

ARREST THOUSAND AT FRENCH ANTI-WAR MEET

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT



Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1979.

Vol. V., No. 185

Published daily except Sunday by The National Daily Worker Publishing Association, Inc., 26-28 Union Sq., New York, N. Y.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 6, 1928

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$5.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

Price 3 Cents

A. F. OF L. ADMITS DEFEAT IN FIGHT ON FUR WORKERS

JAIL THOUSAND AT HUGE PARIS ANTI-WAR MEET

Red Demonstration in Spite of Police

PARIS, Aug. 5.—More than one thousand workers who had gathered at the Ivry, a suburb of Paris to demonstrate against the danger of a new imperialist war in defiance of a government edict forbidding all demonstrations held under the auspices of the French Communist Party were arrested today.

The little town of Ivry took on the appearance of a besieged town when three thousand Republican Guards, armed with rifles, machine guns and hand grenades, surrounded it and charged the demonstration one hundred and fifty young Red Guards who were selected to maintain discipline at the meeting were among those arrested. The Communist Deputy, and mayor of the suburb, Capdeville, was also arrested.

Vaillant-Couturier, Communist leader and one of the editors of L'Humanite, was arrested at a meeting at an anti-imperialist meeting last night when he urged workers to attend today's demonstration against war in spite of the police ban.

The threat of deportation hangs over the heads of foreign-born workers who participated in the demonstration against the imperialist war danger.

Defying the police, the Communists are planning to hold another huge demonstration tonight. Police and troops are being mobilized for the demonstration.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—Ninety-six Communists were arrested today in connection with a Red demonstration against militarism in the woods in the vicinity of Paris.

Before the demonstration the government announced that it would break up any meetings held by the Communist Party. The edict was issued by the Poincare government in its attempt to check the rapid growth of the French Communist Party.

The demonstration was held in connection with the anniversary of the World War to protest against the danger of a new imperialist war. Speakers stressed the necessity of fighting against the war danger, of mobilizing support for the Soviet Union and the struggling masses.

HAYWOOD ASHES PUT IN KREMLIN

Thousands Honor Dead at Funeral

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 5.—Following a solemn funeral ceremony, the ashes of William D. Haywood, American Communist leader, and Eugene Landler, leader of the Hungarian Communist Party, were placed in the wall of the Kremlin in the first workers' and peasants' republic.

All morning the urns containing the ashes stood exposed in the October Hall of the Labor Palace, where posts of honor, consisting of four comrades each from the American, Hungarian, German, British, French and other delegations stood guard.

The urns were carried to the Red Square, accompanied by American and Hungarian delegates to the World Congress of the Communist International.

With tens of thousands of Moscow workers attending, Semard opened the funeral ceremonies.

The masses were then addressed by Semard, of France, for the Communist International; by Alexander Losovsky, president of the Red International of Trade Unions, for the Central and Moscow Committees of the All-Union Communist Party; William W. Weinstein, for the Workers (Communist) Party; Bela Kun, for the Hungarian Communist Party; by Starchov, for the Communist Party of China, and by Carlton for the Negroes.

At the conclusion of the meeting the urns were walked into the Kremlin, accompanied by the strains of the Funeral March and the International.

New Bedford Strike Leaders Jailed



Eli Keller, organizer of the Textile Mills Committee and Elizabeth Donnelly, children's organizer of the T. M. C. have been jailed by the police, the new open agents of the mill bosses. The picture shows two militant leaders. The arrest of the leaders has failed to dampen the courage of strikers who continue to defy police orders in picketing at several mills.

USSR WORKERS FIGHT AGAINST WAR DANGER

MOSCOW, August 5.—The anniversary of the outbreak of the world war was marked by workers' demonstrations throughout the Soviet Union at which were pointed out the preparations for a new war by the imperialist power and the desire of the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union for peace. All newspapers carried articles which pointed out the necessity for a struggle against war.

The editorial in the Moscow Izvestia pointed out that the capitalist nations were heavily armed and that the struggle for markets is no less acute than in the years preceding the war. The United States is declared to be the most powerful nation.

ALLIANCE SEEN IN NAVAL PACT

French and British Jingoism Hail It

PARIS, August 5.—The Franco-British naval pact, although still secret, has aroused the Parisian capitalist press to hailing it as a further political and military bond between the two governments.

Enough has been related from official and semi-official sources to reassure the militarists and conservative opinion that technically nothing has been done to hinder the growth of the French navy and that unlimited development of the French land forces will not be interfered with.

That the conservative forces are frankly very pleased over the pact of mutual development is shown by editorials in "Le Temps" and the statement of a well-known conservative political writer who said: "Haven't the Germans frequently said we were soldiers of England? The English have become to some extent our sailors. The interests of England and France are complementary."

Hailed as War Agreement.

LONDON, August 5.—The British press comment on the naval pact between the English and French Governments, whether they be favorable or unfavorable, agree in their opinion that the pact represents a virtual alliance for the benefit of both powers.

It is pointed out in many papers that the new pact is analogous in many ways to the old alliance of 1906 which prepared the way for the landing of British troops on French soil if France were attacked.

The Manchester Guardian, a liberal paper, suggests that besides the actual pact itself certain agreements have been entered into between the two naval and military departments to provide for a pooling of the two navies in time of war. The conservative paper, The Saturday Review, looks with disfavor upon the freedom given the French military authorities to strengthen their land forces.

REFORMISTS IN CONFAB BRUSSELS, Aug. 5 (UP.)—The international socialist conference opened here today. Arthur Henderson, British labor party leader, in an address before the conference described the development of post-war socialism as "encouraging."

Fall River Meet Votes Unanimously for Strike Call

WILL WALK-OUT UNLESS COMPANY GIVES DEMANDS

Demonstration for the Jailed Leaders

(Special to the Daily Worker) FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 5.—Following the announcement by the Fall River Textile Mills Committee that demands of workers would be sent to the American Printing Company and the Lincoln Manufacturing Company, both of this city, with the ultimatum: "Accept or we will strike," 3,000 textile workers massed here at one of their regular nightly meetings at Liberty Lot, unanimously passed a call to strike and elected a committee of one hundred to carry the letter and the strike vote to the mill bosses.

Simultaneously with the reading and acceptance of the letter Chief of Police Feeney and his officers appeared on the field and arrested the leaders of the Textile Mills Committee, in spite of protests from the meeting.

Mass Demonstration.

Resentment among the workers was almost indescribable as the whole meeting responded to the police violence and streaming from Liberty Lot poured down to the jail where they staged a mass demonstration in the streets, demanding the immediate release of their leaders.

Jim Reid, Sam Weisman, and William Soroka, all leaders of the Fall River Textile Mills Committee, were the men arrested. They are held on warrants charging them with disturbing the peace similar to the

THOUSANDS AT ANTI-WAR MEET

Gitlow Hits Powers; Flays Kellogg Plan

Over a thousand workers gathered on Union Square Saturday afternoon at 2 p. m. to participate in the demonstration against imperialist war on the fourteen anniversary of the beginning of the last world slaughter to "make the world safe for democracy."

Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice-president of the United States on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, stressed the significance of the preparations now in progress by every imperialist nation of the world for future warfare. Other speakers denounced the Kellogg Plan as a hypocritical gesture, stressing its failure to include the Soviet Union in the pact, and flayed the imperialist powers for having shrunk so squeamishly from Maxim Litvinoff's proposal at the Geneva conference for complete disarmament.

Other speakers included Ray Ragozin, Robert Minor, D. Benjamin, Rebecca Grecht, Manya Reiss, Anthony Binba, and Jessie Taft of the Young Pioneers.

Norway Building Trades Wages Cut

OSLO, Norway, Aug. 5.—A wage reduction of 8 per cent has been forced upon the building trades workers. There were 25,000 unemployed in Norway at the end of July.

COMMUNISTS ANSWER CHALLENGE OF GREEN

Reply to Threat With Call to Workers to Throw Out All Labor Misleaders

That the members of the Workers (Communist) Party are active in the New Bedford textile strike, in the coal mining regions and industry in general, was frankly affirmed today in a statement issued by Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, in reply to a decision of the executive council of the A. F. of L., in session at Atlantic City, which declared for a new war of extermination against Communist influence in the trade unions.

The statement is as follows: Communist Activities Expanding. "The executive council of the American Federation of Labor, in session at Atlantic City, a summer resort patronized by bankers, business men and trade union bureaucrats, while marking time over the delicate problem whether to endorse Al Smith or Herbert Hoover, the two Wall Street candidates in the election campaign, broke the monomaniacal of their wait by issuing a fresh declaration of war on the Communists.

"According to press reports of this threatened offensive, the high-salaried officials of the A. F. of L. discovered to their amazement that, despite several previous wars of extermination against the Communists, the latter are more active than ever and that their activities are

Copy of McGrady Letter Admitting Defeat

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR WASHINGTON, D. C. A. F. OF L. BLDG. July 6, 1928.

Copy Mr. A. I. Shiplacoff, Secretary, Committee for Preservation of Trade Union, 55 West 21st Street, New York City.

Dear Sir and Brothers:— Upon my return to New York City I was informed of the action of the Preservation of Trade Union Committee in giving financial assistance to the Fur Workers Joint Council in New York.

It is indeed too bad that no further financial support can be given to the fur workers at this time. As you know, a large number of the disgruntled, and I might say dishonest, members of the fur workers have been suspended from membership for the good and welfare of the organization. They have joined with the communist forces of the city in a last desperate attempt to smash the Fur Workers Union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

The committee representing the American Federation of Labor feels very much discouraged over this situation and as a result of the action of your committee I have conferred with President Green on this situation and we feel that inasmuch as the Preservation of Trade Union Committee is not in a position to render any further assistance the American Federation of Labor will surrender its control of the situation just as soon as we can close the various matters up.

If there is anything further that you think might be done in the immediate future, I will be very glad to hear from you. Otherwise the American Federation of Labor will get out of the situation within the next few weeks.

Thanking you for the personal interest you have taken in the matter, I am, with every good wish,

Yours sincerely, Edward McGrady—Organizer

RELIEF VITAL TO WIN NEW BEDFORD STRIKE

WORKERS CHEER N. J. CONVENTION

Weisbord and Nearing Address Delegates

NEWARK, N. J., August 5.—The New Jersey State Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party for the purpose of ratifying the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party, opened here today at the Workers enter, 3 Mercer St., with delegates representing almost every big industry in the state present.

Scott Nearing, named candidate for Governor of New Jersey on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, and Albert Weisbord, candidate for the U. S. Senate, addressed the delegates present, stressing the fact that New Jersey is one of the open-shop states, controlled by the big corporations, and that the fight will have to be carried on with all the resources available to open the eyes of the workers slaving in the big factories to the necessity of organization and of voting the Workers (Communist) Party ticket.

Delegates present represented the Botany Mills, Passaic; Forstman and Hauffman, Garfield; Wright Aeronautic Co., Patterson; Tide Water Oil Co.; Bayonne; Singer Sewing Machine Co., Elizabeth; Standard Oil Company, Bayonne; the Du Pont Chemical Co., Arlington and many other of New Jersey's large open shop industries.

Great enthusiasm marked the proceedings at the meeting. Protracted cheering and the singing of the International greeted the speakers who struck the keynote of class struggle.

A complete report of the New Jersey convention of the Workers (Communist) Party will appear in tomorrow's issue of The Daily Worker.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 5.—If the Workers International Relief had not furnished food to the 256 textile strikers arrested Monday afternoon when picketing the Whitman mill, they would have starved for two days while held in jail awaiting trial, it was learned today.

The arrival of the food sent by the Workers International Relief was greeted by cheers by the workers who were closely herded together in small cells. "Hurrah for the Workers International Relief!" was the slogan.

Taken into custody Monday afternoon the workers were refused any food by the prison officials who claim that those arrested late in the day are not entitled to food. When William Schwarzfeller, local relief director of the Workers International Relief was informed of the police ruling, he immediately rushed to the prison: It consisted of 500 sandwiches, 100 doughnuts.

LEAGUE BLESSES NANKING TERROR

Virtually Recognizes War Lords

GENEVA, Aug. 5.—The Nanking regime was recognized by the League of Nations as representing China today when it accepted the nomination of Sacke Alfred Sze, Nanking's minister to Washington as the delegate to the September meeting of the League Assembly.

The virtual recognition by the United States followed by the action of the League of Nations, is looked upon as marking the acceptance of the business men's government of Nanking as the "responsible representative" of China.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.—There is a rumor current among official circles in Shanghai that the German government is preparing to recognize the Nanking regime. The German minister is expected here from Peking.

TWO YEAR OLD UNION WRECKING DRIVE FAILS; LEFT-WING BOARD WINS

McGrady Letter to Shiplacoff Admits Workers Have Repudiated Right-Wing

Green Orders Abandonment of Terror Reign as Money Payments Give Out

Routed, beaten into final surrender, discouraged beyond all hope of continuing the fight of union wreckers in the American Federation of Labor has further, the right wing crew openly admitted its defeat in the Furriers' Union and is taking steps to liquidate all traces of the treacherous struggle which for nearly two years it has waged with bribery and corruption, by means of the black jack and the lead pipe, with the aid of police thugs and gangster squads, against the efforts of needle trades workers to maintain their unions.

WAR LORDS SPLIT AT NANKING MEET

Fight On in China Over Spoils

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.—As the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang is unable to muster a quorum and proceed with its sessions at Nanking reports received here indicate that General Yen Hsi-shon, governor of Shansi, is removing his troops from the Peking area and concentrating them in readiness for open warfare. Simultaneously, Marshal Feng Yu-shiang, has left Nanking, and is reported to have refused to participate in the Kuomintang sessions.

The first indication that the opposing factions within the Nanking regime has come to an open breach was the sudden retirement of General Yen-Hsi-shon to his province of Shansi when he was expected to be on the way to Nanking. The removal of his troops from the Peking area, where he was left in charge by Chiang Kai-shek, and the report that he was concentrating them has led to the general belief that warfare may break out at any moment between the Kuomintang generals.

At the same time the withdrawal of Feng Yu-hsiang from Nanking, is considered here a confirmation of the report that he had allied himself with General Yen against Chiang Kai-shek and his faction.

In the meantime General Chiang Kai-shek, who just arrived in Shanghai, is believed to be attempting to induce the Canton group of the Kuomintang to participate in the plenary sessions and form a quorum.

That the disagreement between the Nanking regime and the Japanese government is growing sharper is indicated by reports from Tsingtao that the Japanese officials there had not permitted the Nanking representatives to fly the Kuomintang flag. At the same time the boycott exercised by Chinese merchants against Japanese goods is reported to be growing stronger.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.—There is a rumor current among official circles in Shanghai that the German government is preparing to recognize the Nanking regime. The German minister is expected here from Peking.

VESSEL FINDS POLISH FLIERS

Fascists are Sighted Off Coast

LISBON, Aug. 5.—The Polish trans-Atlantic plane "Marshall Pilsudski," piloted by Louis Idzikowski and Casimir Kubala in an attempt to succeed in a publicity stunt flight following in the footsteps of the ill-fated Nobile "expedition" fell near Cape Finistere and was found by the Hamburg-Amer Line steamship Samos, and has brought to the Portuguese port of Leitoes.

One of the fliers, Major Kubala, was seriously injured and was taken to the military hospital at Oporto.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—The Polish aviators, Idzikowski and Kubala should have awaited more favorable weather before starting their flight to America, several French aviation officials said today.

They said that the fliers had been rushed by the Polish government, who had been planning the flight for some time, resulting in the fliers leaving before they had made adequate preparations for a cross-Atlantic flight.

Majors Leon Idzikowski and Casimir Kubala are fascists and now very active in the counter-revolutionary army that invaded the Soviet Union after the revolution. They are known to be the instigators of programs against the Jews in Poland and are involved in the notorious Danzla "corridor" incident.

FUR T.U.E.L. TO MEET TONIGHT

An important meeting of the Trade Union Educational League of the Furriers' Union will be held at 8 o'clock tonight at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

This meeting is open to non-members as well as members and is regarded as of the greatest importance as the management committee of the Joint Board will render a report on its activities and its plans for the future.

MORE JOBLESS The use of electric trucks instead of hand trucks has resulted in a great decrease of employment among the longshoremen.

Foster and Gitlow Will Start Country-Wide Election Campaign Tour in September

WORKERS ROUSED BY COMMUNIST ELECTION DRIVE

Red Candidates Start September 1

The most extensive and intensive Communist propaganda and organizational campaign ever undertaken by the Workers (Communist) Party will start September 1st, when William Z. Foster, candidate for president of the United States, and Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice-president, will begin a nation-wide tour that will take them from Massachusetts in the East to Oregon and California in the West, to Texas and Georgia in the South and from there back to New York, where they will finish the two-month trip on the eve of polling day.

The itinerary of the heads of the Communist ticket was made public yesterday by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party from election headquarters at 43 East 125th Street.

Reports reaching campaign headquarters from all parts of the country indicate that the workers are extremely interested in the Communist campaign, the better informed of them growing daily more hostile to the democratic and republican parties and disappointed in the liberal hogwash of the socialist party preacher candidate, the Reverend Norman Thomas, who is appealing to the liberals and small businessmen and ignoring the class struggle of the workers and poor farmers.

For the first time since the organization of the Workers (Communist) Party, in 1921, Communist organizers are building the Party in every state in the union, taking advantage of the interest aroused among the masses by the election campaign to make new contacts and to explain the program and platform of the Party to the industrial and agricultural workers, to the poor farmers and the persecuted Negroes.

With the Party, already on the ballot in several states and thousands of Communists collecting the necessary number of signatures to place it on the ballot in at least thirty of the forty-eight states in the union, the Foster-Gitlow tour is sure to reach hundreds of thousands of workers who never heard the Communist message before.

As campaigners Foster and Gitlow have few equals. Both have years of agitational and organizational work behind them, and are accustomed to the hardships of protracted speaking tours.

The schedule of dates is as follows:

- Monday, September 3, Philadelphia; Thursday, September 6, Moennesson or Canonsburg; Friday, September 7, Pittsburgh; Sunday, September 9, Cleveland; Monday, September 10, Youngstown; Tuesday, September 11, Bellaire; Wednesday, September 12, Toledo; Thursday, September 13, Grand Rapids; Friday, September 14, Gary; Saturday, September 15, Indianapolis; Sunday, September 16, St. Louis; Monday, September 17, Springfield; Wednesday, September 19, Duluth; Thursday, September 20, Iron Range; Saturday, September 22, Bismarck; Monday, September 24, Plymouth; Wednesday, September 26, Great Falls; Friday, September 28, Spokane; Sunday, September 30, Seattle; Monday, October 1, Portland; Tuesday, October 2, Astoria; Thursday, October 4, Oakland; Friday, October 5, San Francisco; Sunday, October 7, Los Angeles; Tuesday, October 9, San Diego; Wednesday, October 10, Phoenix; Thursday, October 11, Tucson; Saturday, October 13, San Antonio; Sunday, October 14, Houston; Tuesday, October 16, Fort Worth or Dallas; Wednesday, October 17, Oklahoma City; Thursday, October 18, Tulsa; Friday, October 19, Arma, Kans.; Sunday, October 21, Minneapolis; Monday, October 22, Omaha; Tuesday, October 23, Kansas City; Wednesday, October 24, Milwaukee; Friday, October 26, Chicago; Saturday, October 27, Pontiac, Mich.; Sunday, October 28, Detroit; Monday, October 29, Reading; Tuesday, October 30, Philadelphia; Wednesday, October 31, Boston; Thursday, November 1, Haverhill; Friday, November 2, Fall River; Sunday, November 4, New York; Monday, November 5, Providence.
- Major dates will be announced.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 5.—Dr. I. M. Rubinow, statistician, social worker and former socialist, has accepted an invitation to become executive director of the Zionist Organization of America and of the United Palestine Appeal.

The office which Dr. Rubinow will fill has been newly created and is looked upon as an effort on the part of the Zionist organization to displace criticism such as nearly disrupted its last convention concerning gross mismanagement and financial juggling on the part of officials.

The former socialist will have the close co-operation in his work of the notorious, labor-baiting Judge Otto Rosolsky, chairman of the United Palestine Appeal in New York.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

FOR 2½ YEARS?

By W. M. Trumbull



TRUMBULL

PROFIT GRABBED BY GAS COMPANY

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 5 (FP).—Two widows wept ceaselessly and children mourned for their fathers, killed through greed of the Philadelphia Gas Works Co.

The gas company, a trust which holds up the Philadelphia public to the tune of millions each year, sent out a gang of 50 men—working nine hours a day for \$4.14—to dig a ditch for a fence around its huge plant at Passyunk Ave. The ground there is of soft clay. But no shoring or bracing was put up for workers' protection.

When the ditch was three feet deep, the seven-foot embankment towering over it began to slide. Within a few minutes it had completely buried two workers and imprisoned two others. Their comrades dug frantically with hands, shovels and buckets to free the trapped men. When uncovered one was dead, another died soon after reaching the hospital and two were treated for serious injuries. The two workers killed were Anthony Cinquino and Joseph Carrutto.

Both had been working for the gas company about three weeks. Carrutto, 34, had been employed at the McCain sugar refinery. But unable to support his family on three days work a week, he quit to look for another job. Cinquino, 40, had been working for the Atlantic Gas Refining Co. as a fireman four years. One Sunday he was caught washed up a few minutes before the whistle blew for quitting—and he was fired.

200 ARE DYING OF DUST POISON

At least one hundred and possibly two hundred workers exposed to the hazards of rock-dust inhalation are slowly dying while the Tammany Board of Health, assisted by the obedient officials of the union to which the workers belong, are apparently seeking to hush the matter up until after election.

Investigation of the extent of silicosis, a disease contracted by rock drillers, sand blasters, subway construction workers and workers similarly exposed, was first begun by the Tammany Board of Health. Thomas J. Curtis, head of the Tunnel and Subway Constructors' Union, at first complained of the danger to which nearly 7,000 workers are known to be exposed.

More recently, whether through pressure exercised by the Tammany machine or for other reasons, Curtis has quieted down and the Tammany department of health has announced that it would be at least January 1 before the report would be ready. The report originally was to have been made public August 1.

Attempts are being made to blame the workers, as usual, for the delay in the investigation by state-

INSURANCE FIRM SHORT \$3,500,000

ST. LOUIS, August 5.—Over three and one-half million in missing securities have been reported in an audit of the accounts of the International Life Insurance Company, it was revealed yesterday. Insurance Commissioners have notified the company to account for the missing securities by next Friday at which time a meeting on legal procedure is scheduled. The insurance company had \$309,115,719 of insurance in force on Jan. 1, 1928. It reported 160,000 policy holders and gave its assets as \$43,186,431.

Attorney General Stratton Sharlet of Missouri was notified of the shortage yesterday.

SOVIET AVIATOR TELLS HIS STORY

Continued from Page One while trying to repair a wing fell into the water, the temperature of which was just about freezing. It was a great moment when at last we sighted the Maligin. Fominikh jumped up in the cabin and did a folk dance.

His story went on to tell of narrow escapes on melting ice, of polar bears that ran around like dogs, of days and nights in succession of flying in search for the missing Italia crew, followed by stretches of 24-hour sleep at a time.

To help pass the time on board the Maligin the sailors and fliers issued a weekly newspaper. Due to the lack of foreign news local talent supplied short stories, amusing incidents, cartoons and sketches. A regular workers' correspondence was instituted that even included letters from the polar bears complaining of the hunting. Mechanic Groshev was made the point of a joke. When flying with Babushkin he always insisted on leaving his heavy fur coat behind so as to enable the plane to carry more fuel.

When the Maligin heard that the Krassin had rescued the five Italia men marooned on the ice near Foy Island, it turned in search for the missing Amundsen group. Failing to find them near Spitzbergen, the ice-cutter could only return. Babushkin describes how they made their first landing for days as follows: "The arrival in port and how we rushed for fresh tomatoes and fruits from the peddler women without even waiting to bargain I shall never forget. After that I slept for thirty hours straight getting up every fifteen minutes to drink milk.

"During the next few days we were gratified another hunger—we had not seen a newspaper for the last eight weeks. I have never devoured so many Izvestias at one time before in my life. Then for the first time did we realize that the attention of the whole world was focused upon us."

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

PARTY ARRANGES OPEN-AIR MEETS THROUGHT N.Y. CITY

Speakers to Cover All Boroughs

The agitprop department of the Workers (Communist) Party has arranged for a series of open-air meetings this week that will cover all the boroughs in the city. Prominent speakers have been assigned to cover the various meetings. A list of the meetings and the speakers follows:

Tuesday, Aug. 7. Grand St. Extension and Pave-meyer, Brooklyn—In charge, P. Midolla; speakers, Yusem, P. Shapiro and A. Mershon. Sutter and Williams, Brooklyn—In charge, Macklin; speakers, Padgug, G. Welsh, Ragozin and A. Popkin. Longwood and Prospect Ave., Bronx—In charge, V. Cibulsky; speakers, Moore, Reiss, I. Cohen and Severino.

Wednesday, Aug. 8. Second Ave. and Tenth St.—In charge, Gussakoff; speakers, Miller, Smith and Epstein. Union Square—In charge, Ross; speakers, Baum, Blake and Powers. Wilkins and Intervale—In charge, Leroy; speakers, Grecht, Frishkoff and Jacobson. Myrtle and Prince, Brooklyn—In charge, Rosemond; speakers, Wright, Schalk and Reiss. Passaic—In charge, Staliar; speakers, Stanley, Sroka and Freeman. Eagle Pencil Co. (Noon)—In charge, Garlin; speaker, Ballam. Finnish Harlem—Cackind, reporter. Seventh Ave. and 137th St.—In charge, H. Williams; speakers, Taft, Padmore and Rosemond.

Thursday, Aug. 9. Steinway and Jamaica, L. I.—In charge, Heder; speakers, Padgug, Schachtman and Suskin. 138th St. and St. Anne's Ave., Bronx—Nessin, Ed. Welsh, Pasternack and Smith. Fortieth St. and Eighth Ave.—In charge, J. Cohen; speakers, Huiswood and Powers.

Alerton and Cruger—In charge, Primoff; speakers, Rose Wortis, Leibowitz, Fgishkoff, Weich and D. Seltzer. Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—In charge, Weitz; speakers, Bimba, Hendin, Shapiro, Moore and A. Green. Loose Weils Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Crouch. Friday, Aug. 10. National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—In charge, Ross; speaker, John Sherman. Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—In charge, Lefkowitz; speakers, Ben Lifshitz, Lipzin and L. Sobrin. Varet and Graham, Brooklyn—Baum, Magliacano, Harfeld, E. Koppel. Fifth Ave. and 110th St.—In charge, Lyons; speakers, Moreau, Bentall, Edw. Welsh, Campbell and H. Schlichter. Seventh St. and Ave. A—Taft, Lillenstein and Weitz. Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Wright and Schalk. Finnish Hall, 810 Union Hall St., Jamaica, L. I.—Rosemond, Padmore and LeRoy.

Saturday, Aug. 11. First Ave. and 79th St.—In charge, Lustig; speakers, Padgug, Magliacano and Lloyed. Thirteenth Ave. and 42nd St., Brooklyn—In charge, Schwartzberg; speakers, Napoli, Shapiro, Donaldson, Chalupski and M. Pizer. West New York, N. J.—Marshall. Poughkeepsie—Markoff. 116th St. and First Ave.—Schachtman and Cudkind (special meeting). Perth Amboy—Powers.

Many School Children Suffer From Diseases

The bureau of physical welfare of the Cleveland Board of Education reports that examination of nearly 73,000 school children from the kindergarten and early school grades showed that at least 7 out of every 10 had physical defects.

Nearly one-sixth were suffering from malnutrition, 32,000 children had defective teeth, 7,000 had goiter, 1,600 had heart disease and 2,000 had defective hearing. Nearly 20,000 children of 14 to 18 years who applied for work permits showed, in general, a still larger percentage of defects. Since many of the physical defects can be prevented or controlled the department of health education believes that the necessity for more health work in the schools is clearly demonstrated.

MEXICO CITY, August 2 (U.P.).—Jose Deleon Toral, assassin of president-elect Obregon, was not alone involved in the crime, but had others back of him, according to a statement issued today by Government prosecutor Cerrea Nieto. Nieto declared that he believed that Toral was a member of a terrorist organization which met frequently and talked over the possibility of assassinating leaders of the Government.

According to telephone officials, operators' wages, which averaged \$13.04 for each telephone in 1928, will drop to \$6.40 in 1930 and 90 cents in 1936.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

Accused In Huge Baseball Swindle



William Pringle, alleged treasurer of the so-called Albany baseball pool is awaiting trial in connection with the swindle he is reported to have run. He is charged, however, not with giving the prizes in his pool to a "dummy" winner, but for "violating the federal anti-lottery laws." Hundreds of workers, chiefly young men and boys, have been taken in by this and similar frauds. Pringle is in the center of the above group.

DEATH TOLL OF MINERS GROWS

By B. K. GEBERT

The coal mining industry of this country is the slaughter house of the miners and mine workers. This is shown by the government statistics of the Bureau of Mines showing that during the first six months of 1928 accidents at coal mines caused the loss of 1,128 lives. The production of coal during this period was 271,392,000 tons, showing a death rate of 4.16 per million tons as against 3.86 for the same six months of 1927, based on 1,225 fatalities and 317,526,000 tons of coal. The record for bituminous coal alone from January to June, 1928, was 901 deaths and 234,289,000 tons, with a fatality rate of 3.85; while that for anthracite showed 227 deaths, 37,103,000 tons and a death rate of 6.12. The same period for 1927 showed 947 deaths in bituminous mines, 276,629,000 tons and a death rate of 3.42; for anthracite the record was 287 fatalities, 40,897,000 tons and a fatality rate of 6.80. The industry as a whole had 1,225 deaths, with a production of 317,526,000 tons and a death rate of 3.86 during the first half of 1927.

Killings Increasing. During the month of June, 1928, 135 miners were killed in the mines. Thirty-two of this number were killed in the anthracite mines of Pennsylvania. The remaining 103 deaths occurred in bituminous mines in various states. The death rate per million tons of coal mined during the month was 3.27, based on a production of 41,264,000 tons of coal, as compared with a death rate of 3.92 for June, 1927, based on 172 deaths and 43,884,000 tons of coal produced. The fatality rate for bituminous mines alone for June, 1928, was 2.86, with a production of 35,963,000 tons, and that for anthracite mines was 6.04 with a tonnage of 5,301,000, as compared with rates of 3.22 and 7.44, respectively, for June of last year, based on an output of 36,627,000 tons and 118 deaths, and 7,257,000 tons and 64 deaths.

Six Killed In Explosion. One major disaster occurred during the month of June, 1928. This was an explosion at the open-shop mine at National, W. Va., on June 20, which caused the death of six men. One hundred and thirty-five miners killed in June! One thousand one hundred and twenty-eight killed during the first six months of 1928! This is the price the miners are paying for the "privilege" of working in mines that are nothing else than death traps. Everyone knows that accidents in the mines can be reduced to a minimum, but this costs money, and the miners are free on hand. The bosses are more concerned about the mule for which they must pay at least \$100. Miners by the hundreds around the mines are forced by starvation to work under these hazardous conditions.

11 MORE DEAD IN HEAT WAVE

Eleven persons died yesterday in New York City from the excessive heat, even though the torrid wave receded a bit from the peak it reached on Saturday. The storm that shook the suburbs on Saturday, inflicting heavy damage and causing several deaths, exerted a slightly cooling effect on the city temperature.

Yesterday brought showers to the suburbs again, but the heat of the Metropolitan district remained as hot as the day before.

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SHANGHAI TEA WORKERS JOIN CAFE STRIKE

Unions Support 3,500 Strikers

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.—The 3,000 tea shop and cafe employees who have been on strike for some time were joined by 500 workers of the Japanese tea company here who went on strike to secure wage increases and the reduction of working hours.

The employers locked out the workers and requested the authorities to expel the strikers from the company houses.

Eight great trade unions including the postal, the tobacco and the printers' unions called a joint conference to organize relief for the strikers.

Michigan University To Educate Czarist Girls Free of Charge

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Russian czarist girls, now grown women, who may claim to be "graduates" of Russian universities, are sought as beneficiaries of the Barbour scholarships at the University of Michigan, according to an announcement by the U. S. Bureau of Education.

"More than 70 women from oriental countries," says the bureau, "have already availed themselves of the Barbour scholarships which provide \$800 per annum and university fees for attendance at the University of Michigan."

Inquiry at the bureau developed the fact that President C. C. Little of the University of Michigan had explained that the money had been provided by the late Levi Barbour, a regent of the university.

It was further developed that the graduates of Russian universities were probably to be women who had not been students in Russia since the revolution. They were to be girls of the old Russian empire.

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63 FIRST STREET NEW YORK CITY

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DAILY WORKER 26-28 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK, N. Y.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

Denver Workers Start Struggle Against Low Injury Compensation

DENVER, August 5.—Organized workers here have launched a campaign against the present state compensation law. At the same time statistics show that accidents while at work have increased by 8,539 since 1919.

The weekly compensation for injuries received at work at the present time is only \$9.24. The workers here propose to increase this to \$13.45 per week as compensation.

Accidents at work have increased from 11,288 in 1919 to 19,797 in 1926. Employers have made no attempt in this period to install safety devices.

MEET PROTESTS CHINESE TERROR

From 200 to 300 Chinese workers gathered yesterday on the corners of Pell and Mott Sts. in spite of a boiling sun listening to speakers denounce imperialism in China yesterday afternoon at a meeting held under the auspices of the New York branch of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League.

Su Mei Chen, representing the Sun Yat Sen Club of New York, spoke on imperialism and war, stressing the fact that the first leads inevitably to the second, and that the conflict of all the imperialist nations now angling for a foothold in China will result in a war of the imperialist nations. Ying Hsren of the Chinese Workers' Peasants' Alliance explained Japanese imperialism in China, and Yung Ying Hsu, a member of the Students' Alliance spoke on American Imperialism in China.

Others who spoke were H. T. Tseng, of the Workers' and Peasants' Alliance; Harry Wakes of the Seamen's Union; Seizo Ogino of the Japanese Workers' Association in America, and Harry Gannes acting secretary of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League. Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the league was chairman.

This meeting, was only the first of a series that the league plans to hold.

Twenty-five dollars were collected from the Chinese workers at yesterday's meeting, all of which will be sent to aid the Chinese trade unions.

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BEN GITLOW for Vice-President

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Tens of Thousands of German Workers Mass at Huge Berlin Anti-War Meeting

TREASON COPIES OF VORWAERTS ARE HANDED OUT

Armament Peril Is Pointed Out

BERLIN, Aug. 5.—Tens of thousands of German workers, labor organizations, women's organizations and the Red Front Fighters yesterday participated in the huge demonstration against the coming imperialist war on the anniversary of the 1914 declaration of war. The masses filled the Lustgarten in front of the royal palace, where the German warlords arranged their part of the final act in the precipitation of the struggle between the imperial 14 years ago.

Around the vast set of workers' faces upturned to listen to the addresses, battalions of the Red Front Fighters formed a ring which the Berlin police and reserves did not feel inclined to attack.

Duplicate copies of the Vorwaerts, the German social democratic organ, containing headlines revealing their betrayal of the German workers during the early days of the war in 1914 were distributed to the masses.

Speakers urged upon the assembled workers and sympathizers the danger of a new imperialist war for which the capitalist governments of the world are feverishly preparing at the same time that they attempt to hide their armament race in peace pacts and pacifist sentiment.

The treacherous role of the social democrats and the pacifists in screening the armament preparations of the imperialists was also pointed out.

(Daily Worker Talks No. 3)

The Headless Wonder



"I Just Work Hard: I Let Al Do My Thinking for Me!"

In the country called You-Es-Ay which, as you know, is but a short distance from here, the most curious sort of custom has been established under which, conveniently enough, the millions of workers who toil there have been entirely relieved of the strenuous mental labors so taxing to the average worker.

There the bosses long ago hit upon the happy device of entrusting the thinking of the people to a small number, later to but one or two. Also, as differing and conflicting ideas are costly to produce, and somewhat dangerous to circulate, a plan was further worked out to standardize these ideas and to produce them on a large scale, on a cheap commodity basis, quite as tin cans or pork and beans are here manufactured.

AND, OF COURSE, THE SAME MEN WHO OBTAINED A MONOPOLY ON THE PRODUCTION OF TIN CANS AND OTHER COMMODITIES, NATURALLY TOOK OVER THE TASK OF PRODUCING THE COMMODITY-IDEAS.

Gradually the heads of the workers in You-Es-Ay, because of continued disuse, became smaller and smaller, until they disappeared entirely. Yet the workers themselves were the last to suspect this fact, for not having any heads, how could they use them to discover their deficiencies?

Their capacity to work was, however, in no way impaired. They were, in fact, made to work harder than before. Their arms, legs and bodies developed remarkable power and endurance.

THE WORKER BECAME A HEADLESS WONDER!

Above is a recent photograph of a headless worker in You-Es-Ay. Beneath is one of the dispensers of the order-made Commodity-Ideas. This particular hokum-shooter, whose name is Alski Smithovitch, is employed by one of the biggest bosses in You-Es-Ay, called Morganitski.

The readers of The DAILY WORKER know about the strange doings in the country called You-Es-Ay.

They have met the headless wonder—and they can expose the men paid to do the thinking for the workers.

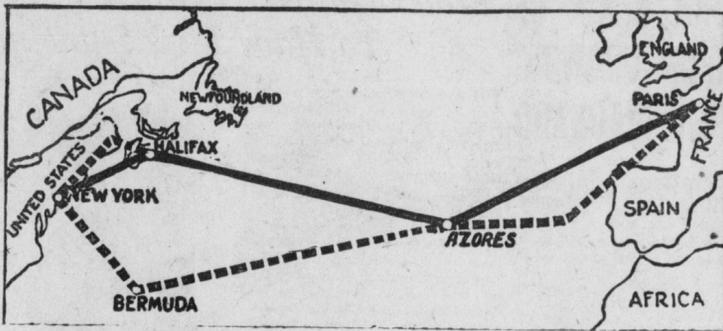
A DAILY WORKER passed along to the workers in You-Es-Ay—

A Worker Correspondent from every shop, mill, mine or factory in that backward country—

HOW LONG WOULD IT BE BEFORE A NEW HEAD WOULD BEGIN TO SPROUT ON THE HEADLESS WONDER?

(Tomorrow: Be a Bolshevik!)

Lost Fascist Transatlantic Fliers and Their Probable Route



A plane named for Marshall Pilsudski, Polish dictator, has disappeared into the Atlantic together with the latest imperialist fliers to attempt the hop. Both fliers are members of the Polish fascist officers organization.

600 Athletes Expected to Enter Labor Sports Union Meet in N. Y.

Six hundred athletes, representing labor sports organizations throughout the United States, are expected to enter the second annual national track and field meet of the Labor Sports Union, to be held in New York City on Aug. 25-26. In 1927, the meet drew 250 labor athletes to Waukegan, Ill.

A special train will bear contestants from the middle-western states. The meet is open to all worker athletes affiliated with the American Athletic Union clubs as well as to all Labor Sports Union members.

\$2.39 PER DAY

Farm workers in the United States receive \$2.39 on an average per day, without board, for their work, according to the United States department of agriculture.

ONLY 73,200 FILIPINO WORKERS ORGANIZED

GITLOW REPLIES TO WM. GREEN

Takes Up Challenge of Labor Fakers

Continued from Page One Party confirms the reports of the agents of William Green that the Communists are actively engaged helping the textile workers of New Bedford fight the wage-cutting offensive of the textile barons as they helped the coal miners defend their standards of living against the attacks of the coal barons headed by Andrew Mellon, with whom John L. Lewis, the wrecker of the United Mine Workers of America, is associated in the republican party.

"The Workers (Communist) Party considers it one of its main tasks to help organize the unorganized workers, who are left without help or guidance by the A. F. of L. bureaucrats, and to reorganize the existing unions that are being steadily weakened by the treachery of Green and his associates. The Communists in the trade unions are always to be found fighting with and for the workers for a better standard of living and in defense of better working conditions, while the ten and twelve-thousand-dollar-a-year labor leaders are hobnobbing with the bosses, in politics and business, and leaving the workers to the mercy of the employers.

New Miners' Union. "The once-powerful United Mine Workers of America, of which President Green was formerly secretary-treasurer, is now destroyed, and the rank and file under the leadership of progressive fighters are building a new miners' union that will carry on the fighting tradition of the men and women who risked and lost their lives to organize that mighty body of coal diggers which which was for decades the backbone of the American trade union movement.

"John L. Lewis, who drew \$20,000 in salary and expenses in one year, while the striking soft coal miners and their dependents were living on a few cents a day, has effectively performed the job of destroying the U. M. W. of A. He is supporting the republican party in the elections—the party of Teapot Dome, A. B. Fall, Injunction Daugherty and Strikebreaker Coolidge. The rank and file of the miners are now determined to get rid of Lewis and his gang and organize under the leadership of men who believe that the way to win strikes is to fight and not to beg for favors from the capitalist politicians.

Communists Not at Atlantic City. "While 28,000 textile workers are holding the line against a ten per cent wage-cut in New Bedford and hundreds of them, including Communists, are being clubbed, arrested and jailed, Green and his companions are enjoying the cool breezes at Atlantic City and from their comfortable hotel quarters inciting the police and militia of Massachusetts to a more vigorous strikebreaking policy.

"The central executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party believes that the time is ripe for the exploited and betrayed members of the American Federation of Labor to prepare the skids for William Green and his Wall Street lackeys on the executive councils and elsewhere. The declaration of war against the Communists will be met by the militant rank and file with a counter-offensive to clean the unions of the reactionary officials, who have nothing in common with the workers and are living in luxury on salaries and expense accounts that bankers might well envy.

Red Election Campaign. "The Workers (Communist) Party in the election campaign will carry the Communist message into every state in the Union and will expose the corrupt leaders of the A. F. of L. as the tools of the employers in the trade unions and the agents of American imperialism, who are preparing to lead the masses into the next imperialist war as they led them into the last. "Had the leaders of the American Federation of Labor shown as much energy in fighting against injunctions, against wage-cuts, against the open-shop drive, against company unions, and for the organiza-

MANILA, Aug. 5.—There are 73,200 organized workers in the Philippines, according to the latest available figures, and they are members of 105 trade unions in three national federations. The total number of workers in the Philippines, which has a population of 12,000,000 is 2,857,000. Of these 2,500,000 are employed in agriculture, 50,000 in fisheries, 11,000 in forestry and lumber, 3,000 in mining, 118,000 in commerce and transportation trades, 12,000 are in government employ, and 113,000 in factories and workshops. The industries with the largest number of workers are the sugar and the tobacco industries with 15,000 and 14,000 workers, respectively. Among the wage earners are 619,000 women, of whom 607,000 are employed in agriculture. The working hours are nine and a half in commerce and the transport trades, and eight hours in the mines and government jobs.

EXPLOSION AT DUPONT ANTOFOGASTA, Chile, Aug. 3.—Five workers, including an American named Collins, were reported killed today in an explosion at a powder plant of the Dupont Company, 10 miles from Calama. Communication with Calama is interrupted and the complete casualties are not as yet known.

The unorganized, they would not be regarded today by millions of American workers as a set of corrupt, lazy, money-grabbing fakery, who, while earning the reward of the employers in official positions and the trappings that accompany those positions, have also earned the contempt of every thinking worker who is loyal to the class to which he is a member.

"William Green and his associates are meeting in Atlantic City with the primary purpose of bargaining with the republican and democratic parties for their influence over the trade union vote. It is not known to those corrupt labor leaders that presidential victories are on the side of the biggest money bags. They want their share of the swag. And since both parties are about equally flush, the trade union leaders are having a harder time than usual making up their minds which to support. But whether they support Smith or Hoover or throw down the bars and let each labor skate play a lone hand, their decision will not have much influence on the working-class vote. They cannot fool all the workers all the time.

For Worker-Farmer Government. "The Workers (Communist) Party calls on American labor to support its candidates, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, on the national ticket and to organize around its program, which declares that the capitalist system must be abolished and a Workers' and Farmers' government substituted for the capitalist governmental apparatus that functions solely in the interests of Wall Street."

The statement is signed by Benjamin Gitlow, acting secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party of America.



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5,000 WORKERS STRIKE IN BIG BELGIAN TOWN

Figures for June Are Largest of Year

BRUSSELS, Belgium, August 5.—Five thousand workers at the plant of the Fabrique Nationale company at Liege yesterday walked out on strike against what their leaders declare are unfair clauses in the mutual insurance plan imposed upon them by the owners of the corporation, a report from that city states.

Altho the leaders have issued the statement announcing the insurance clauses as the causes of the strike it is widely known here that the whole insurance scheme, mauling the workers of a regular portion of their slender wages, has caused intense resentment among the men, and the probability of a strike at this concern has loomed since the discussion began on the plan.

The whole city is reported to be taking a vital interest in events at the Fabrique Nationale. Liege is the largest industrial town in Belgium, in the heart of the iron and coal district. It rivals Namur as an armament production center. Owing to its significance the industrial region and its proximity to the German Dutch frontiers, the Belgian government is always prepared to take extraordinary measures in handling strikes in Liege.

POLICE ARREST 2 HAT WORKERS

Co-operating with the right wing bureaucrats in an effort to prevent the rank and file millinery workers from building a union of their own, police on Thursday arrested two millinery workers, Ida Shorr and Diana Lenken, for distributing leaflets.

The leaflets, issued by the Trade Union Educational League, protested against the union-smashing tactics of the right wing. They were being distributed between 36th and 38th Sts., on Sixth Ave., when Policeman Michael McCarty arrested the two workers.

The defendants appeared Friday morning in the Second Magistrate's Court before Magistrate Abraham Rosenblut who postponed the case until next Wednesday, the two workers being released in \$500 bail each. They are being defended by Jacques Buitenkant, representing the New York Section of the International Labor Defense.

52.5-HOUR WEEK

Among 144,762 auto workers in 8 states average full-time weekly hours are 32.5.

Officers' Box Seats in Coming Slaughter



The picture shows the interior of the new German flying boat, Farman, which will make regular trips between Berlin and Paris. Such planes can be quickly changed from commercial to military planes.

30 GUARDSMEN FELLED BY HEAT

Lined Up in Hot Sun; Officers Fan Selves

ERIE, Pa., Aug. 5.—Thirty members of Company E, 112th regiment of the Pennsylvania National Guard, fell in a dead faint yesterday while lined up in the blazing sun in front of the city hall here as officers and officials of this city and county, carrying fans and attired in comfortable suits, reviewed them.

The condition of some of the guardsmen is serious, and one is not expected to recover. Almost every other guardsman of the company was ill today.

120,000 Farmers are Homeless After Flood in Mississippi Valley

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—According to figures recently compiled here, the Mississippi Valley floods of this year have made 120,000 people homeless and have inundated hundreds of counties.

The details were given by Robert E. Bondy, manager of the eastern area, who returned today from an inspection tour through the valley.

The economic losses of the farmers in the regions where the flood took place have been unusually heavy. Although there has been no loss of life, on account of the slow rising of the water, which enabled the farmers and their families to reach safety, many of the poor farmers have had their homes and what other little possessions they had completely wiped out.

ANTI-WAR MEETS HELD IN U. S. S. R.

Tchitcherin Comments on Kellogg Pact

Continued from Page One tion, and due to overproduction, is in competition for markets with all the western nations. The United States, the editorial says, holds an enmity towards the Soviet Union.

The Izvestia, pointing out that the Kellogg anti-war pact allows the imperialist nations certain spheres in which to carry on war un molested, points to the Lithuanian-Polish conflict as a possible cause for war. The editorial says:

"There can be no doubt that the aggressive speeches of the Polish militarists are an expression of the mood reigning in the governing centres of the great powers."

The very nature of the Soviet Union, which is not an imperialist power, and the need for economic development within its own borders, the Izvestia declares, "is objective evidence of the sincerity of the Soviet peace policy for those who are not convinced by the practical manifestation of this policy."

The Izvestia also points out that four-fifths of the soldiers in the last war were workers and farmers and for this reason the reports of new destructive inventions can not frighten the Soviet Union. "All these deadly weapons are directed by man, and he, as we have seen, is in the main our own proletarian," it says.

MOSCOW, August 5.—M. Tchitcherin, Peoples' commissar for Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union, declared that the Kellogg pact is an instrument against the Soviet Union unless the latter is invited.

"It is not yet too late," he said.

SOVIET EXPORTS SHOW INCREASE REPORT SAYS

Fight Insurance Plan in Liege

According to cable reports received today by the Amtorg Trading Corporation, Soviet exports for June across European frontiers, amounting to 59,000 rubles, were the largest this year and represented an increase of 19 per cent over May and 40 per cent over June last year. Imports totaled 72,500,000 rubles for the month, also the largest this year with the exception of the month of May. Small seasonal declines in the output for June of products of mining and manufacture were recorded. However, most of the principal Soviet industries showed substantial increases over the production for June 1927.

Coal production at 2,602,100 metric tons showed an increase of 9.5 per cent over last year. The petroleum output, totaling 1,008,400 tons, gained 21 per cent over June 1927. The output of steel which amounted to 336,200 tons was 16 per cent greater than in the same month last year while the output of pig iron at 272,000 tons showed a gain of 8.5 per cent. The production of cotton cloth amounted to 191,700,000 meters, slightly exceeding the June 1927 output. On the basis of the output for the first nine months of the year the Sovuzzoloto Gold Trust estimates gold production for 1927-28 at 37,000 kg. for 1928-27.

Grain procurements for June registered a 30 per cent gain over May, the procurements of 353,900 tons being also 27 per cent greater than for June last year. Loadings increased from 28,700 cars in May to 30,800 cars in June, a gain of 7 per cent. The wholesale price index for June was 17.7 (1913-100) as compared with 17.5 in May and 17.1 in June, 1927.

"The compact has not yet been signed, though its initiators have already finished their parleys. They still have the full possibility of dealing with the Union of Socialist Soviet Aeneulics if they really desire to make the compact something besides an instrument against Russia. Their willingness or unwillingness to discuss it with the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics will establish what exactly is their aim—peace or preparation for war.

Declaring that the Soviet Union would not join in the parleys until it received all documents and data relative to the compact, Tchitcherin continued, "Our Government is ready to participate in parleys the result of which depends on their substance. But we consider that the possibility of our signing the Kellogg compact is not excluded."

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What does a boy of twelve think about in the land where workers rule?

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But the "Diary" speaks for itself.

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Is Phillip Randolph Trying to Fool Pulman Porters, Correspondent Wants to Know

HANDOUTS Gems of Learning

Herb Hoover: "Every Californian crosses the state line with gratitude that God made him this home state. I return this time with a deep sense of responsibility..." To whom? Wall Street. This sort of Bologna sells well in California.

Chairman Work of the G. O. P.: "We have good candidates and don't need to spend so much." The \$4,000,000 admitted is regarded as small. It is compared with what will really be spent.

Judge Hatfield, of Washington: "Nice people sometimes become intoxicated, and when the do, some indulge in conduct unbecoming their status in society." Nice people have nothing to fear if they're nice to judges.

Deputy Commissioner William E. O'Connor of Chicago: "We stand ready and willing to carry out the orders of the new police commissioner. If he wants Capone, we'll get him." Capone has enough money and brains to fix things with the new commissioner.

F. M. Sackett, republican senator, Kentucky: "All American exporters are looking for Hoover because they believe it will be the best thing for American export trade." Many a big business man expects Herb to help him out.

William Allen White, noisy editor from Kansas: "Let no one ever say that the New York press is biased, is controlled against the free expression of any creed, or is unreliable in publishing the news. My experience proves the contrary." White hasn't been on the picket lines lately.

George H. Moses, senator, eastern regional director of the republican party: "You can be sure that Mr. Raskob, isn't going to have all the business vote for his candidate. Indeed, far from it." Far from it.

William J. Leonard, foreman of the July federal grand jury in Brooklyn: "Evidence brought to us tended to show that not only democratic politicians, but also republicans were involved in the Queens graft. There seemed to be a sort of gentlemen's agreement between them to share in the boodle." Naturally.

Guess This One



Overexertion to make a living is the common lot of workers. Overexertion to make a record is the habit of sportsmen who thereby win a few pennies to support a family by endorsing some cigarette they never smoked. Above is Mrs. Myrtle Huddleston, holder of the world's endurance record for indoor pools attempting to break the record for outdoor pools. Her trainer is shown holding the umbrella over her so she won't get wet and catch a cold.

—M. C. H.

10 NOW DEAD
ST. CATHERINES, Ont., Aug. 3, (UP). — The death toll in the Welland Canal disaster at Thorold, Wednesday, mounted to 10 today when Alex Wilson, 34, address unknown, and Leo Bron, 32, Sherbrooke, Que., died in a hospital here. A remainder of the injured were reported recovering.

MEN WERE READY FOR STRIKE HE ADMITS AT MEET

Fails to Explain Why He Called It Off

(By a Worker Correspondent)
Last week I attended a meeting called by the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters at the St. James Presbyterian Church. The meeting was called for the purpose of getting support for the Pullman porters who are fighting against the open-shop company. We all want a strike to defeat the company and that is why we attend the meetings, but not just to hear our organizers tell us that they will get strength just by joining the A. F. of L.
A minister by the name of Rev. Ives, spoke and then a man by the name of Walter White of the N. A. C. P. Then we heard from our general organizer, A Phillip Randolph, who again put a lot of weight on a "campaign to educate and enlighten the public." From what he said in his smooth way, it is hard to tell whether he meant we are to educate the public to strike for us.

Old stuff.
No, I guess he meant the same old stuff: "Don't fight, go slow, let the boss step on you. When our leaders get that old 'higher education' bunk, its good-bye fight, which is the only way you can win."
Then Randolph told us that 85 per cent of the porters were ready to go out the last time a strike was to be called. Well, if that is true what kind of leader was he not to have acted according to the sentiment of the men.

At that time Green, president of the A. F. of L., said it was no time a strike, and we know that privately Randolph said to some people that he did not think the men would respond to the call for a walkout. Even at the meeting he admitted that he was astonished at the spirit of the men! Can you beat it? That's a leader for you, no confidence in his soldiers and now he says that 85 per cent would have come out.

Stop Manoeuvring.
The question I want to ask is: Is Randolph still speaking just for publicity and is he trying to fool the company or the porters? Well, he can't fool either of them. So he better make up his mind to lead a fight or get out and let somebody else lead.

Then we heard from a man called Richard B. Moore, who spoke on behalf of the Harlem Tenants' League, and said: "We pledge the support of our organization to the porters in a militant struggle." That sounded different and so we listened. He said: "Mr. Green did not organize the porters. These leaders have suppressed the spirit of the workers and betrayed them." He said we must not now submit to the dictation of any one who advised no strike. Then he warned the porters against the prejudiced labor leaders who have kept the Negro workers segregated just as the bosses have done. "When you go into the A. F. of L. you must not fall under the influence of these narrow craft monopolists," was the way he put it. Well, that sounded different and we applauded. I believe we should fight and not go in for this fake "enlightenment of the public" bunk, which is all it is.

—O. B. N.

Best Part Was USSR,

It's a bad day for capitalist newspaper editors who try to paint the U. S. S. R. as inhospitable and uncivilized. No sooner had the Krasnaya picked up and sent home the Blackshirt boys who had run away than John Henry Mear and Captain Coloyer (above) reach New York after a record trip around the world and blurt right out in the papers that they had their best time in the U. S. S. R. F. L. Curtis describing the trip in the New York Sun says: "The most interesting part of the journey... was the flight over Siberia. They were the first Americans ever to make this trip in a plane and the Russians whom they encountered made much of them. Everywhere they stopped they were greeted by official reception committees and dined in state. They were not permitted to spend any money while in Russian territory and their Communist hosts were uniformly friendly even where none of the natives spoke a word of English, which happened several times.

Shiplacoff's Frantic Appeal to Union Wreckers

A. I. SHIPLACOFF
23-25 WEST 21ST STREET
NEW YORK, N. Y.

Dear Friend:-

A moments reflection on the enclosed will probably bring you to the conclusion it brought me that we cannot very well afford to have the Communists re-intrench themselves in the Furriers Union.

Just what can be done I don't know, but I do know that it would weigh heavily on your conscience and on mine if we did not make a serious attempt to prevent the re-capture of the Furriers Union by the Communist.

Knowing that you have a sincere sense of responsibility toward the labor movement I am calling upon you and those listed below to meet on Tuesday, July 17th in the Council Room of the I. L. G. W. U. 3 West 16th St. at 3 P. M.

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|
| K. Brown | A. Cahan | Luigi Antonini | A. Miller |
| M. Sigman | A. Beckerman | B. Schlosinger | M. Guskin |
| J. C. Vladdock | M. Gillis | M. Feinstein | A. Held |
| L. Fuchs | D. Berger | Herzkowitz | Gertler |
| J. Roberts | Stetsky | Mr. Imhoff | A. Rose |
| J. Goldman | Sm. Ninfo | H. Orlofsky | S. Hillman |
| J. Schlossberg | M. Zaritsky | M. Spector | J. Weiss |
| E. McGrady | | Bogdon | |

If the destruction of the Furriers Union is really to be consummated, let none of us feel that we haven't made a last attempt to save it.

Fraternally yours,

A. Shiplacoff

Tuesday, July 17th, 3 West 16th Street.

A.F.L. ADMITS DEFEAT IN FUR UNION WAR

Continued from Page One
in the frantic hope that "something might happen."

The appeal to the right wing labor fakery for a last desperate stand against the rank and file was written by the same "socialist" Shiplacoff. Enclosing the letter of McGrady with its farewell swansong from both himself and Green, Shiplacoff, president of the pocket workers' union wrote pitiously:

"Our Conscience."
"Just what can be done I don't know, but I do know that it would weigh heavily on your conscience and on mine if we did not make a serious attempt to prevent the re-capture of the Furriers' Union by the Communists."

The letter in which McGrady sent the final notification of the A. F. of L. defeat in the struggle against the rank and file in the needle trades, co-incides with the recent declaration by the Federation executive council that the left wing and the Communists have increased their influence in the American Labor movement. That declaration also contained a feeble announcement that the A. F. of L. officialdom would begin another war against the Communists. How accurate this statement was intended to be may be judged from the position in which these officials, by their own admission now find themselves.

McGrady's letter to Shiplacoff follows:
"AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
WASHINGTON, D. C.
"A. F. of L. Bldg.,
"July 6, 1928.
"Mr. A. I. Shiplacoff, Secretary,
"Committee for Preservation of Trade Unions,
"55 West 21st St., New York City.
"Dear Sir and Brother:
"No More Money.
"Upon my return to New York City I was informed of the action of the Preservation of Trade Unions Committee on giving further assistance to the Fur Workers Joint Council in New York.
"It is indeed too bad that no further financial support can be given to the fur workers at this time. As you know, a large number of the disgruntled, and I might say dishonest, members of the fur workers have been suspended from membership for the good and welfare of the organization. They have joined with the Communist forces of the city in a last desperate attempt to smash the Fur Workers Union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.
"Very Discouraged."
"The committee representing the American Federation of Labor feels very much discouraged over this situation, and as a result of the action of your committee, I have conferred with President Green on this situation and we feel that inasmuch as the Preservation of Trade Unions Committee is not in a position to render any further assistance, the American Federation of Labor will surrender its control of the situation just as soon as we can close the various matters up.
"If there is anything further that you think might be done in the immediate future, I will be very glad to hear from you. Otherwise the American Federation of Labor will get-out of the situation within the next few weeks.
"Thank you for the personal in-

terest you have taken in the matter, I am, with every good wish,
"Yours sincerely,
(Signed) "EDWARD McGRADY, Organizer."

Immediately upon receipt of the McGrady letter, Shiplacoff sent a hurried call for help to chief representatives of the right wing crew of union wreckers. The letter follows:
"July 11, 1928.
"Dear Friend:
"A moment's reflection on the enclosed will probably bring you to the conclusion it brought me that we cannot very well afford to have the Communists re-intrench themselves in the Furriers' Union.
"No Hope.
"Just what can be done I don't know, but I do know that it would weigh heavily on your conscience and on mine if we did not make a serious attempt to prevent the re-capture of the Furriers' Union by the Communists.
"Knowing that you have a sincere sense of responsibility toward the labor movement, I am calling upon you and those listed below to meet on Tuesday, July 17, in the Council Room of the I. L. G. W. U., 3 West 16th St., at 3 p. m.
"M. Brown, M. Sigman, B. C. Vladdock, L. Fuchs, J. Roberts, C. Goldman, J. Schlossberg, A. Cahan, A. Beckerman, M. Gillis, D. Berger, Stetsky, Sm. Ninfo, M. Zaritsky, E. McGrady, Luigi Antonini, B. Schlosinger, M. Feinstein, Herzkowitz, R. Imhoff, H. Orlofsky, M. Spector, B. Bogdon, A. Miller, M. Guskin, A. Held, Gertler, A. Rose, S. Hillman, J. Weiss.
"If the destruction of the Furriers' Union is really to be consummated, let none of us feel that we haven't made a last attempt to save it.
"Fraternally yours,
(Signed) "A. I. SHIPLACOFF.
"Tuesday, July 17th, 3 West 16th Street."

Beginning of End.
The two letters reproduced above mark the beginning of the end for the right wing fakery. Gangsterism terrorization, open aid of the bosses, thousands of dollars received from the Committee for the Preservation of Trade Unions, from the yellow "socialist" Jewish Daily Forward and from other sources, have been powerless to compel the workers to desert their leaders and to abandon the struggle. The letters vindicate the belief of rank and file that it is now only a matter of time before all the right-wing wreckers will be sent scurrying back to their holes and the task of rebuilding the shattered Furriers' Union will be pushed on a larger scale by the membership.

ADJUST FRONTIER DISPUTE.
The dispute between Brazil and Venezuela about the boundary demarcations in the north of Brazil has finally been settled after more than 40 years of negotiations. The foreign ministers of the two countries have signed a protocol finally settling the frontier.

ROD MEN ORGANIZE
Detroit, Aug. 5.—Steel rod workers in building construction have organized into a union here. The International Union of Structural Iron Workers have chartered them into their organization.

CUBAN REIGN OF TERROR GROWING UNDER MACHADO

Deportations, Jailings Follow Fake "Plot"

The story of a plot to kill President Machado of Cuba, and to establish there a "reign of anarchy and Communism," as reported by the Cuban bourgeois press, had its sequel, not in the execution of the "criminal," called variously, Miguel Gonzalez or Severino Rey or Domingo Germain Gonzalez, as was announced, but in the simple deportation from the Cuban territory. Dispatches from Cuba to New York reported that Germain Gonzalez had "confessed" his intention to kill Machado "for the cause and for his class." He was described as the leader of the "anarcho-Communist" movement of Cuba and the former editor of "Tierra," the anarchist weekly of the Havana I. W. W., and the "Accion Directa," an anarcho-syndicalist weekly, both long ago suppressed.

Gonzalez had been deported once before from Cuba as a "Spaniard," because his parents were born in Spain. Immediately after his arrest, which took place in Santiago de Cuba, the chief of police of that city was congratulated for his important service, "because the intentions of the anarchists were, after the assassination of the president of the republic, to start a Communist revolution, which would have caused an American intervention in our territory."

In spite of this plot, a few days later Gonzalez was merely deported. But a number of other arrested men, whose names were not given to the press, are still in jail. Santiago de Cuba is the main support of General Mandiate, the leader of the "Partido Nacionalista," the only party which opposed the unanimous nomination of Machado for the next presidential term.

Supporters of Mandiate were arrested. Among the supporters of Mandiate are some of the yellow labor organizations. More arrests were reported when in the public parks and on walls unsigned posters were found attacking Machado and opposing his re-election.

Layoff Affects 6,000 Philadelphia Workers

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 5.—Two thousand workers employed at the Atlantic Gas Refining Company in Philadelphia have been laid off, and an additional four thousand put on part time. Workers who formerly earned \$45 a week have been switched to boiler-makers' jobs at 65 cents an hour.

LOCOMOTIVE PRODUCTION LOWER

WASHINGTON, August 5.—July shipments of railroad locomotives, from principal manufacturing plants, based on reports received by the Department of Commerce, totaled 46 locomotives, as compared with 51 in June and 60 in July, 1927. The following table gives the shipments and unfilled orders of locomotives for each month since January, 1927.

SCHOCK KILLS LINEMAN
HUNTINGDON, Pa., August 5.—Lee Wickie, 30 lineman, of the Huntingdon Electric Company, was instantly killed here when he came in contact with a high tension wire while working on a pole. He was knocked from the pole when he received the shock. Wickie leaves a widow and a child behind him.

'Elmer Gantry', 'Vanities' To Have First Showing

ETHEL NORRIS.



THE new theatrical season will get on its way with full force this evening. No less than three openings are scheduled for tonight. They include "Vanities," "Guns" and "Elmer Gantry."

"Elmer Gantry" which opens tonight at the Playhouse, is a dramatization of the Sinclair Lewis novel by Patrick Kearney who did the same to Dreiser's "American Tragedy." Edward Pawley will play the title role. Other players include: Martin Burton, Helen Twelvetrees, Charles Henderson, Donald Campbell and Messinger Bellis.

War Danger

By OLGA GOLD
(Continued.)

The danger of a new imperialist war does not necessarily express itself only in building bigger navies, and armies, and preparing war armament, but works together with the pressure upon the workers, the bourgeoisie offensive expressed in reduction of wages, growing unemployment, destruction of the labor movement, denying the workers the right to organize, getting out injunctions against picketers, sending its militia to crush the workers during strikes, as when using its troops against the fighting miners and preventing the textile strikers of New Bedford from picketing. All this accompanies and is part and parcel of the acute war danger. For the more servile and helpless the working class is, the easier will it be for American imperialism to wage war.

Our memories are still fresh from the last great massacre of peoples. Twenty million people mostly of the working class laid down their lives in the last great world war. The cry of the capitalists was "War to End War," "To Make the World Safe for Democracy." In reality, like all capitalist wars, it was a war to make the world safe for imperialism. Wars are made to protect the profits and increase the power of the capitalists to further exploit and subject the workers.

The Workers (Communist) Party is coming out daily with revolutionary warning to the toiling masses of the danger of the coming world war. It makes clear to the workers that the wholesale slaughter and bloodshed is the outcome of a capitalist system, that war is inevitable under the profit system, that only with the defense of the Soviet Union and with the transformation of a capitalist war between imperialist powers into a civil war, the workers to take possession of the political power and of the wealth, the workers to control the state industries as in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, only in this way will there be an end to the horrible, wanton slaughter and destruction of millions of lives.

The Workers (Communist) Party calls upon all workers to organize their forces, to rally to the banner of the American Communist Party under the leadership of the Comintern, the only party which champions the campaign to defeat the Wall Street war and to defend the Soviet Union, the first workers and peasants government of the world.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R. L.

MANY CITIES TO HEAR WEISBORD IN TEXTILE DRIVE

Tour Will Prepare for National Meet

Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mills Committee, will leave shortly on a tour of various cities as part of the organization campaign that the committee is conducting in preparation for the national textile convention in New York City September 22-23.

August 13, Manchester, N. H.; August 14, Lowell, Mass.; August 15, Lawrence, Mass.; August 16, New Bedford and Fall River; August 17, Salem; August 18, Waltham (Boston); August 19th, New Bedford; August 20, Taunton; August 21, Adams; August 22, Chippewa Falls; August 23, New Bedford and Fall River; August 24, Shelton, Conn.; August 25, Bridgeport, Conn.; August 26, Williamstown, Conn.; August 27, Woonsocket, R. I.; August 28, Olneyville, R. I.; August 29, Pawtucket, R. I.; August 30, New Bedford and Fall River.

Till Monday, September 3, Weisbord will be in Fall River, New Bedford, Boston and vicinity. If possible the cities of Maynard, Fitchburg, Concord, New London and other points in Connecticut may be included, replacing other cities. He will then continue his tour as follows:

Sept. 3, Corona, L. I.; Sept. 4, Astoria, L. I.; Sept. 5, West New York, N. J.; Sept. 6, New York City; Sept. 7, Paterson, N. J.; Sept. 8, Chester, Pa.; Sept. 9, Kensington, Pa.; Sept. 10, Easton, Pa.; Sept. 11, Allentown, Pa.; Sept. 12, Anthracite.

If possible the cities of Brooklyn, Queens, Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Shamokin, Reading, Trenton, Wilmington and other points in the anthracite regions may be included, replacing other cities.

Following the week of the 10th of September, a few days will be allotted for Utica, Amsterdam, Little Falls, Herkimer, and other cities of textile importance in Upper New York State.

Two new Tom Barry plays have been acquired by Lew Cantor for early production. The first to be presented is "Courage," with Janet Beecher, Dulcie Cooper, Junior Durkin and Gertrude Gilmore in the cast. "Danger," the second Barry play a mystery melodrama, will be soon after.

Another play mentioned by Cantor showing on Broadway is "The End of the Rope" a melodrama by George Probert.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Theat., 45 St. W. of B'way
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
Evenings 8:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES
LUNA The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau Thierry
May With, Phil & Family
in BIG FIVE CIRCUS
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied
With Play.
CRANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

ALBEE KEITH. REFRIGERATED CAMEO COOL AND COMFORTABLE NOW
FILM ARTS GUILD presents
Adolphe Menjou in 'A Woman of Paris'
DIRECTED BY CHARLES CHAPLIN
AND "CALIGARI" The German Film Classic with CONRAD VEIDT
COMING AUGUST 11th
JANNINGS "FORTUNE'S FOOL"

DAILY WORKER
International
Costume Carnival
SUNDAY, AUGUST 19—PLEASANT BAY PARK
GAMES — OPEN AIR
Dancing-Sports
ATHLETIC EXHIBITIONS
ADMISSION, 35c
Tickets Now For Sale at Daily Worker Office, 26-28 Union Sq.

\$100,000
For a campaign against wage-cuts, longer hours, rationalization, and all exploitation of the workers. Send your contribution to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Alexander Trachtenburg, treasurer.

LEFT WING TO CELEBRATE AT I. L. D. OUTING

Mass Scene Shown at Affair Aug. 11

In recognition of the support given them by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, a delegation of striking fruit and grocery clerks will attend the big outing in Pleasant Bay Park Saturday, August 11, that the I. L. D. is arranging. Thousands of workers in every trade, representing every nationality, will take possession of Pleasant Bay Park for that day and take part in the many activities that are being arranged.

Of special interest among the numbers on the program will be the mass scene. This will symbolize the struggle of the class-conscious workers to free their comrades who are behind the bars of the capitalist dungeons for their devotion to the workingclass. A large number of workers will take part in this mass scene which will dramatize in a vivid manner the work that the International Labor Defense is doing.

Besides this mass scene, there will be many other numbers included on a program of unusual interest. Among these will be a torch light parade, athletics and games of all sorts, open air dancing with music furnished by a first-class jazz band, refreshments and many other activities. A unique feature will be the taking of movies of the outing.

The proceeds of the affair will go to aid class war prisoners and their families.

WOMEN ASSIST IN MINE RELIEF

Form Organization in Many Cities

By VERA BUCH PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 5.—The miners' wives who are appealing so anxiously to the American working class have not waited passively for help to come from the outside. On the contrary, the organized miners' wives have been extremely active in relief work. While they cannot even begin to fill the great need in their villages, still their achievements, considering the circumstances, are remarkable.

Anyone who knows the soft coal region would not think it possible to raise relief here. Company towns where everyone is on strike, isolated by many miles from bigger places where workers other than miners live, towns far from a railroad line, bare little villages with nothing but the rows of miners' shacks, the union hall, a few little stores. But in these desolate mining villages the women have managed to do something.

Turtle Creek Tag Day. The women of Renton and North Bessemer are combining in a joint tag day, in Turtle Creek and neighboring towns, for which they have obtained a permit. The North Bessemer women gave a picnic recently. They went out with empty pocketbooks and came back with \$38. This was realized from the admission fees and from other sources.

The women in Slickville take up collections at their meetings. Each member gives a quarter. Here, they have not been on strike so long, and the quarter, with some sacrifice, can still be given.

Get Truckload of Food. The women of Triadelphia, West Virginia, went with a truck into the city of Wheeling and came back with the truck loaded with food for the strikers' children's kitchen.

The methods of disposing relief are just as varied. In Bentleyville, they take care of the sick out of their little fund, doctor's bills, medicine and confinement cases. In Lansing, Ohio, they recently shared a sack of sugar for their coffee. Some auxiliaries give relief money, some give groceries, some take care of only especially needy cases.

Work Progressing. Women in many cities have organized themselves into national miners' relief committees and send what they collect through house to house collections, picnics, tag days, and entertainments of every variety, to the central relief headquarters at 611 Penn Ave. Potatoes, flour and other necessities are bought in wholesale quantities and sent to the mining camps.

Police Clerk Held On Forgery Charge. NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 5.—Ernest Banks, 43, clerk in the Newark Police Department for more than twenty years, was today suspended, stripped of his shield and arrested on two charges of forgery here.

It was announced that Banks had confessed to having used the money from two forged bonds to cover up shortages amounting to \$4,000 in the accounts of the Police Building and Loan Association, of which he was secretary until two months ago. He said he lost the money originally through betting on horse races and other gambling.

Men living in shacks and houses escaped narrowly, losing all their possessions. Laborers working in the main tunnel escaped miraculously. Many workers saved their lives by rushing to the top of a hill, where they were isolated until rescued by breeches buoys.

The Gutters to Keep Cool In for Workers' Children



The stifling heat in the overcrowded tenements on New York City's East and West sides and the Bronx and in the Negro section in Harlem results in many deaths yearly. The children to escape the heat and foul conditions are forced to make the best of fire hydrants in the refuse-laden gutters. The picture shows a typical scene in a New York street, but it might be in any other large city in the country.

POWER INTEREST IN RADIO TRUST

Chicago Body Exposes Violations

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (UP)—Revocation of the licenses of 11 large radio broadcasting stations was demanded of the Federal Radio Commission today in a series of resolutions received from the Radio Protective Association of Chicago. The association cited stations operated by the General Electric Company, the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, the Radio Corporation of America, and the National Broadcasting Company, charging they constituted a "radio trust" in violation of the anti-trust monopoly clause of the federal radio act.

The stations named were KDKA, Pittsburgh; WGY, Schenectady, N. Y.; WEA, New York; WJZ, Bound Brook, N. J.; WBZ, Springfield, Mass.; KOA, Denver; KGO, Oakland, Calif.; KYW, Chicago; WBZA, Boston, and WRC, Washington, D. C.

The association charges also that interests in radio patents owned by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company were controlled by operators of super-power radio stations in the United States in violation of the radio statute prohibiting a broadcasting licensee to own or control any interest of any kind in a telephone, telegraph or cable company.

COLOMBIA BENDS TO STANDARD OIL

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 5.—The draft of a plan which will create a national petroleum company, making easier domination by the Tropical Oil Company, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, was announced in the chambers today by Minister of Industry Montalvo.

The amount of United States capital invested in the Colombian oil fields is at present between \$80,000,000 and \$90,000,000 according to the report, and the new plan will facilitate the investment of many more millions of dollars by the Standard Oil Company.

The new plan for United States investment followed the suspension of all oil legislation recently by the president of Colombia. Moreno, author of the basic draft, which was passed by the chamber a short time ago declared today that the plan is "designed to establish a new open door nationalization policy."

MINERS ESCAPE DEATH IN MINE

ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland, Aug. 5.—Details of a serious dam burst at Buchan's Mine, near Indian Lake, that did tremendous damage and threatened death to many workers, reached here today.

The storage dam at the mine burst last Monday. Sweeping down the valley for five miles, the water carried railway trestles, bridges, miner's shacks and timber with it. One side of the power house was swept away. The power house was flooded, and the generators still are under 20 feet of water. A newly completed concentrating mill was destroyed.

Men living in shacks and houses escaped narrowly, losing all their possessions. Laborers working in the main tunnel escaped miraculously. Many workers saved their lives by rushing to the top of a hill, where they were isolated until rescued by breeches buoys.

U. S. HAS UNDISPUTED LEAD IN OLYMPICS

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 5 (UP)—Eight firsts gave the United States undisputed team honors in the ninth Olympiad, the final standing of teams today showed. The final point standings, complete, follow: United States, 173; Finland, 102; England, 46; Sweden, 44; Germany, 44; Canada, 37; France, 27; Japan, 19; South Africa, 4; Ireland, 10; Norway, 7; Hungary, 5; Haiti, 5; Chile, 5; Italy, 4; Philippines, 3; Switzerland, 3; Holland, 1. Canada won team honors in the women's events, two firsts today bringing them from third to first place.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS American League Chicago, 5; New York, 4; Philadelphia, 5; Detroit, 1; Boston, 3; St. Louis, 1. National League St. Louis, 6; New York, 4; Chicago, 2; Brooklyn, 5. Only games scheduled.

U. S. NAVY TO BE 'TAKEN CARE OF'

France and Italy in Submarine Race

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The pact was received here today and Kellogg refused to make any comment on it until he had conferred with the navy chiefs and experts. United States government circles here admitted that the delegation that would go to the Geneva disarmament conference would look sharply after "distinctive American naval interests."

Naval Race. PARIS, Aug. 2.—Figures available here show that France and Italy are engaged in a naval race for the domination of the Mediterranean. The new giant submarines being built by both governments will bring France's total to 38 first line submarines and Italy's to 25. Of the smaller submarines France has 30 with 8 more being built and Italy has 31.

Gambling by American Legion Is Permitted

NEW ORLEANS, July 30 (FP).—Police stopped the roulette wheels and other games of chance at the Fourth of July festival of the American Legion at City Park, which was held by the legion to raise money for their sick fund. A few hours later the order was countermanded and gambling went merrily on. The Community Chest approved a budget of \$3,602.00 for the year 1928 for the benefit of the American Legion in this city.

CO-OPERATIVE Dental Clinic

2700 Bronx Park East Apt. C. I. TEL. ESTABROOK 0563. DR. I. STAMLER Surgeon-Dentist DIRECTOR. OPEN: Mon., Tues., Wed., Thurs. from 10 to 3 P. M. Saturday and Sunday from 10 to 7 P. M.

PAY GERMAN WAR CLAIMS. The German metal firm of Hirsch and Sons in this city has been paid its claim of 80 per cent of its total claim of \$3,000,000. The plant was taken over by the United States government at the outbreak of the war, utilized for manufacture of war materials against Germany, and has now been returned to the original owners.

AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS Bakers' Local 184 Meets Saturday in the month at 3468 Third Ave. Bronx, N. Y. Ask for Union Label Brand. Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to The DAILY WORKER Advertising Dept. 26-28 Union Sq., New York City.

ALL FALL RIVER MILL WORKERS VOTE TO STRIKE

Walk-Out Unless Demands Granted

Continued from Page One warrants issued for the July 28 meeting when Feeney broke into the empty tenement rented by the Textile Mills Committee to escape police molestation while speaking.

Seize Leaders on Strike Eve. The warrants had been held over the week with the deliberate intention of seizing the leaders of the Textile Mills Committee as the strike date approached. All cases were continued.

The enthusiasm with which the letter of demands and the strike call vote were carried was tremendous and has seldom been equalled in this city, never since the union officialdom sold out the men in the spring of this year. Everywhere expressions of faith that new life has come into the Fall River textile situation under the leadership of the Textile Mills Committee are heard from the men.

All week long great overflow meetings whose one and conscious purpose has been preparation for the been held nightly at Liberty Lot struggle looming in Fall River have from which the menace of police interference has hailed to keep away the workers.

Jail Rubinstein, Hegelius. (Special to the Daily Worker) NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 5.—Police here have arrested Peter Hegelius, leader of the Fall River Textile Mills Committee and Jack Rubinstein, leader of the New Bedford Textile Mills Committee on warrants issued for a Fall River meeting which the police raided and were locked into a vacant room while Rubinstein concluded the speech the officers were attempting to interrupt.

Both the leaders were taken to Fall River. RELIEF VITAL IN MILL STRIKE. Continued from Page One eight cases of peaches, 20 gallons of coffee and 20 gallons of milk.

The following day, the police authorities continued their starvation policy, undoubtedly hoping thereby to break the fighting determination of the workers. The Workers International Relief again got into action and sent several hundred more sandwiches, coffee and fruit to the imprisoned workers.

That night they were transferred to the House of Correction where they were given "food." The Workers' International Relief, being informed that the food was not fit to eat, again sent supplies to the workers. This time, however, the relief committee was barred, the arrested workers being compelled to eat the garbage handed out or starve. It is charged that those arrested on charges of robbery and theft were given superior food in the House of Correction that was given to the arrested workers.

The Workers' International Relief intends to increase its relief work in feeding the mass of strikers daily as well as in being prepared for emergencies such as Monday. Lack of funds is making it difficult for the relief committee to do all of the necessary work that should be taken care of.

Workers in all parts of the country are urged to rush funds to the Workers' International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

EXPERT Stenographer Wanted FOR IMPORTANT PARTY WORK AT ONCE. Must be Party or League member. CALL HARLEM 1275.

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Workers' Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Branch 6. Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zencer in charge of the campaign of this district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

Party Day! All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Sections are urged to place themselves in good order and to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

Note For Literature Agents. The National Party Platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

Yorkville I. L. D. The Yorkville Branch of the International Labor Defense will meet on tomorrow, August 7th at its regular meeting rooms, 347 E. 72nd Street, the Czechoslovakian Workers Home at 8 P. M.

Section 2, Organization Meet. A special conference of all unit and subsection organizers of section 2 will be held tomorrow at 8 P. M. at 101 W. 27th St. Every organizer must be present without fail.

Section 2 Agitprop. A literature agent and agitprop meeting of section 2 will be held today at 8 P. M. at 101 W. 27th St. Very important matters will be taken up.

Section 2 and 3 Literature. Sections 2 and 3 will hold an important meeting of all literature agents on Thursday at 101 W. 27th St. at 8 P. M. All literature agents are instructed to be present.

Section 2 Agitprop Meet. A conference of all agitprop and literature agents of Section 2 will be held today at 8 P. M. at 101 W. 27th St. The election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party will be taken up.

Pioneer Functionaries Meet. There will be a meeting of active Pioneers and functionaries on Monday at 1:30 P. M. at the Workers Center, 14th St. and Union Square. Important matters will be taken up. All active members and functionaries must attend.

Subsection 2C Meeting. All units of subsection 2C will meet today at 8:30 P. M. at 101 W. 27th St. All campaign directors must be present to hand in reports of their work in the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Pioneers Meet. A meeting of all active pioneers and functionaries to discuss the work of the Pioneers in the election campaign, will be held today at 1:30 P. M. in the Pioneers office, 28 Union Square.

Section 2, 3 Class. Section 2 and 3 class will hold its third session tomorrow at 8 P. M. at 101 W. 27th St. Ray Ragosin is instructor.

United Council of Working Women. On Saturday afternoon, August 11, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades. Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

Section 2, Speakers Class. Speakers class of Section 2 will meet today at 8 P. M. at 101 W. 27th St. at 8 P. M. on Thursday, Aug. 7. 2C, 3P. Unit 2C, 3P meet today at 6 P. M. at 108 E. 14th Street.

For Any Kind of Insurance CARL BRODSKY 7 E. 42d St. New York City Telephone Murray Hill 5550.

MARY WOLFE STUDENT OF THE DAMROSCH CONSERVATORY PIANO LESSONS Moved to 2420 Bronx Park East Near Co-operative Colony, Apt. 5H Telephone EASTBROOK 2459 Special rates to students from the Co-operative House.

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STANDARD OIL COMPANY GAINS SWELL EACH YEAR

Rockefeller Wealth Multiplied 25 Times

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press).

Once again the mid-year dividend discussion calls attention to the enormous wealth Standard Oil has poured into the coffers of the multi-millionaire clique since the courts dissolved the original trust under the Sherman act in 1911. This wealth is measured not only by the total of \$2,012,728,422 in cash dividends distributed from 1912 to June, 1928, but also by an expansion of more than \$4,000,000,000 in the market value of Standard Oil securities.

The expansion in market value is little more than a capitalization of the increasing ability of the oil interests to profiteer at the expense not only of the American people, but of users of oil round the world. Added to the cash dividends, it brings the total wealth which Standard Oil has grabbed for its owners in the last 15 years up to more than \$6,000,000,000. This money was made on investments with a market value of \$1,000,548,485 in 1912.

Steady Increase. There have been stock dividends totalling \$1,450,888,795 and stock split-ups which do not alter the book value of the outstanding securities. But of greater importance, although less spectacular, has been the increasing amount the market is willing to pay for available stock in whatever form offered. Thus 981,383 shares of Standard Oil of New Jersey, with a market value of \$375 a share, or a total of \$368,768,625 in 1912, has expanded to 24,317,219 shares, with a market value of \$42.75, worth a total of \$1,039,561,113 on July 17, 1928.

The Wall Street Journal also calls attention to the days when John D. Rockefeller purchased old Standard Oil of New Jersey stock at less than \$200 a share and people predicted he would go broke if he kept up his optimism. Among the workers present were many members of the International Seamen's Union, who joined up following the rally.

George Mink, organizer of the Philadelphia Club, addressed the seamen, pointing out to them that the need of organization has never been more urgent than it is at this time. The large attendance and enthusiasm shown at the meeting lead the organizers of the club to believe that many more seamen will join up in the near future.

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SEAMEN MEET IN PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 5.—The International Seamen's Club of this city got off to a flying start Saturday with a meeting attended by scores of seamen and a number of harbor workers, many of whom signed up as members.

Among the workers present were many members of the International Seamen's Union, who joined up following the rally. George Mink, organizer of the Philadelphia Club, addressed the seamen, pointing out to them that the need of organization has never been more urgent than it is at this time.

The large attendance and enthusiasm shown at the meeting lead the organizers of the club to believe that many more seamen will join up in the near future.

The official index of the cost of living is 78.4 per cent above the average for 1913.

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

- Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brons ville, 154 Watkins St.

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Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

Published by NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N, Inc., Daily, Except Sunday
26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y. Cable Address: "Daiwork" Phone, Stuyvesant 1696-7-8

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

By Mail (in New York only): \$8 per year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months
By Mail (outside of New York): \$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months \$2 three months

Address and mail out checks to THE DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

Editor: ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor: WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President WILLIAM Z. FOSTER
For Vice-President BENJAMIN GITLOW



WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

China and Amsterdam.

The struggle of the toiling masses in China for their emancipation from the power of the foreign imperialists and their own militarists represents one of the most heroic pages in the history of the emancipation movement throughout the world.

Nevertheless the Chinese masses engaged in this struggle do not receive the aid and support of the international labor organizations to which they are entitled. While the Red International of Labor Unions and its sections have done their utmost to contribute to the victory of their Chinese brothers, neither the Second International nor the Amsterdam International have lifted a finger to check the furious onslaught of the imperialists against China, to hinder the dispatching of innumerable troops and warships and to put an end to the outrageous shooting of defenseless Chinese masses.

Already in 1925 the Executive of the Amsterdam International, discussing at the August session the question of China and of the need of extending material and moral support to the Chinese workers, contented itself with passing a resolution expressing the pious wish that:

"... the Chinese workers might succeed in improving their miserable conditions by creating a powerful trade union movement and by consistent economic struggle."

As to the material aid, it was declared in the resolution that:

"In view of the unsettled situation in China, in view of the lack of sufficient direct information, and also in view of the economic situation in the countries affiliated to the International Federation of Trade Unions, the latter was unable just now to start an international campaign of financial aid."

Even the more characteristic of Amsterdam's attitude on the question of the revolutionary movement in China, was the answer given by Oudegest, former secretary of the Amsterdam International, to a delegation of the Chinese Trade Unions in March, 1927. In answer to the request of the delegates to send a Commission of Amsterdamers to investigate the situation on the spot, the worthy leader of reformism declared:

"The trade union movement is interested in a constructive movement which can develop only in such countries where political tranquility prevails. Whilst there is no such tranquility in China, the Amsterdam International does not intend to send a delegation to China."

This reply was quite cynically frank.

Oudegest declared outright that the Amsterdamers cannot go against the bourgeoisie which considers it necessary to crush the Chinese revolutionary movement. Only after the establishment of sepulchral tranquility in China by the British and Japanese by means of blood baths like those of Wan-Kiang and Tsinan, only after the shooting of the best leaders of the revolutionary trade union movement by Chiang Kai-shek and other hangmen, will Amsterdam think it fit to study the state of affairs in China.

And it ought to be said that Amsterdam has been consistent to the end. Whatever the blood baths and atrocities perpetrated by the imperialists and militarists in China, Amsterdam and its sections kept silent. Amsterdam which considers itself the only representative of international trade union organizations could not manage to establish contact with the three million trade unionists in China.

Only when the counter-revolution got for the time being the upper hand over the revolutionary forces in China, only when it seemed to Amsterdam that the political "tranquility" spoken of by Oudegest had set in China, its leaders got active, and the question is now raised of establishing close relations with the fascist trade unions which have been set up by the hangmen of the Chinese workers.

Addressing the meeting of the National Committee of the General Confederation in France, in March of this year, on the perspective development of Amsterdam, Jouhaux declared:

"We might go into China where the workers, disappointed in Bolshevism, will turn our way."

Nevertheless the Amsterdamers were rather fast in their jubulations. The revolutionary movement in China, having suffered an admitted defeat, is not dead. Relying upon the active aid which will be rendered by the class conscious proletariat of the world in spite of the reformists, the Chinese proletariat will carry on to the end the great cause for which it has made and is continuing to make innumerable sacrifices.

"That Is Diplomacy."

The Mexican newspaper Excelsior published Saturday an editorial in which it licked the boots of the Wall Street ambassador, Morrow. "Mr. Morrow's work makes us say, 'that is diplomacy,'" says the newspaper in a spirit which makes us want to inquire into its sources of income.

The editorial is a virtual declaration that the real successor of the murdered Obregon as president of Mexico is none other than Dwight W. Morrow.

To quote a few passages:

"Mexico can not discard that confidence which Ambassador Morrow has placed in us since he has come among us and learned to know us. That dignity, that bravery, that calm which Mr. Morrow found in the Mexican people following the murder of President-elect Obregon should convert us to complete discipline and unanimous cooperation with legal orders. Civilized peoples are distinguished from barbarous races by their acceptance of laws. The Ambassador's words call us to our responsibility, and we are no constitutional country if we do not heed them. Our great task is to unmask the ideas of those who are undisciplined and to show our politicians that their greatest duty is to merit the confidence of the outside world."

So the actions of J. P. Morgan and Co's partner "should convert Mexico to complete discipline." Whose discipline? Morgan's. "The Ambassador's words call us to our responsibility. . . ." "Responsibility" to whom? To a foreign power—to the United States. And "those who are undisciplined" unquestionably are those Mexicans who refuse to accept the discipline that Dwight W. Morrow, impudent imperialist from Wall Street, is trying to force upon Mexico. The bold truth is that Morrow, in his dual capacity as representative of the International Bankers and of the United States government is pressing Mexico with carefully veiled military threats (so carefully veiled at present that the Excelsior says: "Thanks to him the American government has lost that aggressive attitude with which at times it confronted us") as well as by the subtle pressure that the banking monopoly can wield upon a nation in financial need.

The newspaper Excelsior has virtually declared a program of punishment of any "undisciplined" portion of the Mexican population that may fail to bend the knee to the Wall Street ambassador. The suggestion is obvious that the workers in plants held by United capitalists, and peasants whose demands for land might conflict with "legal orders" as conceived by Morrow, will very likely come into conflict with the new "discipline."

In the few but fast-moving days that have elapsed since Obregon's assassination, Mexico has been dragged many degrees toward complete subjection as a Wall Street colony under a dictatorship appointed directly from Washington. The Mexican masses are yet to be heard from. And there is strong reason to think that the Calles government is trying to stifle the voice and still the actions of the masses by suppressing gatherings and trying to compel both workers and peasants to "let Calles do it."

Inactivity of the workers and peasants of Mexico now would mean to "let Morrow do it."

The Panhandling Trust.

It's rather funny when John D. Godfrey, mendicant officer of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, as quoted in a capitalist newspaper conducting a campaign against panhandlers, complains that 2,000 beggars are making a good living in New York City—chiefly from panhandling in the subways. Just at the time when the Interborough subway millionaires are doing a neat little "panhandling" job to compel the payment of a 7-cent fare that will mean an increase of 40 per cent in their gross income, or hundreds of millions of dollars, this reference to subways looks suspicious. But perhaps that is only secondary to Mr. Godfrey.

His primary purpose appears to be the promotion of the lucrative business of the "organized charity." The charity monopoly is losing something like \$30,000,000 a year, according to this complaint, which is being picked up by pencil-peddlers or by plain moochers. The crippled and broken victims of capitalism no longer able to work and those unemployed who may have given up hope of obtaining employment, should still be slaves of the charity trust, according to the theory of the professional charity organizers. "Keep off the street, you bums," they say in effect. "We have a monopoly on hand-outs and mooches."

"I LIKE MEXICO—WELL DONE."



By Hernandez

Told You So

BY the time this appears in print the meeting of the executive council of the A. F. of L. held in Atlantic City may have adjourned and some decision reached regarding the capitalist candidate to be supported this year by the "bonafide" labor leaders. Or, as is threatened, they may postpone final judgment until they hear the acceptance speeches of Hoover and Smith over the radio.

THEY decided one important question, however. They voted to raise a fund of \$150,000 to erect a marble statue of the late Sam Gompers. The funny thing about poor Sam is that since his death the fund to rig up a separate corner in the league of nations headquarters in Geneva in his honor is not yet much more than ninety eight cents. Unless one of the members of the executive council has a sculptor in the family we fear that marble will not experience a bull market as a result of the A. F. of L. decision.

GENERAL MOTORS would like to eat its cake and still have it. If Al Smith wins G. M. will have a latch key to the back door of the White House and the prestige accruing to an organization that motored a president into the executive mansion will be worth millions of dollars in advertising. But in the meantime, General Motors wants to sell automobiles and lest fanatical Republicans might turn to the lowly flivver, Mr. Sloan, president of G. M. warns its employees that the name of the corporation must not be used in the election campaign. General Motors intends to remain neutral even if one of the several floors of the G. M. building is occupied by the Democratic National Campaign Committee.

THE nation wide chain of Childs restaurants has deserted the vegetarian cause and has taken back to its bosom the prodigal meats that were banished by the founder of the marble-tiled hasheries. Tho it costs money to dine in those starched empuriums one gets an education thrown in with the meal. Childs discovered that meat was bad for the human system and not so good for the cashier's cage. Vegetables could be purchased more cheaply than meats and a little like a vegetarian dinner as well as a couple of pork chops or a sirloin of beef.

BUT the confounded customers would not be saved. After leaving the best part of a dollar in a Childs joint the diner went away only partly satisfied and since human nature is what it is it is very doubtful if the people can ever be converted to the idea that they are better off hungry than with contented tummies. A customer would leave Childs with a grouch and repair to the nearest Nedick stand for a glass of pineapple juice and a "hot dog." He would have his meat.

BUT the confounded customers would not be saved. After leaving the best part of a dollar in a Childs' joint the diners went away only partly satisfied and since human nature is what it is it is very doubtful if the people can ever be converted to the idea that they are better off hungry than with contented tummies. A customer would leave Childs' with a grouch and repair to the nearest Nedick stand for a glass of pineapple juice and a "hot dog." He would have his meat.

THE Childs' restaurants began to lose customers. The old racket of clattering dishes degenerated into a faint murmur. The starched waitresses stood around listlessly or, as soon as a stray customer made for the door darted to his vacant place in the trail of the lonesome dime. Childs, a chronic vegetarian thought things were going alright. Being a fanatic he would risk his stockholders' fortunes rather than haul down the cauliflower banner. But his stockholders went to bat and demanded that the embargo on meat be raised. They had not a thing in the world against vegetables, they insisted. But neither had they anything against meat, and if the customers insist on pork and beans, veal stew or a small steak, why not let them have it? So meat is returning to the Childs' menu. It is marching back with drums beating and the pens of publicity men flying in the act of writing its praises. A tremendous advertising campaign will be carried on to sell meat to the public who were led to believe by a previous Childs' advertising campaign that it just stopped being deadly poison. Childs has learned from some mysterious source that the use of meat is not the cause of all human ailments but the abuse of it.

Tom O'Flaherty

and Obregon favored the importation of American capital, and the conciliation of U. S. imperialism. They did not support the same groups. Calles supports Wall Street outright. Morrow has won Calles over and seems to be bending him to the Wall Street wind. Obregon had a weakness for the western brand of United States bankers. He favors the Standard Oil of California and the California bankers. (To Be Continued.)

Military Training at the Leagues' Schools

By WILL HERBERG

"An oppressed class that does not strive to learn to use arms . . . deserves to remain in slavery."
—LENIN.

THE decision to incorporate some elementary forms of military training (drill, etc.) into the curriculum of the Young Workers (Communist) League Summer Schools has caused a certain amount of surprise and perhaps a trace of opposition among even some sections of the party membership. This reaction is not entirely unexpected.

America, Land of Pacifism. America is the classic land of pacifism. In America petty bourgeois pacifism has unfortunately left deep traces on the labor movement and even on the more advanced elements. We cannot here go into the well-known historical reasons for this, but it is an obvious fact that until the influence of the proletarian revolution in Russia began to be felt in America practically the entire opposition to militarism and war in the labor movement revolved within the narrow limits of pacifism; it is characteristic that "conscientious objection" developed as the most popular and recognized "weapon" against the world war.

Really revolutionary ideas on militarism and war came to the fore only towards the end of the war when the most elementary lessons of Bolshevism and the Russian revolution began to be absorbed. It needs no long discussion to prove that in the American movement traditions of pacifism are strong and traditions of revolutionary-Leninist struggle against bourgeois militarism and imperialist war very weak. Pacifism still exercises its influence in the labor and revolutionary movements. . . .

Pacifist Opposition to Training. The "shock" some feel when they hear of the military training in the league schools is a clear manifestation of these pacifist remnants. Some immediately raise the question: "But isn't the league

Oppressed Must Learn Use of Arms to Cast Off Slavery

AGAINST military training? What kind of face will you have when, on the one hand, you fight military training in the City College of New York and other colleges, and, on the other, you institute military training in your own schools?" Others, however, are not so "naive," they are "for" the military training "in principle"—but they raise all kinds of arguments against it "in practice"—"We aren't prepared for it now." "It'll bring all kinds of 'trouble,'" and so on, arguments that amount to the same thing in the end.

TO produce such "shocks" was precisely one of the objectives for instituting military training in our schools; that is, to dramatize in clearest possible form our Leninist position on militarism and to utilize this to effect a real work of clarification. Already some good results in this direction have been obtained.

Not Against All Militarism. Our Leninist position on militarism and war is very clear and certain. We are NOT against war and against militarism "as such." We are against IMPERIALIST war; we are against BOURGEOIS militarism (i. e., the militarization of the proletariat and farmer youth to fight in the interests of the bourgeoisie). But we are in favor of REVOLUTIONARY wars (wars of oppressed colonial peoples against the imperialist powers, civil wars of the proletariat revolution); we are in favor of the military training of the proletariat youth to learn to use arms in the interests of their class and against the bourgeoisie. "An oppressed class that does not strive to learn to use arms . . . deserves to remain in slavery" (Lenin). We are therefore opposed to pacifism (which opposes, "as a matter of principle" ALL war and

bourgeois militarism.

It is not, however, for the actual military instruction, that military training was included in our school curriculum. We realize very well that under present conditions and for the next period of time, the chief way for us to obtain military instruction is in the military organizations of the bourgeoisie (regular forces, National Guard, military schools, R. O. T. C., C. M. T. C., etc.). (Of course, as Comrade Gorkic points out, Jugendinternationale, May, 1928, the sending of our comrades into these bourgeois military institutions "implies no rejection whatever of the attempt to set up a class organization of the proletariat to provide military training for young workers"). Our chief reason for including military instruction in our schools is to make clear, in a way that mere teaching cannot itself accomplish, to the students, to the league as a whole, and to the young workers, our Leninist position on the question of militarism and our complete differentiation from the pacifists. And here also we are having success.

Correcting Pacifist Errors.

The American league has had some experience with pacifism. It was not so very long ago that we were very correctly branded as having committed some of the worst pacifist errors—and the fault was not all ours, but was shared by the whole movement. Since then, however, under the closest direction of the Young Communist International, we have gone a good way towards stamping out the last remnants of pacifism in our own league ranks, and in carrying on a broad propaganda of the Leninist principles of militarism and war among the young workers, but we can even now record to our credit some success in actual anti-militarist activities. Some noteworthy accomplishments. But the important thing above all is that we are on the right track. . . .

Mexican Working Class Must Fight Reactionaries

By HARRY GANNES and LEON S. RUIZ.

When Jose de Leon Toral, the 23-year old art student, fired five shots into the body of Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico on July 17th, what a sigh of relief must have escaped from the breast of Wall Street's ambassador to Mexico, Dwight Morrow!

"Let us not be mistaken about Obregon. He was not the foremost enemy of American imperialism in Mexico. His own pockets had been lined through the sweat and blood of the Mexican peasants. Obregon found the revolution of 1910 profitable to him; it not only gave him political power but wealth. At the same time, he had the support of Mexico's revolutionary armed peasants. He was the national unifying force of these peasants. He based his power upon their armed strength. Obregon was by no means a tool in the hands of Morrow such as Machado, president of Cuba, is in the clutches of Wall Street.

Murder of Obregon Political. The murder of Obregon was not an accident or a personal matter. The combined enemies of the one-armed general had attempted to as-

Catholic Church, Morones, Allied With Wall Street Imperialism

assassinate him twice during the last two months.

His main enemies were: The reactionary clericals and the Catholic church, which had been waging a losing fight. Calles was beginning to make important concessions to the church, undoubtedly under the coaching of Morrow. They did not know what treatment to expect from Obregon. Morones, the reactionary leader of the Mexican labor movement, particularly the Confederation Regional Obrera Mexicana (CROM), was extremely antagonistic to Obregon. He had threatened to meet the ascension to power of Obregon with armed revolt. He was also a candidate on the Labor Party ticket controlled by Morones against Obregon. Though he was the only candidate against Obregon, he received about 1,000 votes. At a recent banquet in honor of Obregon, charges were made against Morones as being a tool of American capitalists against a challenge that Morones

made against Obregon. The blame for the murder of Obregon was first laid to the church by the chief of police when he said he was "already in a position to make public that the responsibility for the crime belongs to the catholic clergy." These very same catholic clergy were been dancing quadrilles around Wall Street, and were not averse to a few murders to bring back the happy days in Mexico when everything was owned by the church. In later days, they were willing to divide this honor with Wall Street, on the assurance of support from this quarter.

Morones Friend of U. S. Imperialism. But now new charges have been made. Contrary to the usual custom the assassin has not been executed summarily, but is being held in the hope of further confessions. Open charges against Morones are being hurled from the Obregonist camp. He is called the "psychological author of the crime." Morones with some of Obregon and Calles. Both Calles

(To Be Continued.)