

# ATTEND VOIKOFF MEMORIAL MEETING TONIGHT

AT 8 P. M., AT NEW STAR CASINO, EAST 107TH STREET AND PARK AVENUE. PROMINENT SPEAKERS WILL ADDRESS THE MEETING

LEARN WHY VOIKOFF WAS MURDERED

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

# THE DAILY WORKER

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

FINAL CITY EDITION

Vol. IV. No. 129.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$8.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1927

Published Daily except Sunday by THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO., 33 First Street, New York, N. Y.

Price 3 Cents

## Current Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

MALE sob sisters are telling us that the Lindbergh flight across the ocean and his visit to England helped to cement peaceful relations between Europe and the United States. But there is no noticeable peace character to the exercises that are being conducted through the United States in honor of the intrepid aviator. We see him in a picture on the front page of the New York Times laying a wreath on the grave of the "unknown soldier" while surrounded by soldiers with bayonets pointed to the heavens.

WAR planes, soldiers, guns, police, battleships—this is the background against which Lindbergh is cast. People resent being told that another world war is inevitable after reading the peace mush that fills the columns of the capitalist press. Accustomed to the way the reading public has fallen for the hokum peddled by the press about Lindbergh has amazed us.

THIS is the day of the rotarian. Here is a phenomenon he can understand. No superior intellectual can tell him Lindbergh did not cross the ocean. He knows he did. And since three fourths of the news space in our dailies are occupied with recounting the young man's deeds and his homely virtues what chance has the intelligent mortal who understands what the bunk is about to convince our rotarian that the object of all the hullabuloo is not to honor Lindbergh but to arouse the spirit of patriotism, the spirit that makes a declaration of war easy for our masters?

THERE are other things to comment on besides Lindbergh. Otherwise we might develop a single track mind. There is the news that Chang-Tso-Lin's fifth concubine has arrived in Peking from Mukden, which kills the rumor that Chang was to leave immediately and which indicates that he will stay about one more week. Had the balance of the marshall's visible means of entertainment arrived we would fear that he intended to stay forever.

STRANGE that we hear no reflections cast on the marshall's morals by his British, American and French allies. It is true that the average person does not expect the French to generate much indignation over issues of this kind but the British and their American "cousins" are particular and Great Britain has sent more than one expedition to some benighted eastern country to blast the natives on to the road of true conjugal morality. But Chang, hand and polygamist is as free from criticism as if he were the head of the Salvation Army.

THERE is a reason as the owner of a nationally advertised and nationally devoured breakfast food used to say.

MUSSOLINI'S popularity is increasing so rapidly in Italy that nobody can approach him now without being searched for arms except his wife and children. Having crushed all the opposition parties in the country, says a writer in the New York World (he ignored the existence of the Communist Party which is functioning even though the illegals) Mussolini has won his hands a savage crew of shirted patriots looking for offices and graft that are not to be had for them. So Benito must be the stiletto and threaten to congo-Slavia, France and build a second Roman empire to appease the appetites of his followers.

"duce" no longer appears at meetings and demonstrations. The last attempt was made on June 10 by a member of the Fascist organization, Benito has been living in a state of terror. The World correspondent says that the Fascist organization is seething with dissatisfaction. Unless Benito gives his ambitious swashbucklers a war and the glory they expected they will have his scalp. There is no cementing influence in this organization except terror and the lust for gain and "glory."

The Irish Labor Party is running a good third as the returns from the recent general election in the Irish Free State are coming in. With 66

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## SCORE DISPATCH OF U. S. MARINES TO PEKING AREA

### Chiang's Disciples In Canton Ban Strikes

PEKING, June 13.—Dr. Wellington Koo, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the "Peking Government," has made public a formal protest against the occupation of Tientsin by American marines.

Although the protest is merely formal, it is regarded as extremely significant in that the Peking Government has been forced by public opinion to protest against the American action. Sympathy for the Nationalist cause is so strong in the north that the corrupt Peking "Government" is compelled to make concessions to public opinion.

The dispatch of American marines to Tientsin is a violation of the spirit of the Washington treaty as well as the Boxer protocol, the note states.

Duncan Visits "Boy Emperor" LONDON, June 13.—General Chiang Kai-shek, renegade Nationalist, is reported to have captured Haichow and Skiyang in northern Kiangsu Province.

Major General Duncan, commanding the British forces in China, is reported to have visited Hsuan Tung, (the "Boy Emperor" forced from Peking by the Nationalist commander General Feng) at his residence in the Japanese concession in Tientsin.

Right Wing Forbids Strikes SHANGHAI, May 3. (By Mail).—The right wing government in this city has issued an order forbidding workers to strike. The order signed by General Chien Ta-chun says:

"According to the first section of the ninth martial law regulation the Commander in charge of Martial Law is empowered to prohibit public gatherings, strikes by laborers or merchants, and publications, such as newspapers, magazines, and cartoons, when considered to be detrimental to the military control. Now that peace has only been restored recently, the peoples' minds are still in a troubled state, and the Martial Law headquarters has decided to suppress every kind of strike.

The public is hereby notified that rash actions without the sanction of the Martial Law authorities will be severely punished, so as to maintain peace and order in the city."

Help the Nationalist Wounded. Readers of THE DAILY WORKER are again urged to send whatever they can spare to the Chinese Red Cross at Hankow to aid Nationalist troops wounded in the struggle for the liberation of China.

The New York Times, thru its British-inspired correspondent, Frederick Moore, is fighting the Red Cross campaign. Don't let the Times crush it.

DAILY WORKER readers are urged to aid the Nationalist cause by sending contributions to Mme. Sun Yat-sen, care of the Chinese Red Cross, at Hankow, China.

## Trade Conditions Again Good in Wuhan Province As the Nationalists Gain

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

WUHAN, June 13.—The plot of Shanghai merchants supporting Chiang Kai-shek to cause a financial crisis here has evidently failed. Due to the victorious advance of Chinese Nationalist troops there has been a definite amelioration of business.

Prices of foodstuffs are becoming stabilized and many Chinese and foreign business firms have been re-opened.

A telegram just received here from Shanghai declares that Chiang Kai-shek has driven Shantung troops from the last fortified position in Kiangsu province.

The anti-Japanese movement is growing here and proposals for a boycott of goods from Japan are being seriously contemplated as a protest against the sending of Japanese troops through Shantung.

## FLAG DAY—1927



"I want your sons!"  
"But—in 1917—?"  
"That was only a rehearsal."

## Forced to Retreat

In arguing the question of granting a certificate of reasonable doubt in the case of our editor, William F. Dunne, Judge Mullan was forced to admit that "the case does not come within the purview of the statute." What does this mean? It means clearly that the entire case thus far, was, in the opinion of Judge Mullan, unjustifiable. It means that it is becoming more and more evident that the case was a frame-up against THE DAILY WORKER. It means that through the support and energy of the comrades behind THE DAILY WORKER, we were able to put up such a vigorous fight for our paper, that we were able to wring from the mouth of the judge, this damaging admission.

But we have only begun. The five hundred dollar fine still remains as a heavy weight around our necks. The sentence against the members of our staff still stands. Dave Gordon has been sent to the reformatory. We must wipe this dastardly verdict off the statute books. The black reactionaries must not be permitted to claim a victory. Your dollars have work to do, comrades. Send them in at once.

## NEWARK FURRIERS WIN BIG VICTORY; DEFEATING RIGHTS

### All Scabs to Be Fired Immediately

NEWARK, N. J., June 13.—A smashing defeat for the Matthew Woll Oizer Schachtman combine in the Furriers' Union is seen as a result of the decision of the Consolidated Furriers' Association to employ only those workers who are members of Local 25 of the Furriers' union and at the same time to fire the 12 scabs that have been working during the period of the strike.

The bosses' association also agreed not to interfere in the internal problems of the union.

The conference was held here Saturday with representatives present of local 25, local 58 of Brooklyn and the bosses. After a lively discussion the unanimous decision was that the progressive administration by Morris Langer would be the only one recognized by the manufacturers, local 58 promising not to allow any of its members to work in Newark or in any way interfere with the activities of the New Jersey local.

### Ruin Right Wing Scabs.

The conference also decided that the 12 scabs that the machine hoped to use as a nucleus to break the strike are immediately to be thrown out of the shops and not allowed to return.

After the successful conclusion of the conference, delegates representing local 25 left for Washington to attend the convention of the Furriers union that opened up yesterday morning.

### Hold Big Celebration.

The victorious furriers held a celebration meeting last night at Montgomery Hall. Headed by a brass band the workers marched from union headquarters, 194 Prince St., to the hall being cheered by hundreds of

## Over 100,000 Lindbergh Leaflets Were Distributed At the Jingo Demonstration

Over 200 members of the Young Workers League and the Workers (Communist) Party joined in the distribution of 100,000 "Lindbergh Leaflets" during the city parade yesterday afternoon.

A sharp warning that the young aviator's courageous feat was being utilized for militarist propaganda was contained in the leaflet which also detailed the career of the flyer's father, the late Congressman Carl A. Lindbergh who was described by "patriots" in 1917 as "a sinister and dangerous influence" for his ceaseless activity against the war aims of American capitalists.

"Follow in the footsteps of Lindy's father!" the leaflet concluded. "Don't allow the war jingoes to turn this demonstration into war propaganda."

Over 5,000 copies of the city edition of THE DAILY WORKER, which contained a number of special articles on Lindbergh, were also distributed.

workers that lined up on the sidewalks. At the meeting rank and file members of the organization spoke on the significance of the victory.

### (Worker Correspondent).

NEWARK, N. J., June 13.—In order to get a clear picture of the strike of the furriers here and to the causes we must go to the roots of the matter. Local 25 has been a thorn in the path of the officialdom of the International Fur Workers' Union ever since the membership dared to elect its officials from the rank and file and ousted Milton Corbet, a slimy crook and a vice president of the International, who stole \$40,000 of the union's treasury.

Since then Lucchi, Sorkin, Schachtman, Hillers and Co. have been busy

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## LINDBERGH LONE CIVILIAN IN BIG MILITARY SPRAWL

### Huge Crowds Trampled By Mounted Cops

By Charles Yale Harrison.

Ten thousand soldiers, sailors and marines and one lone civilian paraded up Fifth Ave. yesterday. The lone civilian was Charles A. Lindbergh, the intrepid trans-Atlantic flyer. The thousands of soldiers, sailors and marines were supplied gratis to the people of New York by the obliging secretaries of war and the navy.

As was to be expected the Lindbergh welcoming demonstration degenerated into an orgy of war propaganda.

Early in the day millions of New Yorkers turned out and lined the sidewalks to catch a glimpse of the live bit of army and navy propaganda that ever fell into the hands of the recruiting gentlemen. Every window on Fifth avenue was jammed with faces eager to see the son of the pacifist, ex-Congressman Charles A. Lindbergh, Sr.

### Plenty of Soldiers.

What was actually seen was battalion after battalion of marching U. S. soldiers, who sweated and panted up the avenue. The West Pointers, ridiculous in their starched pants, strutted along. Bands played well known military airs. The crowds cheered.

"Where's Lindy," shouted the crowds.

### Punch Women.

Still more soldiers, more marines, more bands. Officers marching stiffly holding their swords at the salute. The air was white with impromptu

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Sacco and Vanzetti Shall Not Die!

## STRIKING FUR WORKERS TO WEAR ARMY HELMETS ON PICKET LINE

Ex-Service Men Will Lead Thousands in Mass Demonstration Today

"Tin" army hats are to be worn on the furriers' picket line this morning by a group of ex-service men who are members of the Joint Board of the Furriers' Union.

This is part of the preparations being made by the Joint Board to meet the squad of notorious characters whom they are told will appear to create disorder on the picket line, under pretense of being trade unionists answering the call of Matthew Woll, chairman of the Furriers' Reorganization Committee.

## SOVIET OFFICIAL MURDERED IN NEW TERRORIST PLOT

### Labor Protests Against British Provocation

BERLIN, June 13.—Reports received here state that the Soviet government has announced the murder of a prominent Communist named Turoff in the vicinity of Moscow. Turoff's murder is regarded as a part of the campaign of terrorism which White Guards are waging with the approval and support of Great Britain.

Turoff is said to have had a long revolutionary career. He is reported to have joined the Communist Party in 1913 and to have held the position of Deputy Chief of the Soviet Trade Mission in Berlin.

### Special Trial for Assassin.

WARSAW, June 13.—The commission that has been appointed to inquire into the brutal murder of Peter Voikoff, Soviet minister to Poland, has completed its investigation and has decided that a special court be appointed to try the murderer.

### Bare More Plots.

MOSCOW, June 13.—Numerous secret organizations of the White Guardists are being uncovered by the OGPU thruout the Soviet Union. Many of the White Guardist groups are said to have been organized by British spies sent to the Soviet Union for that purpose.

Workers thruout the Soviet Union are demonstrating against the series of provocative murders instigated by Great Britain. The murder of Turoff coming on the heels of the assassination of Voikoff and two bomb explosions has created a furor among workers and peasants thruout the Soviet Union.

Labor unions are contributing funds to the Gas Research Institute, following the lead of the city of Moscow's answer to Chamberlain.

### Soviet Policy Firmer.

Litvinoff's note dispatched to Poland yesterday requesting Poland to take stern measures to disperse terrorist organizations in Poland, is regarded as an indication that the Soviet Union may adopt a firmer policy in dealing with its enemies.

Although the workers and peasants' government of the Soviet Union wishes only peace and an opportunity for construction, it is stated that it will not tolerate the open and flagrant attacks which its enemies are openly making against it.

## Howling Missouri Mob Burns Negro Brothers In Huge Lynching Orgy

LOUISVILLE, Miss., June 13.—Two brothers, Jim and Mark Fox, Negroes, were burned to a stake near here early today by a mob of at least 1,000 people.

The Negroes were taken from Deputy Sheriff Permenter. Clarence Nichols, sawmill superintendent, notorious for his brutal treatment of men, was shot and killed. The Negroes were accused of the crime.

They were arrested a few hours after the slaying and were being rushed to Jackson, Miss., for safe keeping when the mob overpowered the officers and took their prisoners into a nearby wood.

According to I. Shapiro, chairman of the Strikers' Law Committee, the Joint Board has been reliably informed that the Curley gang, Frenchy's gang, the Kid Dropper gang, led by Kid Archy; Lipky and Little Maxie, are to come into the fur market with instructions to attack the workers on the picket line.

Threaten Workers. "Some of these people were in the fur market this morning," says Shapiro, "and made open threats to the pickets about what they will do tomorrow when they have all their companions on hand. Mr. Woll and Mr. Edward F. McGrady have announced that they are inviting union men to come to the picket line tomorrow; but we know the sort of characters who are really to be brought there under this pretense, and we are making every preparation for them.

"We are engaging several camera men, including one operating a motion picture machine, and we intend to take photographs of these gangsters and of their attempts to assault workers. We will have such photographs to compare with bogus gallery pictures, and thus prove our statements about the sort of persons being employed by the right wing officials to try to break the strike."

Workers who wear trench hats will carry signs reading, "Our heads are not safe. Gangsters are here." Matthew Woll and McGrady take away the gangsters," and a number of other slogans.

Campaign Against Gangsters. "The Joint Board is determined," says Shapiro, "to carry on a vigorous campaign against the gangsters and gangster methods employed by the right wing. We are going to expose this whole matter, and try to force an investigation, either by police authorities or a committee of citizens. These attacks on fur workers, such as the nearly fatal assault on Aaron Gross, a Joint Board business agent last Thursday, must stop. We are not going to rest until this is accomplished."

Aaron Gross, who was hit over the head with a bottle which severed an artery in his neck, is still in a very critical condition. His assailants, Meyer Friedman and Benjamin Cohen are out on bail, and their case, which came up for hearing in Jefferson Market Court yesterday morning, is postponed for a week.

Arrest 46 Workers. Apparently the fur workers' right

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## "AMO" FIRST AUTO PLANT OF U. S. S. R. SHOWS BIG GAINS

By J. LOUIS ENGBAHL.

(Special to THE DAILY WORKER.) MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail)—"Amo!"—a magic word in the Union of Soviet Republics—a blazing beacon of the New Russia.

For "Amo" is the name of the first automobile plant within the borders of the Workers' Republic, and since czarist rule made no effort to create an auto industry, this Soviet achievement has established a new frontier in Russian industrial development.

### Has 1,400 Workers.

The "Amo" (Moscow Automobile Association) Plant is located in the Simaskaya industrial district on the south side of Moscow. I visited the plant on a busy Saturday and watched its staff of 1,400 enthusiastic toilers building auto-trucks and auto-buses that are being put to work in all parts of the Soviet Union, just as quickly as they can be turned out.

The thing that thrilled me here in the "Amo" plant was the determina-

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Behind the Flight



A portrait snap, made in Paris, of Benjamin F. Mahoney of San Diego, Calif., designer of the Spirit of St. Louis, Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh's plane. He's even younger than the intrepid New York-Paris flyer.

ARMY AND NAVY GRAB LIMELIGHT FROM LINDBERGH

Utilize Popularity for Militarist Propaganda

WASHINGTON, June 13 (FP).—Young Lindbergh, attractive, modest, courageous and highly skilled as an aviator, flew across the Atlantic, alone, to Paris. When he reached the French capital he was welcomed with an enthusiasm for which the Latin peoples have a natural tendency, but which on this occasion they raised to the level of hysteria. This young American had challenged their imagination, their love of heroes. And he did not come as a soldier or messenger of war, but as a pioneer of internationalism in the air. The French were tired of criticizing America. And their government had its own political and economic reasons for encouraging this friendliness.

So we had the statesmen and scientists and soldiers of France hastening to honor this American flyer. And then came Belgium's royalty to do the same. Next the British people responded to the appeal of the hero, and their royalties and dukes and admirals and generals fell in line. They could not help liking Lindbergh, and there was no harm in sharing the limelight with him.

American Publicity Seekers.

This limelight in Europe pleased the American public. Times of peace, when they are times of rapid accumulation of wealth, lend themselves to ventures in organized enthusiasm. Advertising has come to be one of the peculiarly American sciences. It was called into service. Lindbergh was "sold" to an eager public in millions of printed words daily. Calvin Coolidge annexed his reception, ordering him home promptly to receive a decoration before the President should leave for the Black Hills. And the army and navy and the munition manufacturers saw a golden opportunity for themselves.

Here was a young hero whose father, as congressman and as candidate of the Non-partisan League farmers for governor of Minnesota, had been the fearless enemy of "Wall Street's war," and had published a book to prove that Morgan & Co. and other big banks of Wall Street had conspired to bring the United States into the world war for the purpose of further aggrandizing the big bankers and to further enslave the wage workers and farmers of this country. Why not take this young hero and make a military figure out of him? Why not make the public forget that he flew to Paris as a private citizen, a civilian, on a purely civilian voyage with which the army and navy had nothing to do?

Army and Navy.

So Lindbergh became more and more emphatically Captain Lindbergh, and then Colonel Lindbergh, when the military clique discovered the ironic humor of the situation. He was ordered home on a cruiser. He was met by an army dirigible, a navy blimp airship and some 90 army planes. He was given a military uniform. And a military parade was staged on Pennsylvania Ave. This made people forget that the elder Charles Lindbergh, student of banking and stalwart foe of big bankers and their militarism, had been sneered at by the regular Republicans in 1917, 1918 and 1920. And it suggested more money for militarism.

Secretary of State Kellogg was prominent in the welcoming ceremonies. Kellogg, as senator from Minnesota in the war period, was one of the ugliest-mannered of the spokesmen of the steel and banking and grain buying and railroad clique that tried to terrorize the state into mobbing the elder Lindbergh in 1918. Kellogg is credited with calling Lindbergh a German agent at that time; he did at least furnish much of the strategy of that persecution of Lindbergh and the farmers' organization. Now he welcomes the son who in those years was his father's close confidant. Minnesota farmers drove Kellogg from the Senate, but Coolidge made him secretary of state. And political expediency and a hope of using the son to serve the militarist and banker cause has led the agile Kellogg to the grandstand.

Militarist Holiday.

Back of the public hysteria over this fine young man is a sense of relief that the age of personal adventure in pioneering is not gone by. A machine age has not killed the chance for a young man to challenge the elements and win great fame. There is also the hunger of a comfortably-fed people to be thrilled. And gratitude that this can be done without war.

But the army and navy will make Lindbergh their text in a fervid plea for bigger appropriations. Not civilian flying, but war preparation, is the picture they ask Americans to see and applaud.

Special Daily Worker Meeting Friday. DAILY WORKER agents and DAILY WORKER representatives of Workers Party units will meet Friday, 8 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St., to take up plans for the midsummer carnival and fair for the benefit of the DAILY WORKER.

Needle Trade Defense

THE FUR WORKERS ASK FOR YOUR HELP.

Last year the furriers in New York won a 40 hour week; they also won an increase in wages. This was done under the leadership of the Joint Board of the Furriers Union.

But the labor bureaucracy is not concerned with the gains of the workers. They want the control of the union even against the will of the members. They have conspired with the bosses against the workers even at the expense of bringing back the sweatshop conditions. They are determined to put the loyal leaders of the Fur Workers and Cloakmakers Unions in prison under frame up charges. The Furriers Union was compelled to call a strike to save the hard won gains of the workers of last year.

Fifty Thousand Dollars Needed Immediately—Buy Bonds.

All workers, labor unions and workers organizations are called upon to buy bonds in denominations of \$10, \$15, \$25, \$50 and \$100.

These loans will be returned in weekly payments upon request, beginning with the middle of July 1927. Send in your first payment on the bond today.

Get Certificates On Pledge.

Workers are called upon to make periodical payments on pledges from 50 cents to \$2.00. You will get a certificate for each payment on the pledge. Get some certificates and solicit among other workers for pledges.

Furriers Coney Island Stadium Concert

On July 16th we must pack the Coney Island Stadium for the Furriers concert. Tickets are \$1.00 each. Labor unions and workers' organizations should get a supply of tickets to sell to their members. Individual workers should buy and sell tickets to other workers.

Branch Office.

Bonds, certificates, tickets and information can be gotten at the Branch Office of the FURRIERS STRIKE FUND & RELIEF COMMITTEE at office of the Furriers Joint Board, 22 East 22nd Street.

All payments for this committee must be made to this office.

GERMAN books

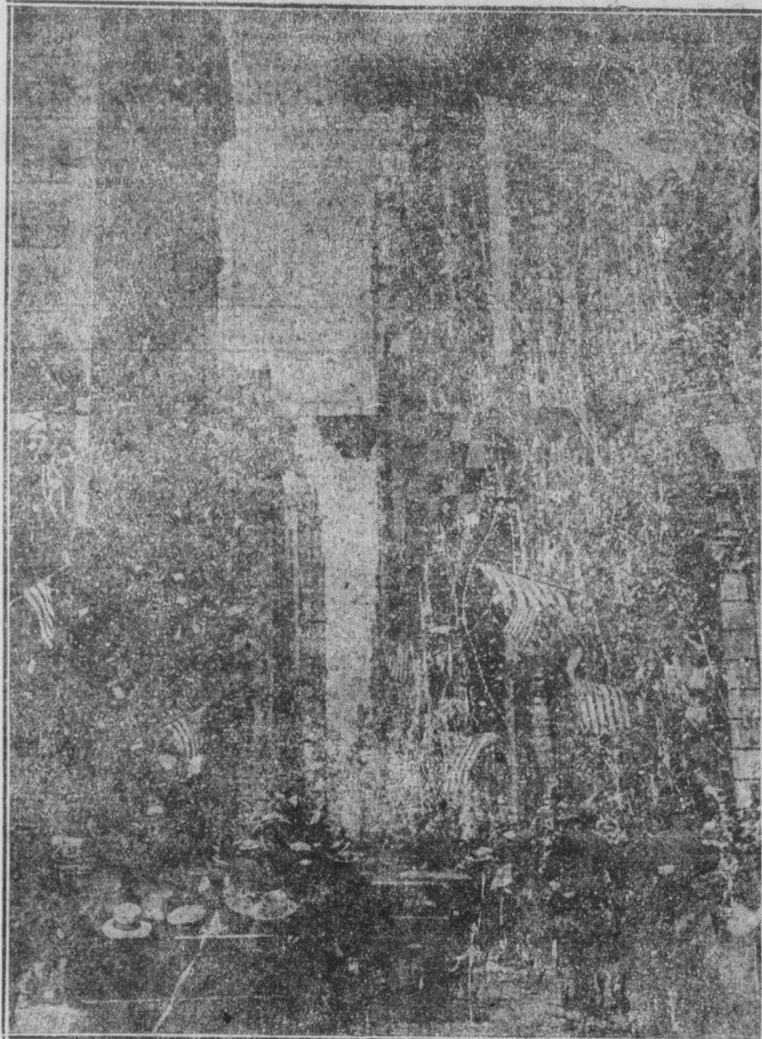
We have received a limited stock of the following titles from Germany, some of which have not appeared in English.

By Bucharin

- Die Probleme der Chinesischen Revolution —15
Die International und Innere Lage der Sowjetunion —25
Der Imperialismus und die Akkumulation des Kapital (Cloth) —75
Entwicklungsweg der Chinesischen Revolution
Fang Ping-Schan —15
Die Bergarbeiterfrauen Englands im Kampf
Katherine Gant —10
Aus Dem Leben der Arbeiterinnen der Sowjetunion
S. Bojarskaya —10
Die Vereinigten Staaten des Sozialistischen Europa
John Pepper —10
Jahrbuch fur Wirtschaft, Politik und Arbeiterbewegung—1926 —2.50

DAILY WORKER PUB. CO. 33 First Street NEW YORK

UP BROADWAY CANYON



THE PHOTO ABOVE shows the Lindy parade passing up Broadway, after he had landed at the Battery, on his way to City Hall. The picture was snapped in the heart of the financial district. Look at the decorations and the confetti and torn up paper floating in the air, resembling an artistic snowstorm.

28 Organizations of Stamford Call For Sacco Freedom

STAMFORD, Conn., June 13.—Twenty-eight fraternal and labor organizations assembled here in a mass meeting to protest against the framing of Sacco and Vanzetti. Five hundred workers unanimously endorsed a resolution demanding the release of the two persecuted men at the meeting, held at Columbus Hall under the auspices of the local Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Conference.

Edward Scott, secretary-treasurer of the Stamford Central Labor Council, presided. The speakers were: Will de Kalb, of International Labor Defense; Nicola Napoli, editor of Il Lavoratore; and George Siskind, of the Workers' Party, of New York.

Another Army Plane Falls

LANGLEY FIELD, Va., June 13.—Two army air officers—Lieut. Frank B. McConnell and Lieut. Cornelius Anderson—were killed and their bodies badly burned here this afternoon when their plane fell during machine gun and bombing maneuvers.

McConnell is from Nashville, Tenn., and Anderson is from Laconter, Ky. Both are rated experienced flyers. Their plane was destroyed by fire.

Read The Daily Worker Every Day

Paul Crouch, Uncowed By Prison, Starts on Anti-Imperial Lecture Tour

CHICAGO, (FP) June 13.—Over 2 years in military prison have not dimmed the anti-imperialist ardor of Paul Crouch, the former U. S. army sergeant sentenced to 40 years for radical activity while stationed in Hawaii. On his release from Alcatraz June 1 he immediately began preparations for a nationwide speaking tour to begin in Los Angeles June 19th under the auspices of the All-America anti-Imperialist League.

Other towns in the itinerary include San Francisco, Portland, Ore., through Washington state, Montana and Minnesota, to Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, New York, New Haven and Boston.

In a letter to the American section of the league in Chicago Crouch says: "During the long days in prison I determined that as soon as I got out I would carry the message of the oppressed peoples not only to my former comrades in arms, the American soldiers who are sent to suppress them, but also to the potential soldiers, the great mass of American workers and farmers who make up the raw material for war and imperialist aggression."

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NEWS FROM NEW JERSEY

NEWARK, June 13.—A strike of 1,500 barbers of this city and vicinity is threatened on June 20 unless the Master Barbers' Association meets their demands.

The employers are now discussing these demands, and it is expected that they will be met by a general anti-union offensive.

The barbers ask for a flat salary of \$35 weekly, and a percentage of all income over an agreed amount.

Sacco-Vanzetti Meeting Saturday

NEWARK, June 13.—Jersey workers will gather at a huge Sacco-Vanzetti protest demonstration to be held next Saturday afternoon at Lincoln Park. Prominent speakers will address the meeting which is being arranged by the Newark Sacco-Vanzetti Conference.

Special Meeting Thursday.

The Newark branch of the I. L. D. will meet at the Hungarian Workers' Home, 37-16th Ave., Thursday evening at 6:30. The case of Sacco-Vanzetti and other class war prisoners will be taken up.

Delegates of all labor organizations are urged to attend the second Sacco-Vanzetti conference to be held at the Labor Lyceum Thursday at 8 p. m.

NEWARK, N. J., June 13.—The first casualties in the strike that Local 478 of the Teamsters Union are conducting occurred when 5 strikers were arrested for an alleged assault on scab truck drivers. The truck drivers who carry building materials are involved in the strike. They are asking for a flat increase of \$1 per day in wages. Thus far efforts to meet the employers and arrive at a settlement have met with failure.

NEWARK, N. J., June 13.—When an agreement was reached with Local 52 of the Electricians and the Master Electrical Association, representing 50 bosses, work estimated at \$10,000,000 was resumed. The electricians and helpers have been out on strike since May first when their agreement expired. The bosses thought that they could break the ranks of the union and decided to fight the local union. Today the ranks of the union are 100 per cent strong and the men have gone back to work with \$50 increase per day plus a sliding increase from \$3 to \$5 per day for helpers.

NEWARK, N. J., June 13.—At a mass meeting last night held under the auspices of the Jewish Progressive Club and the Council of Workingclass Housewives the workers, 400 in number, passed a resolution endorsing the fight of the furriers affiliated with Local 25, and pledged themselves to aid and help them in every way. Speakers from Local 25 and the Joint Board of Furriers addressed the audience.

Read The Daily Worker Every Day

Oakland for Sacco and Vanzetti Altho Council Sabotages

By ALMARD TOBEY.

OAKLAND, Cal., June 13.—Resolutions to free Sacco and Vanzetti were passed at an International Labor Defense meeting, held in this city, attended by 500 or more citizens representing 18 labor organizations and many fraternal and liberal bodies at which J. Stitt Wilson presided and John D. Barry of the San Francisco Daily News and Florence Thompson, student at the University of California spoke. We believe that the sentiment expressed at this meeting is the sentiment of the majority of the people of this vicinity, especially as the local press, particularly the labor press, gave us favorable mention repeatedly.

The meeting was a splendid success. The Central Labor Council withdrew from the affair, but that did not hurt it any.

Crouch Speaks.

The I. L. D. gave Paul Crouch a reception Sunday, June 5th, at which John E. Snyder, C. Alnard Tobey, Anita Whitney and others spoke. The musical program consisted of songs by Clarence Tobey, Comrade Beck and a trio with Madame Beret, Joseph Margolis and Geo. Allen Kelly, Jr., Vane Dart acting as chairman. Refreshments were served and everybody had a fine time. Paul Crouch as guest of the evening gave a fine talk.

A reception is planned for Charlotte Anita Whitney for Wednesday evening, June 15th, when we will all turn out to render tribute to her before she begins her term in San Quentin under the Criminal Syndicalism law of California. We, her old friends and associates, feel that we can do this much for her anyway. Otherwise our work in the I. L. D. here is progressing well and our members are beginning to understand its scope better.

Read The Daily Worker Every Day

Yonkers Builders Seek Court Order to Stop Unionization Program

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 13.—William J. McGeary, of Yonkers, president of the Building Trades Council of Westchester County, was the principal witness today in the action brought by twenty-five building material firms against Patrick D. Pearce, business agent for Local No. 45 of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America.

The action is brought by the Willson and Adams Company, of Yonkers, in the name of 25 building and construction firms in an effort to obtain a permanent injunction restraining Pearce from attempting to unionize their yards and workers.

NEWARK FURRIERS WIN BIG VICTORY; THE RIGHT OPPOSITION IS DEFEATED

(Continued from Page One)

charges against them. Their local was suspended illegally. The International wants to impose crooks and greasy as officers, on the backs of the local membership.

First Messrs. Hillfers, McGrady and Sorkin tried to talk to the members of Local 25 with honeyed phrases. This failed. Next the International disrupters secured an injunction against the union and its local officers and compelled the local to appear in court. This scheme fell thru.

Deal With Bosses.

Then the International betrayers made a deal with the bosses, guaranteeing scabs and everything under the sun. Naturally the bosses fell for this as they saw an opportunity to increase their profits and to lower the standards of the workers in the shops, conditions that were obtained after years of bitter struggles with the bosses. On the heels of this the International opened an office in Newark and attempted to induce the members of Local 25 to register. Coupled with this undertaking the bosses proceeded to lock out the workers when they appeared in the shops on a Monday morning a few weeks ago.

When the membership saw the crimes that the traitors of the International were perpetrating against them they revolted. On Wednesday evening, May 25th, a membership meeting was called and the entire assemblage voted to go out on general strike against the treacherous acts of the International officials and the bosses.

400 Workers Involved.

In this strike 400 workers are involved and 20 nationalities. The war area extends from New Brunswick to Paterson.

What are the issues with which the International and Local 25 are at loggerheads? On one side the International offices have lined up with 12 scabs including Milton Corbet, the crook; the bosses organized in the Consolidated Fur Dressers' Association, all the officialdom of the N. J. State Federation of Labor, Hillfers, Jennings & Co., the courts and the politicians of the city and state.

Lined up with the members of Local 25 are its honest officers including Morris Langer, its business manager, around whom centers the entire fight with the International.

What charges do Schachtman & Co. make? The smoke screen that is thrown out is "Communism". Thru this cry the International raises the cry of Americanism! The bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. maintains that they are the 100 per cent Americans and that Local 25 and its officers are propagating "Communism" with orders from "Moscow" and not fighting in the interests of trade unionism and Americanism.

To Hide Treachery.

The Jennings, Wolls, McGrady and Hillfers are raising the slogan of Americanism in order to hide their treacherous work and betrayals to the rank and file of organized labor. But they are doomed to failure. They have taken unto themselves allies that the workers know cannot fight for the interests of organized labor and the entire working class. These allies are the police, politicians and bosses.

Communism and the Workers (Communist) Party have been dragged into the struggle against the progressive and honest leadership of Local 25. Altho the membership of the Rabbit Workers' Local Union 25 did not know the difference between the left wing, the right wing and Communism. But before the fight is over between the International and their allies, the bosses, with Local 25 the workers will understand the differences. The rank and file see clearly the ridiculousness of the bankrupt cry of "Communism."

They know that they have a right to choose their own officers. They know that for the past nine months Morris Langer and the executive board have been honest and have fought in the interests of the union and better working conditions. The workers also see the treachery and traitorous acts of the officers of the International and the A. F. of L. have committed against them. They realize now, while the general strike is on that they are not guilty of any

charges against them. Their local was suspended illegally. The International wants to impose crooks and greasy as officers, on the backs of the local membership.

Victory Is Near.

Victory is at the threshold of the strikers of Local 25, thanks to the splendid support of the progressive elements in the unions of New Jersey. With this victory over the labor fakirs and corruptionists the left wing will take on a new breath of life, increased courage and fight the fight for emancipation not only from the traitors in the unions, but from the bosses and the yoke of capitalism. The threats to drive out the left wing in the A. F. of L. in New Jersey will not meet with great success after the defeat in Newark.

Communists will aid in the fight to remove graft and corruption within the unions and by their participation in every struggle the workers will soon learn the Communists are out to build up the unions, make them more powerful and to make trade unions organs of struggle and defense for the working class.

Mussolini's New Game; Wages and Prices See-Saw; Lira Still Rises

ROME, June 13.—Five hundred thousand textile workers have accepted a forced cut of 10 per cent in wages, beginning the 1st of June. To offset this new blow to the Italian workers, reductions in the retail prices of certain staple articles, averaging 10 per cent, have been announced; and to counteract this harsh treatment of the masters, the Confederation of Industries is recommending additional wage reductions.

On March 31st, there were 288,000 workers in Italy, totally unemployed, more than double the number for the previous year.

The continued rise of the lira is keeping the credit situation in an unsettled state, in spite of low interest rates, and business continues depressed, with wholesale prices declining, in face of the favorite showing of government accounts.

SACCO and VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!

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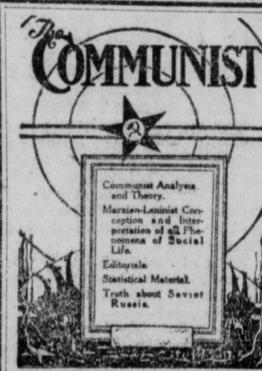


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# News from U.S.S.R.

## New Criminal Code.

ON January 1, 1927, a new criminal code entered into effect in the Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republic (R.S.F.S.R.). This code introduces a number of changes into the judicial procedure that has hitherto prevailed.

Special importance attaches to Article 6 of the new code, which provides that no criminality is entailed by any act which, although formally appearing to come under some article of the criminal code, is divested of any socially dangerous character by virtue of its triviality and lack of harmful consequences.

The penalties have been reduced on several offenses. Thus, in view of the fact that the struggle against bribery has had positive results, it has been found possible to curtail repressive measures against this crime in the new code.

In keeping with the general spirit of Soviet criminal jurisprudence the code opens with a number of introductory articles setting forth the retroactive force of the new criminal code. In cases in which the condemned was sentenced to a punishment of greater severity than the maximum imposed by the new code for the offense in question, the penalty is to be reduced to this revised maximum.

## Interurban Telephone Communication.

Nearly all the most important cities of the Soviet Union—Leningrad, Kharkov, Kiev, Novorossiysk, Archangel, Saratov, Kazan, Odessa, Rostov, Minsk, Smolensk, and others—have telephone line connections with Moscow. Work has been started on the construction of the Moscow-Tiflis telephone line, which will be one of the longest in the Union and will also make it possible to connect with Baku, Vladikavkaz, Batum, Grozny and perhaps Erivan.

The largest portion (50 per cent) of interurban telephone conversations with the Moscow central station falls to the share of Leningrad. Last year telephone conversations between Moscow and Leningrad aggregated about 1,000,000 speaking minutes, as compared with 324,000 minutes for the year 1915.

The telephone system of Moscow Province was recently completed and now all the Township Central Executive Committees, factories and mills in the Moscow Province have telephone connections with the Capital. It is planned to connect the Moscow interurban telephone station with all the villages in the Moscow Province.

All the most modern improvements in telephone technology have been applied in the Moscow interurban station. Multiple telephone apparatus has been installed, rendering it possible to conduct two conversations simultaneously over a single wire. In addition to its regular operations, the Moscow central station transmits radio programs to various cities of the Soviet Union.

## Books and Newspapers in 36 Languages.

The Central State Publishing House ("Centroizdat") provides periodical and other literature for the various small nationalities in the West and East of the Soviet Union. Books are published in 36 languages. During the fiscal year 1925-26 more than 1,000,000 copies of primers alone were turned out.

Educational work among the national minorities has been considerably facilitated as a result of the partial adoption of the Latin alphabet by the peoples of Islamic culture.

At the present time about 10 per cent of the instruction texts for the national minorities in the Soviet Union is printed in the Latin alphabet.

During the fiscal year 1925-26 a large amount of agricultural literature was issued.

Daily and weekly papers in the Tatar, Lettish, Moldavian, German and Chuvash languages are also published, the total annual issue amounting to about 2,500,000 copies.

Monthly magazines are printed in the Chuvash, Mari, Tatar, Polish, German and Yiddish tongues.

## Expenditures for Public Education in the U. S. S. R.

The expenditures for public education in the Soviet Union are covered by appropriations from the budgets of the six constituent republics (Soviet Russia proper, in abbreviation RSFSR, the Ukraine, White Russia, Transcaucasia, the Uzbek Republic and the Turkoman Republic), called "republican budgets," and from the budgets of their administrative divisions. (The republican budget, jointly with the federal budget, forms the Soviet Union.) As is shown in the table below, the expenditures for education, both in the republican and national budgets, have been growing consistently during the last three fiscal years.

Public and Local Appropriations in Millions of Roubles.

24-25	25-26	26-27	
publican budget	122.1	174.0	204.5
local budgets	229.9	204.8	411.4

Total .....352.0 468.8 615.9

## New Source of Tanning Extract Found in U. S. S. R.

The Soviet hide and leather industry requires considerable quantities of tanning materials, about 70 per cent of which are imported at a cost of some 10,000,000 rubles a year. Recently the possibility of substituting tanning substance extracted from the Siberian "badan" root for

these foreign materials has been revealed. Laboratory treatment of the "badan" root has yielded a dry, chemically pure tanning extract. The Soviet Leather Syndicate has acquired a large supply of "badan" for the preparation of this new dry extract, which it will use for tanning hides at its plants in Moscow and Taganrog.

The "badan" plant grows wild and yields 23 per cent of tannin. The extraction of tannin from the "badan" root available in Eastern Siberia alone would cover the entire tanning material requirements of the Soviet Union. Moreover, experiments have demonstrated the possibility of cultivating this plant in the European territory of the Union.

## The Chief Concessions Committee.

In its present composition, as recently confirmed by the Council of People's Commissars of the Soviet Union, the Chief Concessions Committee consists of the following members: Chairman, L. D. Trotsky; Vice Chairman, V. N. Ksandrovi; Members, B. S. Stomoniakov, K. I. Knopinsky, A. A. Joffe, M. S. Reichel and M. I. Skobelev.

## Concession Contracts Concluded Since 1921.

The number of concession contracts concluded by the Soviet Government since July, 1921, is 144. Of these 18 were concluded between July, 1921, and the end of 1922, 44 in 1923, 25 in 1924, 30 in 1925, and 27 in 1926 until October 1.

They were distributed as follows according to the basic branches of national economy:

Trading	36
Timber	6
Agriculture	10
Technical Service	6
Mining	24
Manufacturing	41
Transport and Communication	12
Building	3
Other	6
Total	144

As regards the nationality of the concessionaires, Germany stands first with 40 concessions; next comes England with 22, the United States with 15, and France with 5. The remaining 62 concessions are distributed among various nationalities.

## The All-Union Congress of Soviets.

The federal Congress of Soviets which convened in the middle of April was attended by 1,517 delegates, distributed as follows, according to the six constituent republics: Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic (R. S. F. S. R.) 1,032 delegates; Ukraine, 312 delegates; White Russia, 55 delegates; Transcaucasian Soviet Federation, 63, the Uzbek Republic, 46, and the Turkoman Republic, 9 delegates.

## Participation of Women in Soviet Elections.

Data concerning elections in 80 provincial cities show that 69.1 per cent of women members of trade unions took part in the elections, while the corresponding percentage of men organized in trade unions was only 67.2. As regards the participation of women in Soviet activities, a continuous growth is to be noticed in the course of the last four years. In 1923-24 the average number of women in the city Soviets constituted 13.1 per cent, in 1924-25 the percentage rose to 18.6, and in 1925-26 to 19.5. According to data available for 80 provincial cities, the percentage of women elected to city Soviets for the fiscal year 1926-27 has increased to 24.1.

## Limitation of the Sale of Alcoholic Beverages.

The Council of People's Commissars of Soviet Russia proper (R.S.F. S. R.) has adopted a decision authorizing all of its administrative subdivisions to prohibit the sale of alcoholic beverages on holidays and after business hours, also in some localities to forbid the sale of these drinks on the eve of holidays. This decision applies to all alcoholic beverages except beer and light wines.

## Standard Oil Constructs Kerosene Plant in Batum.

Equipment of a kerosene treating plant, to be constructed by the Standard Oil Company of New York, has been received at Batum, one of the principal oil ports of the Soviet Union on the Black Sea. The capacity of the plant will be upwards of 150,000 long tons of kerosene per year.

The plant is to be built in connection with a contract signed in London December 21 last between the Standard Oil Company of New York and the Soviet Oil Syndicate whereby the Standard will purchase up to 500,000 long tons of kerosene in three years.

The contract provides that the Standard is to build the plant and immediately turn it over to the Soviet Oil Syndicate, with the proviso that the Standard is to operate it under lease for three years, with an option for renewal for another three years.

## Kill Two Klein Case Defendants.

JOLIET, Ill., June 13.—Two of five convicts were killed and one escaped in a sensational break for liberty from the Will County jail where they were awaiting a new trial for the murder of Deputy Warden Peter Klein at Stateville penitentiary last year. The millionaire murderer Leopold, was suspected of planning the killing of Klein.

# NEW IRON BATTALIONS OF REVOLUTION



Military review in the Red Square, Moscow, before Tomb of Lenin and martyrs of world revolution. In the foreground are new recruits mobilized in reply to provocative attacks against the Soviet Union. Pen prostitutes like Ernest Marshall, New York Times correspondent in London, write that Russia should be exterminated because of the execution of the hirelings of imperialism and czarist conspirators. Let the war-mongers and their hirelings contemplate their chances against the workers and peasants of Red Russia. And if the soldiers of the Red Army need more defenders against the Marshalls and their like there are thousands of American workers that will fight for them.

# The Chinese Labor Movement

By L. HELLER.

## Role of Proletariat and Peasantry in National Movement for Freedom.

China is once again the center of attention. During a few months the Southern revolutionary armies, having advanced beyond the boundaries of the Kwangtung province, have subordinated to the national revolutionary administration of the Kuomintang, a territory with a population that equals that of the Soviet Union.

It would be a great mistake to consider the victorious advances of the Southern armies as that new fact in the history of China that the growing movement is being carried out on the shoulders of the workers and peasants. Just in this lies the anti-militarist and revolutionary significance of the imposing events now taking place in China. And this is well understood by the imperialists themselves.

## Workers Drive On.

The working class, small numerically and weakly organized, has nevertheless written some of the most astonishing pages in the history of the last five years of the nationalist revolutionary movement. It is sufficient to remember the heroic strike of the Hongkong sailors, which fundamentally roused the whole of China—spring 1922—the strike of the Chinese railwaymen (February 1923), general strike in Shamin, (foreign quarter of Canton, in July, 1924), the events in Shanghai in the summer of 1925, and finally the last Hongkong strike, which lasted 16 months (June 1925-Sept. 1926), to testify to the truth of these words. These strikes, like nothing else, moved the whole of Chinese public opinion, drew the attention not only of the many millions of masses of the poorer classes in the towns, but gradually gathered strength among the peasantry.

## Strikes Always Political.

Events have so happened in China, that every more or less significant economic strike in the foreign enterprises unavoidably became anti-militarist, and, with this, became political in character, on the other hand, every sharpening of the fight with imperialism led and, leads to a widening of the strike movement, which is the factor that gives the scope, the force and the revolutionary significance to the anti-militarist movement. That the peasants have been brought into the national revolutionary movement, that peasant organizations have been set up in many provinces bespeaks the great advance made in the development of the Chinese revolution.

## The Influence of the War—Political Events on the Development of the Labor Movement.

The labor and trade union movement in China, more than anywhere else, is very closely connected with recent military-political events. Each time, when the revolution was forced to temporarily retreat before the militarist-imperialist reaction—as was observed in the beginning of 1923, at the end of 1925 and early in 1926—the labor movement experienced the ruthless pressure and bitter persecution of the reactionaries. In 1923, for instance, the workers' movement—not only political organizations but Trade Union organizations too—was forced underground almost for two years.

The unions and federations that had just been formed, that had not been able to organize or to strengthen themselves, almost disappeared. With the favorable turn of events in the political situation at the end of 1924 and in the second half of the past year, organizations which had

been almost completely destroyed, or that had seriously suffered, began to establish and strengthen themselves again.

## Organizational Weakness of Labor Movement.

It is not surprising therefore that the Chinese workers, despite the fact that to them belongs the leading role in the revolutionary movement, have been unable to create strong unions in an organizational sense. The same proletariat which has been able and today is dealing such powerful blows against the English, Japanese and American capitalists, which has drawn to its support the masses of craftsmen, peasants, radical intelligentsia and even the traders and shop-keepers—which formed the greatest political power in the country, was childishly weak in organization. The waves of enthusiasm were far too short, being replaced by comparatively long periods of reaction; the fight was too heavy; it was the working class that had to bear the brunt of the political fight. The working class was not only the instigator, not only the guide, but also the chief participator in the struggle.

Despite the debacle of reaction, the destruction of the majority of labor organizations after the Shanghai events of 1925, the strike movement in the industrial regions under the control of international imperialism and the Northern military groups, did not weaken for long. Already in February and March 1926 we note a renewed effort being made. Having reached great strength during the period June-September, the movement broke out in mass strikes in Shanghai, and spread by the end of the year from those provinces freed from reactionary militarists by the Canton armies to the regions of U-tchan-Hankow, where in November a general strike of all Chinese workers engaged in foreign concessions and enterprises was called. It must be understood that the conditions of the strike movement in the territory held by the Nationalist Government are totally different from that of Shanghai and other regions occupied by the counter-revolutionary generals.

The strike movement of 1926 is characterized by an almost continual wave of small and average strikes. In Shanghai alone during the first ten months of last year, 164 disputes were registered. 204,109 workers took part in these disputes. The disputes were distributed over the following months:

	No. of lost working-days
January	13,675
February	21,931
March	42,977
April	19,021
May	72,972
June	204,728
July	217,361
August	439,866
September	545,099
October	185,562
Total	1,763,192

## U.S.S.R. Concession to World Tourists; 500 To Sail on July 14

A tourist concession permitting 500 Americans to travel this summer and study social and cultural conditions in Soviet Union has been granted by the Soviet government to the World Tourists, Inc., 41 Union Square. A party will sail on the steamer "Gripsohl" of the Swedish American line on July 14th direct to Leningrad. In the Soviet Russia the tourists will be under the guidance of the U. S. S. R. Society for Cultural Relations. They will furnish the tourists with interpreters and guides who will escort the visitors to all the public institutions, to theatres, cinemas and to all points of interest in and near Moscow and Leningrad.

## Latimer, Who Helped to "Conquer" Nicaragua, Is Soon to be Minus Job

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Admiral Julian Latimer, who commanded U. S. marines in crushing Nicaragua, is to be relieved from his post, Secretary of the Navy Wilbur announced yesterday.

No reason is given by the official, but it is understood that Latimer is being "let down" because of the wasteful methods used in the war against the Liberal Constitutional government and the disarming of its troops in order to make certain the control of Diaz, the tool of Wall Street.

Advices from Nicaragua report that the "pacification" process is by no means complete, new revolts having broken out. The city of Telapalea has been captured by Gen. Sandino, it has just become known.

## SACCO and VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!

# LINDBERGH ONLY CIVILIAN TOUCH IN ARMY PARADE STAGED FOR HIM

(Continued from Page One) Thousands of novelty hawkers mingled in the crowds selling "Lindy" buttons, flags, postcards, miniature aeroplanes. Throughout the line of march recruiting posters are conspicuously displayed. "Lindy was an army man." "The army trained Lindy—join today."

The fervent spirit of militarism failed to rise to the proper pitch when a company of colored soldiers marched by, the cheering subsided for a moment until a company of white sailors swung into line. After an hour and a half of sweltering waiting an open car hove into sight—and wonder of wonders—there stood Charles A. Lindbergh nodding his head in answer to the thundering acclamation of the mob.

He had ignored the bribe of a commission as a colonel. He had refused to don the uniform of legalized murder. Without Uniform. He was dressed in civilian attire. While millions of people roared and howled and did the bidding of the war-mongers who are exploiting this boy for their sinister ends, this upright boy remained aloof and refused to lend approval to this great recruiting stunt.

He is truly the son of a radical, anti-war father. In refusing to don the uniform Charles A. Jr., gave another exhibition of the Lindbergh courage. As usual, the army hogged the show. Overhead dozens of planes circle above the city in battle formation. At the sight of the low-flying planes the crowds burst into frenzied cheering. It will be an easy thing to raise the air appropriations during the next congress.

Another blaring band belches forth, "Over There" to remind the cheering spectators that there are other "over there" in store for them. The sun blazes down on a sweating mass of onlookers. The odor is terrifying, the sun is merciless. In Battle Array. Overhead dozens of planes circle above the city in battle formation. At the sight of the low-flying planes the crowds burst into frenzied cheering. It will be an easy thing to raise the air appropriations during the next congress.

# BRITISH COAL INDUSTRY FACES NEW CRISIS; PROSPECTS FOR STEEL AND IRON ALSO DULL

LONDON, June 13.—The British coal industry, which has brought its output up to about 5,000,000 tons per week, is facing a serious decline in export trade, due to the sacrifice of foreign markets during last year's coal strike, and increasing production in Germany, France, Belgium and Poland.

In 1913, Britain exported 73,000,000 tons of coal, as against a rate of 52,000,000 tons per annum at the present time.

It is feared that the glut in the home market, with the consequent fall in prices, may mean further wage-cuts, increasing short-time work, and continued strife in the coal fields. France has added to the general gloom by placing restrictions on the import of British coal.

The steel and iron industry has profited somewhat by the downward trend in the price of coal, but selling prices of steel and iron have reached a new low level, and producers are pinning their hopes on the slightly increased activity in the engineering and shipbuilding trades, which, they think, should have a favorable reaction on steel production.

## Chinese Labor Cables Sympathy to L. L. D. in Sacco, Vanzetti Fight

CHICAGO, JUNE 13 (FP).—The All-China Labor Federation has cabled the International Labor Defense from Shanghai to forward its protest against the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti. The Chinese federation speaks for 2,500,000 workers. It compares the Sacco sentence with the execution of Chinese labor men by the imperialists.

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Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO.  
Daily, Except Sunday  
33 First Street, New York, N. Y. Phone, Orchard 1680

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES**  
By mail (in New York only): By mail (outside of New York):  
\$8.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months  
\$2.50 three months \$2.00 three months

Address all mail and make out checks to  
**THE DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York, N. Y.**  
J. LOUIS ENGBAHL } .....Editors  
WILLIAM F. DUNNE }  
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Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

## Communists, Socialists and Hero Worship

### An Answer to the Letter of a Sympathizer

By BERTRAM D. WOLFF  
In THE DAILY WORKER of April 26th was printed a letter from a sympathizer, S. Richards, in which he objects to the amount of space given to Ruthenberg's life and work in THE DAILY WORKER. He feels that it is beneath the Communist dignity of "grown-up scientifically-minded people." He compares it to "the Socialist Party stop about Debs. 'The jailed he speaketh.'" He feels that "this sort of thing has not helped the Socialist Party... and... will not help our cause."

**Ruthenberg and Debs.**  
In the first place I think Comrade Richards makes a big mistake in comparing our treatment of Ruthenberg with the Socialist Party's treatment of Debs. It was the fact that the rest of the paper contradicted Debs' words that marked the degeneracy of the Party he did not have the courage to break with. It was the contradiction between the militant spirit of struggle he stood for and the cringing spirit of class collaboration in which the officialdom of the S. P. is acting. It was the contrast between his "criminal" record and the Party's "respectability," his desire for unity of all labor forces and the S. P.'s splitting tactics; his friendship for the Russian revolution and the Oneal-Cahan hatred of it; his participation in united fronts and the S. P.'s sabotage of them—in short, it was the contrast between words and deeds that made the use of the heroic figure of poor old Debs as a fig-leaf to cover the S. P.'s naked betrayal of the class struggle so disgusting.

But as to honoring Debs, reprinting his speeches, commemorating his life, even we who see his weaknesses do that. And I think we will do more of it as the memory fades of his final failure to break with a degenerating and decaying party that was feeding on his name and reputation, and as the things he stood for—unity, solidarity, industrial unionism, struggle against war, uncompromising class struggle—stand out more and more.

**Richards Ignores History.**  
You say, Comrade Richards, that "revolutionary parties, scientifically-minded people" don't do that. How about the Russian Party with its Lenin; the German Party with its Liebknecht and Luxemburg; the French Party with its heroes of the Commune? Surely the workingclass also

has its heroes, and greater than the heroes of the bourgeoisie. Greater, for they can think as well as fight (therein Debs was inferior to Ruthenberg) and greater because they serve not a class alone, but in the long run, all mankind.

**Not Hero Worshipers.**  
True, we are not hero-worshippers in the sense that we do not believe that great men make history. But our theory of history does not do away with great men. On the contrary it explains them as the leaders of movements, as those who see clearer and therefore point the way, as those who march with surest and swiftest step and therefore march in front, as those who help to build the movement that in turn "builds" them. We know that without an army the greatest general is nothing but we know also that a good army needs a good general and without officers an army is no army.

But of what importance is a leader such as Debs or Ruthenberg after he is dead?  
**Tradition Plays a Part.**  
To answer that question, Comrade Richards, you must understand the part that revolutionary tradition plays in the building of a revolutionary movement. The tradition of the Haymarket martyrs gave us May Day. The tradition of the French revolution and of '48 gave France the Paris Commune. The tradition of the Paris Commune gave Russia 1905 and the tradition of 1905 gave us 1917.

The bourgeoisie tries to make us forget our workingclass heroes and our workingclass traditions of struggle. It tries to tell us that "May Day is un-American" tho it originated in America. That "revolution is un-American" tho the America was born of a revolution. It tries to make us forget the left wing of the American revolution, the Daniel Shays and Thomas Paines and those who are too prominent to be forgotten, the Patrick Henrys and Thomas Jeffersons—it conceals their revolutionary character. Because the master class controls the schools, the press, the church—our memory is painfully short. We must struggle to preserve the precious heritage of workingclass heroes and workingclass struggles. Without such a continuous and growing revolutionary tradition each generation must begin again from the beginning. Our class will grow in ripeness as we

learn to measure that tradition and accumulate it and utilize it and spread it to all our class.

**American Traditions.**  
In the new world war that is approaching the tradition of Debs and Ruthenberg—the tradition of struggle against imperialist war—will prove a priceless American heritage. Above all that of Ruthenberg, who, a far greater thinker than Debs, was the first American to clearly formulate the struggle to change imperialist war into class war, into civil war. It is our task to make the whole workingclass remember and understand and build upon that tradition. Let us conserve and spread the memory of it lest they tell us "Resistance to Imperialist War—the conversion of imperialist war into civil war—is 'un-American.'"

And Ruthenberg represented much more than that. As great in courage as Debs, he was far greater in clarity. The constitution of our party is his work. Its most important theses were written by him. He saw our class as a whole, its allies and its enemies and its relation to other classes more clearly than any of the rest of us.

Pointing out and avoiding their errors, we must keep alive the memory of Debs and De Leon. Yes, and we must revive the memory of other American workingclass heroes (such as Sylvius) whom we have permitted to become nameless. But above all we must keep alive and carry to all our class the memory of Ruthenberg for he is the outstanding figure the American workingclass has so far produced. THE DAILY WORKER talks too much about Ruthenberg? My complaint is that it does not talk about him enough.

### A Neglected Strike and Official A. F. of L. Scabbery.

The production of eighteen open shop mines of the Pittsburgh Coal Company in the Pittsburgh district in May was 493,035 tons against 451,690 tons in March.

A coal miners' strike has been in existence since the first day of last April.

It is pertinent to inquire what has the officialdom of the United Miners of America been doing to help win the strike and defend the present standard of living of the mine workers?

It is also pertinent to ask what has been the contribution of the officialdom of the A. F. of L. to the winning of the miners' strike?

Careful investigation has failed to convince us that the Lewis leadership of the United Mine Workers of America has put forth a serious effort to defeat the bosses. John L. Lewis, whose resonant voice thunders so loudly at conventions against the radicals, has been comparatively silent since the rank and file of his unions brought up their tools from the mines on the first of last April. The red-baiting hero crouches like a frightened rabbit before the bosses. He is leaving a gallant army disorganized to do the best they can against a powerful and well-disciplined enemy. So much for the direct leadership of the United Mine Workers of America.

What about the executive council of the A. F. of L.? What part has it taken in this struggle?

What it has not done in winning the strike for the miners is a matter of common knowledge. But it has not been idle in the meantime. It has been engaged in strike activity or rather strike-breaking activity.

William Green, president of the A. F. of L., is a member of the United Mine Workers of America and former secretary-treasurer of the miners' union.

Under Mr. Green's direction and directly led by Matthew Woll, a vice-president of the A. F. of L., a committee of labor fakery and gangs of underworld thugs have been busily engaged trying to break a strike of fur workers in New York city.

This corrupt outfit has not a word to say in behalf of the miners struggling to maintain their present standard of living, but it has time, money and gunmen to spare to break a strike of fur workers.

This gives as clear a picture of the character of this strike-breaking aggregation as could be penned. The facts need no embellishment. They speak for themselves.

The only addition that need be made to this indictment is that every class-conscious worker in the country must see the necessity of organizing the left wing in the trade union movement and burying those fakery, politically, beneath an avalanche of rank and file resentment.

The strike-breaking officialdom of the American Federation of Labor must go.

### Pilsudski's Guilt Now Evident.

Not even the most gullible can longer doubt the responsibility of the fascist government of Poland for the assassination of the Soviet minister, Comrade Voikoff. Saturday official announcement was made by the bloody Pilsudski government that the murderer, because of his youth, would probably be lightly dealt with, as "Poland exercises extreme clemency in cases of crimes of minors." A request that the culprit be turned over to the Soviet government was declined, as was also the demand for an investigation in an effort to definitely establish the identity of the instigators of the murder.

This attitude of the Polish government sheds a glaring light upon the real murderers and proves our contention that Pilsudski and his fascist government are vassals of Britain, the mad-dog of Europe, in its conspiracies against the workers' and peasants' governments comprising the Soviet Union.

The whole thing becomes perfectly clear. The murderer was chosen for his youth, instructed to commit the crime, whereupon he would be instantly taken into custody by the Polish police, where he would be in safe and friendly hands. The "apologies" and messages of condolence sent by Pilsudski's underlings to Moscow were all part of the plot because the wretched hirelings of British imperialism knew that Moscow would see through the pretenses of Poland and would demand stern repression of the hordes of white-guard terrorists who are colonized in Warsaw and other cities for the purpose of plotting murder expeditions against the leaders of the revolution. The murder at Warsaw was part and parcel of British provocation against the Soviet Union that has been consistently carried on since the tory gang of forgers came into power. The profuse apologies on the part of Poland were part of the plot. The murderers could hardly be expected openly to gloat over their act, but their role was to pretend to abhor the act while at the same time conducting themselves in such a manner that the Soviet authorities would know it was merely adding insult to injury.

Tory Britain has chosen fascist Poland as its agent in the plot to create a bloc of nations against Bolshevik Russia. This fact is plain to everyone capable of the slightest political understanding. The capitalist press pretends that Russia is indulging in absurd exaggeration in placing the blame for the murder where it properly belongs—at the door of Britain. But the imperialists who pay the pen valets of capitalism also know the game and they are alarmed that the Soviet leaders have the courage to expose to the world the real forces behind the series of provocations culminating in Voikoff's murder.

The Soviet government exposes the real menace in Europe to world peace by ripping from the face of Britain its hypocritical mask. The pent-up fury of the masses of revolutionary Russia is being directed into channels that will make more powerful the mighty Red Army. The limit of provocation has about been reached. One more step may be the last before the signal is given for the defenders of the proletarian dictatorship to avenge the deaths of the martyrs who have perished at the hands of the imperialists. If the command is given to crush the fascist agents of Baldwin and Chamberlain these criminals will not only face the

avenging hosts of revolution on foreign soil, but will have to reckon with their own revolutionary forces at home who will take advantage of the crisis to fan the flames of revolt in the "mother" country.

### Weakening the Building Trades Unions.

The various plumbers' strikes taking place in Greater New York furnish a fine lesson for those who want to avoid the weakening of organized labor through lack of united action. Plumbers' local No. 1 of Brooklyn is conducting a strike against the bosses. They have been left in the lurch by their international officials who came before them and advised arbitration, which was repudiated by the rank and file. While they are out there is also a lockout against the plumbers in Staten Island and Queens.

All these strikes and lockouts are being betrayed by the building trades council which permits other building trades workers to stay on the jobs in spite of their provisions against handling scab material or working on buildings where scab labor is used. Then the plumbers themselves, in turn, are damaging their own chances of success by refusing to unite with the plumbers' helpers who are on strike in Greater New York. If they would unite with the helpers, who are organized into a body trying to get recognition by and admission to the American Federation of Labor, against the bosses and carry on a determined fight to induce the other building trades to go out with them they would soon bring the employers to time. But, under the present conditions the employers of Brooklyn are taking advantage of the confused conditions among the unions and the traitorous acts of the international officials to begin the organization of a company or employer-controlled "Amalgamated" union of plumbers—the first in the building trades in the city.

It is not yet too late to repair the damage done by this series of blunders and betrayals—the plumbers' helpers being neglected by the plumbers, who in turn are being betrayed by both their international officials and the building trades council. If the strikers will close their ranks and start a determined drive to enlist the support of the rest of the building trades, even over the heads of the Building Trades Council, they still can save their unions and win their demands.

### Another Paid Liar of the New York Times.

That notorious hag of the journalistic red-light district, the New York Times, maintains the world's greatest staff of paid liars whose duty it is to malign and vilify every effort of labor throughout the world to strike from its body the chains of capitalism. Two of them are noteworthy. In China they have Frederick Moore who concocts mendacious tales against the national liberation movement. In London they have Ernest Marshall, who acts as press agent and editorial writer for the Baldwin government of forgery. This worthy, writing what purports to be a news story about British reaction to the executions in Moscow of the paid spies of London banking houses, indulges in editorial fury against the Soviet Union.

This pen prostitute calls the leaders of the Soviet Union "the Moscow murderers," and adds that their "extermination is a necessity for the well-being of the rest of the community."

From the safety of his London room, Marshall and his ilk can hurl maledictions against the revolution in Russia, but let them dare try to turn their words into action and they will find not only an invincible Red Army to smash any force his masters can hurl against the revolution, but thousands upon thousands of class-conscious and revolutionary workers in the capitalist countries who will do all in their power to cripple any army sent against the Soviet Union.

### Chicago Launches Drive to Increase Subscription List

CHICAGO, June 13.—A special committee, headed by S. T. Hammersmark, Chicago representative of THE DAILY WORKER has issued a call for a conference to be held at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Boulevard, on Friday, June 17th. A mid-summer subscription campaign is to be launched and all Party units and supporting and sympathetic organizations are to be busy obtaining subscriptions between now and July 15th, when the drive will end.

At the meeting reports will be made by Comrade Arne Swabeck, and the delegates including representatives of the foreign language press. On July 2nd, a special Chicago edition to be edited by Thurber Lewis will be issued for wide distribution. This activity is by way of reply to the attacks on THE DAILY WORKER by the courts and other reactionary forces.

### Large Audience at Reading of Poems of the Revolution

\$262.21 was realized from "Red Poets' Nite," held for the benefit of THE DAILY WORKER, it is announced. This affair was arranged by Nucleus F-4, sub-section 1-B, Workers (Communist) Party.

A group of the most prominent of the radical poets participated in the unique event held at the Labor Temple. The program presented was the first of its kind held, revolutionary poetry being read in many languages, including English, Yiddish, Russian, Chinese, Hungarian, and Japanese.

Moissaye J. Olgin, editor of "The Hammer," Yiddish Communist monthly, presided.

Among the poets represented were Michael Gold, who read "An American Funeral"; Abraham Raisin, famous Yiddish poet; H. Laiveck, author of "Shop" and "The Golom"; Adolf Wolff, Joseph Freeman, A. B. Magil, Mani Leib, Max Stengel, Louis Egri, Hungarian poet and author of "Rapid Transit"; Siego Ogino, Simon Felshin, Ho Su-shing and Eli Siegel.

The committee in active charge consisted of A. Finkelberg, Rose Baron, S. Shipman, A. Wolff, M. Woll and J. Nekon.

### What the Daily Worker Means to the Workers

More Encouraging Contributions to Our Emergency Fund.

Canton, Ohio Pledges \$90  
At a hastily called meeting of DAILY WORKER readers held in Canton, Ohio, \$90 was pledged, \$37 immediately being given to Comrade Gari in cash. The balance will be forwarded soon to the Daily.

## DRAMA

### Broadway Briefs

Elizabeth Allen has replaced Sylvia Field in the role of Billie Moore in "Broadway" at the Broadhurst theatre.

"High Hatty" will be the name of the new musical comedy which Bernard Lohmuller and Christopher T. Scifie will produce early this season. The book and lyrics are by McElbert Moore and Phil Cook. Music by Owen Murphy.

Charles Winninger, last seen in "Oh Please," will be featured in the Gershwin-Kaufman musical comedy, "Strike Up the Band," which Edgar Selwyn is producing.

Elizabeth Ridsen of the Theatre Guild company will play the part of Helena and Beatrice Miller the role of Puck in the Actor's Fund performance of "A Midsummer Night's Dream" at the Stadium, Forest Hills, next Sunday night.

The vaudeville acts at Moss' Broadway this week include: Guy and Pearl Magley and Co; Bill Robinson; Lang and Haley; Jean Granese; Wallace and May; "Behind The Wall"; and the Martels.

"Talk About Girls," a new musical will open at the Waldorf theatre tonight.

### CURRENT EVENTS

(Continued from Page One)

of the 152 returns still to come in the Labor Party has won 15 seats, the same number it held in the last parliament. The government party is faring badly, the de Valerates running closely behind it. When this was written the government party had only 25 seats against 61 for the combined opposition.

THE defeat of the Government party would mean an additional anxiety for the British government. The Free State government is simply a puppet of British imperialism and an official of the Dublin cabinet recently stated that should England engage in war with a foreign power the Free State would be morally obligated to lend her assistance. It is not at all unlikely that this statement may contribute as much as any other single factor to the defeat of the Government.

### Let's Fight On! Join The Workers Party!

In the loss of Comrade Ruthenberg the Workers (Communist) Party has lost its foremost leader and the American working class its staunchest fighter. This loss can only be overcome by many militant workers joining the Party that he built. Fill out the application below and mail it. Become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party and carry forward the work of Comrade Ruthenberg.

I want to become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party.  
Name .....  
Address .....  
Occupation .....

Union Affiliation.....  
Mail this application to the Workers Party, 108 East 14th Street, New York City; or if in other city to Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.  
Distribute the Ruthenberg pamphlet, "The Workers' (Communist) Party, What It Stands For and Why Workers Should Join." This Ruthenberg pamphlet will be the basic pamphlet thruout the Ruthenberg Drive.



HELENE CHANDLER  
In "Mr. Pim Passes By," Milne's fluffy comedy now in its final week at the Garrick theatre.

### AMUSEMENTS

THEATRE GUILD ACTING CO.  
**MR. PIM PASSES BY**  
GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Evs. 8:40  
Mts. Thur. & Sat. 2:40  
Next Wk.: Ned McCobb's Daughter  
**The SECOND MAN**  
GUILD Thea., W. 52 St. Evs. 8:30  
Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30  
Ned McCobb's Daughter  
John Golden Th. 58, E. of B'way. Circle  
Mts. Thur. & Sat. 8:00  
Next Week: Silver Cord

Little Theatre GRAND  
44th St. W. of B'way.  
Evenings at 8:30.  
MATINEES WED.  
AND SATURDAY, 2:30.  
STREET FOLLIES  
SYD CHAPLIN  
IN THE MISSING LINK  
B. S. COLONY BROADWAY  
MOSS' COURT, 48th St., East of B'way.  
Contn. Noon to Midnight.—Pop. Prices.

**The LADDER**  
Now in its 7th MONTH  
COURT, 48th St., East of B'way.  
MATINEE WEDNESDAY

### Screen Notes

Lew Cody and Aileen Pringle, Metro's new co-starring team, who have just completed work in "Adam and Evil," will next appear in "Be Your Age," an original story by Frederick and Fanny Hatton.

Greta Garbo will play the chief role in "The Divine Woman," an adaptation of Gladys Unger's story, "Starlight," Victor Seastrom, who has just finished directing Lillian Gish's new vehicle, "The Wind," will be at the megaphone.

John McCarthy will direct the Cosmopolitan production, "Loveborn," based on a story by Beatrice Fairfax.

Renee Adoree, the heroine of "The Big Parade," will have the title role of "Rose Marie," in the adaptation of the musical play which was seen on Broadway two seasons back. William Nigh, who directed Lon Chaney's "Mr. Wu," is in charge of the production.

Every Party Nucleus must collect 50 cents from every member and will receive 20 pamphlets for every member to sell or distribute.

Nuclei in the New York District will get their pamphlets from the District office—108 East 14th St.

Nuclei outside of the New York District write to THE DAILY WORKER publishing Co., 33 East First Street, New York City, or to the National Office, Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

## BOOK BARGAINS AT SPECIAL PRICES

### Four Interesting Pamphlets

These four well known pamphlets are clubbed together in an attractive offer. Take advantage of it.

**THE CRISIS IN THE GERMAN SOCIAL DEMOCRACY**  
By Rosa Luxemburg (The well known Junius pamphlet) —.25

**THE REVOLUTIONARY CRISIS (of 1918-21) IN GERMANY, ENGLAND, ITALY, FRANCE**  
By Wm. Z. Foster —.25

**EMPIRE SOCIALISM**  
By R. Palme Dutt —.10

**THE MOVEMENT FOR WORLD TRADE UNION UNITY**  
By Tom Bell —.15

A total of 75 cents worth of choice booklets for

**50 CENTS**  
Add five cents for postage.

**NOTE:** Books offered in this column on hand in limited quantities. All orders cash and filled in turn as received.

# "AMO" FIRST AUTO PLANT OF THE SOVIET UNION SHOWS GREAT GAINS

(Continued from Page One)

Excursions are also planned at frequent intervals and a library is maintained. Every month sees a new issue of the Wall Newspaper, "The Furnace," for which everyone is urged to contribute. The "Amo" plant has a group of worker-writer correspondents, the meetings of which have a regular attendance of from 80 to 40 members.

There is no unemployment here insofar as qualified workers are concerned. Every capable worker is on the job. The unemployment that exists is to be found only among the "unqualified" workers, or unskilled labor. That the qualifications of the workers in the plant will be lifted to high standards is shown by the intensive training given the young workers entering the plant. One hundred students are now attending the school that gives four hours theoretical and four hours technical training. Every 45 minutes there is a rest period of 15 minutes, so that the work-day, or school-day if you will, consists of only six actual hours. Three hundred students are expected to enter in the fall.

**School For Workers.**  
It was in the machine shop, run as an adjunct to the school, that one of the instructors came up and shook hands, greeting me with the question, "How are the comrades getting along in Chicago?"

The questioner was Louis Golo who left Chicago, August 27, 1923, with the workers bound for Kuzbas. Comrade Golo spent two years in Kuzbas. Two more years he has been here in the Amo plant. He is an enthusiast in the development of Soviet industry.

"I'll come back to the United States when the profit system there has been abolished, not before," he declared. Then he showed me thru the school rooms. Here was a class studying algebra under the direction of a teacher from the Technical University of Moscow. Another class was devoting itself to the study of physics. Another was battling with the grammar of the Russian language. So the youth were being prepared to do their share, as they grow older, in the building of the new social order.

Out of the white heat of the revolution the Amo plant came to life, built by revolutionists who quickly dropped their rifles for the tools of industry. It is the youth who will perfect the industry and make it serve the masses under the new social system—Communism.

**Sinclair Begs to Be Arrested But Boston Cops Shy**  
BOSTON, June 13.—The police department of this city, which has charge of deciding the merits of contemporary literature, refuses to arrest Upton Sinclair.

The author of "Oil" arrived here a few days ago to make a test case in the courts when his book was banned by the local authorities. Yesterday Sinclair addressed a crowd of several thousand on the Boston common and compared his latest novel with "Hamlet" and the bible.

He received a tremendous ovation when he appeared. He recounted the story of the case and was interrupted only when a cop asked if he had a permit to speak. When this was furnished, there was no further official interference.

**Courts Arrest.**  
"I wish you would arrest me," Sinclair pleaded with the sergeant in charge of the cops. "I would consider it the greatest privilege ever accorded me. And if it wasn't that I might be charged with bribery I would gladly offer you \$1,000 to place me under arrest."

**Girl Punished for Bumping Captain.**  
Betty Rogers, of New York City, was arraigned before Justice A. M. F. Seegar in the Supreme Court of New York City today and received a suspended sentence of six months for operating a car while intoxicated on April 8th, last. Miss Rogers drove a car which crashed into another in Haverstraw. In the collision captain and Mrs. William Bennett of Haverstraw were severely injured.

**Health Food Vegetarian Restaurant**  
1600 Madison Ave.  
PHONE: UNIVERSITY 2565.

## PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

**Party Units, Attention!**  
All notices of party affairs, meetings and other activities for publication in The DAILY WORKER should be addressed to the Party News Editor, The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York.

**NEW YORK.—**Concert and dance at the New Star Casino on June 18, 8 p. m., for the benefit of the Young Pioneer Camp. Come, and bring your relatives, friends and neighbors. Do your bit to build a Camp for workers' children.

**Daily Worker Agent Meeting.**  
Notice to all DAILY WORKER and Literature agents of Section 2. A special meeting of all DAILY WORKER and Literature agents has been called for Wednesday June 15 at 6 p. m. at 100 W. 28th St.

**Lower Bronx Pioneers Meet Every Friday.**  
The lower Bronx Pioneers are active again. They hold their regular meetings every Friday at 611 East 140th St., near Cypress Ave., 6:30 p. m. All party members are urged to send their children to the meeting.

**Grecht Speaks Tonight.**  
Subsection 3E will hold educational meetings on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of every month. The first educational meeting will be held tonight at 100 W. 28th St., 6 p. m. The topic to be discussed will be, "The Offensive against the Soviet Union," led by Rebecca Grecht. Sympathizers are welcome.

**Sacco-Vanzetti Meet in Long Island.**  
The Long Island Section of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a Sacco and Vanzetti protest meeting Saturday evening, 8:00 p. m. at the corner of Steinway and Jackson Ave., L. I. City.

**Regular DAILY WORKER Meet Tomorrow.**  
Section and sub-section DAILY WORKER agents will hold their regular meeting tomorrow, 8 p. m. at 108 East 14th St.

**Brooklyn Comrades, Attention!**  
All Brooklyn party members should report Thursday morning, 10 a. m. at 29 Graham Ave., for special duty in connection with the Lindbergh parade in Brooklyn.

## Labor and Fraternal Organizations

The United Council of Working Class Housewives, Council 15, will hold a meeting tonight at 808 Eddy Ave., the Bronx, prominent speakers will be present.

**I. L. D. Open Air Meeting Tomorrow.**  
Tomorrow night, Intervale and Wilkins avenues. Open air meeting on Sacco and Vanzetti. Auspices of International Labor Defense, Bronx English Branch.

## Taxes Fleece American Farmers of One-third Of Net Yearly Income

The American farmer is mulcted, in taxes, of one-third of his net income. Sensational figures are disclosed in the report of a study made by the National Industrial Conference Board, 247 Park Avenue, New York, showing the acute crisis which American agriculture has passed through in recent years, and the heavy burden of taxation which it still carries.

In 1920-21, the report states, taxes collected from the farms amounted to nearly six times the total net profits from all farms. In 1921-22, there was considerable "improvement," when "only 77.7%" of the net profits of the farms was swallowed up in the maw of taxation.

For the last three years, the study shows, farm taxation has hovered at about the same level, about 33% of the net income, this figure being nearly three times as high as taxation figures for the last three years before the war.

**AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS BAKERS' LOC. NO. 164**  
Meets 1st Saturday in the month at 3468 Third Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.  
Ask for Union Label Bread.

**ANYTHING IN PHOTOGRAPHY STUDIO OR OUTSIDE WORK**  
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**SPIESS STUDIO**  
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Special Rates for Labor Organizations (Established 1887.)

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freckles, rash, itching skin, eczema or stubborn skin trouble of any kind will be banished by use of FLORA ANNA SKIN OINTMENT. \$1.00. Sold on money back guarantee.

**NEW WAY LABORATORIES**  
276 West 43rd St. New York City  
25% of all sales are donated to The DAILY WORKER. Always mention The DAILY WORKER on your order.

# N. Y. WORKERS IN VOIKOFF PROTEST MEETING TONIGHT

Will Warn of Menace of New World War

A memorial meeting for Peter Voikoff, the ambassador of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics to Poland, who was murdered last week in that country by a monarchist, will be held tonight at New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave.

While the workers at tonight's meeting will mourn the loss of that staunch fighter for the working class, they will also hear of the latest attempts of world imperialism to fight against the first workers' republic.

It is now self-evident that the assassination of Peter Voikoff, the Soviet ambassador to Poland, was not a mere accident but part of a well laid-out plot carried on by enemies of the workers' and peasants' government of Soviet Russia.

The throwing of the bomb into the crowded Communist meeting in Moscow, the murder of the Soviet official who was taking a spy to the Russian boundary line, the attempted assassination of Bukharin coming as they did after the raid by the British government on Arcos and the breaking off of relations by British imperialism with Soviet Russia, shows that the Voikoff matter is not merely one of assassination, but one that shows the danger of a world war and the necessity of defense of the workers' government of the Soviet Union.

M. J. Olgin, who participated in the revolutionary struggles of the Russian workers, will be one of the main speakers. Others include Alexander Trachtenberg, William F. Dunne, Juliet Stuart Poyntz, John J. Ballam, Melch Epstein, Rebecca Grecht, Sam Don, Bert Miller will preside.

# Hearing Today of 5 Plumbers' Helpers Jailed as Pickets

The five plumbers' helpers arrested last Thursday for picketing will come up for a hearing in Coney Island Court this morning. At the time of their arrest one of the strikers, Thomas Russo, was severely beaten by a policeman.

The helpers have been on strike since April 1. They are fighting for union recognition and increase of wages.

**Pay Seabs \$5 a Day.**  
Plumbers' helpers are being advertised for in the capitalist papers, and \$5 a day is being offered. The Active Agency, a notorious strike-breaking organization is now carrying an ad in The World, in which the helpers are offered one dollar a day more than the average scale before the strike.

An important mass meeting of all members of the American Association of Plumbers' Helpers will be held tonight in the Church of All Nations. Matters of vital interest to the membership will be taken up, according to C. E. Miller, president.

**Fur Boss Held in Heavy Bail.**  
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 13.—Bail of \$75,000 was set by Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins here yesterday for the release of Nathan Ressler, president of the Yonkers Fur Dressing Company held on an indictment charging first degree arson.

No bondsmen appeared at the hearing when the bail was set, and Ressler was returned to jail.

**Sacco and Vanzetti Shall Not Die!**

**CONY ISLAND STADIUM CONCERT**  
Fifth St. & Surf Ave. Coney Island, N.Y.  
The Entire New York Symphony Orchestra  
A World Famous Ballet and other attractions  
**SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 16**  
Auspices: JOINT DEFENSE AND RELIEF COMMITTEE  
TICKETS on sale at 108 E. 14th Street, Room 35.

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**DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF**  
SURGEON DENTIST  
Office Hours: 9:30-12 A. M. 2-4 P. M.  
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249 EAST 114th STREET  
Cor. Second Ave. New York

Telephone Mott Haven 0506.  
**Dr. Morris Shain**  
SURGEON DENTIST  
592 Oak Terrace, Bronx, N. Y.  
141st St. and Crimmins Ave.

# To Raise \$25,000 for Furriers Relief Fund, Decide Shop Chairmen

Congratulations to the victorious Newark furriers was sent last night by the joint shop Chairmen's Council of the furriers and cloak-makers.

The meeting of the executive board also decided to start a campaign to raise \$25,000 for the furriers' relief fund.

The telegram to the Newark furriers read: "Congratulations. We hail your victory as a victory of progressive organized labor against the bosses and their union agent."

# Students Beaten Up On Sigman Visit to Take Legal Action

Some legal action against the officers of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union is being contemplated by three members of the International Students' Association who were expelled from the headquarters of the union when they tried to call upon Morris Sigman and Julius Hochman on Saturday, and at the corner of Fifth Ave. and 16th St.

They were severely cut and beaten by gangsters employed by the union.

The chairman of the association, A. Wagner; secretary, H. Seiden, and M. Rosenbloom went to call on Sigman and Hochman to urge them to be present at a luncheon they were arranging for discussion of the situation in the needle trades. The students' group has for several weeks been actively interested in trying to arrange such a meeting in an effort to be helpful, if possible, in bringing about peace in the union.

They have taken no sides in the matter, and were endeavoring to bring representatives of both factions to address the university students at the proposed luncheon.

As soon as they entered International headquarters Saturday afternoon, they were ordered out. At first they thought they had made a mistake and come into the wrong building; but they were told in a surly manner that this was the I. L. G. W. U. but they could not see either Sigman or Hochman, and they could "Get the hell out of the building, quick." As they went out, they were roughly pushed along down the stairs; and when they reached the 5th Ave. corner, which was deserted on Saturday afternoon, a group of thugs attacked them and slashed and beat them.

The students, still suffering from their injuries, are planning determined action against those responsible for this assault. Incidentally, they have decided they are no longer neutral in the needle trades fight.

# Einstein Theory Under Motion Picture Tests

CHICAGO, June 13.—Prof. Albert A. Michelson, world-famous physicist of the University of Chicago, will use motion pictures in his new experiments to test the Einstein theory of relativity, it was disclosed today.

Beams of light as they race back and forth from the mirrors he is using in his test will be photographed by motion picture camera lens, set for high speed. The purpose is to discover whether the light travels in the direction of the solar system with the same speed at which it travels at right angles to that direction.

If the light is not shown to travel at the same speed, it will be impossible to substantiate the Einstein theory, Prof. Michelson said.

# JOB GRAFTERS GOUGE MONEY FROM WORKERS

Prey Upon Victims of Unemployment

Employment sharks whose nests of graft line the Bowery in New York are getting more brazen every day in their practice of preying upon the unfortunate unemployed workers who drift into New York in an effort to find jobs. One of the most glaring incidents came to the attention of The DAILY WORKER in the case of Carl Schwartz, who bought for the fee of \$2.00 a job welding a pick and shovel on the Pennsylvania railroad at Logans, N. J.

Two Dollars For A "Job."  
He bought his "job" from the employment concern of Rosen & Costello, on the Bowery, near First street, whose misleading sign about the job brought him into their clutches. After arriving at Logans on June 2nd, he worked until the 10th (pay day) and was informed that he would get no pay that day because he had not worked long enough.

He was then told he would have to wait until the 25th to get paid and that then he would only get paid until the 15th—the company holding back ten days' pay. The pay was at the rate of 40 cents an hour for a nine-hour day—making a total of but \$3.60 per day. He was told he could get good board for \$1.05 per day and the food served was such swill that none of the men who had money would eat it, although they had to pay for it just the same. All of them spent from \$1.00 to \$1.50 in order to get decent food in town near where they slept in railroad cars not fit for cattle.

**Cheated Out of Wages.**  
Schwartz got sick and could not work on Saturday so he was told to go to Trenton on a pass to get paid. The Trenton boss told him he would give him a pass back to New York and he would have to see the employment sharks, Rosen & Costello. On calling on them he was informed that they could do nothing for him.

The result is that he was left stranded in New York, the employment fakirs had his two dollars and the Pennsylvania railroad had cheated him out of eight days' labor.

An investigation by congress should be ordered to probe this practice of interstate commerce in human labor power and the organized frauds perpetrated by the employment agencies.

**Hunt Portuguese Flyer.**  
RIO DE JANEIRO, June 13.—Several boats are searching for Major Sarmiento Beires, the Portuguese flyer, who has not been heard from for several days. The flyer intended to go to the West Indies, and left several days ago, but ships and radio report that the airman has not been sighted.

**LONDON, June 13.—**The Eastern Telegraph Company, an English firm, is laying a new armored cable across the desert between Port Said and Suez.

The object of the line will make possible messages from London to Bombay without being handled en route.

**Scored French Imperialism**  
In the meantime Paris workers are demanding the immediate release of M. Semard, who has been sent to jail for eight months for opposing French imperialism in Morocco.

# Englander and Stein, Left Wingers, Beaten Up at Convention

At the hour of going to press the only information received from the Washington convention of the Furriers' Int'l was that Englander an international vice president of the union and a left winger, and Stein a delegate from Philadelphia, were beaten up by right winger gangsters.

# Furriers to Wear Tin Helmets on Picket Line

(Continued from Page One)  
to picket, which Matthew Wolf wants to have taken away, is to be tested by the case of 46 workers who were arrested yesterday morning on 27th street near 7th avenue, while picketing the shops of the Associated Fur Manufacturers.

The workers were charged with disorderly conduct, but the Joint Board attorney, Jacob Mandelbaum, argued that their picketing was perfectly lawful and they were guilty of no offense. Magistrate Abraham Rosenblut, who heard the case in Jefferson Market Court, paroled the workers in the custody of the lawyer until June 17th, and requested the attorney to file a brief giving the legal arguments supporting the right to picket. This will be placed in the magistrate's hands today.

# Arrest Daudet After Workers Protest; Cops Get Communist Leader

PARIS, June 13.—Widespread protest on the part of Paris workers has at last led to the arrest of Leon Daudet, Royalist leader.

Although M. Semard, Secretary General of the French Communist Party, had been unceremoniously dragged away to jail a few days ago, French police failed to arrest the Royalist leader. The excuse given by the police was that Daudet had been protected by a number of the young followers.

Parisian workers who had witnessed the police in action at Communist demonstrations rather doubted the inability of the police to cope with a handful of raw, if enthusiastic young Royalists. They demanded the immediate arrest of Daudet.

**Protest Semard Arrest**  
The protest of Paris workers had its effect. At 7:30 this morning Police Prefect Chiappe, accompanied by an army of policemen and firemen, surrounded the offices of L'Action Francaise, Royalist sheet.

Said the Prefect to the handful of Royalists, "In the name of the blood that you mourn" (Daudet's son committed suicide recently) "will you allow more French blood to be spilled?" Daudet (surrounded by his few score psychopathic followers) answered generously, "No, I do not wish to start a civil war." Shouting "Long live France," he walked out of the building with dignity and accompanied the army of policemen and firemen to the police station.

**Scored French Imperialism**  
In the meantime Paris workers are demanding the immediate release of M. Semard, who has been sent to jail for eight months for opposing French imperialism in Morocco.

ATTEND the MEMORIAL MEETING in honor of Comrade VOIKOFF recently shot by a White Guard assassin in Warsaw. TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 14, at 8 P. M. NEW STAR CASINO East 107th Street. Speakers: William F. Dunne, Alexander Trachtenberg, John J. Ballam, Melach Epstein, Moissaye J. Olgin, Juliet Stuart Poyntz, Sam Don, Bert Miller, Chairman, Rebecca Grecht. Admission 25 Cents. Auspices: WORKERS PARTY, DISTRICT 2.

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# Professional Patriots

(Continued from last issue)

Retired army officials find a haven in professional patriotic organizations. Here, in the capacity of "executives" they are able to parade their pompous titles, engage in occupations congenial to their jingo inclinations at attractive salaries.

"Professional Patriots" is edited by Norman Hapgood from material assembled by Sidney Howard and John Hearley.

"When you hear a man tryin' to discredit Uncle Sam, that's Bolshevism.

"When you hear a man castin' discredit on the sincerity of Washington and Lincoln, that's Bolshevism—because those two are the corner-stone of our patriotic faith.

"When you hear a man distortin', misquotin', misconstruin' our Constitution, that's Bolshevism—'cause that instrument is the soundest thing, it's the greatest safeguard of human liberty ever evolved from the experience of or directly by the wisdom of man."

And of course the inevitable appeal to womanhood. This by Virginia Terhune Van der Water in a League leaflet:

"Bolshevism and Americanism cannot exist in the same land. Our fight is not yet over. One war has been won. We are facing another war that we must fight with all our strength of will and purpose. It is the fight of Americanism against Bolshevism.

"Can women, whose men helped win the World War, hesitate to say on which side they stand?"

The National Association for Constitutional Government, with which are associated the Hon. James M. Beck and the Hon. David Jayne Hill, has issued a number of pamphlets, among which are: "Confessions of an Erstwhile Parlor Socialist" by Hermine Schwed, former lecturer for the Better America Federation and other professional patriotic bodies, and "The Enemy Within Our Gates: Bolshevism's Assault Upon American Government" by the Rev. Dr. Henry Campbell Black. In the latter appear such paragraphs as this:

"Bolshevists are the hyenas that slink upon the heels of the dogs of war. Wise men and patriotic men put themselves on guard; they do not parley with hyenas under soft Marmorean skies."

Dr. Black describes Bolshevism as not so much "a crime of political philosophy as a career of crime. . . . It is the enemy of the human race." . . . "It is organized anarchy and crime." . . . In pleading for stricter espionage acts and immigration laws he says: "For what shall it profit us to have all the commerce of the world, if in the end we blow up in one grand bolshevik bust?"

And of course, "Whatever we do, let us not procrastinate. The poison is in our veins. Let us make haste to eject it and to fortify ourselves against the plague."

No less weighty than the American Constitutional Association is the recently launched (1925) United States Flag Association with public officials, cardinals, rabbis, bishops and educators as its sponsors. It claims itself "The Great American Patriotic Society." Its purpose is to "put across" the American flag as representative of the institutions "which have given us the best Government on earth and in only a century and a half made this country the greatest and most prosperous nation in the world."

In appealing to employers to form "circles" in their factories a booklet of the Association says the name might be for example "The John Smith & Co. Circle of Buffalo" or "The First National Bank Circle of Syracuse." These circles are to promote locally "the basic aim of the United States Flag Association, to counteract and ultimately destroy the insidious forces, sinister influences, and disturbing elements, which, in these days of discord and divided counsels, are working and spreading to divide the unity of American citizenship and finally undermine the Republic."

And further: "In organizing a Flag Circle the firm would be doing its bit to help counteract these growing forces and influences which carry a disregard not only for property rights but also for personal liberty."

What are these "detrimental influences and forces" which the association says constitute the reason for its existence. They are explained in this footnote:

"As one of the several evidences of the rate at which one of these forces, Communism, is growing in this Country, it may be remarked that in 1920, Eugene Debs, the Socialist-Communist Presidential candidate polled about 100,000 votes. At the Last Presidential election (1920) the Communist Presidential candidate, William Z. Foster, received something like 500,000 votes. The Communists of the Country are elated over the progress thus made and are confidently predicting in their publications and otherwise that at the next Presidential election (1928) they will poll between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 votes."

A frank exhibit is a pamphlet prepared by the Better American Federation in 1923 which it hoped to circulate in the public schools, but which the California school authorities declined to permit. It was entitled "America is Calling to the Students in Her High Schools and Colleges." It was in effect an appeal against socialism and public ownership, and warned students that "if these groups of free thinkers or liberals in America succeed in materially changing our Constitution or substituting some other kind of government, there will be no profit to worry about in business. Maintenance of the Constitution of the United States is the highest form of business insurance. Without it you will not need much of an education."

Most of the literature of the Better American Federation carries a sensational title, such as "The Red Menace," "The World Endangered," "The Enemy is Mobilized," "Strikes, not the American Way," "America on Guard."

The American Constitutional Association, confining its efforts to West Virginia, battles particularly with pamphlets to preserve the "fair name of the state." Its "West Virginia Wake Up," aimed at some New York ministers and lawyers interested in free speech who had invaded successfully a county closed for years to any discussion of unionism, ended with this call to arms:

"It is time for every 100 per cent West Virginian to show his colors. Our enemies have been at work hurling shrapnel into our midst. We have turned the other cheek too long. Wake up West Virginia!"

In a subsequent leaflet addressed to the business men of the state, this organization devoted to the Constitution says:

"The facts are that Mr. Debs secured 919,799 votes in 1920 as the candidate of the Socialist Party, while in 1924 Mr. Foster received 33,076 officially counted votes as the candidate of the Workers Party. No Communist paper or official has predicted anything about the Communist presidential votes in 1928. Ed.

(To be continued.)

# On the Picket Line

By IRVING POTASH.

1. The bosses brag  
Our union they'll grab,  
Come and picket on the picket line.  
We'll save the 40-hour  
With our mass power,  
On the picket, on the picket line.

Refrain:  
On the line! On the line!  
On the picket, on the picket line.  
We'll save the 40-hour  
With our mass power  
On the picket, on the picket line.

2. When the bosses' Association  
Buys the American Federation,  
Come and picket on the picket line.  
Let the "Forward" blat,  
It's a yellow rat;  
Come and picket on the picket line.

Refrain:  
On the line! On the line!  
On the picket, on the picket line.  
Let the "Forward" blat,  
It's a yellow rat;  
On the picket, on the picket line.

3. If the lackey Schissel  
Wants to get to the "shissel"  
Come and picket on the picket line.  
And if Shachtman the donkey  
Plays the bosses' flunkiey,  
Come and picket on the picket line.

Refrain:  
On the line! On the line!  
On the picket, on the picket line.  
And if Shachtman the donkey  
Plays the bosses' flunkiey,  
Come and picket on the picket line.

4. Let Winnick squeak  
He's nothing but a sneak  
Come and picket on the picket line.  
And let Frayne kick,  
He's the bosses' pick;  
Come and picket on the picket line.

Refrain:  
On the line! On the line!  
On the picket, on the picket line.  
We'll sing and yell,  
We'll fight like hell;  
On the picket, on the picket line.

5. Let Matthew Woll  
Play the stool-pigeon role,  
Come and picket on the picket line.  
He's a "civic boy"  
And the bosses' toy,  
Come and picket on the picket line.

Refrain:  
On the line! On the line!  
On the picket, on the picket line.  
Woll's a civic boy  
And the bosses' toy,  
On the picket, on the picket line.

6. If McGrady bluffs  
With a gang of toughs  
Come and picket on the picket line.  
We'll meet Mac's gang  
With a furriers' bang,  
On the picket, on the picket line.

Refrain:  
On the line! On the line!  
On the picket, on the picket line.  
We'll sing and yell,  
We'll fight like hell;  
On the picket, on the picket line.

# Mr. Coolidge Comes to Indiana

By B. SKLAHR.

Elaborate preparations are being made by the republican politicians of Lake County, Indiana for the reception of President Coolidge who is scheduled to arrive on the 14th of this month.

This visit was planned a long time ago and the readers of THE DAILY WORKER will recollect that a delegation composed of prominent politicians was sent to Washington several months ago to invite the president to come.

At that time THE DAILY WORKER pointed out the political importance of this invitation and its acceptance by Mr. Coolidge. We have stated that this is to be considered as one of the first steps in Mr. Coolidge's campaign for re-election and that it is no accident that the beginning of this campaign is to be made in the state of Indiana, one of the K.K.K. strongholds, the seat of the powerful U. S. Steel Corporation and the hotbed of reaction.

The political meaning of Mr. Coolidge's visit, as we have already pointed out, is this: that in his campaign for re-election he will not seek the support of the progressive, liberal elements; but that he will seek to base himself upon the support of the most reactionary and corrupt elements of the electorate.

This contention is substantiated by the president's recent speech at the Decoration Day ceremony. In that speech Mr. Coolidge reached the very depths of hypocrisy. How could any honest man believe Mr. Coolidge sincere, when he intimated that the armed fist in Nicaragua was an act of good will, peace and friendliness towards the Nicaraguan people; that threats and coercions and intrigues in Mexico are likewise an expression of the most friendly and peaceful feeling towards a weaker nation; that the killing of Chinese people, by the armed forces of the U. S., was prompted by the policy of peace and respect for the sovereignty of other peoples?

Mr. Coolidge's speech, veiled as it is with declarations in favor of peace, is in reality an appeal to the imperialists of America, to the capitalist interests which are seeking the expansion of their markets through conquest and subjection of weaker nations by the force of arms.

There is no reason to anticipate that Mr. Coolidge's pronouncements on the occasion of his visit to Indiana will not be in complete harmony with his Decoration Day speech.

It is self understood that seeking to mobilize the support of the militarist, imperialist and all of the reactionary elements; that while catering to the support of the K.K.K., Mr. Coolidge definitely breaks with the great mass of Negro voters. This has been clear for a long time. Not on a single occasion of the numerous outrages committed against the American Negro has Mr. Coolidge taken a courageous stand in favor of equal rights and opportunities for the Negro citizen. Not once has Mr. Coolidge used his executive power to interfere on behalf of the persecuted and martyred victims of K.K.K. brutality, of race prejudice and discrimination.

Mr. Coolidge considered it important to furnish armed "protection" to the capitalists of America engaged in plundering Nicaragua, Mexico and China, but did not deem it advisable to say a single word for the protection of Negro citizens at home. This open defiance of the Negro electorate may have the same results as followed in the Chicago elections for the Negro-baiting Mr. Dever.

It is well to ask oneself what bearing Mr. Coolidge's visit is calculated to have upon local politics. Not in vain do the Indiana Republican politicians seek the visit of the president.

The Republican Party of Indiana, while still in control of the machine, has suffered serious set-backs in the last state elections. The Democratic Party (for which we hold no brief) registered considerable gains. It was the only medium through which the people could express their protest against the corruption and the reactionary, oppressive rule of the K.K.K. Republican Party.

The Klan-controlled Republican Party of Indiana was torn by an internal fight, as witnessed by the fight of ex-dragon Stephenson, (now imprisoned) against the K.K.K. faction now in control of the state machinery; as witnessed by the fight of Mr. Adams, a Republican journalist, for a public investigation of the political corruption in the ranks of the party; and by numerous other signs and events that space does not permit us to mention.

The sorely pressed Republican Party of Indiana needs the presence of Mr. Coolidge in its effort to re-establish harmony within the Republican ranks for the purposes of the approaching Presidential elections. How successful Mr. Coolidge will be in accomplishing this task remains to be seen.

If the reactionary designs of Mr. Coolidge's visit are to be counteracted the progressive, liberal forces of Indiana must assert themselves and make preparations for active participation in Mr. Coolidge's reception. Those elements who stand for peace with Nicaragua, Mexico, China and other weaker nations, would do well to send a delegation to request Mr. Coolidge to put into practice his peaceful declarations and cease to intervene with armed forces in the affairs of other peoples.

The Negro organizations should unite with organizations of other races in demanding that lynching cease; that the guilty instigators be punished, and that full rights of citizenship be finally granted to Negro citizens, as provided by the constitution.

Organized Labor should demand that the U. S. Steel Corporation be restrained from discriminating against union men, and that the steel workers be not intimidated in their attempts to organize a union.

All honest elements must finally unite in demanding that the investigation into political corruption in the State of Indiana be conducted publicly, and that the results be published to the people.

Are there people in Indiana with vision, and with the interests of the people sufficiently at heart to take the initiative in such public action?

Refrain:  
On the line! On the line!  
On the picket, on the picket line.  
And let Frayne kick,  
He's the bosses' pick;  
Come and picket on the picket line.

5. Let Matthew Woll  
Play the stool-pigeon role,  
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# WORKERS OF NEW YORK PROTEST INVASION OF CHINA



Under auspices of the "Hands Off China" Committee, New York workers picketed the British Consulate last Saturday and protested the imperialist policies that lead to such bombardments as that at Nanking.

# After Nanking

(Continued from last issue.)

We have already pointed out that the Second International has refused to give any active support to the Chinese revolution. We also know of the activities of the largest sections of the Second International. The British Labor Party has actually sanctioned the military hostilities of the occupation forces in China. The German Social Democrats tell the German workers through the "Vorwaerts" that the Chinese revolution is not their affair. The French Socialists helped Poincare to pass the mobilization law which enables the government to mobilize the population and to decapitate revolutionary organizations that dared to resist a war, while the Nanking bombardment was in the process of preparation.

We have before us a marvelously interesting document which characterizes the attitude of the Amsterdam International to the Chinese Revolution.

HOWEVER, regardless of the position taken by the Second and Amsterdam Internationals, and by all reformists, we have reasons to believe in the growing sympathy of the working class for the Chinese revolution. This sympathy has not yet been organized; in many countries it has not yet taken definite shape. But the first attempts of the Communist Parties to mobilize the Labor movement for an active struggle against imperialist intervention have shown that the slogan for the support of the Chinese revolution meets with the warm sympathy of the proletarian masses. The Nanking bombardment was not a surprise to the Communist Parties. We have quoted above the British Communist organ on the growing war perils. If we analyse the documents of other Communist Parties, we will find that a petty war against China will, as a result of the development of the Chinese revolution, and the social crystallization of the character of that revolution, develop into a great war directed not only against China but also against the U. S. S. R.

"See Victor Demar's article in this issue, "Amsterdam and the Proletariat of the Colonies and the East," on Oudegeest's reply to a Chinese delegation.

In the manifesto of the Eleventh Congress of the Communist Party of Germany we read:

"Never, since 1914, were the war dangers so great as they are now. . . . Be ready everywhere and particularly in the chemical and metallurgical industries, and by our transport to frustrate the war and undermine the front in the coming war."

In the manifesto of the Communist Party of France, we read:

"The road to peace lies in the unconditional support to the Soviet Union in its construction of Socialism, and in the victories of the Chinese national revolution which must be supported by the proletariat to the utmost."

This manifesto, as well as that of the German Communist Party, speak of the pending danger of a great war which must be resisted with all force.

The ideas expressed in the Manifesto of the Communist Party of France were advocated at a mass meeting on March 22nd, which, according to the French press, was, both as to the number of participants and the enthusiasm, much like the monster meetings in 1920. Semard's declaration at that meeting, that the Communist Party will not stop at anything until it turns the armed masses against the government and transformed the imperialist war into civil war and gives all power to the workers, peasants and soldiers, was met with vigorous applause by the working masses.

But, it must be stated that whilst the imperialists have already gone over from words to action, we do not yet see any concrete, definite action on the part of the working class in Europe starting a real struggle against the imperialists and giving determined support to the Chinese revolution.

It seems to us that now more than ever we must remember that a war cannot be stopped with words, slogans, and fine gestures. Moreover, under the present circumstances, mass action is the best agitational method. Imperialism does all in its power to keep the broad masses under its influence. The social traitors and pacifists help imperialism in that. These lackeys of imperialism must be mercilessly exposed. But exposure alone will not do. If it is true that the Nanking bombardment was the beginning of a great war—and it is absolutely true—then this calls out to the working class to exert heroic efforts in actually, beginning to organize the war against war.

# SEND IN YOUR LETTERS

The DAILY WORKER is anxious to receive letters from its readers stating their views on the issues confronting the labor movement. It is our hope to develop a "Letter Box" department that will be of wide interest to all members of THE DAILY WORKER family. Send in your letter today to "The Letter Box," THE DAILY WORKER, 33 First street, New York City.

Read The Daily Worker Every Day

# Organizational Problems

By ARNE SWABECK.

(Continued from yesterday)

## CHAPTER V.

Special Tasks of Street Nuclei. Being a numerically small Party with the membership widely scattered within the great industries of the country our street nuclei are due to remain of special importance for a long time to come. Their fullest development is, therefore, a necessity and while the general rules of organization function, which have already been emphasized, should be observed, there are also many special tasks entirely depending upon our street nuclei.

First, however, a few words on one important problem. To effectively carry out its special tasks the street nuclei must have an actual territorial basis with the members living within one certain territory. The existing language difficulties may sometimes necessitate certain exceptions. In order to avoid a return to the former language branches, where certain territories are exclusively inhabited by workers of one nationality it is often desirable to go beyond the borders and draw in to the nucleus members from other language groups.

Street nuclei have one thing in common with shop nuclei. While the latter apply themselves to the problems in their shop the former apply themselves to the problems of their territory and give them political content. It is, of course, necessary that a complete study be made of the existing issues which may vary within each territory. For example, high prices, high rents, housing and sanitary conditions, local political corruption, local race problems, local tax questions, local traffic problems or public school problems. Invariably all such issues can be splendidly utilized for mass agitation and propaganda purposes and if properly pursued can lead through struggles to real organizational results. Most often, however, they are entirely overlooked by our street nuclei.

Tenants leagues to combat high rents, parents leagues to fight obnoxious school methods or demonstrations against high prices often-times come into being spontaneously but lack however, usually the necessary leadership. It is precisely in such activities that the members of our street nuclei should participate as conscious political groups and function through fractions within the organizations once they are established. It goes without saying that this kind of work must be properly directed and be made the occasion of special study by the local, section or sub-section executive committee.

## Party Campaigns on Territorial Basis.

Election campaigns are perhaps the best opportunities available for territorial activities (this does not in any way lessen their importance in the shops). To correctly understand and utilize election campaigns means to enter candidates and to connect the local issues of the territory with the general issues in a practical way as a basis for our programs to be put before the workers. If such local issues as those mentioned in the previous paragraph do not exist there will always be others more or less of the same character.

Next there is the problem of organizing local public meetings, indoor or street corner meetings using slogans in advertising the meetings which will actually bring the workers to turn out. Then as a necessary part of the campaign must follow distribution of the Party press and literature, leaflets, etc. This must be organized systematically. First, of course, the shops and factories in the territory should be covered, but also union meetings and other working class gatherings as well as house to house canvassing. We can never be too painstaking in organizing all these little details. As a matter of fact, this is what will particularly test the ability of leadership of the local, section or sub-

## section committee as well as the ability of execution by the nuclei.

As the class struggle becomes intensified mere meetings become mass demonstrations of greater magnitude and greater importance. If an election campaign contains possibilities of being conducted on a united front basis, by supporting labor candidates or establishing a labor party, we must take advantage of the local or territorial situation in the same manner. While it changes the program and in most cases the character of the candidates, the activities remain the same, except that they are given a much broader basis. It is also well to remember that with such united front activities our Party retains its own identity and will put forward its own program.

Other campaigns, like those for the protection of foreign born, for defense of political prisoners, for relief of strikes, etc., must similarly be applied on a territorial scale. A campaign for our Party press or for Party membership must likewise be correctly connected with the local issues of the territory and the measures for its application carried out systematically.

# HAIL LINDY!

Impressions At Battery Park.

South Ferry.—Streams of jostling humans leave the elevated. "Buy a Lindy Button, ten cents!" The crowd moves like molten lava. "Quit your pushin' ya big bum!" The working world is on parade. "Buy a Lindy-button—ten cents!" Thousands of slaves have left their desk, shipping room, truck. No work for three or four hours. Hail Lindy!

On the side-walk thousands of workers are on parade. "Buy a picture of Lindy!" Men women, children in Sunday clothes. A sweating cop is losing his patience. "Keep moving. Keep moving!" Thousands of workers are on parade. "Buy a Lindy pennant and the 'Merican flag!" Thousands of workers have been allowed to leave the machine, the office and the kitchen. Free from labor for three hours. Hail Lindy!

In the streets, miles and miles of uniforms. "The National Guard is good enough for Lindy. Join the National Guard!" A sea of perspiring soldiers stand in the baking sun. Regular army, militia, boy cooties. "Join the Army!" From the surrounding windows paper streams in clouds. Confetti, telephone books are torn up, correspondence files. The band strikes up. "Join The Army." Hail Lindy!

Overhead a sky-writer in beautiful long streams of white writes: "Lindy! Hurray! Hurray!" A plane whirs overhead. Five planes drone powerfully in formation. The flags are flying, band strikes up. Thousands of workers are on parade. The workers have left the shop office. Join the army. Hail Lindy!

TWENTY MINUTES ONE! Suddenly a whistle. Another. Then more until earthly din is made and the crowd grows hysterical moves toward the bay. Large small craft, all are heading in parade. Pennants are flying. Whistles blowing. Aeroplanes dip and circle gracefully in salute. Suddenly twenty huge planes appear above Wall Street. They maneuver, change formations, stream out to greet Lindy. The crowd cheers. The band plays. There he is! There he is! I see him! Hail—Hail Lindy!

SACCO and VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!