

# BLOODY FASCIST RULE NEARS END Coolidge Gives Support to Red-Baiting Week

## AS WE SEE IT By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

REAR Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, is running around the country deploring the alleged feminization of the United States. In other countries, says the admiral, toddling infants are collecting money for airships and battleships. Evidently, the admiral has not read the Chicago papers recently, else he would not be guilty of making such a serious charge against the manhood of the United States. Every capitalist sheet in this city looks like the official organ of a morgue. If bloodletting is an indication of masculinity, then, the bloodthirsty admiral can recruit all the "Americans," he wants from the windy city. Murder seems to be the favorite sport around here.

THE trouble with us, says the admiral, is that we are getting too fond of luxury. If this continues, the American people will not be able to fight for their manifest national destiny. How much Scotch the retired sea dog had in his stomach when he fumed about his favorite subject, i. e. murder, we do not know, but to prove that he was not so drunk that he did not know what he was talking about, he delivered himself of the following truism: "that the connection between religion and patriotism has ever been recognized." Precisely, worthy admiral, religion, crime, patriotism, fraud, have always maintained a very close relationship and are interdependent.

THE Milwaukee Leader, Victor Berger's mouthpiece, cannot forgive the workers and peasants of Russia for making a success of their revolution. The fact that Soviet Russia has compelled the capitalist governments of the world to recognize her power means nothing to the fossilized scribblers who pose as editors on the Leader. There would be many more Soviet Republics in the world today but for the treachery of the yellow socialists of Europe whose end the Leader is holding up here as best it can.

THE DAILY WORKER had a hunch that before long some patriotic American society for the defense of capitalism would move to break down the barriers against Emma Goldman's entrance to this country. Emma lived like a queen here, until some extra real-estate sapshead in the immigration department shipped her out as a dangerous proposition. As a matter of fact, she is a very willing supporter of the capitalist system. She did (Continued on Page 6.)

## Insull and Bankers Ignore City Council On Traction Matter

The city council, the poor relation of the city government, was ignored by Samuel Insull and his bankers when they failed to appear before the transportation committee and discuss municipally owned traction lines. Insull, Henry Blair, president of the Chicago surface lines, and Leonard Busby, president of the Chicago city railways company, were notified by the city council to appear Monday.

## INTERNATIONAL WORKERS' AID DONATES \$1,000 TO THE SACCO-VANZETTI FUND, MOSCOW CABLES

MOSCOW, Nov. 14.—The headquarters of the International Workers' Aid has contributed \$1,000 for the defense of Nicola Sacco and Bartholomeo Vanzetti, labor leaders who are threatened with death by the capitalist courts of Massachusetts.

"The world proletariat must raise its voice in defense of the unfortunate whom the American executioner—the employing class—again drags toward the electric chair," the proclamation of the International Workers' Aid states.

Sacco is now being held at Dedham jail, Massachusetts, and Vanzetti is in jail in Charlestown. Their only crime was in aiding the working class in strikes in Massachusetts. Their cases are now before the Massachusetts supreme court on a bill of exceptions which will probably not be passed on before March, 1925. Meanwhile Sacco and Vanzetti are held in prison for their offense against the exploiters of labor.

## HEAD OF CITY DETECTIVES WAS GUNMEN GUEST

### Police Lieutenants Help Honor O'Bannon

Unless chief of detectives Michael Hughes runs down the murderers of Dean O'Bannon, the latter's friends will feel that they extended their generosity to the wrong man.

The detective chief was one of the prominent police officers who attended the banquet in honor of O'Bannon given recently at the Webster Hotel. It appears that one of the prominent guests there besides O'Bannon was the local leader of the Motion Picture Operators' Union.

The business agent of the movie operators is always a valuable asset to the capitalist politicians. With the business agent properly "influenced," the pictures of the favored politicians can be flashed on the screens, and their opponents must depend on bill-posters.

Had Political Ambitions.

Dean O'Bannon wanted to become a political figure. It meant moving up another step on the underworld ladder. So he got his men to the top in the movie men's union. Hence the banquet.

Mayor Dever got another spear of moral indignation when he heard that his chief of detectives was an honored guest at the banquet and that several police lieutenants participated in the pretty ceremony of presenting the notorious murderer, O'Bannon, with a diamond studded watch. The mayor called on Morgan Collins, and Collins called on Hughes, with the result that the latter framed a neat little alibi.

Hughes declared that he went to the banquet because he was informed that several other big politicians would be there, but when he discovered that he was among a small army of murderers he took to his heels. But according to reliable information Hughes did not depart so hurriedly.

No Double Standard.

Anyhow, why is it a crime for Hughes to attend a banquet in honor of Dean O'Bannon's twenty-fifth murder, and not a crime for Mayor Dever, Robert E. Crowe, Morgan A. Collins, Francis X. Busch, and several judges to act as honorary pallbearers at the funeral of Michael Merlo, leader of the Italian gunmen, who are suspected of having laid O'Bannon low?

Perhaps our city officials may soon begin telling on each other. Merlo was head of the Uione Siciliana, and the not an official political figure, he was able to herd a considerable Italian vote into the democratic fold, and therefore the politicians did him honor. It was O'Bannon's sudden decision to shoo this vote into the republican corral and particularly into the Robert E. Crowe enclosure that is considered the most probable motive for his murder.

No Surprise.

In view of the relationship between the capitalist politicians, the judges, the state's attorney and the police, is it surprising that Chief of Detectives Michael Hughes should simply shrug his shoulders and declare it (Continued on Page 2.)

## WITHHOLD DECISION IN TRIAL OF PROGRESSIVE COAL MINERS IN PITTSBURGH DISTRICT ELECTION

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 14.—The board of the United Mine Workers of America officials, who have been trying to frame up on Local No. 1724 in order to get rid of the progressive miners' candidates by lifting the charter, has not yet rendered its "decision," altho the "trial" in which President Gresko and Secretary Pat H. Toohy were summoned took place last Monday at the district office.

Local No. 1724 is a radical local, and for years the officials have refused to come anywhere near the local. For example, if there was a case requiring business between the district officials and the local, the district officials always settled the matter over the telephone.

Don't Like Progressive Candidates.

This year, when Local 1724 nominated a list of progressive candidates for the district offices, the officials were over anxious to get something on the candidates or on the local so that either or both could be penalized and the progressive opposition outlawed by decree—their decree.

The mine has not been worked for over a year, and last January a traveling auditor examined the local's books and gave them a clean bill. On October 24 the books were audited again while the pit was still shut down. The charges against the local filed by Organizer Dobbins were dated Nov. 3. Thus the frameup arrangement is seen.

A Snooping Committee.

Several board members and organizers descended upon Canonsburg and buttonholed all the members they could get hold of, trying to get them to say that the local meeting, at which the progressive candidates were nominated, was not held at all—that the nominations were made at some alleged "illegal" meeting without the knowledge of the membership.

Almost everyone, fortunately, was either at the meeting or knew it was held in regular form. But the officials evidently had been working with one of their own kind in the local, and this fellow, the financial secretary, stated that he was not at the meeting and knew nothing of a meeting. This character furnished the officials an excuse upon which to base charges, recited in them to be based upon "information received."

Official Stool Pigeon a Liar.

On Monday President Gresko and Secretary Toohy accompanied by about half the membership of Local 1724, went to Pittsburgh for "trial" in the district office. These members came to testify that the meeting at which nominations were made had been attended by them and had been regularly called. Toohy had posted notices five days before the meeting and witnesses were on hand to prove that the financial secretary had been notified, and that in addition one notice had been posted on the telephone pole in front of this informer's house.

There were in the "trial" room: seven board members, Fagan, Hargett and Patton, president, secretary and vice-president, and several organizers and auditors. When they saw the cloud of witnesses, they evidently decided not to ask much about the alleged "illegal" meeting, but questioned Toohy for two hours about his membership, when he paid his dues, when he last worked, etc.

Financial Sec'y. Laid Frame-Up.

Toohy showed receipts that during the four months he worked in the summer, he paid his dues. Fagan looked at the report of the auditor, which stated that the local financial secretary had paid no tax to the district during the year, yet had applied for exoneration for the whole local while there were quite a few members paying dues which he did not enter in the records of the local.

These members all have receipts for their dues paid to the financial secretary. But Fagan hauled out the constitution and began like a lawyer to argue that the members of locals are responsible for anything which may befall their local, as though the members were to blame for the frameup the reactionaries' man, the financial secretary, had put over on the miners.

Like Duncan MacDonald Case.

This case is a parallel to that of Duncan MacDonald of the Illinois district, and the fact that Phil Murray was present indicates that there is a drive on to repress every sign of opposition by the progressive miners against the Lewis machine and the reactionary district officials.

It is clear that this prosecution is to keep two candidates of the progres-

## CAUTIOUS CAL BACKS TIGERT AND THE LEGION

### Proclamation Issued for Education Week

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—President Coolidge today issued his formal proclamation, designating the period from Nov. 17 to Nov. 26 as "American Education Week."

President Coolidge has thus officially endorsed the "red-baiting," militaristic tactics of J. J. Tigert, his commissioner of education.

Coolidge, by his proclamation, formally turns the schools of America over to the American Legion, allowing them to let loose their militaristic and labor-hating venom on the defenseless school children.

American education week is being handled by the American Legion, the National Security League, the National Education Association, and the United States bureau of education. The DAILY WORKER will continue to expose "education week" in the next issue of the DAILY WORKER, and will present the official program of the Workers' Party and the Young Workers' League toward the manufacturers' propaganda, which Coolidge has endorsed.

J. J. Tigert, who was appointed in charge of the U. S. bureau of education by the late President Harding because Harding liked Tigert's snappy stories, told in the little green house on K street, has long been a rabid upholder of anti-unionism. Tigert said in one of his speeches, "The increasing tendencies of the public schools to delve into economics and sociology comes perilously close to being radicalism. There is altogether too much preaching of these damnable doctrines of Bolshevism, anarchy, Communism, and socialism in this country today."

Urges "Ship or Shoot!"

"If I had it in my power I would not only imprison but would expatriate all advocates of these dangerous un-American doctrines. I would even execute every one of them and do it joyfully."

Tigert, who is in control of the public schools under the Coolidge administration, thus describes the teaching the science of political economy.

## THIRD PARTY ISSUE FACES THE A. F. OF L.

### Prepare Report for El Paso Convention

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 14.—A report setting forth the American Federation of Labor's political policy, which it is expected will deal specifically with the permanent third party proposed by Senator Robert M. La Follette, was being drawn up here this afternoon at the first meeting of the federation's executive council. The report will be submitted Monday at the first session of the federation's convention.

Open announcement that endorsement of the third party will be contested has been made by James O'Connell, president of the Metal Trades department, who in his annual address declared he was not convinced it would be wise for the Federation to offer support to the movement.

The metal trades group, holding its meetings prior to the general convention, elected these officers: President, George F. Herrick, Lafayette, Ind.; (Continued on Page 2.)

## 'YOUNG WORKER' IS AN AID TO ORGANIZATION DRIVE AT SEARS' PLANT

Several hundred copies of the Young Worker were sold yesterday at the gates of the Sears Roebuck plant by Young Workers' League members who are conducting a campaign to expose working conditions in the mail order houses.

Many of the young workers in the Sears Roebuck plant have given their names to the Young Workers' League newsie conducting the campaign, and have urged the formation of a union in the plant.

A pamphlet describing conditions in the mail order houses of the country is now being prepared by the League, and will be sold at the gates for five cents. The pamphlet to be sold to workers in the National Biscuit company, called "Who Makes Who Owns Nabisco," is now off the press and will soon be sold to the Young Workers in the National Biscuit factory.

Volunteers are wanted to help sell the DAILY WORKER Monday to employees of the mail order houses. All who can possibly aid the Young Workers' League in this work are asked to come to the corner of Kedzie (3200 West) and Arthington (900 South) on Monday at 4:30 p. m. A special story will appear in Monday's paper describing mail order conditions in Chicago.

## LABOR EDITOR ARRESTED FOR WRITING POEM

### Verses Urged Workers to Overthrow Capitalism

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
NEW YORK CITY, Nov. 14.—Failing to get action against the Countess Karolyi, Mr. S. Stanwood Menken, head of the National Security League, procured the arrest of John Lassen, editor of "Uj Elore," Hungarian Communist daily newspaper in New York on a charge of sending unmailable literature thru the mail.

Menken had originally asserted, without foundation, that there was a connection between "Uj Elore," and the countess and in the red expert's probing of the paper a poem was found in the issue of Oct. 5 last, written by Lassen and entitled "To Arms, to Arms."

It has a swing similar to the Marseilles and calls on the workers to capture and destroy capitalism, citing Coolidge, Horthy, the Hungarian tyrant and other rulers as objectives of the proletarian attack.

Released On Bail

Two post office inspectors made the arrest. Three other warrants were issued for other employees of the paper but two were quashed. George Trittler, business manager surrendered himself and was freed on \$1,000 bail, by Federal Commissioner Hitchcock. His case will be dropped, it is expected. Lassen is out on \$3,500 bail. He assumes full responsibility, having, written, and proof read the poem himself.

Attorney Joseph Brodsky is defending Lassen. The language used in the poem is that of poetic symbolism, the defense declares, the name of Coolidge having been used to typify the system for which he stands. A five year sentence and 5,000 fine is the maximum under the postal law.

Next Sunday Night and Every Sunday Night, the Open Forum.

## MUSSOLINI NOW SEES WORKERS' POWER GROWING

### Expect Dictatorship's End Within Few Days

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
ROME, Nov. 14.—The bloody rule of the Fascisti is drawing near its close. The workers are springing to arms, Fascist supporters are leaving the ranks of the Mussolini government by the hundreds.

There is only one question to be settled: Will power pass from the hands of the Fascist government, the open enemy of the workers, into the hands of the socialists or the liberals, the secret allies of the oppressors, or will the workers and peasants themselves overthrow the entire system and establish a government of their own?

Whatever the outcome, one thing is certain—the end of the Mussolini government is now a matter of days. In a last desperate effort to stem the tide of revolt, Fascist police are making wholesale arrests of Communists, and of the left-wing labor leaders. That these efforts are unavailing is proved by the huge mass meetings and demonstrations of workers taking place in every city.

A small band of Communists at Mesagne are ready to resist armed forces sent to destroy them in vengeance for their raids on Fascist headquarters.

Deputies Giolitti, Salandra and Orlando, up to now three of the staunchest supporters of the Fascist regime, have joined the opposition. Over half of the deputies have boycotted the parliament. Newspapers known as Fascist or near-Fascist organs are facing about and printing furious denunciations of the government. Another Fascist deputy, Cozenza, has met his death.

Premier Mussolini is at last silent. After all his boasting that the opposition could do nothing to prevent his continued rule, that he would "crush any attempt at revolt as he would crush a handful of dead leaves," he finds himself speechless before the storm of fury that the past few weeks have witnessed.

May Grant Reforms.

ROME, Italy.—In an effort to forestall the rising discontent with his reactionary dictatorship, Mussolini is preparing to make gestures by granting insignificant reforms, among which is a provision for administrative votes for women which he is going to submit to the reconvened parliament which is being boycotted by many of his former bourgeois and military supporters. He previously opposed all suffrage most bitterly.

The above cable showing the popular feeling against Mussolini is corroborated by the following story received from the DAILY WORKER correspondent at Milan, Italy, dated October 28, and sent by mail:

Today is being celebrated by the organized and armed White Guards of Italy, the Fascisti, in commemoration of the march on Rome and the seizure of power by the renegade socialist, Mussolini.

Knowing there would be some excitement of some kind, I went to the Duomo, the center of town, and found it fairly full of people who were waiting for a parade. Shortly before twelve it started, headed by the Fascist militia, armed to the teeth and packing quantities of medals and ribbons, these latter being reserved more for the officers than the men.

Fat Fascist Officers

About half the men wore ribbons, which designated service in the late (Continued on next page.)

## 2,000 WORKING CLASS FAMILIES MADE HOMELESS IN JERSEY CITY

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
JERSEY CITY, Nov. 14.—Fire, which raged thru five city blocks, destroying factories and tenements, injuring fifty and making 2,000 families homeless, was brought under control this afternoon after firemen had fought desperately for almost six hours to save the entire downtown industrial sec-

# COOLIDGE VOTE MILLIONS LESS THAN HARDING

## Figures Show Calvin's Strength Exaggerated

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Revised and virtually complete figures on the presidential election of 1924 today destroyed some of the popular illusions that were held by political observers prior to the vote of Nov. 4.

The popular vote, as now compiled, falls considerably short of the estimated 30,000,000 mark and will barely exceed the 26,000,000 mark established in the Harding-Cox fight four years ago.

These figures show that, despite the strenuous efforts to get out the vote, there are still millions of "vote slacks," in addition to those denied the vote.

Official returns from all states are still lacking, but the vote has been sufficiently tabulated to reveal some interesting facts about the election of 1924, which will be studied and pored over by the political historian of the future.

Davis Beat Cox—Downward. James M. Cox, generally hailed as the "worst beaten" candidate in democratic history, will have to yield to John W. Davis, despite the fact that President Coolidge ran considerably behind Harding. Davis carried one more state than Cox did, twelve against eleven, but he ran more than a million votes behind Cox in the popular vote.

Unofficial but fairly accurate totals for the 1924 election are: Coolidge, 14,100,000; Davis 8,000,000; La Follette 4,300,000.

The vote for minority tickets such as Workers (Communist) Party, prohibition, single tax, labor, American etc., will be necessary to bring the 1924 popular vote ahead of the 1920 figures.

On this basis of virtually complete tabulation it is shown that President Coolidge ran ahead of Harding in 17 states, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Vermont, Rhode Island, Wyoming, Florida and South Carolina.

Ran Behind Harding  
Coolidge ran behind Harding in 31 states, Arizona, Delaware, Georgia, Idaho, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Alabama, Arkansas, North Carolina, Virginia, New Mexico.

Davis ran ahead of Cox in 19 states, Georgia, Illinois, Iowa, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Texas, Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia and Utah.

Davis Behind Cox  
Davis ran behind Cox in 29 states, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Maine, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming and New Mexico.

LaFollette ran ahead of Coolidge in only one state: Wisconsin.  
He ran ahead of Davis in 11 states, California, Idaho, Minnesota, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

In most of these states, the combined total for LaFollette and Davis exceeded the Coolidge vote.

LaFollette Cut Into Davis  
There are many indications that LaFollette cut far more deeply into Davis than into Coolidge. This is particularly true of the border states and the western states.

Grant No Clemency.  
TOKIO.—Clemency was today regarded as unlikely in the case of Diakue Namba, sentenced to die for an attempt on the life of Crown Prince Hirohito. His execution will probably be carried out next Tuesday.

# ALMOST COMPLETE FIGURES OF RECENT ELECTIONS ARE ISSUED; COMMUNIST TOTALS NOT GIVEN

The following table, based on virtually complete, although unofficial returns, tells the story of the recent elections. This tabulation omits the minority parties. The national office of the Workers (Communist) Party is gathering its own returns from the various states.

State	Coolidge	Davis	LaFollette	Harding	Cox
Alabama	70,000	170,000	11,000	74,000	163,000
Arizona	25,000	21,000	14,000	37,000	30,000
Arkansas	49,000	116,000	18,000	71,000	107,000
California	706,000	104,000	415,000	624,000	229,000
Colorado	200,000	80,000	55,000	173,000	105,000
Connecticut	256,000	109,000	38,000	229,000	121,000
Delaware	52,000	33,000	5,000	53,000	40,000
Florida	47,000	105,000	11,000	45,000	90,000
Georgia	28,000	112,000	10,000	44,000	107,000
Idaho	34,000	12,000	26,000	89,000	45,000
Illinois	1,440,000	578,000	416,000	1,420,000	534,000
Indiana	690,000	495,000	65,000	700,000	510,000
Iowa	525,000	271,000	153,000	635,000	227,000
Kansas	385,000	148,000	92,000	369,000	185,000
Kentucky	383,000	365,000	35,000	452,000	456,000
Louisiana	17,000	53,000	4,000	38,000	87,000
Maine	138,000	55,000	11,000	136,000	58,000
Maryland	181,000	146,000	45,000	236,000	180,000
Massachusetts	701,000	280,000	142,000	681,000	275,000
Michigan	865,000	242,000	151,000	762,000	233,000
Minnesota	408,000	84,000	327,000	519,000	143,000
Mississippi	7,000	84,000	3,000	12,000	69,000
Missouri	875,000	500,000	63,000	727,000	574,000
Montana	70,000	31,000	55,000	109,000	57,000
Nebraska	205,000	132,000	96,000	247,000	119,000
Nevada	10,000	5,000	9,000	16,000	9,000
New Hampshire	100,000	57,000	8,000	95,000	62,000
New Jersey	673,000	296,000	111,000	611,000	258,000
New Mexico	39,000	37,000	7,000	97,000	46,000
New York	1,800,000	950,000	460,000	1,871,000	780,000
North Carolina	200,000	325,000	15,000	232,000	305,000
North Dakota	95,000	13,000	90,000	160,000	37,000
Ohio	1,150,000	470,000	346,000	1,180,000	780,000
Oklahoma	182,000	215,000	25,000	243,000	215,000
Oregon	122,000	57,000	58,000	143,000	80,000
Pennsylvania	1,300,000	385,000	265,000	1,218,000	500,000
Rhode Island	125,000	77,000	7,000	107,000	55,000
South Carolina	3,000	66,000	1,000	64,000	2,600
South Dakota	88,000	23,000	63,000	110,000	35,000
Tennessee	103,000	34,000	10,000	219,000	206,000
Texas	76,000	342,000	22,000	114,000	288,000
Utah	83,000	60,000	31,000	81,000	59,000
Vermont	30,000	16,000	5,000	68,000	20,000
Virginia	70,000	155,000	13,000	87,000	141,000
Washington	175,000	35,000	118,000	233,000	84,000
West Virginia	202,000	169,000	3,000	280,000	220,000
Wisconsin	264,000	60,000	366,000	498,000	113,000
Wyoming	40,000	13,000	25,000	35,000	17,000

# BIG FIRE IS STILL RAGING IN JERSEY CITY

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Nov. 14.—With fireboats playing streams of water on freight and coal yards of the Lehigh Valley railroad, endangered by fire and with help speeding to the city from half a dozen other municipalities, firemen of Jersey City fought with desperation this afternoon to check a conflagration which, after three hours, still raged beyond control to the north, east, and south threatening the entire downtown industrial district.

Hundreds Homeless.  
Damage done by the blaze has gone far into the millions, fire department officials said. Hundreds are homeless as virtually penniless. The frame dwellings in which they lived, with all their effects, were destroyed.

Thirty persons, most of them firemen, were in hospitals. Five great factories and warehouses were ravaged by flames and fear was expressed that the fire might spread to the great plant of Colgate & company, occupying two city blocks.

Reports that looters were active in deserted homes caused issuance of an order by chief of police, Richard T. Battersby, to "shoot to kill."

Flame Tipped Acid.  
A terrific explosion in the saltpetre refinery of Battelle & Renwick, started the fire. Police said they believed the factory workers escaped without injury.

series of explosions which splattered flame tipped acids far and wide shook the lower part of the city, felled firemen and drove crowds back for hundreds of feet.

Flames, attaining great height leaped across street intersections at three points while buildings in two square blocks burned fiercely, setting ablaze structures directly opposite.

The Saltpetre Works, the Richards Chemical company plant, the Hoppe Paper Box factory, the American Sugar Refining works and huge warehouses owned by Colgate and the Sugar company were among the buildings destroyed.

Have you heaved your brick?

# Head of Chicago Detectives Was Guest of Gunmen

(Continued from Page 1.)  
impossible to make any headway in running down the clues to the murder? The police department has plenty of stoolpigeons in the ranks of the gunmen. It is safe to say that nothing happens in the underworld unknown to the police. It is not too much to say that many things happen in the underworld that are made to happen by the police. The close relationship existing between Dean O'Bannon, State's Attorney Crowe and the police is proof of this.

Not so long ago Lieutenant Michael Grady, so-called "ace" of the detective bureau, was indicted with O'Bannon on charge of stealing booze from a government warehouse. According to statements of prohibition officers, Grady and a squad of detectives led O'Bannon's hijacking caravan and were prepared to shoot it out with any damned U. S. government prohibition agents that might happen along.

Grady was suspended as a result of this escapade, but the Hearst papers made such a vigorous fight for him that Mayor Dever and his chief of police were forced to reinstate him pending trial on the booze stealing charge with O'Bannon.

The gunmen are not doing any worrying about the police. As the DAILY WORKER already pointed out, the latter are useful to the employers during strikes and elections. There is no record of a gunman going to the gallows for murder. Robert E. Crowe does not make a grandstand play in the cases of gangsters, indicted for murder as he made in the Loeb-Leopold case. Why? It is almost unnecessary to answer. His political relations with O'Bannon, who, according to Chief of Police Collins, committed twenty-five murders, tell the tale.

Gunman Is Buried.  
O'Bannon was buried today. Thousands of dollars worth of flowers accompanied him to his grave. Hundreds of gunmen were there. The police were supposed to arrest gangsters carrying guns. But the O'Bannon's successor, Alterie, of the Janitors' Union, was surrounded by men with bulging pockets, there were no arrests.

Those who remember the energy displayed by the Chicago police during the strike of the Ladies' Garment Workers last spring in arresting pickets, may be surprised at their present inability to even get hold of a clew in the O'Bannon case. It is more than likely that many of the gunmen who helped to break the garment workers' strike are mixed up in this murder and neither Crowe nor the city police officials have any intention of "getting" them. The gunmen know too much.

Next Sunday Night and Every Sunday Night, the Open Forum.

# BLOODY FASCIST RULE IN ITALY IS NEARING END

(Continued from page 1)

trouble with Austria and also proved that Italy has her scissorblades as well as the U. S. The officers were easily distinguished from the men both by their uniforms and their weight. Most of them carried the extra poundage in front of them. In other words they were typical bourgeois business men.

The rank and file of the militia appeared to be recruited from the same element as our strikebreakers and gunmen of the U. S. They were hard-faced, tough-looking individuals who appeared ready for anything provided they were well paid for it and the risks weren't too great.

Following the militia came the young fellows of the movement, mostly kids around eighteen or under, who obviously showed their pleasure in belonging to an organization of cut-throats, a sort of modern way of playing pirate in a more realistic manner. Of course, they tried to look as ferocious as possible.

No Applause for Mussolini.

There was no applause as they passed and the whole atmosphere was one of a funeral rather than a celebration. After the parade the Fascist assembled in the piazza in front of the cathedral. In a very few minutes an automobile plowed its way through the crowd making the people jump for their lives and pulled up at the foot of the steps leading to the cathedral.

Out stepped Mussolini in a black shirt and about two pounds of medals on his manly breast, mounted the cathedral steps and made a short speech in which he lauded his accomplices for the gentle manner in which they had saved the bourgeoisie from the terrible Bolsheviks and the workers from getting an extra crust of bread a day. He then got down and was kissed by a number of his compatriots after which he made his escape.

Ominously Silent People.

There was cheering and waving of guns but the Milanese who were in the crowd took no part in it but remained, what seemed to me, rather ominously silent. An American who witnessed the same celebration last year said that this was in direct contrast to the way the crowd received the heroes then. The turning point was the murder of Matteotti and although he (Mussolini) may hang on to power another year or two, he and his organization are losing popularity day by day. However, he saved the hide of the bourgeoisie for a time and has therefore performed his mission.

# Third Party Issue Is Facing El Paso A. F. of L. Convention

(Continued from Page 1.)

A. M. Huddell, Chelsea, Mass., steam engineers; William J. McEarley, Cleveland, lathers; John J. Hynes, Washington, sheet metal workers; James P. Noonan, Washington, electrical workers; E. J. Given, Chicago, plasterers; secretary-treasurer, William J. Tracy, U. S. department of labor.

In a statement today Gompers declared that labor fared "almost phenomenally well" in the general elections. "In the face of the Coolidge landslide there were elected to the new house of representatives more members having labor's endorsement than are to be found in the present house."

That this means absolutely nothing can be seen from a survey of the activities of "union card" congressmen in previous houses, elected with the endorsement of "labor" on the democratic or republican ticket. It is a certain sign of the continued Gompersian asininity and attempts to befuddle and mislead the workers that he had the nerve to say that labor fared "almost phenomenally well," despite the tremendous Coolidge landslide, a guarantee of a black reactionary rule against the workers of America for the next four years.

The senile old faker adds insult to injury when he further states that the new congress "is not likely to pass any measure greatly detrimental to the interests of the workers." A statement of this sort made in the face of the appointment of Coolidge's manager, William M. Butler, to fill the place of the deceased blackguard, Lodge, is either to be classified as hopeless ignorance or knavishness. In the case of the doddering old man of the sea, it is probably the latter.

Membership meeting, Workers Party, Local Chicago, Thursday, Nov. 20, 1924, 8 p. m., at Imperial Hall, 2409 N. Halsted St.  
Order of business:  
1. Review of election campaign in Chicago and future tasks.  
2. Shop nuclei.

All other meetings cancelled. Meeting starts promptly at 8 p. m. Party and league comrades, be on time!

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

# Saturday Evening Post Takes Up Arms Against Recognition of Russia

By J. LOUIS ENGBAHL.

TODAY, the Chicago Tribune vehemently declares that "there must be no weakening in our policy under President Coolidge," on the question of Russian recognition.

This is only part of the tremendous outburst occasioned by the fact that even the Baldwin Tory government in Great Britain, haven of counter-revolutionary anti-Bolsheviks of every stripe, has been forced to announce that it will not change the policy of the deposed Labor Government in recognizing Soviet Russia.

There were plenty of the die-hards in Great Britain, especially in the Tory party. There are more of them, even in the United States trying to stave off inevitable assent to the fact that Soviet Rule in Russia is impregnable. England has its Curzons and Churchills. The United States has its Hughes, its Hoovers and its Gomperses.

But while the Tribune wails that, "We do contend that they (the Russians) will make more petty mischief than recognition is likely to be worth in trade," another powerful organ of American capitalism, the Saturday Evening Post, bases its opposition on entirely different grounds.

It uses up considerable space in the Nov. 15 issue of its two and a half million circulation, raising a cry against "The War on Capital" in Soviet Russia; a war that it claims is beginning to permeate American institutions.

The article ends with an appeal for those pillars of American capitalism—"free endeavor" and "initiative." It pleads, in the best style of the Russian emigres, those who supported the czarism and plot for its return, that capitalism be restored in Russia. The big cause of the hysteria is the admission that Soviet Rule, even under the New Economic Policy, instituted under the leadership of Nikolai Lenin, has been driving hard against the private profiteers in Russia, the Nepman, tending towards their complete extermination.

Cyrus H. K. Curtis is president of the Curtis Publishing Co., that publishes the Saturday Evening Post.

Curtis was among those called to Washington before the Borah committee investigating campaign funds. Curtis admitted he was working for the re-election of Coolidge, and that he had contributed toward the Coolidge \$4,000,000 campaign fund. This is the Curtis who fears Bolshevism in Russia, because he feels that it will inspire the workers to establish their own Soviet Rule in this country, that it will mean the end of capitalism.

The Saturday Evening Post levels its strongest attack against the Russian co-operatives, especially the All-Russian Union of Consumers' Societies. It sighs because of the efforts of the Russian co-operative movement to wipe out the little shopkeepers. Here are its own words:

"Thruout Russia, in trains, street cars, on walls and in windows, you see posters aimed at the elimination of private enterprises. Here is one of the choicest injunctions:

"The co-operative store does not rob you in measure or weight. It sells without cheating."

"A second reads like this:

"Buy everything in the co-operative store and nothing in private shops."

"A third, which contains the usual capitalization of propaganda opportunity, is as follows:

"The Fascisti have plundered the workers' co-operatives of Bulgaria, Italy and Germany. The Revolutionary proletariat establishes its co-operation—their weapon in the struggle with the world bourgeoisie."

"Still another reads:

"All that we require while NEP rules is a co-operation which in extent and depth comprises the Russian people."

Therefore the Saturday Evening Post laments.

Because the workers and peasants of Soviet Russia are striving to build their own co-operative system.

Evidently this sheet wants us to infer that it is in favor of robbery in measure and weight; that it wants the workers to do all their purchasing from bandit capitalists; that it approves of the burning and destruction of the workers' co-operatives in countries still under capitalist rule; that this is its wish with the hoped for return of czarism in Russia; that it objects to the masses of the Russian workers and peasants determining their own destiny.

The Saturday Evening Post sheds copious tears because during the first six months of 1924, the applications for private shop licenses, in Moscow alone, decreased by 8,000; proof conclusive that co-operation in the struggle towards Communism, is winning out over the last vestiges of the "free endeavor" and "initiative" of which the upholders of capitalism so proudly boast.

Intelligent workers and farmers in the United States, who are struggling to build their own co-operative movement, within the capitalist shell, even in this country, will not be influenced by the capitalist class arguments of the Saturday Evening Post.

Neither will they be frightened by the Tribune's bogey of "Bolshevik Propaganda." American workers and farmers want to know the truth about what is going on in Soviet Russia. In time they will not only be content to have the United States recognize Soviet Russia, but they will be joining the struggle in this country for a Soviet Government of their own.

talk of secession. If the officials can provoke the men to this folly, they hope to be able to hold this against the progressives afterward. But the progressive leaders are actively opposing and movement which will furnish ammunition to the reactionary machine against the miners' only hope—a solid and powerful progressive miners' movement fighting as one body thruout the whole U. S. M. W. of A.

Withhold Decision in Trial of Coal Miner Progressives  
(Continued from Page 1.)  
sive ticket off the ballot and oust the progressives from the local if possible by revoking the charter and keeping the progressives out when it is reorganized.

Members Must Stick.  
If the officials can get rid of Harrison, progressive candidate opposing O'Leary for International board member, and Pat Toohy, who is running for auditor of the progressive slate they hope to provoke the progressive elements and radical miners into hasty and ill-advised action and wild

Russian Lecture Tomorrow.  
A lecture on the Third International will be given this Sunday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, at the Soviet School, 1902 W. Division St. Speaker: N. Radwanski. Admission free. The lecture will be in the Russian language.

# TORY CABINET PROBING ITS OWN 'RED' PLOT

## Ramsay MacDonald Is Shown Up in 'Mutt' Role

(Special to the Daily Worker)

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The foreign office has qualified its assertion that the question of revocation of trade agreements with Soviet Russia was not under consideration, by saying that if the cabinet inquiry of the "Zinoviev note" warranted, the whole question of relations would be taken up.

Zinoviev's Counter Charge.

The foreign office statement intimated that recognition and allied questions might come under cabinet scrutiny if no substantiation were found for the charges of Gregory Zinoviev, president of the Communist International, that his alleged note to British Communists was a forgery.

This forged note was the means whereby a British spy in Moscow, was caught by the Soviet cheka, according to reports. This spy had obtained access to important documents and photographed them. As nothing in them, however, warranted disturbance in the relations between England and the Soviet government, the plan was laid by the cheka whereby the spy, then under suspicion, would be proven a spy by what the British government did after he had photographed a letter, supposed by him to be genuine, which the cheka planted for him and which contained imaginary plots directed against Britain supposedly by Zinoviev.

Tories Used Trick on Ramsay.

As the Tories, under Ramsay MacDonald, the "labor" premier, controlled the admiralty and army departments of the British government and were in charge of all the technical work even in the foreign office, when the photograph of the forged letter reached Great Britain, it was copied and secretly given to the conservative newspaper, the Daily Mail and leaders of the conservative party.

As the cheka in Moscow had put into the forged and planted note the amusing suggestion "to the British Communists" that Ramsay MacDonald was a good fellow and, being premier, was in a position to aid in overthrowing the English government, the conservatives waited until the eve of election day. Then the slick Tories in the foreign office persuaded MacDonald that he could make a big hit by publishing the thing, together with a sharp note to the Soviet government, and thus show that, he, Ramsay, was standing for no foolishness from the Bolsheviks.

Ramsay Reneged Too Late.

As the conservative party had planned, the effect of the publication of the forged damaged MacDonald in the eyes of the bamboozled British people, and the conservatives did everything possible to connect MacDonald with Bolshevism and frighten the nervous electors. Altho MacDonald reneged at a late hour and said he thought the note a forgery, it was too late and the election went against him.

Paregoric for Public.

The statement made previously that the conservative cabinet would not consider revocation of the recognition of Soviet Russia has been seen to be politically unwise in the consideration of the Tory leaders, it is that, and the present qualification issued to soothe the nerves of the public which does not understand the trick put over by the Baldwin conservatives upon MacDonald and the labor party regime.

The British government recognized Soviet Russia for business reasons, not because of affection for Bolshevism, and the same reasons argue against any revocation. English statecraft is equal to the occasion, and will probably manage to escape from Zinoviev's charges by laying all the blame on Ramsay MacDonald without breaking off profitable relations with Russia.

EDUCATIONAL MEETING.

The Douglas Park English Branch will hold an open meeting this Monday, Nov. 17, 1924.

William F. Dunne, who headed the Workers' Party delegation, will report to us on the fifth World's Congress of the Communist International. A record crowd is expected.

Come early and bring your friends along. We all want to know what took place on the other side, this is a splendid chance for us to learn.

This meeting will take place at 3323 Douglas Blvd. at 8:15.

Bankers Take Up Traction Issue.

Bankers representing the security holders of Chicago traction companies are expected to decide today whether or not the city will be able to buy and consolidate the surface and elevated systems. The bankers will give a written verdict on the Schwartz certificates, with which the city hopes to buy the traction lines, and will decide whether they will be acceptable in lieu of cash.

# MOLDAVIAN SOVIET REPUBLIC BORN WITHIN THE SOVIET FEDERATION

By ANISE.

MOSCOW.—(By Mail.)—The organization of an autonomous Moldavian state within the Soviet Federation was confirmed on Oct. 11 by the Ukrainian central executive committee, from whose territory the new state is formed. It lies not far from Odessa along the borders of Bessarabia, and will be given full autonomous rights.

This is expected to cause considerable comment on the other side of the border, for the greater part of the Moldavian people are in Bessarabia under the rule of Roumania, which is suppressing all national expression with military force. The difference of treatment accorded by Roumania and by the Soviet Republic cannot but strengthen the pro-Soviet feelings of the smaller nationalities

# PROFIT TEST APPLIED TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS BY BIG BIZ, DAILY WORKER EXPOSE SHOWS

By KARL REEVE.  
(Fifth Article.)

The sole test of the educational system, according to the "education week" propaganda issued by the American Legion, is "What financial returns do the public schools system bring to the business man?"

The schools, under the control of the bureau of education, the American Legion and the National Education Association, are no longer institutions to teach the children the truth. They are adjuncts of the capitalist state, which is the servant of the employing class.

The schools, controlled by these agencies of the large corporations, are business institutions, used for grinding out wage slaves and making the profits of the business men larger. Consider the leading article in the American Legion Weekly for November 14, 1924. "If you're in a community of real Americans, you'll find that your schools are delivering larger returns on the money invested than any financial, mercantile or industrial corporation in the nation, bigger than the Standard Oil or Ford Motor. The public school education is the basis of industrial and commercial prosperity."

We are asked by this "education week" propaganda to wipe out illiteracy not for the good of the children involved, but to increase the circulation of the capitalist dope sheets. "How many newspapers and magazines would be sold in a nation of illiterate people?" asks the official organ of the American Legion. "The public schools create desires which keep our industries running, our stores crowded with customers and our banks with depositors. Instruction in art, music and home economics are creating demands which insure the prosperity of thousands of merchants."

Protests Pour In. Protests against the deliverance of the public schools system of the country into the hands of the rabid militarism of the American Legion by J. J. Tigert, commissioner of education in the Coolidge cabinet, have been pouring in to the bureau of education. Tigert has given the American Legion power to feed the school children militaristic propaganda during "education week" and semi-radical organizations are objecting.

Dr. Frederick Lynch, editor of Christian Work declares, "People become Communists not because they

## SHOW CHILDREN IN SOVIET SCHOOLS ARE SELF-GOVERNING

The school children of Soviet Russia are self-governing and self-reliant. They are taught that their greatest duty is to preserve and aid their workers' and farmers' government. After the Bolshevik revolution all textbooks permeated with imperialist and capitalist propaganda, such as the American schools teach, were thrown on the scrap heap.

The next article by Karl Reeve exposing "education week," which is anti-red week aimed by the Coolidge administration against the Communists, will contrast American schools with the educational system of Soviet Russia. Reeve's articles exposing the capitalist and militarist control of "education week" will be printed daily in next week's issues of the DAILY WORKER.

hate this country but because to their mind this is the best way to help it. Thirty million people and more died of militarism during the last ten years. Extreme pacifism, which the bureau of education denounces along with the Communists in its education week program, could scarcely prove more fatal to human life. And we doubt if Communists would destroy more than two hundred billion dollars worth of property in a decade.

"The bureau of education starts Tuesday's program with a discussion of the red flag, which they seem to think means just about what our national battle flags have meant—death, destruction, poverty, starvation, disease, anarchy and dictatorship." Legionnaires Are Thugs. "In planning American Education

Week, the bureau writes, 'local and national officers of the American Legion should be consulted freely.'" Dr. Lynch continues, "Who made the American Legion the source par excellence of patriotism? The men who rioted in Centralia and murdered unoffending citizens there—even the victims bore the name Industrial Workers of the World—the men who by their legion in place after place have tried to break down the guarantees of freedom for which our fathers shed their blood. Have these men such a pre-eminent claim to 'education' that a government bureau should recommend them as virtually the sole source of public instruction? Let the bureau of education at least quit patrioteering and playing politics."

Support Withdrawn. Even the Young Women's Christian Association, which sold out to the employers who thrust America into the world war, have shied at the obvious attempt of the bureau of education to militarize the public schools. The Y. W. C. A. took a prominent part in the two previous government "education" campaigns, but even their hardened stomachs sickened at the nauseating "red scare" propaganda, and they have withdrawn the support of their 600,000 members. Mabel Cratty, general secretary of the Y. W. C. A. explained that, "the national board has felt that it necessary to decline the invitation to participate this year because of certain elements in the announced program which seemed to be inconsistent with the position of the board in regard to world peace and international co-operation."

Disagrees with Gompers. James H. Maurer, president of the Pennsylvania state federation of labor, in spite of the fact that the Gompers' machine is supporting education week, has denounced the education week program. "The legion propaganda program will not only tend to stultify the brain but act as a smoke screen to beloud just grievances and the shortcomings of misfit public officials," Maurer has declared.

The Teachers' Union of New York has also enlisted in the fight on "education week" propaganda.

## ANDREW SPISAK IS DEPORTED BY U.S. AUTHORITIES

Held on Ellis Island for Seventeen Months

By ROSE BARON.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Andrew Spisak, subject of Austria, was deported to Jugo-Slavia, October 24, 1924. He was kept a prisoner on Ellis Island for 17 months. Did not know that he is being deported until the last minute. Was not given a chance to communicate with the Labor Defense Council or his lawyer. He was sent away penniless and without any warm clothes. Comrade Spisak is an Austrian citizen born in Rosonovec, Austria-Hungary, August 20, 1886.

He arrived in the United States Aug. 24, 1904, and has been a resident of the U. S. since that time. The 24th of April, 1921, he was arrested at North Braddock, Pa., for distributing literature alleged to have been of a seditious nature. The 16th of September, 1921, a hearing was held before an immigration inspector, and the secretary of labor issued a warrant that Spisak be deported. On December 19, 1921, Comrade Spisak was brought to Ellis Island to be deported, where he was kept a prisoner, deprived of life, liberty and property, without due process of law.

In the latter part of October, 1922, a writ of habeas corpus was issued and the department of labor consented to release Spisak on his own recognizance and he was so released on November, 1922. Since that time he was employed in Pittsburgh, Pa., and has not done anything to justify his rearrest, nor was he informed of any warrant of arrest issued against him, nor did he have any hearing before any inspector or otherwise, but on June 21, 1923, taken out of his place of employment and brought again to Ellis Island for deportation.

Other cases are constantly coming up. The work of defense is vital and urgent. Comrades, we must have plenty of funds to defend our prisoners and deportees. Send in contributions to the Labor Defense Council, which is defending class war prisoners in America. The headquarters of the New York division is at 208 East 12th Street, New York.

## BARUCH, BANKER, FEEDS, CHEERS LABOR OFFICIALS

And That is How They Remembered Armistice

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Outside of the Building Trades Council of New York City and vicinity, labor did not officially participate in armistice day programs. The building tradesmen held a special meeting at 10 o'clock in St. Mark's Place. Most of the other workers of the city had no holiday from the routine daily tasks, except in a few offices.

The Association of the War Industries Board, however, held its biennial meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel to discuss economic and commercial problems that the so-called peace after the war brought.

Hugh Frayne, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, is listed as a director of the association, which is headed by financier Bernard M. Baruch, former chief of war industries board. Representatives of practically all of the biggest corporations in the country are members or directors of the association.

The session of the association was private, tho the general subject of discussion was known to be concerned with the further co-ordination and organization of industries for national service during war, following the theme of mobilization day. In the evening, Bernard Baruch entertained the association members at the Ziegfeld Follies.

The gayer note of the Follies and the Victory balls, led by the American Legion's great dance at the Waldorf-Astoria, predominated in armistice day celebrations generally in the city.

There was less of remembering the fallen soldiers, except by the Women's Peace Society, which distributed doggers giving statistics of the cost of war in lives and money. "Was it a war to end war? Did we make the world safe for democracy? Have you more freedom than you had before the war?" and similar questions were answered on the leaflets by an emphatic "NO!"

The antidote to war offered by the Women's Peace Society on the dogger is writing to the president and senators "saying that you want war made illegal," no money for preparedness and free trade as preventive of war.

## All Records Broken in Anniversary Meet at Milwaukee, Wis.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 14.—The disgust with which the Berger-LaFollette fusion has filled even the workers of Milwaukee is strikingly shown in the record-breaking attendance of the anniversary of the Russian revolution. So noteworthy was the success of the meeting that the capitalist dailies gave front page space to it next day.

It was a celebration worthy of the day it commemorated. Four speakers, among the best in their respective fields, roused the audience to the heights of enthusiasm. J. Louis Engdahl, Editor of The DAILY WORKER, was the principal English speaker, while Max Bedacht spoke in German. Youth was properly represented in Max Shachtman of the Young Workers' League, and little Thelma Kahn for the junior section of the Y. W. L.

The concert program was one of the richest ever heard anywhere. Five singing societies and a group of young Russian dancers entertained the audience. There were the German Socialist Liedertafel, German Socialist Maennerchor, Freiheit Jewish Singing Society, Russian Dramatic Club Choir, and International Children's Choir.

The height of the appropriate program furnished by a one-reel motion picture film showing the "Life of Nicolai Lenin." Pictures showing his agitation before the establishment of the Soviet government, of his appearance at congresses, his illness, and finally his burial and the continuation of his work by the enthusiastic "Young Pioneers," who now call themselves "Leninists," the counterpart of our own Y. W. L. Juniors.

The meeting was well advertised. A special leaflet was addressed to those attending the big Teachers' convention, inviting them to learn about the Russian educational system at this meeting. Many attended.

New spirit and enthusiasm fills the members in this one-time stronghold of social-patriotic reaction. It has proven that the mass of the workers are not irretrievably sunken in the opportunist swamp to which they have been brot by their hitherto respected misleaders. Onward to victory.

Plan New World Flights. AMSTERDAM—Three new Fokker airplanes have been shipped to Portugal for an attempted round the world flight. Senor Cabral will command the flight.

## LARGEST NUMBER OF BRITISH WORKERS TOIL THE 48-HOUR WEEK

(By Federated Press.) WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Hours of labor in Great Britain during 1923 have been reported by the British Trades Union Congress to the International Labor Office, whose Washington bureau announces them as follows:

Hours per week	No. of workers
40.....	24,500
42.....	800,600
44.....	305,687
46.....	8,500
46½.....	11,590
47.....	964,224
48.....	1,409,613

These figures apply to the normal working week recognized in industries in which members of the trade unions were employed.

## Tenants Get Sore When Rent is Raised After Coolidge's Victory

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14. — Five hundred tenants of the Clifton Terrace apartment building, Fourteenth street, N. W., formed a Soviet, held a meeting in the hall of the elegant apartment building over the protest of the landlord, and appointed a committee of twelve to do business with Joseph Lowe, the manager of the building.

Officers of the Tenants' League appeared by invitation and addressed the hallway meeting. The tenants are angered at the letters they received immediately after Coolidge's re-election raising their rents. Hundreds of tenants thruout the city received similar notices following Coolidge's re-election.

Mr. O. A. Reed, who presided at the tenants' meeting, declared: "I do not intend to pay any increased rent. It is impossible to get the management to make repairs on our apartments."

Mrs. Margaret Hopkins Worrell, another tenant, said: "If we all stand together they can't do a thing. They have raised our rent this time 37½ per cent." The officers of the Tenants' League urged the passage by congress of a permanent rent law.

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## On the News Stands Now!

The November First issue of the great, new Labor Journal The Workers Monthly Combining the Liberator, Labor Herald and Soviet Russia Pictorial Edited by Earl R. Bowder.

This new leader in the field of American Labor magazines begins in this issue the first installment of a classic of Communist literature "The History of the Russian Communist Party" By Gregory Zinoviev

Other noted contributors including William Z. Foster, C. E. Ruthenberg, Moissaye Oigin, William F. Dunne, James P. Cannon, Alexander Bittelman and others.

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Does the A. F. of L. Recognize Facts?

Just as the delegates are gathering at El Paso for the 44th annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, dispatches state that the conservative Baldwin government of Great Britain does not at all consider revoking the recognition already granted to the Soviet government by the previous regime of MacDonald.

At the same moment Senator Borah, now to take Lodge's place as chairman of the foreign relations committee, announces himself as favoring recognition of Soviet Russia and goes to the White House to talk confidentially to President Coolidge.

France, the most obdurate enemy of the Soviets has just granted full recognition. These are facts, discomfiting perhaps to Secretary Hughes and Mr. Gompers, but none the less, facts.

With these and other countries Soviet Russia, no longer the starved and ragged object of scorn and attack, but the strong, healthy and rebuilding nation of workers and peasants, is willing for mutual advantage to trade. The Soviet Republic needs vast quantities of machinery, medicines and any number of things.

English labor, which compelled the recognition of Soviet Russia by Britain not only hoped to strengthen the feeling of solidarity between English and Russian workers by this means, but helped to relieve unemployment in England by heavy production for the Russian market.

Unemployment is becoming a swiftly increasing menace in America. It is possible that with all the European governments which are foes of Soviet Russia being compelled to recognize facts and adjust their hatreds to the necessity of trade, the United States government will also fall in line.

Senator Borah's actions mean anything Mr. Hughes will suffer a change of heart or yield the department of state to someone not so venomous. With the army of the jobless in America threatening to grow to unprecedented numbers even with the temporary boom in some industries it behooves the A. F. of L. convention to consider seriously if it is going any longer to make itself the tool of rabid anti-Bolshevism to the extent of denying facts and taking a hostile stand toward the first Workers' Republic.

THE RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, The Russian Soviet Government has withstood, for a period of seven years, all attacks launched against it from enemies within its own boundaries as well as from a world of outside governments, hostile to it and for some time carrying on armed onslaughts, demonstrating by its successful resistance that it has the support of the Russian workers and farmers; and

WHEREAS, Many European and other governments have established diplomatic and commercial relations with the Russian government that have proved beneficial to the workers of all such countries, and are also enabling the Russian workers to secure the foodstuffs, medicines, machinery, and other commodities from the world market so vitally needed in their great work of reconstruction; and

WHEREAS, The government of Great Britain, responding to the demands of the British labor movement, have just concluded a treaty with Soviet Russia, which treaty the British labor movement is preparing to fight to protect and put into effect, because it knows that only in this way can the interests of the working class be protected; and

WHEREAS, The present administration at Washington, by thus far failing to give recognition to Soviet Russia, has greatly injured that country as well as our own; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the American Federation of Labor, assembled in its Forty-fourth Annual Convention, in the name of solidarity with the first Workers' Republic, declares itself in favor of recognition of Soviet Russia, for the establishment of full diplomatic and commercial relations, and directs its officials to exert all possible efforts in order that this recognition shall be given by the government of the United States.

New Wave of Struggle in Europe

That a new wave of working class militancy is rising in Europe seems probable. The news of struggles engaged in by the workers of European nations is always garbled and made almost impossible to understand by the capitalist press but enough can be gathered from recent dispatches to indicate a tremendous wave of strikes and revolutionary uprisings that disturb the plans of capitalist reaction.

In Italy Fascism is cracking. It is torn by internal dissension, the liberal democrats are attacking it in parliament and best of all large sections

of the workers are no longer deterred from open resistance by its threats of terror.

In Spain an attempt has been made by a heroic band of revolutionists to overthrow the Rivera dictatorship. With characteristic complacency, that petted darling of the intelligentsia, Vincente Blasco Ibanez, the novelist, has denounced the movement of the workers who acted while he talked.

In Austria a general strike of the railway workers, long enslaved by the league of nations and their own capitalists, came near to forcing the downfall of the government.

In Germany the Berlin transport workers have tied up the subways of the second largest city in continental Europe.

In England the vacillation and cowardice of that typical middle class representative MacDonald has aroused the organized workers and his leadership of the labor party is threatened.

In every one of these stirring events which are but surface indications of a deep-seated and growing resentment of the European working class against the tyrannies of capitalism, the Communists are active and in most instances are the revolutionary leaven that enlivens the mass.

Capitalist reaction and working class revolt go hand in hand. The defeat of the MacDonald government, the sweeping victory of Coolidge and American imperialism which he represented, in the recent election, are all connected inseparably with the necessity for the enforcement of the Dawes plan for world capitalism. All of the events cited show that European labor is not going to surrender without a fight and is added evidence of the fact that capitalist stability depends largely upon the submission of the working class.

The Grand Dukes Use Looney Gas

The Lotus eaters, the betel-nut chewers, the cocaine sniffers and all the other dope-friends from those who live on hash-heesh to those who dream dreams after lighting a pill of opium have fallen behind Grand Duke Cyril of Russia. Note that we say "of" not "in" Russia. Cyril is a wise plug and hasn't been in Russia for some time.

But Cyril has ambitions and like little Alice he wandered around in wonderland a while, during the period when the great imperialist powers were paying white hopes high wages for bumping up against the red bear and trying to get his hide. Last September his vanity could no longer brook frustration. His superiority complex was bursting for expression. So—in Berlin—he proclaimed himself "Emperor of all Russia."

True, he had competition. The dignified old dowager empress, Maria Feodorovna, ruffled up, surveyed the situation thru a lorgnette, and—in Berlin—declared Cyril was an imposter and an impudent upstart, and remarked that the crown of Nicholas the defunct, was hers, even if she couldn't get it.

In fact the fun waxed fast and furious. Cyril called upon all the other grand dukes of Russia—in Berlin—to recognize his claim. Russia—in Berlin—was at the point of civil war.

Now Cyril, terming himself "His Majesty, Cyril I," has broken out in a new spasm and convoked a "crown council" of all grand dukes who have recognized him, and has appointed one of them "his majesty's representative" and generously allotted two advisors, one for military and another for civil affairs.

The trouble with all this emperor of Russia business is that the "his majesty" doesn't dare get any closer to Russia than the Berlin beer halls. It will be interesting to see what becomes of Cyril and his empire, now that it seems pretty well known that the palace he would like to occupy is the meeting place of the Communist International, and if he wants to press his pants he should learn to use a flat-iron as he can hardly hope to press them on the throne of Nicholas.

No Surrender in Paterson

When the history of labor struggles in the United States is written, there will be at least one chapter devoted to the Paterson silk workers.

The courage and endurance shown by these workers in the fight that is still in progress, and in which the workers have met with some signal successes in spite of the combined efforts of the mill owners and police, is one of the marvels of the present period, marked as it is by the almost complete surrender of the majority of the unions under the leadership of an officialdom that has long ago lost what militancy it ever possessed.

The Paterson workers are now confronted with a new problem that probably presages a renewal of the fight in mills that have made peace with the strikers. Recent dispatches tell of a meeting of mill owners at which plans were made to break down the working conditions agreed to by them and by reason of which strikers returned to work.

The strike committee of the Associated Silk Workers has acted promptly in the new situation and, in a statement calling a special meeting of shop committeemen, has announced that the workers will be called out of every mill that violates the recent agreement. The statement refers to the support received from other sections of the working class and this again is a remarkable feature of the strike that has encouraged the Paterson workers to continue the struggle. The Workers Party strike relief committee alone has turned over something like \$5,000 to the Paterson workers and has been a big factor in keeping up the morale of the strikers.

The resistance of the Paterson silk workers has undoubtedly done much to halt the wage cuts in other sections of the textile industry, and if the necessity for a new struggle develops the support of the strike would receive a new impetus.

AS WE SEE IT

(Continued from Page 1.) not like Soviet Russia because the workers who were in control did not have any use for parasites like Goldman. She did not feel as comfortable as she did in the luxurious hotels in the United States, so she got out and the workers did not shed any tears at her departure.

THIS counter revolutionary stool-pigeon is now in England speaking under capitalist auspices against the government of the Russian workers and peasants. She admitted that the United States government, suggested that she return to America under certain conditions. No doubt the political prostitute is making a hard bargain and when she gets her terms, she will be glad to get inside the Status of Liberty and compete with all the other flaks of capitalism in making war on Soviet Russia.

IT is no accident that her public appearance in London and the lengthy excerpts from her speech cabled to the American press coincided with the revival of the movement for recognition of Soviet Russia initiated by Senator Borah, now occupying the important position of chairman of the committee on foreign relations. Every capitalist sewer pipe here and abroad will from now on be pouring filth thru the columns of the capitalist press on the Russian Soviet government. But

it will not work. The United States will follow in the footsteps of France and recognize a government it cannot overthrow.

PROPOS the "Zinoviev letter" which the Tories put over on MacDonald in the recent elections, a former correspondent of the London Daily Herald, tells how White Guard Russians in Berlin, Riga and other propaganda centers make a specialty of providing newspaper correspondents with cleverly forged documents alleged to be by Zinoviev, Trotsky and other Russian leaders. Most of the newspapermen accept these forged documents without any effort to verify their authenticity. The White Guardists do not ask any money for them, being employed by capitalist groups and wealthy czarists who have still some hope left of returning to their former state of luxury and idleness in Russia. But a seat of honor on the point of a sharp bayonet, is liable to be their portion if they ever get so "hopped" they decide to break thru the border.

MILLERAND, former president of France who was given the bum's rush when Herriot won the elections is trying to sneak back into the limelight again. Millerand is a former socialist, but is now the champion of the Roman catholic church and extreme reaction. In replying to

Millerand's defense of the church Herriot declared that "the doors of all churches and schools should be shut to priests and ministers of religion. The church was never anything else than a political instrument in the hands of a political party."

CAPITALIST papers do not fear that Branting, the socialist premier of Sweden will give the capitalist system a severe jolt. One of our Chicago dailies commenting on his return to power, declared that the socialists of Europe, showed a sweet reasonableness toward the owning class. Only in Russia, it moaned, were things turned upside down. That's about the size of it. Socialists are very "reasonable" with the capitalists.

THE work of the Irish Boundary Commission is at a standstill. It may be necessary to pass another law in the house of commons to remedy the situation. Under pressure from the armed action of the Irish republicans from 1916, when James Connolly organized the revolt, until 1921, the British government was forced to make a concession in the shape of the Irish Free State. But Ireland was out in two and a bitter fight has continued ever since over boundary delimitations. The Tories have a majority now in the house of commons and they will stand by their Ulster friends.

By T. J. O'Flaherty

THE Republic of San Marino, has hung out its shingle, making it known to all and sundry that it is in the business dispensing honors to worthy people who have the cash. This relieves the fear of American men of wealth but doubtful lineage, who looked with alarm on the fading fortunes of Europe's oldest monarchies. San Marino is small but willing. The British empire gives honors in return for automobiles and gifts to the political parties, but San Marino does it for a meal ticket. Soon our Chicago bootleggers, sluggers and gunmen will be sporting the Order of Saint Agatha if they feel so inclined.

AN alleged United States consul was killed in Teheran, Persia. The dignity of Morgan's Empire was hurt, so Charles Evans Hughes insisted on Persia executing several Persians in retaliation, and on the payment to the United States of a considerable sum of money for the expense of sending a warship to Persia for the purpose of bringing back the consul's body. Now, that the necessary number of victims is offered as a sacrifice to Morgan's injured dignity, his secretary of state becomes magnanimous and offers to settle the question by donating the expense money to a fund for the education of Persian children. Which prompts us to ask the question: Is the Standard Oil company after Persian oil fields?

Red Aid International Helped 18,000

(I. W. A. Press Service)

WHILE the Red Aid International has been busy raising funds with which to give legal and material aid to the 383,200 imprisoned workers and peasants of capitalist Europe, the socialists of Germany and other adherents of the 2nd International have been busy attacking Soviet Russia for incarcerating 1,000 counter revolutionists, who worked for the overthrow of the first Workers' and Peasants' Republic. From January 1 to April 1, 1924, the Red Aid International conducted in Germany alone 8,448 lawsuits. By the end of Aug. 1924 it had assisted 18,000 people.

Upon demands from representatives of the Red Aid International, investigations of prison life in capitalist countries were made. These conditions were contrasted with conditions of counter-revolutionary prisoners in Silesia and the facts are as follows: In German prisons where the socialists are loudest in their denunciation of Soviet Russia, beating and tortures invented by beastly minds are the order of the day.

In Zelle prison for example it was found upon investigation that prisoners are kept in punishment cells without lavatories. In another kind of punishment cell same prison, the victim has a 10-pound iron pole tied to him from the waist line to hands and is kept in this fashion for THREE WEEKS. In Rensburg prison the in-

carcerated are permitted to see their relatives only once in three months. In the Glevits prison (Silesia) there are 40 workers imprisoned because they belonged to the local union. They are under charge of "high treason." They were savagely beaten because they went on a hunger strike. In the fortress of Lukach prisoners are beaten with the butt ends of rifles and wounded by bayonets for protesting against the putrid food.

Many of those arrested against whom there were no definite charges were abused before trial. The Dusseldorf court confirmed this story. Mrs. Petrovskaya was arrested the night of November 19, 1923 with a 13-months baby in her care. She was taken to the police station and because they had nothing against her she was beaten with rubber whips then hit on the head and stomach with the butt end of rifles. They got nothing out of her or on her and she was finally released.

Comrade Fischer and Bach were arrested on no charge. In an effort to get them to "confess" something which they had not done, they were pulled by the hair, kicked and beaten till blood flowed. As late as June 1924 Comrade Gard was arrested in Neubrandenburg. The guard who had him in charge claimed he tried to escape. When he refused to divulge his name and make "confessions" he was wounded, beaten, until he died. But he did not divulge any

information. The socialists in the Reichstag have nothing to say against such treatment of workers by a Capitalist government in which they have a part. But the 2nd International to which they belong finds it necessary to spend time and energy attacking Soviet Russia because it has 1,500 counter-revolutionists in prison, who organized for the overthrow of the workers' government. And how are these 1,500 treated? Let us compare the facts

These prisoners consists of monarchists, four white guard generals, social democrats, social revolutionaries and scores of anarchists, such as took part in the Moscow explosion of 1919 when seven leading Communists lost their lives and many were wounded. This explosion was organized by anarchists during Denekn's advance on Moscow. But the 2nd International considers them heroes and attacks Soviet Russia for not letting them lose to help organize another see Denikin succeed. These prisoners are kept in the Suzdalsk and Solovetsk concentration camps.

From letters addressed to their families we find what the conditions of these camps are. These letters are written by Danilin, social-democrat, Dorozhkov, social-democrat Chaikin, social-revolutionary Block, social-democrat, Svetitsky, Krasnianska and others. The climate in the camps is dry and healthy. The rooms are

spacious and light and do not look like prison cells. Catering is satisfactory. Meat is given twice a day. Tea, sugar and cigarettes are served. Each prisoner gets in addition plum-money of 43 kopeks daily. Letters may be sent every week.

The well-known menshevik Rostov and B. Vassiliev, member of the central committee of the party proposed to the rest of the prisoners once to organize a political demonstration, the majority of them refused to participate, and the Georgian group of mensheviks replies: "If in answer to our hunger strike the Soviet government were to consent to have an investigation and inspection made, even the ultra anti-Soviet commission of European socialists would declare that although the Soviet system and Soviet justice are bad, the regime in the Suzdalsk prisons is satisfactory."

In spite of these facts, however, the socialists everywhere are concentrating now upon attacks on the fact that Soviet Russia has prisoners, and at the same time they are helping both actively and silently the existing capitalist governments to abuse and kill workers and peasants who fight for the interests of the working class. The Red Aid International is raising funds to help the prisoners of European capitalist countries, and their families. Its agency in America is the International Workers' Aid of Chicago.

BUILDING THE RUSSIAN PARTY

Editor's Note.—Every day until publication has been completed, the DAILY WORKER will publish a new chapter from the book, "Lenin: The Great Strategist of the Class War," by A. Losovsky, secretary of the Red International of Labor Unions. The fourth chapter is entitled "Building the Russian Party."

THE working class will win, but only in the event that it succeeds in creating a strongly united organization which is ideologically homogeneous. The working class cannot be victorious without uniting the best, the most class conscious and revolutionary elements. Hence the role of the party as the guiding force of the revolution. The party is not identical with the working class, but is its natural leader. The party leads the masses only inasmuch as it is organically united with the working class reacting to its everyday life. Without a party the working class cannot make a single step. Without a party the revolution is an empty phrase.

Theoretically this truth was recognized even by Lenin's predecessors, but it was he alone who understood how to translate into practice these theoretical propositions. The history of the Russian social-democracy and of the Russian Communist Party is organically bound up with the activities of Lenin. He was the organizer of the party, the educator of a whole generation of party workers and leaders, beginning with the time of underground groups up till the moment when the working class assumed power in the largest country in the world. It was because he understood that the working class cannot live without a party that he devoted his greatest attention to the building up of such a party.

It would be difficult to find another man in the history of parties whose life and activity was so intimately interwoven with the party as was Lenin's with the Russian Communist Party. He was its theoretician, its man of action, agitator, propagandist, organizer, and leader. He was soldier and general, teacher and pupil, but

never did he get the idea that: "The party, this is I," as his opponents used to reproach him. He realized that the power and greatness of the party depends upon its organic connections with the masses, its collaboration with the creative and progressive elements of the working class.

One can state without exaggeration that the Russian Communist Party was the creation of his spirit, the work of his hands. Such a party could be created by one who is perfectly clear as to what are the mutual relations between the party and the class. Lenin's slogan was: "The party above all." Why? Because the party is the vanguard of the working class, and as such must know not only how to march forward but, if need be, to go against the spontaneous movements among the workers and at decisive moments powerfully to assume the offensive. The party is the organized consciousness of the class, a fact which distinguishes it from the unorganized elemental movements of the workers.

Monday—"The Enemy of Reformism."

Open Forum, Sunday Night, Lodge Room, Ashland Auditorium.

How We Live and Work

Editors note.—This paper is printed for the workers, poor farmers and those who work and sweat under the present system of society. It is a paper of the workers, by the workers and for the workers. We want to reach every corner of this country where labor is being exploited for private gains for profit. We want the workers and farmers all over the country to read the DAILY WORKER. In order to make it more interesting and be able better to reflect the life of the wide laboring masses, WE WANT OUR READERS TO WRITE TO US. This new department "HOW WE LIVE AND WORK" will appear as often as there will be sufficient letters from our readers about the life and working conditions under which our masses struggle. Try to make the letters interesting bringing out facts which may not be known to workers in other sections of the country. Try to make them short and to the point.

Today we print the first letter about the life of the harbor workers.

THE LIFE OF HARBOR WORKERS

To the DAILY WORKER:—As you have asked the workers to give something of their lives so that DAILY WORKER readers may understand that other workers are subject to the same class miseries, I will write about the harbor worker's life.

My husband is a barge captain in the employ of the New York Central R. R. We are compelled to live on the barges with the whole family if my husband wants the job.

The living quarters on barges are two small cabins. Some barges have medium size cabins, others are so small they are like cells in a prison. Some have cabins on deck, others are underneath the deck and are so terribly damp that all smells musty.

I lived in one of these dark dungeons for ten months and my health was so bad that T. B. was not far

away. I can name a boat where a family of eight children was living under these conditions until the father died and they had to leave.

In another family living on the barges were six children. One child was drowned and the father died of consumption.

Sometimes they work the boats at night, and that means no sleep for us, with ships and derricks, and men shouting and cursing. I will leave to your imagination how we feel about it.

The working hours for the men are really without end. You are always supposed to be on the job when wanted, which may be any hour of the day or night. You work a 24-hour shift. People never realize the nerve-wrecking life it is for a woman and the unhealthy and dangerous life for children.—Theresa Smith.

His Majesty, the American Voter

It was November the 4th, the day on which the American citizens went thru the pantomime of political democracy and ratified the Wall Street choice of a president.

I was walking down a street in one of Chicago's semi-residential, semi-manufacturing districts. It was close to one o'clock. As I passed a restaurant, the door swung open and a man hurrying out, bumped into me. He was a middle aged man dressed in rough working clothes. Scarcely taking the time to mutter "beg pardon" he strode down the walk ahead of me. Half way down the block he turned in at a polling place, stopping however to accept all the campaign literature which the poll watchers were handing out. As I came up to the polling place I stopped and glanced inside. The man was standing by the election judges evidently having his registration looked up. This done he was handed a ballot and motioned to a seat. Voting seemed to be a matter of great pride with him for he held his head high and carried himself officiously. He took his seat next to three other men who also were waiting to vote. There were three voting booths in the place and all were occupied. Several minutes passed. The polling booths were emptied and re-occupied and only the object of my curiosity and gaze was left. With pride and self importance written on his face he waited. Suddenly a siren whistle from a nearby factory rent the air. The waiting voter jumped simultaneously with it. His expression of pride and self importance vanished to be replaced by one of agitation, alarm and irresolution. For a few seconds he hesitated, then cast his precious ballot back on the table whence it had come and dashed for the door. Coming out on the sidewalk he nearly upset me as he negotiated a steep right turn in the direction of the factory and broke into an undignified lope.