

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

Vol. V. No. 30.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$5.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1928

Published daily except Sunday by The National Daily Worker Publishing Association, Inc., 33 First Street, New York, N. Y. Price 3 Cents

MEXICO, CANADA WORKERS GREET U. S. COMMUNISTS

DELEGATES FROM ARGENTINA LASH AMERICAN POLICY

Voice First Protest on U. S. Justification of Wall Street Invasions

Hughes Openly Champions Intervention; Mexico Forced to Join Argentina

HAVANA, Feb. 5.—The first protest that the Pan-American Congress has heard against United States intervention in Nicaragua and Haiti came yesterday when the Argentine delegation attacked the proposition sponsored by the United States delegation that "intervention is in certain cases justifiable."

The Argentine delegation, representing a government largely independent of United States influence, supported the code drawn up by the Santiago commission of jurists declaring that "no state may intervene in the internal affairs of another." The attack on United States policy arose in the Committee of Public International Law in the discussion of the code.

Altho no direct reference was made to the United States, the speech of Dr. Pueyrredon, head of the Argentine delegation, was believed to be aimed against United States intervention in Nicaragua. The Argentine stand was supported by Mexico and Salvador.

Charles Evans Hughes, chairman of the United States delegation, who openly championed the "right" of intervention, was supported by delegates from a number of Latin-American states, whose governments are strongly influenced by the United States.

The question was referred for settlement to a sub-committee, headed by Hughes. Other delegations represented on the sub-committee are those of Argentina, Salvador, Mexico, Peru, Costa Rica and Chile.

OPEN SHOPPERS, S. P. SUPPORT THE ANTI-LABOR MOVE

Say: "Only Communists Oppose Law"

A further development in the campaign being conducted by the American Bar Association to put over a national anti-strike law, was the announcement Saturday by Attorney Julius Henry Cohen, in charge of the campaign, that a number of organizations had come out in support of the "formula."

Among those supporting Cohen's move were Ivy Lee, speaking for the Rockefeller interests. "Poison Ivy Lee, as he is popularly known, is the author of the Interborough company union. Another group is the National Manufacturers, the most powerful anti-labor body in the country. The National Industrial Conference Board, the "fact-finding" agency of the employers, the Building Trades Employers' Association, now in the process of working out a program to wreck the local building trades unions, the United Typographers, the open shop printers, organization which headed the 1920 open shop drive, and a number of other such labor hating groups are listed.

Socialists Also Cohen announced that another group supporting the move was the socialist party with Jacob Fanken as its spokesman.

On the other side opposed to the (Continued on Page Five)

Nicaragua Invasion Protest on Thursday

The invasion of Nicaragua by United States Marines will be protested at a mass meeting Thursday evening at Hopkinson Mansion, 428 Hopkinson Mansion, Brooklyn, under the auspices of the Brownsville subsection, Workers (Communist) Party.

The speakers will be Bertram D. Wolfe, director, Workers' School; Herbert Zam, executive secretary, Young Workers (Communist) League, and Ray Ragozin, Teachers' Union. Charles Reis, of the Brooklyn section executive committee, will preside.

OFFICIALS SEEK TO STIFLE RANK AND FILE DEMAND

Workers Break Thru Staged Program

Cheers for a labor party, the jeering and booing of William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, the crashing of a brass band—used by Green to drown out the voices of the workers—these were the features of a mass meeting called by officials of the A. F. of L. for the ostensible purpose of "fighting" injunctions, at Cooper Union yesterday afternoon, at which Green utilized every resource at his command to prevent any rank and file expression from being heard.

The Gang's All Here. Besides Green, the other speakers who participated in the partly tragic, partly farcical injunction "drive" were William D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees, Andrew Furuseth, president of the New York State Federation of Labor, Joseph P. Ryan, president of the Central Trades and Labor Council, and many other labor officials. Besides a number of representatives of church and state in the persons of Tammany and republican politicians and the members of the catholic and protestant hierarchies.

Cheer For Labor Party. The height of the rank and file resentment at what they manifestly regarded as verbal camouflage on the part of all the speakers, was reached when Green announced that he would fight the injunction by appearing at the chambers of the legislatures. At this point a young woman worker arose and shouted: "No, no, we want a labor party." Instantly the hall was in a frenzied uproar. For fully eight minutes cheering, shouting and stamping of feet continued in spite of (Continued on Page Five)

CLOAKMAKERS TO MEET AFTER WORK

Big Reception Held for Released Prisoners

An announcement calling upon all the active cloak and dressmakers to attend a meeting tonight at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. has been made by the New York Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers Union. The meeting is to be held immediately after work, and will draw up plans for work that will answer effectively the fake organization campaigns that President Sigman is again announcing. The leaders of the Joint Board will be present to make the reports on the present situation in the union.

Welcome Released Workers. Joseph Pearlman and Anton Romarchuk were the guests of honor at a reception arranged for them by the Joint Defense Committee at New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave. last Friday evening. The large hall was crowded with needle trades workers anxious to participate in the welcome accorded the two workers recently released from Sing Sing after serving more than a year of their 18-month sentence, because of strike activity.

They had been pardoned by the parole commission after overwhelming evidence of their innocence had (Continued on Page Five)

Passaic Police Break Up Huge Meeting of Jobless

DECIDE TO JOIN WITH N. Y. COUNCIL OF UNEMPLOYED

Weisbord Main Speaker at Big Rally

PASSAIC, Feb. 5.—Passaic police, true to tradition, Saturday afternoon broke up a demonstration of unemployed workers who were marching in orderly fashion to a conference of the officials of the American Federation of Labor being held at Moose Home, on Main Ave.

The unemployed workers had just left a large meeting addressed by Albert Weisbord, leader of last year's Passaic textile strike, when about a dozen plainclothes men of the police department broke into the line of marchers and proceeded to tear up signs and banners carried by the workers. The line reformed and continued on its way to Moose Home at which the A. F. of L. conference was in session. There again the detectives, now augmented by a force of uniformed policemen and state guards to a total of about forty officers, broke up the demonstration and shunted the marchers down side streets.

"This Is New Jersey." A reporter for the DAILY WORKER who sought to gain admission into the hall, was treated with similar consideration. "This is New Jersey," one of the plainclothes men warned, "Go back to New York where you belong."

Over a thousand unemployed workers of Passaic and vicinity crowded into International Workers' Home, 27 Dayton Ave., in one of the most spirited meetings held here since the memorable events of the 1926 Passaic strike, and proceeded to organize themselves into a permanent body of action for the relief of the 20,000 jobless workers of Passaic.

Enthusiasm at the meeting rose to its greatest height when Weisbord was introduced. Previously scores of workers, toil-worn men, stooped and wrinkled women, prematurely old, and children hardly above kindergarten age, had crowded about him to wring the hand of the popular leader who for them symbolizes the struggle against the oppression of the mill barons.

The crowd burst into the strains of "Solidarity Forever" as he began. (Continued on Page Four)

Shop Chairmen of Iron Workers Meet Tuesday

A meeting of all the shop chairmen of the Architectural Iron, Bronze and Structural Workers' Union will be held tomorrow evening at the office of the union, 7 E. 15th St., at 7:30 p. m. In addition to a general report on the trade situation a special report will be made on the strike the union is conducting at the Gorman Iron Works, according to an announcement by its secretary, A. Koenfeld.

All shop chairmen are requested to be present with a report from their shops. Plans will also be discussed for future activities, in view of the campaign begun by the employers to lock out union workers and employ non-union men.

SOCIALISTS BROADCAST WAR TALK

Ex-Marine on Radio WEVD Lauds U.S. Seizure of Nicaragua

An ex-marine, chairman of the Americanism Committee of the American Legion, was allowed to use the socialist-controlled radio station WEVD in support of the present war by the United States government against the Nicaraguan people. This broadcasting station, owned by the Debs Memorial Fund Committee, cleared the road for the speaker, J. R. O'Brien, when Horace G. Knowles, scheduled to answer the ex-marine, withdrew claiming he had not been given a sufficient time allotment. It had originally been announced that Knowles would take the side against intervention in debating "Are We Right or Wrong in Nicaragua?"

O'Brien, a member of the Marine Corps for twelve years and orderly to ex-president Taft and Wilson, denounced those who had "organized a cry of imperialism when the United States marines landed in Nicaragua," and lauded the occupation of Haiti by American forces. Another statement made over this socialist party station was to the effect that the numberless revolutions in Nicaragua were started "by small-town rebels who live on the backs of the working class."

The speaker participated actively in the intervention of 1909 in Nicaragua.

Workers (Communist) Party Leaders Outline Tasks for American Labor



Jay Lovestone, executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party (left), reported unanimous recommendations of the Political Party Committee to the Plenum of the Central Committee. William Z. Foster (center), member of the Secretariat of the Party, outlined trade union tasks for the Central Committee. William W. Weinstein is a member of the Political Committee and New York district organizer. He welcomed the Plenum.



SCABS GET \$25 TO SHOOT CHILDREN

Strikebreakers Seized Making Get-Away

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 5.—Hampton Matthews and John Thomas, two of the criminal scabs arrested for firing into the miners' barracks at Boughton have admitted that they received \$25 each for committing their crime. The strikebreakers, under the direction of the coal and iron police, fired on the miners' barracks and the public school on February 2nd.

President Ralph Holtzhauser, of the school board, has ordered the school closed and wired Governor Fisher that it would not be reopened until some guarantee that the lives of the children would not be jeopardized came from the governor.

Squire J. M. O'Rourke called the "red neck squire" because of his sympathy with the strikers secured confessions from the two scabs. O'Rourke wired the confession to Governor Fisher and Senator Hiram Johnson.

Arrested on Getaway. Matthews was arrested at Bruce-town, while awaiting a train to make his getaway. He is held in \$5,000 bail. Thomas is being sought by the police.

The company house in which the scabs are quartered was searched by (Continued on Page Two)

The Burial Business

The high cost of burials has been attacked by an advisory committee on burial survey, after a two year investigation financed by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. "Excessive emotionalism" on the part of the families of the dead and the "disorganized and wasteful" conditions in the burial business were cited as two principle reasons for the high cost.

Tell of Growing Prestige of "Daily" Among Workers

The campaign to build The DAILY WORKER is making headway throughout the United States. This was the opinion among those now attending the Plenum of the Workers (Communist) Party at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. A large number actively participating in building the "Daily" told of the growing prestige of the paper.

Boston, Philadelphia, Detroit, Chicago and Denver were among the cities mentioned where an energetic drive is being conducted to increase the circulation of the only English language national labor paper in the United States. Despite the long and bitter struggle in the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado coal fields and the impoverishment of the thousands of miners now on strike, the interest in The DAILY WORKER, it is reported, is greater than ever.

The DAILY WORKER must be spread among the unorganized and unemployed workers during the present campaign which is being conducted jointly with the drive of the Workers (Communist) Party for 5,000 new members, they declared.

Conditions in Pittsburgh and the adjoining industrial cities were touched upon by others. They said that workers everywhere are becoming convinced that they can depend on no other paper in the United States to be their spokesman in their day-to-day struggles with the bosses.

Religious Prejudice a Factor In Appointment of Teachers

Despite the fact that there is serious unemployment among New York college-prepared teachers, Fredericka Belknap, appointment director of New York University, in her annual report to Chancellor Elmer E. Brown, has announced that there are not enough teachers to fill the demands made upon her office. She declared that religion was an important factor which kept her from recommending candidates available. The age of applicants and geographical location of schools are also difficulties that stand in the way of placing teachers, according to the director.

"This has led to a serious condition

NEGRO PROTEST MEET TOMORROW

The second conference of student, labor and civic organizations to protest against the racial discrimination against Negro students at New York University will be held tomorrow at the Abyssinian Church, W. 138th St. and Seventh Ave., at 8:30 p. m. A first conference was held Jan. 23 at Utopia Hall, 170 W. 130th St.

The Negro students at the university have been refused admission to the physical training course and the school dormitory, it was brot out at the first conference.

A mass meeting to protest against the Jim-Crowism will be held Thursday, Feb. 24, at 8 p. m. at St. Marks M. E. Church, 138th St. and Edgecombe Ave., it was announced yesterday. It is believed that William Pickens, field secretary, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People will be one of the speakers.

Urges Foreign Teachers.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Feb. 5.—Henry Noble MacCracken, president of Vassar College, urged the passage of an amendment to the immigration laws to permit foreign teachers to enter this country in larger numbers in an address before a meeting of 400 Vassar alumnae at the Biltmore yesterday. MacCracken declared that this measure would facilitate the entrance of the best-qualified teachers, and would not promote unemployment among teachers to any noticeable extent, according to the college president.

BREAD TRUSTS FIGHT BILL.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 5.—A bill introduced in the State Legislature by Assemblyman McDermott providing for the sale of bread by weight is meeting with opposition from the large baking companies.

PLAN FIGHT ON U.S. IMPERIALISM AS ALL-AMERICA AIM

Lovestone, Foster Give Program of Struggle

Coal Miner Tells Plenum of Big Strike

The plenary meeting of the Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America at its opening session Saturday afternoon at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th Street and Irving Place, listened to the report of the Political Committee of the Party, delivered by Jay Lovestone, executive secretary, on "The Present Situation and the Tasks of the Party." Immediately followed the report on the situation in the trade unions and the tasks of the Party in the unions, delivered by Wm. Z. Foster.

Foreign Delegates Attend.

Delegates attending the session in a fraternal capacity brot greetings from the Communist Parties of Mexico and Canada, respectively.

William Z. Foster as chairman of the first sitting, called the plenum to order, saying:

"American capitalism finds itself in grave difficulties. Three million workers are walking the streets of this country as unemployed. This plenary session of the Central Committee of our Party meets at a time when capital is delivering an offensive, attacking the wages, and living standards of the workers. But these attacks are not falling upon a working class which is unresponsive to attack.

"We find everywhere an increasing resistance on the part of the workers. Discontent is wide-spread, and the resistance is found among the unorganized as well as the unionized. There is a mood for struggle which demonstrates a rising spirit of the working class. It is absolutely imperative to organize the hitherto demoralized workers, betrayed by their leaders of the official bureaucracy.

"This will call for the utmost unity in our Party in order to be able to take advantage of every situation. I believe the Party will be equal to the task.

"The Political Committee has been able to come before the Party with a unanimous thesis analyzing the present situation correctly and fundamentally, and putting before us a correct plan of action."

Canada Representative Reports.

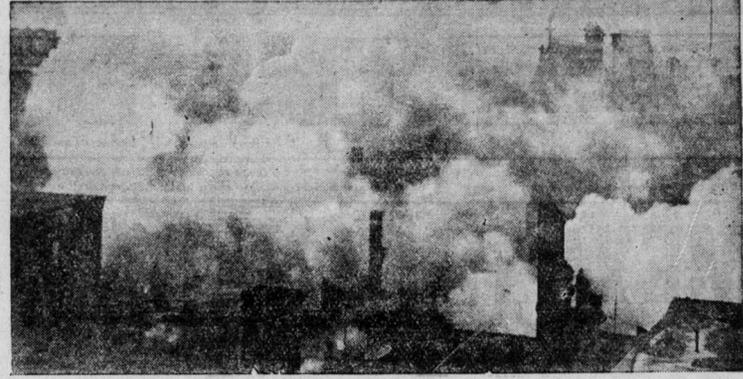
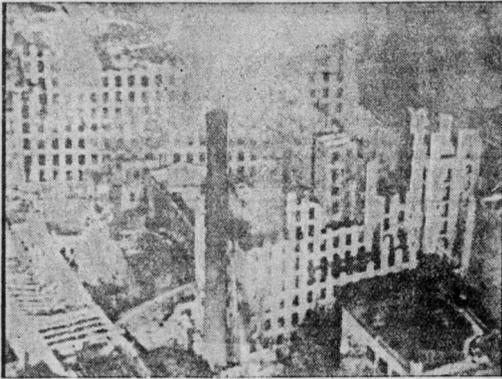
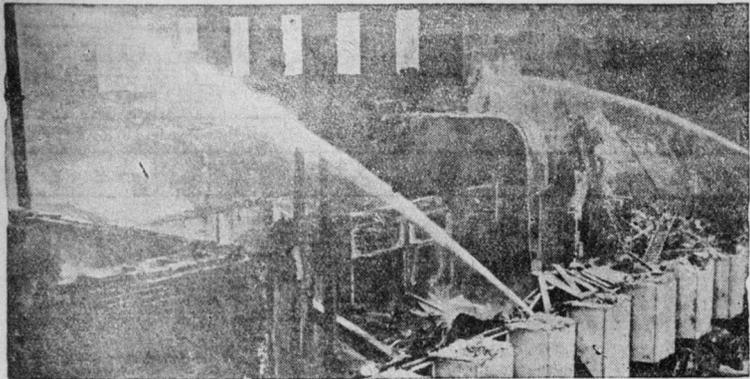
Morris Spector, representative of the Communist Party of Canada, brot the greetings of the revolutionary workers of Canada, saying that the condition of the Dominion usually followed about two years behind the corresponding conditions in the United States, but that in the case of industrial decline, the following was more rapid than in the case of a rise. "Prosperity" in Canada, said Spector, has the character of leaving many thousands of workers in a condition of acute destitution, while \$20 per week is the average weekly wage for Canadian workers in Canada. The real proletarian receives about 25 cents per hour.

"The Trades and Labor Congress," he said, "is dominated by reactionaries who put themselves on record against recognition of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, against any association of their name with the cause of saving Sacco and Vanzetti, and who consider their chief function to be to keep their orientation to Geneva.

"The British imperialists have in Canada a propagandist of the economic unity of the British Empire. The bourgeoisie of Canada is doing everything to prepare for the coming war between Great Britain and the United States. It has all the autonomy and as such national status as it dares to have. McKenzie King and other leading bourgeois politicians are lining up with the British bourgeoisie against the American bourgeoisie. They broke off diplomatic relations with the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics when the British government did.

"The trade union bureaucrats in 1913 declared for a general strike in case of war, and reaffirmed this a few months before the world war (Continued on Page Two)

MISERY FOR FALL RIVER WORKERS COMES IN WAKE OF FIRE; THOUSANDS JOBLESS



Acute suffering in the working class districts of Fall River, Mass., has followed the fire which started in Pocasset Mill No. 2 and destroyed 20 city blocks. Mills and plants were consumed, throwing between 4,000 and 8,000 workers out of work, thus seriously affecting an already bad unemployment situation in Fall River. Workers' quarters also suffered in the blaze, altho capitalist papers stress the losses of the business men. Textile workers fear that the fire will be used as a pretext for further wage cuts. The picture on the left shows the Pocasset mills. The center photo shows what the fire did to the business section. Right, the high gale is shown whipping the rapidly-spreading flames.

Textile Workers Get Further Wage Cuts as N. Y. Mills Follow New England

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE SCORES YPSL OFFICIALS

Urge United Front in Fight for Workers

The refusal of the City Convention of the Young People's Socialist League to permit representatives of the Young Workers League to speak regarding the necessity for a united front of the working class was attacked in a statement issued yesterday by the Young Workers League, District 2, thru its organizer, John Williamson.

The statement follows: "We consider the action of the majority of the City Convention of the Young People's Socialist League in refusing the floor to the representative of the Young Workers League as a crime against the interests of the working-class youth.

Unions Endangered. "Especially now, when the trade unions are under sharp attack from the employers, as exemplified by the United Mine Workers and the building trades unions; when the danger of war becomes more apparent and imminent, as shown by the attack on the independence of Nicaragua, and the feverish preparations for new world wars by the American imperialists calls for billions of dollars for armaments. At such a time we consider it imperative that all working class youth organizations shall engage in joint and united front activities.

"This action on the part of the leadership of the Young People's Socialist League proves that the organization does not represent the interests of the young workers and students, and also ruthlessly suppresses the call of the Y. W. L. to the rank and file of the YPSL for the united front.

Unity Vital. "The present needs of the young workers' demand from the membership of the YPSL a repudiation of the action of the leadership and majority of the City Convention, and for their participation in united front activity with the Y. W. L. against the war danger and against the offensive of the bosses against the organized labor movement, despite their reactionary leaders.

ERNEST WAGENKNECHT DIES. CLEVELAND, Feb. 5.—Ernest Wagenknecht, active in the radical movement since 1881 has died. He was buried on his 71st birthday. On the day of his death Wagenknecht scolded the mailman for bringing The DAILY WORKER late.

Ohio Republicans Split Over Party Candidate

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 5.—By a vote of 10 to 1, the Republican State Central Committee adopted a resolution endorsing U. S. Sen. Frank B. Willis, of Ohio, as the Buckeye State's "favorite son" candidate for the republican presidential nomination.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Announcing his support of Herbert Hoover for the republican presidential nomination, Rep. Burton, (R) of Ohio, today urged that Hoover's name be entered in the Ohio primary election of delegates, opposing Sen. Willis, the "native son" candidate.

"I have made a careful survey of republican preferences in Ohio, and I have concluded that the dominant sentiment is for Hoover," said Burton.

"Rule or Ruin" Hedley



Above is shown Frank Hedley, president of the I. R. T., one of the men responsible for the tyranny by which 10,000 subway workers have been reduced to virtual slavery. Hedley's latest "public be damned" act is a move to raise the subway fare to 7 cents. Efforts by the Boro of Bronx to obtain an injunction against the fare raise have failed. In an attempt to gain public sympathy towards the 7 cents steal, Hedley has made a slight gesture towards raising the I. R. T. workers' wages.

10 PER CENT WAGE SLASH IS MADE BY 3 UPSTATE MILLS

Bosses of Many States Combine in Cut Orgy

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 5.—General wage reductions of 10 per cent will be inaugurated in three more local textile mills today, it has been announced.

On the heels of an announcement made Friday by the Utica Knitting Company that wage cuts will be made in all of its mills, the Oneita Knitting Mills and the Augusta Knitting Corporation declared similar reductions on Saturday.

The McLoughlin Textile Corp., and all its subsidiaries posted notices to the effect that the wage reduction they have declared for their yarn mills will be effective also in all other branches of employment in the underwear factories. All these wage cuts are scheduled to take effect today.

Over 100,000 textile workers have already been affected by the wave of wage cuts in the industry as the mill owners in state after state get into swing. New York State has begun reducing the workers' wages only about a week ago and is declared by competent authorities, to be far from the crest of the wage-slashing wave.

Improve Television



Experiments with television have succeeded in flashing the photo of an opera singer twenty-five miles while her voice was heard over the radio.

SPY NOT THIEF SAYS COURT

Jacob Nosowitsky, exposed in The DAILY WORKER both in connection with the Hearst-Mexican forgeries and the Horthy-White Terror frame-ups in Hungary, has been acquitted here on a charge of grand larceny made by his wife. Nosowitsky, who announced in court that his "regular job" was being an international spy, first obtained notoriety as a stool-pigeon during the days of the red raids in this country in 1920.

SOVIET SCHOOL METHODS TO BE LECTURE THEME

Russian Exposition Arranges Talks

Educational methods used in the Soviet Union will be discussed by Dr. Lucy Wilson, principal of the South Philadelphia High School this afternoon and by Professor George Counts of Columbia University and Henry Noel Brailsford, English economist and author, this evening at the Russian Exposition, 119 West 57th Street.

There is a move on foot to take the Exposition on tour throughout the United States. All phases of education, peasant handicrafts, literature, theatre sets, textiles, and brilliant posters can be seen at the Exposition which opened January 30th and will continue until February 15, in New York. It is conducted under the joint auspices of the American Society for Cultural Relations with Russia and the American-Russian Chamber of Commerce.

Dr. Brailsford, who has visited the Soviet Union five times, will speak on "Impressions of the U. S. S. R." He is planning to tour the country and lecture on progress and reaction in post-war Europe in all the principle cities.

Too Oil-Slippery to Hold



Immediately released after being arrested for refusal to testify at the "whitewash" investigation of the Teapot Dome scandals, E. G. Seibert, of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, knows something more slippery than oil when it comes to getting thru the fingers of U. S. investigating officials.

Cold Kills Old Man

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Feb. 5.—Barry Brainard, a 75-year-old recluse, was found frozen to death in a tumble down shack on Railroad Ave., which the old man had inhabited alone for many years. Brainard had been dead at least three days.

SCABS GIVEN \$25 EACH TO FIRE AT MINER CHILDREN

Strikebreakers Seized Making Get-away

(Continued from Page One) deputies and several rifles, shotguns, pistols and ammunition were found. They made no arrests.

"Conditions are approaching hell in our town," Holzhauser declared. "We have tried to maintain a neutral attitude but we can't stand for gangs of strange strikebreakers running amuck, with the coal company police hanging back in the rear, approving the rioting.

Bullets Almost Fatal

"We held a meeting and decided that we could not assume the responsibility for keeping the school open, with consequent danger to children if irresponsible non-unionists are allowed to go on rampages and shoot up the town."

One of the bullets fired at the schoolhouse passed within a few inches of a child's head and but for the action of the teachers in shutting the doors to prevent the kids from running out there would be several casualties. Three hundred pupils attend the school.

Squire O'Rourke declared that Matthews, an employe of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Corporation, confessed that he and Thomas were brought from Powhatan, Ohio, by H. C. Isabel, chief of the company's commissary and that they received \$25 each for the shooting. The object was to terrorize the strikers. O'Rourke said that he has the name of the "yellow dog" who gave the gunmen the money.

Mexico and Canada Workers Greet U. S. Communists at Plenum

(Continued from Page One)

broke out, but when the war actually came they said "too many are fighting" and that it was no use to stay out, they must get the workers into the fight of "democracy against autocracy." The war danger presents the great common task of especially the Communist Parties of Canada and the United States.

Comrade Arroyo, representative of the Communist Party of Mexico, was next introduced and received an ovation from the assembled members of the Central Committee and hundreds of Party functionaries present as guests.

"There have always been pleasant relations," said Comrade Arroyo in conveying the greetings of the revolutionary Mexican workers, "between the Communist parties of Mexico and of the United States. Now it is more than ever necessary to work together in the big common job we have to do, against the imperialism of Wall Street."

"The influence of the Mexican Communist Party is far in excess of its numbers.

"Only in the last seventeen years has feudalism in Mexico been in process of real breaking up. A revolution of the workers is impossible without the peasants, who have practically no land after seventeen years of struggle.

"Ninety-eight per cent of the land is still in the hands of landlords, and immense plantations are the form of agriculture. The catholic church is still the big owner of the land thru dummy landowners.

Oregon Will Betray. "Now that the government of Mexico has moved to the right the fight of the Communist Party of Mexico is more important than ever. The government of Mexico has become openly the friend of Wall Street and U. S. Ambassador Morrow, and is betraying the Mexican revolution.

"But the anti-imperialist struggle will continue. The working class will have to be reckoned with as an independent force. The necessity of the Communist Party is more than ever clear, and in the second revolution, the revolution of the proletariat, it will be the leader.

"Morones, the 'Gompers' of Mexico, and his followers, are not in the labor movement for the sake of the labor movement, but to line their own pockets. Now that the government of Oregon turns away from them and seeks to destroy the labor movement, Morones and his lieutenants will not

be able to lead the working class. In place of the fake struggle, we will take up a real struggle. The only answer to the imperialists is the answer of Augustino Sandino—the answer of the 30.30 rifle.

"The Communist parties of all the Americas, just as you in this plenum, must take up the struggle against Yankee imperialism, against the gringos of Wall Street. I am sure that you in this plenum of your Central Committee will accomplish much in making more concrete the plans of struggle, as I hope we will make it more concrete in all the Communist parties of all the Americas."

Weinstone Welcomes for New York District.

Wm. W. Weinstone, as district organizer of the district of New York, welcomed the plenum of the Central Committee.

"Events in New York and New Jersey," said Weinstone, "indicate the necessity to open a counter offensive against the attempts of the capitalists to destroy the labor organizations. Unemployment, reaching four million thruout the country, has affected New York as well. Bourgeois social agencies are already declaring that the crisis is more severe than that of 1922."

Referring to the project of the American Bar Association for a federal anti-strike law, the banquet of capitalist representatives and labor bureaucrats at Passaic and the Cooper Union meeting called by the N. Y. State Federation of Labor for the ostensible purpose of securing legislation against injunctions, Weinstone said the Cooper Union meeting was in fact, like the other incidents, a treacherous move against labor. It would in fact be a reactionary move against labor and for the candidacy of Al Smith for president.

"New Tammany Hall."

"There is a new Tammany Hall," said Weinstone, "which, instead of representing the petty-bourgeoisie as the old Tammany Hall did, today represents and expresses the interests of finance capital. Tammany Hall was formerly against the centralization of government. Now Al Smith speaks for centralization of government in advocating the four-year term for governor of New York and in the adoption of the 'short ballot' and the Baumes law. Al Smith represents more severe attacks on the working class and 'efficient' government and hence the abandonment of the old 'reform' movement against Tammany Hall. The big bourgeoisie is satisfied with the new Tammany Hall to carry out completely its pro-

gram of destruction of the labor movement. The trade union bureaucrats react to this only in lining up with the bosses as shown in their support of the candidacy of Hoover in New Jersey and of Smith in New York.

"The socialist party has become a reactionary tool assisting the capitalist class.

"The period is one in which we know how the Workers (Communist) Party must take the lead, which we can do if we know how to organize the workers in response to new events. The formation of in New York of the council of the unemployed is such a step as those necessary to meet the new offensive against the working class.

"This plenum of our Party assembles at the proper moment to meet the new set of conditions and to give a program. With still greater unity it will mobilize the Party, I am confident, for new advances and struggles which will increase the power and influence of the Party."

Replying, on behalf of the Central Committee to the greetings of the fraternal delegates from Mexico and Canada and to the welcoming speech of the New York district, Jay Lovestone, executive secretary of the Party, said he recalled a similar occasion four years ago when fraternal representatives went to Mexico.

"These comrades in Mexico," said Lovestone, "were told that 10 years prior to that time if someone had come from the United States to speak to the revolutionary Mexican workers, he would never leave the country. So intense was the suspicion between the working class movements of the two countries, that they would not have welcomed even a worker. This plenum meets in a new period of growing solidarity between the workers of all countries, and of these three countries—Mexico, Canada and the United States.

Look to Mexico. "We look upon Mexico as the threshold of Latin-America. The bourgeoisie of this land regard Canada as the 'forty-ninth state' of the United States and Mexico as a colony of the United States.

"We look to the labor movements of those two countries which will struggle with us against the government of Wall Street. The Workers (Communist) Party of America will fight tooth and nail, side by side with you, comrades, against the yankee imperialist attempts against the independence of Latin-America and of Canada."

Lovestone referred to the recent

utterances of Admiral Plunkett as evidence of the imminence of the danger of imperialist war and the plans of the Wall Street government for the conquest of weaker peoples.

"The socialist party of this country," he said, "is losing all semblance of working class character. Our Workers (Communist) Party is the one working class party, and it is the only workers' organization that is growing. This is because it follows the leadership of Lenin and the Communist International.

Party Increasing Members. "We can note at this plenum of our Central Committee an increase of 2,000 members since our last convention. This makes our Party now larger in membership than it has been at any time since we went into the reorganization of the Party on the basis of shop nuclei. This has been despite objective difficulties.

"Our Party realizes the tasks before it. The crisis which faces us is one which puts us all to the test. American imperialism knows that it is bound for severe trials, and it will unquestionably strike at the revolutionary party. When it strikes, we will strike back—not blow for blow, but three blows for one.

"We have a program, we have a correct analysis and a correct approach to the struggle which will free Mexico from the Morrows and Canada from the Wall Street exploiters, and which will finally lead not only to the victorious establishment of the workers' Soviet government of this country, but to the federation of Soviet governments of all the Americas.

Coal Miner Speaks.

The assembled members and guests of the Central Committee greeted with applause the appearance of a Communist coal miner from the strike fields of Pennsylvania. The miners' union is in grave danger of destruction, he said.

"After two years developments in the coal industry," he said, "the program of our Workers (Communist) Party is found to be basically correct. The United Mine Workers Union faces the fight for its very life. In the Pittsburgh district the miners have been fighting now for ten months and in other districts they have been out striking two years. It is now a question of life and death. "The railroads, the coal operators and the Lewis bureaucrats are combined in a struggle in which they would destroy the miners' union in territory where it has been an established institution for many years.

"John L. Lewis is playing into the hands of the operators. The miners are beginning to realize that the question is 'Shall we keep our Union, or shall we keep Lewis?'"

"Lewis must go, or our union is gone.

"Militancy and strikes are becoming more marked. There are people who say they doubt the ability of the American workers to fight. These miners show that the longer they fight the stronger is their ability to fight. The determination of the rank and file to fight is splendid. Mass picketing is beginning. In Western Pennsylvania the miners are saying: 'Mass picketing is the only way to smash injunctions.'

"Progressives who formerly considered that if the left wing fought in spite of the bureaucrats, it would be 'a grave breach of internal ethics,' have begun to see that if they don't fight now they will never fight again. They begin to realize that our policy is right in smashing injunctions, mass picketing and building a labor party.

"Nowadays our party speakers are welcome in the coal fields where they were not before. They begin to understand when we say that the saving of the union lies in the hands of the rank and file.

"When Minerich was arrested, it was for quoting Gompers in saying 'to hell with injunctions.' A state policeman asked him 'who the hell is that guy Gompers? I want to see him and he won't say that again!'"

"The workers there are living in 'piano-box' barracks, their wives and children are without shoes and are cold and hungry. We must bring them relief.

Party Influence.

"Our Party must make a showing, and is making a showing. But we must redouble that showing. We have a man-size job before us. The comrades are being mobilized behind the Central Committee and its policy, and I know that the Party will not be ashamed to go before the masses with the results."

Another from the Colorado coal strike fields spoke, after which Comrade Dunne spoke.

Comrade Benjamin Gitlow, who just returned from an extensive trip across the continent, gave an account of conditions as he found them in industry and in the labor movement of western cities. His speech ended the afternoon session Saturday.

Reports of these speeches will appear in tomorrow's DAILY WORKER, as will the report of the Political Committee which was delivered by Comrade Lovestone.

Announcing!
No. 4
of the
WORKERS LIBRARY!

A New Pamphlet
by Jay Lovestone

Analyzing the political
and economic back-
ground for the 1928
Presidential election.

1928
THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION AND THE WORKERS
by
JAY LOVESTONE

20¢

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS

39 E. 125 St. New York

Rivera Government Calls Troops as General Strike Spreads Thruout Spain

MADRID, BILBAO MILLS AND MINES HIT BY WALK-OUT

Peasants Restive While Factories Stand Idle

MARSEILLES, Feb. 5.—The general strike that began in Barcelona and has tied up virtually the whole province of Catalonia today threatens to grip all Spain and upset the government of Primo de Rivera as the walkout of workers in Madrid, Bilbao and other industrial centers becomes general.

Troops are reported to have been called out and the police are taking extraordinary measures to curb the spread of the strike, but have been unable to prevent the tie-up of the Madrid mills and the Bilbao mines and factories. There is an unconfirmed report that the harbor workers have struck in Bilbao and that ships loading iron ore have been unable to continue operations.

The government is alarmed at the progress of the strike which began in Barcelona over a tax of \$1.87 levied by the government on the wages of the workers. Troops are reported to have been despatched to the part of the country affected by the strike as the Primo de Rivera fascist regime feels itself confronted by the danger of an uprising.

Whole Province Tied Up

HENDAYE, France, Feb. 5.—Police continue to run the few trains and street cars that are moving in Barcelona as the walk-out of the workers is reported to be practically complete. All shipping is at a standstill in the harbor, and textile mills in the city and suburbs have ceased to operate.

Rumors of clashes between the workers and police persist but no details can be gathered as the government is making every effort to prevent information from leaving the country.

Unrest in the industrial centers of Manresa, Sabadell and Tarrasa has spread thruout the province and the presence of the troops called out by the government is causing great disquiet among the peasants whose conditions are wretched and who have strong Catalan nationalist feelings.

Sabadell and Manresa are important factory towns in western and southwestern Catalonia and control the two railway approaches from southern and western Spain. The only other railway communication from Barcelona is toward the French frontier on the north.

KILL WORKER TAKING COAL

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—George Pojak, 23, father of two children, was shot and killed by a watchman last night when he attempted to steal some coal from a car on the property of the People's Gas Light and Coke Company. Pojak had been unemployed for some time.

Brun, the watchman, denied at first responsibility for the killing, but afterwards admitted that he had fired the shot. He and Stephan Yergvich, who was helping Pojak, are being held for the inquest today.

Haifa Terminus for Mosul Oil Pipe Line

JERUSALEM, Feb. 5.—The long feud between French and British interests in the Turkish Petroleum Company over the terminus for the Mosul pipe line has been practically ended by the selection of Haifa, it is learned tonight.

A combination of Standard Oil and British interests is seen in the decision which makes Haifa, the harbor on which construction is beginning the greatest in the Eastern Mediterranean.

FIRE ENDANGERS WORKERS.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 5.—Fire destroyed a roundhouse in which 29 locomotives of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad were standing, badly damaging all of the locomotives.

Fruit Trust Levies Huge Tribute on Latin-America

For its part in the development of the American capitalist empire in Central America, the Caribbean United Fruit Co. received a 1927 profit of \$19,621,341 after all deductions for interest and taxes. This reckoned as a return of \$7.84 a share on the common stock and compares with \$19,511,471 or \$7.80 a share in 1926.

The real return on the investment of the owners is much larger than appears on the surface. Changes in the capitalization include a 100% stock dividend in 1921 and the exchange of 2 1/2 shares of no par stock

THOMAS AIDS BALDWIN

Reformists Betray Hungry British Miners

To Return to USSR



Diego Rivera, internationally-known Mexican artist, who left for home yesterday after a stay of three months in the Soviet Union. Rivera will return to the Soviet Union in the fall.

SOCIALISTS ON VERGE OF FIGHT

Fists Raised but Only Words Fly in Vienna

VIENNA, Feb. 5.—Hard words flew and fists were lifted, but remained in the air, while socialists and clericals in the Austrian parliament hurled at one another charges and countercharges that blackmail methods dominate the Austrian police administration. The uproar which has seldom been equalled even in the Austrian socialist parliament, was loudest in the visitors' gallery which was packed for the occasion by the socialists.

The storm broke when Mayor Karl Heitz, socialist who shot down the revolting Vienna workers in July, shouted "fiar" at Vice-chancellor Hartles. The deputies rushed forward, one of them striking the brief case of Chancellor Seipel so that it skidded and hit him. The deputy immediately apologized. Unable to maintain silence or start a real fight, the presiding officer was forced to adjourn the session.

FEAR REVOLTS IN KOREA; ARREST 33

TOKIO, Feb. 5.—Thirty-three Korean Communists, a number of them women, were arrested yesterday in a house to house search in Seoul, according to reports received here.

Japanese officials fear an outbreak in Korea. Hundreds of radical workers and students have been arrested in the last few months.

The arrest followed the discovery of "incriminating" documents and literature, the police state.

Suggested Dutch Rule's End; Gets Jail Term

Jusuf Saman, the chairman of the West Java section of the Sarekat Islam, the Nationalist organization of the Javanese masses, has been sentenced to two and a half years imprisonment, reports from Sukabumi, West Java, announce.

Saman is charged with having "intimated in a covert way" that the Dutch domination of the East Indies ought to be overthrown.

DEPRESSION ADMITTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 5.—Both production of raw materials and manufacturing showed a decline in December of 1927, the department of commerce announces. Not only was there a falling off from November, but the amounts were less than December, 1926.

British capitalism therefore is no longer able to afford concessions to even the labor aristocracy of the industrial metropolis. This being so there can be no objective basis for carrying through a policy of class collaboration and industrial peace.

The leaders of our T. U. C. and the general council and of the Labor Party, are, in these circumstances, simply playing the role of decoy-ducks in their political direction.

The crisis in the labor movement as we have said, cannot remain long as it is. With no objective basis the present period of "peace" and "collaboration" will soon get short-shrift. The masses will not be restrained by faked conferences or after-dinner speeches. Stern reality will over-ride all the "guarantees" of the gilded chambers. Even as the Labor leaders put their souls in pawn and plead for peace, wages are going down while living is dearer. Unemployment increases rather than diminishes. The

By THOMAS BELL.
(Concluded from last issue).

Take the example of the Welsh Miners' March. Here is a concrete case. Tens of thousands of miners are without any prospects of work, following the defeats of last year. Destitution is rampant, and local government boards will not help. No finer case could be taken up, even by opportunist parliamentarians whose sole concern is no more than a formal opposition to the government. A march of the unemployed miners on London could have roused the whole of the workers' movement, and put just that "pep" into it that is so badly needed. Such a stimulus would have had tremendous political consequences. Yet the entire bureaucratic machinery (aided by the Communist renegade, Wall, who acted as the poor tool of the Party managers in London) worked night and day to prevent the march.

The excuse of a Communist "stunt" will not wash. The march arose out of the appalling situation in the mining areas of South Wales where destitution is terrible. What does it matter if the Communists did take the lead in preparing the first steps in the march? The facts are that following A. J. Cook's appeal the local labor organizations were prepared to render every assistance until the Party managers from Eccleston Square got the "wind up" and outlawed the march. The real position is one of sheer funk and cowardice on the part of our official leadership in the sole desire to curry favor with the bosses and to do nothing to alienate votes to the general election.

Aid to Capitalism.

We do not hesitate to say that this policy of repressing the fighting instincts of the workers is a direct service to capitalism. It helps the capitalists against the workers. It is a betrayal of the workers. But it will not always succeed. The Communist and left workers will find a way of defeating this policy of betrayal and of saving socialism for the working class.

What is it the capitalists are aiming at? The policy of the capitalists in this country at present is quite clear. Faced with formidable world competition and fighting for their lives, they seek to extract more value from the workers. Reduced wages, longer hours and a rationalization of industry are a means of prolonging their rule, especially if the trade unions are crippled by a policy of Party abandonment of socialism. Part of the process of bolstering up capitalism and in getting these objectives is to win the labor leaders away from a policy of resistance or struggle, and to inveigle them into "Industrial Peace Campaigns" and pure "ministerialism." This is the fundamental policy of the "captains of industry."

"Class Collaboration." At the moment the capitalists can register certain successes. They have succeeded in forcing responsible members of the T. U. C. to openly identify themselves with industrial peace talk to the extent of some of them blabbering out formulas, thus laming the workers in the struggle against the capitalist offensive.

There is said to be differences between Citrine and Thomas. But these are not material to the workers or inimical to the capitalists. If anything, the policy of a peace pact between the general council and the large capitalist organizations (the policy of Citrine) is even more deadly than the local pacts between the workers and the capitalists in particular industries (the policy of Thomas and the railway companies). Both of them have the same end in view, viz., to bring the workers' organizations to capitalism.

But is there a real objective basis for this "class collaboration"? Can it materialize with even limited advantage to the workers? We think not. British capitalism has lost its world monopoly. It is no longer able to exploit the colonies without challenge. A native industry and nationalist bourgeoisie is challenging the hitherto undisputed rule of British capital. A growing proletarian movement in the colonies and dependencies now offers powerful resistance to a one-time unbridled exploitation.

Labor Faces Crisis. British capitalism therefore is no longer able to afford concessions to even the labor aristocracy of the industrial metropolis. This being so there can be no objective basis for carrying through a policy of class collaboration and industrial peace.

The leaders of our T. U. C. and the general council and of the Labor Party, are, in these circumstances, simply playing the role of decoy-ducks in their political direction.

The crisis in the labor movement as we have said, cannot remain long as it is. With no objective basis the present period of "peace" and "collaboration" will soon get short-shrift. The masses will not be restrained by faked conferences or after-dinner speeches. Stern reality will over-ride all the "guarantees" of the gilded chambers. Even as the Labor leaders put their souls in pawn and plead for peace, wages are going down while living is dearer. Unemployment increases rather than diminishes. The

industrial crisis of capitalism is not abating, notwithstanding the sacrifices forced on the workers by the policy of surrender advocated by the Labor leaders.

Struggle Is Imminent. More and more, therefore, the policy of struggle and battle must come to the front. The greedy necessities of capitalism will goad the workers into revolt. They will inevitably follow the road indicated by the Communists. Not through a policy of "industrial peace" and "class collaboration" can the workers come into their own, but by ever sharper, deeper and wider conflicts with capitalism culminating in even more widespread and extensive general strikes than in 1926. There is no other way out of the present morass; no other political policy will suffice.

FRENCH TEXTILE WORKERS HIT BY BOSS COMBINES

Owners' Organizations War on All Demands

PARIS, Feb. 5.—Thoroughly class-conscious is the mighty Textile Consortium of Roubaix-Tourcoing. Organized eight years ago, it has waged successful war against the powerful textile unions in its territory.

Organization and money did it. Levying a per capita of 5 1/2 per cent of the total payroll of its members, the Consortium last year had no less than 28,000,000 francs in its union-fighting treasury. With this it maintained elaborate welfare and social services for the 100,000 workers employed by its 360 members. A special police force for use against strikers, pickets and organizers, a detective service to ferret out militants within the factories and an economy service which informs the Consortium of the most propitious moments to cut wages are maintained by the per capita levy.

Textile unions have waged long and bitter strikes in this center of the French woolen industry, many of them defeated by the money bags of the bosses. But on the whole the battle has been with the Consortium with the result that wages are in many cases 50 per cent below pre-war levels. Many women get but 50 cents a day while the general average is under \$1 for all workers.

Want 44-Hour Week.

The "English Week" of 44 hours is one of the leading demands of the French workers when they are not defending the 8-hour day against employers' attacks. Textile workers have nailed the English week to their mast and in addition are fighting for the 7-hour day. The shorter work-week, the union holds, will help alleviate the heavy unemployment.

Every American tourist in Paris knows the Galeries Lafayette, among the biggest and showiest of the metropolis' department stores. So do the French textile and garment workers, for the vast enterprise and profits of the Galeries Lafayette are founded on their bitter exploitation. The store orders its drygoods from contractors who in turn encourage sweatshops and home work on a scale well known to New York garment workers. Last year the Galeries paid profits of 50 million francs against 10 million for 1926.

50,000 On Strike.

Fifty thousand textile workers in Europe were on strike in the second half of 1927 mostly against speed-up and wage reductions in a score of centers.

Silk Bosses Struggle.

National federations of woollen mill owners in six countries,—France, England, Belgium, Germany, Italy and Czechoslovakia,—have formed an international association to discuss production, prices and rationalization. American manufacturers were represented by an observer. Among silk manufacturers there is no such harmony. An acute international struggle is being fought by interests of Lyons, Milan, Zurich, Elberfeld, Nottingham and Patterson.

Titulescu Denies He Is Seeking French Credits

PARIS, Feb. 5.—Nicolas Titulescu continues to deny that his visit here is for the purpose of obtaining credits with which to stabilize his unstable government. His recent conversations with Poincaré, however, lend color to the rumor. It is known that the Bratianu government is close to collapse as danger of a financial crisis nears and it is supposed that Rumania is working on French interests in the Balkans to secure a loan.

Admits He Accepted Fee from Radio Trust

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Admission by O. H. Caldwell, acting chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, that he is accepting an annual retainer of \$7,000 from a publishing company interested in radio gave rise to a dispute in the senate interstate commerce committee today.

industrial crisis of capitalism is not abating, notwithstanding the sacrifices forced on the workers by the policy of surrender advocated by the Labor leaders.

Struggle Is Imminent. More and more, therefore, the policy of struggle and battle must come to the front. The greedy necessities of capitalism will goad the workers into revolt. They will inevitably follow the road indicated by the Communists. Not through a policy of "industrial peace" and "class collaboration" can the workers come into their own, but by ever sharper, deeper and wider conflicts with capitalism culminating in even more widespread and extensive general strikes than in 1926. There is no other way out of the present morass; no other political policy will suffice.

MARINES BACK MONCADA

Conservative Chamorro Wants Gravy Too

The United States will go ahead with its plans for the "supervision" of the Nicaraguan elections, Brig. Gen. Frank K. McCoy informed followers of the conservative leader Emiliano Chamorro, reports from Managua state.

Chamorro, who has been seeking the presidency, has opposed United States supervision of the elections because the state department has refused to back him as a candidate. The United States, according to all indications will support the "liberal" General Moncada, who sold out to Henry Stimson last May.

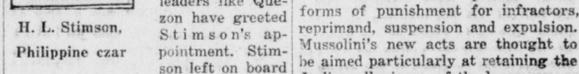
At a conference between General McCoy, United States Minister Eberhardt and a number of conservative leaders headed by Roseno Chamorro (brother of Emiliano), McCoy made it clear that United States marines would "supervise" the coming elections in spite of the action of the chamber of deputies which threw out the American-sponsored electoral law.

When Chamorro visited the United States recently, state department officials declared that he would not be recognized as a candidate. This is generally regarded as an indication that the United States will reward Moncada's betrayal of the nationalist movement by granting him the presidency.

Stimson Leaves for Job As Czar of Philippines

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 5.—Henry L. Stimson, left here yesterday to take up his duties as governor general of the Philippine Islands.

The appointment of Stimson has been bitterly criticized by the more radical wing of the Philippine independence movement, while more conservative leaders like Quezon have greeted Stimson's appointment. Stimson left on board the President McKinley.



H. L. Stimson, Philippine czar

Swedish Workers Will Co-operate With Trade Unions of the U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—According to reports received here from Stockholm, the annual meeting of the Sundswale district of the organization of foresters and seamen voted for closer collaboration of Swedish trade unions with those of the Soviet Union.

The meeting proposed that an attempt be made to draw Norwegian and Finnish unions into closer contact with Soviet trade unions. If this proposal is rejected, the Sundswale organization will cooperate with U. S. S. R. unions independently.

New Bridge Planned

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 5.—A \$7,000,000 drawbridge between Penn's Grove, N. J., and Wilmington, Delaware, will be constructed within a year, it was announced yesterday. Toll charges will be less than the present ferry fare, it was said.

Paris Commune Meets Will Be Held March 18 Throughout U. S.

The fifty-seventh anniversary of the Paris Commune, the first working class government that was established by the militant workers of Paris on March 18, 1871, will be celebrated thruout the United States this year by mass meetings in all important cities, in the week of March 18-25th, it was announced yesterday by the national office of the International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St., under whose auspices they will be held.

Information and other materials have already been sent out by the national office of the organization to its locals in every part of the country on the arrangement of the Paris Commune memorial meetings, and it is expected that thousands of American workers will attend this year to pay tribute to the heroic memory of the Paris Communards and pledge themselves for the continuation of the defense of the victims of capitalist class justice today.

Side by Side We'll Battle Onward

Rosa Luxemburg and Karl Liebknecht died "Side by Side."

Learn the Woman's Part in the Battle from "The Letters of Rosa Luxemburg"

Edited by LUISE KAUTSKY
Cloth Bound. Reduced from 2.50 to 1.00.

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
89 EAST 125th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

HIGH PRODUCTION WITH SEVEN-HOUR DAY IN THE USSR

Textile Output Greater With Three Shifts

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The seven-hour day in the textile industry will not only benefit Soviet Union workers directly by a reduction of working hours, but will result in a large increase of production, according to preliminary estimates.

The three-shift system, which will be introduced with the seven-hour day is expected to raise the output of textile goods and to furnish employment for 17,785 additional workers.

The seven-hour day has been introduced in a number of other industries. Wage agreements recently concluded have resulted in substantial wage increases for large numbers of workers. The collective agreement between the Donogul and the Ukrainian Miners' Committee have increased wages about twenty per cent. More working clothes and a higher ration of fuel are also provided for in the agreement.

British, U. S. Finance Soviet Timber Exports

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The "Exporters," Soviet Joint-Stock Company, has signed a contract with a number of British, American, German and Dutch banks and firms regarding credits and advances for contracts for the realization of Soviet timber exports, to a total sum of 3,285,000 pounds sterling. The foreign credits are almost 3 times as large as last year's.

Among the British banks crediting Soviet timber exports are: Lloyd's Bank, Hambros Bank, Glyn Mills Bank, the British Overseas Bank, the Eastern Bank, Brown, Shipley Co. etc. Among the American banks, credits have been received from the Equitable Trust Co.; from the German Diskonto Gesellschaft, and from the Dutch Nederland Bank.

FOR YOUR HEALTH
Strictly Pure FLORIDA
HONEY
Guaranteed by the BEE-FARMER.
Special Prices During Run of This "Ad"
5 Lbs. \$1.25
6 Lbs. \$1.40
10% Goes to "Daily Worker"
ORDER BY MAIL.
JACK FEURER
3656 Park Ave., Bronx
New York City.

to our readers

Many of our readers like to get the DAILY WORKER at their newsstands or news-dealers, and for various reasons cannot get it.

We ask our readers to speak with their newsdealer, fill out the coupon, and send it in to us, so that we will be able to make the necessary arrangements, to have it delivered regularly.

CIRCULATION DEPT.
DAILY WORKER, 33 First St.
New York City.

My newsdealer is

(name)

(address)

No. of copies

My name

My address

Sufferings of Labor Told by Worker Correspondents Thruout United States

CALL FOR CLASS PARTY IN LETTER FROM NEW YORK

Rank and File Must Aid Own Political Power

FOR A LABOR PARTY.
(By a Worker Correspondent)

The Central Trades and Labor Council called the mass meeting which was held at Cooper Union Sunday. The ostensible reason for calling this meeting was to decide how to deal with injunction, but the real reason was to convince the rank and file of the necessity of combatting militant trade unionists by forming their own political party.

President Sullivan of the State Federation of Labor, in an interview, claimed that the big industries are trying to break the trade unions. His suggestions are that the workers counteract these attempts by bringing pressure to bear on their representatives.

The outstanding reasons of the absurdity of rallying around old political parties are:

(1) Because they represent and work in behalf of the capitalist class, which is diametrically opposed to the working class.

(2) Because the capitalist representatives sanction the killing of workers in Nicaragua.

(3) Because they allow the big industries to starve, club, and kill workers in Colorado and Pennsylvania without protest.

And until the working class forms a united front politically these atrocities will continue to exist. The only possible way to combat the owning class effectively is to have a Labor Party that will work solely for the interests of the working class.

—HENRY BLOOM.

Pennsylvania

Cops Halt Jobless Meet.

(By a Worker Correspondent)
Philadelphia police refuse to allow the unemployed workers to hold a meeting called to organize a demand for relief.

Fully cognizant of the deplorable condition of the workers of Philadelphia due to widespread unemployment, the Philadelphia Council of Unemployed was organized and a hall secured to hold a meeting. Circulars were printed and distributed and a notice of the meeting sent to the superintendent of police. The committee was then told that the meeting could not be held, to which the committee replied that it would be held or they would go to jail trying to hold it.

An effort was then made to see the Director of Public Safety, but he refused to be seen, passing the buck to the superintendent of police. The committee then called at the office of Mayor Mackey and again the buck was passed to the superintendent of police, the committee being refused an interview even with the mayor's secretary. This was no surprise to the committee, knowing the contempt that Mayor Mackey must necessarily have for the organized labor movement of Philadelphia, after the leaders had pusillanimously sold the labor vote to the republican organization in the mayoralty campaign for the endorsement of a labor leader as magistrate.

Everything was set to take a ride in the patrol wagon when the good lord got busy and spoiled "a perfectly good party" by blowing about ten inches of snow over the city, and thereby provided an opportunity for 9000 of the army of unemployed workers to earn a few dollars, which as the Plute sheets had announced that the meeting had been called off and postponed, nobody showed up but the Committee and a half dozen bulls.

Mayor Mackey is a pious critter and the heavenly gentlemen realizing what an embarrassing thing it would be to have a lot of hungry citizens congregating on the sabbath and demanding to be fed, with all of the loaves and fishes locked up, concluded to get busy and started a peach of a snow storm. All of which not only provided a small part of the unemployed with a few hours work, but also afforded his honor an opportunity to demonstrate his affection for the unemployed workers by permitting them to stretch out their weary bodies on the nice cool cement floors of the City Hall to sleep, thereby enabling them to keep their clothes dry which they could not have done had they been obliged to sleep in the snow outside. I wonder if pious Harry would allow his dog to sleep on a cold cement floor?

Hundreds Sleep on Cold Concrete
When I walked through that corridor last night and noticed the hundreds of workers stretched out on the cold cement floor there arose in my mind the picture of the comfortably heated, luxurious office that some of these same workers had been misled by traitorous labor leaders into providing for Harry Mackeys use when they voted to hire him, at

Victim of Father's Ax



John Priddy, who was slain together with his mother and brother by his father, Claude E. Priddy, an ex-minister.

a splendid salary, to run their city hall for them.

The industrial and commercial situation has become terribly acute in Philadelphia.

The newspapers with the exception of the Sunday Transcript, having to sell advertising space in order to exist, and knowing few business men would be suckers enough to advertise if they weren't kidded into thinking that "1928 was going to be a good year for business" are handing out the biggest bunch of bunk you ever read.

A big mill man takes a whole page to tell us that the next five years are going to be the greatest the building industry had ever known. This in face of the fact that the sheriff's sales were 827 in Dec., 627 in Jan., and 736 in Feb. and not over 2 per cent of the owners able to recover them, and \$11 houses renting for \$60 a month, the carrying charges on which are over \$80. It's a cinch builders are going to gamble their own money on the erection of more houses under those conditions. Not likely.

Mayor Mackey has been mighty busy telling business and professional men what a wonderful lot of things he is going to do for the city with the \$40,000,000 the working class are going to vote in favor of his borrowing at the spring primaries. I say working class because if the working class should take a notion to vote against it he won't have it to spend. There ain't enough business and professional men to put it across. And if they don't get the mazzama god help Mackey's administration and Mackey's ambition to be governor.

—GEORGE L. EVANS, Secretary Philadelphia Council of Unemployed.

Police Break Up Jobless Demonstration at Passaic

(Continued from Page One)

Then applauded for five minutes thereafter; still not satisfied they cheered.

Struggles Ahead.

"We are here again for struggle," Weisbord began. "The workers' life is one continuous battle. You who have attained to the consciousness of the working class, will understand me when I say that there will be no let-up in the struggle as long as the capitalist system exists."

"The first step in the solution of unemployment," he went on, "is the same as that which faced us two years ago: Organization. Without organization, as we have learned so thoroughly, we can do nothing."

"Secondly, we must put aside all wrong notions as to who will help us in this situation. No one but ourselves can do anything for us. We must make demands upon the employers, upon the city officials, upon the officials of the government, upon the high-salaried labor officials, that they begin definite action for the relief of the unemployed."

Enemies to be Faced.

After reviewing the events in the bitter struggle lasting for over a year, and showing in detail the part played by the city officials, the Passaic Citizens' Committee, the labor officials of the A. F. of L., Weisbord continued. "Thus we see that we are faced by the fire of the employers and their government before us and by the knife-thrusts of the enemy labor fakers in the rear. But the time has come to make them act. Let us make demands upon them. The bosses said that if you would only go back to the mills, good times would come. Let us hold them responsible for these 'good times.' The city officials claim to represent all the people. Let us demand that they open kitchens for the hungry."

"Our Demands."

"We say to them: 'No evictions for the unemployed; begin construction so that we can obtain work; throw open the schools and public buildings for lodging the unemployed. We demand that the government provide a substantial sum for relief from the excess profits of the rich, millions of dollars of which are now being returned to them; we demand from the labor fakers that they take a cut in salary, that they put up a real fight

UNEMPLOYMENT AND BRUTALITY IN CALIFORNIA

Jobless Men Forced to Take Bitter Charity

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The writer of this article went to California on the first of October last and has already witnessed enough suffering on the part of the workers to fill a book.

California produces unlimited quantities of fruit, vegetables, poultry, beef and dairy products. Here are all the things necessary to make the people comfortable, healthy and happy. But the workers here, as elsewhere, cannot own a thing beyond their labor power, because the insignificant wages paid them do not even permit them to live, much less save money with which to buy homes or other necessities.

Now that all work in the orchards and fields has finished, now that the crops have been planted and harvested and stored away in the storehouses and cold storage plants by the hands and brains of the toilers of California, how do the workers fare?

Sacramento alone has between 6,000 and 7,000 jobless, homeless men and women, hungry and in rags.

The animals of the fields are at least sheltered from the damp freezing nights, for do not think that we have warm sun every day. Yes, the animals have a commercial value and the workers have not, because at this time of year the workers can not be profitably employed.

Face Starvation.

So, the workers of California face starvation in the streets. Thousands of men walk aimlessly up and down 2nd Street in Sacramento and stare at the polished black boards where, when times are better, a few jobs are displayed for sale.

If a job really comes up, a horde of humanity rushes for it and, before the agent has finished writing, the job is taken. In times of such keen misery no one asks what the wages are, or the hours, or the conditions.

It is not "ethical" for a city to have a bread line, instead we have a respectable "community chest." The funds from this, however, do not go to the starving, they go instead to a cheap mulligan joint, "Hart's," on 2nd Street which feeds the sufferers.

Two Crusts and Bitter Coffee.

The men and women line up in the alley and are handed two pieces of dry bread and a cup of black unweetened coffee. You don't have to be in prison to be on bread and water in California.

VIOLET HEMING.



Will play the title role in "Mrs. Dane's Defense," which is being revived this evening at the Cosmopolitan Theatre.

The writer talked with one victim of greed and lust today. He stood in line at Hart's last evening but was so weak from days of hunger that he was forced to leave the line. There were about 400 others to partake of the "nourishing" repast.

The Holy Union Mission on 5th Street feeds the workers every other day four pieces of bread and a half bowl of soup. I attended the Mission today and found that 175 workers were receiving "god's" blessings and soup, but countless others arrived to find that the eleventh hour had passed and the doors were locked.

If you steal here, you go to jail. If you beg, you go to jail. If you sell from house to house and have no license, you go to jail. If you step inside a place to get warm, you are given a one-hour floater, which means that you must leave the city at once. Only one thing is legitimate, you can go to church on Sunday and thank "god," if you can walk.

Houses of Tin and Rags.

Shelter from the cold winter rains consists of ragged huts, shacks constructed from grocery boxes, pieces of tin and rags gathered at the city dumping grounds. Men live under the eaves of bridges. The better off live in muddy auto camps where they pay fifteen or twenty cents a day for the privilege of pitching their tents. Whole families live in this way while in all parts of the city hundreds of houses are vacant.

Four men were arrested yesterday because they lacked a few cents on the price of their breakfast. This picture of misery is framed in luxury, for California is the home of many millionaires and of the wealthy in general.

—FRANCES M. DICKEY.

New York

Seamen's Institute Exposed.

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Last night I saw a worker beaten into insensibility by policemen at the Seamen's Institute, 25 South Street, near the East River waterfront. Three teeth were knocked out of the worker's mouth. I myself was barred from the Seamen's Institute this morning. I was coming for my mail when a policeman grabbed me and took me up to the third floor of the Institute, where they have a police department. They asked me all sorts of silly questions, and treated me as if I was a criminal. Seamen are almost daily beaten up

JOIN IN A REAL FIGHT!



- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>FOR</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Organization of the unorganized. 2. Miners' Relief. 3. Recognition and Defense of the Soviet Union. 4. A Labor Party. 5. A Workers' and Farmers' Government. | <p>AGAINST</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Injunctions. 2. Company Unions. 3. Unemployment. 4. Persecution of the Foreign Born. 5. War. |
|--|--|

Join a Fighting Party!

Join the Workers (Communist) Party of America

Application for Membership in Workers (Communist) Party

(Fill out this blank and mail to Workers Party, 43 E. 125 St., N. Y. C.)

NAME

ADDRESS

OCCUPATION

If you are on strike or unemployed and cannot pay initiation fee please check this box.

UNEMPLOYED AND STRIKERS ADMITTED WITHOUT INITIATION and receive dues exempt stamps until employed.

(Enclosed find \$1.00 for initiation fee and one month's dues.)

Neighborhood Playhouse to Produce Again in May

The Neighborhood Playhouse, under the direction of Alice and Irene Lewisohn, will make its next production sometime in May, or one year from the date of its closing. These performances, however, will be given not at the Theatre on Grand Street but in a larger uptown theatre. The early experiments out of which the Neighborhood Playhouse grew concerned the combination of choral movement, speech and songs and were termed festivals. These as well as the ballet pantomime were always included in the yearly repertoire and came to be termed The Lyric Bill. Under this designation were such various productions as "Salut au Monde," "White Peacock," "The Arab Fantasie," "A Burmese Pwe," and the "Ritornelle."

In all these productions, because of the size of the theatre, less emphasis was placed upon musical expression than was desired. This year symphonic music will be the basis of the production. The Neighborhood Playhouse is co-operating with The Cleveland Orchestra under the direction of Nikolai Sokoloff.

at the Seamen's Church Institute. They have beds there from 35 cents to \$1.00 a night. If you are not in by midnight they close the doors on you even if you have purchased a ticket for a bed.

This is further striking proof of the brutal treatment of seamen by the Seamen's Church Institute, which was exposed in your paper on Jan. 17. This institution, backed by Standard Oil and other large exploiters of labor, is a strikebreaking center run under the guise of a religious and charitable institution.

—P. R. COVT.

Colorado

Successful Meetings

(By a Worker Correspondent)
Two successful meetings have been held in Denver during the past week. A well-attended meeting at Windsor Hall on Saturday and a large Lenin Memorial Meeting at the Labor Lyceum Sunday.

Comrade Gitlow's splendid exposition of the principles of the Communist Party created a marked impression and showed practical results in many new applications for membership.

The meeting for the unemployed was attended by more than three hundred jobless.

Relief work for the Colorado miners goes steadily forward.

—H. A. ZEITLIN.

WORKER'S LIFE WORTH \$6.121.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Feb. 5.—The life of a worker, who left a wife and several dependent children was valued at \$6,121 in Compensation Court here. Mrs. Smanuel Domico of this city has been awarded that amount for the death of her husband, who was killed last December in the construction of a theatre. What part of that amount she will actually receive is not known.

DRACULA

FULTON B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. "BETTER THAN THE BAT"

ERLANGER'S Thea. W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.

THE MERRY MALONES with GEORGE M. COHAN

National Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

"The Trial of Mary Dugan" By Bayard Veiller, with Ann Harding-Rex Cherryman

Winter Garden Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. WORLD'S LAUGH SENSATION!

Artists Models

Broadhurst Thea. W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

GEORGE ARLISS in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

SOUTHERN UNION DELEGATES MEET AT CONFERENCE

Discuss Organization to Fight Open Shop

GREENSBORO, N. C., Feb. 5 (FP).—Renewed impetus to the unionization of southern workers is being given by the Piedmont Organizing Council. The second meeting of the council brought to Greensboro 75 delegates from 16 trade unions in Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro, High Point and Winston Salem. The February meeting of the council at Winston-Salem is expected to draw nearly 150 unionists from the nine leading Piedmont Carolina cities.

Organization of a new union at Durham resulted from the first meeting of the council and organization of one in Greensboro will result from this second session. Labor legislation will be the main topic for the third council meeting.

Urge Organization.

Necessity for organizing workers in the machine and auto industries of the south was stressed by George W. Marshall of Washington, D. C., representing the Intl. Machinists' Assn. Ed Crouch, vice-president of the Tobacco Workers' Intl. Union talked on organization of cigarette makers and other tobacco workers in Winston-Salem and Durham.

Alfred Hoffman, southern representative of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers and organizer of the Council, talked on immediate plans for consummating unionization of groups in several cities of North Carolina. He discussed the southern hosiery situation in some detail. Most of southern hosiery is seamless and not directly under the jurisdiction of the full fashioned union. But more and more full fashioned plants are coming south. The United Textile Workers, of which the full fashioned federation is an autonomous part, has jurisdiction over seamless workers.

John A. Peel, president of Durham central labor union, was named president of the organizing council. Marcus F. Sauls, Greensboro typographical union, was named secretary. Ed L. Crouch, tobacco workers of Winston Salem, is vice-president. Alfred Hoffman, of Durham, is advisory director. Representatives of these unions attended the second conference: typographical, marble setters, barbers, carpenters, bricklayers, plumbers, molders, machinists, auto mechanics, stage employes and motion picture operators, electricians, railway clerks, painters, hosiery and structural ironworkers.

—DAILY WORKER.

AMUSEMENTS

Winter Garden Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. WORLD'S LAUGH SENSATION!

Artists Models

Broadhurst Thea. W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

GEORGE ARLISS in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:40

WINTHROP AMES presents JOHN G. CALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 46 St. Evs. 8:40

Workers Shout for Labor Party at Cooper Union; Jeer at President Green

NO PROGRAM FOR MILITANT FIGHT AGAINST BOSSES

Want "Regulation" Not End of Injunction

(Continued from Page One) The frantic efforts of those on the stage to secure order.

At the end, quite obviously un-nerved, Green stuttered: "Well, I hope you feel better now."

At another moment, the mention of the words, "Sacco and Vanzetti" by one of the speakers in an attempt to appear friendly to the audience, was greeted with an outburst of perhaps five minutes duration. Shouts could be heard in the hall: "The A. F. of L. never put up a fight to save Sacco and Vanzetti." "Where was Green when they murdered them?"

No Real Proposals. Throughout the three hour session of speech making, not a single fundamental proposal was made for the effective fight against the injunction. The prediction that only "verbal" challenge would be issued against the menace was more than born out. Practically every speaker emphasized the announcement issued by Joseph P. Ryan, who acted as chairman of the meeting: "We are not opposed to injunctions. We only want to regulate them."

The purpose of the A. F. of L. officialdom to prevent at all costs any rank and file expression was manifest from the first when a brass band of some twenty performers with a steady crash of musical thunder maintained an intermittent bombardment whenever any clouds appeared on the scene. At the end of the meeting, the band was seriously taxed to drown out the jeering and booing aimed at Green. Nevertheless, above the thunder, could be heard the cat calls and hoots of the outraged workers.

The meeting was late in getting under way at 2:45 p. m. Considerable of the audience had arrived at 2 o'clock. For fully forty-five minutes members from practically all unions in the city appeared absorbed in reading copies of The DAILY WORKER which contained what was said to be a particularly appropriate news report on the meeting, and which predicted precisely the methods by which the labor officialdom would proceed to "enlighten" the workers.

When the labor officials appeared on the stage and when chairman Ryan was about to begin, a member of the Young Workers League, Sol Berman,

Socialists Join Bosses on Anti Strike Law

(Continued from Page One)

anti-strike law, according to the announcement of Cohen is only the Communist Party. "We expected their opposition," Cohen declared.

Considerable evidence which has been growing during the past few days, indicates, however, that scores of unions, and thousands of trade unionists, aroused by the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party against the menace which faces the very life of the trade unions if this bill becomes law, are preparing a country wide opposition to the attempt to hand over their organizations to the employers.

brought up a handful of DAILY WORKERS and distributed them to the labor officials, Tammany politicians and ministers on the stage. The main heading announcing the meeting on page one of the paper read: "Unwanted Workers Go To Cooper Union; Ask Real Smash At Injunctions; No Tammany Lies." It was under these auspices that the meeting got under way.

Green in his speech began a long outline of the attitude of public officials, court justices and legal representatives to the injunction. Senator Pepper of Pennsylvania, arch reactionary, was quoted as to the menace of the injunction. "Something has to be done," said Green quoting Pepper, "or a revolutionary situation in the United States will develop."

"But we are going to fight this menace," he continued. "We will hold meetings throughout the country." Groans became audible at various parts of the hall. "Don't laugh," Green shouted, becoming peeved. "We are really going to fight for freedom."

Later he outlined the suffering of the miners. "And it is under these conditions that the employers have secured injunctions against us. But we are fighting back. We have been sending relief to the miners."

At this point someone shouted: "Sixty cents per man, average." Green tried to continue: "We have been supporting our brothers, in Pennsylvania, in Ohio, in Indiana, in West Virginia and we will continue to do so as long..."

"Colorado, Colorado, Colorado" was shouted from a thousand throats in every part of the hall. Five minutes more of cheering and shouting followed. Chairman Ryan was dispatched to the rear of the hall to consult with the chief of the Industrial Squad whose thirty or more huskies were stationed within the hall. Apparently no method could be devised to stop the three thousand unionists most of whom obviously were in sympathy with a program of real action.

One of the amusing features at the meeting was the sudden appearance upon the stage, besides Green, of a jovial faced individual who has stepped on the stage at recent other meetings with the calm announcement: "Let me speak, I am the Messiah." This incident was repeated yesterday and added to the discomfiture of the said Green. This likewise "unwanted" individual was assisted from the stage.

You Said It, Andy. Andrew Furuseth gave a long account of the development of the issuance of injunctions. He broke off his "dramatic" discourse with the unique contribution: "Well, I guess I have said many things that I shouldn't have stated here." John Sullivan, a member of the Brewery Workers' Union, lived up to his reputation of saying all the things a good Tammany politician (we want light wines and beer!) should say.

William D. Mahon promised to "fight the injunction to a finish, no matter what happens." Nathan D. Perlman, counsel for the Amalgamated Association, announced that he had his ideas of "what the Interborough would do in the case of the present injunction issue," but preferred not to state them. There were a few smiles on the platform when he announced that he and the labor officials were opposed to the increased fare move of the I. R. T.

A minister and a priest also spoke for several hours, fifteen minutes each. Then the brass band began its thunder.

FOR A FRESH WHOLESOME VEGETARIAN MEAL
Come to
Scientific Vegetarian Restaurant
75 E. 107th Street New York.

WHERE DO WE MEET TO DRINK AND EAT?
At the
New Sollins Dining Room
Good Food Good Company
Any Hour Any Day
BETTER SERVICE
216 East 14th Street New York

Phone Stuyvesant 3816
John's Restaurant
SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES
A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet.
302 E. 12th St. New York.

Health Food Vegetarian Restaurant
1600 Madison Ave.
PHONE: UNIVERSITY 5865

Y. W. L. Dance
The Young Workers League, District 2, will hold a dance, Saturday, Feb. 11 at Harlem Casino, Lenox Ave. and 116th St.

INSTALL OFFICERS IN A.C.W.A. LOCAL 5

About 2,000 members of the Operators' Local 5, Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, filled Cooper Union last Saturday afternoon to celebrate the installation of newly elected officers. Previously the installation meetings in the Amalgamated unions had been very small affairs, being confined to the friends of the officials elected. The change has been brought about by the election of several progressives into the new executive board.

Cheer Progressives. When I. Jackson, the chairman, opened the meeting and introduced the right wing speakers, the workers displayed a decidedly cool attitude. However the coolness was dispelled immediately upon the introduction of B. Leder, one of the progressives on the new executive board. Thus enlightened as to the sympathies of the workers present the chairman decided to hold as the last speaker another newly elected progressive, A. Pollack, whose speech was enthusiastically apprehended. The other speakers were J. Hershkowitz, of Local 5; Peter Montet, of the Vestmakers Union, and H. Halpern, of Local 161, who officially installed the new officers.

Whenever reference was made regarding the organization of a united front for the purpose of loosening the grip on the organization which the reactionary Beckerman maintains it was greeted with loud applause. Beckerman had made several unsuccessful attempts to stop the elections from taking place when he learned that progressives would be permitted to run on the slate. Even the right wingers in control of this local could no longer endure the increasing dictatorial powers assumed by their manager, and decided to go thru with the elections.

Steve Paich, a striking miner from the Jefferson Coal Company mine in Avella, Pa., said yesterday that every miner who worked there walked out when the strike was called and that not a man returned, despite hunger, cold, disease and the terrorist activities of the coal and iron police.

"The union only gives me \$150 each week for 125 miners and their families to live on," he said. "Most of the boys have large families, too. Our barracks are terribly overcrowded and they are evicting the families who

Steve Paich, a striking miner from the Jefferson Coal Company mine in Avella, Pa., said yesterday that every miner who worked there walked out when the strike was called and that not a man returned, despite hunger, cold, disease and the terrorist activities of the coal and iron police.

The annual bazaar of the International Labor Defense will be held for five days beginning March 7, at New Star Casino, Park Ave. and 107th St. All articles and contributions should be sent to 799 Broadway, Room 422.

Lecture in Lower Bronx. C. Marmor will lecture on "The Change in Family Relations and the Role of the Woman in Industry," Friday, Feb. 17, at 715 E. 138th St., under the auspices of the United Council of Working Class Women, Council 3.

Lecture in Lower Bronx. C. Marmor will lecture on "The Change in Family Relations and the Role of the Woman in Industry," Friday, Feb. 17, at 715 E. 138th St., under the auspices of the United Council of Working Class Women, Council 3.

No Tip—Union Barber Shop
77 FIFTH AVE.
Bet. 15th and 16th Streets
NEW YORK CITY
Individual Sanitary Service by Experts. — LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS.
Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop.

OKINS Drug Store
White Plains cor. Allerton Av.
BEST SERVICE
TO CO-OPERATIVE DWELLERS.

LAW OFFICE
CHAS. RECHT
For the convenience of workers open until 6 P. M. and all day Saturday.
110 WEST 40th ST. Room 1604.
Phone: PENN 4060-4061-4076.

ANYTHING IN PHOTOGRAPHY
STUDIO OR OUTSIDE WORK
Patronize Our Friend
SPIESS STUDIO
54 Second Ave., cor. 3rd St.
Special Rates for Labor Organizations.
(Established 1887.)

AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS BAKERS' LOC. NO. 154
Meets 1st Saturday in the month at 3463 Third Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.
Ask Union Label Bread.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to
The DAILY WORKER
Advertising Dept.
33 First St., New York City.

61 Organizations Take Part In Women's Relief Conference

Plans for the relief of the striking miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado were taken up at the second conference of the Women's Committee for Miners' Relief held yesterday afternoon at the Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St. One hundred and five delegates were present, representing 61 women's organizations including 26 councils of the United Council of Working Class Women.

The delegates raised \$245 in cash for relief and pledged an additional \$1,250. Rose Wortis, Joint Board, Cloak and Dressmakers' Union, presided. Ray Ragozin, secretary of the conference and Mrs. A. Hoffman of Boston were among those who rendered reports.

A motion was adopted to call a conference on March 4 to form a permanent federation of women's organizations.

Elaborate plans are being formulated by the Pennsylvania-Ohio-Colorado Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 233, for the order of business as the enlarged, city-wide miners' relief conference to be held at the Labor Temple, 244 E. 14th St., Saturday at 4 p. m. Several striking miners from various strike areas will present a picture of the conditions prevalent in their sections, and a miner's wife will talk on the women's work in the strike, especially with regard to the newly formed women's auxiliaries of the miners' union. The International Workers' Relief is cooperating with the relief committee.

The situation in the strike fields is critical," said Fannie Rudd, the secretary of the committee yesterday, "and unless all organized labor and workers' clubs combine to send relief, there is grave danger of the destruction of the miners' union. This would mean that the rest of the organized labor will be subjected to the same open shop drive of the employers in other industries."

Steve Paich, a striking miner from the Jefferson Coal Company mine in Avella, Pa., said yesterday that every miner who worked there walked out when the strike was called and that not a man returned, despite hunger, cold, disease and the terrorist activities of the coal and iron police.

"The union only gives me \$150 each week for 125 miners and their families to live on," he said. "Most of the boys have large families, too. Our barracks are terribly overcrowded and they are evicting the families who

MARY WOLFE
STUDENT OF THE DAMROSCH CONSERVATORY
PIANO LESSONS
at her studio
49 WADSWORTH TERRACE
Telephone Lorraine 6588.
Will also call at student's home.

CO-OPERATIVE REPAIR SHOP
419 1/2 6th Avenue, near 25th St.
Shoes Repaired While U Wait

LEARN PATTERNMAKING
Learn designing, copying, pattern-making, grading dresses, coats, fur garments, also children clothing. Complete courses at low prices.
STANDARD DESIGNING AND CUTTING SCHOOL
218 EAST 14th STREET
Algonquin 3277.

We're Here Again!

The most elaborate and beautiful
Artists' and Writers' COSTUME BALL
ever held in this town will be the
NEW MASSES SPRING COSTUME FROLIC
at
WEBSTER HALL
119 E. 11th St.
March 9th, 9 P. M.
The best Jazz in town
Bright new costumes!
SAVE THE DATE!!

CO-OPERATIVE Dental Clinic
2700 Bronx Park East
Apt. C. I.
TEL. ESTABROOK 0568.
DR. I. STAMLER
Surgeon-Dentist
DIRECTOR
OPEN: — Tuesday and Thursday from 10 to 8 P. M.—Saturday from 2 to 7 P. M.

Health Examination
The Newest and Most Successful Methods in the Treatment of Blood, Nerve, Skin and Stomach Diseases of Men and Women.
Consultation Free
Charges are Reasonable
Blood Tests X-Rays
DR. ZINS
Specialists—Est. 25 Yrs.
110 East 16th St., N. Y.
(Between Irving Pl. & Union Sq.)
Daily 9-8 P. M. Sunday, 10-4

CO-OPERATIVE Dental Clinic
2700 Bronx Park East
Apt. C. I.
TEL. ESTABROOK 0568.
DR. I. STAMLER
Surgeon-Dentist
DIRECTOR
OPEN: — Tuesday and Thursday from 10 to 8 P. M.—Saturday from 2 to 7 P. M.

CO-OPERATIVE Dental Clinic
2700 Bronx Park East
Apt. C. I.
TEL. ESTABROOK 0568.
DR. I. STAMLER
Surgeon-Dentist
DIRECTOR
OPEN: — Tuesday and Thursday from 10 to 8 P. M.—Saturday from 2 to 7 P. M.

CO-OPERATIVE Dental Clinic
2700 Bronx Park East
Apt. C. I.
TEL. ESTABROOK 0568.
DR. I. STAMLER
Surgeon-Dentist
DIRECTOR
OPEN: — Tuesday and Thursday from 10 to 8 P. M.—Saturday from 2 to 7 P. M.

Cloakmakers to Hold Meeting Tonight

(Continued from Page One)

been marshalled by the Joint Defense and Relief Committee. These sentences had been imposed by Judge Rosalsky after their arrest during the 1926 cloakmakers' strike.

Vow to Aid Struggle. After the prisoners had declared their intention of intensifying their activities for the union, Louis Hyman, Joint Board manager, acting as the toastmaster welcomed them back to their ranks in the name of the union. Speeches were also made by Ludwig Landy of the Joint Defense Committee, R. Salzman, manager of the "Freiheit," and Joseph Borochovich, manager of Local 2.

Ben Gold has been added to the list of speakers at the concert and mass meeting to be held at the Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St., Wednesday night. This reception is arranged by the Workers School to welcome the students of the three months national day training course.

Some of the students who have been selected and who will be on the platform are: Thomas Foley, Workers' School Director, Philadelphia; Nathan Shaffer, Trade Union Educational League, a member of the Cleveland Central Labor Union; Carl Hacker, Cleveland secretary, International Labor Defense; Edward Toronen of the Finnish daily newspaper Tyomies, Minneapolis; Roy E. Stephens, Omaha, Nebraska section, Hotel and Restaurant Employees International Alliance; Morris Poberesky, Agitation Propaganda Director, Minneapolis District, Workers Party; Arthur Starr, an agricultural worker, White Marth N. D., V. V. Dart of Oakland and a former prisoner at Alcatraz, California for resisting the draft. Also Tom Fleming who is the Trade Union Educational League organizer of San Francisco.

That Marion Talley, the youthful opera star, earned \$334,892 in the past two years for concert appearances alone, not including her opera salary, has been brought out in a disagreement between herself and her late manager, F. C. Coppicus. Miss Talley claims that this is a "gross breach of confidence."

That Marion Talley, the youthful opera star, earned \$334,892 in the past two years for concert appearances alone, not including her opera salary, has been brought out in a disagreement between herself and her late manager, F. C. Coppicus. Miss Talley claims that this is a "gross breach of confidence."

TUCKERS' SHOP CHAIRMEN MEET

Taft Will Report on the Union Situation

All shop chairmen of the tuckers, pleaters and hemstitchers shops have been called to a meeting which will be held at the headquarters of the union Local 41 of the I. L. G. W. U. tomorrow immediately after work. Manager M. E. Taft will report on the present situation in the union and on plans for future work.

Taft declared that in spite of the local's expulsion from the International, by Morris Sigman, the president, and notwithstanding the fact that the employers' association had withdrawn recognition from the union and had recognized the dual local established by the right wing leadership, the union was nevertheless being supported by the overwhelming majority of the membership. As proof he said that the dues payments at this time were as large as at any time in the union's history.

Concert and Dance

Chaim Kotylansky
Other Well Known Entertainers


SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11th
At the WORKERS' CO-OPERATIVE HOUSE
2700 BRONX PARK EAST.
MIKE GOLD will speak on—*The Effects of the Machine Age on Literature*
ADMISSION 50c.
Auspices: Co-operative Unit Workers (Communist) Party.
All Proceeds to The DAILY WORKER.

SPEAKERS:
Jay Lovestone
Wm. Z. Foster
W. W. Weinstone
Bertram D. Wolfe
Ben Gold
A Student
Greet the Students
Three Months National Day Training Course
IRVING PLAZA HALL
Irving Place and 15th Street
Admission 25 cents. Pay at door.

See **Dorsha** **WEDNESDAY NIGHT** **Sterling Trio**
February 8

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL
Given by the
Young Workers (Communist) League, District 2
AT HARLEM CASINO
116th St. & Lenox Ave., New York
Saturday Eve., February 11
Music by Harvey Stoller's Syncopaters.

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N, Inc.
 Daily, Except Sunday
 33 First Street, New York, N. Y. Phone, Orchard 1680
 Cable Address: "Daiwork"

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
 By Mail (in New York only): By Mail (outside of New York):
 \$8.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months
 \$2.50 three months \$2.00 three months.

Address and mail out checks to
THE DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York, N. Y.

Editor.....ROBERT MINOR
 Assistant Editor.....WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

"LEFT... RIGHT... LEFT... RIGHT...!"

By Suvanto

The Ghetto

By M. RENUD.

Under the very shadow of the magnificent skyscrapers of New York there stretches out the Ghetto of the world's greatest metropolis—the East Side. The huge and gigantic structures look down from their places of riches and titanic domain over the little nests of misery, inhuman tragedy, misfortune and poverty, throwing its mirage upon the houses, which some prefer calling homes, but in reality are roots of disease and agony for their inhabitants.

If walls could only speak they would tell the story of those who eternally struggle for their bare existence.

Most of the "homes" are also factories, and near the kitchen there are children and elders bowing over some clothing, flowers, etc., breeding dangerous bacteria and microbes, which never miss their sad consequence, the proof being that thousands of workmen inflict themselves with tuberculosis yearly.

In a carriage which serves its purpose for the baby, the work is taken into the shop, to the exploiter, who sees it profitable to carry on a large scale the home sweat shop system.

With its mixture of languages, nationalities and races the Ghetto is one expression of awe-inspiring unbearable conditions, that none but a transformed society can solve, a new humanity, that from the present dungeon of human depravity, unrighteousness, bigotry and treachery, will inevitably rise and bring to the oppressed everywhere a cheerful message of liberation sounded by the mighty proletariat of the whole world.

Hughes Tries to Defend Imperialist Intervention

Again at the Havana conference of the Pan-American Union, an organization dominated by the government of the United States for the purpose of furthering its imperialist aims, Charles Evans Hughes, the chairman of the Wall Street delegation, had to mobilize all his agents representing the puppet governments of Cuba, Haiti and Nicaragua in order to stifle the criticism of American imperialism's interventionist policies.

The widespread resentment on the part of the Latin American masses against United States imperialist tyranny forced the representatives of the governments of the Argentine, Mexico and Salvador to declare in the committee on public international law that no nation had the right to intervene in the domestic affairs of another nation. Thus was again brought to the fore the question of the specific interventionist adventures in Nicaragua and Haiti, which is correctly recognized as an imperialist drive against all the southern republics.

Even the adroit Mr. Hughes, past-master in diplomatic sophistry and double-dealing, was unable to formulate an effective reply to the attacks against the policy of frightfulness carried out against weaker nations in Latin America. He had to rely for defense of his imperialist policy upon the puppets of the vassal governments, maintained in power through armed intervention of the United States. Dr. Maximo Zepeda, selected by American imperialism to represent the spurious government of Nicaragua, defended the policies of his master. His grovelling was equalled by the performance of the Haitian delegates, while the rarest exhibition of crawling before imperialist despotism was given by Dr. Orestes Ferrara, Cuban ambassador to Washington, who said:

"Intervention in Cuba is a word of glory and justice. In my country intervention means independence."

Speaking directly for the vassal government of Moncada, the murderer of the Cuban working class, and indirectly for the sugar trust, the American tobacco trust and the Wall Street bankers, this creature pays homage to the tyrant. To him intervention means the right to play the role of hired murderer of his own people.

Even against the most mild form of attack the defenders of American intervention were obviously on the defensive. But the representatives of Mexico, the Argentine and Salvador miserably failed to take advantage of the situation and follow up the defense of the interventionist policy by Wall Street's array of lackeys with a smashing offensive against the entire Pan-American Union, brand it as a fraud, sinister agency of imperialist butchery, withdraw from and issue a call for an anti-imperialist bloc of Latin American nations against the United States. Their failure to take such action only aids the imperialist conspiracies.

The opening of the third week of the Havana conference confirms the conviction that the only effective method of fighting American interventionist policy in Latin America is to destroy the Pan-American Union and organize the nations for organized resistance to Wall Street policy. This will be realized only through the exploited masses of workers and peasants waging a relentless anti-imperialist struggle against their oppressors. This is the path to liberation indicated by the Communist Parties of the southern republics and the path that history itself has placed upon the order of the day.

Burning MacDonald in Effigy in India

The masses of Bombay, India, who declared a general strike and demonstrated in the streets against the arrival of the British Royal Commission headed by Sir John Simon, showed a high degree of political intelligence by burning in effigy as enemies of the colonial peoples Premier Baldwin, Lord Birkenhead and J. Ramsey MacDonald—the three outstanding individuals who personify the British imperialist united front against the working class in the home country and the workers and peasants of the colonial and semi-colonial empire of Britain.

The commission, headed by Simon, is composed entirely of agents of imperialism. It announces as its purpose an "investigation of India's fitness for the extension of self-government," but is recognized as a fake move to endeavor to fasten more firmly upon the millions of India the grip of imperialist tyranny.

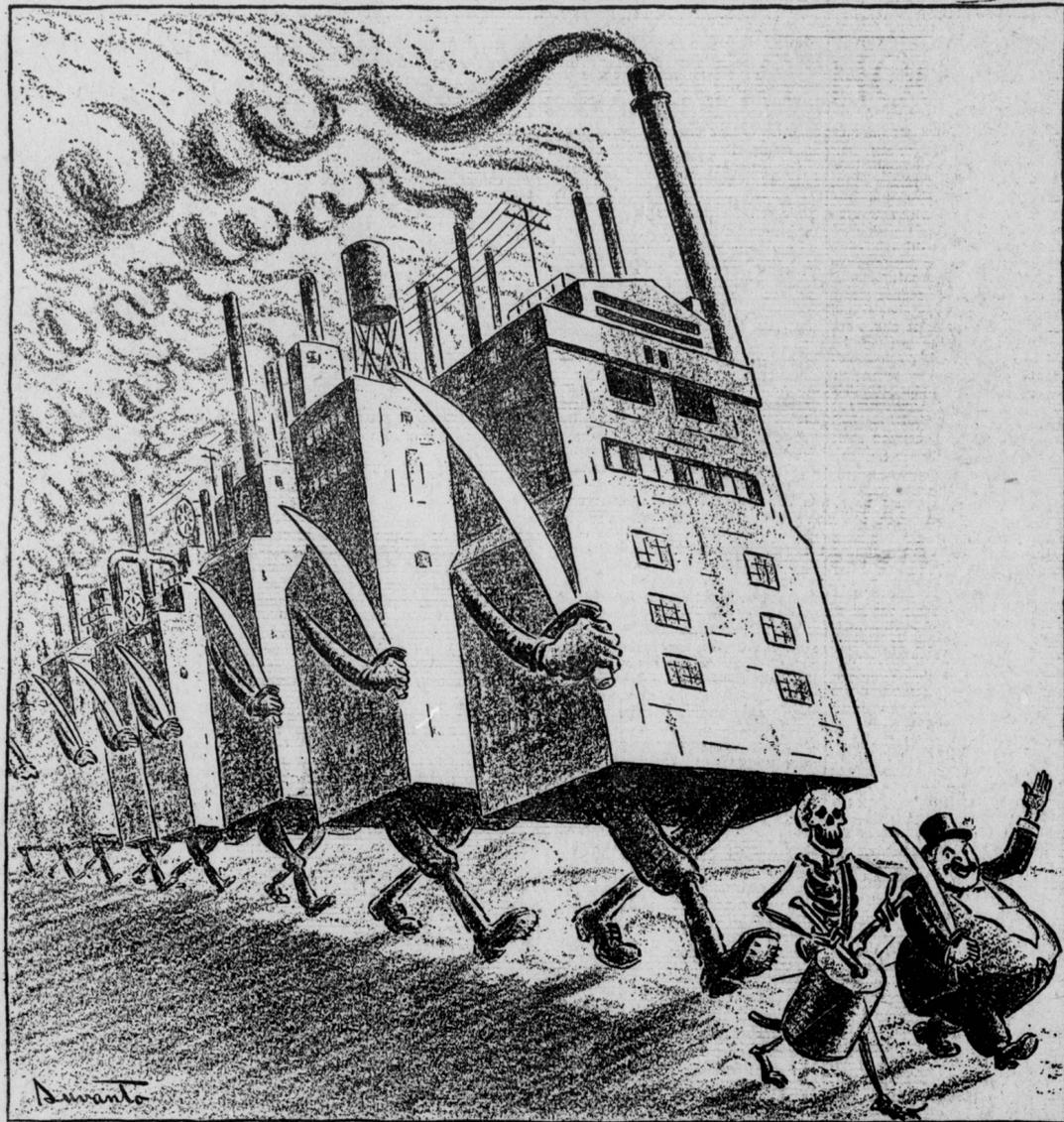
The mission also has deep historical significance. It is indicative of the fact that the seething masses of India are developing that cohesiveness, that concentration of force that will soon challenge the power of Britain. Probably the Simon commission will try to bribe whole strata of the native population and devise other means of prolonging its rule. In spite of a strict censorship news from India frequently gives us a glimpse of the widespread unrest of the masses; ever larger armed forces are required to hold in subjection the population of this, the backbone of the British empire. The masses of India know that it is this gathering storm of rebellion against their age-long servitude that has brought the Simon commission whose job it is to try to devise a means of continuing its rule.

That Ramsey MacDonald was included with Birkenhead and Baldwin as objects of mass fury is characteristic of the colonial countries whose labor organizations have grown out of the struggle against the imperialist exploiters, rather than in the peaceful, pre-war development of capitalism. It indicates also the fact that in all such countries the labor movement takes revolutionary forms from the beginning, as is the case in China.

The temporary stabilization of the old world, already badly battered by events in China, by the Vienna insurrection of last summer, by the growing economic crisis in relation to debt and reparations settlements, is due to receive a smashing blow in the distant future from India.

This situation demands close study and preparation for action on the part of the workers of the United States. Let no one for a moment imagine that the Wall Street government, involved financially, as it is in every part of the old world, will stand idly by while the colonial world bursts into anti-imperialist flames. Despite its great rivalry with Britain in every part of the world, it will unite, as capitalist despots always unite, in face of the common enemy. Of course, in such unity each power will strive for advantage over the other, in order to be in a position more effectively to resume the fight between rival imperialisms.

Workers everywhere will support the masses of India in their fight against the tory united front extending from Baldwin to MacDonald.



The speed-up systems in American factories have put the workers in the same position as soldiers. The militarization of industry has been completed.

IS BIG CAPITAL OPPOSING HOOVER?

By H. M. WICKS.

THE official republican machine in New York state, the Hilles-Morris combination, has again raised the slogan of "draft Coolidge in 1928." Immediately the kept press of the country, especially a large section of the republican press, claimed to see in this action a move against the candidacy of Mr. Herbert Hoover, secretary of commerce in the Coolidge cabinet. No doubt a number of these editors and other publicists actually believe this to indicate anti-Hoover sentiment in spite of the fact that Hoover has the complete support of the Mellon-Coolidge administration.

Even the Herald-Tribune, official republican organ of Wall Street, joins in the general attempt to conceal the fact that Hoover is the outstanding Wall Street candidate for the republican nomination by declaring that if the supporters of Hoover fall in line with the movement to draft Coolidge it is then certain that Coolidge will be nominated on "the initial ballot." The real import of the action of the official republican machine of New York state is to be sought in the fact that the candidacy of Hoover has gained such headway and is so obviously supported by the blackest forces of American imperialism, as well as by the overwhelming majority of Wall Street politicians, that something must be quickly done to prevent the Hoover boom spending its force before June, when the nominating convention will be held.

Washington observers have for a long time been warning the administration that the Hoover drive was started too soon; that Hoover is too far ahead of the field for his own good. Hence some sort of fictitious opposition had to be created, which accounts for the sudden action of the Hilles-Morris machine in New York state.

The maneuver has worked to perfection. All the political writers of all shades who furnish "information" for the kept press are loudly shouting that the New York machine issued the "draft Coolidge" slogan as a move against Hoover, because the secretary of commerce is opposed by some of the great financial interests of New York who back the state republican machine controlled by National Committeeman Charles D. Hilles and State Chairman George Morris. This sort of clap-trap will help Hoover in the west, middle-west and south, and will permit the local politicians of the political hinterland to climb on the Hoover band-wagon without losing prestige at home. The so-called liberal Scripps-Howard chain of papers are diligently aiding this illusion and boosting the Hoover campaign.

A second maneuver to prevent the Hoover campaign seeming to have the

unanimous support of the Wall Street gang and their political henchmen is the news dispatches describing the fury of certain state political leaders because Hoover has not called them in and tried to "make political bargains" with them. The press reports that in the eastern states the Hoover movement is receding because of this.

Never in all the idiotic history of American political maneuvering has there been such an obvious campaign in behalf of a certain candidate, than is now being waged for Hoover. The alleged complaints of the politicians also make good publicity among those who look with disfavor upon the expert manipulators of slush funds and who still vividly recall the antics of the Ohio gang in 1920, the heroes of "revelry" in the Harding-Coolidge-Fall - Denby - Daugherty - Mellon-Hoover cabinet.

There is no question that all of the sinister, labor-hating, blood-streaked assassins of the working class are behind the Hoover campaign. His only opponent is Vice President Charles G. Dawes, whose stalking horse in the middle-west is the corruptionist, Frank O. Lowden, war governor of the state of Illinois. But while Dawes has but one stalking horse, Hoover has many. Senator Willis of Ohio, in office by virtue of the Harding-Daugherty "Ohio gang," is a "favorite son" candidate who at the proper time in the convention will throw his support to the chief Wall Street candidate who, unless the movement unexpectedly collapses before June, will be Hoover. Another active Hoover stalking horse is the monster, Governor Alvan T. Fuller of Massachusetts, who, with his hands dripping with the blood of Sacco and Vanzetti, will have the unanimous support of the republican delegates of that state. After perfunctorily voting on early ballots for Fuller, they will shift their votes to Hoover.

Even the New York delegation, because of its notorious record as agents of Wall Street, may not go instructed to vote for Hoover, because their support before the convention might harm his chances in other states. It is not unlikely that the New York gang might make a gesture to draft Coolidge, but in the last analysis, in the final voting they will be behind Hoover to a man, because Hoover is the candidate chosen by the imperialist butchers to head the republican ticket in 1928.

Just as the kept press worked overtime to create the Coolidge myth of a strong, silent man, so the same aggregation is now busy trying to make one of the most vicious reactionary imperialist tools in the world appear as an independent thinker, liberal statesman and hard-working in-

dustrial engineer who has no patience with the ordinary ways of politicians.

Hoover is not an ordinary politician, in the ward-heeling sense that Coolidge, Daugherty, Fall, Denby, Al. Smith, Jim Reed, Lowden, are politicians. He is a cosmopolitan, an international politician, whose imprint is left upon the exploited victims of imperialism in every continent of the globe. He has served in many capacities from industrial engineer to advisor to the brigands of the Versailles peace, in many climes, under many flags, but always an agent of the black emblem of imperialism.

That Hoover, the cosmopolitan imperialist, and Al. Smith, the Tammany darling of Wall Street should be the outstanding candidates at this moment for the nominations as presi-

dent on the two major political parties—the republican and democratic—is indicative of the trend of the times. And a warning to the working class that nothing but the most savage repression can be expected from either of these old parties. Only a decisive break with these parties of imperialism, only a complete abandonment of the treacherous policy of the labor fakers who advocate rewarding friends and punishing enemies in the ranks of the old parties can benefit the masses of useful members of this society, the workers and farmers. The drive for the labor party, as consistently advocated by the Workers (Communist) Party, must be intensified so that in 1928 the capitalist class parties can be challenged by a working class party.

What Must You Do to Become a Workers Party Member

By ANTHONY BIMBA.

The Workers (Communist) Party is in the midst of the Lenin-Ruthenberg membership drive. Our goal in this campaign is to get 5,000 new members.

The purpose of this brief article is to focus the attention of our sympathizers toward our Lenin-Ruthenberg drive. We want to talk to these workers who number many thousands, openly and frankly. From actual experience, from coming into contact with them, I know that many of our sympathizers are fit to be members of the Communist Party and would join its ranks, but only one reason prevents them from taking that step: they think that they are already Communists and do exactly the same work and carry on exactly the same duties as the members of our Party. They say, "Are we not supporting the campaigns of the Communist Party? Are we not taking part in these campaigns? Don't we fight shoulder to shoulder with you against the misleaders and labor fakers in the trade union movement? Don't we read your papers and gladly help them to exist? What else do you do? What more do you want from us? What other functions do the members of the Party, as Communists, perform in this country?"

More Is Desired. The Workers (Communist) Party is glad to have your support. We are proud of our sympathizers. We need more of them. There can be no mass Communist Party without tens of thousands of its sympathizers and supporters. To the extent that a Party can attract workers under its influence and political leadership, only to that extent can it function as a mass organization and become a pow-

er in the class struggle. Our aim is always threefold: to arouse the widest masses to fight for their class interests, to attract the more advanced section of the working class under our direct political influence and make them our sympathizers, and to bring as many as possible of the most revolutionary workers into our Party.

But it is absolutely wrong for a revolutionary worker to remain only a sympathizer of a revolutionary party forever. Being a sympathizer and supporter of the Party must not be a cause for not becoming its member. I know that there are some, I do not know how many, who are exactly in that state of mind. Some of our very best sympathizers, very best revolutionary workers, the most courageous fighters, have worked themselves into this peculiar and erroneous conception of the duties and role of the Communists and are satisfied to remain outside of the Party ranks. This is especially true concerning our many sympathizers among the foreign-born workers. Since the Party has been reorganized and there is a language difficulty, these workers make no effort to join the Party because they are convinced that they are as good Bolsheviks without being members of the Party.

Should Be a Member. Every sympathizer of the Communist movement should ask himself this question: Can I be a Communist without being a member of the Communist Party? There can be only one answer: "No." You may call yourself a Communist (and many do), you may feel that you are one, but really you are not. I don't want to leave an impression that membership in the Party alone makes one a Communist. That would be wrong. Besides being a

member, one must also be an active revolutionary fighter in the class struggle. But what I do maintain is this: every real Communist must be a member of the Communist Party.

Without a Communist Party there can be no Communist movement, no real revolutionary struggle. The Workers (Communist) Party is conducting the present membership drive not on abstract principles and conceptions, but rather on actual work and struggles. In the campaigns for the relief of the miners, for protection of the foreign-born, for a labor party, for amalgamation of the trade unions, for the liberation of the political prisoners, for the defense of the Soviet Union, and in the fight against the danger of the new war and against American imperialism, our Communist Party is the leader. But let us assume that every member of our Party would think the same way as many of our nearest sympathizers do—that it is possible to be a Bolshevik without joining the Bolshevik Party—what would happen? There would be no Party, nobody to organize and lead the struggles in this country against capitalism, no campaigns, no revolutionary movement, and of course, nothing to sympathize with. Because we have a group of workers who understand the role of a revolutionary Communist Party in the class struggle, we have today the Workers (Communist) Party and the Communist movement.

Necessity For Labor. The strengthening of the Communist Party of America has become the greatest necessity of the entire labor movement. Every revolutionary worker can easily see that our labor movement is pushed against the Wall. It is in the process of disintegration. The very existence of the trade unions is in danger; the bourgeoisie is carrying on the most open and systematic offensive to crush them. The life of the United Mine Workers of America is at stake. Open the pages of the history of the class struggle in this country and you will find example after example where the labor movement had been completely smashed, the trade unions wiped out of existence, and only after a long period the workers would again begin to gather their forces together, to organize themselves and take up the struggle against the bourgeoisie once more. We are today on the verge of such a complete annihilation of our labor movement.

How and who can stop this disintegration? Who can defeat the conspiracy of the ruling class against the organized workers? Will the present leadership of the trade unions undertake this task? Will the socialist party act as the center of the workers' stand against the onslaught upon the trade unions? I am sure that no sympathizer of our movement can believe in such a miracle.

Communists Only Force. There is only one force in the working class of this country that can and will have to perform the mission of rallying the workers against the capitalist offensive. That is the Workers (Communist) Party. But as it is now, it is too weak to grapple effectively with the great tasks before it. Its ranks are too small. We are too few. That is the reason why we want to get into our ranks every revolutionary worker. Five thousand new members for the Communist Party would be the greatest blow to the forces working for the disintegration and destruction of the labor movement.

Therefore, we ask and appeal to our sympathizers to join our ranks, to become an integral part of our movement and become Communists in the real sense of the word—soldiers in the great struggle to save the labor movement, to repulse the capitalist offensive and to make further advance in the direction of the proletarian revolution which will eventually usher in a working class rule in America.