

The Daily Worker Fights:
For the Organization of the Un-
organized.
For a Labor Party.
For the 40 Hour Week.

THE DAILY WORKER

NEW YORK
EDITION

Entered at Second-class matter September 21, 1923, at the Post Office at Chicago, Illinois, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Vol. IV. No. 2.

Subscription Rates:

In Chicago, by mail, \$8.00 per year.
Outside Chicago, by mail, \$9.00 per year.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 15, 1927

Published Daily except Sunday by THE DAILY WORKER
PUBLISHING CO., 1112 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Price 3 Cents

SOVIET UNION BLASTS KELLOGG'S LIES

KELLOGG'S REAL "RED" HERRING

Master and Man Disagree—Coolidge says, "We are in Nicaragua to fight for American property." Kellogg says, "We are fighting 'Red' plots!"

By C. E. RUTHENBERG
General Secretary, Workers (Communist) Party.

THERE is one usually unfailling method of uniting with the big capitalists, the little capitalists and the fringes of so-called progressives in the two capitalist parties. That is by creating Communist "plots" against the government—a "red" scare.

This method was used in Great Britain against the Labor Party in the last elections, by injecting the forged "Zinoviev letter," and resulted in the return to power of the Baldwin (conservative) government.

Evidently the Coolidge administration has learned by the experience of other countries, for it is the identical method which Secretary of State Kellogg is using in an endeavor to break the growing opposition to the policy of the government, of driving this country into war in support of Wall Street imperialism in Latin America.

Kellogg appeared before the senate committee on foreign relations to present a mass of documents purporting to establish Communist "plots" to overthrow the American government by stirring up opposition to it in Latin America. Promptly some of the opposition in congress to the imperialist policies of the government in Nicaragua and against Mexico witted, and began to run for cover.

Master and Man Disagree. IN this instance the trick is a little too transparent, however. Master and man disagree. President Coolidge in his message to congress told of the big American investments in Nicaragua and that "there is no question that if the revolution continues American investments and business interests in Nicaragua will be seriously affected, if not destroyed."

And further along: "It has been and remains the policy of the United States in such circumstances to take the steps that may be necessary for the preservation and protection of the lives, the property and the interests of its citizens."

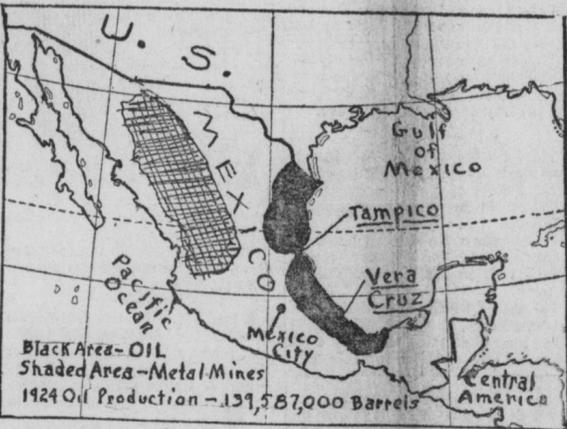
In other words, Coolidge tells us that he is following the time-honored policy of the government of using the "big stick" to protect the property and investments of the Wall Street bankers, and then Secretary of State Kellogg comes along to say: Oh no, this is something new and different. The "reds" are plotting against us in Mexico and Central America and we must protect ourselves against the attempt to overthrow our government!

Coolidge openly declares that it is the policy of the government to use American naval and military forces and to sacrifice the lives of the American workers and farmers to maintain the exploitation of Latin America by the Wall Street bankers. Then Kellogg comes along with a real red herring to drive to cover the opposition to this policy which has been manifested in congress.

The Communist and American Imperialism.

THE Workers (Communist) Party does not deny that it is part of its program to carry on a fight against American imperialism. The Communists have endeavored and will continue to endeavor to mobilize the American workers and farmers against the policy of the government which is leading this country into

Why Rockefeller, Morgan, Mellon and Doheny Are Anxious About Mexico



Following are some facts on why Wall Street is so concerned about Mexico:

The Doheny controlled Mexican Petroleum Co. was purchased by Standard Oil of Indiana in 1925. Its properties are estimated to be worth \$125,000,000 including some two million acres of land with a daily production of 150,000 barrels.

Standard Oil controls, in addition to the above, eight more large companies which in turn control a number of smaller Mexican petroleum concerns. Sinclair Oil has more than a million acres of petroleum land. The biggest oil company in Mexico is the Huasteca Co., owned by Doheny interests. Andrew Mellon's Gulf Oil corporation controls three Mexican companies, one of which, Mexican Gulf Oil, is among the largest in the country. The Morgan interests own the majority of the stock of the Maryland Oil Co., which, thru control of three other companies, has concessions on 15 million acres. There are several hundred American companies operating in Mexican oil all told. (Data from Dunn's "American Foreign Investments.")

CANCEL LENIN MEMORIAL AT DETROIT ARMORY AS KELLOGG MAKES CHARGE

(Special to The Daily Worker) DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 13.—Directly after Secretary of State Kellogg made his charge that "Bolshevist influences" were responsible for America's difficulties in Latin America, the post commander of the Michigan National Guard here cancelled the Lenin memorial meeting scheduled to be held in that building on Jan. 23 under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Substituting Effect for the Cause.

WHAT Kellogg has tried to do is to substitute an effect for a cause. The cause of the present situation in Nicaragua, Mexico and Latin America generally, is the exploitation of these countries by the Wall Street bankers. The effect is the revolt of the people of these countries against the grabbing of their natural resources and the exploitation of their people by the Wall Street bankers backed by the "big stick" of the government in form of American war ships and marines.

Huddleston Raps Cal Coolidge as War Maker in Latin America

By LAURENCE TODD, (Federated Press.) WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—(FP)—"Mexico has a perfect right to ship arms to the Nicaraguan government which she has recognized," said the Alabama member. "We know that the United States shipped arms to Russia—\$4,000,000 worth were sent to Russia—\$4,000,000 worth were sent to Russia, who was seeking to overthrow the government of that country," said Rep. Huddleston of Alabama, democrat, who was the first member of either branch of congress to take the floor in reply to President Coolidge's message explaining the raid on Nicaragua and threatening like violation of the sovereignty of Mexico.

Bull in China Shop.

"Secretary Kellogg is acting like a bull in the diplomatic china-shop, and (Continued on page 2)

Appeal Against War of All-America Anti-Imperialist League on Page Three Today.

Nicaragua Bound Marines Leaving Here

A company of 100 marines stationed here to guard the mails was reported preparing to entrain for Nicaragua today. Col. Henry Lay, commanding officer, refused to discuss the report.

"Absurd" Say Foreign Office and Kollontai

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Jan. 13.—"The height of absurdity" . . . This was the reply of the Soviet foreign office today to the charges of United States Secretary of State Kellogg that the Soviet Union is fomenting trouble in Central America.

"Only Americans could be naive enough to credit such a yarn," said a high official of the Soviet foreign office. "If England charges us with fomenting trouble in Syria, Sumatra and elsewhere, the English know it is a lie, but when Americans hear we are plotting against them in Central America they actually believe it."

"As a matter of fact ninety per cent of the Soviet citizens never heard the name Nicaragua."

"We have no representative in any Central American state save Mexico, where Mme. Kollontai has just arrived. She is credited with incredible activity."

"What a long arm Moscow must have."

"We are quite helpless against such fabrications. There is nothing to reply except 'nonsense.'"

Kollontai Answers

(Special to The Daily Worker) MEXICO CITY, Jan. 13.—"Absurd!" said Alexandra Kollontai, Soviet ambassador to Mexico when informed of Senator Kellogg's statement to the senate committee regarding "Bolshevik" activities in Latin America. "Mr. Kellogg can not have information relative to a thing which does not exist."

While a strict silence was maintained in Mexican official circles regarding Secretary Kellogg's charges, Madame Kollontai, sole minister of the Soviet government in the Americas, was outspoken in her contradiction of the charges.

Look for Break. A severance of diplomatic relations between the United States and Mexico at an early date was regarded as inevitable today, as the reaction here to the publication of Kellogg's charges to the senate committee that the Soviet government of Russia was operating here and in Central America against the interests of the United States.

The secretary of state's charges, coming on the heels of president Coolidge's message to congress, was regarded as a clear declaration of the Coolidge administration's determination to carry out its imperialist policy for the "protection" of American interests in the region between Panama and the Rio Grande.

NEEDLE TRADES LEFT WING HAS HISTORIC RALLY

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Nearly 200 delegates from needle trades centers all over the United States and Canada attended the needle trades left wing conference just concluded in New York.

It was the most successful conference of the needle trades left wing ever held. It planned out a definite policy against the splitting and expulsion tactics of the reactionary bureaucracy and for the maintenance of unity, and the building up of the needle trades unions, the struggle against the Sigman bureaucracy, the issue of amalgamation, and struggle against Beckermanism, were among the main issues. Full support of the loan to save the Cloakmakers' Union was voted with the greatest enthusiasm.

Organization Drive. A plan was adopted for an energetic campaign to stimulate the unions for a big organization campaign in the various trades, with the left local unions setting the example.

A most thoroughgoing discussion took place on the question of class collaboration and company unionization, tendencies of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' bureaucracy.

Work Among Italians. The energetic upbuilding of the left wing amongst the Italian needle workers was characterized as one of the chief tasks of the left wing in the (Continued on page 4)

BUKHARIN SOUNDS WARNING AT MOSCOW COMMUNIST MEETING AGAINST NEW DANGERS OF WAR

By JOHN PEPPER, (Special to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., January 13.—Reporting on the international situation of the Union of Soviet Republics at the Fifteenth Party Conference of the Moscow District, Nikolai Bukharin arrived at the most serious conclusions on the dangers of war. The conference passed a resolution containing the following passage:

In bourgeois international politics actively hostile tendencies are coming to the foreground. A number of states under the lead of the British conservative government are manifesting growing tendencies to break off peaceful relations with the U. S. S. R. and start war (Poland, Lithuania, Roumania). This is evidenced by the open and hidden preparations for war and intervention against the Soviet Union, by diplomatic attacks, by the military agents sent to the border states, by the shameless campaign of lies of the social democrats, and by the series of fascist coups and upheavals. All this is causing great anxiety among the broad masses of the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union who want to use all their forces for peaceful reconstruction. The conference calls upon the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union and upon the world proletariat to watch most carefully every move of the imperialist enemies. The working class of the Soviet Union will pursue a policy of peace without neglecting the necessity of strengthening the defensive capacity of the republics. The conference, noting the war danger threatening the Soviet Union from the side of the imperialist states, brings to the foreground the task of strengthening the red army and calls upon the working masses to concentrate attention on the problems of defense of the Soviet Union.

Current Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

DR. IVY, professor of physiology at Northwestern university has in his laboratory a dog who lost his stomach (not his appetite, mark you) two years ago and yet lives a happy and carefree life, eating, drinking and wagging his tail like an aristocratic poodle. If the dog had to work for a living it is not so certain that the ex- (Continued on page 2.)

GET YOUR UNION TO TELEGRAPH CONGRESS TODAY! WITHDRAW ALL U. S. WARSHIPS FROM NICARAGUA! DON'T DELAY!
NO INTERVENTION IN MEXICO! HANDS OFF CHINA!

RAPS COOLIDGE AS WAR-MAKER IN NICARAGUA

Rep. Huddleston Hits Administration

(Continued from page 1)

while the administration claims that it is protecting American property down there, no evidence has been offered by the president to substantiate his charge that this property was endangered. Until proof is forthcoming, I shall prefer to believe Sen. Borah, who denies that it has been endangered. Thank God for a man like Borah at the other end of the capitol!

"Are we going to stand here silent and allow the president to drive us into war with Mexico? I for one am not. The Monroe Doctrine is not involved, and yet what crimes are committed in its name!"

Mythical Spokesman.

At the White House, the mythical spokesman of the president refused to discuss the Mexican or Nicaraguan developments. Answering a question as to whether he would give the same degree of protection to American properties in China as he is in Nicaragua,

ADMIRAL LATIMER GIVEN POWERS OF DICTATOR OVER NICARAGUANS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Rear Admiral Julian L. Latimer, in charge of American naval forces in Nicaragua, has authority to establish a censorship there whenever he deems it necessary, Secretary of State Kellogg said today, with reference to reports that censorship had again been clamped down on Nicaragua ports.

Latimer had not advised the department, however, of the reported renewal of the censorship.

ANOTHER CRUISER ON WAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The cruiser Cincinnati, recently dispatched to Nicaraguan waters, has been ordered to Corinto on the west coast, the navy announced today.

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

(Continued from page 1)

periment would work out successfully, since the animal has to take twelve hours out of the twenty-four for gastronomic purposes. This would never suit the capitalist system. The workers might be willing to dispense with their stomachs rather than have to work filling them, but darn it the old appetite seems to hang on, if the dog story is true.

BASEBALL is saved! It could not be otherwise. The players accused of unethical conduct have been exonerated with a slight tap on the wrist. It would never do for the magnates to leave the fans under the impression that when they go to a ball game, what they are watching is not a sporting contest but a gambling orgy. The interests of those who rule are usual-

are being deported. A youthful rebel launches a brand new rebellion against the Mexican government from American soil. No doubt half a dozen other aspiring presidents of Mexico will itch to insert their daggers into this noble patriot's heart. Those Mexican counter-revolutionists remind one forcibly of the czarist brigands who vie with each other in their desire to "restore Russia to civilization." But they would hang separately rather than hang together and nothing came of their good intentions, except starvation for the patriots.

THE unofficial reply of the Mexican foreign minister to the bullying propaganda speech of President Coolidge is up to the high standard of Mexican diplomacy. The Mexican reply does not leave Coolidge a leg to

I. C. C. NOMINEE ADMITS LARGE RAIL HOLDINGS

Woods, Coolidge Man, Grilled by Senate

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Cyrus E. Woods, who has been nominated by President Coolidge for the interstate commerce commission and now seeking approval of the appointment by the senate, admitted before the senate interstate commerce committee that he held large holdings in various railroads and coal companies who are and would be directly affected by rulings of the commission.

Woods' appointment is bitterly attacked by senators, one of the principal reasons is that he is attorney for the Pittsburgh Coal company.

Huge Killings.

Woods listed his various corporation stock holdings as follows: 100 Shares of Pittsburgh Coal Co. \$50,000 in bonds of Pennsylvania railroad. \$25,000 par value each in bonds of Norfolk & Western, Atchison, Union Pacific railroad and Northern Pacific railroad. 500 shares common stock of Pennsylvania railroad. 100 shares of West Moreland Coal company with holdings in West Vir-

There's Opposition to Wall Street's War But It Must Be Organized

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

A CORRESPONDENT who signs himself R. A. Smith, has sent a letter to the Los Angeles, Calif., Record that was published Jan. 8, 1927, in which he says:

"Editor, The Record: State Senator Charles Lewis shows a surprising amount of guts when he lambasts war so vigorously. It's dangerous business, senator, for a public official to say such things.

"Be careful of the Better American Federation or some other of these red-blooded, he-men organizations will be after you!"

"I'm a veteran but, at any rate, senator, I think you'll find there are a lot of us who'll never do it again. Keep on kicking! We're the reserves.—R. A. Arthur."

This is an individual expression of a veteran of the last war against the next war.

It was Representative Huddleston (democrat of Alabama), who joined with Senator Wheeler (democrat of Montana) in demanding the withdrawal of United States battleships from Nicaragua, who declared in the senate that:

"I believe 99 per cent of the people of the United States are opposed to war with Mexico. I believe that if it were left to a vote of the people of this country at least 99 per cent, if they could get proper information and were permitted to express their will freely, would declare their opposition to it. And now I wonder whether that 99 per cent are to be hippodromed into an international war."

There are two big facts seared deep into the minds of the whole American people that makes "the new war" set uneasily upon their stomachs. There are many others. But these stand out prominently. They are:

First:—The "gold brick" handed to the world war veterans in the form of the so-called "bonus certificates" instead of the cash bonus. On Jan. 1, this year, many penniless veterans took their "certificates" to the banks in an effort to raise the promised loans on them, but found that they were merely carrying around "scraps of paper." The banks refused to grant the loans claiming no provisions had been made to reimburse them. The insurance certificates were dated Jan. 1, 1925, with the promise that two years after their issuance, loans would be allowed on the insurance policies up to 90 per cent of their value. But there is no money provided to make the loans.

Second:—Broad masses of workers and farmers cannot forget the deflation and unemployment years of 1920-22, when the "Liberty Bonds" forced upon them during the war dropped to low levels at just the time when they were forced to sell in order to raise funds to meet their immediate needs. The farmer had to fight off mortgages and bankruptcy. The city worker had to pay rent, buy food and clothing, and the "Liberty Bond" that was supposed to be redeemed at 100 cents on the dollar, was disposed of wherever possible at much smaller amounts.

While the Coolidge-Mellon-Morgan government at Washington, therefore, plots news wars, the two facts stand out like sore thumbs, that the government, thru the fake "bonus certificates" perpetrated a swindle upon those who actually fought the war, while the great bankers have made untold millions out of speculation in war bonds at the expense of those who actually paid for the war, the broad producing masses, the workers and farmers of the nation.

This question got an airing in the senate the other day with Senator Heflin (democrat, Alabama) stating the case from his viewpoint as follows:

"The veterans favored a cash bonus. . . . The republican party refused to give them a cash bonus. Finally this certificate plan was offered; it was all you would give them and then, rather than have nothing, they said, 'We will take it.'"

"They have not been treated right. Those who bought Liberty bonds during the war and paid 100 cents on the dollar and who were told that they would always be worth 100 cents on the dollar and that they could obtain money on them at any time, were driven during the panic of 1920 and 1921 to sacrifice them for 80 and 85 cents on the dollar after having been turned down by the banks with a flat refusal to loan money on them. Here is what I fear is going on—a scheme among some of the bankers to bandy these certificates around and refuse to loan on them until these boys in sheer desperation will say, 'How much will you give me for this?' and these New York

bankers will buy them at a miserable discount that would be disgraceful, as they bought the Liberty bonds."

At this point Senator Curtis, of Kansas, the republican floor leader, tried to heckle Heflin, claiming the Liberty Bonds had depreciated during the democratic administration and that the Wilson regime had entered the open market and bought up the bonds at a discount. Heflin refused to get off the subject, however, continuing:

"I am talking about the bonds that had been bought by and were in the hands of the people of the South and West; they were gotten by the bond sharks of Wall Street for 80 and 85 cents on the hundred; and they will collect the money on them from the government at 100 cents on the dollar. They are now clipping their coupons while the farmers of the South and West are suffering from the losses they sustained."

Evidently failing to appreciate the fact that Wall Street recognizes no god except the "almighty dollar," Heflin continued as follows:

"I am praying to god that those brave boys who went abroad, 3,000 miles from home, to offer their lives at the battlefield for the rights and liberties of the world will not be treated as the hundreds and thousands of patriotic bondholders were treated. I am hoping and praying that something will be done to take care of those boys to meet the honest obligations this government owes them. What a shameful spectacle to have one of these brave, upstanding, manly young Americans walking up and down the country with a government certificate in his hand begging somebody to relieve his distress by loaning him some money. . . . If we owed these boys this amount, we ought to have paid them in money instead of giving them worthless certificates to peddle about the country. It is a shameful outrage."

Heflin's hopes and prayers will be in vain. Capitalism does not respond to prayers. Its sense of hearing is attuned only to the clink of dollars. All capitalist nations have plundered and will continue to plunder the many to pay for capitalism's wars. The capitalists everywhere treat their cannon fodder the same. Soldiers are paid low wages to murder. When the slaughter is over the maimed are thrown on the human scrap heap with other social outcasts, many of them becoming beggars upon the streets to ward off death by actual starvation.

Workers and farmers of the United States are opposed to the imperialist war that threatens. Veterans of the last war oppose the next war. That opposition must be crystallized into effective resistance. If Wall Street wants war, let it fight its own war. In the moment that imperialism cannot find soldiers to blindly fight its profit cause, at that instant it must crumble.

Arthur Brisbane, in the Hearst press, comments on the declaration of the Giornale d'Italia that says, "United States policy may be called one of authority and force. When necessary there are cannon behind American dollars."

Brisbane truly says in comment that, "Dollars without cannon behind them are feeble things, like flabby jelly fish. It is the cannon that transform flabby dollars into vertebrate dollars."

With the masses refusing to fight the wars of the dollar owners, the whole capitalist structure built about the dollar crumbles and the triumph of the producers, the workers and farmers, must inevitably ensue.

Borah Shows U. S. Invasion Shatters the Monroe Doctrine

(Continued from page 1)

does any non-American power seek to overthrow existing government there.

"Under the Monroe Doctrine, we have no right, moral or otherwise, to interfere in the internal affairs of the nations of Central and South America.

"If the Monroe Doctrine be construed so as to include the right of the United States to interfere with the independence or sovereignty of these small South and Central American countries, it becomes a dagger and not a shield. Those who uphold this doctrine are doing it a great injustice to invoke it in defense of any attempt to dominate the countries south of us."

Borah declared the United States "had no more right to interfere" in the question of the form of govern-

U. S. WARS ON LIBERALS, SAYS REBEL LEADER

Dr. Sacasa Replies to Coolidge Message

PUERTO CABAZAS, Nicaragua, Jan. 13.—Charging President Coolidge with entirely misrepresenting conditions in Nicaragua and in effect, declaring war on the liberals in revolt against the unconstitutional president, Diaz, Dr. Juan B. Sacasa issued a statement in reply.

Denies Mexican Officers' Charge.

"The assertion of President Coolidge that Mexican officers fight in our army and that the Mexican government protects us is absolutely erroneous," he said. "Not a single Mexican gunboat is on our shores, but many more warships from the United States are announced to arrive shortly, and are being sent to Nicaragua to sustain the Diaz government against the constitutional president and the Nicaraguan people."

Regarding continued U. S. support to Diaz Sacasa said: "If this declaration is confirmed, it would be tantamount to a declaration of war against the Nicaraguan people, whom I legally represent.

Bankers Behind It All.

He declared there exists "in New York a great financial force which actively develops intrigues in favor of the political group in Nicaragua. That group is in bad favor with the majority of Nicaraguans, and since 1912 it has been permitted to exist only thru the support of the state department at Washington.

"Even now Chamorro and Diaz are defeated in the military struggle as they were defeated two years ago at the polls in a popular election. Diaz himself has stated that it is impossible for him to sustain himself without the aid of the United States government."

"Explain" Constabulary.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—An explanation was made by the state department today of its connection with the recent effort to have an American soldier command the Nicaraguan constabulary.

The explanation set forth that the constabulary was a "non-political police force" and that President Diaz, recognized by the state department, asked the department to suggest a man to act as "instructor" of the force. Accordingly, several names were discussed, the department said, including Major George K. Shuler, a retired marine officer, but nobody has been named.

Workers' Press Ball at Garfield to Show Appreciation of Daily

GARFIELD, Jan. 13.—With the slogan "The Workers' Press Helped Passaic—Let's Help the Workers' Press!" a Workers' Press ball will be held here Saturday evening, Jan. 15, at Belmont Park Hall. Proceeds will go to The DAILY WORKER, only labor daily in the English language.

Admission is 25 cents. All workers in this district are urged to attend in order to demonstrate their appreciation of the work of the militant labor papers in the recent textile strikes.

Minneapolis Daily Party Arranged for January 15

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 13.—To celebrate the third birthday of our fighting paper, The DAILY WORKER, the Workers Party in the Twin Cities has arranged a banquet for Saturday night, Jan. 15, in Labor Lyceum, 1426 6th Avenue, North, Minneapolis. The DAILY WORKER, born three years ago, has raised a lusty voice and rendered important service in the struggles of the workers, and therefore our enthusiasm for this, the third birthday party, is only exceeded by our determination to keep our paper safe for further service.

Borah Shows U. S. Invasion Shatters the Monroe Doctrine

ment to be maintained in Nicaragua, "than we should have in any of the powerful nations of the world."

Borah sharply accused the state department of fostering the 1909 Estrada revolution in Nicaragua. He said the department was informed of the revolution by American Consul Moffett a day before it started.

"This Moffett aided and abetted the revolution of 1909," said Borah, "advised us in advance, helped the men to be the head of it and was part of it."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—

Appearing before the house foreign affairs committee, Representative Huddleston of Alabama, declared that the forces in Nicaragua are there for other purposes than the "protection" of American life and property. Regarding Mexico he said the U. S. should ask for no more privileges for Americans than are accorded to Mexicans. He advocated recommendation of his resolution demanding the immediate withdrawal of U. S. armed forces.

Workers and Farmers Can Stop Wall Street's War

(Continued from page 1.)

demand for the impeachment of President Coolidge would be something more than an agitational slogan.

It is because of their knowledge of this that Coolidge and Kellogg seek to divert attention from Wall Street's murderous program by putting forward the ordinary, every-day activities of the Workers (Communist) Party of America in support of the Latin-American workers and peasants as an excuse for mobilization of the Atlantic fleet, the regular army and the invasion of Nicaragua and preparation for war in Mexico.

But one valuable fact has been disclosed by the bombast of the state department. It is the insincerity and weakness of the opposition in Washington to the Wall Street Coolidge program. It has needed, apparently, only some cock and bull story, some bogey-man tale which would not frighten any child who has discarded a belief in San Claus, to discourage such sturdy statesmen as Senator Borah.

Washington dispatches tell us that after the meeting of the foreign relations committee:

Senator Borah is inclined to think that nothing can be done now, however, to remedy the wrong which he believes has been done by the administration in Nicaragua. He contemplates making a speech on the subject in the senate AND LETTING IT GO AT THAT. (Emphasis ours.)

Senator Borah, like Senator Johnson of California, is undoubtedly concerned over the loss of American prestige that would follow a withdrawal of armed forces from Nicaragua now.

agua, he replied that in safeguarding American property abroad the government would do the best it could with the resources at its command. Secretary Kellogg, to the same question, replied that he had not heard the issue raised.

Dr. Vaca, Washington agent of the Sacasa, constitutional government of Nicaragua, which Coolidge has apparently determined to wipe out by force, issued a statement refuting many of Coolidge's claims as to the legal, political and financial situation. He showed that the constitution does not, as asserted by Coolidge, authorize its own congress to elect a president to complete the unexpired term of an executive who leaves the country. He remarks that it is "extremely unjust" to describe Sacasa as having defrauded his office, when in fact he was driven out by armed rebellion.

Bankers Control.

As to Nicaraguan finances, Dr. Vaca declares that instead of being less in debt now than in the beginning of the American occupation, or in 1917—when Coolidge said she owed \$22,000,000—her debt is now \$6,500,000 more than in 1909. And she never owed \$22,000,000 at any time. He recites the heavy cost of the fiscal control of the country by Seligman & Co. and Brown Bros., bankers, who made "a comparatively enormous amount in undue profits" which was borne by heavy taxation. The railroad property was not kept in good condition by them, Vaca asserts, and not a single locomotive was purchased for the Pacific railroad of Nicaragua after they took hold of it, about 1913. Stations and tracks were left in dilapidated condition. Yet dividends were regularly paid, while heavy increases in freight rates and big salaries to managers selected by them bled the economic strength of the country.

ly served by any decision with which the notorious Landis has anything to do.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN'S wife is out for the champion gold-diggership of America. She has beaten "Peaches" Browning by several millions. It appears that she is a very virtuous woman—she certainly sets a high valuation on it. This lady's most serious objection to her artistic husband was his contempt for the present marriage institution. When this fact forced itself on the consciousness of the mayor of Quebec, a catholic cardinal, he ordered Charlie's films off the screen. What would the clergy do if the people ever got it in their heads that the hocus pocus of priests and ministers had as little cementing effect on matrimonial relations as the incantations of a medicine man would have in bringing rain from a cloud.

CHAPLIN is one of the few artists

on the American screen that puts that into his work, and that means propaganda. The respectable deacon in one of his films who slips on a banana peel thereby ruining a pint of whiskey which was parked in his hip pocket had a powerful anti-clerical sock. Indeed, in most of his work hidden away in the slapstick, there is a healthy cynicism towards capitalist conventions. Perhaps most of the Chaplin admirers saw little but the funny shoes and the little mustache. Those are the morons who will now give their former idol the raspberry because a female dumbbell objected to the kind of literature he read.

WE have the expected crop of revolts

in Mexico. Catholic bishops stand on. It meets the threat of war with an offer to discuss matters over which the two countries are at odds and at the same time insists that Mexico was thoroughly justified in recognizing the legitimate government of Nicaragua rather than the puppet government set up by United States bayonets.

THE exchange of courtesies between the factions of the Cook county republican party promises to make interesting spring reading. The boys are quarrelling over the majority spoils. Former bosom pals are now rending each other's shirts in an effort to prove that there is a dirty piece of underwear beneath many a white front. Edward J. Brundage, formerly a wheel horse in the Crowe-Barrett faction is now out for Crowe's feathers. Brundage charges Crowe with the use of sluggers in elections and divers other crimes and high misdemeanors. We believe Mr. Brundage is telling the truth.

BUT listen to the retort courteous of Mr. Crowe: "Mr. Crowe is a political merchant. He offered his wares to Thompson the Monday after Christmas and they were rejected. He is offering them to Litsinger now; and if Litsinger refuses them, he'll offer them to John Dill Robertson. He complains of bi-partisanship, but he didn't mention it at all the time he was drawing compensation of \$12,000 a year from the sanitary district as a result of a bi-partisan deal. . . . He objects to me now, but I was alright as long as I maintained members of his family in lucrative positions on the payroll." Take your choice.

ginia and Kentucky. 1,000 shares of United States steel preferred. \$35,000 in bonds of H. C. Frick Coal and Coke company.

Is Sounded Out.

Woods was asked by the senate investigators what position he would take on various cases to come up before the commission, should his appointment be confirmed. Woods answered that he had not "preconceived ideas" in regard to commission decisions.

In answering to the question, "Is not the Pittsburgh Coal company known as the 'coal trust'?" Woods, counsel for that company, said, "I don't know." He was also asked if Secretary Mellon did not own a controlling interest of the company and again he expressed ignorance.

Reed Suspects Him.

Senator David Reed, reactionary Pennsylvania congressman, is upholding Woods' appointment. He declares that in cases involving Woods' own interests, "he would not sit."

Theater Swept By Fire.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 13.—Empire Theater, a vaudeville and motion picture playhouse, was swept by fire today at a loss estimated at \$200,000. Actors and actresses who had run from nearby hotels into the burning theater saved most of their personal belongings.

CONCERT AND BALL FOR DAILY WORKER AND FINNISH DAILY

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—For the benefit of The DAILY WORKER in the United States and the Workers' Daily in Finland, a big concert and dance will be given at the Finnish Workers' Home, 764 Fortieth St., Brooklyn on Jan. 15th. A splendid musical program will precede the dance. Admission is 50c.

IN CHICAGO! INTERNATIONAL IN CHICAGO!

KARL LIEBKNECHT MEMORIAL DEMONSTRATION

Sunday, January 16, 1927, 8 P. M.

at the **NORTH-WEST HALL**
Corner North and Western Avenues
ADMISSION 25 CENTS
Auspices Young Workers (Communist) League, District No. 8.

SPEAKERS:
Max Bedacht
H. Zam
John Williamson
and a Pioneer

Appropriate musical and entertainment program.

POPE, FASCISTS NEAR OPEN WAR FOR SUPREMACY

Breach, Now Apparent, Is Growing

(Special to The Daily Worker) ROME, Jan. 13.—The catholic church and the fascist government, the two most powerful political organizations in Italy, are near an open break.

The pope is already conducting a move of passive resistance to the fascist regime. Fear that it will lose its spiritual power over Italy if fascism is allowed to dominate the activities and thoughts of the people, has caused Pope Pius XI to declare virtual war on fascism.

Opposition to the domination of Mussolini by the clergy has been smoldering for some time, but diplomatic concessions on both sides have heretofore averted open antagonism. Mussolini has consciously attempted to spread the impression that he and the vatican are on the best of terms and are working in complete harmony.

Schools and Banks Involved. Two main issues, outside of the ancient struggle of church vs. state, have appeared on the horizon, threatening to either destroy the power of fascism or of the church.

That while the brutal rape of Nicaragua is in progress, Coolidge and Kellogg are moving toward an open break with Mexico over that country's oil and land laws?

War looms up as an immediate danger threatening the great masses of the American people! It is an imperialist war—a war for empire, which even before it is fairly started has already overwhelmed the little republic of Nicaragua.

The workers and farmers of the United States have no interest in this adventurist policy which the lords of Wall Street and Washington are pursuing. The All-America Anti-Imperialist League, with national sections in eleven countries of the American continent, calls upon you to make common cause with us against them!

First, as to Nicaragua. President Coolidge boasts in his Jan. 10 message to congress, that he has violated the sovereignty of Nicaragua in the interests of U. S. lumber, mining, banana, shipping and banking lords.

"There is no question," he says, explaining his intervention, "that if the revolution continues American investments and business interests in Nicaragua will be very seriously affected, if not destroyed."

The constitutionally established government of Juan B. Sacasa, is admittedly nationalistic and has the backing of the great majority of the Nicaraguan people in this policy, including the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor. Adolfo Diaz, whose insolent pretensions to the presidency are recognized by Washington, is a Wall Street puppet quite willing to turn the resources of his country over to

Education Enlarged. "It seems that the task of education of Christian youth, which is an important part of our divine mission, is endangered. "It seems that there is a conception of the state which cannot be catholic, which absorbs and monopolizes everything, which makes the citizens believe the state end is again being emphasized. Calls Fascists Enemies. "It seems the ministers of religion are treated in a fashion unworthy of their calling. It seems that laws and provisions, in themselves good, are being enforced and interpreted in many cases by men, who, under new names and new banners, remain enemies to society and religion."

Officials Uneasy. This statement has caused much uneasiness in ranks of high fascist officials, who are reluctant to precipitate an immediate open break with the church. Mussolini is attempting to pacify the pope by praising him at every opportunity. The attitude of the church has been to accept concessions from the government, as if they were its due, and to give none. How long present strained conditions can exist without actual war is a matter for conjecture.

Send us the name and address of a progressive worker to whom we can send a sample copy of The DAILY WORKER.

NOW READY!

LITTLE RED LIBRARY No. 10

CONSTITUTION OF THE U. S. S. R.

Rights of the Trade Unions in the U. S. S. R.

By V. Yarotsky.

Social Insurance in the U. S. S. R.

By N. Yekovsky.

This little booklet is intended as a manual for American workers containing in the form of adopted laws all of the demands that they themselves must fight for in the United States. But it also shows what can be done in the way of protection of labor in a country where a child labor law cannot be declared unconstitutional because it interferes with profits. In Russia child labor is judged not from its effects on profits but on the health of the children.

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO. 1113 W. Washington Blvd., CHICAGO, ILL.

Ten Secretaries of Anti-Imperialist Leagues In Latin America and One in U. S. Urge American Workers and Farmers to Oppose Imperialist War

Eleven secretaries of sections of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, ten of whom are heads of the movement in Latin-American countries, have signed a statement to the workers and farmers of the United States asking them to join with the people of Latin America to prevent Wall Street's government in Washington from forcing a war in Mexico and Central America as the result of the present policy of aggression embodied in the invasion of Nicaragua and the Kellogg-Coolidge threat against Mexico. The statement follows:

Workers and Farmers of the United States:

Do you know? That United States military and naval forces have taken possession of all important points in the republic of Nicaragua, including the capital and virtually the entire Gulf coast?

That Admiral Latimer has quietly collected in Caribbean waters, a United States fleet manned by over 4,600 sailors and marines?

That the scouting fleet sailing for Guantanamo bay, Cuba, will place in southern waters an additional naval force of three battleships, six cruisers, 39 destroyers and auxiliaries including air squadrons,—the combined personnel of which is 10,000?

That, while the brutal rape of Nicaragua is in progress, Coolidge and Kellogg are moving toward an open break with Mexico over that country's oil and land laws?

Danger of War. War looms up as an immediate danger threatening the great masses of the American people! It is an imperialist war—a war for empire, which even before it is fairly started has already overwhelmed the little republic of Nicaragua. All Latin America is aroused.

The workers and farmers of the United States have no interest in this adventurist policy which the lords of Wall Street and Washington are pursuing. The All-America Anti-Imperialist League, with national sections in eleven countries of the American continent, calls upon you to make common cause with us against them!

First, as to Nicaragua. President Coolidge boasts in his Jan. 10 message to congress, that he has violated the sovereignty of Nicaragua in the interests of U. S. lumber, mining, banana, shipping and banking lords.

"There is no question," he says, explaining his intervention, "that if the revolution continues American investments and business interests in Nicaragua will be very seriously affected, if not destroyed."

The constitutionally established government of Juan B. Sacasa, is admittedly nationalistic and has the backing of the great majority of the Nicaraguan people in this policy, including the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor. Adolfo Diaz, whose insolent pretensions to the presidency are recognized by Washington, is a Wall Street puppet quite willing to turn the resources of his country over to

Education Enlarged. "It seems that the task of education of Christian youth, which is an important part of our divine mission, is endangered. "It seems that there is a conception of the state which cannot be catholic, which absorbs and monopolizes everything, which makes the citizens believe the state end is again being emphasized. Calls Fascists Enemies. "It seems the ministers of religion are treated in a fashion unworthy of their calling. It seems that laws and provisions, in themselves good, are being enforced and interpreted in many cases by men, who, under new names and new banners, remain enemies to society and religion."

Officials Uneasy. This statement has caused much uneasiness in ranks of high fascist officials, who are reluctant to precipitate an immediate open break with the church. Mussolini is attempting to pacify the pope by praising him at every opportunity. The attitude of the church has been to accept concessions from the government, as if they were its due, and to give none. How long present strained conditions can exist without actual war is a matter for conjecture.

LABOR NEWS IS SUPPRESSED BY POLISH REGIME

Workers' Paper Shows Many Blank Spaces

An example of the outrageous suppression of even the most elementary forms of free press by the brutal military government of Poland is found in a copy of Nowiny Krajowa (The News of the Country), a labor paper that appears from time to time (when the censors will permit) in Krakov.

White Spaces Tell Tale.

The issue of Dec. 22, just received, is just shot thru with the mutilations of the censor. Suddenly, in the very heart of a piece of news or an article, a blank white space yawns with the inscription: "Skenfiskawano" (Censored). Especially significant is one of these "white spaces" in the middle of an article on the breaking up of a demonstration in Vilna. What police outrages these "white spaces" hide can just about be imagined. Right next to this article is another "white space" significantly bordered heavily in black. Unquestionably this space was originally devoted to a final death notice of the unfortunate victims of the brutality of the maintainers of "law and order" a la Pilsudski.

16 in One Small Paper. The story of the labor delegation from England that came to examine the conditions of the class war prisoners in Poland is liberally besprinkled with the censor's work. Even the correspondence section is not immune.

Wall Street. That is the purpose for which Diaz is supported. That the people of Nicaragua do not want him is plain to all the world. He was president once before, several years ago—and then, as now, was maintained in power only by United States bayonets. The presidency of Diaz signifies nothing less than the conquest of Nicaragua by the United States.

President Calles of Mexico, who has had his own troubles with Wall Street's grabbing imperialism, recognizes the government of Sacasa. Coolidge protests at "Mexican plots in Nicaragua," but all of Latin America is protesting not at Mexico but at the United States! The hypocritical Coolidge is cooking up plots at the

present time not only in Nicaragua but in Mexico as well. Mexico is to be applauded for helping toward the creation of a solid Latin-American front against U. S. imperialism! It is a defensive front and all Latin America recognizes it as such.

Seek Pretext. The truth is that Wall Street and Washington are seeking a pretext for war against Mexico. It would be ridiculous to consider the sudden U. S. descent upon Nicaragua without taking into account the present Mexican situation. The 14,600 sailors and marines in southern waters are certainly not all for use in Nicaragua!

For months Secretary of State Kellogg has been threatening the Mex-

ican government because that country dared to limit the exploitation carried on by U. S. oil companies and other big corporations. The oil companies, openly and unitedly defying the Mexican laws, refuse to register their property with the Mexican government. They support the attempts of the reactionary Catholic leaders to stir up revolt. It is not unlikely that they are subsidizing such revolts, as an opening wedge for armed intervention by the United States.

Mexico Strong. Intervention in Mexico would be quite a different thing from intervention in Nicaragua. This would be real war, against a nation of 15,000,000 people, backed by all Latin America. Many times 14,600 troops would have to be called out before the struggle was fairly under way. Thousands of Mexican and American workers would be called upon to give up their lives for the sake of oil-imperialism.

If desperate and bloody war is to be avoided, all possible forces must be mobilized against it. Latin America can be depended upon to render all possible support to any Latin-American country attacked by American imperialism. We call upon you, workers and farmers of the United States, to stand with us against imperialist attack.

Join with Latin People. The people of Latin America do not consider you their enemies, even when the armies of U. S. imperialism are forming against them. We know that the lords of Wall Street and Washington are no particular friends of yours.

Join with us! Together we shall be able to defeat the aims of the imperialists!

You can cripple the plans of aggression by protesting, demonstrating, going on strike if necessary!

Demand the immediate withdrawal of United States forces from Nicaragua!

Demand recognition of the Sacasa government of Nicaragua!

Demand hands off Mexico!

Demand withdrawal of U. S. military and naval forces from China!

All-America Anti-Imperialist League (Liga Anti-Imperialista de las Americas)

JULIO ANTONIO MELLA, General Secretary.

Mexico City, Mexico, Jan. 12, 1927.

For the Cuban Section—Jorge A. Vivo.

For the Porto Rican Section—J. Nevarres Sager.

For the Mexican Section—Salvador de la Plaza.

For the Central American Section—Augustin F. Marti.

For the Venezuelan Section—Gustavo Machado.

For the Colombian Section—Juan de Dios Romero.

For the Ecuadorian Section—Juan F. Karoly.

For the Peruvian Section—Octavio Vargas Montjoy.

For the Brazilian Section—Eduardo Mattos.

For the Argentine Section—C. Machiavello.

For the United States Section—Manuel Gomez.

ALL-AMERICA ANTI-IMPERIALIST LEAGUE, (United States Section), MANUEL GOMEZ, Secretary.

MASS MEET TO PROTEST NICARAGUAN INVASION IS CALLED IN NEW YORK CITY

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—A mass meeting in protest against the Wall Street policies of the government and calling upon the workers not to fight the battles of American imperialism is being called in New York City for Sunday, Jan. 16.

This meeting will be held in connection with the Liebknecht meeting organized by the Young Workers League.

Altogether in this small four-page paper there are sixteen "white spaces" bearing the censor's mark. It is interesting to note that issue before the one we are examining was entirely confiscated as were perhaps many more before that.

And this is taking place in "emancipated Poland," in the "glorious new democracy" that came into being thru the grace of French and English imperialism!

Send Delegates to Anti-Imperialist Conferences!

Call to Action by the United States Section, All-America Anti-Imperialist League

WORKERS, FARMERS AND ALL OTHERS OPPOSED TO AMERICAN IMPERIALISM:

You have read the appeal of the continental committee of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, signed by the secretaries of eleven national sections.

The facts set forth there are indisputably true. Even these facts fail to indicate the full scope of the war danger, nor the extent of the imperialist outrages of Wall Street and Washington.

Admiral Williams has sailed for China with a fleet of American fighting vessels the size of which has been kept strictly secret, and additional forces for use in China are being conditioned in Guam and the Hawaiian Islands.

The advance of the Cantonese (revolutionary nationalist) armies, greeted with joy by the Chinese masses who see their country being freed of foreign domination, has made American business men fear for their profits. A new and much more drastic policy toward China is being elaborated by President Coolidge. That policy is embodied in Admiral Williams' battle fleet.

Imperialism and war are inseparable. The policy of aggression now being pursued by the United States government leads to one act of war after another.

The Latin Americans are correct when they say that the workers and farmers of the United States are "no particular friends" of Wall Street and Washington, where imperialist policy emanates from. The interests of the wide masses of the American people are directly opposed to the financial ring that rules this country.

There are important elements in the United States opposed to American imperialism. There is a gigantic protest developing, as yet unvoiced, against U. S. aggressions in Nicaragua, Mexico and the Far East. We must make this protest effective! United States troops are occupying Latin-American soil.

Immediate action is necessary if we are to prove worthy of the confidence expressed in us by our Latin-American brothers.

The United States Section of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League will take steps to unite all workers, farmers and other anti-imperialist elements in the United States for a concerted fight against imperialism. Our league will initiate the setting up of emergency conferences against imperialism thruout the country, composed of delegates from trade unions, fraternal societies, farmers' organizations, etc.

The executive committee of the league hereby instructs its local branches to proceed at once to the calling of these conferences in each locality.

ALL-AMERICA ANTI-IMPERIALIST LEAGUE, (United States Section), MANUEL GOMEZ, Secretary.

SPENCER ASKS INVESTIGATION BY GRAND JURY

Melrose Park Affair Up to Crowe

In a letter to State's Attorney Robert E. Crowe, Mrs. Mary Belle Spencer, attorney for the Mexican consulate, has asked for a complete grand jury investigation into the shooting affair at Melrose Park on Dec. 7.

She asks an investigation into the fact that at two or three o'clock, in the morning of Dec. 7, Sergeant Davis of the Melrose Park force reported to the coroner's office that there were four men killed, when the bodies of only two were produced at the inquest.

She asks what evidence there was at the inquest that sustains the verdict that Policeman Lyman J. Stahl killed Jose Sanchez, or what evidence that it was "justifiable homicide" on the part of whoever did kill him, since he was unarmed and not engaged in the commission of any offense at the time.

She asks what evidence the inquest afforded to sustain the verdict that Agustin Morales killed Officer Stahl.

She asks an investigation into the treatment given the 36 Mexicans who were routed out of their box-car homes, beaten, robbed, arrested, and fined \$50.00 each and costs, after the Mexican consul had been assured by Chief of Police Pein that they would be released, as he had nothing against them.

She asks the grand jury to investi-

"ARMED REVOLT" AGAINST MEXICAN GOVERNMENT IS ANNOUNCED BY REACTION

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 13.—An "armed revolt" will start probably tonight or tomorrow in Mexico, according to a manifesto issued here today by General Nicholas Fernandez.

Jointly signing the manifesto is General Juan B. Galindo, a resident of El Paso for several years.

gate and learn who shot and wounded Officer Joseph Kolwitz.

She asks that Augustin Morales be brought before the grand jury to tell them as to who beat him up after his arrest at Oak Park and after his being taken to Melrose Park.

With her communication to Crowe, Mrs. Spencer sends a copy of a letter from L. Lupian, the Mexican consul, in which he transmits a list of the Mexicans who were robbed by the police, so far as now known, and a list of the effects taken from them.

Judge Lindsay, who is considering the matter of admitting Morales to bail, said he found nothing in the coroner's evidence to warrant holding Morales, but that he would withhold decision until the state's attorney's office had had opportunity to present any evidence it may have. He will give decision on Thursday at 2 p. m.

Says Canton Army Efficient

PERTH—(FP)—S. H. Burridge, a businessman of Western Australia, returned from China, says what astounds foreign military observers of the Chinese civil war is the efficiency of the Chinese Nationalist army.

Earthquake in Lisbon

LISBON, Jan. 13.—A violent earth quake of five seconds duration caused a panic among inhabitants of Lisbon this morning. Residents, awakened by the tremor, rushed into the streets. No casualties or damage were reported.

MINNESOTA F. L. SOLONS MILITANT IN LEGISLATURE

Nominate Member for Speaker of House

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 13.— Militancy was the policy of Farmer-Labor members of the Minnesota house of representatives when it opened its new session here. Discarding the policy that they should submit to control of the old line parties and depend on getting what legislation is given to them, leaders of the Farmer-Laborites placed one of their own number in nomination for speaker of the house.

Starkey Nominated. Frank T. Starkey, member of the house for two terms from St. Paul was nominated. Altho Starkey was defeated, part of the defeat being due to the non-support of some of the F. L. members, the definite entrance of the party into the fight for control of the legislature is seen as a signal for new militancy on the part of the Farmer-Labor members.

The nomination of a Farmer-Labor solon for speaker showed the existence of two "schools" in the F. L. ranks. One group, led by Chauncey Peterson of Duluth, opposed any attempt to elect a Farmer-Labor representative as a speaker.

Peterson contended that the republicans, out of the "goodness of their heart" would give the Farmer-Labor legislators something if they proved "harmonious and kindly."

Fight "Co-operation." This argument was met by the more progressive leaders, Nellermoe, Enstrom, Nelson, Davis, and Starkey, who declared the fight was not an isolated one, but would continue for many sessions, and the Farmer-Laborites must so align themselves with reactionaries with the hope of obtaining a few "crumbs."

Those who voted for Starkey were: Atwood, Barness, Dalager, Davis, Day, Enstrom, Erickson, Holm, Kramer, Lagerstedt, Lodin, McDonough, Melby, Nelson, Olson, Hosetter, Salmonson, Samec, Spelbrink, and Thor-kelson.

Contest Seat of F-P. The attempt of the reactionary legislators to deprive Emil S. Youngdahl, Farmer-Labor representative-elect from the 35th district, is holding the attention of the legislature. H. B. Rutledge, who was defeated, has foisted himself on the house. The first returns of the election in that district gave Rutledge the victory, but investigation revealed crookedness in the ballot counting, and subsequent recounting gave Youngdahl a clear majority. Rutledge, however, appeared in the house, and was seated. An investigation by the house has been ordered.

All Set for Hearing in \$36,000,000 Tax Suit of Government

DETROIT, Jan. 13.— The scene is set for the commencement of the greatest tax appeal case in American history—the suit by the United States government to collect \$36,000,000 from Senator James Couzens and eight other original stockholders of the Ford Motor company.

The government contends the money is due on stock sold back to Henry Ford in 1919. The \$36,000,000, the government claims, represents the unpaid tax on the increase in the valuation of the stock from 1913 to 1919.

Senator Couzens, from whom more than \$9,000,000 is sought, will not be at the hearing.

The hearings will be held before three members of the board of tax appeals in a downtown hotel. Later a report will be submitted to the full board of 16 in Washington, and a decision will be reached.

U. S. Still Considers 'National Origin' Plan in Immigration Quotas

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.— President Coolidge denies that the secretaries of labor, commerce and state have quit their attempt to determine what immigration quotas should be allowed the several countries of the world under the "national origins" scheme enacted in the last amendments of the law.

The scheme is so unworkable that congress is likely to repeal it this winter. It is effective July 1.

Cleveland Needle Trades T.U.E.L. Gives Concert

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Jan. 13.—The Needle Trades Section of the T. U. E. L. is giving a concert and basket party on Saturday, Jan. 15, at the Freiheit Gesangs Verein Hall, 3514 E. 116 St. The musical program will be by the Freiheit Gesangs Singing Society.

PREPARE FOR YOUR LENIN MEMORIAL MEETING

ORDER NOW the Special Memorial Edition of The DAILY WORKER. Articles by noted writers:

Ruthenberg, Foster, Engdahl, Dunne, Bedacht, Cannon, Gitlow, Wolfe, Nearing, Weisbord and many others.



The Life and Work of Lenin

By E. Yaroslavsky. A new authoritative work on our great leader. 25 cents.

A Red Calendar

with a striking picture of Lenin and important revolutionary dates in his story. 25 cents. 15 cents in lots of 10 or more.

Lenin on Organization

The most important publication for workers issued in many years. Writings and speeches of a great leader on the fundamental question of organization. No worker's library can be complete without this invaluable work. Cloth, \$1.50.

Other Books by Lenin

State and Revolution

A most important contribution to Communist theory. A Marxian analysis of the State and a lesson in revolutionary necessity of the establishment of the Dictatorship of the Proletariat. Duroflex, durable binding—25 cents.

Imperialism—Final Stage of Capitalism

A brilliant explanation of the final stage of Capitalism—its development into Capitalist Imperialism. This great work should form part of every worker's library. 50 cents.

Infantile Sickness—or Leftism in Communism

In all young revolutionary movements there develops an exaggerated tendency to the "left." With devastating logic Lenin shatters their arguments and leaves a ringing, crystal declaration of true Communism. 15 cents.

On Co-operatives

A brief folder in which Lenin pointedly summarizes the Communist position on this question. 5 cents.

The Theory and Practice of Leninism

By I. Stalin. An important work on Communist theory and practice during the period that Lenin lived and led—the period of Capitalist Imperialism. Written by a close co-worker of Lenin—the present secretary of the Russian Communist Party. Duroflex bound. 35 cents.

Books About Lenin

By A. Losovsky. Secretary of the Red International of Labor Unions.

Lenin, the Great Strategist

A portrayal of Lenin in action as a Marxist, logician, revolutionary strategist and proletarian statesman. Best known of all booklets on Lenin. 15 cents.

Lenin and the Trade Union Movement

The intensely interesting story of the development of the ideas of Lenin during his thirty years of activity, his conclusions that serve as a guide to action for all workers in the trade union movement. 25 cents.

Order from THE DAILY WORKER PUB. CO. 1113 W. Washington Blvd., CHICAGO, ILL.

Organized Labor—Trade Union Activities

News and Comment
Labor Education
Labor and Government
Trade Union Politics

Needle Trades Left Wing Has Historic Rally

(Continued from page 1)
needle trades, by William Z. Foster, secretary of the national committee of the general T. U. E. L.

Cable From International.
The following cablegram was received from the Garment Workers' International Propaganda Committee of the Red International of Labor Unions:

"Garment Workers' I. P. C. greets Fourth Conference as expressing militant of workers in the needle industry and commends your struggle for unity and amalgamation in face of the splitting policy of the strike-breaking bureaucracy. We welcome your decision to carry on an energetic struggle for the elimination of this treacherous bureaucracy and to build up an effective educational propaganda organization to enlighten the workers, particularly the up-building of your own press organ."

Resolutions on all questions affecting the needle industry and the general labor movement were adopted, among which was the following:
RESOLUTION AGAINST SPLITTING TACTICS OF THE RIGHT WING.

The reactionary leadership of the needle trades unions are splitting and ruining the needle unions. In their mad determination to force the workers who refuse to follow their leadership to accept the speed-up systems and other conditions demanded by the employers, they are attempting to break down the opposition by a reckless policy of suppression and arbitrary action that is destroying the unions which have been built thru so many years of hard work.

The right wing reactionaries have combined to carry on this disruptive attack against the forces of progress in the unions. They have combined not only the most reactionary and corrupt elements in the needle industry, but they stand allied with the ultra-reactionary leaders of the A. F. of L. and the employers to kill the fighting spirit in the unions.

Ruinous Policy.
In the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union the policy of the Sigman administration is absolutely ruinous. Not content with directly cooperating with the employers to break the cloakmakers' strike, Sigman has finished by arbitrarily suspending the New York Joint Board and all its affiliated local unions, without a shadow of justification by the international constitution or the facts of the situation.

In the Amalgamated Clothing Workers the Hillman administration has set up a reign of terror. In many cities—New York, Chicago, Rochester, etc.—it has almost completely abolished democratic procedure. The administration rules the unwilling rank and file by force. Opponents of the administration's policy of more and more concessions to the employers are ruthlessly terrorized and often expelled from the union and the industry. This reign of terror reaches its highest pitch in New York under the dictatorship of the fascist Beckerman.

Furriers' Union.
In the Furriers' Union the Schachtman administration, too weak and isolated from the masses to make even a semblance of an effective fight itself against the left wing, is being assisted by all the reactionaries in the needle trades and the A. F. of L. executive council. Steps are now being taken by these reactionaries to disrupt the Furriers' New York Joint Board.

In the Capmakers' Union, the international officialdom are beginning to follow the same tactics by removals and suspensions, and giving full support to the Sigman, Beckerman and the other right wing reactionaries. The reactionaries have formed the so-called committee for the preservation of the trade unions, to throw dissenation and demoralization into the ranks of the workers.

Cessation of Terror.
Against this splitting policy of the reactionaries the left wing, voicing the sentiments and determination of the overwhelming majority of the workers in all sections of the needle industry, makes emphatic protest. It demands the immediate restoration of democracy in the unions and the cessation of the present right wing terroristic tactics. It categorically insists upon the withdrawal of Sigman's outrageous suspension order and the immediate reinstatement of the New York Joint Board, its affiliated locals, and all their duly elected officials. It insists that the expulsion policy be stopped at once, that the destructive attacks against the Furriers' Joint Board cease, and that the various militants expelled because of their political beliefs and active defense of a fighting policy against the employers be at once reinstated.

The left wing calls upon the masses of workers to actively support its fight against the splitting tactics of the right wing and for the complete unification and rejuvenation of the needle trades unions.

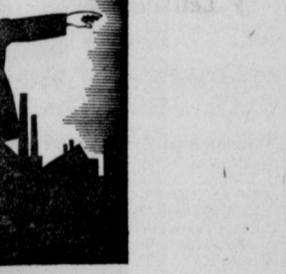
Shift Officers in B. R. T. as Result of A. E. King Death
CLEVELAND, Jan. 13. — (FP) — New officers elected by the board of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, in the shifting of positions entailed by the recent death of general secretary-terasurer, A. E. King, are announced by President W. G. Lee. T. R. Dodge, assistant president, becomes general secretary-terasurer; W. N. Doak, first vice president, becomes assistant president; and James Murdock, who was for four years Canadian minister of labor under the McKinzie King administration, is a newly appointed junior vice president. The new officers take over their duties on Feb. 1.

16 Chicago Teachers Over 70 Years Old, Are Put On Inactive List
Sixteen public school teachers in Chicago are slated for withdrawal from regular service in the school system and given "emeritus" duty in recommendations to the school board by Superintendent McAndrews. The teachers are all 70 years of age, and have served the schools from 26 years to 52 years. I. M. Schodager, principal of Pierce School, held the long record of service.

The state law provides that when a school teacher reaches the age of 74 they must be placed on a pension of \$1,500 a year. Fourteen come under this law in 1927.

These are only SOME of the features of the JANUARY LENIN ISSUE
of the

THE WORKERS MONTHLY



NOW— Can YOU Afford to Miss This Issue?

NOW ON SALE! 25c A COPY

PICKET REFUSES BRIBE OF BOSS; BEATING RESULTS

Fresh Violence Occurs in Box Strike

NEW YORK, Jan. 13. — Violence against workers who can't be bribed to go back or get off the picket line is the order of the day for paper box employers. The latest violence occurred when three gunmen attacked a picket on his way home and so injured him that he had to be taken to the hospital.

Worker Spurns Offer.
Max Birnham, 834 Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, was asked by his employer to stay off the picket line and promised that he would receive his check for wages at home. He was further offered all back pay since the strike began fourteen weeks ago, if he would get the rest of the workers to break from the ranks of the strikers. He refused to sell out the union, and yesterday's brutal attack by hired guerrillas was the bosses' answer.

Would Lower Wages.
Not content with trying to get workers back without a union, and later lowering their wages, when they are unprotected because unorganized, the employers are already trying to reduce the low wages existing before the strike. One employer, Irving Weissman, sent a letter to his stripper, asking her to come back for three dollars per week less than she got before the strike. Needless to say his post card reading, "If you can come back to work for \$26.50, then it is O. K. If not, phone me," was ignored by the workers whose wages were \$29.50 and was given to Fred Calio, manager of the union, who read it to a mass meeting.

Eight arrests on the picket line show that the police are again being relied upon by the bosses. Two girls, Esther Parrish and Lena Fuch of the Unique Paper Box company, 109 Spring St., were dismissed in the city magistrate's court. They were arrested while peacefully picketing. This is the same company that used gangsters to beat up the picket.

Sluggers Threaten Workers Giving Out Labor Party Leaflets

Two Chicago workers who were attempting to awaken their fellows to the necessity for a labor party by distributing the labor party leaflets of the Workers (Communist) Party to workers at the Hart Schaffner and Marx clothing factory here were driven off the premises by armed sluggers. The workers were Comrades Kishner and Lemson. They had gone to the "L" factory of the clothing company at Tripp and Western avenue. When news of the leaflets they were distributing, reached the bosses, the sluggers were sent out to threaten them.

**Leninism and America—
The Russian Party Discussion—
The VII Enlarged Executive of the Comintern—
The Struggle in the Needle Trades—
A Statistical View of the Soviet Economy—
More About the American Revolution—**

These are only SOME of the features of the JANUARY LENIN ISSUE

of the

THE WORKERS MONTHLY



NOW— Can YOU Afford to Miss This Issue?

NOW ON SALE! 25c A COPY

**Policies and Programs
The Trade Union Press
Strikes—Injunctions
Labor and Imperialism**

27 MEMBERS OF LOCAL CAST 150 VOTES FOR LEWIS

Sample of Machine Rule in U. M. W. of A.

(Special to The Daily Worker)
FREELAND, Pa., Jan. 13. — A sample of how the Lewis machine in the United Mine Workers' Union jerry-mandered the recent elections for international officers is seen in the manner in which the vote of Local 1,521 in the Upper Lehigh Valley was cast.

This local has 150 paid up members on the books. Just prior to the election a meeting was called by the officials of the local who support Lewis. Only 27 members showed up. The chairman recommended that the secretary of the union be instructed to cast all the ballots of the local members in the international and district elections.

150 Votes by 37 Men.
All of those present being supporters of the machine, the motion, of course, was carried. This meant that John L. Lewis and his slate was given 150 votes from Local 1,521 with a little better than one-sixth of the members knowing anything about it.

Mine Fire Boss Given Fine and Sentence for Blast That Killed Nine

WILKES-BARRE, Jan. 13.—Charles Treney, a mine fire boss employed at No. 7 colliery of Susquehanna Collieries Co., received sentence of \$500 fine and three months in the county jail for violating mine safety laws the day nine workers were killed in a gas explosion in the mine.

The fire boss had pleaded guilty, admitting that he had not made a thorough inspection and that he had not warned the workers of the small percentage of gas he had detected. Counsel for the fire boss asked mercy, saying there had been no willful intent or malice in his actions, that the miners had safety lamps and knew conditions, but that the sudden starting of the inside fan seemed to have caused the explosion.

Why Not Become a Worker Correspondent?

Another Shipment Just Arrived

"COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL"
Official Organ of the Executive Committee of the Communist International.



Principal Contents
of Vol. III, No. 4 of Nov. 30, 1926

COMRADE TROTSKY DEFENDS HIMSELF.
Trotsky's whole career as a revolutionary is analyzed in relation to the discussions in the Russian Communist Party.

AN ANGEL'S DILEMMA.
J. T. Murphy reviews Mr. Norman Angell's book, "Must Britain Travel the Moscow Road?"

SUCCESSORS OF THE CANTON ARMY. By Tang Ping Tachan.
HEROES—SENTIMENTALIZED.

Principal Contents
of Vol. III, No. 5 of Dec. 15, 1926

BRITAIN'S BALANCE SHEET FOR 1926. By John Pepper.
A full and searching analysis of the breakdown of British capitalism, and of the probabilities ahead.

FROM MARXIAN TO MALTHUSIANISM. By B. Smeral.
The "Marxist" left wing of the Second International adopt "Birth Control and Emigration" as their main slogans!

NOTES OF A TRADE UNIONIST. By A. Losovsky.

SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY PRICE ON THESE NUMBERS 10c EACH.

Daily Worker Publishing Co.,
1113 W. Washington Blvd.,
Chicago, Ill.

HISTORY OF C. P. TRACED IN TALK BY RUTHENBERG

Members of Proletarian Party Answered

The present attack of the labor bureaucracy on the left wing in the labor movement has aroused interest in how the Communist Party rose to its present position from a small propaganda group. Comrade C. E. Ruthenberg, executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, in the second lecture of a series of three showed how the Communist Party grew from a propaganda society to a movement with roots imbedded in the mass movement of the workers of America.

From Beginning.
He traced the formation of the Communist Party and the Communist Labor Party, and the movement toward unity, based on a realization that work in America must aim toward participation in the mass movements of the workers thru an open party. The fight of the United Toilers for the maintenance of the underground, illegal party as the dominating factor was explained. The difference between a sect and a party of the masses was well brot out, using the proletarian party as an example.

P. P. Members Talk.
The lecture was received as an authoritative presentation by one who occupied a central position in the development of the movement. One hour was taken for the lecture, half an hour in answering questions, and then an hour was allowed for discussion, speeches being limited to five minutes, after which Comrade Ruthenberg closed the discussion. Three members of the proletarian party enlightened the discussion by making criticism of the Workers Party. These were well answered by Ruthenberg in summing up.

The proletarian party members were invited to participate in the mass movements of the workers in a united front with the Workers Party and other working class organizations, instead of confining their activity entirely to study classes.

Next Lecture Saturday Night.
The third lecture by Comrade Ruthenberg, under the auspices of the Workers School, will be held this coming Saturday, Jan. 15, at 8 p. m., instead of Sunday night, since the Liebknecht memorial will take place on Sunday. Northwest Hall, North and Western Aves. Admission 25c.

Gary Lenin Memorial Meeting on January 22

GARY, Ind., Jan. 13. — The Gary Lenin memorial meeting will be held in Turner Hall, 14th and Washington Sts., Saturday, Jan. 22, 8 p. m. The speakers will be Max Bedacht speaking for the Workers (Communist) Party and Nat Kaplan for the Young Workers League. A Young Pioneer will also speak.

All Gary workers are invited to attend this meeting. There will also be music. Admission is free.

WITH THE YOUNG WORKERS CONDUCTED BY THE YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE

PETTY BOURGEOIS PACIFISM

By NAT KAPLAN.

Article I.

THE present events in the senate and house in regards to the Nicaraguan invasion and the enforcement by Mexico of the oil and land laws clearly demonstrates the existence of a broad, vague, anti-war, anti-militarist, pacifist sentiment among the small bourgeoisie. This is caused primarily by the steady shifting of the burden of taxation and national debt from the shoulders of the big bourgeoisie on to the shoulders of the petty bourgeoisie and the working class. We must understand this development and realize how far this petty bourgeoisie opposition will go if we are not to ride along on the tail of the Borahs, the Wheelers and the Huddlestons and ourselves become partners in creating pacifist illusions in the minds of the workers.

First of all it is perfectly correct to utilize this rift in the ranks of the bourgeoisie, to goad the small bourgeoisie on to more determined action against the big bourgeoisie, but the workers must realize from the start that this opposition will not go very far. These gentry in the senate and house will do nothing to organize the masses for a struggle around the slogans of: Demand that the United States get out of Nicaragua! No intervention in Mexico! Hands off China! They are twice as scared of the oppressed masses as they are of the big bourgeoisie that is bringing pressure against them. They will go as far as presenting bills, passing resolutions and making speeches—but no further.

The Young Workers (Communist) League has had some experiences with these petty bourgeois pacifists. We entered into united fronts with the petty bourgeois youth for an honest struggle against capitalist militarism. These united fronts did not

even go as far as we had hoped. On one question the petty bourgeois pacifist youth was quite militant and aggressive and that was on how most quickly and effectively to break up these united fronts, to frustrate every effort made by the more radical elements in it to take a single step against capitalist militarism.

Thru a few examples we will try to show how petty bourgeois pacifism only creates illusions in the minds of the workers and perverts the real struggle against capitalist militarism and the danger of new imperialist wars.

For instance there is the Fellowship of Reconciliation, a petty bourgeois religious pacifist organization. The main aim of this body is to make its members meek, humble, submissive in the present day society of class struggles. Its anti-militarist program consists in its totality of the following nonsense:

"Love alone can break the vicious circle of cause and effect that keeps war, exploitation and race discrimination with us..."

With a program of non-activity, turning the other cheek and impotence, the Fellowship poses as the "true" anti-militarist organization. In one place in its statement of principles the Fellowship declares:

"The members of the Fellowship desire to express their convictions in a spirit of humility, honor, and love and to guard against the danger of controversial methods..."

There can be nothing clearer than this as an outright pro-boss policy. "Humility" of the young workers to their exploiters. "Love" to the bosses' government. "Honor" for the Wall Street bankers that are rushing us into another imperialist war. No "controversial methods" against our exploiters. That is what the Fellowship's pacifism consists of.

(Continued tomorrow.)

N. Y. Young Workers to Observe Memory of Liebknecht at Mass Meet

NEW YORK, Jan. 13. — The Young Workers League of New York will hold a mass meeting on Sunday, Jan. 16 to commemorate the death of Karl Liebknecht, renowned world proletarian champion and leader of the working-class youth. The meeting will be held at Stevensant Casino, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

All young workers are invited to attend and hear of this leader. The meeting will emphasize the demand of the Y. W. L. for hands off Nicaragua and Mexico and for a struggle against militarism.

LIEBKNECHT MEETINGS.
CHICAGO—Northwest Hall, North Ave. and Western, Jan 16th, 8 p. m.

Zam, Williamson, Bedacht, speakers.
HAMMOND, Ind.—January 16th, Sunday at 10 a. m., Workers Hall, 1059 Wallace Road.

GARY—Saturday, Jan. 15 at 3 p. m., Co-operative Hall, 215 W. 18th street.

CLEVELAND—Br. 2—South Slav Hall, Gammet, speaker. Br. 1, Freiheit Hall, Gammet, speaker. Jan 16, 4 p. m. 3514 E. 116th St. Br. 8, Hungarian Hall, Amter, Gammet, speakers. Jan. 14, 8:30 p. m., 4309 Lorain Ave.

DETROIT—January 9th at 2:30 p. m. at So. Slav Hall 18th and Chouteau Ave., Darcy, speaker.

BUFFALO—January 22, 8 p. m., at Workers Forum Hall, 36 West Huron street. Speaker, Sam Essman.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—January 14, 8 p. m., at Playhouse, 814 N. St., N. W. Speaker, Darcy.

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

Factory Newspapers--Communist Shop Organs

By REBECCA GRECHT.

SEVERAL months ago there appeared an article in the "Detroit Saturday Night", one of the most bitter anti-labor, open shop organs in the United States, calling attention to a new "menace" that had made its appearance in Detroit, threatening the peace and tranquillity of the powerful automobile barons of that city.

This "menace" was none other than the factory newspapers issued by the Workers (Communist) Party groups in the various automobile plants in Detroit—including the Ford Motor Co., Dodge Bros., the Fisher Body Plant, etc. While the American Federation of Labor was contenting itself merely with passing resolutions on the organization of the automobile industry, the above article stated; and the Communists, thru their shop papers, were actually spreading the doctrine of organization among thousands of workers. In similar vein the New York "Journal of Commerce", likewise an open shop paper devoted to the "American Plan", recently issued a warning against the Communist "house organs" thru which the Communist Party is gaining a foothold in American industries.

Thus the significance of Communist factory newspapers is already being recognized by the capitalist enemies of labor, ever quick to discern whatever in any way threatens their control.

Functions of Factory Newspapers.

FACTORY newspapers issued under Communist direction are not peculiar to the American Communist Party. They are being published today in England, Germany, France, Czechoslovakia, and other countries where Communist parties function. They are a form of activity developed especially thru the reorganization of the Communist parties into units based on the place of work of the membership instead of the territory in which they live. As the aim of reorganization is to build the parties in such a way that their influence may penetrate

deeply into the working class masses, the slogan raised of so factory newspapers serve as one of the chief mediums thru which the influence of Communist groups, or nuclei, in the various factories can be exercised.

It is necessary for us in the American party to understand clearly the importance of these shop papers, and study ways and means of making them effective. As the name implies, the factory newspaper is intended primarily for the workers of a particular plant. It is the organ of the Communist factory group, to carry on agitation among the factory employes. It is a vehicle for conveying to the workers, in a manner they can readily understand, the principles of Communism and the program of the Communist Party in industry and politics. Basing its contents and methods of approach upon the needs and experiences of the factory workers, it aims to break down their apathy, to stir them against capitalist exploitation, to rouse their class consciousness and develop their political judgment, thus drawing them nearer to the Communist movement.

Agitation Instrument.

IN these respects the factory newspaper, properly organized and edited, can often be a more effective agitation instrument than the general party press. Written for the workers of one enterprise, the factory organ can be adapted to their particular mentality and special interests. It is more concrete and specific than the party daily paper, as the latter, designed for wide masses of workers, necessarily deals with a broader variety of subjects, in a more comprehensive and complex manner. This does not mean that the factory newspapers can replace the Communist press, which, as a "collective propagandist, agitator, and organizer", is indispensable to our party. The shop papers, in fact, bring the workers closer to the party organs and increase their circulation. Because of its direct appeal, however, the factory newspaper has special value. This must be utilized to the widest possible extent, and the slogan raised of "a shop paper in every factory employing several hundred or more workers where there is a Communist group."

Shop Problems and Economic Demands.

MANY problems are involved in the preparation and publication of factory papers, most important of which is that of contents. The effectiveness of the factory newspaper depends largely upon what it contains. Upon this question, chiefly, rests the success of the paper and the achievement of its aims. It must be given earnest consideration.

The factory newspaper, by its very purposes, must deal primarily with the problems faced by the employes in the shop, approaching the workers thru their economic interests. This is the first principle governing contents. The questions of wages, hours, unemployment, organization, etc., constitute the fulcrum around which the agitation of the Communist factory group turns. Every wrong the workers in the shop are subjected to, every oppressive condition imposed upon them, great or small, must find a place in the factory newspaper. The workers must be made to understand the general system of capitalist exploitation under which they live by explanation and analysis of the specific conditions of enslavement under which they themselves toil. In every possible way the factory newspaper must demonstrate to the workers that the Communists are not interested merely in theories and in abstractly propagating the final social revolution, but are vitally concerned with the immediate welfare of the workers, alive to their every need.

(To be continued)

GINSBERG'S
Vegetarian Restaurant
2324-26 Brooklyn Avenue,
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

(SECOND PRIZE WINNER)

POLICE SWARM PREMISES OF MILL COMPANY

Bosses Have More Cops Than the City

By a Worker Correspondent. CAMPBELL, Ohio—Jan. 13. A lesson in "safety first" and company unionism was given to the steel workers here when the Sheriff of Mahoning county in Youngstown announced the reappointment of 450 special deputy sheriffs used as mill guards at a bond of \$500,000 posted by their employers.

More than 230 of these special deputies are employed in the company union plants of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube company. All are armed and uniformed and are authorized by the state to take the protesting slave either to the jail house or the paymaster. Five times more police are used safeguarding the property of the bosses than is used by the city of Youngstown with over a population of 160,000 people.

Armed deputies, safety first, company union, for the bosses and disorganization for the slaves. The progressives in the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel & Tin Workers must face these conditions and fight shoulder to shoulder with the unorganized steel and iron workers for their complete organization.

Denver I. L. D. Demands Withdrawal of Troops From Nicaraguan Land

By a Worker Correspondent. DENVER, Jan. 13.—At a meeting of International Defense League, the following resolution was adopted and passed unanimously:

Be it resolved, That we, the peace loving people of the state of Colorado, do hereby protest in the landing of United States troops and any kind of warships, in the Nicaraguan waters or land, we believe that it is against the constitution that the steps taken by our military forces are ill-advised and without ample cause, and that the great mass of the working people of America, who love peace and harmony amongst and with all of the world, do not believe in the imperialistic policy of our country.

Therefore, We, the Denver local of the International Labor Defense emphatically protest against the presence of our armed troops in Nicaragua and urge the full immediate withdrawal. We have enough hatred now against the United States.

Chairman. Why don't you write it up? It may be interesting to other workers. WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

Worker Correspondence

THIS WEEK'S PRIZE WINNERS

Jack Glass, New York worker correspondent, is awarded first prize this week for worker correspondence articles in The DAILY WORKER. His story appears on this page and gives details of hunting for a job in "prosperous America." He is awarded the splendid book by A. A. Heller, "Industrial Revival of Soviet Russia."

A worker correspondent of Campbell, Ohio, is awarded Lenin's book on "Imperialism—Final Stage of Capitalism" as second prize for the story telling of huge police activities at the Youngstown Sheet and Metal Works.

Another New York correspondent is awarded third prize. He will receive a copy of Yaroslavsky's book, "Lenin, His Life and Work."

THE PRIZES FOR NEXT WEEK

Workers! We want more and more stories from workers on conditions in American industry as they exist, and as YOU know so well. Write down that story today—get the facts—and send them in.

Three more valuable prizes are offered for next week. Here they are:

- FIRST—"Letters of Rosa Luxemburg." SECOND—"The Awakening of China," by Dolsen. THIRD—"Strike Strategy," by William Z. Foster.

Send in that story today, worker! We want it! You want it in!

(FIRST PRIZE WINNER)

YOUNG WORKER TELLS OF HARDSHIPS MET IN LOOKING FOR EMPLOYMENT; IS VICTIM OF MANY TRICKS OF BOSSES

By JACK GLASS, Worker Correspondent.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—It was very cold. Rain was falling and the ground was muddy. I was walking on 36th St., looking for work. I walked all over and could get none.

I lost my job two weeks ago and could find none as yet. While walking I recalled how I was layed off from the last job I had.

For about two weeks before the lay-off, the workers were waiting for "their slips." I was lucky and worked about two weeks more than most of the 6,000 others who were producing radios at 30 to 50 cents an hour. When I was layed off only about 100 were left in the factory to finish up and count the sets produced.

Look for Ads.

The first day I got the New York World. I looked at the boys' column and found something like this:

"Boy, strong, work in paper factory; \$14 to start. Apply before 8 a. m. at . . ."

When anybody did go down there he would find at least 50 "boys," some of them 22 years old. A little further down was this ad:

"Boy wanted in printing shop; chance to learn trade; must know something about printing; salary \$12. Apply at . . ."

In a different column you could see ads like this:

"Young man wanted, married or single; \$25 start; chance for advancement. Apply at . . ."

How They Do It.

I wanted to learn a trade so I applied at a place which asked for a boy wanting to learn the plumbing trade. I was there at 7 o'clock a. m. and was the only one. I waited for an hour outside in the frosty weather with plenty of snow on the ground. When the place was opened I was told to wait until the boss comes. I was nearly frozen, so I went inside. About 9:15 another boy came in. About 9:40 the boss came in and asked whether we know anything about plumbing. "Of course not," we answered. He told us "nothing doing." He wanted somebody who knows something about the trade. Can you beat that? He wanted an experienced man and advertises for a boy!

Gets Job Finally.

I got a job on Thursday, answering an ad for a boy wanting to learn the printing trade. I worked there 2 1/2 days and wasn't in the shop more than half an hour. As soon as I came in from one delivery, another package (some of them weighing about 50 to 60 pounds) had to be delivered. Had I a chance to learn the trade? Never. In one place a job was refused me on account of being poorly dressed. They told me only "gentlemen preferred."

(THIRD PRIZE WINNER)

TAILORS FACED WITH DECREASE AFTER 'VICTORY'

Workers Realize Betrayal of Officers

By a Worker Correspondent.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—A year ago the workers celebrated their victory over the International Tailoring Co., and were told that this settlement was the best which could ever be reached for the tailors. During the past year the workers have realized their betrayal in this settlement, while the international has been reducing their wages time and time again.

Shop Committee Complains.

A shop committee recently appeared before the local executive board, with a complaint against the demand for another reduction in wages based on a new scheme, that the firm is taking a cheap grade of work, and is therefore compelled to demand a twelve and a half per cent reduction on the garments. The committee stated that the cheap grade of work is only a scheme to exploit the workers, because under piece work there is not a question of cheap make, as the foreman who is in charge of the garments, does not accept any botch work, but demands the best quality of work of the tailors. The committee therefore demanded protection by the union against the new wage cut.

The executive board after a brief discussion, have decided for the "good and welfare" on the workers, and this matter was referred to the manager for his adjustment.

Some of the naive tailors really believe that Manager Beckerman of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers will stop reductions, while he collaborates with the employers against the members of the union.

Los Angeles School Head Militaristic, Outburst Reveals

By L. P. RINDAL (Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 13.—In a letter to John D. Home, commander of American Legion Interpost Council, Mrs. Susan M. Dorsey, superintendent of Los Angeles school, disclaimed having any sympathy whatever with the anti-military speech made recently by Herbert Martin before local school teachers.

Mrs. Dorsey is hostile toward the Young Workers League, the Pioneers and the Junior Atheist League. She has stated, time and again, that these organizations must not be allowed to work among the school children. But youngsters, you know, are getting into the habit of doing things nowadays without a permit.

I. L. D. Affair Great Success in Steel Town

By a Worker Correspondent.

GARY, Ind., Jan. 13.—The entertainment and dance given by the Bulgarian branch of the I. L. D. in this steel town stronghold was attended by over 500 people and was a great success.

Wm. F. Dunne, editor of The DAILY WORKER, was greeted with great applause. In a short speech he exposed the murderous deeds of the capitalists of all countries in persecuting the labor movement and explained the need of the I. L. D.—the shield of the working class.

M. Popoff, a music student in North Western University, sang two songs much to the pleasure of the audience. Mr. Popoff, with a group of students of music, will appear again in Gary at a concert given by the Macedonian-Bulgarian Educational Society of Gary on January 23 in the Rumanian Hall, 2nd and Adams St.

"The pen is mightier than the sword," provided you know how to use it. Come down and learn now in the worker correspondent's classes.

Two Letters to Our "Daily"

THE wide appeal of The DAILY Worker among all sections of the working class is strikingly shown in the following two letters. One is from an "industrial unionist," not a Communist as he specifically says, yet one who is glad to help "The Daily" because "it is really fighting for the workers." What better tribute could a working class paper require?

The other letter is from a ten-year-old little working class girl. This little girl, to whom the class struggle is a comparatively new thing, also understands that The DAILY WORKER fights in the interests of her class, the working class. Her lone dollar bill is no less significant than the contribution of the "industrial unionist."

The letters follow: Hopes for Big "Daily." Dear Comrades—I received a letter from you about the Birthday of The DAILY WORKER. I am sorry that I cannot help so much because I am only ten years old and cannot make so much money. I am going to send at least one dollar for The DAILY WORKER Birthday. I hope The DAILY WORKER will be a large paper.—Mary Karpi, Shelton, Conn.

Doing Good Job. Editor, The DAILY WORKER.—You will please find enclosed a one dollar bill for your Birthday. I am not a Communist but am an industrial unionist and am glad to help any organization that is really fighting for the workers, by exposing the A. F. of L. and you are doing a pretty good job of it.—O. L. Garretson, South Dakota

DETROIT WOMEN'S FEDERATION DOES MUCH GOOD WORK

Working Class Women Are Active for Labor

By LENA ROSENBERG (Worker Correspondent)

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 13.—The Federation of Working Class Women of Detroit held a special meeting where officers and committees were elected, and new delegates seated. Credentials from 12 women's organizations were brot in representing about 500 members.

Federation Active.

The reports from officers and delegates have proven that their was not a field of important activity for the workers that the federation as a whole and the branches individually have not considered and participated in.

Events in which it participated included the bakery drivers' strike in Detroit where members of the federation picketed until they forced the bosses to terms; Passaic strike in which hundreds of dollars were collected and much clothing and food sent; International Labor Defense for which money is collected, prisoners adopted, and taken care of; every demonstration that has been arranged by the I. L. D. the women have participated in; cloak makers' strike, money was collected and propaganda for the strike carried on, financial support for various workers' papers such as the Ukrainian Daily News, Vilnis, Russian workers' papers, DAILY WORKER and many others.

Will Hold Bazaar.

At this meeting a committee was also elected to print tickets for the annual bazaar which the federation holds on March 6, Woman's Day.

This bazaar will take place at the New Workers' Home, 1343 E. Ferry Ave., Detroit, Mich. All friendly and sympathetic organizations are asked not to hold any affairs that might interfere with this arrangement for it is woman's day all over the world and we should make this bazaar a rousing success that the woman's movement here may grow to even greater proportions.

Russian Council to Meet.

There will be a meeting of the Russian Council for the Protection of the Foreign Born on Sunday, the 16, at 1902 W. Division street.

All Russian organizations are urged to send delegates to this meeting and become acquainted with the work which it intends to do.

The Manager's Corner

The American Mind.

"An astonishing plasticity or adaptability, and an equal suggestibility are the two impressions of American mentality which a visitor receives."

I. A. Richards of Cambridge University makes this comment in the current issue of Harpers Magazine. "Of course, this bourgeois intellectual treats "the American mind" as if it were something suspended in a vacuum, unaffected by and isolated from all surrounding influences. Unfortunately he fails to point out the underlying economic forces of American economic life which have been the chief factors in building up this state of mind. American capitalism, comparatively rigorous and youthful, has incalculated among the American workers the ability to accept startling changes in their environment with little or no comment or signs of astonishment. Methods of production are revolutionized almost overnight. Huge construction projects are born almost before the eyes. The American workers have learned to accept these transformations as a matter of course.

It is true that the American workers have not inherited that rich legacy of revolutionary theory and tradition, of which the European workers can boast. But this is no reason for discouragement or lack of faith in the vast possibilities for revolutionary activity in America. To make up for his lack of theory, the American worker has developed a lively imagination, a go-getter spirit which enthusiastically, perhaps even rashly surmounts even the most formidable obstacles.

It is to this imaginative spirit which the Russian revolution has made a strong appeal. It is this suggestibility and mental daring, which The DAILY WORKER can arouse and move to tremendous achievements. BERT MILLER.

Job, Job, Who's Got a Job? Too Old, Too Heavy, Too Many Is Answer Seeker Gets

By OSCAR S. POMEROY (Worker Correspondent)

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—"No, not quite so much unemployment as last year, but enough," said the Salvation Army relief officer, in response to the question if this winter was as hard as last.

No Work There.

To a request for work he said: "We have nothing just now, but I can send you to one of our homes. The pay is only three dollars a week, with room and board. That is the best I can do for you today. However, the board is good and substantial. Later maybe you can find a better job."

Is Too Old.

This was not the first place he had visited. At a restaurant with a "Dish-washer Wanted" sign in the window, "Too old for the job," was the answer to his application for the place.

When he answered an "ad" for an elevator man, he was told, "You are too heavy."

At the wharves the answer was,

"We're laying men off."

Nothing Doing.

At a fashionable store a cheap white collared slave nearly had a fit because he came in the front door and asked to see the manager. The manager heard the request made to the flunkey and came to him. "I'm very sorry I can't give you something to do, but we are going to lay some help off." The look he gave the flunkey pleased the applicant.

Again he was too old for a janitor's helper.

Six other places had just been filled. The applicant thought he was the worst "Jonahed" man in New York City, but he found hundreds of others who were willing to work, had not shared in Cal Coolidge's prosperity, and were glad to do anything to support themselves and keep them from panhandling and seeking charity.

GET A SUB.

Send in a Sub to The DAILY WORKER today.

NEW YORK, ATTENTION!
MASK AND CIVIC BALL
of the
Bakers' Union No. 164
Amalgamated Food Workers
EBLING'S CASINO
156th Street and St. Ann's Avenue
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 15th, 1927
SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS AND FOOD SHOW
TICKETS 50c A PERSON
Wardrobe 50 Cents. Dancing at 8 P. M.

PASSAIC WORKERS, ATTENTION!
"The Workers' Press Helped Passaic,—
Let's Help the Workers' Press!"
WORKERS' PRESS BALL
SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 15
at Belmont Park Hall, Garfield
ADMISSION 25 CENTS
Proceeds for benefit of The DAILY WORKER, the only Labor Daily in English.

WHAT ARE YOU—SLOVAK OR AN AMERICAN?
If you are American read the fighting labor daily paper—The DAILY WORKER. If you cannot read English, subscribe to the only Czechoslovak workingclass daily paper in the United States and Canada—
THE DAILY ROVNOST LUDU
1510 W. 18th Street, Chicago, Ill.
Subscription rates: By mail \$6 a year; for Chicago \$8 a year.



The next issue of Prolet-Tribune, the Russian living newspaper issued by the Chicago Novy Mir worker correspondents will be out this Saturday, Jan. 15, at 8 p. m., at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St. All who understand the Russian language are invited to attend. Prolet-Tribune is issued regularly every month. Photographs of the audience will be made and sent to the Soviet Union press.

SUBSCRIBE TO
The American Worker Correspondent
1113 W. Washington Blvd.
Chicago, Ill.
Only 50 Cents a Year.
The best way—subscribe today.

Birthday Greetings
from the
Roxbury Lettish Club

The revolutionary Lettish workers of Roxbury, Mass., extend the warmest birthday greetings to The DAILY WORKER, the first Communist Daily in English, on the occasion of its third birthday.

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO.
1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Phone Monroe 4712

SUBSCRIPTION RATES	
By mail (in Chicago only):	By mail (outside of Chicago):
\$8.00 per year	\$6.00 per year
\$4.50 six months	\$3.50 six months
\$2.50 three months	\$2.00 three months

Address all mail and make out checks to
THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

J. LOUIS ENGBAHL
WILLIAM F. DUNNE
BERT MILLER

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

How to Get Rich

If you are rich you have only yourself to blame! For confirmation of this gallant statement read the financial figures produced in the government suit against Senator James Couzens and other former stockholders of the Ford Motor Company, for collection of \$34,000,000 in taxes.

Senator Couzens had only \$900 when Henry Ford hit him up for a touch. Ford had pieces of engraved paper, called stock which he offered for cash. He sold the novelties at \$100 a shot. Couzens wanted another hundred to make an even thousand so he borrowed a hundred from his sister. Couzens held nine shares of stock and his sister held one.

This was in 1903 and without any effort on Couzens' part his nine shares increased and multiplied to 2,180 shares in 1919 for which Couzens received \$29,308,874.00. His sister's \$100 has now brought forth fruit to the value of \$1,000,000.

This is one of the ways money is made. Capitalist scribblers will hold out before the eyes of the American working class the prospect of getting rich quick, even tho' for every individual who strikes it lucky thousands of disillusioned rainbow chasers go to an early grave, their hopes dashed against the rocks of reality.

What a picture to hold up before the eyes of the nation's youth? That nothing is worth while in life except the accumulation of wealth! Regardless of how it is amassed!

For every thousand that was added to the treasury of Senator Couzens thru the investment of that \$900, thousands of wage slaves were thrown on the scrap heap, the marrow extracted from their bones and the blood thinned in their veins, in Ford's factory prisons.

For the great majority of the people the hunt for wealth is a futile chase. The foxy type of human will always gather shekels under capitalism while the producer is lucky if he receives enough to live and pass on another consignment of wage slaves for the next generation. Only when this robber system is abolished and a socialist society built on its ruins will the accumulation of riches be eliminated as a goal for the individual. Then a citizen of society will be esteemed for what he contributes to the social fund and not by what he takes out of it.

The Socialists and Their Allies

The Tammany governor of New York state, the Tammany mayor of New York City, the president of the New York chamber and the labor-hating chiefs of the clothing industry all joined in putting on a harmonious concert of denunciation of the left wing leaders of the needle trades unions in New York, and praise for the leader of the clothing bosses who, in an unholy alliance with the socialist right wing leaders, waged a bitter war against the striking members of the New York Joint Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

Here is a united front from the boss down to the labor faker. In between, as servants of the boss, we have the capitalist officials of state and municipality.

We have continually stressed the existence of an alliance between the manufacturers and the reactionary labor leaders. The average well-informed worker is convinced of the truth of this charge, as far as the non-socialist labor fakers are concerned. But many of them are still under the spell of the title "socialist" which the right wing leaders of the needle trades unions carry on their lapels. But the socialist of today is part and parcel of the alliance between the employers, the labor officialdom and the government from the White House down to the smallest town in the United States. This alliance is directed against the interests of the masses and the fire of the allies is levelled against the left wing labor leaders who insist that the function of unionism is to fight against the bosses for better conditions for the workers and not merely furnish an excuse to the labor fakers for demanding a higher price from the employers for their treason to labor.

The yellow socialists are welcome to their allies. Daniel O'Connell, the famous Irish parliamentary orator, once said that whenever the British government had a good word to say about him, he went home and examined his conscience. We should suggest a similar soul-searching to the socialist leaders of the needle trades unions, but you cannot operate on a vacuum.

U. S. Gifts for China

Manila, Jan. 12.—The United States destroyer Edsall will depart for Shanghai as soon as it loads 3,000 hand grenades brought here by the transport Meigs. It is understood here that several destroyers of the Asiatic fleet have been ordered to be prepared to leave for Shanghai on short notice.

The above dispatch shows plainly that the Coolidge administration is equally bent on protecting the loot of the American imperialists in China and in Nicaragua.

Eugene Chen, foreign minister of the Cantonese government charged the United States with being a party to the unequal treaties forced upon China by superior force with the aid of the traitorous military brigades that are now being gradually driven out of business by the victorious Cantonese.

It is never too late for Uncle Sam to give new year gifts in the form of lethal weapons to protect the interests of Wall Street.

Borah, Wheeler, Reed and Huddleston have TALKED against the Coolidge-Kellogg policies in Nicaragua and Mexico. In the meantime U. S. marines are in Nicaragua and U. S. warships are ploughing the waters surrounding Mexico. Let's have a little ACTION, Messrs. Borah, Reed, Wheeler and Huddleston, unless you intend to prove that our suspicions of your sincerity are proven true.

If Secretary of the Treasury Mellon continues to poison the potential cannon fodder with adulterated hooch he may have no customers for the product of his distilleries when the eighteenth amendment is either repealed or completely ignored. Perhaps he is training them so that they can get happy on poisoned gas, as usual.

"Stop Thief!"

THANKS to the efforts of the German social-democratic lackeys of the entente, a fairy tale was printed in a great liberal organ in Great Britain some time ago. This fairy tale, after making the rounds of the various European editorial offices, finally retired to a place unknown and apparently gave up the ghost. The sensation did not last long, although it must be admitted that the wings of this fairy tale fluttered so beautifully as to give an illusion of truth.

According to an agreement between the military authorities of the Soviet Union and of Germany, several German firms built three factories a few years ago within the territory of the Soviet Union for the purpose of producing certain necessities of our defense, so runs the story. Amongst these things were aeroplanes, poison gas, shells, etc.

If the beautiful fairy tale had only been supplied with these wings, then it would certainly never have been able to fly; its attempts would only have produced laughter. Its parents were also aware of this deficiency and they therefore added the following: The war material which was, or which will be produced in these factories, is only partly to be used for the defense of the Soviet Union, the greatest part of it to be sent to . . . Germany! A short while ago no less than six vessels loaded with all these good things, arrived in Stettin from Leningrad. In other words, these factories are working for the German reichswehr, and for the German black hundreds, thus driving a carriage and pair thru the Versailles treaty and assisting the cause of monarchism and nationalist reaction in Germany!

AFTER giving its readers shivers down the spine with this horrible nonsense reprinted from the English paper, (to which its friends had first of all dispatched the fairy tale) the Forward pathetically asked the Com-

munist workers: "Do you see now where the rifles and ammunition come from with which they shoot you down?" It turns out, as we see, that not Noske, the "bloodhound," not the social-democracy, but the Soviet Union, the country of the victorious socialist revolution, is the ally of those reactionary forces which throttle the German working class movement.

We always suspected that the German social-democracy, and in particular, its central organ, was on more than speaking terms with those craftsmen who produce anti-Soviet forgeries. The Forward has now proved this. We do not know whether the Forward occupies itself directly with this noble calling or whether the pupils and imitators of Drushelovsky and his friends do the work for it, but there is no doubt that this whole fairy story which has gone thru various editorial offices, is based upon forgeries. Its aim is to do the entente a service which is looking for an excuse to abandon the responsibilities towards Germany which it accepted at Versailles and Locarno, and to create an atmosphere of hostility towards the hated Soviet Union.

THE disgusting attitude which the slanderers have taken towards their own dear fatherland, which they so zealously defended during the imperialist slaughter, does not interest us in the least in this connection. We are only interested in the accusation which is made against us. The accusation, that we are supporting German reaction and chauvinism; that we are assisting Germany to prepare for a war of revenge against the victors of yesterday, in other words, that we are the most dangerous enemies of democracy and of the peace of Europe. It is not pure coincidence, that these new "proofs" of our "red imperialism" are very much needed by the bourgeois governments at the moment, for all the neighbors of the Soviet Union are

arming feverishly, and strenuous attempts are being made to isolate and weaken the Soviet Union.

A few days ago our press reported upon the arming of Rumania by Italy. Whole trains loaded with war material euphemistically labelled "Italian fruit" are going over Austrian territory to the Dniester. We know from British newspapers that these "fruit" consist of 50,000 rifles, 12 million rounds of ammunition, 3,000 machine guns, and machine parts of those destroyers ordered by Rumania in Italy at a cost of 300 million lire, the credit granted to Rumania in return for the treaty of "friendship" concluded with Italy, with a view to guaranteeing at the very least the neutrality of Rumania in case of war between Italy and Jugoslavia, the companion of Rumania in the Little Entente. We know also that in agreement with Jugoslavia, Greece has the right to transport war materials delivered to its harbors, over Jugoslavia territory, to Poland. Further, the neighbors of the Soviet Union, the Baltic countries and Poland, have been solemnly permitted by a decision of the International armament conference in 1925, to maintain secrecy concerning their armaments, in contradistinction to the other powers participating in conference. The aim of this was to prevent the Soviet Union from knowing the stage of their armaments and the names of those gracious powers who supply them with their arms.

IF we now add the proposal made by Great Britain to the conference of ambassadors—to prohibit Germany to export boilers for sea-going vessels and lathes capable of serving for the production of shells—we have a picture of definite technical preparation for war against the Soviet Union on the part of all the countries bordering upon the Soviet Union with the assistance of the "democratic" great powers with Great Britain at the head. We place Great Britain at the head of

An Article from The Pravda, Official Organ of the Soviet Union Communist Party.

this combination, because even the treaty between Italy and Rumania giving the latter the possibility of arming itself, was made with the knowledge and approval of Great Britain, which sanctioned in Livorno the proclamation of an Italian protectorate over Albania and consequently also the possibility of war with Jugoslavia and its consequences including the military and political rapprochement between Italy and Rumania.

And now, as it is necessary to put up a smoke-screen to mask all this, the obliging Forward shouts "Stop thief!" in the usual manner and ushers a series of forgeries into being to prove that the enemy of peace is the Soviet Union which is allegedly manufacturing war material with the assistance of German firms, which is cooperating secretly with the official and the black German reichswehr and which has practically concluded a military alliance with the German government. The English newspaper of which we have already spoken, also declared that a secret military convention exists between the Soviet government and the German military authorities, and the Berliner Tageblatt which attempted to refuse all these inventions, could think of nothing better to say in defense of its government, than the lie that a few years ago the Soviet government proposed such a military alliance. Such a military alliance did not and does not exist, either as a proposal or as a fact, but it had to be invented in order to provide a further invention, i. e. that the military authorities in the Soviet Union and in Germany are cooperating with each other, with a more or less believable basis.

On the whole, we consider that the German social-democracy has well earned its keep from the entente. It has earned the right to receive the noble peace prize, at least next year, for this year it has already been presented to equally worthy recipients.



(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair.)

So then Vee went up into the air. This fellow had been warming secrets out of Bunny! And when Bunny stated firmly that he had never mentioned the matter to Dan or to any other of his radical friends, Vee cried, "Oh, my God! My God! You poor, naive, trusting soul!" She went on like that, it was proof positive of the cunning of these dangerous reds, that they should be able to keep him in ignorance while they used him for an off well, and pumped him dry! In Vee's view of the matter, it now became the utmost urgency that Annabelle and Verne should not find out that Bunny knew this rascal journalist and had actually helped to support him. If they found out, it would be all over with their friendship, they would be sure they had been basely betrayed or at least that Bunny was such a scatter-brain that it was unsafe to have him about. Vee wanted to be loyal and romantic and melodramatic, just like one of her "continuities." And Bunny was bored, and told her that Dad had probably told Verne all about the matter at the time that he, Bunny, had told his father.

So the young oil prince did not ask the "natural-born aristocrat" to marry him. No, he went off and was wretchedly unhappy; because he ached for Vee whenever he was away from her and yet they seemed to be always having violent emotional crises and having to make it up with tears. There was no way for him to avoid trouble, except to give up the radical movement; and it was a fact that intellectually nothing else appealed to him. He wanted to see Paul, and argue with him and present a score of new objections to the Workers Party! He wanted to take Rachel to meet Paul and Ruth, and hear the arguments that would fly fast and furious, when Rachel set forth her opinion of the left wing insanity. He wanted to go to the meetings of the "Tpeels," the Young Peoples' Socialist League, of which Rachel had recently taken on the duties of secretary—here was real education, young folks who actually wanted to use their minds, and took ideas with the seriousness that other students reserved for football and fraternity politics.

Of all the people Bunny knew, it appeared just now that only one was perfectly successful and completely happy, and that was Eli Watkins, prophet of the Third Revelation. For the Lord had carried out to the letter the promise revealed to the runners of the Bible Marathon, a great banker had secretly provided the money for the great new tabernacle. Now the structure was completed, and was opened amid such glory to the Lord as had never been witnessed in this part of the world.

Southern California is populated for the most part by retired farmers from the middle west, who have come out to die amid sunshine and flowers. Of course, they want to die happy, and with the assurance of sunshine and flowers beyond; so Angel City is the home of more weird cults and doctrines—you couldn't form any conception of it till you came to investigate. To run your eye over the pages of performances advertised in the Sunday newspapers would cause you to burst into laughter or tears, according to your temperament. Wherever three or more were gathered together in the name of Jesus or Buddha or Zoroaster, of Truth or Light or Love, of New Thought or Spiritualism or Psychic Science—there was the beginning of new revelation, with mystical, inner states of bliss and esoteric ways of salvation.

Eli had advantages over most of these spiritual founders. In the first place, he had been a real shepherd of flocks and herds, and there are age-old traditions attaching to this profession. Also it was symbolically useful; what Eli had done to the goats he was now doing to the human goats of Angel City, gathering them into the fold and guarding them from the cruel wolf, Satan. He had taken to carrying a shepherd's crook on the platform, and with his white robes and the star shining in his yellow hair, he would call the flocks, just as he had done upon the hills, and when he passed the collection plate, they would do the shearing off themselves.

Committee Approves Bill to Cut the Postal Rates on Newspapers

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The McKellar proposal to restore second class mail rates to the 1920 basis was approved by the senate post office committee by a vote of 10 to 2. The bill provides a \$7,000,000 reduction in postal rates upon newspapers. The 1920 rates were 1 1/2 cents for each two ounces. The present rate is 2 cents for each two ounces.

Anti-Alien Bill Is Masked Attack Against Unionism

By EDITH RUDQUIST.

THE Aswell bill purports to be aimed only at the alien population of America, but upon closer analysis its provisions are found to be of vital concern to every worker, alien or native; especially every worker who is a trade unionist.

It was shortly after the "red scare" of 1920 that the first of the anti-alien bills was introduced in congress. It was then that to be a rather easy thing to put across such legislation because the bulk of America's native population actually believed every word the capitalist press printed about the "vicious reds, bolsheviks and anarchists," and these laws seeking to fingerprint, register and photograph the aliens were said to be "for the protection of the natives against the onslaught of this undesirable element." These earlier bills evidently didn't pass muster in the Committee of Immigration and Naturalization where they were sent for further consideration.

The Aswell Bill Against the American Workers. The Aswell bill however, stands a good show of being accepted verbatim. Its provisions outwardly appear less flagrant, its language is milder but the purpose sought for is there, i. e. discrimination, not only against alien workers but against all workers, alien and native alike.

Its aims thus being properly veiled and containing sufficient technical legal phraseology to get the necessary loop-holes, no doubt its constitutionality will be upheld and the committee will recommend its adoption to congress.

Smoke Screening. The commissioner of immigration recently showed surprise that anyone should protest against the anti-alien bills, saying, "American citizens are frequently called upon to record themselves upon official registers. Any sound and responsible government would expect and require that resident aliens should 'similarly' indicate their willingness to become and remain a law abiding part of the population by properly submitting themselves to enrolment in official records." This is the sort of propaganda broadcast by the capitalist press to blind the natives as to the true issues involved. Every American worker, every trade unionist must become fully aware of the fact that neither the Aswell bill, nor the other anti-alien bills are for the protection of the natives, but are vicious schemes for blacklisting all workers so as to better be able to hinder, yes, even stop all trade union and other class conscious activity of the workers.

Attacking Trade Unionism. Section 6 of the act requires among other things that "whenever any alien is temporarily absent from the district in which he is registered he shall report at such times and places and give such information in regard to his movements as may be required." What sort of information will be required? Political and trade union activity, most essentially. What effect would this have? Suppose a state federation of labor is to have a convention. Before an elected delegate (if an alien) can attend he must report his intention to the registering officer in his district and obtain

his leave to go, giving "such information in regard to his movements as may be required." What an easy matter it would be with the able assistance of an A. F. of L. bureaucracy to prevent militant trade unionists from actively participating at important conventions and meetings; of keeping the choice of the rank and file away from such deliberations; to control thru questioning the aliens the work and activity of every labor organization; to spy upon and keep a close watch over every radical movement in this country. A clever and round-about way of preventing the constitutional guarantee of free speech and assembly. All speakers and organizers would become taboo except those officially sanctioned by the bosses, i. e., the bosses' own lackeys and paid labor lieutenants.

The bill goes even further and would make practically impossible the attendance of trade unionists to their own meetings. Section 5 provides for the dividing of the U. S. into districts "each as far as practical containing a post office" and that "each alien shall register in the district in which he resides," (i. e., post office district). How many trade union members live in the same post office district that their union meets? Not many . . . and yet, if you want to go to a meeting, to be "temporarily absent" from your registered district, you must—according to the Aswell bill—report before you go and answer questions as to where you are going and why.

\$5,000 Fine—Two Years in Jail. To go without the registering officer's permission would mean a \$5,000 fine, imprisonment for not more than two years—or both! (See Section 20.)

To prevent the alien membership from actively participating in trade union work is a deadly blow to unionism, made with full knowledge of the fact that, up to the present, it is just this element that comprises by far the largest percent of the active fighting class conscious militants, the very element upon whom the American capitalists eject their most bitter venom and hatred; the upholders of that class conscious spirit which the capitalist class must extinguish at any cost, regardless of its being American or "imported."

Give Them the Union, Give Them the Union!

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN



GLOAKMAKERS: Are we to let such worthies in to a workers' meeting?

Prevents Naturalization of Militants. To urge each alien unionist to become naturalized as soon as possible—the duty of every revolutionary worker—would not help matters much after the passing of the Aswell bill, because its provisions are a barrier to the naturalization of militant workers. Section 11 provides that the record of registration shall contain "any information bearing upon the fitness of such alien for citizenship." This certificate shall be surrendered to the judge of the Court of Naturalization (Section 9). With the information recorded on the certificate that he is a fighting militant; with record of his participating in strikes; of his arrests for picketing, etc., he is not likely to be "found qualified" (Section 8) for citizenship.

Thus by ostensibly legislating against the foreign born workers the bosses will be better able to force damnable conditions, open shop and a lower standard of living on all workers, native and foreign born. This sinister scheme for disorganizing the labor movement, for preventing the organization of the unorganized, for making ineffectual blunt weapons of the trade unions would mean the disruption of every progressive labor movement, a severe blow to America's working class.

A United Front Against the Anti-Alien Bills.

Every trade unionist should take these matters up for serious debate in their respective unions; send vigorous protests, calling attention to these facts, to their press (trade union papers, weeklies, monthlies, etc.); broadcast the contents and consequences of the anti-alien bills thru every possible channel; urge the district and state organizations to send in protests and participate in the organization of a mass movement for protection of the foreign born, against the anti-alien bills. Only by intensive and systematic publicity can the organized labor movement be rallied, presenting a united front which will destroy this cleverly planned offensive of the bosses, and forcing them to retreat!

Call Mass Meeting in Cleveland to Explain Industry in Russia

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 13.—A mass meeting of all workers in Cleveland has been called by the Russian Technical School for Sunday, Jan. 16, at Gatte's Hall, 6006 St. Clair avenue. The subject will be "How can you go to the U. S. S. R." H. Schmidt from Detroit will be the main speaker. He is a member of the Soviet American Tractor corporation. The meeting is at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Admission is 10 cents.

Crew Is Rescued.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 13.—Trapped all night in a terrible blow aboard the stranded freighter Ponham, the crew of eighteen were rescued today by the coast guard crew of the Brenton's Reef station. The coast guardsmen, battling high seas and heavy winds, finally worked their one-hundred-foot boat, the Eagle, to the side of the vessel, which ran onto the reef off Rose Island, a mile from Newport, yesterday afternoon.