

LABOR MUST HURRY! SACCO AND VANZETTI MAY DIE!

THE DAILY WORKER

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Current Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

THE Boston Post is one of the most vicious foes of the USSR, and its indictment of the Communist regime in that country is chiefly predicated on the alleged low ethical level of the Soviet government. The manner in which the workers and peasants expropriated the capitalists and rich landowners sat heavily on the Post's political stomach. It called the process theft. But what about the Post's morality? It got one of its reporters to steal material from the Rumford Press in Concord, New Hampshire, intended for publication in the Atlantic Monthly, that was not intended for publication until it had first appeared in that magazine. So much for the ethics of the Post, which by the way sold itself to the republican party and is now a fervent booster of Calvin Coolidge tho formerly a democrat organ.

NICHOLAS LONGWORTH, noted because he is the husband of Alice Roosevelt, got rid of the following piffle in an address before a graduating class at the University of Michigan: "An all-wise providence has given proof to the world within the last month that there are in this country two Americans who possess the three essentials of success in every walk of life—character, perseverance and courage." He was referring to Charles Lindbergh and his mother. Had this all-wise providence allowed the elements to drop Lindbergh into the ocean the young man's virtues and those of his mother would not mean a thing to them.

THE kosher butcher helpers, or shochetim, may go on strike. In fact they may be out now. This would cause serious inconvenience to members of orthodox congregations who want their chickens slaughtered according to the ancient ritual. The Rabbi Board of Trade has debated the question of the right of the shochtim to strike. The shochtim advised the rabbis that argument was useless. Their kosher-fed customers could defile themselves with non-kosher meat or die of hunger as far as they were concerned unless they got more money. An empty stomach is poor soil to scatter religious seed on.

A COMMITTEE of leading bankers representing American holders of Russian bonds, declares that it will fight the granting of credits to the Soviet Union until the old debts contracted by the czar to crush the workers and peasants of Russia are taken care of. Circumstances alters cases and sometimes cut thru perfectly sound formulas when expediency demands a compromise, but it certainly does not seem fair that the Russian people should be expected to pay the debts contracted by their former tyrannous taskmasters. And our American bourgeoisie are supposed to personify the square deal.

WE commented recently on the recall of Lieut.-Col. Edward Davis, military attache at the American embassy in Mexico City. When he arrived in Washington the state department announced that his visit had no diplomatic significance. It was from Davis' safe that the compromising documents which revealed that Kellogg was plotting against Mexico and interfering in the internal affairs of that country, were extracted. Calles made good use of the documents. He returned them to the state department tho it is presumed he made photostatic copies. The state department declared them forgeries. Now, Davis has been relieved from his duties in Mexico City!

THE French have placed an embargo on the import of coal, and the outlook for British export coal is gloomy. The French embargo persists many months and will have to close this intensifying an already industrial crisis. At a time every market was essential to recovery of British industry the Tories decided to break with the labor union, thus robbing the manufacturing interests of a rapidly developing market. This may be another case of those who are doomed to destruction being driven mad.

FOR sending a copy of the Truth Seeker to the Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton of Calvary Baptist Church, the clergyman and John S. Sumner of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, brought charges of sending indecent matter thru the mails against Charles Smith, president of the American Association for the Advancement of Atheism. The paper aroused the ire of these two notorious snoopers because of a satirical article on the subject of birth control. Birth control may be alright, but the ship has sailed. It should have been in operation thru dictatorial decree prior to the birth of Straton and Sumner.

CLOAKMAKERS ROUT RIGHT WING THUGS

THE ONLY SUPPORT OF THE TRAITORS



McGRADY—Help, Brother, without you I'm lost altogether.

Drawn by WM. GROPPER

VOIKOFF MURDER BLESSED BY COURT SAYS ROSENHOLZ

30 Bandits, Aided by Pilsudski, Captured

(Special Cable to The DAILY WORKER)

MOSCOW, June 23.—The trial of M. Kowceda, murderer of Peter Voikoff, Soviet Minister to Poland, was conducted in a partial manner, according to M. Rosenholz, who has returned from Warsaw where he had been sent to represent the Soviet Union at the Kowceda trial.

The court did everything to conceal the source of the funds with which Kowceda purchased the revolver with which he killed M. Voikoff and did all it could to shield the accomplices who aided Kowceda in his crime.

Judge Encouraged Attacks. The attorney's speech, according to M. Rosenholz, was a defence and a moral justification of the murder, the solicitor making a series of violent attacks on the Soviet Union, while the presiding judge permitted and encouraged his attacks.

The verdict was the most lenient which the extraordinary Court could possibly inflict. The whole trial is regarded by M. Rosenholz as a stimulus to further terrorist activities of monarchist organizations which are (Continued on Page Two)

Organized Miners Help Striking Textilers to Picket Carbondale Mill

CARBONDALE, Pa., June 23.—For the last two months the workers of the Klotz Silk Co., have been on strike here. During that time out of 350 workers who walked out of the mills, about 280 have also joined the union.

The strike started over the action of the bosses in sending one of the girls home for belonging to the United Textile Workers.

STANDING OF THE DISTRICTS IN THE DRIVE FOR SUSTAINING AND DEFENSE OF THE DAILY WORKER

These figures include donations from March 1 to date. WHERE DOES YOUR DISTRICT STAND IN PROPORTION TO ITS MEMBERSHIP?

District	Contribution	Standing	District	Contribution	Standing
2	\$8,495.84	1	12	238.50	8
8	1,455.46	2	4	213.20	9
3	968.40	3	1	172.56	10
7	513.49	4	15	162.75	11
13	457.51	5	10	97.37	12
6	407.80	6	9	53.50	13
5	322.81	7	Agri.	27.50	14

Fur Unity Committee to Hold Big Demonstration At Union Sq., Tomorrow

A monster open air demonstration will be held tomorrow, 1 p. m. in the furriers' Union. The committee of the Furriers' Union. The at Union Square by the Unity Committee is being arranged to protest against the mass arrests of pickets, also to oppose the right wing gangsterism. Well known speakers will address the meeting.

N. J. State Troopers Guilty of Attack on Meany, Young Farmer

FLEMINGTON, N. J., June 23.—A jury in county court this afternoon convicted Matthew A. Daley, a New Jersey state trooper, of assault and battery on Timothy Meany in connection with the siege of the Meany farmhouse last December when a sister, Beatrice, was shot and killed.

Two other troopers were last Saturday convicted of manslaughter for her death. Others Indicted. Seven other indictments are now pending against 11 other troopers and two agents of the "Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals," who originally inspired the charge that Meany was underfeeding which resulted in the serving of the warrant and the subsequent attack. The troopers rained bullets on the farmhouse the whole night, it was proved in court.

Loom Fixers Strike for Recognition of Union

CHICOPEE, Mass., (FP) June 23.—Thirty-four loom fixers are striking for union recognition at the Chicopee Manufacturing Co. under the leadership of the American Federation of Textile Operatives.

Butler Gets Fascist Honors for Services To Mussolini in U. S.

ROME, June 23.—After having been received by Mussolini, Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University and ardent exponent of Fascism in the United States, will attend a dinner given by the Italo-American Society in his honor. To-morrow Rome University will confer an honorary degree on Butler. Butler has even exceeded Elbert Gary in singing the praises of Fascism.

Sacco and Vanzetti Shall Not Die!

SACCO, VANZETTI INNOCENT, STATES GEORG BRANTING

Protest Meetings Now Planned Thruout U. S.

BOSTON, June 23.—Positive conviction that Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti were framed up on a charge of murder was expressed yesterday by Georg Branting, famous Swedish lawyer, in a cable sent to Stockholm.

Branting, who came here to study the case, declared that the "prosecutor's evidence on decisive points are outweighed by counter-evidence," and declared that he could only explain the verdicts by the "prejudice against Italian witnesses and radical defendants."

Many Meetings Planned.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The International Labor Defense here is receiving word of meetings being organized in many cities of the U. S. during the Sacco-Vanzetti Week, June 27 to July 4, which has been set aside for increased agitation for the release of the two framed-up workers.

Protest Meeting in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 23.—A "Save Sacco-Vanzetti" mass meeting is being planned here for Wednesday evening, June 29, at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Woodland Ave.

Among the speakers will be Otto Cook, chairman, C. L. U. committee for Sacco and Vanzetti; Rev. Joseph Myers, Jr., W. J. Adames, of Missouri State Federation of Labor; and Dr. E. A. Burkhardt, of the International Labor Defense.

Herman Winters, president of the Cleveland Central Labor Union will be chairman of the meeting.

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Sacco and Vanzetti Shall Not Die!

PICKET ARRESTED BY COP ON ORDER OF SCAB KINSMAN

Joint Board Issues List Of Settled Shops

Upon complaint of a police officer who was off duty, and patrolling the furriers' picket line in the interests of a relative who is in the fur business, a girl striker, Ray Epstein of 1412 Charlotte St., Bronx, was sent to the workhouse for two days by Magistrate Rosenbluth in Jefferson Market Court yesterday.

Jacob Mandelbaum of 1 Madison Ave., who is attorney for the Joint Board Furriers' Union, is planning to submit to Police Commissioner Warren today a transcript of the court minutes in this case, for it shows that officer 11338 of Simpson St. station acknowledged that he was not assigned to duty in the fur market, and stated on the stand that Miss Epstein had not committed any breach of the peace.

Spoke to Scab. As stated by the union's attorney in court, Miss Epstein spoke to a scab who was walking with the officer, who was in plain clothes. The officer then threatened to "break her head" if the girl did not leave the block; whereupon Herbert Schneider, a member of the union's law committee, went over to a uniformed officer and asked whether he knew this man who had made the threat.

"Is he a detective, or a member of the force?" Schneider asked. And the officer said no, he was sure the man was not a detective. So Schneider called Ray Epstein from the next block and asked the policeman to place the man under arrest for threatening violence.

Arrests Girl.

Officer 11338 then showed his badge and announced that since Schneider made such a fuss about the matter he would have the girl arrested, and he carried out his threat in spite of Schneider's protests. He showed no intention of making an arrest until the union members accused him. On his complaint, and in the face of the statements he made on cross examination, Magistrate Rosenbluth gave a two day sentence.

List of Settled Shops.

The Settlement Committee of the Joint Board Furriers' Union yesterday made public the first part of a list of members of the Associated Fur Manufacturers Inc. who have settled with the Joint Board.

This list does not include many settled shops which have particularly requested that their names should not be published; and it does not include shops which have settled since the end of the first week of the strike. These additional names will be announced as soon as they have been properly checked and the union records are complete.

There are 24 shops on the list given out yesterday. These are Rawicz, 142 West 26th St.; Grossman & Ratowsky, 214 West 29th St.; J. (Continued on Page Five)

1,400 Engineers to Serve Ultimatum On City Commissioner

New York subway engineers plan to serve an ultimatum on John H. Delaney, Tammany chairman of the city's board of transportation. Last night at Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., a meeting was held to decide on the policy to be determined to force the commissioner to listen to their grievances which he has consistently ignored for the past several months.

Committee Chosen.

A committee, chosen to address the communication to Delaney, will tell him precisely how much time he has to consider their demands if a strike of 1,400 engineers is to be averted.

The men, members of the Union of Technical Men, will meet again in a very short time to listen to the report of the committee. If it is adverse, it is declared, a definite move in the direction of a tie-up on subway construction work will be taken up. Increase in pay and sick leave are among the demands of the men. The average yearly pay is now \$1,560.

GANGSTERS ATTACK WORKERS WHEN THEY PARADE TO UNION OFFICES

New York Police Defend Gunmen as They Slug Hundreds of Men and Women

Sigman Followers Defeated in Attempt to Terrorize Militants

Cloak and dressmakers clashed with right wing gangsters late yesterday afternoon. As usual the police were on hand to protect the gunmen and guerrillas and at the same time beat up the militant workers.

The fight took place on 25th St. between Fourth and Lexington Ave. Marching from Cooper Union where they held a meeting, 2,600 members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, banners flying, proceeded up Fourth Ave. until they reached 23rd St.

Police Break Line.

The police being informed of the workers' approach, broke the line up when it reached that street. Those that were in the front continued until they came to 25th St. where they marched east to Number 128, the office of Local 2, which the Joint Board is using as its temporary headquarters.

The rest of the paraders after being stopped by the police turned on 23rd St. and went east to Lexington Ave. going up that street to 25th St.

Right Wing Celebration.

The workers that came from Fourth Ave. reached 25th St. first. In front of the old Joint Board building at Number 130 the right wing were holding a celebration meeting of their occupation of the building that was given to them as a result of a foreclosure of a mortgage and certain legal chicanery on their part.

When they arrived a right winger was addressing about 250 people from the second floor of the building. Near (Continued on Page Five)

WORKERS FACE DEATH FOR PLANNING TO BOYCOTT BRITISH IMPERIALISTS

Chiang Rushes Executioners South as Revolt of Workers and Peasants Looms

SHANGHAI, June 23.—Because they attempted to organize an anti-British boycott in Chekiang Province, left wing leaders face death at the hands of the subordinates of Chiang Kai-shek, renegade Nationalist, according to reports received here from Ningpo.

The right wing general, Yenghu, commanding the Shanghai area, has arrived at Ningpo with a bodyguard of 200 men and 12 executioners, and intends to carry on wholesale executions of local labor and peasant leaders, the dispatches state.

In his bid for the support of the imperialist powers, Chiang Kai-shek is making every effort to stamp out anti-imperialist demonstrations. It is around the question of imperialism that the conflict between the workers and peasants and the right wing officialdom has been taking place. Chiang Kai-shek has been catering to the imperialist powers while workers are organizing anti-imperialist strikes and boycotts.

(Although the suppression of the boycott is given as the reason for the impending executions in reports received here, the imminent Nationalist revolt against Chiang Kai-shek in the southern provinces is presumed to be a fundamental reason for dispatch of Yenghu to Ningpo.)

Workers and peasants throughout southern China are rebelling against Chiang's terrorism. Reports received several days ago stated that workers were demonstrating against the right wing officialdom in the streets of Canton, while earlier dispatches reported two regiments in Fukien Province had rebelled against Chiang and had openly declared for the Nationalist government.)

Anniversary of Coup.

The Warsaw elections took place exactly a year after Pilsudski's coup d'etat. During this year Pilsudski's government has had an opportunity to show its Fascist nature, the reformists have finally displayed their treacherous policy. The elections were the trial by the Warsaw working class of the government and the reformists and the Warsaw working class pronounced on them its severe sentence.

There were neither more nor less than 27 lists of candidates for election. Many of these of course represented small chance groupings. The (Continued on Page Three)

Young Girls in Long Swim.

KINGSTON, June 23.—The thirteen year old twins, Bernice and Phyllis, who are swimming from Albany to New York, took to the water again shortly after 10 o'clock today.

STEEL KINGS BRIBE WITNESSES IN FAKE PENNSYLVANIA SEDITION CASE

Offer Lenin's Picture as Evidence of Plot to Overthrow Government by "Dynamite"

PITTSBURGH, June 23.—That Pittsburgh Steel barons attempted to bribe workers to testify against Woodlawn Communists who are being tried on trumped up charges of "sedition" is the startling revelation that was made in the Beaver County Court yesterday.

The court was thrown into a turmoil when Steve Radanovich, former employee of the Jones and Laughlin Steel Corporation, testified that he had been offered a bribe by Chief of Police Mauk of the Jones and Laughlin force, to testify against the Woodlawn defendants now on trial in Beaver.

Prosecuting attorney Craig objected vigorously to permitting Radanovich to testify. After an hour's conference between the two attorneys and

Judge McConel, from which the jury and the public were excluded, the court ruled that Radanovich should be permitted to testify, but should confine himself to recent events and not go into the long campaign of espionage conducted by the steel corporation.

Trumped-up Charges.
The witness then told the startling story of the attempt to bribe him, last December after the Woodlawn case had been quashed for the second time.

Mauk called him into his office, he testified, and asked him to appear before the Grand Jury to testify that the defendants were planning to kill Mauk and other officers. In return Radanovich was offered a good job, citizenship papers and money to bring his family from Europe.

The attorneys for the state failed completely to upset the testimony offered by Radanovich.

Upset Fake Evidence.

Earlier in the day several hirelings of the same notorious steel corporation testified, parroting the accusation that the defendants were teaching the overthrow of the government by "force, bloodshed, guns and dynamite." One even testified that they were plotting to blow up the Jones and Laughlin steel mills.

The defendants were charged by the same hirelings with using a Croatian gymnastic society in Woodlawn for military training and were teaching violence there.

This "evidence" was completely shattered when Burngass, a law student at the University of Wisconsin, and a member of the gymnastic society while residing in Woodlawn testified that nothing but gymnastics were taken up at the society meetings.

Several witnesses for the defense also proved that a birthday party was going on in Zima's home when it was raided last Armistice Day.

Court Protects Steel Barons.

The court refused to permit as evidence a copy of the New York Times containing Lenin's picture (offered by the prosecution as evidence of the "seditious character" of the defendants) and refused to permit questions about the seven-day week and the 12-hour day in the steel mills.

During the day several demands were made by the defense to dismiss the jury and continue the case on the grounds of unfair methods used by the attorney for the commonwealth to prejudice the jury.

Hyman Speaks at Mass Meeting in Pittsburgh Labor Lyceum Tonight

PITTSBURGH, June 23.—Louis Hyman, manager of the Joint Board of the cloak and dressmakers' union of New York will be the principal speaker at a mass meeting to be held tonight at Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St.

The meeting has been arranged by the Committee for the Defense of Cloakmakers and Furriers of New York.

Scalise, Anselmi, Not Guilty.

CHICAGO, June 23.—A jury in Judge William J. Lindsay's court today returned a verdict of not guilty in the re-trial of John Scalise and Albert Anselmi, alleged Genna gangsters, for the murder of policeman Harold Olson in a pitched battle with a squad of detectives here two years ago.

Court in Palisade Park.

Officials of the Palisades Interstate park system have revealed that, in an effort to stop vandalism in Bear Mountain Park and vicinity, a judge will convene court every Sunday and holiday at the park headquarters there to try offenders.

Voodoo and Spirit Rites in Straton's Church Are Exposed

Disgusted with the tactics of Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton, the sensational pastor of the Calvary Baptist Church, 57th St., five deacons have submitted their resignations.

In making public their action the deacons declared that "a gag rule" was responsible for their inability to present their reasons for resigning to the entire membership of the church.

The energetic pastor, apparently dissatisfied with just honest-to-goodness fundamentalism, has lately been conducting in his church a return to semi-insane, primitive, religious rites.

Religious ignorance and superstition is declared to have reached its apex with the weird ceremonies which Straton has established in his church.

Called "Pentecostalism."

"Pentecostalism" is the official name for the voodooism which has culminated in the resignation of the five church deacons, who charge that this ritual is similar in all respects to the rites still practiced by country Negroes and whites in certain sections of the south and west.

These elaborate ceremonies consist of a condition of hysteria, screaming, cataleptic trances, with men and women lying flat on the floor, and all the other manifestations of temporary insanity induced by such religious frenzy.

Many of these "revivals" are said to have lasted until 2 in the morning.

LATIN AMERICAN MASONS APPEAL AGAINST KELLOGG

MEXICO CITY, June 23.—An appeal to all Masons issued by Masonic Lodge "Accion" No. 31, of the obedience of the Grand Lodge "Valle de Mexico" of A. A. and A. S. R., at Mexico City, states:

Before the unprecedented attack from President Coolidge, who has sent Henry Stimson as special commissioner to Nicaragua, instructed to submit the constitutional government of that republic, by means of strength or subordination and thus imposing the betrayer Adolfo Diaz as a president, all Latin-American governments whose neutrality is the cause of the perpetration of such an horrid crime, must unite themselves in order to impede the triumph of force over right and thereby erect a barrier to Wall Street imperialism, whose insatiable covetousness is sacrificing a whole people.

The blood, sprinkling the land of Nicaragua by order of Coolidge, dishonors not only the name of the worst enemy of our race, but also the state chiefs of Latin-American countries who, contracting the popular will, clearly exposed by means of the press and the very many meetings against American policy in our internal affairs, have abandoned to their own risk our weak sister pressed by the herculean arms of the monster.

The lodge "Accion" No. 31, accomplishing the original purpose of our order, i. e., the Defense of Liberty, unites its protest to that of Nicaragua people lawfully represented by Dr. J. B. Sacasa, Constitutional president, against the misuse of force executed by the most powerful nation, misuse that brings his dishonor, and appeals to the fraternity as well as to the world for the support of the handful of braves preferring death to dishonor.

Coolidge, knowing the triumphal career of the liberal ranks winning against the betrayer Diaz, a servant of the American oilmen, decided to intervene openly, using firstly the subordination by offering derisive amounts of money for the weapons conquered and sustained with the blood of the Liberals, or, when he has failed in such a criminal intrigue, by extermination of the Liberal troops.

These old policies of American imperialism, incited the Philippines, Puerto Rico, Santo Domingo, etc., are yet being employed to abolish the liberty and independence of all Latin-American nations—and they are trying too in China—and they will succeed if the interested peoples don't warn themselves and end their policy of isolation. The Mexican government, born from the Mexican revolution, has sustained the right of peoples to elect their own governments without the interference of any foreign influence.

This attitude must be an example for all American rulers if they wish to save their historical responsibility and maintain immutable the sovereignty and dignity of the nations for whose guidance they have been trusted.

We make a new and vigorous appeal to all peoples, to all Latin-American governments and by special call to all brothers and to all workers of the world, for the help of that suffering and brave people of Nicaragua, impeding by all means the consummation of the assassination of Indo-American race liberty.

Mexico, May 15th, 1927.

N. B.—This manifesto has been translated from Spanish to English.

"GIVE HOT SHOT," KANSASWARDEN'S ORDER TO DEPUTY

Prepare Machine Gun to Kill Food Mutineers

LANSING, Kansas, June 23.—Prison authorities here have stationed a machine gun at the mouth of the prison mine to kill any of the 380 strikers who are barricaded below ground as an aftermath to a demand for either better food, or some cigarettes with their meals.

The deputy warden, Hudspeh, proudly shows a telegram received from Warden W. H. MacKey, traveling in Texas, in which he is told, "They may require some hot shot. Accommodate them."

Cut Off Light.

Hudspeh has already cut off all light, prohibited any food at all from going below, and threatened to shut off the water supply.

This is the fourth mutiny of prisoners within the last few years in Kansas, all brought about by the intolerable food conditions at the prison. The usual procedure of the prisoners, driven desperate by the monotony and disease resulting from their unsanitary and unbalanced rations, is to seize some of the guards as hostages, and barricade themselves below ground in a mine as a protest, and in the hope of causing a public investigation.

This "mutiny" follows the usual course, except that the prison officials seem rather more brutal in suppressing it than before. They are emphasizing the request for cigarettes, which the prisoners made, as though it were their only grievance.

Favoritism in Navy Promotions.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The seniority rule governing promotions in the navy sustained a severe shock today when it was announced that President Coolidge had approved the action of a navy selecting board in designating eleven captains for promotion to rear admirals as fast as vacancies occur. The selections were made without particular reference to seniority, and no less than nineteen captains were passed over by the board.

Among the senior captains passed over was Franklin D. Karns, commanding the U. S. S. Colorado, which recently went aground at New York.

Stresseman Attacks France But Wavers On the Soviet Policy

BERLIN, June 23.—That Germany continues to waver between a complete alliance with the western imperialist powers led by Great Britain and a policy friendly to the Soviet Union was clearly indicated in a speech delivered before the Reichstag today by Foreign Minister Stresseman.

While following the British tory lead in an attack on Soviet "propaganda," Stresseman launched a vicious attack on Poincare's Lüneville speech, declaring "what does he really want—the Ruhr or Locarno? It is impossible to handle both."

The difference between Germany and France over the Ruhr and Germany's desire to regain some of the colonies that she lost during the war are the factors keeping Germany from joining Britain and France in an anti-USSR offensive.

Lindbergh Falls For Hoover; To Be Dupe of Patrioteers and Plutes

WASHINGTON, June 23.—That Charles Lindbergh will affiliate himself—that is give the weight of his reputation—to a commercial aviation concern was definitely learned after he had conferred with Secretary of Commerce Hoover.

"Colonel Lindbergh came to Washington to discuss commercial aviation," said Secretary Hoover. "His whole interest will lie in that direction."

Lindbergh will be made the dupe of militarism as well as big business since commercial planes are easily converted into military planes.

Landslide On Panama Canal.

BALBOA HEIGHTS, Panama Canal Zone, June 23.—A landslide which promises to dump 50,000 tons of rock and dirt into the Panama Canal has started on the east bank of the Culebra cut, it was learned today. The slide is not interfering with navigation through the canal and canal zone, officials said it is not serious.

SACCO and VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!

French, German, Russian, Italian, Portuguese and Chinese sent all around the world. WE BEG THE REPRODUCTION.

Address: Sr. Jose Allen, Apartado 7930, Mexico City, Mexico.

Over Two Thousand Southern Gentlemen Hunt Negro Victim

RALEIGH, N. C., June 23.—Blood lust is running high here, the southern white is on the war path, breaking the monotony of the newly industrialized south with one of his periodical man hunts.

A white girl has been killed, by person or persons unknown, but a rumor has been circulated that a particular negro, Broadus Miller, was seen near the scene of the crime, and 2,500 persons, armed with all sorts of weapons, are cursing the countryside with the intention of mutilating and lynching him.

Miller has thus far escaped. The governor is calling out the militia in order to give a semblance of order to the man hunt, and see that the Negro is hanged in a jail yard instead of to a tree. The Morgantown company of militia will arrive tonight.

Voikoff Murder Blessed By Court, Says Envoy

(Continued from Page One)
meeting with hospitality in Polish territory.

Capture 30 Bandits.

KIEV, June 23.—Using Poland as a base of operations Ukrainian White Guard bandits, headed by the notorious Kubulinski, have been murdering Communist workers and plundering the countryside. The bandit raids are said to have been carried on with the knowledge and consent of the Pilsudski Government.

A series of brutal murders and robberies have been directly traced to the bandits and thru the activities of the secret police, thirty of the bandits have been captured.

Execute 11.

After trials, eleven of the band, including Kubulinski, have been executed. Thirty of the bandits have been given prison sentences.

It is stated that members of the band were subsidized by the British in their unofficial war against the Soviet Union.

Score McDonald Betrayal

LONDON, June 23.—The rank and file of British workers and leaders of the minority movement are denouncing the resolutions passed by the right wing General Council of the British Trade Union Congress defending the twenty white guard bandits executed by the Soviet Union for murder, arson and espionage for Great Britain.

The action of the General Council is regarded as further evidence of the common bond between the right wing of the Trade Union Congress and the die-hard Government. Leaders of the minority movement point out that the right wing labor leaders did not issue as strong a protest when the British Government murdered Jim Connolly, Irish liberation leader.

Labor Backs U. S. S. R.

The resolution was passed by the General Council at a meeting held in the House of Commons. The twenty executed white guardists were employed by the Tory Government to carry on a reign of terror and espionage in the Soviet Union. Their execution was regarded as a necessary and justifiable action by the bulk of the British labor movement.

(Special Cable to DAILY WORKER).

MOSCOW, June 23.—A number of the largest labor centers, provincial committees of the Communist Party and meetings of members of the Leningrad, Moscow, Ivacovoznesensk, Kharkov and many other local organizations have demanded that leaders of the opposition be removed from the Central Committee of the Communist Party.

The Pravda, reviewing the actions of the opposition during the last year states that after the fifteenth conference, when the Party condemned the opposition's line as being social democratic, the opposition had a choice of either returning to the ideology of Leninism or continuing to waver between Bolshevism and Menshevism, rapidly moving away from Bolshevism. The opposition chose the second way.

By numerous speeches at party and non-partisan meetings and in various documents the opposition demonstrated that it followed a line aggravating the inner party contradictions and further and further falling out of the party. The opposition rendered absolutely valueless its declaration of the sixteenth of October proving the latter to be a document issued for the purpose of deceiving the party. The factional struggle of the opposition has intensified the tension of the international situation in which the Soviet Union finds itself and has politically exploited difficult moments thus putting under question its loyalty to the proletariat and the Bolshevik party in the hour of danger.

The opposition has systematically tended to the policy of legalizing factions within the party. The whole party will rally like an iron wall to the Leninist Central Committee, the opposition is backed by no single nucleus and all party organizations are demanding energetic measures against the opposition.

COSGRAVE, KING'S IRISH HENCHMAN IS DAIL HEAD

Opposed by Labor, Free State Party in Minority

DUBLIN, June 23.—William T. Cosgrave was re-elected president of the Irish Free State by the Dail tonight, despite the fact that his party lacks a majority and the labor party came out in opposition to his re-election.

The vote for Cosgrave was 68 to 22, the opposition vote being that of the labor deputies.

Eamon De Valera and his republican followers made an attempt to rush into the chamber without taking the oath, but were unsuccessful and after a two hour demonstration in the Dail corridors left, declaring, "we will come back." De Valera announced he would hold a public protest meeting.

The Dail was guarded by police reserves.

Professor Hayes was re-elected president of the Dail.

Should De Valera and the small Sinn Fein group decide to take the oath and line up with the labor party, the combination would have 71 votes against the combined opposition of 68. The majority could then vote to abolish the oath of allegiance.

Angeles Comrades Preparing Special Issue of The Daily

LOS ANGELES, June 23.—The Press Conference, composed of representatives of the various language fractions, the Y. W. L., Women's Consumers Educational League, Daily Worker Builders Club, and the Freiheit Yugend Club, at its last meeting reached the decision that all tickets sold by the party units (Nuclei) at the gate of the picnic and all profits realized at the picnic shall be divided in the following manner: 10% to the Sub-District and 90% to the DAILY WORKER. That a special Los Angeles Daily Worker edition shall be issued on Saturday, August the 6th so it would reach here a day or two prior to the picnic.

The price of the tickets was made low in order to reach the poorest wage workers, for after all financial success is secondary to the success of drawing thousands of wage earners to our picnic.

One of the greatest tasks for our party concerning the picnic is to mobilize all our forces to carry out the decision of the conference concerning the special edition. . . . It should be our aim that this special edition should reflect the activities of the local labor movement and particularly the role of our party in that movement. In order to accomplish this, the nuclei, language fractions, trade union fractions and the fraternal fractions shall send in brief articles of their activities not later than July 29th to the Secretary of the Conference, Comrade Prescott Chaplin at Headquarters, 322 W. Second St., Los Angeles. The leading comrades as well as sympathizers can also send in brief articles for this special edition.

Every nucleus as well as every fraction must lead in sending in paid greetings. They must also induce sympathetic unions, fraternal organizations as well as individuals to do likewise. Every member of the party should ask his barber, his druggist, his grocer, his butcher or any other merchant he deals with to put in an advertisement in this special Los Angeles Daily Worker Edition. Point out to them that this edition will be read by thousands of people in the city of Los Angeles. Indeed it would be worthless to have a special Los Angeles edition without having at least two thousand copies distributed free of charge to the picnic as well as at the factory gates. Remember that the Press Picnic will take place August 14th, at Plummer's Park, 7405 Santa Monica Blvd.

Preacher's Victim in Court Tells of Rape

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., June 23.—Mrs. Beattie May Woodworth, 24, today related how she led state troopers in the sensational raid on the House of David last November when Rev. Benjamin Purnell was nabbed after hiding there four years.

Mrs. Woodworth, last important witness for the state, who testified Ben first assaulted her when she was 15-years-old, admitted she perjured herself in testifying at the 1923 probe here. She declared she perjured herself on explicit instructions from Purnell and his two chief girl lieutenants, Ada Ross and Edith Mel-drim.

Trackmen Killed, Another Injured.

TRENTON, N. J., June 23.—One track worker was killed and another injured in a railroad "accident" today. The dead trackman is Harold Shover, 24, of Miller's Falls, Mass., the injured worker is William Abbott, 46, of Trenton.

Prohibition Agents Charged With Graft And Brutal Tactics

Charges of third degree methods by prohibition enforcement officials were made yesterday at the trial in Federal Court of former agents who are accused of bribery.

Albert Briggs, alleged to have collected hush money from saloon keepers, for the agents testified that he was clubbed, beaten and kicked in prohibition headquarters at 1 Park Ave. on the night of December 13 last in an effort to make him implicate the agents.

Major Augustus Teise, assistant prohibition administrator, wielded the club, Briggs charged.

Beaten Unconscious.

"Heise asked me about collecting money for the agents and when I said I was only hired as a driver he ordered me strapped in a chair," the witness said. "I was strapped there from 8 p. m. until midnight. Heise hit me with a club and the others hit me with their fists and kicked me in the stomach."

Briggs said that while he was at headquarters a Negro named Benjamin Richmond was brought in. When Richmond refused to implicate the agents he was thrown against a wall and knocked unconscious, Briggs testified.

Although not an agent, Briggs is on trial before Judge Knox and a jury with the others who are Jesse Harvey, of New Rochelle, Edward McCann, Richard Warner and Josiah Dixon.

150 Weavers Earning an Average of \$18 Weekly Strike When Pay Is Cut

WALTHAM, Mass. June 23.—Nearly 150 weavers, employed in the cotton mills of the Boston Manufacturing Co. and who earn an average of \$18 a week, struck yesterday when an announcement was made of a cut from \$2 to \$1.60 in the rate of pay per roll of cloth and in the number of looms tended by each man, from 10 to 6.

The workers have been unorganized, but steps will now be taken to form a branch of the textile workers' union.

Panic Follows Spanish Earthquake.

MADRID, June 23.—Panic conditions followed an earthquake of several seconds duration in Teruel today. Walls were cracked and minor damage was done but no casualties have been reported.

Jersey Plumbers Win.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., (FP) June 23.—One dollar more a day, bringing scale to \$11 was won in a strike of plumbers in Somerville and Bound Brook, N. J.

A List of Good Books



On Co-operatives

THE CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT IN ITALY —1.75
By E. A. Lloyd
WORKERS' NON-PROFIT CO-OPERATIVES —1.00
By James E. Wiggins
LENIN ON CO-OPERATIVES —.05

Women

WOMAN WORKER AND THE TRADE UNIONS —1.75
By Theresa Wolfson
WOMEN AND SOCIALISM —1.50
By August Bebel
WORK AMONG WOMEN —.35
ORIGIN OF THE FAMILY, PRIVATE PROPERTY AND THE STATE —.60
Friedrich Engels

Religion

FOUNDATIONS OF CHRISTIANITY —1.75
By Karl Kautsky
MY HERESY —2.00
Bishop Wm. M. Brown
COMMUNISM vs. CHRISTIANITY —1.00
Bishop Wm. M. Brown
PROFITS OF RELIGION —1.00
By Upton Sinclair
—Paper \$1.00—Cloth 1.50

American Imperialism

THE AMERICAN EMPIRE —50
By Scott Nearing
IMPERIAL WASHINGTON —1.25
R. F. Pettigrew
—Paper .25—Cloth 1.25
DOLLAR DIPLOMACY —50
By Scott Nearing & Jos. Freeman

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CHINESE STUDENTS DEMAND ARMS; WOULD AID LIBERATION STRUGGLE

(By Nationalist News Agency) HANKOW, May 19, 1927. (By Mail).—A request for arms, for the right of students to be trained to take active part in the revolution, was made by youths who gathered at the Third Conference of the Hupeh Provincial Students union held at Wu-chang May 3rd to 12th at the auditorium of the provincial Kuomintang.

The delegates, ranging from 12 to 18 years, made up the youngest convention ever gathered in China.

Two circular telegrams, one denouncing the counter-revolutionary Chiang Kai-shek, the other pledging support to the central government against imperialism, were sent out by the young students.

Purge Kuomintang.

Regarding national politics, the convention adopted a program of armed campaign against imperialism; indictment of Chiang; continuation of the northern expedition; a drastic policy in cleaning out counter-revolutionaries.

Support was pledged to the Boys Corps organization of Hupeh province in 20 resolutions, and 20 more were adopted with reference to the program of the students.

With regard to the Boys Corps, the resolutions expressed belief in the institution as one exercising a good influence on the life of a boy. The convention advocated energetic reform and expansion of the Boys Corps and its guidance by the student union and school authorities. It further advocated political training as part of the corps program, and in aiming to render maximum assistance to the peasants, the boys should undertake to organize labor corps and effect other organization in the villages during summer when schools are not in session. In other words, the corps is to be made the organ for developing ability to assist peasants and laborers.

As a practical measure, the convention suggested that each needy and deserving boy member should receive an allowance from the Government.

Boys Corps members should be represented at the student's associa-

tions, one resolution says. In the resolutions concerning the student's activities, the government is requested, in order to achieve educational equality for girls and boys, to prohibit any family from hindering a daughter going to school, and that as far as possible, should add women teachers to their faculties.

Emphasis is to be laid, one of the resolutions state, on the daily work of the students. Examinations develop bad habits of cramming and in some cases encourage dishonesty, and should be abolished the students decided. Other resolutions are (1) Helping needy students (2) Establishing libraries (3) Prohibiting army occupation of school premises. (4) Adding subject of sociological and political interest to curriculum (5) Financing Student Associations (6) Reforming private schools and increasing primary schools (7) Making definite educational appropriations (8) Improving classrooms and dormitories (9) Increasing laboratory apparatus and equipment.

A set of resolutions was also carried with a view to arming students. Proposals were made to conduct military training classes, not less than 6 hours a week in schools above middle schools and to form a student army corps in various districts and request the government to supply arms to schools for practice. A students military council is to be effected.

Plan Athletics.

The convention presented an ambitious program for athletics and recreation. Demands were put forth to provide an athletic field for every school. Besides regular athletics, the students are to have gymnastic work. Each year in April an athletic meet is to be held. Dramatic clubs, brass bands, indoors games and social clubs are to be encouraged.

The delegates, eight from Wu-chang, six from Hankow, four from Hanyang and two from each of the 80 districts in Hupeh province met every day during the convention from 9-12 a. m. and from 1-5 p. m., except on National Humiliation day.

The delegates were entertained by the Central Kuomintang, the Hupeh Provincial Kuomintang, the Hankow District Kuomintang, the Peasant Association, the school faculty union, and the Wuchang students' association. A reception was given to Hankow journalists.

Study Principles Of Revolution, Feng Tells His Officers

General Feng Yu-hsiang issued ten commandments to his high ranking officers.

They are as follows:—
(1) Developing revolutionary spirit:—To make a deep study of revolutionary principles so as to know how best to awaken the populace, support the people's corp and organs, concentrate revolutionary forces, and strengthen the revolutionary foundation.

(2) Seeking an intimate and deep knowledge of military science, political science and party work should be a part of each officer's life. Knowledge is power, therefore no matter how busy an officer may be, he must make an allowance of time for study.

(3) Cultivating a broad and sound personality:—To tolerate what ordinary people cannot tolerate. Listen to ordinary people. Entertain no false pride. Do not lose your temper.

(4) Using executive capacity—To realize that there are no insurmountable difficulties, no easy tasks. Entertain no fear because of difficulties. Tolerate no carelessness because tasks look easy. Weigh advantages and disadvantages before making a decision. Hold fast to decisions when made.

Words and Deeds.

(5) Exercising care with words and deeds—To see to it that no vain words are uttered, and no empty deeds are performed. Win trust and confidence of men in association, and remain always their model.

(6) Knowing men and how to employ them: To put the right man in the right position and achieve maximum results. Talents of individuals vary and tempers differ.

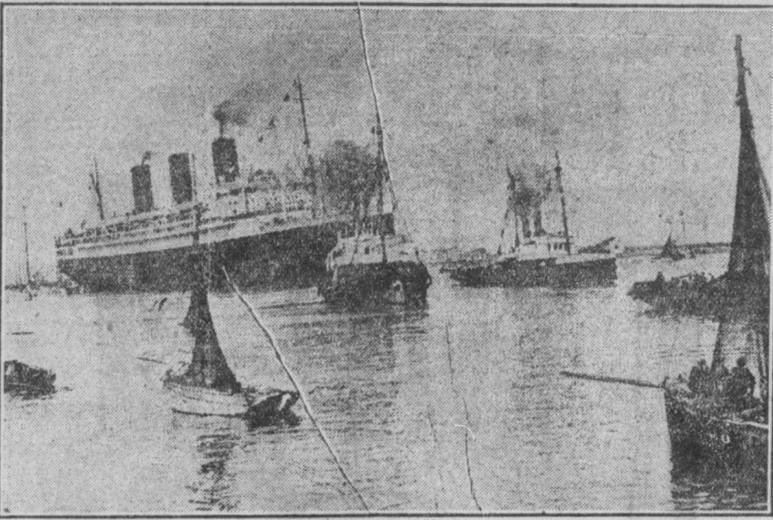
(7) Making right awards and punishments:—To give credit where it is due and accord punishment where punishment is due. This makes clear to soldiers what is wrong and elevates the moral standard of the whole army.

(8) Entertaining sympathy for soldiers:—To share joy and sorrow with the soldiers leads to their loyalty and devotion.

(9) Maintaining high standards of morality and conduct:—To realize that character is the foundation of a powerful personality. It is to be placed above talents and knowledge.

(10) Possessing constancy:—To see that constancy makes for success. Sun Yat-sen spent 40 years in revolution. Life-long constancy, moves mountains. Thanks to the late Tsung-li's constancy, the revolution is today making rapid progress.

BUILDING A NEW WAR—FRANCE GRASPS FOR TRADE



The new liner Ile de France, largest French passenger vessel and one of the most luxurious ships ever built, is shown leaving Saint Nazaire, France, where it was constructed, on a trial run to Brest, prior to starting on its maiden trip to New York.

Our Letter from Australia

MELBOURNE, Australia (By Mail).—F. J. Williams, medical superintendent of the London Missionary Society at Hankow (China), at present in Australia, said that the fundamental factor in the present situation in China was a burning desire on the part of the Chinese for complete self-government. The time had arrived, he said, when the foreign concessions should be handed back to their jurisdiction and they should be allowed to control their own tariff.

Protesting against the landing of armed foreigners in China, Williams said: "I quite realize that the presence of foreign troops in China might for a time, under special circumstances, help to restrain the violence of the mob, but it is very significant that where the clashes have occurred, between foreigners and Chinese, it has been almost always where there have been foreign military and naval 'protection'. I personally would feel very much safer in China if all foreign forces were withdrawn from that country."

Politics Static.

Election held throughout the State of Victoria on April 9th did not result in any notable change in the strength of the various parties. Labor's position remained unchanged. Prior to the elections the state of parties was: Labor, 28; Conservatives, 19; Country Party Conservatives, 12; Liberals, 4; Independents, 2. After the elections the result was: Labor, 28; Conservatives, 19; Country Party Conservatives, 11; Liberals, 2; Progressives, 3; Independents, 2. The labor party is trying to secure the support of the liberals, independents and progressives to oust the present conservative country party government.

Kuomintang Grows.

SYDNEY, Australia.—The Australian section of the Kuomintang (Chinese Nationalist) party is now a fairly healthy organization. Starting from an original membership of 40 in 1916 there are now 10,000 members in Australia, New Zealand and the Pacific Islands. There are no less than 40 sub-branches throughout the various countries covered under the Australian jurisdiction and the head executive office is at Sydney, where a large four-storied building has been erected for party rooms, printing office, and social club and rooms. The Australian section has the status of a Chinese province at the annual conferences of the Kuomintang in China. The next conference will take place at Canton next August. Mr. Yee Wing, a veteran Chinese patriot, and close friend and adviser of the late Dr. Sun Yat Sen, is chairman of the Australian section of the Kuomintang.

Passports Refused.

In view of the Australian federal government's refusal to issue passports to the delegates selected by the labor council of New South Wales to attend the Pan-Pacific Congress at Canton, China, the labor council has decided to take no further action in the matter. Some of the council delegates favored demanding passports to Russia or some other European country and then securing other passports to get to China via Siberia.

War On Machinists.

MELBOURNE, Australia. — Engineering employers are trying to introduce the system of piecework payment in place of the existing system of daily and weekly wages. They are also trying to break down the apprenticeship margin, which at present is one apprentice to every three skilled workers, to one apprentice to every one skilled worker. Dilution of labor—that is, the use of semi-skilled workers at lower rates of pay—is also being attempted.

The engineering unions are resisting the employers' schemes. In a statement issued on behalf of the unions, Mr. W. J. Duggan, president of the Melbourne Trades Hall Council, said the workers would have to unite closely to meet the modern industrial methods of piece-work and bonus system and would have to be warned that if they accepted these

brides they would be doing an injustice to unborn generations. Piece-work was a cancerous growth which would eat into the vital of the labor movement before many years.

Federal Disputes Committee.

The All-Australian Trades Union Congress is to draw up a scheme for the creation of a federal industrial disputes committee to deal with disputes extending, or likely to extend, beyond the limits of any one state. The committee is to have the power to call upon the duly appointed representatives of all unions likely to be involved in any dispute reported to them by the states disputes committees. In such disputes, the decision of the federal committee shall be supreme. The federal council is to consist of two delegates from each of the six states in Australia, such delegates to be appointed by the various states industrial committees.

Union Conference.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand. — The conference of New Zealand unions, convened by the N. Z. Alliance of Labor opened at Wellington Trades Hall on April 11. Delegates from all parts of New Zealand, representing 75,000 workers, attended. Many questions affecting the workers, including wages, housing, unemployment and immigration were discussed. It has been decided to hold a conference of the Alliance of Labor every year.

BUY THE DAILY WORKER AT THE NEWSSTANDS

M. Pavlovich, Famous Russian Marxist, Dies In Moscow at 56

MOSCOW, June 23.—M. Pavlovich, noted Marxist, died here Wednesday at the age of 56. Pavlovich, who took an active part in the revolutionary movement in Russia, was widely known as an economist and political theoretician.

Celebrate Anniversary Of Pushkin's Birth

MOSCOW, June 7 (By Mail).—The 128th anniversary of the great Russian poet Pushkin's birth was celebrated in Moscow and Leningrad by meetings at which there participated representatives of the Academy of Sciences and the world of literature and science.

In Moscow, the memorial tablet was fixed on the house where Pushkin was born. At the official meeting in Moscow there assisted the poet's descendants.

In Leningrad, a large number of people visited the flat where Pushkin lived, and a new exhibition has been opened referring to the poet's stay in the village of Mikhailovskoe.

BARBERTON, Ohio, June 23.—The International Labor Defense will hold a meeting here June 24 at Slovenian Independence Hall, Mullberry Street to organize a branch. All workers are invited to be present.

RED INTERNATIONAL ON VOIKOFF'S ASSASSINATION IN POLAND

TO WORKERS EVERYWHERE! Another treacherous blow has been dealt the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. Comrade Voikoff, the Soviet representative in Poland has been shot down by a hired murderer in Warsaw.

Led by the conservative government of Great Britain, world counter-revolution in its struggle against the U. S. S. R. has apparently decided to adopt the usual treacherous fascist methods of shooting down defenseless men.

One of the foremost diplomatic representatives of the U. S. S. R., who was treacherously shot in a similar fashion in Geneva, was Comrade Vorovsky, whose memory at this juncture leaps to our minds. The Soviet government was systematically persecuted, and this loathsome, cowardly, and treacherous campaign finally culminated in Lord Curzon's ultimatum.

The bloody attack on Comrade Voikoff again served as the logical culmination of the frenzied campaign the British conservative government has been carrying on against the U. S. S. R. during the last few years, a campaign that finally brought about a rupture in the diplomatic relations of the two countries.

One of the many Russian White Guards, who enjoy the bountiful hospitality of Poland, has worthily imitated the tactics of political banditism so thoroughly mastered by the British conservative government. In the present-day atmosphere of implacable hostility towards the U. S. S. R. this cowardly murderer could well count not only on being let off but on receiving the approval of his real instigators.

Comrades! This policy of provocative pogroms and murders has led to a situation which is becoming graver every day. The Red International of Labor Unions calls on all its affiliated organizations to be prepared, to rally the active forces of the International Proletariat around the U. S. S. R., to defend the Home of Practical Socialism against the growing attack of World Counter-Revolution!

Executive Bureau of the Red International of Labor Unions.

COMMUNIST VOTE TRIPLED IN WARSAW ELECTIONS; POLISH SOCIALISTS AND MIDDLE PARTIES LOSE

(Continued from Page One)

voting was not very lively, only about 60 per cent availing themselves of their opportunity (all citizens over 21, irrespective of sex, have the right to vote in Warsaw, with its million-strong population. These two facts—the multiplication of lists and the weak polling—show both the diffusion and confusion in petty bourgeois elements in the government and all political groupings. Many of the non-voters would certainly have voted for the Communist candidates if their lists had not been annulled.

The Big Four.

Serious rivalry existed between 4 lists in the following groups: COPS (Committee for defence of Polish character of Warsaw)—a reactionary bloc of national-democrats and Christian democrats, embracing a section of the bourgeoisie, the most reactionary sections of the petty bourgeoisie, especially tradesmen, the priesthood and the most backward sections of the working class (domestic servants, etc.). This bloc represented those very elements which were in the majority in the former Council, so that they were forced in the elections to give an account of their stewardship. Thanks to the participation of the priesthood, demagogic anti-semitic slogans and anti-government tactics, this bloc gained many votes, to be precise 118,000, but lost 50,000 in comparison with the Sejm elections of 1922.

The committee for the recovery of Warsaw—a government group, embracing petty bourgeois sections, the middle classes and employees—obtained 40,000 votes.

Socialists Lose.

The PSP had 71,000 votes as against 82,000 in the elections to the Sejm.

In the Jewish quarter (there are about 30 per cent of Jews in Warsaw) the bourgeois candidates, with 39,000 votes and the Bund candidates with 20,000 votes, vied with each other.

All Had Money.

All these groups had great means at their disposal and, attributing the greatest importance to the Warsaw elections, carried on intensified agitation. The two government groups distinguished themselves especially, i.e., the committee for the recovery of Warsaw and the PSP, flooding Warsaw with appeal and posters and defensing it with a succession of meetings, of which the PSP organized 10 to 15 a day. The PSP-ers were not too particular, for the most demagogical slogans, appealing for the protection of the "Polish character of Warsaw (apparently against Jews and Communists), vying with the National democrats; issued appeals to the Catholics of Warsaw, assuring them of their toleration and good will—anything to get votes.

Communists Underground.

The Communists were crowded out. The Communist Party has been driven underground in Poland. The Polish judges passed sentences of long-term imprisonment, on the basis of the Tarsist laws still effective in former Russian Poland, against those guilty of adherence to the Communist Party, or affixing Communist appeals. The PSP Left Wing, splitting off from the PSP last year, is a legal party but also zealously persecuted by the authorities.

Trade Union Opposition led partly by the Communist Party, partly by the Left Wing PSP, is the victim of perpetual vicious persecution by the trade union bureaucrats, inevitably followed up by police repressions. We will merely mention the closing down of a succession of Red branches of unions, the arrests of trade unionists, the confiscation and closing down of "Glos Pracy," the organ of trade union opposition. During the whole election campaigns there was no revolutionary press and it was almost impossible to get up meetings, all agitation being carried on in conditions of incessant police repression.

The annulment of the Left candidates' list on the plea that it contained candidates sentenced for Communist activity completed this sort of repression. It is highly probable that the PSP did its bit in the annulment of this list on the quiet, hoping to increase its chances of getting rid of the Communists while officially protesting against the annulment.

Vote For Annulled.

The Polish Communist Party broadcast the slogan to vote for the annulled lists. It was obvious for friends and foes of the revolutionary working class that the result of the elections would show the enormity of the increase in Communist influence, not of course the number of votes (conspicuously given without any tangible results, must have been much less than the number given in normal voting conditions with the hope of getting their candidates in. Not understanding this, the number of votes given for the annulled lists reached, according to the latest news, 77,000, while the elections to the Sejm got the Communists 27,000 votes so that the number of Communist electors has been almost tripled, composing 17 per cent of all votes given, each sixth voter being Communist or sympathizer. It is obvious that during the Warsaw elections such questions as the "economic recovery of Warsaw" on which the PSP-ers depended, fell into the background, fundamental political questions occupying the whole foreground: for or against the USSR. The Polish Communist Party embarked on these elections with unfurled banners and the Warsaw working class rallied around them.

Sailing for Leningrad



July 14th

Six Weeks' Trip to Russia

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Lackeys to Their Masters, the Bourgeoisie.

Following the policy laid down by the Baldwin-Chamberlain-Hicks Tory government of forgery, provocation and murder, the General Council of the British Trades Union Congress echoes the Daily Mail and other reactionary organs by denouncing the Soviet Union for its execution of conspirators against the lives of the leaders of the revolution.

This council of the great betrayal, that came to the rescue of the Tory government during the great general strike, just at the time it bid fair to develop into a political struggle against the state power, is so utterly debased, so devoid of even the slightest independence of view, that its resolution against the Soviet Union is taken word for word from the scurrilous mendacity of the Tory politicians and press. The General Council states that it "protests against the policy avowedly adopted by the Soviet government of persons innocent of the murder of Voikoff in reprisal for that murder." Concluding it observes: "To meet murder by murder is a policy which degrades the standards of civilized life and which can be productive of nothing but harm to Soviet Russia."

These miserable poltroons, and servants to his majesty's government, are indeed gravely concerned about harming the Soviet Union, as their actions show. But they have to cover their crimes against the workers' and peasants' government by hypocritically professing to give friendly advice to the Soviet Union, while striking with the venom of rattlesnakes. A group of so-called labor leaders that are so debased that they place in the same category with the defenders of the proletarian revolution in Russia the foul czarist agent of British Toryism and Pilsudski fascism who murdered Voikoff is capable of any crime against labor. Only agent provocateurs for the mad-dog of British imperialism would resort to such deliberate falsification.

The executions were carried out against the terrorist hirelings of Britain, because they conspired to repeat on Soviet soil the murderous assaults their masters paid other scoundrels to perpetrate against the Soviet diplomats in capitalist countries. The dishonesty of the general council is still further emphasized by the fact that while they condemned the Soviet Union for defending itself against the hired assassins of British imperialism they said not one word in condemnation of the Tories for inciting the murder of Voikoff.

But no one can expect this general council that has loyally and persistently aided the Tories in the fight against the workers of Britain to defend the workers' government in Russia. Their joining in the anvil chorus against the revolution is also for the purpose of assuring their capitalist masters that in case the government attempts a war against the Soviet Union it will have their support, just as it had their support in the world war.

In its fight against British imperialism and the Tory government that has delivered crushing blows against it, the working class of Britain must drive from the labor movement the Thomases, the Clines, the MacDonaldis and their ilk. They should be repudiated now so that they cannot be in position to play the parts of murderers of the working class when the masters in their final extremity can find no other lackeys to defend the citadels of capitalism.

The Law in Its Impartial Majesty—

United States Attorney General John S. Sargent, successor to the odoriferous swindler, grafter and political crook, Harry M. Daugherty, delivered a speech before the Pennsylvania bar association at Bedford in that state yesterday wherein he proclaimed his conviction that jeers at legislation and law are a national peril. According to his expressed beliefs the law should be strictly enforced, and those disrespectful "writers, publishers, soap-box orators," who sneer at it should be sternly dealt with.

Like all of his class Mr. Sargent favors law enforcement in the abstract; but concretely he enforces it against only those whom it is designed to hold in subjection—the workers.

Certainly he cannot expect intelligent workers to have any respect for a government or a code of laws that permit the Daughertys, the Denbys, the Falls, the Roosevelts and others of the Teapot Dome emineces, to remain at liberty, while innocent victims of capitalist vengeance like Sacco and Vanzetti, Tom Mooney, Warren K. Billings and hundreds of other workers rot in the foul prisons of this country.

Illustrations by the thousands are available to prove that the so-called impartial majesty of the law is an empty jest, fit only to be despised by all intelligent workers.

LETTERS FROM OUR READERS

A Positive Way to Build Our Party.

The members of our unit, Four F, Section 1, have launched a campaign of industrial activity. The plan is a simple one. It will merely require the doing of some systematic work, especially on the part of the union members in our unit.

The inauguration of this activity will eliminate a hitherto serious problem that confronted our unit and which now probably exists in other units. How to carry on Communist activity in reactionary unions and on the job? This is how we decided to "carry on!" We elected a special DAILY WORKER committee to negotiate with Comrade Bert Miller for the purchase of a hundred dollars worth of subscriptions to THE DAILY WORKER. The subscriptions were for one month and cost 75 cents a piece. The unit therefore received 134 monthly subscriptions which it will use up in from three to six months.

The subscriptions will be distributed free of charge to sympathizers and "promising" shop workers. Candidates for a trial subscription will

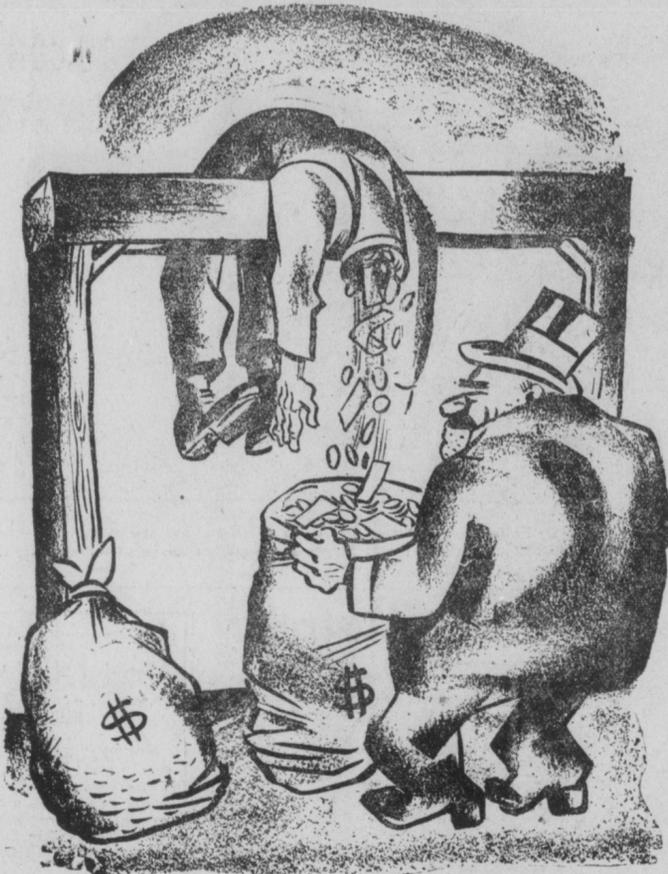
be proposed by party members, who will present their names to the Trial Subscription Committee elected by the unit.

The members who receive trial subscriptions for their "prospects" must strive to achieve two main results: First, the enrollment of the prospect as a regular subscriber to THE DAILY. Second the bringing into the party of the new DAILY WORKER reader.

The party member who is responsible for the starting of the paper must "work" on the new reader and report on the progress that is being made, to the industrial meeting of the unit. The unit will then be able to plan out, if necessary, the strategy to be employed in the winning over of the potential convert.

The members of Unit Four F mean business. They have assessed themselves five dollars each, to be paid in weekly installments, for the fulfillment of this work. They invite other units to follow their example. Who is next?—C. K. Miller, Chairman Trial Subscription Committee, Unit Four F, Section One.

THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM



New Retreats by United Mine Workers Officialdom

Concessions to the Coal Barons—The Herrin Battle Again—Need For Greatest Vigilance and Activity of Militant Miners

By WILLIAM F. DUNNE.

ONCE more the Lewis leadership of the United Mine Workers has shown that it has no policy except that of surrender. In the third month of the strike there is still no sign even of preparation for an organization drive while the most recent news is that in Illinois, the largest district of the union, the union officials have offered to agree to substantial changes in the working rules provided the \$7.50 per day scale is nominally continued.

IN other words the officials have already agreed, without undertaking serious organization work in such fields as West Virginia, where non-union miners produce 40 per cent of the total national bituminous tonnage to what amounts to an actual reduction of wages and a worsening of working conditions. It is proposed that the miners do more work for the same money and under provisions that disregard rulings secured by union pressure over a long period of years.

SECONDLY, the Illinois proposal is new evidence showing that district agreements are to be substituted for one national agreement—a major principle for which the United Mine Workers has contended for years and the securing of which brought the union to the peak of its strength.

The coal barons are active. Not only is production being stimulated in big non-union fields like West Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky, but at frequent intervals there are statements that former union mines are starting operations on a non-union basis. In the Western Pennsylvania and Ohio fields this is to be noted particularly. The reports of sums spent for coal and iron police coming from various sources shows a substantial increase which is in direct proportion to the strike-breaking activities of the coal barons.

FAR from attempting to arouse the rank and file of the union to the seriousness of the situation and raise the morale of the membership in conjunction with the advocacy of a militant program, the official leadership of the union seems to play down the necessity for struggle deliberately. There is as yet no organized campaign for strike relief nor any evidence of intention to do anything but wait from time to time to offer concessions to the coal barons.

IT is important to note that Illinois coal barons have rejected the offer of the union officialdom and continue to insist on a formal reduction of the wage scale. In addition to the desire for the larger profits which this would bring there is another motive actuating the coal barons in their insistence upon an actual reduction.

The coal barons know that any reduction of the Jacksonville scale will do two things: One, seriously lower the morale of the union membership and two, make it very difficult for the union to offer sufficient inducements to the miners in the non-union fields to bring them into the union.

BRIEFLY, recent developments are conclusive proof that the coal barons are working deliberately for the destruction of the most important union in the American labor movement in those fields where it has either a strong foothold or is dominant, and to prevent any extension of its influence to non-union territories.

To such a program the suspension of work in union fields is not an effective reply and this too has already been shown. The offer of concessions to the coal barons by the union officialdom is proof that the union leadership recognizes this fact. But it does not act on its knowledge. Its policy means death to the United Mine Workers of America and a crushing blow to the whole labor movement.

THE only elements in the union which have a clear idea of the seriousness of the crisis and the steps which must be taken to overcome it are the Communists and left wing. In addition there are immense masses of the membership which sense the danger and feel that the present officialdom is leading them straight to disaster.

That the officialdom is fearful that it may be called to account and has interpreted the signs of revolt in the Peoria convention exclusively as a danger to its rule rather than as a guarantee of the will of the membership to struggle and make tremendous sacrifices in order to defeat the operators and save the union, is evident from the stoop-shouldered attack on the Communist members of the union by Ellis Searles at a convention of habbitts in the klan-ridden state of Indiana on June 21.

SEARLES, editor of the United Mine Workers Journal, has become a sort of weather-cock who, when he comes to rest after a period of rapid swiveling, rarely fails to point to some new atrocity which officialdom is about to inflict upon the membership.

In 1928 Searles handled an "exposure" of Communists and Communism, which was syndicated to the capitalist and official labor press and which was followed first by a campaign of persecutions and expulsions directed against the most loyal members of the union and later by the infamous "gentlemen's agreement" in connection with the Jacksonville contract to drive 200,000 miners out of the industry.

THIS was the beginning of the real decadence of the United Mine Workers which had been forecast by the expulsion of Alex Howat and his associates while in jail for resisting the union-smashing Kansas Industrial Court law.

Now, with the union forced to strike by the refusal of the coal barons to consider anything but a reduction of wages, and after there have been offers of district agreements and the abrogation of favorable working conditions by the union officialdom all of which have been refused by the cocksure coal barons as a basis for settlement because they hope for still better (terms) Ellis Searles once more plays the role of

police informer and tries to arouse public sentiment against the one section of the membership which has made not one single mistake in estimating the extent of the bankruptcy of officialdom—the Communist miners.

SEARLES resurrects the hoary lie that Communists were responsible for the armed struggle with gunmen and strikebreakers which took place at the Lester Strip mine near Herrin during the strike of 1922 in which the company tools were defeated. He says:

"During the miners' strike of 1922 nineteen paid Communist organizers were sent from Communist headquarters in Chicago to Herrin, Ill., and these nineteen paid plotters, aided by sixty-seven Communists who lived in Herrin, fomented and were responsible for the Herrin massacre in which more than a score of men were killed. It was all a part of the Communist plot to seize the United Mine Workers' strike and convert it into the beginning of an armed revolution against the government."

BEFORE we draw a conclusion or two from the fact that such accusations are made at this time, a few other things need to be said. In the first place, the headquarters of the Communist Party were not in Chicago in 1922 but were in New York.

This is however a minor error. But it is sufficient to show the utterly unprincipled character of the Searles' statement to recall that the Herrin battle was started by the shooting of a union miner by an imported gunman who fired from behind the barricade surrounding the Lester Strip mine.

It is also rather bad for Ellis Searles that all the union miners accused of taking part in the battle were acquitted by a jury in spite of the fact that the Illinois Chamber of Commerce raised a minimum of \$50,000 to prosecute them.

IT is also interesting to note that John L. Lewis, in a written statement, accused Frank Farrington, then president of the Illinois district, of receiving \$100,000 to allow the Lester mine to operate during the strike.

Farrington, deposed after having been discovered receiving \$25,000 per year from the Peabody Coal Company while an officer of the union, is not even mentioned by Ellis Searles in connection with the struggle in Herrin. Searles prefers to continue to demand the noose for miners whom a jury refused to convict.

HAVING in mind the fact that attacks of this nature upon Communists have always been followed by some new attempt to betray the workers in general, we believe that the militants in the union must increase their vigilance and intensify the efforts to initiate organization campaigns, build up relief machinery, acquaint the membership with the grave danger which the union faces and to put the whole union on a fighting basis.

It is something more than a coincidence that the shameless outburst

DRAMA

Many Novelties Slated for Stadium Concerts

At least twenty-five novelties are announced for the Stadium concerts, which will begin their tenth season on Wednesday evening, July 6th. According to the preliminary programs submitted by Willem Van Hoogstraten, conductor, and Frederick A. Stock and Pierre Monteux, guest conductors, the following works, new to the Stadium repertoire, are to be played at the Lewisohn Stadium by the Philharmonic Orchestra this Summer: Alfvén: Symphony No. 3; Bliss: Hymn to Apollo; Bloch: Three Jewish Poems; Casella: Suite from "La Giara;" Converse: Flivver Ten Million; Delius: Brigg Fair; Doppler: Gothic Chaconne; Dukas: La Peri; Bach-Elgar: Fantaisie and Fugue in C minor; Handel-Elgar: Overture in D minor; Enesco: Rhapsody No. 2; Gershwin: Concerto in F; Gershwin: Rhapsody in Blue; Glazounov: Ruses d'Armour; Hindemith: Concerto for Orchestra; Holst: Selections from "The Planets;" Liadow: Baba Yaga; Ravel: Valses Nobles et Sentimentales; Reznicek: Overture, "Donna Diana;" Schmitt: The Camp of Pompeii; Skilton: "Primeval" Suite; Tchaikovsky: "Thornrose" Suite; Prokofiev: Suite Scythie; Gretry-Mottl: Dance Suite.

Another addition to the repertoire this season will be Mendelssohn's "Elijah," with chorus and soloists. Beethoven's Ninth Symphony will also be performed, and there will be a special choral festival, conducted by Dr. Stock. Willem Van Hoogstraten will conduct for the first three weeks, Frederick A. Stock the fourth and fifth, Pierre Monteux the sixth, and Mr. Van Hoogstraten again for the final two weeks.

JANE COWL



Star of the merry comedy "The Road to Rome," now in its sixth month at the Playhouse.

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Broadway Briefs

Vincent Lawrence's new comedy, formerly called "The Conflict," has now been changed to "Among The Married." The play opens in Atlantic City on July 11. The cast includes Louis Calhern, Warren William, Helen Flint, Kathryn Givney, William David and Milano Tilden.

"Countess Maritza" will close its run at the Shubert Theatre this Saturday night. Texas Guinan and her new show "Padlocks" will open at the same house on Monday night.

"One For All," now housed at the Princess, will be transferred on Monday night to Wallack's Theatre.

Beginning with next week, the matinees of "Crime," the Shipman-Hymn melodrama at the Times Square Theatre will be discontinued.

of Searles in a Ku Klux Klan stronghold comes at a time when further offers of surrender are made to the coal barons by the officialdom of the Illinois district.

The purpose is plain. It is to shift attention from the fact that the union officialdom is not leading the union in effective struggle but is playing into the hands of the coal barons and is an attempt to throttle all opposition to this bankrupt leadership.

All Aboard for Cleveland Picnic. CLEVELAND. — The Workers (Communist) Party picnic on Sunday, June 26, at Avondale Garden, 25 Kinsman Road, will be a great affair.

Bert Wolfe, director of the Workers School, of New York will be the speaker.

There will be dancing to the tune of a fine orchestra; there will be racing and other games—and a baseball game.

"Sea Rover" Arrives. PLYMOUTH, England, June 23.—Captain Thomas Drake, "Lone Sea Rover," has arrived in port here after a 54 day voyage from Charleston, S. C., in an eight ton schooner.

Let's Fight On! Join The Workers Party!

In the loss of Comrade Ruthenberg the Workers (Communist) Party has lost its foremost leader and the American working class its staunchest fighter. This loss can only be overcome by many militant workers joining the Party that he built.

Fill out the application below and mail it. Become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party and carry forward the work of Comrade Ruthenberg.

I want to become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Name

Address

Occupation

Union Affiliation

Mail this application to the Workers Party, 108 East 14th Street, New York City; or if in other city to Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Distribute the Ruthenberg pamphlet, "The Workers' (Communist) Party, What It Stands For and Why Workers Should Join." This Ruthenberg pamphlet will be the basic pamphlet throughout the Ruthenberg Drive.

Every Party Nucleus must collect 50 cents from every member and will receive 20 pamphlets for every member to sell or distribute.

Nuclei in the New York District will get their pamphlets from the District office—108 East 14th St.

Nuclei outside of the New York District write to THE DAILY WORKER publishing Co., 33 East First Street, New York City, or to the National Office, Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Will Investigate Camden Official.

CAMDEN, June 23.—An investigation of the local department of streets and public improvements is announced by the Civil Service Commission.

William D. Sayres, Jr., the director, is accused of causing unnecessary reassignments and of wholesale resignations of employees.

BOOK BARGAINS

AT SPECIAL PRICES

FOR THE Workers' Library

- SCIENCE AND SOCIALISM by Robert Rives Lamonte —10
- SOCIALISM, UTOPIAN AND SCIENTIFIC by Frederick Engels —25
- BOLSHEVISM—Some Questions Answered by I. Stalin —25

These three booklets will make a splendid addition to a worker's library. If you don't own them, take advantage of this offer of 60 cents worth of books for

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NOTE: Books offered in this column on hand in limited quantities. All orders cash and filled in turn as received.

PRESS RIDICULES ANTICS OF POWERS AT NAVAL CONFAB

GENEVA, June 23.—Hopelessly deadlocked because of the conflicting demands of the three powers involved in the so-called limitation of naval armaments conference, the delegates are desperately striving to devise some method of closing the conference and at the same time saving their faces.

Lord Robert Cecil of Great Britain called on M. Caluzel, the French observer, and called his attention to the pessimistic and sarcastic tone of the French press and pleaded with him to strive to stop the barrages of irony. The French agent promised to endeavor to correct this.

Americans and Japanese Confer. Private interviews took place this morning between American and Japanese representatives, but no indication of the tone of the discussions were given out. However, it is known that the views are as far apart as they were at first and no hope is held out for a compromise agreement.

Hugh Gibson, chief of the American delegation, held a conference with W. C. Bridgeman, chief of the British group, and simply announced that numerous plenary sessions would have to be held before a working basis could possibly be reached. Gibson, pretended to have insisted upon the doors being thrown open at the plenary sessions.

MILITANTS FIGHT LOCAL CONTRACTS IN MINE LOCKOUT

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 23.—The "new strike policy" of the Lewis administration of the United Mine Workers of America is working out towards a resumption of work in gradually more and more mines on the basis of the nominal Jacksonville scale, with considerable concessions by the employees as to working conditions, and with a complete collapse of the unity of agreements—the men are going back in a considerable number of mines on contracts between the individual companies and the locals and subdistricts of the union.

The progressives, one of whose slogans in the last election of international officers was, "No Separate Agreements," protest this "new policy" pointing out that this policy of local agreements, "pending settlement of the strike" mean that all hope of a real strike in the future will disappear until these separate contracts can be ended, as with more and more coal being mined under local agreements, the time will come when all the more economical mining projects are at work, enough coal will be produced without ever calling off the lockout, and a large percentage of the membership of the union will be permanently barred from work. Such a situation is certain to lead to the use of these unemployed men for the purpose of cutting wages.

SACCO and VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!

Workers Party Annual Summer Festival

First Big Outdoor Event This Season

Sunday, June 26th

From 10 A. M. Until Midnight

Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx



ATHLETICS GAMES DANCING

BASEBALL GAMES

Workers Party vs. Young Workers League.
I. L. G. W. U. vs. Furriers.

ATHLETIC EXHIBITIONS

Finnish, Hungarian and other language groups.—Special program arranged by the Young Pioneers.—All kinds of games for young and old.

Scott Nearing, Wm. F. Dunne, Ben Gitlow, M. J. Olgin, and Albert Weisbord and many others will participate in the games.

GOOD EATS AND PLENTY OF 'EM.

ADMISSION 35c. Free Busses to and from Station.

DIRECTIONS: Take the Bronx Subway or "L" to 177th St. Station, then take Unionport Car to the end of line. From West Side take Broadway Subway to 181st St., then crosstown car to Unionport.

TICKETS ON SALE:

Workers Party, 108 East 14th Street; Freiheit, 30 Union Square; DAILY WORKER, 33 East 1st Street; Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 106 University Place.

PAINTERS

MASS MEETING

at Park Palace, 110th Street and 5th Ave.

To discuss the recent disclosures of corruption, also important trade and organization matters including suspension of council and reinstatement of Secretary Thomas Wright.

On SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 2 P. M.

General Executive Board invited.

Representative members will address meeting.

All members are urged to come.

Auspices of: Local Unions 261, 499, 848, 905, 1011 Brotherhood of Painters.

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GANGSTERS ATTACK WORKERS WHEN THEY PARADE TO UNION OFFICES

(Continued from Page One)
to him was a large American flag that covered six windows.
When the right wingers, most of them not even members of the union, but typical east side gangsters, saw the approach of the workers they darted past the police and started to attack the cloak and dressmakers.

Gangsters Get Busy.
This front line of workers was comparatively small consisting of not more than 125 people so the gangsters having an advantage showed their bravery. But, also fewer in number, the cloak and dressmakers met them blow for blow, driving them back to the protection of the police. When the police saw that the thugs were getting the worst of it they came to their assistance and started to club the small group of workers.

By this time the main body of marchers was turning into 25th St. from Lexington Ave., and faced the gangsters from the other side. Seeing that they were surrounded by indignant workers who heard of the cowardly attack they had launched on the small group of workers several minutes previously, the gangsters with the permission of the police started to beat up those workers who were nearest to them among the new arrivals.

Workers Defend Themselves.
The cloak and dressmakers retaliated for over 15 minutes.
Twenty-fifth street resounded to the sound of blows being struck. True to their trade the gangsters took out blackjacks, the burglar's weapons, to hit the workers. The police joined in, beating the workers and protecting the thugs whenever a worker in the process of protecting himself was able to get the best of the argument.
Police Help Thugs.
Right opposite the two Joint Board buildings is the 71st National Guard Armory. Several policemen stood by its gate when a dozen gunmen beat

several workers most brutally. When a few workers saw what was going on and came to their rescue, the police went into action. They did not molest the gunmen but continued beating up the workers where the gunmen had left off. In addition they beat up the other workers who had come to their rescue.

By this time the gangsters in general began to realize that ultimately they would go down into complete defeat. So seeing that they were getting licked they all began to call upon the police to protect them.
Following out instructions, the police, who were now reinforced by reserves who had just arrived, started to attack the cloak and dressmakers and drive them back. Most of them went into the office of Local 2, while the gangsters, being protected by the police, sneaked into No. 130.

By this time the right wing-gangster combine apparently realized that by attacking the peaceful cloak and dressmaker marchers, they had bitten off more than they chew.

Right Wing Defeated.
In addition to being utterly defeated in the field of battle in spite of the police assistance, their "celebration" was broken up and many speakers who had prepared long red-baiting speeches had to go home without delivering them.

Before marching up to 25th St. the cloak and dressmakers held a three hour open forum at Cooper Union. Under the chairmanship of A. Lupin, more than a score of rank and file workers told of their experiences with the Sigman machine in the union. They explained how the right wingers are working in open cooperation with the bosses to beat down the working standards of the dress and cloakmakers.

The last two speakers were Ben Gold and Louis Hyman. Both of them were greeted with tremendous demonstrations from the workers.

MORGAN GANG IN MOVE TO CONTROL TRACTION SYSTEM

The fight between the Chase National Bank group in control of the Brooklyn-Transit Corporation, represented by former Governor Nathan L. Miller, and the Morgan and National City Bank group represented by Samuel Untermyer, goes merrily on.

Albert H. Wiggin, chairman of the board of directors of the Chase National Bank and chairman of the finance committee of the board of the B.-M. T. admitted before the transit commission hearing that his corporation bought 19,600 shares of Interborough stock to give the B.-M. T. a voice in any negotiations by the city toward acquiring the Interborough.

Morgan Fights for Control.
The hearings before the transit commission are supposed to be for the purpose of protecting the 5-cent fare, but in reality the whole thing is a dirty financial and political conspiracy to pave the way for further gouging of the workers of the city of New York who use the traction lines by increasing the fare at an opportune time.

Untermyer, Tammanyite and Al. Smith booster, is like Smith an agent of Wall Street bankers. The game he is playing now is to consolidate the two lines under the domination of the Morgan banks and the Rockefeller controlled National City Bank. Then they will be unloaded onto the city at a price based upon the potential earning power of the property under increased rates. Bonds will be issued for this purpose that will be discounted by the big banks, thereby enabling the plunderers to cut a nice melon for themselves.

Chase Bank Crowd Fights.
As against this move on the part of the larger financial magnates, the Chadbourne-Dahl-Hedley-Quackendorfer fights in order to maintain their own control. Wiggin, as one of the leaders of the Chase National Bank group was forced by Untermyer to admit that he endeavored to dominate the Interborough to keep it in the hands of his own crowd.

Picket Jailed by Cop on Order of Relative

(Continued from Page One)
Hoffert, 236 W. 30th St.; J. B. Rubel, 104 West 29th St.; Simon Levy, 122 East Broadway; Dickler Bros., 115 W. 27th St.; Goldstein & Rocketo, 249 W. 29th St.; S. & M. Horowitz, 251 W. 30th St.; M. L. Miller, 243 West 30th St.; Julius Klugman, 151 W. 30th St.; Offenbergs & Feuerstein, 127 W. 25th St.; S. Harra Fur Co., 663 5th Ave.; B. Labenbaum, 208 W. 30th St.; Reicher & Rauchvogel, 129 W. 29th St.; M. L. Farber, 29 W. 36th St.; Feldman & Silverman Bros., 333 7th Ave.; Glaser & Weinberg, 168 W. 29th St.; New Idea Fur Co., 242 W. 30th St.; M. M. Loinger, 236 W. 30th St.; A. Walzer & Son, 330 7th Ave.; S. M. Kittay, 215 W. 29th St.; S. Curevitz & Co., 315 7th Ave.; A. Hillman & Son (now the Jay Arr Fur Co.), 131 W. 28th St.; Minsk & Cohen, 312 7th Ave.

Police are Active.
The police were again over active yesterday morning in arresting groups of workers on a charge of obstructing traffic. There were 64 brought into Jefferson Market Court and released on bail for further hearing next Tuesday. It seems as if the police could not bear the sight of a splendid, energetic picket line such as was present on every street of the fur market this morning. It always rouses them to greater use of their clubs and a spasm of arrests by two and threes, or singly, no matter how orderly the picket line is.

Anna Isaacson, arrested Wednesday for distributing leaflets, was fined \$3 yesterday morning by Magistrate Rosenbluth.

Paul Goodman, a worker assaulted Wednesday by the foreman of A. Weckstein Sons' shop, Willy Rosenfeld, was arraigned yesterday morning on a charge of disorderly conduct—albeit it was he who was cut and beaten. He was released on \$500 bail until next Tuesday, and this same bail was set for the man who attacked him and who is charged with assault. It was with difficulty that the union obtained Rosenfeld's arrest, for the police had at first let him go free in spite of Goodman's complaint. Rosenfeld will also come up for further hearing next Tuesday.

Shop Chairmen's Meeting.
At a meeting of the shop chairmen held last night at Stuyvesant Casino, Ben Gold gave a report of the Washington "convention". Resolutions were passed condemning the action of the police, the courts and Gov. Smith in their attempt to break the furriers' strike. Another resolution was to Aaron Gross sympathizing with him on his brutal attack by the right wing gunmen.

The shop chairmen's council also went on record that all furriers who are working should pay their assessment regularly to help win the strike. A mass meeting of Greek fur workers is to be held tonight at 6 p. m. in Bryant Hall, 6th avenue near 42nd street, to hear a report of the recent "convention" of the International. Ben Gold, John Pajunias and George Perdicaris will be among the speakers.

General T. U. E. L. Meet Right After Work Will Be Held This Evening

The Trade Union Educational League will hold a general meeting tonight at which the workers of all trades must be present. It will be held right after work at Webster Hall, 11th St. near Third Ave. No one must be absent as an important question will be taken up.

PARTY ACTIVITIES NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

Open Air Meetings Tonight.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St. Speakers: Maslow, Evans, H. Gordon, Cosgrove, Welch, Bosman, Sokolov.

Intervale and Wilkins Ave. Speakers: Glass, I. Cohen, Lazarow, Goglian.

Pitkins and Hopkinson Ave. Speakers: Lorch, Ballam, Morance, Macklin, Nesin.

Union Square, at 5:30 p. m. Speakers: Ragnulius, M. Harrison, Ehrlich, C. Weisberg.

New Jersey Meetings Tonight.

Newark, Market Plaza and Broad St. Speaker: Markoff.

Passaic, Hudson and 2nd St. Speaker: Poyntz.

Roumanian Workers Meet.

A meeting of the Roumanian Workers' Culture Club will be held Sunday afternoon at 2, at 100 West 28th St.

"Influence" Needed For Hospital Jobs, Bklyn Rabbi Says

"Political dynamite is necessary in to obtain an appointment for a Jewish interne at the Kings County Hospital," charged Rabbi Louis Gross of Union Temple, Brooklyn, yesterday. He asserted that Dr. M. C. Jones, superintendent of the hospital, told him frankly that he didn't think anyone with an "imperfect accent" ought to be appointed to a position in the institution.

Follows Attack.
As a result of the attack on the four Jewish internes on Monday, additional evidence of anti-semitism and discrimination by both doctors and nurses is being revealed.

day afternoon at 2, at 100 West 28th St.

Labor Organizations

Harlem Meeting Tonight.

A special meeting of the Harlem Progressive Union will take place tonight at 8 o'clock, at 143 East 103rd street. The meeting is called especially for the Furriers' Strike Fund and Relief Committee. Lena Chernenko and Lipzin will speak.

Passaic Meeting Tonight.

A mass meeting arranged by the Passaic Workers' Club will take place this evening at 781 Main avenue, Passaic. Shapiro and Warshavsky will speak.

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BOOKS

AN ENERGETIC QUACK-HUNTER.

THE NEW MEDICAL FOLLIES, by Dr. Morris Fishbein. Boni and Liveright. \$2.

In "The New Medical Follies" Dr. Morris Fishbein, leading light in the American Medical Association and editor of their official organ, pursues his favorite diversion of tracking the wily health quacks to their lairs, dragging them figuratively forth and with his trusty scalpel revealing them in their true light to all those who can read and think. The others, those whose mental faculties ceased to develop around the age of twelve, will continue to patronize the quacks even should they be capable of digesting the facts and conclusions presented in Fishbein's well-written and easily-read book.

Those of you who have been low in spirits because of real or imaginary illness and were therefore inveigled into patronizing the various brands of quackery from the Christian Science mental suggestion, to the laying on of hands of the naturopath or the spine snapping of the chiropractor, are urged to invest a couple of dollars in Fishbein. It might save you a few hundred dollars in bad bills later on and incessant pestering from quacks who are in business only to serve humanity.

I have had some personal experience with half a dozen brands of quackery but I was amazed at the variety that Dr. Fishbein was able to muster in his book. Tho I have not read his first book on the same subject, "The Medical Follies", I understand that he introduced at least as formidable an array of health charlatans in this volume.

After reading this book one comes to the conclusion that unless a layman has a broken leg, a toothache or fatty degeneration of the cerebrum he should keep away from doctors, take a week off and drink buttermilk. Not that buttermilk has any particular virtue, guaranteed to cure anything from corns to consumption, but it helps to kill time and keeps the stomach from craving for beer, near or distant. I have known invalids who recovered from their imaginary diseases after they had spent their savings on doctors and exhausted their credit and the generosity of the last quack they patronized. They had to stay home or go to work.

Space permitting, I would write an extended review of Fishbein's book, but it does not, so I will confine myself to a few observations and console myself for the involuntary repression by making a vow to write a small book about quacks and non-quacks.

Fishbein does not confine himself to perforating the pretensions of the homeopaths, osteopaths, and the various offshoots of the parent quackery but he digs his medical heel into the eyes of the food fakery and marshalls enough facts on the subject to make every lettuce-eating fanatic from here to Los Angeles flee for cover. Not that Dr. Fishbein is not partial to lettuce, figs, carrots and dried bananas but he opines quite correctly that all human beings are not alike in their intestinal requirements any more than they are partial to the same kind of mental fodder. Numerous superstitions are hidden behind the cloak of science and thousands of radicals have fallen for the jargon of quackery simply because they cock their ears when the word science is mentioned. Yes, they cock their ears and give their brains an aspirin tablet.

Even tho the radicals who may be saved considerable money by following the sound reasoning to be found in Fishbein's book do not contribute their savings to The DAILY WORKER, they are welcome to it just the same. If they wrap themselves around a good meal occasionally they will have some energy left to distribute leaflets and even if they do nothing but massage the lines of woe from their countenances it will be a gain for their associates.

Those who have had experience with the mechanical junk that the clever old fraud, Dr. Albert Abrams of California, put over on the gullible section of the public will be tickled with the job Fishbein has done on this quack who left in the vicinity of a million dollars behind him when he passed away. A battle raged over this fraud for a number of years and the machine business had a new lease of life while the spasm lasted. Among those that leaped to the defense of Abrams and his hokum was Upton Sinclair, who after a fifteen-minute investigation gobbled Abram's theory tho it is doubtful if he tried it on himself. But Sinclair has survived more follies than there are in Dr. Fishbein's latest book.

The Freudians come in for a few well-merited cuffs at the hands of Fishbein. A few years ago this cult was on every tongue and it was such as one's reputation was worth to essay a pleasantry in the presence of some seventeen-year-old emancipated woman who got her thrills out of the omnipresent sex complex. But sufficient unto this day is the science thereof and Freud and the other psychoanalytic quacks are now as discredited as King Benjamin of the House of David, tho their credit is good at the banks thanks to the plentiful crop of suckers that this fertile country produces.

There is no guaranteed way of saving the gullible people from new fangled health quackeries. Give me the old "medic" every time, even tho he might prescribe an operation on my knee for enlargement of the heart. He may be as ignorant as a Kentucky hill-billy and as greasy as a cobbler but he is not a freak, even tho he will surely like his fee. But doctors must live and at least one and one-half per cent of them are honest. I would rather be poisoned by one of them with rose-tinted water than cured by a quack who insists that I can live forever if I only follow his advice and sign a health contract with him.

Entertaining considerable doubt about the altruism of most mortals, I must admit that from my own personal experience the medical profession has within its ranks more intelligent persons than any other with which I am acquainted except the journalistic profession. And from the general blanket denunciation of quacks and 98½ per cent of the medical I exclude the dentists with the exception of those that promise to extract your teeth without causing you pain. This has nothing to do with the case but I visited a dentist only three times in my life and methinks I will have to do it again.

—T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

STREETS AND FLAGS AND UNDERTAKER'S CHILDREN.

RED FLAG, by Lola Ridge. The Viking Press, New York. \$1.50.

Lola Ridge has had three books of poems in her sure, terse, clipped music, published: The Ghetto, 1918; Sun-up, 1920, and now Red Flag. She waited seven years to wave this last rebellious banner. It is worth it all right. In seven years her fire has not cooled. The last book is as vehement, restrained, and tender as the first.

The critics are glad that Miss Ridge has not faltered, that she is still rebellious. They are glad that Red Flag spells an advance in technique. They say: "This new volume marks a distinct advance in technical achievement, in versatility, in skilful condensation and in brilliance, novelty, and vigor of poetic treatment." They say of Lola Ridge: "... her name is written over all these pieces. Her breath flutters through them. They throb with her heartbeat. . . . The poet of The Ghetto found her stride long since and she does not falter now. . . ."

What of it? These poems are workers' poems and they are real. I am satisfied that the flag still flies so stirringly. Why should this poet of the proletariat falter now? Is there less need of her? Is there today any decreased demand for poets who can stir the hearts, souls, and tissue of the working class to make their lives glorious and rebellious? Has Lola Ridge grown rich and soft that the critics would expect smugness and equivocation of her.

Miss Ridge is not worrying about any loss of fire. In the poem Re-birth she says:

"Though your wild dreams
May die perhaps on the cemented stone
That they have cracked asunder . . . making way
For lopped things trampled in the dust and blood
Of the year's barricades . . . and hopes that died
Alone against black walls . . . yet what new growths
Shall break in the old ground when spring is warm
Against the cobbled ways . . . and all the green
Battered down dreams of the world quickening . . .
Like spirals of aborted pines that strain
To touch their lips with stars."

I celebrate the fact that here is a poet of the working man who is capable of that trimmed unsentimental song.

There are certain poets who specialize in sentimental studies of how the other half lives: Self-conscious writers of rhymed tracts who say: "Oh, see the poor, poor people! How they suffer! We must do something about it, don't you know!"

That is not Lola Ridge's way. She has restraint and a sense of humor as well as passion and seriousness. She has reality. She has lived outside of glass houses. She knows wounds. Her poems reveal even while she tries to cover. Read Ward X, Solo, Veteran, the magnificent Kelvin Barry, Morning Ride (sung in newspaper headlines), Historionics (on early Chicago
(Continued on fourth column)

The Lunch Hour -- Building Organization



Professional Patriots

It is very illuminating and somewhat amusing to read the names of some of those on the "Red list" of the professional patrioteering societies. Among those cited by these zealous 100 per centers are: F. H. La Guardia, republican congressman; William Green, president of the A. F. of L.; Walter Lippmann, editor of "The World," and Aswald Garrison Villard, editor of "The Nation."

(Continued from yesterday)

It is significant, however, to note that Attorney-General Daugherty regarded Miss Maxwell's achievement kindly, writing her, "I do not know how I should have got along without it." And it is reliably reported that Mr. R. M. Whitney of the American Defense Society urged that she be granted the Distinguished Service Medal!

The Lusk Committee

The so-called Lusk Committee to investigate "revolutionary activities" illustrates relationship of the professional patriots to the government of a single state. It was appointed by authority of a resolution of the New York Legislature in March, 1919, as a result of the efforts of a committee of the Union League Club of New York headed by a young lawyer, Archibald E. Stevenson. It took its popular name from its chairman, Senator Clayton R. Lusk. Its formidable official title was "Report of the Joint Legislative Committee Investigating Seditious Activities." For over a year this committee pursued a romantic and spectacular course of unearthing conspiracies to overthrow the government. It wound up in almost universal discredit because of overplaying the game, unable to make good on its lurid charges. Its chief case was thrown out of the courts, the two laws it sponsored for the control of the loyalty of schools and teachers in New York were repealed by the legislature in 1923 and its part in throwing out of the legislature of 1920 the five duly elected Socialist assemblymen was condemned throughout the country. Senator Lusk was shortly after publicly discredited for accepting an expensive gift of a silver service from lobbyists for the New York police, who were seeking a legislative raise in pay. He retired to private life.

The committee deserves attention now only because its monumental four-volume report on "Revolutionary Radicalism" still serves as a source-book, a virtual Bible for the professional patriots, despite its gross exaggerations and misstatements, its solemn nonsense and its classification of all progressive groups as reds. The four volumes are divided into Parts 1 and 2, "Subversive Movements," Parts 3 and 4, "Constructive Measures." They total 10,983 pages. The book cost the state over \$100,000 to prepare and print. Copies were distributed to libraries, patriotic organizations, officials, educators and men and women in public life.

The committee from the start was dominated by its assistant counsel, Mr. Stevenson, who did the prodigious amount of work (at a good compensation) which the committee's activities and editorial efforts required. Mr. Stevenson brought to the committee a sincere zeal as the savior of American institutions menaced by pacifism and Bolshevism. He had devoted himself during the war to secret service work for the Military Intelligence Division of the War Department, enlisting the aid of a group of wealthy young men in the Union League Club as volunteers. He served himself only in a voluntary capacity under Captain Trevor of the New York office. When he appeared in January, 1919, before a United States senate sub-committee then investigating "Bolshe-

vism," he produced the results of his researches into radicalism and pacifism, creating a sensation by reading into the record a list of 62 persons holding "dangerous, destructive and anarchistic sentiments," among them Jane Adams, Bishop Paul Jones, Dr. David Starr Jordan, Prof. George W. Kirchwey and Lillian D. Wald. He was promptly repudiated by Secretary of War Newton D. Baker, who issued this statement:

"I am in receipt of telegrams and letters with regard to a list of persons handed to the senate committee by Mr. Archibald Stevenson, who is represented in newspaper articles as a member of the Military Intelligence Division of the War Department. Mr. Stevenson has never been an employe or an officer of the M. I. D. of the War Department. I am told that he and a number of his associates have throughout the war sought to analyze books and newspaper contributions with a view to determining the opinions of their writers toward the war. I personally have no sympathy with the publication of lists of persons classified with reference to their supposed opinions, and grouped under general designations, such as 'pacifists,' which may mean any one of a dozen things, some of them quite consistent with the finest loyalty to the country and some of them inconsistent with such loyalty.

"As a matter of fact the War Department does not undertake to censor the opinions of the people of the United States. It has no authority to classify such opinions. In the particular list accredited to Mr. Stevenson, there are names of people of great distinction, exalted purity of purpose, and lifelong devotion to the highest interests of America and mankind. Miss Jane Addams, for instance, lends dignity and greatness to any list in which her name appears." (New York "Times," January 28, 1919.)

Undaunted, Mr. Stevenson pegged away with his Union League backing, and succeeded in getting the Lusk Committee established under the following resolution of the legislature:

"Whereas, it is a matter of public knowledge that there is a large number of persons within the State of New York circulating propaganda calculated to set in motion forces to overthrow the government of this State and the United States, and

"Whereas, sufficient facts were adduced by the sub-committee of the United States Senate investigating this subject during the last session of Congress to indicate the necessity of further inquiry and action, and

"Whereas, it is the duty of the Legislature of the State of New York to learn the whole truth regarding these seditious activities, and to pass, when such truth is ascertained, such legislation as may be necessary to protect the government of the State and to insure the maintenance of rights of its citizens, now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, that a joint committee of the Senate and Assembly be and hereby is created, to consist of four members of the Senate appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly, of which joint committee the Temporary President of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly shall be members ex officio, to investigate the scope, tendencies, and ramifications of such seditious activities, and to report the result of its investigation to the Legislature."

It is useless now to go into the story of the Committee's spectacular raids on radical headquarters, its fantastic prophecies and charges, its illegal and high-handed seizures of property and examination of witnesses. It is enough to summarize the net results of the Committee's two years of activity at great expense to the state.

Its first raids on the Soviet business offices in New York, on the Rand School and on the Russian People's House produced no convictions in the courts, indeed, no incriminating evidence against any one—and achieved nothing to justify the Committee's charges of a conspiracy against the Government.

(To Be Continued)

Organizational Problems

By ARNE SWABECK.
CHAPTER VIII.

Duties of Leading Committees.

While contact with the working masses is a prerequisite for leadership by the Communist Party itself, the same holds true, and perhaps more so, within the Party. The leading committees must therefore establish the closest possible contact with the lower units. The function of local executive committees consist of more than merely to run entertainments now and then or to arrange meetings. Practical experiences have shown, with sufficient clarity, that unless such committees actually guide the local units in application of Party policies, in directing local campaigns and local activities, the Party as a whole will not function properly.

It is therefore imperative that these executive committees thoroughly systematize their own work and co-ordinate the activities of the lower units within their territory. Mere sporadic work will not do but the persistent hammering away together with our members always being in the front ranks of the class struggle will help to establish Party leadership in the working class movement. To properly systematize its work, these committees should first of all be departmentalized.

A local executive, section or subsection executive committee should in all cases have the following departments:

Organization Department.
Trade Union Department.
Agit-Prop Department.
The function of the Organization Department should not merely be the technical transfer of comrades from one nucleus to another. It should rather be one of constant building of the lower units thru organizational measures. This department should watch the organizational function of the lower units and their executive

(Continued from first column)

radicals), the bitter and awful sonnet Electrocutation, the Fifth Floor Window, Lagnippe ("The undertaker's children play hide-and-seek in tall wooden boxes coffins come in"), Phyllis (the story of a pathetic little girl of the streets), and the tender personification in The Alhambra Tree, which, "swarming with sparrows, squats like a beggar at back doors." The poem Phyllis is reminiscent of T. S. Elliot.

Annunciation speaks of violets and the word "yclept" is found in "After the Recital." Sometimes Miss Ridge does not avoid a fulsome womanly sentimentality, as in To the Free Children. But the let-downs are few. And to balance them there is stern disciplined writing free from pyrotechnics and impressionistic riating.

Miss Ridge does not write poems to larks and daffodils when bugles are calling. She has produced a book that is vital, restrained, and full of meaning. Every class-conscious worker should read Red Flag, and the capitalists too. They could skip the part about Russia, or read it with one eye guarded, if they insist.

—LEBARBE.

Cal Thinks Nicaraguan Liberals Ended; Calls Marines to Crush Haiti

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Withdrawal of 1,300 marines from Nicaragua is contemplated in the near future by the navy department, it was learned today. Of this number 650 would be returned to Quantico, Va., 300 sent to San Diego and 350 to Haiti.

The remainder of the present expeditionary force will be kept there indefinitely, it is understood.

committees. Where they are found weak and not well functioning, they should be strengthened by assigning comrades with initiative.

This department should take care that all non-active Party members are being constantly visited and all efforts used to draw them into activities. It should outline the methods for constant efforts to gain new members, see that sympathetic elements are drawn closer, given Party material and they be asked to become members. The Organization Department should also assign the territory of the various units for literature distribution and for general canvassing as well as union meetings and shops for literature sales, etc.

Direction of Trade Union Work.

The Trade Union Department will have many important functions. The majority of our members do not as yet belong to the trade unions. Many of them are eligible now, others can become eligible. In some cases union membership may involve taking the initiative to form new unions. The first and foremost duty of this department therefore becomes the one of assisting our members to join the unions. It must gather all the necessary information, show our comrades how to go about the joining and get them interested by showing the great possibilities for work in this field. In certain cases, it may even have to help provide the necessary money for initiation fees.

This department should check up on attendance and activities of our members in the unions, in the Party fractions, and in the left wing groups. It should be responsible that such organizations, fraction and left wing groups are established and that they actually function. The Trade Union Department should direct the application of the Party policies in the various unions, help to formulate the practical slogans and give concrete expression to the issues of the day. Thru such correct formulation it should help find the ways and means for the correct approach to the broadest possible masses of the union membership in general and the progressive and live trade union elements in particular.

This should not be mis-interpreted to mean that the Trade Union Department for instance of a section or sub-section committee would have full jurisdiction with one local union in their particular territory which may be only one small part of the union of the trade as a whole in the city. Naturally the City Committee will direct the policies on a city-wide scale.

Agit-Prop Work.

The Agit-Prop Department of the leading committees should take full charge of directing the training courses carried on in the lower units and thru the Party schools. It should take full charge of the propaganda and agitation part of our Party campaigns in its local application, arrange meetings, furnish the proper material for the Party press and circularize the necessary Party literature.

The Agit-Prop Department should assist and supervise the issuance of shop bulletins in shops within their territory. It should guide the editorial policy of these bulletins so that Party policies become concretely and practically expressed in the columns, in a language appropriate to the masses and based on the problems in the shops. The Agit-Prop Department should also take care that worker correspondents are on the job, both Party members and, wherever possible, non-Party members.

It should, of course, be understood that none of these departments mentioned formulate their own policies or their own tactics in directing Party work. The leading executive committee will do that and assign the particular part to each department to work out in detail and carry out. The number of members composing the various departments, of course, depends on the size of the committee.

However, in each case the organizational department, the trial organizer the head of the union department, and the agit-director the head of the agit-prop department.

(To Be Continued.)