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Nationalists Pocket Chang Mercenaries

Northern Militarists Caught in Trap as General Chen Joins Revolutionists

SHANGHAI, March 4.—The Chihli-Shantung armies of General Chang Tsung-Chang suddenly found themselves in a pocket today, cut off from both their bases as General Chen Ting-Yueh, military governor of Anhui province, declared his province independent of the Peking government and joined the Nationalist armies.

Anhui, which lies between Chekiang province on the southeast, recently conquered by the Nationalists, Honan and Hupeh on the west, stronghold of Marshal Wu Pei-Fu, who now is apparently hostile to the Shantung forces, and Kiangsu, in which Shanghai is located, on the east-north-east, occupies a strategical position.

Chen Ting Yueh is reported to have cut the Tientsin-Pukow railway, thus isolating the Chihli-Shantung armies and preventing any further reinforcing of Shanghai by railway.

Simultaneous with the Anhui governor's announcement, the Nationalists attacked Chang Tsung-Chang's forces in a westward drive in an attempt to join up the Chekiang and Anhui forces.

It was rumored that Foochow has been occupied by the Nationalists.

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

ALEXANDER Kerensky went and did it after we had come to the conclusion that the Czarists had collected their last dime thru prophesying the fall of the Soviet Government. Kerensky, who wobbled like a string of adulterated spaghetti during the March revolt against the Czar and who was bounced out of his room in the winter palace by the Bolsheviks is now here biting granite as a "strong man" for the salvation of those Americans who more dollars than brains. Kerensky predicts the fall of the Soviet regime but does not set a date. For this much caution he deserves our thanks.

Kerensky says he is opposed to outside intervention in the purpose of overthrowing the Soviet government, conveniently forgetting his part in fomenting the Kronstadt revolt in 1921 in which thousands of Russian workers lost their lives. But if, as Kerensky says, 99 per cent of the Russian people are against the Soviet regime why does not the short-lived ex-premier advise the discontented to exhale a few whiffs of garlic and blow the Communists out of the Kremlin?

ANOTHER distinguished visitor to the United States who landed yesterday is Mr. DeValera, president of a faction of Irish republicans that broke with the official body over questions of tactics. De Valera would participate in the Dublin parliament provided he was not forced to swallow the oath of allegiance to Great Britain. The opposing faction considers the parliament unclean. Both factions are busily engaged straining at a gnat, while their stomachs bulge with political camel. A revolutionist would swallow a dozen oaths without the slightest compunction and break them before they had a chance to pass Adam's apple.

The fact is that the DeValera wing and the opposition faction of the former republican party of Ireland are not revolutionists. They are confining their activities to mouthings (Continued on Page Three)

SIGMAN AND GANG PUT INJUNCTION ON GARMENT WORKERS JOINT BOARD

A meeting of the New York Joint Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union was enjoined last night by the arrival of copies of an injunction which has been taken out against all members of the Joint Board by L. Antonini, manager of Local 89, the Italian dressmakers' union.

Romantic Document. This injunction, which was granted by Judge Bijur, would restrain the Joint Board members, and members of the clerical force from issuing dues books, or accepting dues or fines from any member of Local 89.

The copies of the injunction are embellished by copies of union books, and various Joint Board leaflets attacking Sigman. The injunction also mentions in the course of its wanderings the "Class Struggle," "Italian Progressive Center" and then launches into an inspired and emotional dissertation on the radicals and revolutionists who have so sorely disturbed the good members of the union (like Sigman, Hochman, Antonini, et al.) for the past two years.

Sign of Failure. "Those who are concerned only with the economic betterment of the

Rebellion Reported.

LONDON, March 4.—A rebellion behind the lines of the northern allies is rumored in Shanghai, according to the Central News correspondent.

Leaflet Circulated. Handbills calling on the youth to join the Young Communist League of China were circulated despite the vigilance of the police. The leaflets urged the masses to rally to the cause of a united China and the freedom of the people from the oppression of the foreign imperialists and their native militarist allies.

Thousands of Chinese with unscrutable faces which they have learned to wear thru ages of persecution watched the British royal marines march thru the city.

Li Pao-Chang, the butcher who was responsible for the beheading of hundreds of Nationalist sympathizers and strikers has fled to the north from the vengeance of the masses.

Militarists Demoralized. The British and the imperialists in general are hoping they can overawe the masses with a show of force. Reports received here hourly from the theatre of war indicates that the Nationalist forces are victorious and that the northern militarists are demoralized.

While the commander of the American naval squadron denied the report that American troops would be landed to break strikes it was admitted that under certain circumstances a landing might be effected. Nothing is easier to find than an excuse.

There are now thirteen American warships in Shanghai with a total complement of 89 officers, 2,275 blue-jackets and 1,434 marines.

Austrian Parliament Dissolved; Elections

VIENNA, March 4.—The Austrian parliament was dissolved today and a general election called for April 24.

Roman Air Pilot Falls.

ROME, March 4.—Air pilot Bissi was killed today when his airplane fell from a height of 650 feet into the Lake of Bracciano.

Movement Spreads.

Ghose sees a spreading of strike movements throughout India this coming year. The revolutionary Chinese situation has stirred the Indian people tremendously, he says, and Indian leaders who have been comparatively passive for some time are advocating aggressive tactics. Mahatma Gandhi has offered to lead a strike in the great Assam tea plantations if such a move is necessary to raise wages and end the virtual state of peonage that exists. Papers are giving pages to the speeches of Shapurji Saklatvala, radical member of the British parliament, who is making an agitational tour of his native land.

For further amusing extracts from this unusual literary document we refer you to our Monday edition which will contain further particulars worth reading.

Joint Board members were still enjoying themselves over the receipt of this document at a late hour last night. Their only comment was:

"Well if you can't get union members to recognize you and pay dues any other way, you try to get a judge to do it for you, with an injunction."

Arrest Men for Attacking Girl. HOBOKEN, N. J., March 4.—Three men suspected by the police of connection with the mysterious and brutal attack upon eleven-year-old Lena Behnen of 64 Park Avenue, were today brought to the St. Mary's Hospital where the girl was operated upon following the attack and later released by police when the girl failed to identify any of them.

German Public Opinion Aroused Over American British Plot on U. S. S. R.

BERLIN, March 4.—Germany is aroused over the alleged efforts of England and France to force her into a common front against Russia in order to pave the way for a possible armed crusade against Moscow to "crush the red menace of Bolshevism."

The plan, it is asserted, is backed by America. The price offered Germany is reported to be an earlier evacuation of the Rhineland.

The foreign office denies knowledge of such efforts, but the German Press of All Shares has started a campaign to offset the move.

25,000 Railroad Men Striking In India

Authorities Fire on Workers; Movement Spreading

Twenty-thousand railroad workers are striking in British India, says a message to the Federated Press from the International Transport Workers' Federation. British authorities are attempting to break the strike by rifle fire and bayonet charges. The message reads:

"The International Transport Workers' Federation has received a telegram from the All-India Railwaymen's Federation to the effect that the strike which broke out on the 11th of February on the Bengal Nagpur Railway is rapidly spreading, seven important railway centers being already affected. The number of men out at present is 20,000.

"The authorities are trying to break the strike by armed force. Many of the strikers have been wounded by rifle-fire and bayonet charges, and eleven have been arrested. Others have been forcibly taken from their houses and compelled to work. Notwithstanding these incidents the men are reported as standing firm.

Discontent. "The origin of the strike must be sought in the general discontent among the staff which has been provoked by the non-recognition of the union, acts of arbitrariness of superiors, dismissals and had housing.

"In response to a request for financial help, the I. T. F. has already sent a preliminary remittance, and is appealing to affiliated organizations for further assistance. The I. T. F. has also sent a telegram to the Viceroy of India, protesting against the use of coercive measures, and has asked its representatives in England to call the attention of the British Government to the matter."

On Central Lines. Strike relief funds may be sent thru the International Transport Workers' Federation headquarters, 61 Vondelstraat, Amsterdam, Holland.

Further information on the Indian rail strike comes from Saliendra Ghose, secretary, the Friends of Freedom for India, 799 Broadway, New York. The walkout affects the great control lines connecting Calcutta, Bombay and Madras.

Workers' Will Fight. The reactionary officials of the International Fur Workers Union and the A. F. of L. do not care what methods they use in their efforts to break the union. They welcome the aid of scab unions if this helps them to gain power. But the fur workers defy them, and they will fight fearlessly to keep the union which they have built up at such cost.

The Joint Board has utterly ignored the International's communication about dissolution and expulsion, and the work of the union is proceeding as usual.

AMBASSADOR WHO BALKED KELLOGG FACING RECALL

Don Manuel Tellez, Mexican ambassador to the United States, is now on his way to Mexico City, but he has not been recalled from his post, according to a statement made today to the International News Service, by Arturo M. Elias, Mexican consul general in New York.

Tellez Sacrificed. WASHINGTON, March 4.—The rumor persists that Tellez, Mexican ambassador is being sacrificed to appease the anger of Kellogg. During the controversy over the refusal of Doheny, Sinclair and Mellon to obey the Mexican law laws, Kellogg frequently issued statements to the public and to the senate foreign relations committee which were proven to be false by statistics available in the Mexican embassy.

A bitter antagonism thus developed in the department of state against Don Manuel, and rumor has it, his head is demanded by some of Kellogg's aides, while Kellogg himself is vacationing on a southern plantation, to keep personally out of the squabble.

Furriers Rush Finances To Save Union

Already Paying Assessment In Spite of Expulsion

An example of the loyalty of the fur workers to the New York Joint Board of the union, and their utter contempt for the dissolution-suspension-expulsion orders of the reactionary International officials, was shown by the fact that two workers came to the Joint Board office yesterday morning and paid the special tax of \$25 which had been voted by the local membership meeting only the night before.

All locals affiliated with the Joint Board unanimously agreed to pay this tax and at the same time expressed their determination to disregard all orders of the International union, and to continue their financial and moral support of their chosen leaders.

Reject Compulsion.

"The unprecedented attempt to impose leadership upon the fur workers by force," was denounced not only in resolutions but by all the workers as they discussed Thursday's notice of expulsion which carried with it the slanderous charges against the Joint Board officers.

These "charges" will be formally answered after the Joint Board meets today—even though these charges have been so illegally announced, and have never been presented to those whom they accuse.

Wolf Makes Scab Union.

While Matthew Wolf, acting-president of the National Civic Federation and chairman of the Special Reorganization Committee of the American Federation of Labor, is boldly announcing that "The Communists are out to stay" he is endeavoring to begin building himself a new fur workers union by handing a charter to the company union, known as the "Greek Brotherhood."

Organizes Fine Dodgers. On the day the New York Joint Board was declared "dissolved," Oizer Schachtman, president of the International Fur Workers Union, obeyed instructions from the special committee and issued a charter which establishes "Greek Fur Workers' Union, Local 70". This is composed of a large number of those who scabbed during last year's strike, and who in order to avoid the payment of fines, willingly formed a company union under the direction of the Greek bosses who had refused to sign an agreement with the union and maintain union conditions in their shops.

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Read The Daily Worker Every Day

WOODEN STAIRS TRAP SCORES OF WORKERS; 5 DIE

By WILL DE KALB. Three tenement fires in Manhattan and Brooklyn, fanned by a furious wind, claimed a toll of five lives yesterday, and endangered the lives and limbs of eighty men, women and children. Ricketty firetraps, the three tenements had been condemned by the Bureau of Fire Prevention as unsafe; yesterday they took their toll of five lives.

Trapped In Sleep.

When flames swept the five-story tenement at 55 Spring Street shortly before dawn, many tenants surprised in their sleep, were trapped. Screaming, they ran to the windows for air and a chance to shriek for help.

Edmund Michiowski, 8, and his brother Carl, 3 years old, only sons of their widowed mother, Mrs. Mary Michiowski, were burned to death early yesterday when the fire totally ruined the house in which the family resided in the rear of a frame tenement located at 1079 First Avenue, near 59th Street.

Last year the landlords' lobby at Albany defeated a bill that would make it incumbent upon the landlords to fireproof the stairways and doors of all tenements, and this in a measure protect the lives of the tenement dwellers from the ravages of fire.

Lame Ducks Quack Their Last; Coolidge's Flock Appears Somewhat Shot

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Ten republican "lame ducks" bade adieu to the senate today and went back to private life.

With them went Senator Oscar Underwood (D), of Alabama, who retired voluntarily after 32 years of congressional membership.

Perhaps the best known of the republican casualties was Senator Wadsworth, of New York, a veteran of 14 years senate service, and a power in administration councils for years. Wadsworth would like to "come back."

Another was Senator Lenroot, "stormy petrel" of Wisconsin politics for a generation, who is expected to be rewarded with a fine political plum by the administration for his constant "regularity". The other lame ducks were Senators Weller of Maryland, Ernst of Kentucky, Cameron of Arizona, Herrel of Oklahoma, Means of Colorado, Pepper of Pennsylvania, Stewart of Iowa, and Stanfield of Oregon.

FORWARD RAGES AS TOILERS BUY DEFENSE BONDS

Reactionary Sheet Not Able to Fool Workers

While the Forward raves, the money pours in for the cloakmakers' bonds. Every day this "right wing" organ very seriously announces that there is no money coming in on the bond issue; and every day the checks and cash pile in to the Bond Committee Headquarters at 16 West 21st Street.

Pulling Hair.

Secretly the Forward must be gnashing its teeth and pulling its own, or somebody's hair; and there is more sorrow in store for the poor old sheet. Next week the bond committee will publish lists of the organizations and individuals who have participated so far in the purchase of bonds, and it will be a staggering blow to all enemies of the union.

This week two thousand dollars worth of RAIC shares were cashed, and the response of these bond holders has been a splendid expression of workers' solidarity.

Shops Pledge.

From Elizabeth, N. J., \$217.50 came in yesterday. The Hungarian Workers' Benevolent Society sent in \$200 this week, and additional contributions came from Philadelphia, Brocton and Denver.

Several shops have pledged themselves to bring in good-sized contributions today, and so step by step the goal is being reached and the union traitors are being forced to realize that a devoted army is supporting the progressive leaders, and is determined to drive the reactionary officials out of the union forever.

Prepare Ruthenberg Memorial Meetings

Workers In Many Cities Arrange Elaborate Programs In Memory of Party's Leader

Many cities will see memorial meetings for C. E. Ruthenberg. Preparations are being made as hastily as possible, and a general schedule is already being worked out for the more important speakers who will appear at these demonstrations of regard which all Communists and many workers who are not Communists, feel for the man who was, they agree, a real leader and founder of the Communist movement in America.

The central feature at the Ruthenberg memorial meetings will be, so far as is possible, the ashes of the dead comrade. His body will be on view, according to present plans, in Chicago, Ashland Auditorium, East Room, from ten to ten on Saturday, March 5, and on Sunday, in the main hall, before the memorial service starts at one o'clock.

The funeral is to take place Monday, at ten o'clock, and the body will be taken to eastern cities on their way to their final resting place, in the Red Square at Moscow, beneath the walls of the Kremlin, alongside of those of John Reed, the only other member of the Communist Party in America buried there. Reed died fighting the white guards and the cholera with the Red Army, during the bitterest part of the counter revolutionary civil war, in which the capitalist class of America and Western Europe tried to choke with blood the rising young workers' republic.

Ruthenberg Fought Too. At the time Reed was battling the armies of capitalism in Soviet Russia, Ruthenberg was facing that same capitalism in its own home, and bearing it in its greatest metropolis, going to prison as a result.

The speakers at the Chicago memorial meeting are Comrades W. Z. Foster, Jay Lovestone, Max Bedacht, Nat Kaplan, James P. Cannon, Arne Swabeck, W. Weinstone and Ben Gitlow. Max Bedacht will be chairman.

Grand Rapids Meeting. District Organizer R. Baker of the Workers (Communist) Party will be the main speaker at the Grand Rapids meeting, to be held also on Sunday, March 6, at Workmen's Circle Hall, in the afternoon.

Detroit, a great industrial center, will hold its meeting on Monday, March 7, in the Majestic Theatre. The speakers so far secured are Max Bedacht, Herbert Zam and Scott Nearing.

In Cleveland. On Tuesday, March 8, Cleveland, on the city in which Comrade Ruthenberg spent so much of his time in pre-war days as an organizer of the

socialist party, and carried on an energetic anti-militarist campaign during the war hysteria, will have a meeting. The date and place are being arranged.

New York Prepared. New York will hold its meeting on Wednesday, March 9. Already the headquarters of the party are draped in red and black, in mourning for Comrade Ruthenberg, and a list of speakers is being prepared for the evening meeting in Carnegie Hall, which will include Comrades Wm. Z. Foster, James P. Cannon, Jay Lovestone, Benjamin Gitlow, Wm. W. Weinstone and others.

Speakers In Boston. The Boston meeting will be addressed by Comrades Gitlow, Moissaye Olgin and Herbert Zam. It will take place Thursday, March 10.

On the eleventh, Friday, there will be a meeting in Youngstown. The speakers and hour and place, will soon be announced.

Several Language Speeches. In Pittsburgh the comrades are making preparations to meet on Saturday, March 12, at eight in the evening, at the Labor Lyceum, on Miller Street. An elaborate program is being prepared. There will be speakers in various languages, and workers from all over the district will be present.

The workers in a number of other cities are preparing for the sad duty of commemorating Comrade Ruthenberg, but little more than the dates are available for publication now. It is known that there will be meetings in: Los Angeles, March 13; in Minneapolis, March 13; in the afternoon; in St. Paul, March 13; in the evening; in Buffalo, March 13; in Duluth, March 14; and in Superior, March 15.

RUTHENBERG MEMORIAL MEETINGS

- CHICAGO, March 6, Ashland Auditorium, 1 P. M. GRAND RAPIDS, March 6, Workmen's Circle Hall, afternoon. DETROIT, March 7, Majestic Theatre, 8 p. m. CLEVELAND, March 8. NEW YORK, March 9, Carnegie Hall, evening. BOSTON, March 10. YOUNGSTOWN, March 11. PITTSBURGH, March 12, Labor Lyceum, 8 P. M. LOS ANGELES, March 13. MINNEAPOLIS, March 13, afternoon. ST. PAUL, March 13, evening. BUFFALO, March 13. DULUTH, March 14. SUPERIOR, March 15.

COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOVIET UNION ASKS FOR RUTHENBERG'S ASHES

Below is the facsimile of the radiogram sent by the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, on receipt of the news of the death in Chicago of Comrade C. E. Ruthenberg.

RADIOGRAM WORLD WIDE WIRELESS RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA MARCONI'S WIRELESS TELEGRAPH CO., LIMITED, LONDON. RECEIVED AT 64 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, AT 11:05 AM. 1470MUHD MOSCOU 65 3 555P DAILY WORKER 33 FIRST STREET NY RETELEGRAPH TO CENTRAL COMMITTEE WORKERS COMMUNIST PARTY CHICAGO STOP CENTRAL COMMITTEE COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOVIET UNION DEEPLY GRIEVES WITH YOU AT THE LOSS OF COMRADE RUTHENBERG LEADER OF YOUR PARTY AND OF INTERNATIONAL LABOUR MOVEMENT STOP HIS ASHES WILL REST BENEATH KREMLIN WALL TOGETHER WITH THOSE OF HEROES OF NOVEMBER REVOLUTION STOP CENTRAL COMMITTEE COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOVIET UNION TELEPHONE: 0400001111

Many Continue to Praise Ruthenberg

Dead Leader's Genius, Courage, Integrity Bring Expressions of Regret and Sympathy

COMRADE C. E. RUTHENBERG, probably never knew while alive the place he had made in the hearts and the regard of his fellow men. It is doubtful if those who knew him well realized this either. It waited on his death, striking so suddenly, stopping him so quickly in the midst of busy and important duties, to draw attention to results he had already achieved.

Ruthenberg was always too actively continuing his work to stop to think of what he had done, and everybody else was too much interested in what he was doing next to sum up the life already lived. His death changes that; he works for us no more, and all who knew him suddenly recognize that there is a gap in their world, not easily filled again.

Every sort of labor organization, unions, schools, co-operatives, defense bodies, women's leagues, the Trade Union Educational League, and the various nuclei of the Workers (Communist) Party of which Ruthenberg was General Secretary, hasten to mail or wire or telephone some expression of their sorrow and a pledge to carry on his principles. The press of Ruthenberg's party will print as many as it can of these messages, if some are delayed or omitted, the writers will understand that the Communist press has its regular work to carry on, too, which Comrade Ruthenberg himself would not have had us neglect.

to stiffen up against the tools of the decaying system of the master class.

"We are building a monument to Ruthenberg, not of bronze or marble, but of a living Communist Party in America. Our slogan in this time of torn feelings and saddened hearts sounds forth in tones of courage and determination:

"SOLIDARITY WITH THE CEC AND THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL!

"BUILD THE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY!

"STRIKE HARD FOR THE OVERTHROW OF CAPITALISM AND ESTABLISH OUR WORKERS' AND FARMERS' REPUBLIC!

"This was the work for which Ruthenberg gave his life. We honor him for his courage and devotion to this great cause."

DISTRICT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE DISTRICT 3, PHILADELPHIA. J. O. Bentall, District Organizer. Alex Bail, Secy. Organization Dept.

"UNDERSTOOD AMERICAN CONDITIONS."
BEN LIFSHTIZ, Secretary of the National Bureau, Jewish Section of the Workers Party.—"Comrade Charles E. Ruthenberg, valiant fighter of the American working class, is dead. His life, which was full of devotion to the struggles of the workers, was an inspiration to the militants of this country.

"With his clear vision and understanding of the American conditions he visualized the importance of welding together the foreign born workers with the native American proletariat and lead them as a united force in the struggle against American capitalism and imperialism.

"Under his correct leadership we succeeded in building up a strong party, which has proven itself capable to lead the workers in their struggles.

"The American workers will honor the memory of Comrade Ruthenberg by joining the ranks of the Workers (Communist) Party and carrying on the work for which Comrade Ruthenberg gave his life."

COOPERATORS MOURN HIM.
WORKERS COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION OF PHILADELPHIA.—"It is with great grief we mourn the loss of Comrade C. E. Ruthenberg, the leader of working class liberation in America. His activity in behalf of labor in the United States, we feel cannot be replaced. We pledge to carry on his ideals, to the utmost of our ability, in the co-operative movement.

WORKERS COOPERATIVE ASSOC. OF PHILA.
ALEXANDER KOLKIN, Chairman. SAMUEL RINSKY, Secy.

"GREAT LOSS TO WAGE EARNERS."
INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST LYCEUM. P. KAISER, President, Pittsburgh, Pa.—"Accept our deep regret and condolence on the death of C. E. Ruthenberg, the brave fighter for the interest of the workers. His death is a great loss to the wage earners of this country."

FORREST BAILY RECOGNIZES HIS VALUE.
FORREST BAILY, Director, American Civil Liberties Union.—"The death of C. E. Ruthenberg is a distinctive loss to the aggressive front of labor, where he gave leadership of great value.

"He is the sort of man that cannot be replaced. This is the time when labor needs men with foresight combined with a high intelligence."

ITALIAN LEFT WING KNEW HIS WORTH.
LUTTA DI CLASSE.—The Italian Trade Union Progressive Center through its official organ, Lutta Di Classe, spokesman for the Italian left wing in the needle trades, voices the sorrow of the Italian needle trades workers at the loss of our loyal comrade and co-worker, C. E. Ruthenberg. In the struggle for militant trade unionism we looked to our comrade, Ruthenberg, for inspiration and guidance. We in common with the whole American working class mourn his loss. Inspired by Comrade Ruthenberg's devotion and fearlessness we will carry on the work in the proletarian revolution for which Comrade Ruthenberg gave his life.

"DEVOTED WITH A SINGLE PURPOSE," SAYS WARD.
DR. HARRY F. WARD, of the Union Theological Seminary and Chairman of the American Civil Liberties Union.—"Those of other organizations who worked with Ruthenberg in defense of the rights and liberties of the workers know that he was devoted with a single purpose to the cause that dominated his life.

"When such a fighter passes even his foes must dip their colors in salute to his courage."

"The Most Indicted Man."
BROOKLYN SECTION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE WORKERS PARTY.—"The sudden death of our comrade, C. E. Ruthenberg, was a great shock to us, and is an irreplaceable loss to the Workers Party, the American working class and the international working class movement. His last words were true to his entire life in showing that his greatest concern was the welfare of the workers and the working class movement.

"His inflexible courage in carrying on the struggle of the workers has served as an inspiration to thousands. We all remember that he was the only organizer who treated the St. Louis majority report as more than a scrap of paper, even though his putting theory into practice meant his being arrested and arrested until he was called the most indicted man in the country.

"We all remember the ringing challenge to the capitalist courts in his New York trial, and his defiance flung to the capitalist powers when they attempted to crush his revolutionary spirit by persecution. We all remember his untiring energy in the daily grind.

"We resolve to honor his memory by devoting ourselves with renewed energy to build the party which was the great inspiration of his life."

Japan Sends Cruisers.
TOKIO, March 3.—Orders were issued by the navy department today for the cruisers Isuzu and Kawachi, carrying 500 sailors, to proceed to Shanghai tonight.

Wilkenburg Miners Send Message.
Wilkenburg, Pa., Miners telegraph.—"In the death of our beloved comrade and great leader Ruthenberg we express our deepest sympathy."

Bishop Brown Says: "Build a Workers' Government."
BISHOP WILLIAM MONTGOMERY BROWN, The Los Angeles International Labor Defense, and the Workers (Communist) Party.—"We herein all join as a unit in expressing our deepest grief in the death of our comrade, Charles E. Ruthenberg, secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, who so willingly gave his all fearlessly to the upbuilding of the working class movement on the basis of revolution."

"Close Up Our Ranks."
JOHN KASPER, Pittsburgh, Pa.—"Our great fighter is at rest. We mourn our loss.

"Close our ranks, comrades, and continue the fight for the cause that Comrade Ruthenberg fought and lead so splendidly. Long live comradeship!"

"An American Lenin."
SUB DISTRICT 13, Los Angeles.—"We express our grief upon the death of our great leader, C. E. Ruthenberg, who symbolized Lenin in America. His untimely death in this hour of general attack by yellow and black forces against us, the loss becomes so grave that only by doubling our activities we could fulfill our Communist duties. His life was dedicated to implant Leninism among toiling masses. Let us adopt the same slogan as the Russian Communist Party did when Lenin died and that is: 'Call all revolutionary workers to join Communist Party.'

Carlo Tresca Voices Regret.
CARLO TRESCA, Editor of Il Martello.—"Because he was a good, brave, courageous soldier of the great proletarian army, striving for human emancipation; because he stood, unflinchingly, in the first trench line—face to face with the common enemy; because he never gave up the fight, never turned his back on the working class whom he guided in the march forward toward light, happiness and fraternity; because he was a flaming torch of faith in the revolt of the oppressed, the standard bearer of the fight against imperialism; also not a Communist myself, not in accord with many of their views, I stand near by his grave, in pain for the lost, covering his body with my faith, and the red carnation of my regret and admiration."

"A Brave Fighter."
WORKERS PARTY of Newark, N. J.—"We mourn the loss of our beloved leader and comrade, C. E. Ruthenberg, one of the bravest fighters in the American labor movement, loyal to the working class and an opponent of capitalism and imperialism. Our slogan shall be, let us fight on towards a workers' and farmers' Soviet government."

Build Miners' Movement.
MINE NUCLEUS FOUR, Daisytown, Pa.—"We grieve at the great loss of our leader and hail his statement to close our ranks and pledge ourselves to fight against any attempt to divide our ranks and pledge to redouble our efforts to build the Communist movement in the industrial districts of Pennsylvania."

Young Workers Mourn Him.
YOUNG WORKERS' LEAGUE of Newark, N. J.—"The Young Workers' League of Newark, N. J., mourns the death of our comrade, C. E. Ruthenberg, a leader and fighter, a staunch supporter of the youth movement. Our slogans shall be: 'Emancipation of the working class, establishment of a workers' and farmers' Soviet government; long live Communism.'"

Will Fight On.
GREEK SECTION, District 5, New York City.—"The Greek Section of District 5 of the Workers Party of America suffers the deepest regret for the loss of Comrade Ruthenberg and promises its full support to the struggle for emancipation of the working class for which Comrade Ruthenberg sacrificed his life."

"Carry on!"
GREEK FRACTION, Workers Party, New York City.—"We mourn a great leader and fearless champion for workers' cause in death of Comrade Ruthenberg. With solidified ranks we pledge to carry on the fight."

"Lost a Great Leader."
Ladies Auxiliary, Workmens Circle, Minneapolis, Minn., telegraphs:—"Minneapolis Ladies' Auxiliary of the Workmens Circle learns with deep sorrow of the death of C. E. Ruthenberg who we knew as a staunch leader of the working class struggles for many years.

"Your party and the working class movement has lost a great leader and fighter. His work must be continued and his memory must live as inspiration to the movement."

"Let's Fight On."
WORKERS PARTY of Hartford, Conn.—"The loss of Comrade Ruthenberg is deeply felt by Hartford comrades. The unfinished work of this great revolutionary leader can only be accomplished by the most energetic and united effort of every member of the party and league. Let us make the last words of Comrade Ruthenberg: 'fight on under the leadership of the Communist International and the Workers Party of America to victory' a slogan for the workers of the U. S."

Armenian Fraction Expresses Regret.
H BYBARIAN, Secretary Armenian Fraction, Workers Party.—"The Armenian fraction expresses its regret for the loss of America's great revolutionary leader, Charles Emil Ruthenberg. Let us not be disheartened. Let us close our ranks and fight for the cause for which Ruthenberg died."

Man Is Killed By Automobile.
Police here today sought the driver of an automobile which struck Carlo Gallazi, 46 years old, of 27 Cowles Avenue, Yonkers, and kept going. Gallazi was found unconscious in the roadway on Seminary Ave. and Mile Square Road, by another motorist and patrolman.

RUSSIAN SECTION SAYS WORKERS PARTY WILL CONTINUE HIS WORK

Central Bureau, Russian Section, Workers (Communist) Party, A. Striz, Secretary.—"The Russian Central Bureau of the Workers Party deeply mourns the death of our beloved Comrade Charles E. Ruthenberg. The passing away of the pioneer of the Communist movement in this country is undoubtedly an irreparable loss to the Party, to the American working class, and to the International Communist Movement.

Splendid Organizer.
"The deceased comrade endeared himself to the American militant workers as a fiery tribune, Marxian writer, splendid organizer, revolutionary leader and devoted comrade.

"As one of the originators of the left movement in the United States, Charles E. Ruthenberg laid the cornerstone of the Communist Party in his country, and for eight years he stood guard to the Communist movement, always ready at a moment's notice to plunge into the thick of the struggle with the enemies of the revolutionary cause, inspiring by his example and carrying along the masses.

Valued as Communist.
"His abilities, his energies, his devotion, his deep knowledge of the theory and practice of Communism were highly valued by the Third In-

ternational and gained him recognition even of the enemies of the movement.

"During the eight years of its existence the Communist Movement in America had its ups and downs. It celebrated victories, met with reverses, passed through external and internal crises, withstood persecution. Charles E. Ruthenberg was always in the midst, paving the way in the right direction.

"Yes, deep is the wound inflicted by death. But we have one consolation. And that is the great cause for which Charles E. Ruthenberg lived and fought—the Communist cause.

"Our movement, ought not, shall not, suffer a bit from the passing away of even of such an outstanding figure in the movement, as Charles E. Ruthenberg. Ours is a movement deeply rooted in the conditions of the capitalist order of things in its last, imperialistic stage. It lost a great leader truly, but it will produce other leaders to take his place in the struggle. Inspired by the examples of the tireless fighter, we shall double our efforts to make up for our loss.

"Our leader Charles E. Ruthenberg is dead!
"Long live the revolutionary Communist Movement!"

Hospital Tragedy Claims Six.
CHICAGO, March 4.—The sixth death in the Columbia Memorial Hospital baby poisoning-tragedy occurred today when Robert Oliver Johnson, six days old, died in convulsions. A seventh, Marjorie Elizabeth Gibbons, nine days old, was reported near death.

Baby Johnson like the five others, was mistakenly administered boric acid solution for drinking water.

"Will Continue Fight," says Jewish Youth.
Young Jewish Marxian "Yugent" New York.—"The 'Young Jewish Marxian Yugent' is deeply grieved by the great loss of the American workers suffer by the death of its most courageous leader, Charles E. Ruthenberg who sacrificed his life for the overthrow of the present system and the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government in this country.

"But the 'Yugent' won't allow its lines to be weakened! On we will go. For a Communist America, the fight our brave Ruthenberg began."

James Tait Sends Sympathy.
JAMES TAIT, Active In Labor Defense Work in Pittsburgh.—"Grieve to learn of Comrade Ruthenberg's death, labor's cause loses a very courageous and able leader, convey my heartfelt sympathy to his family."

"Couldn't Break His Spirit."
OTIS WILKINBURG, Pittsburgh, Pa.—"The capitalist government, police courts and jail sentences could not break the high spirit of a good Communist who fought all anti-labor elements. Long live the movement that he pioneered and fought for."

Will Carry on Spirit of Leninism.
STREET NUCLEUS, Pittsburgh, Pa.—"The death of Comrade Ruthenberg has removed from our ranks one of its most courageous and able leaders. We pledge to carry on our work with our utmost energy in the way we can best honor his memory. We hail the statement of the Central Executive Committee urging us to close our ranks, we pledge to carry out this task in order to carry on the work of Leninism in America.

Brookwood Students Extend Sympathy.
Group of Students of Brookwood Labor College, Katonah, N. Y.—"With deep regrets we hear of the death of C. E. Ruthenberg, the courageous tireless fighter for the labor movement. We extend our sympathy to relatives and comrades in their great loss."

Roll in the Subs For The DAILY WORKER.

LECTURES and FORUMS

THE PEOPLE'S INSTITUTE.
At Cooper Union (8 St. & Astor Pl.) at 8 o'clock. Admission Free.
Sunday, Mar. 6.—Concert by the American Orchestral Society, Chalmers Clifton, Conductor.
Tuesday, Mar. 8.—Dr. Frankwood E. Williams: "Results of Attempts to Coerce Youth."
Friday, Mar. 11.—Everett Dean Martin: "What is the Matter With Modern Ideals?—Why is there not internationalism in the world?"

AT MANHATTAN TRADE SCHOOL.
Single Admission, 25 cents. Reduction for Course Tickets.
Morris R. Coates: "American Philosophy—American Academic Theory."
Wed., Mar. 9.—Dr. Carl P. Sherwin: "How the Scientist Works—The Chemistry of the Human Body."
Thurs., Mar. 10.—E. G. Spaulding: "Questions People Expect a Philosopher to Answer—What is a Sensation or Goes Watson answer Berkeley?"
Sat., Mar. 12.—Mortimer J. Adler: "Psychological Realism: The Four Geometries of the Soul—The Soul as Perception."

SUNDAY NIGHT

V. F. Calverton will speak on "THE NEW NEGRO"

Editor of the Modern Quarterly speaks on economic radicalism among negro workers at the

Workers School Forum
108 E. 14th St. 8 P. M.

Next Sunday Louis Fischer will speak on "Oil and Imperialism."
ADMISSION 25c.

Read The Daily Worker Every Day

Debate

FLOYD DELL vs. V. F. CALVERTON
Famous Novelist and Essayist Noted Critic and Lecturer

IS MONOGAMY DESIRABLE?
Floyd Dell, Says YES Chairman V. F. Calverton, Says NO
CHARLES W. WOOD.

Saturday, March 12, 1927, at 8:15 P. M.
COMMUNITY CHURCH AUDITORIUM
34th Street and Park Avenue

Tickets.....\$1.10 and 75 cents.
For Sale at Jimmy Higgin's Bookshop, 127 University Pl. NOW.

LABOR TEMPLE
14th Street and Second Avenue
THIS SUNDAY
5 P. M.—Contemporary Authors.
PROF. H. W. L. DANA
"Capek"
ADMISSION 25 CENTS

7:15 P. M.—
EDMUND B. CHAFFEE
"Why Man? The Divine Problem As Seen by the Christian Theist"
ADMISSION FREE
9:30 P. M.—
HENRY SLOANE COFFIN
"The Church and Human Progress"
ADMISSION FREE

When replying to these advertisements mention THE DAILY WORKER.

Vegetarian and Rational Living Groups

A MASS MEETING
To Help the Class War Prisoners (I. L. D.)
PROMINENT SPEAKERS
Sunday, March 6, 8 P. M.
at 81 East 110th Street.

Austin Lewis Calls Him "Great Leader."

AUSTIN LEWIS, noted labor attorney, San Francisco, Calif.—"The death of Ruthenberg is a very great blow at this time. His sagacity and deep knowledge were of very great importance to the labor movement and his unsurpassed knowledge of labor conditions and labor psychology marked him as one of the great leaders.

"His integrity was unblemished and his bravery in face of persecution distinguished him at a time when such qualities are by no means common. He had an unusual grasp of economic conditions and the power of determining the chief and determining factors of the labor situation.

"We have had no finer or stronger personality in the labor movement of this country intellectually and morally. He compelled respect from friends and enemies alike."

"On Ruthenberg's Work!" Says Coal Miners.
Mine Workers send message from Brownsville, Pa.—"Brownsville, Pa., sub-district forwards these few lines as an expression of sorrow for the great loss that our party has suffered with the death of Comrade C. E. Ruthenberg, national secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party of America. The news of Comrade Ruthenberg's death has inflicted a deep pain in the hearts of our comrades and to many members of local labor unions who knew the life and work of Comrade C. E. Ruthenberg.

"To those who knew Comrade Ruthenberg's struggles and persecutions by the capitalist courts, the name of C. E. Ruthenberg will never be forgotten. In the mind of the Marxism and Leninist work and policies he will remain with us, and we will transmit them in his behalf to the American proletariat.

"Long live the American Communist Party and long live the Communist International!"

District Eight Bows In Memory.
CHICAGO, Ill.—"The Workers (Communist) Party of District Eight expresses its grief together with that of thousands of workers over the death of our Comrade C. E. Ruthenberg. Our party has suffered a loss which it could ill afford. We bow in memory and pledge to carry on the work he loved for Communism.—Workers (Communist) Party, District Eight."

Westinghouse Shop Nucleus Wires.
PITTSBURGH, WESTINGHOUSE SHOP NUCLEUS of the Workers Party.—"We mourn the death of our leader, Comrade Ruthenberg, and pledge to carry on the work he left unfinished."

Family of Gene Debs Sends Sympathy

CHICAGO, March 5.—Theodore and Gertrude Debs yesterday wired to James P. Cannon, at the offices of the International Labor Defense as follows: "Please convey to the family of Comrade Ruthenberg our deepest and tenderest sympathy." Eugene Debs and Ruthenberg were both members of the executive committee of the I. L. D.

PIONEERS WILL CARRY ON.
New York Young Pioneers.—"Comrade Ruthenberg's death is a tremendous blow to the American working class. The children of the American working class realize that Comrade Ruthenberg was one of their most valiant fighters.

"Comrade Ruthenberg's life as a leader of the working class and of the American Workers (Communist) Party and his sacrifices and endless devotion to the working class will serve as an inspiration to the Young Pioneers League (the children's section of the Communist movement) to carry on the work of our dear comrade and leader, until we have realized that for which he was so bravely fighting.

"We the Young Pioneer League pledge ourselves to be always ready to fight as children for the emancipation of our class."
(Signed) District 2, Y. P. L.

GANNETT LIKED SPIRIT.
Lewis S. Gannett, associate editor of The Nation.—"I knew Ruthenberg only slightly. I didn't agree with his theory or methods, but I liked his spirit.

"America needs more men who have the courage to face her faults and to seek to remedy them even though it means persecution for themselves. She loses more in losing Ruthenberg than in a dozen of her so-called statesmen."

Local Union Secretary Speaks.
G. Goepfert, secretary, Bakers' Union, Local 164, Amalgamated Food Workers.—"We express our sincerest proletarian condolence for the death of America's foremost working class fighter. Despite this great loss to the American workers the party which he lead must and will continue in its activities to the final emancipation of the working class of America from the yoke of capitalism."

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STUDENTS OF JOURNALISM MUST WRITE FOR WORKER; HOUSING STORIES WANTED

Workers may join The DAILY WORKER staff by enrolling in the Advanced Labor Journalism course at the Workers' School, 108 East 14th St. Every member of the class must write for The DAILY WORKER. News stories will be assigned to each member of the class every week. The assignments will be prepared with the aid of the editors of The DAILY WORKER and the stories will be published in the paper.

Want Housing Stories. Housing stories are a news feature now and the class next Monday will be assigned to write stories on the housing situation unless later news developments cause changes. Eugene Lyons will be the special lecturer at next Monday's class.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED large room, adjoining kitchen and bath. Housekeeping. Suitable for couple, young lady, or two friends. Interval 2195 or Kellogg 5013.

NEW MASSES Anti-Obscenity Costume Ball

Friday Evening, March 18, 9-30. Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Tickets \$1.50 Now; \$3.00 at the door.

That Bozo in the Box Office—He's triple hard boiled ("I said \$3 an' I don't mean may be") And he ain't got no Heart at all And he's as deaf as a Cop And he won't listen To NO hard-luck Story From NOBODY.

So buy your tickets Now By mail from NEW MASSES, Dept. W. 39 Union Square, Stuyvesant 4445 or at Jimmie Higgins Book Store 127 University Place.

Bronx I. L. D. Branch Meets Monday Night

A meeting of International Labor Defense, Bronx English Branch, will be held Monday, March 7, 1927, at 8:30 p. m., at 1347 Boston Road, Bronx. Final arrangements will be made for the Bronx booth at the International Labor Defense Bazaar to be held March 10, 11, 12 and 13. All comrades having donations or contributions, or wishing to participate in the work will come to this meeting.

Calverton to Speak At Workers' School On the New Negro

V. F. Calverton, editor of the Modern Quarterly, will speak at the Workers School Forum this Sunday night at 8 p. m. on the subject "The New Negro". The speaker has studied the position of the Negro in the American life, and is preparing the publication of a book dealing with the subject. On Sunday night following, Luis Fisher will speak on Oil and Imperialism.

Plan Oriental Booth At I. L. D. Bazaar Here

The orient will play a big part in the International Labor Defense Bazaar in the Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., on March 10-13. Chinese and Japanese workers are combining to bring the eastern atmosphere in a special booth featuring their craftsmanship. Delicate vases, beautiful porcelains, intriguing incense burners, gorgeous kimonos and exquisite pictures will be on sale. New York workers are preparing to take advantage of this opportunity to secure many rare oriental curios and at the same time express their solidarity with the fighting Chinese.

Read The Daily Worker Every Day

Owners and Lawmakers Both Responsible for Rents, Shortage

Methods By Which Housing Problem Has Been Maintained, and Solution of Situation, Given Next Week.

Today's article begins the summary of the housing survey undertaken by Will de Kalb, DAILY WORKER investigator. The summary will be continued next week, and also special articles exposing the landlords' lobby at Albany, and the responsibility for the housing shortage.

New York Cloakmakers Meeting Today to Hear Prominent Lefts Talk

Locals 2 and 35 will hold membership meetings this afternoon to discuss conditions in the Cloakmakers' Union. The pressers of Local 35 will meet in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th Street at 1 o'clock. The Operators' Local 2, will meet at one in Webster Hall, 11th Street near 3rd Avenue. Prominent trade union leaders will address both meetings.

When replying to these advertisements mention The DAILY WORKER.

Settle for Coupons Immediately

Thousands of Children of the Passaic Textile Strikers Are HUNGRY AND DESTITUTE

HELP US FEED THEM

Help Build a Strong Union!

Take Some More To Sell



Office open from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. daily

General Relief Committee 799 BROADWAY ROOM 225 NEW YORK CITY Stuyvesant 2343

Read The Daily Worker Every Day

Announcement to Comrades!

Charles Selikson

Radios and Victrolas 1225 First Ave. CORN. 66TH STREET

CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS—

Stromberg-Curlson Radios
Fada-Neutrodyne Atwater Kent
Radiola Super-Heterodyne
Freed-Eisemann
Freshman Masterpiece, Etc.

No Interest Charged Installed Free
EVERYTHING GUARANTEED — OPEN EVENINGS

NEWS IN BRIEF

Argentina To South Pole.

MADRID, March 4.—An aeroplane expedition to the South Pole is being planned by Captain Zanni of the Argentine air force, according to an announcement made here by Captain Castex, who is a member of a special aviation mission from the Argentine to Spain.

Sailors Die.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., March 4.—Five men were swept to their death today when the three-masted schooner Montclair, driven ashore by an easterly gale, broke up off Orleans on the outer rim of Cape Cod.

Bill Authorizes Hudson Tunnel.

ALBANY, March 4.—The New York Port Authority would be authorized to construct a tunnel under the Hudson River from points between West 34th and West 47th Street, Manhattan, and points opposite in Hudson county, New Jersey, under a bill introduced in the legislature today by Assemblyman Phelps, New York City republican. The measure carries an appropriation of \$50,000 for preliminary work.

CORRECTION:

In the article "Importance of Anti-Militarist Work," in place of "American investments abroad total 25 billions of dollars," the sentence should read: American investments and war-time loans total 25 billions of dollars.

Hungarian Earthquake.

BUDAPEST, March 4.—Two earthquake shocks were reported fifty miles from Budapest today. A church and several houses were damaged at Vappalota and more than sixty chimneys were shaken down. Several more houses collapsed at the second shock.

Catch Opium Smuggler.

NAPLES, March 4.—Fifty boxes of opium which were intended for exportation to America were found today when the customs officials seized the consignment of cases which had been labelled "preserved fruit." They were sent by a man named Wasachi who was arrested.

U. S. Buys Trinity Bldg.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Secretary of the Treasury Mellon was authorized to make a contract for purchase of the Trinity Corporation Building in New York upon its completion, by an act signed by President Coolidge today. If purchased, the building would be the headquarters for customs and other national government activities in New York.

BUY THE DAILY WORKER AT THE NEWSSTANDS

Fifth Freiheit Jubilee

SATURDAY EVENING
APRIL 2nd, 1927

in
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
49th Street & 8th Avenue

Freiheit
Gesangs Verein
accompanied by
New York Symphony Orchestra

will present the poem of the Russian Revolution

TWELVE

written by Alexander Block.
Music and Conducted by JACOB SCHAFFER.

JACOPO RIMINI and SERGEI RODOMSKY in a special program.

The well-known soprano
ROSA RAISA
in a special program.
This will be her first recital in New York within the last 2 years.

ALL SEATS RESERVED.

International Woman's Day Celebration To Be Next Tuesday, March 8

The International Women's Day will be celebrated on Tuesday, March 8th, the birthday of Rosa Luxemburg, in all principle cities in the country. In New York the Central Opera House at 205 East 57th St. has been engaged for this day and an elaborate program has been selected to give due credit to the women's movement.

In Philadelphia the celebration will take place at the Grand Fraternity Hall, 1626 Arch street, on the same day at 8 p. m. The program which has been arranged includes many prominent women speakers, including Rebecca Grecht of this city. Progressive and liberal organizations, including the Woman's Trade Union League and the Woman's International League for Peace and Freedom, will also be present.

The youth of the city will be represented by members of the Young Pioneers, an organization of working class children, pledged to support their mothers and fathers in their fight for strong unions and against imperialist wars.

Arrangements are being made for an overflow turn-out and the workers of New York and Philadelphia are urged to come early to these celebrations.

CHARGE PRESSER WITH FIGHT HE COULDN'T BE AT

Aaron Wortuns, a presser from the Charles Meisel shop at 225 West 36th St., who was severely beaten by gangsters of "Frenchy's" gang on February 23, was arrested on a framed-up charge of felonious assault late Thursday. He was held under \$5,000 bail in the 59th street court.

Says Sick Man Hit Him. That the charges are a frame-up intended to cripple the prosecution of the gangsters who assaulted Wortuns is evident from the fact that the case against the gangsters had been set for yesterday in Jefferson Market court, and that the complaint against Wortuns, signed by Morris Katz, alleges that Wortuns attacked him in the Bronx on February 24, although Wortuns was under a doctor's care that entire week from the injuries he received at the hands of the gangsters on February 23rd.

Freda Rebanto, Yetta Greenblatt, and L. Hyman (not the manager of the Joint Board) were arrested on the picket line at the Arline Dress Shop, 353 Seventh Ave., this morning after the boss had put in a call for the riot squad to prevent their peaceful picketing. They were dismissed by Magistrate Smith in Jefferson Market court. Picket lines on Friday morning were unusually large.

Citizens' Union Favors Inquiry of Milk And Food Graft Scandal

Continued agitation for public inquiry into the milk and food graft scandal is part of the program of the Citizens' Committee, according to William J. Schieffelin, president, who is determined to buck Governor Smith on the issue. Last Wednesday the grand jury under the influence of Governor Smith advised the union against such a course.

"Undoubtedly the governor desires very much that the grand jury's whitewashing presentment shall be permitted to close the record in this business of the health department graft and grafters" president Schieffelin declared. "The continued protest, however, of the citizens' union against sidetracking the health department graft investigation will keep the issue prominent until all the crooks—and the biggest of them—are caught."

MEETING HALLS

Booth Phones, Dry Dock 6612, 7845. Office Phone, Orchard 5219. Patronize
MANHATTAN LYCEUM
Large Halls With Stage for Meetings, Entertainments, Balls, Weddings and Banquets; Cafeteria. 66-68 E. 4th St. New York, N. Y. Small Meeting Rooms Always Available.

Tel. Dry Dock 8208, 8045, 2591. I. KITZIS, Prop.

THE ASTORIA
Palatial Ballrooms & Dining Rooms
CATERING A SPECIALTY
62-64 E. 4th St. New York City.

April 9

KEEP THAT DATE OPEN
Watch for further announcements.
? Big Affair ?
Arranged by the Young Workers League.

IMPORTANT NOTICE FOR TRACTION WORKERS of the I. R. T. and B. M. T.

All Workers Interested in the Transit Question.

Who Handles New York's Enormous Traffic? Why Do Accidents Happen? What Is the Transportation Brotherhood? What Caused the Strike Last Summer? Can the Traction Workers Organize?

HOW?
Get the FACTS of one of New York's Largest and Most Important Industries in this valuable series of articles beginning
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9
First Article, "Organize the Traction Workers," by Robert Mitchell.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE

Paris Commune Commemoration

In Conjunction With Bazaar
SUNDAY, MARCH 13th
at 1 P. M.

SPEAKERS:
Wm. F. Dunne
Carlo Tresca
Juliet Stewart Poyntz
Joseph Brodsky

TABLEAU.....Dance by Tilda Schocket
PIANO ACCOMPANIMENT.....by Susan Hotkine

STAR CASINO

107th Street and Park Avenue

BAZAAR TICKETS GOOD FOR ADMISSION. TICKETS ON SALE AT: I. L. D. Office, 799 Broadway, Room 422—Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 127 University Place.—Book Store, 1510 Southern Blvd, Bronx.—Vegetarian Restaurant, 25 East 107th St.—Book Store, 365 Sutter Ave., Brownsville.—Daily Worker, 33 First Street.

HELP PASSAIC ORGANIZE!

You Can Do This by Seeing the 'Passaic Textile Strike' A MOTION PICTURE

LABOR! LISTEN!

Passaic Textile Workers Still Need You! Hundreds of families need relief. A year's strike has caused much destitution. Thousands are unemployed. If we are to build a union we must aid until they secure employment. Also—Hundreds of strikers are to be placed on trial. Many have been in jail for months. Defense must be provided. Their families must be supported. This aid given now will assist in organizing thousands into a union. You will help in this organization campaign by seeing the motion picture of the Big Passaic Textile Strike to be shown at

WALDORF THEATRE, West 50th St., near 6th Ave.
SUNDAY, MARCH 6—Showings at 2 and 7:30 P. M.
ADMISSION 50c.

Strike Songs and Picket Line by Textile Strikers' Children.

Auspices Local 1603 United Textile Workers of America With Co-operation of New York Central Trades and Labor Council.

SAVE THIS VALUABLE PRIZE COUPON

A Copy of Red Cartoons of 1927, Worth \$1.00 for 50 Cents With 50 of These Coupons
CUT THIS OUT AND SAVE IT.

RED CARTOONS OF 1927 is even a finer collection of the most recent cartoons of the well-known labor artists—Robert Minor, Fred Ellis, K. A. Suvanto, Art Young, Hay Bales, Jerger, Vose and others. Each picture is large enough to be framed and mounted. The book includes in all 64 of the finest cartoons of the past year. This wonderful volume is not for sale. It is offered only to those who help us to build the Daily Worker.

DAILY WORKER
33 First Street New York, N. Y.

THE DAILY WORKER

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Daily, Except Sunday
83 First Street, New York, N. Y. Phone, Orchard 1680

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THE DAILY WORKER, 83 First Street, New York, N. Y.

J. LOUIS ENGDahl }
WILLIAM F. DUNNE } Editors
BERT MILLER } Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

The Farmers' Dilemma and the Way Out

In a recent statement to the Washington bureau of the Federated Press, W. A. Anderson, chairman of the Farmer-Labor Party of Minnesota, gave the following reasons for the steadily decreasing living standards of the farmers:

- (1) High protective tariff on manufactured goods increasing the prices farmers pay for these commodities.
- (2) Excessive transportation charges.
- (3) Monopolies which arbitrarily fix prices of commodities.

This is another and rather roundabout way of saying that the farmer is in the grip of a system in which he exercises but little influence.

Anderson should also have given as another and perhaps more important reason the fact that the farmers as a class are paying interest on more than \$8,000,000,000 of mortgages—trying to bear a burden which is crushing them to the earth which they till for little reward. This burden grows heavier year by year.

The days of cheap land are gone as well in America, while the products of the immense rich Russian areas are now coming into the world markets in ever greater quantities.

Even a casual survey of the position of the American farmer is sufficient to disclose the utterly foolish method followed by the great majority of them to better their conditions. They support, except in rare cases as in Minnesota, either the democrat or republican party—the parties which are the class political expression of the railroad, banking and manufacturing interests, the instruments by which they manipulate the power of the government in their own behalf.

Most farming sections are strongholds of the republican party—the party of high tariff. The farmers have switched at times to the democrat party only to find that the legislation it passed favored everybody except the workers and farmers. The last democrat administration drove the masses into a war in the interest of the house of Morgan, the biggest banking concern in the world and the farmers and workers are still paying for this remarkably profitable adventure in behalf of their class enemies.

Tradition has a strong hold on the American farmer. He is very much afraid of all isms except capitalism but this is the ism responsible for his woes.

He cannot continue to support the parties of American capitalism without becoming peasantized—reduced to serfdom.

Traditions are hard to break when the whole propaganda machinery of the most powerful ruling class in the world devotes its entire time to maintaining the fiction of the non-existence of classes in America and the identity of interest of all members of that great, glorious and free family—the American "peepul."

But the iron logic of economic pressure is breaking the hold of tradition as in Minnesota and even with a trade union leadership which fights the idea of a break with the parties of capitalism and the organization of a powerful party of workers and farmers, the farmer is coming to realize that he must fight side by side with the industrial workers against a common enemy.

A militant leadership for the labor movement and the farmers will be found aligned with the workers.

There is no other way out of the mire into which both groups of producers have been shoved by false leaders and the pressure of a system organized for bankers and industrial lords.

Foreign Affairs—The New Taboo of Wall Street's Medicine Men

"Private meddling with the vital foreign relations of a country is something that cannot be tolerated," says the New York Tribune in an editorial castigating Senator Borah for daring to attempt to discover the truth concerning American relations with Mexico. It can be said in passing that the very cursory investigation made by Borah disclosed the fact that American diplomacy differs in nowise from the diplomacy of other capitalist countries, i. e., that the state department from Kellogg down is a combination of skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled liars and lickspittles of the industrial and financial lords.

Borah's investigation is hardly "private meddling" since he is chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, but if he were only a private citizen it still would be his duty to expose if possible a conspiracy against another nation and the American masses—a conspiracy which was and is leading to war with Mexico in behalf of Standard Oil and of Doheny—one of America's most outstanding crooks and grafters whose methods of accumulation are a little too raw even for his fellow robbers.

Just now the imperialist press is directing its fire at Borah. But its target is really the right of criticism of government by the governed. The restriction of this privilege to a low minimum and its final abolition is something desired most ardently by the capitalist class.

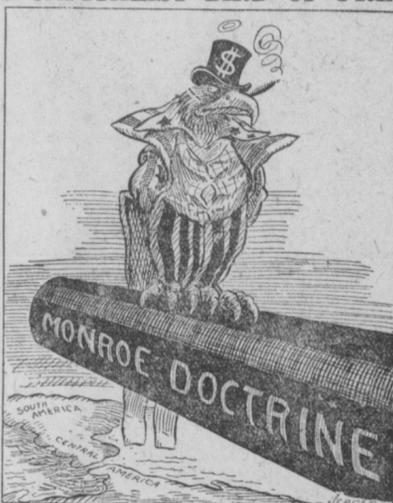
In this period of imperialist adventures, when the true motives for conquest of weaker peoples and the brutal facts of the conquest itself need concealment, we can expect a new drive on such liberties as free speech, press and assemblage.

The field of foreign affairs is to become a sort of forbidden territory, as in Great Britain since her rise as a ruler of colonies, into which none may venture except those considered 100 per cent loyal. As American imperialism expands and in consequence comes oftener into conflict with colonial peoples and imperialist rivals, foreign affairs take precedence over all but the most important matters of domestic policy.

There must be no timidity in exposing the plots of Wall Street's state department and no capitulation to the desire of the ruling class for the abolition of all restrictions upon the power of its servants to lie, browbeat and finally make war.

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A CAPITALIST BIRD OF PREY



It feels confident and comfortable on its present roost that seems so safe but will result in its ultimate destruction.

RECORD TRIBUTE IN 1926

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press).

DIVIDEND and interest payments by American corporations in 1926 amounted to \$4,335,912,000, according to the U. S. department of commerce. The huge sum distributed to the owners of America in cash exceeds by \$258,588,000, or more than 6%, the cash hand-out of the previous year. It is without question the largest cash tribute ever exacted by an owning class in the history of the world.

This enormous return to the small class which lives by owning stocks and bonds would have provided a full year's wage to about 3,250,000 factory workers. If divided equally among all the farmers, factory workers, railroad workers and miners employed throughout the country it would have added more than \$250 to each family budget.

The 1926 dividend and interest payments mark a gain of 27% over 1920. They represent an increase of 144% over 1913 when stock and bond holders received a cash income of \$1,777,236,000.

Total dividend and interest payments in each year since 1913 were:

1913	\$1,777,236,000
1914	1,785,376,000
1915	1,865,112,000
1916	2,135,028,000
1917	2,389,140,000
1918	2,724,732,000
1919	3,189,168,000
1920	3,414,876,000
1921	3,341,808,000
1922	3,399,720,000
1923	3,385,216,000
1924	3,840,588,000
1925	4,077,324,000
1926	4,335,912,000

Total.....\$41,862,236,000

Dividend payments in 1926, taken separately, amounted to \$1,120,392,000 while interest totaled \$3,215,520,000. Corresponding figures for 1913 were \$318,056,000 dividends and \$959,180,000 interest. Dividend payments have increased only 34% while interest payments have increased 235%. In other words the owning class in America is becoming a coupon-clipping class without direct responsibility toward the people which produce its lavish income.

The average rate of dividends on industrial stocks has been slowly but steadily increasing. In 1913 the average annual return was \$5.23 a share. In 1917 it reached a wartime peak of \$6.68 and was again \$6.59 in 1920. Then the rate slumped to a low of \$4.40 a share in 1922. In 1925, however, it passed all previous records with \$7.09 a share. In 1926 it reached \$7.58 a share. If account were taken of the stock dividends which have intervened the return on actual investment would show much higher. Railroad dividends at \$330,336,000 surpass all previous records.

The cash income of stock and bond holders over the 14-year period covered by the table totaled \$41,862,236,000. About 70% of this stream of gold flowed to less than 1% of the population, to the class which can live in luxury without giving any service in return.

Attempts to justify such huge payments to the idle rich on the ground that they furnish new capital break down because corporations are today retaining enough in undivided profits to provide for all necessary expansion of the country's industrial plant. The country today faces not a shortage but a surplus of new capital. The resulting crisis can be avoided only by diverting a large part of the profit stream into wages.

THE CLASHING ORDER



FOOTNOTES TO THE NEWS

By EUGENE LYONS

How To Abolish Crime.—The American press—and in particular its Washington correspondents—are utterly lacking in a sense of humor. They report without a flicker of amusement one of the most farcical official documents in the history of American imperialism. The creature of the American lumber interests in Nicaragua, Diaz, has sent a formal "request" that the United States establish a protectorate over his country. He wants a treaty in which the U. S. should "guarantee the sovereignty of Nicaragua." In return for this guarantee he is willing to give up all pretense of sovereignty. For instance, the U. S. is to have the legal right to intervene at any time; it is to put its own people in charge of the financial and technical affairs of that country, etc. Diaz's logic is exquisite.

"As matters now stand," he writes, "the frequent intervention of American armed forces in our territory is directed exclusively for the protection of American and foreign lives and property. We have therefore reached the conclusion that we want to derive for ourselves some benefit and permanent advantage from American intervention, which we have thus far found inevitable, and at the same time transfer it from its present somewhat vague de facto basis to a well defined de jure status with clearly stated responsibilities and apparent benefits for the intervenor and the intervened."

That's great stuff! There lurks in it a suggestion to cities like New York and Chicago, where crime is rampant. By legalizing (giving a "well defined de jure status") robbery, murder, etc., all crime and criminals would automatically be abolished.

TWELVE

On reading in the papers about twelve London clubmen who have applied for permission to fight for Chang Tso Lin, the Manchurian dictator, against the Chinese Nationalist army.

Twelve monocol parasites
Stand in a row
Be-spatted, high-hatted
But nowhere to go.

Twelve silly young asses,
Tired, yawning and bored
Every damned one of them,
Gentleman, Lord.

Like Gilbert and Sullivan's
Burlesquish fools,
They vow that they want to be
Chang Tso Lin's tools.

They've chosen their company
Better than they knew.
Chang and these gentlemen
Make a jolly fine crew.

Twelve British carcasses
"SUPERIOR", "you know"
May soon rot in China-land
Where bright poppies grow.

—ADOLF WOLFF.

In Defense of New Jersey.—Organizations of bird and animal lovers are protesting against the wholesale slaughter of crows in New Jersey. These critics should not be too harsh on the state. The war on the crows was undertaken only as a last resort. The heart of official New Jersey is tender enough. The critics forget an exciting demonstration of tenderness recently and we had better recall it to their minds. Over in New Brunswick a farmer was accused of not feeding his cows enough. The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals obtained a warrant against him. State troopers arrived on the farm to serve the warrant. When the farmer hesitated to accept it they shot at him, whereupon, he retired to his house and barred the door. The animal lovers, however, were resolute. They laid siege to the house, crippled the farmer, murdered his sister and nearly destroyed the house. But they saved the cows! So there you are. The Society for the Prevention, etc., is defending the troopers who face a charge of murder. Let the aforementioned critics always remember these martyrs to the cause of kindness to animals.

Workers Theatre and The Frock Coats.—The advance announcements of the New Playwrights Theatre were full of courageous references to "proletarian art . . . Communist interpretation . . . workers' theatre . . . Maierhold's technique," etc., etc. "We are trying hard to give radicals a theatre of their own," said one statement. ". . . We want to write and produce plays for the workers, who are the best audience. . . ." But the publicity department of this epoch-making theatre completely forgot the labor press in its official opening. It catered to the frock coats in orthodox fashion. The bourgeois press was invited, of course, and quite proper. They sneered at the whole thing, quite as expected. But the labor papers and the labor news agencies were forgotten. The Federated Press, the official Soviet news bureau, the publications of the unions were ignored. The conductors of clever columns in the capitalist press were invited. But the conductors of clever columns in the workers' press—this one in particular—were not. Maierhold will learn of the opening, if at all, from the bourgeois press, because his own press was forgotten and reminding them did no good. Proletarian art movements will do much better as soon as they stop kow-towing to the silk hats.

FROM A GALLERY OF FUTILITIES.

1. An Urban Poetess.

She sprang from the asphalt of city streets. She grew up among tenements and skyscrapers, thunderous traffic and shoals of humans. But these things could not crush her poetic soul. Her thoughts were fragrant as a lovely countryside. Her inner vision saw green fields spread on rolling hillsides like cloths for a picnic of the gods. It saw virgin forests buzzing with an intense animal life. It concentrated upon the exquisiteness of a single flower, the tracery of veins on a single petal . . .

But having been raised in the city she had no words for these visions. However vast it might be to her emotionally, a tree was but a tree to her verbally. Except for the domesticated roses, sweet peas, carnations one may buy at a florist's she could not call flowers familiarly by their names. On the other hand, she knew from her reading the names of trees and flowers which she had never seen . . . such exquisite, exotic names some of them too . . .

And how is one to write poetry without these things? Where, she asked herself in dismay, will you find a poem worthy of the name without birds and flowers and brooks and cows in it?

Which explains what her admiring friends for a long time failed to understand—her sudden devotion to the natural sciences. It was a practical masculine sort of interest wholly at variance with her poetic nature, they said. The fact though is that she has thrown herself ardently into the study of biology, botany, zoology . . . devours articles on agronomy and animal husbandry . . . In a word, she is acquiring the raw material of poesy, and once she feels that she knows her ground will step out boldly as a poetess.

Ruthenberg Explains the Criticism of Socialist Party by the Left Wing

By J. LOUIS ENGDahl.

IT is inevitable that the death of our comrade and leader, C. E. Ruthenberg, should again bring to the forefront the differences between the Socialist Party of officialdom, typified in Morris Hillquit and Victor L. Berger, and the Socialist Party's pre-war left wing, that developed into the American Communist Party.

Ruthenberg was the standard bearer of the clash with the socialist parliamentarians. He was the leader of the struggle to win the Socialist Party membership for a revolutionary position, to wage a conscious struggle against capitalism. It was this long effort, through the ten years from 1909 to 1919, that fitted him so well for the mantle of leadership that fell upon his shoulders in the young American Communist movement.

It may be said that of the millions who now read of his death, multitudes will ponder, "Why did Ruthenberg break with Hillquit and Berger and help build the Communist Party?"

Ruthenberg joined the Socialist Party in January, 1900. Within two or three months after joining the party he became one of its officials, serving it in some official capacity up to June, 1917, without pay. He became a paid employee of the party in the month that the espionage act went into effect, when war conscription was put into force—June, 1917, taking up the cudgels against war and militarism more actively in the hours when many socialist officials were anxious to drop dangerous party duties, following the adoption of the St. Louis Anti-War Proclamation.

It was during these months of the American participation in the war, the months following the Bolshevik triumph in Russia, that the differences within the Socialist party crystallized and led up to the split of 1919.

Ruthenberg set forth those differences while on the witness stand in the capitalist court, in New York City, when he was on trial charged with holding views hostile to the American capitalist government.

Under direct examination by I. E. Ferguson, also on trial, but who acted as one of counsel, Ruthenberg had explained that the socialist locals in Ohio were overwhelmingly left wing.

In answer to the question by Ferguson, "Can you tell us what was said by the left wingers with regard to the Socialist Party at that time (early part of 1919)?" Ruthenberg replied:

"The criticism was of the platforms of the Socialist Party, which included a great number of so-called immediate demands. These demands dealt with immediate changes which the party advocated, such as, for instance, the abolition of the senate or the limitation of the hours of work for children, or industrial insurance, accident insurance and similar reforms. The criticism was that the Socialist Party through the advocacy of such measures was misleading the working class into a belief that they could secure their emancipation from oppression and exploitation to which they were subjected under the capitalist system, by achieving the enactment of such measures. The left wing contended, and the criticism was, that the party should assume the position of demanding merely one thing, and that is the abolition of the capitalist system, and as the first step toward that end, the transference of political power from the capitalist class to the working class."

The examination then continued:

"Q. Did this criticism state an opposition to betterment of conditions of workers now? A. No, it did not."
"Q. Was it then simply an opposition to the Socialist Party doing one sort of thing or another? A. It was opposition to the Socialist Party laying emphasis in its propaganda campaign, propaganda and educational work upon these measures as against the ultimate aim for which the party was supposed to stand."

"Q. Go on and state other criticisms that you know that were made, if any, of the official Socialist Party by the left wing? A. Also that the Socialist Party emphasized the participation in the elections and the election of certain officials; that it had become more or less a vote getting machine to elect certain persons to public offices, rather than an organization which sought to bring about a fundamental change in the social system. That, in contradistinction to the emphasis on the election of certain candidates, the left wing believed that emphasis should be placed upon the industrial organization of the workers."

"Q. What do you mean by that? A. The organization into unions, into industrial unions, and use of the industrial power of the workers in their struggle for a change in the social system. It was the position of the left wing that, under the existing political and social conditions in the various capitalist countries, that with the control of the newspapers, the control of the educational institutions, the control of all the means of information in the hands of the dominant class, the capitalist class, that the effort to achieve political control through election campaigns was fruitless; that the working class should rely upon the point at which its power could be organized and used directly through the industrial form of organization, and through such use of that power as would develop under the change in the social system and the social developments."

"Q. What is an industrial union as you have now used the term? A. The organization of all the workers irrespective of craft into one union."

"Q. Of all of what workers? A. All the workers employed in a certain industry."

"Q. The organizations of the workers of the particular industry in the industrial union of that industry? A. Yes, sir, and the combinations of those industrial unions into one union."

"Q. And in what sense do you use the word 'industrial action'? A. In the sense of using their power to withhold their services to achieve their own ends."

"Q. By that you mean strike action? A. Yes."

"By the Court."

"Q. To achieve what end? A. Those which they were organized to achieve."

"Q. And what are those? A. The effort was to change capitalism into Socialism."

"By Ferguson."

"Q. Now, what do you mean by that? A. To change the purpose of securing profits, the machinery of proportionate to the whole population, owns and uses, for the purpose of securing profits, the machinery of production and distribution, into a society in which the ownership of the machinery of production and distribution would be in the hands of all of society."

It was thus that Ruthenberg blazed, in a capitalist courtroom, the way to a correct understanding by increasing masses of American workers of the Communist program as opposed to the betrayal of Socialism by the Socialist Party reactionaries. To achieve that program, Ruthenberg, on his bed of agony and death, appealed to his comrades the nation over, "Let us carry on to the victory!"