

CYCLONE BRINGS DEATH TO WORKERS AND FARMERS, MAKES THOUSANDS HOMELESS



Cyclonic winds, tearing a path 200 miles wide thru Ohio and Kentucky, killed one worker, injured 30 more, and smashed hundreds of farms and flimsily constructed houses in working class sections along the Ohio River. Photo at left shows havoc wreaked on workers' homes in Cincinnati where 16 were injured. Wrecked homes in Louisville, are shown to the right. The poor homes that workers have to live in crash first in tornados.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

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I. R. T. INJUNCTION SUIT TO BE HEARD IN COURT TODAY

Traction Barons' Right to Enforce "Yellow Dog" Contract Fundamental Issue

Underpaid, Overworked Workers Demand More Militant Action by Union Officials

Argument on the application of the Interborough Rapid Transit Co. for an injunction against the 3,000,000 members of the American Federation of Labor is scheduled to begin today in Part 12, Supreme Court, before Justice Wasservogel. Whether the American Federation of Labor may again become an agency for carrying on the struggle for an improvement in the workers' conditions or whether it will end its present down-hill course in abject surrender, as the official labor organization of this country, will be indicated at least in part in the present injunction case, competent observers believe.

Practically every right which organized labor has won during the last half-century of struggle is at stake in this hearing. The I. R. T. specifically aims to make it a criminal act for the Amalgamated Traction Workers' Union or any other union affiliated with the A. F. of L. to attempt to organize the New York traction workers. The trade union movement will be outlawed if the I. R. T. succeeds.

Justice Wasservogel is to decide likewise on the question of the legality of the "yellow dog" contract, the issue between the company union and the legitimate union and on the question of the spy system which forms the main support of the Interborough company union.

Announcement was made yesterday at the headquarters of the Amalgamated Union, Continental Hotel, Broadway and 41st St., that the legality of the individual "yellow dog" contract would form the center of attack by the Amalgamated counsel.

As a result of the long standing engagement on the legal field the whole issue has been sidetracked into technicalities, it is pointed out. The attempt of the Amalgamated to base its whole case on legal technicalities, observers state, can result only in

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Many Are Jobless in N. Y. Clothing Trade

That the present season in the clothing trade is one of the worst in years, from the standpoint of employment, is confirmed from many reliable sources.

Production for the new year is generally in full swing at this time. This year, however, greater unemployment is evident.

Since the cutters in the trade are the first to be employed at the beginning of a new season, they are a good barometer of conditions. Widespread unemployment exists among them now.

Hoover Refuses to Give Stand on Labor

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Herbert Hoover, looming as the probable nominee of the republican convention for the presidency, is silent on all labor issues, and especially on the injunction issue. Labor officials, who still believe the material conditions of the workers are the result of the work of individuals, will try to make him commit himself definitely, before the campaign has progressed much farther, as to whether he is with the bosses or with the workers.



Herbert Hoover well-known about

RAID COLORADO STRIKE MEETING

Wholesale Arrests; Jail Frank Palmer Again

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 22.—The militia again raided a miners' meeting in Lafayette Friday night, in spite of Governor Adams' promise that he would issue orders that such interference be stopped, and arrested Frank Palmer, whose articles on the Colorado strike have frequently appeared in THE DAILY WORKER.

Prohibit Meetings.

The militia officers declare that Palmer was arrested because he pointed out the governor's relationship to the strike, and his acts against the strikers in his Lafayette speech, but it was very apparent that he had been slated for arrest and was picked up on his first appearance in the northern field there after having left Walsenburg where he witnessed the lawless shooting by state police into the peaceful parade of miners there.

The mayor of Florence has issued an edict prohibiting strike meetings, after the example of Mayor Pritchard of Walsenburg, and still piping the little czars of the southern coal towns, has been declared a virtual dictator by the city council, which gives him authority to grant or withhold permission for all public meetings, and prohibits those which do not get his consent.

The miners are determined to have their meetings anyway, and one will be held this afternoon in the ball park.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Jan. 22.—Forty men have been arrested by the sheriff, without warrant, within the last few days.

TRINIDAD, Colo., Jan. 22.—In this chief hold of the Rockefeller's Colorado Fuel and Iron Co., the industrial commission will begin hearings Monday. The miners do not expect that the employers will be able to present any other evidence than that of their bosses.

99 JOIN PARTY AT DETROIT MEETING

DETROIT, Jan. 22.—99 new members joined the Workers (Communist) Party in the big Lenin memorial meeting at Arena Gardens here, Sunday afternoon, after an appeal by Bertram D. Wolfe.

More than two thousand workers present demanded recognition of the Union of Socialist Workers Republics by the United States government. All present pledged themselves never to raise a gun against the workers and peasants' army of the Soviet Union and to defend the workers republic with all their power.

FEAR LOCUST PLAGUE.

JERUSALEM, Jan. 22.—The plague of locusts which were reported to be pupating on the Sudan-Egypt border are on their way to Palestine, it is feared.

SANDINO STILL ALIVE, FIGHTING ON!

Federal Injunction Prohibits Picketing Scab Mines

OHIO COMPANIES AND GOVERNMENT STRIKEBREAKING

Sweeping Court Order Outlaws the Strike

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 22.—In an attempt to cripple strikers' resistance as the eastern Ohio coal operators prepare to resume operations, Federal Judge Benson W. Hough has granted a sweeping preliminary federal injunction to take effect this morning, completely outlawing all picketing and all strike action.

The injunction was granted after a conference between U. S. Marshall Stanley Bothwick and A. C. Roberts, an official of the Rush Run Mine of the Youghiougheny and Ohio Coal Company at Rayland, Jefferson Co. This mine was closed down Saturday by marching miners.

The injunction was requested by the Warner Collieries and Youghiougheny and Ohio Company claiming that "the situation is out of the control of local authorities" and that "Federal action is necessary for the protection of mine property." It restrains strikers from gathering or loitering in groups or crowds or picket file formation about mines or

(Continued on Page Two)

REVIVE ANCIENT "FREIHEIT" SUIT

Lucy Robins, a publicity agent, and Harry Lang, former labor editor of the Jewish "Forward," have renewed their three-year-old libel suit against the "Freiheit," Jewish Communist daily.

The extent to which their honor was damaged by two articles appearing in the "Freiheit" in February, 1925, they say is no less than \$400,000. Melich Epstein, as editor, and the Freiheit Publishing Association must appear in the supreme court this morning to answer to the charge of having criticized the plaintiffs for participating in certain lot selling enterprises.

AID SANDINO ENLISTMENT.

BOGOTA, Colombia, Jan. 22.—A committee has been formed here to aid young men desirous of enlisting in the Liberal Nicaraguan army of General Augustino Sandino to reach the Liberal headquarters. The committee is calling the Latin American youth to fight against "armed intervention by the United States in Nicaragua."

NEW SHOE WORKERS' UNION FORMED

Announce Intensive Organization Drive Among Thousands

Calling upon all shoe workers to unite under the banner of honest rank and file trade unionism, the newly reorganized Associated Shoe & Slipper Workers of America Saturday launched a drive for the organization of the thousands of unorganized shoe and slipper workers of the city.

Before taking the final step in the formation of an independent union, the announcement states, the Associated Shoe & Slipper Workers weighed carefully the question of joining the Boot & Shoe Workers Union, the organization affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

23,000 WORKERS AT LENIN MEMORIAL

Resolution of Comradeship Sent to Nicaraguan Army

One of the biggest labor demonstrations in the history of New York took place at Madison Square Garden, New York, Saturday night when 23,000 workers, assembled to honor the memory of Lenin, shouted unanimously accord to the proposal to send a telegram of revolutionary greeting to Augustino Sandino, leader of the Nicaraguan army now fighting against the invasion by American marines. The large hall shook with a pandemonium of cheers, sweeping thru the packed lower floor and echoing from the massed thousands in the two galleries.

When a jeweled sword, relic of the revolutionary struggle for the creation of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics was unshathed and held aloft by the chairman, William Weinstone, after being presented officially to the Workers (Communist) Party of America by two representatives of the recent rank and file trade union delegation which visited the Soviet Union, again the demonstration reached a climax which will long be remembered in the history of New York labor.

The sword, a gift from the Transcaucasian Socialist Soviet Republic, was formally accepted in the name of the Workers (Communist) Party of America by Jay Lovestone, executive secretary of the Party.

Token of Victory.

"There could be no more fitting occasion for the presentation of a sword from the victorious workers of the Soviet Union," said Lovestone, in accepting the sword from William G. Hearing, president of the Central Labor Union of Stamford, Conn., and Edward Condino, of Illinois, of the United Mine Workers of America. "We accept it as a token of the victory to be won by the working class of the United States after the overthrow of capitalism."

Before delivering the sword Hearing and Condino recited the circumstances under which they received it.

"International" Sung.

They told how when in the Transcaucasian Republic they visited one of the revolutionary museums where the sword was on display. "When we showed our interest in it," said Hearing, "we were urged to take it to America and present it to the Workers' Party."

When Weinstone took the sword out of the sheath the entire audience rose and sang "The International."

Lovestone told how when he was in the Soviet Union he visited the tomb of Lenin. "I was asked by one of the Red Soldiers on guard," continued the speaker, "whom I believed to be the greatest American that ever lived. My answer was that the



GEN. SANDINO.

greatest American that ever lived was Vladimir Ilyitch Lenin."

3,000,000 Jobless.

William Z. Foster, member of the Party's political committee and secretary of the Trade Union Educational League, pointed out that the trade unions of the United States have been losing position during the last few years.

"The so-called labor leaders," he continued, "are working hand and glove with the bosses and the government against the workers."

Foster then pointed out that the United Mine Workers' Union, the largest in America, has been broken by the policy pursued by John L. Lewis.

"He has destroyed the union in the key districts of Ohio and Pennsylvania," he added.

After saying that more than 3,000,000 in the United States are now jobless, Foster made a plea for the formation of a labor party to fight for the rights of the workers.

Robert Minor, editor of THE DAILY WORKER, pointed out that Lenin was the greatest leader of the workers in their fight for power. "He knew how to transform the imperialist war into a class war," continued Minor, "and successfully to lead the revolutionary struggle which founded the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. Another world war is coming. When the time arrives we must raise Lenin's slogan: 'Turn the imperialist war between nations into a class war against the capitalists' rule.' The next world war will result in the formation of several new Soviet Republics on the ruins of capitalist states."

"If you want to honor Lenin, join his party, and we will organize a Socialist Soviet Republic in America in the years to come!"

In opening the meeting Weinstone, district organizer of the New York district of the Workers (Communist) Party, said, "In commemorating the death of Lenin we will not mourn or weep. Lenin was a fighter. We pro-

test against the ruthless suppression of the Nicaraguan independence movement and demand the immediate withdrawal of battleships and marines. We pledge support to Gen. Sandino and hope that he may be victorious in his fight against Wall Street rule."

John Williamson, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, told of Lenin's attitude towards war. "If we do not reach the youth with our message," said Williamson, "they will become the basis of an American fascist organization."

Chinese Speaker Cheered.

P. T. Lau, of the Hands Off China Committee, Philadelphia, was the next speaker. When introduced by Weinstone he was greeted by tremendous applause.

Lau told of the memorial meeting held in Canton, China, four years ago when Lenin died. Also how Sun Yat-sen, the founder of the Chinese Nationalist movement, paid homage to Lenin and urged his followers to follow his teachings.

"The temporary defeat of the Chinese revolution," continued Lau, "is evidence that any deviation from Leninism spells failure to revolution. Sun Yat-sen learned from Lenin that the imperialists are the greatest enemies of the Chinese masses, the militarists only being their pawns."

When Lau finished his speech a resolution was passed unanimously to demand the withdrawal of United States battleships and marines from China.

M. J. Olgin, member of the Central Committee, Workers (Communist) Party and editor of "The Hammer," Jewish Communist monthly, said that Lenin was "buried four years ago but is still alive in the historical events of the last four years. Lenin lives in the Chinese revolution, in the dissatisfaction of millions of colonial peoples. Lenin lives with the small group of patriots in Nicaragua under General Sandino; Lenin lives in the struggle of the miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado!"

During Lovestone's speech 20 mem-

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CLERKS' UNION GAINS MEMBERS

Successful results of the organization drive now being conducted by the Retail Grocery & Dairy Clerks' Union are seen in the signing up by this union of a number of previously unorganized shops, according to an announcement made by officers of the union Saturday.

Wages Increased.

Three branch grocery stores of the firm of Klappow Bros., 963 E. 180th St., 3424 Jerome Ave. and 206 E. 198th St., in which over a dozen workers are employed have been signed up. Wages in these stores have been increased from \$30 to \$40 and from \$35 to \$45 for two grades of workers employed. Hours have been reduced from 12 to 9 per day.

Injunction Against Workers.

The United Hebrew Trades has at last succeeded in securing a temporary injunction against the union, it was announced Saturday. With the cooperation of the Hebrew Grocers' Association of Brownsville, M. Feinstein, secretary of the United Hebrew Trades, secured an order in Part 1, Supreme Court, Brooklyn, before Justice Dunn, preventing the clerks' union from continuing organizing work. At least a dozen such previous attempts had failed.

GATHERS FORCES FOR NEW DRIVE ON U. S. MARINES

American Marines in a New Bomb Attack

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Jan. 22.—That the reports of Sandino's death are false and that the revolutionary leader still continues the struggle for Nicaraguan independence was definitely ascertained today when it was learned that marines had captured letters signed by Sandino since last Saturday, when the revolutionary stronghold at El Chipote was bombarded.

It is generally believed that Sandino is quietly gathering his forces in preparation for a new offensive against the marines. Although there have been many rumors that he was wounded in the marines attack, no information has been received here to verify the story.

Reports that the revolutionary forces have been driven across the Honduran border were proved false when marine planes which attempted to bomb El Chipote yesterday were met with rifle and machine gun fire.

Machine forces were also attacked by the revolutionists near Telpaneca yesterday.

URGES UNION OF LATIN AMERICA

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Jan. 22.—Attacking President Coolidge's speech at the Pan-American conference as an empty formality, Dr. Terra, president of the chamber of deputies, declared that "no fraternization among nations" was possible as long as the United States continued its "war against a defenseless people."

Dr. Terra declared that the Nicaraguan situation should be brought before the Havana conference and urged that all Latin-American delegates

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Women's "Peace" Meet Ignores Nicaragua War

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 (FP).—Resolutions adopted by the Third Conference on the Cause and Cure of War, led by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, and representing nine large national organizations of women, ignored the American conquest of Nicaragua.

A group of Cuban women had sent to this conference a cablegram: "We associate ourselves with you in protest against war in Nicaragua and also in your work for peace." Instead of adopting resolutions condemning the Nicaraguan slaughter, the conference sent a reply, expressing their desire to help in the development of mutual understanding between the United States and all Latin-American countries. This was simply a paraphrase of President Coolidge's speech at Havana.



Carrie Catt

Evades U. S. War "We associate ourselves with you in protest against war in Nicaragua and also in your work for peace." Instead of adopting resolutions condemning the Nicaraguan slaughter, the conference sent a reply, expressing their desire to help in the development of mutual understanding between the United States and all Latin-American countries. This was simply a paraphrase of President Coolidge's speech at Havana.

U. S. Judge Issues Union-Smashing Injunction Against Ohio Mine Workers

STRIKE ACTION IS MADE ILLEGAL BY SWEEPING EDICT

Ruling Follows Meet With Mine Officials

(Continued from Page One)
property of the companies, or on the public highroads or right of way of railroads, and also from the "use of vile or opprobrious language or insulting words," and especially from the use of the words "scab" and "rat" toward employees of the companies.

United States Marshall Borthwick is ordered by the judge to carry out the instructions in the injunction and to hire any assistants or deputies he thinks necessary to keep the situation well in hand and prevent violations of the injunction.

Covers Three Counties.

The injunction covers the mines in each of three counties of Subdistrict 5: Crabapple Mine No. 1, near Fairpoint, Belmont County; Hopedale Mine, Harrison County; and Tiltonville and Rush Run Mines in Jefferson County. It is specifically directed against Joe Kovalsky, John Edwards, and John Cipriani, officials of Local 2247, United Mine Workers of America; Joe Klejko and Joe Kolis of Local 1042 and William Brown and George Bucey of Local 531.

Sheriff William T. Allison is touring the coalfields making a personal investigation into the coal strike situation in Jefferson County, which he claims is reported to him by his deputies as, "the worst in the county's history." He is giving special attention to mines reported ready for opening and to Rush Run, the scene of the miners' march.

HOUSTON CHOICE A SMITH TACTIC

HOUSTON, Texas, Jan. 22.—Opinion here about the handing of the democratic convention over to this city, in spite of all glee of the real estate owners and hotel keepers, is that it is a clever move to put Smith over. The Texas favorite son is Governor Dan Moody, a dry.

Some see a compromise, after the visitors have overwhelmed the home guard, in which Moody will get the vice-presidency nomination and the party will appeal to both the northern dries and the southern wets.

Jersey Workers Plan Miners' Relief Drive

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 22.—Local 899, International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers of this city, has appointed a committee to collect food and clothing for the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio. A check from the local has already been sent. Permission has been granted the Central Labor Union of Hudson County to solicit food, clothing and funds for the striking miners' families in the public schools for the children of the striking miners.

Workers Getting Wise

BAYONNE, N. J., Jan. 22.—Workers in the huge Tidewater Oil plant here are getting wise to the company insurance scheme. In 1927 but \$13,882 was paid by the workers for company insurance, as compared to \$29,661 in 1926.

Try Priest for Spying

ROME, Jan. 22.—The trial of Skalsky, Roman Catholic prelate, who is charged with carrying espionage for Poland, will take place tomorrow. Skalsky is charged with sending military information across the border.

Foreign Born Victims

Poverty forces the children of foreign-born workers to the streets, where jazz, lurid movies and gutter speech isolates them from their parents, says Mrs. Dorothy Spicer Fraser, authority on the home life of the foreign-born in America.

Leaders of Prisoners' Mutiny Sacrifice Selves for Comrades



Six men, are said to be leaders in the Thanksgiving uprising forced upon the prisoners of Folsom Penitentiary, California, by the horrible conditions there under the tyrannous rule of Warden Court Smith, have taken full responsibility for the affair, and are being tried for their lives. Arrow points to the six heroic leaders. Folsom prison houses Warren K. Billings, a class war prisoner, co-defendant with Tom Mooney in the frame-up that followed the "Preparedness Day" bomb explosion in 1916.

BILLS FOR HELP OF FARMERS DOOMED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Bills proposing an increase in tariff rates for the benefit of agriculture will be smothered in the Ways and Means Committee unless a change in front of the house leadership occurs. Speaker Longworth, leader of the republican anti-farm relief membership of the house, is greatly concerned by the announced determination of farm bloc members to act in concert with the democrats to secure passage of farm relief measures. Bills by Representative Dickinson of Iowa and Selbig of Minnesota, the latter seeking higher duties for dairy and poultry products, flaxseed, potatoes and hay, were offered yesterday.

Uruguay Leader Scores War on Nicaragua; Urges Union

(Continued from Page One)
gates withdraw if the question were barred. He urged the immediate formation of a Latin-American league as a defense against the United States. The United States would be less ready to exploit the peoples of Latin-America, he said, if confronted with a solid Latin-American bloc.

HAVANA, Jan. 22.—The Mexican delegation surprised the Pan-American conference yesterday when it made known its intention of proposing that the chairmanship of the Pan-American Union go to the 21 member nations by rotation instead of being confined to the secretary of State of the United States.

The Mexican delegation, it is also understood, objects to having United States citizens permanently occupying the post of director-general of the union.

The move came as a surprise in view of the agreement which President Calles is believed to have reached with United States Ambassador Dwight W. Morrow. Calles was reported several weeks ago to have assured the United States ambassador to Mexico that the Mexican delegation to the Havana conference would bring up no issues that would "embarrass" the United States.

A hypocritical promise that the United States would "soon retire from Nicaragua" is the dominant note in the speech made by Charles Evans Hughes, head of the United States delegation at Havana, at a dinner given by the American Chamber of Commerce at Havana for the United States delegation, according to reports received here. Sarcastic references to the fact that similar promises "to retire" from the Philippine Islands "as soon as possible" were made to the Filipinos more than twenty-five years ago, are freely made by lesser lights of the conference who are unwilling to be quoted.

Hinting at the wide-spread protest against the exclusion of Dr. Hundecourt, Haitian independence delegate from the conference where he had in Haiti by U. S. marines, Hughes said, tended to protest the occupation of "We would leave Haiti any time we had reasonable expectations of stability and could be assured that withdrawal would not be occasion for the recurrence of bloodshed."

Hughes gave the invitation of the American-controlled Diaz regime as

Sablich Appeals to Typographical Union

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 (FP).—Milka Sablich, 19-year-old "Joan of Arc" of the Colorado coal strike, spoke on the need for help for the strikers, at a meeting of workers in Typographical Temple, Washington, Jan. 19, under the auspices of the Intl. Workers' Relief. She sprang into fame in the first days of the present bitter conflict in the Colorado coal field, by her determined defiance of company guards and state police who sought to intimidate and arrest pickets. Her flaming red waist was seen in the front ranks of the strikers day after day, until she was clubbed and arrested and held for trial under \$1,200 bail.

Before returning in February to face a court which has been most pliant in meeting the operators' wishes, she will have raised a considerable sum to feed the families of the strikers.

PULLMAN PORTERS THREATEN STRIKE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A strike of the Brotherhood of Pullman Porters will take place if no satisfactory results arise from the conference now being held in this city before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Adopting a policy of attacking the tipping practice which the negro porters are forced to follow in order to make a living wage, the porters' union is seeking an increase in pay.

The union sets forth that the tipping practice violates sections of the Interstate Commerce Act in that passengers are induced to pay additional charges to those marked on their tickets.

Living Wage Asked.
The Pullman Company now pays the porters about \$72.50 a month and expects that they will be able to pick up a sufficient remainder for a living wage. The union is bitterly opposed to this practice. It is also seeking to improve other conditions among the workers.

The Pullman Company has refused to deal with the union in violation of the existing railroad labor law. It has also established a company union. The porters are fighting for recognition as their chief aim.

Always Less Wages for Anthracite Miners

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—The size and number of pay envelopes disbursed by anthracite coal operators is continuously decreasing.

This was made known when the statistics of the Anthracite Bureau of Information were made public. The statistical survey showed that wage payments last month decreased 13.9 per cent as compared with the preceding month, also that they were 20 per cent less than the payments made in December 1926.

Total production of coal last year was 3,500,000 less than that of 1926. Most mines are operating only 3 or 4 days a week, and some even less.

CABINET MAKERS SUFFER
Many Aberdeen workers are being laid off as a result of the slackening in the comb making industry, despatches from there state. Aberdeen is one of the largest comb making centers in the world, but the new bob hair styles are working havoc with the trade.

FULLER BOOMED ON DEATH RECORD

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22.—An "Alvin T. Fuller for President" boom will be directed from headquarters which will be established here about February 1, according to James P. Nolan, Boston politician. This move was suspected when Governor Fuller hurriedly drew up a report which sent Sacco and Vanzetti to their death immediately after Coolidge stated that he "did not choose to run." Hints that the two Italian laborers would not die had come from Fuller's office only the day before the report was issued, according to Boston newspaper men. But Coolidge was considered in the 1928 running, at that time.

Through sacrificing the lives of the two framed workers, politicians believed Fuller would gain a reputation for "law and order" thus forcing him to the fore as a worthy successor to Coolidge who gained his notoriety by smashing the police strike in Boston.

Bomb Wrecks Home, Hurts 4

GARDEN CITY, L. I., Jan. 22.—The Curtis Aeroplane Corporation has started work on five special fighting planes, part of an order for \$250,000 worth of aviation equipment for the Army Air Corps. They will be constructed to fly at an altitude of 20,000 feet at 165 miles an hour.

More War Planes

The Curtis Aeroplane Corporation has started work on five special fighting planes, part of an order for \$250,000 worth of aviation equipment for the Army Air Corps. They will be constructed to fly at an altitude of 20,000 feet at 165 miles an hour.

Bomb Wrecks Home, Hurts 4

A bomb planted by gangsters said to be employed by ward bosses, injured Florence Bischone, 15, and three others, when the home of her father, Anthony Bischone, was wrecked in Jamaica.

BANKERS' REWARD CAUSES MURDER OF TWO MEXICANS

Consul Asks Damages; Men Shot by Police

DALLAS, Texas, Jan. 22.—Great indignation prevails among Texas people at the decision of the Texas Bankers' Association to offer a reward of \$5,000 apiece for bank robbers "dead, not alive." An attempt will be made to force the association at its annual meeting next week to change the wording, which has resulted in at least one case and probably more cases, in the deliberate murder of unoffending strangers by public officials in order to claim the reward.

R. Cantu Lara, Mexican consul at Dallas, is filing a civil suit for \$175,000 damages for the killing of Hilario Nunez and Norberto Diaz, shot dead in front of the bank at Stanton last month, by police officers who enticed them there, killed them without warning, and claimed that they were bank robbers to get the reward.

AVIATOR FREEZES TO DEATH
BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 22.—The body of Fred Hoyt, whose wrecked plane was discovered some days ago in Deep Canyon, was located yesterday. He had descended in his parachute, and froze to death.

Distress Signals Increase in Gales; Unemployed Suffer

The return of bitter weather has again added to the hardships of unemployment. Freezing weather and high winds have been felt as well by many workers with jobs, notably seamen, taxicab and truck drivers and other out-door workers.

Many vessels have sent frantic signals of distress during the last few days. Coast guard patrol vessels were called upon continuously Saturday and last night to answer S O S signals, from the southern New England coast particularly.

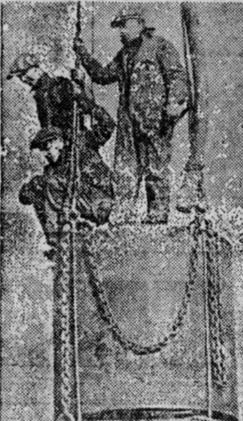
Crew Endangered.
Because of the repeated distress signals from the steamship Sebraskan, whose crew of 41 were in great danger, radio broadcasting was discontinued for 20 minutes Saturday night but resumed at 8:15 p. m.

In White Plains a heavy limb from an oak tree was blown down on a taxicab, cutting and bruising Charles Piskule, the driver. The cab was demolished. New York's lowest temperature for the week-end was 14 above.

Lodging houses are again overcrowded with unemployed men and women needing refuge.

Fisherman Dies.
BALDWIN, L. I., Jan. 22.—When the small motor launch in which two

Accident Inevitable



The diving tank shown above invented by I. M. Cottrell of Boston, remained in the bottom of Boston Harbor for 48 minutes. Note the attachment to accommodate a hose line thru which food can be lowered in case of the inevitable accident.

SENATE AGAIN CALLS SINCLAIR FOR TESTIMONY

SENATE AGAIN CALLS SINCLAIR FOR TESTIMONY

However Attorneys Say He Won't Talk

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Harry Sinclair, one of the organizers of the Continental Trading Co., which was created to collect and secret funds which were used to bribe Albert Fall, secretary of the interior in the Harding cabinet, has again been summoned to testify before the senate committee on public lands. Under the Norris resolution adopted by the senate, inquiry will be made to determine what persons received the \$3,000,000 of Liberty Bonds that disappeared when Sinclair and Standard Oil of Indiana, through their subsidiaries, closed up the Continental.

Sinclair's chief lawyer, Martin Littleton, has announced that his client will refuse to talk.

Registration Is Open At Workers School

Among the important courses added to the curriculum of the Workers' School during the past term which will be continued the coming Spring term, beginning Jan. 30, are intermediate courses, such as "Principles of Marxism," and "Elements of Leninism," as well as many courses in American history, imperialism and trade unionism. These intermediate courses are required as pre-requisites for the advanced political courses in the school.

A. Markoff will again be the instructor in the "Principles of Marxism," Tuesday evenings, while D. Benjamin will repeat his course in "Elements of Leninism" Monday evenings.

Registration for the spring term is now going on every afternoon and evening in the office of the Workers' School, Room 32, 108 E. 14th Street.

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FOREIGN NEWS --- BY CABLE AND MAIL FROM SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS

EDITOR OF CHINA PAPER IN FRISCO MAY BE DEPORTED

Authorities Attack Him as Left Winger

(Special to The Daily Worker.) SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18. (By Mail).—H. T. Tsiang, formerly editor of The Chinese Guide in America, a paper espousing the cause of the Chinese Nationalist Movement and issued by a group of Chinese students from Stanford University and the University of California, Berkeley, has been ordered deported by the Department of Immigration.

Tsiang was arrested last summer on an immigration department warrant and was at that time charged with "red" activities—these activities purporting to be advice to the Chinese in America to view the Communist movement sympathetically, and supporting the left wing of the Kuomintang in China.

Accused as "Red." The Immigration Department also charged that Tsiang had lost his standing as a student in Stanford University. The facts are that he had been granted permission by the University authorities to temporarily discontinue his studies because of ill-health and orders from his physician demanding that he take a rest. He was out of college for two months, but in May he entered the University of California for Intercession.

During the summer he was arrested by the Immigration Department charged with "red" activities and the loss of his student status. In December the Immigration Department in Washington ruled that Tsiang's student status had been lost and ordered his deportation. The charge of "red" activities which was the original cause of his arrest appears to have been dropped for the time being.

Tsiang surrendered to the Immigration Department on Monday, February 16th and incarcerated on Angel Island. His attorney, Austin Lewis, immediately applied for a writ of habeas corpus which was granted and is returnable on Saturday, January 21st. In the event that the court upholds the contention of the Immigration authorities the case will be appealed. Tsiang is a graduate of the University of Nanking, China. He entered Stanford University in the fall of 1926 for a post graduate course in International Politics. On his arrival in the United States he became associate editor of Young China, a Nationalist paper published in San Francisco advocating the position of the right wing of the Kuomintang. Later he published an editorial declaring his support of the left wing and severed his connection with Young China, and together with a group of Chinese students from Stanford and the University of California, he brought out the Chinese Guide which staunchly supported the militant section of the Chinese Nationalist movement. This paper issued a number of English supplements and endeavored to win support from the organized workers of America for the workers and peasants' movement of China.

The defense of Tsiang has been taken up by International Labor Defense which has retained Austin Lewis of San Francisco as his attorney.

Catholic for President Dodges Graft Issues

Governor Alfred E. Smith, who in the democratic race for the 1928 presidential candidacy ridiculed the two years gubernatorial term under which he was elected, in a speech last night before the New York State Bar Association. He stressed the need for a similar term for state legislators. Instead of answering charges of extravagance made by republicans as he was expected to do, Smith aired his theories of "proper" legislation. Too many "frivolous" issues and too little real business is discussed, he declared.

USSR Making Peasants Familiar With Flying

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The aeroplane of the Air and Chemical Defense Society started from Moscow on its agitational winter flight. This is one of the biggest agitational flights. It will last about 3 1/2 months. The aeroplane will descend 27 times and will visit a whole series of towns in the European part of the U. S. S. R. and also the part of West Siberia. The aeroplane will enable a whole series of towns and villages to familiarise themselves with aviation.

Dye Bosses Greet Coolidge, Back From Havana



Coolidge greets delegation of Cleaning and Dyeing bosses after his return from Havana. On left of Coolidge is W. J. Stoddard, president of the National Institute of Cleaning and Dyeing; on right is Arthur Heinz, president of the National Association of Cleaners and Dyers.

DELAY MORGAN MANCHURIA LOAN

See Move for Alliance With Chiang Kai-shek

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—As a result of the wide-spread protest against the proposed \$40,000,000 Morgan loan to the Japanese-controlled Southern Manchuria Railway, negotiated by Thomas W. Lamont several months ago, the flotation of the loan has been indefinitely postponed.

According to reports current here, Japan will attempt to secure a loan for the Manchurian railway in Great Britain. Also the state department made it clear several months ago that it would offer no objections to the Morgan loan in spite of the protest of both the Peking and Nanking governments, the growing rapprochement between Washington and the Nanking government is believed to be responsible for the postponement of the loan.

All groups in China are opposing the proposed Morgan loan as furthering Japanese designs in Manchuria and Shantung.

CLAN FORCED INTO OPEN

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 22.—The Ku Klux Klan will discard its masks after Feb. 22, as a result of a meeting between Imperial Wizard Evans and high Klan officials. All members of the Klan who vote for Smith will be banished from the order, it was decided.

MORGAN MOVE TO CONTROL BANK OF MEXICO, REPORTED

Morrow Is to Arrange Financial Deal

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 22.—Reports appearing in the local press state that J. P. Morgan & Co. intends to purchase the unsold stock of the Bank of Mexico, amounting to about \$20,000,000. The return of Dwight Morrow, ambassador to Mexico and former partner of the House of Morgan, from the Havana conference is rumored to be connected with the proposed deal.

Rumania Pensions Cuza, Anti-Semite

Prof. Alexander C. Cuza, notorious anti-Semite and leader of the anti-Semitic Party of Rumania, is to be retired from his post as professor of economics at the University of Jassy and will henceforth receive a regular pension from the government. Cuza's last activity was the defense of the fascist students who participated in the recent pogroms against the Jews and other minorities in Transylvania. The government assigned him to the defense also it is common knowledge that Cuza used his post at the University to incite anti-Jewish agitation.

Cuza was suspended from his chair for fourteen months in 1926, the government fearing that he might involve them in some serious international complications by the ferocity of his attacks. The government report on Cuza at that time is stated to be of such a nature "as to warrant the government in placing him under psychopathic observation."

USSR Begins Making Its Textile Machines

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—According to the estimate of the "Glavmetal," about 22 million roubles worth of machinery for the textile industry will be produced in the current year against 9 million roubles worth in 1927. In addition 8 million roubles worth of various parts for this machinery will be turned out. In the current year 45 per cent of the machinery required for our textile industry will be produced by Soviet enterprises, and 90 per cent towards the end of the 5 years.

Norway, Britain Fight

Great Britain is challenging Norway's claim to the ownership of Bouvet Island, a whaling station far to the southwest of Africa. An article in the London News notices that Norway has planted her flag on the island, "of course by accident." The Norwegian government, however, sees the matter in another light.

MOSCOW HONORS LENIN Memorial Meetings Thruout U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, Jan. 22.—Thousands of workers filed slowly by the tomb of V. I. Lenin yesterday afternoon to pay tribute to the great working class leader who died four years ago. Although the ceremonies in honor of Lenin were not supposed to begin until 5 o'clock, at 3:30 Moscow workers began to file past the mausoleum of their dead leader.

An extremely impressive memorial ceremony was held in the evening at the Grand Central Opera House, which was swathed in black crepe. Covering the whole ceiling of the Opera House was an immense red and black star.

Opening the meeting at 6:40, Kalenin, in a broken voice, said: "At exactly this moment four years ago our beloved leader passed away from us into history. I beg you to rise to honor his deathless memory." The audience stood up as a hidden orchestra played the Bolshevik funeral march.

Lenin memorial meetings were held in various cities and towns thruout the Soviet Union.

MOSCOW, Jan. 22.—The fourth commemoration of the day of Lenin's death was marked thruout the Soviet Union by numerous meetings in factories during lunch hour and special sessions of trade union and public organizations.

Speakers emphasized that the decisive influence of Lenin's revolutionary creed had been reflected in the activities of the Communist Party in four years since his death and that the Party, without Lenin, but acting in the spirit of his last will was bringing about ever closer ties between the Communist Party and the toiling masses.

Moscow papers issued special numbers, the Pravda inserting a hitherto unpublished appeal by Lenin on the war dating back to August, 1915.

At the Moscow Grand Opera House a commemorative session was held at which Bukharin made a long speech dwelling on Lenin's last recommendations regarding the cultural development of the U. S. S. R. Bukharin pointed out the materialist postulates for enhancing the cultural development of the Soviet state. In accordance with Lenin's will, he said, the cultural revolution will be carried on with ever growing intensity.

Turks Banish French

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 22.—"Every letter, receipt, envelope, book, agreement, deed, ticket, voucher, note advertisement which are handed, shown or addressed to a Turk or an organization in Turkey must be written in Turkish" says a new Turkish law. French, which was formerly the prevailing commercial and diplomatic language, has been banished. Supplementary legislation provides for the employment of an increasing number of young Turks in foreign concerns in Turkey.

Labor Bill Waits

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22. (FP).—Chairman Norris and Senators Walsh of Montana and Blaine of Wisconsin have been named as the subcommittee of the senate judiciary committee which waits to hold hearings on the Shipstead anti-injunction bill. The date of the hearings will be fixed by the date of meeting of the conference on injunction remedies which will be held in Washington in February by

BOMBAY TEXTILE WORKERS' STRIKE SPREADING FAST

20,000 Workers Involved in Walk-Out

LONDON, Jan. 11. (By Mail).—More than 20,000 native workers are now involved in the Bombay Textile strike, according to the Indian News Service. The entire Sassoon group of mills has now been closed down by the strike.

With the walk-out rapidly spreading, hundreds of workers are returning to their villages where they will live for the duration of the strike. The strike has affected most of the large mills in Bombay.

Refusing to accede to the strikers protest against the introduction of the speed-up, the Mill Owners' Association has issued a statement announcing their intention of retaining the three-loom system.



A. J. Cook, secretary of the British Miners Federation, who denounced the conference between huge British industrialists and a committee appointed by the reformist Trade Union Council leaders.

India Native State Meet Hits Princes

The substitution of "representative" government for the present man rule obtaining in the Indian Native States is demanded in a resolution passed by the closing sessions of the All India Native States Congress in Bombay, according to reports from Bombay.

The resolution is aimed at the Maharajahs who are left nominal heads of the Native States by the British who support them with troops in their exploitation of the Indian masses. Some of the native states are as large as Spain, some contain only a few square miles. But the native princes control the destinies of at least 70,000,000 Indians.

The activities against the Native rulers, which have previously been scattered, have now been coordinated in the Bombay All-India Native States Congress. It is felt that the activity of the New Congress will assist the work of the All-India Nationalist Congress in Madras in fighting the anti-Nationalist agitation of the pro-British native rulers.

Crimean Metal Workers Get Increase in Wages

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—All the collective agreements of the Crimean metal workers were signed by January 1st.

Five million roubles granted to the Ukrainian metal industry for wage increases have been distributed entirely among the lower paid workers. Eighty per cent of the workers in this industry participated in the preliminary discussion of the agreements against 50 per cent last year.

Militarists Aid Stimson

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A full complement of American militarists will assist Governor-General Henry L. Stimson in stamping out any attempts by Filipino workers to establish independence. There is a good sprinkling of military titles in the new Governor General's suite, including two members of the late Governor General Wood's so-called "Cavalry Cabinet."

BUILDERS FOR THE FIFTH YEAR

- List of names: Anich, M. A.; Brown, M. B.; Beeson, J.; Bosnjak, A.; Bosnak, F.; Brendel; Bichanick, Steve; Babich, Bozo; Biondich, M.; Bryamovie, John; Boganiev, Dave; Butorce, M.; Babich, F.; Scolan, Caroline; Crystal, Sarah; Citora, Joe; Davis, W. E.; Damjanich, K.; Dragich, Dan; Devish, Nick; Evanoff, M.; Elieff, M.; Eekert, Nick; Fredrickdon, A.; Garai, Charles; Golden, O. J.; Georgeff, K.; Gorcheff, Ivan; Goldstein, H.; Gorgeff, V.; Gonicch, Pavol; Gredicek, L.; Holek, Joe; Howdren, M. J.; Ishler, Eugene; Jackson, Joe; Jansen, E.; Jakira, A.; Johlstrand, E.; Johnson, E. F.; Jarich, J.; Kamenovich; Agnes Kamenovich; Kurlanoff, K.; Kirlanoff, B.; Kosloff, P. K.; Kojovich, N.; Kojec, J.; Kardich, J.; Kohlstrand, A.; Krosic, Sam; Landad, Sarah; Lopchevsky, F. E.; Lengley, John; Miller, E.; Martinoff, S.; Musich, Tom; Martnovich, M.; Nuchow, Samuel; Nuchow, Esther; Nickoloff, G.; Novosivsky, G.; Newlander, Alex; Oakland, Henry; Onopak, M.; Pararvins, Peter; Pavelich, E.; Pelozo, John; Pavlovich, John; Perkovich, John; Parish, H.; Pahalayika, F.; Pindevgast, Luke; Petroff, T.; Paransky, Celia; Person, Harry; Person, Fritz; Rovinsky, J.; Rossow, G.; Ruttes, P.; Rodingruz, Gladco; Rogich, Goshkos; Rastrof, Ken; Schlokan, L. L.; Stephens, Roy E.; Savicky, N.; Saperstein, I.; Smith, George; Shtereff, C.; Stayerch, V.; Skporich, J.; Sakarich, Vera; Semiro, B.; Semetron, H.; Semetrow, Helen; Shtindick, J.; Schwartz, E.; Samaria, Charles; Spehas, Mike; Slepoch, Tom; Taravag, M.; Trott, S. A.; Variga, Celos; Wentze, Peter; Yug, G.; Zurich, Mike.

THE COMMUNIST JANUARY, 1928. 1. Lenin to the American Workers. 2. The Crisis in the Labor Movement. 3. America Discusses the Russian Opposition. Includes rates and order information.

YOU CAN STILL BECOME A MEMBER of the Golden's Bridge Co-operative Farms Colony. Beautiful hills and valleys follow each other in endless succession, for a stretch of 200 acres. Includes contact information for H. S. Weinblatt.

Names Collected by Branch 6, Section 5, Co-operative Colony. List of names including Bassin, Scholnik, Katz, Bordon, Giles, Schechter, Mandell, Allerton Florist, Holsten's, Confectionery, Golub Shoe, Allerton Floor, Covering Co., Allerton Gift Shop, S. Karo, Sh. Handler, Hurrowitz, Gertzel, N. Segal, R. Wurrman, Singer, B. Nemeroff, Rose Molmud, A. Pogrebisky, J. Kuvesnik, Max Schwartz, Morris Yaron, L. Levine, A. Colter, H. Sklar, Gordoa, Aaron, N. Ginsburg, B. Young, Sam Golden, R. Nevin, M. Laken, S. Ameron, L. Stern, Posner, Rebecca Kaplan, L. Sandler, Bergman, Grosfield, Kamenetzky.

Leninism --- The Only Path to Victory of the Working Class of America

WORKERS PARTY PROCLAMATION ON ANNIVERSARY

Four Years Have Seen Many Struggles

The following Lenin memorial manifesto has been issued by the Workers (Communist) Party of America:

Four years have passed since the death of Lenin. The militant workers of all the world still feel keenly the loss of our leader. The personal, practical direction of the world labor movement by the man who led the Russian workers to victory in November, 1917, and led the class-conscious workers of all countries to organize the Communist International as the general staff of the world revolution, cannot be replaced.

Yet even while the millions of Russian workers were bearing Lenin to his rest, they engraved with signs of fire on their banners and in their hearts: "Lenin is dead, but Leninism lives. Lenin's voice rings and will continue ringing from generation to generation. Lenin is with us and will be with us as long as the working class fights against capitalism and for workers' rule!"

Four years have passed since then, four years of struggle and experiences which have verified the correctness of his teachings as a guide to the struggles of all exploited and oppressed. The tendencies outlined by him in his analysis of imperialist development have grown still more apparent than they were in his lifetime.

Capitalism has not only failed to introduce peace and stability into the world, but it has continued to accumulate fresh elements of struggle.

U. S. Squeezes Europe

Sharp competition of the capitalist groups is rife. European manufacturers organize in international cartels to break their American rivals. The American capitalists use their monster investments in Europe to squeeze their European foes. All of them are running a wild race for markets in the Orient, in South America, in every corner of the world. The spirit of war is abroad.

New and undreamed of means of destruction are accumulating in the world. The League of Nations, called by the "socialists" of the Second International as a power of peace, is in reality an agency of the great imperialist states.

The international disarmament conferences were shameless farces. Diplomatic bubble about "outlawing war" is no more than a smoke screen to hide preparations for new mass slaughter.

Among the imperialist powers, the greatest is the United States of America, led by the financiers of Wall Street. With the phrase of peace and friendship on the lips of its diplomats, with the name of "God" in the mouths of its politicians, it augments its armament on a gigantic scale, only this year having decided to build 80 new large battle-cruisers at the expense of 800 million dollars. It holds under its iron heel the Philippines, Hawaii, Porto Rico. It throttles the sovereignty of Mexico and the South American republics. It moves steadily towards converting the Central American republics into colonies of American finance capital, and just now it wages war against the freedom of the Republic of Nicaragua. It played the role of butcher at Nanking.

Mass Struggle Spreads

The four years that have passed since Lenin's death witness a gigantic wave of mass struggle in China, in Mexico, Syria, Egypt, Java, Borneo, Nicaragua. The immediate menace to world capitalism has become the Chinese revolution which is not only a struggle for Chinese national independence, but a struggle of the working class and the peasantry under the leadership of the Communists against the power of native and foreign landlords, native and foreign capitalists, a struggle not only against imperialist exploitation of China but also against the Chinese propertied classes who, fearing the workers and peasants, have made peace with the imperialists at the expense of the people.

Lenin Lives in the Struggle of the Colonial Slaves

In spite of the smashing attacks of capitalism upon the working class, in spite of socialist treachery and betrayal by a corrupt union bureaucracy, the spirit of revolt and struggle is active among the working masses. Lenin lives in the struggle of the working class for organization, for political development, for power.

Lenin taught the workers to beware of traitors appearing in the cloak of friends. When the world war broke out, Lenin was the first to declare that the "socialists" who had made peace with the capitalists for the sake of war, had betrayed the cause of the workers, had actually gone over to the side of the exploiters. Lenin fought the greatest ideological and organizational battles against the social-patriots who appealed to the

workers and peasants of their countries to slaughter workers and peasants of other countries for the benefit of the home capitalists, instead of appealing to them and helping them to unite with the workers and peasants of the opposing countries in order together to break the rule of capitalism everywhere. Lenin taught the workers to understand that a leader who disbelieves in working class revolution is a misleader, that a socialist who opposes the militant labor movement is a traitor, that a union official who makes his peace with capitalism is an enemy within the camp of labor. Four years after Lenin's death the workers of all the world, and more particularly, the workers of the United States, can realize the truth of his warnings and the significance of his struggle against the renegade leaders. The American working class is continually betrayed by the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor and the socialist party. The labor traitors hate militant struggle. They are afraid of the masses. They have made peace with the imperialist rulers. They have given aid to every imperialist venture, including the massacres of workers and peasants in China and Nicaragua.

Militant Action Against Union

These agents of the capitalist class within our ranks have resorted to the use of capitalist courts, police, injunctions, gunmen and gangsters against the fighting needle trades workers. While the very life of our unions is in danger, the bureaucrats and their socialist tools have been militant not against the bosses but against the unions and their left wing fighters. We must rid ourselves of this cancer of treachery within labor's ranks and save and strengthen the unions for class struggle.

Union of Socialist Soviet Republics

Lenin led the workers to victory in Russia and helped them to build the new Soviet Republic under the leadership of the Communist Party. Four years after Lenin's death, the Soviet Union has reached a stage of economic up-building, cultural growth, unity and stability which exceeds the most optimistic expectations of years ago. Soviet industries are flourishing. The Soviet village is slowly rising to a new level. The rule of the working class is accepted as the force that creates a new life and a new freedom for the masses. The Red Army is vigilantly keeping guard over the land of proletarian rule, ready to fight imperialist attack. The minority nationalities enjoy full freedom of self-determination and cultural creativeness unknown in other countries. The working class is united in a determined effort to carry the revolution to its goal—a socialist order. The Communist Party has increased its unity and strength notwithstanding the attempt to weaken it by the opposition. The working class under the Party leadership is vigorously and hopefully building socialism in the Soviet lands. The private businessman is gradually dislocated from his economic position and reduced to an ever diminishing auxiliary role. The village bourgeoisie is under control. Co-operatives are becoming the accepted agencies of exchange not only in the cities but also in the rural districts. City and village mutually understand and support each other. The future is full of splendid prospects.

The foes of the Soviet Union may look with fury upon the progress of the only proletarian state, they may plot and conspire to put obstacles in its way or to invade it by force of arms—this product of proletarian revolution remains the great beacon of light for the workers of the whole globe, it shows them concretely the fruit of victory over the capitalists, it points the way for all other countries.

Lenin Lives in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Lenin is not dead because Leninism is alive. Leninism is alive not only for the Russian proletariat but for all of us. Leninism teaches us never to despair even in times when capitalism is strong and the working class seems to be weak. Leninism says to the American workers: You are faced by the most unscrupulous and most hypocritical ruling capitalist clique in the world. Your government consists of millionaires like Mellon, Hoover and Morrow, and of obedient lackeys of Wall Street like Coolidge and Kellogg. Trade union leaders, like Green, Woll and Lewis, in abject abasement offer our exploiters shameful peace which the latter spurn because they wish to wage a war of attrition against us, our organizations, our homes, our elemental rights. You are being shot and killed in Colorado by order of your masters, because you had the audacity to go on strike against the kings of coal and the king of American capitalists, Rockefeller. They are trying to break the backbone of our labor movement in the attack upon the United Mine Workers of America, in Ohio and Pennsylvania. You are being outlawed everywhere if only you raise a voice of dissatisfaction. Your rank and file leaders are being jailed and your meetings dispersed wherever you need them most. You cannot look for protection in the law or the courts because the law is in the hands of the capitalist state and the courts are a part of the capitalist machine. We are faced

Apologist for Empire



Lieutenant-Commander J. M. Kenworthy, whose recent book "War or Peace?" is reviewed by William F. Dunne on Page 6 of this issue. According to Dunne "the book neglects the class struggle entirely, puts forward 'nationalist sentiments' as the main cause of war without explaining how nationalist prejudices are manipulated to serve the interests of the imperialists."

Driver Wins Suit

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 22.—Thomas Hurley, of New York City, who sued the Public Service Railway Co. for \$50,000 for the loss of a leg when a truck he was driving was caught in a defective railway switch, throwing Hurley under the wheels, was awarded \$10,000 damages in supreme court yesterday.

with mass unemployment, mass misery and starvation this very moment without the state even as much as considering it a problem.

Foreign-born Persecuted

The foreign-born among us are made the butt of particular persecution, with plans of registering and finger-printing them in order that they may be deported if they go on strike. The government sends warships to China to shoot down workers and peasants fighting for freedom. Our masters, endeavoring to subjugate Central America and to secure a second canal between the Atlantic and the Pacific, are right now waging a cruel war against the brave Sandino in little Nicaragua. Your legislators do the bidding of big business whether they be republicans, democrats, conservatives or so-called progressives. The schools, churches, theatres, movies, papers, books and other means of education are all owned by capitalists who try to enslave your mind. You millions upon millions of able-bodied, intelligent, active and forward looking men and women, how can you tolerate such misery and degradation? Leninism calls to you to awaken. Leninism tells you: Organize! Drive out the betrayers. Save the unions. Form our trade unions into the most powerful industrial unions to face the great corporations. Break the shameful paralyzing alliance with the capitalist parties. Form a mass labor party based on the trade unions.

Leninism tells you: Do not allow your masters to intimidate you and to crush your movements whenever you demand even a small share of the wealth you have created. Defy their orders. Defy their injunctions. Fight against their interference. Organize mass demonstrations against your masters' wars on foreign countries.

Leninism tells you: Prepare to wage war against war by waging war against the makers of war, the capitalists and their state apparatus. Do not allow yourself to be fooled by the preaching of patriotism or the protection of your country because patriotism is the catch-word of your masters to bait you into their service, and protection of the country is protection of the fat profits of the Fords, Morgans, and their brethren.

Leninism tells you that without a clear-sighted, theoretically well-grounded, organizationally centralized and determined Workers Party no victory of the working class is possible. Such are the Communist Parties welded into the Communist International.

Leninism appeals to you, American workers, to join the Workers (Communist) Party of America, and follow it in its struggles to organize and strengthen the working class and to overthrow the capitalist system.

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF AMERICA.

TRADE UNIONISTS REPLY TO WOLL

In a letter to the American-Russian Chamber of Commerce, the Rank and File Trade Union Delegation, which recently returned from a trip to Russia, denounces Matthew Woll for the open letter he recently sent to that business organization in the name of the National Civic Federation. Woll is acting president of the Civic Federation and vice-president of the American Federation of Labor.

The Trade Union Delegation tells Woll that he should "devote one-tenth of the time now absorbed by his concern in Russian affairs to the relief of hundreds of thousands of hard pressed, striking miners in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado, and to the unionization of America's still largely unorganized industries."

Unemployment Cited.

Woll's letter, sent last week, called upon the American-Russian Chamber of Commerce to cease working for better business relations with the Soviet Union.

"Further industrial development in the Soviet Union is limitless," the letter adds.

The delegation's letter concludes by saying that the most effective revolutionary propaganda in America is low wages, long hours and miserable living conditions in America's basic industries.

Newark Lenin Meeting Next Friday Evening

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 22.—Monsieur J. Olgin, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be the main speaker at the Newark Memorial meeting organized by the Newark local of the Party, to commemorate the fourth anniversary of the death of Lenin. The meeting will be held next Friday, at 8 p. m., at New Montgomery Hall, Montgomery and West Sts.

Bert Miller, organization secretary of the New York Local of the Party, and Phil Frankford, of the Central Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will be the other speakers. According to Emil Gardos, organizer of the Newark Local, the meeting will also be a mass protest against the war of American imperialism against the Nicaraguan people.

The workers of Newark are determined to make this meeting successful because of the interference of the police with the meeting arranged in November to celebrate the 10th anniversary of the Russian Revolution, Gardos said yesterday.

A Casualty

UNION CITY, N. J., Jan. 22.—Sergeant Otto Spitzmiller, of this city, died yesterday at Brooklyn Navy Yard of a tropical disease contracted while fighting in the Marine Corps against the natives of Haiti.

SANDOR KAROLY

is in New York since 1923. Occupation, printer. Last address Lenox Hill Advertising Agency, 1318 Second Avenue. If anybody knows of whereabouts kindly inform MRS. ANNA KAROLY, 1230 N. 4th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

DRAMA "THE SILVER BOX"

Galsworthy's Play of Class Justice Revived At the Morosco

A vivid comparison of class justice and a damning indictment of liberalism is found in John Galsworthy's first play, "The Silver Box," now revived at the Morosco Theatre. It was originally produced 20 years ago with Ethel Barrymore.

The story concerns a liberal M. P., who when faced with a situation of importance acts as all so-called liberals act—in a manner that places their words as mere phrases and their acts the exact opposite of what they preach or pretend to believe.

The son of the M. P. steals a woman's pocketbook when drunk. Later in the evening he invites to his house an unemployed worker whom he meets on the street. The worker accepts. In the house the unemployed man takes a silver cigarette box.

Later, the unemployed man's wife who happens to work as a charwoman in the M. P. house, is suspected of the theft. The husband confesses to save his wife and is arrested. When brought to court he is sentenced to a month's imprisonment.

Every attempt by the arrested worker to mention that the liberal leader's son had also stolen, is silenced by the judge. On top of that the M. P. and his son snub the wife after the husband is sentenced.

The court scene is the most important part of the play. It is difficult to describe in a short review the masterly fashion in which Galsworthy describes the different treatment of the worker and the son of the M. P. receive in the same court. The worker is jailed, the charge against the son is laughed out of court.

The acting is of a superior fashion. All members of the cast fit in well with their respective parts. Special mention must be made of Halliwell Hobbes as the M. P.; James Dale as the worker and Isobel Elsom as his wife. The rest of the cast is on an equal high plane.

The play is produced by Henry Baron, who is to be commended for the revival. The play has been staged by Laurence Hanray. —S. A. P.

Screen Notes

Laura La Plante is starred in the new film at the Colony Theatre this week, a comedy titled "Thanks for the Buggy Ride." Glenn Tryon plays the principal male role.

"Sharp Shooters," is the screen attraction at the Roxy Theatre this week, with its leading roles portrayed by George O'Brien and Lois Moran.

"The Divine Woman," with Greta Garbo remains at the Capitol Theatre another week.

"A Texas Steer" is to be at Moss' Cameo commencing today. Will Rogers plays the chief role. The cast also includes Louise Fazenda, Lilyan Tashman, Ann Rork and Douglas Fairbanks, Jr.

RIGHT WING ACTS AS GOV'T AGENT

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 22.—Angered by the loss of control of the Jewish Painters Local 723 of Detroit in the elections held recently, right wing officials of the union went to immigration authorities to bring charges of Communism against all progressive members of the union who were not citizens.

While the immigration service has not as yet acted, all those whose names and addresses were turned in were called for a hearing and severely quizzed.

When the workers appeared for the hearing they were told that the charges had been brought by the former right wing officials, who stated the union would be glad if they were deported.

Unemployment Victims Crowd Police Stations

BALTIMORE, Jan. 22.—Increasing unemployment is resulting in a steady enlargement of the number of those applying at public lodging houses and police stations throughout the city. Over a score of men last night asked to be put up at the central police station. Sixteen others sought refuge in other stations in the city.

"Flop" houses where a bed costs a dime, report that "business is good" although most of the workers who are taken in have no money for the cheap soup and bread that is sold at these places.

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GREETINGS

from

WORKERS IN A SHOP

Thousands of Workers Cheer Sandino Leadership at Huge Lenin Memorial

23,000 WORKERS AT GARDEN MEETING

Drive for 5000 Workers Party Members

(Continued from Page One)

bers of the Young Workers League were graduated into the Workers Party. In accepting them into the Party, Lovestone said that some day they will "lead the Red Army in the United States." Lovestone then made an appeal to the assembled workers to also join the Party. Ushers circulated among the audience and obtained the application blanks filled out by several hundred workers.

The meeting was opened by H. M. Wicks of the editorial staff of The DAILY WORKER who spoke on the importance of The DAILY WORKER to the American labor movement.

"We can best commemorate Lenin," said Wicks, "not by erecting marble monuments but by creating a dynamic revolutionary movement that will become invincible. One of the essential parts of such a movement must be a powerful daily paper, a tribune from which to speak every day to the masses."

Wicks related some of the campaigns of The DAILY WORKER showing that it had fanned the sparks of the class struggle in America and dealt with the attacks made upon the paper by the employers, and the courts, emphasizing the fact that the capitalists hate and fear the Worker more than the workers yet realize its value to the labor movement. In closing Wicks announced that a drive was launched in New York to obtain ten thousand new readers in the city during the six weeks from the Lenin memorial meetings to the Ruthenberg memorial, March 2nd.

The "Garden" was decorated by Russian posters depicting different phases of contemporary life in the Soviet Union. Scores of banners and placards were displayed by different organizations who were seated in various parts of the hall.

After the speeches the mass pageant and ballet of the Russian revolution was presented. More than 1,000 workers participated. In eight scenes it portrayed Russia from the days of the czar to 1928. The succeeding scenes showed the workers taking power; the death of Lenin and the carrying out of the revolutionary struggle after Lenin's death. The pageant is by Adolf Wolff and was directed by Edward Massey and was new Playwrights' Theatre. Edith Segal arranged the ballet.

The meeting marked the opening of a six weeks' membership drive for 5,000 new members for the Party and 10,000 new readers for The DAILY WORKER.

WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

Night Workers Meet Tomorrow.
This meeting is called to order because of important matters to be transacted and to give the night workers another chance to register. All old Party cards will be declared void after January 31. Get busy and get your new Party membership book and become goodstanding.

Newark Y. W. L. Dance.
The Young Workers League of Newark will hold its fifth annual dance Saturday, Jan. 28, at New Montgomery St.

3-E 1-F
Anthony Gombach will lecture on "The War Danger, Disarmament and Social Democracy" at tomorrow's meeting of 3-E 1-F at 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

Branch 1, Section 5.
Branch 1, Section 5, will meet tomorrow, 8:30, at 715 E. 138th St. After the business meeting a prominent speaker will address the meeting on "New Combinations in American Industry."

S. S. 3-E, F. D. 3.
Subsection 3-E FD 3 will meet tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

FD 4, Subsection 2 A.
FD 4, Subsection 2 A will meet tonight at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

2 F, 1 D.
2 F 1 D will meet Monday at 6:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

Subsection 6A.
The International Branch of Subsection 6A will meet tonight at 8 p. m. at 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn.

Lecture on Soviet Union.
Harriet Davis will lecture on her impressions of the Soviet Union tomorrow at 6 p. m., at the meeting of Subsection 1-B, 60 St. Marks Place.

Discuss War Danger.
"The War Danger, Disarmament and Social Democracy," will be discussed at the meeting of 3 E 1-F, Tuesday, at 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

Tailors to Meet Tonight
Oscar Wilson, secretary of Local 1, of the Journeymen Tailors' Union of America, announces that the regular monthly meeting of the local will be held tonight at 8 p. m. at the union's headquarters, 202 E. 47th St. All members are expected to be present.

COMPANY WOULD OUTLAW A. F. OF L.

NY Traction Injunction Hearing On

(Continued from Page One)

clouding the main issue of the right to organize.

At the present moment the Amalgamated officials are under agreement with Justice Wasservogel to commit no "overt act" while the injunction issue is pending. The A. F. of L. executive council, meeting at Miami, Fla., has announced it is opposed to strike action.

The present New York City administration through which the Amalgamated officials are claiming to act and upon whom they claim to rely upon for their main support, is closely allied with the traction interests.

During the past few months attendance at the union "organization" meetings has fallen off steadily. The Tammany controlled union officialdom has failed signally to encourage or consolidate mass militancy among the men. The Amalgamated officials themselves have openly discouraged any mass support by members of other unions in the city, who believe the proposed injunction is a threat also to them.

At the same time many indications have become visible that a mass sentiment is developing among the workers for some more militant action. No definite strike talk is yet widespread. But many workers state openly that only a strike can bring the traction interests to the point of accepting unionism.

Meeting to Protest Labor Bank Action

To protest against the action of the officials of the Bookkeepers', Stenographers' and Accountants' Union in their conduct toward the proposed strike in the Amalgamated Bank, a recently formed committee, of which Arthur Stein is chairman, will hold a mass meeting tomorrow at 6 p. m. at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 16th St. Harry Rubin, union shop chairman at the bank, was discharged recently for union activity.

At the last meeting of the union a strike vote was taken in connection with the Rubin case and a strike committee selected. Later Ernest Bonn, secretary of the union, prevented the calling of the strike.

Left Wing Slate Wins in Millinery Union

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—In spite of a special campaign conducted to defeat the administration by visiting members of the general executive board of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' Union, the left wing leadership of the Boston Capmakers' Union, Local 7, was re-elected by an overwhelming majority. Every functionary elected is a progressive.

SHOE WORKERS CLOSE 37 SHOPS

5,000 Are Out Against Wage Cuts

HAVERHILL, Mass., (FP) Jan. 22.—Over 5,000 shoe workers of Haverhill are staying away from their benches and have tied up production in 37 factories. The workers are protesting against wage cuts averaging from 10 per cent up. The peace pact of the Shoe Workers Protective Union, to which the workers belong, prohibits an official strike or lockout.

Several independent factories, not in the Haverhill Shoe Mfrs. Assn., are working, agreeing to pay the 1927 scale unchanged. Cutters, McKay and welt workers, packers and heelers are already out in the struck factories and stitchers and machine operators are taking a vote to walk out. Wood heelers won a little back from the wage cut first offered them and may not go out. About 10,000 workers are employed in Haverhill's shoe shops, chiefly on women's shoes.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra.
The Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra of the Bronx will hold a concert and dance Saturday, Jan. 28, at the Rose Gardens, 1347 Boston Road.

For Relief of Fur Workers.
Fur Council 1, United Council of Working Class Women, will hold a concert and dance to raise funds for the appeal of the Mineola cases at 2075 Clinton Ave. on Saturday, Jan. 28.

WOMEN CAMPAIGN FOR MINERS' AID

Reports Show Donations Growing

A women's mass meeting for miners' relief will be held at Hunts Point Palace, 163rd St. and Southern Boulevard, Bronx, Wednesday at 8:30 p. m., under the auspices of the Women's Conference for Miners' Relief, Councils 2, 3, 8, 11 and 15 of the United Councils of Workingclass Women of the Bronx, Cloakmakers' Council No. 1, Bakers' Council 1, and Furriers' Council 1. Among the speakers will be Juliet Stuart Poyntz, Marian L. Emerson and Bertha Fishman. Ray Gogozin will preside. A miner's wife will be present to present the story of the women's struggles in the coal fields.

The Women's Conference for Miners' Relief and Councils Nos. 7, 16 and 20 of the United Councils of Workingclass Women of Brownsville will stage a mass meeting for miners' relief at New Columbia Hall, 350 Blake Ave. (corner Stone Ave.), Brownsville, next Friday at 8:30

DELAY RELEASE OF CLOAKMAKERS

The release of Anton Romarchuck and Joseph Perlman, two cloakmakers who have been in Sing Sing for over a year for their strike activities, has been postponed till next Saturday. The parole commission, which was to have met last Saturday to sign the release papers, postponed their meeting due to the illness of one of the members.

Quarter of a Million Dollar Cafeteria

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The well known Restaurateurs, Gross & Lindenbaum are without doubt the first that undertook the building of large, beautiful, modern and sanitary cafeterias, that are suitable for the finest class of business people and workers. In a short while the electric signals will illuminate the "traffic building" and also the new Quarter of a Million Dollar

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Tell your friends about this place—and they will always remain your friends and will become our patrons.

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NEW YORK

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Mass Protest Meeting Against Non-Union Conditions in Labor Bank

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The Goal of Wall Street Diplomacy In Havana—The Weapon of the Masses

"For once," says the New York World's Havana correspondent, "it looks as if the United States had won a diplomatic victory. The other delegations are puzzled where they are not muzzled."

The "muzzling" part of the above undoubtedly is true but it is not that the delegations which are entirely the private property of Wall Street are "puzzled" that is preventing an outbreak of protest against American imperialism at Havana.

Wall Street diplomacy has been conducting a series of heavy-handed maneuvers in Latin America in preparation for the conference. It is estimated that Latin American countries expect to borrow a minimum of \$300,000,000 from Wall Street in 1928 and government, provincial, municipal and corporation issues totaling this amount are ready to be placed.

There is hardly a Latin American country that is not contemplating a loan and it is here that Wall Street finds the fulcrum from which to apply its lever of financial pressure and suppress embarrassing protests.

Just as British diplomacy was held to be the most skilled in the world when British finance capital dominated the money markets and colonial borrowers were forced to go to London, so today it is possible for the correspondents of the imperialist press to report that "through the whole warp and woof of the fabric that is being woven" moves what the Havana papers describe as the "noble, and apostolic figure of Mr. Hughes."

The Hughes policy, when he was secretary of state, was a policy of iron—and gold. He carries out the same policy in Havana today that Kellogg and Coolidge follow in Nicaragua but, try as he may, the gilt cannot conceal the glimmer of the bayonets.

The puppet delegates from Cuba, Haiti, Nicaragua, etc., do not need to be muzzled. Their function is to muzzle the masses. For the delegates from other countries Wall Street either dangles the golden bait of a loan or threatens to create a financial crisis by withdrawing financial support.

The real representatives of the masses, especially those from Haiti and Nicaragua are kept away from Havana by the bayonets of American marines and the subservient Machado government of Cuba, which closes its ports of entrance to these enemies of American imperialism.

In addition to this American diplomacy has been fanning into flame the sparks of antagonism between various Latin American countries. Its policy of Pan Americanism is actually a policy of creating and intensifying all possible conflicts among the Latin American republics.

To consolidate the bloc of nations under the rule of its agents and to divide the other nations into warring groups is the main object of American diplomacy at the Havana conference. "Divide and conquer" is the slogan of Morrow, Hughes, Coolidge and Kellogg.

The Communist Party of Cuba puts the issue squarely in its statement on the conference:

"The real problems of America will not be settled in the Pan-American Conference.

"If those problems are presented in all their crudity there is one benefit which could be derived from it: the clash between the naked truth and hypocrisy, unmasking once and for all the policy of Washington with respect to Latin America.

"Aside from that remote possibility nothing can be expected. There can be no concord between oppressed peoples and the representatives of their oppressors and dictators.

"Only through the struggle of the workers and peasants can the peoples of America obtain their liberty."

To unite the mass organizations of the workers and farmers of the United States with the mass organizations of the Latin American peoples in a joint struggle against imperialism is the way to defeat the conspiracy against the lives and liberties of the masses that the Havana conference furthers. And the specific task of the Latin Americans is not to play the miserable roles of supernumeraries on the stage of United States imperialism as set at Havana, but to break with the agents of Wall Street and create a powerful bloc of Latin American nations against the United States ruling class. Its only allies in the United States are the workers and impoverished farmers who suffer under the same despotism which is laying at the Havana conference more sinister plans for further ravaging of the southern republics.

The Lesson Learned in Haverhill

Five thousand members of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union are on strike in Haverhill, Massachusetts, against the latest wage-cut decision handed down by the \$10,000 a year "impartial" arbitrator, half of whose salary is paid by the manufacturers and half by the union. This treacherous and disgraceful arrangement was imposed upon the workers of Haverhill by the reactionary officials, Daniel J. Fitzgerald and John D. Nolan, respectively secretary and president of the national organization. A couple of years ago these labor fakers participated in a parade through the streets of the city of Haverhill to give a public exhibition of the "peace and harmony" that existed in the industry.

Every attempt of the rank and file to stop the series of wage-cut decisions was met by the union officials with threats of expulsion and in one case Fitzgerald and Nolan signed the name of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union to a strike-breaking employer's advertisement for scabs. Their excuse was that a strike was a violation of the arbitration agreement and that no matter how much suffering the employers forced upon the workers it was their duty, as union officials, to uphold the fraud even to the extent of aiding the scab-herders.

The present walk-out of 5,000 shoe workers, half of the entire industry in Haverhill, indicates that at last the shoe workers have learned the lesson that all workers must inevitably learn—that there never has been nor will there ever be an impartial arbitrator in a struggle between capital and labor.

It is to be hoped that the shoe workers follow up their action against arbitration with a definite move to eliminate Nolan and Fitzgerald, who have proved long ago, in Brooklyn, in Haverhill, and in Rochester, that they are more concerned about the welfare of the bosses than they are about the interests of the workers who pay them their salaries.

THE "BATTLE OF FLOWERS"



"We will get out of Nicaragua—as soon as possible," says Charles Evans Hughes; "we are here by request."

The Havana Conference --- The Naval Armament Race --- Peace or War*

By WILLIAM F. DUNNE.

Dispatches from London state that the British foreign office "is watching developments at Havana closely and that President Coolidge's speech is undergoing the sharpest scrutiny." The Havana conference, held at a time when Wall Street policy and methods in Latin America are sharply outlined by the invasion of Nicaragua, is having repercussions throughout the world and especially in Great Britain.

British and American Investments.
British investments in Latin-America total \$5,200,000,000. This is but slightly under the total of American investments—\$5,260,000,000, according to the latest estimates. All foreign investments in Latin-America total something over \$7,000,000,000, exclusive of American investment, so that it is clear that British and American imperialism are the two nations with the greatest stake in this rich field.

Reasons for British Interest.
The armed advance of Wall Street government into Latin-America and its attempts to stifle all opposition to intervention at the Havana conference cannot but rivet the attention of Britain, its chief imperialist rival, on developments there.

Great Britain has not given up hope of extending her influence in Latin-America. The rise of American imperialism to a dominant position in Latin-America has taken place in the period since 1914 and was made possible by the crisis in British finance precipitated by the world war.

Britain and the Two Canals.
Great Britain did not look kindly upon the opening of the Panama Canal which gave American goods easy access to the western coast of South America, shortened the distance to Australia and made the American navy a far more powerful factor in the Far East. Certainly British imperialism would be only too glad to prevent the building of an additional canal through Nicaragua if a way could be found.

Wall Street Strategy.
American imperialist strategy has for its immediate purpose the making of the Caribbean and the Gulf of Mexico into an American lake. This purpose has been carried out successfully with four exceptions: outside and to the northeast of the string of islands under American domination (Cuba, Haiti, Porto Rico, Virgin Islands) which are in reality fortifications protecting the Panama Canal, are the Bermudas; inside this rough semi-circle is Jamaica; to the east and south is another group of British-owned islands, interspersed by other islands under French ownership; to the south is British Guiana (French and Dutch Guiana as well) and to the west is British Honduras.

Naval Bases.
British imperialism, in addition to its huge investments, has therefore a number of potential naval and military bases in Latin-America from which there is a possibility of threatening the Panama Canal and carrying out damaging raids on American shipping.

The breakdown of the Geneva conference for the limitation of naval armaments called attention to the growing imperialist conflict between Great Britain and America, and the Havana conference, inasmuch as it marks a further step in the application of the Wall Street program, must be judged not only from the standpoint of United States and Latin-

American policy, but also from the effect it has on world imperialist politics.

Whom They Have In Mind.
Just as the \$725,000,000 immediate building program demanded by secretary of the navy is planned with Great Britain and the principal opponent in mind, so are British naval experts and statesmen making their plans with America in mind. It is apparent from some of the recent statements that the British admiralty has not given up hope of strengthening its bases at points where there would be a prospect of making an effective stand against the most powerful forces that American imperialism could mobilize. Already there is speculation as to the probability of war with the United States and the strategy and tactics that would best serve in the event such a war should be declared.

Kenworthy's Book.
Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy, a labor member of parliament at present and a member of the Admiralty War Staff, 1914-18, in his recent book "Peace or War," speaks very frankly as to the possibility of war with the United States and emphasizes the important part that could be played by a battle fleet based on naval stations in and around the Caribbean.

The Canal Again.
Kenworthy says:

"If all agreement for the limitation of naval armaments breaks down, if the Washington agreement is not renewed, if a naval shipbuilding race commences between the British and American navies, it would be perfectly logical, and there would be no just grounds for complaint, if Jamaica were re-established as a great naval dockyard and arsenal. Yet it is so far inside the orbit of the American navy that it could only be held at very great cost. Halifax and Bermuda would be more defensible; but Halifax, as well as Bermuda, if prepared for modern naval needs would cause the Canadian people to think very furiously. The fortification of Jamaica and its preparation to receive a British battle fleet would set public opinion in America ablaze. For a strong naval force at Jamaica is a real threat to the Panama Canal.

"Yet why should the American people complain. Let us be honest with each other." (Our Emphasis.)

Jamaica and Singapore.
Kenworthy then goes on to show that Great Britain has just as much right to build a naval base at Kingston, Jamaica, as she has to build the one she is now working on at Singapore. Kenworthy argues:

"Where England and America are concerned, the question of Jamaica is not different in its nature to the building of the British fleet itself

"Jamaica has been British territory since 1655. We have every right to do what we like on our own territory. Under the Washington treaty limits were set to the establishment of new fortified bases in certain areas. But Jamaica is not a new base. The dockyards of Jamaica and Halifax have come down to us from the Napoleonic wars. We should have as much right to bring them up to date as we have to install the latest geared turbine engines or internal combustion machinery in our new cruisers. (Our Emphasis.)

Kenworthy, it must be understood, is not arguing for war on America

or for war against any nation. His book is intended to warn of the war danger and it is for this reason he gives the official attitude on these questions. That he speaks with authority cannot be doubted.

The Caribbean Area.

The Caribbean area is much in the minds of the British imperialists these days precisely because of the strong American offensive in Latin-America which threatens to destroy British prestige entirely and freeze out British investments there.

"The Recognizable Possibility."
The conclusion arrived at by Kenworthy is that we must face "the recognizable possibility of an Anglo-American struggle." This, he says, is what would happen in the event of such a struggle:

"The object of Washington and London alike would be to bring such pressure to bear on the opposing government as to compel it to sue for peace. The loss of the whole of Canada would not bring such pressure to bear upon the British people. Nor would the loss of the British West Indian possessions inflict any vital injury on the British Empire. On the other hand, successful British naval action in the Caribbean and the destruction of the Panama Canal would inflict a heavy blow at the American strategic position and might decide the attitude of Japan. Our Emphasis.)

"It is awful to think of an Anglo-Japanese alliance against America, but we MUST think of it." (Emphasis in the original.)

Rapid Aggression.

It is in the onward march of Wall Street imperialism into Latin-America, its contemptuous attitude toward all rivals and the huge naval building program now before congress, all carried on at a faster tempo since the collapse of the Geneva conference, that we must look for one of the principal reasons for the rapid increase in the antagonisms between the British and American imperialism. Land warfare on any large scale is impossible between Britain and America although terrible casualties could and would be inflicted upon the inhabitants of the coastal areas. But the war would be fought principally by navies and naval aircraft activities and this is why the attitude of the rulers of both countries on the issue of naval building programs is decisive.

"Terrible"—But True.

Kenworthy says:
"An Anglo-American war is terrible to think about. But we must think of it, and face the possibility. For if this possibility does not exist, why compare the respective navies of America and Great Britain? What does it matter to congressmen and senators at Washington, and American publicists and political leaders generally, what size fleet Britain can dispose of? What does it matter to London, and British members of parliament, hereditary peers, civil servants, admirals and journalists, how big a navy America has? Yet on both sides of the Atlantic the cries for "parity," "safety," "security," and "preparedness" rise to high heaven." (Emphasis Ours.)

The Truthful Admiral.
The "hands across the sea" stuff is wearing thin. Although Secretary of the Navy Wilbur states that his building program was planned "without considering the relative strength of this nation with either Japan or Great Britain," Admiral Hughes, who is the real organizer of the navy de-

partment's program, is far more frank.

Testifying before the Naval Affairs Committee, Admiral Hughes made some important admissions. Asked by Congressman Vinson: "Wasn't it a fact that Great Britain's submarine program was taken into consideration?" Admiral Hughes replied: "I would say yes."

Congressman Gambrill then took up the matter: "Now that the bars are down on the subject, I'd like to ask if, in preparing this program, consideration was not given to the fleet Great Britain would have in 1937?"

Admiral Hughes replied: "Yes."

Imperialism's Class Enemies.

Since battle fleets are not built for anything else than war, and in a war between Great Britain and the United States the navies would play a decisive part, it seems clear that British and American imperialism are arming against each other.

They arm also against their own working class and exploited farmers and against the colonial peoples. The United States is experiencing in what is yet a very narrow field in Latin-America, the beginning of mass revolts such as have shaken British imperialism in China and India. As American policy culminates in wider and more brutal aggressions, as these in turn are met with a thousand Sandinos instead of one, the murderous role of naval armaments in colonial wars will explain much that is now covered with a veil of mystery to millions of the masses.

No Place for Fourth-Raters.

The Havana conference, the immense naval building program before congress and the world imperialist struggle cannot be separated. The composition of the Wall Street delegation shows that the Pan-American Union is no longer regarded as a body to furnish places for fourth-rate diplomats. Morrow and Hughes, the president of the United States himself, are mobilized for this gathering which is watched so carefully by all foreign offices.

Aggressive Expansion.

American imperialism wants to expand its Latin-American markets. It wants additional sources of cheap raw materials in Latin-America—it has its eyes on the oil resources of Venezuela and Colombia—as well as those of Mexico—which Britain also needs. It wants additional fields for capital investment.

American imperialism wants another canal through Nicaragua and additional naval and military bases.

In all these fields American and British imperialism face one another as rivals—the guns of their navies are trained on each other when they can be spared from massacring Nicaraguans, Chinese, Haitians and natives of India. When the struggle of the American and British masses rises to a high point the guns of the imperialist rulers are trained on them.

Havana Means New Conflicts.

The Havana Conference marks an intensification of imperialist antagonisms, the preparation for new onslaughts upon the Latin-American peoples and increasing militarization of the masses in the United States.

Wall Street government appears at the Havana conference in a more aggressive role—commercially, industrially, financially, politically and militarily—than ever before.

The Havana conference is in this sense a war conference. In the United States, in Canada, in Great Britain and throughout Latin-America the Communist Parties have

By Fred Ellis

SPARKS from the NEWS

THE irregular Republican, Senator Norris, is quite excited over the turn of events in the Sinclair-Burns incident. Mr. Norris is awakening to the fact that the District of Columbia court is not trying Sinclair and Burns who are guilty of the blackest type of corruption that the corrupt American government has yet perpetrated, but is actually trying the prosecuting attorneys, who, for a while, was compelled to make some pretense at prosecuting the culprits.

The trouble with Mr. Norris and his friends and those who follow them is that they do not see far enough. Mr. Norris says, that the judge, Justice Siddons, is guilty of "an abuse of power." This is nonsense, Mr. Siddons is not guilty of any abuse of power. He is guilty of fullest use of power of the bourgeoisie. This is the mission of the American court system.

The American judiciary system is the cornerstone of the whole fake democracy with which the workers of this country are cursed. Senator Norris does not realize it but the fact of the matter is that this whole line of talk of the "abuse of power" is utterly ridiculous and dangerous. So long as the workers are told that the courts are abusing power they will be continuing to place false hopes and faith in the courts.

The American court system cannot be cured. It cannot be improved. The court system is part and parcel of the whole strike-breaking machinery. It is the very heart of the strike-breaking machinery. It must be smashed along with the rest of the strike-breaking apparatus at the disposal of the employer. As the class war sharpens, the court system more and more serves as the agency of the exploiters. The fight of the workers against the courts is not over abuse of power but over the use of the power given them by the capitalists for destroying the labor movement. We must so develop the strength of the working class political and industrial movement as to prevent the courts from using power.

This is what Norris cannot see. That is why Norris is of no service to the workers and the exploited farmers.

—JAY LOVESTONE.

Youth Conference For Miner Relief Starts in Boston

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 22.—A Youth Conference for miners' relief was held here today at the Cap McKers Hall at which many young people's organizations were represented. The following organizations agreed to begin relief work: The youth branch of the Independent Workmen's Circle, The Chelsea Progressive Social Club, Student body of the Workers School, Young Workers League, South End Social and Educational Club, Upholsterers' local No. 37, Workmen's Educational Institute and a number of other organizations notified that they would join in the work for miners' relief.

Milka Sablich, the young leader of the Colorado strikers addressed the conference pointing out the oppressive measures used by the companies and the government agencies against the miners.

An Executive Committee composed of the representatives of all organizations present was elected. It was decided to begin raising relief immediately for the miners on strike in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado, thru collections, the holding of a dance, mass meetings and contributions from organizations and individuals. All other young people's organizations are called upon to affiliate with the Youth Conference and send the names of their representatives to Youth Conference for Miners' Relief, 5 Esmont Street, Dorchester, Mass, care of Mr. B. Clayman.

USSR Minister in Japan

TOKIO, Jan. 22.—Alexander Troyanovsky, the new ambassador from the Soviet Union to the court of Japan has arrived in Tokio. Troyanovsky was appointed to succeed Valerian Doygolevsky who arrived recently in Paris to take up his ambassadorial duties there.

the task of rallying the masses around the slogan of "War Against Imperialist War."

"Peace or War?" by Lieutenant-Commander J. M. Kenworthy. With an introduction by H. G. Wells. Boni and Liveright. \$2.50.

This book is valuable for its listing of the forces making for war among the imperialist nations and the countries dominated by them. It is also valuable as giving an insight into the Liberal-Labor mind. (Kenworthy left the Liberals and came over to the Labor Party.) The book neglects the class struggle entirely, puts forward "nationalist sentiments" as the main cause of war without explaining how nationalist prejudices are manipulated to serve the interests of the imperialists. The struggle to abolish war is said to be a "contest between intelligence and sentiment." The author advocates the "outlawing of war" as the sole remedy.