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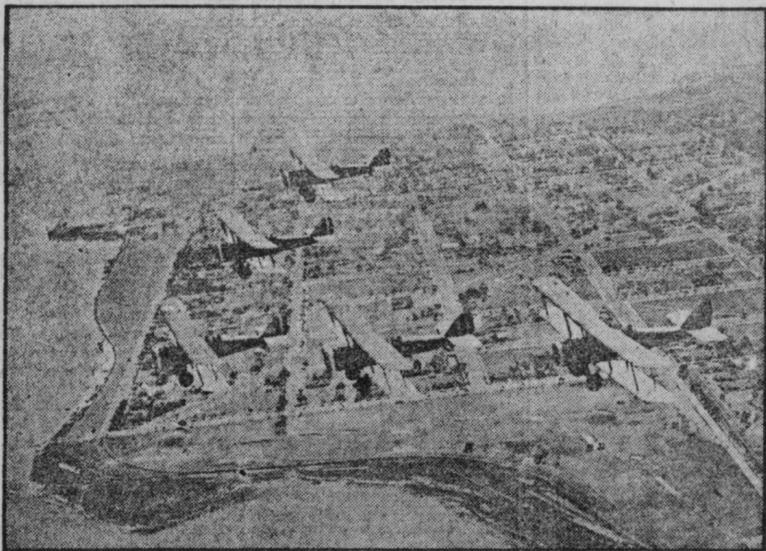
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SENATORS TOLD OF BANKERS' FEARS

NAVY'S AIRPLANES READY TO GO SOUTH



In preparation for "maneuvers" at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, the aircraft squadron of the battle fleet at San Diego, Calif., is staging practice flights. Five planes in "V" formation are pictured here flying over the California City. Guantanamo is the naval base of the U. S. that commands the Caribbean Sea.

15,000 TROOPS QUIETLY MASSED ON MEX. BORDER

War Dept. Says "No Significance"

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Fifteen thousand soldiers have for some time been concentrated along the Mexican border in anticipation of "possible trouble" with Mexico, it was said today at the war department.

It was emphasized, however, that "this concentration was in no way connected with the danger of war" contained in the present strained relations between the United States and the southern republic. Officials of the war department also added that recent orders transferring an unusual number of army officers to border posts have "no special significance in the present crisis."

Only Organized Forces There.

The army's forces on the Texas and Arizona borders include the only completely organized infantry and cavalry divisions, which were described at the war department as "the only readily mobilizable units in the country." These divisions are the 2nd infantry, with headquarters in San Antonio, and the 1st cavalry, with headquarters in El Paso.

American forces stationed at or near the border include:

Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Tex.—2nd infantry division, commanded by Major General William D. Connor, made up of the 1st, 9th, 20th and 23rd infantry regiments, and the 12th and 15th field artillery regiments; total strength: 380 officers and 6,160 men.

Fort Brown, Brownsville, Texas—12th cavalry, commanded by Colonel William T. Johnson; 1,000 men.

Fort Ringgold, Rio Grande City, Texas—One squadron of the 12th cavalry, commanded by Lieut. Col. C. O. Thomas, Jr.; 300 men.

Artillery Regiment. Fort McIntosh, Laredo, Texas—4th field artillery regiment (less one battalion), commanded by Colonel Robert Foy; 500 men.

Fort Clark, Texas—1st cavalry brigade, commanded by Brig. Gen. Leroy Eltinge; 5th cavalry regiment, commanded by Colonel W. B. Seales; 800 men.

Eagle Pass, Texas—Cavalry detachment of 23 men.

Marfa, Texas—1st cavalry regiment, commanded by Colonel Conrad S. Babcock; 500 men.

Fort Bliss, El Paso, Texas—1st cavalry division, commanded by Brig. Gen. Edwin B. Winans, made up 7th cavalry regiment, commanded by Col. Fitzhugh Lee; 8th cavalry regiment, commanded by Colonel Samuel McP. Rutherford; one battalion of the 28th field artillery; one battalion of the 8th engineers (mounted); 2,000 men.

Troops from 9th Corps Area. Camp Harry B. Jones, Douglas, (Continued on page 2.)

Mexico Replies To "Big Stick" Talk; Liberals Cut Off

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Admiral Julian S. Latimer, in command of American forces in the Caribbean, has received instructions to entirely bottle up the liberals and has extended his control over the entire east coast of Nicaragua.

Mexico has sent a reply to Coolidge's "big stick" message to the senate in which Mexico's rights as a sovereign nation are firmly upheld and the position of the United States as an aggressor exposed.

Kellogg Before Committee.

Secretary of State Kellogg went before the senatorial investigation committee on Nicaragua, as the congressional opposition to the administration on the southern invasion took on a more belligerent tone.

These are the outstanding new developments in the powder magazine situation that has been created by the imperialist march of the U. S. thru Latin America.

Ascending the Escondida River for a distance of 60 miles, U. S. marines have established a neutral zone in the heart of the country as a further extension of the U. S. offensive against the rebels who are now barred from the entire Atlantic coast by similar "neutral zones."

Liberals Cut Off.

The situation for the liberals, it is reported, here is becoming very difficult. They are cut off from food and munitions entirely and are unable to follow up their victories over the Diaz forces that brot them to the gates of the capital last week. The transport Argonne is said to have landed five hundred more troops at Bluefields.

While these offensive operations of the U. S. military in Nicaragua are going on, Mexico is expressing its determination to defend its independence. The message, signed by Aaron Sanchez, Mexican minister of foreign affairs and released thru the Mexican embassy here, does not deny that arms were supplied to the Sacasa government of Nicaragua from Mexico. He declared that the Central American convention of 1923 gives Mexico the right to recognize Sacasa. So far as the "confiscation" charges with regard to American oil property in Mexico is concerned, the minister said that Mexico proposed no such action and that every American was entitled at any time to appeal his case to the mixed-claims committee sitting in

KELLOGG RAISES 'RED' SCARE TO COVER INVASION

Attributes Latin Hate to Communists

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Raising again the old reliable smokescreen of "Bolshevism", Wall Street's Secretary of State Kellogg, speaking before the senate committee on foreign relations, declared that "international Communists" are stirring up anti-American feeling in Mexico, according to a statement made public by Senator Borah, chairman of the committee.

The Fear of Dollar Diplomacy. "The Bolshevik leaders have had very definite ideas with respect to the role which Mexico and Latin America are to play in their general program of revolution," said the statement.

"Communists in the United States have been repeatedly instructed to devote special attention to the struggle against 'American imperialism' in Latin America and to the organization of resistance to the United States.

"They have set up as one of their fundamental tasks the destruction of what they term American imperialism as a necessary prerequisite to the successful development of the international revolutionary movement in the new world."

To Cover Up Latin Resentment.

This statement was plainly made by Kellogg as an explanation of the storm of opposition to the American invasion of Nicaragua now sweeping Latin America and causing a deluge of criticism of the state department in this country. It follows out the line of Kellogg-Coolidge policy towards Mexico which has also been marked by a well calculated propaganda campaign posing the Calles government as a source of "Bolshevism" that is spreading thruout Latin America.

Anti-Imperialist League Replies.

Replying to the Kellogg charges, the Washington representative of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League whose sections in the United States and Latin America have been conducting a campaign against the military occupation of Nicaragua, said:

"Secretary of State Kellogg will not deceive anyone by his desperate charges. The truth is that 'anti-American' feeling in Latin America, if such it can be called, is due not to the Communists, but to the activities of Secretary Kellogg himself, in company with the other agents of Wall Street imperialism who make up the government at Washington.

"With U. S. military and naval forces making the Caribbean Sea an American lake, with persistent U. S. imperialism threats against Mexico and with U. S. marines occupying the soil of Nicaragua at the present moment, in defiance of the overwhelming majority of the Nicaraguan nation,—it is not necessary to ask why Latin America is uniting against Wall Street and Washington.

Brutal Policy.

"The All-America Anti-Imperialist League, organized to unite all anti-imperialist elements against American imperialism, is able to do so only because the brutal policy of American (Continued on page 2)

Current Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

HERE we are again celebrating our third anniversary and as incident of celebrating another as we were of celebrating the second. We are not indulging in an idle boast because we have survived during years that have seen labor publications galore stagger back into the pulp mills. What we intend to do on this third anniversary of The DAILY WORKER is to call the attention of the working-class as vigorously and as earnestly as we possibly can to a cause which The DAILY has battled since it was founded, in addition to others. But this one is the most pressing. It is the cause of Sacco and Vanzetti who sit with the sword of capitalist injustice hanging over their heads.

THIS story has often been told. But it must be told as long as their lives are in danger. That will be the case until the jail doors open for them and they are again free, at least as free as workers can be under this rotten system of ours. Sacco and Vanzetti are the victims of as foul a crime as was ever perpetrated on members of the American working class in a country famous for frame-ups. It is the task of the American workers to set them free. It is in their power to do it. Once they realize this we are sure they will consider no sacrifice too great to force the hands of the Massachusetts jailers. The details of this frame-up are brief: the two Italian labor agitators probably familiar to all of you. In (Continued on page 4)

Why Not Become a Worker Correspondent?

BIG RAILROAD INTERESTS CONSOLIDATE HOLDINGS IN PENNSYLVANIA COAL MINES

CLEVELAND, Jan. 12.—(FP)—Consolidation of large mining interests controlled by railroad capital is seen in the election of Michael Gallagher of Cleveland as chairman of 5 boards of trustees, each of which administers a Van Sweringen coal interest. Unification of control of these extensive properties, including the Pennsylvania Coal Co. which has both anthracite and bituminous mines in 8 Pennsylvania counties, is a move of the Van Sweringens in pushing their huge railroad merger.

TAX HEARING ON FORD STOCK SALE REVEALS PROFITS

Investment of \$48,000 Brings \$52,000,000

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 12.—Staggering profits of the Ford Motor company were revealed in the opening of the huge tax appeal case in which the government seeks to collect \$34,000,000 from Sen. James Couzens and other former stockholders of the Ford company. Joseph E. Davies, former chairman of the federal tax commission, now a defense attorney, gave facts showing how Ford piled profits upon profits in an almost unending pyramid.

\$100 Brings \$52,000 in 10 years. One hundred dollars invested in the Ford company at the time of its organization in 1903 earned \$52,174 in 10 years, Davies revealed.

"In 10 years, with an initial investment of but \$48,000 in actual cash, the Ford company had paid \$23,000,000 in dividends and had amassed \$22,000,000 in property," Davies declared. "In 1904, the company made \$200,000. By 1907, those earnings had increased five fold and were \$1,011,000. Within two years these earnings had been doubled and were \$2,500,000. Within three years these earnings were again multiplied five times and were \$13,900,000 for the year. In another year, they were again doubled and amounted to \$26,000,000.

Surplus Tremendous. "The growth of the company's surplus was no less remarkable. Starting with a surplus of \$183,000 in 1904, in three years its surplus had reached \$1,377,000. Three years later, it had reached \$3,366,000. Within two more years or in 1912 the surplus was \$14,745,000. On March 1, 1913, it had increased to \$22,000,000."

Claim Tax Too High The startling earnings were revealed by Davies in outlining the position taken by the former stockholders. Senator Couzens and his co-defendants dispute claims of the government that the \$9,489 value per share set by the bureau of internal revenue as the value of the stock as of Mar. 1, 1913, was too high. In fixing the (Continued on page 2)

Hindenburg Asks for New German Cabinet; Curtius to Be Head

(Special to The Daily Worker) BERLIN, Jan. 12.— President Hindenburg has asked Dr. Curtius, minister of commerce in the Marx cabinet, to form a new cabinet.

COUNT STRIKE VOTE OF RAILROAD UNIONS ON 22 SOUTHEASTERN SYSTEMS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND, Jan. 12.—(FP)—The strike vote of conductors, trainmen and yardmen of 22 southeastern railroads will be canvassed a Washington, Jan. 20, according to President William G. Lee, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

An arbitration board functioning under the Watson-Parker act has awarded the eastern district conductors and trainmen a 7 1/2 per cent increase, averaging about 42 cents a day. The same compromise was offered to the southeastern roads by the men after negotiations, but was rejected.

Daily Worker Banquet at Los Angeles Will Celebrate Third Year

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 12.—Jan. 15 is a "red letter" day for Los Angeles workers when the third anniversary of The DAILY WORKER will be celebrated here with a banquet. Arrangements for more than 500 have been made at the Co-operative center when the militant workers of Los Angeles will gather to celebrate three years of leadership of the only English working-class daily in the United States.

The week after, on Jan. 21, the Lenin memorial meeting will be held at the Co-operative, 2607 Brooklyn avenue. Albert Weisbord, leader of the Passaic strike, will be the main speaker. Tickets for this mass meeting are 25 cents.

Greetings from Mexican Communist Party

MEXICO, D. F., January 7, 1927.

DEAR COMRADES: The third anniversary of The DAILY WORKER is an opportune date for the Communist Party of Mexico to extend its warmest greetings to our fighting brothers of the Workers (Communist) Party of America who have succeeded in planting the red flag of the revolution in the very heart of international capitalism.

The DAILY WORKER represents an impulse which should be initiated and diffused thruout the whole continent.

If The DAILY WORKER had a Spanish section it would find a wide circulation thruout Latin America especially at this time when the struggle against American imperialism is more marked than ever before.

The exchange of permanent language sections in our respective organs would be an effective way of uniting our press in the struggle against Wall Street imperialism.

WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE! RAFAEL CARRILLO, General Secretary, Communist Party of Mexico.

GUNMEN IN 1922 STRIKE OF SHOPMEN DEMAND PAY FOR 'SERVICES' TO R. R.'S

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DECATUR, Ill., Jan. 12.—(FP)—66 "deputy sheriffs who guarded the Washburn railroad scabs at Decatur during the shopmen's strike or 1922 are suing Macon county for back pay totalling more than \$6,000.

The county contends that the men were well paid by the Washburn at the time. The men were given \$5 a day and board by the railroads.

Join the war against the imperialist war.

U. S. MISSION OF FORTY ASKS FAIR DEAL FOR MEXICO

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 12.—Hubert C. Herring, who is the leader of an unofficial investigating committee of 40 professional men investigating conditions in Mexico, commends the Calles government on the progress it has shown in constructing the country and believes that the United States should allow the Mexicans to handle their affairs in their own way.

"Mexico is weaker than we," said Herring, "with the accrued liabilities of 400 years of tyranny. Mexico at present is balancing her budget, building schools, roads and irrigation work, restoring the alienated rights of Indians, to right the wrongs of centuries. Who are we to deny her the right?"

"Herein lies the peril of constant pressure and reiterated insistence upon legal rights—all this gives comfort to those who would plunge Mexico into bloody rebellion and encourages those who would undo all the accomplishments of the Mexican revolution.

"For the first time in 400 years there is hope in Mexico. We cannot understand Mexico without going back to our own revolutionary days, when men fought with a courage which would not be denied and with a hope which saw beyond disorder and tyranny to democracy and peace."

AUSTRALIAN LABOR HEAD IS PLEASED WITH 'DAILY'; ASKS ONE FOR OWN LAND

That The DAILY WORKER finds a response among militant workers not only in the United States but everywhere in the world where English is spoken is shown by the appreciation of The DAILY received from the secretary of the Labor Council of New South Wales (Australia). The letter reads: "We appreciate reading your paper and it would be pleasing if we had in this country a daily such as you have in America."

GET YOUR UNION TO TELEGRAPH CONGRESS TODAY! WITHDRAW ALL U. S. WARSHIPS FROM NICARAGUA! DON'T DELAY! NO INTERVENTION IN MEXICO! HANDS OFF CHINA!

AL SMITH AND JIMMY WALKER PRAISE 'RIGHTS'

Left Wingers in Unions Are "Un-American"

By GORDON CASCADEN (Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 12.—Labor's enemies are fast uniting in their war on militant New York labor, the political heads of this state and city being the latest foes to openly declare themselves as ready to do the bidding of their capitalist masters.

"Un-American."
Declaring that all left-wing labor forces are "un-American" and "un-patriotic," Governor "Al" Smith and Mayor "Jimmie" Walker joined William L. De Bost, president of the New York state chamber of commerce, in praising the generalship of Henry H. Finder, for two and one-half years president of the Industrial Council of Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers, Inc.

The occasion was a banquet in honor of the anti-labor head of the cloak manufacturers, held at the Hotel Plaza, and attended by 500 pronounced enemies of organized labor. Various speakers sounded the praises of the general who fought progressive labor thru alliance with reactionary labor groups.

"Smith for President."
Governor Smith, who has been selected by the Knights of Columbus wing of the democrat party to enter the contest for the presidential nomination of that party, explained the labor plank of the presidential program of the K. of C.

This program, it is expected, will rally all the reactionary forces of the American Federation of Labor machine to the Smith bandwagon.

"Pressure of public business during the legislative session prevents my attending the dinner in honor of your president, Mr. Henry H. Finder," Governor Smith declared in a letter read at the banquet.

"I regret this all the more keenly as the problems of your industry are not unfamiliar to me, and as I have first hand knowledge of Mr. Finder's courageous and sound leadership.

Appreciates Strike-Breakers.
"I wish I could express in his presence my appreciation for his efforts to avert, and later to settle the recent strike—case of the costliest and longest in the history of your industry.

"Enlightened leaders realize that avoidable industrial warfare is wasteful and profitless to employers and brings suffering and misery to the workers and their families.

"Responsible leaders of the American labor movement have always shown a willingness to sit around a table with their employers to achieve their just demands by peaceful negotiation before they resort to a strike.

"Mediation."
"A labor leadership which discourages mediation and voluntary arbitration and which refuses to recognize the interest of the public in industrial disputes is short-sighted, and when it concerns itself primarily with warfare, and characterizes the public

SECRETARY OF "YOUNG ASIA" SENDS COMPLIMENTS TO DAILY WORKER FOR ITS DEFENSE OF OPPRESSED PEOPLES

ALTHOUGH not having the honor of being a member of the Workers Party of America, to whose service THE DAILY WORKER is faithfully devoted, I take great pride in congratulating you upon the fourth birthday of your great paper. As a reader, a subscriber, and a student of international politics, I must express my sincere gratitude to you for providing me with news and information that are not distorted by venal imperialist bias and special articles that do not bear the foul smell of "imperialist apologies." As a native of an oppressed nation in the East, I think I am muttering the sentiment of the majority of the oppressed peoples of Asia when I say, without hesitation, that every sincere anti-imperialist is indebted to THE DAILY WORKER for the militant attitude it has maintained and for the splendid work it has done in the three years of its existence.

Every morning, my mind often disturbed by the reading of the Chicago Tribune the night before, I have eagerly awaited THE DAILY WORKER. Like a summer shower, it invariably refreshes my intellect and immediately brings me back to my senses. I am not flattering THE DAILY WORKER because I know it needs no flatterer. I am simply expressing my sincerest convictions and sentiments about your paper. I think it is answering a definite demand and that it does not boast of being "the world's greatest newspaper," I believe it is FIGHTING FOR THE CAUSE AND SUPPORTING THE VITAL INTERESTS OF THE MAJORITY OF THE PEOPLE ON EARTH. From the nature of the paper I can judge that it is not merely American but INTERNATIONAL IN SCOPE. It truly BEARS A WORLD INTEREST and every conscious member of the oppressed class should contribute to its support and should be benefited by it. I am confident that as long as the cause for its existence remains, THE DAILY WORKER has a mission to fulfill. Therefore, allow me to extend my hearty greetings on its fourth birthday and, with a thankful heart, permit me to assure you that conscientious representatives of the oppressed nations of the East are as earnest supporters of THE DAILY WORKER as the most militant element of the American proletariat!

Fraternally yours,
CH'AO-TING CHI, General Secretary, "Young Asia."

Interest as 'class collaboration' it is un-American."

Walker Echoes.
Mayor Walker echoed Governor Smith's sentiments about the "un-American" attitude of left wing labor leaders, which the president of the state chamber of commerce and various anti-labor leaders applauded. Nor are New York state and city politicians and anti-labor leaders the only publicists attacking left-wing labor.

"Yellow" socialists and reactionary craft union bureaucrats, as a matter of course, denounce every labor group favoring a solid labor front in the class war.

Bedfellows.
So do capitalist newspapers, such "liberal" publications as the New York World and the "fair" New York Times carrying editorial denunciations under the cloak of "news" stories.

"The extreme "right" capitalist press joins the A. F. of L. bureaucrats in their campaign against progressive unionism.

The New York Commercial, recently consolidated with the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, devoted one of its last editorials to an attack on the left wing and an eulogy of the right wing leadership of labor unions.

Slight Quake in Kansas.
M'PHERSON, Kan., Jan. 12.—Residents of this city and farmers reported a slight earthquake shock was felt today. A keystone over an arched window in a stone building dropped out of place to the sidewalk in the business section of town. No other damage was reported.

"Ma" Pardons 32 More.
AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. 12.—Governor Miriam A. Ferguson today ran her clemency total for her two year term to 3,190 by announcing 32 full pardons.

CHICAGO FOREIGN-BORN CONFERENCE SCORES SUCCESS

More Than 100 Labor Bodies Represented

Representatives from over 100 trade unions and fraternal organizations attended a conference called by the Chicago Council for the Protection of Foreign-Born at Machinists' Hall, 113 S. Ashland Blvd., to protest the anti-alien bills now pending in congress and likely to come up any day. Plans were laid to conduct a permanent campaign against any legislation threatening the welfare of foreign-born residents in the United States.

Hit Aswell Bill.
Delegates branded the Aswell bill which calls for the registration of all aliens living in the United States as an attempt to crush the organized labor movement and as part of an "open shop" campaign sponsored by the National Manufacturers' Association and advocated by Elbert H. Gary and other large business interests in the country.

Also Holaday Bill.
The conference was unanimous in attacking the new voluntary registration bill offered by Representative Holaday from Illinois at this session and the argument advanced by Holaday that thru this means the 8,000,000 aliens living in this country would be assisted to become citizens as only a sugar coating of the pill, the Aswell bill, which has been consistently fought by labor. They are determined to get this poison of police espionage into our system of government. This is only another version of their persistence to push these measures thru, the organizer of the Council told the delegates.

Elect Committees.
Committees were elected to conduct agitation work thruout the labor movement to rally members of organized labor in Chicago in the opposition against these measures. It was declared at the meeting that passage of the Aswell bill will be attempted at any time and immediate action on the part of labor organizations was urged.

Resolutions were adopted and copies were sent to all Illinois congressmen. Action was also taken in appreciation of the favorable stand adopted by the Chicago Federation of Labor in support of this campaign. Meetings of the conference will be held once a month. Part of the work of the council is to aid aliens to become naturalized. Clarence Darrow, Chicago attorney, is legal adviser of the council.

Mass 15,000 Troops on Mexican Border

(Continued from page 1)
Arizona—1st battalion of the 25th infantry.
Fort Huachuca, Arizona—10th cavalry, commanded by Colonel L. C. Scherer; 700 men.
Camp Stevens D. Little, Nogales, Arizona—25th infantry, commanded by Colonel Andrew J. Daugherty; 700 men.

Troops in the 9th corps area available in an emergency include 600 men of the 11th cavalry, stationed at Presidio, Calif., and commanded by Colonel Leon B. Kroner, and 800 men of the 4th and 13th cavalry regiments and the 76th field artillery, stationed at Fort D. R. Russell, Cheyenne, Wyoming.

Air Corps Ready.
These troops are augmented by the usual auxiliary units such as headquarters companies, quartermaster detachments, medical units, machine gun squadrons, etc. In addition the aid corps has machines and pilots at Fort Brown and Fort Clark as well as at the various flying fields in Texas and other southern states. Another force that could be called upon in an emergency is the army's "good will" fliers who recently started on a South American air voyage. These airmen were reported today as being in Salvador, Central America.

Breathe the Spirit of Class Struggle Into the Opposition to "the War"

By J. LOUIS ENGD AHL.

OPPOSITION to the imperialist aggressions of Wall Street's government at Washington against the peoples of Latin-America comes from certain well-defined sources. It is no accident that Huddleston and Heflin, of Alabama; Caraway, of Arkansas, and other "southerners" in congress are in the lead of the fight against the "war policies" of the Coolidge-Mellon administration.

"The South" is far divorced from the great banking centers of New York, Philadelphia and Chicago. It has no great war munitions producing industries. It is not drawn strongly into the imperialist current. It wants a foreign market for its surplus cotton crop, to be sure, but it turns a cold shoulder on Wall Street's financial conquest of Latin-America.

This is quite a change from the days ante-dating the Civil War when "The South" directed its land-hungry gaze toward the West Indies and South America as possible new slave territory. The protestant South is not interested today in the religious phase of the Wall Street-catholic attack on Mexico. Oil and rubber passes it by, as well as Mexican land laws hostile to alien profiteers.

It was different, however, when the slave-holding South, in control of the national government at Washington, launched an unprovoked war against Mexico to force the annexation of Texas and a large extent of other territory. But the bounds of possible expansion were soon reached on continental America. Even much of the land taken from Mexico was closed to chattel slavery by the encroachments of the wage labor society of the north.

It was then that the chattel slave oligarchy in desperation turned to the tropical countries and islands further south. The southern statesmen talked in Napoleonic terms of a "manifest destiny" that was driving them on to the possession of Cuba and the Valley of the Amazon. DeBow's Review, Vol. XVII, p. 280, contains a report of a convention held at Memphis, Tenn., in 1853, where a long resolution on the opening of the Amazon was adopted, beginning as follows:
"Resolved, That the interests of commerce, the cause of civilization, and the mandates of high heaven, require the Atlantic slopes of South America to be subdued and replenished."

Thus envious eyes turned toward Cuba at this time, and the descriptions of the atrocities of Spanish rule in that island, according to A. M. Simons, "Social Forces in American History," read very much like the writings which appeared upon that same subject almost 50 years later, when Northern capitalism was, in its turn, struggling for expansion and launched forth on the imperialistic adventure known as the Spanish-American War.

Today, however, the South is not much concerned with Wall Street's "manifest destiny" as the financial kaiser of the world and Huddleston, Heflin and Caraway make their anti-war speeches knowing that they will not be opposed at home. Of course, when war actually breaks they will be out selling "liberty bonds" along with the rest. Such is their loyalty to capitalism.

Farmers are inherently anti-imperialist. They look on the international bankers as their enemies. It is easy, therefore, for Sen. Wheeler, (democrat of Montana) professing belief in the destiny of capitalism, to make anti-war speeches, thus catering to the farmers and main-

taining opposition to the republicans. Wheeler was in opposition, to some extent, to the world war. Sen. Norris (republican of Nebraska) responds in the same way to the agricultural interests of his state, that are concerned more with selling wheat and corn than with the protection of "vested interests" in Latin-America.

The playing of politics within the old parties, however, can be seen as an effective gag on the war opposition in congress.

Senator Borah (republican of Idaho) seems to have hamstrung his usual anti-imperialist attack with his presidential ambitions, now being nursed again in anticipation of next year's elections. He cannot get the treasured nomination without some assistance from the moneyed East.

The LaFollette group has been basking for a few weeks now in the warm sunshine of Wall Street's "Old Guard" and seems to like it. No one has heard any great cry against the threatening war from Senators Frazier and Nye, of North Dakota; from the farmer-labor senator, Hendrik Shipsted, of Minnesota; from Senator LaFollette, of Wisconsin. They have all been strangely silent; silenced, it seems, with favors either already delivered or hoped for.

Laurence Todd, the Federated Press representative at Washington, points out that, "When Senator Shipsted of Minnesota, farmer-labor, member of the committee on foreign affairs, said he had been unable to get information as to why the armed expedition (against Nicaragua) was sent, or where it was to lead the country to, Senator Copeland (democrat of New York) suggested that since Shipsted had been eating breakfast at the White House he ought to inquire there. Shipsted replied that he had gathered no information from the president at these meetings."

Nevertheless, Shipsted seems to lean much closer to the White House than he does toward the workers and farmers of Minnesota.

The large foreign-born populations thru all the middle western states, in addition to the fact that they are agricultural states, made American entrance into the world war extremely unpopular among them. The elder LaFollette was the leader of this opposition until he was threatened with expulsion from the senate. Then he pulled in his horns sufficiently to hold his seat. The younger LaFollette evidently does not intend even to run the risk of being thrown out of the senate.

Victor L. Berger, the socialist congressman from Milwaukee, is also very much mum. Berger has looked on with approval at past interventions in Mexico. He has taken the position that Wall Street imperialism's conquest of Mexico and the other Latin-American countries would hasten the development of capitalism in these countries and thus better prepare the soil for the particular brand of socialism that he espouses. It is on the same theory that socialists fight the Communist effort to establish socialism in the Soviet Union, claiming that "Russia is not yet ready for it. Russia must first pass thru the capitalist stage of development." The situation is complicated for Berger, however, by the fact that the Hillquit-Cahan section of the socialist party hails the Calles government in Mexico as a socialist regime. Therefore, Berger is in a dilemma.

The mere fact that voices are indicated that there are broad sections of the population opposed to the war. The opposition must be deepened and broadened. The Wheeler-Huddleston demand for the withdrawal of Wall Street's battle-ship armada from Nicaragua must be supported. If war comes, the war opposition in congress will be quickly submerged by a jingo wave of flag-waving hysteria. But the opposition, weak as it is and while it lasts, offers an opportunity to carry the anti-war message to broad masses of the American workers and farmers.

The most advanced section of this struggle against the imperialist war will crystallize itself about the unwavering Communist opposition, that not only opposes war, but enters into death grips with war-breeding imperialism itself, struggling for its abolition. Communists foster the working class war against the imperialist war. Communists breathe this spirit into every opposition that is raised against the imperialist slaughter.

Join the war against the imperialist war.



Saturday, January 15

THE next issue of The New Magazine will be a special anti-imperialist number in connection with the observation of the third anniversary of Lenin's death.

THE Communists do not observe the anniversaries of outstanding figures in the revolutionary movement merely by delivering eulogies of their service to the working class as is customary with sectarian worshippers of dead words.

LENIN, the greatest revolutionary leader that the subject masses produced in all history, was the first to scorn the academic phrase mongers and platform strutters who loved to show off their erudition to the masses, but would not for the world take advantage of the occasion to enthrone the masses for renewed activities against the capitalist class and help to organize them for the battle.

LENIN was a man of action as well as a master theorist, the strategist as well as the organizer. He caught the last historical wriggle of capitalism on the point of his pen and turned the ray of his powerful intellect on it. His analysis of capitalist-imperialism is one of the many services he rendered to the working class.

IT is fitting that on the third anniversary of Lenin's death THE DAILY WORKER, organ of the American section of the international party of labor that Lenin organized, should focus the attention of the American workers on the operation of world imperialism, in China, in South America and all over the earth.

THE next issue of The New Magazine will contain articles on Imperialism in Action, explained with the key provided by Lenin. Among the writers who will appear in the next issue are C. E. Ruthenberg, Max Bedacht, Manuel Gomez, Thurber Lewis, Max Shachtman, John Williamson, T. J. O'Flaherty, and others.

Special Feature

WE ARE FORTUNATE IN SECURING A REPORT OF A SPEECH DELIVERED BY JOSEPH STALIN, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION, BEFORE THE CHINESE COMMISSION OF THE LAST SESSION OF THE EXECUTIVE OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL ON THE SUBJECT OF THE CHINESE REVOLUTION.

IN addition to articles, our poets and artists will be on the job, each one driving a nail in his own way into capitalism's coffin. Put power behind the hammer by subscribing to The New Magazine.

Gary Workers to Hear Lecture on Events in China on Jan. 16

GARY, Ind., Jan. 12.—"What is Happening in China?" will be the subject for a lecture at the Gary Labor Temple on Jan. 16, under the auspices of the Gary Workers' Co-operative Restaurant. Chao Ting Chi, a Chinese student at the University of Chicago who is well qualified to speak on the Chinese situation, will give the lecture. Admission is free. This is one of a series of the co-operative. The organization is grateful to the management of the Gary Labor Temple for the use of the building.

Sixty-five Below.
MOSCOW, Jan. 12.—Twenty persons were frozen to death today at Turkhansk, Siberia, during an unusually cold wave sweeping that section. The thermometer registered 65 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit.

GREETINGS FROM STREET NUCLEUS TWO Oakland, Cal. to THE DAILY WORKER on its Third Birthday.

SCRANTON, ATTENTION! DAILY WORKER ANNIVERSARY SUPPER SUNDAY, JANUARY 16, 1927, AT 7 P. M. M. Grudis' "Rench Roop" Hall, 1610 Washburn St., Hyde Park. Admission \$1, Children 50c. All profit to The Daily Worker.

(Continued from page 1) amount of tax due, it was necessary to fix the 1913 value, as the difference between this figure, and the price at which the stockholders sold their shares to Henry Ford, represents the amount on which the taxes were computed. The figure set in 1913 was declared unfair by a subsequent regime in the bureau of internal revenue, almost five years later. Should the government's contention be sustained, that a commissioner of internal revenue can set aside the acts of his predecessors, and levy additional assessments, Mr. Davies declared "there would be no security in either business or property rights of the citizens of this government."

Philadelphia! A historical struggle in a motion picture. See 'THE PASSAIC TEXTILE STRIKE' A stirring, thrilling, thought-provoking movie of a great battle. Saturday, January 15 at MOOSE HALL, Broad and Thompson St. ALBERT WEISBORD Will Speak. Two Shows—7 and 9 P. M. Admission 50 Cents.

Greetings to THE DAILY WORKER as it starts its third year of service to the working class. From the Business and Editorial Staffs.

CARPENTERS IN 'FRISCO STILL OUT ON STRIKE

Contractors Determined to Wreck Union

By HOWARD HARLAN (Worker Correspondent)

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 12. — The carpenters' strike in San Francisco is not yet settled, nor is there any likelihood that such a consummation is to be attained soon. Since the first of April the strike has been on. The open or closed shop was the issue. Contractors have been almost unanimous in declaring the union shop to be "anti-American," and have repeatedly expressed an intention of securing its abolition.

The carpenters hold that the "American plan" is un-American, and that they must be given the right to organize the job for their own protection.

Fight All Summer.

All summer the contending forces have striven for victory. Many men were hurt, buildings ransacked, court cases held, and injunctions sought for and obtained, but no decisive step was taken to win the fight.

Just before Christmas, however, we were informed through the daily press that a big change was imminent. The spirit of peace was abroad in the land. It hovered over the hearts of our contractors to such a degree that they extended an invitation to the journeymen to meet them with industrial peace as the goal and aim. They met and talked the issue over but the spirit of peace was woefully lacking when the time for action arrived.

"Peace"—With Open Shop.

When the two factions met the representatives of the industrial association announced that the basis for an agreement must be that the open shop, or American plan, was here to stay. If the men would grant this, then peace, blessed peace, would surely prevail.

Fight Still On.

The union men who worked for more than nine months for the sole purpose of destroying the open shop move, could scarcely be expected to agree to such a proposal. They vehemently voiced their objections and the result is that the fight is still on. Industrial tranquility is a long way off.

"Important" Statement to Be Made by Smith Soon on Senate Plan

"Colonel Frank L. Smith will have a statement of interest to make about the middle of the week," former Rep. Allen F. Moore, (R) of Monticello, who managed Smith's senatorial campaign, declared here.

"Colonel Smith," said Moore, "is in conference at Dwight going over matters involved in his fight for his senate seat."

Cornelius J. Doyle, attorney, who spent several days in Washington sounding out sentiment on how the senate would vote if Smith demanded his seat, was giving Smith a bird's eye view of the situation, according to Moore. Only 29 senators would vote for him, Doyle told him.

SCOTT NEARING TELLS DAILY WORKER READERS WHY LABOR SHOULD FIGHT FOR SACCO AND VANZETTI RELEASE

By SCOTT NEARING.

Sacco and Vanzetti are in prison for the workers of the United States—for all of the workers, who will soon be called upon to defend themselves and their families against the disintegration of American capitalism. William Green, Matthew Woll and other leaders of the conservative labor movement are spending their time denouncing "Reds." They believe that the American workers can live well enough with things as they are in the United States.

But things never stay as they are. Thirty years ago some of the British workers were enjoying the same prosperity that is now so general among some of the more favored workers in the U. S. A. Fifteen years ago the workers of Germany were enjoying a like prosperity. And there, as well as here, their leaders were telling them to let well enough alone. "The present system is good enough for us," they insisted.

Perhaps, but the "present system" of 1895 in Britain and of 1910 in Germany is history in 1926. In both countries the workers are fighting the battles of their lives to hold their living standards above the starvation level. The workers in both of these countries relied on the "present system" to protect them. For their pains they got war and poverty.

The masses of workers in the United States are being assured that "all's well with the world." Business men say this. Labor leaders say it. Here and there some bold, far-seeing worker, looking beyond the immediate present, realizes the struggle that is ahead of the American masses. He tells them about this struggle, interferes with the "prosperity" chorus, and gets himself jailed on some frame-up charge or under some sedition law.

"Only another Red," comment the papers. But if the workers listened to what he was saying they would save themselves a peck of trouble. And if they do not listen and act, it is not only Sacco and Vanzetti, but thousands of others in the labor movement who must pay the price of neglect.

"A stitch in time saves nine." Sacco and Vanzetti tried to make their fellow workers take that stitch. They are paying the penalty of their courage and their far sightedness. Every worker in the United States should back them. They made the fight of the workers their fight. What less can the workers do than to stand by till both men are out of jail?

SMITH CAMPAIGN FOR PRESIDENT IS GIVEN START

NEW YORK, Jan. 12. — Gov. Al Smith's campaign for the democratic presidential nomination was definitely started when Senator-elect Robert F. Wagner announced at a dinner of the national democratic club that Smith would be a candidate. "Democrats of the state of New York present him to the nation," said Wagner.

Compared to Jefferson. In making the announcement he launched into general praise of the democratic party in New York, commending everyone from Smith down. Smith was described as "one man in the country today who stands out as a defender of democracy in the same manner as did Thomas Jefferson."

G. O. P. Attacks Him. While his own party was preparing to line the state up with Smith's presidential campaign, the republicans in the state legislature delivered a general attack on the governor's message to the state assembly.

Smith's stand on the water question, on the reorganization of the public service commission, and on tax reduction was flayed. The legislators claim Smith wants to shift the responsibility of a raise in street car fares on a state public service commission to evade the wrath of New York City. They also declare that his advocacy of a decrease in income taxes is impossible.

OHIO PAPER SEES RECOGNITION OF RUSSIA NEARING

ALLIANCE, Ohio, Jan. 12.—The Alliance Review in a leading editorial, "Our Relations with Russia" sees the opening of negotiations leading to recognition of the Soviet Union by the United States in the near future, and declares that necessity for recognition is becoming more and more apparent.

Discussion Stimulated. Commenting on reports that the U. S. state department has recently made overtures to the Soviet government, and relating that these reports were subsequently denied by the state department, the paper says, "The greater meaning of the rumors is that they promise to stimulate anew discussion of the prospects of Russo-American relations being adjusted on a basis mutually satisfactory to both nations."

Must Treat it Seriously. "The time is coming without question," says the editorial, "when a solution will be sought with seriousness." The solution referred to is that for the "three demands" made by the United States on Russia, claiming these must be satisfied before recognition. As given in the editorial they are restoration of American property; assumption of pre-revolution Russian obligations; cessation of "propaganda" in the U. S. The tone of the editorial is that the U. S. will modify these demands.

Talking to London Now 'Regular Thing'; Privacy Lack Bothers

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Trans-Atlantic telephone conversation between New York and London is now a matter of routine altho a luxury on account of the high toll charges—\$25 per minute. Nevertheless, the overseas phone service again was deluged with applications for London calls. Many wealthy English visitors were perfectly willing to pay the cost of hearing the voices of relatives or friends at home.

Radio "fans" on both sides of the Atlantic are interested in tuning in their instruments to pick up the wireless telephonic conversation. For this reason international financial and business firms, who promise to be the best customers are unable to use the telephones for conferences on deals requiring secrecy.

Scientists are now seeking to devise methods of keeping the talks secret.

Amendment Hitting Secret Prices for Live Stock Pushed

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12. — The Capper amendment to the packers and stockyards act, providing for federal control over private yards of packers was approved by the senate agriculture committee.

Why don't you write it up? It may be interesting to other workers. WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

GINSBERG'S
Vegetarian Restaurant
2324-26 Brooklyn Avenue,
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

JURY PROTECTION THREATENED BY ILLINOIS JUDGES

Would Take All Power of Selection

An attempt to rob trial defendants of what jury protection remains to them, under the guise of "simplification of judicial procedure" is seen in a recommendation made by 40 circuit and superior court judges of Illinois. Included in a number of suggestions for judicial reform, is the recommendation that the trial judge select the jury, eliminating the part now played by attorneys in jury selection.

Injunction Judge Behind It. Judge Dennis Sullivan, notorious injunction judge of chancery division of the superior court is one of the chief sponsors of the measure to make judges all-powerful in jury selection. In the announcement of the recommendation, Judge Sullivan is quoted: "The new rules may be regarded as advanced, but we are given the power to regulate the manner in which courts are to be run and intend to use it. The supreme court will, of course, have to pass on the legality of the rules," he said.

Danger to Workers. This move on the part of the judges, supported by the Chicago Bar Association, is seen as a means of making the Chicago courts more effective in crushing strikes. In order to gain justice when workers are arrested it has been necessary to demand a jury trial in each case. With the power of jury selection resting solely with the judge, juries, it is seen, will become ineffective to protect workers from anti-labor judges.

Brookhart Called 'Paid Lobbyist' for Woods, I. C. C. Appointee

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Senator-elect Smith W. Brookhart, the republican insurgent from Iowa, was charged in the senate today with being a "paid lobbyist" for Cyrus E. Woods, recently named by President Coolidge to the interstate commerce commission.

The charges were made by Senator Daniel F. Steck (D) who took Brookhart's senatorial seat away a year ago.

This caused an uproar in the senate, with Senator Reed (D) of Missouri, and Senator Reed (R) of Pennsylvania, demanding a senatorial investigation.

At a resumption of the hearing by the senate interstate commerce committee on Woods' appointment, Woods denied Steck's charges.

"They are absolutely false," said Woods. "I have not had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Brookhart and do not even know him. I have not employed any one to lobby in my behalf."

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Seek Million. A federal appropriation of \$1,000,000 would be sought to erect the institute's buildings. Annual meetings would bring together 200 representatives of agriculture, including representatives of farmer organizations, government departments and agriculture colleges and experiment stations.

Lumber Conservation Committee Urges Use of Discarded Shorts

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Means by which millions of dollars can be slashed from the \$2,000,000,000 annual bill for construction of small residences and farm buildings thru lumber conservation were outlined by the national committee on wood utilization.

The committee report advocated the utilization of short length lumber—under 8 feet—now generally discarded, as a method potentially offering a tremendous public saving.

Use of such lumber would produce three results, according to the committee:

Annual saving of about 7,300,000,000 feet of soft lumber; boost returns of lumber industry in the United States \$100,000,000 annually without increasing log cut; release millions of dollars investment capital for further home building.

PITTSBURGH—The Pittsburgh Deposit and Title Company, believed to have been the only banking institution in Western Pennsylvania which paid 5 per cent on savings accounts, was closed today by the state banking department. Frozen assets was assigned as the cause.

The bank had capital stock listed at \$125,000, with assets of \$1,231,898.40.

OLD FORD THEATER MAY BE MADE INTO MUSEUM TO KEEP LINCOLN RELICS

WASHINGTON— Representative Rathbone (R) of Illinois announced that he would introduce a bill in congress making a museum of the old Ford Theater in Washington, where Abraham Lincoln was assassinated. Under his proposal the Oldroyd collection of Lincoln relics which congress purchased last year, would be placed in the museum together with other Lincoln relics.

INSTITUTE FOR AGRICULTURE IS PLAN OF SOLON

Political Bureau Not Dependable, He Says

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12. — Establishment of an American institute of agriculture with government aid at Kansas City, Mo., to consider a permanent solution of agriculture's ills is discussed by the house agriculture committee.

The plan, which was explained by Rep. Jacobstein (D) of New York, its sponsor, would not delay emergency legislation such as the McNary-Haugen bill, he said.

To Fight Bureaucracy. "We cannot depend on the department of agriculture," said Jacobstein. "For political reasons it is always too timid. We must not let a bureaucracy in Washington tell all the farmers what to do."

Objections were raised by committee members to any proposal which might delay the consideration of an emergency farm relief bill in the present session of congress.

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New York Workers!

Support the Struggle for Militant Trade Unionism!

Welcome The Daily Worker to New York!

COME TO THE

LENIN MEMORIAL MEETING



MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

50th Street and 8th Avenue.

Saturday Eve., January 22, 8 P. M.

<p>Speakers:</p> <p>C. E. RUTHENBERG Gen. Sec'y, Workers Party</p> <p>WM. Z. FOSTER Sec'y, T. U. E. L.</p> <p>SCOTT NEARING Writer and Lecturer</p> <p>J. LOUIS ENDAHL Editor, Daily Worker</p> <p>MOISSAYE J. OLCIN Editor, "The Hammer"</p> <p>WILLIAM WEINSTONE Sec'y, Workers Party Dist. 2</p>	<p>Musical Program:</p> <p>MISCHA MISHAKOFF Concertmaster, N. Y. Symphony</p> <p>IVAN VELIKANOFF Tenor, Musical Studio Moscow Art Theater.</p> <p>RUSSIAN MASTER SINGERS Vocal Quartette.</p> <p>FREIHEIT SINGING SOCIETY Chorus of 300 Voices.</p>
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ADMISSION: 50c, 75c, \$1.00

Tickets in advance at Workers Party headquarters, 108 E. 14th Street; Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 127 University Pl., and all party papers.

Auspices: Workers Party of America, District No. 2.

Greetings to THE DAILY WORKER
on Its Third Birthday

from

R. F. O'NEILL,
Summerfield, Ohio

The Ukrainian Singing Circle of Philadelphia

Greet THE DAILY WORKER on Its Third
Birthday Most Heartily.

The West Philadelphia Workers' Club

Sends Its Comradely Greetings on the Third
Birthday of THE DAILY WORKER.

BIRTHDAY GREETINGS

to

THE DAILY WORKER

from the

**Political Committee, Workers Party,
District Twelve.**

The Communist workers and sympathizers of the North-West extend the heartiest birthday greetings to the staunch champion of the interests of the workers and farmers of America, THE DAILY WORKER!

GREETINGS FROM PHILADELPHIA

THE UKRAINIAN FRACTION OF THE WORKERS PARTY.

THE UKRAINIAN WORKERS' CLUB.

THE UKRAINIAN SINGING SOCIETY.

Greetings to

The DAILY WORKER

ON ITS THIRD BIRTHDAY

E. G. BERGGREN

Chicago, Ill.

Philadelphia Freiheit Gesangs Verein

Greet THE DAILY WORKER
on Its Third Birthday

and wishes you success in your endeavors for the betterment of the workers the world over.

Greetings from **F. A. Wise**
Manager of Minneapolis Gasoline and Fuel Co.
Retail Station, 6th Ave. No. and Irving

to

THE DAILY WORKER
on Its Third Birthday.

THE DAILY WORKER

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J. LOUIS ENGDALH }
WILLIAM F. DUNNE }Editors
BERT MILLER }Business Manager

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290 Advertising rates on application.

Liberal Faith Is Unbounded

Because the new ruler of Japan donned a pair of pants when mounting the throne, the *Nation* hails the innovation as a further step in bringing the throne into harmony with the spirit of modern civilization. But perhaps the king's legs would not make a hit with the noble ladies who observed the ceremony! Certainly the change in the royal haberdashery will not put more rice in the Japanese worker's bowl or better tea in his cup, tho the *Nation* observes sagely that "it is difficult to worship a god who plays golf and talks to the common people."

The British royal family have survived for quite a number of generations even tho they have made a specialty of wearing the latest style in pants and drinking rum, wine and beer, yet even Oswald Garrison Villard thought it an honor to be entertained in Buckingham Palace by the present royal sot who occupies the throne.

Villard's paper notes in the same issue that the pope "has once more earned the gratitude of anti-fascists wherever they may be," simply because the pope would have his own boy scouts under his own control rather than under Mussolini's control. Which is no choice between two evils for the Italian people.

Again we are assured that the election of the wealthy aristocrat, Oswald Moseley, as a labor M. P. "is another triumph for that sort of fairness which we think of as being peculiarly British." What is British fairness? The kind practiced on the Egyptians, on the Chinese, on the Hindus and on the British miners! Moseley was elected because he ran on the labor party ticket in opposition to the conservative and liberal parties and because Smethwick is preponderantly working class. There was little fairness in the election campaign. The Tories hurled squalls of verbal mud at Moseley and called his wife everything short of a dissolute woman. The fairness to Moseley came from the working masses who were incensed against the government for its open sponsorship of the cause of the coal owners against the coal diggers.

This is plenty for the time being. What almost amazes us—if anything can—is the tendency on the part of people addicted to the reading of newspapers to consider liberal organs "reliable" whereas they regard the "intemperate" contents of radical organs with suspicion.

The explanation of the phenomenon is that liberals are satisfied with the present social system as a system, but they would like to cover up the nether parts of their kings, knock "hell" out of their popes and induce the conflicting social classes to lie in one social bed.

Introducing Mr. Evarts

When Henry Ford declared that history is bunk he did not know what he was talking about.

Whoever discovered William M. Evarts did a good day's work for the American imperialists who are now riding roughshod over Nicaragua and threatening to invade Mexico.

Evarts was secretary of state in 1878 and then as now our ruling class burglars had their eyes on what they could grab from Mexico. It appears that the government of that day had nothing to learn in the way of tricks from the government of today. Now we have fairy tales of atrocities inflicted on American citizens in Mexico, yarns of gun-running into Nicaragua (which is entirely within Mexico's sovereign rights), then we had stories of cattle rustlers from Mexico crossing the American border.

The secretary of state declared that the first duty of government was the protection of life and property and said that the United States "is not solicitous, it never has been, about the methods or ways in which that protection shall be accomplished, whether by formal treaty stipulation or by formal convention, whether by the action of judicial tribunals or by that of military force. Protection in fact to American lives and property is the sole point upon which the United States is tenacious."

The *Chicago Tribune*, commenting on the exhumation of the Evarts note, chortled with pride over the redbloodedness of our diplomacy in those days and significantly remarked that the publication of the Evarts note by Coolidge was intended for Mexico, also that "the subsequent administration of Diaz gave Mexico and the United States their only long period of orderly relations."

What does this imply? It implies that the Washington administration is planning to plant a Mexican Diaz in Chapultepec Palace, the residence of the Mexican president, as it has planted another Diaz in the official residence of the president of Nicaragua.

There are no Mexican cattle rustlers whirling thru the plains of Texas today. The lives of American citizens are much safer in Mexico City, Tampico, or Vera Cruz than the lives of either American or Mexican citizens in New York, Chicago or Detroit. What Coolidge dug up the Evarts note for is to provide an excuse, no matter how flimsy for the conspiracy now about to be consummated against the Mexican people: to overthrow the present government and substitute for it another Diaz regime in alliance with the catholic church which would be the puppet of American imperialism and under which Mexico would be a milch cow for the Wall Street money barons.

Workers Weekly, British Communist Paper, Greet Daily on Birthday

THE WORKERS WEEKLY, the organ of the Communist Party of Great Britain, which has established such a splendid record in defense of the workers' interests in the recent bitterly fought miners' strike and the great general strike last May, has sent its heartiest greetings to THE DAILY WORKER on the occasion of the third birthday of our paper. It expresses the hope of being able soon to follow the example of THE DAILY WORKER and establish a workers' daily in Great Britain. The cable follows:

"Workers Weekly staff sends heartiest birthday greetings. We hope soon to follow your splendid example, establish workers' daily here.—WORKERS WEEKLY, London."

The Daily Worker and the Alarm

THURBER LEWIS.

TODAY took place the beginning of a new phase in the social struggle. Hitherto the revolutionary movement has been restricted to the better situated and the more intelligent German, Bohemian and Danish workmen. . . Since yesterday, this is no longer the case. Yesterday the typically American working-class carried the red flag thru the streets and there proclaimed its solidarity with the international proletariat.

This paragraph appeared in the issue of the Chicago Arbeiter-Zeitung following Thanksgiving Day, 1884, when Albert R. Parsons, the Chicago martyr, led 8,000 unemployed workers thru the streets of Chicago. In the two years that followed, until the ghastly Haymarket frame-up of '86 that spelled their death, Parsons, Fischer, Engel and Spies organized and led a movement of the working-class in Chicago and what was then the west, that caused the early industrial barons to shudder with fear.

THE organ of this group of revolutionists was The Alarm. This revolutionary weekly rallied the workers of Chicago behind the great 8-hour strike of 1886 in such great numbers that the bosses saw red. With The Alarm as their central organ, a little group of revolutionaries that started out with five members early in 1884 counted 2,000 members in Chicago alone in 1886. It required the rope and prison to put an end to their activity. After the death of the leaders, the movement dissolved and The Alarm perished.

The files of this extraordinary paper will remain forever dear to the working-class movement of America. It participated directly in the struggles of the workers and helped to lay the groundwork for the revolutionary movement that was to come.

THE Communist movement of today has inherited much of the spirit and tradition of the Chicago martyrs. Keeping pace with the rapid development of capitalism that Parsons could not foresee and adapting itself to the new conditions of struggle created by the epoch of imperialism, the Communist movement of today, so far as its program and outlook are concerned, has little in common with the "Black Internationalists" of the eighties. But the Communist movement maintains the battle on the same front and seeks to keep alive the devotion to the revolution and the working-class and the indomitable fighting qualities displayed by the Chicago pioneers.

And in the very measure that the Communist movement carries on with

the same uncompromising vigilance in the struggle against capitalism that was the outstanding trait of the Chicago martyrs, so does THE DAILY WORKER aspire to maintain the alert and unwavering devotion to the working-class and the militant defiance of its enemies that marked the two years of The Alarm. THE leadership that The Alarm gave to the embittered unemployed in 1884 and 1885 and to the strike of the workers of the McCormick Har-

vester Company that fused into the 8-hour struggle of 1886 is a model of working-class journalism that THE DAILY WORKER emulates. The big struggles of the workers in this present decade are yet to come. But during the three years existence of THE DAILY WORKER it has never failed to champion the cause of embattled workers everywhere. The strikes in the textile, mining, and needle trades industries of recent years have been the occasions for redoubled effort on

the part of THE DAILY WORKER to take its place in the front battle lines and to fulfill its mission as a militant fighter for the interests of the workers. THE Chicago Alarm was a source of inspiration to the fighting proletariat of the eighties as THE Chicago DAILY WORKER is a source of inspiration to the fighting proletariat of an epoch destined to complete the work so nobly furthered by the Haymarket victims.

THE THIRD BIRTHDAY



CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

(Continued from page 1)
were arrested and charged with the murder of a paymaster at Bridge-water, Massachusetts. Witnesses were purchased outright by the prosecution and the department of justice entered into a conspiracy with local officials to railroad Sacco and Vanzetti to the gallows. Their lives were saved—until now—by the splendid wave of labor solidarity that arose thruout the world. It should be stated however that the backbone of the fight to save those men was the radical wing of the labor movement. Outside of passing a few innocuous resolutions, the reactionaries did nothing and they are doing nothing now.

MASSACHUSETTS was once a citadel of organized labor. But there, as elsewhere, the soul has been burned out of it by the corrupt harpies of capitalism in the role of labor leaders, men who have sold their heritage for a mess of pottage, men who have been raised on the shoulders of the working-class to power and position only to kick the workers in the face for their pains. The labor officialdom of Massachusetts could force the lords of that state to release Sacco and Vanzetti within 24 hours, but they do not stir a finger.

IN the last congressional elections in Massachusetts the reactionary labor leaders were supporting on one side the mill magnate Butler, open shopper and hirer of stool-pigeons to spy on his employes, and on the other hand another gang of labor fakery lined up behind the tool of the fascist catholic church, David I. Walsh, the man who obeyed the dictates of Cardinal O'Connell on the question of child labor. What did a little thing like that mean to the corrupt labor officials who expected to be rewarded by a victorious candidate. Those are the men who are really responsible for the fact that Sacco and Vanzetti are behind prison bars.

IT has been stated and never successfully denied that a demonstration of workers in front of the American embassy in Petrograd (now Leningrad) first focussed public attention on the conspiracy to hang Tom Mooney. Those Russian workers looked on Tom Mooney as their brother in arms even tho they were separated by thousands of miles of land and water. Then the American workers took action, but did not exert one-tenth of their strength because they were blocked by the offic-

dom of the A. F. of L., who confined their aid to Mooney, to passing dignified resolutions and giving a few thousand dollars occasionally to the defense fund.

THE same policy has been followed in the Sacco and Vanzetti case. It is rather peculiar that a few petty bourgeois liberals who have fastened themselves on the Sacco and Vanzetti case should block every effort to organize the entire American working-class into a gigantic drive to free the doomed men. Yet this is the case. They seem to prefer to follow in the footsteps of the capitalist politicians and the gum shoes of A. F. of L. officialdom than do the most practical thing: do what has always made the American politicians sit up and take notice: arouse the masses. The attempt of those people, who sail under the canvas of anarchism, to prevent a united front to save the lives of Sacco and Vanzetti is nothing less than criminal and should be condemned by every worker regardless of political belief. This is no question to split theoretical hairs over. Everything to save those two lives must be done.

THE International Labor Defense has covered itself with credit in the fight to save Sacco and Vanzetti. Throwing organizational pride to the four winds it stepped in and delivered its blows whenever it could, raising funds which it turned over to the small committee of liberals in Boston and working actively for a great mass conference that would mobilize American labor and all sympathizers behind Sacco and Vanzetti. The socialists, anarchists and labor fakery who are blocking this movement are taking a serious responsibility on their shoulders. They are playing with the lives of two workers. In their mad desire to retain their hold on their jobs they are willing that two innocent victims of capitalism should run the risk of execution.

ON its third anniversary THE DAILY WORKER calls on its readers to use all their influence with all those they come in contact with to redouble their efforts from now on in this crusade, so that when our next anniversary comes around we will be able to send a message to our brothers, Sacco and Vanzetti in their homes, with their families and friends, rather than behind the gray walls of prison cells waiting for the invitation to walk to the lethal chair. Unity in the struggle to save Sacco and Vanzetti! Damn those who hinder the work!

WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT COMMUNISM?

A WORKER doesn't have to look over the field very long to come to the conclusion that there is only one movement in the United States that embodies the revolutionary spirit of the American proletariat, and that's the Communist movement.

The Workers (Communist) Party is not a very big party as parties go in the United States—but what other party in this country speaks for the militant and class-conscious worker? Whatever the size of the party at this time, its influence and prestige are much bigger because it is the only revolutionary party and is a part of the international Communist movement.

There is no worker whose consciousness of the class struggle and realization of the historic role of the proletariat as the destroyer of capitalist exploitation who can afford not to know about Communism. To Chicago workers an opportunity presents itself to learn about the movement at first hand.

THE CHICAGO WORKERS' SCHOOL which opens its classes next month for all workers who wish to enroll, contains a course entitled "The Elements of Political Education." It will be conducted by a competent student of the Communist movement, William Simons, and involves a study of the fundamentals of the revolutionary working class movement whose founders were Karl Marx and Frederick Engels, and whose theory and practice was brought to successful realization by the Communist Party of Russia under the leadership of the great revolutionary, Nicolai Lenin.

The school makes a special appeal to interested workers who are not members of the Workers Party, altho party members are urged to avail themselves of the opportunity to become better grounded in the principles and functions of their movement.

Other courses that will be given by the school covering various phases of the labor movement will be reviewed later. Enrollments for the class in the "Elements of Communism" will be received at the Workers' School headquarters, 19 So. Lincoln Street. A mass assembly of students and instructors in all courses will be held on Jan. 31. The hall will be announced later.

Begin Preparations for Tenth Soviet Anniversary; Amnesty Committee Chosen

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW—(Tass).—Preparations for the tenth anniversary of the Soviet revolution have already been begun. According to the Pravda the special commission in charge of this work has met under the chairmanship of M. Kalinin, the president of the Central Executive Committee. It was decided to organize and set up several sub-commissions to take care of various special matters. Among these sub-commissions there is one on general amnesty under the chairmanship of Enukidze, secretary of the Central Executive Committee. Kursky, people's commissar for justice, has also been invited to be a member of this sub-committee.

N. Y. Conference Dinner Friday

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK.—All the most progressive elements of the New York labor movement are expected to attend THE DAILY WORKER Conference Dinner at Yorkville Casino this Friday, January 14th at 7 p. m. where the final plans for the launching of THE DAILY WORKER in New York will be made.

Among the speakers will be Scott Nearing, Rose Wortis, Ben Gold, Ben Gitlow, Joseph Brodsky will act as chairman and toastmaster. There will also be a good musical program by the "Lyra" Mandolin Sextet and some classic selections by the world's foremost accordionist Frosini. Those planning to attend should notify THE DAILY WORKER Eastern Agency, 103 East 14th street by Thursday night.



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IV

The newspapers announced a social event of the first importance, the engagement of Miss Alberta Ross, only daughter of Mr. J. Arnold Ross, to Mr. Eldon Burdick, a scion of one of the oldest families of the city, and recently chosen president of the California Defense League. A few days later came the announcement that Mr. Burdick had been appointed a secretary to the American embassy at Paris; and so the wedding was a state occasion, with more flowers than were ever seen in a church before, and Bunny all dolled up for a groomsmen, and Dad looking as handsome as the ringmaster of a circus, and Aunt Emma, who considered that she had made this match, assuming the mental position of the bride's mother, with the proper uncertain expression, half elation and half tears. "Mrs. Emma Ross, aunt of the bride, wore pink satin embroidered in pastel colored beads and carried pink lilies"—thus the newspapers, which set forth the importance of the Burdick family, and all about the Ross millions, and never mentioned that the father of the bride had once been a mule-driver, nor even that he had kept a general store at Queen Center, California!

And when the excitement was all over and bride and groom had set out for their post of duty, then a funny thing happened; Aunt Emma, uplifted by her success as match-maker, turned her arts upon Bunny! The occasion was the world premier of "The Princess of Patchouli," a sort of family event. Had not they been present at the inception of this sumptuous work of art? Had not Dad been king? By golly, he had, and he had told Aunt Emma about it at least a dozen times—and so, what more natural than that he should escort her upon his arm, following immediately behind the star of the occasion and her Bunny-rabbit? And what more natural than that Aunt Emma should meet Vee Tracy, and fall in love with her at first sight, and tell her darling nephew about her feelings?

In short, Bunny became aware that he was being manipulated by the proverbial tact of woman to think that Vee Tracy made a perfect princess on the screen, she was a natural-born aristocrat in both appearance and manner. It is part of the proverbial intuitive powers of woman, that she will be able to say exactly how an aristocrat will look and act, even though she has never been outside the state of California, and never laid eyes upon a single aristocrat in all her fifty years.

Bunny said, yes, Vee was all right; she was a good-looker. With the proverbial unresponsiveness of the selfish male, he did not warm up to his aunt's hints and tell about his love affair. In fact, he was rather shocked, because he thought she was too old to know about anything improper. So Aunt Emma had to come right out with it, "Why don't you marry her, Bunny?"

"Well, but Aunt Emma, I don't know that she'd have me."

"Have you ever asked her?"

"Well, I've sort of hinted around."

"Well, you stop hinting and ask her plain. She's a lovely girl, and you're getting old enough to be serious now, and I think it would make a very distinguished marriage, and I know it would please your father—I believe he'll propose to her himself if you don't." Aunt Emma was quite charmed with this naughtiness, giving the younger generation to understand that they needn't be laying the old folks away on the shelf quite yet!

Bunny always liked to oblige; so he went off and thought it over and half made up his mind to talk it over with Vee. But alas, the next time they met they got into one of those disputes that were making it so hard for them to be happy. Vee had just come from Annabelle Ames and reported that Annabelle was in distress, because some rascal journalist was writing letters from Washington, accusing Verne of having bought the presidency of the United States, denouncing the Sunnyside lease as the greatest steal of the century and demanding that Verne be prosecuted for bribery. Some thoughtful friend had cut out a copy of this printed article and marked it all with red pencil and mailed it to Annabelle's home, marked "Personal." The article was most abusive and the name of the writer sounded familiar to Vee—Daniel Webster Irving, where had she heard of Daniel Webster Irving? Of course Bunny had to tell her at once—because she'd be bound to find it out, and would think he was hiding it from her: "Dan Irving was his former teacher at the university and head of the labor college that had failed."

(Continued tomorrow.)

"The pen is mightier than the sword," provided you know how to use it. Come down and learn how in the worker correspondent's classes.