

THE WORK OF THE FIFTH NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE WORKERS PARTY

Statement of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The Fifth Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party was called at a time when the Party was under fire, when a severe attack was being prepared against it, as symbolized by the indictment of The DAILY WORKER and Freiheit editors, by the attack of the bureaucracy against the left wing and the Communists, by the renewal of the Michigan prosecution and by such acts of brutal attack upon the working class as the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti.

This attack upon the Party and the left wing is aimed at the working class as a whole, for the master class feels that before it can decisively defeat the American workers, it must first defeat the most militant and leading section of our class, the left wing and the Party.

At the same time, the convention met under the shadow of gathering war clouds as exemplified by the energetic efforts of Great Britain to cement an alliance with imperialist powers against the Soviet Union and against the Chinese revolution. The

government of the United States has in recent times become increasingly open and aggressive in its attacks upon the Chinese revolution, upon Nicaragua, Mexico and the oppressed peoples of other parts of the world.

The convention faced also the problem of terminating a long period of inner struggle which had weakened the Party's effectiveness for coping with its tasks.

The Central Executive Committee is able to report that meeting under these circumstances, the Fifth Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party proved to be of such character as adequately to meet the difficulties and tasks that the situation and the needs of the party set for it. The debates were on a high political level, of a constructive character and of great concreteness in analyzing and solving the problems of the Party. Also there were some few moments when old differences tended to sharpen the debate, at no time did the discussion assume a sharply factional character, and the general progress towards unity and the atmosphere of the convention was such as to overcome these difficulties in a constructive way.

The convention analyzed the political and economic situation in the country and its place in world economy; analyzed the war danger and

the march of American imperialism; and laid down a series of concrete proposals for fighting against American imperialism and the danger of a new war; measured the progress of our work in the trade union field and formulated the perspective and tasks before the Party in its trade union work and discussed a series of special problems dealing with all of the phases of the Party's activity.

Unification of the Party. In the matter of the consolidation of the Party and the unification of its ranks, the Fifth Convention marks an epoch in the development of Party inner life. It is the culmination and end of a long period of gradually lessening factional controversy. With the CI decision, the agreement, the pre-convention and convention discussions and decisions, the basis for a unified party has been completed, political differences reduced to a minimum such as is normal to any party, the organizational forms of factionalism abolished by unanimous agreement, and the Party stands now before the task of eliminating the last vestiges of factional spirit which no longer find justification in the Party situation. To this end the following resolution was adopted:

"The Fifth Convention of the Party (Communist) has adopted the following resolution: (Continued on Page Two)

Fake Welcome For American Legion

ACT AS STRIKEBREAKERS AGAINST N. Y. TEAMSTERS



The first step of the bosses in their effort to smash the strike of the 7,000 teamsters who are out fighting for decent wages and reasonable hours involved a shrewd stunt aimed to, prejudice the New York newspapers against the workers.

This load of paper, consigned to a New York newspaper, was carried on a truck driven by a scab and protected by a policeman. It was deliberately shunted into a police-engineered "riot."

Argentina Socialists Deplore "Degeneration" Of Viennese Uprising

La Vanguardia, official organ of the Socialist Party of Argentina, describes the recent worker's uprising in Vienna in the following two-line sterner: DEMONSTRATION OF PROTEST IN VIENNA DEGENERATES INTO POPULAR UPRISING

100 FIRMS BREAK TRUCK CO. FRONT; YIELD TO UNION

100 More Independents, Also Grant Demands

Two hundred more firms have surrendered to the demands of the striking truckmen and signed agreements with them yesterday. One-half of this number are independent concerns and the rest are members of the Merchants' Trucking Association. In settling with the union the latter have therefore violated the policy outlined by the bosses at the beginning of the strike.

At the same time serious efforts were made yesterday morning to recruit strikebreakers in an attempt to move the enormous amount of freight which has piled up since the 7,000 truckmen walked out early Wednesday morning. These attempts met with little success, however, the bosses' association admitting that the situation was still acute.

Workers Win Demands. As a result of union victories thus far, nearly 1,500 workers have returned to their jobs under new contracts which call for an average wage increase of \$5 a week, \$1.20 an hour for overtime, and an eight-hour day.

The strike now threatens to spread to New Jersey. This became clear when the United States Trucking Company which employs nearly 500 men in handling the freight in the Erie Railroad yards in Jersey City, in anticipating the strike move, began bringing in strikebreakers to sleep in "dormitories" arranged for them in the yards.

Bosses Here Strikebreakers. The two strikers arrested Wednesday following a riot which resulted when police fired 12 shots into a crowd of 1,000 workers at Houston Street and Second Avenue were yesterday discharged in Yorkville court. Following a conference at their headquarters, in the Woolworth Building, the bosses' association announced that they had hired Jim Waddell, a notorious profession strikebreaker, to begin recruiting scabs at once.

INDICT MINERS WHO PROTESTED BOSTON MURDER

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 9.—More than a score of miners were indicted by the grand jury in Cheswick, Pa., today for participating in the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstrations, which were brutally broken up by mounted state police.

The miners are charged with incitement to riot, unlawful assemblage and resisting officers of the law. The International Labor Defense is defending the miners.

Disillusioned "Veteran" Finds L'Humanite Reds Beardless and "Decent"

PARIS, Sept. 9.—A lonesome Ohio Legionnaire who rejoices in the name of Ovid Dally, has invented a system all his own with which he proposes to overcome the boycott of contempt, the cordon sanitaire, that the French workers have thrown around the upholders of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti. Whenever Ovid, who is officially reported to be oftenest found in the tough districts of Paris, meets a man who won't speak to him, he takes him into a cafe and buys him a couple of drinks. "But some of them are very hard to convince," says Dally ruefully.

Dally paid a visit to the offices of L'Humanite recently in order to explain to the few editors whom the French government has not yet thrown into jail just where Marx went wrong. Dally was a militant revisionist when he entered the office but the firm courtesy of the editors calmed him and, as the phrases of his broken French escaped between hicups, he sank back into his chair and everything seemed rosy in the light of those two suns which he distinctly saw floating over Paris.

Asked how he was received by the terrible reds, Ovid Dally denied they had long beards, "They are decent fellows," he is reported to have said, "I was looking for trouble but I found them willing to listen to me. They did not see my way but I am going back tomorrow."

Dally has been making daily visits to the office of L'Humanite in his efforts to find some one in Paris who will talk to him.

Still Negotiating For Separate Peace In Illinois Mines

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—Negotiations continued in secret today between the representatives of District 12, United Mine Workers of America, and the Illinois Coal Operators Association.

Members of the miners union anxiously watch to see that their reactionary leaders do not sell them out and accept a separate contract for the Illinois miners to go back to work while the rest of the field is locked out, as both District President Fishwick and International President John Lewis desire.

Not only would the separate district agreement be a bad thing, say the progressive miners of this district, but it would be especially bad if it is made with an actual wage reduction. The operators have quietly and unofficially circulated a story that a resumption of work on the basis of the Jacksonville scale for miners will be allowed if the miners make concessions on wage rates for unskilled and semiskilled labor around coal cutting and loading machinery, do more "dead work" free.

MORE FASCISTS SAIL AS FIRST INVADERS FLEE FOR MUSSOLINI

Legionnaires Leaving Paris for Italy to Avoid French Workers' Rage

BULLETIN. The last batch of fascists sailing for the American Legion convention in Paris will leave today aboard the Leviathan. Bidding them good-by on board the Leviathan last night was an array of the hardest-boiled reactionaries in the country. Among the speakers addressing the meeting were Howard T. Savage, national commander of the Legion; Vice President Charles G. Daves; Newton D. Baker, former Secy. of war; Rear Admiral Robert E. Coontz, Dwight F. Davis, secretary of war; Major General John A. Lejeune; General John J. Pershing and Judge Kenesaw M. Landis.

Thousands of American Legionnaires who had no opportunity to "visit" France during the late war sailed yesterday, twenty-four hours after six huge liners had weighed anchor from New York with another immense contingent of the khaki-tourists who are swarming "over there" now that the grenades have stopped bursting.

Fascists Playful. The "veterans" were in a hoiligan mood and romped around the decks like school-boys, pelting one another with raisins and pieces of orange peel and fruit pits and rinds. Asked about the apparently unlimited supply of raisins and oranges, the "veterans" announced that these were only part of 10,000 packages of raisins and 200 crates of oranges which the western Legionnaires are carrying to Paris in order to pelt the French crowds.

The Legion officials are making a determined effort to raise the spirits of the men, many of whom had heard the stories of the contempt with which the first contingents of the Legion to arrive in Paris are being received by the French workers, by trying to discredit such reports and by accounts of the welcome which will await the men in the French capital. For most of the so-called veterans the trip to France means a holiday, and strutting around the decks of the great ocean-going liners which

EXPOSE WEAKNESS IN "EVIDENCE" AGAINST BOMB FRAMED VICTIMS

Police Admit Failure of Star Witness to Aid Prosecution; Subway Maps Explained

The case which the New York police authorities, in cooperation with the writers of lurid news stories have attempted to build up in an effort to connect six young Latin-Americans with the planting of a bomb near the Brooklyn courthouse early Monday morning is rapidly evaporating.

With the entry of lawyers for the Mexican consulate as advisors to the men who have been held without bail since their arrest, and incommunicado until quite recently, the elaborate police superstructure began to topple.

Secret Frame-up. When Robert Wilson, of Frueauff, Robinson and Sloan, 67 Wall Street, appeared in court to ask for a postponement of the hearing on the case he announced that the Mexican government was eager to avoid "a repetition of the Sacco-Vanzetti case."

Yesterday District Attorney Dodd, who is in charge of the case, admitted that contradictions have crept into the testimony of the principal witness, an unnamed Negro, who has asserted that he saw Julian de Hoyas, who, with Jesus Silva are accused of setting the bomb, run from the scene of the bombing and enter an automobile. He declares that he heard De Hoyas talking to Silva, the former asking, "Is everything alright?"

Witness of No Value. Inasmuch as it is admitted that the arrested men ordinarily speak Spanish, the testimony of the Negro is considered a liability to the district attorney.

Apparently embarrassed by the results of the tests made by their own chemists on a bottle of "milky fluid," the prosecution has conveniently failed to make public their findings.

No "Anarchistic" Literature. The "violently revolutionary" and "anarchistic" literature which the police were so sure they found in the rooms of the young Mexican workers is now admitted to be nothing more than a book of card tricks, a book of model love letters and an exposure of Spanish police methods.

Explain Marked Maps. A bit of "evidence" which the police considered the most compelling during the early stages of the case consisted of a map on which a number of subway stations had been marked in red. The reason for the map, it was explained by the defendants was to assist them in finding their way around the city. Police admitted that the possibility of disproving this assertion and "connecting" them with the subway bomb explosions still remains slight.

FEEBLE VERBIAGE REFORMIST REPLY TO TORY ATTACK

Pravda Hits Edinburgh Congress Break

EDINBURGH, Scotland, Sept. 9.—Confining their action against the fascist trade union bill passed by the Baldwin government to ineffectual speeches, the reformist leaders of the British Trade Union Congress adopted a resolution protesting against the act.

J. H. Clynes, a leading parliamentarian in the reformist movement, declared that labor would never "respect" the act and would do its best to "evade its purposes."

The reformist leadership has fought the call of the minority leaders for militant action against the measure, having repeatedly declared that all its actions would be confined to "constitutional" methods.

MOSCOW, Sept. 9.—Pravda, in its leading editorial yesterday, under the heading, "British General Council On Payroll of Imperialists," writes: "In deciding upon a rupture of the Anglo-Russian Committee the General Council fulfilled Chamberlain's direct order. The actual international significance of the Edinburgh decision cannot be considered otherwise than as assisting and facilitating the imperialist preparation for war against the Soviet Union. From pacifist promises—to sabotaging the cause of the struggle against intervention in China; from sabotage—to direct support of British Tory government in organization of war against the U. S. S. R.—direct to avowed social-imperialism." (Continued on Page Two)

Current Events

By T. J. O'Flaherty

WORLDY warfare continues unabated at the present session of the League of Nations. The Polish proposal for the outlawry of war has the galleries applauding, but Poland and the galleries count for very little in the final disposition of this plan. Indeed it is as futile to attempt the outlawry of war under capitalism as it is to essay the elimination of a disagreeable odor by making the sign of the cross over its source. All the fake peace proposals put forward by the small nations may sound good to the ears of pacifists and may have a desirable political effect on the contingencies of the proposers but they will not bring world peace a day nearer. That blessing can only come thru a class war that will crush imperialism and enable the workers and farmers of the world to start laying the basis for a socialist society on the ruins of the capitalist system.

THE masses in all the capitalist countries of Europe and Asia are carrying a terrific burden in the shape of taxes to pay for battleships and other instruments of war. The only way they can dump this load is by dumping the capitalist system and by overthrowing the governments that serve that system. As the situation stands today the small nations that were "emancipated" from foreign rule as a result of the war are possibly worse off now than ever before. They are still the vassals of foreign imperialism in addition to having their own flunkies to support. The optimistic souls in the formerly foreign-ruled countries who expected milk and honey when the iron heel of the stranger was lifted from their faces are beginning to realize that the only gainers from a change of masters are the new ones.

LATE dispatches bear out yesterday's diagnosis of the cause of the turmoil at the league assembly. In addition to domestic reasons for the fake peace proposals it is obvious that France is making as much trouble as she possibly can for her ally Great Britain. Germany has secured a seat on the Mandates Commission which has to do with the colonies. Germany may get some of her colonies back, apparently with British assistance. It is not evident that France is enthusiastic over the military and economic recovery of Germany and Briand is reported to be ready to back the Polish proposals with an oratorical blast.

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MAYOR WALKER AND MUSSOLINI SIT IN CONFERENCE; JEER BOOTBLACKS

Fascist Chief Voices Admiration of Tammany; Sends Greetings to Legionnaire Friends

ROME, Sept. 9.—Mayor James J. Walker, of New York city, was received in audience today by Pope Pius XI, and Premier Mussolini.

The Mussolini interview took place late this afternoon, several hours after Mayor and Mrs. Walker and their party had been received by the Pontiff who bestowed his blessings and presented medals to his visitors.

"I can remember when Italians in New York were practically all bootblacks or street cleaners," the mayor told Mussolini. "Today among the New York Italians are bankers, judges and great merchants."

Mussolini was keenly interested in the American Legion Convention in Paris, asking if many of the Legionnaires were coming to Rome.

Premier Mussolini and Mayor Walker conversed for 46 minutes the latter said after the meeting.

"It was so interesting that the time sped by rapidly. We talked about American Government and politics. The duce showed much interest in Tammany and said he admired its organization. I informed the premier that the Italians are making excellent citizens and that they are playing a most important role in building up the United States."

Hearst, Smarting For Loss of Plane, Sends Belated Aid

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Sept. 9.—The steamship Kyle sailed from this port at 4 o'clock this afternoon to undertake a search for the missing monoplane, Old Glory. The ship will follow the course taken by the plane. It also will keep watch for any trace of the missing Canadian plane, the Sir John Carling.

Other ships have abandoned the search, at the only time when there would be any chance of finding the men alive. The sailing of the ship is regarded here as another Hearst publicity stunt, designed to lift some of the ignominy for the loss of two airplanes recently with their crews, in desperate attempts to make news. The Kyle is chartered by Hearst's "New York Mirror."

BRITISH ISSUE FAKE PAPERS IN DRIVE ON USSR

Fight to Still Demand For Recognition Here

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—The unprecedented raids on the Soviet embassy compound in Peking, instigated by Great Britain early this year, were brought up with the receipt by the State Department of a series of five pamphlets under the heading of "Soviet Plot in China" purporting to contain photostatic copies of "documents" alleged to have been seized in the raids.

Documents previously published were proved to be clumsy frauds by experts who declared that old Russian used in the wording of the documents proved them to be the perpetrations of White Guards.

British Propaganda. The five pamphlets received here are regarded as part of the vast international propaganda campaign that is being conducted against the Soviet Union by the British Tory government.

The growing demand for the recognition of the Soviet Union in this country has led the British to intensify their propaganda campaign. The distribution of the pamphlets, which are issued in English, is regarded as the work of British propagandists.

Stocks Sell High.

After reaching the highest price levels in the current movement, especially the U. S. Steel, industrial stocks ran into a moderate reaction as the result of profit taking and professional selling near the close of the market today.

# THE WORK OF THE FIFTH NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE WORKERS PARTY

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Workers (Communist) Party of America decides that the incoming Central Executive Committee shall take all necessary steps to liquidate factionalism as an absolute prerequisite to Party unity. Factionalism is especially harmful and dangerous at the present time in view of the fact that there are no fundamental political differences. Factionalism destroys loyalty to the Party thru putting group loyalty and interests above the loyalty and interests of the Party. It militates against the development of the Leninist Party.

"Our Party has reached the stage of development where no serious political differences stand in the way of inner consolidation and complete unification. Therefore the liquidation of the existing factions is a necessity for the Party."

"The convention especially prohibits the organization or continuation of groups or caucuses alongside of the Party organization. The distribution of any literature which has not been authorized by the leading Party subdivisions is impermissible.

"The Fifth Convention calls upon the membership to assist the incoming Central Executive Committee in the accomplishment of this task of uprooting factionalism. The convention expects the new CEC to lead and administer the Party in a non-factional manner and calls upon the entire Party to rally to the support of our Central Executive Committee."

This decision must be supplemented by the conscious effort of every member toward fraternal cooperation and a reorientation of every detail of the Party's life in terms of a unified Party. Group loyalty must be completely displaced by Party loyalty and a Party attitude consciously striven for on every question facing the Party.

### Tasks Before the Party.

THE convention has laid before the Party many important tasks. The chief of these are: an intensification of the struggle against the war danger and American imperialism; a powerful campaign for the defense and recognition of the Soviet Union which shall draw in the widest possible sections of the American masses; the development of the working class politically into a consciousness of its class interests and the need for a class political organization in the form of a Labor Party; the intensification of the trade union activities of the Party particularly the building and strengthening of the left wing; the carrying on of a continuous campaign to meet the offensive of the bureaucracy and to expose the role of that bureaucracy and eliminate it from the leadership of the American labor movement; the saving of the existing unions which are under attack both from without and from within and their strengthening and amalgamation into powerful industrial unions; the organization of the unorganized masses which make up the majority of the American working class and the linking up of such organizations with the main stream of the American labor movement.

The convention also laid upon the Party membership the task of strengthening the Party organization

and building the Party. The membership of the Party must be greatly increased, fresh masses must be brought into contact and sympathy with the Party. The political level of the entire membership must be raised. The Party organization, and particularly the Party units must be strengthened, made more regular in their functioning and more effective in the character of their work. The DAILY WORKER must not only be protected in the face of the obvious determination of the master class to destroy it, but it must be strengthened and made into a mass organ that reaches ever wider sections of the American working class.

The Party must pay increased attention to the protection of the foreign-born workers who are suffering such determined attacks by the reactionary government. The youth and other specially exploited sections of the American working class, such as the women, the Negroes, etc., must receive increasing attention from the Party and the Party must give every aid to the more conscious elements in these sections of the working class, in the strengthening of their organizations and the defense of their interests.

In all these respects, in the matter of analyzing the Party's tasks, the matter of strengthening its activities in defense of the American working class, in the struggle for the development of our class politically and organizationally, the protecting and strengthening and building of the trade unions, in the struggle against the war danger, against imperialism and on behalf of the Chinese revolution and defense of the Soviet Union and in the question of internal consolidation and development of complete Party unity, the convention marks a tremendous achievement.

The incoming C. E. C. pledges itself to carry out all tasks imposed upon it by the Party membership through the Fifth National Convention. It will work in the spirit of that convention and calls upon the membership of the Party without exception and without regard to former groupings and differences to give it full support and cooperation in the difficult tasks that it has to perform in this period of reaction. It calls upon the membership to redouble its energy, to intensify its activities, to strive consciously to improve its understanding of the tasks before the Party and to carry them out in such manner that during the coming year the Party will prove more than ever valuable to the American working class and will deal successful and heavy blows at capitalism, imperialism and reaction.

The Fifth Convention was the first convention of the Party to meet and be compelled to carry on its labors without personal contribution of our dead leader, C. E. Ruthenberg. His last words are a clarion call to the membership of our Party and an expression of the spirit which animated the Fifth National Convention. The C. E. C. calls upon the Party in his words: "Tell the comrades to close their ranks, to build the Party. The American workers, under the leadership of our Party and the Comintern, will win. Let us fight on."

Reporting on the Fifth National Convention. Instructions of the sub-committee

## Nab Two-Gun Business Man



CHARLES W. BERNSTEIN (above) of Baltimore, two-gun business man, whose rampage in a New York law office resulted in the shooting to death of four men, declined to discuss the case when taken into custody by police.

on convention arrangements approved by the C. E. C. secretariat.

1. Reporters shall be convention delegates.
2. The convention delegations, together with the district executive committee, shall divide up the various cities and sections, giving each delegate a number of cities or sections.
3. In the case of large cities desiring a general membership meeting to hear the report, we recommend two reporters who shall divide up the report between them. They shall not regard themselves as co-reporters and shall make up a single unified report. Only one delegate shall sum up.
4. Reporters shall follow the line of the declaration of the Central Executive Committee on the Fifth National Convention.

### II. Publications.

The proceedings of the convention shall be published in the form of a pamphlet of from 64 to 128 pages and sell for from 25 to 50c. This pamphlet shall contain:

1. Verbatim copies of the report and summary of the Political Committee, the report and summary of the Trade Union Department, the report and summary of the International Delegate and the report and summary of the representative of the Communist International.
2. Insofar as space will permit, verbatim reports of department heads and speeches of Polburo members.
3. Summaries of all other speeches.
4. Resolutions and organization decisions of the convention.

In addition to the above pamphlet there shall be articles written in the press by leading members of the Central Executive Committee on the work of the convention and the tasks of the Party growing out of it.

## Current Events

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FRANCE appears to be maneuvering England into playing the intransigent militarist role with which France was saddled by England after the end of the war. Objective conditions have forced the British empire to increase its military establishment in order to defend the loot taken from defenceless peoples for centuries and in preparation for its coming war on the Soviet Union. France's lackeys, which include half a dozen small nations represented at the league, are put up to speak their pieces while so far only a lone Greek comes to the tribune for Great Britain. We shall await Briand's forthcoming speech with much interest.

A PERSON with the rather appropriate cognomen of Payne has written a letter to us which expresses somewhat illiterately his deep repugnance to Communism and every other social theory that is in opposition to capitalism. It is rarely that one finds any spark of originality in the minds of this ultra-patriotic species. Payne holds that United States marines are in South America and China with the consent of the natives. He would deport every alien in this country for three years without having declared their intentions to become citizens and winds up with: "militaristically yours." This fellow is a candidate for a lousy shirt and a rat-infested trench in the next war. He is welcome to gratify his taste.

THE impression that the police reserve their clubs for the heads of radical strikes is not borne out by the treatment, accorded to the track drivers who quit work when their demands for a wage increase was refused by the employers. The police are out in force with nervous fingers on triggers and clubs poised for action. The strikers are not ideologically radical. But they are insisting on higher wages and insisting in a militant manner. It makes little difference to the employer for the moment whether the slave who is making a raid on his profits is a radical or a conservative. This lesson should be engraved in the memory of every trade unionist for use the next time a labor faker tells him that the bosses will not be good to him if he follows radical leadership.

A CHICAGO comrade who happens to be one of those rare human gems that distributes revolutionary literature for the pure joy gained from this kind of activity writes that the police of that city are making it very difficult for him to engage in this voluntary and very useful work. He suggests that little stickers with simple messages to the workers printed on them should be gotten out. He thinks those stickers pasted in public places would attract attention and would do much good. Many of our readers, like this comrade have excellent suggestions to make and they should not be timid in making them.

## Pittsburgh Workers to Hear Browder Tell of Chinese Revolution

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 9.—Earl Browder, Editor of Labor Unity, has just returned from a six months' trip through Nationalist China, during the period of most acute civil war. He was in close contact with such leaders as Sun Yat Sen, Eugene Chen, Mme. Sun Yat Sen, and Michael Borodin. The revolutionary developments in China are of outstanding importance to the working class of the entire world. All workers are invited to avail themselves of this opportunity of hearing first hand information, from a working class viewpoint.

Do not miss this meeting Friday, September 16th 8 p. m., Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller Street. Admission is 25 cents.

## Feeble Verbiage Reply Of Reformists

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perialism. Such has been the path of the General Council during the last two years. Opposition Estimate Wrong. "Naturally," continues Pravda, "the opposition in the All-Union Communist Party was absolutely wrong when it demanded that the Central Council of Russian trade unions break relations with the British general council. Of course, the Anglo-Russian committee could never be the means of "rendering harmless reformism in Europe" to quote Zinoviev's words in 1925. This was a ridiculous, harmful exaggeration. But then in the Anglo-Russian committee we did show to the whole world the readiness of Soviet labor to affect unity in the ranks of the world trade union movement.

Does Not Represent Masses. "The swing to the right of the reformist leaders, their passing over completely to the position of social-imperialism at this given stage not only does not reflect the movement of the masses, but is due precisely to the reformist fear of the constant leftward movement of the masses. In more peaceful conditions it was possible with left phrases to flirt with the masses which were moving leftwards, but at this historical moment this is dangerous because the masses want action and not words. For these same reasons the existence of the Anglo-Russian committee has grown dangerous to the reformists, because the Soviet unions, through their delegates to the Anglo-Russian committee, exposes the betrayals of the social-imperialists.

Labor Must Act Decisively. "In order to carry on a real struggle against capitalism, against its onslaught against the working class, against its military ventures and all its other monstrous crimes against labor the British working class must get rid of this crowd of wretched diplomats, who, brought up in the school of compromise, fear criticism like the devil and are devoting their talents to stifling the British labor movement.

Move Toward Own Graves. "By their rupture of the Anglo-Russian committee the British social-imperialists have moved another step toward their own political graves. 'We do not want to keep in this world those who tomorrow will be dead' and our close ties with all that lives in the British trade unions with the whole mass of English workers never were nor can be severed."

Losovsky Nails Lies. MOSCOW, Sept. 9.—A. Losovsky, of the Reg International of Trade Unions, in an interview today, declared that the rupture in the Anglo-Russian Trade Union Committee is the logical and political result of the system of sabotage in which the general council has engaged in the last 18 months.

"The general council of the British Trade Unions," charged Losovsky, "wished to have such a committee as would sanction all its filthy actions against the working class and its servility towards its bourgeoisie and which would, from time to time, pass 'left' resolutions without preventing the general council from carrying on its policy."

Demand Criticism Stop. "From the Soviet trade unions it demanded the surrender of the right of criticism and instead of going into the substance of pressing questions, indulged in the most contemptible juridical trickery.

"It is noteworthy that the general council's attitude towards the Central Council of Labor Unions of the U. S. S. R. increased in proportion to the aggressiveness of the British capitalist government against the Soviet Union. The connection here is more than clear.

Provocation by Council. "Everything was carefully prepared beforehand and the actions of the general council at the Edinburgh congress were provided for in detail. The general council intentionally sent to us a provocative letter, fully realizing that our Central Council would have to reply and, as the question of a rupture was a foregone conclusion and surely agreed upon before hand with the government, the final action was affected in accordance with all rules.

"The correlation of the forces of the laboring masses on the question of the Anglo-Russian committee, does not correspond with the correlation of forces of the congress. The fact that millions of English workers are at one with the Soviet proletariat is a sufficient guarantee that the general council's blow will not break the growing ties between the working class of the U. S. S. R. and Britain.

Assaults General Councilors. "Regarding the general councilors we can say in reply to their petty attacks: 'Love was without joy, separation will be without sorrow.' In all the recent acts of the general council they have shown that their policy paralleled that of the British Tories and this is the first opportunity they have had to follow their own policy to its logical conclusion and identify themselves completely with the government in its break with the U. S. S. R."

Would Stop Dangerous Show. OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 9.—The Canadian government is besieged with messages today, from one end of Canada to the other asking for action that will prevent future trans-Atlantic flights from this Dominion unless the machines have been inspected by government air board officials and have had hours of trial flights meeting conditions similar to those encountered over the Atlantic.



Chas. Evans Hughes, former secretary of state, has announced that Coolidge didn't mean what he said when he retired from the presidential race.

## Coolidge Secretary Also Thinks He Lies About Intent to Run

That President Coolidge will accept the republican nomination for re-election if offered him, was the belief expressed today by C. Bascom Slemph, former secretary to the president who arrived home from Europe on the steamer George Washington. "It would have been so easy for him to have said, 'I won't run,'" Slemph said, in commenting on the president's phrase of not "choosing" to run. "My opinion is that he will respond."

Sell More U. S. Securities. WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—Cash subscriptions for the \$250,000,000 issue of 3 per cent treasury certificates totaled \$580,000,000, subscriptions for the \$250,000,000 issue of 3 1/2 per cent. Treasury notes were \$1,090,000,000. Secretary of Treasury Mellon said that the privilege of exchanging the 4 1/2 per cent, second liberty bonds for the treasury notes will be extended until September 29.

WANTED — MORE READERS! ARE YOU GETTING THEM?

## U. S. COURTS GIVE MONEY OWING TO U.S.S.R. TO WHITES

### Kerensky Attaché Gets 'Damages' From Lehigh

The United States Court of Appeals yesterday sustained the lower courts decision to award Sergei Ughet, financial attaché of Bakhmetiev, Russian ambassador to Washington under the Kerensky regime damages for Russian munitions destroyed on the property of the Lehigh Valley Railroad. The award was made in spite of protest from the Soviet Union, which requested that a custodian be appointed to hold the funds pending further action. The request of the U. S. S. R. was refused.

Despite the fact that other governments were compensated for damages to their munitions in the 1916 explosion, the courts sustained the Lehigh Valley in its refusal to pay the Soviet Union for the destruction of its munitions.

Goes to Counter-Revolution. The damages awarded to Ughet by the U. S. Court of Appeals which amounts to between two and three million dollars will go either to foment counter-revolution or for Ughet's personal use.

The Lehigh Valley railroad refused to pay Ughet because he did not represent the present government. It is not known how soon the Lehigh will be forced to pay Ughet the money. The court has refused the plea of the Soviet Union for a custodian for the funds pending further action.

WANTED — MORE READERS! ARE YOU GETTING THEM?

## NOTICE

Jamboree Tickets must be turned in at once to the Joint Defense Committee, 41 Union Square. Do it now.

## PREPARE YOUR BUNDLES NOW



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Madison Square Garden, on October 6, 7, 8 and 9

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Nicola Sacco

Support The Daily Worker, which led the struggle to save them.  
Defend The Daily Worker against the attack of those, who murdered Sacco and Vanzetti.  
Help to maintain The Daily Worker to carry on the fight for which Sacco and Vanzetti died.  
Answer the capitalist assassins with your support of The Daily Worker in its fight

FOR



Bartolomeo Vanzetti

### Here Is My Tribute to The Memory of Sacco, Vanzetti.

DAILY WORKER  
33 First St., New York, N. Y.

Inclosed you will find ..... dollars as my tribute to the memory of Sacco and Vanzetti, and as my contribution to help the Daily Worker carry on the fight, for which they have given their lives.

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Address .....

City ..... State .....

The Defense of Class War Prisoners  
A Strong, Militant Labor Movement  
A Labor Party and a Labor Government  
The Protection of the Foreign Born  
The Recognition and Defense of the Soviet Union  
Hands Off China  
The Abolition of All Imperialist Wars  
The Abolition of the Capitalist System

# CONTRADICTIONS OF SIGMAN SHOWN UP BY L. HYMAN

### Exposes His Reply to Grossman

Early this week the president of the cloak manufacturers' group known as the Industrial Council, I. Grossman, made a statement blaming the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union for the conditions in the industry and especially for the prevalence of non-union shops.

In reply, Morris Sigman, president of the International, yesterday issued a spirited denial of the facts stated by Grossman and refused to accept responsibility for, or even acknowledge the existence of many trade evils.

Commenting on this published controversy, Louis Hyman, manager of the New York Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers, said yesterday:

"President Sigman's answer to the statement by I. Grossman, president of the Industrial Council, concerning present conditions in the cloak trade, is filled with contradictions of his previous admissions relating to the evils now rife in the industry.

### Many Open Shops.

"To Mr. Grossman, Sigman indignantly denies the spread of non-union shops; yet his own organ 'Justice' this week contains Julius Hochman's report to a group of shop chairmen stating that when he took over the Joint Board there were about 1,000 non-union shops in the industry. It is well known that this number has increased since then, yet Hochman has previously acknowledged that his organization drive resulted in settling only 50 or 60 of this whole group.

"In this same issue of 'Justice' it is reported that Sigman told impartial Chairman Ingersoll that the problem of the non-union shop had reached an alarming stage, and he condemns the manufacturers for feeding the scab shops and says that they need not have agreements if they intend to violate them.

"If Sigman and Hochman make these statements in the union organ, how can they expect to deny the facts when issuing statements to the outside press. If 'Justice' is talking of the open shop menace week after week, how can Sigman pretend there is no open shop problem when he is faced with it by the manufacturers?

"And in the same way, if Sigman creates committees to stop work on Saturdays and Sundays, and all sorts of hours, how can he expect to be listened to seriously when he states that no such overtime work is going on? He knows well that this overtime work is being done, and that at the same time the trade is slow because just this overtime work helps to increase unemployment.

"But at the present time the non-union shop is not the sole problem with which we are confronted, even though according to Mr. Hochman's admission that there are 1,000 of them. To my mind, the greater menace is the shop where they have a union agreement, yet conditions are so bad that piecework, overtime and all sorts of violations of contract pass unchallenged and there are absolutely no union standards maintained. It is well known that in most of the sub-manufacturing shops they have no union standards and the only difference between them and non-union shops is that they compel the workers to register.

# ORGANIZED LABOR—TRADE UNION ACTIVITIES

NEWS AND COMMENT  
LABOR EDUCATION  
LABOR AND GOVERNMENT  
TRADE UNION POLITICS

## BUSINESS MEN IN MINING VICINITY ASSAIL GUNMEN

### Ask Governor of State to Remove Desperadoes

MONONGAHELA, Pa., Sept. 9.—The non-miners in the communities terrorized by the gunmen imported by the coal companies trying to break the miners' union in Pennsylvania have begun to protest against the brutalities of this illegal invading army of occupation.

The company gunmen have violated most of the laws of the state wholesale, have created disorder and threatened peaceful citizens with every sort of weapon, from artillery to tear-gas bombs. One of the latest protests is from a resolution adopted by the local business men of this city and published as an advertisement in all the papers that will accept it.

### It reads as follows:

We, the citizens of Monongahela City, Washington County, Pa., beg to submit the following resolution to the Governor, John S. Fisher.

### GREETING:

WHEREAS, for the past two years the Pittsburgh Coal Company and Bethlehem Mining Corporation, with many other coal companies, openly repudiated its agreement with the United Mine Workers of America in the Pittsburgh District, and

WHEREAS, the Pittsburgh Coal Company and the Bethlehem Mining Corporation in the Ellsworth Branch have imported men of all descriptions, of which many are of desperate character. Many of our citizens have been beat up on the public highways by the private guards, and

WHEREAS, the enforcement of the sheriff's proclamation is unfair, unjust and un-American and being enforced without any reasonable cause, depriving the law abiding citizens, both union miners and business men of Washington County of their Constitutional rights and protecting those who are defying the law to serve their own selfish motives, therefore be it

RESOLVED, we the business men of Monongahela City, Washington County, Pa., do hereby appeal to Governor John S. Fisher to assist us with powers given unto him to oust this lawlessness from our community which is dangerous to the peace and safety of our citizens, and is detrimental to the farmers, professional and business men of this community, be it further

RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be immediately telegraphed to Governor Fisher and published in the newspapers.

Respectfully submitted and signed by the Citizens of Monongahela City, Pa.

Dr. H. T. Billick, mayor; Vernon Hazzard, attorney; Adam S. Vance, real estate; D. H. Borland, merchant; C. Puzatelli, grocer; H. W. and W. L. McKintley, hardware; L. W. Piot,

### The Police Are Very Nervous These Days

THE ABSENT MINDED GUY WHO LEFT HIS MOTOR RUNNING IN FRONT OF A BANK WHILE HE WENT IN TO CASH A CHECK



POLICIES AND PROGRAMS  
STRIKES—INJUNCTIONS  
THE TRADE UNION PRESS  
LABOR AND IMPERIALISM

## STRIKE OF FUR RABBIT WORKERS GAINS STRENGTH

### N. Y. Locals Nominate For All Officers

The fur rabbit workers of Brooklyn and New Jersey, who went on strike Wednesday morning to organize the open shops, reported yesterday that two shops have already expressed their willingness to settle with the union.

According to Morris Langer, manager of Local 25, Newark, the two shops will be signed up by Monday. He also stated that all the workers of the Consolidated Rabbit Dressers' Association are out and will soon be joined by hundreds of other workers.

### Denounces Statement.

Langer denounced the statement made by the Dressers' Association that appeared in Wednesday's issue of The Women's Wear Daily, a trade paper, to the effect that the workers would return to the shops any time the bosses requested them to. "That is not true," asserted Langer. "We are going to stay out until we have organized all of the scab shops. No matter how long it takes, we will stay out until we achieve victory.

### Stop Giving Work.

"We demand that the dealers stop giving work to the open shops. Not until we are sure that will be the procedure in the future will we end the struggle."

Local 25 will hold a special meeting tomorrow at Montgomery Hall, 1 p. m., when the latest developments of the stoppage will be discussed.

The fight against the open shop is being conducted jointly by a committee of 10 representing the two locals. They are Local 58 of Brooklyn and Local 25 of Newark. Moe Harris is business agent of the Brooklyn local, while Langer is head of the New Jersey organization.

### Unity Committee Meets Today.

Representatives from every fur center in the United States and Canada will attend the meeting of the Executive Board and Unity Conference Committee of the International Fur Workers' Union, which will gather today at the Joint Board headquarters, in answer to the call of H. Englander, chairman, and I. Wolliner, secretary of the Unity Conference.

The delegates meet to consider the trade situation and conditions in the union. Union conditions in the fur shops of New York, the largest fur center in the country, have broken down because of the weakening of the union as a result of the union-smashing policies and tactics of the International and A. F. of L. officials. This has introduced chaotic conditions in the New York market, affecting not only the workers, but the industry as a whole. As a result of this demoralized state of affairs in the trade, the workers of New York are subjected to unemployment during the months that normally constitute the height of the season, and are receiving unprecedented low wages.

This condition is caused by the wide-spread contracting and corporation shops which are working under non-union conditions and with the absence of any union control—a condition directly traceable to the treachery of the International and A. F. of L. officials.

Of course, these conditions affect not only upon the union in New York, but upon unions in every other locality as well. The union in New York has always been the backbone of the International Fur Workers' Union and its breakdown endangers the very existence of the entire International.

The executive committee of the Unity Conference Committee will therefore have as its main object at this special meeting, to consider seriously this situation and work out proposals for remedying it. The executive committee does not aim to intensify or prolong in any way the internal struggle that is going on in the International. On the contrary, it seeks to put an end to this struggle and bring about unity of all the International locals, including the New York Locals 1, 5, 10 and 15, and the New York Joint Board, which constitutes the backbone of the International. The committee believes that this is the only remedy for the present deplorable conditions in the trade and the union.

## Marcus Loew, Movie Owner Buried

Marcus Loew, owner of a chain of movie and theatrical houses throughout the United States, was buried yesterday in Cypress Hills cemetery. Loew's first business enterprises included several penny-arcades. He later acquired interest in a number of moving picture houses when the industry was still in its infancy.

## Sigman's Case Against Gold, Hyman, Gropper And Others Postponed

The criminal libel case brot against needle trades leaders and members of the staff of the Jewish Daily Freiheit by Morris Sigman were postponed until next Friday when heard before Magistrate Jean Norris in the Franklin Street Court yesterday.

The defendants include Ben Gold, Louis Hyman, M. Epstein, R. Saltzman, Ben Lifshitz and William Gropper. Joseph R. Brodsky was attorney for the left wing workers. Samuel Markewitch, lawyer, represented Sigman.

## Jersey Politician Gets Jail Sentence In Bribery Scandal

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 9.—The Court of Errors and Appeals here today affirmed the conviction of James H. Bolitho, former prosecutor of Morris County, who was found guilty of malfeasance in office.

Bolitho was convicted following an investigation May 4, 1925, by Wilfred H. Jayne, prosecutor of Ocean County, who acted as a special assistant attorney general.

Bolitho was sentenced to serve two to three years in state prison on each of five counts of an indictment, the sentences to run concurrently.

The indictment listed a total of 18 charges as follows: Three counts on a charge of bribery, two on extortion, two on assault and battery, four on malfeasance in office and five on a charge of conspiracy.

## Labor College Head Urges Workers to Fight Unemployment

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—With unemployment rising to the highest tide since the panicky days of 1921, the American Federationist, official organ of the A. F. of L. devotes half the space of its September issue to a consideration of industry's gravest evil. The Federationist publishes the addresses delivered before the unemployment conference called by the Philadelphia Labor College representing the viewpoint of union officials, economists, engineers and employers.

"The conference," summarizes Spencer Miller, jr., secretary of the Workers' Education Bureau, "did not attempt to solve the problem but it at least made two things clear—first, that the problem of unemployment is not insoluble, and second, that any far-reaching solution involves not only advance planning but also the cooperation of labor and management and the consumer in a common task."

Instancing the success of the labor movement in winning the struggle for the 8-hour day within 40 years, Israel Mufson, secretary of the Philadelphia Labor College, calls for a "revival of the old spirit of labor—that spirit that was daring enough to do and always willing to pay the price for progress." He asks the Workers Education Bureau to wage a national battle against unemployment through similar conferences in other industrial centers.

## 7 Hurt In Brooklyn Trolley Line Crash

Seven persons were injured yesterday morning when two trolley cars collided at Broadway and Arion Place, Brooklyn.

# CLOAK AND DRESSMAKERS HOLD BIG GATHERING AT "GARDEN" TODAY

## Gold, Hyman and Others to Address Workers; Launch Big Organization Drive

Thousands of cloak and dressmakers are expected to attend the monster union demonstration at Madison Square Garden today, 2 p. m.

Called by the New York Joint Board, the meeting will be used as the starting point of a gigantic organization drive to unionize the cloak and dress industry of this city.

Up to the time that Morris Sigman started his strikebreaking agency, the ladies' garment workers had a powerful union. It is the intention of the workers of the trade to build up a strong organization. Tomorrow's meeting will be the first step in that direction.

### Joint Board Statement.

In a statement issued by the Joint Board it is pointed out that for many years the union fought for the 40 hour, 5 day week. "At every convention," it declares, "we adopted resolutions embodying such demands.

## MORE FASCISTS SAIL AS FIRST INVADERS FLEE

(Continued from Page One)

vasion of France try to drown their sorrows in perpetual absinthe orgies while they try to forget that they are in a perfectly strange land whose language is utterly incomprehensible to them and those people look upon their khaki uniforms with the loathing and contempt which they feel for official murderers.

### Wonder Why They Came.

Most of the Legionnaires wish that curiosity had never brought them to French soil; a few who had been in the country before and came back to see former friends or relatives admit that they have never seen anything to equal the horror with which they are regarded by the French workers and poilus or the boycott which has been declared against the Legion.

In an effort to divert the feeling for a stampede back to the United States which is daily growing more insistent among the Legionnaires in Paris, and which would spell final catastrophe for the Legion junket, the Legion officials with the connivance of the French and other foreign authorities are planning to send off the men who are at present lonely and lost in the French capital to see if they cannot forget their homesickness in fascist Italy or in Belgium. Contingents are being formed for trips to Brussels and Rome.

### Mussolini Gleeful.

It is expected that Mussolini will make special preparations for the welcome of the American Legionnaires whose activities he has admired at long distance and with whose officials he will utilize this opportunity to confer.

Italian workers are already being compelled to string gaily colored lights along the station platforms at Genoa and Milan, where the Legionnaires are coming to see the birthplace of Columbus, and at Florence and Rome. Bunting is being draped along the streets and on the principal public buildings.

While the fury of the Italian workers against the murderers of their countrymen, Sacco and Vanzetti, surpasses that of the French, they are unable to protest against the Legion outrage owing to the unheard of atrocities with which the black shirts pay the slightest complaint against the fascist dictatorship. Excitement among the workers in the huge industrial plants at Genoa and Milan, where the Legion will first appear, is at such a fever pitch, however, that the police and fascist battalions are being everywhere kept in readiness and the number of spies operating in these works is said to have been nearly doubled.

### Welcome Is Only Official.

But the situation in Paris is only temporarily eased by the departure of the "veterans" for Italy. The new contingents will soon arrive and the government is doing its utmost to conceal the hostility of the French workers under an array of bunting, flags and electric signs and lights. In an effort to prevent a repetition of the mournful arrival of the first detachments of the Legion on the wet, wet platforms of the Gare St. Lazaire, the Paris terminal from the west, electric lights are being slung from under the high dark platform roofs and into the gloomy central station. The same preparations are being carried out in the smaller Gare Montparnasse, while long lines of flag-poles are being erected along the boulevards and thru the Elysees. All public buildings are being draped.

### Terrorism Rampant.

Meanwhile the terrorism against the French workers, which was speeded up following the demonstrations

of the French workers before and after the murders of Sacco and Vanzetti, is being quickly and ruthlessly effected. Thousands of French workers and their leaders are being secretly deported from the country on framed up charges and in an effort to still L'Humanite, the voice of the French working class, its editors have been thrown into the Paris jails. The secret police have received orders to spare no one and the orders are being carried out to the letter. L'Humanite, however, is still carrying on its fight against the desecration which is implied in the arrival of the American Legion on French soil.

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## Communist International on the International Situation

(Resolution passed by the Joint Plenum of the C. C. and the C. C. C., after hearing Comrade Bukharin's report of the 9th August, 1927.)

(Continuation)

26. The characteristic features of the present period of the Chinese revolution are this severe defeat, and a simultaneous radical regrouping of forces: A bloc of the workers, peasants, and city poor is being organized against all the ruling classes and the imperialists. Seen from this aspect, the revolution is striding forward to the highest phase of its development, to the phase of direct struggle for the dictatorship of the working class and the peasantry. The experience of the past develop-

ment shows plainly that the bourgeoisie is not capable of solving the problems of national emancipation from the yoke of imperialism, as it is conducting a fight against the workers and peasants; that it is not capable of conducting a consistent fight against foreign imperialism and is becoming more and more inclined to a compromise with the last-named—to a compromise which in fact leaves the domination of imperialism almost completely undisturbed. The national bourgeoisie is equally incapable of solving the inner problems of the revolution, for the reason that it not only fails to support the peasantry, but actively combats them, and in this way inclines more and more to a bloc with imperialism, without even having solved

beyond human endurance. They went on strike to remedy their conditions and raise their wages to a standard somewhat in keeping with their necessities of life. Had they waited and endured miserable conditions while the employers endeavored by trickery and deception to dissipate their forces they would have been good, safe and sane American workers, but since they resorted to the strike weapon they are berated by the editorial scribblers of the reptile press.

The ancient hoax of inconveniencing the public is brot forth as an argument against these strikers. Just who constitute the "public"? There is no such thing as a "public" with interests of its own separate from labor and capital. Such a conception is a myth in a class society. The vast majority of the public are workers and our interests are identical as against those of the capitalist class. It is to the interest of every worker in New York to do everything possible to aid these striking workers.

Naturally this strike is deeply resented by the Times and other spokesmen for the employers who are diligently trying to uphold the illusion that strikes are unnecessary in the United States. It also blasts the lie that strikes are led by "foreign agitators"—a charge repeatedly made against the cloakmakers and furriers and other workers who have engaged in strikes during recent months. The teamsters now on strike are, for the most part, native Americans, and their union can certainly not be accused of being influenced by "Red agitators."

This strike is also a blow against the labor bureaucracy which tries to discourage all strikes and indulges in treacherous talk about the identity of interest of capital and labor and substitutes for a militant policy of struggle the deceptive slogans of class collaboration. It is very significant inasmuch as it proves that even in the most conservative unions there is a tremendous mass sentiment against the fraudulent "higher strategy of labor," enunciated by the Greens, the Wolls, the Sigmans and their supporters in the camp of the yellow socialists.

As far as the vast majority of the public—the working class—is concerned, we believe we can speak for them in this case and inform the Times and other enemies of labor that the strike of the truck drivers is recognized as a part of the fight to beat back the offensive that is now being waged everywhere against labor. Every militant worker should see to it that, if necessary, his or her union rallies to the aid of these strikers and aids them win their demands.

### Socialist Evaluation of Vienna Uprising.

International reformism, manifesting itself in its most venal form in the opportunism of the second (social-democratic) international, is always the first force to try to drown in the blood of the working class any revolutionary attempt to overthrow the power of capitalist states. This shameless crew of agents of capitalism have been villifying the Vienna uprising in every country in the world, but it remained for the official socialist organ of the Argentine to furnish the proper slogan for the heroes of the second international. Said this sheet in a two-line streamer at the top of its first page: "Demonstration of protest in Vienna DEGENERATES into popular uprising."

From the socialist point of view it is all right for workers respectfully and humbly to gather in masses and peacefully protest against the action of a government in freeing fascist murderers of workers in order to encourage them to more bloodletting, but if the wave of indignation reaches the boiling point and develops into political uprisings that challenge the power of the capitalist government, such action must be viewed as degenerate.

The Argentine socialists, in referring to the uprising as an act of depravity on the part of the masses, completely identify themselves with those social democratic traitors in Vienna who used the armed guards they had created, under the pretext of preparing for a fight against fascism, as auxiliaries of the regular capitalist mercenary police to help crush the popular uprising.

In one thing at least the international socialist lackeys of the bourgeoisie are consistent—that is their monstrous enmity against the revolutionary workers of the world.

### Panken's Campaign Moves Along Capitalist Lines

Totally devoid of the slightest semblance of working class appeal, the campaign of Municipal Judge Jacob Panken for reelection on the socialist ticket, moves in approved capitalist class channels. Endorsed by the local republican machine which is a part of the national Mellon-Hoover-Dawes-Coolidge combination, hailed as a good judge by the most reactionary section of the capitalist press, Panken now has been approved by a non-partisan committee of lawyers from the republican and democratic ranks who are whooping it up for him.

This latest approval of the alleged socialist is significant, inasmuch as it is the customary procedure in behalf of capitalist judges. Judges are approved by capitalist lawyers because of certain political debts based upon special favors granted. The majority of the lawyers who support Panken do so because they have learned that Judge Panken can hand out judicial favors with the same abandon that other capitalist judges dispense such favors—always, of course, with the expectation that the lawyers will live up to the ethics and shyster traditions of the bar and rally behind him in political campaigns.

Certainly no worker who is class conscious will support this socialist candidate for reelection. He has proved himself to be fully acceptable to the enemies of labor of all stripes and from all camps of the capitalist political parties.

There is one party only that is worthy the support of the workers in the elections this fall and that is the Workers (Communist) Party which has a class program that challenges alike the avowed capitalist candidates as well as the other agents of the bourgeoisie masquerading as socialists.

the elementary problem of the bourgeois democratic revolution. On the other hand, it is almost impossible for the bourgeoisie to enter into any compromise with the peasantry, since in China even the scantiest land reform would involve the expropriation of the gentry and small land owners, an action of which the bourgeoisie is absolutely incapable. It is therefore much more likely that the temporary defeat of the revolution will be followed in a comparatively short time by a fresh revolutionary advance.

27. At the present time the Communist Party of China is a Party against which the fire of all the opponents of revolution is directed. It is confronted by the most difficult and responsible tasks. First of all it must free itself from the liquidatory elements in its own ranks, recognize the errors which its leaders have committed, consolidate the Party on the basis of the instructions of the Comintern, reform the leadership, appoint new leaders from among the members possessing actual revolutionary experience, and at the same time extend its illegal apparatus in the Wuhan territory.

The Communist Party must carry on an energetic and systematic fight against all theories which bring into conflict interests of the class struggle of the workers and peasants. These counter-revolutionary ideas, spread abroad by the betrayers of the revolution (Chiang Kai-Shek, Feng Yu Hsiang, Wan Ting-Wei, etc.) who deceitfully hide themselves beneath the cloak of Sun-Yat Senism, have as their object the subjection of the masses of the people to the interests and the leadership of the counter-revolutionary unification of China, and its emancipation from the yoke of imperialism are only possible on the basis of the class struggle of the broadest masses of the workers and peasants against the feudal lords and capitalists.

Further, the Communist Party must take all measures necessary to arouse the lower strata of the Left Kuomintang against the upper, and must institute an energetic campaign to this end. At the same time the Communist Party must carry on energetic propaganda for the idea of Soviets.

Should the efforts of the Communist Party for the revolutionization of the Kuomintang not meet with success, and should it be found impossible to democratize this organization and to convert it into a broad mass organization of the workers and peasants; and should, on the other hand, the revolution make a fresh advance, then it will be necessary to change the propagandist slogan of Soviets into a slogan of immediate fight and to proceed at once to the organization of workers' peasants' and artisans' Soviets.

At the same time every effort must be made to develop the agrarian movement, to employ every means to arm the workers and peasants, and to lay the foundations for a really revolutionary workers' and peasants' army. The Party must systematically expose the treachery of Chiang Kai-Shek and Wuhan, ruthlessly tear every mask from their faces, and act as the real advance guard of the working class, fighting for the hegemony of the working class and marching at the head of the broadest masses of the peasantry and the city poor.

### Needle Trade Defense

Tonight the workers of the fur industry will greet the recently released young furrier, Oscar Malloff at the banquet which has been arranged in his honor at Solins Restaurant, 216 E. 14th St. Malloff was a victim charged by one of the right wingers that he (Malloff) threatened to beat him. This happened at the time when the Sigmans-McGrady-Woll-Green clique together with the police and courts were terrorizing the furriers and making frame-ups; when the infamous Mineola frame-up occurred; when the brutal sentences of Judge Rosalsky were given; Malloff was sentenced to six months in jail which he served and was released this week. He was released from Blackwells Island and had to be bailed until his trial in Mineola. Malloff was greeted by many of his co-workers on the day of his release from jail. A large crowd is expected to be present at the banquet.

### Tomorrow Defense Picnic At Pleasant Bay Park.

The Defense picnic arranged by the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will take place tomorrow, September 11th at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx. This is the last picnic of the season and thousands of workers will come to enjoy a delightful day. The main attraction will be the Sigmans Follies which will be produced by the Freiheit Gesangs Verein. It was composed, at the time when it was learned that the "president" owns large properties in Iowa, and of the doings up there. The entire chorus will participate in the production of the Follies. A special platform is being set up for this occasion. Lighting effect are under the supervision of Elbaum and decorations are by Fonster. One of the other features is Alex Fox, famous giant, who will demonstrate his strength by bending iron bars with bare hands. Dancing all day and evening. A famous jazz band will play the latest song hits. Admission at the park is 50 cents and in advance 40 cents. Directions to Park: Take Bronx Subway or "L" to 177th Street then take Unionport car to Unionport (end of line) Broadway subway to 181 Street then Crosstown car to Unionport. From there buses will be provided to take you straight to the Picnic grounds.

Keep Up the Sustaining Fund

## DRAMA

### At Mrs. Bowman's Boarding House

JOHN BARRYMORE



In "Don Juan" at Moss' Broadway beginning today.

THERE is a lot of fun in "Women Go On Forever" now playing at the Forrest Theatre and one of the two mysteries in the play that remained unsolved until towards the end of the piece, is the title. Indeed, Mrs. Bowman, the boarding house impresario, played excellently by Mary Boland, was obliged to allay the curiosity of the audience by making an explanation that did not explain to the colored maid whose husband was dying and did die as did almost everybody else in the cast. The other mystery that remained unsolved until a few minutes before the curtain went down was Sven the six-foot-and-more Scandinavian, and potential motorman who in looking for a boarding house saw the "rooms for rent" sign in Mrs. Bowman's window, said rooms having been just preempted by their tenants during a night of carnage, horror, burlesque, pathos and comedy by well-directed bullets. Mrs. Bowman had a weakness for star boarders and Sven was the latest successful candidate for the position, into which he stepped before Jake was cold in death.

The first act unfolds the population of Mrs. Bowman's boarding house; the principal occupation of which seems to be either getting married as a means of existence or otherwise living illegally on their female admirers. Mrs. Bowman fights for her back rent like a tigress, but she is a warm-hearted person and when her principal dead beat is taken in marriage by an employed female she consents to his occupying his wife's apartment without pressing the matter of a raise in the rent until the honeymoon is over.

Mrs. Bowman's star boarder, Jake, is a tough egg and when his landlady suspects him of unfaithfulness he caveman's himself back into her good graces. But he does not reform. He has designs on Mabel, another roomer who comes home from work with a tale of woe about a boss who sought her ruin, but only brought down on his own head several chairs, dishes and as much of the general furniture of a private dining room as was not nailed down.

But Pete, a rival of Jake's, has Jake locked up in Mrs. Bowman's room whither Jake repaired to steal the cash with which to take Mabel out on a bat, Mabel being disgusted with life at not hearing from Eddie who was making a bid for fortune in the golden west. And Pete, who has the dough earns the privilege of getting Mabel drunk.

Had Mabel gone to bed instead of going out on a toot she would have received a telegram from Eddie requesting her to meet him at the train preparatory to a trip to the nearest marriage bureau and Pete would not fall dead in the alley before bullets fired by Jake's brother Louie, a fugitive from justice for having killed one of the O'Dowd's. I almost forgot to note that Jake was killed by Mrs. Bowman's blind son Billy, in revenge for a slap on the cheek. After which Eddie promptly and efficiently makes love to an old maid and is found in her room in the early morning by the infuriated Mrs. Bowman.

The murders do not seem to annoy either the roomers or the landlady and a good time is had by all. One of the bright spots in the play is the anguish of the colored maid over the death of a husband whose company she enjoyed only four days. He was a glutton for calomel and kept crying alternately during his last moments, "Jesus, take my soul" and, "Mary, don't let me die."

The inevitable pest who is to be found everywhere is the unfortunate who played the role of the boarder whose wife brought forth a son. And if sensing this character's unpopularity with the audience the author had him make two trips to a speakery, after which he became delightfully silent.

Osgood Perkins as Pete and Morgan Wallace as Jake indulged in some good acting, the blind Billy's conquest of the old maid was as slick a performance as could be expected from a sightless lover. But in this case blindness was an asset. Sven, the Scandinavian, has an easy job and finishes this dramatic crazy quilt

in a way to send the audience out into the fresh air chucking, and if Hans Lindquist had a trace of inferiority complex in his system before he landed this job it should have vanished by the time the curtain goes down on the last showing of "Women Go On Forever."

Those who insist on an unbroken diet of serious dramatics should keep away from this play but radicals who read Life, Judge and the American Mercury for relaxation are assured of a hilarious evening in return for their money.—T. J. O. F.

### Theatre Guild Season Opens With "Porgy" October 3

The Theatre Guild's activities for the new season began today. Philip Moeller is rehearsing the members of the touring repertory company which will begin their long season in Han-Wover, N. H. on October 12th, under the banner of the Guild. The repertory for this company will include "Arms and the Man," "The Guardsman," "Mr. Pim Passes By" and "The Silver Cord." The members of this company will include: Florence Eldridge, George Gail, Erksine Sanford, Molly Pearson, Fredric March and Lawrence Cecil.

Rehearsals will begin next week of "Porgy," which has been dramatized from his novel by DuBose Heyward and his wife, Dorothy. This play will be presented with a cast which is, with three exceptions, colored.

Immediately upon the return of Alfred Lunt and Lynn Fontanne from Europe, rehearsals for "Pygmalion" will be started. This play will be presented by the Guild in Cleveland for one week and in Chicago for two. Mr. Lunt will assume the role of Prof. Higgins, and Dudley Digges will play Col. Pickering. "The Guardsman" will also be included in the Chicago season of seven weeks. The original cast: Alfred Lunt, Lynn Fontanne, Dudley Digges and Helen Westley, will be in the production which begins September 19th at the Studebaker Theatre and will be preceded by a week at the Hanna, Cleveland, beginning September 11th.

The company will return to New York early in November to present "The Doctor's Dilemma," Shaw's satirical comedy. This play will be rehearsed and produced in Chicago under the direction of Dudley Digges. Its cast will comprise most of the members of the Acting Company. "Porgy" opens at the Guild Theatre as the first subscription bill of the season October 3. "The Second Man" now current at the Guild Theatre will continue until that time.

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