

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

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22 DEAD, MANY BURIED ALIVE IN BURNING MINE

WORKERS PARTY DISTRICT REPORT UNMASKS SMITH

Unemployment Grows; Imperialism Cited

The New York district executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, in its plenum meeting Sunday at the district headquarters, 108 E. 14th St., heard a report on the economic conditions in the district and on Gov. Smith's annual message by W. W. Weinstein, district organizer of the Party.

The Bosses' Governor. The report was unanimously approved by the district executive committee. It pointed out that Governor Smith had become the champion of the concentration of state power in the hands of the capitalist class by the reiteration of his stand on the four-year term for governor, by his added proposals that there shall be no legislation every second year, and in his proposal for the establishment of a commission to pass sentences upon criminals.

This last proposal is intended to give a veil of impartiality to violence against the working class and to con-

2 COLLECTORS OF MINE FUNDS FREE

Four Other Workers to Face Trial

Two of the eight volunteer collectors of funds for the relief of the striking miners arrested in New York City during the week-end were given suspended sentences yesterday. They were participating in the tag days arranged by the Pennsylvania-Ohio-Colorado Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway.

Joe Biustein was given a suspended sentence by Magistrate Earl Smith in the 54th St. Court. The same action was taken in reference to John H. McCarthy when he was arraigned in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday morning.

Four of the other workers will appear for trial in Jefferson Market Court tomorrow morning. They are Joe Ancher, Abraham Lefkowitz, Sara Novikoff and Ray Feinblatt. The other two were given suspended sentences in the Coney Island Magistrate's Court Sunday morning.

Jaquet Buitenkant, retained by the International Labor Defense, is appearing as counsel in all cases.

MANY MEETINGS FOR MINE RELIEF

At the many mass meetings now being arranged by the Workers' International Relief throughout the Eastern part of the country the terrific struggle being waged by the Colorado, Ohio and Pennsylvania striking coal miners will be told in a simple but forceful manner, by "Flaming" Milka Sablich, the nineteen year old girl strike leader for the Colorado miners and by A. S. Embree, general organizer for the Colorado miners. Mother Reeves Bloor, the well-known American labor champion, will expose the horrible conditions of the mine regions of Pennsylvania, where evictions are daily oc-

Workers Party Meeting, Thursday, Will Discuss U. S. War on Nicaragua

A general membership meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Thursday at 8 p. m. at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St. The order of business will be the Nicaragua situation and the party membership drive.

Immigrant a Suicide; Ellis Island Victim



The body of Olga Condilof, who vanished from Ellis Island last November, was found in Ellis Island slip. Picture shows friends trying to identify the remains. It is generally believed that the woman was driven to desperation by the inhuman conditions prevailing at the American "reception home" at Ellis Island.

First Soviet R. R. Delegation Reaches U. S. to Place Orders

The first Russian railway delegation since the war has just arrived in the United States to place orders for over a million dollars worth of construction machinery to be used on the Turkestan-Siberian line now being built. The delegation includes A. A. Lazarevsky, chief engineer of the new lines department of the Soviet Commissariat for Transportation, and S. M. Ivanov, vice president of the Turkestan-Siberian Railway.

Reconstructed System. "During the past few years we have reconstructed our railway system to a point considerably in advance of its pre-war condition," said Lazarevsky, in the offices of the Amtorg Trading Corporation.

"In the course of the civil war in Russia thousands of locomotives and tens of thousands of cars were destroyed. Tracks were torn up and bridges demolished. From 1921 to 1927 we succeeded in increasing the number of locomotives in operation from 7,360 to 11,485 and the number of freight cars from 328,000 to 424,300 in rebuilding tracks and bridges and increasing operations to 15 per cent above the figure for 1913. The length of the present Soviet railway system is 17,700 kilometers greater than the mileage in the same territory before the war.

Need New Lines. "However, many new lines are needed and several are under construction. In the United States we will purchase steam shovels, pneumatic drills, dump cars and spare parts totaling more than a million dollars. At the same time we will study the latest improvements on American railways."

Greco-Carrillo Defense Needs Funds for Trial

The Greco-Carrillo defence committee, 70 Fifth Ave., has sent out an appeal for funds to cover the expenses of the recent trial of Calogero Greco and Donato Carrillo, anti-Fascists, acquitted in a Fascist murder frameup in the Bronx county court. "We borrowed money," says the appeal, "from friends on short time loans without interest, that the case might be put into the hands of competent lawyers at once and the long and extensive investigations necessary should begin without delay."

Opposes Alien Law

The determination of immigration quota through the national origin method was attacked by Benjamin M. Day, commissioner of immigration, in an address at the Park Ave. Baptist Church. He also advocated the admission of minors under 21 and husbands or wives of American citizens regardless of quota requirements.

Zober Verdict Today

PASSAIC, N. J., Jan. 9.—Chief of Police Richard O. Zober, active as a strikebreaker during the last textile strike, who was suspended from the force last October, will appear for sentence tomorrow before Commissioner of Public Safety Benjamin F. Turner. Zober is charged with receiving four stolen automobiles.

Report Sandino Takes Imperialist Property

MORE MARINES RUSHED TO WAGE NICARAGUAN WAR

Maj. Gen. Le Jeune Leaves U. S. for Front

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—That hundreds of Nicaraguan liberals are aiding General Sandino in his struggle against the occupation of Nicaragua by U. S. marines was revealed in a formal statement tonight by Dr. Alejandro Cesar, representative of the Diaz regime in the United States. This unexpected development, officials admitted, indicates that the marines now in Nicaragua and the 1,000 who sailed today to reinforce them face a serious problem.

The government of the Republic recently established by the Liberal leaders under General Sandino has issued ordinances confiscating the property of foreigners and cancelling all foreign concessions, despatches from Managua state.

The confiscatory order is the latest of several acts establishing the supremacy of the new Republic, the despatches report. Previous legislation dealt with the issuance of currency and the enforcement of strong measures against the use of alcoholic liquors.

New Republic's Seal. The new official seal of the new Republic is described as being a Nicaraguan worker brandishing a machete over the head of an American marine. The seal bears the motto, "Republic of Nicaragua," and the words "Country and Liberty."

General Augustino Sandino was a former worker in a gold mine owned by the American Charles Butters. He left the mine to take a leading part in the revolution against the reactionary conservative regime under Diaz. Butters has admitted that Sandino was a "forceful character" and a good worker.

Corinto Strike Unbroken. The presence of several marine detachments and the arrival of reinforcements rushed from Managua has failed to intimidate the harbor work-

KOSHER BUTCHERS STRIKE SUCCESS

About 50 per cent. of the employers against whom strikes were called have been settled with the Kosher Butchers Union, it was stated yesterday. The butcher workers had gone out on a general strike last Sunday, and these settlements had come in on the first day of the strike. The demand of the kosher butchers is for a decrease of a half hour each day. Until the strike they were compelled to work from 6:30 in the morning till 5 p. m., and on Thursdays they worked from 6:30 till 7 p. m. The determination of the workers seems to forecast an early victorious end for the strike.

LAW BUSINESS GROWS. Of the 44,917 suits passed upon by the Manhattan Supreme Court in 1927, 1,200 divorce decrees were granted, 200 marriages annulled

STRIKE HEROES COME TO NEW YORK

Daily Worker Anniversary Concert to Fill Mecca Temple

As the date of the celebration of the Fourth Anniversary of the birth of THE DAILY WORKER approaches there are indications that Mecca Temple will be filled to overflowing on Friday evening. That the audience will be there not merely to hear the concert, excellent as it is, but to pay tribute to the indomitable spirit that has kept alive the paper in the face of the fiercest reaction, is evidenced by the fact that many workers are coming from all the cities surrounding New York.

Many workers are arranging to come in a group from Passaic, where during the great strike that lasted more than a year they learned that the one paper in the English language that consistently defended their interests was THE DAILY WORKER. Special blocks of seats have been obtained by the former strikers. More Messages Come In. Messages continue to pour in from all parts of the United States and of the world praising the achievements of the paper and encouraging us to continue the fight against all odds. Leaders of the world revolutionary movement vie with the militant left-wingers of the mine regions of Penn-

Nicaraguan Leader Defies U. S. Imperialists



General Augustino C. Sandino, mine worker, is causing great worry among the U. S. investors who thought that there would be smooth sailing in Nicaragua once they succeeded in establishing their puppet, Diaz, in the presidency. He is representing the Nicaraguan masses who are fighting against the domination of their country by Wall Street bankers.

Taxi Drivers Write "Worker;" A Cop Shows His Authority

Many letters from taxicab drivers are being received by THE DAILY WORKER citing the conditions under which the workers in this branch of the transportation industry are forced to work long hours for low pay. A principal complaint in the letters thus far received is against discrimination among drivers by the police. Poor conditions, low wages, long hours and uncertain earnings are among outstanding evils complained of.

"S. L. M.," an old time cab driver of the upper Bronx, writes of an experience which is typical. His letter follows:

The Driver's Story. "One evening last week I picked up a fare at Grand Central and was asked to take the party to a theater on Fordham Rd. in the Bronx, which is a good run. The meter registered \$3.20 and the man gave me an 80 cent tip. Also he asked me to come back for him at "showbreak" (11:30 p. m.). He said then he would give me the even \$4.

"About 11:20 I began heading for the theater. I was hailed by another party. A taxi driver, you should understand, is not allowed to refuse a fare. So I explained to the man and his family who were with him that I was already engaged. This was at Jerome Ave and 167th St.

Cop Gives Orders. "You will have to take me," he ordered. I protested, telling him about my other engagement. Then he turned back his coat and displayed his police shield and said that if I didn't take him and his family he would take me to the nearest police precinct. I then to the nearest police precinct. I then to get him another cab if he would let me off. Even his wife pleaded with him but it was no use. So I had to lose my other fare and take him. "When I got to his destination the meter registered 90 cents and he gave me \$1.

"I asked him why he didn't let me

25 ASK FOR EACH JOB IN NEWARK

By IRVING FREEMAN. NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 9.—Unemployment is steadily rising in the large manufacturing cities of New Jersey. In Newark, the best indicator for the entire state, a 25 per cent decrease since 1926 in employment is revealed by employers' statistics, with 25 applicants for every job. Unemployed workers crowd the streets looking for the few ads appearing in the papers, and employment exchanges have little to offer them.

Charity organizations on Christmas could not handle the immense number of poor and homeless seeking food and lodging. Passaic, the textile center, Elizabeth, where automobile machinery is produced and the brickmaking Amboys and the pottery manufacturers at Trenton are just as hard hit as Newark. A large construction program is planned by the State Highway Commission and the Port Authority, but does not start until spring.

ILLINOIS BLAST PERILS LIVES OF SEVEN HUNDRED

Bad Conditions After Separate Agreement

WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., Jan. 9.—Twenty-two bodies, charred, torn, dismembered, were being lifted tonight from the main shaft of the Industrial Coal Company's Mine No. 18, two miles out of this town.

The twenty-two were killed in a gas explosion that occurred at 7:40 o'clock this morning, five hundred feet beneath the surface and at a chamber entryway, a mile northeast of the main shaft. Seven hundred men, all of whom had just gone on duty, were in the mine when the detonation came. One hundred and thirty-six were in the blast area.

The twenty-two whose bodies have been recovered, probably were killed almost instantly. Two miners working near by were injured—one of them, Dallard Commaens, was only rescued.

WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., Jan. 9.—The lives of the full shift of seven hundred men were imperiled today when a terrific explosion of gas wrecked the Industrial Coal Company's mine No. 18 here. Two are known to be dead and their bodies have been found, twenty-four are unaccounted for and are probably dead, one hundred and sixty escaped only after several hours below in the poisonous fumes, and the others got out immediately.

Formerly union officials called out the men when gas was found in a mine, and permitted no work until the danger was passed. This was one of the things the operators have always fought and in the separate peace negotiated between the Illinois Miners Union and the Illinois Coal Operators Association last fall, this was one of the tacit concessions, along with worse working conditions and more unpaid labor, which the officials of District 12 of the United Mine Workers of America consented to.

Numerous Accidents. Numerous accidents have taken place since the separate truce but the Frankfort disaster is the largest so far.

The bodies of Carl Jones and Dave McPhail, the dead men, were brought to the surface late this afternoon. Rescue workers are attempting now to reach the men still entombed and possibly asphyxiated by the dread aftermath.

Many of the men rescued were overcome for a time by the gas.

Rescue Crews in Mine. Rescue crews from Benton, Herrin and Valier are in the mine seeking to establish new air currents so that the mine can be cleared of the poison gases.

The rescuers were forced to don oxygen helmets before they could enter the mine.

Those still in the mine are down about 500 feet and are believed to be almost a mile from the mine shaft.

MINERS APPEAL TO WORLD LABOR

Reign of Terror, Cold, Hunger Described

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 9.—Declaring that the defeat of the striking coal miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio and other sections would not only strike a deadly blow at the American trade union movement, but would also weaken the trade union movement throughout the world, the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee, with its headquarters at 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., today issued an appeal to the international labor movement urging them to come to the aid

Tetra Ethyl Chloride Still Kills Bayonne Standard Oil Company Workers

DRIVE SICK MEN BACK TO WORK; COMPANY UNION

Fire Half the Crew and Do More with Rest

By NATHAN HONIG.
A constantly increasing murmur of discontent may be heard these days among the 3,000 unorganized workers of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey plant in Bayonne, and the additional thousands employed at Standard Oil plants in Jersey City and Bayway. A never ending process of squeezing the long suffering workers to satisfy the gnawing greed for gold of Rockefeller will yet cause a revolt whose echoes will reverberate to every corner of this nation where the many slave that a few may prosper.

A Big Plant.
3,000 men work at the 100 acre Standard Oil of N. J. works at Constable Hook, Bayonne. Less than two years ago the plant employed over 7,000. In the past year 2,000 workers have been laid off, and lay offs, temporary and permanent, continue steadily. Wages have been cut right and left. Wages, according to information supplied by workers, are as follows:

- Laborers, forming the vast majority in the plant—53c to 57c an hour.
- Bricklayers, reduced a year ago from \$1.10 to 60c an hour.
- Painters, average wages about 70c an hour.
- Boilermakers, cut about a year ago from \$1.25 to 80c an hour.
- Boilermakers' helpers, 60c an hour.
- Carpenters, reduced in the past year from \$1.10 to 75c an hour.
- Machinists, cut a year ago from \$1.25 to 80c an hour.
- Firemen, average wages, 70c an hour.
- Stillmen (refiners), 71c an hour.
- Truck drivers, 71c an hour.
- Coopers, from 60c to 81c an hour.
- Pressers, 71c an hour.

Laborers have received from 53c to 57c an hour for nearly 20 years. No increase has been given any worker for at least that period, but instead many have received reductions, especially in the last year. Indeed, all the men fear, and on good grounds, that a great decrease will be their portions in 1928.

The speed-up system is at a killing rate, and every day sees the Oil Trust grow greedier in the amount of work it wishes to eke out of the workers. Foremen are at the workers' elbows constantly. There is one foreman to every six men. Any boss, any petty official from the office or from any department may order the men around. Foremen get from \$75 a week up, the greater the speedup they force on the men, the greater their salaries. Old Standard Oil workers, Standard Oil employees for 25 years or more, cannot stand the terrific pace. Out they must go, says Standard Oil. They are transferred to harder, dirtier jobs, requiring still greater efforts, beyond their ability. They are forced to quit. The last drop of strength pressed out of them by Standard Oil, they are helpless paupers in the end: A 65 year old employee, after 20 years service, is supposed to be retired on a half-pay pension. A few years before the time for his retirement is at hand, Standard Oil gets rid of him by the process related above.

No Pay During Storms.
Practically all the work is done outdoors, where the tanks are located. No work can be done during storms or on rainy days; no pay of course then. The workers freeze in the winter. No fires are allowed on account of the inflammable products handled. The men are not allowed a second off to warm themselves in the boiler room. Here are a few specimens of Standard Oil rules:

A man caught eating anything on the job—fined 2 days layoff.
Failure to call up when sick (Few workers have phones, and their wives cannot use them) fined 2 days layoff.
One second late to work—fined a half hour's pay.

Workers are supposed to start work at 7:20 a. m.; but they must get their checks by 7:15. "If a man has not taken his check at 7:16—fine, a half hour's pay.

One half hour allowed for lunch which must be eaten right on the job.
The quitting whistle blows at 4:30 p. m. If a man works near the check office and therefore turns in his check too soon after the whistle blows, a mark is placed against his name. Ten such marks result in 2 days' layoff.

Workers must be examined every year by the company doctor, not for the worker's own benefit, but to determine if he has enough strength left to give to Standard Oil.

A worker gets a two weeks' vacation with pay, after 5 years service, but when he returns he must take on another man's job in addition to his own. If several men are away, the other men must do their work.

No talking is allowed on the job. (To Be Continued.)

WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 9.—Miss Mary Dupont, gunpowder heiress, has left her nursing position in Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, to wed Dr. James Morrison Faulkner of Boston.

Mother Dies in Tenement House Fire



Mrs. Victoria Correa lost her life in a fire which swept the tenement at 1623 Madison Ave., when she attempted to save her 20-day-old baby. The child was rescued by firemen and taken in ambulance (above) to hospital. Her grandmother was also killed in the fire. Working class families are always compelled to live in dingy, cheerless and unsafe fire-traps.

SURVEY SHOWS MILLIONS ARE DISFRANCHISED

Figures on South Given At Negro Meeting

Results of a survey on disfranchisement in the southern states were given by Dr. W. E. B. Du Bois, editor of the Crisis, at the annual mass meeting here of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

The survey shows that a larger number of white workers and poor farmers than of Negroes is disfranchised with the aid of the police and the courts. The extent of this disfranchisement is an index to the conditions under which millions work and live. Du Bois gave figures for several states, based on 1920 statistics, as follows:

	Negroes Disfranchised.	Whites Disfranchised.
Virginia	349,231	626,814
N. Carolina	337,756	324,230
S. Carolina	375,930	337,711
Georgia	569,330	703,560
Florida	179,008	208,209
Alabama	438,130	464,195
Mississippi	451,130	342,484
Arkansas	240,234	443,421
Louisiana	357,251	449,849
Oklahoma	71,331	463,852
Texas	374,428	1,615,250

Rep. George H. Tinkham, of Massachusetts, who spoke at the meeting, characterized the "gross and lawless" disfranchisement of Negroes in the south as a "national scandal."

DRY ENFORCEMENT CHANGES SLIGHT

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 9.—Any bill for stricter prohibition law enforcement introduced at the behest of the Anti-Saloon League before the present session of the state legislature is doomed to certain defeat, a count of dry strength in the legislature reveals.

There are six wet republicans in the state senate, who with a unanimously wet democratic representation can block the passage of any dry bill. Sixteen wet republicans in the assembly, with the lower house democrats solidly anti-prohibition with one exception, have expressed determination to defeat strengthening of dry laws.

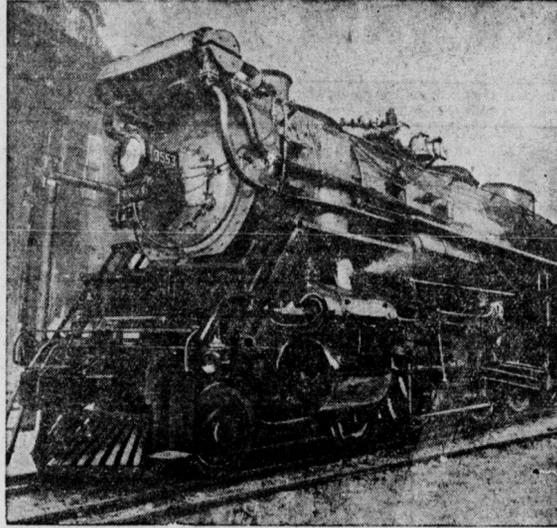
Awards for Negroes

Sixteen Negro men and women have received awards from the Harmon Foundation, directed by the Federal Council of Churches, for distinguished work in arts and sciences in 1927. James Weldon Johnson won the first prize in literature for his book of poems, "God's Trombones." The award is \$400 and a gold medal. James A. Parsons received the chief science award for his research and discoveries in metallurgy. Benjamin Brawley, educator, of Raleigh, N. C., declined the second prize for education.

BROOKLYN FIREMAN HURT

A fire starting in the cellar of a five-story building at 13855 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn yesterday, rapidly spread to five adjoining houses and caused \$20,000 damage. One fireman was injured.

New Type Locomotive; More Workers Jobless



New type of locomotive, first of ten recently received by the New Haven Railroad. It has sufficient power to haul 100 loaded freight cars at passenger train speed. This mountain of steel is 97 feet long and weighs 350 tons.

This acquisition will succeed in displacing thousands of railroad men. Under capitalism advances in technique result in making the lot of the workers more miserable, since science is utilized primarily for profit.

FORMER STRIKERS BOSTON WORKERS TO HEAR CONCERT TO PROTEST WAR

Mecca Temple to Be Filled at Celebration

(Continued from Page One)
speaking of Tarasova's art said: "Those three Rs—Russian, Red and Revolution; but when you apply them to that tornado of temperament, little Nina Tarasova, they only mean Russian genius, luminous red hair, and a way of singing into people's hearts that is revolutionary."

Other Stars to Appear
Paul Althouse, the internationally renowned Metropolitan Opera tenor noted for his full resonant voice, able to carry the most difficult aria to a thrilling climax, or of the most delicate shadings of tonal beauty, will appear in a series of selections from the great operas of all time. Then Doris Niles, classic and interpretative dancer, will appear in her usual dances, in addition to special Russian and Gypsy dances. A fourth star on the program is Sascha Jacobsen, the young violinist who has within the past few years arose to first rank among the violin soloists of today.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 9.—Thousands of Boston workers are expected to attend the protest demonstration against the war on Nicaragua to be held at the Paine Memorial Hall, 9 Appleton St., Friday evening, Jan. 13. Speakers will describe the imperialistic basis for the present attack on the Nicaraguan liberation movement and demand the withdrawal of marines and warships.

Under the auspices of the Speakers International Relief a mass meeting for the relief of the striking miners of Pennsylvania, Colorado and Ohio will be held Sunday afternoon, Jan. 15, at 3 o'clock in the same hall. Speakers include "Flaming Milka" Sablich and A. S. Embree, Colorado strike leaders, and Mother Bloor. No admission charge will be made at either meeting.

Senate Committee to Ask Many Millions For Flood Grafters

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—The Senate committee on commerce now considering flood control plans for a series of levees and spillways on the Mississippi is expected to ask \$200,000,000 more of Congress than the Coolidge plan demands. The new policy involves shifting the main burden of costs to the federal government rather than taxing local flood areas.

It is believed the new plan will increase graft possibilities, which, according to experts, is the only advantage of the present flood control policy. Contracts are awarded for ineffectual patching which requires frequent renewing.

FENG RUTHLESS IN WARRING ON LEFT ELEMENTS

Slaughters Communists Without Trial

SHANGHAI, Jan. 9.—That General Feng Yu-hsiang, who formerly led the nationalist armies, executes workers, peasants and soldiers suspected of Communist leanings without the formality of a trial is revealed here in a copy of an order issued to his subordinates. Feng himself in a telegram to the Kuomintang convention, which will open here soon, boasts of his ruthless campaign against the Communists.

The order issued by Feng to his subordinates follows:

"I hereby order the commanders of all army corps, divisions, brigades, regiments and battalions to organize a special secret service to detect and apprehend all Communist conspirators where our troops are stationed so that none can escape. All found guilty will be sent to this headquarters to be executed.

"Any one who has knowledge of these criminals but who fails to report them is punishable as a criminal himself.

"As this is a vital concern to the future of the country, you are to exact yourself to the utmost to track down the evil-doers without mercy."

Senate Wants Own Quiz Into "S-4"

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—To the three "investigating" committees ostensibly inquiring into the circumstances of the sinking of the S-4 and the resultant death of the crew of 43 men, may now be added a fourth committee.

Battle in Senate.
A real battle over President Coolidge's request for a civilian commission developed today at a secret session of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee.

Recover 17 Bodies.
The fight against the President's request was led by Senators Swanson (D.) of Virginia, Walsh (D.) of Massachusetts, and King (D.) of Utah.

The bodies of seventeen of the forty dead, recovered from the sunken submarine today, were enroute to their homes or national cemeteries for burial or were ready for shipment from Chelsea Naval Hospital.

PICKETS MARCH ON NAVY YARD MINERS WIN FREE SPEECH VICTORY

Philadelphia Workers Against War Colorado Strikers Smash Into Locked Halls

(Continued from Page One)
bur, What About the American Lives Lost on the S-4? "Fight With the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League Against Imperialism."

A statement, issued to the press, follows: "Statement of Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League on demonstration staged before Philadelphia Navy Yard Saturday, January 7th, 1928, at 3 p. m. "The purpose of this demonstration is to register the vigorous opposition of the workers of this country against the subjugation of Nicaragua to the will, and in the interest of the Wall Street imperialists.

Ruthlessness Proved.
"The decision to send several thousand additional marines and sailors into the disease infested swamps of Nicaragua to suppress with further murderous methods the effort of the Nicaraguan masses to win freedom from American oppression, coming after an extended campaign of 'pacification' under the direction of Stimson who has been promoted for his valuable services to the bankers with a similar position in the Philippines, is further proof of the ruthlessness of the American capitalist government.

"The action of the Wall Street government in Nicaragua is undertaken under the cynical pretext of protecting American lives in Nicaragua. This despite the brutal disregard of the lives of hundreds of thousands of American miners and their families who today are starving in consequence of the attack on them by the same interests and government who pretend an interest in the lives of Americans in Nicaragua. This claim is all the more farcical when it is recalled that the Americans in danger in Nicaragua are those who are being sent in to murder the Nicaraguans and suppress their struggle for freedom.

Withdrawal Demanded.
"We demand the immediate withdrawal of all American armed forces from Nicaragua.

"We call upon the workers of America to support the heroic struggle of the Nicaraguan masses who are being maliciously branded as 'bandits' even as King George III branded as bandits the colonists who fought for freedom in 1776, by the modern King Georges, the Coolidges, Kelloggs and Wilburs.

"We urge all American workers, soldiers and sailors to organize for struggle against American imperialism the common enemy of all the exploited and oppressed within and outside the borders of America."

Colorado Strikers Smash Into Locked Halls

(Continued from Page One)
to interfere. An enthusiastic meeting at Coal Creek, Fremont County, resulted in cutting down the number of workers in the mines considerably, and made the effort to reopen a new mine there a dismal failure. Only 14 men showed up for work, and these included several bosses. The fremont County miners believe that the strike is near victory and are determined to stand out despite the fact that they are on short food rations.

Arrest 3 Strikers.
Three strikers were arrested in Walsenburg Sunday and one in the northern field. The miners are now investigating a report that 25 strikers have been deported from Folsom, Tex., by the state police.

The hearing before the Industrial Commission is scheduled to begin Wednesday. At the same time the strikers are anxiously awaiting the long planned raid on their headquarters in the southern area, which was so definitely scheduled last week that the newspapers announced it had taken place, telling all the details.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 9.—Southern Colorado strike workers won two outstanding victories when both halls in the district were re-opened. Judge McChesney handed down a permanent injunction against the Trinidad authorities stopping the I. W. W. from using their hall.

However, the strikers had already opened the hall tearing the boards off the windows and locks from the door. **Solidarity Triumphs.**
The mayor has been whipped by the solidarity of the workers. A similar victory was won in the north where the state militia had placed machine guns and troops on the streets of Erie, but withdrew them when protests were made by many citizens.

It is reported that Col. Newlon has been forced to demobilize some of his officers. This will undoubtedly take some of the pleasure of strikebreaking out of service, for he has been building a political machine by keeping one officer in the field to every four or five men.

Many in Jail.
Efforts to break the strike are therefore crumbling in all the coal fields before the solidarity of the miners.

At the same time the great need for relief is the tremendous problem before the striking miners. Eight strikers were held as prisoners in Canon City. Their crime was picketing. They were released only when the strikers succeeded in raising the required bonds.

LENIN MEMORIAL MEETING

Saturday - 8:30 p. m. - Jan. 21 - at Madison Square Garden

PAGEANT ON THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION—1,000 IN THE CAST

LENIN SAID:

"Tens of millions of corpses and maimed, who are the victims in the war... are with a heretofore unknown speed opening the eyes of the millions and tens of millions of people, stupified, oppressed, deceived and fooled by the bourgeoisie. In this way, upon the universal ruin caused by the war, the revolutionary crisis is growing..."

TODAY: American marines are bombing men, women and children in Nicaragua. PROTEST AT THE LENIN MEMORIAL.



TICKETS MAY BE OBTAINED AT:

- MANHATTAN**
 - Jimmie Higgins Bookshop, 81 East 110th St.
 - 104 University Place, 350 E. 81 St.
 - Co-operative Restaurant, 101 W. 27 St.
 - Union Square, 125 E. 16 St.
 - Selig's Restaurant, 76 Second Avenue
 - Cloakmakers' Joint Board, 16 West 21st St.
 - United Workers Co-operative, 69 Fifth Ave.
 - Health Restaurant, 1600 Madison Ave.
 - Unity Co-operative House, 1800 Seventh Ave.
 - Sazar's Restaurant, 78 Second Ave.
 - Sollins Dining Room, 216 E. 14th St.
 - Gidskin's Bookstore, 202 East Broadway
 - Joint Board Furriers Union, 22 East 22nd St.
 - Local 22, 16 W. 21 St.
 - Co-operative Shoe Repair, 418 1/2 Sixth Ave.
- BROOKLYN**
 - Women's Council Cloakmakers, 1420 Boston Road.
 - 2075 Clinton Avenue.
 - 2700 Bronx Park East.
 - 715 East 138th Street.
 - Maderman's Bookshop, 8603 20th Ave.
 - Max Snow Drugstore, 43 — 13th Ave.
 - B. Catt Drugstore, 78 Graham Avenue.
 - I. Goldstein, Bookstore, 265 4th St.
- STATEN ISLAND**
 - Sutter Avenue, East New York Workers' Club, 604 Sutter Ave.
 - 857 Honkinton Ave. Workers' Center, 1689 Pitkin Ave.
 - 1840 Benson Ave. 122 Osborn St.
 - 29 Graham St.
 - 48 Ten Eyck St.
 - Workers' School, 1373 — 43rd St.
 - 1111 Rutland Ave.
 - COBEN ISLAND
 - #501 Brighton Beach Ave.
 - LONG ISLAND
 - 1 Fulton Ave., Middle Village
 - MASSACHUSETTS
 - Mass Drygoods Store, 1660 Castleton Ave.
 - PATERSON, N. J.
 - S. Lieb, 104 Fair St., Paterson
 - 3 Montgomery St.
 - PASSAIC, N. J.
 - Workers Club, 27 Dayton Av.
 - Caplan, 118 Madison St.

Speakers:

- Jay Lovestone
- William Z. Foster
- P. T. Lau
- M. J. Olgin
- Robert Minor
- John Williamson

William W. Weinstone
Chairman.

Calles Government Orders Troops to Disarm Peons and Ranch Workers

REPORT MEXICAN PACT WITH WALL ST. RAPS LABOR

House to House Search Is Ordered

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 9.—Federal garrisons throughout Mexico were instructed by the war department today to search the homes of peons and other ranch workers and to seize all rifles and munitions.

In 1925, when President Alvaro Obregon was hard pressed by counter-revolutionists, about 5,000 rifles were distributed among agrarian workers in the state of Vera Cruz, Jalisco, Guerrero and Oaxaca.

Official explanation of the order for disarming the agrarians is that the "conditions that originally called for their arming" have since disappeared.

Blow to R. R. Workers.

The Calles government has grown much less popular with a large section of industrial and agrarian workers as the result of its recent oil land decisions and its alleged agreement with international bankers, headed by Thomas W. Lamont, of J. P. Morgan & Co., for the financing and the reorganization of the railroads.

It is charged that the international bankers in reaching an agreement with the Mexican financial agents in New York demanded protection from the railway workers' union, which has steadily opposed the reorganization of the road and the wholesale dismissals which such reorganization would involve.

Peons Oppose New Law.

The recent delegation of power to President Calles in regard to the agrarian laws, which it is believed, is a move favorable to United States investors, is also extremely unpopular among agrarian workers.

The disarming of peons is regarded as a precaution on the part of the Calles regime.

CALVIN COOLIDGE'S PRAYER FOR PEACE



PAN-AMERICANISM, TOOL OF WALL ST.

Declaration of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League

On January 10, 1928, there will meet in Havana the Sixth Pan-American Conference. This conference comes together at a time when the imperialism of the United States becomes more and more brazen, at a time when the political and economic oppression of the countries of Latin America by the most powerful imperialism of the world is an established brutal fact.

The Pan-American Conference and Its Real Aims.

The Latin American peoples are sufficiently familiar with the Yankee method of disguising real aims under a cloak of humanitarian phrases which always conceal new plans for imperialist aggression. With each new advance of imperialism we are treated to a new hypocritical formula: the Monroe Doctrine, the Platt Amendment, the Treaty for the Independence of Panama, the Corinto Pact, the Davos Plan, Pan-Americanism. They are all instruments for subjugating the peoples of Latin America and in the last analysis, of the entire world, to the sovereignty of Wall Street.

Pan-Americanism, the doctrine under whose auspices the coming Havana conference is to meet, is as dangerous for the economic and political independence of the Latin American peoples as the Monroe Doctrine which once went forward under the slogan of "America for the Americans," but which has now adopted the slogan of "America for Wall Street."

Pan-Americanism, preached and disseminated by those who continue to send troops to Nicaragua and to whatever Latin American countries stand in the way of Wall Street, is nothing but a bludgeon in the hands of the Dollar Kings.

Pan-Americanism means submission to the yoke of Wall Street.

Against Pan-Americanism, the Union of Latin American Peoples, The All America Anti-Imperialist

League, through its Continental Committee declares before the peoples of Latin America that the Pan-Americanism propagated by the agents of Wall Street is a shameful fraud to which we can never submit.

Union of oppressed with oppressors is impossible. The attitude of Latin America can only be one of open, indefatigable combat. After the triumph of our cause, with imperialism vanquished, the way will be open for the idea of the union of all the peoples of the western hemisphere. The task before us consists in uniting free peoples on the basis of unquestioned equality, but at no time in delivering over defenseless territories to the designs of the powerful exploiter.

Recent declarations of President Coolidge show the importance of this truth. The Washington delegation will not participate in the conference if any Latin American delegation proposes to discuss the Monroe Doctrine or proposes the transfer of the permanent headquarters of the Pan-American Union from U. S. to another country. President Coolidge makes it clear that Pan-Americanism is possible only with the predominance and control of the United States.

The American Delegation.

It is well known that never has the United States sent out such an imposing delegation as the one elected to represent her at the Sixth Pan-American Conference.

Coolidge, president of the United States; Kellogg, secretary of state; Morrow, partner in the House of Morgan and ambassador to Mexico; Fletcher, ambassador to Italy and former ambassador to Mexico; Judah, ambassador to Cuba, and other prominent figures in the banking, industrial and political world—surrounded by an army of experts, advisors, publicists, etc. Such is the delegation—larger and more carefully chosen than the one sent to the Versailles Peace Conference—constituting a serious warning to the Latin American peoples with respect to the program of penetration and domination dictated to the White House by the potentates of Wall Street.

Deaths, Not Words.

We could very easily summarize the evangelical discourse which Mr. Coolidge will utter at the opening session of the conference. We know that he will repeat the terms "Good Will," and "American Altruism."

We doubt, however, that he will dare to repeat—even before a corps of diplomats, his attacks against the Nicaraguan patriots, the defenders of the sovereignty of our peoples, we doubt that he will dare to repeat—even in Havana—that in Nicaragua "the only ones who continue to resist are bands of thieves and outlaws." We know that he will eliminate

all harshness from his speech, we know that he will avoid all friction, we even have faith in the literary success of his oratorical effort and in his "expression" of infinite philanthropy. But we declare in advance that the peoples of Latin America will not listen to his words, will not believe in the sincerity of his promises. Tired of promises, they demand fulfillment, in terms of concrete acts:

Immediate withdrawal of all Yankee troops from Nicaragua; Abrogation of all treaties limiting the sovereignty of Latin American countries; withdrawal of the financial overseers from the tillers; independence of Porto Rico and the Philippines and of all the territory of Panama; withdrawal of support to the dictatorship in Venezuela, etc.; recognition of and obedience to the sovereign laws of our countries.

The All American Anti-Imperialist League calls upon all the Latin American delegations; especially those having even relative liberty of action in the face of imperialism, to defend the interests of our countries, to courageously unmask the representatives of Wall Street and expose them for what they are.

Our voice is the voice of twenty nations oppressed and assaulted by imperialist might. A courageous attitude on the part of our representatives can count on the unanimous support of Latin America.

With the approach of the Havana fair, the All American Anti-Imperialist League reiterates its appeal to Latin Americans to intensify efforts for the union of our countries and to press forward the organization of the open struggle against Yankee imperialism.

Fight against Pan-Americanism, the instrument of Yankee imperialism!

Intensify the campaign of unification of all Latin American countries for their national independence! Yesterday against Spain, today against Wall Street!

Let us make 1928 the anti-imperialist year, the year of our liberty! Against American Imperialism! For the Union of the Peoples of America!

ALL-AMERICA ANTI-IMPERIALIST LEAGUE, CONTINENTAL COMMITTEE. Mexico City, January, 1928.

U. S. SHIP AROUND.

TOKIO, Jan. 9.—The American liner President Monroe, which went aground in the Suo Sea near Mogi, was refloated today and is proceeding to Shanghai. She was not damaged. The liner, which sailed from New York on Nov. 24 on a world cruise, was bound from Kobe, Japan, to Shanghai.

LITHUANIA-POLE PEACE FAR OFF, PREMIER ADMITS

Must Recover Vilna, Waldemar Says

WARSAW, Jan. 9.—No peace is possible between Poland and Lithuania until the Vilna question is finally settled, Premier Waldemar informed Polish newspapermen in an interview yesterday. The Lithuanian government will only receive Lithuanian envoys, in Vilna, Waldemar said.

The Waldemar statement indicates that the "peace" declared by the League of Nations several months ago was merely formal and that no settlement of the essential difficulties between the two countries has been reached. The Lithuanian Government has made it perfectly clear that it will not consider any peace that does not provide for the recovery of Vilna, while the Pilsudski regime has made it clear that it will not relinquish Vilna.

No goods coming from Vilna will be permitted to enter Lithuania, Waldemar declared in an interview and others hearing a Vilna postmark will also be barred from Lithuania. Lithuanian and Polish frontier guards exchanged shots several days ago. One Lithuanian soldier was wounded.

EAR NEW FLOOD IN LONDON SLUMS

Thousand Families Are Homeless

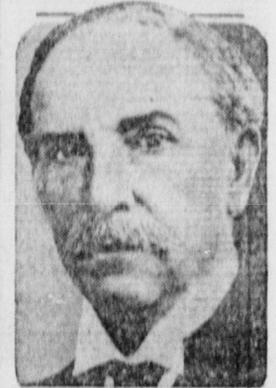
LONDON, Jan. 9.—Tension tightened this afternoon as close watch was kept on the waters of the Thames, or within another twelve hours London will know whether it is to suffer another devastating flood from the abnormally high tides and the river, overflowing with waters from recent rains.

Dawn tomorrow should bring the flood situation in London to a climax, and if the temporary dikes erected to strengthen the embankment hold, then it is expected that the flood terror will have passed because after the high tide tomorrow the abnormal height of the tides will recede.

Workers along the embankments of the Thames in London have put in hard hours of labor and are confident that the embankments will withstand the flood tides now unless the waters are whipped by heavy winds.

More than 3,000 families and possibly 15,000 people from the tenement districts along the Thames are still homeless.

Friend of Wall Street



Ricardo Jimenez Oreamuno, president of Costa Rica, is doing his bit to make his part of Latin America as docile as possible for the American capitalists. He recently gave an elaborate dinner to Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, boy scout of the financiers of the American Empire.

Arrested for Petition to Japanese Emperor

TOKIO, Jan. 9.—For attempting to address a direct appeal to the emperor, a Tokio native has been seized by the police. He was held under an aspen bush until the royal procession passed. The police feared a repetition of the attempt made by a soldier several months ago to interest the emperor in the savage oppression of the lowest ranks in the army.

FASCISTS FEAR NEW UPRISINGS AS PRICES SOAR

Mass Protests Force Delay of Wage Cuts

GENEVA, Jan. 9.—The wages of Italian workers have dropped so low and retail prices have soared so high that the Fascist Party has been compelled to postpone the twenty per cent wage slash which it decreed recently. Wages are already at a starvation level and the Fascist fear outbreaks in industrial centers.

Despite the stabilization of the lira retail prices have not decreased. In fact a quarter cent per pound increase in the price of bread is likely. The increase in the price of bread will be a severe blow to many working class families.

The wage cut has been postponed by the Fascist for fear of an increase in riots which have been quite common in recent months. The Fascist militia has been called out a number of times to disperse groups of demonstrating workers.

Despite the credits which Italy recently received from J. P. Morgan and Company and English banking houses, depression continues in the metal, engineering and building trades.

BAD BOOZE KILLS 25

MADRID, Jan. 9.—Twenty-five are dead and fifteen are seriously ill as the result of drinking methylated spirits in Larache, Morocco, according to dispatches received here today.

LATIN-AMERICAN LOANS INCREASE

Reach Record Total In 1927; Big Loan to Peru

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—United States loans to Latin America in 1927 reached the record total of \$335,360,300, when the flotation of the \$50,000,000 loan to Peru was announced.

The huge total of \$335,360,000 contrasts with the less than \$15,000,000 which was loaned to Latin America in 1914. During the six years from 1915 to 1920 the grand total of loans to Latin America only reached about \$125,000.

The largest loans have been made to Argentina. The distribution of loans in 1926 and 1927 was as follows:

Country	1926	1927
Argentina	\$106,293,000	\$109,352,000
Bolivia	11,885,000	11,885,000
Brazil	59,973,950	62,280,000
Chile	74,230,000	23,383,300
Colombia	28,320,250	53,200,000
Costa Rica	8,000,000	1,800,000
Cuba	9,000,000
Dominican Republic	3,300,000	5,000,000
Panama	5,800,000	1,500,000
Peru	16,000,000	87,900,050
Salvador	1,520,000
Uruguay	31,673,000

White Guard Spies Sentenced in USSR

LENINGRAD, Jan. 9.—Found guilty of espionage for counter-revolutionary groups, three White Russians have been sentenced to death. Twelve other counter-revolutionaries have received prison terms ranging from five to fifteen years.

The White Russians operated near the Finnish border and carried information to counter-revolutionary groups abroad.

Order a Bundle of The DAILY WORKER

For the January 13th Meeting and for Distribution

Put in your order NOW for the special Anniversary Edition of The DAILY WORKER, Special Articles, Special Features and News Dispatches. Order must be received before Tuesday, January 10th in order that proper arrangement should be made. The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York, N. Y.

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\$250,000.00 Gold Bonds

SECURED BY THE SECOND MORTGAGE ON THIS

Second Block of Dwellings of the Cooperative Workers Colony, (Brook Park East, at Aleezia Avenue, Sta. Brook, N. Y.)

\$1,000 \$500 \$300 \$100

Gold Bonds are being sold on installments and the smallest amount draws 6% dividends from the first day of deposit.

RUSH 1000 MARINES TO NICARAGUA WAR

STRIKE UNBROKEN AS PORT WORKERS HINDER INVADERS

(Continued from Page One)

ers who recently declared a strike in sympathy with the struggle of the Liberal army under General Sandino, according to despatches from the Nicaraguan capital.

The arrival by airplane from Managua of Col. Louis Mason Gulick, the present commander of the marines in Nicaragua, has apparently accomplished nothing in the way of breaking the strike.

Fresh marine re-enforcements were rushed to the aid of the outpost in Corinto when armed bands outside the town threatened to sever the railroad communications with Managua and the American authorities feared that the workers might unite with the armed patrols and seize the town for the Liberals.

Will Rush Marines

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9. — A thousand and United States marines, together with Major General John A. Lejeune, commander of the United States marine corps, will be rushed to Nicaragua when the light cruisers Trenton, Milwaukee and Raleigh, and the minesweeper, Oglala, sail from Charles, South Carolina and Hampton Roads, tomorrow.

The order to sail follows the completion of the full marine quota of 1,000 marines who will re-enforce 1,400 who are already on active duty in Nicaragua.

Major General Lejeune, before departing for Charleston, reiterated the old statement that he considers the Liberal General Sandino an "outlaw" and hopes he will be eliminated from "the otherwise peaceful Nicaraguan horizon before the August elections."

MANAGUA, Jan. 9. — Although General Sandino's forces entrenched in the El Chipote area, are reported to have been receiving new recruits during the past week, the situation is still quiet with the marines and the Nicaraguan constabulary better unprepared to give battle because of their own lack of reinforcements.

In the hinterland there has been great enthusiasm among Sandino supporters, owing to the battle a week ago, it is reported, and this has resulted in additional men joining the Liberal forces.

There are indications that the marines are not planning to attack Sandino. It is even reported that some new efforts may be made at making peace with Sandino.

Sandino's snipers are still active.

500 Marines For Corinto

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 9. — A detachment of nearly 500 marines will sail from here tomorrow for Corinto, the only western seaport of Nicaragua. The force consists of three infantry companies, a machine gun and howitzer company and a headquarters company. The departure of the marines from San Diego coincides with the sailing of a thousand marines from Hampton Roads and Charleston.

Wives Say Farewell

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 9. — In an atmosphere reminiscent of the World War, hundreds of wives and children of the enlisted men have arrived at Hampton Roads to bid farewell to the soldiers who are being sent to invade Nicaragua and many of whom it is admitted will never return.

The marines have been hurriedly assembled from points throughout the east and final touches are being given to the outfit preliminary to their sailing tomorrow. Most of the marines are veterans of the United States' previous attacks in Latin America and China and no men whose enlistments are expiring in six months are being shipped to Nicaragua. The officers are frank in admitting that they participate a long hard campaign.

NEW PARTY BOOKS FOR MEMBERS

Every member of the Workers (Communist) Party will have to exchange his old book for a new one before the end of this month of January in order to be considered in good standing.

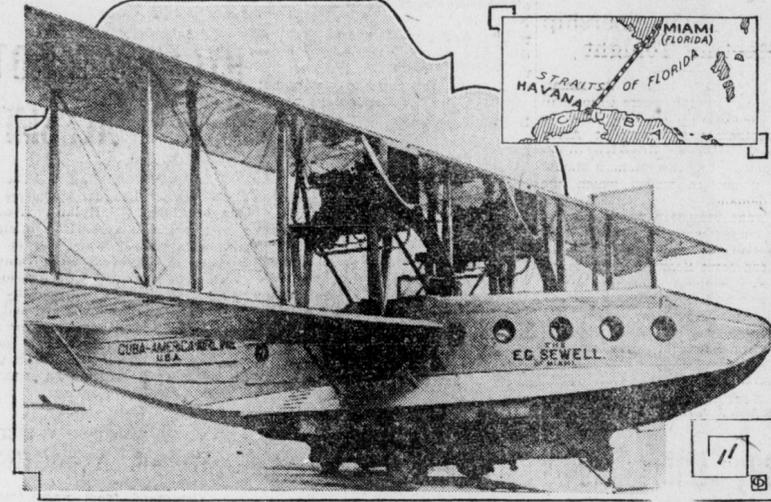
The new book is published for one year only and expires on December 31st, 1928. The new book also is numbered so that this will afford the Party a better check-up and control of the membership.

A new feature of the book is the place to record the attendance and activity of the member. This together with the dues payments will serve as a record for every member.

All Party units and sub-divisions will make a special drive during the month of January to make every member in good standing. If you have not yet secured your new book, visit your nucleus meeting and become a good standing and active member.

All those unemployed or on strike will be given exempt stamps to make them in good standing.

Commercial Line to Latin America Paves Way for Huge War Fleet



International air service between Miami, Fla., and Havana, Cuba, on a commercial basis, is being inaugurated this winter. Picture shows E. G. Sewell, flagship of the line. The American war mongers are doing the utmost to boost this new industry, realizing that it will be a comparatively easy matter to convert it for the next imperialistic slaughter.

MINERS TO APPEAL TO WORLD LABOR

(Continued from Page One)

of their striking brethren in the United States and to their destitute families. The call follows:

An appeal to organized labor throughout the world in behalf of the striking miners in the United States and their dependants:

Brothers and Sisters:

One hundred and twenty thousand union miners in the bituminous coal fields of the United States have been on strike for nine months.

Faced with the united opposition of the mighty money barons of Wall Street and the United States government the miners and their dependants are going thru a period of intense suffering. Thousands of them have been evicted from their homes in the middle of winter by the coal companies and are now compelled to live in cold crude barracks.

Reign of Terror.

A reign of terror prevails throughout the strike regions; miners and their wives being mercilessly beaten by the cossacks of the coal companies. Government by injunction reigns supreme and no attempt by the company-owned authorities to observe the law. Foreign-born workers are picked out for special persecution. They are

threatened with deportation for going on strike to preserve the standard of living they had earned thru former bitter struggle. They are beaten and thrown into jail and charged with sedition.

The coal operators have made up their minds to crush the miners' union. So determined are they in this aim that they refuse to attend a conference called by Coolidge administration to which both operators and labor union officials were invited. Another conference called in Pittsburgh, the heart of the great steel industry, also proved abortive.

A. F. of L. Officialdom Fails

The officialdom of the American Federation of Labor, apparently not recognizing the seriousness of the situation and the danger to the whole trade union movement involved in the possibility of a defeat of the strike, has made no serious effort to conduct a relief campaign on a sufficiently broad scale.

The breaking of this strike of workers who have for years constituted the backbone of the American trade union movement would not only threaten the existence of the labor movement in the United States, but would have a damaging effect on the

standard of living of the workers the world over. A defeat of the miners in the United States would be a signal for the bosses in other countries as well as in the United States to stage a new attempt to hammer down the living conditions of their employes. This is what followed the defeat of the miners' strike in Great Britain.

First Appeal Made.

The heroic miners, veterans of many bitter struggles against the coal barons have until now refrained from appealing to their brothers and sisters in other countries. This is the first appeal made in their behalf to international labor.

In the name of the common interests of the workers in all countries, in name of working class solidarity, as well as in the name of the self-interest of all workers we now call on international labor to come to the assistance of the battling miners of the United States and their destitute families.

You must stand by the striking mine workers of America.

If unionism is to survive they must win.

Help them win and save unionism by contributing to their support.

POLITICIANS IN COLORADO HIDE FROM MINER HATE

DENVER, Jan. 9 (FP).—So strong has grown the sentiment against the brutal and illegal strike-breaking tactics of the state police, that reactionary politicians are taking advantage of it to get under cover for their former weakness during the coal strike.

Vagrancy Charges.

Foster Cline, district attorney in Denver, sent a letter to Mayor Ben F. Stapleton Wednesday in which he condemned the action of the state police and city coppers in bringing three Wobblies to Denver to be questioned at the state capitol and then having the city police arrest them at the capitol and charge them with vagrancy; they were sentenced to serve 90 days, but have been released on appeal bonds.

"Never in my experience have I heard of justice being more ruthlessly prostituted than has been done in this case," he said. "If we can perpetrate this kind of thing under the name of expediency, then so can the man who robs, steals or murders. The principle is the same—lawlessness in both cases."

"If I read history correctly in the long spans between the periods of social revolutions, the voice of the majority today is often considered wrong tomorrow.

"If the majority can arbitrarily suppress the voice of a minority, no matter how feeble that voice may be, we are departing a long way from the constitutional principles of freedom of speech laid down by our forefathers and we are establishing a dangerous precedent.

"It would be better for our government and for law enforcement that every man be turned out of our jails than these men be incarcerated without cause and against all constitutional guarantees.

"I would be untrue to my sense of justice and untrue to my conception of a lawyer's duty if I did not protest against this unwarranted, unlawful and unconstitutional procedure."

Mr. Cline is not quite converted to radicalism, however. He still has as one of his assistants Capt. Charles M. White, in command of the largest body of troops breaking the strike and secretary of the Democratic state committee.

Mayor Stapleton's answer was, "I am not interested." He doesn't come up for election until 1931. Mr. Cline's term runs out after the election this fall.

DRAMA

"Hamlet" As Usual But Walter Hampden Good

WALTER HAMPDEN puts on a thoroughly conventional performance of "Hamlet," at Hampden's Theatre, but a well presented, highly polished one. As befits a tender-hearted and civilized audience, the emphasis all along falls on the psychological difficulties of the weak man, forced to decide problems too great for him, and not on the objective Walter Hampden events. The soliloquies are best.

The performance at Hampden's is not intended, apparently, to solve any of the outstanding difficulties of the play, about which huge and indecisive and contradictory books have been written. Hampden's Hamlet shows the same casualness about pinking Polonius that he does hesitation about stabbing the king consort, a state of mind never yet explained, except on the assumption of madness, which again is another debatable matter. And neither does Hampden clear that up.

The play is left the same mystery that it has always been, from Shakespeare's day to this, as good an explanation as any being Frank Harris theory that Shakespeare merely felt like making some Freudian revelations, and wrote himself up as the hero of whatever next play he had in mind, the same happening to be a blood and thunder melodrama with half a dozen murders in it. And the incongruity remains with us even to this day. Hampden continues it.

Hampden is good, as we said before, but not enough better than the rest of his players to warrant his taking all of the curtain calls alone. C. Norman Hammond was a satisfactory Claudius, and Caroline Meade well above the average in Gertrude. Ernest Rowan was a fiery and outstanding Laertes.—V. S.

"Rosalie," the new Ziegfeld production, is the only opening scheduled for this evening. Gershwin and Romberg composed the score for this musical show.

Metro has acquired the motion picture rights to the play, "Her Cardboard Lover," which was produced by Charles Frohman at the Empire Theatre last season.

RUDOLPH GANZ.



Who will give his piano recital at Carnegie Hall Tuesday night.

Broadway Briefs

The premiere of "The Passing of the Third Floor Back," by Jerome K. Jerome, at the Davenport Theatre, will not take place Wednesday evening, as previously announced in error, but on the following night.

Two one-act plays by Mack Will, Kraike and Leon Blumenfeld, have been accepted for future production by Butler Davenport. They are entitled, "Inheritance" and "Shining Stars," and will be produced under the direction of Mr. Davenport about March.

BEETHOVEN SYMPHONY.

The Beethoven Symphony Orchestra, Georges Zaslavsky, conductor, will give their fourth concert at Carnegie Hall Friday evening, January 13, with the composer-violinist, Joseph Achron, as soloist. The program includes: Overture to a Comedy, Philip James; Sonata, Pietro Castrucci; Fifth Symphony in C minor, Beethoven; Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, Joseph Achron; Prelude from "The Mastersingers of Nuremberg," Wagner.

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Fri. Eve., Jan. 13

— 8.15 P. M. —

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VIOLIN VIRTUOSO

Paul Althouse
METROPOLITAN OPERA STAR

NINA TARASOVA Costume Recital of Russian, Gypsy, Georgian Folk Song Interpretations.

Doris Niles
in
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Russian Dances

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AMUSEMENTS

Max Reinhardt's Production of
"The Servant of Two Masters"
and "He Is to Blame for Everything"
Cosmopolitan Theatre, Columbus Circle
Evenings 8:15
Mats. Fri. and Sat. at 2:15

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
WORLD'S LAUGH SENSATION!
Artists & Models

National Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way
Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

"The Trial of Mary Dugan"
By Bayard Veiller with Rex Cherrymann

4 WALLS
Enthralling Play of American Life
with MIMI WISENFRUND
John Golden Theatre, W. 45th St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

BOOTH 45th St. W. of B'way Evs. 8:40
Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:40

Winthrop Ames Presents
ESCAPE
John Galsworthy's New Play with Leslie Howard

DRACULA
"See It and Creep."
—Eve. Post.
—Eve. Post.
46 St. Evs. 8:15
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

FULTON Theatre, W. 43 St. E. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

Henry Miller's Thea. W. 44 St. E. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

Grant Mitchell in Geo. M. Cohan's American Farce
THE BABY CYCLONE

ERLANGER'S Thea. W. 44 St. E. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

THE MERRY MALONES
with GEORGE M. COHAN

ANTI-WAR!
See THE
Enemy
The Challenge of Humanity to the War Cry
With LILLIAN GISH. Directed by Fred Niblo, who made "Ben-Hur".
ASTOR Twice Daily, 2:45-8:45
Mats. 50c. to \$1.00
B'way & 45th St.

The Theatre Guild presents
PORGY
Republic Th. W. 42d. Evs. 8:40
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

EUGENE O'NEILL'S
Marco Millions
Week Jan. 16, "Doctor's Dilemma"
Guild Th. W. 52d. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

MUSIC AND CONCERTS

American Opera Company
1st N. Y. SEASON, SUNG IN ENGLISH
GALLO THEATRE (Evs. at 8:20)
54th St. W. of B'way (Mats. at 2:20)
Opening Tonight at 8:20, "Faust."
"Mme. Butterfly" Wed. & Fri. Evs. Sat.
Mats. "Faust" Thurs. & Sat. Evgs.

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BY JOHN HOWARD LAWSON
Author of "Processional"

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Revolution — Adventure**

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FOR LENIN AND FOR NICARAGUA

Movie Audiences Hostile to War on Sandino

The attitude of audiences in New York's motion picture theaters toward the United States government policy and military campaign in Nicaragua, as depicted on the screen, is described in a statement issued last night by the New York district office of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The statement also points ahead to the Lenin memorial meeting at which New York workers will observe the anniversary of the death of the leader of the Russian revolution. The statement follows:

Silence for Troops. "Growing hostility to the Coolidge policy of terror in Nicaragua was evinced over the week-end in the various motion picture theaters on Broadway when audiences numbering 100,000 during the two days sat in cold silence as patriotic movies showing United States troops and marines embarking for service against the liberals in Nicaragua were flashed on the screen.

"A canvass of the Rialto, Strand, Capitol and Rivoli Theaters and questions put to theater managers and theater attaches showed that the campaign against General Sandino and his heroic revolutionary army was utterly without popular approval. On the other hand a picture of a civilian aviator doing a 'stunt' flight brought the house down in tumultuous applause.

The Lenin Memorial. "At the Strand Theater an audience of 2,500 sat unmoved as a news reel, to the tune of 'The Stars and Stripes Forever' showed Red Cross nurses distributing cigarettes to marines disembarking at Managua, the American base. The same was true of all the other Broadway houses with the exception of the Capitol, where a weak round of applause quickly died down.

"This growing opposition and protest against the murderous campaign against the Nicaraguan patriots will be crystallized and brought to a head Saturday, Jan. 21, at the Madison Square Garden, when the fourth Lenin memorial meeting will be used as a giant protest against the imperialist policy in the little Central American country.

"In addition to the speakers against the Coolidge policy of terror, there will be a mass proletarian pageant and workers' ballet. A symphony orchestra will provide stirring music. The speakers will be Jay Lovestone, William Z. Foster, Robert Minor, M. J. Olgin, P. T. Lau and John Williamson. William W. Weinstone will preside."

PARTY ACTIVITIES NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

Nightworkers' Meeting. Nightworkers' Branch 1 will meet today at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

Rehearsal Tomorrow. A rehearsal for the Lenin Memorial pageant will be held tomorrow at 6:30 o'clock at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St.

Posters Are Ready. Posters for the Lenin Memorial meeting are ready for distribution at the district office, 108 E. 14th St. All union headquarters, meeting halls and restaurants should display posters.

Section 7. A meeting of Section 7 will be held tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. at 1940 Benson Ave., Brooklyn.

Mitchell Lectures Tomorrow. Robert Mitchell, of the DAILY WORKER, will lecture on "Twenty Years of Traction Workers' Struggles" at the meeting of Section 4, Thursday at 8 p. m. at 81 E. 110th St.

Lecture on Soviet Union. J. Geary Souk will lecture on the question, "How Will the United States be Induced to Recognize the Soviet Union?" at tonight's meeting of Unit FB, Subsection 1B, at 6 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

For Miners' Relief. A mass meeting for miners relief will be held Jan. 20 at 8 p. m. at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., by the Downtown Section, Young Workers' League.

Lecture Thursday Morning. "What I Saw in the Soviet Union" will be the subject of a talk by a woman worker at the meeting of the Morning International Branch Thursday at 10:30 a. m. at 108 E. 14th St. Members are urged to bring their friends.

Y. W. L. Dance. The Young Workers League, District 2, will hold a dance Saturday,

Sewer Contracts Threaten to Smother Sewer Probe

A threat that they would defy the Scudder investigation into the \$29,000,000 Queens sewer graft and go to the Supreme Court in an attempt to have the entire inquiry smothered, was made yesterday by a powerful group of contractors.

Hearings Continue. The move was announced by Judge Edgar F. Hazelton, attorney for several of the sewer builders, and by William Robbins, attorney for the Awixa Corporation, from whose offices vital records pertaining to the huge graft "mysteriously" disappeared last week.

Yesterday the secret preliminary hearings into the quiz were continued by Justice Scudder at the Long Island Court.

Builder "Disappears." At the same time another development put a crimp into the probe into the corrupt reign of Maurice E. Connolly, borough president of Queens. This was the disappearance of Clifton E. Turner, one of the contractors wanted as a witness in connection with the theft of the Awixa records. There is a rumor that he is at a "sanatorium" in another state where he would be free from the control of the inquisitors.

The Workers Party District Report Unmasks Gov. Smith

(Continued from Page One) deal the class character of capitalist terrorism.

Governor Smith, it was pointed out, disregarded the growing economic depression in the country, which had already expressed itself in 125,000 more unemployed in New York State at the beginning of this year than in the corresponding period in 1926, and ignored the housing situation for the great masses of workers who are unable to pay the high rents.

Real Estate Interests. The report pointed out that the limited dividend corporations and the condemnation plans of Governor Smith were a means of doing away with the non-profitable tenements of the East Side. By direct state assistance, Smith would help the real estate interests of the city without meeting the housing needs of the great masses of the working population, Weinstone said.

Governor Smith was further attacked for his failure to consider in the message the needs of the up-state farmers who are suffering from increasing tenancy, mortgages, and control of the big milk trusts. Smith had nothing to say on the questions of child labor, old age pensions, and the need for a program for social legislation for the workers, according to Weinstone and made only a gesture for the support of the bureaucrats of the American Federation of Labor by a change in the compensation laws.

Fake Solution. The proposal of Governor Smith regarding the injunction, though acceptable to the bureaucrats of the A. F. of L., is not only an evasion of the issue, but is a fake substitute for the real need of checking the power of the courts to issue injunctions in labor struggles, Weinstone continued.

The message of Governor Smith is intended to ensnare liberals to support him as candidate for president and it is interesting to note, Weinstone said in his report, that on the question of free speech Governor Smith could make reference only to the past, the liquidation of the Lusk Bills. But here Governor Smith is no more liberal than other governors and the administration at Washington, which was finally compelled, under the pressure of the masses, to release political prisoners after the war, the report to the district committee said.

Nothing on Free Speech. But Governor Smith has nothing to say regarding the suppression of free speech today and the use of police violence against workers, according to Weinstone, and he thus gives the impression that there is only one survival of the post-war period, that of movie censorship.

"Governor Smith's message is a challenge to the workers of New York," the district organizer continued. "It is the voice of Wall Street that speaks with the demagogic tongue of Tammany Hall. But in this message Governor Smith makes even less concessions in phrases than has been customary, since he has not only in mind the labor reactionaries but also Wall Street, whom he seeks to please and to assure that he is a safe man, always to be counted upon for a policy of supporting Wall Street's imperialism and violence against the working class."

Sham Proposals. The report pointed out the need of exposing the sham labor proposals of Governor Smith and intensifying the attack against this Tammany Hall leader and against the non-partisan policy of labor, while struggling for the establishment of a Labor Party in New York State.

In preparation for a campaign on a state-wide scale, the district com-

POSTPONE FALL SINCLAIR CASE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9. — Postponement of the second Fall-Sinclair oil conspiracy trial, scheduled for Jan. 16, was asked of the district supreme court today by William Leahy and Mark Thompson, counsel for ex-Secretary of Interior Albert B. Fall, and kindly agreed to by Judge Sidons.

They said that Fall was ill in his New Mexico home.

A mistrial was ordered in the first trial when government attorneys alleged that Harry F. Sinclair placed an improper surveillance over the jury through Burns detectives.

VEST MAKERS TO FIGHT WAGE CUT

Will Hold Membership Meeting Tonight

The vest-makers local of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union will hold a membership meeting today in the Amalgamated Temple at Arion Place and Broadway, Brooklyn, to decide whether the vest makers should accept a cut in wages which the bosses demand.

The wage reduction was demanded by the bosses when they saw Abraham Beckerman, the manager of the New York Joint Board, consent to reductions of wages in the other crafts in the men's clothing industry.

The left wing Joint Board announced that it is calling a meeting of all active members in Stuyvesant Casino, Second Ave. and St. Marks Place, on Thursday, Jan. 12, right after work. Very important plans will be discussed and formulated.

Jersey Labor Holds A Weak Conference

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 9. — A conference of labor delegates here which might have become a historic event in the history of the American labor movement turned into a speech fest of reactionary labor officials at which all hope of militant action was snowed under.

The conference was held at the Newark Labor Lyceum 703 S. 14th St., Sunday in response to a resolution passed at the Camden convention of the New Jersey State Federation of Labor, where it was reported that the state legislature in 1926 and 1927 had turned down every proposal made by labor for improving working conditions in the state.

Yesterday's conference was called to order by Arthur A. Quinn, president of the State Federation.

employment situation is to be called to the attention of the entire Party membership so that the Party may organize an active program by which the unions can take action in fighting the unemployment menace.

Trade Union Work.

In the trade union work more attention is to be paid to traction and seamen, to exploiting the victory of Greco and Carrillo, to building up a better defense organization and to steps for better discipline and direction in the activities of the Party membership, the issuance of the new membership books being a step in that direction.

A drive for new members is to begin with the Lenin memorial meeting and to end with the first anniversary of the death of C. E. Ruthenberg.

THE ARCHITECTURAL IRON, BRONZE & STRUCTURAL WORKERS UNION meets every second and fourth Tuesday of the month, at Rand School, 7 East 15th Street, City. Headquarters: 7 East 15th Street, City. Telephone: Stuyvesant 6144, 2194. A Rosenfeld, Secretary.

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N. Y. Teachers Are Betrayed In New Salary Schedules

The new salary scale calling for large increases for high-salaried school officials and negligible raises for the lowest paid rank and file teachers in the New York City is bitterly attacked by the Teachers' Union, the Kindergarten Association comprising half of the city's 32,000 teachers, and other professional groups.

"We have the name of victory but not its fruits," declared Johanna M. Lindloff, president of the Kindergarten-6B Association, yesterday. "It is a camouflage, making it harder than ever for the lowest paid to obtain a living wage."

\$2 Increase for Teachers. The culmination of the four-year salary fight waged by the teachers has been characterized as a complete betrayal by politicians, who are backing the higher paid principals and superintendents and discriminating against rank and file teachers.

While the increases granted the highly paid officials range from 20 to 66 per cent over their present generous salaries, or from \$7 to \$96.15 a week, the lowest paid group of more than 32,000 teachers is allowed only a 9 per cent raise, amounting to \$2 weekly. The entire program involves a \$14,000,000 increase in the municipal appropriation.

LABOR AND FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Typo Machinists. The Machinists Branch of the Typo Union 6 will hold its fifteenth annual ball Wednesday, January 25, at Trommers Hall, Bushwick and Conway Sts., Brooklyn.

Iron Workers Meet Tonight. A special meeting of the Architectural Iron, Bronze and Structural Workers' Union will be held tonight at 8 p. m. at 7 E. 15th St. to formulate demands to be presented to the employers.

Young Workers Social Club. The Young Workers Social Culture Club will meet Thursday at 8 p. m. at its clubroom, 123 Riverdale Ave., Brooklyn.

Lecture on Miners. A lecture on the miners' situation will be held Wednesday at 8 p. m. at the meeting of the Harlem Branch International Labor Defense, 81 E. 110th St.

For Miners' Relief. An emergency conference for miners' relief will be held Sunday, Jan. 29, at the Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., by branches of the Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund of the metropolitan district.

Newark Dance Saturday. The Newark, N. J., Polish Branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a dance Saturday evening at Rivoli Hall, 207 Ferry St., Newark.

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MANY MEETINGS HEAR OF MINERS

Sablich, Embree, Bloor to Make Tour

(Continued from Page One) currences and where thousands of children and women are actually starving.

In the cities below listed the local secretaries of the Workers' International Relief are busy with preparations to make the meetings a success. It is anticipated that large crowds will be on hand to welcome the speakers from the Pennsylvania and Colorado battle fields.

From the National Office of the Workers' International Relief at One Union Square, New York City, it was announced that mass meetings will be held at the following cities in cooperation with the local miners' relief committees:

New Haven, Jan. 10; Hartford, Jan. 11; Springfield, Jan. 12; Providence, Jan. 13; Worcester, Jan. 14; Boston, Jan. 15; Philadelphia, Jan. 17; Baltimore, Jan. 18; Washington, Jan. 19; Schenectady, Jan. 21; Albany, Jan. 22; Syracuse, Jan. 23; Rochester, Jan. 24; Buffalo, Jan. 25; Erie, Jan. 26; Ashtabula Harbor, Jan. 27; Canton, Ohio, Jan. 28; Cleveland, Jan. 29; Akron, Jan. 31; Youngstown, Feb. 1; Toledo, Feb. 2; Detroit, Feb. 4; Flint, Feb. 5; Chicago, Feb. 5.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to THE DAILY WORKER Advertising Dept. 33 First St., New York City.

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Brailsford's World Peace Illusion

Henry Noel Brailsford, just arrived from England to give a series of lectures at the New School for Social Research on "Progress and Reaction in Post War Europe" proves in his first interview with the capitalist press that he is totally unfit to deal with international problems by his inane comments upon what he considers the prerequisite for world peace—an understanding between Britain and America on interpretation of international law.

He visualizes a world government of which the present league of nations is the European nucleus. If the league is to realize world peace, says Brailsford, it must come to terms with Britain's great imperialist rival and the Shylock of the world, the United States. When Brailsford speaks of Britain and the United States reaching an understanding preparatory to the establishment of world peace he recognizes the fact that Britain at present dominates the league.

Such a conception ignores completely the reality of the world in which we live—a world of declining capitalism—where even the evanescent nature of its boasted stabilization is becoming apparent to all. The proletarian revolution in Russia dealt a mighty blow to world capitalism. The national revolutionary movements in the colonies weakens it still further. The present world reaction, the frightful international offensive against the working class in order to "strengthen the rear" as a prelude to the next great world slaughter, appears to the superficial only as evidences of vitality. In reality it is evidence of the frantic straits of the imperialist governments who desperately strive to smash all dissension, because their position is so precarious that any powerfully organized opposition will expose their weaknesses and endanger their rule.

To propose unity between the United States and Britain as a guarantee of world peace is to join the chorus of the British imperialists, who are striving to create a united capitalist front against the Soviet Union and the colonial and semi-colonial, precisely because Britain is most seriously menaced by the immediate situation in China, India and Africa. Only a hopeless philistine could propose that the American imperialists abandon their crusade to dominate the whole world and agree to live in peace with its most formidable rival, which it is now fighting against for supremacy in every part of the world.

An alliance between the imperialist powers of Britain and the United States could only be realized if the yankee imperialists felt their power threatened by the same forces that threaten Britain. Such a pact would certainly not be a guarantee of world peace. It would be an alliance for the purpose of waging a joint predatory imperialist war against the nationalist liberation movements and against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. Such an alliance would, of necessity, be short-lived, for the simple reason that even in the midst of the joint struggle irreconcilable antagonisms would come to the surface. And no sooner would the objective be obtained for which the alliance was made than these antagonisms would burst forth into a conflict between the imperialist powers for a redivision of the earth—a division of the spoils.

Brailsford, like all others of his ilk, is useful to his imperialist masters, inasmuch as he tries to create the illusion that alliances between the rapacious powers are for the promotion of peace instead of preparations for new wars.

This imperialist agent, a prominent parliamentary representative of the British labor party, even joins the international jackal pack of war-mongers and ravagers of weaker nations, by assailing the recent proposal of the Soviet Union for complete disarmament. Says Brailsford, the henchman of the imperialist flunkey, J. Ramsay MacDonald:

"Regarding the Russian proposal for complete disarmament, the great body of intelligent opinion in England did not consider it very seriously, and undoubtedly if such a program were put into effect at this time, it would precede disorder and world revolution, with the Communists taking control in some countries and the fascists in others."

We need not here dwell upon Brailsford dragging in the idea of a fascist "revolution" in some countries. He and his cohorts in the labor party have done nothing to expose the fascist tendencies of the Baldwin Tory government and like all heroes of the second international he tries to lull the working class into a false sense of security by talking twaddle about the pacifism of imperialist governments in order more easily to pave the way for fascist tyranny.

Brailsford, like the worst of the British Tories, talks pacifism so long as it serves the purpose of imperialism, but when proposals are made for disarmament, he re-echoes his masters by indulging in dirty sophistry calculated to aid the war-mongers.

That proposal of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics for disarmament was a master stroke of diplomacy is more evident every day, inasmuch as it not only exposes the hypocritical pacifist slogans of the avowed imperialists, but also exposes the shallow pretenses of the liberal and "laborite" pacifists.

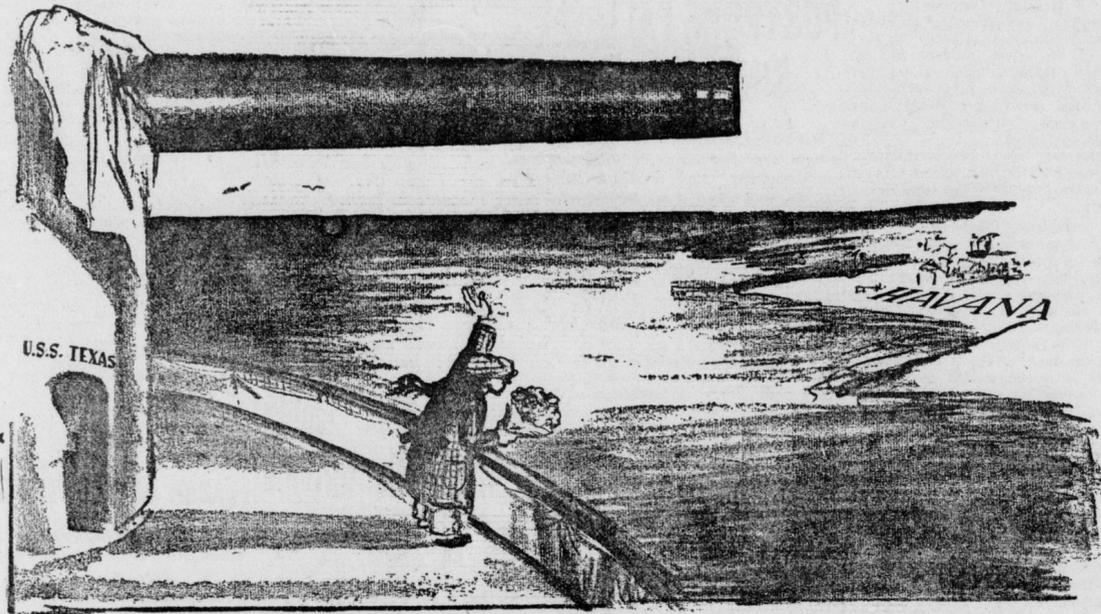
Fascism in the Pressmen's Union

Major George L. Berry, who acts as liaison officer between the American legion and the American Federation of Labor in their joint assaults upon the demands of the rank and file of labor, has achieved one ideal of fascism in the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union of North America—the abolition of elections.

Waging a campaign of terror against every effort on the part of the membership of the pressmen's union, characterized by wholesale expulsions and denial of the privilege of functioning as local unions, Berry has finally brought the union to such a state of impotency that a nominating committee simply chooses him and his cohorts to remain in power for the ensuing two years.

In true fascist style this crushing of the last vestiges of democracy in the union is hailed as a great victory for the vicious class-collaboration policy of Berry. Simultaneous with the announcement of the abolition of elections in the union comes a reaffirmation of the "principles" of Berryism—aiding the employers increase production, abolition of the right to strike through compulsory arbitration of disputes and a "determined fight

"YOO-HOO!"



Mr. Coolidge Goes to Havana.

YOUTH PROBLEMS IN INDUSTRY AND LEFT WING

By JOHN WILLIAMSON.
 (Continued from Last Issue.)

It is not the purpose of this article to make an analysis of the conditions of the working class as a whole. However, in order to bring into the proper place the conditions of the youth, a few words are necessary.

In general there is no abrupt downward trend of wages of the workers as a whole. There is a tendency in certain industries towards lower wages and longer hours. This tendency is augmented in certain industries like coal mining and textile. The outlook is for this process to continue but at what time this will become abrupt and reach a stage of crisis it is impossible to state.

Poor Wages

Even under the present conditions the wages and hours of the young

workers are extremely poor. Statistics on the youth itself are scarce but it is a well known fact that the great bulk of the youth can be listed under the unskilled workers and the Government figures for July 1926 show that the average wage of the unskilled worker is 18.48 per week. This is calculated on a full year of steady work which is myth in most cases. It also includes the adults who are unskilled and receive a slightly higher wage than the young worker. (See Table 7) Other general material of interest may be found in Tables 8-9-10 and 11.

Government Figure Erroneous

Individual experience and investigation as well as contact with young workers, show that the wages and hours are even much lower than indicated in government figures. If we average the wages of the young workers in various industries, throughout the industrial section of the U.S.A., we can safely say that the average wage

is between \$15.00 and \$16.00 per week and the nine hour day is applicable more than the eight hour day. The average reader can imagine how far \$16.00 will go. Even the National Industrial Conference Board, a statistical bureau representing the Manufacturers Association, says the minimum necessary for an unmarried young worker is \$18.00 per week, and a reading of the distribution of this \$18.00 as outlined by the N. I. C. B. is better than a Broadway comedy.

Turnover of Youth Labor.

Another problem confronting the young worker is the great turnover of labor in the industries in which they are employed. This turnover is largely a result of the high development of industry, with its consequent intermittent lay-off for a few days or sometimes even hours. The turnover of labor is greater in the U. S. A. than elsewhere and especially in the types of industries where the youth are employed. As an indication of this problem the following is important:

Rochester, N. Y.—Boys 14-16 change jobs every 17 weeks.
 New York—Youth change jobs 6 times per year.
 Chicago (Swifts)—Average length employment youth 3 1/2 months.
 Maryland—51.3 per cent employed less than 2 months.
 Indianapolis—Average youth employed less than 2 weeks, 7 per cent; 1 month, 15.3 per cent; 2 months, 30.3 per cent; 3

months, 48 per cent; 6 months, 70.7 per cent.

Unemployment.

Unemployment amongst the youth industries is not prevalent altho the total time unemployed per year is higher amongst young workers than adult because of the great labor turnover indicated above. In case of a crisis in the coming period and a resulting large army of unemployed, the Left Wing must take up the slogan within and without the Unemployment Councils of "Government Maintenance of the Young Workers at Trade Union Rates." The Left Wing must also take the initiative in seeing that the unemployed youth have their representatives on such Councils or similar organizations.

Summary of Conditions.

Summarizing the economic situation of the young workers we see their conditions are very poor—in contrast to the so-called opportunities afforded very young Americans. The trade union movement has not yet even recognized the problem of the young workers, and when strikes do occur, the youth are generally neglected—no attention is given to special demands of an economic or social character, which will improve their lot under the present system. To win the youth for the trade union movement—especially to guide its inherent rebelliousness into the organized militancy of the Left Wing, it is the duty of the Trade Union Educational League to become their champion with the labor movement.

Table 7—Average Hourly, Daily, Weekly, Wage Unskilled Workers, July, 1926.

Industry	Hour	Day	Week (calculated on 8-hour day)
Auto	\$.46	\$3.68	\$20.24
Elect. App.	.43	3.44	18.92
Leather	.40	3.20	17.60
Packinghouse	.41	3.28	18.04
Average	.42	3.36	18.48

Table 8—Trend Average Weekly Earnings in N. Y. & Ill. New York Illinois

Industry	1920	1922	1924	1926	1923	1924	1925	1926
Elect. App.	\$30.74	\$26.50	\$30.53	\$31.07	\$25.26	\$26.27	\$24.76	\$26.68
Paper Box	23.80	23.39	25.85	25.93	24.95	23.78	22.46	25.25
Candy	19.40	19.33	21.04	22.36	22.23	22.17	21.90	19.39
Textiles	23.20	20.26	22.03	23.08	18.87	21.09	18.35	19.24

Table 9—Average Wages & Hours in Cotton Goods Industry.

Occupation	1924	1926	Sex	1924	1926
Picker Tender	53.6	54.1	M	\$17.74	\$16.07
Frame Tender	54.9	55.0	M	16.20	15.55
Frame Tender	51.3	51.9	F	15.95	14.58
Frame Spinner	53.2	55.1	M	19.63	15.92
Frame Spinner	53.1	53.5	F	16.94	15.09
Spool Tender	55.0	59.2	M	10.56	11.25
Spool Tender	53.3	53.6	F	15.19	13.19
Trimmers	55.3	53.0	M	16.81	15.64
Trimmers	52.7	52.6	F	14.12	12.94
All Employees	53.5	53.8	M	20.87	18.67
All Employees	52.3	52.8	F	18.15	15.89
All Employees	53.0	53.3	M&F	19.72	17.48

Table 10—Average Wages and Hours in Soft Coal Industry.

Occupation	1924	1926	1924	1926
Brakemen	8.4	8.5	.71	.687
Drivers	8.2	8.3	.748	.708
Laborers	8.3	8.4	.657	.620
Motormen	8.6	8.7	.752	.718
Trackmen	8.3	8.4	.737	.705
Trapper Boys	8.0	8.0	.408	.379

Table 11—Working Hours in Mfg. Industries.

Hours	1914	1919	1921	1923
44 and under	11.8	12.3	13.7	9.9
44-48	11.8	3.8	4.2	4.5
48	11.8	32.6	33.6	31.7
48-54	13.5	16.5	18.2	21.9
54	25.8	9.0	7.8	8.8

against doctrines in contravention to Americanism." Berry's interpretation of Americanism being a system of universal scabbery.

In spite of this high-handed tyranny there still remains in the ranks of the pressmen's union sufficient oppositional forces to create a powerful left wing that, if properly organized, can overthrow this petty fascist despot and place the affairs of the union in the hands of the membership, where it belongs.

More than ever must the pressmen fight to make reality the demand that Berry must go, with all his strike-breaking, scabberding official crew.

The other militant workers in the printing trades unions should aid the pressmen in their fight against Berry's fascism. In fact the whole left wing of the labor movement should rally to the support of those workers in the pressrooms of the country who suffer under Berryism in order to put an end to it, and make the union a fighting instrument against the boss.

To stand idly by while one union after another is crushed by its reactionary officials is to indirectly aid those forces of black reaction that are striving to destroy completely all effective unionism, in order to reduce the labor movement to a mere appendage of American imperialism.

By Fred Ellis

Wear a Lenin Button



Thousands of workers in scores of cities will soon be wearing the brilliant little Lenin Button that the Workers (Communist) Party organizations are distributing among the workers as part of the campaign to mobilize the American working class and lead it along the Leninist way.

The Lenin Button is unusually attractive and significant this year. It is a brilliant reproduction of the famous "Lenin Directing the Revolution" picture on a background of factories and trucks full of armed Workers' Guards. The cut here gives but a poor idea of how attractive the button really looks.

The button is a real symbol of Lenin showing the workers the way to freedom. The worker who wears it shows that he is ready to take up the struggle against exploitation and oppression to carry it forward to victory under the flag of Lenin, in the way shown by Lenin. To spread these buttons among the workers is to do an important work in spreading militancy and class-consciousness among the working class.

Every militant and class-conscious worker should wear this button!

Every militant worker, every Communist, should get his fellow-worker to wear this button!

The price is: up to 25—10c per button. Over 25—7c per button.

Party organizations should order thru their district organizers. Other working class organizations order from the National Office, Workers Party, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

This year the children are not forgotten. More than once Lenin emphasized how necessary it is to win the proletarian and farmer children for the class struggle, to organize them. To bring this message home to the millions of American children, the Young Pioneers have issued a special Children's Lenin Button, a button so attractive that any child who sees it will want to wear it immediately.

The button represents a beautiful picture of Lenin surrounded by a lively group of children. Around the whole scene are the words: "Organize the Children."

Every workers' child should wear this button and every working class parent should get this button for his children.

These children's buttons may be ordered from the Young Pioneers of America, 43 East 125th St., New York City. The prices are: Up to ten, 10c per button; orders of from 10 to 100, 7c per button; orders of over 100, 5c per button.

"Socialist" Pays 130 Months' Back Dues

(By Organization Dept., District 2, Workers Party.)

In the last issue of the New Leader, the local secretary of New York boasts of the fact that one of the former members of the socialist party paid one hundred and thirty months' dues and became a good standing member.

No doubt this socialist must be a prosperous business man and did not find it necessary to pay one hundred and thirty months' dues at a time.

The above shows the degeneration of the socialist party organizationally. Another comrade has called to our attention that he knows of a case where a member had paid dues for almost as long a period in the socialist party and became in good standing.

According to the constitution of our Party anyone who is in arrears more than six months is dropped from the rolls. Our Party consists only of active members. To be an active member one must not only pay his dues but attend Party meetings regularly and carry on Party activity.

Many of our Party members are now much in arrears in their dues and they are advised to become in good standing, and if they are unemployed they will be given exempt stamps.

AMERICA UEBER ALLES

(To the Incurable Nicaraguans)

America Ueber Alles.
 Why can't you understand,
 You gang of dirty greasers,
 The mission of our land?

We are the world's protectors,
 The home of liberty;
 We put our chains upon you
 To teach you to be free.

America Ueber Alles
 Is all you need to know;
 We rob you and we kill you
 Because we love you so!

A. B. MAGIL.

WHITE TERROR INCITES ATTACKS

Rumanian Government Responsible, Says Letter to the Editor

Editor, The DAILY WORKER:

Along with the New Year message of the Roumanian premier, V. Bratianu, in which he claims that Roumania has had much to be proud of during the past year, comes a cable which states that the hand of anti-Semitic students arrested for the murder of a number of Jews in the pogroms in Oradea Mare, Cluj, and other Roumanian towns has been set free and that the Jewish victims of the pogroms are instead being tried for resisting the cowardly student-thugs and are being forced to sign papers absolving the student maniacs and naming the Communists as guilty in the pogroms.

If this is the deed that Bratianu is proud of, if the murder of Jews, raping of Jewish girls, and plundering of Jewish communities makes him proud, then all thugs and murderers may be proud of themselves.

Despite its protestations, the Roumanian government is guilty of the pogroms on the Jews, as well as it is guilty of massacring the Roumanian workers and peasants who dare to stand up for their rights. The pogroms upon the Jews in old Czaristic Russia and in the "modern" capitalistic buffer states set up against the only Workers' Republic, Soviet Russia, are tricks to foster hatred between the different nationalities, so as to divide the masses into weak sectors hating and fighting one another. In this way the capitalist governments are able to crush them easily.

I have lived thru several pogroms of old czaristic Russia, and know that whenever the government agents organized a pogrom badly or the police and military failed to give ample protection to the pogrom, a hastily organized self defense of a few Jewish workers was invariably able to repel

the attacking mob. If the imbecile Roumanian students were not led and inspired by government agents, protected by the police and military, these bestial orgies would not have taken place.

The degenerate Roumanian government is not alone guilty. The imperialist clique of big capitalist powers fully approves of the sadistic acts against the Jews, and has made Roumania a favored protege.

Soviet Russia has stopped pogroms in its territory. When the workers take over power in the rest of the world, persecution of other Jewish minorities will stop.

Fraternally yours,
 CHAIM GOLOSMAN
 (A Jewish worker.)

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