

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

Vol. V. No. 163.

Published daily except Sunday by The National Daily Worker Publishing Association, Inc., 26-28 Union Sq., New York, N. Y.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1928

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$8.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

Price 3 Cents

LEWIS MACHINE MOVES TO BREAK MINERS' STRIKE

Orders 7,500 Coal Diggers Back

(Special to The DAILY WORKER) MAUGH CHUNG, July 10.—Further strike-breaking activities on the part of the John L. Lewis machine were disclosed here when Andrew Matty, district president of the United Mine Workers, ordered 7,500 striking coal miners back to work.

The miners went out last week on a sympathy strike when the Lewis machine moved to break the strike. The Lewis machine was disclosed here when Andrew Matty, district president of the United Mine Workers, ordered 7,500 striking coal miners back to work.

The attempt by Matty to break the strike of the Lehigh Valley coal workers will, it is expected, meet with the firm resistance of the rank and file. The progressives, under the leadership of the Save-the-Union movement, have endorsed the strike and are fighting for the elimination of the existing evils in the anthracite and against the Lewis machine.

AUTO CARAVANS TO MINE FIELDS

Prepare For Defence Week July 22-29

(Special to DAILY WORKER) PITTSBURGH, July 10.—In preparation for the Miners' Defense Week July 22-29, a caravan of automobiles carrying relief workers and sympathizers direct to the industrial battle front in western Pennsylvania will leave every city and town east of Chicago where there are relief committees or International Labor Defense branches, this Friday.

Those who go will see the mounted state troopers and coal and iron police patrol the roads. They will see the scab patch, where imported strikebreakers live, hemmed in by high walls.

See Scenes of Attack. Renton, scene of the infamous attack of the state troopers upon men, women and children pickets who gathered along the road to keep the first shipment of scabs from entering the coal pits, will be one of the first camps visited. Thirty mounted

(Continued on Page Two)

ASSAILS BROTHER IN CAFE STRIKE

Sazar, Left Winger, Will Picket

The workers on strike for the recognition of their union against the owners of the True Food Vegetarian Restaurant, 44th St. and Broadway, received new encouragement yesterday when the brother of the restaurant owner issued a statement denouncing him for his anti-labor stand and agreeing to go on the picket line for the workers on strike.

Henry Sazar, himself the leader of the left wing in the Cloth, Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Union, yesterday condemned his brother, Benjamin Sazar, who, he said, had made all his money out of the patronage of union men, and declared, "I always stand ready to help my union brothers, even if it means to assist in a fight against my own brother."

Sazar further explained that his brother and his partner, Tofilofsky, had always posed as a semi-radical in order to retain the good will of his customers. His brother, he said, is still a member of the Jewish National Workmen's Alliance, a socialist-controlled organization. He also stated his intention to picket the restaurant in order to assist the strikers.

Particularly emphatic was Sazar's condemnation of his brother, who on the one hand can pose as "sympathetic" to labor and on the other hand can order the arrest of pickets.

Militarist Is Crook



Harlow Hardy, 30, graduate of the Annapolis Naval Academy, who found his jingo education of great value in his trade of skipping hotels without paying bills. Hardy rose to the top of his profession, becoming known as "King of Hotel Deadbeats." His latest stopping place is Sing Sing Prison, where this 100 percenter will have to spend two to four years before being allowed to skip.

MOSCOW PLANS BIG CELEBRATION

Anniversary of USSR Constitution

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker) MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 10.—A delegation comprising six hundred Kharog workers arrived here yesterday to participate in the celebrations on the occasion of the fifth anniversary of the proclamation of the U. S. S. R. constitution.

The workers cordially met by workers of Moscow, when they arrived at the railway station. The celebration, according to reports received here so far, and according to the spirit and overwhelming enthusiasm that the Moscow workers are showing at present, seem to be a certain indication that the jubilee will be one of the most impressive and joyous demonstrations held here.

BISCUIT SLAVE URGES UNION

Hot Weather Adds to Misery in Plants

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The other day I read in The DAILY WORKER about the miserable conditions in the National Biscuit Company.

Being an employe of that plant myself, I not only approve of the statement, but also want to add that it is even worse. The speed-up system of the place is almost intolerable. New machinery is being brought in practically every day, which means that less workers are employed and the employed are therefore driven to do more work. And if anyone complains, the bosses have a quick and ready reply: "If you don't like it you can look for another job."

During the summer the heat in the National Biscuit plants are unbearable. There are no electric fans, and sometimes the workers are compelled to close the windows which are slightly opened because of interference with the work. The foremen in their palm beach suits have made an art of slave-driving. I want to say to the fellow-workers in the National Biscuit plants: It is about time that we realized what is happening about us. It is about time we organized a union to fight for us and protect us. We cannot expect anything from the company. The company is organized against us.

NOTED ARTIST TO APPEAR

Volpe and Theremin Prepare Program

"One of the foremost of American conductors" has been the practically universal comment of critics concerning Arnold Volpe, who will conduct an orchestra of 50 picked musicians at the great concert to be given at Coney Island Stadium Saturday for the benefit of The DAILY WORKER.

MINOR, 4 OTHER WORKERS, HELD INCOMMUNICADO

Young Pioneer Ordered Sent to Indiana

While Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for U. S. Senator, and four other workers were held in jail practically incommunicado for taking part in an anti-imperialist demonstration July 5, another participant in the demonstration was yesterday caught in the machinery of capitalist "justice" when Magistrate Samuel D. Levy of the Children's Court condemned Rose Plotkin, 13-year-old Young Pioneer, to be sent back to her home town in Indiana.

The young militant had been kept prisoner in the Heckscher Foundation since her arrest. When she appeared for trial yesterday morning, Jacques Buitenkant, defending attorney, representing the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, asked that the case be postponed in order that Fanny Plotkin, the sister and guardian of the young accused, might have an opportunity to testify. Fanny Plotkin was serving a two-day sentence for her part in the demonstration. The magistrate, evidently acting on instructions from his higher up, refused, declaring that Fanny Plotkin was "unfit" to be the guardian of the Young Pioneer. Rose Plotkin will be released from the Heckscher Foundation today and sent back to Indiana.

Three Workers Freed. Three of the workers who were yesterday given jail-terms by the viciously anti-labor Magistrate Maurice Gottlieb, of the First Criminal District Court, were released yesterday at 4 p. m. upon the completion of their two-day terms. They are Phil Frankfeld, Fanny Plotkin and Anna Bloch.

The other five, Robert Minor, Rebecca Grecht, Harriet Silverman, Emanuel George and Robert Wolf, who are being held virtually incommunicado, will be released Friday afternoon. The men are in the Tombs and the women in Jefferson Market Jail.

When Lydia Gibson, Minor's wife, attempted to see her husband yesterday, prison authorities refused her entrance. They also refused to allow books or copies of The DAILY WORKER to be sent to Minor, stating that prisoners are permitted to receive only underwear. When she asked to have underwear delivered to him, she was told that prisoners can purchase underwear at the prison store. This is an obvious attempt to compel inmates of the Tombs to boost the profits of the prison store.

The cases of Max Shachtman, D. Benjamin, George Powers, Nathan Kaplan and I. Zimmerman, five other workers arrested when police attacked the anti-imperialist demonstration, will be heard at the First District Criminal Court tomorrow morning. Kaplan is charged with felonious assault, while the others are accused of disorderly conduct.

The District Executive Committee of the Young Pioneers last night issued a statement condemning the action of the magistrate in ordering Rose Plotkin, 13-year-old member of the Young Pioneers, to be sent back to Indiana for participation in an anti-imperialist demonstration July 5.

Want 500 Volunteers At Center Tomorrow

Five hundred volunteers are wanted at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, tomorrow evening at 7:30 for important organization work in connection with the concert at Coney Island Stadium Saturday. All volunteers are asked to report on the fourth floor. Proceeds of the affair will go to The DAILY WORKER.

Join in Spoils Hunt



Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas (left) didn't always like Gov. Al Smith (right). Robinson has most of his political support from the benighted south where Ku Klux Klavism reigns supreme. Besides, Robinson is a so-called Dry while Smith is a so-called Wet. The marriage of convenience took place when Robinson was nominated as Smith's running mate in the forthcoming election in an effort to capture some of the southern votes which Smith might not be able to corral. Both candidates have the blessing and enthusiastic support of Wall Street.

SOVIET VESSEL NEARS "ITALIA"

"Krassin" Only 2 Miles Away

VIRGO BAY, Spitzbergen, July 10.—A radio message from the Russian icebreaker Krassin said today that the ship was only two miles from the dirigible Italia ice camp off North East Land. The same message said that one of the Italia survivors, apparently mentally deranged, had wandered away from the camp.

Within sight of land on a melting icefield four members of the crew of the dirigible Italia, headed by Lieutenant Alfredo Viglieri, today were reported in dispatches from the north as losing hope of rescue.

Latest dispatches from the Arctic area told how the men were undernourished, unkempt and suffering acutely from cold and exhaustion. Their plight is pitiful, dispatches said, because the ice is melting so swiftly that it is next to impossible for a plane to land. Captain Thornberg of the Swedish expedition messaged that relief must be carried to the men within a few days, otherwise they must be abandoned to their deaths.

All hope has been exhausted for saving six other men—three members of the Italia group and the Captain Sora relief expedition of three. They can not be found and probably died on North East Land.

STRIKERS FINED IN SCAB FRACAS

Say Milliners Broke Umbrella Over Head

Despite testimony favorable to the defendants brought out by their attorney's examination of a policeman, Magistrate Jean Norris, in Jefferson Market Court yesterday fined Betty Newmann and Francis Schwartz, striking milliners, five dollars each for allegedly breaking an umbrella over the head of a strikebreaker.

The two workers have been striking for many weeks against the attempt of several employers who have united with International President Max Zaritsky in a campaign to destroy their union, the Millinery Band Workers Union Local 43 of the Cloth Hat Cap and Millinery Workers International.

The policeman testified that the disputed umbrella had not been in the hands of either of the defendants, when the arrest was made, but in the hands of the husband of the strike-breaker. The workers were arrested last week at 30th St. and Broadway.

The right wing clique in the Cloth Hat Cap and Millinery Workers Union have again demonstrated that they will stoop to any terrorist methods in order to quiet the protest of the membership who see their union being wrecked by the Zaritsky gang. In the offices of Local 24 a worker was brutally assaulted yesterday by a hired thug acting as a "guardian" of the officials.

J. Rosen, one of the many unemployed workers who congregate at the union headquarters was assaulted with a blunt weapon wielded by Sam Blechman, a paid escort of scabs sent to work in shops in the officials' fight against Local 43.

OUST STRIKEBREAKING MAYOR OF NEW BEDFORD, IS DEMAND

Drive for Red Election Fund Under Way

CONTRIBUTIONS POURING INTO PARTY OFFICE

Over \$2,000 Already Received

Contributions to the Communist Campaign Fund are already pouring into the national office of the Workers (Communist) Party at 43 E. 125th St.

Over \$2,000, in amounts ranging from \$5 to \$500, has already been received. Bishop William Montgomery Brown, the heretic of Gallon, O., and an international figure thru his war on the superstitions of the church and his espousal of Communism, leads off with a contribution of \$500.

Other contributions are: Albert Gerling, Madrid, Iowa \$5; T. Gerlach, \$25; Benny Smith, Charlotte, N. C., \$5; I. Haberman, Minneapolis, \$3; Hyman Slomberg, McKeesport, Pa., \$5; Alice MacFaddin, Luscon City, Ariz., \$10; collected at Mecca Temple mass meeting, \$1,662.37; collected at convention banquet, \$74.68; S. Rubin, Minneapolis, \$25; Julius D. Lore, Philadelphia, \$50; Stavros Heas, High Coal, W. Va., \$10; M. Eisenstat, Endicott, N. Y., \$15; Branch No. 80, Philadelphia, \$5.

Several candidates of the party are in New York jails for having participated in an anti-imperialist demonstration in front of J. P. Morgan's offices in Wall Street.

The capitalist press is filling its pages with drivel about the virtues of the two sets of capitalist candidates. While some papers support one set against the other, there is no hard feeling. This furnishes additional proof of the Communist contention that there is no difference between the two parties, except the rival ambitions of the respective political leaders.

The hoode of the employing classes will be poured into the treasuries of both parties. This money will be used to drive the workers into a frenzy over Al Smith "who started life as a newsboy" or Herbert Hoover who was born in a shack in the west.

Same Old Hokum. The worker who does not realize that a class struggle exists and who sees nothing in this campaign except a struggle between personalities will be confused by this propaganda. It is therefore extremely urgent that the Workers (Communist) Party should be in a position to publish literature to counteract this political poison of the capitalist parties.

The raising of funds for the Communist election campaign is now in full swing. Money is needed at once. One dollar now is better than three later on in the campaign. Every worker who can spare a dollar should mail it at once to the National Campaign Headquarters, 43 E. 125th St., New York City, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

OFFICIALS BLOCK NECKWEAR UNION

The United Neckwear Makers' Union, 11,016, will limit itself to "legal" means, it was learned yesterday, to fight the strangling injunction issued against it by Supreme Court Justice Arthur Tompkins of Nyack, who held that picketing activities of the union had "unlawfully obstructed the sidewalks" before the shops of the bosses.

The decision to carry on a purely "legal" fight against the injunction, which is one of the most drastic on record, is understood to have followed the policy adopted by the leaders of the union on the advice of their attorney, Louis Waldman, former socialist assemblyman of New York. On his advice the neckwear workers' officials adopted a policy of "making a test case" of the issue, it is reported. No mass picketing or violation of the injunction first issued last November was permitted.

Need Relief For Militant Textile Strikers



The 28,000 heroic textile workers who are carrying on a militant struggle against a ten per cent wage-cut are in need of relief. Aid is coming largely through the Workers International Relief, which has issued an appeal for funds.

CLOAK COUNCIL EXECUTE FIVE MEET TOMORROW

Don Plotters

The official call of the New York Local Committee of the National Organization Committee of the Cloakmakers International Union for the first monthly conference of shop delegates was issued to the workers in the industry yesterday. It stresses the need for the cloak and dressmaker to be represented 100 per cent at the conference. It declares: "Tomorrow at 6 o'clock, representatives of the cloak and dress shops of New York will assemble in Webster Hall for the first monthly conference of the Council of Shop Delegates to discuss the activities of the past month and lay down plans for future work."

"The cloak and dress season is approaching! The bosses of our industry are eager to continue the chaos, the sweat shop system, the long hours and the starvation wages so that they may make millions of dollars' profit from our labor! The leaders of the 'Company Union' (the agents of the bosses) will once more raise a turmoil about organizing the trade and establishing union conditions. But just as during the past four seasons, this is only a fake slogan through which the clique will seek to maintain its domination over the workers, thus increasing the chaos and demoralization in the interests of their allies, the bosses, at whose mercy their 'Company Union' exists!"

"The last Shop Chairmen's Conference, held on June 2nd, has laid the basis for making an end to the present situation by uniting all the constructive elements for the purpose of building the Union. A mass organization committee was formed and plans for an organization campaign worked out. The united front of all constructive elements is a living fact today. Hundreds of passive cloak and dressmakers joined the ranks of the National Organization Committee during the past few weeks. Now is the time to take up the great task of building the Union with all our strength."

"No shop chairman or shop committee can afford to stay away from great moment. No one must be main passive or indifferent at this great moment. No one must be under the illusion that the work will be done without him. Let us get together to build the Union. Let us through our united strength make

27 Lands Represented. The Congress of the Red Trade Union International, held in Moscow, brought together the organizers of the revolutionary unions of 27 countries. The congress exposed the role which the reformist and reactionary labor leaders are playing in every country in collaboration with the government and employers towards the defeat of the revolutionary unions of the organized working class.

The congress devoted considerable attention to the American trade union movement and laid down a

(Continued on Page Five)

an end to the misery, degradation, the sweat shop system and the "Company Union" which has brought it all about.

'FARMER-LABOR' MEET ON

Lawyers, Businessmen Are Delegates

CHICAGO, July 10.—Mildly denouncing both the republican and democratic parties, delegates to the "Farmer-Labor" convention assembled here today to choose a presidential candidate. While Herbert Hoover, republican presidential nominee was mentioned in the keynote speech of Laura Hughes Lunde, of Chicago, no direct reference was made of Gov. Al Smith. Hoover was referred to as "a member of that cabinet which knew what was going on" — a timorous hint of the

ASHLEY INCITED TERROR, CHARGE MILL STRIKERS

Picket Demonstration Great Success

BULLETIN

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 10.—A mass meeting is to be held of all the workers in the ten textile manufacturing plants not on strike in New Bedford, according to an announcement made by Eli Keller of the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee.

The workers in these plants are to take up the question of joining the strike of the 28,000 men working in the factories of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturing Association.

The ten mills mentioned include the Firstone Tire Fabric Mills and other automobile fabric concerns. The workers in these plants did not have their wages reduced when the general wage cut went into effect, but nevertheless suffered reductions in the recent past.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 10.—The slogan, "Out Mayor Ashley" which was put forward several days ago by the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee is being taken up by so large a section of the entire New Bedford population that it no longer assumes the character of a strikers' protest alone. It was revealed yesterday that a citizens' body is in process of formation which will lead the fight to rid the city of the textile bosses' agent, Ashley.

Inquiries made at the office of the Textile Mills Committee later brought a statement from its spokesmen to the effect that they would be ready to give their whole-hearted endorsement to any such move. It was also learned there that a mass meeting to which the general public will be invited is already being planned.

RED CONGRESS REPORT FRIDAY

Speakers Will State New Policy

In order that the recently decided policy of the Red Trade Union International for its adherents in this country be clarified, Local New York of the Trade Union Educational League has called a mass meeting, Friday night, where a report will be given by the leaders of the recently returned delegation to the World Congress. The meeting will begin at 8 o'clock at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St.

Many sections of the New Bedford population are expressing the deepest resentment against Ashley's open attempt to provoke bloodshed in the big textile strike here, by ordering heavily armed troops to the 56 mills yesterday morning. Ashley, it is charged, was well acquainted with the fact that the mill owners had planted provocateurs among the 20,000 who turned out to picket the mills.

In addition to this, it is shown that the mayor had pursued a deliberate policy of breaking the strike, by a series of wholesale arrests for no greater crime than singing on the picket lines. These arrests were followed up by jailings of strikers and their leaders. Over 46 were arrested and either heavily fined or jailed for this "offense." Murdoch and Beal, the two leaders of the T. M. C. are still imprisoned for leading picket lines.

(Special To The Daily Worker) NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 10.—The mill owners staged the same farcical performance today as they did yesterday, when they had the factory whistles blow long and imperative blasts early in the morning, to show the strikers that they were ready to resume operations if they would only come back to work. The thousands of pickets of the Textile Mills Committee greeted the whistles and the wide-open gates with the same contemptuous scorn.

The widespread protest roused by the threat of armed terror is so great as to have caused the announcement that the militia will be withdrawn after today.

Enthusiastic Meetings. Mass meetings where the greatest enthusiasm yet exhibited were held yesterday. The strikers are thoroughly convinced that yesterday's events gave conclusive proof that the strike will be won. In addition to the local leaders of the strike, Albert Weisbord, national head of the Mills Committee, also spoke.

Marines in Nicaragua race Insects, Reptiles, Diseases and Take Places of Oxen

SERVICEMAN IN LETTER EXPOSES MISTREATMENT

Forced to Carry 94 Lbs. 30 Miles Daily

The terrible conditions of those who are fighting to protect Wall Street investments in Nicaragua are shown in a letter from a marine which has just reached The DAILY WORKER.

Treatment which makes the marines as ready to face death as to continue taking the place of oxen pulling wagons through deep mud is vividly told.

The letter was sent to a member of the Young Workers Communist League and follows, in part:

Marine "Worse Than Reptile"

"Well, I don't know just what you now about what we are going through or just what kind of a country this is. Well, here goes of what I takes to make this country—scorpions, snakes, tantalaros, lizzards, ats, fleas, ticks, ants, alligators, mosquitoes, mud, thorns and a million other things of filth; sweating every kind of fever and agers and sores—and the marine supposed by the officers to be worse than them all. That is just the reason we show them we can't get up with it and if some of those scum-pushing frogs who put that in the papers about how easy it is to dig down here would go through it we would go through for one day we would have to dig a hole and throw in right off the bat.

Long Marches—Heavy Loads

Here is a sample of what we are doing here. Before we leave we swing on a belt and a couple of bandoliers of ammunition and most of them are carrying automatic rifles or a Sten gun or a Stokes mortar and the equipment necessary for it an average of ninety-four pounds every marine.

Thirty Miles Through Mud

"With this load we hike thirty miles a day in mud up to our knees, and in the rainy season, which has set in here now, it only rains 23 hours in one day and the next day more and more of it.

"When we go on a trip we don't know who is going to come back, but I don't care a helluva lot.

Another nice thing we have to do is to take ox-cart trains from headquarters to all outposts in our vicinity, which is Nicaragua in the deep, when the carts sink into the mud and the marines are automatically transferred to the place of the oxen pulling the supplies.

"I have been in the tropics for months and expect to do more, the only thing we have to do to pass our time away is to drink (and sometimes we have to drink a bottle of castor oil). Every time we go to see the "doc" for a toothache he pats your feet with iodine.

Barracks Minus Roof, Floor

"The barracks we sleep in consist of four walls, minus roofs and floors.

"Don't forget to read this to your comrades and, if possible, put it in the papers, so the people will know something about what we have to do up with here.

No "Freedom of Speech"

"Be sure to destroy my name and address. . . . If you don't, you may give me making little ones out of big ones.

"Adios.

Regiment, Nicaragua."

Parachute Fails To Unfold; Kills Flier

SEYMOUR, Ind., July 10.—Everett Via, 22 years old, of Indianapolis, fell 300 feet to his death here yesterday when the third parachute of his triple parachute leap from a balloon failed to open. Via fell head-first into a field, the body being buried two feet in the ground.

HOLD RICH EMBEZZLER.

Robert L. Rotto, former director of the Pierce Oil Corporation in Mexico City, was arrested today charged with embezzling \$50,000 of the company's funds. Rotto arrived from Mexico Saturday. He was held without bail by Federal Commissioner Garrett Cotter for a hearing August 10.

PLAN ROUND-WORLD FLIGHT.

PARIS, July 10 (UP).—Dieudonne Costes, French trans-atlantic pilot, is planning a 15-day round-the-world flight via San Francisco and Japan in a new Breguet airplane. The plane is due at Le Bourget airfield tomorrow for its trial flight.

STORM CAUSES DAMAGE.

EDINE, July 10 (UP).—Several persons were injured, poultry was killed, windows were broken, electric wires were torn down and great damage was done to crops during a severe storm of huge hailstones.

LANDSLIDE KILLS TWO.

AQUILLA, July 10 (UP).—A landslide between Recco Di Cornedo and Montagna Della Grotte killed two persons.

Children of Poor Resort to Hydrants to Keep Cool in Hot Weather



While the children of Park Ave. and other wealthy residential sections spend their summers at fashionable seaside resorts, working class children are compelled to suffer in the heat of the city. Photo shows a group of children who sought to gain temporary relief by turning on the hydrant at Fourth Ave. and 28th St., Brooklyn, a section populated largely by workers.

30,000 ATHLETES PARADE IN MOSCOW

By CLARINA MICHELSON. (Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 10.—Red Square was a moving mass of color today. 30,000 physical culturists from the trade unions paraded before Lenin's tomb where they were greeted by Tomsky, Maxim Gorky, Mihalov and Uhanov. Textile workers, transport workers, clothing workers, metal workers, food workers, municipal workers, wood workers—workers from every union—swept by, bare-legged, five abreast. Each union had its own colors, light blue sweaters with dark blue shirts, red with white, green with black—every conceivable color combination. Each union had its own banners and its own bands.

Many Sports. The Metal Workers' Union alone was represented in 30 different groups—football, tennis, swimming, pole vaulting, disc throwing, etc. A group of chess enthusiasts carried a huge cardboard "castle," on which was written: "In October we check-mated capitalism. A little more effort and it will be eliminated all over." Another banner read: "Physical culturists: Fight for a new and healthy life." And another: "Long live healthy descendants of the builders of socialism." Several hundred tennis players, all in white, men and women, held their rackets aloft in salute as they passed the

7 ADMIT ERRORS OF OPPOSITION

Ask To Be Readmitted To Communist Party

(Special Cable To Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 10.—Seven members of the former opposition in Leningrad, those who supported Trotsky in his opposition tactics, yesterday filed statements with the Central Control Commission of the Communist Party in which they admitted the errors that they had made in following the oppositionist policy last year, and requested that they be readmitted to the party.

Another announcement made by the commission states that the cases have been taken under consideration, and word of their readmittance will be officially given soon.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 10.—

The Presidium of the Central Control Commission of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union has published the following decision: "Having regard to the fact that Avdeyev, Babachen, Bakayev, Batashev, Belais, Belenkin, Burzev, Weintraub, Gertik, Hessen, Guralaki, Yevdokimov, Yelovitch, Savarykina, Salukki, Zinoviev, Kamenev, Kuklin, Lashkevitch, Levin, Lepeshinsky, Lyalina, Matveyev, Machov, Mitichev, Nikolaev, Pinson, Prigozhin, Rabkin, Ravitch, Retzkan, Sokolov, Solovoyev, Fedorov, Furtitchev, Charitonov, Sharov and Shepsheleva have lodged declarations recognizing their fundamental errors, abandoning the platform of the Trotskyists, abandoning their fractional activity and announcing their absolute subordination to the decisions of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and of the Communist International, and having regard to the fact that they have ceased their oppositional activity, they are to be re-admitted into the party upon the basis of the decisions of the fifteenth congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union concerning the opposition which was adopted on the 18th and 19th of December, 1927. The whole term of their party membership will be reckoned to them in their papers, but the time of interruption of membership commencing with their expulsion is also to be noted."

CONTRIBUTIONS

South Slav Fraction, Canton	\$10.00	M. Kelich	.....25
Wk's Party Local, Baltimore	11.00	T. Kistof	.....50
No Tip Center Barber Shop, New York	45.00	S. Knezevich, Donora	.....25
Sin Sing Foo, Honolulu, Hawaii	2.00	S. Petricovich, Clairton	.....25
Daily Worker, Social, Grand Rapids	.....5.50	W. W. Denton, Estes Park, Colo.	2.00
Daily Worker Social	.....5.50	Passaic Council of Workingclass Housewives, Passaic, N. J.	5.00
Joseph Johnson	.....2.00	Sec. 1, Dist. 8, Chicago	15.17
Joseph Sokol	.....2.00	J. Stanilov, River Rouge, Mich.	2.00
Joseph Gerberg	.....2.00	D. Goldin, New York	2.00
Jacob Korf	.....2.00	Conrad Sam, New York	5.00
Gunnar Paulson	.....2.00	Mrs. Mako, Easton	7.35
Mike Rudik	.....2.00	Galveston Nucleus, Galveston, Texas	7.50
A. & P. Gasper	.....2.00	Alex and Nellie Kutnyak, Milwaukee	1.50
James Barkin	.....1.00	Finnish Fraternal, Monessen, Pennsylvania	15.00
Anthony Senkus	.....1.00	Erevan Club, Detroit	3.00
Wesley Shusta	.....1.00	Freiheit Club, Petaluma	20.00
Louis Dykstra	.....1.00	Czechoslovak Fraction, W. P., Chicago	10.00
Louis Nadolsky	.....1.00	W. P. Sukut, Chicago	25.00
Carl Hamalainen	.....1.00	Nucleus No. 4, San Francisco	10.00
Oscar Lindholm	.....1.00	Kultur Club, New Brunswick	10.00
Emil Sundberg	.....1.00	Greek Fraction, Canton	5.00
John Vlieder	.....50.00	H. E. Olevier, Los Angeles	2.00
Milford, N. H.	.....50.00	M. Bernhart, San Diego	2.00
Eaimi Maki	.....50.00	Mrs. Rovitch, Los Angeles	1.00
Annie Matson	.....50.00	E. Frankil, San Diego	2.00
Kikko Sarri	.....50.00	A. Comrade, San Diego	1.00
Amalia Moisio	.....50.00	A. Ohm, Sec. Gilbert Minn	5.00
Ed Salo	.....1.00	E. Havemeister, Juneau Ala.	14.00
Henry Harris	.....25.00	M. A. Miller, Bozeman, Mont.	1.00
Shimo Heimo	.....50.00	Scranton Picnic, W. P., Scranton, Pennsylvania	20.00
Wm. Strong	.....50.00	Geo. Bloxum, Spokane, Wash.	1.00
Charles Layman	.....50.00	2B-2F, New York	3.25
W. Kallio	.....25.00	3E-3F, New York	3.00
Minna Sorni	.....25.00	L. Platt, New York	3.00
Hulda Lehtinen	.....25.00	2A-3F, New York	5.00
American Lithuanian Workers Literary Ass'n., Branch 136, Harrison, N. J.	10.00	2B-2F, New York	25.00
St. Nucleus 8, Chicago	8.00	R. Heimovitz, New York	2.00
A. Donnellon, Methuen, Mass.	1.00	Pebotatis, New York	1.00
B. Donegan, Methuen, Mass.	1.00	Br. 6, Sec. 5, Bronx, N. Y.	3.75
J. Sereduk, Methuen, Mass.	1.00	Lithuanian Working Women's Alliance, Pittsburgh, Pa.	4.05
E. Hamernik, Methuen, Mass.	1.00	Freiheit Rehearsal, Newark	5.00
H. B. Turhinjia, Methuen, Mass.	1.00	Kmiec, Milwaukee	1.00
Int'l Branch W. P., Union City, N. J.	5.00	Unit B, Section 4, New York	5.00
The Finnish Women Worker, Newport, N. H.	12.65	J. Ortenberg, New York	5.00
Scandinavian Workers Club, Hartford, Conn.	10.00	Charles Mesko, Rankin, Pa.	1.00
B'klyn Finnish Workers Ass'n., Brooklyn	10.00	Albert Wooton, Pittsburgh	1.00
Branch 1, Sec. 5, Bronx	10.00	East Pittsburgh	.....50.00
Geo. Anderson, New York	2.00	John Bendik	.....50.00
Hannah Seigel, Bronx	3.00	Frank Prebanik	.....50.00
John Hadbarney, Astoria	3.00	George Danico	.....50.00
Int'l Branch W. B., Elizabeth, New Jersey	16.00	Floyd Rossetti	.....50.00
L. Ham's, Patterson, N. J.	4.45	Lovi Dmuzoe	.....50.00
Int. Br. 2, Sec. 1, New York	3.25	E. Terzini	.....50.00
Unit 18, SS3C, New York	4.00	J. Conely	.....2.00
X. Y., New York	2.00	Frank Solivero	.....50.00
J. K. Chaplin, Oakland	10.00	M. Schindler	.....1.00
J. H. Seitz, Willoughby	5.00	Arnold Nucleus, Arnold, Pa.	25.00
Mary Greenberg, Los Angeles	1.00	Monessen, Pa.	.....50.00
G. J. Anderson, New York	2.00	N. Niukkanen	.....50.00
Workmen's Circle Branch, 671, Brooklyn, N. Y.	3.00	E. Olsa Vicki	.....25.00
M. Mayers, Brooklyn	5.00	Alli Ranta	.....25.00
N. Cvtanovich	.....50.00	N. Alhainen	.....35.00
H. Kudich	.....25.00	A. Soderholm	.....35.00
C. Bratovich	.....25.00	J. L. Maki	.....50.00
M. Marciel	.....25.00	Senja Niemi	.....7.00
T. Bogovich	.....25.00	Ohiehinin	.....50.00
B. Grive	.....25.00	Oscar Okkonen	.....50.00
T. Gxoffie	.....25.00	Emil Tusa	.....25.00
M. Ujevic	.....25.00	L. Kauppila	.....25.00
John Milons	.....25.00	P. J. Savo	.....1.00
M. Mnooshem	.....50.00	A. Anderson	.....1.00
Geo. Ramannu	.....25.00	T. Hietamaki	.....25.00
M. Zoritich	.....25.00	Mrs. Nevalainen	.....10.00
John Halor	.....50.00	Alex Kallio	.....25.00
		Jack Wourela	.....50.00
		Mrs. Menkelin	.....25.00

LEAGUE PROTESTS USE OF NATIONAL GUARD IN STRIKE

Letter Calls Servicemen Not to Fight Workers

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 1.—Letters signed by members of the Young Workers Communist League in the National Guard were distributed today in the armory and elsewhere to the other National Guardsmen appealing to them to not allow themselves to be used as strike-breakers.

False Promises. The letters stated that the National Guardsmen had been led to enlist by false promises, only to find that they were trained to fight against their own interests, and that in the case of the New Bedford textile strike they faced the danger of being called upon to shoot down their own sisters and mothers on the picket lines. Many of the National Guardsmen in this city are strikers themselves and were drafted to fight their own families—and announce their own struggles to protect their jobs from scabs. These facts were pointed out in the letters.

Protest Meeting. An appeal was made by the young Communists to their fellow guardsmen to take part in a protest meeting called here to fight against the use of servicemen for the mill owners against themselves and their fellow workers. They are asked to wake up before it is too late—and to refuse to be strike-breakers.

The New Bedford Young Workers (Communist) League has announced that it will take action this week to expose the use of the National Guard in the strike, and to bring the issue more clearly before the workers, but the acting Organizer, Figuredo, will not say in advance just what the course of action will be.

The League has called attention to the fact that Major Winslow, who is commanding the National Guard against the strikers, is connected with the "Textile Council" which pretends to be a labor union.

FEDERAL CERTIFICATES ON COTTON CANCELLED

WASHINGTON, July 10 (UP).—The agriculture department today cancelled federal certificates on 1519 bales of untenderable cotton stored in New York City.

The action, taken by Secretary Jardine, was the result of a senate investigation. It was found that many samples were shy of requirements of the law.

FIRE CHIEF ON BOND

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 10 (UP).—William Kirschenbaum, Newark, N. J., fire insurance investigator, was bound over to the September term of criminal superior court in bonds of \$9,000 today on charges of conspiracy in connection with a fire in a local rubber goods factory.

UNKNOWN MAN SUICIDE

NIAGARA FALLS, July 10 (UP).—Authorities here today still were without any clues to the identity of the middle-aged man who climbed the railing of the Falls View Bridge and plunged to his death in the Niagara River, 175 feet below, on Sunday night.

AUTO PARADE TO VISIT MINE AREA

Prepare For Defense Week July 22-29

(Continued from Page One)

troopers swooped down upon the pickets that day, firing revolvers and tear gas bombs into their midst, the strikers say. Dozens were wounded.

There is one striker in Renton who remembers too well how the troopers returned the next morning, broke down the doors with their horses' hoofs and clubbed men women and children. His wife died as a result of the beating.

Avella, Library, Mollenauer, Castle Shannon, Coverdale, Harwick Harmarville, Newfield, Coverdale all famous as militant mining camps, will be visited by the caravan. Life in the barracks, hardships the fighting miners are enduring, the children running about barefoot and chattering about the strike, the union, picket lines, "them scabs and yeller dogs," the union hall where the state troopers ban meetings—all will be seen by the relief workers.

Begins Friday.

Some automobiles will start for the strike fields Friday and others Saturday, depending upon the distance. Everybody who wishes to participate in the caravan should get in touch with the local branches of the National Miners' Relief Committee or International Labor Defense branches in their cities, or get information directly from the national office at 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Remember, July 1 is the date set for the tour. Organizations, especially, are invited to send delegates to get first hand information of the relief organizations' activities.

MEXICAN BANDIT SLAIN

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, July 10.—Travelers coming from the region of Tierra Blanca say that Mateo Amador, bandit chieftain who for a long time operated in the state of Vera Cruz, was recently assassinated. It is believed that one of his followers killed him while he slept. His body was taken to Tierra Blanca and exhibited in the Plaza.

TO ALL OUR READERS:

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTIZERS

Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.

Name of business place
Address
Your name
Address

Mail to
DAILY WORKER
33 FIRST STREET NEW YORK CITY

Movie Must Be Pure, Walker Tells Scribes

HOLLYWOOD, Calif., July 10.—Living up to his reputation as a comedian, Mayor James J. Walker of New York today delivered himself of a moral sermon to the movie press agents of this community last night.

Politics of a national nature have no place in film circles and certain movie executives have appeared "rather silly" by participating in republican affairs, he told the press agents.

"For the movie to do anything but remain on a strictly neutral basis during a national election would be ruinous," the mayor declared. Expressing further his fear of the ill-fortunes of the democratic party, which converted him from a third-rate Broadway song writer to a mayor of equal standing, Walker said that "the screen should remember its fans."

NOTED ARTISTS AT BIG CONCERT

Theremin, Volpe, Roxy Ballet to Perform

(Continued from Page One) direction of S. L. Rothafel ("Roxy"). The rehearsals take place after midnight, when the Roxy Theatre is empty, and an unusual program of Russian and Oriental dances is being arranged.

Theremin Preparing Program. Prof. Leon Theremin, the great scientist from the Soviet Union, who has discovered the revolutionary principle of drawing music out of the air without the aid of a musical instrument, is keeping the details of his program for Saturday evening a dark secret. All that he has announced thus far is that he will play both solos and selections, accompanied by Volpe's Symphony Orchestra.

Tickets for this concert of the century are now on sale at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square. All workers who want to make sure of being present at this epoch-making musical event should purchase their tickets without delay.

COP ARRESTED AS THIEF

Patrolman John H. Conlon, arrested on Sunday for holding up a soft drink store and robbing \$40 from it, will be tried today at the Harlem court. Conlon was held without bail.

Take the

DAILY WORKER

With You on Your Vacation

Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

Vacation Rates

2 weeks	65c	1 month	\$1
2 months	\$1.50	3 months	\$2

Enclosed find \$..... for months subscription weeks

to The DAILY WORKER. Name Street City State

DAILY WORKER

26-28 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK, N. Y.

ATTENTION

Party Units, Sub-sections, Sections, Workmen's Circle Branches, Women's Councils, Trade Union Educational Leagues, Workers' Clubs, etc.

You Can Get

500 Tickets for \$20 with the Name of Your Organization on Your Tickets.

Make \$100.00 Profit By Participating in the

FREIHEIT PICNIC

SATURDAY, JULY 28

ULMER PARK Brooklyn

Send your Check, Money Order, or bring your cash to the

"FREIHEIT" 30 Union Square, N. Y. C.

GOOD printing of all description at a fair price. Let us estimate on your work.

Telephone ORCHARD 4744

ACTIVE PRESS INCORPORATED
33 FIRST STREET NEW YORK

NEW DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

II. The General Crisis of Capitalism. The First Phase of World Revolution

DOCUMENT TRACES COURSE OF REVOLUTIONARY DEVELOPMENTS AND PARTIAL STABILIZATION

Points Out Treacherous Role of Social Democracy and Rise of Fascism

Pictures Processes Corroding Capitalism and New Forces of Revolution

To All Sections of the Communist International:

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the Communist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM. The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text of this draft is of course based on the same fundamental principles as those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by the Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, nevertheless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Programme Commission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken place in many important spheres of international life and particularly in the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could not confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original draft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of capitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between various groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the great revolution in China, which once again emphasized the significance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been made in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism is growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship of big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist imperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist International in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally the growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really become internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist International as a single organization—all this has inevitably made it necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is towards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTERNATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the sections dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist Parties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this draft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and criticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The work done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace in a single document all the problems of the present-day world Communist movement. The question of the program will be one of the central questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient material be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes place at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades to join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

The imperialist struggle among the largest capitalist states for the re-distribution of the globe led to the first World Imperialist War (1914-1918). This war shook the whole system of world capitalism and marked the beginning of the period of its general crisis. It bent to its service the whole of the national economy of the belligerent countries, thus creating the mailed fist of state capitalism. It increased unproductive expenditure to enormous dimensions, destroyed enormous quantities of means of production and human labor power, ruined large masses of the population and imposed incalculable burdens upon the industrial workers, the peasants and the colonial peoples. The war inevitably led to an intensification of the class struggle which grew into revolutionary mass action and civil war. The imperialist front was breached at its weakest link: in Czarist Russia. The FEBRUARY revolution of 1917 overthrew the domination of the big landlord autocracy. The "October" revolution overthrew the domination of the bourgeoisie. This victorious proletarian revolution expropriated the expropriators, took the means of production from the landlords and the capitalists and for the first time in human history set up and consolidated the dictatorship of the proletariat in an enormous country, brought into being a new Soviet type of state and laid the foundations for the International Proletarian Revolution.

The powerful shock to which the whole world of capitalism was subjected, the intensification of the class struggle and the direct influence of the October proletarian revolution gave rise to a series of revolutionary actions on the continent of Europe as well as in the colonial and semi-colonial countries: March, 1918, the workers' revolution in Finland; August, 1918, the "rice riots" in Japan; November, 1918, revolutions in Austria and Germany which overthrew the rule of the semi-feudal monarchies; March, 1919, the proletarian revolution in Hungary and the rebellion in Korea; April, 1919, the establishment of the Soviet government in Bavaria; January, 1920, the bourgeois national revolution in Turkey; September, 1920, the seizure of the factories by the workers in Italy; March, 1921, the uprising of the advanced workers in Germany; September, 1923, the uprising in Bulgaria; the autumn of 1923, the revolutionary crisis in Germany; December, 1924, rebellion in Estonia; April, 1925, rebellion in Morocco and in Syria in August; May, 1926, general strike in England; 1927, the workers' uprising in Vienna. All these events, as well as the rebellion in Indonesia, the deep ferment in India, the great Chinese revolution which shook the whole of the continent of Asia, are

links in a single international revolutionary chain and the component parts of the profound general crisis of capitalism. The unity of world economy finds its expression in the international character of the revolution. The uneven development of its various parts is reflected in the uneven development of the revolution in separate countries.

The first attempts made to bring about a revolutionary change, which sprung from the acute crisis of capitalism (1918-1921) ended in the defeat of the proletariat in a number of countries. These defeats were brought about primarily by the treacherous tactics of the social democratic leaders and reformist trade union leaders and also by the fact that Communist parties had not yet been established in a number of important countries and that the majority of the working class had not yet accepted the lead of the Communists.

These defeats enabled the bourgeoisie to bring about a partial stabilization of capitalist relationships. The exploitation of the proletariat and of the colonial peoples was greatly intensified and their standard of living sharply depressed. The forces of production of world economy again began to increase, considerable progress was made in technique, the process of the trustification and the rationalization of industry was accelerated, the tendency of development towards state capitalism was resumed and the pressure brought to bear upon the working class and the colonies was increased.

In the course of progress of the international revolution the social democratic and reformist trade union leaders on the one hand and the militant capitalist organizations of the fascist type on the other, acquired special significance as a powerful counter-revolutionary force actively fighting against the revolution and actively supporting the partial stabilization of capitalism.

The war crisis of 1914-1918 was accompanied by the disgraceful collapse of the social democratic second international. Notwithstanding the thesis laid down by Marx and Engels in the "Communist Manifesto" that under capitalism the proletariat has no country, and notwithstanding the anti-war resolutions passed at the Stuttgart and Basle congresses, the leaders of the national social democratic parties, with a few exceptions, voted the war credits and strongly advocated the defense of imperialist "fatherlands" (i. e. the state organizations of the imperialist bourgeoisie) and instead of opposing the imperialist war became its most loyal soldiers, propagandists and its bards (social patriotism, which grew into social imperialism).

In the period that followed the social democrats supported the predatory treaties (Brest, Versailles). They came out as an active force on the side of the militarists at the time of the bloody suppression of proletarian uprisings (Noske); they conducted armed warfare against the first proletarian republic (Soviet Russia); they despicably betrayed the proletariat when it took power (Hungary); they joined the imperialist League of Nations (Albert Thomas, Paul Boncour, Vandervelde, Breitscheid); they openly took the side of the imperialist slave-owners against the colonial slaves (British "Labor Party"); they actively supported the most reactionary executioners of the working class (in Bulgaria and Poland); they took the initiative in introducing imperialist "military laws" (France); they betrayed the great general strike of the British proletariat; they helped to strangle the miners' strike. They helped strangle China and India (the MacDonald government); they act as the propagandists of the imperialist "League of Nations." They are capitalism's heralds and the organizing force in the fight against the dictatorship of the proletariat in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics (Kautsky, Hilferding).

In systematically conducting this counter-revolutionary policy, social democracy operates alternately first with one and then with the other of its two wings: the right wing of social democracy, avowedly counter-revolutionary, is essential for negotiating with the bourgeoisie; the "Left Wing" is essential for the subtle deception of the workers. While playing with pacifist and sometimes even with revolutionary phrases, "Left Wing" Social Democracy in practice acts against the workers at the most critical moments (the British "independents" and "Lefts" leaders of the general council at the time of the general strike in 1926, Otto Bauer & Co. at the time of the Vienna uprising) and is for that reason the most pernicious fraction of the social democratic parties.

While serving the interests of the bourgeoisie within the working class and adopting entirely the principle of class cooperation, the social democrats periodically take up the position of an opposition party and pretend to lead the economic struggle in order to win the confidence of sections of the working class and in this way more shamefully to betray the lasting interests of the working class, particularly in the midst of decisive class battles.

In the domain of theory, social democracy has wholly and completely betrayed Marxism. It passed through the stage of revisionism to complete liberal-bourgeois reformism and avowed social imperialism; it has distorted the Marxian doctrine of class war into the advocacy of class peace. Instead of the doctrine of proletarian dictatorship it advocates the theory of coalition with the bourgeoisie. Instead of destruction of the bourgeois state it advocates active construction. Instead of pointing out that imperialist wars are inevitable under capitalism it advances the theory of peaceful "ultra-imperialism," and instead of international solidarity of the proletariat it preaches the doctrine of defense of imperialist fatherlands. It has substituted the dialectical materialism of Marx by idealistic philosophy and playing with bourgeois religious trash.

Thus, international social democracy in all its shades: the Second International and its trade union branch, the Amsterdam Federation of Trade Unions, have become the reserves of bourgeois society and its most loyal pillar of support.

Side by side with social democracy through and by which the bourgeoisie suppresses the workers or lulls their class vigilance, is fascism.

The epoch of imperialism, the growing acuteness of the class struggle and the growth of the elements of civil war,—particularly after the imperialist war,—have led to a crisis in parliamentarism. The instability of capitalist relationships in the post-war period, the existence of large declassed social elements, the impoverishment of broad strata of the urban petty bourgeoisie and intelligentsia (primarily in the European countries), and finally the constant menace of the mass proletarian action have caused the bankruptcy of parliamentarism as the democratic, camouflaged form of the bourgeois dictatorship and gave rise to fascism as a method of unconcealed dictatorship of the bourgeoisie. In order to secure for itself a more stable, firm and permanent rule, the bourgeoisie is being compelled more and more to abandon the parliamentary system and to adopt the method of fascism irrespective of inner-party relationships and combinations. It masks its "national idea" by the system of representation of the "professions" (i. e. of the various groups of the dominant class) and turns to its own advantage the discontent of the petty bourgeoisie, intellectual and other masses by a peculiar form of social demagoguery (anti-semitism, sporadic attacks upon usurer capital, displays of indignation in the parliamentary "talking shop") and corruption—by creating a compact and well-paid hierarchy of fascist units, party apparatus and bureaucracy.

At the same time fascism strives to permeate the working class. It recruits the most backward strata of the workers and turns their discontent with the passivity of social democracy to its own advantage. The principal function of fascism is to destroy the revolutionary labor vanguard, i. e. the Communist units and the leaders of the proletariat. The combination of social demagoguery, corruption and active white terror conducted simultaneously with extreme imperialist aggression in the sphere of foreign politics, is a characteristic feature of fascism. In the periods most critical for the bourgeoisie, fascism, to suit its own ends, gave utterance to anti-capitalist phraseology. When it had strongly established itself at the helm of state it cast aside its anti-capitalist rattle and is now more and more revealing itself as the terrorist dictatorship of big capital (Mussolini, Pilsudski).

The bourgeoisie resorts alternately to the methods of fascism or to the method of coalition with social democracy, according to the changes in the political situation. In this, social democracy not infrequently plays an openly fascist role (Noske in Germany, the Polish Socialist Party, etc.). Both these methods are unusual for "normal" capitalism; they are symptoms of the general capitalist crisis. Nevertheless, they retard the rate of advance of revolution.

The experience of the whole of the historical post-war period has shown however, that the stabilization of capitalism obtained by acts of repression against the working class and the systematic depression of its standard of living cannot but be a partial, temporary and decaying stabilization. This stabilization gives rise to new and more profound contradictions which cause the general crisis of capitalism to become more acute and create the conditions for a new phase in the world proletarian revolution.

As a result of the first round of imperialist wars (the world war of 1914-1918) and of the October victory of the working class in the former empire of the Russian Czar world economy has split up into two fundamentally hostile camps: The camp of the imperialist states and the camp of the dictatorship of the proletariat in the United Socialist Soviet Russia. The differences in class structure and the class character of the two states, the fundamental differences in the aims each pursues in internal, foreign, economic and cultural policy,—the fundamental difference in the direction of development of the two camps, brings the capitalist world into sharp conflict with the victorious proletarian state. Two antagonistic systems are in conflict within the framework of a single world economy: the system of capitalism and the system of socialism. Hitherto, the class struggle was conducted in forms determined by the fact that the proletariat was not in possession of state power. Now it is being conducted on an enormous and really world scale and moreover the working class now has its own state,—the only fatherland of the interna-

tional proletariat. The existence of the Soviet Union and the influence it exercises upon the masses of the toilers and oppressed all over the world is in itself the most striking expression of the profound crisis of the world capitalist system and of the expansion and intensification of the class struggle to a degree hitherto unparalleled in history.

The capitalist world, powerless to eliminate its inherent contradictions, is striving to set up an international organization (the League of Nations) the main purpose of which is: to restrain the surging tide of the revolutionary crisis and to strangle the Soviet proletarian republics by blockade or war. On the other hand all the forces of the revolutionary proletariat and of the oppressed colonial masses are rallying around the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The unstable, internally corroding, but well armed coalition of capital is confronted by a single, world coalition of labor.

Thus, as a result of the first round of imperialist wars new fundamental antagonisms have arisen of world historical scale and significance: the antagonisms between the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and the capitalist world.

Meanwhile, the antagonisms within the capitalist sector of world economy have become more acute. The economic centre of the world has shifted to the United States of America; the "dollar republic" has become the exploiter of all countries and this has caused the relations between United States and European capitalism, primarily British capitalism, to become more acute. The conflict between Great Britain, the most powerful of the old conservative imperialist countries, and the United States, the greatest of the young imperialist countries and which has already won world hegemony for itself, is becoming the pivot in the world conflicts of finance capital states. Germany, though plundered by the Versailles peace is now economically recovered and is again taking the path of imperialist politics. Once again she stands out as a serious competitor of Great Britain and France on the world market. The Pacific is becoming involved in a tangle of contradictions caused principally by the conflict between America and Japan. Simultaneously the antagonism of interests between the constantly changing and unstable groupings of powers is developing, while the second-class powers act as auxiliary imperialist giants and their coalitions. The productive capacity of the industrial apparatus of world capitalism has been increased. Simultaneously the home markets in Europe have become restricted as a result of the war and of the Soviet Union dropping out of the sphere of purely capitalist circulation. This and the close monopoly of the principal sources of raw materials and fuel have caused the conflicts between capitalist states to become wider. The "peaceful" struggle for oil, rubber, cotton, coal and metals, the struggle for a redistribution of markets and spheres for the export of capital are inexorably leading to

another world war, the destructive force of which will increase parallel with the furious development of the technique of war.

Simultaneously, the antagonisms between the imperialist countries and the colonial and semi-colonial countries are growing. As a result of the war, the development of capitalism in the colonies, of the influence of the Soviet revolution and of the centrifugal tendencies going on within the principal naval and colonial empire, Great Britain (Canada, Australia, South Africa) European imperialism has become weakened and this has helped to release rebellion in the colonies and semi-colonies. The great Chinese revolution, which roused hundreds of millions of the Chinese people to action, has made an enormous breach in the imperialist system. The unceasing revolutionary ferment among hundreds of millions of the Indian workers and peasants threatens to break the domination of the world citadel of imperialism, Great Britain. The existence of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics as the most important factor of revolutionary development opens up for those countries the prospect of transition to socialism.

Thus, the world imperialist system, and with it the partial stabilization of capitalism, is becoming corroded from different causes; these are the conflicts and antagonisms among imperialist states, the rise to the struggle of millions of the masses in the colonies, the rise of the revolutionary proletariat in the home countries and, finally, the hegemony exercised over the whole world revolutionary movement by the proletarian dictatorship in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The international revolution is developed.

Against this revolution, imperialism is gathering its forces. Expeditions against the colonies, a new world war, a campaign against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics are now practical questions of imperialist politics. This will lead to the release of all the forces of international revolution and the inevitable doom of capitalism.

The third installment of the draft program to be printed in tomorrow's issue of the Daily Worker is headed: "The ultimate aim of the Communist International: World Communism."

Against this revolution, imperialism is gathering its forces. Expeditions against the colonies, a new world war, a campaign against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics are now practical questions of imperialist politics. This will lead to the release of all the forces of international revolution and the inevitable doom of capitalism.

The third installment of the draft program to be printed in tomorrow's issue of the Daily Worker is headed: "The ultimate aim of the Communist International: World Communism."

The third installment of the draft program to be printed in tomorrow's issue of the Daily Worker is headed: "The ultimate aim of the Communist International: World Communism."

Most Amazing Invention of the Twentieth Century

Professor

Theremin

Produces Music From the Air

(Without Aid of Any Instruments)



ARNOLD VOLPE

Symphony Orchestra of 50

ARNOLD VOLPE, Conductor

ROXY BALLET

Russian and Oriental Dances

Coney Island Stadium

Surf Avenue and West 6th Street

SAT. EVE., JULY 14, 1928

Tickets: 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

ON SALE AT: 26-28 Union Sq.; 30 Union Sq.; 2700 Bronx Park East; 1310 So. Boulevard (Book Store); 15 West 126th St.; 1600 Madison Ave. (Restaurant); 202 E. Broadway (Book Store); 17 E. 3rd St.; 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn.

POWER HEARING IS POSTPONED

Summer Recess Called By Commission

WASHINGTON, July 10 (FP).—Hearings before the Federal Trade Commission on the power trust inquiry ordered by the Senate have been suspended until September. Meanwhile the power companies are trying to answer questionnaires sent them by the commission's economic staff, as to watered stock, bond issues, customer ownership, rates, etc.

Since the investigation began 71 witnesses from 40 states and representing state committees or regional sub-divisions of the National Electric Light Association, American Gas Association and the Joint Committee of National Utility Associations have been examined in public hearings. Some 4,877 pages of testimony have been taken and 3,600 exhibits have been put in the record. All of this has dealt merely with the publicity and propaganda against public ownership and against strict public regulation of utilities.

German Reformists Aid Imperialist Plan

BERLIN, July 10. — Kellogg's anti-war pact was hailed by the German socialist leader, Rudolf Breitscheid, at a meeting of the Reichstag Foreign Affairs Committee, as a favorable omen. He said that it would draw the United States into the league of nations.

In this way, it is thought, the European bloc against the Soviet Union would be strengthened and it would help to consolidate European forces.

HUGE LOSSES IN STOCKS CHARGED

Worthless Securities Sold By Millions

Charges that securities in excess of \$1,000,000,000 sold since the war have defaulted or become worthless were made yesterday by Assistant Attorney General Timothy J. Shea, in charge of the bureau of securities of the attorney general's office.

Worthless Stock Sold

"Revelation of the condition of affairs," the statement said, "is based upon an investigation of the activities of the 'over the counter' market, the groundwork of which has just been completed. It was found that during the past years the number of over the counter dealers and traders has increased by hundreds. Millions of dollars of worthless securities have been sold. Many defaults and failures were also recorded by firms whose securities were floated through the over-the-counter market."

Policeman Shoots and Throws Gun at Man

CHICAGO, Ill., July 10.—Harold Grant, fleeing from police after he had violated a petty traffic law, was shot at by a policeman here today. After falling to shoot Grant, the policeman threw his machine gun at him, and struck him in the back. Grant was captured, after being injured by the gun.

ART DEALER DEAD. LONDON, July 10 (UP). — Charles Carstairs, 63, of Philadelphia, president and London manager of the famous New York, Paris and London art dealer, Knoedler and Company, died last night.

United States Lines Rob Seamen of Pay by Taxing System, Writes Correspondent

HANDOUTS

Parker Gilbert, Agent General for Reparations, is showing a sudden and deep concern for the welfare of the German workers. He is the real master of Germany and has just disapproved a 6 per cent general wage increase. He frankly admits this is a move for the benefit of the working class, because wage increases cause higher prices and therefore "end sooner or later to cancel themselves." Gilbert's idea of liberating the working class would be to cut wages in half. This would cut down the price of commodities and all workers would then have plenty.

U. S. SHIPPING HEADS EXTORT SAILORS' PAY

Union Formed to Fight Shippers' Tyranny

(By a Seaman Correspondent)
Recently there has been world-wide publicity in the capitalist press concerning the half million dollar mail robbery which took place on the S. S. Leviathan during its outward voyage from New York to Southampton. In investigating this robbery the authorities did not consider it necessary to grill the crew. Because they are aware of the fact that the crew of this ship is constantly watched and kept working from the time it signs on for the voyage until they pay off and couldn't possibly have robbed the mail. Robbery on this ship is a common occurrence however.

A dirtier, meaner method of robbery was never perpetrated than that which is being practised by the officials of the United States Lines in conjunction with the U. S. A. Shipping Commissioners. Of a total of 1165 comprising the crew of this giant liner an average of 900 are logged or docked a portion of their wages. Every 18-day voyage the fines range from two days' pay to as high as the total wages due. It is quite clear to all seafarers that those vultures have set a standard amount which they will wrest from the wages each trip.

On one of my trips as able seaman there were drunken passengers smoking on the foredeck while I was on the bow-watch from 12 p. m. to 2 a. m. with an ordinary seaman, Curtis, the second mate, summoned me by telephone from the bridge. When I went up, he led me to the chartroom, and asked me how long I had been going to sea. When I told him, he said it was long enough to know better than to smoke while on the lookout. I told him it was a passenger and not I who was smoking. He called me a liar and fined me four days' pay, which was deducted from my wages at paying off time. Now this dirty scoundrel Curtis knew perfectly well that I was not smoking.

Thousands of dollars are wrested from the poor seafarers' wages in various ways, and the only way left for the slaves of the sea to combat this tyranny is organization. Seafarers carry the trade of the world on their backs and get the least recompense. Seafarers of the world unite. You haven't anything to lose but your chains and a world to gain. Seamen organize yourselves into a new union; one which is not tarnished with the corruption of a F. of L. officials. Marine workers' progressive committees are now organized in all the principal ports of the U. S. A. for the purpose of organizing a union which will stand for industrial amalgamation for the seafarers of the world. This organization has the support of marine workers in all countries. Join it, fellow seamen, and with our economic strength we can ring a higher standard of living out of the shipowner, and lead a decent life on the seas.

MISLEADERS TO STOP ELECTIONS

Machinists Officials In New Racket

WASHINGTON, July 10 (FP).—Arguments opposing the abandonment of the referendum system of election of officers and abandonment of the present executive council, in the International Association of Machinists, printed in the July issue of the Machinists Monthly Journal, show that a lively fight will mark the convention at Atlanta. Charles W. Fry, business agent of Lodge 126, Chicago, is sponsor for the proposed constitutional changes. He is opposed by Vice-President P. J. Conlon, by William R. Young of Lodge 202, and others. Fry's further proposal that the insurance feature be made mandatory on a basis of \$1,000 insurance for \$1 added to the dues, is opposed in an article by O. G. Remy, recording secretary of Lodge 254.

Fry argues that the referendum election should be abolished in order to keep the general officers busy at their trade union duties. He says they play politics at the expense of the union. Young replies that convention politics is worse than referendum politics, and he points out that only about one-fourth of the lodges are able to pay the cost of having a delegate at the convention. Their lack of money would disfranchise them in the selection of general officers.

NEW LACKEY APPOINTED SUPERIOR, Wis., July 10 (UP).—President Coolidge today appointed William Leffingwell Redrow, Ohio, to be Examiner in Charge of United States Patent Offices, succeeding the late Sydney F. Smith.

300 Lose Lives; Faulty Chilean Army Transport Crashes On Rocks



Only four survived when the Chilean army transport, Angamos, crashed on the rocks at Punta Chimpel. The ship carried army conscripts and passengers. Faulty construction as well as the carelessness of the Chilean authorities are blamed for the tragedy. Photo shows officers of the Chilean naval vessel that attempted to make a rescue.

DIPLOMA NO AID IN GETTING JOB

High School Graduate Not Wanted

(By a Worker Correspondent)
CHICAGO, (By Mail).—In our beloved richest country in the world everyone is claimed to have an equal chance to live happy. I find it is not true. I will give you an example of my father.

When my father came to this country in 1908, he was a boy of seventeen. He began work in a restaurant, which was washing dishes for \$3.00 per week. He worked so hard that he could not stay any longer than three days. It was impossible for a man to work fifteen hours a day.

He then began to look around for work. Finally he found another job as a presser and at that time he worked very long hours for a very little salary. It was impossible to exist. He joined the union. The wages which he received under the United Garment Workers were so little that he became a union man with his heart and soul, although he did not receive very much education. The live spirit of the working class was on him.

Then began class struggles and strikes. He was always on picket duty. He never had to be told to go in the front line to fight, he always went because he always felt it was his duty to better the conditions of himself and his fellow workers.

When he became a family man he started to feel more than ever the class struggle to raise his little family. He wanted to give his children an education what he claimed that every American child is entitled to. Also my teacher said that education is a great value in this country.

We children were not behind in our father's principles because we felt there were many good things in this country that we could not get. We know that our father is not lazy to work, but he gets only \$15 a week and it isn't enough to buy bread for us to eat.

I have already reached the age of sixteen and am capable of working. I have received the so-called education of high school and am now looking for a job to use my great education, but I cannot find any. Any place I go I find hundreds of girls waiting for jobs and I, only a young girl, already feel the unemployment crisis.

When I need any clothing and my father can't afford to buy me any, I smile at the words: America, the richest country in the world, everyone has a chance to become rich. Communism is the only way to solve the problem of unemployment. Communism stands for the freedom of the working class from slavery and exploitation from capitalism's brutal yoke. —ETHEL JAFFEE.

Miners' Relief Week Now in Progress at Workers Camp Huliet

LUMBERVILLE, Pa., July 10.—This week, July 9 to July 16, is Miners' Relief Week at Cooperative Camp Huliet, at Lumberville, Pa. There will be a continuous program of activities, all the proceeds of which will go to the support of the miners' strike.

On Friday, July 13, the Pioneers will give a play. On Saturday, July 14, there will be a Miners' Relief Dance at the camp. On Sunday, July 15, at 8 p. m., there will be a concert and mass meeting.

This promises to be the biggest week of the whole summer at this proletarian camp. Already, a half dozen workers' clubs have decided to visit it in a body this week end.

DUAL UNION OF U. S. WORKERS

Federal Employes Plan Organization

WASHINGTON, July 10 (FP).—Dissatisfied with the degree of militancy shown by the National Federation of Federal Employes, in general, and by its president, Luther C. Stewart, in particular, a group of government clerks in Washington has set up a dual union. The president of the new organization—called the League of the American Civil Service—is Mrs. Margaret Hopkins Worrell, who led a procession of 3,000 clerks to the first hearing of testimony on the Welch salary-increase bill before the house civil service committee last December.

Chairman Smoot of the Senate finance committee is recognized in the capital as boss of the civil service. For many years past he has made it his business to resist all wage increases and to cut down the appropriations for civil service staffs wherever possible. He is the most powerful foe of the Federation of Federal Employes. Under Smoot's control is the Bureau of Efficiency, headed by Herbert Brown. When Smoot wants evidence that civil service conditions are too easy on the employes, Brown furnishes him with the expert reports to support his contentions.

Whether the hand of Smoot or Brown is behind the dual union enterprise is doubtful, since Mrs. Worrell and her associates were quite active in demanding higher pay, during the Welch bill discussion. But if the new organization gets a start among the tens of thousands of federal workers who fail to maintain union membership, Smoot and Brown will be able to play the one group off against the other. Since the new organization has no affiliation with the regular labor movement its policies will be ruled by considerations of temporary advantage for the ruling element.

STORMS HINDER CHILIAN SEARCH

Only 6 Have Survived Boat Disaster

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 10 (UP).—Terrific storms still broke along the Chilean coast today seriously interfering with search for possible survivors of the disastrous sinking of the Chilean transport Angamos. Upwards of 200 persons are believed to have perished. An official report said there was a crew of 133 aboard and that there were 82 passengers when the transport, attempting to escape furious winds, cracked onto a reef and went down immediately. Previous reports had indicated there might have been 300 persons aboard the vessel.

Only six survivors have been found thus far. They were among those who leaped into life boats when it was seen the vessel was a loss, only to be pitched clear of the fragile crafts once the heavy rolling sea was encountered. All six were landed on the beach some 200 yards from the scene of the disaster and recovered consciousness to find that the big transport had sunk, leaving not a trace except debris scattered along the coast line.

The last two survivors found were Carlos Avandano and Sierpe Olegario.

AIRWAY CONTRACT MADE—WASHINGTON, July 10 (UP).—Second assistant postmaster general Glover today awarded the contract for operation of air mail service between Key West and the Panama Canal zone, to the Pan-American Airways of New York City at \$2 per flying mile.

For Annoying or Painful Bladder Evacuation Get the genuine Santal Midy Effective-Harmless Sold by All Druggists

CAMP HULIET (Over the Delaware) LUMBERVILLE, PA. JUST A PLACE FOR A WORKER'S VACATION. Directions—By Bus or Trolley to Deyelstown and then by Camp Bus to the Camp. By Train—To Raven Rock, N. J., on the Penna R. R. From New York—By Train to Raven Rock, N. J. For further information and registration apply to: Workers' Co-operative Assn. 317 So. 5th St. PHILA, PA.

The Vege-Tarry Inn "GRINE KRETSCHME" BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD MODERN IMPROVEMENTS DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J. BERKELEY HEIGHTS NEW JERSEY Phone, Fanwood 7463 R. 1.

FORMER SAILOR TELLS MISERY OF LIFE IN NAVY

Willing to Give Aid to Fellow Workers

(By a Navy Correspondent)
DETROIT, (By Mail).—I write these few lines to the best paper I read.

I am very sorry for John Porter, arrested recently in New Bedford Mass., because he was a striker.

I was in the navy before the war and when war came I was kicked out with a B. C. D. You see, I tried to do all I could to get the men to rebel against the terrible food. For this I got ten days on bread and water.

We must say yes, sir, and no sir, to our masters. I got 10 days of bread and water again for not saying yes, sir. Two weeks later the same thing happened when I refused to salute a big jackass they call captain. This was in Norfolk Virginia.

When I was put out of the navy I was asked whether I had cold feet if I was afraid to fight. I told them I wanted to leave only because I didn't want to shoot down my fellow workers.

You see, I am no church fellow was fined \$62 for not wanting to go to war, but I didn't care because I had no money. They put me out anyway.

If I can help my fellow workers in anyway, I would like to know. EX-SERVICEMAN.

A Miracle Explained--the Russian Edison's Invention

IN "BURLESQUE"

RENEWED interest has been aroused to see the young Russian inventor, Leon Theremin, and his invention for obtaining music from the ether, in the announcement that the Soviet scientist will appear this Saturday night at the Coney Island Stadium. Theremin will again give a demonstration of his invention.

The instrument which the "Russian Edison," as they call the youthful physicist in Soviet Russia, has built, produces the entire audible tone scale by electrical means. After demonstrations in Berlin, Paris and London, and New York the new machine was pronounced by scientists, artists and laymen alike barely short of the miraculous. Tones are produced by free movement of the hands in air before two antennae attached to the apparatus. The principle utilized by Professor Theremin is that of the transformation of electro-magnetic energy into acoustic energy. By altering conditions in an electro-magnetic area by means of introducing into it an electrical conductor (the human body) he achieves changes in pitch, timbre and volume.

Leon Theremin is 31 years old. He was born in St. Petersburg August 15, 1896, now Leningrad, Russia, the son of a prominent lawyer. At an early age he is said to have startled his teachers by his aptitude in solving the trickiest of scientific problems. This, coupled with the youngster's predilection for music



Barbara Stanwyck, who is featured in Arthur Hopkins' production of "Burlesque," now in its eleventh month at the Plymouth Theatre.

and art, branded him as a boy prodigy. The judgment of his elders was justified by the events of later years. After completing his course at the state gymnasium he entered the School of Physics and Mathematics of the University of Leningrad, majoring in physics and astronomy. The apparatus acts as a terminal and is never really touched by the hands, even though the music rendered is closely allied to the artist's personality because it reproduces the music in the player's mind. There is nothing miraculous—it is merely the application of known scientific principles.

Broadway Briefs

The matinees of "The Grand Street Follies" at the Booth have been shifted to Tuesdays and Thursdays. This schedule will continue until after Labor Day week when the former schedule of Wednesdays and Saturdays will again be in force.

A. L. Erlanger has added another new playhouse, the Jefferson Theatre at Birmingham, Ala., to his chain. The house will be renamed the Erlanger Theatre.

DUPONTS TO FIRE MORE. The plants of E. I. Duponts de Nemours may be put on a five day week, it was announced. This would affect thousands of workmen with the likelihood of many being thrown out of work and wages lowered. This step is believed able to meet the decreasing huying power of the public.

LUNA The Heart of Coney Island Battle of Canteau-Thierry MILE SIX CHASER

PARK WHIRL Ice and Dancing Luna's Great Swimming Pool

BOOTH Thea, 45 St. W. of B'way Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30

GRAND ST. FOLLIES CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Mats. Wed. & Sat. SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH

GOOD NEWS with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

A late additional booking for this week's bill at the Palace Theatre is Will and Gladys Ahern, with brother Dan.

Keith-Albee **CAMEO** Now Thrilling Drama of Russia and REAL Paris "LOVES" Of Jeanne Ney" A UFA Production Featuring Brigitte Helm of "Metropolis" Directed by G. W. Pabst, director of "SECRETS OF THE SOUL" Also Showing: Chas. Chaplin in "The Vagabond"

Winter Garden **Greenwich Village Follies** GREATEST OF ALL REVUES

Sunday at Home



Capitalism is so corrupt that you can't find a cranny in the old edifice that hasn't got an odor of its own. In advertising thousands of men spend all their time and energy in an activity that is almost completely an economic loss. Their work is to doll up dishonesty in a new dress. If Diogenes were looking for an honest man in the advertising business he would blow out his lantern and use a navy searchlight. "Nobody but a deaf, dumb and blind man from Mars would expect to find any truth in theatrical advertising which pays the very highest prices for fake publicity. The above picture, put out by an advertising agent, shows Camilla Crume, actress in "The Skull." She is supposed to have been smoking a pipe since she was 18. As a matter of fact she has never smoked anything in her life but tobacco and when she was handed the pipe, to pose for this picture, she didn't know which end to put in her mouth.

The Pope last week handed the cross of the Order of St. Gregory the Great to Nick Fred Brady, New Yorker, because of his "civic virtue." It might also be added that Nick, who is a financier and labor exploiter, has given about a million to the Catholic Church.

Costly Switchman



Hardly a day goes by that Mayor Walker doesn't do something for the working class. He needed a switchman and so he Clarence Chamberlain, transatlantic flier, shown above, to do the work. The beacon will guide airmen to a safe landing and will be operated impartially for the benefit of any workers who happen to be flying to and from the factories or members of the wealthy classes. The mayor's thoughtfulness is shown by the fact that he didn't let anybody turn on the light, who happened to be closest to the switch, but took the trouble to go out and hire an experienced aviator by the year to do the job.

GEMS OF LEARNING

James W. Good, Hoover campaign manager—"A large number of prominent men with experience in politics came forward and assisted to perfect the organization. Then we went ahead and did efficient work. Oh, yes, I will admit that it is an efficient organization." Most votes per million dollar outlay.

The Organization of a World Party

By OSIP PIATNITSKY 15 Cents

What are the various sections of the Communist International doing? Germany, France, U. S., England, Italy? What are their achievements, shortcomings and future tasks? B. Vasiliev, reviewing this pamphlet in the May 1 issue of the Communist International, says:

"Every active member of every Communist Party in capitalist countries must have a copy of Comrade Piatnitsky's little book among the number of absolutely necessary handbooks on everyday Party work."

Order from **WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS** 39 EAST 125th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

In July the Banks Are Paying Half Yearly Dividends

Transfer Your Savings to a Co-operative Workers' Finance Institution

CONSUMERS FINANCE CORPORATION

Subsidiary of the United Workers' Co-operative Ass'n.

6%

Dividends are being paid from the first day of deposit on gold bonds in denominations of \$100, \$300, \$500 and \$1,000 secured by the second mortgage of the second block of houses in the Co-operative Workers' Colony.

The **GOLD BOND CAMPAIGN** Will Be Ended in July

Subscribe Now, Don't Be Left Out!

Consumers Finance Corp.

Office: 69 — 5th Ave., New York, N. Y. TELEPHONE: ALGONQUIN 6900.

Branch Office: 2700 Bronx Park East (Co-operative Workers' Colony) TELEPHONE: OLINVILLE 894.

LABOR DEFENSE OUTING PLANNED FOR JULY 21ST

Indications Point to Huge Success

One of the greatest proletarian outings ever held in New York will take place Saturday, July 21, in Pleasant Bay Park, under the auspices of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense.

Starting at noon, there will be a continuous program of unusual variety that will last until late at night. This will include athletic events of all kinds, games, open air dancing to the music of a first-class jazz band, a torchlight parade and refreshments.

The two chief features will be the mass scene, symbolizing the fight to free class-war prisoners, in which a large number of workers will participate, and the taking of moving pictures of the outing. All those who are present at the outing will thus be able to see themselves on the screen a few days later.

Though all the details of the program are not yet complete, the I. L. D. outing this year promises, according to present indications, to far surpass all previous events of its kind.

HOLD ANTHRACITE MINE CONFERENCE

Forty Progressive Leaders Meet

(Special To The Daily Worker)

HAZELTON, Pa., July 10. — Forty leaders of the progressive forces of district Nos. 1, 7 and 9 assembled at a Tri-district conference gave full endorsement for a National Miners Convention to be held in Pittsburgh, September 9th to 16th.

John Watt, chairman of the National Arrangement Committee for the National Miners Convention told the conference how Lewis machine breaks the union in the bituminous fields, and showed that the next coal operators' attack will be centered in the anthracite. He showed that miners no longer can save the union from Lewis and that a new union must be built.

No Union Conditions

Tom Howell, president of the Central labor union of Pottsville, showed that union condition in the anthracite have broken down, that in one case a miner received only \$4.73 for four days' work that in another case a miner received \$55 for 19 days' work.

Geo. Papoun of district No. 1, told the conference of the struggle of the Pittston miners and of the condition in district No. 1 in general. He explained that Brennen and McGarry movement is degenerating thanks to its false policy and that it is the duty of the rank and file to fight these fake "progressives."

The conference elected 15 members to form the Tri-district section of the National Miners Convention Arrangements committee. An Executive committee of 6, consisting of William Gaffney, Dan Moran, Thom Howell, Joe Pajaris, Geo. Papoun, and Bill Gebert, was elected to act as a Tri-district committee.

The conference also supported the drive for relief for the striking brothers in the bituminous fields, and that assessments shall be sent to the National Miners Relief committee. It endorsed "Coal Digger" as official of the progressives in the anthracite.

Stress was laid on necessities of organizing a left wing movement in the districts, sub-districts, and locals, and to give full support to the mass picnic which will be held on Saturday, August 4th, in Lake View, a few miles from Hazelton for the benefit of the striking miners.

France Will Accept Kellogg Plan Soon

PARIS, July 10. — During this week it is expected that the final French answer will be made to Secretary Kellogg's proposal for a multilateral treaty "outlawing" war.

This reply, prepared by the French imperialists acting on the advice of business interests of France who are close in spirit to the American exploiters, will, according to all present indications, constitute an acceptance. It will also indicate the French government's willingness to sign along with the other imperialist powers now contemplating acceptance of the fake proposal.

Plane Crashes While Fascists Hold Field Day At Curtiss Field



Bystanders had a narrow escape when a plane piloted by Richard Robertson crashed during the fifth annual air circus of the American Legion at Curtiss Field. Photo shows plane after crash.

A Letter to Japanese Workers

(From the All-China Labor Federation)

Dear Comrades: Reaction sweeps over the Japanese islands and seas. Persecution and suppression of revolutionary workers and peasants is going on persistently and systematically in your country. The crushing of your class-conscious trade union and proletarian party organizations is the order of the day in the realms of the Mikado.

We have no doubt, dear comrades, that you will meet and oppose the offensive of the exploiters and oppressors with determination and mass mobilization by closing your ranks and unifying your forces upon a militant program; a fighting program for your daily needs, for the defense and liberation of the arrested comrades, for the emancipation of your class from the yoke of capitalism and landlordism.

We are, of course, determined to fight and drive out of our country the Japanese and all other imperialists with all our might and force. We are, of course, determined to fight and drive out of our country the Japanese and all other imperialists with all our might and force.

Urging Fight on Exploiters

We are writing to you these few words from our bitter experience. This a couple of years ago we have not closed up your ranks sufficiently upon a clear-cut revolutionary program and have permitted to too great an extent the right wing and class-collaborationist elements within the Kuomintang and other organizations to exercise control and leadership of our revolution—the great Chinese revolution.

The Kuomintang Betrayal We are writing to you these few words from our bitter experience. This a couple of years ago we have not closed up your ranks sufficiently upon a clear-cut revolutionary program and have permitted to too great an extent the right wing and class-collaborationist elements within the Kuomintang and other organizations to exercise control and leadership of our revolution—the great Chinese revolution.

The Kuomintang Betrayal We are writing to you these few words from our bitter experience. This a couple of years ago we have not closed up your ranks sufficiently upon a clear-cut revolutionary program and have permitted to too great an extent the right wing and class-collaborationist elements within the Kuomintang and other organizations to exercise control and leadership of our revolution—the great Chinese revolution.

The Kuomintang Betrayal We are writing to you these few words from our bitter experience. This a couple of years ago we have not closed up your ranks sufficiently upon a clear-cut revolutionary program and have permitted to too great an extent the right wing and class-collaborationist elements within the Kuomintang and other organizations to exercise control and leadership of our revolution—the great Chinese revolution.

The Kuomintang Betrayal We are writing to you these few words from our bitter experience. This a couple of years ago we have not closed up your ranks sufficiently upon a clear-cut revolutionary program and have permitted to too great an extent the right wing and class-collaborationist elements within the Kuomintang and other organizations to exercise control and leadership of our revolution—the great Chinese revolution.

The Kuomintang Betrayal We are writing to you these few words from our bitter experience. This a couple of years ago we have not closed up your ranks sufficiently upon a clear-cut revolutionary program and have permitted to too great an extent the right wing and class-collaborationist elements within the Kuomintang and other organizations to exercise control and leadership of our revolution—the great Chinese revolution.

The Kuomintang Betrayal We are writing to you these few words from our bitter experience. This a couple of years ago we have not closed up your ranks sufficiently upon a clear-cut revolutionary program and have permitted to too great an extent the right wing and class-collaborationist elements within the Kuomintang and other organizations to exercise control and leadership of our revolution—the great Chinese revolution.

Likewise, with determination we will fight to the finish the running-dogs of imperialism—the Kuomintang government. But we want to state most emphatically that while we hate and condemn the Japanese imperialists and their running-dogs at home and abroad, we have the greater sympathy and love for the revolutionary workers and peasants of Japan. And upon you, dear comrades, we call to intensify the campaign for the Hands Off China movement. Upon you, comrade trade unionists, we call to demand the immediate withdrawal of the Japanese army and naval forces from our country. Upon you, peasants and workers, we urge to arise in mass action.

Long live the revolutionary working class bonds between the Japanese and Chinese workers! Long live the workers and peasants government of Japan! Long live the Chinese revolution! ALL-CHINA LABOR FEDERATION Sou Chao-jen, Chairman, Li Min, Secretary.

LABOR DEFENSE SCORES TERRORISM OF FASCISTS

Commenting on the additional information concerning the Mussolini terror that has been received through underground channels at Zurich, the New York section of the International Labor Defense, in a statement issued last night, calls on all class-conscious workers to continue their fight against Italian fascism and to demand the immediate release of all class-war prisoners in Italy.

"Mussolini's hangmen never go unrewarded. News has been received at Zurich through underground channels that Judge Albertini, the judge of appeals who hushed up the Matteotti trial, has now been made director general of the Italian prisons. We all know what this means. The judge who helped murder Matteotti has been promoted to torturer-in-chief of the section, follows:

"This is thoroughly consistent with all the other news concerning the fascist terror that has leaked out of Italy despite the rigid censorship. The murder of Matteotti and Sozzi were not isolated instances. Hundreds of others have been similarly murdered for no other crime than opposition to the bloody fascist regime. No one knows how many of the class-war prisoners of Italy are still alive. The recent trial of members of the Italian Communist Party condemned 18 of them to prison terms aggregating 383 years. How long will Mussolini, drunk with the blood of thousands of Italian workers and peasants, permit these leaders of

Workers Culture Club To Hold Mine Meeting

The story of the epic struggle of the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio and their present struggles will be discussed at a special miners' educational meeting of the Workers Culture Club, 1940 Benson Ave., Bath Beach, Brooklyn, Friday evening at 8:30.

A speaker representing the National Miners' Relief Committee will tell of the latest plans for aiding the struggle of the miners. The club has continuously given moral and financial aid to the miners, and during the recent Tag Days turned its headquarters into a relief station.

Workers Culture Club To Hold Mine Meeting The story of the epic struggle of the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio and their present struggles will be discussed at a special miners' educational meeting of the Workers Culture Club, 1940 Benson Ave., Bath Beach, Brooklyn, Friday evening at 8:30.

ALLISON, FREED, GREETED BY RED INTERNATIONAL

Lately Released From Indian Jail

LONDON, July 10.—A Losovsky, general secretary of the Red International of Trade Unions, recently greeted George Allison, a member of the executive bureau of the International, upon his release from prison after his activity in organizing the Indian Trade Unions. The message, which was sent to him after thousands of militant English workers had received him back into their ranks, follows: "The Executive Bureau of the Red International of Trade Unions sends you hearty greetings and expresses its conviction that your stay in an Indian prison has not undermined your militant spirit and not only has not weakened, but on the contrary, has strengthened your will to struggle for the independence of India and the establishment of fraternal connections between the proletariat of India and the revolutionary labor movement of the whole world."

Allison went to India in 1926 to further cement and connect the proletariat of India with that of England. He began to work in the Indian trade unions. This was immediately noted with dissatisfaction by the British imperialist government, the Indian bourgeoisie, and the reactionary leaders of the trade unions, controlled by the British business interests.

After a series of frame-ups, he was sent up for "trial" and sentenced to imprisonment for a period of eighteen months. After he was freed, recently, the police bought a ticket for him under the name of Smith, and deported him from India.

Allison arrived in London, where he was warmly greeted by the militant workers of London, who recognized the significance of a strong united front of the English and Indian proletariat. It was here that he received his message from the Red International of Trade Unions praising him for his proven courage and expressing its faith in his future activities for the emancipation of the Indian and English workers.

SHOP DELEGATES MINE MEET HERE

Conference July 27; Relief Urgent

Calling on all workers in shops and factories between 14th Street and 59th Street to rally to the relief of the striking miners and their dependents, the Provisional Committee for Shop Delegates' Conference at the Workers Club, 101 W. 27th St. is today issuing a call for a large shop delegates' conference for miners' relief, to be held on Thursday, July 26.

The provisional committee urges all workers in whose shops the conference call is not received, to elect one or two of their number as delegates to the conference; or, if this is impracticable, to attend themselves as individual representatives. The committee calling the conference, realizing that in the shop and factory the workers may best be reached for miners' relief, intends to establish a permanent Shop Delegates Miners' Relief Committee, to be elected at the conference July 26th.

All Militant Workers Should Hear the REPORT

DELEGATION to the PROFINTERN CONGRESS held in Moscow, April, 1923 at MANHATTAN LYCEUM 66 East 4th Street

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 8 P.M.

BEN GITLOW CHARLES ZIMMERMAN will make the main reports JOHN J. BALLAM, Chairman. Reports from delegates on Marine Transport, Youth, Needle Trades, Food Industry, Shoe and Leather, Building Trades, etc. ADMISSION 25 CENTS AT THE DOOR. Auspices: Trade Union Educational League, Local New York.

Workers Party Activities

Night Workers Meet. The night workers will meet today at 25 Union Square, top floor, at 3 p. m. A member of the Agitprop Dept. will speak.

Section 1 Literature Squads. Section 1 literature squads and literature squads will meet at 60 St. Marks Place at 6:15 p. m. tomorrow.

Speakers Class. The speakers class of Section 1 will be held tomorrow at 60 St. Marks Place at 8 p. m. All registered for this class are required to come on time.

Unit F4, Section 6. Unit F4, Section 6 will hold an educational meeting this evening. Comrade Gelman will speak on the election campaign.

National Campaign Committee. The next meeting of the National Campaign Committee will be held today at 3 p. m. sharp. Please be on time to enable us to get through with the considerable volume of business that must be transacted.

Coney Island Branch. A business meeting of the Coney Island Branch will be held today at 8:30 p. m. at 2901 Mermald Ave., Coney Island.

Section 2-3 Meet. Section 2 and 3 will meet tomorrow at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

Unit FDI. Unit FDI will hold an important meeting today at 6:30 p. m. at the Freiheit Building, 30 Union Square, first floor. All members are urged to attend. A roll call will be taken.

Subsection 3C Executive. The executive committee of subsection 3C will meet today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All executive members must attend. A roll call will be taken.

Women Unit Organizers. Unit women's work organizers will meet on today at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. Important matters will be taken up, including the organizing of women for the election campaign of the Party. All organizers must attend.

Women's Federation Meet. The Action Committee of the New York Working Women's Federation will meet tomorrow at 26-28 Union Square. All members are asked to attend.

6S, Subsection B. Unit 6S, Subsection B, will hold its meeting tonight at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

Bath Beach. The unit meeting of the Bath Beach Unit will be held Friday, July 13, at 1940 Benson Ave., 8 p. m. sharp.

Brownsville W. Y. L. Brownsville Section W. Y. L. Attention! An important meeting will be held Thursday night at 8:30 p. m. at Hopkinson and Pitkin Aves.

Section 2 and 3. There will be a general membership meeting of sections 2 and 3 on Monday, July 16, 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street. All members must attend since very important matters will be taken up.

Labor and Fraternal

Spanish Workers Dance. On Saturday, July 14, at 8:00 p. m. there will be a dance and entertainment in behalf of the Centro Obrero (Spanish Workers Center), at the headquarters of that organization 55 West 119th St.

Jewelry Workers Outing. The Jewelry Workers Welfare Club will hold its first annual outing on

4 INJURED IN AUTO MISHAP. PALMER, Mass., July 10 (UP). —Four persons were injured, one fatally, when an automobile overturned near here late yesterday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bouchard of Sayreville, N. J., died enroute to a hospital. Her husband, Frank J. Bouchard, and two daughters, were not seriously hurt.

No Tip Center Barber Shop NEW WORKERS CENTER 26-28 Union Sq. 1 Flight Up NEW YORK CITY Individual Sanitary Services by Experts—LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS. Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop

John's Restaurant SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet. 302 E. 12th St. NEW YORK

Health Food Vegetarian Restaurant 1600 MADISON AVE. PHONE: UNIVERSITY 5865

All Comrades Meet at BRONSTEIN'S VEGETARIAN HEALTH RESTAURANT 558 Claremont Pl'way Bronx

Rational Vegetarian Restaurant 198 SECOND AVE. Bet. 12th and 13th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food.

WE ALL MEET at the NEW WAY CAFETERIA 101 WEST 27th STREET NEW YORK

MARY WOLFE STUDENT OF THE DAMROSCH CONSERVATOR PIANO LESSONS Moved to 2420 Bronx Park East Near Co-operative Colony, Apt. 5H Telephone EASTBROOK 2469 Special rates to students from the Co-operative House.

U. S. S. R. FORMS HUGE SYSTEM TO PURCHASE GRAIN

Harvest Prospects Now Greatly Improved

By EUGENE LYONS (United Press Staff Correspondent)

MOSCOW, July 10 (UP). — The Soviet regime is forming one of the world's largest grain purchasing and distributing organizations in an effort to prevent a repetition of the 1927 difficulties in collecting grain. Meanwhile, the harvest prospects appear to have improved and the peasants are selling more readily. Total collections to June amounted to 355,000 tons, compared with 281,000 in May and 310,000 in June, 1927.

Bread supplies in Moscow have noticeably increased. All grain trading groups are being merged into a giant "bread trust" with a basic capital of 300,000,000 rubles.

Vice chairman Kapelinsky of the trust declared he will operate 40 large mills and 89 elevators. The formal opening of grain collections July 1 was not auspicious and it was reported that the Ukraine and other sections were rationing bread, in some instances rather strictly. Flour is rationed throughout the nation.

In connection with the campaign to increase the winter wheat sowing, authorities were forced to admit that the crop was seriously short and for this reason the government was preparing to distribute 18,000,000 pounds of staple winter seeds and is arranging huge credits for farm machinery.

Questions and discussions will be permitted from the floor. John J. Ballam, secretary of the Local New York Trade Union Educational League, will preside.

Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, will make the main report. Sasha Zimmerman will report for the needle trades. There will be additional reports from other members of the delegation on the various industrial conferences held, such as marine transport, shoe and leather, food industry, building trades, youth, etc.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to The DAILY WORKER Advertising Dept. 26-28 Union Sq., New York City

Workers Cooperative Clothiers, Inc. SUITS MADE TO ORDER. READY MADE SUITS. Quality—Full Value 872 BROADWAY, N. Y. Cor. 18th St.—Tel. Algonquin 2223

Window Cleaners' Protective Union—Local 8 Affiliated with the A. F. of L. 15 E. 3rd St., New York. Meets each 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month at 7 P. M. at Manhattan Lyceum. Window Cleaners, Join Your Union!

I. STERNBERG Optometrist Eyes Examined—Glasses Fitted 916 Prospect Ave. Cor. E. 162 St. BRONX, N. Y. Telephone—Kilpatrick 8448

Dr. J. C. HOFFER Surgeon Dentist 287 South 5th St., near Marcy Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y. Proletarian prices for proletarians. Telephone Stagg 5356

РУССКИЙ ЗУБНОЙ ВРАЧ Dr. JOSEPH B. WEXLER Surgeon Dentist 25 yrs. in practice. Moderate prices. 223 SECOND AV. NEW YORK Temple Courts Bldg.

Dr. ABRAHAM MARKOFF SURGEON DENTIST Office Hours: 9:30-12 a.m., 2-8 p.m. Daily Except Friday and Sunday 249 EAST 115th STREET Cor. Second Ave. NEW YORK Telephone Lehigh 6022

Dr. J. Mindel Dr. L. Hendin Surgeon Dentists 1 UNION SQUARE Room 503 Phone, Algonquin 8183

Labor and Fraternal Organizations Attention! Airy, Light Rooms To Rent for OFFICES and MEETING ROOMS at the WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 Union Square. Elevator Service. Telephone Stuyvesant 1201.

NOW OPEN Workers Book Shop Temporary Headquarters: 26-28 UNION SQUARE 1 Flight Up Books, Pamphlets, Magazines, on all subjects. OPEN DAILY UNTIL 9 P. M.

Daily Worker

Published by NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N, Inc., Daily, Except Sunday
26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y. Cable Address: "Daiwork" Phone, Orchard 1650.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
By Mail (in New York only): By Mail (outside of New York):
\$8 per year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months \$6.50 per year \$3.50 six months \$2 three months
Address and mail out checks to THE DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

Editor.....ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor.....WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President **WILLIAM Z. FOSTER**
For Vice-President **BENJAMIN GITLOW**



WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

American Dictatorship

When the New York Times attempts to laugh off by referring to the "Dew tell" of the Vermont farmer and the "Oh Shucks" of the Kansas rangeland, the challenge of a French critic that there is now an "American dictatorship, capitalist, liberal and industrial," the New York Times fulfills its function but convinces no one. M. Bernard Fay, who writes in the Paris Figaro on the presidential nominee of the republican party concludes in substance that the "internationalism" of Hoover is a myth; that he is a tried and true imperialist and that his reputed "warm love for Europe" should be taken with a ton of salt; nor will it prevent him from carrying on "the enormous development of American resources," which is his genius to fulfill.

Against this, of course, the New York Times, chief organ of the American ruling class, protests vehemently. But it protests too much. It is true that certain sections of finance capital and various powerful banking interests made a gesture of opposition to the nomination of Hoover. Rather few telegrams of congratulation were sent to him by the Wall Street operators, a fact in striking contrast to the deluge which was poured over the victorious Coolidge. The financial journals are tireless in pointing out that Hoover is surly, sullen, sour, opinionated, and has a bump on himself. All this, of course, the campaign managers of the great engineer will utilize for their own interests. Hoover is not the bankers' man we are told because not all of the bankers were for him.

No one offers the opposition of the farmers to Hoover as an evidence that democracy was justified in his choice. No one claims that the working masses of the country are for Hoover, with the exception of such "workers" as John L. Lewis, arch-wrecker of the mine union. It can be taken as one of the significant proofs of the French critic's thesis that there is an American dictatorship, capitalist, liberal and industrial, that the outstanding spokesmen of this dictatorship find it necessary in their attempts to refute the charge to insist merely on certain insignificant differences between banking groups.

The real facts are that certain "doubts" about Hoover existed among the banking groups interested chiefly in industrial capital. The highest strata of finance capital know their Hoover. Who is so naive today as to believe that any candidate on one of the old political parties can be nominated against the wish of Morgan, Mellon, Baker and the Rockefellers. One might as well try to obtain a Tammany judgeship without contributing to the wigwam treasury.

None of this, of course, new to Communists. When foreign critics speak thus openly of the American dictatorship it is because they fear the rising power and oppression of the western colossus. The American dictatorship through its Federal Reserve Banking system

is in practical control of the finances of the earth. American gold has just stabilized the French currency. The Bank of England, nominally on a gold basis, has been forced to guard itself against extremity through a borrowing arrangement with the Federal Reserve System. The same Federal Reserve System is now engaged in a well-calculated policy of retrenching credit with the known purpose of depressing prices and wage levels within the country in order to meet the disparity between farm prices and industrial prices. In this way it hopes to solve the contradictions between agriculture and big business.

All this the American dictatorship does figuratively by pressing a button in offices centering about Wall and Broad Streets. Nor are the "lesser" things neglected.

When it becomes necessary to jail a few workers agitating against the war in Nicaragua, the thing is done smoothly and with precision. The cops jump, the judge wraps up and hands out a sentence, the jail opens, the papers report Reds who violate laws and democracy is justified.

Yes, there is an American dictatorship, ruthless, brazen, drunken with its super-power and unchallenged brutality.

But there is also a working class!

Miners' Defense Week

The week of July 22-29 has been set aside as Miners' Defense Week. The national Miners' Relief Committee, without whose activities the great mine struggle would long since probably have come to a disastrous conclusion, and the International Labor Defense, an organization which has won the right to demand the support and confidence of the working class, are co-operating in the nationwide drive.

The great mine struggle now in its fifteenth month has made labor history. It will unquestionably serve as one of the milestones in the development of a class conscious American labor movement. No matter what degree of immediate success will result from the struggle, the experience the miners have already gained will be of the utmost value to them in the even greater struggles ahead.

Arrests, imprisonments, fines, frame-ups, these are the inevitable accompaniments of the fight. The role of the International Labor Defense has become increasingly important.

The mine struggle must receive the continued support of the working class. The building up of a spirit of solidarity and sacrifice between groups and sections of workers is an obligation which rests especially on the militants. Amid the multiplicity of calls for relief the individual worker often stands dismayed, but the organized and more advanced sections of workers will not be discouraged by the growing demands upon them.

Support of the Miners' Defense Week is a major task in which every organization and unit of the Party must participate.

Bethlehem Steel Company Cuts Wages

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
SPARROWS POINT, Md. (By Mail).—Soon another edition of the "Sparrows Point Worker" will be issued; a shop bulletin edited by the militant steel workers of the Workers (Communist) Party working in the Bethlehem Steel Company located at Sparrows Point, Md.

Our shop bulletin appears just at a time when the Bethlehem Steel Company is waging a mighty campaign of wage cutting, speed-up and slave driving tactics against these unorganized steel workers. The steel workers' interests are completely disregarded by the bosses. Many workers who never dreamed that the bosses would exercise such absolute methods see the real color of things and feel the urgent necessity of organizing into unions.

Wage Cuts.
The order of the day in the Bethlehem Steel Company are wage cuts ranging from ten to fifty per cent on top of the already extremely low wages. New speed-up machinery is being introduced in every department accompanied by the discharging of many steel workers who are being displaced by modern machines requiring less men. In cases where foremen or superintendents have been showing signs of being in the human race or who appeared to be friendly to a group of workers, have been replaced by other bosses who have established a reputation as

other mills as being regular "Sim-on Legree's." In some departments where the production level was considered a little too low, bosses of these departments have been discharged and replaced by bosses who are past masters of speeding up workers and raising production.

"Yellow-Dog."
Just recently in the company owned city, Sparrows Point, Maryland, the workers living in the houses were forced to sign new yellow dog contracts with clauses such as—that workers' families will be evicted if they allow men or women in their houses who are members of a union. Another clause where men or women or members of the family who have ever been evicted from Sparrows Point cannot be allowed in company owned houses to see their friends or it may even be a close relative. No worker can hold any kind of entertainment, social or dance in his house without consulting the company. Failure to comply with the clauses of the contract will be evicted within five days. These are typical of the many methods that are being conducted by the company to crush every right of the workers.

With the distribution of 1500 shop bulletins among the fifteen thousand steel workers, we carry to many of them for the first time the message of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Workers Party ticket nominees. They are espe-

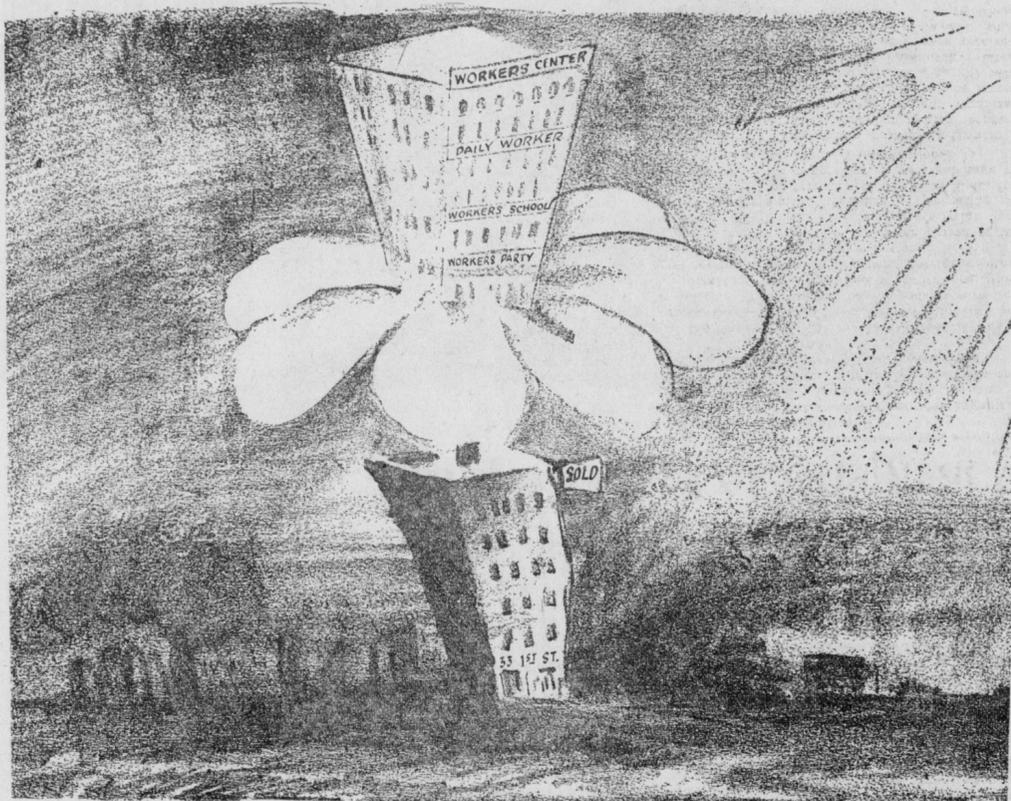
cially enthusiastic over the demands to organize into a real workers' union for our demands. The exploited Negro workers here in sunny Sparrows Point, Maryland are elated when they see in our bulletin demands set up for the abolition of Jim Crowism, better wages, conditions and less hours for the Negro workers. They take on new hopes when they run across the demand for organization of the Negro and white workers into one union.

Begin Last Search For Lost Amundsen

KINGS BAY, Spitzbergen, July 10 (UP).—The last search for Raold Amundsen, discoverer of the South Pole, who has been missing with five companions since June 18, began today when three ships started a twelve-day cruise of Arctic waters. If no trace of the explorer is found by July 21, it was announced, he would be definitely given up as lost and rescue efforts abandoned.

NEW AIR MAIL ROUTE.
WASHINGTON, July 10.—An air mail route may be established between Louisville, Ky., and Dallas, Texas, with stops at Memphis, Nashville, and Little Rock, the Post Office Department announced today. A survey of the route has been ordered.

GROWTH



Nurtured by the working class, this flower blooms for the delight of class conscious workers. Keep up the nourishment.

Shoe Workers Form New Union

Formation of a new union of shoe workers, the Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York and Vicinity, has been announced following a series of conferences initiated by the Unity Conference of shoe workers. The statement of policy and plans for the new organization follow:

One Union of Shoe Workers for Greater New York.
The conditions of the shoe workers of Greater New York have become so deplorable that they are beyond human endurance. Prices and wages have been constantly reduced, while at the same time working hours have increased. The 44-hour week standard is a thing of the distant past. Because of the long hours which at times range as high as 70 and 75 the army of unemployed is steadily increasing.

These conditions are the result of the failure to mobilize the 40,000 shoe workers of Greater New York into one powerful union. The workers were kept divided by the selfish, reactionary leaders into small petty craft unions which were concerned only with their narrow interests.

Bosses' Organization.
While the workers were engaged in a bitter struggle against the bosses during the year of 1919, the American Shoe Workers' Protective Union was organized by the bosses. This was a company union which the workers refused to join. The workers were, however, forced to join or lose their jobs, and gradually began to take an active part in its affairs. The bosses realizing that they were losing control over their company union, first forced a strike and succeeded in smashing it through the aid of their henchmen and stool-pigeons in the union.

When the Shoe Workers' Protective Union made its attempt to organize the trade in Greater New York it achieved some success as long as it relied upon the co-operation of the workers, but when the Fitzgerald-Nolan machine began to apply their reactionary policies of expulsions and refused to aid in the struggles against the bosses in which the district council was involved, the workers lost confidence

and the Protective began to disintegrate.

Revolve Charters.
The Nolan-Fitzgerald machine, fearing their defeat in the Protective, preferred to smash the union by expelling the progressive elements and revoking the charters of the district council and four locals. Not satisfied with expulsion the Nolan-Fitzgerald machine resorted to the injunction, which is the bosses' method in breaking unions in order to completely destroy the district council in furthering their rule or ruin policy. As a result of this, the workers of the shops which the former district council controlled sought protection in the movement to build a union which would be able to defend the interests of the workers. Several mass meetings were held which launched the Associated Shoe and Slipper Workers of Greater New York.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' Union tried to enter the situation upon the invitation of a few individuals who expected that the general office would spend thousands of dollars to organize the shoe trade in New York, but every shoe worker knows that the Baine-Loveley machine which is in control of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union will never fight in the interests of the workers. The Boot and Shoe Workers' Union in New York has remained just as small, weak and ineffectual as when it first came here. The shoe workers keep away from it because they want an organization whose policy is to carry on a struggle for the betterment of conditions instead of betrayal to the bosses. They want a workers' union instead of a company union controlled by the bosses and their agents, the Baine-Loveley machine.

Various groups of workers composed of different crafts began to organize themselves separately.

Unity Conference.
Such a group which held itself together as an organized body in one shop realized that without the unity of all organized forces, trade union conditions and standards of the workers cannot be successfully maintained. This group initiated a call for a unity conference which was

held on May 19th, 1928. The various shoe workers' unions and groups responded to the call at which the question of establishing one union for Greater New York was discussed.

The first question before the conference was to unite all groups into one union in Greater New York. This question was decided by a unanimous vote to get together. The second question was whether this organization shall be national or local.

The delegation of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union attempted to convince the conference that the Boot and Shoe is the only national organization. Their attempt was in vain, because the delegates representing the other organizations have shown that the Boot and Shoe is not interested in organizing the unorganized. Its policy is one of conscious betrayal of the workers and it is no better than a company union. Although the conference voted to form a local organization they are ready to join a national organization provided the leadership and the policies of such an organization shall be militant and fighting for the interests of the workers and for organizing the unorganized.

Important Problems.
The question of a national organization was discussed at length. The Shoe Workers' Protective Union as well as the Boot and Shoe have been considered and it was plainly proven that neither one has a policy which will protect and organize the shoe workers. While the Protective had every opportunity of building a strong organization it has instead followed a policy of disruption and betrayal. The Protective is a national union only in name, being practically non-existent except in one city. Thus the question of joining any existing national organization has been voted down and the conference voted to stand by a local organization.

The delegation of the Associated Shoe & Slipper Workers of Greater New York pledged their full support, even to the extent of completely fusing with the new union.

One Union.
Though the Boot and Shoe delega-

tion was absent from the second conference held on June second, a more important factor in the trade came in, a group of lasters and wood-healers, which has recently been formed. After this group was informed of the proceedings of the previous conference, the delegation pledged its full support to the new movement and all indications point towards the direction that one union will be established in Greater New York.

An executive board was chosen to work out the necessary details and the drawing up of a constitution for the newly formed organization. The results of the conference was presented at a general membership meeting held on June 22, at Loraine Hall, Brooklyn, N. Y. A name for the new organization was unanimously chosen at this meeting. The new union is to be known as the Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York & Vicinity. Constructive plans were mapped out, among which was the issuing of new books to begin July 16th and by that date all members of the different groups are to pay up their dues. Arrangements for a picnic to raise funds for organization work to be held on July 22 at Hause's Park & Casino in Astoria, L. I. was reported on and received with acclamation by those comprising the newly formed organization.

All Workers Invited.
The headquarters of the union will be located temporarily at 51 E. 10th St., N. Y. C. All shoe workers of Greater New York are invited to call at the office and file applications with the new organization.

With united forces, build one union for shoe workers of Greater New York!

Stop the bosses from imposing slave conditions in the factories!

Build one powerful union to raise wages and improve working conditions in every shoe factory in Greater New York!

Join the Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York!

Unity Conference of Shoe Workers of Greater New York.

I. Kaplan, chairman.

Capitalists Aided in the Donetz Conspiracy

(Also the Donetz trial is over. The DAILY WORKER publishes this article on the court proceedings because of the tremendous importance of the revelations which clearly indicate the existence of an imperialist sabotage plot. Evidence presented at the trial clearly proved that foreign officials as well as business firms joined with the former Czarist owners of the Donetz mines in a conspiracy to wreck the coal industry of the Soviet Union.)

(Special Correspondence)
Moscow, June 21, 1928.
The court this week has been engaged in investigating the operations of the so-called Kharkov center of the sabotage organization that directed the work of economic destruction in the Don Basin. A number of the accused were examined in this connection. Some admitted their guilt entirely, some admitted part of the charges and others strenuously denied them all. But by cross-examination, the evidence of witnesses and the confronting of the accused with one another, the grim story of how

this Kharkov center systematically sabotaged the development of work of the Don Basin and inflicted colossal damage on the coal industry, was dragged out of them.

The principal figure in this stage of the trial was the accused Baranovsky, who was a leading member of the Kharkov center and who, as he himself stated in concluding his evidence, "hoping to be pardoned and enabled to start a new life," made a clean breast of it.

Describes Meetings.
Baranovsky described the meetings of the organization at which instructions received from the ex-mine owners abroad, Russian and foreign, were discussed and plans for carrying them out laid down. In the early period, Baranovsky stated, it suited the plans of the ex-owners abroad to have improvements carried out in the Don Basin. They gave instructions to the organization accordingly, which the latter carried out. Baranovsky at that time was manager of the Ekaterinov group of mines, and the order came to him. He, accordingly, set to work to carry it out, but, as he himself stated, he was "too zealous" and

improved too much. For that he was "cautioned" by the center and ordered to "go slow" and, as he said, he soon "rectified his mistake" and made up for it by committing a number of definite acts of destruction.

The method adopted at the Kharkov center in recent times was deliberately to delay the drafting of plans of development. "Procrastination and red tape was developed into a system," said Baranovsky. Plans were drawn up, "some of them positively fantastic," and then discussed at length, amended, again discussed and redrafted, and so without end, and when finally they were sent down to the district managers, who were in the plot, "they knew what to do with them."

Anti-Soviet Propaganda.
Cross-examined by the prosecution, Baranovsky admitted that the aims of the organization were not purely economic. At the meetings of the Kharkov center they discussed political questions, such as methods of anti-Soviet propaganda, foreign intervention, the internal state of the Communist Party, etc.

"This organization was a political organization?"

"An economic-political organization," Baranovsky corrected him.

"But its ultimate game was the overthrow of the Soviet State?"

"Yes."

"Is it true to say that it was a political counter-revolutionary organization, having contact with foreign government institutions; that it was a branch of foreign capitalist state organizations?"

"Yes; in the latter period of its existence it became a foreign subsidized organization, operating on the territory of the U. S. S. R., for the purpose of definite sabotage in the event of intervention."

Cash From French Ex-Owners.
The manner in which contact with foreign government organizations was maintained will be investigated in camera in a day or two. At this hearing Baranovsky stated that sums of money were received from the French ex-owners, who, accused presumed, obtained them from government sources. The accused stated also that sums of money were obtained in the form of "commissions" from German

By Fred Ellis

Told You So

PHILLIPS, the sewer grafter, did a good job for Tammany hall when he died of kidney trouble in Atlantic City the other day. There are reports now that those political higher-ups who were involved with Phillips will go unscathed. Dead men tell no tales. It appears that the christian deity is not always on the side of the good. He seems to take a diabolical pleasure in doing the wicked a favor once in a while.

FIFTEEN thousand citizens surrounded a catholic church in Brooklyn to see a gangster buried. Thirty-eight flower-laden automobiles followed him to his grave. A catholic priest said mass for the repose of his soul. The gangster had paid for it in advance. This thug, Yale by name, made his living holding up small business men, furnishing strikebreakers and in other equally reprehensible ways. But he was generous to churches and the "deserving poor," the poor who voted for his political patrons on election day in return for a crumb now and then.

YALE'S political patrons are members of Tammany Hall. Despite the bunk that is peddled in the capitalist press to the effect that the Tammany of today is not the Tammany of Boss Tweed or Dick Croker days, that political institution is as closely connected with the underworld as ever. It is said that Yale, through this strong arm squad and his philanthropic activities, controlled 30,000 votes which he was able to sell at a good price.

PREMIER Poincare of France paid tribute to the dove of peace on the Fourth of July. He sincerely hoped that war would be forever banished from the face of the earth. What the honorable gentleman meant is that the bandit powers should be able to settle their differences without having to resort to war so that they would be able to fleece their colonial slaves and keep their own workingclass under the iron heel. A few days after July 4, the newspapers carried the story that the French navy had just launched the fastest warship afloat.

THE British trade union bureaucracy took a flying leap ahead of even the officialdom of the American Federation of Labor in discarding class warfare and joining hands with the employers in keeping the peace. Henceforth all will be quiet along the Thames between capital and labor, if the British labor fakery can help it. The general council of the British Trade Union Congress formed a united front with a committee of British industrialists to review British industry with a view to developing a plan whereby the best interests of industry could be served at the expense of the workers of course.

COINCIDENTAL with the announcement of this decision, J. H. Thomas, political secretary of the railwaymen's union, declared that the railroad workers must be prepared to accept a wage cut. Most of the official labor leaders and particularly J. H. Thomas are wealthy and care little whether the workers' standard goes up or down as long as they are permitted to retain their positions which give them prestige in the social world and enables them to mix freely with kings, queens, lords and dukes. But docile though the British workers have been there is a limit to their patience. There are some interesting developments in the British labor movement. The Communist Party recently decided to contest the elections against the labor party as well as against the liberal and Tory parties. The labor party, under the leadership of MacDonald, Snowden, Thomas and others, is just as imperialistic as the Tory and liberal parties. It has gone so far to the right that Maxton, the chairman of the independent labor party, the socialist kernel in the labor party, is now making open war on MacDonald and threatening to split the labor party. In this fight he is joined by A. J. Cook, the secretary of the Miners Federation, who is liable to be ousted from his position by his own reactionary executive backed by the General Council.

Stop the bosses from imposing slave conditions in the factories!
Build one powerful union to raise wages and improve working conditions in every shoe factory in Greater New York!
Join the Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York!
Unity Conference of Shoe Workers of Greater New York.
I. Kaplan, chairman.

Tom O'Flaherty

firms for orders placed with them. The firms mentioned were the Allgemeine Elektrische Gesellschaft, Eihoff and Knapp, and money was expected from Siemens. This money was transmitted through representatives of the firms visiting Russia or through members of the organization on "business visits" to Germany. It is significant that Prof. Wurms, counsel for the accused German engineers, in cross-examining Baranovsky, did not seek to refute the allegation that money was paid by the German firms to the Russian engineers; he strove to show that this was merely a "commercial custom."