

Current Events

By T. J. O'Flaherty

N. Y. POLICE SHOOT AT TEAMSTER PICKETS

NEW CEC OF THE PARTY ORGANIZES FOR WORK AHEAD

Chooses Committees; Names Dept. Heads

At the first meeting of the new Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, held here following the Fifth National Convention, the two principal committees of the party, the secretariat and the political committee (polcom) was chosen as follows:

SECRETARIAT:—Jay Lovestone, William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow. \ Eleven Members of Polcom.

POLITICAL COMMITTEE:—Max Bedacht, Alex Bittleman, James P. Cannon, J. Louis Engdhal, William Z. Foster, Ben Gitlow, Jay Lovestone, Robert Minor, Henry Puro, William W. Weinstein and Bertram D. Wolfe.

CANDIDATES FOR THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE:—Earl R. Browder, William F. Dunne, Benjamin Lifschitz, Jack Stachel and Alexander Trachtenberg.

The personnel of the trade union committee of nine members will be decided by the political committee at its first meeting.

Pick Department Heads.

Jack Stachel was chosen as head of the organization department and Bertram D. Wolfe as head of the agitprop (agitation and propaganda) department. The personnel of both the agitprop and the organization committees will be chosen later by the political committee.

The question of developing the Workers' School of New York into a National Workers' School was referred to the political committee.

It was decided to create a national department on co-operative and woman's work. There will also be a committee for work among the foreign-born to be under the direction of a special committee of the central executive committee. A committee on research work will also be organized.

To Probe City Problems.

Plans were laid for the creation of special committees on municipal problems in all cities where the party has influence. There will be a special committee of the central executive committee to work out policies for these local committees.

Miller's Name Omitted.

The name of Bert Miller, manager of THE DAILY WORKER, was inadvertently omitted from the list of those chosen for the central executive committee.

ABANDONING HUNT FOR "OLD GLORY;" THIRD MAN FATAL

Hearst's Publicity Stunt Kills Three More

The search for Old Glory, the Hearst monoplane which undertook a flight to Rome, with stop over at Old Orchard, Me., is already being abandoned. One liner after another wirelessly that no trace is observed, and freight is perishable, demurrage to be avoided. Bertaud and Hill, if alive in the sea, will probably drown. They may be dead already.

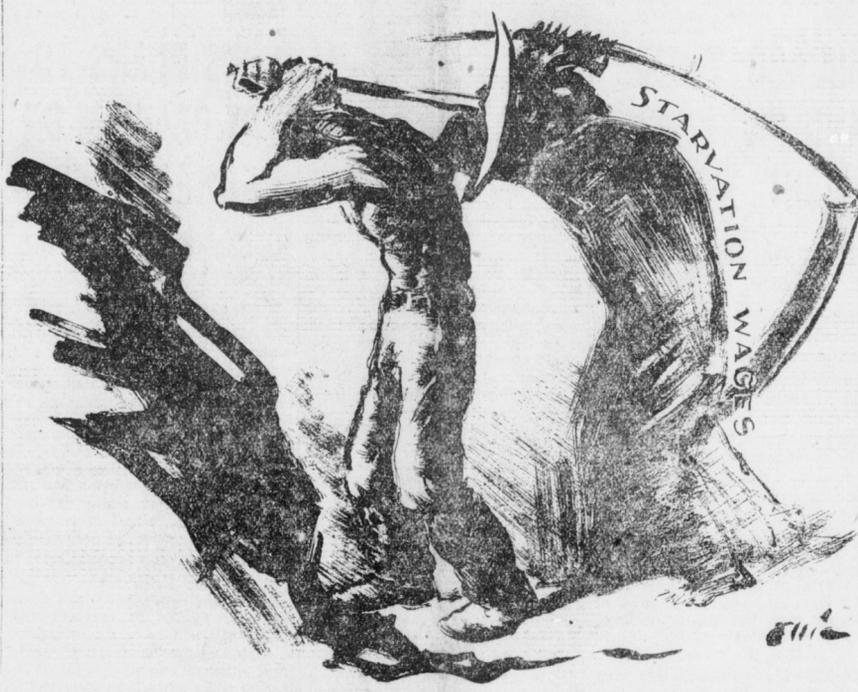
Meanwhile the statement of Fokker, designer of the plane that the weight of the third man, Hearst's feature writer, Phil Payne, was an unnecessary luxury, and probably responsible for the airship's falling into the sea, has led Hearst to make public telegrams to Payne (held secret until now) which appear to urge that the flight be not made, and thereby pretend to clear Hearst of the guilt of causing the death of the airplane crew — and the publicity man.

The Old Glory's loss is a shock to devout Catholics, who believed that the papal blessing, the plenary indulgence to the fliers, the painting of the plane in papal colors, the blessing

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SHORT TIME IN THE ANTHRACITE

By Fred Ellis



UNION TO PROTEST AGAINST USE OF UNIFORMED MEN AS STRIKEBREAKERS

Truckmen Win Wage Raise, Shorter Hours From Twenty Independent Firms

The police department of New York assumed the role of active strikebreaker yesterday morning when uniformed men fired 12 shots into a crowd of over 1,000 striking teamsters at Houston street and Second avenue.

The attack followed an attempt on the part of the strikers to induce scabs to leave a number of trucks of the United States Trucking Corporation of which Gov. Smith is said to be a large shareholder.

Strikers declared that some of the trucks, including several carrying loads of newspaper for the Herald-Tribune, were actually being driven by plainclothesmen, accompanied by uniformed officers. Following each truck was a motorcycle cop.

Longshoremen May Join.

Leaders of the striking teamsters yesterday threatened to call upon the powerful longshoremen's union to support them in a sympathy strike if the bosses continued in their determination to hire scabs. The longshoremen are practically 100 per cent organized, and their entry into the fight would be certain to bring the strike to an immediate and victorious conclusion.

Strikers declared that under any circumstances the longshoremen would undoubtedly refuse to work with non-union teamsters.

Using the same tactics that were common during the strike of paper box makers, cloakmakers, and furriers, the police tore into the crowd and viciously attacked the strikers with clubs.

Strikers Defend Themselves.

In defending themselves against the police attack, strikers threw stones and tin cans. In the fighting that followed two strikers were knocked out, and two others arrested. The latter are Albert Chesta, 110 Waverly Place, and Eugene Nelson, 1208 East 93rd street. Both were

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STRIKE OF FUR RABBIT WORKERS GAINS STRENGTH

N. Y. Locals Nominate For All Officers

The fur rabbit workers of Brooklyn and New Jersey, who went on strike Wednesday morning to organize the open shops, reported yesterday that two shops have already expressed their willingness to settle with the union.

According to Morris Langer, manager of Local 25, Newark, the two shops will be signed up by Monday. He also stated that all the workers of the Consolidated Rabbit Dressers' Association are out and will soon be joined by hundreds of other workers.

Denounces Statement.

Langer denounced the statement made by the Dressers' Association that appeared in Wednesday's issue of The Women's Wear Daily, a trade paper, to the effect that the workers would return to the shops any time the bosses requested them to. "That is not true," asserted Langer. "We are going to stay out un-

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FASCISTS CONTINUE TO SAIL TO FRANCE FOR LEGION CONVENTION

Pershing and Secretary of War Davis to Attend Legionnaire Spree Friday

Six thousand more fascists sailed yesterday on six ships for the American Legion convention at Paris, September 19th. Thousands of others will sail on three steamships today, while another herd will sail on the Leviathan tomorrow.

ILLINOIS MINERS STILL REJECTING WAGES REDUCTION

Wants Concession.

Rice Miller, speaking for the Illinois Coal Operators' Association, said at the conference was about to open: "It was stated that miners are ready to make concessions relative to reducing cost through savings in labor and the use of machinery. If they have some definite plan we shall be glad to know what it is."

This marks a slight change of tactics on the part of the operators, as they have until now insisted on an open and formal wage cut. The determination of the rank and file of the miners not to permit any of their officials to agree to any such easy

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Thwart Plan to Set Fire to "Freiheit"

A plan to destroy by fire the building of the Freiheit, Jewish Communist daily at 30 Union Square, was thwarted early yesterday morning.

The fire was discovered on the ground floor of the building which is being remodeled to accommodate the new cooperative restaurant now being established by members of the editorial staff.

Evidence of the incendiary nature of the fire is found in the fact that the entire floor of the new restaurant was covered with gasoline.

Truckmen Win Eight Hour Day, Raise From Twenty Independents

Twenty independent firms have admitted defeat in the strike of the 7,000 truckmen who walked out early Wednesday morning, and have settled with the union on the latter's terms. This includes the winning of the eight-hour day, an increase of \$5 a week in pay, and \$1.25 an hour for overtime, instead of \$1 which was the scale prevailing before the strike.

NEW REVOLUTION RISES IN CHINA AMONG PEASANTS

SHANGHAI, Sept. 8.—A revolutionary division has been formed in northeastern Hunan, consisting of several companies of regular troops who have deserted the traitorous Wuhan government, who have joined hands with the partisan peasant detachments. This move will give experienced military direction to the peasant masses of the district who are flocking to the revolutionary standard.

Moving Toward Capital.

The division is moving in the direction of Changsha (capitol of Hunan province). According to latest information the revolutionary troops have occupied Ping-Hsiang, a well-known coal mining center and an important strategic point. At the same time the Wuhan papers report that peasant troops have disarmed one whole division of Tang Sheng-Shi's troops in northern Hunan and other peasant troops have occupied two districts in South Hueph and have seized Kungshien.

Jap Press Confirms Reports.

Japanese correspondents in several of the provinces affected with the rise of the new wave of revolution have sent reports to their papers relating the collapse of divisions of the reactionary armies and the desertion to the peasant forces, with arms in hand, of a large number of companies.

Pravda Hails Movement.

MOSCOW, Sept. 8.—The newspaper, Pravda, enumerating the news of the series of revolts, the desertion of army companies and the formation

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"Insanity" Plea for Graham.

Defense attorneys made a formal application yesterday to have Patrolman Daniel J. Graham, Jr., accused of slaying his friend, Judson H. Pratt, examined by a lunacy commission.

CLOAK AND DRESSMAKERS HOLD BIG GATHERING AT "GARDEN" TOMORROW

Gold, Hyman and Others to Address Workers; Launch Big Organization Drive

Thousands of cloak and dressmakers are expected to attend the monster union demonstration at Madison Square Garden tomorrow, 2 p. m.

Called by the New York Joint Board, the meeting will be used as the starting point of a gigantic organization drive to unionize the cloak and dress industry of this city.

Up to the time that Morris Sigman started his strikebreaking agency, the ladies' garment workers had a powerful union. It is the intention of the workers of the trade to build up a strong organization. Tomorrow's meeting will be the first step in that direction.

Joint Board Statement.

In a statement issued by the Joint Board it is pointed out that for many years the union fought for the 40 hour, 5 day week. "At every convention," it declares, "we adopted resolutions embodying such demands.

In 1923 the "Ottoman" Sigman put forth this demand in his so-called ten commandments. Finally we gained the 40 hour week after a bitter struggle of six months.

"What has become of the 40 hour week? Sigman gave it to the bosses as a price for their support. As a result of the pogrom the cloak and dressmakers are forced to work 50 to 60 hours a week. This means slavery—this means a shorter season—this means constant unemployment."

The speakers at tomorrow's meeting will include Ben Gold, Louis Hyman, Joseph Brouchowitz, Julius Portnoy, Rose Wortis and a representative of the shop chairmen's council. Charles B. Zimmerman will preside.

HANDS OFF CHINA MEETING WILL HEAR BROWDER DESCRIBE REVOLT

A huge Hands Off China meeting will be held at the Central Opera House, 57 3rd Ave., at 7:30 p. m. Friday, under the auspices of the Hands Off China Committee of New York, the Students' Hands Off China Committee and the Chinese Students Association of Columbia University.

Among the speakers who will address the meeting are Earl Browder, Paul Blanchard, secretary of the League for Industrial Democracy and P. T. Lau, a member of the Kuomintang of Philadelphia and secretary of the Philadelphia Hands Off China Committee.

The role of the workers and peasants in the Chinese Revolution will be fully explained by Earl Browder in his speech. Labor and peasant unions were visited by the speaker during his six months' stay in revolutionary China. As Browder was in China at the time that Chiang Kai-shek was preparing to carry on his policy of breaking up the unions and his execution of the labor and peasant leaders, he is able to give an intimate picture of this phase of the struggle.

"Civil War In China," Browder's account of the events in China and the latest and most authentic record of the Chinese revolution, will be on sale at the meeting.

DEMONSTRATE AGAINST WAR ON CHINA TONIGHT

CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE, Third Avenue and 67th Street

BROWDER, BLANCHARD AND LAU WILL SPEAK

Blast in Chicago Alcohol War Makes \$200,000 Damages

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Three persons were killed, two were probably fatally injured, and damage estimated at \$200,000 was caused early today by two mysterious explosions on the south side of Chicago.

Federal and city investigators, who began an immediate inquiry expressed the opinion that an "alcohol feud" may be responsible for the blasts.

Both explosions occurred within a radius of six blocks and within a period of 45 minutes. It is believed the terrific detonations resulted from exploding stills.

Merina Maraganti, 40, was burned to death in the wreckage of his home. Another man, killed in this same explosion, has not been identified. He and Marganti were trapped in the wreckage by falling walls. Joseph Bangora, said to be an alcohol racketeer, died in a hospital several hours after he was dragged from a wrecked building.

Serious consequences threatened at Mercy hospital, only a few blocks away, when patients and nurses became panic stricken by the blasts. Physicians and nurses from other hospitals had to be called in to quiet the frightened patients.

Spy Placed Next to Cell Of Framed Victims

(Continued from Page One)
The men are Julian De Hoyas, Jesus Silvia, Jose Christoval Roa, Mario Medreno, Victor Fern and Eugenio Fernandez. Hoyas and Silvia are charged with bombing, Fern and Roa with possessing explosives, Medreno with carrying a concealed weapon and Fernandez is held as a material witness.

"No Evidence," Is Admission.
The district attorney admitted yesterday that there was no evidence connecting the arrested men with the explosions on the 28th St. stations of the B. M. T. and I. R. T. on Aug. 5.

Michael J. O'Brien, employed in the Joramoleon St. powerhouse of the New York fire department, was brought forward yesterday as a witness "able to refute" the alibi presented by two of the accused men. He said that he "positively identifies" Julian De Hoyas and Jesus Silvia as the two men whom he saw walking near the powerhouse and up and down in the street at 9 o'clock on Sunday night.

On Job at Time.
Silvia declares that he was at his home, 52 State St., at that time. De Hoyas maintains that he was working at his job as dishwasher at the St. George Hotel at that time and declares that he can substantiate that fact by the word of fellow employees.

The admission that "evidence" is expected from someone in an adjoining cell brings again forward the startling similarity which this case bears to the Sacco-Vanzetti frame-up in its early stages.

Familiar Features.
In the latter case the Department of Justice admitted placing a stoolpigeon in a cell next to Sacco in an effort, it was explained, "to get information about the Wall Street explosion."

In the present case it was declared that "information about the subway explosions" might be secured by the authorities.

Illinois Miners Still Reject Wage Cut

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open or secret wage cut is as great as ever. Harry Fishwick, president of District 12, repeated again as he entered the conference chamber that he "hoped to settle the dispute thru some other arrangement than cutting wages." But he did not say what that arrangement is, and if it includes a hidden wage cut, thru a provision for worsening the conditions of work, or performance of more unpaid work by the miner, there may be a lot of trouble for Fishwick.

Against Local Mining.
The policy which some of the operators and the union agree upon, of opening mines on a district basis, or even on a local basis, one mine at a time, is not popular in Illinois. Recent reports that enough separate mining companies had reopened under the Jacksonville scale to put back to work 10,000 miners in Illinois are flatly denied by progressives in close touch with the situation in their industry.

There may be, these say, as many as 2,000 men back at work, and in some cases where separate agreements have been made, the men have walked out again, afterwards, rather than break the united front of their union.

WANTED — MORE READERS!
ARE YOU GETTING THEM?

Painter Who Refused to Scab Faints From Hunger; Starved 4 Days

Harry Laventhal, a union painter of Rochester who came to New York seeking work due to a strike in his home city, collapsed from hunger in Jersey City. He had not eaten for the last four days.

Laventhal refused to scab during the strike so he decided to work elsewhere. Leaving his wife and six children at home he started for this city. Having no money he had to walk a big part of the way. Several Jersey City people fed Laventhal and gave him \$16.75 the result of a collection. He is now looking for a job at his trade.

CHICAGO POLICE AND RIGHT WING FIGHT WORKERS

Dressmakers Continue Their Strike

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—In spite of the united front of the police and the right wing forces, the strike of dressmakers employed by Hyman Bros. is continuing to be successful.

The workers are determined to show the bosses, the police and the scabs furnished by Morris Sigman's scab agency that the struggle will result in victory. One hundred and seventy workers are on strike and have pledged to continue in spite of all the obstacles that have to be faced. Sigman has furnished the boss with 23 scabs, but very little work is being produced, as most of them are gangsters and do not know how to work at the trade.

Help the Police.
Saul Pleck and Ruffer, right wing thugs, are handing out summonses to workers who are "violating" the injunction prohibiting picketing. Groups of policemen and right wingers are working hand and hand against the strikers. Pleck is continuing his cowardly attack on the girl pickets. Yesterday he hit some of them most brutally.

In face of the struggle that is going on, the Chicago edition of the Jewish Daily Forward, personal organ of Sigman, publishes a story to the effect that there is no strike. The answer of the workers is to redouble their picket line and continue to fight, in spite of the terrorism that they have to face.

Walker to Visit Pope; Riots in Fascist Glory

ROME, Sept. 8.—Mayor James J. Walker of New York, now on a junketing tour of Europe, will rest from his fawning at fascist functionaries long enough to pay a hurried visit to the Pope.

Walker, his wife, and his official entourage arrived in Rome today and were greeted by the rector of the American College, who is making the necessary arrangements for the mayor's visit to the chief of the Catholic hierarchy.

PENN. CONFERENCE OF FOREIGN BORN VERY SUCCESSFUL

Delegates of 250,000 at Harrisburg Meeting

HARRISBURG, Sept. 8. — The Council for the Protection of Foreign Born Workers held its first state conference at Moose Hall here. There were present about 75 delegates representing 54 Local Councils, Labor Unions and several fraternal and religious societies, comprising a membership of over 250,000.

Jeanette Pearl, the field organizer for the National Council of Protection for Foreign Born Workers, opened the conference by outlining its purpose, told how she was received by the workers with such enthusiasm in all the localities she had worked in, that in many localities an organization for the protection of the foreign born workers has been a long felt need which now becomes a necessity owing to the proposed laws to fingerprint and register the foreign born workers.

Patrick MacDermott of the U. M. W. of A. was elected chairman for the conference. MacDermott in a stirring speech called upon organized labor to fight the obnoxious anti-alien bills that will come before the next Congress. Attorney Robert Rosenberg of Harrisburg was then introduced.

Rosenberg said in part "if our forefathers in this country had passed such stupid legislation, many of our great men of foreign birth could not have contributed their valuable services for the upbuilding and greatness of our country."

A. Ramuglia representing the national office of the council explained in detail the perniciousness of the proposed anti-alien bills, reading from the bills some of the subtle provisions. He pointed out the class character of the legislation stating that, "The purpose of the proposed laws is to divide and set aside a section of the working class as more or less undesirable, with the purpose in view of keeping them unorganized." This legislation is a well planned piece of work concocted in Wall Street for general police surveillance of all workers.

A mass meeting was held in the evening at Moose hall which was well filled with serious minded workers and liberal citizens.

Dr. R. W. Hoag, a member of the American Federation of Teachers and the former director of the educational department of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor was introduced by Chairman Patrick MacDermott as the principal speaker of the evening. Dr. Hoag denounced the proposed laws as well as the proposers of the bills. He said "the bills were introduced by stupid and prejudiced southern gentlemen." He further condemned all such legislation as being contrary to all the traditions of America; and pointed out that all such legislation was directed at the worker. Dr. Hoag in concluding, called upon the intelligent trade unionists and other liberty loving people to do all in their power in a legal way to prevent the passage of such legislation.

Class Consciousness First.
Ben Thomas, the next speaker, representing the Philadelphia Council for the Protection of Foreign Born Workers pointed out that class consciousness is more important to the workers than racial or national consciousness.

A resolution among several others was adopted calling on the A. F. of L. to initiate a campaign of education through its affiliated organizations, with the end in view of uprooting discrimination and prejudice; the repeal and defeat of all laws or proposed laws discriminating against the foreign born workers.

The naturalization committee presented a draft of a bill, which was adopted, to be presented to Congress that would make it more easy for the foreign born workers to become naturalized.

Need Funds.
One of the difficulties with which the conference had to deal was the question of raising sufficient funds to carry on the present work and further extend the organization. Stamps are to be sold for this purpose, and organizations are called to do their best in contributing funds so as the work can be extended. Money should be sent immediately to the national office of the Council for the Protection of Foreign Born Workers, or Nina Samorodin. Sec. room 817, 41 Union Square, New York City.

Prosperity Registers a New Setback as Railway Earnings Show Decline

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Political and industrial leaders in the national capital were staggered when they read the July financial reports of the railroads, showing a drop in revenue of \$50,000,000 as compared with July last year. This barometer of business activity shows that the railroads received 3.95 per cent return of the valuation they place on their properties, as compared with 5.62 per cent earned in July, 1926. Their net earnings were \$84,000,000 against \$117,000,000 for the same month last year.

Old Turkey Tries Again To Assassinate Kemal; Suspect Foreign Cash

LONDON, Sept. 8.—Existence of a plot to assassinate Mustapha Kemal, the Turkish dictator, through the dynamiting of a train upon which he was returning to Angora, was revealed by confessions made by prisoners in the hands of the Constantinople police, said a Central News dispatch from Constantinople today.

The prisoners had been arrested in connection with a previous plot against the life of the Turkish premier. Reactionary interests, and those in the pay of foreign imperialists, have been trying to overthrow Kemal for some time.

DAVIS PLANS TO TRY CZARISM ON FOREIGN BORN

Names and Fingerprints to Be Listed by Police

(By Federated Press).

WASHINGTON. — Trade union leaders in Washington are trying to reconcile the purported era of good will in industry between capital and labor with the savage campaign being initiated by government officials and a part of the press for the revival of the red hunts of 1919-1920. If industrial conditions are as peaceable as painted, they ask, why the insistent outcry for the arrest and deportation for foreign-born radical workers and stricter laws against the native-born.

Will Terrorize Foreign-born.

Secretary of Labor Davis will demand tighter immigration laws from the next session of congress and while these will be aimed ostensibly at curtailing the "bootlegging" or illegal entry of immigrants, jokers in the bill will require the closest attention of labor. Working through existing statutes, Davis is bent on instituting more thorough search of immigrants' minds. He is having acute psychological tests devised which will ferret out hidden sympathies of prospective immigrants toward union and radical ideas. These tests, administered abroad in secret star chamber sessions by consular agents, will weed out the "undesirables" and the agitators, he hopes.

Davis gets loyal support from the Washington Star, reactionary republican paper which for the past month has kept up an insistent editorial din for the suppression of radical agitation. Confusing anarchists, radicals and criminals, the Star characteristically effuses:

Registration Urged.
"A systematic round-up of radicals has been urged since the Sacco-Vanzetti agitation began for the purpose of deporting those who are alien and holding under some form of restraint those who have citizenship status. Such a housecleaning is certainly to be desired, in view of the plain fact that this country is at present infested with anarchists who are both openly and secretly working to undermine the foundations of government. Unfortunately there is lacking in this country a system of registration enabling the police to identify dangerous characters, but in view of the flagrancy of utterance and action on the part of many of those who are thus engaged in propaganda and crime against the state it should not be difficult to make a large clearance of these plotters and destroyers, with the result of a decided gain toward public safety."

Man Felled by Boss' Gun in Labor Camp

(By Federated Press)

The darker side of Florida life is set forth in the following fragment of a letter received from Madison County by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. The Negro writer says:

"This comes to inform you of some of the suffering of the colored people of Madison County, Fla., and vicinity. For years Neal Harvey (colored) worked for Clifford McCall (white) and through some disagreement between Neal Harvey and the white woman, Mrs. McCall, he quit the job. His reason was that she wanted to increase his work without increasing his pay. The day following, Monday, two or three weeks ago, he went fishing; caught a few less than nine inches long. Their law being nine inches long, he was arrested, tried and convicted and sentenced without a fine to a road camp on Tuesday, and not being able to give satisfaction to the boss man, he knocked him down with his pistol and in a few minutes he was dead."

Continuing, the letter tells of another murder. A Mrs. Wiggins (colored) mother of nine children, was murdered by the roadside by some enemies of her husband. The husband was in jail—had been there four months—after sprinkling some bird shot into a member of a mob that intended to give him a whipping over some dispute. The National Association put these cases before the Governor of Florida and are awaiting action.

Entire Country to Rally for Bazaar Of Daily Worker

With the close of the historic Workers (Communist) Party convention the eyes of the working class are turned towards the building of a strong powerful mass organization able to fight the bosses on every field. One of the main tasks in this job is the building of a mass labor daily.

The DAILY WORKER has been in the forefront of the struggle for a long time. The employers have made and are still making bitter attacks in order to crush our militant voice. Judges, law courts and police have been pitted against our paper—but it still lives in spite of all, the workers are not going to allow themselves to be silenced.

With the attack greater than ever before the need for activity is also greater. We must get on the job. Preparations for the National Press Bazaar being held under the joint auspices of The DAILY WORKER and Freiheit in Madison Square Garden on October 6, 7, 8, 9, are well under way.

All DAILY WORKER sympathizers and other organizations who have not yet started work for the bazaar are urged to do so at once. Committees must be formed immediately to collect articles, names on the Red Honor Roll and program ads. An especial request is that all organizations immediately prepare to have a booth at Bazaar.

Three more weeks are left in which to put over the largest bazaar in the history of the movement. This means intensified activity. No slacking on the job. Every city must have a booth, every organization must have a booth, every section must have a booth. The bazaar must give a miniature picture of the militant working class of America.

The Red Honor Roll must include the name of every militant worker. Don't be missing. Be one of the historic band who rally to the militant labor dailies.

ROCKVILLE, Conn., Sept. 8.—Leonard Cline, novelist will take the witness stand in his own defense, it was learned today with the opening of the second day of his trial on a charge of slaying his friend, Wilfred P. Irlin, while he was a guest at Cline's farm home in Mansfield last May.

New Revolution Rises Among China Peasants

(Continued from Page One)

tion of revolutionary divisions in Hunan and Hueph provinces, sees in this new movement irrefutable denial of the pessimistic prophecies of the Austro-Marxists and other reformists and opportunists regarding the bankruptcy of the Chinese revolution. Not that these revolts are already such as would make it possible at this time to predict its victory, but nothing can detract from its historical significance. No one can ignore the tremendous power which the revolts of the troops required because of their uniting with the peasant movement in China, which is distinctly anti-capitalist.

May Win Victory.
Provided the leaders of the revolt further lead it in the right direction, and take advantage of the unquestioned sympathies of the masses they have a chance to succeed in establishing a new army that will be able to challenge the bourgeoisie and the agents of the imperialists.

At the same time the leaders' contact with the Communist Party can assure a really correct revolutionary direction to the movement.

Holds No Illusions.
The Communist Party certainly holds no illusions regarding the possibilities of the new situation. It does not immediately set forth as its task the realization of socialism. It is rather a question of two fundamental tasks of the national revolution: (1) The overthrow of the alien imperialist yoke; (2) The destruction of the class of big landowners and the vestiges of feudalism generally. These tasks were left entirely unsolved by the bourgeoisie and now the Chinese workers and peasants are setting about to solve them without and against the Chinese bourgeoisie. In spite of the croaking of the opportunistic ravens of all kinds in all countries the Chinese revolution lives and will conquer sooner or later.

NOTICE
Jamboree Tickets
must be turned in at
once to the Joint Defense
Committee, 41 Union
Square. Do it now.

Books



By **JOSEPH STALIN**
Leader of the Russian Communist Party and a close co-worker of Lenin.

BOLSHEVISM — Some Questions Answered
Answers to ten questions submitted by the students of the Sverdlov University on the tasks of the Russian Communist Party and the policy towards the peasantry. —25

THEORY AND PRACTICE OF LENINISM
A new edition of a book destined to remain a classic of Communist literature. —35

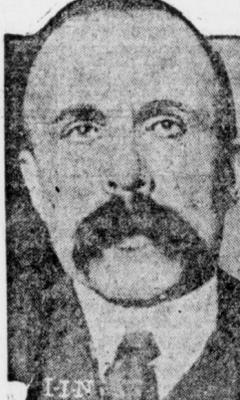
LENINISM VS. TROTSKYISM
(Written in collaboration with Kamenev and Zinoviev.) —20

DAILY WORKER PUB. CO.
33 First Street, New York.

**Carry on the Fight for which
Sacco, Vanzetti Gave Their Lives**



Support The Daily Worker, which led the struggle to save them.



Defend The Daily Worker against the attack of those who murdered Sacco and Vanzetti.

Help to maintain The Daily Worker to carry on the fight for which Sacco and Vanzetti died.

Answer the capitalist assassins with your support of The Daily Worker in its fight

FOR

The Defense of Class War Prisoners
A Strong, Militant Labor Movement
A Labor Party and a Labor Government
The Protection of the Foreign Born
The Recognition and Defense of the Soviet Union
Hands Off China
The Abolition of All Imperialist Wars
The Abolition of the Capitalist System

Here Is My Tribute to the Memory of Sacco, Vanzetti.

DAILY WORKER
33 First St., New York, N. Y.

Inclosed you will find dollars as my tribute to the memory of Sacco and Vanzetti, and as my contribution to help the Daily Worker carry on the fight, for which they have given their lives.

Name

Address

City State

PREPARE YOUR BUNDLES NOW



for the
**First
National
Bazaar**
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
THE DAILY WORKER
and the
FREIHEIT
at
Madison Square Garden, on October 6, 7, 8 and 9

ALL WORKERS PARTY UNITS, AND WORKING CLASS ORGANIZATIONS ARE URGED TO COLLECT ARTICLES IMMEDIATELY

Delegations are coming to this gigantic affair from the entire country. Each of the largest cities will have a booth of its own. Prizes will be given for the finest booth.

Names received for the Honor Roll at \$1 per name. Advertisements solicited for the Souvenir Program.

For further information apply to Bazaar Committee, 30 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

THE BIGGEST AFFAIR OF THE YEAR

News from U. S. S. R.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS MAKES PROGRESS AT GENEVA

LEGION TRIED TO PREVENT SACCO-VANZETTI MEETINGS IN BUFFALO, N. Y.

Worker Describes Activities of American Fascists in Letter to "Daily"

A few incidents typical of the labor-hating red-baiting activities of the American Legion are described in a letter received from a Buffalo worker.

The incidents described are mild examples of legionnaire fascism throughout the country. The record of the legion is far more vicious in centers of heavy industry.

Workers throughout the country are urged to send accounts of their experiences with the legion to The DAILY WORKER at once.

Text of Letter.
Editor, Daily Worker,
Dear Comrades,
The infamous acts of the American Legion are far-reaching and injurious to the American working class. Their position as retainers to the black-guards of American plutocracy is monstrously wicked and devastating. From Maine to California, through the north and south, labor and progress has immeasurably suffered from the tyranny of these champions of American "patriotism," instigated and financed by employing open-shoppers of America.

In this connection allow me to bring to you and your readers' attention the following incident. This happened in Buffalo in 1924. A speaker of the "Proletarian Party" was addressing a meeting at a public square. He spoke of the enormous sums spent for the maintenance of army and navy.

Break Up Meeting.
While he was speaking a few legionnaires began heckling him. He paid no attention to them. Failing to provoke him the legionnaires withdrew and consulted. They left the place and in a few minutes they returned to the scene dressed in their uniforms and helmets. Without further discussion, they rushed up to the stand, dragged down the speaker, and after destroying all of the literature at the meeting, beat up the speaker. The police, as usual, vanished or proved hard of hearing at the time.

Swivel-Chair Combatants.
That this was a prearranged move was proved the following day. The legion, headed by Major Robertson, who served as a swivel-chair combatant during the war, brought a resolution before the city council on the following morning, to forbid radical speakers from holding meetings in public thoroughfares. Fortunately all radicals and progressives formed a united front and after a public hearing the council defeated the resolution.

During the Sacco-Vanzetti campaign, the legion again took up the cudgel of reaction. The city administration due to the energetic activity of the Emergency Committee, as well as the popular sympathy for the two workers, behaved decently during the campaign. Mass demonstrations were held throughout the city, without police interference. That fact, however, aggravated the lackeys of Major Robertson and his cohorts and they filed complaints with the city fathers to that effect.

Fought Sacco-Vanzetti.
They eventually succeeded in provoking the park commissioner to prevent the use of McKinley Square for the August 23rd demonstration. Fortunately, this time too we were successful in defeating the legion's

insidious motives. The meeting was held on an empty lot adjoining the square despite the aggravation of Major Robertson, etc.

The above incidents are no doubt insignificant compared to the legion's reactionary activities elsewhere. We only have to reflect a bit and think of their role as strikebreakers and red-baiters and murderers of militant workers. These fascists are as brutal as their brothers in Italy.

I urge all workers to communicate with The DAILY WORKER and make public the legion's dark activities in their respective sections so that their role may be seen in its true perspective.

W. SHAINACK.
Buffalo, New York.
September 7, 1927.

Abandoning Hunt for Hearst's "Old Glory"

(Continued from Page One)
of a priest mounted on a barrel at the start, would make this flight a success at least.

The failure of this latest publicity stunt is exerting a demoralizing influence over other trips planned, tho it did not stop the trans-Atlantic plane Sir John Carling from setting out for Ireland. This plane, also feared to be lost, started before it was known that the Old Glory was in trouble.

Canadian Plane Overdue.
LONDON, Sept. 8.—The Sir John Carling, Canadian monoplane bound from Windsor, Ontario, for England, was enthusiastically awaited here today, but as time wore on and no news was received, anxiety grew.

No report has been received from ships in the plane's course, but the machine is believed to be winging speedily toward its goal, which the fliers, Captain Terry Tully and Lieut. James Medcalf, hoped to reach before noon today.

Lighthouses and coastguard stations on the English coast were keeping a sharp lookout for the plane. One population planned a great reception for the fliers if the journey is successfully completed.

Weather conditions over the Irish Coast are most unfavorable. A heavy rain fell all night long and showed no signs of abating today. The sky is overcast and misty and visibility is low. The winds are moderate and westerly.

The Sir John Carling's route is over the area where the monoplane St. Raphael, with Captain Leslie Hamilton, Lieut. Col. F. F. Minchin of the British Royal Air Force, and the Princess Lowenstein-Wertheim aboard, is believed to have crashed into the sea. The fliers planned to keep a sharp lookout for some trace of the St. Raphael, which disappeared after it left Upavon, England, on an attempted flight to Ottawa, Canada.

Two ships were supposed to have been directly in the path of the Sir John Carling the first 500 miles of its flight across the Atlantic. They were the S. S. Newfoundland and the Purness liner Nova Scotia. The Newfoundland arrived at St. John's, N. F., last night, without having sighted the plane. No word has been heard from the Nova Scotia, which is believed to be participating in the search for Old Glory.

Levine Hesitates.
The projected flight of Charles Levine to New York in the monoplane Columbia was again postponed today because of reports of unfavorable weather over the Atlantic.

Levine stated that he will stay here until September 15th in the hope of getting favorable weather for the return trip.

"Royal Windsor" Waits Fair Weather
HARBOR GRACE, N. F., Sept. 8.—The Royal Windsor, the monoplane in which C. A. "Duke Schiller" and Phil Wood are attempting a flight from Windsor, Ontario, to Windsor, England, was poised on the runway here today, awaiting a favorable weather report before taking off on the trans-Atlantic hop.

Wood and Schiller, who arrived here late yesterday from Old Orchard, Maine, said they hoped to start their delayed flight today if weather conditions permit.

Junkers Quit.
DESSAU, Germany, Sept. 8.—The Junkers airplane pilots virtually abandoned their plane today to make a second attempt to fly across the Atlantic, as a result of the apparent disaster to Old Glory.

The Junkers plane Bremen has been held here in readiness for a hopoff for 10 days, the pilots awaiting favorable weather.

It is understood that the Junkers pilots may now attempt a non-stop flight to Tokio, postponing the trip to America until next year when a giant tripe-motored air "pullman" will be used.

Courtney Delays.
CORUNNA, Spain, Sept. 8.—Frank T. Courtney, British airman, today postponed his hopoff for the Azores as the result of unfavorable weather forecasts.

Foundation Laid For Turkestan-Siberian Railway.

The working out of the project for the Turkestan-Siberian Railway line has already been completed. By the 2nd of August 25 kms. had already been laid out. Work is in progress over a distance of 100 kms. The line will be 800 kms in length.

The construction of the telegraph line between Semipalatinsk and Sergiopol has already been begun. Seventy-five kms. have been constructed so far. Over a thousand workers are engaged in the work, mostly of the local population.

A collective agreement has been arrived at between the administration and the trade union affecting all workers.

The first temporary station of the Turkestan-Siberian Railway, named "Iltysh" will shortly be opened.

Tractors in the Caucasus.
Already 4,765 tractors have been delivered to the northern Caucasus. The First American Type of Shaft in the U.S.S.R.

Work will begin at the end of August in the Chastkov district Donbas on the construction of the "Amerikanka" mine. It will be of a modern American type. It is estimated that its annual output will be about 600 million poods of anthracite—200 car-loads a day. At the present time the equipment of an electric station in the district is nearing completion. Cranes and compressors are set up. Plans are laid out for the district and railway lines are being built.

Automatic Bakery.

The equipment of a large automatic bakery is being completed in Leningrad. It will be the second largest in Europe.

Seventy per cent of the baking process will be mechanized. Its productivity will be 12,100 poods in 20 hours.

At the end of this year the bakery will start work partly, it will be entirely completed by the end of the winter.

The bakery will cost about 3 million roubles, the building costing 1,400,000 of the sum total.

Timber Export Through Leningrad.
Extensive work has been started in the direction of an automatic timber export harbor in Leningrad.

Good Sugar Beet Harvest.
The sugar beet crop this year surpasses all expectations and beats the record for the last 10 years. The average yield is a thousand poods per dessiatin and in some places it is 2,000.

Owing to the improvement in sugar raw materials the sugar industry will proceed with the construction of the two sugar refineries in the Ukraine one in Kharkov and one in Kiev, which will work up 120,000 poods of beets a day. Next season there will be also 3 idle sugar refineries put in operation.

Grain Purchases.

The grain purchasing campaign is developing intensively in the Ukraine. 800,000 poods were bought in July— in July last year 430,000 poods. The new harvest is at least 25 per cent higher than last year's both qualitatively and quantitatively. There are more than 250 tractors employed in threshing in the Dniepropetrovsk district.

A marked increase in the buying of grain has been made in the last 5 days of July in North Caucasus. 700,000 poods were bought between July 25th and 31st. This is 75 per cent more than the preceding 5 days. Altogether 1,748,000 poods were bought in July, over 75 per cent of which is wheat.

The buying of grain in the Crimea is proceeding more successfully than last year. The main buyers bought 500,000 poods in July which is double the purchases of last year. Owing to the delayed harvesting because of the rains, the harvest will be completed within the next few days which will increase the purchases to a still greater extent, particularly of wheat.

Wages Grow.

The last collective agreements resulted both in higher wages and higher productivity of labor. During the period of October-May, 1926-1927, the average monthly wage in big industry increased 12 per cent. The productivity of labor per worker, has increased 14 to 15 per cent.

American Workers' Excursion Leaves For Moscow.

The American excursion of workers and clerks left Leningrad in the evening of August 4th for Moscow. Before leaving the excursion addressed a declaration to the Leningrad proletariat in which among other things it is pointed out that the labor leaders of the United States of America opposed American workers coming to the U.S.S.R. The declaration promises that on their return the delegates will tell the full truth of what they saw in the U.S.S.R. American Cooperative Delegation in the U.S.S.R.

On invitation of the Centrosoyuz the American cooperators Matti Tengunen and Ekel Rono, who were sent by the American cooperatives to the XII International Cooperative Congress to Stockholm, visited the U.S.S.R.

Tengunen and Rono made a study of the Soviet cooperatives. All their conclusions and impressions were written down in a separate declaration which says:
What we have seen in the U.S.S.R. was an unexpected surprise to us who came from America, where we read in the papers about chaos and disorder in Russia. We found in the U.S.S.R. contented and happy people. Particularly is this true of the youth. Their vitality and healthy appearance is a result of the health protection given to children and young workers.

The working conditions and cleanliness which we have found in the factories are above the conditions of an average American factory. The 8-hour day, the annual paid vacation, the payment of wages during illness, all these are things of which the American workers dare not dream.

Speaking about the cooperatives the declaration says:

There are 11 million people in one organization which does 48 per cent of all the business in the country. This is what the Soviet cooperatives have achieved. Such success has become possible only thanks to the close collaboration between the cooperatives, trade unions and the workers' government. Such progress is absolutely impossible in any bourgeois country.

Tourists in USSR Don't Worry Much About "Wardrobes"

The problem of what to wear and what clothes to take along in order not to appear out of fashion, that confronts most tourists, is one that can be lightly dismissed by those who will travel to the Soviet Union on the eight weeks' tour being arranged by World Tourists, Inc., of 69 Fifth Avenue, New York.

In the Soviet Union there is no clothing standard. The head of a state school system may wear a blue flannel shirt, a pair of old corduroys, leather boots, a leather coat and a felt hat.

The World Tourists group will not be encumbered by huge wardrobes of smartly tailored clothes and will not spend hours of worry about "what to wear." Every tourist will be furnished a list of the articles of clothing and personal effects they may take with them duty free, and though there is no social code which requires a certain dress for any occasion, the greatest freedom is allowed the individual.

Algonquin 6900 is quite a busy exchange in these days of preparation of the second tour to Soviet Russia. The party will sail via the Cunard liner "Carmania" to London, then proceed to Helsingfors, Leningrad and Moscow.

Of the one hundred to which the party is limited there are still reservations open, and those who are lured by the prospect of a trip to the U. S. S. R., must apply at once at 69 Fifth Avenue, New York.

WANTED — MORE READERS! ARE YOU GETTING THEM?



The International Red Aid on Sacco and Vanzetti Murder

Red Aid Appeal.

The executive committee of the International Red Aid publishes the following appeal:

The incredible has happened. All humanity is stupefied with horror at this cruel and brutal murder. Sacco and Vanzetti have been executed! For seven long years the American bourgeoisie and its paid judges have fought their lying and despicable fight against the lives of these two men. From the first moment of their arrest bourgeois class justice had made up its mind about them, and was resolved that they should end in the electric chair. The class judges of the American bourgeoisie have sought every imaginable pretext, the weakest and most threadbare of substantiation, in their efforts to throw a veil of "justice" over their manipulation of the law. But humanity, whose feeling of right has never before been so brutally trodden underfoot as in this case of Sacco and Vanzetti, has torn the mask of hypocrisy from the face of American class justice. The cry of indignation at the preparation for the judicial murder of Sacco and Vanzetti rose from millions of throats. And the cry of indignation at the savage challenge of the American class executioners is again a cry of millions, a cry of realization that here two human beings have been murdered whose lives belonged to the fight for freedom, and have therefore been sacrificed to the imperialist executioners.

Judges Deaf.
The so-called "judges" have remained deaf to all appeals. All over the world the ambassadors and consuls of the United States of America, stigmatized by the shame of this deliberate and systematically prepared murder, have been forced to hide their faces before every right-thinking human being.

Two innocent victims have breathed their last in the electric chair in order that American class justice might be freed from two witnesses of their disgraceful penal system. The American executioners have hoped to dam the tide of indignation and anger all over the world by the mean artifice of first executing Sacco and Vanzetti and then announcing the accomplished fact.

All of you who have been witnesses of this deed of bloodthirsty class justice, remember that the case of Sacco and Vanzetti is no exceptional case, but represents the system of bourgeois class justice. Thousandfold are the victims who have been condemned to death, with or without the aid of "justice." Tens of thousands of men

Political Feud of Capitalist Parties Gets Two Men Shot

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 8.—Gang warfare flared up in the crowded theater district of the city last night, when hundreds of persons leaving the Nixon, one of the city's leading playhouses, were menaced by bullets from the guns of gunmen, two of whom are in hospitals here today. Three others are in custody of police.

Soviet Union About Ready for Enormous Building Contract

MOSCOW, Sept. 8.—The Soviet Union government has virtually reached an agreement with American interests for a concession involving \$75,000,000 for steel manufacture and general construction work, it was authoritatively learned here today. The concession breaks all existing records for size.

Moroccan Earthquake.
Madrid, Sept. 8.—A severe earthquake of eight seconds duration was felt at Alhucemas, Morocco, at 11 o'clock this morning, reports here said. Houses were shaken, but no casualties were reported.

GET A NEW READER!

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Daily, Except Sunday
33 First Street, New York, N. Y. Phone, Orchard 1680
Cable Address: "Daiwerk"

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
By Mail (in New York only): By Mail (outside of New York):
\$8.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months
\$2.50 three months \$2.00 three months

Address all mail and make out checks to
THE DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York, N. Y.

J. LOUIS ENGBAHL } Editors
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Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

The Smoke Screen at Geneva.

Under the pretext of proposals to outlaw war the antagonisms between nations are being fought out in the eighth assembly of the league of nations at Geneva.

On the surface the small nations appear to be staging a revolt against the domination of the big nations. The capitalist press, with few exceptions, interprets the movement of forces at Geneva in that superficial manner. They mistake the apparent movement for the real movement.

The chief of the Polish delegation, M. Sokal, is preparing to introduce a resolution to "outlaw war" by making an act of aggression of one nation by another an international crime. This is mere verbiage, for the simple reason that the gathering antagonisms that lead to an armed clash between nations are always of such a character that each of the belligerents claims that the enemy is guilty of aggression. The attitude of the neutral nations is again determined by their alliances or enmities. Even today, thirteen years after the outbreak of the world war there still rage heated debates among the historians of capitalism as to whether the central powers or Britain, France and Russia were the aggressors. The conflicting opinions of the historians themselves are determined by their national and class prejudices, which in turn are determined by the political and economic interests for whom they speak.

Obviously the Polish proposal is only a smoke screen behind which the intrigues of the great powers are carried on. The illusion that the proposals of the small nations are directed against the big powers as a bloc must be categorically rejected as unreal, in view of the well established fact that the small nations are vassal states serving as pawns in the game of the big nations. That does not mean, however, that each small nation is the tool of one specific power. Quite frequently the inner political life of small nations is motivated by conflicting interests serving antagonistic big nations. Poland is an example of such a nation. Britain has for a number of years been striving to dominate Poland and overcome French influence. In spite of the fact that the coup of Pilsudski in Poland was a move in behalf of Britain there still exist strong French influences. And the action of the Polish delegate to the assembly of the league of nations indicates that behind the scenes the wily Aristide Briand is maneuvering to align forces against Britain's domination of the league. Britain immediately launched a counter-blast through its agent, M. Politis, chief of the Greek delegation, who criticized the Polish proposals.

No one should be deceived for a moment regarding the independent role of small nations. While these minor powers all have their own specific national interests, history has decreed that they remain tools of the great powers as long as they remain capitalist nations.

Another fact, and a major one, that must be considered is the role of American imperialism which is now inextricably involved in all the economic and political struggles of Europe. New American loans to Poland, the Wall Street proposal to place at the disposal of France a hundred million dollars at six per cent to refund a debt on which it now pays eight per cent, proves that the United States cannot be a disinterested party in regard to the cabals at Geneva. Tho not a member of the league, its position as the banker of the world enables it to exert its tremendous economic and political power in its own interests.

The eighth assembly of the league of nations is one more danger signal for the working class of the world; reveals again the antagonisms between the powers. The only thing that prevents their flying at one another's throats is the fear of the consequences because of the existence of the Soviet Union, which is the most powerful influence for peace in the world today, and altho not at the league council tables its presence is felt and its unrelenting opposition to imperialism is feared because of the effect of its existence upon the working class of the great powers and the suppressed masses of the colonial countries.

Loyal Servants of His Majesty's Government.

The mercenaries of British imperialism dominating the Edinburgh meeting of the British Trades Union Congress have followed the policy of the Baldwin-Churchill-Hicks Tory government in the vicious attacks now being made against the Soviet Union by breaking the Anglo-Russian trade union committee.

J. H. Thomas and the right wing group have long been the servile lackeys of British capitalism. Their apostasy is notorious. During the British general strike the so-called left under the leadership of A. A. Purcell and George Hicks also showed their true colors as enemies of labor and servants of the union-wrecking die-hards in the Tory government.

These British labor lieutenants of capitalism run true to form. Their type is the same thruout the whole world. When the government of Britain recognized the Soviet Union they then advocated closer relations of labor with the workers of Russia. Now that the imperialist conspirators against the Soviet Union have broken off relations simultaneously with their action of concocting a malignant series of forgeries, provocations and murder the labor leaders follow suit and break off their relations with the trade unions of the Soviet Union.

As in every country in the world the British working class is forced to wage a struggle against their reactionary and traitorous labor leaders as a part of the fight against the capitalist class as a whole.

But altho the leaders who have so shamelessly betrayed the workers of Britain may declare that the trade unions of Britain have no relations with the Russian trade unions the rank and file of labor and the real leaders of the left will maintain ever closer relations with the workers of the Soviet Union. Altho the Thomases, the Purcells and Hickses do all in their power to aid their masters, the Tories, in the attacks on the workers' and peasants' government of Russia, the working class of Britain will fight against these conspiracies and over the heads of the apostates continue the alliance in action regardless of the fact that formally it no longer exists.

The Communist International, The War Danger and the Role of American Imperialism

Speech of ROBT. MINOR
At Workers' Party Convention.
(Continuation)

WE have discussed the capitalist preparations for the coming war from the angle of "strengthening of the rear." Now let us look at the mobilization of the front—that is, the direct military preparations. We find that the budgets, the amounts of money given to military preparations, are almost double since the war of 1914 to 1918. If we have even the slightest inkling of understanding history, we know that that doesn't mean peace. We find that these budgets are not only nearly double, but they are rapidly increasing. We find a race for the building of further war machinery. In France today, in time of peace, the industries are humming in the production of war material. We find very peculiar development in the technical means of warfare. For instance, you know how, in the course of development of industrial machinery, the labor is transferred from the hand of man to the machine so that the proportion of capital invested in machinery becomes larger and larger in proportion to the amount of capital invested in wages—that is, in the hiring of labor. A curiously similar development, although the comparison is not, of course, an exact one, is to be found in the development of war technique. Fewer men, relatively speaking, and more machines. The number of machine guns in the modern army in proportion to the number of men, the power of the guns, the size and power of airplanes, the greater weight of explosives which they will carry—all such things are showing upheard-of development.

There are now being built one man tanks, small tanks each containing one man, so that a whole army of men, each individual soldier enclosed in a separate steel tank, can sweep across an enormous field of territory. The development of flame-throwing material, materials by which great armies can be burnt up with one discharge of chemical substance. According to the most serious information, even that which we had thought a short time ago was a mere nightmare or fancy—the development of disease-germ warfare—is actually being undertaken in laboratories of European military departments.

So, comrades, in this coming war we will have a change of technique, a change of the composition of the combatant bodies, and, in short, a change all around in the conditions, political, social, military and technical, under which we must work. This requires a change of tactics on the part of every Communist Party, or rather an adaptation of the revolutionary tactics to the new situation. In passing, let me remark that the development of the technical means, especially the airplane warfare, means a certain obliteration of the differences between the front and rear, so that the actual blood-spilling of warfare will occur not alone at the front line, but throughout every inch of territory of belligerent nations. Many lessons are to be drawn. As it is obvious that under such circumstances as I have described, with the militarization of the workers in the factories, then the workers' organizations will have an even bigger role, and even more important, a somewhat different role, in the development of our movement. More important than ever before becomes the trade union work of the Communist Party.

There has been a preparation for this coming war along the lines of propaganda. There has been a preparation of the propaganda machinery. The ideological phase of the fighting has to be and has been carefully considered by the capitalist powers. It is curiously interesting to note that this phenomenon means first of all that the leading cadres of the Social Democratic parties have become conscious parts of the war machinery of the capitalists. The development of the ideological apparatus has gone so far that it is almost incredible when we look at the evidence. For instance, we find there is a whole field of literature, so-called socialist publications, throughout the world, including America, which are intensively at work in justifying war between imperialist nations. In justifying war between imperialist nations, these reformists, up to that point, are merely doing the same thing that the Social Democrats did in 1914. But there are further developments. There is a wide repudiation of what they call the theory of "ultra imperialism." A development of imperialism which brings about, not a war danger, not an aggressive imperialism, but a sort of benevolent, pacific imperialism. We find that being spread in the Social Democratic press in all of the world. They are cultivating the illusion of a pacifist epoch but at this time, while these same Social Democrats are laboring in the preparation for the war. We find the Social Democrats today praising the League of Nations, the Dawes plan, Locarno, "democratic" diplomacy, etc., all of which is merely ideological preparation for the working class to be swept into loyal support of their imperialist governments in the coming war.

But, comrades, the Social Democrats are going further than that. The reformists of all sorts are preparing not only for the next war, but preparing for this specific kind of war. I remarked a while ago that the unique factor of the coming war is that it will be between states representing different classes. There will be states representing the proletarian, as the Soviet Union, and in conjunction with these states their allies in the form of states representing non-imperialist national revolutions. These on one side, and the imperialist capitalist powers on the other. The Social Democrats are preparing not only to mobilize the workers for their imperialist masters in general, but especially to mobilize them against the Soviet Union and against the Chinese revolution. Let me show you how. As an example, in the Marseilles congress of the Second International recently there was a veritable orgy of propaganda sent out throughout the world, propaganda calculated to establish in the workers' minds that there is now an epoch of peace under the present imperialist rule, and that the danger is that world Bolshevism would disturb the peace. That a world war would break through the aggressive "red imperialism" of the Soviet Union. We find the world today flooded with propaganda about the supposed terror in the Soviet Union. We find the rag tag and the bob tails of the petty bourgeoisie—the petty-bourgeois "radicals" and anarchists, Social Democrats of the right, and Social Democrats of the left, with the patronage of the bourgeois press, joining in a great singing society in concert against the "red imperialism" of the Soviet Union. This is an orgy of treachery which, on the part of the reformist leaders, is calculated against the workers' first republic in the world. Just to illustrate the role of the Social Democrats and the need therefore to fight them: In France, where these laws I have described are tying the nation up as a war machine, Paul Boncour, the French Socialist leader, took the lead in establishing and passing this law. In

Germany, Breitscheid raises his voice to say that the policy of Stresemann is the policy of the Social Democratic Party. We find D'Aragona in Italy helping Mussolini to destroy the workers' organizations and to build counter-revolutionary organizations. We find, comrades, even down to these miserable little worms of Social Democrats that you New York comrades are pestered with here on the Hudson River, August Claessens and his type, even going so far as to speak against the call for a strike to save Sacco and Vanzetti, thus helping in the hanging of Sacco and Vanzetti so as to preserve the prestige of the American capitalist class state. Comrades, concretely in the case of China, we find a whole chorus of social democratic leaders singing the song, as it comes from Thomas of France, there are not enough French troops sent to China to preserve order. That is the voice of the social democrats. In the case of MacDonald of England, it is a declaration in favor of "adequate" troops for the British interests in China. That is what they have to say and even when Chiang Kai Shek, the traitor who very nearly destroyed the Chinese revolution, performed his treachery it was to the universal applause of the social democratic parties of the 2nd international. Every effort to establish the hegemony of the working class in any national revolutionary movement is met by the cry of these jackals, the cry against "Bolshevist violence," "Bolshevist terror," etc. And the "left" social democrats, by the way, are almost precisely identical in their attitude towards these questions.

(To be Continued)

Current Events

(Continued from Page One)
ports of the offending nations and the shelling of their principal cities unless appropriate and abject apology was made.

ACCORDING to a Geneva report in one of the capitalist paper the three principal tuchans of the league, Chamberlain, Briand and Stresemann, are waiting with diplomatic daggers parked on their hips, for the most favorable opportunity to bury them in the backs of their rivals. While this situation is undoubtedly thrilling it does not indicate the presence of that spirit of brotherly love which is supposed to be characteristic of the capitalist system. Indeed, we cannot conceive of any state of society, even the caricature of socialism represented by capitalist apologists, being more at odds with the common conception of civilized social order than the murderous economic system under which we live. We shall watch the bourgeois charlatans at Geneva, confident that their "peace" fakes bode no good to the workingclass and that none of their peace pretensions include a friendly attitude towards the Soviet Union.

UNLESS Mussolini is unusually ungrateful he will confer the title of Honorary President of the Fascist Alliance of North America on mayor Walker, who seems to be incapable of conversing on any other subject since his arrival in Italy, but the virtues of Mussolini and Fascism. The mayor's guide in Italy is Count Thaon de Revel, head of the Fascist movement in the United States. Is Fascism so popular among the Italian population in New York City that Walker finds it politically expedient to be so prolific in his praise of that murderous regime?

THREE more sacrifices on the altar of capitalist greed are Hill, Bertrand and Payne, whose lives were lost in the ill-fated attempt of "Old Glory" the Heart monoplane that attempted a non-stop flight from the United States to Rome. The Hearst disavows any circulation motive in the backing of this fatal adventure, his disavowal must be taken with a large pinch of salt. Had it been successful the publisher would have first claim on the accounts of the flight by the three flyers and the prestige accruing from his sponsorship of the great hop would have brought more shekels into his coffers.

MUCH tho we deplore the loss of three lives we cannot help commenting on the fact that the flyers had a papal blessing and that a priest sprinkled "holy" water on the airship before she winged her way over the ocean. The papal blessing proved a dud. Its talismanic value was about as nil as that of the rabbit's foot that is toted around by superstitious Negroes.

THE omniscient Arthur Brisbane in his column of last Wednesday predicted that in a few hours the crew and passenger of "Old Glory" would be conversing with Mussolini. For once Arthur had not talked with god before he turned his wisdom into the dictaphone. Another disappointment for Arthur is the established fact that successful non-stop flights over the Atlantic from Europe to America are still to a great degree dependent on chance, which makes it a little more difficult for Arthur to get his customers excited over the probability of mighty fleets of war planes sailing from Tokio or London to drop devastating bombs on American cities.

Letters From Our Readers

An Unbiased Judgement.

To the Editor:
Since I am neither Communist nor Socialist, I have no factional axe to grind in the recent bitter war of words between these two groups over the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstrations. But during the last week when I helped with arrangements for the memorial meeting, I was astonished at the attitude and the tactics of certain Socialists.

For example, Former Assemblyman August Claessens, announcing in the New York Times of Aug. 28, that he was speaking for the Socialist Party—self-appointed spokesman, by the way—flatly asserted that the New York Memorial Committee was "a self-appointed group taking advantage of the grief of sincere mourners to further the ends of Communism and anarchy through sensationalism. Furthermore," he continued, "it claims to be acting for the Boston Sacco-Vanzetti Committee, whereas the latter committee, which we recognize as a responsible group, has repudiated any such demonstration and has asked us and other sympathizers throughout the country to conduct funeral meetings, etc."

Now I happen to know that Mrs. Clara Michelson, on Friday, Aug. 26th, showed Mr. Claessens various letters and telegrams from the Boston committee, authorizing her to go ahead as chairman of the New York committee. She showed him one telegram in particular which expressed the Boston committee's hope that all liberal, radical and labor groups would cooperate with her committee in New York. His statement as self-appointed spokesman of the Socialist Party was therefore false and deliberately made against the facts in his possession.

I happen also to know that Mrs. Rose Sacco was a guest in Mrs. Michelson's home and that she and the organizer of the original Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee fully cooperated with Mrs. Michelson. I think Mr. Claessens owes Mrs. Michelson a public apology.

I was further amazed at the attitude of the Socialists when I noted their official organ, the New Leader, in its issue of Sept. 3, wholly ignored Monday's huge mass meeting in Union Square and never mentioned the demonstration at the Second Avenue Casino where, as a witness, I can say literally, thousands of workers filed through all day and evening to pay tribute to the two executed radicals. Why this attitude on the part of a paper supposed to be friendly to the Sacco-Vanzetti cause?
STELLA WARD.

The Torch Bearers.

Editor, THE DAILY WORKER:
Sacco and Vanzetti are dead in body, but their names will never die. It is the duty of every proletarian to keep their heads up and remember the sacrifice at the capitalistic "altar" of two pure and simple workers, a fish peddler and a shoe worker, who energetically propagated for the welfare of the down ridden workers. Governor Fuller and his private assassins who obey their masters' voice—Wall Street, might die ten times over and yet, their just disappearance from this earth would be hardly missed by the proletariat. Sacco and Vanzetti have died once and an untimely death at the hands of a filthy system, but their sacrifice is not in vain, their names will be the signal for the battle cry of proletarian freedom. Long live the honest and humble spirit of true soldiers of the Army of Suppressed.—Jack Kal-

DRAMA

"Dracula" Being Read- other Ben Hecht Play

Horace Liveright placed "Dracula," his first production of the season, in rehearsal on Monday. Ira Hards, who staged "The Cat and the Canary," will stage the production. "Dracula" has been seen in the provinces of England for the past three years. The Hamilton Deane version of the famous Bram Stoker thriller is now playing at the Duke of York Theatre, in London. John Balderston, whose play "Berkeley Square" will be presented in New York this season, has made the Americanized version. Bernhard Jukes, who played one of the important roles in the London production arrived here this week to play his original role in the Liveright production.

Cleon Throckmorton has been chosen to design the sets for the opening production of Herman Heijermans' realistic play of the Dutch seabornd "The Good Hope," which will be presented by the Civic Repertory Theatre on October 18th.

Sam H. Harris announces that the cast for "The Man-Eating Tiger," by Ben Hecht and Rose Caylor, will include the following players: Tom Powers, Helen Flint, Robert Keith, Carlton Brickert, Cecil Secrest, Carlotta Irwin and Edward Rigby. The Farce opens a road tour September 16th at Allentown, Penn.

Performances will be given every evening except Mondays at the Provincetown Playhouse, during the three weeks engagement of "In Abrahams Bosom," which reopened Tuesday night. There will be a matinee on Saturday.

BARBARA STANWYCK



Gives an impressive performance in "Burlesque," Arthur Hopkins new production at the Plymouth Theatre.

AMUSEMENTS

Little Theatre GRAND STREET FOLLIES
44th St., W. of B'way.
Evening 8:30. MATS. 7:30.
THURS. & SAT., 2:30

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CHILLS AND THRILLS
HUDSON W. 44th St. Even. 8:30
Next Matinee Saturday.

The LADDER
POPULAR PRICES. Best seats \$2.20. CORT THEATRE, 48th St. E. of B'way. Even. 8:30. Matinee Wed. and Sat. at 2:30.



Needle Trade Defense

The picnic for the benefit of the cloakmakers and furriers, arranged by the Freiheit Singing Society will be held this Sunday, September 11th, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx. "Sigman Follies," an operetta recently written will be produced at the Park by the Singing Society. Revolutionary and working class songs will be sung by the chorus. There will also be other features and attractions, the most interesting of which will be the famous giant Alex Fox, who bends iron bars with his hands, and demonstrates his strength in various other ways. During the afternoon, there will be athletic games, races, etc. The dance hall will be open all day, with a famous jazz band supplying the music. Tickets are 40c in advance and 50c at the Park. They can be gotten at the office of the Defense Committee, 41 Union Square, Room 714, and from members of the Freiheit Singing Society. Profits of the picnic will go for the fighting cloakmakers and furriers.

Settle for Your Tickets.
About \$8,000 worth of tickets is outstanding from the Starlight Jamboree. Every one who has tickets or money should turn it over to the office immediately, thereby help the committee straighten its accounts and also to carry on the struggle.

Tomorrow Welcome Banquet for Oscar Mailoff.
Tomorrow night, Sept. 10, all friends of Oscar Mailoff, recently released from jail where he served six months due to a frame-up will come to greet him at the banquet arranged for him in Sollins Restaurant, 216 E. 14th St. A large crowd is expected. Get your tickets at 41 Union Square, Room 714.

Workers' Self Defense.
The workers' self defense is the power that will deliver the last blow to the Sigman gang whose latest move is to put behind prison bars the leaders and writers of the Left Wing movement. Through this move the betrayers hope to hinder the brave struggle of the cloakmakers and fur-

John Barrymore will be the screen attraction at Moss' Broadway next week in the greatest vehicle he has ever had in motion pictures, his picture "Don Juan." The supporting cast includes: Mary Astor, Phyllis Haver, Myrna Loy, Jane Winton and Montagu Love.

"If I were Single," announced first as a tentative title for May McAvoy's next starring picture following "Roulette," will have Conrad Nagel in the principal male role. Robert Lord did the script from Gregory Royer's story.

John Miljan and Carroll Nye have been added to the cast of Irene Rich's next Warner picture titled "The Silver Slave." Audrey Ferris will play the role of the ingenue. Howard Bretherton is directing.

"The Little Corporal" the French picture which will open the little Mayfair Theatre on West 44th Street, as soon as the interior decorators pack their brushes, is one of the last pictures edited by the late June Mathis and has for its central thread an episode in the life of Napoleon.

This must not happen. An army of a hundred thousand workers and sympathizers who will prepare weekly the necessary ammunition will help us through to final victory. Every worker must join the Workers' Self Defense.

\$45 From "Greene" Kretchme.
After hearing a report of the present situation in the needle trades, the sum of \$45 was collected as donations from week-end guests at the Greene Kretchme, Berkeley Heights, N. J. To date about \$200 was received from this hotel for donations.

Bureau Heads Isolating Negro Clerks

Negro clerks in the Pension Bureau, Department of Interior, Washington, D. C., complain that they have been taken from their regular posts and segregated in one room. In the absence of the chief, C. E. Finley is the acting secretary. The local branch of the N. A. A. C. P. has taken up the matter.

BOOK BARGAINS AT SPECIAL PRICES

ON SOVIET RUSSIA

These four brief, popular booklets offer a picture of the world's first workers' government in a glance. Excellent propaganda booklets—buy these to read and then pass on to your fellow-worker.

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- GLIMPSES OF SOVIET RUSSIA By Scott Nearing —.10
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- CONSTITUTION—LABOR LAWS AND SOCIAL INSURANCE OF SOVIET RUSSIA —.10

Eighty cents worth of books

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NOTE: Books offered in this column on hand in limited quantities. All orders cash and filled in turn as received.

Westchester County Stage Hands Strike For Boost In Wages

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Unless the deadlock in the negotiations now going on is broken before then, stage hands of Westchester county will go on strike just before midnight, Sunday, according to an announcement made today by John J. Kieley, president of the Westchester Local No. 6 of the Theatrical Stage Hands.

The men seek an increase of \$7 a week for the three senior stagehands in each theatre and an increase of \$4 for the fourth man wherever employed. At present the men receive salaries ranging from \$52 to \$55 a week.

There are about 110 members in the local. They are employed in Loew's and Proctor's houses in Mount Vernon, Yonkers, and New Rochelle, the Strand and the Plaza in White Plains and the Embassy and the Capitol in Portchester.

Kieley declared that the Westchester trade unions have agreed to suspend work on new theatres under construction, two in New Rochelle, one in Yonkers and one in White Plains.

To Assist Military Forces, Wm. Green Rides In Airplane

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Desiring a first hand acquaintance with the nation's military forces, President William Green, of the American Federation of Labor, and a group of other labor leaders took a flight over the city in army planes today.

President Green took his first air ride in a plane piloted by Lieutenant Albert F. Hegenberger. An inspection of the army air corps post at Bolling Field followed.

Others in the group included Frank Morrison, secretary of the federation, Daniel J. Robin, treasurer, and Vice Presidents Duffy, Rickert, Fischer, Ryan, Wilson, Noonan and Wolf.

Girl Dies in Dentist Chair.

As gas was being administered to her as an anesthetic, while undergoing treatment today in the Brooklyn office of a dentist here, Miss Celia Sirkus, 21, of Brooklyn, suddenly died in the dentist's chair.

When the young woman did not revive readily an ambulance was called.

Tel. Lehigh 6022.

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All conveniences; all sports; hiking; fishing; rowing; swimming; dancing; amusements.

FOR REGISTRATION AND INFORMATION: "Freiheit" Office 2 to 8 P. M., 135 Lexington Ave., Unity House, and Harlem Co-operative House, 1748 Lexington Avenue, New York City. N. Y. Busses leave Co-operative House, 1738 Lexington Ave., cor. 111th St., Saturdays at 1:30 and Fridays at 6:30 P. M.

PARTY ACTIVITIES NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

Open Air Meetings Tonight.

Grant St. Ext.—Speakers: Joseph Brahy, Julius Codkind, John McDonald and I. Potash.

Pitkin and Hopkinson Aves.—Speakers: P. Cosgrove, A. Bimba, C. K. Miller and J. Cohen.

Newark, Military Park.—Speakers: Pat Devine and William L. Patterson.

Needle Trades Meeting Tonight.

All party members who belong to needle trades unions must attend a special meeting tonight right after work in the Victoria Room of the Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place.

Saturday Meetings in New Jersey.

Perth Amboy, South and Elm Sts.—Speaker: C. Miller.

West New York, Bergenline and 14th Sts.—Speaker: M. Hartieb.

Youth Day Meeting in Newark.

An International Youth Day demonstration will be held in Newark, Sunday, 2 p. m., under the auspices of the Young Workers' League. It will take place at 37 16th Ave., near Bergen St.

LABOR AND FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

U. C. W. C. H., Attention!

All councils of the United Council of Working Class Housewives are instructed to elect delegates to the DAILY WORKER conference to be held tonight at the Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. If it is too late to select delegates, the secretary should be present.

Engdahl Speaks Sunday.

The Scandinavian Workers' Clubs will hold a picnic next Sunday at the headquarters of the International Order of Good Templars, 704 Willowbrook Road. The program includes a speech by J. Louis Engdahl, editor of THE DAILY WORKER, also sports and dancing. Directions: From St. George, go to Meyer's corner and take Lionolville bus to Willowbrook Road.

Typo Union 6.

The next regular meeting of book and job chairmen of Typographical Union 6 will be held Monday, 6 p. m., at the employment bureau, 24 West 16th St. All chairmen should attend.

Marcus Loew, Movie Owner Buried

Marcus Loew, owner of a chain of movie and theatrical houses throughout the United States, was buried yesterday in Cypress Hills cemetery.

Loew's first business enterprises included several penny-arcades. He later acquired interest in a number of moving picture houses when the industry was still in its infancy.

Mrs. Gibson No Better.

The condition of Mrs. Jane Gibson, famous figure of the Hall-Mills murder trial, remained the same yesterday at the Jersey City Hospital. She has been seriously ill for several months.

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Help the Cloakmakers' and Furriers' Defense

COME TO THE

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Last picnic this season arranged by

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SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, From 10 A. M.

at

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FEATURES

- 1-SIGMAN FOLLIES Produced by Freiheit Singing Society.
- 2-Concert of Singing Society.
- 3-Dances—All day and evening.
- 4-ALEX FOX Famous Giant, will demonstrate his strength.
- 5-ATHLETIC GAMES.
- 6-Other plays and entertainments.

TICKETS in advance 40c. At the entrance 50c.

DIRECTIONS: Take East 150th Street Subway to 177th Street station. There take Unionport car to end of line. From there Busses will take you direct to picnic grounds.

Legionnaire Lost Sight In Late Slaughter; Now First "Sees" Paris

PARIS, Sept. 8.—One of the few lucky Legionnaires in Paris is the blind ex-soldier, Arthur Sewell of Baltimore. He is led thru the capital of France by a salvation army "altruist" and is hardly aware of the general hostility or the silent contempt with which the American Legion is everywhere being received by the French working class. Sewell is told nothing of the French attitude: "I could not see things better if I had my own eyes," he says with unconscious and pathetic irony.

The blind ex-soldier lost his sight in an American training camp learning to fight the imperialist war of 1917 and, like most of his companions in the American Legion, has never been in France before.

Jersey Politician Gets Jail Sentence In Bribery Scandal

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 8.—The Court of Errors and Appeals here today affirmed the conviction of James H. Bolitho, former prosecutor of Morris County, who was found guilty of malfeasance in office.

Bolitho was convicted following an investigation May 4, 1925, by Wilfred H. Jayne, prosecutor of Ocean County, who acted as a special assistant attorney general.

Bolitho was sentenced to serve two to three years in state prison on each of five counts of an indictment, the sentences to run concurrently.

The indictment listed a total of 18 charges as follows: Three counts on a charge of bribery, two on extortion, two on assault and battery, four on malfeasance in office and five on a charge of conspiracy.

Boiler Explosion Kills Worker; 2 Others Hurt

One was killed and two others are in a critical condition in St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken, resulting from the explosion of a boiler on which they were working. The boiler was one of the battery on the United States liner President Harding due to sail for Cherbourg today with many Legionnaires.

George Walker was killed. He was caught by the full force of 230 pounds of escaping steam. George Watterson and Oscar Muhlfidel were the injured men.

Johnson and Stribling Jailed for Fake Fight

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 8.—Young Stribling, Atlanta light heavyweight; Jack Johnson, former heavyweight champion of the world, and Leo Diebel, Oklahoma City boxer, went on trial in municipal court here today.

Stribling and Diebel are charged with participating in a faked fight, Johnson with being an accessory to the fight. The maximum penalty under the charge is 90 days in jail and a fine of \$50.

The trio was arrested when the scheduled 10-round fight between Stribling and the Oklahoman was stopped in the sixth round and Stribling was charged with stalling.

Polish Jews Only Got 60% of Money Raised in the United States

Denying that he had used the word "stolen" in connection with the sub-jetted, Max D. Steuer yesterday reiterated his charges that only 60 per cent of the money raised in the United States for relief work among the Jews of Poland reached its proper destination up to two years ago.

"The exchanges were so manipulated on the other side that at least 40 per cent of the money was consumed before a single dollar was distributed to any person for whom it was intended," he declared.

Steuer explained that Dr. Greengbaum of the Polish Parliament told him that even the money reaching Poland "was not used according to the best and most approved methods, but that it was used to give relief that was entirely temporary in its nature."

Replying to Louis Marshall of the fund's distributing committee, who criticized him for making the charges, Steuer said he had no apology to make to anyone.

7 Hurt In Brooklyn Trolley Line Crash

Seven persons were injured yesterday morning when two trolley cars collided at Broadway and Arion Place, Brooklyn.

The injured were Minnie Denough of 217 Madison street; Ferdinand Gobeck of 2941 Fulton street; Mrs. J. Young, of 59 Moore street, and her daughter, Gwendolyn; Tessie and Rudolph Schuber, of 47 Throop avenue.

Seven Hurt in Brooklyn.

Seven people were injured yesterday morning in a collision of two trolley cars at Broadway and Arion Place, Brooklyn. An ambulance surgeon gave them treatment for their cuts and bruises. The injured are all Brooklyn residents.

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N. Y. POLICE SHOOT AT TEAMSTER PICKETS; TWENTY FIRMS SETTLE

(Continued from Page One)

Railroads Announce Embargoes.

In the meantime embargoes were placed yesterday afternoon on two freight stations in the city by the Pennsylvania and the Long Island railroads as a result of the strike.

Two commissioners from the Department of Labor have arrived in the city in an effort to arrive at an arbitration program. Replying to their suggestions, Isaac Goldberg, president of the employers' association declared his willingness to "arbitrate" providing the striking teamsters would first return to work on the old terms. At the same time the large companies have announced that they plan to run their trucks with strikebreakers protected by police today.

To Call On Warren.

Bitter indignation against the police tactics prevailed in the strike headquarters of the union, 73 Varick street. The men were restrained from forming an impromptu delegation to call upon Police Commissioner Warren only upon the promise of union leaders to communicate with officials of the New York Central Trades and Labor Council, requesting them to put an immediate stop to the brutal strikebreaking activities of the police.

It is expected that a delegation will meet the Tammany officials sometime this morning to make their protest.

Machinist Journal Says Watson-Parker Act Is Detrimental

WASHINGTON, (FP).—Admission that the Parker-Watson railroad labor act is a "dead letter" is made by Fred Hewitt, editor of the Machinists Journal in the September issue of the official organ of the influential International Association of Machinists. Devised two years ago by leaders of the transportation unions and the railway presidents, the Parker-Watson act was hailed then as inaugurating a new era of peace and good will on the railroads. Opponents of the law in the unions declared the act in effect outlawed strikes and took away from labor its strongest weapon.

"So far from proving beneficial to any class of railroad employees, except the transportation men (train and engine service) Hewitt explains, "the railway labor act is a dead letter. The railroads have not observed nor is it apparent that they intend to observe its provisions."

"No Relief."

The shop unions headed by the Machinists, he asserts, have been "unable to obtain any relief whatever through boards of adjustment provided in the act for the very good reason that railroad executives decline to meet with representatives of the shopmen for the purpose of creating such boards."

Trackmen Fare Badly.

"The Maintenance of Way Employees have fared no better than shopmen, because they have exhausted every effort in their endeavor to get joint conferences with the railway chief executives in the various regions without success. Although the chief executives of the railroads joined with the representatives of the organized railroad employees to secure passage of the railway labor act, it was apparently a meaningless gesture on their part. They evidently do not intend to observe its provisions unless compelled to."

As long as company unions exist in railroad shops, little hope is expected from the Parker-Watson act, the Machinists Journal contends. Workers enrolled in company unions can expect little relief from low wages and had conditions, no matter what law is on the statute books, it is argued. Until shop workers are back in regular unions, the rail executives will "stand pat and make no move to carry out either the spirit or intent of the law unless compelled to do so by the courts."

7 Hurt In Brooklyn Trolley Line Crash

Seven persons were injured yesterday morning when two trolley cars collided at Broadway and Arion Place, Brooklyn.

The injured were Minnie Denough of 217 Madison street; Ferdinand Gobeck of 2941 Fulton street; Mrs. J. Young, of 59 Moore street, and her daughter, Gwendolyn; Tessie and Rudolph Schuber, of 47 Throop avenue.

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Sigman's Case Against Gold, Hyman, Gropper And Others Postponed

The criminal libel case brought against needle trades leaders and members of the staff of the Jewish Daily Freiheit by Morris Sigman were postponed until next Friday when heard before Magistrate Jean Norris in the Franklin Street Court yesterday.

The defendants include Ben Gold, Louis Hyman, M. Epstein, R. Saltzman, Ben Lifshitz and William Gropper. Joseph R. Brodsky was attorney for the left wing workers. Samuel Markewitch, lawyer, represented Sigman.

Strike of Fur Rabbit Workers Gains Strength

(Continued from Page One)

til we have organized all of the scab shops. No matter how long it takes, we will stay out until we achieve victory.

Stop Giving Work.

"We demand that the dealers stop giving work to the open shops. Not until we are sure that will be the procedure in the future will we end the struggle."

Local 25 will hold a special meeting tomorrow at Montgomery Hall, 1 p. m., when the latest developments of the stoppage will be discussed.

The fight against the open shop is being conducted jointly by a committee of 10 representing the two locals. They are Local 58 of Brooklyn and Local 25 of Newark. Moe Harris is business agent of the Brooklyn local, while Langer is head of the New Jersey organization.

Unity Committee Meets Tomorrow.

Representatives from every fur centre in the United States and Canada will attend the meeting of the Executive Board and Unity Conference Committee of the International Fur Workers' Union, which will gather tomorrow at the joint board headquarters, in answer to the call of H. Englander, chairman, and I. Wolliner, secretary of the Unity Conference.

The delegates meet to consider the trade situation and conditions in the fur shops of New York, the largest fur centre in the country, have broken down because of the weakening of the union as a result of the union-smashing policies and tactics of the International and A. F. of L. officials. This has introduced chaotic conditions in the New York market, affecting not only the workers, but the industry as a whole. As a result of this demoralized state of affairs in the trade, the workers of New York are subjected to unemployment during the months that normally constitute the height of the season, and are receiving unprecedented low wages.

Caused by Contracting.

This condition is caused by the wide-spread contracting and corporation shops which are working under non-union conditions and with the absence of any union control—a condition directly traceable to the treachery of the International and A. F. of L. officials.

Of course, these conditions affect not only upon the union in New York, but upon unions in every other locality as well. The union in New York has always been the backbone of the International Fur Workers' Union and its breakdown endangers the very existence of the entire International.

To Consider Remedy.

The executive committee of the Unity Conference Committee will therefore have as its main object at this special meeting, to consider seriously this situation and work out proposals for remedying it. The executive committee does not aim to intensify or prolong in any way the internal struggle that is going on in the International. On the contrary, it seeks to put an end to this struggle and bring about unity of all the International locals, including the New York Locals 1, 5, 10 and 15, and the New York Joint Board, which constitutes the backbone of the International. The committee believes that this is the only remedy for the present deplorable conditions in the trade and the union.

Delegates at tomorrow's conference are to congregate at the joint board office at 10 a. m. and from there go to a meeting hall for their deliberations. H. Englander of Toronto will preside.

Nominate for All Officers.

Nominations for all paid and unpaid officers of the Furriers' Joint Board were held last night at four well attended meetings. The officers to be filled are manager of the joint board, delegates to the joint board, local executive board members, officers of the locals and business agents.

Local 1 met at Stuyvesant Casino, Local 5 at Irving Plaza, Local 10 at Irving Plaza and Local 15 at Stuyvesant Casino.

Workers Buy "Daily" for Sacco-Vanzetti Facts

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—All the news stands sold out their DAILY WORKER supplies yesterday (Sept. 8rd). The workers are getting interested in the facts of the Sacco-Vanzetti case at last, it seems—and the facts are to be found in the organ of the Workers' (Communist) Party. A READER.

CONTRADICTIONS OF SIGMAN SHOWN UP BY L. HYMAN

Exposes His Reply to Grossman

Early this week the president of the cloak manufacturers' group known as the Industrial Council, I. Grossman, made a statement blaming the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union for the conditions in the industry and especially for the prevalence of non-union shops.

In reply, Morris Sigman, president of the International, yesterday issued a spirited denial of the facts stated by Grossman and refused to accept responsibility for, or even acknowledge the existence of many trade evils.

Commenting on this published controversy, Louis Hyman, manager of the New York Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers, said yesterday:

"President Sigman's answer to the statement by I. Grossman, president of the Industrial Council, concerning present conditions in the cloak trade, is filled with contradictions of his previous admissions relating to the evils now rife in the industry.

Many Open Shops.

"To Mr. Grossman, Sigman indignantly denies the spread of non-union shops; yet his own organ 'Justice' this week contains Julius Hochman's report to a group of shop chairmen stating that when he took over the Joint Board there were about 1,000 non-union shops in the industry. It is well known that this number has increased since then, yet Hochman has previously acknowledged that his organization drive resulted in settling only 50 or 60 of this whole group.

"In this same issue of 'Justice' it is reported that Sigman told impartial Chairman Ingersoll that the problem of the non-union shop had reached an alarming stage, and he condemns the manufacturers for feeding the scab shops and says that they need not have agreements if they intend to violate them.

Contradicts Himself.

"If Sigman and Hochman make these statements in the union organ, how can they expect to deny the facts when issuing statements to the outside press. If 'Justice' is talking of the open shop menace week after week, how can Sigman pretend there is no open shop problem when he is faced with it by the manufacturers?

"And in the same way, if Sigman creates committees to stop work on Saturdays and Sundays, and all sorts of hours, how can he expect to be listened to seriously when he states that no such overtime work is going on? He knows well that this overtime work is being done, and that at the same time the trade is slow because just this overtime work helps to increase unemployment.

"But at the present time the non-union shop is not the sole problem which we are confronted, even though according to Mr. Hochman's admission that there are 1,000 of them. To my mind, the greater menace is the shop where they have a union agreement, yet conditions are so bad that piecework, overtime and all sorts of violations of contract pass unchallenged and there are absolutely no union standards maintained. It is well known that in most of the sub-manufacturing shops they have no union standards and the only difference between them and non-union shops is that they compel the workers to register.

"All the cooperation that the manufacturers may give to Sigman, and all the organization drives he may carry on will do no good because the workers do not trust him and have no confidence in him. All the methods used by the manufacturers to force recognition of Sigman only create more chaos. Not until the employers take their hands off and let the workers choose their own leaders and run their own union will there be a condition that will permit union standards in the industry."

Round World Fliers Hop Off for Bangkok

RANGOON, Burmah, Sept. 8.—The Pride of Detroit, in which William Brock and Edward F. Schlee are striving for a new round-the-world record, hopped off from here at 6:10 this morning for Bangkok, Siam. The fliers announced that as this leg of the flight was only a distance of 375 miles, if conditions were favorable on reaching Siam they would continue to Hanoi, French Indo-China, a further distance of 625 miles.

The American fliers continue to receive ovations wherever they stop. While here they announced they may stop at Manila after leaving Hongkong.

Actress Sues for Million

Valeska Suratt, stage star, yesterday filed suit in supreme court against Cecil B. De Mille, motion picture producer, and others, asking \$1,000,000 damages and an injunction restraining them from producing the picture "The King of Kings."

New Manila Trade Commissioner

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Appointment of George C. Howard, of Montclair, N. J., to be American trade commissioner at Manila, P. I., was announced by the department of commerce today.

Communist International on the International Situation

(Resolution passed by the Joint Plenum of the C. C. and the C. C. C., after hearing Comrade Bukharin's report of the 9th August, 1927.)

(Continuation)

20. The Right deviation, of which the leaders of the C. P. of China were guilty in spite of the instructions of the Comintern, is based upon an entirely wrong conception of an antagonism between the national and the agrarian revolution. The representatives of this deviation assume permanent relations between the fundamental class forces of Chinese society; they do not grasp the complete necessity and inevitability of a development of class antagonisms within the formerly united national revolutionary front, nor do they comprehend the complete inevitability of the resultant regroupings of the classes, of the struggle between the bourgeoisie and the proletariat for the hegemony in the national emancipation movement, the inevitability of the transformation of the bourgeois revolution into a bourgeois-democratic revolution, and the prospect of the bourgeois democratic revolution growing into a socialist revolution. In the last resort they deny the class struggle standpoint, and hence slide unavoidably down the road to Menshevism. The Joint Plenum of the C. C. and the C. C. C. is now in a position to state with satisfaction that this Right deviation in the leadership of the Chinese brother Party has now been liquidated, and the policy of the leadership corrected.

21. The Trotskyist point of view seeks its formal basis in an analogy with the revolution in Russia in 1905, when the Bolsheviks fought determinedly against an understanding with the liberal bourgeoisie, which was advocated by the Mensheviks. The gravest error of the Trotskyist standpoint is the fact that Comrade Trotsky and his adherents (Comrade Zinoviev, etc.) do not grasp the fundamental difference between an imperialist country and revolution in a country bearing the banner of the fight against imperialism. Just on this difference Lenin wrote as follows:

"What is the most important, the main idea of our thesis? The difference between oppressed and oppressor countries. We emphasize this difference, ignored by the II. International and bourgeois democracy. It is especially important for the proletariat, and for the Communist International, to ascertain the actual existing economic facts, and to take concrete realities as the point of departure for the solution of all colonial and national problems, and not abstract principles." (Lenin, Vol. XVII, p. 24.) Lenin writes further:

"The Communist International must make temporary agreements, and even alliances, with the bourgeois democracies of the colonies and backward countries. But it must not amalgamate with them; it must retain the independence of the proletarian movement itself, in its most primitive form." (Vol. XIX, p. 270.)

And finally:

"We Communists must and will support the bourgeois emancipation movement in the colonial countries only in such cases where this movement is really revolutionary, and where its representatives will not prevent us from enlightening and organizing the broad masses of the peasantry and the exploited in the spirit of revolution."

We see that Lenin's standpoint differs from that of Trotsky. Trotsky's standpoint is a gross distortion of Leninism, based upon a flat disregard of the differences between the countries of imperialism and the colonies; this method is extremely characteristic of the social democratic deviation.

22. The characteristic fundamental of the line taken by the Comintern consists of the analysis of the various stages of the revolution and of the various class groupings. The Comintern was in favor of supporting the national bourgeoisie in China during the period of the developing revolution, at the time when, the bourgeoisie was still revolutionary, that is: 1, whilst it was carrying on a real struggle against imperialism; 2, so long as it did not prevent the Communists from educating the working and peasant masses in the spirit of revolution, forming revolutionary workers' and peasants' organizations; 3, so long as it did not prevent the formation, consolidation, and expansion of an independent Party of the Communist proletariat.

These were the conditions during the period of Canton and the North-campaign, up to the defection of Chiang Kai Shek. His treachery was the outward expression of the defection of the national bourgeoisie into the camp of counter-revolution. During this time not only the Chinese C. P. greatly increased in strength, but the workers' and peasants' movement made great progress. Mass organizations of the proletariat (trade unions) and of the peasantry (peasants' leagues and peasants' committees) were formed. During this stage of development an agreement with the bourgeoisie has facilitated the growth of the forces of the working class and the peasantry. It is just herein that lies the justification of the Leninist tactics in a colonial country, its justification in the existence and evolution of the class struggle.

nifies a fresh grouping of class forces. Therefore the Comintern laid down a new line of tactics for this new stage of development. This line consisted of a determined and relentless fight by the bloc of the workers, peasants and city poor, against the bloc of the imperialists and Chang-Tso-lin and at the same time against the bourgeoisie and Chiang Kai Shek. One part of the radical and petty bourgeoisie, which has remained in the Left Kuomintang and in the Wuhan government, declared war against Chiang Kai Shek, and enabled the Communist Party to continue work. The Communist Party had to make use of this possibility, in order to organize the "defence against the Cavaignacs" and to mobilize the masses.

The development of the class struggle and the pressure exercised by the imperialists led, however, to a fresh regrouping of forces. The majority of the Wuhan government and of the leaders of the Left Kuomintang deserted the revolution, and the suppression of the workers and peasants' movement began. This stage again brought with it a corresponding change in tactics and slogans: Withdrawal from the Wuhan government, declaration of war by the Communists against this government, which had ceased to be "really revolutionary."

23. During all the stages of this development the Comintern, which had rightly foreseen the transition from one stage to another, considered it necessary to prepare the masses for this transition. The Comintern considered it to be not only necessary for the independent Communist Party of China to work with the utmost energy, but attached much importance to a far-reaching criticism of all the vacillations of the former allies of this Party, including the extreme Left, and to a systematic preparation of the forces of the Party itself, the mass organization of armed forces, etc., the formation of suitable points of support, giving the workers, peasants and city poor the greatest possible guarantee for the further development and deepening of the revolution. The development of the agrarian revolution, the seizure of the land by the peasants on their own initiative, the development of the labor movement, the arming of the workers and peasants, the democratization of the Kuomintang and removal of its vacillating leaders, these were the main slogans of the Comintern.

24. The Comintern drove the revolution forward. But at the same time it was opposed to leaps over stages of revolution which had not been properly passed through. It rightly condemned the withdrawal from the Kuomintang, a mass organization, under conditions tantamount to delivering the Kuomintang over into the hands of the Right, and isolating the Communists from the masses of the Kuomintang. It was rightly opposed to the slogan of the Soviets at a time when this slogan would have signified a leaping over the Wuhan government and the Left Kuomintang whilst these were still pursuing a revolutionary policy in the above sense of the term. At the same time the Comintern energetically fought against all Right deviations, rightly opposed to the slogan of the interests of the agrarian revolution and of the labor movement to their P. S. U. itself, where some oppositional theoreticians preached a perfect apology for the bourgeoisie (Radek with his "Workers and Peasants' government" of Canton, etc.), theories on the Chinese revolution (the customs theory of Comrade Trotsky).

25. If the Chinese revolution has suffered a severe defeat, in spite of the correct tactics of the Communist International, this is due in the first place to the relations of class forces both in the country itself and internationally. This defeat is further explained by the circumstance that the masses of the workers and peasants have not yet had sufficient time to organize forces powerful enough to enable them to achieve victory over the united or simultaneously proceeding forces of the enemy: over the forces of foreign imperialism, of the feudal elements headed by Chang Tso Lin, and of the counter-revolutionary national bourgeoisie; finally, by the fact that the working class is not yet strong enough to form a strongly organized Communist mass Party. On the other hand, it must be acknowledged that the C. P. of China, in systematically neglecting the instructions of the Comintern, partially bears responsibility for the defeat of the working class and the peasantry in China.

(To Be Continued.)

Short Flight For Speed.
PORT WASHINGTON, L. I., Sept. 8.—Lieut. Alford J. Williams, naval flyer, made a short flight in his speedy seaplane today, but was compelled to descend because the spark plugs of the engine became fouled. That was early this afternoon, and mechanics removed and cleaned the plugs, after which Williams said he expected to fly late this afternoon on a flight in which he hopes to break the present speed record for seaplanes.

WANTED — MORE READERS! ARE YOU GETTING THEM?

AS GREEN PICTURES THE A. F. L.



—Drawn by Wm. Gropper.

Los Angeles Times Bum Bombs Truth

By S. GARBORG.

An editorial on bombs in the L. A. Times tells us in words or by implication:

"That 'Ideals are more powerful in jarring thrones than dynamite and nitroglycerine.' That 'the bomber was once a Nihilist.' Then the name was soon smothered with blood and was changed to anarchist for purposes of disguise. However, the anarchist was speedily located and hated and he forthwith assumed the high-sounding appellation of Bolshevik. By whatever name he is known, he is the same devil in red."

That "blowing up a motor factory in South America," and "blowing up the subway in New York" was done by sympathizers of Sacco and Vanzetti, the anarchists whose murder by the "good" government of Massachusetts has made them world famous. That "blowing up" the Times Building in Los Angeles was done "by devils in red" to "make Los Angeles a closed town," but "the Angel City has since been more than ever an open town of open shops," which no longer pleases A. F. of L. fat officialdom and high-salaried sky pilots. That "society is unafraid and has no place for the boastful Bolshevik in the economy of life." (To prove this Times "truth," it (society) keeps a lot of big, fat policemen to beat down unarmed, peaceful parades and arrest "devils in red.")

The "bombs are blowing up Bolshevism. They are the best reasons extant for good (Wall Street) government." So they are used freely when "devils in red" are to be framed up or public sentiment enlisted on the side of "good" government. The Times has no better reasons.

That "bombs lack logic." That "killing Uncle Sam's children"—with bombs, is what "the boastful Bolsheviks have done"—for the special purpose, of course, of giving "good" government the desired pretext for suppressing meetings and parades with a show of being law-enforcers, while actually they are violators of the Constitution and among the worst criminals.

That "He (Uncle Sam) will stretch forth his great arms (police) and 'society is unafraid.' We have greater satisfaction and thankfulness than ever for the government we foster and enjoy."

That "The Soviet bombs the home and marriage vows and blows them all to cinders and then glories in the wreck he (the Soviet) has made. . . . He (the Soviet) nationalize mothers"—this is too good a lie to

be dropped by the Times, so it is one of its great "Truths."

That "Truth, not high explosives either of words or gun cotton, makes man free. Bombs are convincing, but not in the way these self-appointed destroyers dream." "Bombs lack logic," "bombs are convincing."—Great Times "Truths"! We "self-appointed devils in red" use bombs, says the Angelic Times, but with the Angel City police and courts on its side, it does not need to prove it; which proves that it is so truthful that its lies are truths.

Now I will quote some passages from an A. P. communication from Turkestan found in the Times of Aug. 17, last. It begins: "The fight between Communism and Mohammedanism is on in earnest in all the vast regions of Russian Turkestan . . . with a population of 7,000,000."

Here are some extracts: "Communists have commenced a campaign under the banner of deliverance of Moslem women from ancient habits and customs. A general attack has been ordered to abolish the selling and buying of women, the giving in marriage of under-aged girls, polygamy and the keeping of women in strict confinement. "The Moslem priests have combined against the intrusion of the 'unfaithful,' and declared as their watchword 'Down with the Soviets; they are violating the laws of the

Prophet by unveiling your wives and bringing upon you the curses of the Prophet."

How similar to the howl of the L. A. Times is this of the Moslem priests! To show the similarity I repeat and complete a quotation from the bombs editorial: "The Soviet bombs the home and the marriage vows and blows them all to cinders, and then glories in the wreck he has made. He desecrates churches and leaves waste and ashes in the wake of vanished ideals and hope. He nationalizes mothers and then erects orphanages for their offspring and prates about the sanctities of liberty."

The L. A. Times and the Moslem priest in the same boat loaded with anti-Soviet propaganda! They "stand fast, stand firm, stand sure, stand true" to prevent progress in the improvement of living conditions for the working class. This is their style of patriotism and they tolerate no other.

Another quotation from the A. P. communication must suffice: "The Soviet measures consist of building schools and promoting sports, while preaching emancipation of women. It has succeeded in the unveiling of many thousands of Moslem women chiefly of the poorer classes." Such awful "bombers" justify the pure L. A. Times and the Moslem priests in yelling "Down with the Soviets!"

WARNING

It is well that you should realize
That not death but LIFE
Went militantly forth
From the embrace of your electric chair
To scatter red roses
That blossomed into redder flags,
Symbolic of flames licking up
From a hell of hatred
Destined some day
To engulf all Fullers and Thayers!

—HENRY GEORGE WEISS.

Cloaks and Suits

By HERMAN SPECTOR.

Husky Negroes run the elevators in buildings where stinking specimens of inhumanity with sharp, beady eyes and flushed faces rush to and fro and up and down and sneer cigars. Badly painted girls and women in tight pink camisoles walk about the floors casually but that don't give nobody a Russian hurrah because 1st they are used to it secondly a bad sex to ye if ye think that Mr. Goldberger's eye could ever wander from the tally-sheet during business hours—or after.

Mr. Goldberger is strictly business, except he goes to see a fight once in a while or attends the opening of some kind of teater where some kind of a show is playing which never turns out as dirty as you'd expect but Mr. Goldberger always tells what a hot time was had by all.

But Mr. Goldberger he usually don't have much time for such things his time is so preoccupied. All day long he is busy frowning at salesmen and smiling at customers and bawling out the help and in-between-times running in and out of elevators trying not to look too important. You can't blame Mr. Goldberger for sticking out his stomach in self-approbation. The salesmen salaam and kiss his feet and visiting buyers respect him because he has more money than what they got and Mr. Goldberger figures he could buy every dressmodel in the building—if he wanted to. . . . A jovial God created Mr. Goldberger without teeth, and now offers him nuts to crack.

MADISON AVENUE

By HERMAN SPECTOR.

Flabby manikins in parade, swinging polished sticks with studied precision. Hard-featured females, breathing wealth and vapidity, who stare insolently . . . hopelessly vulgarian. Beings of an unfathomable fatuity, luxuriating in gaudy palaces whose stones have been wrestled into place by intrepid and indifferent workmen. . . .

One observes, through a pair of puissant spectacles purchased at Delancey Street, that these are members of a "society" that is guarded by leering lepers and inconceivably dimwitted policemen, and served by polite, well-trained and contented slaves.

Organizing the Unorganized

(The Approved Right Wing Way)

Frenchy, minus his gang walked into the office breezily, extending his glad hand to the boss and presenting his card, introduced himself as "Hershkwowitz."

"I am from the Union and I want to organize your shipping clerks, ticket sewers and clothing matchers and I want you to tell the boys to come to the union and join."

"Really," replied the boss, "I do not feel it my duty to force the boys to join the union, but I have no objection to any man belonging to anything he pleases and you are at liberty to walk in the back and talk to the boys."

But that did not suit Frenchy. He had no intention to reason with the workers. He understands reasoning with bosses much better. This is his line:

"You see, if I were to persuade the boys to join the Union and pay dues, right away they would become radical and expect the union to do something for them, and they would want a raise in pay; but I ain't like that. I believe in a fair day's work for a fair day's pay and I am a guy who works fifty-fifty. If you would tell the boys to join the union, I would see to it that they do not give you any trouble."

He finally left the place without interviewing the shipping clerks. During his short conversation with the boss he repeated time after time that he is a "fifty-fifty man" until he could have left no doubt that he is—fifty for himself, fifty for the bosses, and the remainder for the workers.—Norman Silbes.

THE TRAGIC HAWAIIAN RACE

By JACK GOLD.

Following the trail of the sun, the path of the moon, four mechanical monsters, with a tremendous excess of vital energy, set out upon the clear sky of beautiful California, beyond for Hawaii, the nest of romance and Oriental charm.

Their aim, their goal—to capture the prize offered by the pineapple king, James Dole.

Though a millionaire and possessor of many thousands of slaves, who toil in his industrial establishments, his name was little known throughout the world.

However, the promotion of the

trans-Pacific flight has made him name famous, has brought him Universal glory—acclamation, purchased for \$25,000 and the price of eight lives of the participants of the aerial race, lives so precious—lives of human beings who fell upon the altar of sacrifice—sacrifice so useless, for the sake of only miserable money.

But what does it matter? His Excellency, the pineapple king of the world, had his thrill . . . and death its fruits . . .

Let society and the authorities draw the consequences of this disaster so that in the future, such tragedies shall not be again repeated.

MOTORMAN KILLED IN I. R. T. WRECK



G. Roberts, shown with wife and children, was killed by defective equipment.

THEY DIED TO CARRY HEARST'S PUBLICITY MAN



The pilot and navigator of "Old Glory", Hearst plane in New York to Rome flight. The determination to carry the editor of the New York Mirror is probably responsible for their fate, says Fokker, designer of the plane. Apparently not even a papal blessing was superior to the law of gravity.