made at the park to handle the largest crowd that has ever visited there.

Many workers, it was learned, are postponing week-end vacations which they had planned in order to attend the carnival Sunday. It will be the first outdoor costume event that the working class in this country has ever held. Various national groups are planning to attend in their national dress. Pictures will be taken of the best groups, as well as of the best individual costumes, and later published in the Daily Worker.

Great interest has been aroused by the announcement that the editorial staff of the Daily Worker will engage the editorial staff of the Young Worker in a mortal battle.

MILITANT MINER IS SENT TO JAIL

Steve Jacobs Framed by Court

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio, Aug. 16.—The Guernsey County Court, before going on vacation, climaxed a busy term of persecution against the striking miners by sentencing Steve Jacobs to one year at the Columbus Penitentiary. Jacobs, tricked by the complicated machinery of the state and fooled by the beautiful promises of the judge, changed his plea of not guilty to guilty, thinking in this way to get free. Jacobs was framed on a charge of possessing dynamite.

Jacobs was approached in his cell and induced to change his plea on Saturday afternoon, one day before the time of his trial. Since he pleaded guilty, the defense was powerless to defend him. Jacobs's case is another attempt to silence strike leaders and put an end to their activities. However, the miners march on to a new organization, a new

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—The United States has accorded de jure (or complete) recognition to the government now functioning in Ecuador, the state department announced today.

"Belt" Claims 18th Victim at Packard Plant

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 16.—The "belt" at the Packard Motor factory took another victim here today when James Wheeler, 55, dropped dead while at work. Doctors said that his work in intense heat was responsible for his death. Wheeler is the eighteenth to die while at work this summer.

Workers in the Packard plant have on a number of occasions protested against the terrific speed-up which has been forced upon them. A large number of those protesting openly have been summarily discharged after their names were turned over to company officials by hired stoolpigeons.

CHINESE LABOR UNION AID URGED

Jeng Tells of Nanking Anti-Labor Tactics

Reports from China arrive daily describing the want and privation under which the Chinese people are forced to live. The workers are suffering through the suppression of their labor unions; the peasants through the unprecendented greed of the land-owners. Besides these internal instruments that hang over the heads of the Chinese people, the presence of foreign imperialist marines in China are used as instruments of intimidation and murder. The reactionary Nanking regime, born of the counter-revolution that betrayed the millions of Chinese peasants and workers, is slaughtering thousand upon thousand of militant Chinese workers, suppressing the labor unions, butchering their leaders.

Photos reaching the outside world

Series on Automobile Industry on Page 3

The second installment of "Automobile—Symbol of Modern Slavery," by Ben Lifschitz will be found on page 3 of today's issue of the Daily Worker.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—A charge that Rev. William Thomas Reynolds, fashionable Episcopal clergyman, was intoxicated last February was made in good faith, Mrs. Marguerite Du Pont Lee asserted in her answer today to the minister's \$100,000 slander suit.

EXPECT 50,000 AT SACCO MEET

Workers Will Crowd Union Square Aug. 22

That the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration on Union Square Wednesday, August 22 at 5 p. m. will be an unprecedented mass gathering is proved by the number of telegrams, letters and messages which continue to pour into the offices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, Rose Baron, secretary, said yesterday. Labor unions, fraternal organizations and branches of the I. L. D. are hourly pledging their support of the memorial demonstrations.

Organizations which have answered the call to take part in the demonstration include the Furriers' Union, the International Ladies' Garment Workers, Locals 22 and 43; Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers' Union; the Hand Millinery Workers' Union, Local 43; the Amalgamated Food Workers, Bakers' Local 22; United Council of

GREAT BRITAIN PREPARES WAR

LONDON, Aug. 16 (UP).—A great fleet of bombing planes, to be held as a threat against hostile nations who might bomb London during war time, was urged today as a defense measure.

British air force maneuvers over London for three successive nights have demonstrated the impossibility of defending the city from night air raids. Brigadier-General P. R. C. Groves therefore proposed today a vast increase in the country's bombing fleet would be to make enemy nations afraid to bomb London, because of the more terrible havoc the British could work in their own cities in retaliation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—A charge that Rev. William Thomas Reynolds, fashionable Episcopal clergyman, was intoxicated last February was made in good faith, Mrs. Marguerite Du Pont Lee asserted in her answer today to the minister's \$100,000 slander suit.

Red World Congress Adopts Draft Program

'PROGRAM IS A WORLD PROGRAM FOR REVOLUTION'

Meet Is Unanimous; Bukharin Cheered by Delegates

Stress War Danger

(Wireless To Daily Worker.)
MOSCOW, August 16.—The draft program of the Communist International, introduced by Nikolai Bukharin, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, was unanimously adopted at the twenty-eighth session of the World Congress of the International.

A storm of applause greeted Bukharin when in expounding the program he declared, "The Congress should adopt the program which aims to unite the proletarian forces for the coming struggles. The program is a program for world revolution."

Social Democrats Disruptive.

Bukharin in his closing speech on the question of the draft program, declared, "The social democrats say that our program is disruptive, but facts will show the workers that we want unity whereas the social democrats are disrupting the mass organizations of the working class by expelling the Communists, etc."

"Abramovitch declares that the coalition policy means handing over the power of the Party to the workers. The action of all the so-

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GLOAK CHAIRMEN TO HOLD PARLEY

Russian Workers and Pressers to Meet

The first shop chairmen's and delegates' conference to be held since the new union of cloak and dressmakers was launched, is to be held next Tuesday, Aug. 21, in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave. Immediately after work. This announcement was made yesterday from the headquarters of the National Organization Committee.

Leaders of the N. O. C. will deliver a report on the progress of the organization drives. Plans for extending the scope of the drive will be discussed and decided on. Scores of non-union shops have already been brought under the banner of the new organization since the last conference of the shop chairmen.

All executive boards of the New York locals in the ladies garment manufacturing industry will meet in joint session tonight at the N. O. C. headquarters, 16 W. 21st St. at 6 p. m. The local committee of the N. O. C. will also take part in the joint executive meeting. This meeting will take up in detail some of the problems encountered in the organization drive.

In the same building a meeting of the Russian Polish Branch of the New York Cloakmakers Joint Board will also be held, the branch secretary, Olga Lvoff, announced.

A general membership meeting of the Pressers' Local 35 is to be held Monday, Aug. 20, according to a letter sent out by the union office yesterday. Louis Hyman, chairman of the N. O. C. and Joseph Goretzky, manager of the local will be the principal speakers.



John Porter

FORCE MILLS TO CLOSE UP AGAIN

Strikers, Invited to Work, Stay Out

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 16.—Abandoning all hope of obtaining scabs with which to resume operation, the Pierce, Soule, Taber, Sharpe and Booth mills clanged their gates shut after keeping them open after a vain standing invitation to the strikers to return. The 58 cotton manufacturing plants here had demonstratively reopened the gates several weeks ago and had kept them open in the hope that the strike would be broken. The gesture of opening and the subsequent police terror was a miserable failure. Not more than a few score of petty foremen returned to work.

The mill closing today was hailed by the masses of strikers as evidence of a coming split in the ranks of the employers.

Eli Keller, union organizer, in a statement issued today answered the charges leveled against him by Thomas F. McMahon, reactionary head of the United Textile Workers' Union. Keller, who is also a leading member of the Passaic local of the U. T. W., was charged by Mc-

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13 MINERS DIE IN GAS BLAST

Coal Operators Admit Negligence

COALPORT, Pa., Aug. 16.—Thirteen miners were killed here in the No. 3 Mine of the Irvona Coal and Coke Company late yesterday when a gas explosion went off, due to the criminal failure of the company to rock dust its mines.

One hundred and fifty-nine men were in the mine at the time of the blast. The thirteen who were killed, and one other miner who survived, were working together in one section and were trapped by poisonous fumes following the explosion.

Marina Coccia, the survivor, gave the details of what occurred just preceding the blast.

Officials of the mine admitted their failure to rock dust the diggings, a precaution which is known to be a fairly certain preventative against explosions. Thousands of miners have been killed during the past few years due to the increasing and criminal neglect of the open-shop operators.

JINGO ORDERED PORTER SENTENCE KEPT SECRET AS INVESTIGATION PROCEEDS

Whereabouts of Jailed Textile Leader Remains Uncertain

Link Seizure of League Members Thruout United States With New Move

COMMUNISTS WIN ASTORIA FIGHT

Tammany Thugs Forced to Move on

A cheering crowd of 1,000 workers who listened for three hours to speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party last night at Jamaica and Steinyway Aves., Astoria, L. I., was the answer to the attack on a previous meeting held last Thursday night. At that time Abe Harfield, Communist candidate for the assembly from the first district of Queens and George Padgug and Paul Muller were badly beaten by hoodlum members of the Dwyer Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. Rebecca Grecht, state campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party was arrested on a charge of "inciting to riot." The organization is known to be a decoy for Tammany local bosses.

Resentment at the expose of Tammany corruption by Harfield and other Communist speakers at other meetings was the cause of the attack.

Stirred by the brutal attack on the Communist speakers last week, workers from Astoria and adjacent towns on Long Island flocked to the meeting last night. Five minutes after Max Shachtman, editor of the "Labor Defender," opened the meeting, a group of the belligerent "patriots" swept up to the pavement in a car, carried out a platform and erected it about fifteen or twenty feet from the Communist meeting.

At the meeting last night, the principal speaker for the legionists was a certain George H. Kent, said to be a stool pigeon who has been seen snooping around the Workers Center in which Communist headquarters are located with the purpose of spying on the movement.

Cops Are There.

About a dozenullen policemen from the Astoria station remained during the entire meeting. While Bert Miller, organizational secretary of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party was revealing the long history of Tammany corruption in New York, a bag of water was thrown.

Several minutes later, painfully conscious that their audience consisted at most of 50 persons, the stalwarts from the "foreign wars" organization modestly removed their platform down Steinyway Ave., and across Jamaica, where a gentleman, Krump by name, proceeded to denounce the Communist program.

Among the speakers at the meeting were Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for U. S. Senator; Abe Harfield, Bert Miller, Rebecca Grecht, Philip Frankfeld, acting district organizer of the Young Workers League, John Muller, Donald Burke and Pete Shapiro.

Minor told the history of the Central frame-up and how organizations like the Veterans of Foreign Wars and the American Legion are utilized by the capitalist class for "their own dirty work."

Daily Worker Agents Hold Meeting Tonight

An important meeting of unit, subsection and section Daily Worker agents has been called for tonight at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, at 6:30 p. m. Attendance at this meeting is very important, according to a district statement, and no Daily Worker agent should fail to attend.

BOSTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—Two heat deaths were reported as Boston sweltered in the third day of a heat wave. Yesterday was the hottest Aug. 15 in the city's history with the mercury at a maximum of 91.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 16.—The creeping shadow of the army intelligence service lies over every soldier who dares even in thought to oppose the use of himself and his organization against his class as the result of investigations which the United States war department, is making into the activities of the Young Workers (Communist) League in connection and other activities.

The arrest of John Porter, vice-president of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, and a former serviceman, is reported to have furnished the occasion for the investigation and the secrecy which has surrounded his imprisonment and sentence is attributed to the secrecy with which the war department is proceeding against the workers in the army.

It was Major-General Preston Brown, commanding the first corps district, at Boston, under whose military jurisdiction the case of the young textile leader came, who on his own initiative or that of his departmental chief, requested the war department to keep secret the sentence passed upon John Porter following his sudden transportation to Rhode Island and subsequent court martial several weeks ago.

It was learned that the sentence

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FUR LOCALS PICK NATIONAL HEADS

U. S., Canada Unions to Hold Meetings

As first steps in following out the instructions they received Wednesday night at the mass meeting where a new furriers' union was launched, the International United Fur Committee of Fur Workers yesterday announced that machinery is being set in motion to construct the Provisional National Executive Committee of the new national organization.

All the American and Canadian fur garment and fur dressing locals that are represented on the International United Front Committee, representing nearly every local in the present A. F. of L. International Fur Workers' Union, are to hold membership meetings in the immediate future and are to choose their representative to the N. E. C.

The Provisional National Executive Committee is to function as the central body of the new furriers' union till the national convention to be held within 60 days chooses a permanent executive body.

Committees of workers from the locals of fur dressers in surrounding cities and Brooklyn are coming into the office of the left wing Joint Board, which now serve also as the headquarters of the newly launched union, with information of the open shops that swamp the fur dressing trade. They asked that a drive be begun to organize their trade. Since the reactionary A. F. of L. International officialdom began their destructive attacks against the New York Joint Board, the open shop system gained predominance in the fur dressing industry. The officers of the new organization announced that a drive in that industry will be begun as soon as plans now being considered are completed.

The six fur workers arrested yesterday by the police industrial (thug) squad, were fined \$5 each when tried yesterday in Jefferson Market Court before Magistrate Goodman. Willie Yacker, the gangster who had slashed Meyer Weinstein who refused to be forced into the scab Joint Council was held for further examination till September 4th. The right wing union was compelled to provide \$2,500 bail before the thug was released.

WORLD-WIDE MEMORIALS FOR SACCO-VANZETTI

To Hold Demonstrations in All Countries to Protest Against Class "Justice"

(By Federated Press.)
Yellow-skinned workers of the Orient, swarthy laborers of India together with organized masses of Europe, will mourn with American workers August 22 for Sacco and Vanzetti, and rededicate themselves to the task of freeing Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings from life imprisonment in California.

In hundreds of cities and towns of England, France, Germany, Russia, and in every industrial center in the United States and Canada, these meetings will commemorate the first anniversary of the death of the two "anarchist bastards" whom Judge Thayer, Governor Fuller and President Lowell sent to the electric chair. Meetings have been definitely arranged in 75 American cities and the International Labor Defense estimates that at least 25 more demonstrations are being planned.

The World-wide Sacco-Vanzetti, Mooney-Billings demonstrations will be conducted by the International Labor Defense and allied organizations such as the powerful Rote Hilfe of Germany, Mopr of the Soviet Union, Class War Prisoners' Aid of England and Canadian Labor Defense League. The Germans have prepared a Sacco-Vanzetti film, tracing the history of the men from Italy through their participation in labor struggles in the United States until their death in Charlestown state prison.

Workers at Braintree, England, are contributing to a fund to place a stained glass window in memory of Sacco and Vanzetti in the Trades Council Hall. It was in South Braintree, Mass., that the crime occurred for which the two labor martyrs were framed. When Governor Fuller visited Braintree this summer, he was met with a demonstration of several hundred workers to state prison.

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Soviet Union Crew Salvages L-55, British Submarine, Sunk in 1919 by Destroyer

UNDERSEA BOAT PLANNED ATTACK ON RED WARSHIPS

Entire Crew Lost, Is Indication

By EUGENE LYONS.
MOSCOW, Aug. 16 (UP).—An almost forgotten tragedy of the world war was brought to light today through the recovery from the bottom of the Baltic Sea of the rusted hulk of the lost British submarine L-55, and the crumbling skeletons of some of her crew.

The fate of the L-55 never was known in detail, but an official government announcement here today said examination of the hulk led to the belief that every member of her crew perished when she was sent to the bottom by a Russian destroyer on June 4, 1919.

The L-55 was salvaged by the Russians and taken to the Kronstadt base. The official announcement said unidentified skeletons were found in the inner compartments of the submarine. The number was not given, but it was not believed that any of the submarine's complement escaped.

Planned Attack on Soviet.
Official information here in Moscow gave details of what happened to the L-55 during the Baltic Sea operations after the Armistice. On June 4, 1919, the fort at Kronstadt reported a fleet of four English minesweepers in Kapsrosky Bay, with a submarine periscope showing near them.

The Russian destroyers Agart and Gavril were sent in pursuit. Shots were fired at the periscope. An explosion followed and the submarine appeared no more.

The war department announced it was studying the rusted hulk to determine the conditions under which the L-55 sank.

CHINESE LABOR UNION AID URGED

Jeng Tells of Nanking Anti-Labor Tactics

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from China, are bloody and horrible. Pictures of Chinese workers, leaders, decapitated, lying in pools of blood; pictures of militiamen, hanging from posts, their bodies horribly mutilated by the reactionary forces; all these show the need for aid more eloquently than mere words can.

These conditions form the text of a letter from Sou Chao Jeng, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions, which last night was issued in pamphlet form by the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, from its office at 96 Fifth Ave., room 314. The letter, which appeals to workers all over the world to come to the aid of their Chinese comrades, reads, in part, as follows:

"Again and again, from the deep underground into which we have been driven by the united counter-revolution of the Chinese capitalist landlords and militarists, and the imperialist robbers, we address to you our ardent appeal for aid.

"We realize that all measures will be taken by our government and your to prevent our groans and cries of anguish from reaching you. They understand that you would not be likely to look on calmly at the pain and suffering of your Chinese brothers. We know that this appeal will also reach you with considerably delay and great difficulty.

"We have been cruelly deceived by our bourgeoisie; having disposed of the northern militarists with our aid, having captured the Yangtze region, having occupied Shanghai and Hankow, they decided to put an end to us. They betrayed the common struggle of the Chinese people and offered their services to your governments, and together with them they have been destroying and drowning in rivers of blood the workers' and peasants' movement during these last fifteen months.

"We are firmly convinced that you will come to our aid and that you will help us in our struggle for right, life and liberty, against the entire counter-revolutionary, bourgeoisie.

"We rely upon your fraternal solidarity and your fraternal aid. The cup of patience of the Chinese people is becoming filled. The Chinese peasantry is rising again, while the soldiers refuse to take up arms against the people and go over to the side of the toilers.

"Help us in our struggle and thereby you will also fight against the menace of a new world war."

The appeal is signed by Sou Chao Jeng, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions. Funds for the relief of the Chinese workers should be sent immediately to the Committee for the Aid of the Chinese Trade Unions, Robert W. Dunn secretary, at 96 Fifth Ave., Room 314.

Workers Demonstrate for Class War Victims at the I L. D. Outing



A large crowd of workers turned out last Sunday at the annual outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense in Pleasant Bay Park. Photo shows a group of participants in the mass scene, one of the features of the outing, displaying their militant banners.

COMMUNIST DRAFT PROGRAM APPROVED

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cial democratic ministers in Russia from 1917 onwards, however, showed that they served the interests of the bourgeoisie exclusively against the proletariat. The social democrats declare that we are provoking war because we discuss its possibility and warn the workers against it. (Laughter.) Our program is against the imperialist war, for proletarian class unity, against the capitalists and social democrats and for socialism.

Continues Marxism.
"Leninism is not an addition to Marxism but its continuation and development. Lenin did not introduce one atom that was not Marxist into the theory of the proletarian Revolution. In opposing the reformist nonsense concerning 'Asiatic Communism,' we declare that Leninism is the most orthodox Marxism.

"It is impossible to deal in this speech with all the problems discussed in the commission, but Sutan-saue's attacks regarding finance capital must be answered. Sutan-saue thinks he is attacking imperialism, but in reality he is attacking Lenin who held the same view regarding the origin of finance capital.

"With regard to the problem of ultra-imperialism, it would be wrong to deny entirely the possibility of a world-wide trust. However, its affirmation is only possible when the class struggle is ignored. Ultra-imperialism is impossible in practice. By supporting the League of Nations, the social democrats are fighting for ultra-imperialism.

"The draft program stresses the parasitic sides of capitalism, these parasitic sides, however, are not decisive. Capitalism will not collapse in consequence of parasitism but as a result of the intensification of contradictions leading to conflicts. Our program must deal in detail with this in order to refute the social democratic idea of an organized, non-anarchist capitalism. The social roots of reformism have varied bases. The aristocracy of labor is not explained simply by colonial surplus profits but also by the capitalist differential profit, for example: when a highly developed country, like the United States, can exploit backward countries on the basis of a simple commodity exchange.

"The United States pockets the best part of the world's surplus profit today, hence the American proletariat is the most conservative in the world.

"The decline of British capitalism resulted in the decline of the influence of the reformists. The peculiarity of imperialism is that it first lays the basis for the social imperialist ideology and afterwards smashes that basis by intensification of its own contradictions.

Fascism.
"The discussion on fascism showed two extreme divergences; first there is a tendency to describe all attacks on the workers as fascism; second there is the declaration that fascism is impossible in highly developed countries. The truth, however, is that fascism is a special form of reaction characterized by the utilization of the petty bourgeois peasant masses appearing at a certain stage of capitalist decline. Therefore there is no fascism in the United States and only the beginnings of it in Great Britain.

"Regarding the relations of the social democracy with fascism: undoubtedly the former is developing towards social fascism, but there are only tendencies and not a finished process. Fascism and social democracy must not be identified.

Land Nationalization.
"Regarding the question of nationalization of land, Renaud Jean has discovered a contradiction between the non-immediate nationalization of all land and the immediate prohibition of sale and purchase of

land. Actually no such contradiction exists. The proletarian revolution cannot afford to make enemies of the peasants by immediately nationalizing all land and it protects the peasants from speculators by prohibiting the sale and purchase of land. The rich estates will be expropriated, the peasant farms will not be. The latest investigations of Risanov show that Marx had the same opinion on the peasant question as Lenin.

"Regarding the questions of war Communism and NEP, Varga's attitude results from the fact that he underestimates the serious mistakes of the Hungarian Communist Party during its dictatorship. The proletarian dictatorship in Hungary gave the peasants nothing and antagonized them by requisitions and leaving landholders behind on their estates as specialists. The dictatorship also antagonized the petty bourgeoisie by threatening to shoot tradesmen who opened their shops. A recent article of Varga's declared that even if the leaders of the Hungarian proletarian dictatorship had made no mistakes, defeat would have been inevitable from the given circumstances. This represents a serious underestimation of the errors of the Hungarian Communist Party. In consequence of its attitude to the peasantry and the petty bourgeoisie, the dictatorship of the proletariat antagonized the majority of the population. If the dictatorship had given the peasants something, it could have found a means of demoralizing the opposing armies which were largely composed of peasants. Nevertheless the probability exists that in the first stage of the dictatorship of the proletariat war Communism will be adopted.

N. E. P.
"Some comrades are of the opinion that highly developed countries may skip over the NEP and refer to a remark of Lenin's. Lenin did make some such remark, but at the third congress he referred to Britain as the only possible exception. Lenin also approved the draft program at the fourth congress. It is unthinkable that Lenin would have permitted a serious error in the NEP policy to pass without criticism."

Interest Rises in 'Daily' Affair
Sunday Carnival Will Draw Thousands
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ball combat. The game is expected to settle once and for all the much disputed question of intellectual supremacy in the field of proletarian journalism. Though the two staffs are keeping their line-ups secret, a persistent rumor is that Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, will pitch for his team.

In order to make sure that the game will be fair, Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president, has been secured as umpire. Gitlow has announced that he will be ready to substitute for any player who is injured in the battle.

Other Events.
Besides the baseball game, there will also be an exhibition soccer organizations of the Labor Sports Union and an athletic exhibition by the Finnish Athletic Club.

Many other numbers are being planned, including a Russian hour, with tea served in samovars, open-air dancing and target practice in a shooting gallery.

Tickets are 35 cents and are on sale at the office of the Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square.

SCAB BOSS IN STEAL.
PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 16 (FP).—Louis Taback, non-union silk boss, will spend the next 12 months in Atlanta penitentiary. He counseled owners of the Franklin Silk Mills to secrete \$25,000 of silk, throw their company into bankruptcy and then cash in on the hidden silk. With him go three other non-union bosses. It is Taback's second offense.

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REPORT NANKING GOVERNMENT BOWS TO JAPAN

New Note Is Sent to Tanaka Regime

TOKIO, Aug. 16 (UP).—The situation between Japan and the Chinese Nationalist government was cleared somewhat today when China indicated her willingness to withdraw her abrogation of the commercial treaty with Tokio.

The Chinese minister called at the foreign office and announced his government's attitude. He intimated that the nationalists were willing to proceed with revision of the treaty.

Send Second Note.
SHANGHAI, Aug. 16.—A second note has been sent to the Tokio government by the Nanking regime concerning the commercial treaty with Japan and the question of Manchuria. Although the note has not been published, the sentiment among Nanking officials seems to be a strong one against Japanese intervention in the proposed Manchurian-Nanking alliance.

To Organize Army and Navy.
SHANGHAI, Aug. 16.—The fifth plenary session of the Kuomintang, which has been meeting in Nanking, was adjourned today after having decided to reorganize the army by compulsory conscription, to reorganize the navy on an efficient basis and naming a new political committee which consists of Feng Yuh-siang, Yen Hsu-shan and C. T. Wang.

Postpone Needle Trade Election Demonstration Until the 20th of Aug.
The mass meeting and election demonstration of the needle trades workers in New York, scheduled at first to be held on August 15, has been postponed until August 29, at 6 p. m., at Irving Plaza Hall.

The masses of needle trades workers, who have had a taste of their capitalist bosses' brand of "democracy," will endorse the working class candidacy of William Z. Foster for president, of Benjamin Gitlow for vice-president, and the other candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

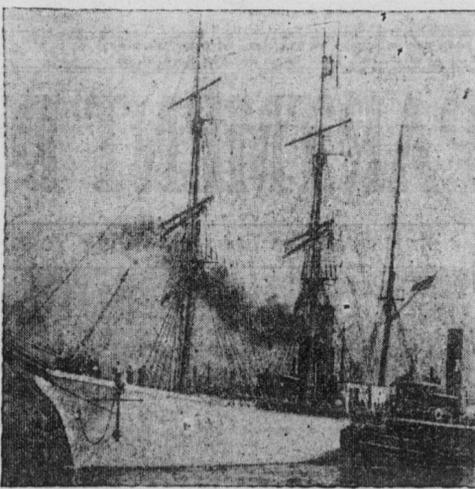
Among the speakers at the mass meeting will be Benjamin Gitlow, Charles Zimmerman and well known needle workers. Rose Wortis will preside.

Downtown Conference of Workers Clubs on Party Election Drive
Many downtown workers' clubs, sick and death benefit societies and fraternal organizations are expected to participate in the Downtown Election Campaign Conference which will be held Friday, Aug. 24, at 80 St. Marks Place.

The conference, which, according to report made by A. Milgrom, who is handling the election campaign for the Workers (Communist) Party in that section, will be representative of many nationalities and many trades, will elect a functioning Executive Committee to actively further the election campaign of the candidates of their own class. Concrete help will be given by the workers of these clubs in the gathering of signatures as well as in the collection of the necessary campaign funds.

All workers' organizations are urged to elect two delegates each to represent them at the conference.

Imperialist Ship Prepares for Antarctic



The vessel which is to carry Commander Richard Byrd on his trip to the Antarctic has been towed to a pier in Hoboken, N. J., where it is being provisioned. This latest stunt of the American imperialists is actively backed by the Ford automobile interests. Above, the ship.

POWER GANG TO "POOL" PROFITS

New England Firms Announce Plans

BOSTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—A huge New England power pool may result from a plan being considered by the New England Power Association and the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Boston. Officials of the power association stated today that the proposal would be submitted to the directors of Boston organizations in the immediate future.

It includes the New England Power Company, Connecticut River Power Company of New Hampshire, Rhode Island Power Transmission Company, Rhode Island Public Service Company, Bellows Falls Power Company, Lawrence Gas and Electric Company, Grafton County Electric Company, and the Lowell Electric Light Corporation.

The Edison Electric Company serves 38 cities and towns, including Boston. It also sells electricity in bulk to 10 other light and power companies and municipalities.

REFORMIST WAR SCHEMES FLAYED

German Reds Demand Referendum

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The intention of the Social-Democratic controlled cabinet to continue with the naval building program to the limit provided by the treaty of Versailles, in spite of its expressed admiration of the Kellogg pact, has roused much comment and criticism from conservatives and liberals alike, which may lead to a crisis for the cabinet of Dr. Meuller.

The conservatives point out that in spite of the election promises of the reformists, the socialist cabinet is continuing military and naval preparations. One armored cruiser, costing \$20,000,000 has already been built, and five others of the same size will be built.

In order to meet the reformist criticism in its own ranks the Social Democratic Party is calling a conference for Saturday in which the best means of meeting the criticism and organizing a strong coalition will be discussed.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

NEGRO PREJUDICE IS ASSAILED AT BIG MEETING

Speakers Attack Judge for Discrimination

At the meeting called by the Boro Civic Association of Brooklyn at 1658 Fulton Street to protest against the anti-Negro attitude of the judge at the recent trial of Mrs. De Luca, Henry Roseman and Ben Licht of the American Labor Negro Congress were warmly received by the audience when they called for solidarity of the Negro and white workers against exploitation.

The speakers pointed out that at the trial of Mrs. De Luca, a white woman, the judge declared that she had no business to live among Negroes, since it is impossible for white and colored people to live together. When the lawyer, Mr. Serrio, doubted the word of the prohibition agent the judge declared, "In my opinion of the country had you made any such accusation against an officer of the law he would smash you before you got out of the courtroom, or if he had sufficient self control to wait until he got outside, he would have taken personal vengeance upon you regardless of consequences."

Roseman and Licht explained the policy of the Negro Labor Congress which was aimed at the wiping out of all exploitation. A resolution, providing for a meeting of all Negro organizations in the near future was passed.

Section 1 to Mobilize Sunday for Wind-up of Signature Campaign

Section 1, downtown, will make a grand-stand bid for the coveted banner that will be awarded to the section which first succeeds in getting the number of signatures required to put the candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in any one assembly district.

The downtown section will concentrate its efforts in a final drive in the Eighth Assembly District, Manhattan, in which only 200 signatures more are needed to put Louis Hendin on the ballot for assembly. The Eighth Assembly District also forms a large part of the Fourteenth Congressional District, in which Alexander Trachtenberg is the Communist candidate for congress.

ONE BIG DAY
of Sports, Amusements and Fun

Daily Worker
International Costume Carnival

Sunday, August 19
Pleasant Bay Park

Admission, 35c
Tickets on Sale at
Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Sq.,
New York City

Games,
Contests,
Open Air
Dancing,
Athletics,
Mass
Singing

Directions:
E. 180th St. Subway to 177th
St., then take Unionport car to
end of line—Free buses to park

Troops Attack 5,000 Dalmatian Workers and Students Protesting the Fascist Pact

FIGHTING GROWS IN SPALATO AS MEET CONTINUES

Demand Autonomy; 84 Arrested

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Aug. 16.—Opposition against the ratification of the Nettuno Pact that gives the Italian government special property rights in Dalmatia, which is on the Adriatic facing Italy, coupled with the movement against the Belgrade regime oppression, has led to a monster demonstration in Spalato, a Dalmatian city. Five thousand students and workers paraded through the street in spite of the attempt of the police and military to break the demonstration.

When the demonstrators, bearing slogans that denounced the Nettuno Pact with the fascist government and calling for autonomy, were ordered to disperse by the police they continued on their march. The military was called out and in the effort to break up the parade fighting between the soldiers and the demonstrators continued until 2 o'clock in the morning. Eighty arrests were reported and the casualties are not known.

The Nettuno Pact, which was passed by the Belgrade parliament when the opposition was absent, and which is declared by the autonomists to be void, has aroused great opposition in Croatia, Slovenia and Dalmatia, provinces that had been incorporated under the Yugoslav kingdom against the will of the inhabitants. The special rights given the fascists in Dalmatia, it is charged, would abrogate the rights of local peasants and increase the oppression that they have suffered at the hands of Belgrade.

MILL STRIKERS STANDING FIRM

Intimidation of Court Fails

Continued from Page One
fused by this threatening terror, a number of strikers were said to have denied membership in the T. M. C. These, and many other, received six months probation terms. Most of the strikers, however, came to the headquarters of the union later and affirmed their allegiance, declaring that they did not understand what they were doing after being confused by the barrage of questions in court. Several, however, actually deserted the ranks on being faced by a six months jail term.

Manuel Pacheco, husband of a woman striker beaten up on the picket line by the police, rose courageously in court and defiantly hurled at the judge, "I will stay with the Textile Mill Committees till the very end." Joseph Travis, 17-year old striker staunchly maintained his legal right to strike and picket and denounced police brutality on the picket lines. They were included among those receiving six months terms. The others were James Riese, union leader; Manuel Rogers, Jesse Cordiero, Antonio Sousa, Joseph Pacheco, Louis Ferriero, Bill Seroka and Henry Lavoie. Bail of \$1,000 each was demanded in addition to the surety bond of similar amount.

Strikers Determined.
Tactics of the mill owners and their agents in the courts in jailing strike leaders and every man rising from the ranks to assume the helm of the struggle, will fail, strikers declare. They are determined to stay out till they win the wage cut fight.
The union and the International Labor Defense are issuing appeals to raise the enormous funds necessary to gain the release of the leaders. In ensive efforts are to be made to spread the walkout, and the union leaders' release will hasten this event, the appeals state.

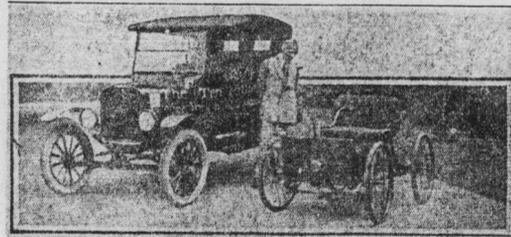
World-Wide Sacco-Vanzetti Protest Meets

Continued from Page One
show him that English labor had not forgotten. On August 22 tens of thousands of London workers are expected to meet in Hyde Park and Trafalgar Square.

Meets Thruout U. S. S. R.
The week of August 19-25 will be observed throughout the Soviet Union, from Leningrad to Vladivostok as Sacco-Vanzetti, Mooney-Billings week. In the remote villages special meetings will be held and great demonstrations are planned in the leading cities. It was Leningrad workers who saved Mooney from hanging in 1917.

A group of Boston liberals will hold a memorial meeting August 22 in Stelmert Hall. Among the speakers will be seen Edna St. Vincent Millay, Alexander Meiklejohn and Robert Morris Lovett. Sponsors include Samuel Eliot Morison of Harvard, Alice Hamilton of Harvard Medical School, Mrs. Gertrude L. Winslow, Catherine Huntington, Creighton Hill and Gardner Jackson, of the Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee.

"Tin Lizzie" From Infancy to Mass Production



Above is a photograph of the first and the ten millionth Ford cars.

AUTOMOBILE-NEW GIANT

Largest Industry Drives to World War

This second in the series of important articles on "Automobile—Symbol of Modern Slavery," by Ben Lifschitz, deals with the vast scope of the industry, the giant combinations fighting for power

and the driving forces to imperialist war. Tomorrow's article will take up the question of the saturation point of the industry and the struggle between the Ford and the General Motors combines.

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

The automobile industry ranks first among American manufacturing industries, based on the wholesale value of its products. The motor vehicle bodies and parts for the industry rank ninth.

Motor vehicles.....\$3,371,855,805
Motor vehicle bodies and parts.....\$1,511,976,000

The magnitude of this combined industry can only be conceived when we compare the motor vehicle industry (including bodies and parts) with the two next largest industries in the country, slaughtering and steel. The figures follow:

Slaughtering and meat packing.....\$3,050,286,291
Steel works and rolling mills.....\$2,946,068,281

The two combined industries of meat packing and steel have a wholesale value of \$5,996,354,572, against the combined wholesale value of the motor vehicles, bodies

and parts, which is \$4,883,821,805.

The figures for 1926 give a clear picture of the size and growth of the automobile industry:

Production (U. S. and Canada).....\$ 4,428,286
Number cars.....3,986,933
Number trucks.....491,353
Wholesale value motor vehicles and parts.....4,696,945,620
Cars (U. S. and Canada).....\$2,730,385,507
Trucks (U. S. and Canada).....433,371,169
Parts sold by motor vehicle manufacturers.....308,251,944
Replacements parts and tires.....1,224,937,000
Exports of motor vehicles (U. S. and Canada).....487,289
Registration (U. S.).....22,001,393
Cars.....19,237,171
Trucks.....2,764,222

Raw Materials Used in Manufacturing Motor Cars and Trucks.

Amount used in motor vehicle manufacture and per cent. of total U. S. production of raw materials

MATERIALS

Iron and steel (tons).....4,850,000 14 %
Plate glass (sq. ft.).....64,500,000 50 %
Production of upholstery leather (sq. ft.) per cent. used in motor vehicles.....39,050,000 63 %
Rubber (tons).....303,616 84.7 %
Aluminum (pounds).....50,000,000 25 %
Copper (pounds).....250,000,000 12.7 %
Tin (tons).....16,700 21 %
Nickel (pounds).....9,250,000 28 %
Lumber, softwood (board feet).....250,000,000
Paint and varnish (gallons).....15,500,000
Gasoline (gallons).....8,566,450,000 80 %
Domestic consumption (total).....10,708,068,000
Lubricating oil (gallons).....350,000,000

Number of Workers Employed.

The Census of Manufacturers gives the figure of 3,743,781 employed directly and indirectly in the automobile industry. This figure represents not only wage workers employed in the factories making

motor vehicles, parts and accessories, but all other workers employed in the production of tires, gasoline, oil and all other products used indirectly for the automobile. It includes also chauffeurs, truck drivers and salesmen of all kinds.

Employed Directly.

Motor vehicle.....374,281
Parts and accessory.....320,000
Tire.....factory 100,000
Motor vehicle, supplies and accessories, dealers and salesmen.....360,000
Garage employees.....125,000
Repair shop employees.....450,000
Professional chauffeurs.....500,000
Professional truck drivers.....900,000
Gasoline refinery and oil workers.....110,000
Tire dealers and salesmen.....95,000
Trailer factory workers and salesmen.....10,000
Automobile financing and insurance.....20,000

Total, directly employed.....3,365,281

Employed Indirectly.

Iron and steel.....70,000
Copper, lead, tin, nickel and aluminum.....15,000
Railroad workers.....95,000
Plate glass workers.....15,000
Tannery and leather.....10,000
Woodworkers.....15,000
Upholstering.....15,000
Asbestos brakelining workers.....1,500
Lacquer and enamel workers.....5,000
Coal miners.....3,000
Electric power workers.....2,000
Road material factory works.....12,000
Machine tool workers.....20,000
Highway officials, contractors and engineers.....100,000

Total, indirectly employed.....378,500

Grand total.....3,743,781

Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Business (U. S.)

Capital invested (tangible assets).....\$2,089,498,325
Wages and salaries for 378,281—number employed in car and truck factories.....657,724,859
(Does not include workers employed on parts, accessory, body and tire mfg.)
Automobile insurance.....428,088,202
Automotive freight exceeded 8,280,000 carloads in 1926.

Automobile Industry and Its Relation to War.

There are two factors that make the automobile industry essentially a war industry, always at the disposal of the governmental machine.

1. The utilization of the motor truck on a large scale for military transport and as a means for the quickest mobilization of the army, especially for shorter distance hauls. Those who followed the world war know what importance the motor truck played generally in the war and especially in surprise attacks.

2. The machine shop and other factories of the automobile industry are very easily convertible to the making of war material, guns, shells and airplanes.

The Ford factories were turning out thousands of machine guns during the war and are now already converting some of their plants for

the manufacture of airplanes. The Packard plant as well as others were also used to build war supplies during the war.

The Powerful Combines of the Automobile Industry.

1. Ford Motor Company.

The Ford Motor Company was incorporated on June 16, 1908. The capital originally subscribed in the company was \$110,000, of which only \$28,000 in cash was paid into the treasury. There were twelve stockholders, including Henry Ford, who held 25 per cent. of the common stock. Later, in 1909, Mr. Ford acquired sufficient stock to bring his holdings up to 51 per cent., and shortly thereafter purchased an additional 7 1/2 per cent. In 1919, Edsel B. Ford, who had succeeded his father as president, purchased

the remaining 41 1/2 per cent. of the outstanding stock. On July 9, 1919, the Ford Motor Company was reorganized under the laws of the Delaware, for an authorized capitalization of \$100,000,000. The company was chartered to build automobiles, trucks, tractors, aircraft, internal combustion, engines, ships, locomotives and all allied products.

The Ford organization represents a complete industrial chain. It has foreign materials, transportation and manufacturing are entirely under the company's control.

The company operates 35 branches in the United States, of which 32 are assembly plants. It has foreign offices and associate companies in South America, Cuba, Mexico, Europe, Egypt and Japan. The Ford Motor Company of Canada is located at Ford, Ontario. It supplies the trade in Canada and the British Empire, except the British Isles. It has foreign plants in all important centers of the world.

The first Ford car was completed in 1892. It was not until 1903 that

COSTA RICA IN OPPOSITION TO U.S. DOMINATION

Demand Interpretation of Monroe Doctrine

GENEVA, Aug. 16 (UP).—A delicate problem, affecting the United States and Latin-America, has been placed before the League of Nations by Costa Rica.

The Central American Republic, in rejecting an invitation to rejoin the league, from which it resigned a few years ago, asked the league for an interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine.

Costa Rica, in her message to the league, characterized the Monroe Doctrine as a purely one-sided declaration by the United States, not binding on the Latin-American nations. Before joining the league, she desires a precise interpretation of the doctrine, especially as it affects the position of Latin-American countries in the league.

Costa Rica's pronouncement, coming so soon after Argentina's similar declaration to the league last March, was regarded here as showing the increasing solidarity of the Latin-American republics, as well as the increasing tendency of Argentina to assume the leadership of the southern nations, in place of the United States.

It is certain that the league will not venture an interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine without the full agreement of the United States.

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In 1908 the model "T" appeared and with it the first real standardization was reached. With that point attained, the unparalleled production growth of the Ford Motor Company began.

Counting from the first car, Henry Ford made, it required 30 years to produce the first five million Ford cars. But the second five million cars were built in three years, May, 1921-June 4, 1924, when the ten millionth Ford car chugged briskly out of the shop to join its 9,999,999 forerunners. Just 381 days later (June 20, 1925) the twelve millionth Ford car was completed, and the fifteenth million car was scheduled to be off the line early in 1927.

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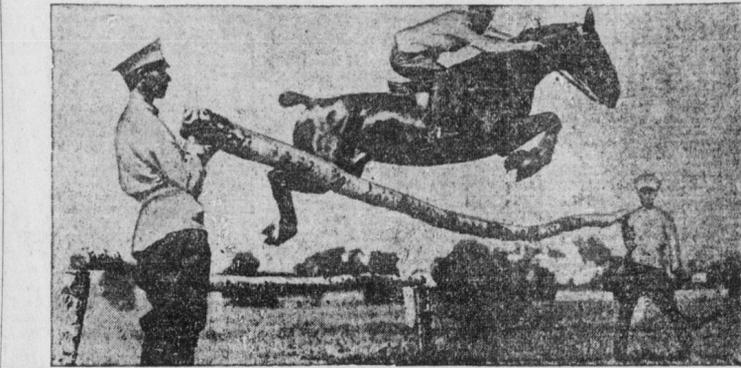
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Bulgarian Terrorists Practicing Cossack Maneuvers



The white terror in the Balkans has had no freer and more savage area to wreak its tortures on workers and peasants than in Bulgaria. Headed by reactionary army officers and Jingoos, the fascist organizations in Bulgaria have murdered, tortured and jailed thousands of workers in the last decade. The picture shows one of the cavalry officers practicing for war against the workers and peasants.

MILITANT MINER IS SENT TO JAIL

Continued from Page One

union, in spite of all attempts to stop them.

Others implicated with Jacobs of "possessing" dynamite will be tried during the fall term of court. Since Jacobs is known in the Cambridge district as a progressive miner and an active organizer, distributing leaflets and picketing, therefore he was put behind the bars in all haste.

The coal operators in the Cambridge district are well protected by the courts against any attempt to organize or picket their mines.

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Philadelphia Worker Is Arrested Five Times in One Week, Correspondent Writes

HANDOUTS PICKETING AT COHEN SHOP IS CHIEF "CRIME"

The best comedy now running in New York is the street cleaning graft investigation before Commissioner of Accounts James A. Higgins. The last act concerned a large payroll carried during the summer to protect city traffic from a sudden tie-up due to snow storms. The new one is just as good. The funny-man this time is Terrence Gillan, who told a story on the stand so improbable it ought to be published in True Stories Magazine. Yet he uttered his words with an air of sublime confidence. He said he was a boss at the Flushing dump and also had a job in the post office. He put in seventeen hours a day, he said. This was quite a grind. At the same time he needed the money. He worked from 6 p. m. to 2 a. m. at the post office. He got home as soon as possible and slept rapidly for 3 hours, until 6 o'clock, when he had to get up to get to the dump by 7 a. m. Here he worked until 4 p. m., he said. Other workers at the dump testified he had never been observed working there within their memory. If he was ever around it was purely in the role of spectator.

Legionnaires Active in Fascist Work

(By a Worker Correspondent)
PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—It seems that America is going toward the olden days of the Czarist regime. The air itself is oppressive. In the shops, factories, mills, mines, the workers are slaves, exploited by the greedy bosses, thirsty for profits. No freedom, no democracy, no liberty for the toiling masses. The bosses, the imperialists, they can, and do enjoy all sorts of freedom and use all methods to oppress the working class, and smash any attempt on the part of the latter to free itself from slavery and oppression.

In the olden days of the Czarist regime, spies and spy agencies could be found in every corner of the country, to prevent the organization of the Russian workers and peasants.

Fascist Methods. America today is employing the same methods. The American Legion, the veterans of the Foreign Wars, the K. K. K. and a number of other fascist organizations are acting as spy agencies of the capitalists against the workers.

A dose of "democracy" was given to the writer of this article in the week of July 23. America is a free country. You have the freedom of starving in this country, no guardians, no policemen, not a man of the capitalist state power will stop you. If you organize and refuse to starve, if you fight to better your conditions, then you are in for a dose of capitalist "democracy."

Monday, July 23, I got up to go to the picket line of the striking shop of S. J. Cohen, a clothing factory located at 18th and Callowhill Sts., this city. When the angels of freedom with clubs in their hands, arrested me with five other militant young workers who were in the picket line with me. The lawyer got us released later on bail. At five o'clock, same day, I was again arrested for being on the picket line (second time in a day). Why was I arrested? Well, try to guess it! "For breach of peace!" Isn't that a crime?

Tuesday morning, July 24; a very nice morning, but the air was oppressive. As soon as you get on the picket line you hear the voice of the "angels of freedom." "Say, you get to hell out of here." I ignored those orders and at eight o'clock in the morning I was again arrested (third time). Fortunately, I was taken all three times to the same police station, 10th and Bottomwood, and in the morning of Tuesday, at 9:30 a. m., a judge tried me, combining the three charges in one.

\$10 and Costs. The judge asked the policeman: "Why was this young fellow arrested?" When told for being in the picket line in front of the striking shop, the judge, without questioning me at all, declared: "Ten dollars and costs." I made an attempt to speak, but two "angels of peace and order," stationed behind me in the court room, dragged me away to the cell.

Friday, July 27, the Young Pioneers of Philadelphia organized a picketing demonstration in front of the S. J. Cohen shop, still on strike. Banners and placards, denouncing the terrible conditions of the Philadelphia clothing workers, were carried by the Young Pioneers. As soon as the demonstration made its appearance near the S. J. Cohen shop the squad of uniformed police, stationed there to defend S. J. Cohen, arrested me again (fourth time) and two other girl leaders of the demonstration. When taken into the station the two girl leaders were released on bail about two hours later. The captain of the Ten and Bottomwood police station detained me until very late at night.

The hearing of the latter case took place the morning after. The two girls were discharged. Even though I was charged with the same charge as they were, that of "breach of peace," the judge liked to have a separate case of mine and put me under \$800 of bail. For a charge of breach of peace, constitutionally speaking, according to the laws, the judge has no right to detain anyone on \$800 of bail. But we have democracy and the judge uses all the democracy he has against the workers.

We have "democracy" in America, but the workers are not allowed to tell to another fellow-worker not to vote for Hoover. Workers are not allowed to speak against the citizens' military training camps, a capitalist militarist institution for training the youth of this country to become good soldiers and stand ready for the coming war.

It's "sedition" to say that "the Soviet Union" is a good country, a country where the workers and farmers enjoy their freedoms, the fruit of the revolution. In Philadelphia it is "sedition" to say that Coolidge is a strikebreaker.

Philadelphia is a big city. The city of "brotherly love," the city where American "independence" was declared, the city that has the

The Business of Paying for Al Smith



Major James Walker, of New York and Tammany, recently auctioned off the first bale of cotton to reach the northern market from the south. The proceeds went to the Smith campaign fund from the larger donations from the DuPont armament interests, and others interested in electing Wall Street's "ace in the hole" candidate. At the left, Major Walker, next to him is Baron Collier, wealthy advertising man, who bought the cotton and it is understood engineered the stunt.

GUN-GOOD-WILL IN THE HAWAII ISLANDS

HONOLULU, Hawaii, Aug. 16.—The anniversary celebration of the landing of Captain Cook on the Island, in 1778, is being used here as an occasion for the display of American military and naval power, that is calculated to awe all watching Hawaiians. The British government, aroused by the display of American force, is rushing three battle ships to participate in the ceremonies.

The United States governments has sent its secretary of war, Dwight Davis, to bring an intimate token of American "good-will" on the battleship Pennsylvania. More guns now command Honolulu harbor. Other battleships are also here.

American troops, armed, parade through the streets as airplanes hover over their line of march. Davis watches the marching columns and the airplane maneuvers from behind the bayonets of his guard.

UNION CITY, N. J., Aug. 16.—Despite the fact that Henry Reckless, 58 years of age, unemployed and homeless, affirms that he was never near 3754 Hudson Blvd., he has been sentenced to serve 90 days in the county jail on the charge of sleeping in the cellar of that place. No consideration was given to the fact that Reckless had turned over a poor woman's pocket-book with some money in it to the local police who returned it to the owner.

JOBLESS IS JAILED. DOMENICK FLAIANI.

MILL COMMITTEE FORMED BY OHIO STEEL WORKERS

Put Forward Demand for Strikers

(By a Worker Correspondent)
CANTON, Ohio (By Mail).—Four hundred chippers and 100 grinders working for the Central Alloy Steel Company of this city are on strike.

This is the third time that the men have gone out since the company has lowered their pay. The men have organized into the Central Alloy Mill Committee and have put up their demands.

On July 25, without any notice, the men were cut from fifty-two and a half cents an hour plus the bonus, to forty-five cents an hour, and the bonus was cut. The wages dropped from six and seven dollars a day to five dollars and fifty cents. On July 27, in a peculiar manner, Mr. Seldon, the superintendent, raised the scale to 55 cents and assured the men that they would earn more than \$6 a day.

But what did they find? They discovered that instead of more than \$6 they were getting only \$4.40 a day. That was the limit, and on Monday, August 6, the 500 men walked out.

The company has a plant in Massillon, about eight miles from here. One of the employment officers informed the committee of the men that they would split the difference between the pay in Massillon and Canton, and give them the difference. In other words, the company is determined to cut wages also in Massillon.

The steel workers will not stand for it. They have issued a leaflet putting forth the following demands: \$6 for an 8 hour day, the removal of Mr. Seldon, the superintendent, who is the cause of most of the trouble in the plant, and the recognition of the Central Mill Committee.

The leaflet which the men issued calls on the other men in the mill to come out on strike, and tells them that if the chippers and grinders lose the strike, wages will go down all round. There is no question of this, for as the employment officer informed the men, the steel manufacturers' association have decided on the wage scale, and evidently decided that the beginning must be made in Canton.

Four of the men were arrested last night for distributing the leaflet of the Mill Committee but were immediately released on bail. The Mill Committee is determined to put through its demands.

Ransom Rideout's "Goin' Home" Coming to Hudson

THE Hudson Theatre will house the Brock Pemberton production, "Goin' Home," which is scheduled to open next Wednesday night. This will be the first Pemberton production in two years. Ransom Rideout is the author of this new opus which deals with the Negro soldiers in France.

The cast includes Georges Renavant, Barbara Bulgakov, Richard Hale, Russell Hicks, John Irvin and Ralph Collinan.

Crosby Gaige puts "Little Accident" into rehearsal next Monday. It is a comedy by Floyd Dell and Thomas Mitchell, based on Dell's novel, "The Unmarried Father." Mitchell heads the cast. This will be Gaige's first production of the season.

When he has finished getting his new play, "Gang War," ready for New York, Willard Mack will turn his attention to "Paid Off," his next production, of which he is also the author.

"Night Hostess," by Philip Dunning, will be presented by John Golden at the Martin Beck Theatre, September 10. The cast is headed by Marguerite Churchill, Gail De Hart, Norval Keedwell and Ross Alexander.

Another Golden production, "Eva the Fifth," in which Clairborne Foster plays the leading role, will open tomorrow night at Great Neck. The play is due at the Little Theatre, August 28.

MAY CREATE MONARCHY. BARI, Italy, Aug. 16 (UP).—A report that Albania soon would be changed from a republic to a principedom has been brought here by travelers from Tirana. It was reported that Ahmed Bey Zogu, president of the republic, would be named prince after the constitution is amended by the new parliament, whose election will be completed Thursday.

The men are not making extortionate demands, but they realize one thing and that is that they must be organized.

Central Alloy is a merger of the Central Steel Corporation of Massillon and the Alloy Steel Company of Canton and its policy is now to cut wages. The men recognize that if they do not get together in an organization they will not be able to fight back. They are organizing and will fight back.

G. R.

'SOCIALISTS' IN SABOTAGE ROLE IN UNIONIZATION

Give Out Patriotic Leaflets

READING, Pa. (By Mail).—The campaign to organize the unorganized workers of Reading, launched by the "socialist" party members and officials of the Federated Trade Council, to a superficial observer would seem as a serious attempt to really organize the scores of thousand unorganized workers in Reading and vicinity.

A close observation, however, of this "join the union" drive, a careful study of the literature of the same, of speeches delivered, will reveal the nature and purpose of the campaign, that no real support is lent this campaign and that the policy pursued is that of trailing along, one of sabotage.

Any attempt at organizing the workers, if it is to be successful, must be based on the concrete issues and demands that arise from the very problems and conditions of the workers.

To attempt to organize the workers on issues that have nothing in common with the interests of the workers, as put forward in Reading by the "socialist" party members, such as "self-respecting American citizenship," "boost Reading, for a better American city to live in," "unionism means peace and harmony in industry," "unionism is for the workers and not against anyone," and the like. This is, in reality, only bringing illusions and confusion into the minds of the workers. Such treacherous and anti-working class policy of the socialist official trade union leadership can be understood when we realize the fact that the "socialist" party is nothing but the third party of the capitalist class, the party that represents the interests of small business and professional people.

Instead we find the "socialist" party members and the trade union officials appealing to the workers to organize on the basis of what? In a leaflet, "What America Means," distributed at the open-air meetings, we read, "For one hundred and fifty years Americanization has meant equality of opportunity, for the poor as well as for the rich, for the worker as well as for the employer." And, "Trade unionism is to be self-respecting Americanism that carries over into industry the principles of democracy. That is why great Americans—presidents, judges, clergymen, priests—believe so strongly in labor unionism."



Emil Jannings who is appearing at the Cameo Theatre in "Fortune's Fool," a new German picture having its first showing here.

ISADORA DUNCAN DANCERS COMING FROM MOSCOW

Isadora Duncan's dance school, which she founded in Moscow in 1920, is going to make a tour of the United States this fall, according to an announcement received from the U. S. S. R. The group will open a week's engagement in November at the Manhattan Opera House.

Shortly before her tragic death, Isadora Duncan made plans to bring her Russian students to America. The Soviet government has sanctioned the tour to comply with this wish. The school was entrusted to Irma, one of the adopted daughters of Isadora, who has been in charge of the school the past few years.

Florida Faces Flood; Gale Sweeps Georgia

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 16.—A series of floods in the Lake Okechobee region of Florida, in the wake of a fierce hurricane today threatened great havoc. A series of gales which have beat against the coast line of the peninsula was causing great damage thruout Georgia.

A wide shallow inland sea has formed in the Okechobee region, inundating all territory between Okechobee city and Bassenger.

BOXER HURT IN MISHAP. BOSTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—"Rocky" Stone, Boston heavyweight boxer, was injured last night when his automobile collided with another car near Park Square.

SECOND ANNUAL **BAZAAR** **DAILY WORKER** and **FREIHEIT**

Madison Square Garden **4 days** **4 days** **Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th October**

Conference of Labor and Fraternal Organizations Tuesday, August 28 at 8 P. M., at Manhattan Lyceum 66 E. 4th St, Elect Your Delegates Now

Every City in America, Every Labor and Fraternal Organization to Have a Booth

AMUSEMENTS
BOOTH Thea., 45 St. W. of B'way
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 8:30
Evenings 8:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES
The LADDER
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.
You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

CHANNIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC
Koth-CAMEO 42nd & Now
Emil JANNINGS
in "FORTUNE'S FOOL"
AND
CHARLES CHAPLIN
in "THE FIREMAN"

SUPPORT THE **\$100,000 Communist Campaign Fund**

A campaign to rouse the workers and poor farmers to revolutionary struggle against the capitalists and their government.

FOR	AGAINST
1. Organization of the unorganized.	1. Wage cuts, injunctions and company unions.
2. Support of the miners and textile workers' struggles.	2. Unemployment.
3. Recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.	3. Treachery of the labor bureaucracy.
4. A Labor Party.	4. Discrimination against Negroes.
5. For a Workers' and Farmers government.	5. Imperialist war.

HELP TO PROVIDE A FUND TO
Place the Communists on the Ballot. Tour speakers and organize mass meetings.
Furnish campaign publicity and advertising. Publish campaign literature.

Respond Now! Respond Now!
Send All FUNDS to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treas.
National Election Campaign Committee
43 E. 125th St., New York City.



Two prominent business men shown above are offered to the American voters for president and vice-president. They are guaranteed to put a kick in politics and if they reach the white house will do the working class just as much good as Herbert Hoover or Al Smith.

For Publicity's Sake



Equality under capitalism means that no matter what job you pick you can be sure of getting your share of misery. For instance chorus girls spend half their time looking for work and when they get a job it doesn't last long but long enough for them to listen to one long melody—the stage manager cursing. Their beauty only lasts a few years and then they're thrown out with the garbage. Above are two girls in George White's scandals forced by the publicity director to have their picture taken in front of a row boat in Coney Island. What they're afraid of is they won't have a chance to get off before the plane starts.

Gems of Learning

Miguel Primo de Rivera, son of Spanish dictator, who has just reached New York:
"I have always wanted to come to the United States, and grasp this opportunity, given me by my father, as a great pleasure. I have seen so much that is interesting and inspiring come to us out of the United States..."
For instance, loans.
Peter J. Maloney, broker:
"Although the republicans talk about hard times under a democratic administration they forget the fact that a democrat gave them the Federal Reserve system, a thing that has made possible the bull market of the last four years."
The democrats' greatest contribution to the bull market has been Al Smith.
—M. C. H.

Thousands of New York Communists to Aid in "Red Week" Beginning Monday

WORKERS WILL HOLD TAG DAYS AUGUST 25 TO 26

Labor Organizations to Aid Collections

The week of Monday, August 20, designated as Red Week by the Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be observed by many workers' clubs throughout the city by the suspension of their routine orders of business in favor of a much shorter one. Many workers' clubs have already signified their intention of sending their memberships out with collection lists to collect funds for the Workers (Communist) Party Election Campaign Fund after a short address on the importance of the 1928 elections, the vital issues at stake with respect to the exploitation and union-smashing policies of the capitalist parties. Other workers' clubs, which have not yet arranged for this abbreviated order of business are urged to do so by the Election Campaign Committee of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"Never before in any election campaign," said the Campaign Committee in a statement issued last night, "has the similarity of both the democratic and republican parties been so evident as this year, with dyed-in-the-wool republicans on the democratic committee and staunch democrats who have served their party in many a crooked deal intending to cast their votes for Smith the strikebreaker. That is why many thousands of workers will this year actively support the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party who have remained apathetic in previous campaigns."

While collection lists will be seen in every part of New York where workers live or meet all week, and thousands of pencils will write thousands of names on those lists along with thousands of contributions to the Communist Campaign Fund, the bulk of the money expected will result from the two Red Tag Days of August 25th and 26th. All workers of this city are urged to participate. Stations have been set up in every workingclass section of the city. To effectively carry on the Communist campaign thousands of leaflets will have to be distributed and funds for printing are urgently needed.

RANKS OF STEEL PICKETS SWELL

Meet Deportation Move With Longer Lines

(By a Worker Correspondent)
CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 16.—A picket line swelling day by day is the answer of the strikers in the Central Alloy Steel Corporation to attempts of the authorities to smash the walk-out of 500 men by seizure and detention of strikers on charges involving deportation proceedings.

Unfettered by the detention of six strikers by the immigration authorities the strike is continuing unabated with the five hundred chippers and grinders solidly organized in the Central Alloy Steel Mill Committee, and determined to spread the strike to the steel industry the country over.

Unable to prosecute them with a shadow of legitimacy, the authorities have been forced to relinquish the remaining four, having passports, expect to be released within the next few days.

The cases of four men arrested "on suspicion" have been continued. Attempts of the special steel guard to terrorize the pickets with guns and powerful lights blazing at night at every entrance to the mills have completely failed to affect the morale of the men.

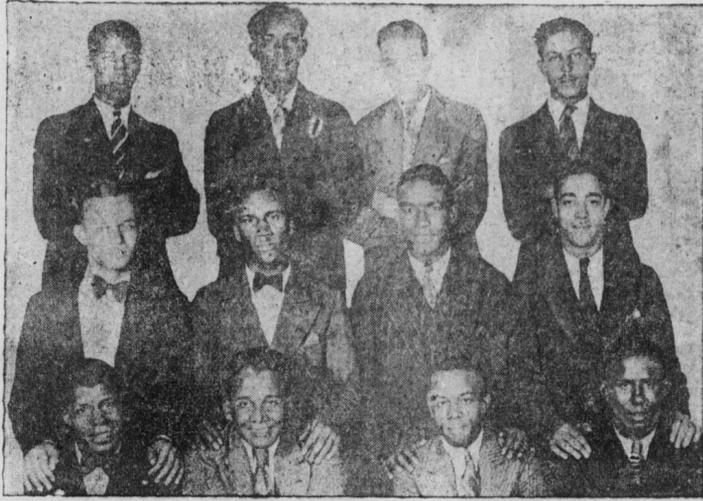
Solidarity of all workers with the strikers in Canton was exemplified in the miners' relief meeting attended by 2,000 men and women in Nimisila Park, Tuesday night. Besides his plea for the miners, I. Amter, working class leader, urged the importance of carrying to a finish the struggle in which the men are now engaged with the steel corporation. Amter declared that the surrender to the corporation now means immediate reduction of wages, not only in Canton, but throughout the steel industry. His speech was enthusiastically received by the workers.

Strike leaflets were sold at the meeting and distributed on the picket line the following day.

DISCUSS CHINA SITUATION.

"Has the Chinese Revolution failed?" This is the topic of a talk to be given by Y. Y. Chow, student-worker who recently arrived from China, under the auspices of Unit 1, Section 4, Workers (Communist) Party of America. The meeting will be held to-morrow evening at 8 p. m., at 143 E. 103 St. No admission charge will be made. After the talk there will be discussion from the floor.

Crack Negro Punch-ball Team Wins Championship



Defeating a strong field of contestants, the Lincolns, of Harlem, crack Negro punch-ball team, have won the third annual punch-ball tournament in New York City. This fast team won five straight shut-out games to win their district championship. Reading left to right: (Front row) George Grant, coach; Waldorf Lawrence, Harold Pat Hogan, Robert Johnson; (Second row) Andrew Jackson, manager; Frank Looney, captain; John Holt, Alexander Dennis. (Back row) Sinclair Romney, Cyril Henriksen, John F. Brown and Thornton White.

YANKS TRIM CHICAGO BY SCORE OF 11 TO 1

(By United Press)

The New York Yankees and Philadelphia Athletics came out of their batting slumps simultaneously Thursday, both American League leaders winning. The Yankees beat the Chicago White Sox, 11 to 1, and the Athletics beat the Detroit Tigers, 18 to 6.

Waite Hoyt held the White Sox to four hits, while the Yankees pounded ten Blankenship and George Cox for 14 hits. It was Hoyt's fifteenth victory of the season. Lou Gehrig connected for three doubles, driving in five runs. Bob Meusel drove in four runs with three singles.

The A's collected seventeen hits off three Detroit pitchers. Jimmy Fox hit a home run and two doubles and Al Simmons got a home run and two singles. George Earnshaw weakened in the ninth and was relieved by Bullet Joe Bush who stopped a Tiger Rally.

The two National League leaders—St. Louis Cardinals and New York Giants—were beaten, the Cards maintaining their 3½ game lead.

Lance Richbourg, Braves' right fielder, was the hero of Boston's 9 to 4 victory over St. Louis. Richbourg accounted for six runs with a home run, double and triple on his first three trips to the plate. Ed Brandt held the Cards to seven hits. Artie Nehf yielded his former mates only nine hits, while the Cubs knocked Vic Aldridge from the mound, beating the giants, 6 to 2. Cuyler and Grimm drove in two runs each.

Burleigh Grimes won his twenty-first victory of the season, the Pittsburgh Pirates beating the Brooklyn Robins, 11 to 6. Grimes made three hits and drove in two runs himself.

The Philadelphia Phillies gathered 22 hits and beat the Cincinnati Reds, 13 to 4.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League.
Chicago 6; New York 2
Pittsburgh 11; Brooklyn 6
Philadelphia 13; Cincinnati 4
Boston 9; St. Louis 4

American League.
New York 11; Chicago 1
Cleveland 10; Boston 8
Philadelphia 18; Detroit 6
St. Louis 7; Washington 2

MAIL LINER AGROUND.
SAN PEDRO, Calif., Aug. 16 (UP).—The Pacific mail liner Acadour, with 200 passengers and a crew of 25 men was aground off Cape San Lazarus, Baja, California, today, advice to the marine exchange here said.

5 ROBBERS CAPTURED.
Five robbers, who held up a restaurant in which a policeman was eating a sandwich, were captured today after a thrilling one mile chase through a populous section of Brooklyn.

Rational Vegetarian Restaurant
19, SECOND AVE.
Bet. 12th and 13th Sts.
Strictly Vegetarian Food.

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CARL BRODSKY
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ARMY CHIEFS TO PROBE OF Y. W. L.

Jingoes Order Porter Sentence Secret

Continued from Page One
of the court martial was from one to two years' imprisonment with loss of citizenship, tho this was not officially stated. "It concerns the United States army, not the newspapers," Major-General Brown is alleged to have remarked in this connection. "The newspapers had better forget it."

Investigating League.
While implying that they could not understand the action of Major-General Brown in this case, officers at the war department gave it as their unofficial opinion that the move was based upon secret investigation which the army intelligence service is taking into the activities of the Young Workers League at this time.

Brown is away on a tour of inspection and was unavailable to answer inquiries.
Efforts to determine the extent to which the military intelligence investigation has proceeded to date and the measure in which the civil authorities and those of the war department are cooperating the apprehension of Young Workers League members have remained unavailing so far.

Secrecy.
The same uncertainty shrouds all attempts to pierce the mystery of the present place of detention of John Porter. Normally, Porter would be expected to serve his sentence at the eastern branch of the United States disciplinary barracks at Fort Jay, Governor's Island, New York. It is long-term prisoners who are shipped to the main prison barracks at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

The papers in the Porter case, together major general Brown's request that the facts be not given to the newspapers, are on file in the war department. Under army regulations the sentence of a court martial must be made in open court.

John's Restaurant
SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES
A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet.
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Health Food Vegetarian Restaurant
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PHONE: UNIVERSITY 5865

MEET YOUR FRIENDS at Messinger's Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant
1763 Southern Blvd., Bronx, N. Y. (Right off 174th St. Subway Station)

WE ALL MEET at the NEW WAY CAFETERIA
101 WEST 27th STREET
NEW YORK

All Comrades Meet at **BRONSTEIN'S VEGETARIAN HEALTH RESTAURANT**
558 Claremont Pkway Bronx

ARREST 2 "REDS" IN QUAKER CITY

2 Young Communists Held for Speaking

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—One member of the Young Pioneers here, and one member of the Young Workers (Communist) League were arrested Tuesday night while addressing an open-air meeting at the insistence of B. L. Butterbaugh, of 630 N. 40th St. and Lloyd Siliger, of 4028 Powelton Ave., who complained that the speakers were uttering "seditious statements."

The Young Pioneer is Benjamin Weiss. He is fourteen years of age and a student at a local high school. Thomas Pinsker, who is the League member under arrest, was chairman of the meeting. They are being held by the police for court at the Moyamensing Workhouse, prison.

Despite the arrest of the two young Communists other speakers of the League continued the meeting at another corner. The audience of workers at the open-air meeting was greatly increased at the action of the police, it is reported.

The Workers' (Communist) Party has issued a statement denouncing the police terrorism and declared it would pay no fines to the court. It further stated that it will continue, as well the League, to hold open-air meetings.

TWO JINGOES KILLED.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—Major Joseph Russ was killed and Lieut. Col. Edwin Butcher was injured today when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Pennsylvania Railroad train at Barnsley, near Oxford, Pa., the war department was notified.

Co-operative Workers Patronize I. SCOLNICK TAILOR
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Get Your Money's Worth! Try the Park Clothing Store
For Men, Young Men and Boys Clothing
93 Avenue A, Corner 6th St. NEW YORK CITY

ARE YOU GETTING CO-OPERATIVE Bakery Products
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If not, let us know and we'll instruct our driver to call at your home.
Co-operative Trading Association, Inc.
Tel. Windsor 9052. 4301 Eighth Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
5401 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Put the Party on the Ballot
All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

50,000 EXPECTED AT SACCO MEET ON AUGUST 22

Union Square Will Be Scene of Memorial

Continued from Page One
Working Class Women; Butchers' Union, Local 174; Window Cleaners' Protective Union, Local 8; Associated Shoe and Slipper Workers; twenty-seven Workmen Circle Branches in New York; Suit Case, Bag and Portfolio Makers' Union; the Paper Box Makers' Union; United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Local 1090; and the International Seamen's Union.

Workers Mobilized.
In addition to these organizations the entire membership of the New York section of the I. L. D. has been mobilized for leaflet distribution duty. One hundred thousand leaflets printed in English, Italian and Yiddish, calling for a mass attendance at the demonstration will be distributed by Saturday. Two hundred fifty thousand circulars have been printed.

It is expected that the police department will have more than 1,000 uniformed cops on duty on the Square to see that "order" is maintained. Last August during the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstrations the police employed machine guns, tear-bomb squads, armored motorcycles in "protecting" the mass demonstrations.

50,000 Workers to Attend.
Rose Baron, in a statement issued yesterday said: "All the agencies of so-called public opinion, the press, the movies and the radio are anxious to stifle every mention of the forthcoming Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting. The ruling class in America wants these two heroic names blotted out forever. The New York section of the International Labor Defense calls upon every militant worker in the city to make it his or her duty to attend this mass demonstration. The names Sacco and Vanzetti must never be forgotten; they must be watchwords ever reminding us of the fury of class justice here in America."

It is estimated that more than 50,000 New York workers will crowd the square on the day of the memorial meeting. The demonstration will start at 5 p. m. Wednesday, August 22nd.

Urge Women to Attend.
The Committee for work among women of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, District 2, in a statement issued yesterday, called upon the working women to show the capitalist class and their government at Washington that they remember the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti one year ago, by attending the memorial mass demonstration on Union Square Wednesday, at 5 p. m.

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26-28 Union Sq., New York City

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Party Functionaries.
All Party functionaries, including unit, section and subsection organizers, agitprop directors, industrial organizers, literature agents, etc., bureau heads, editors, are to meet at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, today at 8:15 to take up plans for the Red Week arranged for August 20 to 26. Conflicting meetings should be called off.

Special Functionaries Meet.
There will be a special functionaries meeting today at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square. All section, subsection and unit functionaries must be present. Important developments in the election campaign will be discussed.

Perth Amboy Open Air Meet.
An open air meeting has been arranged for Perth Amboy for Saturday, at 8 p. m. Louis A. Baum, secretary of the Photographic Workers Union, will be the principal speaker.

Section 3 Notice.
All members of the Workers (Communist) Party living in the lower or upper Bronx must appear at 205 Clinton Ave., the Bronx, at 9 a. m. Sunday, for important work. There will be a check-up on all those who attend, and absentees will have to answer to the organizational committee.

Branch 6, Section 5.
In the signature drive to place the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot, Branch 6, Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party, 109 Bronx Park East, announces a contest in which a week end at Camp Woodlawn will be given free to the member who procures the greatest number of signatures. All members wishing to participate in the contest should apply to the campaign director at 270 Bronx Park East.

Working Women.
An important meeting of all organizers of women's work and Party fractions of language groups, United Council of Working Women, and women organizers in trade unions will be held today at 8 p. m. at 24-28 Union Square, New York. District Committee for Work Among Women.

Subsection 3E.
International Branch 1 will hold a very important meeting on Thursday, 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. The roll call will be taken.

An important meeting of Unit 3E 1F will be held on Tuesday, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Every comrade must be present. The roll call will be taken.

Unit 3E 2F will hold a very important meeting on Tuesday at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 7th St.

Unit 5F, 3D Meeting.
Unit 5F, 3D of the Workers (Communist) Party has postponed its next meeting from Wednesday to Thursday evening on account of the Sacco and Vanzetti demonstration in Union Square. The meeting will be held Thursday, at 8 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

Williamsburgh Open Air Meets.
Tonight, at Myrtle Ave. and Prince St. Speakers: D. Klein, S. Weiss, M. Hoffer and H. Harris.
Tuesday, at Graham Ave. and Varot St. Speakers: Claire Steckloff, A. Weinfield, Ray Gordon and S. Weiss.

NO SMALLPOX IN ALASKA.
ALASKA, Aug. 16 (UP).—Coast guard physicians and Nome territorial doctors said today that reports of a smallpox epidemic were erroneous.

Advertisement for The Daily Worker
26-28 Union Sq., New York City

NUN IMPLICATED AS ACCOMPLICE IN OBREGON CASE

More Evidence Involves Mother Concepcion

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 16.—In the further investigation of Mother Concepcion, who is held as an accomplice in the assassination of Obregon, further testimony was produced that indicated that the nun was directly involved in the plot.

When Toral was taken to the nun's home shortly after the crime the first question he asked was: "Mother, are you ready to die with me?" The nun did not deny that she was the "intellectual author" of the crime and reconfirmed her opinion that the religious problem in Mexico could only be settled by the death of Obregon and Calles.

Leon Toral, assassin of Obregon, in a statement made from prison says that it is his belief that the pope should revoke him for his noble deed and hopes that he will not be excommunicated from the Catholic Church.

FISHERS STRIKE IN NEW BEDFORD

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 16.—Inspired by resistance against the lowering of working standards by the heroic 18 week old strike of 28,000 textile workers, more than 250 unorganized fishermen abandoned the boats of the fishing fleet after employers announced a wage reduction.

The bosses attempted to reduce wages of the fishermen ten dollars less each trip, this cut meaning about \$250 a year as 25 trips are generally made each year.

Though never organized, the example of struggle shown by the textile workers, contributed largely to the fishermen's immediate answer of "Strike."

William Brown, secretary of the Fishermen's Union is expected here today. He will attempt to establish a local union here.

More than half of the entire city's fishing fleet is tied up by the strike.

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

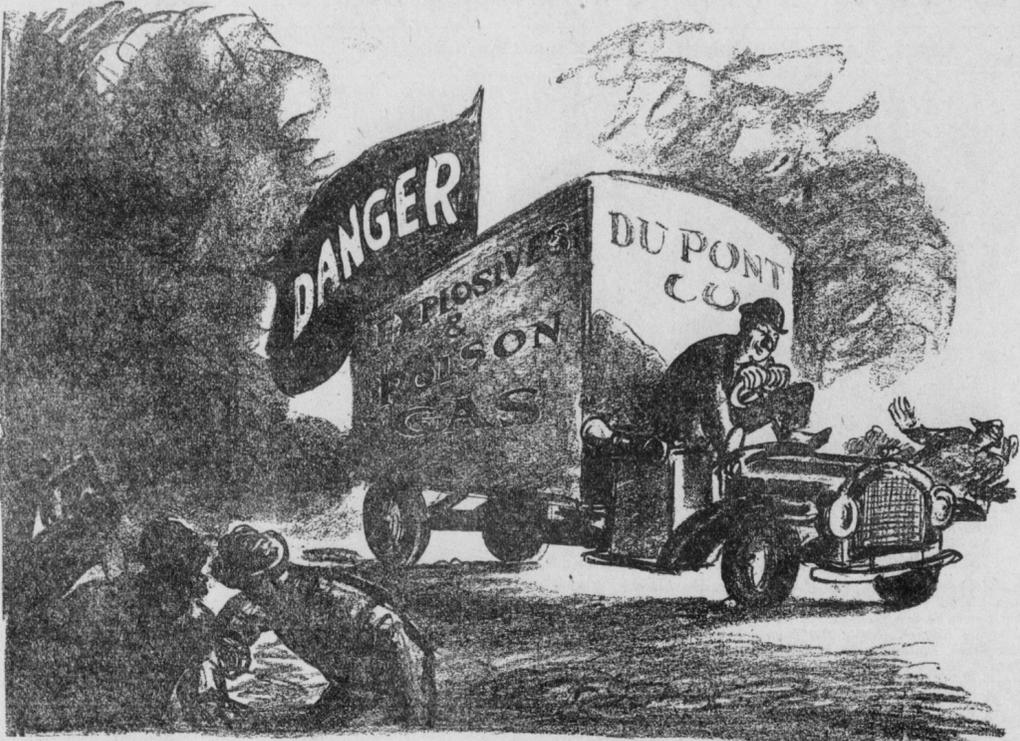


WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

THE DRIVER WITH THE BROWN DERBY

By Fred Ellis



Told You So

THE outstanding positive accomplishments of the G. O. P. administration are the invasion of Nicaragua and the slaughtering of thousands of the people of that country for daring to defend their rights against the American imperialists. The slaughtering of hundreds of Chinese workers at Hankow by shells fired from United States warships. The general advance of American imperialism through the world, accompanied by murder and oppression whenever the interests of Wall Street required "stern measures." The use of guns, bombs, bayonets and injunctions against the American workingclass whenever they tried to better their conditions or fight for the principle of unionism by strike.

THIS is only a short page of the indictment that could be drawn up against the republican party. And should anybody come to the conclusion that we entertain any hopes for better treatment from the democratic party should Al be elected, we simply point to the reign of Woodrow Wilson and his bloodhound Mitchell A. Palmer, attorney general, who had the streets of several cities treated to the spectacle of hundreds of men and women marching manacled to immigration detention points awaiting deportation because of their political opinions.

WE have no illusions about the democratic party and when Al Smith delivers his acceptance speech we shall have something to say in comment. The Al Smith who is endorsed by the Fascist Alliance of North America cannot be a friend of the workingclass. The Al Smith who is alright for John J. Raskob of General Motors and Gen of the workingclass. Lack of space prevents me from carrying this out further today, but there will be other days, so we will hold something over, and we may repeat, since repetition if the life of propaganda.

BY way of comic relief, Bill Matheson, who is active in the mining fields of Illinois sent me a clipping with a Vancouver dateline which reads: "A nameless marine creature about six feet long, having an eel-like body and a head resembling that of a sheep, was on display at Provincial Police Headquarters here today as evidence of the existence of a sea-monster which many people have reported seeing in Lake Okanagan, in the interior of British Columbia." "Perhaps its Coolidge," hazards Bill. No Bill, not yet. California will not have to turn himself into a man-eating hippopotamus or a Texas toad in order to get publicity until after the elections. And as for the description! All I will say is that a sheep's head is at least toothsome when properly cooked.

THE Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company, amalgamated a few days ago despite the opposition of certain liberals who are still fighting the trustification of industry and supporting the political parties that keep the trust wheels greased. No sooner was the marriage ceremony performed by the Public Service Commission than the Consolidated Gas Company, the name adopted by the happy pair, declared a 100 per cent stock dividend.

THOSE who claim that the days of opportunity are gone in America are dripping. The members of the Public Service Commission were as anxious for the merger as a cannibal for a slice of baked Baptist. Party lines were disregarded, republicans and democrats rushing the ceremony with the haste of a village justice of the peace joining an eloping pair in wedlock who were pursued by an angry parent, fortified by applejack and a saved-off shot gun. There may have been a reason.

FAIR be it from our purpose to underdetermine the moral underpinning of any prominent citizen, but if we were not what we are but instead looked on society as a fat goose to be plucked when the plucking was good, we should not think twice of accepting a baby carriage-full of stock in the spiced gas companies of New York and Brooklyn. After all, it is hard to get rich by working at it. And it is no more reprehensible to accept a bundle of stock certificates from a big hearted gas man than it is to rob one or one thousand workers of a part of the product of their toil in mill, mine or factory.

HOUSE of Morgan, United States Ambassador to Mexico, Dwight Morrow has again proved that he is a man of courage. Not being satisfied with risking his life by eating ham and eggs with Calles, he now gives further testimony to his hardihood by purchasing a home in a spot that is infested by bandits. Ah, a lucid interval! How could Morrow feel at home in an honest environment having lived so much of his life in that bandit's quarter, Wall Street? Bet, the Mexican highwaymen will park their legs when they arrive within a mile of his residence and crawl to his presence to swear fealty to their master and place their humble services at his disposal. As the bank messenger is to the treasurer so is a Mexican bandit to Dwight Morrow.

Tom O'Flaherty

Smith and Straton—Birds of a Feather

"I will hire the largest hall . . . I am going to ask the mayor of New York and Mr. Smith, as governor, for all necessary police protection, and if it should be necessary, military protection."

So says John Roach Straton in his debate with Al Smith as to whether there shall be a debate. The issue is whether Smith is of the spawn of Tammany Hall's organized crime, as Straton contends, or whether Straton is a cheap faker, a professional liar, as Smith contends. It is one of those cases where both contenders are correct in their contentions as far as they go.

But the grandiloquent words of Straton about police protection and military protection if necessary, are only bunk. Of course Straton knows that Smith's Tammany police will give him complete protection, simply because the faking sky-pilot represents a section of the ruling class. It is only the spokesmen of the working class that Smith's Tammany thugs assault and blackmail and jail for speaking. Defenders of capitalism get protection from the same police thugs that assault those who attack capitalism.

Straton represents just as thoroughly as Al Smith does the filth and crime of the society which both of them uphold and defend. If Tammany Hall and its present leader, Smith, have grown powerful on the organizing of prostitution, gambling and graft, the Reverend

Straton draws his own dishonest income from the same source—the difference being only in the directness. While Smith's contact is that of a leader and organizer of the thugs, finks, ward heeled and contractors through whom the prostitution, gambling and graft are organized at first hand, the Reverend Straton's contact is, so far as we know, only with the nice gentlemen at the top whose control over society is the cause of the degradation, crime and misery. The capitalist system of exploitation of the working class is the cause. Straton lives by lies that help keep the system alive, just as does the meanest fink of Tammany Hall. This dirty-handed hypocrite only helps to conceal the real cancer with his quack remedies which pretend to cure the symptom.

Straton is right in saying that Smith is a spawn of crime.

And Smith is right in suggesting that Straton is a sneaking hypocrite.

The workers and exploited farmers have the fundamental interest and necessity that runs counter to both these servants of capitalism—the necessity to abolish the foul and criminal capitalist system in which both Smith and Straton are but sewer-birds.

Work for the liberation of your class. Work and fight to create a new and free system of society without exploitation, without prostitution, crime and graft, without poverty and misery—and without Smiths and Stratons.

Join the Workers (Communist) Party. Vote Communist.

Fruit Companies Brew War

WALL STREET'S and Washington's fingers are now raking an odorous mess on the boundary of Honduras and Guatemala. One of the chief objects of the American money masters in Central America is to disunite the five republics (Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, El Salvador, and Costa Rica.) While it is the expressed desire of the peoples of all these countries to unify, American imperialism has kept them divided, in the interests of plunder and war.

The dispute over the Guatemala-Honduras border is in reality a contest between two American fruit companies, the United Fruit Company and the Cuyamel Fruit Company, both Wall Street enterprises. The Cuyamel Company is in Honduras, while the United holds sway in Guatemala. Both are trying to control valuable fruit lands. Each dominates a government and wants its puppet to have jurisdiction over the disputed lands.

Fruit Companies Fight.
For many years the United Fruit Company has virtually controlled Guatemala. Today it owns one fifth of the territory of that country. In 1913 the Cuyamel Fruit Company obtained a concession from the Honduran government of 25,000 acres of land in the Motagua river district. The ownership of this territory has been in dispute for over 100 years between Guatemala and Honduras. When the Cuyamel Fruit Co. secured its grant, it started to improve the land and to build a 93-mile railroad in 1913.

Before starting work on its improvements, the Cuyamel sought to obtain permission from the Guatemalan authorities. Naturally, being United Fruit Company employees, they refused. Despite the action of its competitors, the Cuyamel started work but was forced to stop because of the armed intervention of the United Fruit Company's government. The Cuyamel Fruit Company, however, was allowed by Guatemala to construct just one mile of the railway.

IN 1918 the entire dispute was submitted to a representative of the U. S. government, Mr. Roy T. Davis, minister to Costa Rica. But no decision was reached. Obviously, the U. S. government, which is impartial to its imperialist proteges, would not decide between two American exploiters. The dispute is still unsettled. The United Fruit Company, which has a monopoly on the fruit business in Central America, is doing all its can to crush its competitor. It even will go to the extent of starting a war between Guatemala, and Honduras, in order to stamp out its rival.

Kellogg suggested that the question be referred to the Central American court. When this tribunal decided the dispute between Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Honduras and

the United States over the canal rights in Nicaragua in favor of Costa Rica and Honduras and against the United States, the United States simply refused to recognize the action of the court. Guatemala, that is, the United Fruit Company, is willing to accept the jurisdiction of the Central American court. Honduras declines to submit the rights of the Cuyamel Fruit Company to this body.

Seek to Destroy Rivals.
If the United Fruit Co. is the victor, it will mean that the Cuyamel will be cut off from any outlet to the Atlantic coast. In short, it will mean the end of this competitor of the United Fruit Co. If the Cuyamel wins, the United Fruit Co. will be restricted in its activities to the left side of the Motagua river.

The officials in each country are tools of the respective companies. Their "patriotism" has been aroused to warlike heights. Accusations of bribery have been hurled from both sides freely. The fact is that both fruit companies spare no expense in gaining their object. Even the labor unions are bought. The Guatemalan Federation of Labor addressed a letter to William Green in July, 1928, attacking the Cuyamel Fruit Co. as the instigator of the trouble, while at the same time it forgot to mention that the United Fruit Co. controls the political life of Guatemala, and without doubt, inspired the indignation of the Guatemalan labor fakers.

"Divide and Rule."
THE United States fears an independent Central America. It has thus far been successful in buying or forcing these various governments to abide by its will. In Nicaragua the imperialists meet with the resistance of Sandino and his forces. In a united Central America the task of suppression and murder would not be so simple as it has been in the past. The axiom of "divide and rule!" is the guiding principle of American domination of this Wall-Street-raped territory.

General Augusto C. Sandino, who many times has announced that his struggle against imperialism is not limited to the confines of Nicaragua, has written to the people of Honduras and Guatemala, calling on them to refrain from being incited to war for the pleasure of the two U. S. fruit companies.

should not exist and our duty is to take equal interest in the welfare of each of the countries of Spanish America, because we all share the same dangers from the colonizing policy of the Yankee imperialists.

Chinese Women Know No Rest.
The Chinese working woman knows no rest. She works the whole year round, day and night. In some provinces of China, under pressure from the workers, there were attempts made to establish holidays for working men and women on the days dedicated to the celebration of the Chinese New Year which usually lasts 7 to 10 days. This has not been achieved as yet.

Working Day 12 to 14 Hours.
The working day of the working woman usually lasts in the up-to-date factories from 12 to 14 hours, and in less modern factories as long as 16 hours. In those factories where the women are virtually part of the machinery, not being allowed even an interval for partaking of food, the 12-hour day becomes more unendurable than the 16-hour day in the more primitive factories and in the home trades; in the latter the labor is less intensified and the women can allow themselves short intervals during work for food and rest.

Imperialism brings destruction, desolation and internecine struggle to Central America. Out of these countries they take a king's ransom in profits. By fighting the competitive battles of the contending Wall Street vultures the workers and peasants of these countries weld their chains about themselves tighter.

Scientist Reveals Deficiencies in Italia Preparation
PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Aug. 15.—Professor Francis Behounek, Czech scientist who was on board the Italia when it struck the ice in the Arctic, is telling of his experiences in a series of interviews, which reveal the insufficient preparations made by the fascists for the Pole flight.

Cabins were overcrowded, bunks placed in corridors that obstructed the passage, implements were imperfect. As a result the bearings taken were wrong and resulted in the failure of the rescue expedition to know the position of the wreck.

His story is especially interesting since Mussolini has forbidden Nobilio or any of the Italian crew from talking about the event. Behounek has yet to tell about what happened after the crash.

THE development of national industries and the growing penetration of foreign industrial and commercial capital in China is accompanied by the constant growth in the employment of women in industry. Particularly large is the growth in the employment of women's labor in the textile and tobacco industries.

Women 40 Per Cent of Workers
The women constitute 40 per cent of all the industrial workers in China. Out of 50,000 workers employed in the cotton and silk industries of the natives in 1926 there were 50 per cent women, whilst in the foreign mills, which are technically better equipped, the women constituted about 70 to 80 per cent. There is a whole number of factories employing exclusively the labor of women and children (in Canton).

The condition of the Chinese women worker is considerably worse than in the capitalist countries of Europe and America. It is worse than the condition of the Chinese working man, it is worse even under the same conditions which are characterized by political and cultural backwardness of the masses of the workers, by the abundance and cheapness of labor power, and by the atrocious exploitation of workers by foreign and native capital.

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The Woman Worker in China

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Slave 12 to 16 Hours a Day for Starvation Wage of 15 Cents

medical attention whatsoever." In the silk spinning mills of Shanghai the women work in unventilated furnaces in a hot and humid atmosphere which is so detrimental to their health that the women employed in those factories can be recognized by their peculiar palor and emaciated appearance.

No Privileges For Women.
THERE are no privileges for working mothers. Pregnant women keep on working day and night to the very last moment of childbirth. Frequently their bear their child whilst tending the machine, resuming work immediately after birth. The baby is either tied behind the back or put in a little basket near the machine, with the older brothers and sisters usually standing by. In the factories one may see working women nursing their children without interrupting their work.

In some of the Chinese provinces, as the result of numerous strikes, vacations of one or two weeks after childbirth have been established for working women; nevertheless the women, even if entitled, did not take advantage of the vacation. The place of the working woman going on vacation may be promptly taken by one of the thousands of unemployed

women waiting outside the factory gates. Whilst working under such unbearable conditions, the Chinese workers receive miserable wages, whilst the women receive two-thirds or one-half of the man's wages.

In Canton in 1927 the average minimum wage of a working man was 8 Mexican dollars a month, and the maximum was \$25.50, whilst the average minimum wage for women was \$7, and the maximum \$15.36. No wages are paid to working men or women in case of sickness. It was declared by one of the employers of Canton before a commission appointed to investigate social questions in 1926: "When workers fall sick, they have to take care of themselves."

In other textile centers the working woman usually receives not more than 15 cents a day. In the factories of the Anglo-American Tobacco Company the women packers earn daily from 25 to 40 cents, and in the match factories about 20 cents a day.

In the factories of Tientsin the following rates of wages for working women exist (these data cover 6,357 working women of 25 factories):

(2) The population is burdened by numerous taxes. The paper currency has completely depreciated, but the militarists force the merchants to accept it. The financial crisis has decreased the buying capacity of the masses; the workers have not received wages for a whole year. The peasant produce has decreased, and it is impossible to transport the products, as the means of transport have been disorganized. There is a shortage of food products in the town, and in the village great need is felt for industrial commodities.

(3) The Chinese merchants have been ruined (more than 1,000 shops in Peking have closed down), but the imperialists' goods are distributed in China. Great supplies of food from Japan arrive in Shanghai.

III. Public Education.
(1) More than eight-tenths of the schools all over China have been closed down (an extremely large number of elementary schools in the villages have been closed down).

(2) Public education does not exist, the former schools of this type have been closed down.

(3) Education imbued with the feudal spirit is comparatively flourishing.

(4) All civilization is dying out.

IV. Social Position.
(1) Banditism is spreading all over China, both in the towns and the villages.

(2) The unemployed peasants pour into the towns.

(3) Unemployment in the towns is increasing.

(4) Poverty causes numerous cases of suicide.

V. The Various Taxes.
(1) Taxes levied beforehand.

(2) Tax for the suppression of the Reds.

(3) Tax in aid of the militarists.

(4) Tax on things bought, amounting to two-fifths of sum expended.

	From 20 to 30c	From 30c to 40c	Less than 20c a day
Seasonal Wkr's	1,553	50
Permanent	200	2,532	3,022
Total	1,753	2,582	3,022

Thus, the majority of the seasonal workers do not earn more than 20 cents a day, whilst the permanent workers do not earn more than 50 cents. On the whole, the average earnings of the Chinese woman worker are not more than 6-10 Chinese dollars a month, barely sufficient for an existence of semi-starvation.

Food of Rice and Soup.
In the large cities of South China the food of the working woman consists of rice, soup twice daily, and boiled rice once daily. In Central and North China, where rice is considerably dearer, it is substituted by beans, maize, and wheat and flour boiled in water.

The earnings of the working woman do not allow the purchasing of clothes from new material; the working woman is usually clothed in old rags purchased from the second-hand dealers' stores, which are scattered all over industrial China.

On the average the earnings of the textile workers' family, if not less than 2 members of the family are working in the factory, do not exceed 12 Chinese dollars a month.

At the same time, according to data by the trade unions for 1926, the indispensable living minimum for a working class family of 4 people in Hankow was not less than 28.46 Chinese dollars. Hence, the textile workers' family earns only 50 per cent of the indispensable living minimum. The position of the working woman is further aggravated by the fact that virtually she never gets the full earnings.

System of Fines.

In the industrial enterprises of China, both national and foreign, the system of fines is widely used. Fines are imposed for failures to come to work, for slackness of attention, for talking to comrades, for laughing while at work. In the silk spinning mills of the Shantung Province there are 33 different varieties of fines; for being 6 minutes late a fine of 10 cents is imposed upon the working woman, an equal fine of 10 cents for washing up without permission, or for pausing at the machine. The working woman frequently has to part with one-half of her earnings in fines. Cases are not rare when she does not get any wages at all.

Besides fines there is also practiced the system of "security," which is held by the employer as a guarantee against pilfering, or clumsy and inaccurate work on the part of the working woman. The security is retained in the amount of three weeks earnings and is virtually never paid back to the worker.

Women Worker Flogged.

THE Chinese working woman is still suffering from the system of supervisors and overseers. The overseers flog the women and inflict corporal punishment for the least offense, considering them as their property. There are even cases of women being killed by the overseers who are carrying arms. Brutal treatment of working women by the overseers exists also in the foreign factories. The whip is never discarded. In 1926, in the course of a strike in the silk spinning mills in South China, a working woman was killed by a revolver shot fired by an overseer, because she had been elected by the workers to present a demand to the administration for a 20 per cent increase in wages.