

THOUSANDS QUIT SCAB MINES AS SAVE-UNION FORCES CALL BROPHY, TOOHEY, WATT TO LEAD BIG STRUGGLE

OIL STEAL TRIAL OF SINCLAIR PUT OFF TILL MONDAY

Vacuum Oil Declares 100% Dividend

WASHINGTON, April 4.—With Albert B. Fall, former secretary of the interior, virtually free of the threat of trial, efforts began here today before Justice Jennings Bailey to "spring" Harry F. Sinclair also in the case in which he and Fall were originally charged jointly with conspiracy in the Teapot Dome lease.

When the Sinclair trial opened the defense, counsel asked the court for an adjournment.

"We are ready to proceed, but we prefer to leave the decision to the judge," Owen J. Roberts, special government prosecutor said obligingly.

Fall to Celebrate. The judge was equally obliging. He granted an adjournment until Monday. It was a good beginning for Sinclair.

Fall was excused from going on trial with Sinclair on the grounds he was too sick at his El Paso home to come to Washington. But after making a sick-bed deposition, sitting up in his library with a strong-man's cigar in his face, he began preparations for a holiday in California.

Witnesses on Vacations. Harry M. Blackmer and James E. O'Neill, oil magnates, implicated in the Continental Trading Co. phase of the republican party's oil slush fund, have handily evaded all efforts to compel them to return from France to this country as witnesses in the Sinclair trial. O'Neill has even evaded service of a subpoena.

RED TRADE UNION CONGRESS CLOSES

Launch Intense Drive on Reactionaries

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, April 4.—Resolutions regarding the work of revolutionary trade unions in France, India, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and other countries and an appeal to the workers of all countries for a determined struggle against the white terror of fascist reaction were adopted at the final session of the fourth world congress of the Red International of Labor Unions.

The congress decided to alter the existing system and to elect not an executive bureau but a Central Council which shall be the plenipotentiary organ of the R. I. L. U. between congresses.

JOBLESS MEET IN UNION SQUARE

500 Jobless Denounce Politicians

More than 500 jobless workers, assembled in Union Square yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the New York Council of Unemployed, and applauded denunciations of the national, state and city politicians for their inactivity in dealings with the critical unemployment situation.

The workers were surrounded by 20 patrolmen and several members of the industrial squad under the command of Detective Patrick McCartney.

The speakers were Murray Sumner, acting secretary of the Council; Sylvan A. Pollack, of the DAILY WORKER; Joseph J. Padgug, Commercial Telegraphers Union; M. E. Taft, manager, Local 41, International Ladies Garment Workers Union; Tom Foley, Boilermakers Union; Phil Bart, Youth Section of the Council, and Carl Sklar and Albert Pinn of the Council. Arnold Zeigler presided.

The council will hold an open air meeting at Bristol and Pitkin Aves., Brooklyn, Saturday at 8 a. m., it was announced last night.

"Ohio Gang" Is Planning on A Come-back

COLUMBUS, O., April 4.—Vice president Charles G. Dawes is being suggested as successor to the late Frank B. Willis as a favorite son opponent to Herbert Hoover in this state. Dawes was born in Ohio. When Willis died it left the anti-Hoover republicans of Ohio without a likely Ohio candidate for president.

"Ohio Gang" Member. Willis was a member of the Harding-Daugherty "Ohio gang." The fact that Willis was one of the loudest pro-prohibition republicans did not strain that alignment at all. In fact the survivors of the "Ohio gang" debacle, which followed the oil disclosures had hoped this year through Willis to recover some of their lost political fortunes and all that goes with it.

The "Ohio gang" likes to have an Ohio man in the White House.

Lowden In The Offing. It is thought probable that if Dawes accepts the official support of the Ohio republican machine for the nomination for president that he will do so with a view to throwing this support to Frank O. Lowden at the convention, to Dawes' own advantage ultimately, of course.

CAP STRIKE HEAD FLAYS RIGHT WING

Zaritsky Aids Piece Work Drive, Charge

CHICAGO, April 4.—Following his removal from the leadership of the Chicago capmakers' strike against the piece work system which he was conducting with a militancy too pronounced to please the right wing president of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International, Max Zaritsky, who subsequently ordered his removal, J. B. Salzborg, organizer of Chicago Local 5, issued a statement yesterday denouncing Zaritsky for the open assistance he was giving the employes by advocating the piece work system. Salzborg is a member of the general executive board of the International.

After pointing out the decisions of the convention of the union in regards to avoiding factional fights in the union, and those calling upon the officials to maintain the gains achieved by the union membership which Zaritsky and his followers were consciously violating, Salzborg declares:

"Ignoring the decisions of the convention and his assurance to the delegates, President Zaritsky, at the end of October, 1927, only six months after our convention, proposed the system of 'piece work' to the executive board and active members of Local 5, Chicago. A few days later Mr. Ginsberg, an ex-officer and GEB member of our International, and at present manager of the Chicago Cap Manufacturers' Association, called Local 5 into conference and asked for a change in working conditions, and stated that the international president of the union had already advised the local what course to pursue.

Workers Against Piece Work. "The members of Local 5 expressed their dissatisfaction with the president's policy of piece work, expressed their readiness to maintain the week

BORAH BLESSES EMPIRE

Defends Gun Diplomacy, Nicaragua War

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The Nye resolution, proposing a policy under which the United States would "never use its armed forces to protect American investments in foreign lands," was debated for an hour today by the senate foreign relations committee, with indications that it would be "buried in committee." Borah opposed the resolution.

The resolution, sponsored by Senator Nye of North Dakota, would place the senate on record as opposing the use of force to protect either investments or property and announcing that all Americans, who invest in foreign lands, must subject themselves to local laws and local conditions.

A copy of the resolution would have been sent to President Coolidge with a request that he announce it as an "integral part of the policy of the United States." Administration members of the committee opposed any action on the resolution at this time.

"There was a general feeling," Senator Borah (R) of Idaho, chairman, announced, "that at this particular juncture, while we are dealing with concrete propositions in Mexico and Nicaragua, it would be difficult to consider a question of policy."

Repay "Daily" Fine 10 Times, Gordon Urges From Cell

AUTHOR OF POEM, IN TOMBS, PLEADS FOR AID TO PAPER

Shows Vile Conditions In Prison

"I hope the DAILY WORKER readers are multiplying by ten the \$500 that has to be paid in court," writes David Gordon, 18-year-old author of the poem "America," in a letter to The DAILY WORKER from Tombs Prison.

Gordon has been placed in the Tombs preparatory to being sent to the city reformatory at Welfare Island, where he will be compelled to remain until he is 21. He was taken to the Tombs on Monday from the University of Wisconsin, where he was a scholarship student, after a ruling of the State Court of Appeals confirmed his conviction together with a fine of \$500, to be paid immediately by The DAILY WORKER for publishing his poem more than a year ago. The entire case, involving Gordon and the editors of The DAILY WORKER, was trumped up at the instigation of several patriotic societies.

Text of Letter. Gordon's letter to the Daily, written shortly after he arrived at the Tombs, states, in part:

"After a year of persecution from the capitalist class, we are at last brought to justice. Because The DAILY WORKER published my conviction that the capitalist United States is like a disorderly house, it is fined the maximum fine of \$500.

"Last Friday morning I was still attending classes, and in the afternoon I was on my way to New York to be sent to jail.

Kept 5 Hours in "Can." "Well, after waiting about a year, I'm behind the bars at last. I don't particularly care for the Tombs, but it's better than being uncertain what to do.

"I made friends with a kid on trial for petty larceny. He stole a sweater from Gimbel's, tried to exchange it for money at the same place (I guess that shows his in-

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BARBER BOSSES SIGN WITH UNION

300 Quit Association to Settle Strike

More than 300 boss barbers, members of the Independent Barbers' Association, have bolted their organization and signed independent agreements with the Journeymen Barbers' Union Local 913 of Brooklyn in the two-day old strike that has tied up about 1000 barber shops in various sections of Brooklyn and Queens. The strike had been called by the union to force the withdrawal of a wage cut of \$5 ordered by the employers' association when they abrogated the agreement two months ago.

The union, in making public the

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Some Leaders of Save-the-Union Movement of the United Mine Workers



These Men Prominent in Struggle of Coal Diggers

John W. Watt (right), who acted as chairman of the Pittsburgh conference. At left is "Tony" Minerich talking to George Despot, delegate from Harmonville, Pa. Minerich, much arrested progressive, was chairman of the Credentials Committee.



MINERS OF COLORADO REJECT FAKE "PEACE"

(Special to The Daily Worker.) DENVER, Colo., April 1 (By Mail).—The announcement by the State Industrial Commission that collective bargaining holds the only safety for the present situation in the mine industry, the simultaneous declaration that taking over control of the Rocky Mountain Fuel Company immediately announced a "new labor policy." This is being hailed with great enthusiasm by the local labor officials who are pointing with great satisfaction to the possibility of being "recognized." In the statement issued by the company careful exclusion, however, is made of any such possibility.

Those who are not deceived by such maneuvers believe that the declaration of a "new labor policy" proceeds the institution of a company union such as in operation at the Colorado Fuel

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TROTSKY "DEATH" REPORT IS FALSE

Moscow Calls Rumor Invention

MOSCOW, April 4.—Reports circulated abroad that Leon Trotsky was severely wounded by a would-be assassin have been categorically denied in official circles.

PARIS, April 4.—A despatch received here from Moscow deny rumors circulated in the Paris Herald that Trotsky has been shot. The despatch states that U. S. S. R. authorities have issued a statement declaring that rumors that Trotsky has been assassinated are a malevolent invention.

"TIGER" TO GRAB QUEENS

Democrats Evade Responsibility for Graft

With an embarrassing political situation solved by the forced resignation of Maurice E. Connolly as president of Queens, Tammany Hall is taking steps to build its own machine over the ruins of the powerful personal machine which Connolly built up during the past 16 years.

Connolly quit his job just when it was becoming clear that charges against him in the \$29,500,000 Queens sewer graft scandal would be substantiated.

Tammany Hall, by a series of investigations against Connolly, the first under Justice Scudder and the second under Clarence J. Shearn, freed itself of any responsibility for the corruption revealed in Connolly's democratic demonstration. The borough president, while nominally a Tammany man, has for many years controlled the borough and made individual bargains at each election. In one mayoralty campaign he handed over Queens to John F. Hylan, who was opposing James J. Walker.

Thus, the considered an enemy by the ruling Tammany machine, Connolly's conviction following a trial would have clearly reflected against the democratic party and the campaign of Al. Smith for president. Henry H. Klein, who inaugurated the original inquiry, yesterday charged that Connolly was forced to resign by John M. Phillips, head of the sewer ring, because his son, Francis Phillips, was to be drawn into the graft quiz.

ORGANIZERS SENT TO WEST PENN. TO MOBILIZE FIELD

Committee Emphasizes Relief Problem

PITTSBURGH, April 4.—Nearly ten thousand miners, most of whom were employed by the Pittsburgh Coal Company, walked out on strike today as the National Committee of the Save-the-Union forces, continuing in session here, launched plans for the mobilization of a county-wide miners organization and strike campaign.

Driven to the extreme by the slave conditions of the scab Mellon concern, and inspired by new hope as a result of the great Save-the-Union conference just completed, thousands of non-union miners are deserting the mines. The walkouts according to instructions from the Save-The-Union committee are limited to fields outside the four coke counties, which have been ordered to wait for April 15 before coming out. Preparations are now under way for the organization of these fields before the final call.

The Pittsburgh Coal Company through C. E. Leshar, vice president, admitted that the miners are beginning an exodus from the mines but tried to minimize the number out. Thousands employed by other companies are on the verge of leaving. Reports coming in to Pittsburgh indicate that nothing in years has equalled the degree of hope and enthusiasm which has spread over the mine fields of the country.

New Executive Meets. PITTSBURGH, April 4.—The new national executive committee of the miners' forces meeting here, chose John Brophy chairman. Pat Toohey was elected executive secretary, John Watt was elected vice-chairman.

Powers Hapgood, "Tony" Minerich, Mike Kamenovich, and Charles Fulp were chosen to serve with the officers as the national executive committee. Fulp is a Negro delegate who was enthusiastically received at the conference.

Three organizers were immediately dispatched by the new executive committee to the fields that began today.

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PROTEST KILLING OF ANTI-FASCIST

Workers Party Calls for Attendance at Meet

The New York district executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party issued a statement last night calling upon the workers of this city to attend a mass meeting called by the Anti-Fascist Alliance to protest against the murder by Mussolini's fascist organization of Castore Sozzi of the Communist Party of Italy. The meeting will be held April 15 at Tammany Hall, E. 14th St.

The statement reads as follows: "Italian fascism has snuffed out the life of another Communist leader of the brutally oppressed Italian workingclass. Mussolini has done to death our comrade and fellow worker, Castore Sozzi, in the dungeon of bloody fascism. This foul murder was committed in the same manner as Matteotti was put out of the way in the struggle against the domination of the fascist dictatorship.

Was Working Class Leader. "Castore Sozzi was a leader among the Italian workers that bravely have fought against the Mussolini dictatorship. He was a leading member of the Communist Party of Italy and carried on his work, in spite of the

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Stirring Speeches, Militancy, Action Were Features of Great Mine Conference

LEADERS ROUSE DELEGATES WITH PLANS OF FIGHT

Sentiment Is Strong for Organization Drive

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 3 (By Mail).—The greatest delegate conference ever organized in American labor movement met in Labor Lyceum Hall, Pittsburgh, The 1,125 representatives of local unions and whole counties of the unorganized were called to order by John W. Watt of Springfield, in the name of the Save-the-Union Committee. For nine glorious hours the first day's meeting lasted, during which miner after miner rose and voiced the indignation against the rotten Lewis bureaucracy that had been stifled in international conventions, in district conventions, in sub-district conventions, and even in local meetings for years.

Filled Hall. Delegates occupying every seat, standing in all the aisles, overflowing the visitors' gallery, surging in the hallway outside the doors, with more and more delegations appearing to the surprise of the credentials committee, which knew they were on their way but never expected they would get here, because of the broken down cars of miners who cannot afford repairs, and the snow and rain storms sweeping Pennsylvania during the last two days.

Before actually meeting, the delegates had done the main task for which they came together. They had given the assent of the masses they represent to the program of the National Save-the-Union Committee, for the destruction of the Lewis machine by ejecting Lewis and his official family and his servile district presidents and all their followers from their jobs, by holding district conventions with or without the consent of the machine officials, and election of real miners and militants to those positions.

Adopt Program. The program was adopted by the executive committee of the National Save-the-Miners' Union, a body composed of the National Save-the-Union Committee with delegates representing the district delegations, five from each delegation. The members from each district met in district sessions and perfected internal organization also last night, with captains.

With Watt of Springfield elected to the chair, Toohey, secretary of the Save-the-Union Committee, elected secretary of the conference and David Jones of Indiana, assistant secretary, John Brophy was introduced to report for the National Save-the-Union Committee.

Brophy launched into a long and careful analysis of the whole situation, proving with meticulous care the failure of the John L. Lewis policies as they have been worked out during the whole period of his administration.

300 Brooklyn Barber Bosses Yield to Union

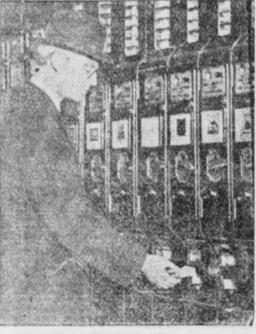
(Continued from Page One) terms of settlement, declared that no negotiations would be carried on with the employers' organization. More than a hundred bosses desiring an agreement with the union the first day were kept waiting a full day until individual contracts were prepared. The employers hurrying to the strike headquarters for settlement were those having their places of business situated in the Jewish residential sections. This is due to the Jewish holidays beginning tomorrow. A similar rush from other sections of Brooklyn is expected when the Easter holidays begin, according to agreements reached late last night.

Enthusiastic Meeting. An enthusiastic mass meeting was held last night in which the membership still on strike participated. This strike is one of the most effective ever called by the union, bringing an immediate response from the whole local membership. The employers settling with the workers' organization agree to rescind the \$5 wage cut, restoring wages to \$25 per week.

An announcement by the union states that they will soon publish a complete list of union shops in the district affected, Williamsburgh, East New York, Greenpoint, Jamaica, Middle Village, Bushwick, and Crow Heights.

ORMOND BEACH, Fla., April 4. John D. Rockefeller is enroute to his Pocatentico Hills estate today after spending more than four months at his summer home here.

Makes More Jobless



Thousands of cigar clerks will be thrown out of work by the introduction of a new labor saving machine which delivers a pack of cigarettes when a coin is placed in a slot. The machine makes change, and even says "Thank you."

SUBS-FOR-MINERS DRIVE IS GAINING

Provide Coal Diggers With "Daily"

With forty-six more miners provided with free subscriptions to The DAILY WORKER, the drive to provide militant coal diggers with the "Daily" is now in full swing.

Workers in various sections of the country, realizing the necessity of placing copies of the "Daily" in the hands of mine workers, are sending in subscriptions.

"I am enclosing six dollars for a subscription for a striking miner," says one letter received by The DAILY WORKER, "as my contribution to the struggle for a living wage in the mine fields and against the Lewis gang which has been betraying the workers."

Cut out the attached coupon and mail it in with the proper sum. Striking Miner's Free Subscription. Daily Worker, 33 First St., New York City.

I am enclosing herewith \$..... for a free subscription to a striking miner.

\$6.00 12 months
3:50 6 months
2.00 3 months
1:50 2 months
1.00 1 month

Name
Address
City

Brophy continued the story of Lewis' misleadership, showing how his 1922 policies are applied in Illinois today, where he signs up some districts and uses them as strike-breakers on the others. The three years of peace before the present strike were used by the operators to perfect their organization and install labor-saving machinery against which tactics Lewis did nothing. He does not fight for the six-hour day to give men jobs, he struggles for the elimination from the industry of 250,000 men.

"Where will they go?" asks Brophy. "In steel, reducing its forces, in textiles, with its stagnation and wage cuts, in automobile industry, overcrowded already?"

Brophy charged the union bureaucracy with insincerity in its slogan, "Fight Injunctions," for it never fights them and expels those who wish to. "If our union is to be saved," declared Brophy, "it will not be done by senate investigations. The senate will never organize the unorganized, and that is our key problem."

"The other problems are: How to make the union more powerful where organized, how to make it effective, how to establish it one hundred per cent in the mining industry.

"The strike must be won. April 1 gives us the best chance. The progressives have the leadership more and more. Their program will be accepted by the miners. New hopes and illusions will not do. But carrying the fight into the non-union fields will win and we welcome Illinois and the other signed up territories back into the struggle."

New York Loan Sharks Are Growing Bolder

The investigation of loan sharks and the bleeding of workers through usurious interest rates has resulted in the arrest of four men on warrants issued by Chief Magistrate McAduo. They have been released on \$500 bail each for a hearing next Tuesday. The charge is violating the state banking law by charging usurious interest on loans.

The four are Louis Oppenheim, Alexander Herman, Jack Roper and Abraham Schochet.

Morris Seiff, of the Moses Credit Corporation, who was indicted with that concern for fraudulent use of the mails in connection with money-lending activities, pleaded not guilty before Federal Judge Henry W. Goddard and was held in \$2,500 bail for trial.

GORDON IN JAIL, MAKES PLEA FOR 'DAILY WORKER'

Urges Readers to Repay \$500 Fine 10 Times

(Continued from Page One) perience) to give his mother who needed it badly, I was told. "A bunch of us were kept about five hours in the stinking 'can' downstairs. I missed my lunch and supper because of that. I felt pretty weak from hunger all evening.

Infested with Bedbugs. "I'm sick of asking the boys why they're here. It seems that the majority are 'stick-up' convicts. My mother paid me a visit this morning. It was good to hear about the DAILY WORKER report of my arrest.

"I saw altogether too many bedbugs and lice (I really don't know, there may have been cockroaches too), when the door was open for the morning walk. I'm beginning to scratch myself. It'll be hell even though I only have some five days more to stay here until I'm sent to the reformatory.

"If it is a question of love and hate, I must say that somehow I can't learn to love capitalism the more from these court experiences.

Urges Support of "DAILY." "I hope the DAILY WORKER readers are multiplying by ten the \$500 that has to be paid. Strengthening ourselves ten times to each prosecution from the capitalist class is necessary for the growth of the revolutionary movement in the United States. If we have done this, we have not lost the case in court."

The appeal of this 18-year-old boy from behind the bars of a capitalist jail must not go unheeded by the readers of The DAILY WORKER. "I hope the DAILY WORKER readers are multiplying by ten the \$500 that has to be paid in court." Will the readers answer this in the affirmative?

The DAILY WORKER realizes that this is a crucial period for most of the workers of this country. Widespread unemployment, together with the concerted drive being made by the capitalists, in collaboration with the labor bureaucrats, to smash the trade unions, have made an ever deepening gap in the pockets of the workers.

Save DAILY WORKER But one thing is certain: The DAILY WORKER, the only newspaper that really fights for the workers must be saved! Now more than ever is The DAILY WORKER needed. In addition to the \$500 fine, the paper is now confronted with a \$50,000 libel suit instituted by Adolph Lessig, a former labor spy. A federal indictment is also pending, which may result in the jailing of William F. Dunne, Bert Miller, Alex Bittleman and J. Louis Engdahl, in addition to other heavy fines.

Workers, the attempt to crush The DAILY WORKER is part of the attempt to crush the entire American workingclass. Defend yourselves by defending your Daily! Rush funds immediately by mail, special delivery or wire to 33 First Street, New York City.

Blaze Perils Workers



A blaze on a wooden car on a Brooklyn elevated threatened the lives of several workers. Wooden cars, which have resulted in the deaths of hundreds of passengers in blazes and crashes, are still in use. Remains of the car are shown above.

LOS ANGELES SPEEDS DRIVE FOR SUBS

Intensifies Campaign in Factories; Now Leading Other Cities

Despite the big lead the Los Angeles district has run up in the national subscription campaign to add 10,000 new readers to The DAILY WORKER by May Day, there is no symptom of slackening the sub work in the California city. Intensification of the subscription activity is rather the order of the day. Under the leadership of Paul C. Reiss, The DAILY WORKER agent

Police Forbid Beds so Jobless Workers Must Sleep on Hard Chairs



An order of Health Commissioner Harris of New York City forbade the use of beds for jobless and homeless workers who are forced to seek refuge from the cold in cheap lodging houses. Police saw to it that no beds were furnished the workers, who had to sleep in an uncomfortable hard chair, as the photo, taken in one of the "flop houses," shows.

BROPHY, TOOHEY WATT ARE NAMED

Save-Union Forces Lay Plans for April 16

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to strike, which do not include the four coke counties. The organizers in their tour will include Midlands and Houston where hundreds of miners struck April 1.

The organization of relief and the broadening of these activities received the first consideration of the meeting. A detailed plan for mobilizing the whole labor movement behind the miners' relief will be worked out.

Immediately on the program of the committee is the organization of the coke counties' strike, Westmoreland, Fayette, Greene and Somerset. An army of speakers will tour these fields and stage mass meetings in every section and district.

Another decision of the meeting was to fight all expulsions of militants and place the case of any such before the rank and file of the miners who have already indicated that they will support the leadership and program of the Save-the-Union Committee. The local unions are called upon to refuse to recognize such expulsions, to demand district conventions for the election of representative officers and in those cases where the district officials refuse to call these conventions the rank and file is to call them and to elect its own officers.

NEW APPEAL FOR MINERS' RELIEF

Penn-Ohio Committee Shows Great Need

PITTSBURGH, April 4.—An appeal for redoubled activities for miners' relief was today sent out by the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave.

Calling attention to the increase in the ranks of striking miners of several hundred thousand during the past week and pointing to the further certainty that 100,000 will go out in the coke regions on April 16, as well as the approach of an anthracite strike, the relief committee urged all who are interested in the winning of the miners' strike to respond.

The Right Arm. "Relief is the right arm of the striking miners' forces," the statement declares. "The most intensive and immediate efforts must now be launched to multiply our activities. The great Pittsburgh Conference just adjourned has taken note of the urgency of relief work. Our committee was endorsed by the conference and to us this is the starting point for even greater efforts than we have put forth in the past.

"All those who understand the meaning of present events in the labor movement, all those who wish to see the miners' strike brought to a victorious conclusion, all those who are moved by the struggle of labor should respond to the present call. All contributions and other assistance should be sent to 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh."

Young Workers League Offers to Debate on Capitalist "Democracy"

A challenge to debate the question of democracy of the respective governments of the United States and the Soviet Union has been made to the Bronx Free Fellowship by the Young Workers (Communist) League, Sam Garrison, agitation-propaganda director of the League, announced yesterday.

The communication sent to Dr. Leon Rosser Land, director of the Fellowship, suggests the following subjects: "Is democracy suitable for today?" "Resolved, that the United States is more democratic than Soviet Russia." "Resolved, there is a democratic government in the United States today."

"Can there be peace under capitalism?" "As they stand now, we, of course, will take the negative on all the questions," the letter adds.

PROTEST MURDER OF FASCIST FOE

Workers' Party Urges Attendance at Meet

(Continued from Page One) terror, in the midst of the working-class, braving all the dangers of fascist violence in order to undermine this regime of the Italian capitalists and to establish the rule of the proletariat. It was because he had the confidence of the workers, because he defied the terror of Mussolini, because he was organizing the workers, that the imperialists of Italy decided to do away with him.

Continue Struggle. "Our Italian Communist Party is conducting its work within Italy whereas the social democrats and so-called republicans conduct their work outside of Italy. Our Italian Communist Party is working within the trade unions and workingclass ranks to free them from the domination of Mussolini and to build them into a powerful instrument that will destroy the regime of Mussolini and establish a workers' and farmers' government.

"This foul murder must not be allowed to pass without the powerful voice of labor being raised in protest. The workers of New York of all nationalities must participate in the meeting arranged by the Anti-Fascist Alliance on April 15 in Tammany Hall, E. 14th St. to protest the murder of our Comrade Gastore Sozzi. The Workers (Communist) Party of the New York District will participate in the meeting. Prominent representatives of the Workers (Communist) Party will speak. All workers turn out and demonstrate your solidarity with the Communist Party of Italy! Show your solidarity with the struggle of the workingclass to free the Italian workers from the slavery of fascism and to establish the rule of the workingclass."

Bakers Help Miners

CHICAGO, April 4.—In addition to 5,000 loaves of bread already donated by it to the striking Pennsylvania miners, the Bakery & Confectionery Workers International Union has voted 5,000 more.

COLORADO MINERS REJECT "PEACE"

Are Not Deceived by New Boss Maneuver

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and Iron Co., the Rockefeller concern. It is considered possible that the reactionary officials are working indirectly with the operators to ward off the rising tide of militancy which is sweeping over the Colorado mine fields.

Considerable interest has been aroused over the activities of the Save-the-Union Committee now holding a conference at Pittsburgh. Delegates have been sent by the Colorado miners. In spite of the fact that the Colorado miners have been forced into independent unions they have expressed their willingness to join with the national movement.

FAIL TO FRAME UP WINDOW WASHER

Picketing Continues, Says Union

Despite attempts to prevent picketing in the financial district, the strike which the Window Cleaners Protective Union called two weeks ago against the Beaver Window Cleaning Co. is being carried forward with greater energy.

M. Mercade, a member of the union, who had been arrested for picketing outside the Sinclair Oil Co., 45 Nassau St., came up for a hearing yesterday in the First Magistrate's Court. The case was dismissed.

Three other arrested pickets, M. Berkowitz, Steve Lefko and H. Fox, who are out on \$500 bail each, will come up for hearings in the same court tomorrow, according to H. Feinstein, business agent of the union.

WAGE CUT BRINGS UNION SENTIMENT

MANCHESTER, N. H., April 4.—The rayon stripe manufacturing Gonic Company of Gonic, N. H. announced that production in its mills will be cut almost in half when the 30 instead of the usual 54 hour week goes into effect in a few days.

The workers are bitter over the prospect of having their already miserable wages slashed in half. Until the announcement was made the mill owners had the plant running on a day and night shift. Sentiment for organization is growing here among the workers when they remember that a union would have forced continued production by shortening the work week and fighting night work.

"Blacklist" Is "Line of Demarcation" in N. Y.

SUMMIT, N. J., April 4.—Certain speakers are barred from meetings of the Daughters of the American Revolution in New Jersey, Mrs. Harry Marshall, a member of the organization's state board of regents, admitted today. She doesn't like the word "blacklist," which is openly used by the Boston chapter. She calls it a "demarcation." Those on the wrong side of the line, such as Communists, may not speak before D.A.R. meetings in the state.

"This simply means that we do not wish to hear those whose views do not come up to the standards of our beliefs," Mrs. Marshall explained.

FOOD UNION HEAD GAGS MILITANTS IN OFFICIAL PAPER

Hotel Workers Branch To Meet Tonight

The self-styled "progressives" in control of the Amalgamated Food Workers' Union have finally decided to adopt a franker method of retaining the machinery of the national organization, by refusing to permit the opposition candidates running against August Burkhardt, for the secretary-treasurership, and other positions, to state their views to the membership in the official organ of the union, "The Free Voice."

Burkhardt Gags Opponent. Carl Gertig, a member of Local 164, was nominated to run in opposition to Burkhardt, in a petition presented to the union organ and signed with the names of 175 members. Neither this nor any other statement was permitted to be printed in "Free Voice" by the Burkhardt machine. Gertig therefore issued a statement yesterday accepting the nomination and denouncing the reactionary policies of the officialdom.

After declaring himself for an immediate organization campaign through the trade, immediate amalgamation with all existing unions, strict enforcement of union working hours, wages and other standards, establishment of democracy and free speech in our union, Gertig in his statement continues:

Assails Burkhardt Misleadership. "During the last six years conditions in the Amalgamated Food Workers' Union, under the present administration, have become so intolerable that it has provoked a widespread revolt of the rank and file of the organization. As an expression of this revolt, and dissatisfaction with the present leadership I have been asked to serve as a candidate for the position of general secretary-treasurer.

"Contrary to the usual custom followed in past elections, in which candidates were given full opportunity to express their views in the official organ of the union, the Burkhardt reactionary machine has refused to permit me to place my views before the membership. This old, worn-out group of office holders are afraid that their incompetence will be exposed too openly to the members of our organization.

Sabotaged Organization Drive. "The campaign for the amalgamation of the existing unions in the baking industry, so that a real attempt might be made to tackle the Bread Trust, which is growing every day, was sabotaged and hindered in every possible way.

"As a result of this suicidal policy, our fellow workers in the International, who should be fighting shoulder to shoulder with us against the Bread Trust, are being asked to picket the Amalgamated shops. This chaos is the direct result of the Burkhardt policy, and can only lead to strife between the two organizations, from which the bosses will benefit.

"The policy of seeking injunctions against brother bakers' unions in the capitalist courts can only lead to further division in the ranks of the bakery workers.

"The eight hour day is not enforced and we find that our members are compelled to work 9, 10 and even 11 hours a day.

Demand Militant Leaders. "Our 'Free Voice,' which should be an organization medium and a stimulator for the activity of the union, has become a dry, dead sheet, in which the membership is not permitted to participate.

Hotel Workers Meet Tonight. The Hotel and Restaurant Workers Branch of the Amalgamated Food Workers' Union is to hold a meeting tonight at which elections for national officers will also take place. All members are called by the union leadership to participate in the elections.

This branch of the union several days ago passed a resolution condemning Secretary-Treasurer Burkhardt for the arbitrary and undemocratic measures he and his followers have taken in order to perpetuate themselves in office. The resolution also calls upon the membership to replace the reactionary leadership of the national union with a leadership that will conduct a struggle to organize the trade.

Two More Bombs Liven Up Chicago Elections

CHICAGO, April 4.—Two more powerful bomb explosions rocked outlying districts of Chicago today. The first one detonated over the Auburn Park Highlands District shortly before dawn and sent hundreds of terror-stricken residents tumbling from their beds to the accompaniment of shattering window panes.

It was exploded in a vacant store-room next door to a shoe repair shop. The second blast was set off in the doorway of a restaurant on South Kedzie Avenue. Joseph Klak, owner and a democratic ward leader, lived overhead. He and his family were thrown from their beds, but all escaped serious injury.

Every Week Sees New Textile Mill Committees, Worker Correspondent Says

ORGANIZATIONS FORMED THROUOUT NEW ENGLAND

Plan to Draw In Maine, New Hampshire Shops

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
LAWRENCE, Mass., (By Mail).—The Textile Mill Committees (T.M.C.) are forging ahead. The Progressive Textile Conference was held March 11th and since then each week sees the addition of new committees that will soon be a mighty chain, linking up organized workers from mill to mill in every factory thruout New England.

On March 25, the United Front Committees of Lawrence unanimously voted to join the Mill Committees in a body.

Committees have been started at Lowell and Manchester, New Hampshire, and in a number of smaller towns (names omitted to protect the members).

The Amalgamated Textile Councils of Providence were represented at the Progressive Conference and their delegates took an active part in framing the Textile Mill Committees Constitution, so that it is expected that they will become an integral part of the new organization.

The Textile Mill Committees will pay a visit to the Maine cities and towns within a few weeks, as well as Dover, New Hampshire, and the scene of the big Pacific Mill strike of 1924 to aid the progressives in these places to build committees.

—ANDREWS

EDITORS SUPPORT DETROIT COUNCIL

Foreign-born Meeting Is Held

DETROIT, April 4.—A luncheon-conference of foreign language editors' representatives took place at the Hotel Wolverine to formulate a unified policy in the publicity work conducted by the newly formed Detroit Council for the Protection of Foreign Born Workers, against the proposed registration-deportation bills now before the committee on immigration and naturalization of congress.

The Polish Daily News was represented by A. Urban; Hungarian News by Franz Prattinger; Abend Post, by Erich Wahl; Polish Worker; Greek Progress by Constan. Perakis and the Federated Press. Jeannette D. Pearl, field organizer for the National Council, presided.

It was announced that a local conference of the Council would be held Sunday, April 22, at G. A. R. Hall, Grand River Ave., at 10 a. m.

Pullman Porters Defy Antistrike Propaganda

CHICAGO, April 4.—Nailing a rumor started from company sources that 5,000 ex-Pullman porters were being mobilized to meet a strike possibility, western organizer Milton P. Webster of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters says:

"Our union is continuing to receive overwhelming strike ballots. The Pullman propaganda does not alarm our men. There aren't 5,000 ex-porters to be mobilized unless you count the dead ones."

The strike vote is being tabulated in New York headquarters of the brotherhood.

Defenders of THE DAILY WORKER

A. Schulman, Phila., Pa.	1.00	Nucleus 32, Los Angeles, Cal.	5.00
S. Rosenthal, Phila., Pa.	1.00	T. Chagaras, Los Angeles, Cal.	10.00
I. Singer, Phila., Pa.	1.00	Ch 10516, Chicago, Ill.	1.00
I. Litvakoff, Phila., Pa.	1.00	Mrs. M. O'Sullivan, Kansas City	1.00
M. Shagendler, Phila., Pa.	1.00	C. H. Whitney, Oakland, Cal.	10.00
B. Weinberg, Phila., Pa.	1.00	C. Kierpuns, Oakland, Cal.	2.00
M. Raderman, Phila., Pa.	2.00	W. Cup, Oakland, Cal.	3.00
S. Cohen, Phila., Pa.	.25	P. Bleondery, Oakland, Cal.	2.00
Kelberg, Phila., Pa.	.25	Mrs. Blanchett, Oakland, Cal.	.50
N. Zeldis, Phila., Pa.	.50	M. Woodall, Oakland, Cal.	.50
B. Greenberg, Phila., Pa.	.50	Hillcrest Miners' Lit. & Ath. As.	
H. Pinsker, Phila., Pa.	1.00	Hillcrest, Alb., Canada	10.00
I. Schwartz, Phila., Pa.	.50	B. Chiaabaglio, Detroit, Mich.	1.00
M. Seidel, Phila., Pa.	.25	S. Schuitmaker, Grand Rapids, Mich.	10.00
Mrs. Highkin, Phila., Pa.	5.00	L. Payer, New York City	3.00
G. Kirschman, Phila., Pa.	1.00	Collected at Ruthenber Memorial Meet., Los Angeles, Cal.	64.00
L. Pardys, Flint, Mich.	.50	Ihwaco's Work Temple Ass., Ilwaco, Wash.	5.00
K. T. Diugian, Los Angeles, Cal.	15	P. Pressman, Bklyn., N. Y.	2.00
H. G. Soghioan, Los Ang., Cal.	3.00	F. Campo, Springfield, Ill.	6.00
C. Meyer, Los Angeles, Cal.	1.00	G. Ridgeway, Wabash, Ind.	1.00
K. S. Diugian, Los Angeles, Cal.	15	M. Rigas, Baltimore, Md.	1.85
L. A. Tatossian, Los Ang., Cal.	1.00	Nucleus 1, Conneaut, Ohio	13.10
N. Andriassian, Los Ang., Cal.	.25	C. Cassell, Kalamazoo, Mich.	1.00
A. Tatossian, Los Angeles, Cal.	.50	E. Rose, Elizabeth, N. J.	1.00
H. Mirzolian, Los Angeles, Cal.	1.00	L. Lifshutz, Elizabeth, N. J.	1.00
K. S. Diugian, Los Angeles, Cal.	1.00	V. Lifshutz, Elizabeth, N. J.	1.00
A. K. Algia, Los Angeles, Cal.	.25	C. P. Wilson, San Jose, Cal.	5.00
A. Mirzian, Los Angeles, Cal.	1.60	J. Freitas, San Jose, Cal.	1.00
M. Mgrdichian, Los Ang., Cal.	1.00	J. L. Patterson, San Jose, Cal.	1.00
K. S. Diugian, Los Angeles, Cal.	.35	A. J. Urban, San Jose, Cal.	1.00
M. Mkrdichian, Los Ang., Cal.	3.00	A. Porter, San Jose, Cal.	.45
M. M. Los Angeles, Cal.	4.25		

Workers Here Slave 13-Hour Day for \$19 Wage

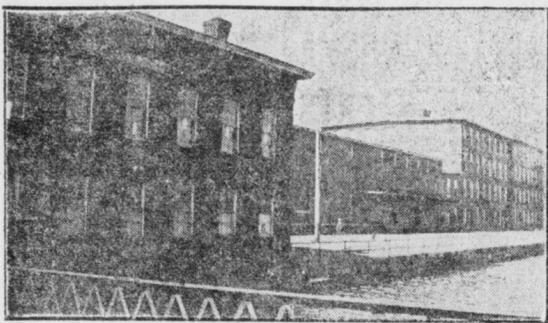


Photo above shows the Amoskeag Mill at Manchester, N. H., the largest cotton mill in the world. Workers here slave as long as 13 hours a day for \$19 a week. Progressive workers in this mill, disgusted with the misleadership of the United Textile Workers Union officials, have formed militant mill committees. This photo was sent in by a Worker correspondent.

ATTEMPTED TO LOWER PLUMBER HELPER'S PAY

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

Many workers are under the impression that the building trades workers are aristocrats. Here is a true account of a plumbers' helper which actually occurred last week. The writer of this letter knows the helper well. I do not wish to mention the name because I do not want to have him victimized.

A certain foreman from the Seyville Plumbing Co. of 1243 Jerome Ave., the Bronx, by the name of Louis, got a contract to do a steam job on Osborne St., Brooklyn. All plumbers' helpers were on this job. They were all paid \$4.50 per day.

One of these fellows worked a whole day on Saturday. He only got paid for a half day.

Another helper worked three days on the job. When he was laid off the boss wanted to pay him \$3 a day, claiming that since the helper did not make up any definite price with him, he could pay him any price he felt like. When the helper threatened to bring the case to court, he was paid \$4 a day for the three days.

Plumbers' helpers, the only way to improve working conditions is to organize. The American Association of Plumbers' Helpers is fighting your battles. If you are not in the association you should join it at once. It holds its membership meetings every Friday night at 136 E. 24th St., New York City.

The slogan of the Plumbers' Helpers is: "Every plumbers' helper a union man."

—OAKUM.

COURTS ATTACK SHIP WORKERS

SEATTLE, (FP).—"If a longshoreman is employed by an American concern to work aboard a foreign ship he may recover against the concern employing him. But if he is employed by an alien ship owner he cannot recover in the state courts under the laws of the United States but must seek redress against the ship under the laws of the country whose flag she flies."

Such is the opinion of Superior Judge W. J. Steinert on a demurrer to the suit of A. F. Schottis, a stevedore, against the North Coast Stevedoring Co. and the Kawasaki Dockyard Co. in which Schottis seeks to recover \$50,000 damages for injuries sustained while helping unload the Japanese ship in Seattle. The case will be carried to the U. S. supreme court.

ARREST ENTIRE LINE PICKETING DANDY DRESS CO.

Police Guard Scabs in Heart of Philadelphia

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., (By Mail).—During the past two weeks there has been a strike at the Dandy Dress factory. Poor working conditions, low wages, and the continuous firing of workers who are in any way suspected of doing organizational work for the union has raised the discontent of the workers to such a pitch that they are demanding the recognition of the union as well as all union conditions and a complete cessation of abuses. So they are on strike.

40 In Shop.

The factory is a small one employing in "normal" times not more than forty workers. It is now guarded by a whole dozen mounted and foot police. The boss has succeeded in locating some scabs and every time they go to work the representatives of law and order clear the pavements of the throngs of people, (the factory is located on a busy corner in the center of the city) and the scabs march in to work protected by two lines of police. Pickets are abused and arrests take place daily.

Appealed to Scab.

Last Thursday a scab was stopped by a striker a few blocks away from the factory. The striker asked the scab why she did not join the strikers. The scab then threatened to call the police. This did not frighten the striker, however, and she kept talking to the scab, attempting to appeal to her class-consciousness.

"Girls are striking, suffering, fighting for better conditions for you as well as for themselves, aren't you ashamed to scab?" she asked. The strikebreaker then became furious. "I'll kill you if you don't stop bothering me," she replied and attempted to start a fight. She looked frightened and desperate and dropped the things she was carrying on the pavement.

Since the scab insisted on fighting the striker jumped on her and altho the scab was at least twice as big and strong, it was the scab who came out of the fight with a black eye.

A large crowd had gathered and the sympathies of the onlookers were obviously with the courageous little striker, Bertha Cantor.

Arrest Whole Line.

However, the police who came rushing up to the scene had a different feeling about things. The striker was taken to the station house where she was charged with assault, disorderly conduct and larceny. At the same time, an order was issued to the police to arrest the whole picket line. Patrol wagons were called and the crowd dispersed. Some of the crowd of onlookers returned to speak to the strikers and they too, soon found themselves on the patrol wagons.

The "dangerous" girl was separated from the rest, taken to the detective

bureau, photographed, fingerprinted and put in a solitary cell. She was later let out on \$800 bail pending trial.

The other pickets received the usual lecture from the magistrate, a Vore henchman, "If you don't like this country, go back where you came from," and later were discharged.

All these police oppressions have not broken the courage of the strikers and the picket line is bravely kept up right in the heart of the city.

EDITOR'S NOTE: This letter and many others from Philadelphia have been sent to THE DAILY WORKER by Worker Correspondents, stimulated by the Philadelphia "Builders' Club."

—J. A. SEAMAN.

EDITOR'S NOTE: The seaman who wrote the above letter left New York City several weeks ago and has since been cruising on the Pacific. He has sent us a great deal of Worker Correspondence exposing conditions on his tanker, the S. S. Purissima, the S. S. P. referred to in the correspondence, whose name can now be disclosed for all seamen to look out for, since the correspondent has left the boat and can no longer be victimized.

Negro Woman Sues Ship Line for Discrimination

As a result of being "Jim Crowed" on the Eastern Steamship Line boat that runs between New York and Norfolk, Va., Mrs. Ruth Whitehead Whaley, Negro lawyer, is suing the line in two \$500 civil suits.

According to Mrs. Whaley, she engaged passage for herself and husband in July 1926, but when they boarded the boat they were compelled to go to the segregated Negro section, not being allowed to stay in the stateroom they had engaged.

The briefs on both sides are to be filed before Supreme Court Justices Crain, Delehany, and Bijur by Friday.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

DRAMA MOSCOW, LENINGRAD CHIEF MUSIC CENTERS

THE Russian musical public is much the same as the general musical public in this country or any country, as far as modern music is concerned," declared Naoum Blinder, Russian violinist, in an informal address following a musicale which he gave last night.

"The general public comes to a concert, listens to the work of the moderns, says 'That is very fine,' but they settle back in their chairs when an old familiar tune is played, and declare, 'Ah, that is really beautiful.'"

"This is partly due to the fact that the old tunes are necessarily more familiar than the work of the moderns—which in turn is accounted for partly by the usual custom of playing new compositions only once. New compositions in Moscow, as in New York, are billed 'First Time in Moscow' or 'World Premiere' and then rarely played again."

Praises Soviet System.

Mr. Blinder, when he is not on concert tours, is professor of violin at the Moscow Conservatory, and speaks highly of the Soviet system of musical education. It is now possible for any worker who is a member of the Communist Party and who shows reasonable musical talent to obtain tuition free of charge at the State Conservatory.

"Moscow and Leningrad are musical centers in Russia as New York is here," said Mr. Blinder. "The state, however, hopes to educate the whole country musically, and it is the aim of the officials to send these trained workers back to the provinces from which they come, to teach music there."

Like Moscow.

"The only trouble with the plan is that those who have once had a taste of the jobs of urban life are reluctant to return to provincial towns to teach music. They prefer to stay in Moscow—even on very small pay—where they can have the best in music, art, the drama, constantly before them."

Mr. Blinder's present visit is his first to America. He will give a concert under the auspices of the American Society for Cultural Relations with Russia in Carnegie Hall on April 10, though his chief mission in this country has to do with a five-

bureau, photographed, fingerprinted and put in a solitary cell. She was later let out on \$800 bail pending trial.

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EDITOR'S NOTE: This letter and many others from Philadelphia have been sent to THE DAILY WORKER by Worker Correspondents, stimulated by the Philadelphia "Builders' Club."

—J. A. SEAMAN.

SCOTT NEARING

is available for lecture dates, beginning Nov. 8, 1928, up to and including Nov. 21, 1928. — For information write to Harry Blake, c/o. Daily Worker, 33 First Street, New York City.

Only Summer Tours

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CIRCUS OPENS TODAY.



One of the chief fun makers in the Ringling Brothers-Barnum and Bailey's Four Ring Circus which opens this afternoon at the Madison Square Garden. Goliath, sea elephant, is the feature attraction.

year contract he has just signed to produce records for the Columbia Phonograph Company.

Broadway Briefs

McKay Morris, who was engaged by the Theatre Guild for its forthcoming production of "Volpone," will also play in "Marco Millions." He entered the cast of that play Monday at the Guild Theatre in the role of the Great Kaan.

The Theatre Guild's touring Repertory Company, which has been playing for the past thirty weeks, closed Saturday night in Montreal.

Catherine Willard will play a leading role in "The Alimonicas," the new comedy by Daniel N. Rubin, to be produced April 10 at New London, Conn., prior to the Broadway showing.

The third play on the Provincetown Playhouse bill will be "Him" by E. E. Cummings, opening on April 18.

Nothing was accomplished, however.

—C. R.

AMUSEMENTS

IT'S SENSATIONAL SUCCESS COMPELS 4th TREMENDOUS WEEK!

At the CAMEO "THE AMAZING RUSSIAN MASTERPIECE" "THE TERRIBLE" "THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN"

42nd St. & 5th Ave.

The Theatre Guild presents Eugene O'Neill's Play "Strange Interlude" John Golden Then, 58th, E. of B'way Evenings Only at 5:30.

EUGENE O'NEILL'S "Marco Millions" Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30 Week of Apr. 9: "VOLPONE"

LAST WEEK "PORGY" Republic Th., W. 42d. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:40

UNEMPLOYMENT IS THEME OF QUAKER CITY TALKFEST

Cops Don't Harm 'Nice' People's Powow

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., (By Mail).—The Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce publishes today what it calls the result of a "long and exhaustive survey" by one of its committees known as "the Industrial Relations Committee."

This report is made public by its chairman, the well-known open shop advocate, Earnest T. Trigg, and is seized upon eagerly by all the capitalist press to prove the normalcy of business and employment conditions. This committee, according to Mr. Trigg, has been in close touch with the unemployment situation for several months and consists of "experts," including leading businessmen, heads of various trade associations and experts from the University of Pennsylvania.

But it does not fool the workers who thru all these months of "exhaustive survey" have been and are having an exhausting time of it themselves looking for a job which is almost impossible to find.

Last night an unemployment meeting was held at the Women's Trade Union League. This meeting was not broken up by the police, as was the meeting arranged by the Workers Party and the militant workers of Philadelphia several Sundays ago. All the people concerned in last night's meeting were "nice" people, positively harmless so the police had to forego their customary method of forcing "prosperity" on the unemployed, via police clubs and prison cells.

Dr. I. M. Rubinow said that the effects of the unemployment will be health deterioration and crime. Waldo Fisher, professor of economics at the University of Pennsylvania, made the very conservative estimate that there are 90,000 unemployed in this city. Edward J. Keating, of Washington, editor of Labor, the official organ of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, also spoke.

Nothing was accomplished, however.

—C. R.

Madison Sq. Garden 49 & 50 Sts. at 8th Ave. "Twice daily (except Sun.) 2 and 8 RINGLING BROTHERS BARNUM & BAILEY'S CIRCUS" Including Among 10,000 Marvels GOLIATH, monster sea elephant

29th WEEK "DRACULA" FULTON B'way, 45 St. Evs. 1:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

This Thursday afternoon, "The National Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 1:30" "The Trial of Mary Dugan" By Bayard Veiller, with Ann Harding-Rex Cherryman Fund.

5,000,000 Unemployed in the U. S. at the present time

Organize, Fight Against Unemployment 500,000

Leaflets, analyzing the causes for unemployment and telling how the workers must organize to fight it, to be distributed by the WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY this month.

50,000 ordered and paid for by Chicago District.

HOW ABOUT YOU? How many can be distributed by your

DISTRICT? CITY? SECTION? SUB-SECTION? NUCLEUS?

ORDER FROM WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY 43 East 125th Street New York City Price \$2.00 per thousand

ORDER BLANK WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY, 43 E. 125th Street, New York City

Enclosed find \$..... for which please send..... unemployment leaflets to

NAME..... ADDRESS.....

Salzburg, Leader of Chicago Cap Strike Denounces Treachery of Right Wing

CHARGE ZARITSKY HAS BEGUN FIGHT ON PROGRESSIVES

Statement Is Issued to Union Membership

(Continued from Page One)

work system at any sacrifice and refused the demand of the manufacturers. The association then locked out the workers and over two hundred families are involved in the bitter struggle which still continues with unabated vigor in Chicago.

"Before the lockout went into effect, Zaritsky answered a letter of mine in the following manner.

"I took the same position at a conference with the retail cap manufacturers here in New York last week telling them that the piece work system cannot and will not be installed before the people will voluntarily accept it. It may take a month, it may take a year or a little longer."

Zaritsky Aids Bosses.

"Such statements from our International president to an association of manufacturers can be interpreted as nothing else but a promise to the employers to give them the piece work system at a later date.

"From the minutes of a preceding special meeting of the New York members of the GEB read at the last meeting held March 2nd to 10th, I discovered that our president advocated the giving up of other important gains of our organization. He urged that the GEB recommend that the New York cap makers give up the 40 hour week and to accept the demand of the manufacturers to return to the 44 hour week. I found that the GEB at the special meeting did not have enough courage to reject outright Zaritsky's proposal. There is no doubt that the manufacturers' association was encouraged by his position to make the second lockout against the New York capmakers.

"With the exception of three members of the board who attacked the president's embarkment on the piece work policy, the other members of the board either openly sided with the president's policy or did not have the courage to oppose his plans.

"Two full days were given to a report of a GEB committee which investigated our Boston local, yet the committee could not report any tangible irregularity of the leadership of the Boston local who had for the last five years been repeatedly re-elected by the members of Local 7 of Boston. Nevertheless, all efforts were made to adopt a resolution expelling the leadership from office. Failing in this the general board, however, decided to order new elections in that local with the hope of eliminating the present executive board and officers from leadership.

"A bitter verbal attack then followed on the leaders of the Chicago strike for having dared to criticize President Zaritsky's unconstitutional stand on the piece work proposition, and for informing the membership of Local 5 as to his stand.

Try To Oust Militants.

"But the limit of the new policy to eliminate all progressive elements from our organization was reached when dealing with Local 43. This local, the second largest in our International, numbering close to 4,000 members, has reached its present position under progressive leadership, and succeeded in bringing about definite improvements to the thou-

Teachers Union to Push Charge of Brutal Acts

Altho finding it impossible to comply with the request of Ralph R. McKee, chairman of the committee on Law of the board of education, that it turn over all "trustworthy evidence" of brutality and intimidation of sick teachers on the part of Dr. Emil Altman, chief medical examiner of the board, the Teachers' Union, is by no means dropping the case.

The union policy is now directed toward obtaining a public hearing and insisting that each teacher called as witness be furnished a copy of his testimony. To the unions demand that it have a representative at the hearing, McKee replied that there would be "no objection" to the presence of a union representative at the private hearings but he made no mention of a public hearing.

"However, in a conference with our counsel, Mr. Gilbert E. Roe, who has been our attorney for ten years, we have reached a decision to endeavor to secure from teachers and teachers' physicians consent to testify before Mr. McKee's committee, and to offer to Mr. McKee a list of these persons," said Henry R. Linville, president of the union. "We already have a list of fifteen persons on whom we can rely to testify. Promises to testify are coming in daily. We expect to build up a list of at least fifty."

The union has been extremely reticent in giving out the names of the teachers who brought charges for fear that the board of education will blacklist them and take their positions from them.

Army Asks More

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Another army housing bill, providing for new construction at air service posts in 1930 totalling \$6,499,500 has been introduced in the house by Representative James (R) of Michigan. The program was approved by the war department.

sands of hitherto unorganized milliners in New York. Without any complaints or charges made against the leadership of this local by any of its members, and instead of disciplining an influential group of a sister millinery local which refused cooperation to Local 43 on the ground that the members of Local 43 had elected progressive leadership, the general executive board adopted a decision which aims at the elimination of the present leadership of Local 43 and robbing the local of its constitutional right of self administration.

"In view of this situation I believe that a meeting should immediately be called of the full GEB to check these dangerous tendencies and show itself worthy of the trust put in them by the convention. Our locals too, after being acquainted with the dangerous undercurrent working in our organization must send all assistance to the Chicago cap strikers who are fighting the battle against piece work for our entire membership, express their disapproval of the new and dangerous policies of our president and the majority of the GEB leading towards internal struggle and the introduction of piece work and demand that the GEB convene at once, give up its present policy which leads towards internal struggle and declare itself ready to uphold the week work system and all other hard won conditions of our international union."

Finnish Workers Basketball Team Victors



Workers Basketball team which defeated the United Cooperatives at the first annual meet of the Labor Sports Union held at Finnish Hall, 15 W. 126 St., Sunday, March 25. More than 150 labor-sportsmen participated in the tournament. Arrangements for an open air meet this summer are now being made.

MORE LABOR GROUPS TO CELEBRATE MAY 1

Endorsements of the May Day meeting to be held in Madison Square May 1 by the Workers (Communist) Party continued to reach the Party office yesterday.

Among the organizations that went on record yesterday included the Architectural Iron, Bronze and Structural Workers' Union, All-America Anti-Imperialist League, the Associated Shoe and Slipper Workers' Local, Ladies' Shoe Workers, International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, Local 22, and the Young Pioneers of America.

Anti-Imperialist Letter.

The letter from the Anti-Imperialist League endorsing the May Day celebration, reads as follows:

"In the name of the oppressed peoples of Latin America, the All-America Anti-Imperialist League wishes to congratulate you upon your invitation to all organizations to support a mass demonstration in Madison Square Garden on May 1 at which protest against the Wall Street war in Nicaragua is to be one of the watchwords.

"American workers no less than Latin Americans are oppressed by the capitalist imperialism of Wall Street and Washington. Colorado and Pennsylvania as well as Mexico and Nicaragua are the scenes of Wall Street assault upon working peoples.

For Common Fight.

"The United States Section of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, composed primarily of workers, is doing everything in its power to bring about a common front of struggle in this country as well as in its colonies and semi-colonies against the common imperialist enemy. It is the cardinal point in the program of our league that only by such united efforts can the common interests of the great masses of all countries be served.

"What is more fitting than that on May Day, labor's traditional day of demonstration, there should be demonstrations in the United States, linking up the struggle of the United Mine Workers of America, the struggle for the organization of the unorganized, the fight in behalf of the unemployed, and the struggle against American imperialism in Nicaragua and elsewhere?

Oppose Nicaragua War.

"The All-America Anti-Imperialist

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FRAME-UP DRIVE AGAINST KENOSHA STRIKERS STARTS

Warrant Issued for Young Knitter

KENOSHA, Wis., April 4.—The organized frame-up campaign against active participants in the strike of the Kenosha knitters against the Allen-A Hosiery Company, by the company officials is getting into full swing with the announcement of a warrant being issued for the arrest of Norman Stenson, a striker, for being the alleged owner of a car from which bricks were thrown at an automobile load of scabs.

The mill owners are stopping at nothing in their attempt to break the strike of the militant young strikers fighting against the open shop. The campaign of terror began when the police, sent by the Nash Auto Company official who is "manager" of the City Council, broke up a picket demonstration held in violation of an injunction, and arrested 45 strikers. The company is following this up with legal terror as well by obtaining warrants to arrest the most active workers. Contempt of court proceedings against leaders of the union are also being started.

Stenson is one of nineteen to be tried in the near future for contempt of court.

Labor and Fraternal News

Nearing To Lecture in Yonkers.
Scott Nearing will lecture on "What Is Happening Today in China and Soviet Russia," at the Workers Cooperative Center, 252 Warburton Ave., Yonkers, on Friday, April 20, at 8 p. m. The lecture will be given under the auspices of the Workers International Relief, and the proceeds will go for miners' relief.

Brox Miner Relief Meet Put Off.
The Bronx Branch of the Miners' Relief Committee will hold its executive meeting Wednesday, April 11, at 8 p. m.

Ware at Workers' Forum.
Harold Ware, head of the Russian Reconstruction Farms, Inc., will lecture at the Workers' Forum this Sunday at 103 E. 14th St. His subject will be "Impressions of an American Farmer in the Soviet Union."

League for Mutual Aid.
The League for Mutual Aid will hold a Spring Revel, Friday, April 13, at Beethoven Hall, 210 E. Fifth St.

Friends of Nature Hike.
The Student Council of the Friends of Nature will hike this Sunday to Woodland with the Senior Section. The time of meeting will be 8:30 A. M., and the fares will amount to 40c.

Workers' School Hike.
The Student Council of the Workers' School has arranged a hike for this Sunday. All those desiring to join in the hike should meet at 103 E. 14th St. at 8:30 A. M.

Dunn Course Postponed.
The final session in the course in Present Tactics of Employers, given by Robert W. Dunn will be held Wednesday, April 11, at 8:30 p. m. at the Workers' School, 103 E. 14th St.

Labor Unity Out.
All literature and Labor Unity agents should call at 101 E. 14th St. for their bundle of the April issue of

Labor Unity and also settle for the March issue.

L. L. D. Meeting Tonight.
The City Central Committee of the New York Section, International Labor Defense will be held tonight at 8 o'clock at Ukrainian Hall, 17 E. Third St., Room 3. All delegates and branch officers are urged to be present.

Unity Arbelter Cooperative Forum.
The next topic for discussion at the Unity Arbelter Cooperative Forum, 1809 7th Ave., tomorrow, 8:30 p. m., will be "Russian and the Trade Unions." An entertainment will follow the lecture.

Wolfe Course at Workers School.
Bertram D. Wolfe's course in "Marxism and Leninism" will be given tomorrow night at the Workers' School, 107 E. 14th St. at 8:30 p. m.

Plumbers' Helpers Mass Meet.
A mass meeting of the Plumbers' Helpers' Union will be held on April 12 at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St.

1,500 Down Tools
PATTERSON, N. J., April 4. (FP)—1,500 building trades workers on 30 big jobs downed tools for the 5-day week and wage increases. Carpenters, masons and building laborers are striking.

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WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK—NEW JERSEY

Bronx Package Party and Dance.
Branch 3, Section 5 will hold a package party and dance this Saturday at 2075 Clinton Ave., the Bronx.

Spring Dance.
A "Red Spring" entertainment and dance will be given by Branch 1, Section 6, Saturday, April 14 at 2075 Clinton Ave.

Brownsville Y. W. L. Dance.
The Brownsville Young Workers League will hold a dance for the benefit of the "Young Worker," this Saturday 8 p. m. at Premier Palace, Sutter and Hingdale St., Brooklyn.

Branch 6, Section 5.
Branch 6, Section 5 will hold an affair this Saturday at the Cooperative Colony, 2700 Bronx Park East. The program will include a talk by Comrade Holtman on "Youth Education in the Soviet Union," Russian and Yiddish folk-songs by Rose Cohen, soprano, and numbers by a three piece band.

Section 7B4 Affair.
Section 7B4 will hold a concert and dance for The DAILY WORKER this Saturday at 1940 Benson Ave., Brooklyn.

Downtown Y. W. L. Lecture.
The Downtown section of the Young Workers League will hear the second lecture in a series of educational and social evenings, at 60 St. Marks Place this Sunday. The subject will be "Unemployment and Its Significance to Youth."

Section 4 Meeting.
Section 4 will hold a meeting today at 8 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St., to discuss the Save-the-Union conference.

Open Air Meetings.
Friday—110th St. and Fifth Ave. Saturday—First Ave. and 79th St.

Greek Fraction Meet.
The Greek Fraction will meet tonight at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Representatives of the district will be present.

The course for new members of the Workers (Communist) Party begins at the Workers' School tonight at 7 o'clock in room 33. No fee is charged.

IF IB Meets Tonight.
A reorganization meeting of Unit IF IB will be held at 6 o'clock tonight at 60 St. Marks Pl.

Morning Branch Meet.
A social meeting of the Morning International Branch will take place Friday, April 6 at 103 East 14th Street at 10:30 a. m. All members are urged to be present as important matters will be taken up.

2F SS 2D Meet.
Unit 2F SS 2D has postponed its special meeting scheduled for tomorrow, and will hold it instead on Wednesday, April 11, the regular meeting night at 101 W. 27th St. Elections will be held by order of the executive committee.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 4.
—Reny E. Marsano, 68, former internationally known operatic baritone, is today in jail charged with the theft of two cents from a poor box.

BOSTON WORKERS SCHOOL DRAWS MANY STUDENTS

Courses Include Labor Journalism

BOSTON, April 4.—The spring term of the Boston Workers School opened Tuesday with a large enrollment. Nine courses will be repeated and three others added.

The announcement of courses published by the school shows two classes in English—elementary English, conducted by Allan Binch, for workers who do not have a command of the language, and intermediate English, for more advanced students who have the equivalent of the elementary course, conducted by Bessie Shlossberg. A new course is Labor Journalism, by Tom O'Connor.

"Trade Union Theory and Tactics" will be taught by Jay Miller. H. J. Canter, director of the school, will conduct the class in the "Fundamentals of Communism." More advanced students are attending the class in Marxian Economics and the Economics and Politics of Imperialism, both conducted by Max Lerner.

Start New Course.

A new course this term is "A Worker Looks at American History," conducted by Lewis Marks, designed for those who have little systematic knowledge of American history.

Workers Party functionaries are obliged to take the course in "Problems of Organization," dealing with Party structure, relation between politics and organization and functioning of departments. Alex Bail, New England district organizer, conducts the class.

Two Youth Courses.

Two youth courses are offered: "Problems and Tasks of the Young Workers League," conducted by Nat Kay, and "The Role of the Pioneer Movement," by various instructors. A course in Evolution, conducted by G. D. Snell, will take up the development of the universe, the theories of Darwin in the field of organic evolution, and will dwell on the latest discoveries in biology.

The school has its headquarters at 60 Pemberton Square, where all classes are held.

Utilize the Month of April

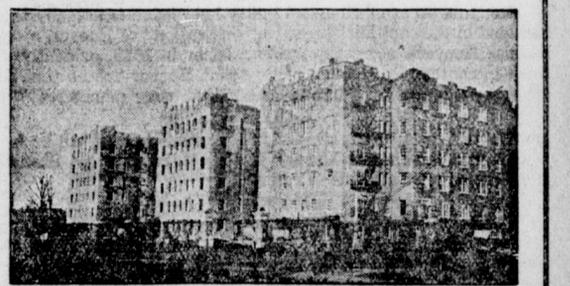
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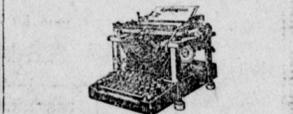
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LEWIS MUST GO!

By Fred Ellis

When One Dollar is Worth Ten

Beginning now is the decisive conflict in the big struggle of the Miners' Union, the most important section of the American trade union movement, and its enemies. Although the miners' strike began a year ago and has been carried on with extraordinary heroism throughout that time—it is only now, after the Pittsburgh conference, that the miners' forces will really be in the field. Heretofore an enemy of the miners, acting as chief of the general staff of the United Mine Workers, John L. Lewis, has been able to weaken the workers' army under his command by sabotage of the fight and by drawing the strongest troops out of the fight at the most critical moment.

John L. Lewis will not be able to keep the miners' forces out of the field after the Pittsburgh conference.

Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, the whole Southwest, the Anthracite—in fact the whole strength of the United Mine Workers' membership as well as tens of thousands of miners who had been broken away from the Union by Lewis' policies, will be in this tremendous struggle reaching its height on April 16.

Those directly engaged in the struggle as striking coal miners will constitute the biggest army of labor that has been on the field at one time in the United States since 1922.

This army can only win if it is fed and clothed enough to enable the men and women to stand on the mass picket line.

This fight is too big to be called only the miners' fight.

It is the fight of every worker in America against the enemies of every worker in America.

Through the Pennsylvania-Ohio Relief Committee the workers of America have been feeding thousands of the strikers during the past several months. But today the fighting line that must be fed is increasing, and by the middle of the month of April there will be three mouths to be fed where one was to be fed before. The men on strike in the immediate future will be more than half a million. Their wives and children make the total mount into several millions.

To help these heroes of the working class to fight is not a job for tomorrow, but a job of today. To help them a month from now is not enough. One dollar today in the relief treasury is worth ten dollars a few weeks from now.

The miners must eat while they fight for every member of the working class.

These Oil Alibis

Senator Walsh, Standard Oil servant and chief figure in the senate committee "investigating" the Harding-Coolidge oil-graft administrations, is trying to find alibis for those men higher up whom it is to the advantage of the Rockefeller interests to preserve for further use in politics.

Walsh is shielding Calvin Coolidge from his share of guilt which is greater than that of Albert B. Fall just to the extent that the presidency of the United States is bigger than the position of an ex-cabinet member.

The senate committee is likewise protecting from that investigation the "sacred memory of Harding." The correspondence of Birch Helms with the white house, which the "investigators" have been trying to suppress for four years, shows that Harding not only knew about the deal, but played the leading role in swinging the Teapot properties to Sinclair who had paid Harding's way to the presidency. The graft deal would have been possible without Albert B. Fall, but Harding was the indispensable figure in it.

Walsh, Standard Oil senator, is protecting the dead Harding and the live Coolidge from investigation in the oil bribery cases because the big financial interests do not want to "besmirch the presidency" but want to preserve the masses' illusions about the "purity" of the federal government which is nothing more or less than their own central service station.

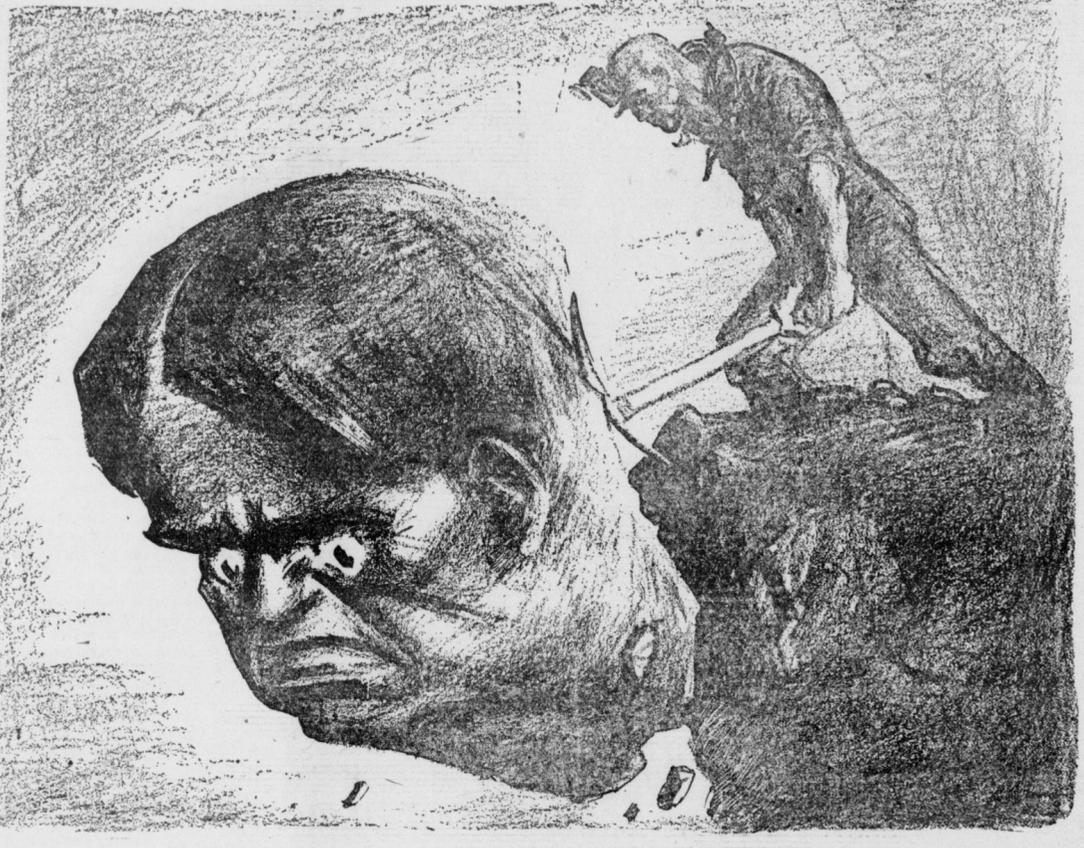
The most recent transparent fraud is the carefully staged alibi of Herbert Hoover, who sat in two cabinets during the past seven years, both cabinets owing their existence to the oil graft. Previously it had been shown that Hoover went to Chicago with Coolidge, Weeks and another cabinet member and solicited the funds which came forth from Sinclair in the form of the Teapot Dome bribe to the heads of the republican party.

The latest evidence is documentary proof that as early as April, 1922, Herbert Hoover knew the Teapot Dome deal was being called into question. But Hoover remained silent, just as Coolidge remained silent about the graft by which he was put into office.

Yet this proof of Hoover's guilty knowledge is actually being heralded in the capitalist press as "vindication" of Hoover, merely because Hoover's secretary wrote a letter in 1922, evidently dictated in content by Hoover, saying that Hoover "at no time had any knowledge of any arrangements that were pending..." (1)

Harry Sinclair's declaration to the press that he will be freed in his trial for the oil bribery is correct, of course. Sinclair's name is neither Sacco nor Vanzetti.

A columnist of the Hearst papers yesterday remarked, confirming what THE DAILY WORKER said some days ago, that Coolidge's "don't choose to run" may be changed into "have to run." This means that the entire top stratum of the republican party (not to speak of the democratic McAdoo's who took Dohney money or the Al Smiths who appointed Harry Sinclair to office) is involved in the oil graft too clearly for the matter to be kept from the consciousness of the masses. Therefore it may be necessary for the Wall Street interests to agree to brazen the thing out, put Coolidge back into office, and call it a "vindication."



More Women Forced Into Wage Slavery

WASHINGTON, April 4 (FP).—American women are in industry to stay, Miss Mary Anderson, director of the Women's Bureau of the U. S. department of labor, declared today.

She showed, from statistics based on the 1920 census, that 75 per cent of the 2,000,000 married women gainfully employed in this country are between 20 and 44 years of age.

Increasing Permanency.

"It is particularly significant," she pointed out, "that three-fourths of the married women at work outside their homes should be forced to leave their family responsibilities during the years when they are most needed. Not so long ago, the average life of a woman in industry was about five years. It is evident now, however, from all the information we can obtain, that the swing is towards an increasing permanency. Women take employment young—when they leave school; and if they stop work to get married it is only for a short time before circumstances force them back to their jobs again.

Two Jobs Carried.

Two many people blame the married woman who goes out of the home in this fashion, failing to realize that it is stark necessity that is making her do it.

"Very few women would choose to carry two jobs for the pleasure of doing it—to spend from eight to twelve hours a day over a machine or work-bench or office desk, and then go home to another stretch of labor over home duties that consume time which should be free for rest and recreation."

Citizens' Training Camps Prepare Youth for Slaughter

Again the war department is busy. Again the capitalist newspapers carry stories about the rush of young men to the recruiting offices of the Citizens Military Training Camps in order to be able to get the "wonderful opportunity of a month's free vacation." Again the publicity writers of the war office are trying to lure young workers and students into the Citizens Military Training Camps and into the Reserve Officers Training Camps for the next summer. War Department Conceals Purpose.

Expounding the mission of the CMTC, the information bulletin of the officer states: "The military side of the camps is by no means the only one, nor is the developing of soldiers the real objective of Congress or the War Department.

They are placed under the War Department because it is the only department with the necessary personnel and because military training is

the best means of accomplishing the objects of the camps.

The purpose is to develop the manhood of the nation by bringing together young men of high and different types, both native and foreign born, from all sections of the country on a common basis of equality and under the most favorable conditions of outdoor life; to teach them the privileges, duties and responsibilities of American citizenship.

Through such and other similar phrases, the War Department is trying to conceal the actual tasks of the CMTC, which are: to prepare soldiers and cannon-fodder for the wars of American imperialists.

It is interesting to glance through the application forms of the CMTC, and especially the physical examination blank to understand what sort of "manhood of the nation" these places are building.

From the questions on the physical examination blank one may infer that

a thorough examination of the health of the applicant is being made. When however, he goes down to take such an examination he finds that the most important part of the exam consists of testing the eyes, hearing, strength of the feet and mentality.

Most of the other questions are simply answered by a rubber stamp "normal." If the applicant suffers of the most acute stomach trouble, if he suffers of any other inner disease—nothing is said and no questions are asked. The only thing that is needed are good eyes, good hearing, good running capabilities and "mentality sufficient to understand orders."

Train Youth for War.

It seems a little bit funny. Is good citizenship measured by the vision or hearing of the citizen? Is a citizen with a defective ear or flatfoot worse than a citizen of good ears and healthy feet? Is the manhood of the nation measured by the "taking of orders"? If the CMTC camps are in-

tended "to bring together young men of high and different type... under the most favorable conditions of outdoor life to teach them the privileges, duties and responsibilities of American citizens" why are citizens having a defective ear, or eye or flat feet rejected? Aren't they entitled to the same "privileges and knowledge of duties and responsibilities" as the other citizens with good eyes and good feet? Is the lack of a clear vision, or a flat foot dangerous to an outdoor vacation? And why is the war department the "only department" fitted to have the camps under its jurisdiction? If they are mainly to teach citizenship, shouldn't they rather be under the supervision of the educational department?

The answer is simple: the purpose of the camps is not to bring together young men "under favorable conditions of outdoor life" but to train soldiers for the imperialist wars of Wall Street. Every cent that Con-

gress is spending for the CMTC is expected to pay for itself a thousand times over during the war. And the men allowed to go to camp must be only such as can be used as soldiers.

The letter of rejection which is usually sent out to applicants not qualifying still more shows the character of the camps. It simply states: "The war department requires a high standard of physical fitness."

The CMTC camps are not places for recreation. They are half concealed forms of the American army. Depicting the origin of the camps the information bulletin states:

"The application of the draft law in the World War revealed that nearly half of the young men in this country were physically unfit for active military service." So congress passed the National Act of 1920 authorizing the CMTC in order that thousands of young workers and students should be trained in military service.

Lessons of 1924 "Third Party" Useful in Plans for 1928 Labor Party

By JULIUS CODKIND

In the summer of 1923, the young Farmer-Labor Party, already a powerful political factor in the West, was everywhere growing and spreading by leaps and bounds. Ever-fresh masses of discontented workers and farmers were turning to it in their quest for a political party that would give expression to their class needs, and the slogan "Independent Political Action of the Workers" was sweeping everything before it.

Fitzpatrick-Nockel Betrayal.

The forces of reaction, thoroughly alarmed, decided to act. At the June 1923, convention of the Farmer-Labor Party held in Chicago, the movement received its first blow through the withdrawal of the Fitzpatrick-Nockels gang of Chicago. The full significance of this act can only be grasped when it is recalled that these were the elements which had sponsored the convention and issued the original convention call.

Perhaps it was old Sammy Gompers who pulled the strings and suggested that his little boys in Chicago had strayed far enough, or perhaps the absence of the bureaucracy was the cause of their discouragement. Nevertheless, the fact stands that a convention representative of hundreds of thousands of workers and farmers was deserted by the very men who had called it into being.

The next blow to the movement came with the Cleveland Conference for Progressive Political Action (C. P. P. A.) which was called together by Johnson of the Metal Workers Union and met shortly after. Here the bureaucracy was well represented. Rank and file delegates were excluded, and the big leaders proceeded to demonstrate what they could do—and they did nothing.

Movement Checked.

The effect of all this was to throw a damper on the movement and to effectively check its growth.

The following summer saw the great betrayal. The June 17th convention at St. Paul demonstrated that the Farmer-Labor Party was strongly supported by hundreds of thousands of workers and farmers. Duncan McDonald and William Bouck were nominated for president and Vice-President, but this time the Mahoney-Starkey-Cramer group of Minnesota

played the role of Fitzpatrick and Nockels at Chicago.

Though the convention was sponsored and called into being by them, they soon indicated that they would refuse support to this ticket, and would swing to LaFollette if the latter were nominated by the C. P. P. A.

At their July 4th Convention, the bureaucrats again betrayed the movement. Turning from the working class, they adopted the champion of the middle classes as their messiah, and deliberately permitted the workers and farmers to be confused by the

parties to the outrage."

The Deneen gangsters blame the Crowe gangsters for the bombings.

Enough has been said by both sides to show that past bombings attributed to "labor gangsters" were undoubtedly of the same variety, that is, frame-ups either by the state's attorney's office or other interested quarters to discredit trade union demands for higher wages and union conditions. In some cases the bombings have been blamed on labor when there was not the remotest labor connection with the cases.

The Illinois primary takes place April 10. No marines are expected to insure an orderly election.

When the rival gangs get worked up during a campaign they tell the truth about each other. The bombings are frame-ups, they declare planted by a man's own partisans for effect on public opinion.

Gangster Crowe says: "Our opponents, the Deneen people, opened their campaign last night by exploding two bombs. That is not a new thing in Chicago. Four years ago when I was a candidate, Anthony Czarniecki, one of Deneen's leaders stopped at nothing in order to discredit us. Czarniecki's porch was bombed at that time, all for the purpose of creating an inference that the state's attorney and his friends were

hope of a third party, thrown out as bait by LaFollette.

They knew that the character of a third party, so far as the working class was concerned, could not be essentially different from that of the "first" or "second" party, but they were satisfied as long as the masses failed to realize that the labor party was being knifed.

It was now useless to attempt to conduct a Farmer-Labor Campaign, and the candidacies of McDonald and Bouck were withdrawn.

Labor Party Revival.

The Workers (Communist) Party had thus far been in every move to build the Labor Party. The failure of the movement left the field clear of working class candidates. So far as possible the idea of working class independent political action must be kept before the masses, and the only way left open was for the Party to place its own ticket in the field.

Again we are rapidly approaching an election campaign. The Labor Party movement is commencing to show signs of revival. In spots local labor parties are being formed. In Pennsylvania, the movement has already reached the stage of a statewide party. The Labor Party in Minnesota is still struggling with third-partyism within its ranks, but the movement is healthy and can be counted upon to throw off this disease.

On the whole, however, the prospects for the formation of a national Labor Party this year are very poor, and again it will be the duty of the Workers Party to enter the election campaign on the program of workers' independent political action, with "For a Labor Party" as its chief slogan.

This time we have more time for preparation. The months given in 1924 to the struggle for a Labor Party can this year be devoted to the job of putting the party on the ballot. The months given to gathering signatures and arranging official nomination conventions to place our candidates officially in nomination, must this year be devoted to a great Communist campaign to arouse the working class to the understanding of independent political action as against petty-bourgeois third partyism.

Get ready to put the Party on the ballot now.

Bombings Are a Feature of Politics in Chicago

By CARL HAESSLER, (Federated Press).

CHICAGO, April 4.—Now it must be told. The bombing of United States Senator Deneen's home in Chicago on the eve of the republican primary has opened many mouths.

Bombings in Chicago are a long and well-established section of the frame-up industry. Used usually to discredit trade unions they are also increasingly useful in political faction fights such as that of the Deneen and Crowe rival republican gangs.

Though 62 bombings of all sorts have occurred since last October no lives were lost and practically no damage beyond broken windows and splintered porch rails was inflicted. Nor was anyone caught. When assassinations are in order, shotguns as in the recent Diamond Joe Esposito killing, or 1-arm machine guns or auto kidnappings are employed and the victim seldom escapes alive.

Not Much Choice.

Whether the Deneen-Lowden-Tribune gang or the Crowe-Thompson-Small gang runs Chicago politics is not much of a choice for the Chicago citizen and he is not consulted much about the matter. Robert E. Crowe is state's attorney of Cook county running for re-election and is recognized as the real brains in office of his gang. He has been a bitter and unscrupulous enemy of trade unionism but is now hand in glove with Gov. Small who has regularly received official labor endorsement and is enjoying it again this year in his own race for renomination.

Deneen is a former state's attorney who climbed high in state and national politics through his own shifting gang connections. Esposito, head of Little Italy's booze and vice kingdom, was a Deneen gangster whose funeral the senator recently attended.

Mr. Ford's Rose Garden

Ten thousand roses brilliant red
Bloom in your garden rare,
Ten thousand children cry for bread,
But why should you heed or care?

Ten thousand men toil through the night,
Till their tortured senses reel,
That buds unfold at dawning light,
Dammed slaves of the flying wheel.

You steal the blood from infant cheeks,
To paint the blooms in your dell,
While men half starved slave bodies weak
At the Rouge or the H. P. Hell.

But why should you care? Your roses bloom
And a kept press lauds you high,
That children starve is no cause for gloom,
They'll get their reward in the sky.

But we hear a song that freemen sing,
There's dawn in the eastern sky,
A song to the fall of the money king
And a rose red banner high.

—P. R. O'SCRIBED.