

# 500 MORE STRIKE AT GENERAL MOTORS PLANT IN FLINT, MICH.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

# Daily Worker

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## FISHER BODY WORKERS JOIN BIG WALK-OUT

### Movement Spreads As Men Organize

(Special To THE DAILY WORKER) FLINT, Mich., July 16.—The Fisher Body plant of the General Motors Corporation in Flint, Mich., was seething with strike sentiment yesterday when five hundred more men joined the walk-out of auto workers in protest against the policy of wage slashing the company is instituting throughout the industry.

The striking men have proclaimed their intention of standing behind the strike committee, which is composed of representatives from the different departments, who are making every effort to spread the walk-out movement to other plants of the General Motors Corporation in Flint.

Plan Union  
The shop committee of the Buick plant has already organized their strike committee, together with the organizers of the Auto Workers Union.

Philip Raymond, Arnold Zeigler and others, who are active in the strike, are organizing plans for raising immediate relief and to establish the Auto Workers Union as the instrument of the workers in the Flint automobile industries.

A huge mass meeting, to which it is expected that thousands of workers will rally, is being arranged and militant speakers will address the strikers.

A. F. of L. Sabotage  
Leaflets distributed throughout the plants of the General Motors Corporation are informing the workers of the issues involved in the

Continued on Page Two

## CMTC IS AIDING CAPITALIST WAR

### Many Young Workers Trained For Slaughter

According to an announcement at the Governor's Island military headquarters yesterday, 570 young workers will be prepared for imperialist wars at the August "Citizens Military Training Camps" at Fort Hancock and Fort Monmouth, both in New Jersey.

Young workers for these camps have been recruited from New York, New Jersey and Delaware. The majority, 354, have been assigned to Fort Hancock, and 216 will be sent to Fort Monmouth.

False Promises.  
These young workers have been recruited by promises of a free vacation from the long hours of labor in the factories, and in many cases the bosses even continue pay on condition that they attend the camps. Some, especially the students, have been attracted by the appeal of "adventure."

During the month at the camps, those in the C. M. T. C. will receive military instruction to make them more efficient tools for use against workers of this country.

"Citizenship" Bank.  
But even this is regarded by the capitalists and the authorities as a relatively minor matter in comparison with the courses in "citizenship," and the nationalistic propaganda at the camps.

During the month of August, the 570 young men at Fort Hancock and Fort Monmouth will be taught absolute submission to the will of the bosses.

## WOMAN'S LEGION AIDS SANDINO

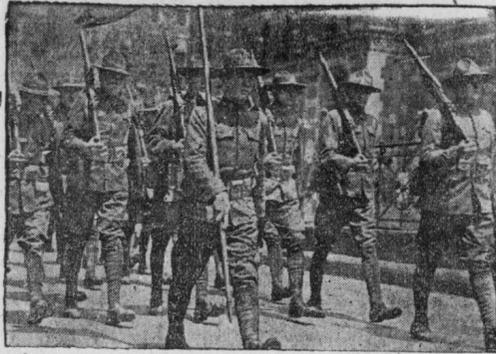
### Heroic in Battle, Says General

BARANQUILLA, Colombia, July 16 (UP).—General Sandino, Nicaraguan revolutionist leader, has organized a women's battalion to aid him in his struggle against the government and United States marines, General Jose Cesar Rivas said in an interview in the newspaper La Nacion today.

The women, General Rivas said, already had done "heroic service" in battle. They were quartered at Campo Bonanzo, he said.

FLEE HEAT; 16 DROWNED VIENNA, July 16 (UP).—Sixteen persons were drowned here, eight at Budapest and two at Prague, among the millions who sought relief at bathing resorts from terrific heat.

## Preparing for the Next Sacred Slaughter



The military camp at Peekskill, N. Y., is where national guardsmen are being trained to kill or be killed for Wall St. in the next imperialist war. Photo shows the 107th regiment marching along Park Ave., New York, on its way to Peekskill.

## SMITH FAVORS OPEN SHOPPER AS GOVERNOR

### MUSSOLINI FOR KELLOGG PACT

#### Press Ridicules New Scrap of Paper

ROME, July 16.—In a note addressed to the American state department, the Italian government yesterday announced its willingness to sign the Kellogg multilateral peace treaty. The note was signed by Premier Mussolini and briefly stated the satisfaction of the fascist government with the American proposals.

The Italian press, however, is ridiculing the treaty as another scrap of paper bound to be violated at the first serious international crisis.

The press is also pointing out the discrepancy between Kellogg's peace proposals and the war that American marines are waging in Nicaragua.

## MILK DEATHS IN LEE NUMBER 30

### No Action Taken Yet Against Company

LEE, Mass., July 16.—Another death, resulting from the septic sore throat epidemic in Lee brought about by a poisoned milk supply, occurred today. This increased the number of persons dead so far of the disease to 30.

The latest victim is Benjamin W. Aizes, who contracted the disease here, but whose death occurred in Springfield after the malady had developed into pneumonia.

More cases of the disease were discovered after health authorities made a round of the city to discover new aspects of the epidemic. The authorities, however, did not disclose how many new cases had been found. It is thought that these number almost a hundred, which, added to the 700 now known to be in existence, indicates a sick population of about 800.

No concrete action has been taken so far against the milk company whose supply has caused 30 deaths and almost 1,000 illnesses.

## ATTACKS OWN DAUGHTER

MT. CLEMENS, Mich., July 16 (UP).—Charged jointly with his housekeeper with mayhem and assault with intent to do great bodily harm upon his own seven-year-old daughter, Perky Smith, 36, of Toronto, was to be arraigned in a circuit court.

## OWN BRAINS OF SLAVES

### Dictaphone Firm Grabbing Inventions

By HAROLD Z. BROWN, (Federated Press).

A tricky new kind of yellow-dog contract gaining popularity with American employers is typified by an agreement which must be signed by every worker entering the employ of the Dictaphone Sales Corp., largest distributors of office dictating and transcribing machines. Framed by legal master minds trained to think of everything, it signs away not only the employee's right to organize, but his right to the products of his future ingenuity—if any.

Even the humblest stenographer or porter must execute this agreement, making over to the company "any and every invention, improvement, or modification" made while

ALBANY, July 16.—The name of Owen D. Young, open-shop chairman of the General Electric Company, whom Al Smith has suggested for governor of New York State, on the democratic ticket, has been sent out as a trial balloon, it became known today. If the response appears favorable then the Morgan-allied, multi-millionaire will be placed on the Tammany ticket which is already being led by John J. Raskob, another Morgan official and biggest anti-labor boss in the country. Young's record is perhaps second only to that of Raskob as a bitter enemy of the workers.

Al's Master  
Like Raskob, Young has been one of the strong supporters of Al Smith and Al Smith has in turn been a faithful and obedient servant to the power magnate. Smith has previously supported Young for the office of state water power "dictator," under a plan which the Tammany governor advocated in 1926 by which the billion dollar power resources of the state would have been turned over to the private operation of the Morgans.

In December, 1926, through the sell-out of the republican controlled State Power Commission, these resources were about to be turned over to the American Pioneer Power Company, a corporation controlled by Mellon, Young and the dePont interests.

Changes Tactics  
Al Smith had at first agreed, but later objected because of the fear that it would have an adverse effect on his presidential aspirations. Accordingly he sent Samuel Untermyer to adjust the matter with Young. A deal was worked out by Untermyer, under which the original investment in the project instead of being made by the private companies by means of their own funds, would be furnished by the state. Young's corporation "voluntarily" withdrew its bid and a sort of "quasi-public corporation," such as now advocated by Untermyer for the traction situation, was recommended by Smith in his next message to the legislature. And to head the concern Smith recommended his master, Owen Young. "I am in full agreement with Young's views on power development," said Smith at the time.

Young is credited with being the real author of the Dawes Plan, under which Germany is tied to the chariot of the American bankers.

## Printers in Merger

Vanguard Press, publishers of 50c labor books, has merged with Macy-Masius to enable it to publish more expensive books on a basis to reward labor authors through royalty payments. Vanguard has published 75 titles in the 50c series and distributed 250,000 volumes.

## MILITANT STRIKE LEADER TO FACE MILITARY TRIAL

### Military Violates Law to Railroad Porter

Paul Crouch, formerly of the 21st Infantry, Hawaii, who was sentenced to 40 years for Communist activities in the army, left last night for Fort Adams. He will report the developments of the Porter court-martial for THE DAILY WORKER.

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

FORT ADAMS, R. I., July 16.—The court-martial of John Porter, imprisoned for his militant strike activities and leadership in the Young Workers (Communist) League while subject to military law, and on a technical charge of desertion, will begin here tomorrow morning.

The methods of the military authorities in framing and railroad-ing its victims to prison are revealed by the procedure in the case, which even violated military law itself. Porter has been held incommunicado for some time and the authorities have been trying to weaken his spirit.

Violated Law.  
According to military regulations, a week's advance notice of courts-martial is necessary to enable the defense to study the case and call witnesses. However, notice was not sent to Isaac Shorr, International Labor Defense attorney retained for Porter's defense, until today, so he can arrive only in time for the beginning of the trial.

Details Secret.  
No details of the charges are known. There is every indication of a determined effort to railroad Porter to prison.

A statement issued by Theresa Valente, secretary of the Porter Defense Committee of the International Labor Defense, calls on the workers to prevent the war department from giving Porter a life sentence.

## LABOR OFFICIALS FINED BY COURT

### Defy Injunction and Picket Shop

CHICAGO, (FP) July 16.—Fines of \$75 and \$50 were levied on business agent John Werlik and Louis Kanule of the metal polishers union for violation of an injunction obtained by the Chicago Flexible Shaft Co. forbidding picketing and other union activities. Werlik and Kanule paraded with placards before the plant against which the union has been conducting a strike for over 15 months. It was the only union shop that refused to raise the scale from \$1 an hour to \$1.10 a year ago last spring. It is now operating openly. The company has refused to arbitrate the dispute though the union is willing to accept any Chicago judges the company may select as arbitrators.

## 2 Sing Sing Officers Jailed for Robbery

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 16 (UP).—Two Sing Sing prison keepers, who it is alleged "shook-down" tourists and "petters" on the Albany Post Road, were themselves in prison today.

Anthony Fallon and Arthur Treasure, the keepers, were arrested on information furnished by one of the victims. Police said it was believed Fallon and Treasure had worn their prison caps bearing the initials "N. Y. S. P." to represent themselves as New York State Police. The initials stand for "New York State Prison."

## Express Drivers and R. R. Clerks to Meet

CINCINNATI, July 16 (FP).—The jurisdictional dispute over express drivers which has kept the railway clerks out of the American Federation of Labor for two years will be ironed out in Cincinnati Aug. 13, it is unofficially reported. Clerks teamsters and A. F. of L. chiefs will have a joint meeting then.

## Loss of Million Hasn't Cured Vanderbilt, Jr.

BUFFALO, July 16 (UP).—Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., who lost a fortune in tabloids, may again embark in a newspaper enterprise.

# Soviet Icecutter Rescues 9 More

## British Troops Massacre Indian Strikers

### FIRE INTO LARGE JUTE WORKERS' DEMONSTRATION

#### May Call Troops As Mass Feeling Rises

CALCUTTA, India, July 16.—Firing into a procession of several hundred jute mill workers, who were demonstrating for a number of their fellow employees who had been discharged, British police yesterday killed and wounded twenty-three of the demonstrators.

Instantly the news of the outrage spread thru all working class sections of Calcutta and thousands of workers were waiting sullenly yesterday for the next move which the British might make to suppress the strike by violence.

Following the revolt of the peasants in the Gijerat, who have driven the tax collectors from the northern section of the Bombay presidency and under the instructions of a peasant revolutionary administration, have harvested the crops in the fields declared forfeit by the government, the British are prepared to take any measures against the Indians, and the calling of troops to Calcutta is foreseen as a consequence of yesterday's massacre.

Whether the workers on the Indian National Railways will man the British troop trains is being eagerly awaited by both the workers and the government tonight.

## Bombay Workers Aroused

BOMBAY, India, July 16.—Mass movement against the British authorities was forecast here today as news of the massacre of twenty-three Indian jute strikers by British police in Calcutta yesterday reached this city.

Headquarters of the textile strikers, fifty thousand of whom are on strike in Bombay alone, were besieged with crowds of workers demanding news of the atrocity in Calcutta.

The huge textile strike which has involved over one hundred thousand workers for months, threatened to assume even more militant proportions as the news of the murder of the jute strikers fell like a thunderbolt among the textile workers today.

## CHIANG IN NEW BLOW AT FENG

### Call Army Reduction Move Against Rival

PEKING, July 16.—Following the dictates of the financiers in Shanghai and this city, Chiang Kai-shek and other warlords assembled in conference at Peking have agreed to reduce the Kuomintang armies for purposes of economy.

Reduction in the size of armies is also seen as a blow to the forces of various individual warlords who threaten the domination of Chiang Kai-shek.

The reduction in armed forces does not, of course, contemplate the abolition of the Kuomintang armies who are being held in readiness for a campaign in Manchuria if the heirs of Chang Tso-lin refuse to accede to Nanking's terms.

Chiang Kai-shek has not yet settled accounts with Feng Yuhsiang and his troops are being distributed with a careful regard to sudden advances into the territory controlled by Feng should the opportunity arrive.

Immediate settlement of the Chinese Eastern Railroad which is partially controlled by the Soviet government is also under consideration by the warlords at the Peking conference.

## FORD PLANS PURCHASE

ORANGE, N. J., July 16.—Menlo Park, the birthplace of the incandescent electric lamp, the phonograph and numerous other twentieth century inventions, may become the property of Henry Ford.

It is learned the automobile magnate is negotiating for purchase of the park, where in 1876 and for 11 years afterwards, Thomas A. Edison worked on his inventions.

## Cincinnati Contributes \$4,000 to Miners



Above is a group of miners who have been visiting various organizations in Cincinnati in behalf of the starving coal diggers. Cincinnati has contributed about \$4,000, which has been distributed through the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn. Ave., Pittsburgh.

The three miners are, left to right, Oliver Rigot, Harry Logsdon, and James White of Eastern Ohio. Next to the miners is W. A. Weeks, a carpenter who has been active in the relief work. Standing (left to right) are Hobart Scott, William Foster and Wallner, who have likewise been active in the work.

## PHILA. TEXTILE MEN JOIN MILL COMMITTEE

### FULLER SPURNED AS "ARBITRATOR"

#### New Bedford Strikers Resent Insult

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 16.—Confronted with the impassable barrier presented by the unyielding ranks of the 28,000 textile strikers here, agents of the mill owners, in the role of "mediators," are again beginning to suggest that the wage-cut question be arbitrated. This time the mediators have gone so far as to suggest as "arbitrator" the murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti, Massachusetts Governor Fuller.

In a searching denunciation of those who dare to put forward the name of Fuller as a participant in any kind of labor parley, Eli Keller issued a statement for the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mills Committee which declares that the mere suggestion of his name immediately brands the whole move as the preparation for a betrayal of the strike.

"To suggest the instrument for the governments' murder of Sacco-Vanzetti, who died because they fought for the workingclass as the union is now fighting against the mill bosses, shows how much the strikers can expect from that sort of 'mediation,'" the union statement declares.

The strike committee of the T. W. U. is now devoting much of its attention to work out plans for the coming parade of the textile strikers, it was learned. The elaborate preparations now under way and the extreme interests being manifested by the masses of strikers in the parade, gives evidence that this will be one of the mightiest labor demonstrations in recent times.

SMYRNA, July 16.—A severe earthquake shook the city today, causing much damage and, it is believed, loss of life. The casualties are not yet known, nor the damage estimated.

## Wage Cuts, Speed-Up

"At the present time the textile workers here, are faced with wage-cuts, speed-up systems, unemployment and a vicious open shop offensive of the employers. The tapestry carpet weavers in Philadelphia received a 15 per cent cut in wages. A few months ago the Wilton carpet workers were handed a 10 per cent wage cut. The hosiery workers have seen similar reductions in the pay envelope. Workers are receiving a starvation wage, working two, three and four days a week. Nineteenths of the textile workers are unorganized; and the one-tenth organized are led by trade union officials that have no intention of carrying on the struggle against the bosses.

## SACCO MEETS PLANNED

### Many Cities Honor Martyrs in August

In response to the call of the International Labor Defense that memorial meetings on the anniversary of the murder of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti be arranged, branches of the organization throughout the country have informed the national office, 80 E. 11th street, of the preparations that are now being made for a series of gatherings that will cover all of the important cities of the country.

New York's meeting will be held in the Central Opera House on Aug. 22. Cleveland will pay tribute to the two martyrs on the same day at the Public Square, Denver, Colorado, Detroit, and Chicago also meet on Aug. 22. Philadelphia's International Labor Defense will have its Sacco-Vanzetti meeting at the Labor

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—The heroic performance of the Textile Mill Committees in its leadership of the big New Bedford textile strike, is giving tremendous impetus to the growth of the National T. M. C. reports from this as well as all other textile centers indicate Philadelphia mill workers are called to another mass meeting of that organization, to be held Thursday, evening July 19, at 8 o'clock at Kennington Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts.

In a call to the textile workers of that district the Philadelphia T. M. C. calls the coming convention called by the National Textile Mill Committees, to be held September 22 and 23 in New York. The official said was made public yesterday.

The Philadelphia unit also declares that the workers in all cloth weaving sections are recruiting in amazing numbers into the T. M. C. because they are disgusted with the Craven leadership of the United Textile Workers Union of the A. F. of L., who have laid down before general wage cut onslaught of the mill barons all over the country.

The call then cites the need of a national textile workers union which will replace the reactionary U. T. W. and the other innumerable small independent craft unions now in existence.

In discussing the particular condition of the industry in the Philadelphia district, the T. M. C. call declares:

Was Malmgren Alive?  
There was every belief, reports here indicated, that Malmgren had died June 15 as his companions marched onward towards where they believed land could be found.

Direct reports here from the steamer Krassin, however, would indicate that Malmgren had been abandoned while he was still alive. Government advices indicated that the two Italians, wearily cold and facing what seemed inevitable death, had left the Swedish explorer alone.

## Amundsen Rescue Rumored

VIRGO BAY, Spitzbergen, July 16 (UP).—A wholly unconfirmed message—and one that appeared to be somewhat garbled—today indicated that the Russian icebreaker Malign had rescued Roald Amundsen and two members of his party.

## Sweden Plans Probe

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, July 16.—An special cabinet meeting was held today to discuss methods of holding an official investigation of the circumstances of the death of Professor Finn Malmgren, Swedish meteorologist of the dirigible Italia.

## PROTEST BRINGS HOELZ RELEASE

### Thousands to Celebrate Return to Berlin

BERLIN, July 16.—Due to the nation-wide protest of German workers, expressed by mass meetings and demonstrations, the Reichstag has been forced to release Max Hoelz, the Communist leader of the Revolution in Saxony in 1921. Convicted on a trumped-up charge of killing a real estate man, Max Hoelz was in prison for seven years.

The workers here are dissatisfied with the Amnesty Bill, just passed and are arranging for huge mass meetings all over the country to demand the unconditional and full release of class war prisoners.

## LUMBERMEN SET WAGE

SEATTLE, July 16 (FP).—Five dollars a day was set as the minimum wage by the conference of lumber workers, recently held in Seattle.

## KRASSIN SAVES CHUKHNOVSKY, 4 COMPANIONS

### Amundsen Found By Malign, Rumor

By EUGENE LYONS

(United Press Staff Correspondent) MOSCOW, July 16.—After bringing to a climax today, with the rescue of nine men, the most triumphant relief voyage in Polar history, the Russian icebreaker Krassin steamed through the Arctic ice for Advent Bay to re-coal and resume her rescue work.

The Krassin embarked at 10 p. m. yesterday her aviator, Chukhnovsky, his four companions, who had crashed with him last week on the ice in the rescue flight, the Norwegian huntsman Noyes and three Italian Alpine chassateurs who had been in search of survivors of the Italia disaster.

Krassin Rescues 16  
These nine men joined the seven survivors of the Italia who had been embarked last week—two of them from a small iceflo and five from the ice camp off Foy Island.

The Italia survivors are under physicians' care, but they, who had given themselves up as sure to die, are even more jubilant than the Krassin's complement, as are in constant rejoicing aboard the ship.

To Hunt for Others  
The Krassin, with Chukhnovsky's damaged plane in tow, will make for Advent Bay to re-coal and proceed to search for the six men carried away with the dirigible's gasbag and for Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the South Pole, and the five men who disappeared with him in a French seaplane.

The story of how Dr. Malmgren was left alone on the iceflo while his two companions, Mariano and Zappi, who were saved last week, struck out on an expedition for aid, became known today.

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# Federal Government Plans Imprisonment of Workers for Anti-Militant Activities

## FIVE JAILED IN WAUKEGAN FOR OPEN AIR TALK

### Fight Against Militarism Worries Officer

WAUKEGAN, Ill., July 16.—The authorities here have announced that Samuel A. Herman, active anti-militarist leader of the Young Workers (Communist) League, probably will be tried by federal authorities for his activities against the military preparations of the government. At present, Herman is held under bail on the charge of "inciting to riot." He has been active in the textile strike in Kenosha. Also, the authorities say he is "guilty" of leading the anti-militarist activities at the Waukegan high school.

Secret service agents make no secret of the fact that every effort is being made to railroad Herman to prison on any pretext. Their fury knows no limit, following the challenge by Herman to Howard P. Savage, past national commander of the American Legion to a debate on the R. O. T. C., and the distribution of anti-militarist leaflets at the high school.

Herman was arrested for speaking at a street meeting and "advocating Communism." Others arrested on the same charge are Gertrude Granholm, Ray Ahola, Joe Plotkin and Sulo Karjala.

## Chorus, Cabaret Girls Organize in Chicago

CHICAGO, July 16, (FP).—Organization of chorus and cabaret girls is under way in Chicago. Minimum wages to \$35 a week in Chicago and \$45 on the road are among the demands of the embryo union. A 5-hour shift on the cabaret floor is another demand. Organizer Loreita Clavenger says: "In the cabarets the girls are often required to sit with bald old birds and kid them along because they are good spenders. This should not be expected of the girls."

## Thousands Crowd New York Beaches In Effort to Keep Cool



The beaches of New York City are the favorite recreation grounds of thousands of workers who crowd them in an effort to snatch a few moments of relief from the summer heat. Photo shows a view of part of the crowd at Coney Island.

## POSSESS BRAINS OF THEIR SLAVES

### Dictaphone Company is Guarding Invention

Continued from Page One

other facilities placed for its benefit at his disposal."

No worker with the right attitude, it seems, can look at this show-window of benefits and remain unwilling to "assign promptly to the said Dictaphone Sales Corp. upon demand" anything of value he has thought of. He is also bound at the company's pleasure to apply for patents on his inventions in all countries and to turn such patents over to the company without further thought of worldly gain.

Some of the signers, at least, never see the dollar "in hand paid" which they received for, the boss remarking in an off-hand way when the contract was signed that he didn't have any change handy. Any real American, of course, would blush to bring the matter up again; the boss might think he was a cheap skater.

Such thrift and foresight, practiced throughout 1927, enabled the company to net a profit of \$656,000 to pay extra dividends each quarter since last December, and to declare a 10 per cent stock dividend in June.

## Hundreds Fighting California Fires

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., July 16 (UP).—Hundreds of men struggled today to check menacing forest and brush fires that already have swept many thousands of acres in widely separated sections of California.

Three fires were reported in the southern part of the state. A series of fires burned in the hills bordering the San Joaquin Valley. Two others occurred in northern California.

## Young Lieutenant Dies in Plane Crash

MT. CLEMENS, Mich., July 16 (UP).—Second Lieutenant Charles E. Bradshaw, 26, of West Haven, Conn., who only two weeks ago completed his flying instructions at Kelly Field, Texas, and joined the first pursuit squadron here, crashed and was killed in Lake St. Clair. Bradshaw was practicing diving in one of the fast P-1 planes alone.

## Theatre Press Agents Organize Trade Union

Two hundred theatre press agents have formed a union affiliated with the A. F. of L. If stage stars find it profitable to join Actors' Equity press agents should also organize, they argued.

## \$3,000,000 SEWER FUND BOX FOUND

### Locate Phillips Bank Deposits in Canada

MONTREAL, (UP) July 16.—Ernest Bertrand, K. C., Crown prosecutor, who is acting locally for the people of the State of New York in the Queens sewer scandal case, told the United Press today that the safety deposit box purporting to contain the missing \$3,000,000 which is alleged to have been obtained illegally from the city of New York had been located in the Montreal Safe Deposit Company under the name of Francis Phillips. Francis is a son of the late indicted contractor. Bertrand said he and his colleagues would seek a writ from the superior court to compel the bank in question to divulge the contents of the box.

The money is alleged to have been deposited in this city at the instigation of the late John Phillips, wealthy Brooklyn sewer pipe contractor, against whose estate the three million dollar suit is being pressed by Albert Ottiner in his capacity as attorney General of New York State.

## NAVY WILL STAGE AIR MANEUVERS ON WEST COAST

### Demonstration Part of War Preparations

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The navy department has announced that for more than one month, beginning July 26, there will be war maneuvers of the largest number of naval planes ever assembled in the United States. The demonstration, which is intended to show the power of American imperialism and to feed the jingo spirit in this country.

A total of 204 airplanes will take part in the maneuvers, including 54 pursuit craft, 36 light bombing, 30 scouting, 36 torpedo planes, 36 observation and 12 utility machines.

In its war preparations, the navy department is speeding up the development of the air force. Even the higher officers have been instructed to study aviation. Promotions are being given to the officers who are acquainted with air warfare.

From September 14 to 15, the air force will join the Pacific Coast fleet for operations "against an imaginary enemy."

## British Dollars vs. American in Brazil

LONDON, July 16.—The application for a British loan by Brazil of 3,000,000 pounds is to be granted tomorrow. Brazil has been borrowing heavily from both British and United States capitalists, and this latest loan will greatly increase the British imperialist power in Brazil.

To counteract this Wall Street is granting Brazil a loan of \$15,000,000, which will also add greatly to the amount of American capital invested in South America.

## WILL PROBE PROHIBITION

WASHINGTON, July 16 (UP).—Prohibition Commissioner Doran today appointed a committee of dry administrators to study the prohibition situation in territory bordering inland rivers of the United States.

## Did Their Bit to Boost Jingo Flying



Photo shows the American members of the Southern Cross crew that flew across the Pacific, waving to the crowd that greeted them on their return home. From left to right they are: Capt. Harry Lyon, navigator; his mother, Mrs. Leila Lyon; and James Warner, radio operator.

## Student-Worker Killed in Fall

DENVER, Colo., July 16.—Ernest Ford, a student at the University of Denver School of Commerce, plunged four stories to the pavement killed yesterday when he was working on his part-time job as window washer on the Continental Oil Company building here.

Ford was working his way thru college, and had only recently started to work as a window washer. Ten minutes before his death his pay had been raised from 9 to 10 cents an hour.

## One Killed in Greek Train Derailment

ATHENS, July 16 (UP).—One person was killed and three were injured today when a landslide derailed a train between Athens and Thessaly and crushed six cars.

## Socialist Defrauds Polish Immigrants

BERLIN, July 16.—A socialist customs official at Leipzig defrauded Polish citizens by the sum of from fifty to one hundred dollars apiece by giving them forged passports to America, it was revealed by the Leipzig police.

When the socialist learned that he had been discovered he could not face the consequence and committed suicide.

## 1,500 Texas Farmers Discuss Co-operative

LEVELLAND, Tex., July 16 (FP).—Co-operative marketing of cotton the principal crop of western Texas, was the subject at a conference of 1,500 farmers from 21 counties held at Levelland.

## 500 JOIN STRIKE AT FISHER BODY AUTO FACTORY

### A. F. of L. Officials Refuse Union Hall

Continued from Page One

present strike, and the attitude of the American Federation of Labor officials, who are apparently determined to ignore the strike in Flint.

That the A. F. of L. officials have no intention of interfering with the General Motors Corporation, which is one of the biggest open-shop concerns in the country, was clearly shown by the incident of the Flint Labor Temple.

A. F. L. Refuses Hall

After the Flint Labor Temple had been promised to the workers, the American Federation of Labor officials closed the hall and put up a notice that the auto workers would not be permitted to hold their meeting in the building.

Only the united pressure of the rank and file compelled the officials to turn over the hall to the meeting.

## 18 Sick in Michigan From Poisoned Food

TONIA, Mich., July 16 (UP).—Investigation today by city health authorities indicated that poisoned food caused ptomaine poisoning which affected 18 members of two families attending a reunion picnic.

The city health inspector said that two salads or chicken pie eaten at the gathering may have been contaminated and caused ill effects. He sought to locate samples of the food and send them to the state health department at Lansing. He already had sent samples of ice cream, which first was believed to have caused the poisoning.

## HEAT HITS WORKERS PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, July 16 (UP).—Heat, which sent thousands to resorts and the water side for relief, claimed nine lives over the weekend. Six of the deaths were from drowning, two from auto accidents, and the other from heat prostration.

# Postponed Until Saturday Evening, July 21

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# CONEY ISLAND STADIUM

Surf Avenue and West Sixth Street

# Fifty Thousand Austrian Workers Commemorate Death of Martyrs of July Revolt

## POLICE DO NOT DARE TO HALT BIG PROCESSION

### Pledge Continuance of Struggle at Graves

VIENNA, July 16.—In spite of the decree of the Vienna police authorities prohibiting all demonstrations during the present month, fifty thousand Austrian workers yesterday participated in the commemorative services for the workers who fell during the July revolt of last year.

Forming a long procession, thousands of workers marched from the capital to the cemetery where the class war dead are buried and placed wreaths upon the graves of the victims.

In spite of the police called out by the government to intimidate the marchers, scores of labor and fraternal organizations took part in the huge anniversary commemoration.

The police did not venture to break up the procession and there was no disorder of any kind on the part of the participants.

Hundreds of onlookers along the route taken by the marchers greeted the procession as it wound thru the city.

Speeches were made at the cemetery pledging the Austrian workers to continue the struggle in which the victims of the July revolt in Vienna had died courageously. After the addresses the demonstrators sang the International.

## Little Done for Child Workers by Legislation

"Bad" child labor states improved little or not at all in their legislation in 1928 while some of the better states handed out meager crumbs of assistance, says the National Child Labor Committee. Neither Louisiana nor Mississippi legislators cared to improve their deficient laws.

South Carolina, with the weakest law in the country, reduced from 12 to 10 years the age limit for children of poor parents to be hired out on farms and other non-factory jobs. Compulsory attendance period was strengthened, but the governor vetoed appropriations to enforce the law.

## Three Negroes Injured When Car Strikes Pole

BALTIMORE, Md., July 16.—Three men were injured here today when the car in which they were riding struck a telephone pole. The three, who gave their names as James Hubbard, Wilbur Burley, and Furnace Brance, were removed to Johns Hopkins Hospital, where they remained suffering from fractures of the arms, legs, and ribs, and probable internal injuries. All three are Negroes.

## FASCIST JUSTICE ROLL

### Record of Sentences for Late April

Italian newspapers have been received here that disclose the following sentences against workers in Italy for the latter part of April:

April 23, 1928—Accused: The workers Marcello Gorniero and Gino Quintavalle. The former was charged with having had in his room four leaflets and a number of the "Battaglia Sindicali" (trade union organ). The second accused was charged with having often met Gorniero in a public house. Sentences: Gorniero, 4 years' hard labor; Quintavalle, 1 year's hard labor.

April 23, 1928—Accused: The social democratic workers Mario Molteni, Angelo Rainoldi and Pietro Zanoni. The accused were charged with having received Communist leaflets. Sentences: Molteni, 7 years and 6 months' hard labor; Rainoldi and Zanoni, 2 years' hard labor each. ("Corriere della Sera," April 24, 1928.)

April 25, 1928—Accused: The workers Angelo Scucchia and Libero Stagnetti. Stagnetti was accused of having received leaflets of the trades unions from Scucchia without having denounced the latter to the police. Sentences: Scucchia, 6 years and 3 months' hard labor; Stagnetti, 1 year and 3 months' hard labor. ("Corriere della Sera," April 26, 1928.)

April 25, 1928—Accused: The transport worker Antonio Dell'Aglio of having "with persons unknown considered the advisability of actions calculated to let loose civil war and insurrection against the state power." Sentence: 7 years and 6 months' hard labor. ("Corriere della Sera," April 26.)

April 28, 1928—Accused: 16 Communist workers from Apulia. According to the evidence of the police inspector, Vincenzo Grano, the police had learned that for some time preparatory sessions had been held for the organization of a conference on June 20, 1926, at which conference a revolutionary action on a large scale was to be discussed.

## Off for Official Start of Bunk Campaign



Herbert Hoover, candidate of the Teapot Dome party, has left for official notification ceremonies in California. Photo, taken on rear platform of the train, shows, left to right, Representative John Q. Tilson, a Hoover yes-man; Herbert himself; Mrs. Tilson and Mrs. Hoover.

## TELEPHONE TRUST TRIPLES RAKEOFF

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press). The \$185,000,000 additional stock offered to shareholders in the American Telephone & Telegraph Co. calls attention to the extraordinary growth of this corporation's annual contribution to the investing class. Within the last decade the annual cash dividends disbursed by the A. T. & T. have just about tripled, reflecting profits multiplied 3 times over since 1918.

The cash dividends to the owners of this great communications trust amounted in 1927 to \$97,379,934. This year they will run to more than \$100,000,000 while within a year they will exceed \$166,000,000. Ten years ago the annual dividends amounted to \$35,229,639.

The telephone trust's regular method of expanding its capital is to offer stockholders the right to subscribe to a certain number of shares at par. As the shares always have a market value considerably over par such an offering really includes what amounts to a stock dividend.

This year's offering gave the right to subscribe to 1 new share for each 6 shares held. The present market value of a share of American T. & T. stock is about \$175 which makes the right to subscribe worth something more than \$12 a share. Altogether the transaction may be reckoned as a gift of more than \$125,000,000 to the stockholders.

The growth of telephone profits and dividends since 1918 is shown in the table:

Year	Profits	Dividends	Super Profits
1918	\$45,901,322	\$35,229,639	
1919	44,395,791	35,356,334	
1920	51,821,216	35,376,793	
1921	54,002,704	42,674,403	
1922	66,170,428	52,971,252	
1923	81,692,181	63,274,388	
1924	91,046,321	70,918,227	
1925	107,405,046	81,044,426	
1926	116,990,400	86,496,345	
1927	128,614,910	97,379,934	

Much publicity is being given the elaborate machinery to make sure that every one of the 430,000 stockholders hears of the opportunity to subscribe to new shares of stock. The object of all this noise is to convince the public that the ownership of the telephone trust is widely distributed among small investors.

The stockholders average about 26 shares apiece. This average at par means an investment of \$2600 in a single block of stock, which puts it

Grano then caused the conference hall to be surrounded and arrested everyone in it. The conference in question was a normal district conference of the Italian Communist Party, which at the time was perfectly legal, it being prohibited only on November 9, 1926. No matter. Sentences: Eduardo Voccolo, 12 years and 6 months' hard labor; Giuseppe LaTorre, 12 years and 3 months' hard labor; Consiglio Carmignani, 6 years and 8 months' hard labor; Angelo de Roma, 6 years and 3 months' hard labor; Attilio Viola, 6 years and 3 months' hard labor; Francesco Nardelli, 6 years and 3 months' hard labor; Giuseppe Guarino, 5 years hard labor; Pietro Dal Conso, 4 years and 2 months' hard labor; Rodolfo Raffoni, 4 years and 2 months' hard labor; Fosco Marinelli, 4 years and 2 months' hard labor; Egidio Valeri, 4 years' hard labor; Olimpio Crocicchia, 3 years and 4 months' hard labor; W. Voccoli, 3 years' hard labor; Francesco Manzi, 2 years' hard labor; Maria Schirano, 2 years' hard labor; total, 87 years' hard labor. ("Corriere della Sera," April 29, 1928.)

## Why Every Miner Should Be a Communist

By JOHN PEPPER

What the WORKERS (Communist) PARTY stands for and why every miner should join it.

Five Cents

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## TWO COMMUNIST PAPERS STOPPED IN COLUMBIA

### See Dictatorship Looming

BOGOTA, Columbia, July 16.—Whether the law "against Communism" submitted by the Colombian government is accepted by the two chambers of parliament or not, the Colombian government will pursue its relentless suppression of any labor movement, according to its own declaration.

There is considerable opposition in both chambers against the "law against Communism," which would not only attempt to suppress any labor movement, organizations, strikes or labor press, but would even put in danger any bourgeois liberal publication and facilitate the establishment of an uncontrolled conservative dictatorship, which is now in the making. For these reasons the liberal deputies of the chamber and even a few conservative senators oppose this bill.

Though its ultimate acceptance is possible, several liberal and conservative deputies and senators have attempted to remove the worst and most "elastic" sections and to delay its acceptance by obstruction.

In answer to the speeches of a deputy who asserted that this law would make any public activity impossible, the minister of finance, spokesman of the government said: "The government will defend society when that law is passed, but it is also prepared to defend it, even if the law is not passed."

In the meantime the official organ of the Colombian section of the Communist Party, "La Humanidad," of Cali, and other labor paper, partly edited by Communists, the "Voz Populi," of Medellin, have been suppressed.

## \$180,000 Asked for Injuries to Worker

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 16.—Three suits asking damages aggregating \$180,000, were filed by workers in federal court here today against the Pennsylvania Railroad. The plaintiffs, all from Altoona, Pa., seek damages as follows:

Carl Rider, \$30,000 for a crushed foot, injury sustained in Altoona yards.

Mrs. Sarah Isett, \$75,000 for the death of her husband Roy, who was killed June 14.

Mrs. Essie May Brees, \$75,000 for the death of her husband John, killed May 20.

## 159 New York Workers Lost Lives In June

ALBANY, N. Y., July 16 (UP).—One hundred and fifty-nine workers lost their lives while in pursuit of their regular occupations in the state during June, James A. Hamilton, industrial commissioner, reported today. The ages of the workers ranged between 16 and 85. Among those killed were 5 women, all more than 21, seven men less than 21 and six men more than 70.

Of the 159 deaths, the New York district reported almost two-thirds Albany 22, Buffalo 15, Syracuse 10 and Rochester 10.

## A Self-Study Corner

in the

# July Communist

Here is a new and welcomed feature in the July issue of the ever-improving and growing Communist.

The lesson this month is entitled "Leninism and War." It contains an outline, questionnaire and references.

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## What I Saw in China

by TOM MANN

For the past three years the Chinese masses have been struggling for freedom from the clutches of Imperialism. Everyone nowadays is either talking or writing China.

Tom Mann, "grand old man" of the British labor movement, contributes his observations after a stay of six months in China with the International Workers Delegation.

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## Crowds View Bier of Carranza, Mexican Dictator



The so-called "Good Will" flight of Capt. Emilio Carranza, Mexican Dictator, was cut short tragically when his plane crashed in New Jersey, killing the flyer. Photo on left shows Mexican dignitaries before the bier of the dead aviator. Photo on right shows crowd waiting to view the body.

## FASCISTS FRAME MORE WORKERS

### Two Trials In Rome Every Week

GENEVA, July 16.—A new trial of 21 anti-fascists began last week in Rome before the Special Tribunal. They are charged, as usual, with "plotting to overthrow the state power."

The chief defendant is Luigi Scarmigian, who is charged with reorganizing the Communist Party of Italy. To be tried with him are: Ardicio Donegani, Cristino Rossini, Alcide Bertelli, Umberto Tangenti, Pietro Tosani, Carlo Tofarelli, Italo Nicoletti, Marcelle Verdina, Luigi Bardaloni, Luigi Vivaldini, Luigi Gatta, Dante Mozzo, Alessandro Valzelli, Giuseppe Mazzanini, Tomasco Imperadori, Antonio Gheno, Cesare Bagni and Primo Ghidinielli.

Judging from the verdicts that have been handed down regularly twice a week against groups of anti-fascists and Communists, frightful punishments are to be expected.

## G O P NEGRO SOLD PUBLIC OFFICES

### Indictment Returned Against Howard

BILOXI, Miss., July 16.—An indictment charging sale of public offices in Mississippi has been returned against Perry W. Howard, national Negro republican committeeman, by the federal grand jury here, it became known today.

The indictments were returned Saturday but were not made public until today. Howard is now in Washington.

## Speaks to Negroes, Pastor May Lose Job

OLD CHURCH, Va., July 16.—The Reverend W. L. Lipscomb, preacher at a white church here, may lose his job because he accepted an invitation to preach at a nearby church attended by Negroes.

In the last 15 years, four preachers have been expelled from the same church for addressing Negro congregations.

## PALESTINE PRISONERS CALL HUNGER STRIKE

BEIRUT, Palestine, (By Mail).—When the political prisoners in the Jerusalem jail were just about to set out on their allotted walk, they were ordered to return to their cells, because the time had not quite come for their airing. When the prisoners resisted slightly, they were brutally taken in hand by the police and beaten. Prisoner Kaniewski's nose was broken. They were all forcibly dragged to their cells. The feeling of the prisoners was aroused at this injustice and they declared a hunger and thirst strike.

Tortured. When the wardens discovered the determination of the prisoners, three of the hunger strikers, Kaniewski, Seidmann and Langmann, were dragged into a cell, strongly bound, and each one was given twelve strokes of a hide whip on their naked bodies. When the commander saw that the strokes were too "weak" he grabbed the whip and beat them himself. The cries of pain of the beaten prisoners and the calls of protest from the other prisoners filled the jail for hours. The three strikers were then taken into separate dark cells and put in chains. Following this the numerous other political prisoners decided to go on a hunger strike. They decided to begin the strike on June 6, since they were assured that the workers would take up the struggle for the rights of class war prisoners.

Defends Terrorists. The report of this incident, with many serious omissions, was given to the English representative in Palestine, who telegraphed it to England, where it led to some discussion in the House of Commons. The labor member of parliament Kenworthy, asked the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Amery whether he knew of this incident and whether it were possible for the House to make a decision on it. The secretary defended the terrorists of the Jerusalem jail and added: "Beating is a customary punishment for misdemeanors in prison and His Honor the English Minister has declared that this punishment was just."

On the question whether it was a crime to be a member of the Communist Party in Palestine, Mr. Amery declared that he was not in the position to answer this question. The Red Aid of Palestine has decided not to allow this crime against the political prisoners to go unanswered. All over the country protest meetings are being held and the workers demand special rights for political prisoners.

## ARRESTED FOR MURDER

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 16 (UP).—The Rev. Alphonse Steel, 41, was arrested here today on advice of Fort Valley, Ga., authorities, who said he is wanted there on a charge of murder.

HELENA, Mont., July 16 (UP).—Damage estimated at more than \$1,500,000 was caused by fire in the business district here today.

## The Organization of a World Party

By OSIP PIATNITSKY

15 Cents

What are the various sections of the Communist International doing? Germany, France, U. S., England, Italy? What are their achievements, shortcomings and future tasks?

B. Vasiliev, reviewing this pamphlet in the May 1 issue of the Communist International, says:

"Every active member of every Communist Party in capitalist countries must have a copy of Comrade Piatnitsky's little book among the number of absolutely necessary handbooks on everyday Party work."

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## Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place  
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.  
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.  
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue  
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.  
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

## MILITANCY OF ROSARIO LABOR ALARMS BOSSES

### Argentine City Is Rid Of Strikebreakers

ROSARIO, Argentine, July 16.—Continuing their attempts to break the organizations of the harbor and other workers, whose increase in strength and militancy during the last few months has been alarming the merchants and authorities of this and other cities throughout the Argentine, a number of large business houses here have announced that they will not open their doors until the future attitude of the strikers warrants. This is understood to mean until the strikers continue driving strikebreakers out of Rosario.

The commercial firms shut their doors in protest against the success of the workers and their organizations in ridding the city of scabs.

Traffic in Rosario harbor continues to be impeded as the ship owners and exporters have failed to come to satisfactory terms with the men.

The efforts of the ship owners to import an army of strikebreakers, has failed, hundreds of those brought into the city having been run out again by the unions.

Practic appeals of the owners to the municipal authorities have failed to bring other results than a number of arrests which have in no way materially altered the situation.

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states. Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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# I. W. W. "KING'S" SPEECH SHOWS SEAMEN WHY WOBBLIES PLAY NO REAL PART ON WATERFRONT

(By a Seaman Correspondent)

James P. Thompson, the recognized king of the I. W. W., spoke to a small gathering of about seventy-five people recently at the corner of Whitehall and South Sts. After listening to about one hour and a half of his tirade against the Workers (Communist) Party, we can readily understand why the

I. W. W. is playing such an insignificant part in the American Labor movement today. Thompson's efforts to confuse the minds of the audience, showing the Workers (Communist) Party in the role of the old bourgeois political parties, and in many cases referring to the Workers Party as labor politicians, was laughed at by the audience, many of whom understood the role it is playing in the struggle for the liberation of the workers and farmers from the yoke of capitalist

slavery. Referring to Communist activities against imperialism in China and Nicaragua, Thompson says that they should let foreign imperialists exploit the masses in those countries until they become industrial proletarians, before organizing them on a revolutionary basis, thus showing that the I. W. W. can be placed in the same category as the "socialist" party, evolutionary, instead of revolutionary.

The save-the-union movement is a

failure, Thompson maintains, not mentioning the fact that this movement has drawn thousands of organized miners, as well as unorganized, from the reactionary Lewis machine, and is organizing them in a new miners' union with a militant program and leadership.

The Passaic strike was led to the slaughter by the A. F. of L. reactionary officialdom, says Thompson, but little does he know that the militant rank and file workers who led that strike went into the A. F.

of L. with it, or that in this present strike of the New Bedford textile mills we see something big appearing on the horizon as a result of the activities of the Communists in these two fields.

He also referred to the International Seamen's Club program for forming marine workers' progressive committees as a failure and as a dual organization, but "King" Thompson might bear in mind that the marine transport workers of the I. W. W. has been in the field for

seven years and today we can estimate its membership on all coasts at not more than two hundred and fifty, in this respect being surpassed by the International Seamen's Union of America, affiliated to the A. F. of L., who at least have a membership of 6,500, out of about 125,000-000 workers actually engaged in the marine industry.

Neither did Thompson mention why the M. T. W. of the I. W. W. had a membership of 45,000, which it had in the years of 1923 and 1924;

not a word was said as to why the I. W. W. refused to affiliate with the Red International of Labor Unions in 1921, and we can readily see that today it is only a national organization without any support from militant labor in other parts of the world.

The I. W. W. is a rank and file organization, he declared, but we must remind Thompson that the only time the I. W. W. amounted to anything was when the late Bill Hayward was dictating the policies

of the organization and when Hayward went to the Soviet Union the I. W. W. started to go haywire. The emergency split also helped its downfall to a great extent.

The I. W. W. today is not the I. W. W. of yesterday, and our reply to Thompson is to step aside and let something big take its place in the freeing of the American workers from capitalist exploitation, and that is the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

BLACKIE.

# Philadelphia Barbers' Demands Sold Out by Officialdom, Correspondent Reports

## HANDOUTS

This is a free country but in it some are little freer than others. Among those who got a big slice when liberty was passed around are the public utility corporations. They have the privilege of appearing in the schools and telling Johnny and Mary that the workers never could operate the utilities successfully and that the American system is O.K. even if papa is too poor to give them a dime on Saturday night to go to the movies.

The methods by which the corporations obtain these results are clearly shown in a letter from R. R. McGreggor, assistant director of the Illinois committee on Public Utility Information, to J. B. Sheridan, director of the Missouri committee:

"More recently we have adopted the plan of having a third party organization make the arrangement with the schools. In strict confidence the Illinois Chamber of Commerce handled it for us during the last summer. We, of course, paid the bill. We try to keep away from announcing the talks to have anything to do with public utilities, our last talks being on the government of business.

"In placing speakers before schools the job is most complete when you make arrangements with the speaker who should be an educator of the highest standing, well known and accepted throughout the state."

This is freedom of speech under capitalism. O curse if a poor worker wanted to deny the statements of the public utility hirling he has the freedom to go out into the woods and explain his position to a crowd of poison ivy and locust leaves. But unless he has the backing of the Chamber of Commerce and the spare change to bribe the states' leading educator he wouldn't make connections with the public school audience.

Emerald, the class conscious ant, says: "America imports \$10,000,000 worth of diamonds annually from South Africa and New York ferry workers toil 19 hours in a row on 'undays.'"

## Clean Cut Art



White soap sculptors are exhibiting their work at the Fourth Annual Small Sculptures Exhibition at an Anderson Art Galleries. Above: Anita Morton of Montclair, N. J., is working on some of the work in wax. After the sculptors finish their work for the day they wash up with a piece of marble.

## Police Can Do Nothing in Hobo "Jungle"

BURLINGTON, Ia. (FP).—The hobo jungle in Burlington is controlled by an ex-hobo who rented small piece of land adjacent to the city. He uses part for his shack garden. The balance he devotes to a "jungle," equipped with tables, chairs, and other things dear to a traveling hobo. Since it is private property, neither the railroad nor the city police can drive the hobos out.

## AGREE TO TERMS OF MASTERS AT \$32.50 PER WEEK

### Urge Rank and File War On Treason

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, July 14. (By Mail).—At the last meeting of the Philadelphia Central Labor Union, on Sunday, July 8, Brother Dougherty of the Hosiery Workers Union disclosed the fact that Brother Allison, business agent of the District Council of the Building Trades, had lunched his bread on both sides at the expense of the union, and had proceeded to eat it. Brother Allison was sent as a delegate to the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor convention with the understanding that the Central Labor Union would have to bear no expense, since Allison is a paid official of the Building Trades. But lo! and behold! at the meeting in June Allison and his friends had pushed through a bill of expenses of \$50 for the 4 days of convention!

Criticism Suppressed

Dougherty was then steam-rolled in beautiful style, being ruled out of order in several different ways. All the cronies in the C. L. U. rushed to the defense of the fat boy who, as representative of the Building Trades machine, plays a substantial role in controlling the reactionary C. L. U. One of these rescuing knights was Brother McKew, international vice-president of Major Barry's Printing Pressmen, who, among other things, notified Philadelphia labor that he had just returned from the Democratic convention at Houston.

Allison's \$50 are safe. Dougherty will be carefully straightened out and will "forget" about bringing the matter up at the next meeting, to which it was referred. Unsubstantiated workers who did not understand previously why Allison weighs about 350 pounds, are now beginning to see the light.

### Meeting Reactionary

The rest of the meeting went off in true reactionary fashion. A report of the strike situation developing among the Philadelphia Journeymen Barbers was made. The journeymen barbers are demanding an increase in wages from \$32.50 a week to \$35.00, and a decrease in hours from 57 to 53 a week. The master barbers insist on a cut in wages to \$28.00, and the old 57-hour week. In the negotiations of the union officials with the master barbers the officialdom agreed to the old rate of \$32.50 a week, selling out the demands of the rank and file in order to avoid a struggle against their "friends."

However, the master barbers were not satisfied with this sell-out. They knew that the limit of betrayal of these labor fakery had not yet been reached. They insisted on the cut to \$28.00. A strike will ensue, and the Central Labor Union decided to "co-operate and support the journeymen barbers." With the misleaders that they do have, being assisted by the labor fakery in the C. L. U., the rank and file workers will have to take things into their own hands, and behind the leadership of the T. U. E. L., put up a fight against the betrayal by these false leaders.

### More Anti-Labor Policies

The great, noisy campaign of the Elevator Constructors and Operators to organize the handful of operators in the Snellenberg store, and against the anti-union policy of that concern, was again inflicted on the C. L. U. after everybody thought it had died. The organization method of Frank Feehey's outfit are certainly interesting, if not particularly novel. There is no picketing. That is unthinkable with Injunction-Judge McDevitt just around the corner. No tens of thousands of letters and postcards are being signed by trade unionists in Philadelphia, and have been sent to the Snellenberg store, declaring that no business would be done with that firm until they recognized the Elevator Constructors and Operators.

Thus far, the Snellenberg store hasn't budged, although the Elevator Constructors claim to have sent 40,000 letters. They intend fighting along this line, even if it takes all summer. With a fighting, competent leadership, not only the elevator operators, who are only a handful, but the thousands of girls and young men who sweat in the department stores of Philadelphia for \$10, \$12 and \$15 for 50 hours a week could be organized with half the money expended. But the Feeheys do not want to fight. They think that it is easier, and it is, to

# STRIKE!

To All Shirt Makers in Perth Amboy:  
SUPPORT THE STRIKE IN THE JACO CO.  
ORGANIZE 100% FOR A SHIRT MAKERS' UNION IN PERTH AMBOY!

We, the workers in the Jaco Co., have gone on strike against a wage-cut. Our wages were very low before the cut. Now they are still lower and it is impossible to get along on them. Our factory walked out 100% against the wage-cut.

SHIRT-WORKERS! All of you have received a cut, too. Those who are not cut yet can expect one if the workers do not put up a fight against it. The reason we have all received such wage-cuts is because we are not organized into a union.

STRIKE AGAINST THE WAGE-CUT! If we all go out the bosses will have to listen to us and give us our demands.

- WE DEMAND:
- 1.—RECOGNITION OF OUR UNION SO THAT WE WILL BE PROTECTED AGAINST FURTHER CUTS!
  - 2.—NO WAGE-CUT!
  - 3.—AT LEAST \$20 FOR EACH WORKER!
  - 4.—JOBS BACK TO THOSE WORKERS WHO WERE FIRED WHEN THE CUT CAME!
  - 5.—8-HOUR DAY! 44-HOUR WEEK!
  - 6.—NO PIECE WORK!
- JOIN THE STRIKE!  
DON'T BE YELLOW!!

UNITED WE WILL WIN OUR DEMANDS!!!  
JACO COMPANY SHOP COMMITTEE  
383 1/2 STATE ST.

## PRISONERS SLAVE IN GEORGIA STATE FARM

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

I have had a fifteen thousand mile adventure in the U. S. A. of which I am now writing to you. I will tell you about America as I found it in my travels in the highways.

I found in the great, free America as I traveled over it, institutions that are called work-houses and reform schools, penitentiaries, poor houses and orphan's homes. Here you find what America really is. Is it free? It certainly is not.

## POLICE BREAK UP CHICAGO MEETING

### 5 Speakers Arrested; Brutally Handled

WAUKEGAN, Ill., July 16.—Five members of the Young Workers (Communist) League were arrested here yesterday when police broke up an open air meeting that was being held by the League.

The meeting had been progressing peacefully until a well-dressed spectator began to interrupt the speaker and ask questions. The speaker answered all the questions he asked, but the man continued to disturb the meeting. The crowd of workers, who had been listening to the speakers, asked him to keep quiet and listen. He refused to do so, and notified the police that "some Reds are starting a riot."

The police came, and without even questioning the speaker, Sam Herman, or requesting him to stop speaking, pulled him from the stand and placed him under arrest.

Immediately after this, Ray Ahola mounted the stand to protest. He was also arrested. Three others who started to protest against the police tactics and continue the meeting were pulled down and placed under arrest in quick succession. The police handled all of the speakers brutally, and tore the clothes off one.

Until the interruption, over two hundred workers had cheered continually the speaker's explanation of the role of the United States government in working hand in hand with the exploiters of the working class.

After being in jail for several hours, all were released on bail except Sam Herman. The police kept him in jail with the statement that he was "under investigation."

The Young Workers (Communist) League, however, will continue to hold these open-air meetings regularly every week at the same corner.

## Man Drowns as Many Are Saved in Flood

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—One man was drowned when the Perkiomen Creek, swollen by heavy rains during the last few days, overflowed its banks yesterday into the Perkiomen Valley, north of here. Scores of summer campers were rescued from tents and bungalows, many of which were carried away by the floods.

The man who was drowned was William Bloomer, 21 years old, who lost his life when he set out with two friends in a canoe to explore the flooded area.

Does dear old Al Smith know about this? I'm sure he does. Do Hoover and Coolidge and all the priests and salvation armists know this? They do. Why don't they do anything about it? It's because this is a capitalist country and because religious institutions are poisoning the minds of the workers and not for helping them.

These capitalist birds sing "Where is My Wandering Boy Tonight." Yes, he's to be found in such institutions as the Georgia farm, for lack of a job, or else he's 6 feet under from drinking the black bottle given him while he was sick.

No Aid To Workers.

None of these guys will help any workers. They'll only fool them with ideas about becoming president some day. Repeat the constitution to any judge in Georgia today and

## SUB WORKERS ARE VICTIMS OF EXPLOITATION

### Union Man Forced to Earn Boy's Wages

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

The foundation and subway contractors of this city have an organization for mutual protection. The executives had a meeting recently to devise some means for preventing the night-watchman from selling their gasoline and oils to the taxi drivers and other auto owners. They have also been selling their materials to the small contractors.

It was suggested by an outsider that if these companies paid their workers a living wage they would not have to become thieves in order to secure an existence. If these contractors paid a living wage they would have all their men be reliable and honest and would not be engaging illiterates, drunkards and ex-convicts, which types have never been union men and never will be.

The A. F. of L. needs this kind of men so that they may shake the bosses down, as Brindell did. I'd like it explained to me why the A. F. of L. union man turns his work over to a man who is widely known as a strict non-union man and works with non-union help on a union job. You will find a man working on 17th St. as a night watchman, who claims to be a "socialist" and a union coal-miner from Pennsylvania. How can this man be working 14 hours a day and seven days a week for a boy's wages and yet call himself a union man? He is a good sample of the A. F. of L.'s method of bettering the conditions of the workers.

## CANDIDATES IN COLORADO SOON

### Plan Workers Party Convention in Denver

DENVER, Colo., July 16.—The Colorado State Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held in Denver, in the Barnes School Auditorium, 1410 Glenarm Pl., on July 28, beginning at 7:30 p. m.

Delegations of miners, steel workers, packing house workers, department store clerks and working farmers will be present. One speaker for each industry, one for the Negro workers, one for the Young Workers (Communist) League, and one for the Young Pioneers will be given the platform. The nominating and acceptance speeches will then be in order.

Practically all state offices and some county offices will have Communist candidates in the present election campaign.

## Two French Workers Trapped in Cave-In

PARIS, July 16.—Two Italian workers, trapped alive when the walls of a tunnel near Bramans Savoie caved in Friday night, were fed milk through a 20-foot rubber tube late today when rescue workers had established communication with them.

The men are Joseph Massiglio 25, and Joseph Peccos, 26. The French women who were trapped in the cave-in died of injuries.

The two survivors complained of cold and hunger when the rescue party first established communication with them.

The bodies of the victims of the collapse had not been recovered late tonight because of the great danger to workers who were attempting to reach them.

he will tell you politely to forget it since it was dead and buried when Jefferson and Tom Paine died. The declaration of independence also died with these men, the learned judge says.

But there are many scissor-bills, lickspittles of the capitalists. They say they are getting by when they don't even always get mission flops and hardly ever can beg enough for coffee an. They expect pie in the sky, but I for one would prefer it on earth.

Well, this is only a very little bit of what I have seen and experienced. But you can bet I'll write more about this glorious United States that beats up workers when they want to do something for themselves.

JOHN WM. FITZGERALD.

## Arnold Volpe Outstanding Figure in Musical World

ARNOLD VOLPE is universally recognized as one of the few conductors of the foremost rank. His many activities in the cause of musical art, both here and abroad, have made him pre-eminent in the musical realm. They stamp him as an outstanding figure in the musical life of the nation.

Coincident with his activities in the orchestral field of conducting, he is prominent as a violinist, chamber music performer, teacher and composer. His greatest achievements are as founder and conductor of organizations that have proven important factors in the education and musical growth of America. They have made musical history.

Arnold Volpe's criticisms attest his genius as a conductor of extraordinary ability. He is in sympathy with all schools of compositions, from Bach and the early masters of classical literature, through the romanticists, including Caesar Franck, the modernists Richard Strauss and Debussy, as well as the ultra-modern Stravinsky. There is a well balanced mixture of power and poetry in his interpretations. Virility and delicacy contrasted to an infinite degree. Elasticity of tempo consonant with the mood reflected, all resting upon a solid foundation of masterly musicianship, potent personality, impartial sincerity and well balanced poise. He has a very retentive memory and, therefore, conducts without a score.

He has the power to sway an audience, and the performers are enthusiastic over his interpretations. That he makes composition pulsate with a life-like spirit by his inspired fervor, poetic warmth and sympathetic understanding is manifested by the numerous testimonials in the form of criticisms which have appeared in the press throughout the country. Such is the art of Arnold Volpe.

Born in Russia, Arnold Volpe began to study the violin at the Warsaw Institute of Music. Later he became a pupil of the noted Leopold Auer at the Imperial Conservatory of St. Petersburg (Leningrad). He graduated with highest honors. He concentrated for two years, then again re-entered the same institution for the purpose of mastering theory and composition. He received his second diploma, after completing his studies with Nikolai Soloviev.

In 1898, Arnold Volpe came to the United States. Among his numerous activities some of the outstanding achievements are as follows:

In 1918, Arnold Volpe founded and conducted the Lewishon Stadium concerts. It was the first attempt to democratize symphonic music. Also the first successful symphony concerts given at popular prices under the stars, a pioneer achievement, which is being imitated throughout the musical world.

In 1904, Arnold Volpe became founder and conductor of the Volpe Symphony Orchestra.

Its programs featured the works of native composers, attracting wide-spread attention. The performances won national recognition for its leader.

In 1902, Arnold Volpe founded the Young Men's Symphony Orchestra of this city. Hundreds of young students have become professional musicians under the expert guidance of this remarkable leader. In the symphony orchestras throughout the country these same young men are becoming famous as concert masters and leaders of their respective

choirs.

Volpe will conduct a symphony orchestra of fifty musicians at the postponed concert, which is scheduled for next Saturday night at the Coney Island Stadium.

**AMUSEMENTS**

**BOOTH** Thea., 45 St. W. of B'way  
Evenings 8:30  
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30

**GRAND ST. FOLLIES**  
CHANNING'S 46th St. W. of Broadway  
Evenings 8:15  
Mats. Wed. & Sat.  
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S  
MUSICAL SMASH

**GOOD NEWS**  
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

**The LADDER**  
SEATS NOW ON SALE  
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.  
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.  
Even. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.  
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied  
With Play.

**LUNA** The Heart of Coney Island  
May Wirth, Phil & Family  
in BIG FREE CIRCUS  
BAFFLE OF CHATEAU-THERRY  
Luna's Great Swimming Pool  
50 Acres of Real Fun

**Kelth-CAMEO** 42d & B'way  
Albee Wis. 1788  
Premiere Rev. "STARK LOVE"  
also Robert Flaherty's "MOANA" and  
"The Birth of Films," Charlie Chaplin's  
first screen test

**GREETINGS IMPERIALISTS**  
ROME, July 16 (UP).—Premier Mussolini was to receive today a delegation of 120 Italian industrialists, residents in France, who are touring the country.

**TO ALL OUR READERS:**

**PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTIZERS**

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**DAILY WORKER**

83 FIRST STREET NEW YORK CITY

## TRUFOOD BOSS' BROTHER JOINS PICKET LINE

### Waiters, Waitresses on 3 Weeks' Strike

(By a Worker Correspondent)

A large crowd was witnessing the latest developments of the waiters' strike of the Trufood Restaurants.

Henry Saser, the brother of one of the owners, was arrested for picketing. Previously he made a statement for the labor press in which he said that his sympathy is with the strikers and if his brother would refuse to sign a settlement he himself would join the picket line of the strikers.

On Wednesday, July 11, he appeared on the picket line with a large placard. It read as follows: "The Demands of the Strikers are Justified." The other side read: "The proprietor of the Trufood is my brother—My Sympathy is with the Strikers."

The strike of the waitresses and waiters is entering its third week. The bosses still refuse the just demands which are nine instead of thirteen hours work per day for the waitresses, ten and fifteen dollars per week for the waitresses instead of seven dollars per week and twelve dollars per week for the waiters instead of twelve dollars.

—N. J.

**4 KILLED IN CLIMB**  
GENEVA, July 16 (UP).—Four Frenchmen were killed today, when they attempted to climb Breithorn. The men were without guides. The accident was said to be the worst in mountaineering history in this district within the last 25 years.

**SENTENCED TO DEATH**  
TOLEDO, O., July 16 (UP).—Charles Hoppe, former Toledo chauffeur, who kidnaped and murdered 7-year-old Dorothy Szlagowski several weeks ago, was sentenced to death in the electric chair today.

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**A Worker's Tour to Soviet Russia**

TO WITNESS THE CELEBRATION OF THE NOVEMBER REVOLUTION

"EVERY WORKER SHOULD PARTICIPATE"

The Group Sails October 17th on the Cunard Express Steamer "MAURETANIA"

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RETURN WARSAW BERLIN PARIS

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69 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK CITY Telephone: ALGONQUIN 6900.

# YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE HOLDS BIG CONFERENCE

## 100 Delegates Present From Many Shops

More than 100 delegates from all of the units of the Communist Youth League were present at an organizational conference that was held yesterday in the Workers Center.

The question of organization of shop nuclei was the main point on the order of business and many were present from large shops and from New Jersey.

Yusem, representative of the National Executive Committee, the first reporter, spoke on the letter sent by the Young Communist International to the American League. He analyzed the reasons for the League's failure to establish more shop nuclei in the large factories and pointed out that the shop nucleus was the basis of organization of every Communist Youth League.

Frankfeld, acting district organizer, reported for the District Executive Committee on the general situation in New York and New Jersey. The workers, and especially the young workers, show greater willingness to struggle, he said.

After a detailed report on the social composition of the New York membership, the various leaflets and bulletins issued in the past six months, he reported a dues paying membership of over 600 in the New York League.

Jack Perria, reporting on the Working Youth Conference to be held in September, pointed out that the two so-called Brookwood youth conferences had succeeded in exposing the inability of the progressives in organizing the young workers and showed that in this period of greater fighting powers on the part of the workers the youth will and must play an important role.

The League set a minimum of 10 shop nuclei as the aim of its present factory work.

One active worker in the Perth Amboy strike reported on the developments in the shop, the spirit of the workers and the militancy of the shirt makers. It is the aim of the strikers, she said, to spread the strike to all 2,000 shirt makers in Perth Amboy.

A general discussion lasting several hours followed. Representatives from the International Handkerchief Company, from Klein's Department Store, from Wasserman Clothing Company, shoe factories, fur pointing shops, millinery shops, a radio factory and many other factories reported. All pledged themselves to work for the organization of shop nuclei and of the masses of young workers in the factories into unions.

The conference, it was declared, marked a great step forward in the work of the New York League and will serve to mobilize the entire league membership in the campaign to organize the working youth of the city and to build the Communist Youth movement on the basis of shop nuclei.

# MOONEY MEET IN CLEVELAND SOON

## Campaign to Start on Twelfth Anniversary

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 16.—On July 27, the twelfth anniversary of the jailing of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, Cleveland will hold its first mass meeting to open the campaign for the release of the two labor leaders who were thrown into prison in one of the biggest labor frame-ups in history.

Under the auspices of the local organization of the International Labor Defense, a mass meeting will be held on the Public Square on July 27, beginning at 8 p. m. Leaders of various labor and fraternal organizations will speak on the different phases of the case, and will lay the foundation for a real mass movement fighting for Mooney and Billings.

All workers and all those who are sympathetic to the cause of labor, are urged to participate in this meeting so that the campaign may be started with a strong foundation.

# SHOE WORKERS' PICNIC JULY 22ND

## Affair Expected to Draw Thousands

The arrangements committee in charge of the shoe workers' picnic has announced that it expects an unusually large attendance at the affair, which will be held on Sunday, July 22, at Hauses Park and Casino, 463 Flushing Ave., Astoria, Long Island.

A first-class concert program has been arranged; there will also be dancing, good music, refreshments and other enjoyments.

This picnic is to celebrate the unification of all former groups under the banner of the Independent Shoe Workers Union of Greater New York, it was announced.

# American Olympic Stars Sail for Spectacular Amsterdam Sports Meet



Several hundred American athletes, so-called amateurs, have sailed to take part in the Olympic track and field meet at Amsterdam, which is held every four years. Photo shows the President Roosevelt, in which the athletes sailed.

# REFUSE AID TO SHIRT STRIKERS

## Amalgamated Officials Keep Scab Cutter

(Special To DAILY WORKER.) PERTH AMBOY, N. J., July 16.—"Obligations" on the part of Amalgamated Clothing Workers' representatives who have been sent here from New York to lead the strike of the young shirt workers "prevented" them from offering any aid to the strikers, it was stated yesterday.

The young strikers continue their struggle against the wage-cut and speed-up with the same spirit and enthusiasm which marked the inception of the strike, last Tuesday. Members of the League Workers (Communist) League picketed with the strikers yesterday as they have each day of the strike.

Workers expressed their indignation at a conference between the bosses and an Amalgamated official not sanctioned by the Strike Committee.

The Amalgamated officials have refused to call out a cutter who is scabbing and is a member of the Amalgamated. Since they are not "responsible" for the strike they will allow this scabbing to go on, they say.

Because the Amalgamated officials refused to call out the other shirt factories on strike and because they stated that the bosses would sooner settle the strike with them than with the Strike Committee, the strikers have insisted that before they affiliate with the Amalgamated that the officials must call out the scabbing cutter, that the Amalgamated lend financial support to the strike and that the Strike Committee itself must retain the leadership of the strike even when the shirt workers affiliate with them. The young strikers received the foregoing in a report given by Veronica Kovacs, militant strike leader, with great enthusiasm.

Pledges Support. P. Frankfeld of the Young Workers (Communist) League, who pledged the support of his organization yesterday and donated \$10 to help carry on the strike was met with great enthusiasm. He told them that in Monday's picketing they would be helped by 15 members of the organization he represented. Lottie Marks, member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, who has aided the strikers since the beginning of the strike and has picketed with them each day, was also greeted with applause by the strikers. She urged the strikers to continue with their militant work and praised them for having kept their ranks intact.

Police halted a distribution of leaflets Friday at the Raritan Shirt Factory because it called on the workers to go on strike against an imminent wage-cut. This persecution made the Jaco Co. strikers more determined to spread the struggle throughout Perth Amboy. Leaflets will be distributed to the shirt factories here tomorrow, it was said.

Another Reverend Is Named By "Socialists"

ALBANY, N. Y., July 16 (FP).—The socialist party's New York State convention ended here today with the selection of candidates and the endorsement of a plank favoring "light wines and beer."

The convention nominated the following candidates: Louis A. Waldman of New York, for governor.

Rev. Herman J. Hahn of Buffalo, for lieutenant governor.

William Karlin of New York for attorney general. Mrs. Elizabeth D. Roth of Buffalo for state comptroller. Hezikiah Wilcox of Elmira for judge of the court of appeals.

McAlister Coleman of Brooklyn, for United States senator.

Three Workers Killed In Locomotive Blast

MONTREAL, Que., July 16.—The engineer, fireman, and conductor of a Canadian Pacific freight train were killed today near Glacier, B. C., when the boiler of the engine exploded. The Canadian Pacific officials said that the explosion was caused by a water shortage.

The dead are M. Rogers, engineer; W. Stanbury, fireman; and W. Clay, conductor, all of Revelstoke.

INDEPENDENT PLANE COMING HARTFORD, Conn., July 16 (UP).—The Bellanca sesquiplane Roma, which Captain Cesar Sabelli hopes to pilot from New York to Rome, was expected early tomorrow for final motor tests at the Pratt and Whitney Aircraft Company hangar.

# Oregon to Cooperate With U. S. Investors

## MEXICO CITY, July 15.—A persistent policy of understanding between the Mexican government and American investors was forecast by President-elect Obregon in his speech at Guadalajara yesterday.

"Our foreign relations," Obregon asserted, "will be conducted in a spirit of harmony and mutual cooperation."

Ambassador Morrow recently returned to Mexico after a stay in the United States where he is known to have conferred with bankers regarding a Mexican loan.

# TRACTION PLAN IS MADE PUBLIC

## Untermeyer Has New Bridge to 7c Fare

Plans for the acquisition of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation at a price still to be determined, for the organization of a so-called quasi-public corporation which will finance the newly reorganized subway lines, and for the possible capture of the Interborough in the event that road does not "concede" to the plan was made public yesterday by Samuel Untermeyer, special counsel to the Transit Commission who for the past nine months has been working on the scheme.

The five cent fare, according to Untermeyer, will be retained. This is the same announcement made by him last year on first making public his proposal which the present one resembles in practically every respect. It is known, however, that Untermeyer insists that the subways must be "self-supporting."

The newly constructed lines are in fact compelled by law to pay their way out of fare charges, which under the enormously overcapitalized valuations of the lines can never be accomplished. It is believed therefore that the Untermeyer plan is merely a "bridge" leading to a fare increase and the eventual turning over of the old lines together with the billion dollar new ones, normally to be under public control, to the operation and profit of a private company.

Another provision contemplated by the plan is the allowance to the present lines of enormous sums in the event of "recapture" for lines which have been allowed to depreciate and are now worth only a fraction of their recapture cost.

It is believed that the present willingness of B.-M. T. to do business is the confirmation of the charge that the Tammany Hall city administration and the state republican organization have fully reconciled whatever differences they may have previously had.

The time for the fare increase and for the billion dollar traction steal is said to be set for after election.

More than a score of members of this organization, led by no less a person than the former chief of the "education squad," and one of Beckerman's closest "pals," marched before the bank with large signs until dispersed by the police. The "educational squad" is a Beckerman creation used to terrorize the union members courageous enough to protest against the betrayals of the Amalgamated leadership.

The reason for the demonstration was explained by the slogans on the signs, which demanded that Hillman recognize the Shipping Clerks' local. This local also recently held a protest meeting against the statement of Hillman that no such local is in existence, and that the so-called officials are imposters. It was definitely ascertained at that time that the "leaders" of the local are in possession of an A. C. W. charter, which was revoked several years ago when Hillman signed a pact with the bosses agreeing to abolish the local. The "educational squad" chief is said to be trying to resurrect the shipping clerks' local.

Republican Politician Dies At Chicago

CHICAGO, July 15 (UP).—The death of Henry R. Rathbone, 57, republican congressman - at - large from Illinois, and nominee for reelection, at the Presbyterian hospital here today, will leave a vacancy on the republican ticket which will be filled by the party's state central committee. Richard Yates stands out prominently among possibilities for the nomination.

7,000 Will Attend the Seventh Annual Freiheit Picnic

Sunday, July 22nd, 1928

Baer's Grove, 3737 N. California Ave.

MAX BEDACHT District Organizer Workers (Communist) Party and Candidate for United States Senator, Will Speak

DANCING GAMES

Tickets in Advance, 35 Cents; At Gate, 45 Cents

Directions: Kedzie-California Ave. to Irving Pk. Blvd.

# BOSSSES SLASH TAILORS' WAGES

## A.C.W. Heads Help In Pay Reduction

Announcement by J. Freedman, one of the largest manufacturers in the men's clothing industry of the resumption of the week work system of manufacture came as an astonishing occurrence to the workers in the trade. Their surprise soon faded, however, when they saw their employer demand and receive from the union officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union permission to make a wage cut.

Following the merciless slashing of wages, workers explain, the boss immediately announced that the shop would go back to the piece-work system with the lower week work rate as a measure. By this method, the workers declare, the employer can nullify at will the piece-work rates originally agreed on when piece-work as a system went into effect.

The firm of Cohen and Lang, another large employer, adopted the same method to put over a wage reduction, it was learned.

Unemployed Open Forum: The second weekly open forum of unemployed tailors will be held this morning at 11 o'clock in the Workers Center, 23 Union Square, according to a circular distributed in the men's clothing workers market recently. The meeting is being sponsored by the Progressive Tailors League. Sam Lipsin, Nelson and other active members of the Amalgamated will participate in the discussion on the present status of the members of the union.

Another angle of the complete chaos existing in the ranks of the Amalgamated Union, which completely negates the contention of the Hillman administration that things are "harmonious" among the officials themselves, is the recent demonstration of "Shipping Clerks' Local 158 of the A. C. W." before the offices of the Amalgamated Bank on Union Square.

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Artificial Expedients. There you have it. The country has too much capital and still every possible means is adopted to assure that it will continue to produce an ever-increasing supply of capital. Instead of cutting down the share going to profits and increasing the share going to wages, the captains of credit manipulate redoubtable rates and talk learnedly about the probable effect of the sale of government securities by the federal reserve banks. In the eyes of LaSalle economists these are artificial means.

"The great wave of stock speculation," says the LaSalle bulletin, "offers a real problem for American business, but not the problem that it is usually represented to be. And the solution lies in artificial measures to curb speculation."

M. D. IS HELD. TORONTO, Ont., July 16 (UP).—Bail of \$50,000 was fixed today for Dr. Benjamin Cohen, charged with committing an illegal operation.

CHICAGO, ILL. CHILDREN UNDER 16 25c ALL DAY

PHONE HARRISON 2300 PLAYHOUSE UNDER 16 25c ALL DAY

410 South Michigan Boulevard

Unusual Motion Pictures—Performances Continuous Noon to Midnight

WEEK BEGINNING SUNDAY, JULY 15TH—First American Showing

"Germany's Side of the War"

"THE GERMAN BIG PARADE"—An amazing and truthful document photographed behind the German lines and at the front-line.

SEE—The Fall of Warsaw! The Exploits of the U-35!

ADDED ATTRACTION "THE MARRIAGE CIRCLE"

(Directed by Ernst Lubitsch)

A FILM MASTERPIECE—STARRING ADOLPHE MENJOU, MARIE PREVOST, MONTE BLAU and FLORENCE VIDOR

Vacation-Reading SUGGESTIONS

LENINISM—By J. Stalin ..... \$2.50

FOUNDATIONS OF IMPERIALIST POLICY—By M. Pavlovitch ..... 1.10

DIARY OF A COMMUNIST SCHOOLBOY—By Ogn'yov ..... 2.50

HISTORY OF THE FIRST INTERNATIONAL—By G. M. Stekloff ..... 3.50

# SURPLUS MONEY EMBARRASSING TO CAPITALISTS

## But Increased Wages Isn't Considered

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press)

Don't be fooled by all this talk about stock speculation being due to excessive brokers' loans and the cure being achieved by manipulation of the federal reserve rediscount rate on loans. It all deals with symptoms, instead of with the fundamental illness of the present economic order. The present fever of stock market gambling, which has been boosting the prices of stocks and bonds to unwarranted levels, is nothing more than a symptom of the unjust distribution of the country's income. The country's circular system is out of order.

Surplus Capital. Too much money is pouring into the treasuries of the investing class and too little is available for consumers. That is the real trouble.

The business bulletin of the LaSalle Extension University blurted out the truth about this big capitalist humbug. Probably it would have been more circumspect if written for any but business eyes. According to LaSalle the stock market inflation is due to the fact "that new capital flotations are not nearly large enough to absorb the surplus of investment capital that is available."

"In the past 5 1/2 years," says LaSalle, "new capital flotations have shown steady increases, from \$4,300,000,000 in 1923 to \$7,700,000,000 in 1927, but even with this annual expansion of \$700,000,000 during that five-year period new capital flotations have not been nearly large enough to absorb the new investment funds coming into the market. Our production and distribution facilities have been increased enormously during the last 5 1/2 years—both as to quantity and as to efficiency—and we have reached the point where it is becoming more and more difficult to make new capital assets return adequate profits. That is why such large proportions of available capital have been going into securities which represent the ownership of, or a claim against, existing assets.

"The large increase in the proportion of total capital financing represented by refusing issues and the unprecedented rise in the prices of so many stocks have the same origin. It is merely the case of a country having more capital than it has available uses for that capital."

When local 52 representatives proposed to reorganize the Joint Board organization committee, which had atrophied during Roberts stay as Joint Board manager, the proposal was carried despite Roberts strenuous opposition. After failing in an attempt to break up the meeting, Roberts left, followed by a few of his henchmen.

Before leaving Roberts announced the imminent arrival of another Zaitzky appointee called Gerther, a Chicago manager. The Joint Board declared that he would meet the same fate as Roberts.

G.O.P. OFFICIALS ARE INDICTED

BILOXI, Miss., July 16 (FP).—A federal grand jury investigation of alleged patronage in federal appointments in Mississippi will go into its second week Monday, with results already showing.

Four indictments were returned by the grand jury Saturday, and two of the men arrested. They were released later on bonds of \$10,000 each. A. P. Cook, former postmaster at Leakesville, Miss., was arrested Friday night, charged with falsifying records in his office.

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# WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach THE DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

Philadelphia Picnic. Workers (Communist) Party, District Three, will hold a picnic and carnival on Labor Day at Shutsen Park. Benjamin Gitlow will speak.

Chicago D. E. C. M. CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All

functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

Philadelphia Miners' Relief. PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic. PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Maple Park Grove on August 4, beginning at 9 a. m. and ending at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing, and musical programs will be added to the speeches of prominent members returned from the U. S. S. R. All are invited to attend.

CAP UNION MEET RAPS ZARITSKY

Chicago Joint Board Defies International

(Special To THE DAILY WORKER) CHICAGO, July 16.—Delegates of the Chicago Joint Board of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers International Union, at a meeting held here July 11, defeated the motion forced upon them by the general executive board's emissary J. Roberts, that the union wreck policies of President Zaritsky and Co. be endorsed, it was learned today.

Roberts insisted on a vote for this motion in a speech to the Joint Board made on the eve of his departure from Chicago, in which he openly threatened to cut off financial assistance from the International for the Chicago union's organizational work, and demanded that Zaritsky's policies and tactics be endorsed.

The Joint Board members, refusing to aid Zaritsky in his campaign to introduce piece-work, the 44-hour week and expulsion of progressives, voted down this proposal.

Roberts, it was learned threatened the expulsion of Millinery Workers Local 52, because of its own stand in support of the recently expelled Millinery Workers Local 43 of New York, and threatened further retribution against the Joint Board if it too supports the New York local.

WALKS OUT. When local 52 representatives proposed to reorganize the Joint Board organization committee, which had atrophied during Roberts stay as Joint Board manager, the proposal was carried despite Roberts strenuous opposition. After failing in an attempt to break up the meeting, Roberts left, followed by a few of his henchmen.

Before leaving Roberts announced the imminent arrival of another Zaitzky appointee called Gerther, a Chicago manager. The Joint Board declared that he would meet the same fate as Roberts.

Women's Legs Broken When Floor Collapses

BALTIMORE, Md., July 16.—Hanging clothes on a dryer, in the rear of the second floor of her home, Gertrude Slaughter, 23, 1116 Low St., had both her legs broken when the floor collapsed causing her to fall to the next lower floor today.

HOW DOES YOUR NUCLEUS WORK?

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# THOUSANDS TO BE AT I. L. D. OUTING THIS SATURDAY

## Big Program Planned For Annual Affair

Thousands of New York's militant workers are expected to be present at the great outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, to be held next Saturday in Pleasant Bay Park. Workers of every nationality and every trade are preparing to attend what promises to be one of the greatest proletarian outings ever held in this city.

The outing will start at noon and last until late at night. In the evening great arc lights will illuminate the entire scene. Tickets for this annual I. L. D. affair are already on sale and can be secured at 35 cents each at the office of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway, Room 422, and at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union

Since the weather on Saturday took such a counter-revolutionary turn, the great DAILY WORKER concert at Coney Island Stadium has been postponed until next Saturday evening. This postponement is expected to prove an advantage in several ways. The participating artists will have an opportunity to perfect their programs in greater detail during the coming week, while many workers who were for some reason unable to purchase tickets will be able to do so for next Saturday.

The committee in charge announces that all tickets bought for the concert will be good next Saturday. The concert will be the same as previously announced, that is, the greatest proletarian musical event ever held in the United States. The entire program will be put on without change. Arnold Volpe and his orchestra will present a program of symphonic favorites; the famous Romy Ballet, under the direction of A. Nello, former dance partner of Pavlova, will perform their unique dances; and Prof. Leon Theremin, the great Soviet scientist, who is the "star" of the concert, will draw his remarkable new ethermusic out of the air in a program of unusual distinction.

Tickets for this great concert can still be secured, but they are not likely to last much longer. All those who want to make sure of being at Coney Island Stadium next Saturday should buy these tickets immediately at the office of THE DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

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## VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President: WILLIAM Z. FOSTER  
For Vice-President: BENJAMIN GITLOW

**WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY**

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers!

Against the Capitalists!

### Fascists Explore the Arctic

The wild story of the Arctic also has to do with Bolshevism.

All big nations of Europe taxed their prowess to find the lost aviators of the Italia. In the severe test of human skill, scientific knowledge and courage, one nation consistently and systematically outdid all others. This was the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. It was a test in the struggle with the forces of nature.

There is deep satisfaction in this. Man's struggle with nature antedates the struggle between men and will reach its greatest triumphs only after the struggle between classes has ended. That a collectivist society is better fitted to conquer nature's forces than the diseased individualist society of capitalism is a truth of Communism.

One reason the capitalist wise men cannot conceive of the strength and resourcefulness of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is their inability to understand that a collectivist society is better fit for such struggles.

The collectivist spirit, the Communist spirit, dominates the whole of the actions of society in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The individualist spirit, the spirit of capitalist acquisition dominates all social acts of other nations.

In the details of the Arctic epic connected with the Italia expedition, the two spirits are shown time and again in sharp contrast. A braggart tone pervaded all preparations for the expedition of Italian fascist officers seeking prestige for Mussolini's dictatorship—the dictatorship which becomes more and more the ideal of capitalism. Capitalism lives and breathes of the rights of individual, private property. The arrogant Nobile is a glorified ambitious clerk of the capitalism of Italy—ambitious for superior acquisition of wealth, if not in gold then in the personal glory that is later peddled for gold. Fascism in politics finds its level in orgies of corruption for the individual enrichment of fascist politicians, for the ideal of fascism is the private property system, the exploitation of the masses to make a wealthy few. What, then, was more natural than for the exalted commander of the expedition to save his own hide, when it came to disaster, and to leave "his men" to death? Nobile,

the cowardly commander, is no more than the reflection of a hundred million cowardly bourgeois—the traditional cowards of the market place. Nobile, the coward blustering as the bravest of them all, is only the reflection of the blustering coward Mussolini.

When Zappi and Mariano, fascist officers under Nobile, after their leader had run away to leave them to die, in turn with a heart-sickening cravenness stole the food supply of their companion, the Swedish scientist Malmgren, and left him to die on the ice, they too were acting quite naturally as fascist officers, as smaller Nobiles, as little Mussolinis, as uniformed mirrors of the bourgeoisie in the imperialist period.

Then there are Chukhnovsky and his comrades, flyers for the Socialist Soviet Republic.

"Never mind us, save the others." The Soviet airmen willingly remained in the icy wilderness with their wrecked plane so that Mariano and Zappi, their bodies kept warm with the food filched from their crippled and dying comrade, could be saved.

Once in a while a sea captain goes down with his ship rather than save himself while those under his command must drown. But this is out of the individualist spirit of the capitalist society in which we live. Such things attract attention when they happen, because they are an anomaly in capitalist society.

Nobile and Zappi and Mariano are more in the spirit of capitalist society. "We left him on the ice; we took his food and compass and left him to die." Mussolini's breed. The kind that obtained financial assistance through the American ambassador to organize an army of cutthroats with which to do battle against the working class for the rights of private property. This is in the spirit of capitalism.

The working class of the world gets a fine glimpse of the latest prototype of present capitalist heroes in the sneaking, lying, deserting cowards, Zappi, Mariano and Nobile.

And we are proud that in the struggle with the wild forces of Nature in the Arctic, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, fatherland of the world's working class, shows that science and human courage are thriving there. There is Bolshevism.

## BILL HAYWOOD'S LAST DAYS

By SAM DARCY.

THIS is being written about a week after Bill Haywood died. Looking back on the last moments that J. Louis Engdahl, Haywood's wife, and the writer spent with him we must express our admiration for him, a real revolutionist, who even on his death bed thought only in terms of leading the proletariat along correct revolutionary struggle.

For those who know him, it is unnecessary to characterize Haywood. It was fitting that the most militant section of the working class should have produced him. At nine years of age he joined his father in the mines. At thirty he led his first strike (a miners' strike in Idaho). There followed thirty years of struggle of intensive character, and filled with heroism as only the best revolutionaries in any country and very few in the United States can show.

He had no clear and correct theory to guide him. But he had unlimited courage, unyielding loyalty to his class, a keen intelligence and tremendous dynamic energy. This won him his place among the workers. It is not exaggerating to say that during the period 1891 to the time he left the states, workers followed him more trustfully and fought more militantly under his leadership than they did under that of any other leader.

His Last Hours. This powerful man was lying on a white-sheeted bed as we came in knowing full well that his hours were counted. Three or four times during the previous two weeks we were told that he would be gone in a few hours. But he held on. Now, however, he lay calmly, awaiting the end. Part of him was paralyzed he could speak only with great effort, and he could digest no food. He answered our first few questions very briefly. He felt no pain. He was however, very tired. He had received everything he wanted. Was he coming home soon? He wiped a tear that forced its way out but did not answer. He heard that the Central Committee of the American Communist Party had telegraphed asking after his health. This pleased him immensely. Fin-

ally he wanted news. We told him of the latest developments in the strike of the coal miners, and of the textile strike in New England. Occasionally he interrupted and asked questions.

We told him that Lewis had issued an expulsion order. He looked scorn and hate.

"Now the miners can get somewhere. They've got to kick Lewis out. The Save-the-Union movement has big mass support. It must use it and not be afraid to go forward. It will have difficulty getting enough good organizers. We always have that difficulty. But they can do it if they stick together. The Party is doing good work. In this respect the miners are better off than they have ever been. In the old days we never had any Communist Party to help us."

He was by this time panting for breath. His nose looked angrily at us. A clumsy silence ensued. He turned his head towards the window.

"It's summer-time, eh?" We nodded. Another silence.

A Big Job. "Too bad the New England strikers didn't go out while Passaic was tied up. They weakened their chances by separating. They got to get the unorganized out. This is the biggest job they face, and it won't be easy. But it's the only way they can win."

Again silence. We showed him a Pittsburgh paper with his picture next to a story on the coal struggles.

"That picture is from Kuzbas." We said we knew it. We showed the picture to his nurse and his wife who had just come in. Also a batch of other newspapers containing stories of his illness.

Soon our visiting time was at an end and we had to leave.

Much of the discussion we have not set down here. But the above gives a glimpse of the man and somewhat explains why the workers always trusted him. His mind and heart were always completely occupied with the class struggle. There are few miners, lumber-jacks, or textile workers who do not know of his work. The South, which even

up to the present, has hardly been penetrated by labor organizations, has felt his hand. He was one of the few who succeeded in bringing white and black workers together. Who that knows the South does not appreciate the struggle that this alone must have involved?

Many Stories to Tell. We knew stories of his work that we picked up among the workers in various parts of the country. But once in a discussion with him we asked him to tell us about them. He embarrassedly laughed, "there is nothing to tell—your simply fight and let your proletarian conscience be your guide."

But there are many stories to tell. He went through the stormy days of the Western Federation of Miners, of which he was secretary-treasurer, and of the early militant I. W. of which he was one of the founders. He went through the Cripple Creek struggle, the famous Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone trials, the Lawrence, Lowell, Paterson and many other textile strikes. He went through the anti-war agitation and was one of the few who did not compromise with the bourgeoisie. He was the leader and organizer of dozens of small strikes. The story of the most militant struggles 1890-1919 is the story of the location of his activity.

He represents the best traditions of the American class struggle of his time. It is a sign of strength of our Party that a working class leader of his mettle, experience, and ability should himself come and bring many of his best followers to the banner of the Communist International.

### Reveal Big Drop In Textile Employment

BOSTON, July 16 (FP).—But 46 per cent of the number of workers employed in Massachusetts cotton mills in 1919-23 are at work in that industry now. Although the New Bedford strike of 27,000 workers accounts for part of the drop, only 64 per cent of the 1919-23 number was employed before the big strike.

### BOLSHEVIK!



Courtesy of N. Y. Evening World

By Clive Weed

## CAMPAIGN CORNER

PAT DEVINE, Minnesota district organizer, ventures to predict that after this election we will be a legal political party in Minnesota. All that is necessary is to get eleven thousand votes counted for us in the entire state. So say we. It seems that Pat is not very venturesome.

One book of the beautiful new Vote Communist Stamps or twenty Vote Communist buttons will be sent free of charge to anyone who can write a political fairy tale as good as the story about Al Smith and the poor little crippled boy's spotted fawn. We believe that this story will prove a far better vote catcher than the best yet produced by Norman Thomas. This contest closes Thursday, July 19, at noon. The Campaign Corner Editor will judge all contributions and publish the best.

The Election Program is now on sale by the Workers Library Publishers. Price 10 cents, 30 per cent discount in quantity lots.

Our Ohio comrades have already gathered 4,000 signatures to put the party on the ballot in that state. They need 20,000. Watch their total grow!

THE Lithuanian Working Women's Alliance is the first women's organization heard from with a donation of five dollars to the \$100,000 Communist Campaign Fund.

On being asked how many votes the Communists expect to get, a certain young Pioneer replied: "Too busy to count now. The more we count now, the less we'll count on election day." We must put the party on the ballot. Buy a book of Vote Communist stamps and help boost the campaign.

Who will be the first to make a House Party collection for the \$100,000 Communist Campaign Fund and send it in to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer, 43 East 125th St., New York City?

We have a question. Campaign Corner Editor: Dear Comrade: Do you think our party will be on the ballot in thirty states this year? A. H., Hartford, Conn. Answer: Yes, if we work very hard and more if we work harder. It depends on the comrades in each state.

Philadelphia has issued a special card for use at open-air meetings. This card is used to register sympathizers.

We note that Albert Gerling of Madrid, Iowa, has bettered an earlier contribution of \$5 to the \$100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. This time he sends \$10.

August 19 to 26 will be National Tag Day Week to help build the \$100,000 Communist Campaign Fund.

## Barbusse Edits New French Weekly 'Monde'

THE appearance of the first two numbers of "Le Monde," a new weekly in Paris under the direction of Henri Barbusse, noted Communist author and editor, has attracted universal attention.

Writers contributing to the first two numbers include Panait Istrati, young Rumanian writer who tells of the last days of Christian Rakovsky, former Soviet ambassador to France and his friend for years; Rene Marau, Negro author of "Batonoua," who begins a new novel; an article by Tagore, Hindu writer, and poems by Luc Durtain, outstanding literary figure in France. Prof. Einstein and Maxim Gorki are collaborators. Miguel de Unamuno, exiled Spanish philosopher, is on the directory which includes Upon Sinclair.

In the first two issues Henri Barbusse himself begins a series of his trip to Soviet Russia. His most recent contribution to the American press was an article on the fascist terror in one of the last issues of the "Labor Defender."

## Philadelphia Barbers Picketing All Shops

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 16.—The journeymen barbers who went on strike here recently are today picketing the hundreds of barber shops in the city and holding meetings for the purpose of further organization among the barbers of the city and vicinity.

The spirit of the strikers is reported to be as strong as ever. The unanimous decision is that no one will return to work until the new hour and wage scale is granted by the bosses.

cessor to Norris in the probable event of his flat refusal. The fighting in committee went on all day and continued into the next. Rumor has it that the big scrap was over whether to have a candidate or not. What few leads there are realize the whole business has been for nothing.

(To Be Continued.)

## Mine Disasters Take Big Toll

By B. K. GEBERT.

Wyoming Valley in Pennsylvania is celebrating the 150th anniversary of the massacre of soldiers and the white settlers in this region in 1778. All patriotic societies, city boards and villages in the mining region from Pittston to Kingston and in the surrounding territories are going wild with patriotism. The old struggles between the whites and Indians of this region are retold, and the old fable repeated that the Indians were murderers while the whites were the victims.

But while they go back 150 years to eulogize struggles, we shall not go so far. We shall mention a few outstanding facts in the present day industrial history of the anthracite region:

Miners Hanged.

About 52 years ago in the city of Pottsville, 19 miners were hanged for organizing workers in this region. In 1897 in Lattimore, 13 miners were massacred by the state troopers under the sheriff Martin. Of these pioneers and martyrs in the cause of labor in the anthracite, not only the "public," but even the bureaucracy of the union have "forgotten." These officials of the union "remember" their connections only with the American legion, the chambers of commerce, the coal operators, and the government. In celebrating the battle of Wyoming, not a word naturally, is said of those who lost their lives in fighting and building a union of the coal diggers in this region.

It will also be interesting to know that in the month of May according to the U. S. Bureau of Mines, 373 men lost their lives in the mines.

### 373 Coal Diggers Killed In May; Bosses' Negligence to Blame

but miners are not worthy of consideration to the greedy coal operators and officials of the union. Out of these 373 miners 50 of them came from the anthracite.

Death Rate Doubles. The death rate per million tons of coal mined during the month was 8.34 based on a production of 44,748,000 tons as compared with 4.29 for May 1927, based on an output of 43,397,000 tons and 186 deaths.

The unusually high rate for the month of May was due to 230 deaths caused by four explosions. Without these deaths the rate per million tons of coal produced would have been 3.20 which is a normal figure and comparable with other months and years. The fatality rate for May, 1928 for bituminous coal alone based on a production of 36,624,000 tons and 323 fatalities, was 8.82 per million tons, which is also much above normal.

Excluding 220 deaths which occurred in three major disasters in bituminous mines, the rate would have been 2.51. The rate for anthracite mines, with a production of 8,124,000 tons and 50 fatalities was 6.15 per million tons. In May, 1927 the fatality rate for bituminous mines was 3.76 that for anthracite was 6.62 and for the industry as a whole it was 4.29. The rates for May, 1928, compared on a normal basis with April of the present year are lower for bituminous mines and slightly higher for anthracite mines.

The bureau of mines records show that during the first five months of 1928 accidents in coal mines caused the loss of 998 lives. The production of coal for this period was 230,128,000 tons, showing a death rate of 4.29 per million tons as against 3.85 for the same five months of 1927, based on 1,053 deaths and 273,642,000 tons of coal. The record for bituminous coal alone from January to May, 1928, was 979 fatalities and 198,326,000 tons, with a fatality rate of 4.02; while that for anthracite showed 191 deaths, 31,802,000 tons and a death rate of 6.01. The same period for 1927 showed 829 deaths in bituminous mines and 240,002,000 tons produced, with a rate per million tons of 3.45; for anthracite, 224 deaths of 33,640,000 tons produced, with a death rate of 6.66; while for both bituminous and anthracite 1,053 deaths were reported, with a production of 273,643,000 tons and a fatality rate of 3.85.

Four Major Disasters. Four major disasters, that is disasters in which five or more lives are lost, occurred during the month of May, 1928. All of these disasters were explosions. One at Mather, Pa., on May 19, killed 195 men, on May 22, an explosion at Harlan, Ky., caused the death of eight men and another at Yukon, W. Va., on May 22, killed 17 men. An explosion at an anthracite mine at Parsons, Pa., on May 25, killed 10 men. These

four accidents bring the total number of such disasters to eight, with a resulting loss of 284 lives during the first five months of the present year, as compared with seven for the same period of 1927, with a loss of 140 lives. Fatality rates based exclusively on these figures for major disasters were 1.25 and 0.51 per million tons for 1928 and 1927, respectively.

Comparing the record as to causes of accidents from January to May of the present year with that for the same period of 1927, a reduction is noted for haulage, explosives and electricity. No material change occurred in the rates for falls of roof and coal. Because of the unusual number of deaths caused by explosions, that rate was much higher for the 1928 period than for 1927.

Miners' Lives Cheap. This report of the government office shows that the miners' lives are cheap. In no instance have the coal operators, who are responsible for these deaths been brought under charges of murder. Every coal digger knows that accidents in the mines can be reduced to a minimum, but this would cost money; so the operators let the miners die. They let miners cover the black coal with their blood; and out of this coal and blood the gold is produced for the capitalists.

Only the miners themselves can stop this butchery; the miners must take control of the union, they must unite with other workers and farmers, to form a labor party and challenge the capitalist government, which at present puts the rubber stamp of "O. K." on the massacres of the coal diggers.

## Fake "Farmer-Labor" Convention Ends

By THURBER LEWIS.

(Special To DAILY WORKER.) CHICAGO, Ill., July 15 (By Mail).—Norman Thomas, nominee of the socialist party, came within one vote of being the nominee of the farmer-labor party for president of the United States. He was beaten by Senator Norris of Nebraska who had already declined the honor.

Thirty delegates, with almost as many different ideas about what the party should do, wrangled for three days over a platform that will probably never be presented to the electorate and then nominated for president a man who may not run. If Thomas had gone over, Maurer would have been chosen running mate. But with the nomination of Norris, Will Vereene, a wealthy garment factory and cotton mill owner of Moultrie, Georgia, was elected for vice presidential nominee. He is an old Watson supporter in the south, a friend (although the Georgia delegate confided he liked his corn liquor) and is said

### Politicians, Lawyers, Bankers, In Aimless Talkfest

to be willing to finance his own campaign with a bigger fund than the socialists have.

Futile Convention. Futility marked the convention throughout. While there were delegates from 11 states and the District of Columbia, it is certain they represented practically no one.

Illinois had the strongest delegation, eight, representing a paper organization. The next largest delegation, Colorado with five, came by car as a sort of family group and were probably mandated by not many more than their own number. One or two each came from Minnesota, South Dakota, Oklahoma, Missouri, Iowa, Georgia and Nebraska. The ubiquitous William V. Mahoney, realtor of Washington, D. C., was there. And a former resident of New Mexico, Karl Jursek, side-kick of Murray King of

the socialist party, represented that state.

The party, if such it may be called, almost split on the nomination of Norris. Thomas' support was strong. The slate makers for Thomas and Maurer were led by David McVey of the plasterers, a delegate to the Chicago Federation of Labor. He placed Thomas in nomination. William V. Mahoney, representing the Lincoln-Jefferson League of Washington, D. C., is given credit for unwittingly wrecking the hopes of the socialist candidates. He made the mistake of rising to second the nomination of Thomas. This peeved the Colorado delegates.

Petty Bickering. William Penn Collins, a lawyer of that state, rose to begin a speech with, "We will refuse to be a tail to the Hoover kite" making refer-

ence to a speech Mahoney had made to his league earlier in the week about the chances of defeating Smith in a number of southern states with a strong third party ticket.

Collins accused Mahoney of wanting a combination of socialists and farmer-laborites to go south and take democratic votes from Al Smith. He thereupon threw Colorado's five votes to a farmer delegate, Plageman of Iowa, on the first ballot. This made a majority impossible. On the second ballot, a Thomas supporter, evidently thinking the vote to be on vice president, threw a marker for Maurer into the hat and left Thomas with fifteen votes against Norris' like number. That ballot would have made Thomas the candidate. The third ballot stood, Thomas 14, Norris 16.

But the issue is still unsettled. Norris won't run although many delegates think Vereene's thousands will be an inducement. The newly elected executive is, at this writing, still trying to find a suc-