

THE DAILY WORKER
RAISES THE STANDARD
FOR A WORKERS AND
FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

THE DAILY WORKER

Communist Candidates
For President:
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER.
For Vice-President:
BENJAMIN GITLOW.

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COOLIDGE BLOW AT RUSSIA FAILS

Soviet Workers Greet Paterson Silk Strikers

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

WARREN S. STONE, one of Robert M. LaFollette's chief backers, has not yet replied to the charges made against him by John L. Lewis, regarding the Coal River Collieries case. Again we warn our readers that between Lewis and Stone, there is only a choice between two evils. Both are outstanding labor fakery, but in this case, and thru no fault of his own, Lewis is in a more favorable position while Stone is in the same category as the non-union coal operators.

OUR readers are acquainted with the story, but "for the benefit of those who are here for the first time" as the chairman of an open forum used to say with monotonous regularity every Sunday, the case is as follows: The manager of the Coal River Collieries, which is a company owned by members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and of which Stone is president, refused to sign a contract with the United Mine Workers of America, preferring to run an open or scab shop. Rather than sign the agreement, the "union" scab coal company shut down the mine.

JOHN L. LEWIS being a member of the republican national advisory committee, and Stone holding a somewhat similar position with the LaFollette outfit, it was decided by the G. O. P. strategists that their servant Lewis should place a tack on Stone's chair by publishing the correspondence that passed between the two labor fakery on the Coal River Collieries issue. He seemed to have the "goods" on Stone. At least the latter has not yet replied to the charges that he has said "you too" to Lewis in the current issue of his official organ, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineer's Journal.

THAT Stone should treat such an important issue with the scant courtesy of one short paragraph is evidence of the cynicism with which our labor fakery regard the opinion of the working class of the United States. Stone sarcastically refers to the Lewis publicity, suggests that the expenses were paid by the G. O. P., which is almost believable, and intimates that John L. Lewis was offered a cabinet position with Coolidge in case the present man is re-elected. All these positions are very likely well founded.

BUT the workers of this country are not so much interested in the price of Lewis's service to the republican party, any more than they are in what Stone was promised politically, for his efforts in behalf of that old and seasoned republican, Robert M. LaFollette as they are in what Stone has to say in justification or explanation of the charge of scabbery. Instead of doing so he winds up a brief paragraph of comment on the matter by boasting that the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers would "stand long after" some of those other so-called labor organizations are forgotten. A labor organization that has not at least one dozen banks is not considered respectable by the Wall Street financier, Warren S. Stone.

ORDS, Dukes, Sims, manufacturers, bankers and professional do-nothing. (Continued on Page 5.)

Must Fight the Moors.
MADRID.—The directory has decided to house its embassy at Buenos Aires in a new building.

WORKERS THREATENING GENERAL STRIKE IN VERA CRUZ, MEXICO

(Special to The Daily Worker)
MEXICO CITY, Oct. 22.—Serious labor troubles are threatened if all industrial employees in the state of Vera Cruz carry out their threat to walk out before Saturday, in sympathy with the striking electrical workers of the city of Vera Cruz.

GREETINGS TO SILK STRIKERS FROM RUSSIA

Soviet Textile Workers to Paterson Comrades

Five hundred thousand members of the great textile union of Soviet Russia yesterday sent a telegram of greeting to the striking silk workers of Paterson, New Jersey.

Across thousands of miles of land and ocean the revolutionary workers of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics heard the call of their fellow workers in the slave mills of the United States, and hastened to send them words of encouragement and good cheer.

Real Revolutionists.
The international solidarity is not a mere phrase on their lips has been proven time and again by the men and women who have established the first workers' state in history. This is true, from Zinoviev the chairman of the Communist International to the worker in the factory and from Kalinin the president of the Soviet Republic to the revolutionary peasant, guarding the far-flung front against the forces of counter-revolution.

The telegram was sent to the striking silk workers thru the Trade Union Educational League, 1113 West Washington Blvd., Chicago. It reads:

"Associated Silk Workers, Paterson, New Jersey.
Comrades: Having learned of the heroic struggle of the Paterson silk workers, the All-Russian Textile Union, in behalf of five hundred thousand members and the Textile Workers' International Propaganda Committee send hearty greetings and wish you victory.

"Long live the Paterson silk strikers!
"Long live International Labor Solidarity!!
"Kutuzov, Secretary, All-Russian Textile Workers' Union.
"Lebedev, Secretary, International Textile Workers' Propaganda Committee."

RUTHENBERG SPEAKS IN CLEVELAND THIS FRIDAY AND SUNDAY

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 22.—Charles E. Ruthenberg, national executive secretary of the Workers Party and candidate for congress from the 20th district of Ohio (which includes part of Cleveland), speaks in Cleveland on Friday, Oct. 24, on the west side at Carpenters Hall, 1303 W. 58th St. at 7:30 p. m. All arrangements are under way to have a big crowd greet Comrade Ruthenberg on Friday night.

Comrade Ruthenberg also speaks in Akron on Saturday, Oct. 25, and then returns to Cleveland to address a large meeting on the east side on Sunday, Oct. 26, at 6006 St. Clair St., at the J. D. Hall, at 7:30 p. m.

Claim Conservatives Won.
CHRISTIANA, Norway.—Partial returns from the general election today indicated a conservative victory.

Party on Ballot in Connecticut

By WILLIAM SIMONS
(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 22.—The comrades of District 16 have accomplished a task that seemed hopeless. Two years ago very few signatures were gathered. To get the state ticket on the ballot required 3,250 certified signatures in the hands of the state secretary by Oct. 14, after submitting them to the town clerks before October 7. 3,490 were certified by the town clerks. Two hundred more would have gotten the presidential electors on also. But the task accomplished is nevertheless a meritorious one.

Comrade Bloomfield, who was called in for a few weeks' work, secured about 1,000 names, of which about 600 were certified. The best volunteer work was done by Jennie Feldman of Bridgeport with a gross

total of 500 signatures, and J. Gombos with 400. Among others worthy of special mention were Crasnitski of Waterbury; Gurevich, Kluchen and Wolfson, of Hartford; Bruening, Spector and Kling of New Haven; Abe Epstein of Stamford.

The state ticket is composed of the following candidates: Governor: William Mackenzie, Stamford carpenter. Lieut. Governor: P. S. Kling, New Haven laundry driver. Comptroller: John Gombos, Bridgeport office worker. Secretary of State: Mary Dworkin, Bridgeport clerical worker. Treasurer: Chas. Crasnitski, Waterbury brass worker.

That the ticket is on is due to the work of the local campaign managers in the various cities as follows: Hartford, John Kluchen; Stamford, A. Wofsie; Bridgeport, Mary Dworkin; Waterbury, Chas. Crasnitski.

FOSTER INVADES THE ANTHRACITE PA. COAL FIELDS

Direct from Meetings in New York City

(Special to The Daily Worker)
SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 22.—William Z. Foster, candidate for president on the Workers Party ticket, invaded the anthracite coal fields today, addressing an enthusiastic mass meeting tonight at the Labor Temple.

Incidentally he told of the great Communist demonstrations that greeted him in New York City; one in Manhattan, the other in Brooklyn.

Two Great Audiences.
Both the New York meetings were held on one day at the New Star Casino, where a tremendous audience of 4,000 jammed the hall to overflowing in the afternoon and another 2,500 listened to him in the evening.

In addition to Foster, Benjamin Gitlow, his running mate for vice-president, also addressed these tremendous gatherings. Both were in excellent condition and delivered powerful speeches. New York comrades boastfully assert that these meetings were the most enthusiastic and inspiring meetings the New Star Casino has ever witnessed.

The Hungarian Singing Society, the Freiheit Singing Society and the Lithuanian Mandolin Orchestra kept up a continuous flow of revolutionary songs in which the audience and the speakers joined heartily. These songs were interrupted several times by tremendous applause for the Communist candidates.

Host of Other Speakers.
Comrades Ludwig Lore, Stachel, Julius Stuart Poyntz and Abraham Markoff, who have been very active in this campaign and have made New York City famous by their Red Night meetings, addressed the afternoon meeting and in the evening Comrade Memeroff spoke in Lithuanian, Warshafsky in Yiddish and Alexander Trachtenberg in English.

The collections taken up amounted to \$449 in the afternoon and \$315 in the evening. The sale of buttons at both meetings amounted to \$197.

BUT DAY OF MIRACLES HAS PASSED EVEN IN SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

SAN FRANCISCO.—"Sacred Heart May Enlarge" was the headline greeting readers of a San Francisco newspaper recently. To those not acquainted with the wact that there exists a Roman Catholic college known by that name, it might have seemed that a miracle was about to occur, or that the divine organ had become overstrained from contemplation of the antics of Bryan and his fundamentalists.

PROMISE WAR VETS SPEED ON DISALLOWED CLAIMS TO 500,000; BUT THAT'S ALL THEY WILL GET

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—A review of all disallowed claims in the veterans' bureau, amounting to more than 500,000 will be carried out on an extensive plan as speedily as possible, Director Frank L. Hines announced today.

Several weeks ago the disabled American veterans, thru National Commander Frank J. Irwin, brought the matter up to Director Hines as the most urgent proposition before the bureau and an investigation developed. There are 533,106 of these disallowed claims.

Irwin believes that many of the disabled men have not received benefits either because they became discouraged by delays or else are unfamiliar with the Reed-Johnson bill which has many liberalizing clauses that would include many men who were barred under previous laws.

LEGION HEAD WOUNDED IN DOMESTIC WAR

Irate Husband Pops Some Lead into Emery

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 22.—Col. John G. Emery, past national commander of the American Legion, world war hero and former candidate for U. S. senator, was shot in the left arm today by Seyden Simpson, husband of one of Emery's stenographers.

Emery was taken to the hospital and will recover.
On his way to jail, Simpson, who is 40 years old, declared: "I wish I had killed him."

The chief of police turned the lock on Simpson and went out to lunch without further questioning his prisoner.
Legion Head Smitten.
Mrs. Simpson is said to be very beautiful.

The shooting occurred in Emery's real estate office following an altercation with Simpson. Mrs. Simpson had begun action to obtain a divorce and the argument between her husband and Emery arose from this.

According to office employees, Simpson entered the real estate office, asked whether his wife was employed there and when answered in the affirmative, opened fire on Emery. Simpson's first shot went wild, but the second lodged in Emery's shoulder.

"You broke up my home," shouted Simpson, as he opened fire. It was said.

Mrs. Simpson has worked in Emery's office about three weeks.

Death List Climbs To 13 As New Victim Of Warship Blast Dies

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 22.—One more victim of the powder explosion aboard the U. S. cruiser Trenton died this afternoon, bringing the total death list to 13. The latest victim was John Uzzolino of Newark, N. J. He died of burns. Still other deaths are feared among those severely burned.

Spanish Author Dies.
MADRID.—The Spanish author, Gonzales Blanco died here today.

O'CONNOR FAILS TO MAKE GOOD ON SILLY CHARGE

Repeats Lie on Soviet Aid to LaFollette

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Chairman T. V. O'Connor, of the United States shipping board, "Cal" Coolidge's favorite "labor lieutenant," expressed the belief today before the Borah investigating committee that money from Soviet Russia was being received in the United States to aid the presidential candidacy of Senator Robert M. LaFollette.

That the charge was utterly baseless was shown when O'Connor refused to make any direct charge or allegation to this effect and, under questioning of Senator Borah, he said he had no actual evidence of the sending of money from Russia to this country.

Denies Previous Statements.
"I believe it, tho," he declared, "at the I cannot prove it."

O'Connor had discussed this situation in a recent speech in Buffalo, N. Y., but denied he made the charges in the Buffalo speech that LaFollette had received funds from Moscow.

Helped With Cal's Party.
In connection with the visit of a hundred or more "labor leaders" to the White House on Labor Day with him at their head, O'Connor admitted that he had advanced "about \$385" to Joseph Ryan, president of the International Longshoremen's Union, to pay railroad fares and hotel bills for these men, but said that the money had been repaid to him.

O'Connor was formerly the head of the Longshoremen's Union, holding this position until he became a member of the United States shipping board.

Just before O'Connor took the stand Chairman Borah announced that subpoenas had been issued for William B. Knox, president of the American Bankers' Association, George W. Simmons, vice-president of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, New York, and Charles D. Hilles, vice-chairman of the republican national committee, of New York.

In addition, Frank P. Walsh and Samuel Untermyer told Borah they wanted William M. Butler, chairman of the republican national committee, and Hodges recalled for further questioning.

Ask About Ambassadors.
It has been suggested that Alanson B. Houghton, ambassador to Germany, and Theodore Brentano, ambassador to Hungary, be subpoenaed for appearance before the Borah committee.

(Continued on Page 4.)

CONVENTION TO INTERPRET THE I.W.W. PREAMBLE

Two Ideas Fighting to Control Organization

The preamble of the Industrial Workers of the World will be interpreted by an official document to be passed on by the convention now meeting in Emmet Memorial Hall, according to action taken yesterday.

It was admitted by the delegates that there are two ideas fighting for leadership within the I. W. W.; one which believes the I. W. W. to be an organization for the propagation of revolutionary ideas and the other which believes in emphasizing job control.

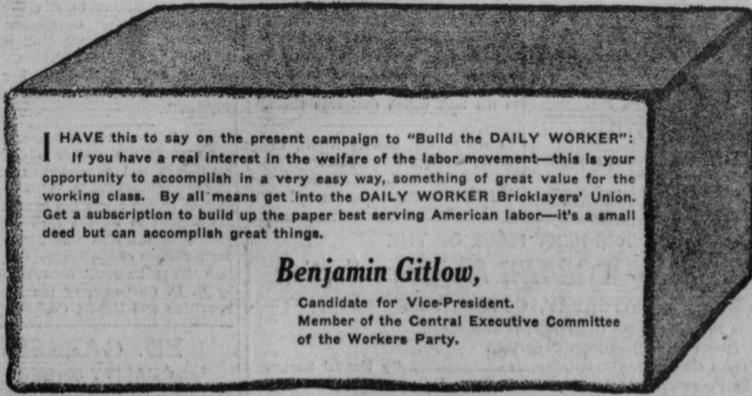
Communists Show Contradictions.
Chairman P. Wellnred told how in debate with a Communist on the Pacific the Communist was able to show many contradictions within the organization from the I. W. W. literature.

Fred Morris, who was supposed to report as assistant secretary-treasurer, reported as secretary of the general defense, declaring he had never functioned as assistant secretary.

Reorganize Defense.
Morris, whose report was accepted by the convention, recommended the entire reorganization of the defense of the I. W. W. His suggestions were given to the resolutions committee.

The convention instructed Morris to submit a written report as assistant secretary-treasurer. He declared the injunction had greatly hampered the defense of the prisoners.

New Centralia Evidence.
A report from John Nicholas Belfel was read by Morris stating that many affidavits have been dug up exonerating the I. W. W. for the Centralia disturbances and placing the blame squarely on the tools of capital there.



HAVE this to say on the present campaign to "Build the DAILY WORKER": If you have a real interest in the welfare of the labor movement—this is your opportunity to accomplish in a very easy way, something of great value for the working class. By all means get into the DAILY WORKER Bricklayers' Union. Get a subscription to build up the paper best serving American labor—it's a small deed but can accomplish great things.

Benjamin Gitlow,
Candidate for Vice-President.
Member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party.

NEW YORK COMRADES! VOLUNTEER FOR TAG DAY SATURDAY AND SUNDAY

Get your box at one of the following stations:

BRONX—1347 Boston Road.
WILLIAMSBURG—64 Graham Avenue.
319 Grand Avenue

EAST SIDE—
Campaign Headquarters, 210 East 12th Street
Freiheit Building, 153 East Broadway (Report to Castell.)

HARLEM (Yorkville)—
222 East 71st St., 350 East 81st St., 64 East 104th St.
The Labor Temple, and Finnish Harlem headqu. may also be included.

SOUTH BROOKLYN—764 40th Street
BROOKLYN—1844 Pitkin Avenue

WORKERS PARTY INVITES I. W. W. TO UNITED FRONT

Communists Urge Fight Against Capitalism

A communication was sent to the I. W. W. convention in Emmet Memorial Hall yesterday, calling on the I. W. W. to select a committee of three to act with a similar committee of three from the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party in a nation-wide campaign of protest against the crushing of labor organizations by the capitalist class.

The letter, signed by William Z. Foster, chairman, and C. E. Ruthenberg, executive secretary, of the Workers Party, sent its warmest revolutionary greetings to the proletarian fighters of the I. W. W. held as prisoners by the common enemy, the capitalist class, and called the attention of the convention to the necessity of united action of all workers against the oppressive measures of the capitalist class.

Letter to I. W. W. Convention. A basis for discussion is outlined to the convention by the Workers Party letter, which is printed in full below:

To the 16th General Convention of the Industrial Workers of the World, Emmet Memorial Hall, Chicago, Ill. Comrades and Fellow Workers: In view of the fact that the repressive forces of capitalist society are attempting by every means, legal and illegal, to crush every revolutionary labor organization and persecute its members, and in consideration of the plain necessity of united action by all such organizations upon defense against their common enemy, therefore, the Workers Party of America proposes to you the following action:

That your convention elect a committee of three to meet a committee of three from the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party to work out a nation-wide program of action. As a basis for discussion by such joint committee, the Workers Party proposes the following actions to be jointly undertaken:

1. Nation wide and international protest against the deportation of workers.
2. A nation-wide protest against criminal syndicalist laws and particular protest and work for their repeal in states where these laws exist or are enforced.
3. A nation-wide campaign for the release of criminal syndicalist law prisoners, to include special campaigns in states where such prisoners are held.
4. A special nation-wide campaign for release of workers who have been framed up on various criminal charges, including the Centralia victims, Mooney and Billings, Ford and Sahr, Rangel and Cline and Sacco and Vanzetti.

The Workers Party of America recommends that, to carry on these measures, joint action be taken as follows:

A. Mass meetings in every large city throughout the country, with special meetings of protest in particular states.
B. A campaign of publicity throughout the entire labor press.
C. A campaign within the labor unions to rouse wide masses of the rank and file for a support of these measures.

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party sends, through you, its warmest revolutionary greetings to the proletarian fighters of the I. W. W. held as prisoners by the common enemy, the capitalist class, and declares its readiness to

OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF I. W. W. NATIONAL CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

The following is an official statement approved by the sixteenth convention of the Industrial Workers of the World, now meeting in Emmet Memorial Hall, and given to the DAILY WORKER by Ed Delaney, press committee of the convention.

16TH ANNUAL CONVENTION (Day by Day)

On Monday, Oct. 20, the seventh day of the 16th annual convention opened at Memorial Hall, with all the delegates present, except those who were excused for committee duty, and two delegates from I. W. 120, who later in the day formally withdrew from the proceedings, presenting a written statement with their reasons for this action. The two delegates who withdrew were Matt Johnson and Pat Cantwell. They gave as the reason for their actions the following: they felt that one-third of the delegates present were partial to Doyle and Fisher; the recording secretary had been an employe in the main office, acting as stenographer for Doyle and Fisher, and that they thought Doyle was passing notes in the convention. With their withdrawal twenty-seven delegates now constitute the convention.

Several wires were read and filed. Committees then brought in their respective reports which were accepted with one exception and in some instances given further instructions. The constitution committee reported in part, "That we accept the preamble of the Industrial Workers of the World as read." A further motion from the constitution committee was as follows: "That the present constitution of the Industrial Workers of the World be laid on the table and a new constitution be drafted." Carried unanimously.

The auditing committee on the main office, general defense, Solidarity, Pioneer, small I. U.'s and the Equity Printing company brought in their report, which stated they found the books all correct. The report was held in abeyance until a report is heard on the general executive board books.

Following the auditing committee the general administration officials, who had been elected on this floor to act pending the outcome of the present controversy, reported thru fellow

worker Broman. He stated in part: "Fellow worker Frank Gallagher turned in his resignation as business manager of the Pioneer, Industrial Solidarity, and Equity Printing Co. We have placed George Williams in his place." He also stated that the injunction proceedings had come up before the Master in Chancery and had been postponed until Friday, Oct. 24, at the request of the attorney for Rowan and the board members who had signed it. He also stated that fellow worker Gray, now acting as assistant secretary-treasurer had asked Rowan if he would withdraw the injunction for the welfare of the organization and that Rowan had replied he would not. His report was accepted and the regular noon-day adjournment was called.

The afternoon session opened with the reading of several communications and wires. The body then went on record to publish a statement that was adopted in the morning session relative to the convention proceedings, in all of the organization publications. Immediately following that action the body moved into new business. The report of the Italian paper Il Proletario was taken up and laid over to the grievance committee for further action.

Fellow worker Gray, of the temporary administration, reported at the request of the assembled members. He stated practically the same thing that fellow worker Broman had in the forenoon, however, he added that when the injunction proceedings started before the Master in Chancery, it would cost the organization at least \$500.00 per day, and that it would probably take ten days to finish it. He also stated that the temporary officials had taken over the cash, not attached by the injunction, from Doyle, Fisher and Morris.

The afternoon session was then adjourned to allow the committees time to function.

Signed: P. J. Welinder, chairman, and Ed. Delaney, Press Committee.

meets with a committee elected by the I. W. W. convention or appointed by its general administration, to discuss the above or any other measures they may offer to open the prison doors.

Fraternally,
Central Executive Committee,
Workers Party of America,
W. Z. Foster, Chairman,
C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Secretary.

Doyle Makes His Report.
In his recommendations to the convention, Thomas Doyle, suspended secretary-treasurer, likened the I. W. W. of the present time to "a starving man, walking down the street at the point of death but making a lot of noise." "We are bankrupt financially from top to bottom," he declared during his financial report.

Doyle recommended the slashing of payrolls and the drastic reduction of the number of those employed by the organization. Doyle declared that he was against the clause in the constitution of the I. W. W. limiting the term of the officers to a year. The caliber and ability of the officers is decreasing, and as soon as they learn their jobs they are yanked out. Doyle said he advised that a more easy and speedy method of recall should be devised to take the place of the one year clause.

"I am convinced that the I. W. W. is over-officered and over-employed," Doyle said. He recommended that the dues be raised and the number on payrolls be decreased. Doyle declared a clearing house method of financial organization should be instituted and the general offices put on a sound financial basis. He pointed out that many parts of the constitution, especially those dealing with the formation of the branches and districts, should be changed.

"The present controversy has impaired our efficiency to an alarming degree," Doyle asserted, "and I hope those officers of the organization elected by this convention will be equal to the task which confronts them."

Urges Raise in Dues.
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IN THE NEXT ISSUE OF THE
The DAILY WORKER Magazine Section
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25

1. The Program of the Communist International. (Draft adopted at Fifth Congress.)
2. Forces Making for Imperialism.....By Manuel Gomez
3. The Present World Situation.....By I. Stalin Secy., Russian Communist Party
4. Prepare for the Coming Struggles.....By Alexander Bittelman
5. Campaign Notes of a District Organizer.....By Arne Swabeck
6. Principles of Communist Propaganda.....By Communist International

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Packers Have Hopes.
An optimistic survey of business conditions and a prediction of continued prosperity in 1925 as the United States reaps the benefit of readjustment in Europe thru operation of the Dawes plan was given at today's session of the Institute of American Meat Packers' convention here by R. E. Chapman, of the American Provision and Export Co.

Progressives in Control.
Today the charter is restored and the district office is filled with men from the progressive wing of the miners' union. Lewis failed completely to crush the left wing movement in Nova Scotia. As a matter of fact the treachery of Lewis and the corruption of his district flunkies has resulted in driving the great body of miners more and more to the left, and among them John L. Lewis is discredited for evermore.

In this struggle against Lewis for the past fourteen months, and in every effort to maintain the union from within and from without, one man stood out prominently—that man was Joe Nearing, who has been nominated for the office of International secretary treasurer of the U. M. W. of A. Nearing is young, virile and absolutely fearless and one of the best informed members of the left wing movement in Nova Scotia. For years he has filled various offices in his local union at Reserve Mines. In this district Nearing shall poll a splendid vote against the Lewis machine.

That is indicated by the fact that

PROGRESSIVES SMASH LEWIS IN NOVA SCOTIA

T. U. E. L. Policies Are Again Vindicated

By J. B. McLACHLAN
(Special to the Daily Worker)

GLACE BAY, Nova Scotia, Oct. 21.—After fourteen months of a provisional rule, set up by John L. Lewis in District No. 26, the miners of Nova Scotia have again their district charter restored, and are again running their own affairs.

Had Lewis deliberately set out fourteen months ago to wreck the miners' union his record here could not be blacker. He started out by wrecking a strike where the miners had victory almost within their grasp.

The strike had been called as a protest against the use of government armed forces which were being used to crush the striking steel workers. So effective was the tie-up in the mines that the governor-general of Canada, had, after a conference with the miners' officers agreed to the withdrawal of the troops. (*) Hardly had these miners' officers left the governor-general, than Lewis got word of what was going on and rushed to the aid of the British Empire Steel corporation by depositing the district officers and revoking the charter and ordering the miners back to work on pain of taking away their local union charters. For this black deed Lewis will never, never be forgiven by the miners of Nova Scotia.

Broke His Word.
By such acts as these did Lewis continue to reign in Dist. No. 26. He promised the men relief last January when they again had to strike to resist a wage cut. He never kept his word, but made a contract with the coal companies behind the men's backs which enabled him to collect out of the pay envelopes of the miners \$118,000. This precious contract of his he submitted to a referendum vote of the miners. It was voted down and he told the miners it did not matter how they voted, the contract would go into effect.

Wasted Union Funds.
The men he set up as district officers were men that the miners had previously kicked out of office. These men, like the man that put them there, held the rank and file in contempt. They spent the union funds like water until the corrupt Lewis himself got disgusted with them and fired them all and restored the district autonomy, enabling the miners to elect their own officers.

Lewis sent three men from Indianapolis to audit the district books for the 14-month period. Their audit was so glaringly wrong that Lewis ordered a second audit. The excuse they made for coming back to make the second audit was that there was too much rum in the district office the first time to permit a proper audit being made.

May Land in Jail.
The second audit showed that \$1,481.50 had been stolen and now the Lewis secretary-treasurer for Dist. No. 26 is up against the bonding company and may find himself in jail before it is all over.

Such is John L. Lewis' record in Dist. No. 26. With shameless treachery to the working class of Nova Scotia, he came in here; with blackest shame and dishonor he goes out.

During all this trying period not a man left the union. But Lewis expelled hundreds. The miners of Nova Scotia always had an industrial form of organization, every man from the coal face to the shipping piers being members. Lewis threw all the section men out of the union. These men looked after some 150 miles of road. Others were also thrown out, such as mine examiners.

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That is indicated by the fact that

Chicago Tribune Tries to Parade as Fighter for New Against Old

By J. LOUIS ENGD AHL.

TODAY, the Chicago Tribune, self-styled "World's Greatest Newspaper," unblushingly admitted, lets out an awful howl, in the best trust-busting style of the rampaging senator from Wisconsin. It is wild against "monopoly"; this time the so-called monopoly of the newsgathering agency, the Associated Press, over its own dispatches.

The Tribune wants the Associated Press staff, not only for publication in its pages, but also to send out thru its broadcasting station to listeners in on the radio, and it is going to fight it out in the courts.

It sounds rather strange for The Tribune to proclaim that, "The issue is regarded as in effect a clash between the old and the new." The Tribune claims it is on the side of the radio, that it wants to serve the people, that it is for progress.

Just a little study of the situation will show that The Tribune is just playing its old hypocritical game of trying to put itself in a favorable light before the public.

This is The Tribune that robbed the school children of Chicago, thru midnight land deals in the board of education. This is The Tribune, champion of the Lands "open shop" schemes. This is The Tribune that is erecting its new building with scab labor. This is The Tribune that labels as "Bolshevik" every little change that hits in the slightest at things as they are. Now this Tribune claims to be the advocate of "The New."

The Tribune is a member of the Associated Press, perhaps the world's most extensive newsgathering agency. The Associated Press is not a profit-making institution. It belongs to its newspaper members, the largest capitalist newspapers in the nation. They direct its affairs and share its expenses. Its nearest competitors are the United Press Association and the International News Service, both money-making propositions, the later owned by William Randolph Hearst. While the service of the last two agencies can be bought by newspapers, it is impossible for any newspaper in any city to get a franchise in the Associated Press without the consent of all other "A. P." newspapers in that city. Of course this never happens since newspapers already in the field, do not want competitors.

Hearst has secured Associated Press franchises only thru buying up entire newspapers already possessing such franchises, costing him millions of dollars.

But it is inevitable that some Associated Press newspapers should be stronger and wealthier than others. It is the most powerful that have most money to spend to entrench their positions. It is like the Standard Oil trust, fighting to maintain its position against its smaller competitors, battling for their very lives.

The Tribune is strong and powerful. Its profits run into the millions annually. It has spread out into other publications. It is quick to utilize any new scheme for its own aggrandizement.

The Tribune was not slow to realize the possibilities of the radio. It has its own broadcasting station, over which it even sought to send out the proceedings in the recent Loeb-Leopold murder trial. It costs a huge sum to keep such a broadcasting station in operation. There are returns. Radio users pay no subscription price. There are no advertisers. But there is a return in the enhanced prestige of the newspaper doing the broadcasting.

The Chicago Tribune, no more than the Daily News, or any other capitalist newspaper, believes in the radio as an instrument of progress. It is merely a means for building its own power. It is a weapon with which it can crush some of its competitors, also members of the Associated Press, or subscribers to other news agencies.

But every "A. P." member has a vote in determining the policies of the organization. The little fellows, in self-defense, demand that "A. P." news be not used for the purposes of the radio.

The issue, therefore, is not "a clash between the Old and the New," but a warfare between the two factions in the Associated Press, the rich and powerful newspapers, striving to further entrench themselves, and the smaller newspapers, with diminishing circulations and constantly on the verge of bankruptcy, ready for a new capitalist press consolidation.

It is well for the workers, half a million of whom daily buy the Chicago Tribune, that the warfare in industry extends to newspapers as well. It is a warfare in which the workers have no interest; no more than they are interested in the struggle between Standard Oil and Sinclair Oil; between United States Steel or Bethlehem Steel, or other groups of capitalists. That is the "dog eat dog" struggle within the capitalist social order.

The workers have but one interest. That is to build their own power. Part of that effort must be the building of an unconquerable press of their own; to make it the most powerful. That is the only struggle between "the old and the new" that is worth while; the supplanting of capitalism by Communism.

Rail Service Cut Off.
SHANGHAI, Oct. 22.—Efforts to resume rail service to Nanking failed today, a passenger train being compelled to return to Shanghai. The train was stopped at Chenju, five miles out of Shanghai, on orders of Chi Shih-Yuan, military governor of Kiangsu and commander in chief of the Kiangsu forces which captured Shanghai from the Chekiang troops.

Are You Going to the Open Forum Sunday Night?

SICK AND DEATH BENEFIT SOCIETIES

MEETING TONIGHT.
German-Hungarian—631 Willow St.
John Freifogel, Sec'y, 3741 Seminary Ave.

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

HOOVER SPENDS U. S. MONEY TO COOLIDGE

Anything to Make the Poor Elephant Go

By CARL HAESSLER.
(Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

Herbert Hoover's department of commerce, supposedly an impartial government unit that tends strictly to business, is in reality another cog in the Coolidge re-election machine.

This is demonstrated by little tell tale markings on two sets of envelopes recently delivered to the Federated Press office in Chicago by the postoffice department.

Sends Out Pamphlet Flood.
It is a common practice for federal jobholders to campaign for their chief when he needs help but it is generally expected that government funds and apparatus be devoted to other than partisan purposes.

Apparently secretary Hoover believes another well-known crisis of civilization is at hand and that every resource must be mobilized to save capitalism, just as relief funds and stores were used in Europe by his relief staff after the war to entrench reaction and overthrow progressive and radical governments.

Hoover's speech against government is being distributed in a national flood of pamphlet reprints. The Federated Press received two copies entirely unsolicited. The pamphlets do not say who is distributing them or paying for them. They bear no union label. The envelopes are plain large government envelopes bearing no embossed postage. There is no return address. Like the pamphlets they are completely anonymous.

But there was one clue. One envelope was addressed:
Federated Press 1188
511 N. Peoria St.,
175 Chicago, Ill.
The other was addressed:
Federated Press 2536
511 N. Peoria St.,
172-6 Chicago, Ill.

These serial numbers were peculiar on an anonymous once-only communication. But they furnished the key.

Helps the Poor G. O. P.
The Federated Press receives every week the official reports of the U. S. department of commerce. They bear the department's return address in one corner and the legend, Official Business—Penalty for Private Use \$300, in the other. The Federated Press address on them carries the same serial numbers, 1188 and 2526, 175 and 172-6, as did the envelopes with Hoover's pro-Coolidge propaganda—proving that department of commerce regular mailing lists and addressing machinery were put at the disposal of the Hoover campaign for the republican party.

Your Union Meeting

Fourth Thursday, Oct. 23, 1924.

- | No. | Name of Local and Place of Meeting. |
|-------|--|
| 548 | Amalgamated Clothing Workers, Joint Board, Chicago, 409 S. Halsted St. |
| 548 | Barbers, 180 W. Washington St., 8:45 p. m. |
| 576 | Barbers, 3010 E. 92nd St. |
| 342 | Brewery Workers, 180 W. Washington St. |
| 344 | Brewery Workers, 180 W. Washington St. |
| 454 | Buller Makers, 75th and Drexel. |
| 480 | Buller Makers, 19th and Ashland Ave. |
| 121 | Brewery Workers, 1700 E. 21st St. |
| 6 | Brick and Clay, Leavitt and Barry. |
| 256 | Brick and Clay, Chicago Heights. |
| 214 | Brick and Clay, Warrens, Ill. |
| 63 | Bridge and S. I., 180 W. Washington St. |
| 13 | Carpenters, 113 S. Ashland Blvd. |
| 62 | Carpenters, 8416 S. Halsted St. |
| 341 | Carpenters, 1440 Emma St. |
| 434 | Carpenters, South Chicago, 11037 Michigan Avenue. |
| 504 | Carpenters, Ogden and Kedzie. |
| 578 | Carpenters, 180 W. Washington St. |
| 15138 | Commission Merchant Helpers, 126 W. Randolph St. |
| 885 | Cooks, 18th and Washington St. |
| 793 | Electrical, R. R., 6436 S. Wentworth Ave. |
| 794 | Electrical, 71st and Cottage Grove. |
| 115 | Engineers, 9223 Houston Ave. |
| 586 | Engineers, Morrison Hotel. |
| 538 | Firemen and Enginemen, 9118 Commercial Avenue. |
| 80 | Firemen and Enginemen, 5058 Wentworth Ave., 7:30 p. m. |
| 718 | Firemen and Enginemen, Ogden and Taylor. |
| 17010 | Gas House Workers, 180 W. Washington St. |
| 33 | Garment Workers, 311 S. Ashland Ave., 5 p. m. |
| 784 | Hot Carriers, 514 W. Harrison St. |
| 18 | Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. Van Buren St. |
| 473 | Maintenance of Way, 318 W. 63rd Street. |
| 283 | Machinists, Roseland, 11405 Michigan Ave. |
| 1528 | Machinists, R. R., 113 S. Ashland Ave. |
| 12755 | Office Employees Assn., 186 W. Washington St., 6:30 p. m. |
| 371 | Painters, District Council, 1446 W. Adams St. |
| 371 | Painters, Dutt's Hall, Chicago Heights. |
| 256 | Plumbers, 2045 W. North Ave. |
| 597 | Plumbers, 20 W. Randolph St. |
| 753 | Plumbers, 417 S. Halsted St., 8:30 p. m. |
| 307 | Printing Pressmen (Paper Bag Wkrs.), 180 W. Washington St. |
| 301 | Railway Clerks, 549 W. Washington St. |
| 576 | Railway Clerks, 67 E. Van Buren St. |
| 668 | Railway Carmen, 545 S. Ashland Ave. |
| 964 | Railway Clerks, 19 W. Adams St. |
| 991 | Railway Clerks, C. M. & St. P. R., R., 2703 W. North Ave. |
| 424 | Railroad Trainmen, 127 N. Francisco Ave. |
| 115 | Sheet Metal, Ogden and Taylor. |
| 121 | Switchmen, Ogden and Taylor Sts. |
| 15783 | Warehouse Employees, 186 W. Washington St. |
| 17618 | Warehouse Employees, 186 W. Washington St. |

(Note—Unless otherwise stated all meetings are at 8 p. m.)

JAKE SPOLANSKY FALLS INTO DAILY WORKER'S TRAP WITH HIS SILLY WALL ST. BLAST STORY

By MANUEL GOMEZ.

Because of a certain unallocated \$500,000, which it was believed bankers could be scared into handing over to the detective agencies for investigation of "reds," the lives of 30 people were sacrificed and upwards of 200 were injured, on Sept. 16, 1920, in a terrific bomb explosion, one of the most powerful blasts in police history. The explosion occurred in Wall Street, New York, between the U. S. assay office and the home of J. P. Morgan & Co.

The professional Burns and Thiel "body-snatchers," with their hired gangs of dicks, finks and stool-pigeons, got the \$500,000, and several hundred thousand more. Three-fourths of all the detectives in the country, both public and private, were employed on the case for many months.

Of course "clues" were reported every day and "leads" were turned up in unnumbered thousands. But no one was ever brought to trial, or even indicted.

Blast Still is Mystery. Officially the Wall Street bomb explosion is still a mystery. The only thing the department of justice professes to know about it—after all its arrests and bustle of activity—is that it was the work of "reds."

This was the explanation adopted by the authorities at the beginning. It was the theory that the private detective agencies wanted it to adopt. It was the theory that served the purposes of ex-Attorney-General Palmer. It was the theory that loosened up those Wall Street dollars.

Now the Labor Defense Council, which is co-operating with the DAILY WORKER in the publication of the present series of articles, has been gathering information on the Wall Street bomb explosion for some time. This information explains why the affair remains such a perplexing "mystery" to the government "red" hunters.

It also shows up the latest fraud of that amusing villain, Jake Spolansky, published in yesterday's issue of the Chicago Daily News. As a matter of fact, Spolansky has fallen into a DAILY WORKER trap. Ever since the beginning of his stories in the News, the DAILY WORKER has been waiting for him to touch upon the Wall Street explosion, and thus give us the most favorable opportunity for contrasting his lies with the real truth concerning this gigantic attempt at frame-up.

The Sleuths Were Away. The explosion occurred at a time when the force of dicks usually on duty in the financial district was at its lowest ebb (a circumstance which radicals could not possibly know, but which must have been well known to everyone in the detective service).

J. Pierpont Morgan, for whom the bomb might have been presumed to be intended, was sojourning in Europe. His partner, Thomas Cochrane had left town for a few days. The late Henry P. Davison, another member of the firm, was not in the building. No "red" conspiracy has been discovered in connection with the affair because there was no "red" conspiracy. It was a detective conspiracy, and the bomb was planted by an employe of the biggest private detective agency in the country.

Profitable employment for detectives was needed. Immediately following the explosion, the New York Times printed testimony by Frank Francisco, one of the investigators for the department of justice, in which he called attention to the fact that the explosion occurred just one day after the "Red Squad" of the department was disbanded. "This squad," continued the Times reporter, "had been active in running down bomb plots since early in the war and the last 40 members were taken from the work yesterday, Mr. Francisco said."

Tells of Rail Strike. The origin of the affair takes us back to the great railroad strike of the previous year. A slush fund of \$2,500,000 had been raised by prominent bankers interested in transportation, for the purpose of breaking the strike, not too much being said about the means to be used. More than \$500,000 of this was still untouched when the strike collapsed. It re-

WINTER OF HOWLING BLIZZARDS, SNOW AND SLEET ON THE WAY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The United States is due for the heaviest winter in years if the well-known "law of averages" works out.

In spite of the assertion of the United States weather bureau that long distance forecasting is impossible with the present knowledge of meteorology, officials admitted today that an old-fashioned winter is overdue.

Not since 1917 has the country suffered a really bitter cold spell, according to the records. Following that season there were comparatively mild winters which indicate that December, January and February will be a grand polar celebration. Heavy snow, howling blizzards, plenty of sleet and biting cold waves—these are a few pleasures in store for the country this winter, if the unofficial predictions come true.

remained in the hands of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who held it in trust for the joint bankers' committee.

Through activities in connection with the strike, William J. Burns, the prosperous super-dick, knew of the existence of that \$500,000. It disturbed him. He could not rest for thinking about it. And slowly the thought began to dawn upon him that if Wall Street could be scared sufficiently, the bankers, with a ready fund at hand, would be eager and willing to spend their money for the purpose also fall in, he figured, with the policy of the department of justice, which was at that time whooping up sentiment for its "red raids."

The whole thing finally took shape as a scheme involving Burns, Thiel and several other important detective agencies. The stakes were big and there was room for all.

Information in support of this was presented to the Illustrated Daily News, of New York early in 1921, by Albert Balanow (alias Ballin), ex-federal dick and Thiel operative—the same Balanow who testified to detective agency frauds at the time of the Michigan Communist trials, in which Foster, Ruthenberg and their comrades were defended by the Labor Defense Council. The Illustrated News declared it considered that "the accusations of Balanow are of sufficient importance to warrant a thorough investigation by official representatives of the public and the government."

According to the information given to the Illustrated News, Balanow was informed of a possible Wall Street bomb the day before the explosion. On September 15, 1920, a detective agency manager told him to go to Milwaukee and make a report from that point in writing to the New York chief of police. He was to explain that he had met a Russian by the name of Lechovitsky, an agent of the Soviet Government in this country, and that the latter told him he was here to cause bomb explosions and create outrages. He was further to report that Lechovitsky told him that at a certain meeting of radicals in New York city plans were completed to place a bomb in Wall Street and to cause an explosion there.

"Balanow gives what he declares is the street number where the alleged fictitious meeting was supposed to have taken place," continues the Illustrated News, "and a list of men of Russian origin who were supposed to have been present at the meeting. He declares this meeting was fiction and the man Lechovitsky also a fictitious character. That the purpose of the announcement to the police chief was to cause publicity and to stir up the country that detectives might be employed."

Scramble for Wall Street's Gold. In the scramble for Wall Street money that followed, department of justice operatives did not scruple to play the game of the detective agencies. There is plenty of evidence of a mutual understanding all around.

The Labor Defense Council is in possession of a facsimile letter, on the stationery of the Thiel Detective Service Co., in which T. J. Cooney, then manager of the "radical department" of the agency, writes to one of his men in Chicago, as follows: "Please note copy of the attached letter to Mr. Selb. I met Mr. Selb

through Mr. Sculley of the department of justice in New York. Selb is now in the Intelligence Department and advised me that certain bankers in New York have suggested an investigation of the radical movement. "I believe it would be advisable for you to see Mr. Selb and have a talk with him. Don't tell him too much, but give him enough information to convince him that this service could handle the investigation at New York better than anyone else. You might telephone him and make an appointment, or if you cannot find his telephone number, drop him a note, and tell him to advise you how you can get in touch with him. Simply sign it No. 81 and do not give him your name or address. You might give him a phony name to write you under. "Please let me know the result of your interview with him."

Here we have proof of double-dealing on the part of government agents Selb and Sculley, who have on the face of it, already taken the first step toward using their positions for private gain.

The copy of the letter to Selb, referred to in the communication printed above, is also in the hands of the Labor Defense Council. It is marked "private," and extracts from it are given below:

"I do not expect to be in St. Paul for sometime to come, but if you or some of your connections expect to be in that vicinity soon, please let me know, and I will give you a note to Mr. Baldwin, our St. Paul manager. . . Should you succeed in lining up the Radical work you mentioned, I am inclined to believe that an organization such as ours, could handle it better than any other organization, as we are in touch with the situation and have men whom we can depend upon. An arrangement could be made to handle it for so much per day per operative. The rate per day would be ten dollars and expenses. Should the man in New York communicate with you, he will do so by saying, he is No. 81."

During all this time, our friend Jake Spolansky, recently graduated exposé of the "reds," was in government employ, and selling government information regularly to the Thiel agency at the somewhat startling rate of \$25 a day. Jake has always had a keen eye for the shekels.

Spolansky's Latest Explanation. Now Spolansky comes out with the "only reliable solution of the Wall Street bomb," which is revealed in the Chicago Daily News "for the first time." His story is simply that some "red" did the job, but the "red" has not yet turned up, although one of his "accomplices" is already under arrest—only the accomplice does not know it. Neither does anyone else, we might add.

Some disinterested parties have endeavored to explain the Wall Street blast as an accident, due to the explosion of a powder wagon. But this story appears to the Labor Defense Council to be as without foundation as Spolansky's assertion that "anarchist-communist" (!) bomb-throwers attended the Bridgman convention of the Communist Party in 1922. Powder wagons do not parade up and down Wall Street and explode in front of J. P. Morgan & Co.'s offices.

Binghamton, N. Y., Comrades Report Many Achievements

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Oct. 22.—The language branches here, the Czechoslovak, Ukrainian, Russian and Lithuanian report progress in their campaign for organizing the unorganized. The Lithuanian branch has mobilized its entire membership for red mobilization week. Each member contributed 50c to campaign literature for distribution. Other language branches are following up the work begun by the Lithuanian comrades. The Lithuanian branch has also donated \$10 to the party's campaign fund. To the party's call for industrial registration our members responded one hundred per cent, Comrade Sullivan, organizer of District 4, reported at our last meeting.

There is a splendid field for work among the Polish and Italian workers which the City Central Committee is taking the initiative in drawing into the party fold. Two new branches, one Polish and one Italian will soon be organized here.

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PLENTY OF TRANSIT PLANS BUT PROFITS ARE STILL IN THE STRAPS

Mayor Dever's subway building plan which is now before the city council contains the following proposals:

A subway in Clark street, from Chicago avenue to Polk street, and extending west in Chicago avenue to Orleans street and west in Polk street to Jefferson street.

An "L" line on Milwaukee avenue to Irving Park boulevard, connecting with the subway.

An "L" line in Blue Island avenue, connecting with the subway at Jefferson street.

Numerous later extensions of the "L" line.

Construction of initial part of system with the city's \$40,000,000 traction fund.

The Insull Plan.

Forty miles of extensions to the present "L" system. Would have city build subway under downtown district and if it does not desire to do this the "L" company offers to do it.

On a Labor Faker's Trail

MOONEY STRIKE OPENS FIGHT ON FARRINGTON

Faker Hires Sluggers to Club Delegates

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY. (Article Ten.)

That Tom Mooney, trade union organizer, was languishing behind the prison bars of San Quentin and in danger of being sent to the electric chair by the capitalists of California for something he was not guilty of, did not mean anything to Frank Farrington, president of the Illinois Miners' Union. But the rank and file of the organization were as much concerned with Mooney, a member of the Molders' Union, as if he were a coal digger from Illinois.

The class consciousness of the rank and file of the miner went far beyond the boundaries of the state and even of the nation. While Farrington and his henchmen were making common cause with the coal operators and their political lackeys in the republican party, the miners who actually dug the coal looked beyond the national boundaries and followed with interest and sympathy the great struggle of their brothers in Russia to defend their Soviet Republic against the combined forces of the capitalists of the world.

Fear Rebel Spirit.

It was fear of this growth of class solidarity behind Mooney and the crystallization of the rebel spirit in the Illinois Miners' Union that was one of the determining causes behind the plot of the coal operators and Farrington to crush the revolt before it became too powerful. The fanning of those who stopped work in behalf of Mooney was the pretext.

The miners were enraged over this action of the coal operators and demanded a return of the fines. But the coal barons only laughed at them. They knew that they had a powerful ally in Frank Farrington, head of the miners' union, who would use all the resources of the organization to crush the very men who filled the treasury out of their hard earned dollars.

Big Meeting Held.

The miners of the Nigger Hollow Mine, No. 2, at Belleville called a protest meeting and from that moment the rebellion was on in real earnest. A mass meeting was arranged early in August at Priester's Park, Belleville, and Farrington was advised of the arrangements by Board Member, Wilson. The "Czar's" reply is typical:

"With reference to your telegram of 1st (August) I have instructed Reynolds, Dobbins, Myers, Schaeffer, Thomas, Walker and Mason to attend meeting to be held at Priester's Park Sunday afternoon and use every influence to curb the rebellious movement in the Belleville District."

Farrington's henchmen were at the meeting but their speeches served only to infuriate the miners. A resolution was unanimously adopted calling for the abolition of capitalism, and another voting to continue the strike.

Paid No Heed to Faker.

The meeting adjourned after arranging for another mass meeting the following week. This meeting was to be held in the open but rain forced the miners indoors. Only about one-sixth of the miners managed to get into the small hall. Secretary Treasurer Nesbit of the district office was there and used all the arts of the politician to bluff the miners. But the audience listened to him and went on with their business as if he never existed. It was plain that Farrington

MANY CHURCHES IN EUROPE BET ON WRONG HORSE IN WORLD WAR AND ARE NOW VERY MUCH BROKE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The war-mad churches of Europe, whose pastors blessed bloodshed and consecrated slaughter as they egged on the young into the world war are now feeling the belated effects of their betrayal of christianity.

"It is here in the religious heart of the nations that the hurt of the war is tragically felt today," declares the Central Bureau for Relief of the Evangelical churches of Europe, which is asking for cash to put the protestant churches of Europe on their feet again. "For on these much-tried churches of Europe has fallen blow after blow."

Many of the churches backed the wrong horse in the war, particularly in central Europe. They had been supported by the government for whom they shouted in wartime, and whose governments went down before defeat and revolution. The state taxes from which the pastors drew much of their living were withdrawn. "Overnight," the bureau reports, "their income ceased or dwindled to almost nothing." They tried to rely on the

great middle classes but these also were hit by the war they had loyally supported.

In Hungary some pastors of city churches have seen their wages decline to \$2 a month. Many of them in Hungary and elsewhere had to go to work in offices, on farms and even in mines to keep their families going.

The annual output of religious literature has suffered. In one country alone three quarters of the religious periodicals, according to the relief bureau, have suspended and of those that remain half the subscribers have discontinued.

and under a system of automatic penalties that robbed them of every shred of protection.

But Farrington used the jargon of the stool pigeons, and set up a cloud bank of smoke to obscure the vision of the miners. He used the same tactics that William J. Burns used when trying to jimmy a larger appropriation out of congress for his stool pigeons; the kind that Gompers used when pressed hard at conventions and the kind that all the labor fakers use when their crooked careers are threatened by the militant leaders backed by the rank and file.

Urged Patriotism. Farrington charged the progressives with "demagoguery" fanaticism and treason. He said the "Mooney fines" were penalties for "their defiance of their accredited leaders and the laws of their unions." He urged them to consider that the country was after going thru a war and that they must sacrifice with the rest of the nation.

He did not specify what sacrifices the coal-operators made during the war. He did not tell them of the number of millionaires thrown up during the struggle, which left 100,000 men on the bloody battlefields of Europe, the victims of a war in which they had nothing to gain and everything to lose no matter which side won.

The only concession made by Farrington to the miners was the promise of a National Convention. He scouted the possibility of a separate agreement. The "Czar's" letters in which he described the leaders of the strikers as "vested leaders" and "demagogues" only served to increase the wrath of the insurgents.

Arranged For Thugs. Farrington decided to take extreme steps. Nothing less than preparing to wage war with gunnery and scabs on the union members who were fighting the bosses was his decision. On August 9 he wired his lieutenants as follows:

"Consider this your authority to temporarily employ at the expense of the district organization all the local men your judgment tells you is necessary to influence the men in your district to return to work and help you control the rebellion that prevails. Keep me informed as to developments."

The kind of "influence" that Farrington used against the militants was not of the intellectual kind. Farrington

ton meant blackjacks.

The Slugged Committee. A miners' committee went to Springfield to interview Farrington. The members of the committee were slugged on the streets of Springfield. The names of the men who did the slugging are: "Jack" Brown, or J. W. Brown, a notorious character and boss for the Peabody Coal company, who was keeping company with a woman who ran a house of ill repute. According to reports, she is still engaged in the same line of business. Brown's name will appear again in a subsequent article.

The other members of the slugging committee, sent by Farrington to "interview" the rank and file delegates are: Edward (Red) Maher, who is now running for legal investigator, and William Wall, alias "One-eyed Wall," also a candidate for investigator.

The day after the committee was slugged a great mass meeting was held in Springfield and David Reed read the following telegram from the platform:

"Collinsville, Ill., 8-5-1919. "Frank Farrington, "Farmers Bank Building, "Springfield, Ill.

"Two delegates left at six a. m. for Springfield. They will arrange for mass meeting tomorrow. Will arrive at about ten-fifteen.

"Moses Johnson."

Silence Showed Guilt.

President Farrington, who was present at the meeting, was charged by Reed with the responsibility for the slugging of the Collinsville delegation. He did not deny the charge. The telegram was sent by a Farrington stoolpigeon in Collinsville, and was the signal for the sluggers to be on the watch.

The Springfield miners were not then enthusiastic over a strike for a new contract, but when the Belleville committee told of the treatment they suffered at the hands of Farrington's sluggers, they voted to go on strike and to "remain on strike until all the state officers resigned their jobs."

The next article will follow up this very interesting part of Farrington's history. The evidence will convince any fair-minded mine worker that the president of District 12 is not alone an agent of the operators, whether paid directly or indirectly by them, but that for sheer brutality he can hold his own with the worst specimen among the American labor fakers.

An Analysis by Wm. Z. Foster

of the political and industrial situation in this country.

Read "The Workers Party to the Fore."

in the November (first issue) of the new

Workers Monthly

A sub blank is in this issue of the Daily Worker if you wish to subscribe.

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Vote Communist This Time!

FINAL RED NIGHTS IN NEW YORK CITY TO LIGHT UP EAST SIDE

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 22.—The two final red nights in New York City will be held on the east side and in the down town sections Friday evening, Oct. 24, and Saturday, Oct. 25. On Friday night the Red Night will be in the 14th congressional district with a series of 12 meetings with a final grand windup at 10th street and 2nd avenue at 10:30 p. m. At this meeting many prominent speakers will address the meeting. Some of the speakers will be Ludwig Lore, candidate for congress in this district; Carl Brodsky, candidate in the 8th assembly district; Harry M. Winitsky, candidate for congress in the 12th district; Rugin Saltzman, Moissaye J. Olgin, Boris Lipshitz, Juliet Stuart Poyntz, Fannie Warshafsky, Alexander Trachtenberg, Rebecca Grecht and many others in Jewish and English. This will be one of the biggest red nights held by the Workers Party and it is expected that many thousands of workers will be reached by this red night.

REMEMBER THE DATE, FRIDAY, OCT. 24, main meeting, 10th St. and 2nd Ave.

Meetings in the 14th Congressional District.

Houston St., corner Second Ave. Second St., corner 2nd Ave. 7th St., corner 2nd Ave. 7th St., corner Ave. A. 5th St., corner Ave. B. 7th St., corner Ave. C. 9th St., corner Ave. C. Houston St., corner Ave. C. Houston St., corner Pitt St. FINAL WIND UP MEETING, 10th St. and 2nd

LUTHERANS HAD BETTER HURRY OR THEY WON'T BE NEEDED IN CHINA

Lutheran delegates representing 1,382,903 members of 5,353 united Lutheran churches thruout the United States assembled here today for their biennial settlement of problems of creed and conduct in conformity with the 39 theses of Martin Luther which were nailed to the church door at Wittenburg 400 years ago.

The questions before the convention, range from the proposal to buy an entire mission field in China to the contemplated banning of moving picture theatre organs in churches and the employment of "jazz" organists to operate them. The attitude of the church on pacifism, on the younger generation and on specific church conduct also will be set forth.

COMMUNISTS OF ITALY CALL FOR UNITED FRONT

But Bourgeois Radicals Only Mumble Phrases

ROME, Oct. 22.—The proposition made by the Communist Party of Italy to the bourgeois opposition against the Fascisti, demanding that a separate parliament be established to fight the Fascisti tyranny, was turned down even though the constitutional liberals do not recognize the Fascisti parliament in which they refuse to participate.

This so-called constitutional opposition is really the father of Fascism that it is not now at all pleased with its offspring. Before Mussolini marched his black shirt bandits on Rome, these jabbering liberals were in power and while they imprisoned the workers who had arms with which to defend themselves, the Fascisti were given a free hand.

Called Benito Names. This element formed a constitutional opposition to Mussolini after the infamous assassination of Matteotti. They denounced the fascist government as mercenary and called for the dissolution of the national militia. Of course Mussolini had the guns and refused to comply with the request. Instead he had his brigades take the oath of allegiance to the king and they were henceforth part of the regular army and not outlaws.

The fascisti are continuing their attacks on the workers, particularly on the workers of Molinella near Bologna, where the agricultural workers always had a very powerful co-operative movement, even controlling the railroad.

Murder in Daylight. The Argarian trust of all Italy concentrated their attacks upon Molinella. During the last few days, the fascisti have committed murders in the streets in broad daylight. Ragazza, leader of the fascisti and big land owner, killed a war cripple who was decorated for gallantry in war and was a member of the fascisti. But because he criticized the murder of Matteotti he was marked for death.

He was stabbed at night while sleeping and his murderer, Ragazzo, who arrested for the crime, was almost immediately released and is now walking the streets unmolested. This latest outrage has aroused the wrath of even some of the fascisti.

Call For Action. Under these conditions, the Communist Party issued a manifesto calling on the fascisti opposition to form a separate parliament and fight the black terror. "To isolate ourselves and allow the fascisti cutthroats to spread murder thruout the land is not the right way to fight Mussolini," declares the Communist appeal. "We must join with other groups to make war on the fascist tyranny." The statement calls on the opposition parties to form a new government under the name of the workers and peasants.

Refused to Act. But the opposition refuses to join the Communist Party in this move. The constitutionalists will continue to use constitutional methods, in a country where the constitution is impaled on the bayonet of Mussolini. There is no constitution except for the black

7TH VICTORIOUS YEAR—NOV. 7TH

World-wide Celebration of the Russian Revolution

JOIN IN!

THE revolutionary proletarian world will celebrate this seventh anniversary of Soviet Russia in greater numbers than ever before. This year, added hundreds of thousands of workers who have seen the light will join the Communists in Europe, in Asia, in America, and pointing their fingers towards the rising sun, will tell added millions of workers the story of Soviet Russia.

The story of Soviet Russia is the story of the World Revolution. Soviet Russia has pointed the way. It has given direction to the world's proletariat and told how every country's working class might free itself.

Soviet Russia, the torch-bearer, has a right to demand. As the advance guard it has the right to call upon every revolutionary group in the world to tell the proletarian world, upon this anniversary of the birth of the first proletarian republic, the story of the revolution and its political significance for every land in the world.

Soviet Russia demands of you to commemorate and to celebrate. It calls upon you to demonstrate in your city your own revolutionary loyalty.

SPEAKERS ARE READY FOR YOU! ARE YOU READY FOR THEM?

Have you rented a hall? Have you ordered your printing with which to advertise? Are the comrades selling the admission tickets? It takes at least two weeks to make a mass meeting successful. Therefore TODAY is the VERY LAST DAY you have to begin upon.

The speakers listed below are at your service. Write to your district office or the national office that you will celebrate the seventh anniversary of Soviet Russia. Both offices are ready to do their utmost to assist you.

Can be routed from Buffalo: Franklin P. Brill, Rudolph Katz, James Campbell, Jos. Siminoff, T. R. Sullivan. Can be routed from Minneapolis: J. O. Bentall, J. F. Emme, Tom Lewis, C. R. Hedlund, Jack Bradon, Emil S. Youngdahl, Thurber Lewis, Walter Frank, O. H. Wangerin, C. A. Hathaway, Leslie Hurt, Carl Cowi, C. Forson.

Can be routed from Cleveland: W. J. White, Lotta Burke, J. Kobylak, A. V. Severino, John Brahtin, Max Lerner, Scott Wilkins, C. Buehler, Rebecca Sacharow, Carl Hacker.

Can be routed from New York City: Ben Gitlow, Ludwig Lore, Wm. Weinstein, Rose Pastor Stokes, Alex. Trachtenberg, Harry Winitsky, H. M. Wicks, Juliet Stuart Poyntz, Julius Codkind, Benjamin Lifshitz, Jack Stachel, Pascal P. Cosgrove, Emanuel Elston, Otto Huiswood, Rebecca Grecht, Charles Krumbin, Carl Brodsky, M. J. Olgin, Solon DeLeon, Jos. Brandy, Morris Pasternak, I. Glass.

Can be routed from Seattle: Norman H. Tallentire.

Can be routed from San Francisco: J. H. Dolson, Jack Carney, Ella Reeve Bloor, Dave Gorman.

Can be routed in North Dakota: Chas. H. Heck, H. R. Martinson, Alfred Knutson.

Can be routed from Los Angeles: Wm. Scheiderman.

Can be routed from Superior: Helen Heinonen, E. Hayes.

shirts. But the liberals still continue to talk about freedom of speech of the press and other shibboleths of bourgeois democracy while chaos increases and the conditions of the Italian workers and peasants are growing steadily worse. The saving of Italy from the terror of fascism will be the task of the proletariat and the peasants led by the Communist Party.

Well, Let's Eat! WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 22.—A train 150 miles long, more than the distance from Chicago to Indianapolis, would be required to carry the grain that has been loaded by the Canadian Pacific railway on the Canadian prairies from the opening of the crop year to date.

\$4,000 for Malpractice. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 22.—The appellate court, third district, today affirmed a \$4,000 judgment granted Percy Lawson by the Mattoon City court against Dr. Sherman E. Bigler on malpractice allegations.

SOVIET SPURNS RESERVATIONS IN PARIS NOTE

Demands Unconditional Recognition

(Special to the DAILY WORKER.) PARIS, Oct. 22.—Paris has been advised unofficially by Moscow that even tacit reservations concerning debts will not be tolerated by the Soviet government in the French recognition formula. This is the cause of the delay in the official recognition of the Soviet republic which was announced to take place last Friday.

The formula arrived at by the commission which was appointed by Herriot to pave the way for formal recognition, broke down Herriot's original insistence on payment of the czar's debt to France before recognition.

The growing strength of the Soviet government renders it increasingly difficult for the capitalist powers that have not already recognized the Workers' Republic to secure favorable terms.

France has gained nothing but lost much from following the advice of Secretary of State Charles Evans Hughes of Washington in his Soviet phobia.

O'Connor, Cal's Aid, Fails to Make Good in Attack on Russia

(Continued from Page 1.)

Both men are touring the country making political speeches. It is suggested that they be asked whether they were recalled officially, whether they returned at government expense, who is now paying their expenses and under what instructions from the state department they are now working. It is also suggested that Secretary of State Hughes be required to produce state department records dealing with these facts, and that he be asked what others connected with the state department are being used in the campaign.

Pennsylvania Raises Huge Sum. The campaign fund collected by Pennsylvania republicans outside the "Pittsburgh district" totals \$365,000, Joseph R. Grundy of Bristol, Penn., this afternoon told the Borah investigating committee.

Grundy is the chairman of the ways and means committee of the Pennsylvania republican state committee, and was the man named as collector of the "slush fund" being raised to "buy the election" in closely contested territory.

Slow in Starting New Trial of Two Indiana Unionists

BOONVILLE, Ind., Oct. 22.—The trial of Bert Stanton and Tom Julian, union men charged with first degree murder of Wesley Rogers, non-union man, on April 9, set for today, had not been started at noon because Henry Bippus, prosecutor, was awaiting word as to whether he could secure attendance of Mrs. Catha Garrison, eye witness to the murder who had been subpoenaed and was in the state of Ohio. A former trial resulted in a hung jury, standing eleven for conviction and one for acquittal. The state may ask a continuance.

Hight Wants Sanity Probe. MOUNT VERNON, Ill., Oct. 22.—Reverend Lawrence M. Hight, untried minister of Ina, charged jointly with Mrs. Elsie Sweetin with conspiracy to poison his wife, Anna, and her husband Wilford, today filed a motion in circuit court here, thru his attorney, Nelson J. Layman of Duquoin, asking that a sanity commission be appointed to examine him.

Another Bank Quits. DES MOINES, Oct. 22.—Notice posted on the doors at United States bank of this city today that a threatened run made closing necessary; informed customers that the bank had suspended.

Children Die in Fire. BUTLER, Pa., Oct. 22.—Two children of Patrick Mahoney, Louis, 3, and Leona, 1, were suffocated to death today when their home was damaged by fire. The mother was seriously burned trying to save the children and is in the Butler hospital.

I. W. W. CONVENTION TABOOS DISCUSSION OF ANY AFFILIATION

The I. W. W. convention in session at the Emmet Memorial Hall late yesterday, passed a resolution prohibiting any discussion regarding national or international affiliation with any political organizations to be taken up on the floor of the convention. The resolution was passed unanimously with a very small number of delegates voting.

Chicago Party and League Members! Poll Watchers Needed for Election Day.

PARTY and League members are asked to help the Party on election day, Nov. 4, by acting as poll watchers. This is to ensure an accurate count of all votes cast for the Workers (Communist) Party candidates. It is easy to be released from work on election day. The Party will need about 300 watchers. Are you ready to help? If you are, sign below and send it in to the Local Office, 166 W. Washington St., Room 303.

----- CUT OUT HERE -----

I will be a poll watcher on November 4th.

NAME:

ADDRESS:

BIG PROGRAM OF FINAL RALLIES IN NEW YORK COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN

NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 22.—The campaign committee of New York has arranged a series of final rallies which will be held during the last two weeks of the campaign in the various sections of the city.

The following is a list of the indoor rallies:

Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St., Oct. 26, at 8 p. m. The speakers at this meeting will be Comrade Olgin who will give a lecture in "Russia Today," All those interested in knowing what is going on in Russia should attend this lecture.

Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton St., Oct. 28, at 8 p. m. This meeting will be addressed by Cannon, candidate for governor, Winitsky, candidate for congress, Olgin, Lore, Brodsky, Liphshitz and Saltzman, all candidates in this district.

Hennington Hall, 214 Second St., Oct. 29. Meeting will be addressed by the candidates, Cannon, Winitsky, Lore, Olgin, Brodsky, Liphshitz and Saltzman.

Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St., Oct. 29, at 8 p. m. The main speakers at this meeting will be Olgin and Winitsky in English and many other

JOHNSTONE WILL SPEAK AT MASS MEETING, OCT. 27

Preparations for Grand Rally Under Way

John W. Johnstone, candidate for congress in the ninth congressional district, will be the principle speaker at a grand rally and mass meeting of the North Side English branch of the Workers Party, to be held Monday, Oct. 27, at the Imperial Hall, 2409 N. Halsted street.

Johnstone who is the assistant secretary of the Trade Union Educational League, is well-known to working men of Chicago. He has been very active in his own union, the Painters No. 147 for 22 years and is a delegate from that union to the Chicago Federation of Labor. He has also taken active part in every large campaign for organizing the unorganized workers held in Chicago. Especially well-known is his work among the stockyard workers.

Every effort must be made to get a large attendance of workers at this meeting. Members of the North Side English branch should call at headquarters and get as many throwaways as they can dispose of to distribute in front of large factories and in their own workshops.

Johnstone is a splendid speaker and makes a hit with workers everywhere—the more working men and women we can reach thru this meeting the greater will be our effectiveness in this campaign.

Every member of the North Side English branch get busy!

Murder Trial Continued. Trial of Russell Scott for the murder last April of 19-year-old Joseph Maurer, clerk in a loop drug store, during a holdup there, was again continued in criminal court today, by Judge Lynch, this time to Dec. 1.

The Circle

A Mark of Accomplishment

No campaign of the DAILY WORKER to increase its circulation has received the success of the present one.

Thousands of workers with the progress of the Labor movement at heart have become active participants of the DAILY WORKER Bricklayers' Union and have sent us the load of subscription "bricks" that are pouring into the office to "Build the DAILY WORKER."

These workers believe that a most effective method to aid the American Labor movement is by working for the success of a Daily newspaper that has championed actively, aggressively the workers' cause in every struggle.

They believe that, and much more—and work for it. If you do also—and want to see the cause of Labor more effectively promoted, and reaching more workers, you will cut out this brick below and add directions and remittance. Around the length of subscription that you desire for the worker you have induced to subscribe—you will place a circle. Then send it to the DAILY WORKER.

That is your mark of accomplishment for the Labor movement.

Place the circle on this brick and "Heave it back" to

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"The National Labor Daily"

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Special Indiana Communist Election Campaign Page

STANDARD OIL TYRANNY RULES AT WHITING, IND.

Labor Slaves for John D. at Pauper Wages

By JACOB RUSAK.
(Special to The Daily Worker)

GARY, Ind., Oct. 22.—The Standard Oil company, with its huge refinery in Whiting, is taking drastic measures to exploit the workers to the limit and get the most work out of the young girls who slave there at pauper's wages.

I talked to many male and female workers at the plant, and they all have hard luck stories to tell:

Partners of "John D."

The average wage of the male workers is 50 cents and of the female 35 cents an hour. The bosses are spreading propaganda that the workers should "become a partner of John D. Rockefeller and buy a share of stock in the Standard Oil. This keeps them satisfied with their low wages, until they get wise, and keep them working their heads off to get a "share of the profits."

The Standard Oil company makes the workers join a "union" but it is the company union, organized and controlled by the officials of the company. The workers have nothing to say as to what their hours and wages shall be, or what working conditions shall be like. The company does the dictating and not the workers.

Some of the girls told me they work so hard and fast for their measly thirty-five cents an hour, that when they come home from work they drop into bed without eating any supper. One girl said, "We've got to work on a schedule and every girl must produce a certain number candles per day, in the candle making department, or she is fired. The foreladies are on a constant watch over us and we aren't ever allowed to talk to each other during working hours, also we stand only a foot apart at our work." The girl who told me this has been in the employ of the company four years.

Never Got An Increase

No matter how long a girl works for the Standard Oil company she never gets an advance in wages. "When we are hired they tell us there is always a chance for advancement," this candle maker said. "They tell us we can become foreladies or supervisors if we only work hard enough, and behave ourselves, and comply with the rules and regulations of the company. I've worked here for four years and every time it was my turn to be advanced I was transferred to another department with the excuse that the previous department was slackening down. I am so tired of waiting to be promoted, that I have given up all hope."

The female employees are not permitted to go to the wash rooms during working hours, because they would get behind in their regular

Fighting for Jobs at Czar Gary's Steel Mills

By KARL REEVE.
(Staff Writer, Daily Worker.)

GARY, Ind., Oct. 22.—Every morning at 7 o'clock, from one to three thousand unemployed workers gather in the chilly dawn before the gates of the United States Steel corporation and try to sell themselves in return for food.

Inside the employment office sits a tall, beefy man with a baggy gray coat, and slouchy pants, reading a newspaper. This is Mr. Egeberg, terrorizing employment agent, who holds destiny of thousands of workers in his uncouth paw.

Many are the terrible tales whispered from one worker to another about this god of the mills, as they cower in the icy air. "He's in there now, warming himself. He wants to wait until we get the guts frozen out of us, then we'll be willing to work for his lousy forty-four cents an hour," whispers a Spanish I. W. W. member to his companion.

"You can't put anything over on Egeberg," whispers another steel worker, spitting tobacco juice. "He looks you thru and thru. Do you know why he has that job, with its fat salary? Egeberg never forgets a face. If a worker is fired from the mills for talking unionism or belonging to a radical party, he never gets re-hired. All new employes pass thru Egeberg's hands, and he weeds out the rebels."

The God of the Mills.

Scene Not Imaginary.

This is not an imaginary scene, but the real thing, in which the DAILY WORKER reporter took part, and all you have to do to hear awe-stricken whispers about Egeberg is to talk to the workers in the Gary steel mills. Egeberg visits all the Communist and radical public meetings, putting his phenomenal memory to the test, and separating the goats from the sheep, finding out who are the docile slaves of the steel trust and who still have their manhood left in them.

And here is another true scene in which the snarling watch dog of the steel trust took part. Two unemployed Spanish wobbles were standing in front of the employment office gates reading a Spanish I. W. W. newspaper. Egeberg rushed out, tore the paper from the hands of one of the wobbles, kicked the other one, and yelled, "Get to hell out of here, with your I. W. W. literature. Go back to Spain and start a revolution if you

want to. You fellows are nothing but dam scoundrels and the Communists are still worse. Do you know what I do with men that belong to the I. W. W. and the Workers Party? I take them by the ear and kick them to hell out of here, and they'd better not come back again if they don't want to serve time."

Every clerk in the employment office is instructed to ask the applicant for a job if he belongs to a union, to the I. W. W. or the Workers Party, and if he does, the unemployed worker is kicked into the street.

This Egeberg has able assistants inside the mills. A worker who was seen by his foreman, Matt McCormick, reading a DAILY WORKER in the 10' I' merchant mills, was immediately discharged, this week. The worker, who asked that his name be kept secret owing to fear of the blacklist, bought the paper on the way to his work. McCormick, the roller boss, after discharging the worker, warned the rest of the crew that anyone bringing the DAILY WORKER into the mills would be fired at once.

McCormick then went into a bitter tirade, and praised the Gary Post-Tribune, which is controlled by the steel trust. McCormick, under the heat of the moment, admitted he is a member of the Ku Klux Klan, and declared himself opposed to any radical paper.

"I'll not have any of you damn Bolsheviks bringing a paper into the mills which is against the Ku Klux Klan," McCormick bellowed, as the discharged worker started for his pay. "You damned hunkeys and Niggers

He tells of the romance in the founding of Gary in 1906. "In 1906 the U. S. Steel corporation's furnaces," Cotter writes, "poured out 11,267,377 tons of pigiron while its steel plants produced over 13,000,000 tons of ingots and ten million tons of finished material. The gross sales of the year amounted to \$696,756,962 and the net profits \$156,624,273.

The J. P. Morgan interests; the Carnegie interests; the Rockefeller interests; Elbert H. Gary and his satellites are the ones who, bathing their hands in the gold pieces poured out of the steel mills to them by the life blood of the workers, find romance in steel.

And Egeberg, backed by the colossal fortune of the steel trust, backed by the thugs, the newspapers, the chamber of commerce and the control of the workers' job, browbeats, fires, slugs and beats the rebel worker.

And the rebel worker, dumbly realizing that his is the historically rising class, bides his time, awaiting the day when the workers will take over the industries, and Egeberg and his masters are themselves thrown on the human refuse heap.

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GOLDEN CALF IS THE GOD TODAY AND ONLY HATE FOR COMMUNISTS

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 22.—

The heathen have descended on K. C. literally! Fifteen hundred years ago a christian mob in Alexandria dragged Hypatia, a girl philosopher, to the temple of their god, stripped her and tore her to pieces with their finger nails before the altar.

This week we are having pagants, parades and big balls staged by the Priests of Pallas and Pallas Athene herself, in person. Do the Christians propose to mob and outrage her as their fathers would? Do they even protest? They do not. Their God is the golden calf—and the blasphemers they hate are the Communists.

the boy returned to Whiting he grew worse. This worker, who has for several years loyally given his five dollars every pay day to the upkeep of the community house, appealed to the committee in charge of it for aid.

They bluntly refused, on the ground that all money collected must go to "the welfare of the community house." Nor could the worker get any help from the Standard Oil company for which he had slaved so long.

One of the officials of the company told this father it would be useless to send the boy away as he probably would not recover anyhow.

Savings Stolen From Them.

Three bankers in Whiting, Schroll, Smith, and Davis, own practically all the land in Whiting, and it is rumored that these bankers have connections with the Standard Oil company. The only way a worker can build a house is to see one of these three bankers. First they are exploited and plundered of their energy by the Standard Oil barons, then their savings are robbed from them by the land shark-bankers, and by the combined force of the Chamber of commerce of Whiting.

Open Forum, Sunday Night, Lodge Room, Ashland Auditorium.

Vote Communist This Time!

The Workers' Friend I. MITTERMAYER

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WE DELIVER

Indiana—A Nest of Corruption

By JOSEPH MANLEY.
Campaign Manager, Workers Party.

INDIANA, the hoosier state, is the embodiment of corruption in American social and political life. It contains a plethora of incidents and individuals typifying the struggles of the workers against their masters, the capitalists.

The senior senator from Indiana, Tom Watson, is the mouthpiece of the National Manufacturers' Association. He is a bitter enemy of organized labor and the workers generally. He is generally recognized as the senatorial voice in the senate of the otherwise dumb and silent Coolidge.

Tom Taggart, Indiana's democratic boss, has made an enormous fortune out of his management of the democratic party in the state. His palatial resort, French Lick Springs, where prohibition never enters, has been the scene of many gaffes between its owner, the late Roger Sullivan, George Brennan, Charlie Murphy and the inner circle that bosses the democratic show, selling the votes of misguided workers to the highest bidder.

A sample of political corruption in Indiana can be cited in the case of Governor McCray, now serving five years at Atlanta penitentiary, for misappropriation of funds and using the mails to defraud the bankers. Had he been guilty of defrauding the workers, he might not be in Atlanta, but would perhaps have been a successful senatorial candidate. His crime was, that he cheated on his own class.

Indiana's largest city, Indianapolis houses the national headquarters of the largest trade unions in the country. Millions of dollars from these workers' organizations pass thru the banks of this leading open shop town. It was an Indianapolis judge, Anderson, who sent the McNamara brothers and the other officials of the Structural Iron Workers' Union to the peniten-

tary. It was the same Judge Anderson from this noble state, who granted the famous injunction against the miners, who have their headquarters in Indianapolis, tying up their funds and abridging their rights to strike.

Indiana is the home of Eugene V. Debs. The same Debs who formerly fought for the workers and who now finds himself in the camp of LaFollette and his kind, whom Debs, in his

Chinese Appreciate Sympathy of Soviet Rule in Red Russia

(By Rosta News Agency)

MOSCOW, Oct. 22.— In an interview granted to a correspondent of the Rosta News Agency regarding the foundation in China, Mr. Li Chia-ao stated that he was most thankful to the Soviet government for his sympathy expressed and its willingness to come to the relief of the Chinese people.

"My government"—said the Chinese representative—"has charged me to convey its gratitude to the Soviet government for the latter's sympathy, which is a token of the deep feeling of love of the governments and peoples of the Union of Soviet Republics for the Chinese nation."

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Election Campaign Meetings

"Mother" Bloor

HAMMOND

Sunday Evening, October 26 K. of P. Hall, Homan and Ogden Ave. 7:30 P. M.

INDIANA HARBOR

Saturday, October 25, 7:30 P. M. Roumanian Hall Penn Ave. and Washington St.

GARY

Sunday, October 26, 2 P. M. Public Library Auditorium 5th and Adams Sts.

SOUTH BEND

Monday, October 27, 8 P. M. Carpenters' Union Hall 315 So. Michigan St.

Max Bedacht

SOUTH BEND

Tuesday, October 31, 8 P. M. Kossuth Hall 820 W. Indiana Ave.

THE CAMPAIGN FUND CAMPAIGN! Ten dollars collected by each member Collecting campaign funds means agit-

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THE DAILY WORKER

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International Greetings to Silk Workers

Cabling their greetings and wishes for victory of the Paterson silk strikers, the All-Russian Textile Workers' Union and the International Propaganda Committee of the Textile Workers have again demonstrated what international working class solidarity means. The Russian workers, in control of their own land and rebuilding it on the basis of Communism, are never too busy to watch earnestly the struggle of workers in other lands, and to send their messages of encouragement. The moment they learned of the Paterson strike they sent their message of solidarity. If the strike continues, the Russian textile workers will probably collect strike support from the mills and factories of Soviet Russia. They are supporting with all their power the attempts to organize international action of the working class of the world for victorious struggle.

The DAILY WORKER transmits this message with great joy, and to the Russian workers it extends the appreciation of the silk strikers and their friends for the expression of international solidarity of the workers. The whole body of textile workers in America, and the entire conscious working class will fight with greater energy and enthusiasm, under the inspiration of that ideal of revolutionary unity that is so flamingly held before them by the heroic Russian workers.

Long live the Paterson silk workers!
Long live the revolutionary struggle against capitalism!

Long live the Russian unions and their government, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics!

There Is Gnashing of Teeth

When John L. Lewis lifted the charter from District 26 of the United Mine Workers and suspended the duly elected officers of the Nova Scotia miners, the resentment among the coal diggers was very strong and justly so. Many of them thought the best way to reply to the attack of the reactionary Lewis would be to secede from the International. But for the fine work of the Communists and the Trade Union Educational League, Lewis would have accomplished his purpose—to rid District 26 of the radicals.

It was during this period of trial that the cuckoos of the O. B. U. of Canada made their appearance. As a labor organization the O. B. U. is a good gambling joint. It is competing with the Chinese, On Leong and Hip Sing tongs in Canada. From the profits of its gambling enterprise it was able to send emissaries into Nova Scotia, where the workers are revolutionary. But instead of helping them to fight Lewis the O. B. U. strategists adopted the Lewis tactics. Had they been on his payroll, the O. B. U.-ites would not have done his work better than they did.

That they failed is no fault of theirs, but of the splendid solidarity and dogged determination of the rank and file of the Nova Scotia miners, the leadership of the Trade Union Educational League and of the miners' leaders who were suspended by Lewis. The Maritime Labor Herald was also a tower of strength to the workers who were fighting two powerful enemies, John L. Lewis, and the British Empire Steel corporation.

"Get out of the U. M. W. of A. if you don't like it," was Lewis' invitation to the Nova Scotia miners.

"Get out of the U. M. W. of A. and join the O. B. U.," was the invitation of the Winnipeg cuckoos. Despite the presence of "actor" Legere, whose latest "Follies" had a two-year run in Lawrence, Mass., the miners of Nova Scotia did not show the white feather or quit the struggle against Lewis. They stayed in their own union and licked the Indianapolis bully to a standstill, and in doing so struck a heavy blow at Besco. They repudiated the secessionists and elected a set of militants as district officers as soon as Lewis was compelled to restore their autonomy. District 26 is still a "red" district. It is inside the United Mine Workers of America and in a position to join forces with District 12, Kansas and the other sections of the miners' union in waging war on Lewis and his crew of strikebreaking agents of the coal barons.

The victory of the Nova Scotia militants is another vindication of the policy of the Trade Union Educational League and a damaging defeat for the middle-headed acrobats of the O. B. U. and their secessionist policy.

There is weeping and gnashing of teeth at the headquarters of the Winnipeg "wheel of fortune" outfit. It is regrettable that they were not able to get a group of workers to give their confidence game a proletarian flavor.

"Socialism Made Easy"

The above was the title of a little booklet written by James Connolly and was a popular presentation of elementary socialism which was very popular in this country.

But the title seems appropriate to the policy of the socialist party of America today in putting forward a fraudulent substitute which is guaranteed to satisfy all classes from Rudolph Spreckels to the lowly paid common laborer in the Gary mills.

The socialist united front with Spreckels, Vanderlip, Vanderbilt, Gompers and LaFollette finally brought the socialist party into the kind of company its leaders hankered after for many years. But their new allies take snuff whenever the socialists make their appearance. They have no objection to their votes but feel as much embarrassed in the presence of these renegades as Andrew Mellon would if seen walking in public with the bootlegger who handles his whiskey deals.

In New York state the Rev. Norman Thomas, near-socialist candidate for governor, is in an uncomfortable position. He is supporting LaFollette for president, while LaFollette is supporting Al Smith for governor of the Empire state, who in his turn is supporting—the very, very, very precariously—Morgan's attorney, John W. Davis. Yet it is well for Thomas that Smith is giving even lip service to Davis. If Smith decides to throw his hat into the LaFollette ring and desert Morgan's attorney, then Thomas will not get enough votes to cover the front of his preacherless pulpit.

And Smith may do that little thing. Already politicians with influence are warning Smith to drop Davis, else Roosevelt will be elected. The trade union supporters of LaFollette have called on Thomas to step out and throw in his lot with Smith. They point out that there is no fundamental difference between Smith and Thomas, so far as their avowed principles are concerned. Smith is a better handshaker and favors liquor with a strong alcoholic content, while in public Thomas is a prohibitionist. How he likes his toddy in private, he does not say.

In making socialism "easy" the socialist party has finally succeeded in eliminating itself as a political entity. There is nothing left but a rather vague question mark, and an unpleasant odor.

A Clumsy Liar

The tales of blood and terror promised by Jake Spolansky to the readers of the Chicago Daily News have not yet materialized tho it is apparent that he has already fired his heaviest mud guns. This audacious liar and particularly stupid fink, has spun a yarn that for sheer disregard for truth, establishes a record even among stoolpigeons.

Jake is paid to establish the headquarters of his imaginary "Red Terror" in Chicago. He does that. Satchels full of bombs are seen at a distance but the clever department of justice spies never get even as near to them as the Senate committee investigating the oil frauds got to the famous satchel in which Doheny, jr., carried the \$100,000 to former secretary of the interior, Albert B. Fall. In fact all Spolansky's plots fall to the ground—even as near to them as the Senate committee in-

It appears that this verminous brood formed a sort of closed corporation and engaged in a general business of plot-making and exposing. All business was done on the premises and orders were treated confidentially. The family made the plots at the supper table and solved them over the coffee and doughnuts in the morning. They made a living at it which shows that this is still a land of opportunity—at least for sewer rats of the Spolansky type.

One particular part of the Spolansky yarn however is enuf to create a feeling of nausea in the reader over the coldblooded manner in which this human skunk describes the murder of Andrea Salsedo by the department of justice in New York. This young Italian lad fell from a window high up in a building in a New York skyscraper. The accepted view of the story is that he was hurled from that height by government agents.

There was no evidence against Salsedo or against any of the alleged anarchists who were arrested over the framed bomb plots which were hatched by the stoolpigeons in order to create public hysteria and bring in business.

Of all the foul broods that roost on the capitalist system the stool pigeons are the filthiest.

Tag Day

The New York section of the Workers Party is displaying energy and ingenuity in using the election period for the purpose of spreading Communist propaganda, and crystallizing the sentiment against capitalism among the New York workers behind the candidacy of Foster, Gitlow and the Communist candidates in the Empire state.

Campaigns cost funds and there are no Spreckels, Vanderlips nor millionaire Hillquits at the beck and call of the Workers Party. The sinews of war must be raised from the masses in small sums. A Tag Day was decided on.

Tag Days are not new innovations, but this is the first time, we believe, that a Tag Day is proposed in order to collect funds for a political party.

The party branches in New York have taken hold of the idea with enthusiasm. A certain allotment was made to each branch but most of them raised the figure and some of them almost doubled it. The Young Workers League, for instance, accepted an allotment of \$3.00 per member which is fifty per cent higher than the quotas assigned to the Workers Party branches.

The Tag Day will be held on October 25 and 26.

"Education Week" to Miseducate Children

By LILLIAN BORGESON.

THAT the public schools of this country are really the tools of the capitalist class and are recognized as such by the government, is conclusively proved by the proposed program of the United States Bureau of Education for American Education Week, a week to be entirely devoted to anti-radical propaganda and to be officially observed in all the schools throughout the nation.

From Nov. 17, to Nov. 23, the Bureau of Education in co-operation with the red-baiting American Legion and the labor-hating National Educational Association, are to concentrate on the task of instilling in the children of the working class a blind allegiance to the capitalist system and a deep hatred and lasting distrust of anything radical.

A few quotations from the program are sufficient to let the workers know just what kind of education, the bureau means by "American Education." Tuesday's program is typical.

1. The red flag means death, destruction, poverty, starvation, disease, anarchy, and dictatorship.

2. Help the immigrants and aliens to become American citizens.

3. Take an active interest in government affairs.

4. Stamp out revolutionary radicalism.

5. To vote is the primary duty of every citizen.

Slogans:
America first.
Visit the schools today.

The red flag means danger.

And there are seven days in the week, for each of which is provided similar propaganda! And that is not all! Teachers are already urging the working class children to send ten cents apiece to the National Security League to secure material for observance of the week. This National Security League is an organization of wealthy business and professional men dedicated to fighting the "menace" of Communism in this country, and one of its specific functions is to furnish "patriotic" material to teachers, especially to teachers of children in the poorer and foreign districts. This material consists of stories for the children and articles addressed to the teachers which may be transcribed by them into the language of the boys and girls. All of the material is concerned with one subject: combating radicalism.

The ruling class realizes keenly the importance of getting control of the children of the workers and drilling them in loyalty to the present system, and filling their plastic minds

WAITING

By ANISE
(Federated Press Staff Writer)

In the marble halls of the bathing palace,

They waited for a turn
At the mineral baths of the Cucusus,
Long lines of grumbling folks
The "Private Persons,"
Waiting for a chance to pay
Three or four dollars
And have some HOT MUD plastered
on them,

In the gorgeous pavilion once reserved
For the aristocracy of Russia.

A worker standing beside me
Laughed as he told of the day
When they put him off the special
branch train

That runs to the health resorts,
Because his CLOTHES marked him
as a WORKER.

But now he was sent by his UNION
To a place in the best sanitarium.

And we watched
The PRIVATE PERSONS,
The well-dressed men and women,
The new-rich folks of Russia,
Who had not been sent by any Union,
But came on their own to bathe
here.

How they stood or sat and waited
For some vacancy to happen.

But every 40 minutes
When they nearly reached the desk
Came a flood from the sanitariums,
WORKERS from mine and factory,
In their sanitarium bath-coats,
All with their free reservations,
And swept to the head of the table,
To take from the man who sat there
The bath-checks kept in waiting.

And after the workers were served
There might be a place or two empty
To go to that grumbling line of
Private Persons.

Then one of the waiting crowd,
A well-dressed woman,
Who was used all her life
To being served by others,
Grew angry at the host
Of workers sweeping past her.

We have been waiting
THREE HOURS, she said,
And you have all the places.
But an old, bent woman turned,
A factory worker,
Sent by the Social Insurance
For rheumatism gained in the damp-
ness of work,

To be cured in the mountains.
She tossed her long bath-coat to the
other shoulder,
And waved her hand with the check
The Social Insurance gave her;
And said to the grumbling rich
Whose money bought no favors:
But WE have been waiting
Three hundred years
While you took all the places.

with wholesale lies about the working class.

Here are some of the things that the "FAIR, IMPARTIAL SCHOOLS" of our country are giving to our children.

"What is this thing men call Bolshevism? I'll tell you in a single phrase. It is the revolt of the inefficient—the revolt of men who can't do things, and want to pull down the man who can. Remember that! Keep it always in front of you. The revolt of the inefficient resenting the prosperity of the efficient."

And again.

"What is the proletariat Lenin and Trotsky white about? He is actually the lowest in the human scale, the illiterate, the superstitious, the ignorant. A great many people mistake the word for the laboring man. Never in the world!" And further.

"To give the lowest in the human scale the seats of the mighty! A child with a box of matches alone in the house." Or take this that is being

given to the children:

"Liberty, says Democracy. License, says Bolshevism.

"Equality, says Democracy. Lies those who are above you, says Bolshevism."

"What can all this be leading to," you ask. Well, more than you probably think. For not only have the capitalists the desire to create an army of loyal youth, loyal, of course, to the capitalist class and ready in a few years to rally to their call, whether it be to go again across the sea for another imperialist war, or whether it be to shoulder a gun at home and shoot down strikers; their aim is even more definite and sinister. Let me quote again from the publication of the National Security League.

"The Allies have won the first war, and they will win the second. Until they do, the fight to make the world safe for democracy is only half finished. Our relation to this second struggle is exactly what our relation to the first was. Though primarily

involved, we cannot remain an innocent bystander. Many are disposed to be generally tolerant of the Bolsheviki. They will have to wake up again. Autocracy and Bolshevism are both bitter enemies of Democracy. . . . Bolshevism is as much the enemy of Democrats as Kaiserism. It too, must be decisively settled."

Or listen to this from "The Spirit of America" by S. S. Menken.

"I wonder what effect this view (against more defense appropriations) would have on Lenin's Council, if they had the airships ready which they will soon possess, and the wicked whim to extend their area of rapine and annihilation to our shores. That these devils, committers of every crime against God and Man, might do so, is possible at any moment and yet we are totally unprepared for defense against them or any other nation with whose purpose we might come in conflict."

Or lastly, read this from "Women and Bolshevism."

"Bolshevism and Americanism cannot exist in the same land. Our fight is not yet over. One war has been won. We are facing another war that we must fight with all our strength of will and purpose. It is the fight of Americanism against Bolshevism. Can women whose men helped in the World War, hesitate to say on which side they stand?"

That is the reason for American Education Week, from Nov. 17 to Nov. 23. Already the capitalists are organizing their forces, spreading their propaganda to prepare the working class youth for the conflict to come. And how are we to combat this? The Workers' Party has an organization whose one purpose is education of the working class children to their role in the class struggle. The Junior Section of the Young Workers League, Junior Groups under the direction of local branches of the Young Workers League and sometimes of the party, are in existence in all parts of the United States. It is the only organization in the United States which is systematically combating the vicious propaganda of the capitalists. It is the duty of every party branch, of every local of the Young Workers League, to get behind the children's movement wholeheartedly and help them in their great task of bearing the message to other working class children in spite of this organized propaganda against them. Remember! The Future belongs to the Youth!

Steel Workers! Join Communists in Fight to Realize Labor's Goal



More than once the steel workers have shown that they know how to fight militantly for their class interests and understand the need of class solidarity.

Your conditions in the mills, however, have continually become worse. Working for the richest corporation in the world, nothing but misery has become your lot.

While the United States Steel corporation last year made a total net profit of \$179,650,910, your wages average 44c per hour, in other words from \$21.00 to \$25.00 per week. The eight-hour day boasted of by Gary has only been partially established. Haunted by an ever-present fear of unemployment and by spies, who are paid to divide your ranks, you are driven to a terrific speed-up system of work.

Steel production has been greatly reduced, which means that many steel workers have been compelled to walk the street without any means of support for themselves and their families, many working only half time. The profits of the steel trust, however, continue to pile up.

The country is facing a great industrial depression with mass unemployment. It will particularly hit the steel industry and you must prepare to meet that crisis. You must organize and demand the right to live.

Judge Gary, Morgan, and the heads of the United States Steel corporation are the modern capitalist autocrats who rule and control the lives of millions of workers. The power and influence of these men express the system of capitalist exploitation under which we live, it dominates completely and decides the policy of the government. Garyism is the curse of the steel workers. In the last analysis Garyism and capitalism is synonymous.

The steel industry must be compelled to maintain its employees during times of enforced idleness. This can only be done thru a tax on profits placed in a fund under complete control of competent steel workers.

The eight-hour day must be established. The standard of living of the steel workers must be raised. The lives and limbs of the workers must be protected.

These elementary demands of the everyday struggle can only be won by strong organization, political and industrial, of the steel workers together with the entire working class. These organizations must be guided by leaders with a consciousness that the everyday struggle is a part of the class struggle, and that the interest of the employers and the workers are diametrically opposed and that it is only thru struggle that the workers are able to advance their class interest.

The demands of the steel workers have always been very moderate, yet each time they have met with ferocious assaults from every department of the government. The courts, the cosacks, soldiers, hired gunmen, have been used to crush every attempt of the steel workers to better their conditions. This should prove to the steel workers the class nature of the struggle; and the need for class action both industrially and politically by the workers.

The giant corporation which dominates the steel industry is a principal part of the capitalists' control of the United States government. Elbert H. Gary is an ardent supporter of Calvin Coolidge and the republican party. When Wilson and the democratic party held office in the government, the great steel strike was ruthlessly suppressed. It makes no difference to the steel workers of America whether republicans or democrats hold office in the government. Robert M. LaFollette, the independent capitalist candidate for president, represents the same system of capitalism which has developed the United States Steel corporation. He is just as ardent a supporter of capitalism as Coolidge or Davis, and his talk of "busting the trusts" will have no more effect than Roosevelt's trust-busting slogan of 1908.

Coolidge, Davis and LaFollette propose nothing that will relieve the situation in the steel industry. The only permanent solution of the problem is the abolition of the present system of exploitation and the establishment of a workers' government.

Only the Workers Party proposes to organize the workers for a militant struggle to better their own conditions. We propose the steel workers organize themselves into industrial unions; that they organize in the shops to protect their interests there; and that they organize politically to establish the working class power—the workers' government.

This can only be done by the conscious revolutionary will of the workers; by the building of a mass Communist Party.

Steel workers! Join the Communists in the struggle for the realization of this program.

A vote for Coolidge, Davis or LaFollette is a vote for the system which enslaves you. A vote for the Communist candidates is a vote for the workers' government.

J. Foster
Chairman Workers Party of America.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from page 1)

ings are welcome into the ranks of the British labor party but the Communists are not. At least so Ramsey MacDonald has decreed. Perhaps he fears that a Communist left wing inside the labor party would puncture the tires of the McVittie "endowed" automobile. The family of Stanley Baldwin has gone over bag and baggage to the labor party and wealthy women with chokers of pearls are canvassing for votes at the mill gates for titled gentlemen on the labor ticket. The King has not yet joined the labor party but it is known that as long as the labor ministers consent to kiss his anatomy humbly and politely, he sees no reason why he should bore from within.

THE LaFollette boosters are proud of their millionaire allies. Millionaires in the United States are welcome in the LaFollette party. The workers are invited to do the voting. The published statement of every supporter of the LaFollette candidacy sent out over the LaFollette publicity declares allegiance to the capitalist system. What they want is clean government. The British labor party refuses the Communist Party admittance on the same terms as the other groups that compose the British labor party. There is a reason. The Communists fight the capitalist system. They are not concerned with playing the role of scavengers in the sewers of capitalist government.

THE capitalist system cannot even be cleaned of its filth. All the efforts of even well intentioned reformers are of no avail. It must go fifth and all. The capitalist system has served its purpose in bringing the machinery of production to its present perfection. Perhaps the following story may illustrate the point:

AN Aglican bishop invited another clergyman to dine with him. The bishop had a leg of mutton which was older than was good for it. Instead of purchasing fresh mutton, he had the old leg cooked and served for dinner. His guest's smellers were in good condition, so when requested by the bishop to say grace before meals, the clergyman broke into poetry to relieve his burdened soul. This is the way he said grace:

"Good Lord above, look down with love

"Upon this leg of mutton,
"Once it was sweet and good to eat,
"But now, good Lord, it's rotten."

SO is the capitalist system.