

FEAR DAILY WORKER EXPOSURES Unemployment Biggest Issue of Campaign

POLICE PROTECT DAILY NEWS; JAIL DAILY WORKER MEN FOR ANNOUNCING REPLY TO LIES

By MANUEL GOMEZ

That it is decent and legal for the Chicago Daily News to publish Jake Spolansky's lying "expose" of the Communists, but impermissible for the DAILY WORKER to expose the would-be exposers, is the apparent interpretation which has resulted in the arrest of two active members of the Workers Party, John Heinrichson and Peter Lucas, charged with disorderly conduct. They were arrested at the corner of Milwaukee and Fullerton avenues, where they were putting up posters announcing the present series of anti-fink articles in the DAILY WORKER. The Labor Defense Council furnished bail for their release.

The lurid posters of the Daily News are in the street cars, in the "L" trains, on the billboards, all over the city. But when the DAILY WORKER attempts to put up a few posters, its men are arrested!

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

FORTUNATELY for American "society", the Prince of Wales did not break his neck while he was here. While at Long Island, His Royal Highness appeared at a racecourse wearing a slouched panama. On the following day every lounge lizard at the millionaire colony had similar headgear. At a fox hunt in Toronto, the prince fell from his horse just to show that he could do it. Practically every participant in the hunt parted company with his steed a la prince. Bonesetters should avoid the prince. It would pay them to keep him supplied with horses.

THE quiz into the campaign funds of the three capitalist parties does not seem to bring forth the promised sensations. What is all the shooting about anyhow? Everybody knows that the biggest capitalists are supporting the republican party this year, for the Davis is perfectly safe he only figures in this campaign as an innocent bystander. But all the big fellows are not dumping their cash into the Coolidge treasury. What about the gentleman who gave \$40,000 to "Fightin' Bob's" campaign fund?

WHAT a collection of thieving hypocrites the capitalist parties are! The LaFollette, democratic and republican parties would do anything short of committing murder to reach the White House. This storm over the size of the campaign contributions is merely political mud-throwing. The big capitalists will find ways and means of putting their money behind their favorites.

SENATOR Thomas Walsh, the gentleman who won a national reputation in tracing the black satchel that carried the \$100,000 to Fall, now finds himself mixed up in a mess that differs only in degree from the one that squirted over the former secretary of the interior. Walsh secured a special water permit from the United States government for the Beaverhead Ranch company, in which he was a stockholder. Fall, Daugherty, Wheeler, Walsh, McAdoo, Jess Smith. The honors seem to be evenly divided.

FRANCE has decided to recognize Soviet Russia. It suddenly dawned on the French capitalists that the relations between the Russian nation and the French nation were usually of the friendliest, and even the czar is dead, they must do business with his heirs. It is regrettable that the French capitalists did not come to this conclusion before now. Thousands of lives would have been saved (Continued on Page 2.)

This illustrates what we meant when we declared yesterday that Spolansky, the Daily News and the police department are all bound together in the same system.

Somebody Getting Feverish. Apparently the articles in the DAILY WORKER are beginning to make somebody decidedly feverish under the collar. The DAILY WORKER will continue its exposures, in spite of interferences. Copies of the paper will be obtainable at all important newsstands.

With coy carelessness of truth, the News neglected to say anything about posters in its front-page story of the arrest. Instead, it informed its readers that "anarchistic literature and pamphlets designed to inflame workmen were taken from the men." The item starts out with obvious malicious intent and innuendo, noting the apprehension of the two Communists and adding, gratuitously, "both of whom are said to have come recently from Russia."

Daily News Wrong Again. The DAILY WORKER would like to know where the News got its information that Heinrichson and Lucas "are said" to have come recently from Russia. As a mere matter of fact, both of them have been living in Chicago for the last fifteen years or more.

Instead of quitting Spolansky after the DAILY WORKER exposed him as a liar and a fraud, the News is resorting to his methods. In chapter V. of Spolansky's ponderous narrative, he begins to talk about the "red raids" of 1919 and 1920. These are the raids of which Louis F. Post, at that time Assistant Secretary of Labor, has written: "The whole 'red' crusade seems to have been saturated with 'labor spy' interests—the interests of private detective agencies which, in the secret service of masterful corporations, were engaged in generating and intensifying industrial suspicions and hatreds." In other words, powerful capitalists and their hired gangs of union wreckers and frame-up men, in the government and out of it.

It is not generally known how important these same interests were in securing the passage of the reckless "sedition laws" and "criminal syndicalism" laws, under which thousands of workers have been thrown into jail in defiance of the constitution. More than 35 state legislatures have been induced to pass such laws, after a similar statute failed of adoption in the United States congress. The laws were passed because they were "good for business"—especially the detective business.

Readers of the DAILY WORKER will be particularly interested in the criminal syndicalism law which is on the statute books of the state of Illinois. The labor defense council has reason to believe that it was due in no inconsiderable degree to a sterling patriot by the name of Michael Fianna. (Continued on page 2)

Trotsky Warns Against Foe

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

MOSCOW, Oct. 17.—Leon Trotsky, Soviet Commissar for War, speaking to a cossack assembly at Kabardino Balkarsk today urged his hearers "to be ready to mount their horses at a moment's notice to fight for Russia."

"Sooner or later the enemy may compel us to shoulder our arms for our country's defense," said Trotsky. "That is why we cannot disband the army. Our enemies, the vultures and imperialists—those who now disrupt China—don't permit us to do so. We do not want to be torn and crushed."

"States composing the Soviet Alliance can adjust their mutual differences peacefully, but we could not take such a course with London or New York. Our army is strong not alone with its own strength, but because it has with it the peasants and workers."

On a Labor Faker's Trail

FARRINGTON IN BIG LAND DEAL WITH OPERATORS

By J. T. O'FLAHERTY
(Sixth Article)

The official machinery of the Illinois Miners' Union is today being used by Frank Farrington to support for re-election the most notorious capitalist grafter and all round political crook that ever sat in the governor's chair at Springfield. Considering Farrington's past dealings with other capitalist politicians it is a fair assumption that the price of his treachery in this case comes to a pretty stiff figure.

While the thousands of Illinois miners are unemployed and in a serious condition for want of the necessities of life, this master faker is putting up a united front with Small, Dawes, Brundage and Coolidge to put over the republican ticket in Illinois and in the United States while giving lip service to LaFollette and the so-called progressives.

Dunne For the Workers. The only candidate for governor of Illinois that deserves the support of the working class is William F. Dunne, editor of the DAILY WORKER, member of the electrical workers' union and a man whose career in the (Continued on page 3)

REMOVAL OF G. E. B. IS ACTION TAKEN BY THE I. W. W. CONVENTION

Yesterday saw the removal from power of all the Industrial Workers of the World officials involved in the recent injunction controversy. The convention went on record as repudiating the action of the officials on both sides in the controversy by temporarily electing a committee of administration from the delegates and completely excluding any of the old officers.

A committee of three was elected by the convention to act as temporary officers under the instruction and jurisdiction of the convention and to take charge of the Industrial Workers of the World national affairs until the factional controversy is decided upon by the convention.

This means that Tom Doyle and Joe Fisher on the one side and Griffith, Rowan and Bowerman on the other side, have been ousted. With them also went James Morris, assistant secretary to Doyle.

The motion also stipulates that the duly elected administration make its headquarters at 1001 W. Madison street, the regular national office and the officials be notified of their temporary suspension.

Supplies, books and other belongings of the Industrial Unions Nos. 330, 310 and 120 are to be returned to the Industrial Unions and that Industrial Unions Nos. 440 and 520 with other property be controlled by the administration elected by the convention. This action, however, cannot be taken until the temporary injunction is lifted.

Editor's Note:—Earlier story on Page Two.

INDIANA COURTS FAIL TO BAN WORKERS PARTY

By ARNE SWABECK

Connivance of the old party politicians, the lackeys of capitalism and the self-styled progressives following the usual "democratic" pattern to rule the Workers (Communist) Party candidates off the ballot failed once more.

On Oct. 14 the Workers Party filed with the governor of the state of Indiana petitions for nomination of presidential electors containing 1,000 signatures obtained from all parts of the state but principally from the steel workers who have never for one moment lost faith in William Z. Foster as a true working class representative and in the Communist Party as the leader in the struggles of the workers. The tools of the steel trust immediately got busy to take measures to prevent the Workers Party going before the working class voters in this election.

A Lame Excuse.

An injunction was obtained restraining the board of election commissioners from placing seven of the so-called minor parties on the ballot giving the excuse that many of the signatures to their petitions had been obtained by fraudulent methods and that a total of twelve parties had filed nominations which would prevent the use of voting machines and thus disfranchise large numbers of Indiana citizens. Just how this would mean a disfranchisement was not stated, nor was any particular proof submitted to substantiate the contention of fraudulent methods. The board bowed to the commands of the injunction and ruled that only five of the so-called major parties, including the LaFollette "progressives" could be placed on the ballot.

The Plot Failed.

The Indiana election law provides for the acceptance of independent candidates when nominated thru petitions by 500 voters of the state. During a period of two weeks 1,000 workers signified their willingness to support the Communist candidates and the Communist program and signed their names to petitions being circulated. But what is law to the lackeys of capitalism? When it serves their purpose they will enforce it to the letter, when that is not the case it will be as utterly disregarded as the scrap of paper it is written on. And in this instance, despite the one thousand signatures, the tried and true method of injunction was made use of to attempt to (Continued on page 2)

COMMUNISTS DECLARE RELIEF FOR WORKERS WITHOUT JOBS IS EVADED BY LAFOLLETTE

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party has issued a statement calling upon the workers to demand action for relief of the unemployed.

This statement declares that there are now more than two million workers unemployed in the United States and that the army of men without jobs is increasing daily.

Neither the republican candidate, the democratic candidate, nor LaFollette has dared to take up this most pressing issue for the workers of this country, is the charge of the Workers Party.

Shows Up LaFollette.

The statement is particularly directed against the LaFollette-Wheeler Progressive organization which is making an appeal for labor support but which is silent on the biggest issue in the lives of the workers of this country at the present time.

The statement declares that it is the capitalist system of industry which is responsible for periodic hard times with the consequent misery and suffering for the workers which unemployment brings. It demands immediate relief thru compelling the employers to pay wages to

the unemployed to whom they cannot give work and thru government taxation of industry for the purpose of maintaining the unemployed.

Publish Statement in Leaflet.

It calls upon all workers who want to make a fight against the scourge of unemployment to join in the formation of unemployment councils to bring pressure upon the government and the bosses for immediate relief and to support the Workers Party candidates as a demonstration of their demand for the abolition of the capitalist system which causes unemployment.

The statement in full, of which hundreds of thousands of copies will be distributed in leaflet form, follows:

WORK OR WAGES FOR UNEMPLOYED!

Make Bosses Pay Unemployed Workers If They Can't Give Them Jobs!

HAVE we the right to "Life, Liberty and the Pursuit of Happiness?" According to the Declaration of Independence every human being has certain inalienable rights "and among these are the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

Do the workers of this country enjoy these inalienable rights? In order to enjoy the right to life they must have the opportunity to earn a living. The workers who work in the shops, mines, mills, factories and on the railroads of this country are dependent upon the work they do and the wages they receive for their living. If they are unable to secure work they are unable to live.

The right to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" to them means an opportunity to work and earn these things. The Workers Without Jobs. Today there are already two million workers in the United States without jobs. They are denied the opportunity to earn a living. Hundreds of thousands of miners have been unemployed from periods running from three to six months, some even longer. The steel industry has been running at less than 50 per cent of capacity for many months, which means hundreds of thousands of workers who are denied the right to work. The textile industry has thrown a large part of its workers on the street. The clothing industry has its tens of thousands without work. The automobile industry has laid off a hundred thousand or more men.

All over the country the number of men and women without jobs is growing. The bosses' system of industry is breaking down again. In 1921 this breakdown of the capitalist industrial system threw FIVE OR SIX MILLION WORKERS OUT OF JOBS. These workers didn't have any "inalienable right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." The bosses couldn't make big profits because their system of industry wasn't working, so they sent these workers out on the streets to starve.

Thrown on the Junk Pile. Is it the inalienable right of the capitalist bosses to throw the workers on the streets to starve? Must we go without wages to buy food, clothing and pay the rent, whenever the capitalist bosses can't make big profits?

Workers! Demand that the government and the capitalist bosses pay the unemployed.

The capitalist bosses make big profits out of the labor of the workers. The BILLION DOLLAR fortunes of Rockefeller, Morgan and Ford were produced by the labor of the workers. The wealth owned by the tens of thousands of millionaires and multi-millionaires were produced by the labor of the workers.

If the capitalist bosses take big profits when times are good, make them pay the unemployed wages when they can't give them jobs.

Make the government levy special taxes on the capitalist bosses and create an unemployment fund to be administered by the labor unions out of which to pay the workers without jobs. Let the workers still in the fact (Continued on page 2)

WORK OVERTIME IN NEW YORK

Foster To make Award

THE weekend in New York will see the final spurt in a campaign of the D. W. B. U. (DAILY WORKER Bricklayers' Union). Over 900 hustling super-builders have been in overalls for weeks, with special folders of five subs each for the DAILY WORKER in a drive to establish "The National Labor Daily" in New York City.

Over 500 subscriptions have been piled up to this week and an effort is now being made to double the figure with one last three day effort ending in the Foster meeting at Arcadia Hall, 918 Halsey St., Brooklyn on October 19. Here the Communist presidential candidate, Wm. Z. Foster will award a beautiful silk banner (hand work of the Lithuanian comrades) to the winning branch having scored most subs in the contest. Those comrades having subs on hand must turn them in here previous to the meeting to be counted in the banner award. No past effort made in New York

for the DAILY WORKER can boast three days of the Banner Award Contest every Communist, friend and sympathizer—and especially those holding sub card folders are asked to put a final "kick" into the contest. Here is real constructive work to build the American Labor movement—get in the D. W. B. U. It has been due entirely to the efforts of these hard working builders that it has been possible to place the DAILY WORKER on the news stands of New York. Beginning Monday, October 20, every news stand in that city will carry the makings of future Communists. The DAILY WORKER can be maintained, become better established, when every New York "Red" will see that subscriptions are asked for from every worker, everywhere—and especially in the last days of special effort to carry the Communist message—thru the DAILY WORKER by getting subs. Wind up with a bang—make the last three days of the Banner Contest—RED letter days!

TODAY WE BEGIN

Of all the occasions upon which workers gather in meeting halls none find more whole-hearted support, enthusiastic welcome, greater response in the masses than the yearly celebration of the victory of the Russian Proletariat. Of the many demonstrations Communists hold, celebration of the birth of Soviet Russia should outstrip them all. Arranging details for huge mass meetings upon the SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION, NOVEMBER 7th is now in order. Your immediate attention to this task. Begin this work TODAY!

REMOVE G. E. B. IS INSTRUCTION TO I.W.W. DELEGATES

Want New Deal in Drive to Settle Controversy

Many of the delegates to the general convention of the Industrial Workers of the World, now meeting in Emmet Memorial Hall, have been instructed by their industrial unions to remove all members of the present general executive board of the organization and elect a new temporary G. E. B. until the controversy within the organization is settled.

This was revealed in yesterday's session.

Effort to Release Delegates.

Joe Jordan, of I. U. 110, tried to have the delegates released from their instructions on all matters pertaining to grievances, which included the factional controversy. The chair ruled this motion out of order on the grounds that the delegates had no right to remove the instructions. The chair, however, was not sustained after an appeal. Jordan's motion that instructions on matters of grievances be removed was lost.

Debate on Jordan's motion developed that I. U. 440 instructed delegates to demand an itemized financial statement of expenditures of the general executive board of the I. W. W.

Delegates for I. U. 120 were instructed to vote to remove the present general executive board from office and elect a temporary G. E. B. until the controversy between the two I. W. W. factions can be thrashed out.

Delegates representing I. U. 210 and 220 were also instructed to see that officials belonging to both factions were temporarily removed from office and a temporary G. E. B. elected.

The convention, thru the press committee, issued a statement declaring that "Tom Doyle claims he gave no interview to any reporters on this convention," and stating in part:

"We wish to inform the public in general, that there is no antagonism among the delegates relative to this controversy. The convention is going on in a very orderly manner and is impartial.

"Neither Doyle, Fisher, nor the executive board members have been or will be shown any partiality.

"Nor is there any hard feeling among the delegates. We wish to emphatically deny the allegation that the delegates who had come to the Memorial Hall from the Washington street hall, had come to 'filibuster, make trouble and delay proceedings.'

"The delegates from all industrial unions, that are present have agreed on their respective voting power and will be granted to the other industrial unions which have no delegates present, as yet.

"The convention has gone into permanent session and all committees necessary have been elected. Sessions will be held daily in the Emmet Memorial Hall, except Sundays. The public in general will be allowed to sit thru the entire convention."

After prolonged debate, the rules of the convention were adopted, including the rule that two delegates representing different industrial unions are required to get a roll call or record vote before it will be taken.

Workers' Hotel Ready.

TUCSON, Ariz.—A clean room and a job is awaiting the migratory worker that chooses this city for his winter abode. The city jail has been renovated even to the extent of washing the blankets, and sufficient vacancies are reported on the chain gang to assure employment to all comers.

POLICE PROTECT THE DAILY NEWS

(Continued from page 1)
gan, of the Thiel Detective Service Co.

The Thiel agency, with Chicago headquarters at 53 W. Jackson Blvd., is almost as large as Burns. It is one of the three outstanding agencies (Burns, Thiel and Sherman) who make a practice of furnishing labor spies to large corporations. It also maintains an army of armed guards, gunmen and professional strikebreakers.

The usefulness of such a law was discussed many times in the Thiel headquarters, and in the offices of clients. The matter was taken up with individual members of the state legislature. One day, Mike Flanagan set off for Springfield with \$40,000 in his pocket. Shortly afterwards the law was passed.

Under the White Terror.

The so-called "red raids" marked a period of governmental terrorism unparalleled in American history. They were conceived by Attorney-General A. Mitchell Palmer and the group of labor-baiting plutocrats who owned him. The ground was carefully prepared.

In early May, 1919, the newspapers blazed with accounts of sixteen explosive packages which were intercepted in the post office at New York. A number of other bombs had been sent thru the mails at that time, and one of them had actually exploded, in the house of ex-Senator Hardwick of Georgia. The whole thing was at once proclaimed by the police to be "a gigantic conspiracy by an organized gang." A hue and cry was raised, with every now and again a police assurance to reporters that "the net tightens" or "the lightning is about to strike."

The Public Got Weary.

But so much tightening of nets and no fish, and so much thunder with no lightning, made the public weary. The sensation had not been dramatic enough in its staging for a lasting scare, and the futile detective tactics hurried it on to an anti-climax.

Hardly had the "May Terror" subsided when newspaper readers were terrorized anew by the so-called June bombardments, reports coming from no less than seven cities of bombing assaults upon the homes of prominent capitalists. A bomb was exploded at Attorney-General Palmer's home at Washington, damaging the front porch. Then a fresh horror was sighted in the office. The "radicals" who were responsible for the June explosions and the May postal packages were discovered by the gumshoes to be "launching" a campaign of terrorism to begin on the approaching Fourth of July. But, alas, the campaign was never heard of more. And nobody was arrested for any of the other "outrages."

The lack of real "leads" in these cases is remarkable — remarkable enough to be significant. How was it possible for so gigantic a conspiracy of plotters to have escaped detection when most of the detective agencies of the country, public and private, regardless of expense and frequently of lawful methods, were pursuing the perpetrators with tireless zeal? There is nothing comparable to this enigma except the fruitless efforts of the detectives to fix the responsibility for the death-dealing explosion in Wall street, New York, which occurred at mid-day more than a year after the episodes of May and June, 1919.

Communist Open Air Meetings in Chicago

Saturday, Oct. 18.
North avenue and Orchard, auspices Hungarian branch. Speakers, D. E. Earley and others.

30th and State, auspices South Side English branch. Speakers, Gordon Owens and others.

Roosevelt and St. Louis, auspices Y. W. L. Area branch No. 4. Speakers, Karl Reeve and others.

Division and Washtenaw, auspices North West Jewish branch. Speakers, George Maurer and others.

Monday, Oct. 20.
Madison and Green, auspices Mid-City branch. Good speakers.

Tuesday, Oct. 21.
Wilton and Egmont, auspices North Side English branch. Good speakers.
14th and 49th court, auspices Cicero branches. Good speakers.

Vote Communist This Time!

LEADERS BETRAY HARPER SCHOOL PARENTS' STRIKE

Portables Not Solution to Our Problem

With the assistance and in cooperation with the treacherous leaders of the Harper school strike, the board of education succeeded in putting over on the striking parents one of the trickiest and dirtiest deals. The culmination to the betrayal of their leaders, William F. Peak, president of the West Englewood Lions Club, Frank McGarr, president of the Business Men's Club and E. F. O'Rourke, who the strikers charge went into this strike with the express purpose of breaking it, came at the end of an eight-week fight.

Over 500 parents, with their children, some mothers carrying babies in their arms, crowded into the basement of the Thoburn Methodist church at 64th and Paulina streets. They were there to hear the report of their leaders who had been negotiating with the mayor and the board of education. They demanded the reinstatement of the children of the 4th, 5th and 6th grades into the classes from which they were ousted.

Crooked Leaders Hate Foster.

Peak was in the chair. He distributed ballots signed by Morgan G. Hogge, assistant superintendent of schools, giving the only alternative to that of sending the children to distant schools, to agree on part time classes in portables put up on the Harper school grounds.

The trick worked. The parents voted to accept the portables with only one courageous dissenting voice. Hogge was expected to address the meeting but as one of the parents put it, "Why should he come? He knew O'Rourke and Peak would do the dirty job for him."

At the close of the meeting, the DAILY WORKER reporter handed out copies of the paper to the parents while Peak, notorious for breaking up Young Workers League meetings in West Englewood, shouted at the top of his voice that the paper was a "Foster" paper, and the parents should not read it. But their trust in him ended at the meeting and this remark only brot the parents closer to the reporter.

Mothers Talk to DAILY WORKER. With an expression in their eyes which told the story of their disappointment they led the reporter to the grounds of the Harper school at 65th and Ogden and then they opened up. "Shame on them. They fooled us. They went into this fight to help the board against us. We should have picketed the school like men do on strike instead of sitting at home and waiting."

The reporter learned that Peak has no children. McGarr sends his children to a private school. O'Rourke during this fight took his children out of a private school and sent them to the Harper school, but they are back again in their private school.

Parents Against Portables. The parents are signing petitions distributed by property owners in the neighborhood to have the portables taken down. They are signing these petitions because the children have been deprived of their playgrounds, they explained.

The school certainly does present a disgraceful sight. Rows and rows of little shacks and not a foot of space to walk around in. The junior high school students in addition to the 1st to 6th grade children make the congestion even greater. The only possible space for the children to stand around in while waiting for classes to begin is the middle of the road.

Mr. C. F. Doyle of the Civic League of West Englewood said the matter would come up for consideration at the next meeting of the league at which time it will be decided to reorganise the fight with other leaders in charge.

There are 253,000 Hindoo revolutionists in prison under the regime of the pacifist Ramsay MacDonald. Ramsay was once looked upon as a friend of India. He is a friend of the Indian jailers. But the Hindoo people, the exploited workers and peasants, now know what kind of a traitor the hypocritical Bible pounder MacDonald is. But there are over 300,000,000 people in India and MacDonald cannot find prisons for all of them, nor even enough cannons to shoot them.

A LITTLE to the north we find the British Empire, under a so-called socialist government, at its old tricks. It is trying to overthrow the revolutionary government of South China, which is under the presidency of a real revolutionist, Dr. Sun Yat Sen. Sun sent a couple of hot telegrams to MacDonald. He pointed out that while the British premier took a special trip to Geneva to plead for the Georgian counter-revolutionists before the League of Nations, he ordered the British warships to make hostile demonstrations before Canton and threaten to overthrow the South China Republic.

THE name of the ZR-3 has been changed to Los Angeles. This is an indication of the peace character of the new airship. But Japan will not take that point of view. Los Angeles is nearer Japan than Plymouth, Vt. The ship could be rechristened "Silent Cal," for instance. He is also lighter than air.

The Cause He Died for Shall Live, Pledge of Red Youth to John Reed

Walsh and Ferguson in Court for Communist

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LANSING, Mich., Oct. 17.—The supreme court of Michigan today heard arguments for reversal of the conviction of C. E. Ruthenberg, executive secretary of the Workers Party, for "assembling with" the Communist Party at the Bridgeman convention in 1922.

Attorney Frank P. Walsh opened the hearing with a statement of the facts in regard to the case, showing that there was no evidence submitted that the Communist Party had at the Bridgeman convention made any advocacy in violation of the criminal syndicalist law of the state of Michigan and that the said case was based upon the assumption that the mere assembling of an organization which elsewhere had adopted a statement of principles construed to be in violation of the criminal syndicalist law in the state of Michigan was a crime and that a person assembling with such an organization could be convicted of a crime.

Judges Ask Questions. The statement of the facts in the case by Walsh brought a flood of questions from the judges, who seem particularly interested in the fact that literature and documents which the prosecution claims were found in a barrel buried on the grounds where the convention was held has been used as evidence against Ruthenberg.

It was one of the contentions of the defense that this "evidence" was inadmissible and that the trial judge, Charles E. White, erred in permitting the prosecution to read from "The A B C of Communism" and the program of the Communists, particularly to read sections dealing with religion during the process of the trial.

Assistant Attorney General O. L. Smith followed Walsh. His method was the same as during the trial at St. Joseph, depending upon vituperation against the Communists in place of argument to meet the legal points of the defense.

Under the questioning of the judges Smith finally was forced into a corner and admitted "if there is no evidence to show that the Communist advocated doctrines in violation of the criminal syndicalist law at the Bridgeman convention, then we are out of court."

Attorney I. E. Ferguson replied to Smith for the defense. He declared, "There is nothing in this record to show that the Communist Party advocated ideas in violation of the criminal syndicalist law in the state of Michigan.

"If Mr. Smith admits that he is out of court, if there is no proof of advocacy in Berrien county and the state of Michigan, then this court cannot do otherwise than to reverse the judgment of the trial court.

"For, in instructing the jury, the trial judge, Charles E. White, said the following: 'In order to convict this respondent it is not necessary that the jury should find that the Communist Party of America, that is the group or society which assembled at Bridgeman actually advocated the doctrines of criminal syndicalism within the county of Berrien.'

Hits "Assembly Clause." Continuing his argument, Ferguson said: "The statute declares a felony punishment for the mere enunciation of a doctrine without regard to the circumstances of the enunciation. We content that the 'clear and present danger' rule marks the limits of constitutional use of police power in punishment of advocacy and the essence of the 'clear and present danger' rule is that the criminal character of all advocacies is to be tested by the circumstances under which they are made.

"The assembly clause of the statute is contrary to the constitutional guarantees because it is an arbitrary and unreasonable infringement upon personal liberty. The punishment proceeds upon the assumption that there will be future advocacy of criminal syndicalism as a result of the assembly, even though such advocacy may not occur in the state of Michigan and even though such advocacy may never be presented anywhere under circumstances of imminent danger of substantial criminal injury. Assumption of future advocates (some places and sometime, to whomsoever may be) is superimposed upon the primary assumption of inherent tendency in the proscribed documents. To punish the acts of assembly without regard to acts of present unlawfulness by the assembly is to deprive citizens of the right of peaceful assembly."

It will probably be a month or six weeks before the court renders a decision.

Leaders Betray Harper School Parents' Strike

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With the assistance and in cooperation with the treacherous leaders of the Harper school strike, the board of education succeeded in putting over on the striking parents one of the trickiest and dirtiest deals. The culmination to the betrayal of their leaders, William F. Peak, president of the West Englewood Lions Club, Frank McGarr, president of the Business Men's Club and E. F. O'Rourke, who the strikers charge went into this strike with the express purpose of breaking it, came at the end of an eight-week fight.

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The trick worked. The parents voted to accept the portables with only one courageous dissenting voice. Hogge was expected to address the meeting but as one of the parents put it, "Why should he come? He knew O'Rourke and Peak would do the dirty job for him."

At the close of the meeting, the DAILY WORKER reporter handed out copies of the paper to the parents while Peak, notorious for breaking up Young Workers League meetings in West Englewood, shouted at the top of his voice that the paper was a "Foster" paper, and the parents should not read it. But their trust in him ended at the meeting and this remark only brot the parents closer to the reporter.

Mothers Talk to DAILY WORKER. With an expression in their eyes which told the story of their disappointment they led the reporter to the grounds of the Harper school at 65th and Ogden and then they opened up. "Shame on them. They fooled us. They went into this fight to help the board against us. We should have picketed the school like men do on strike instead of sitting at home and waiting."

The reporter learned that Peak has no children. McGarr sends his children to a private school. O'Rourke during this fight took his children out of a private school and sent them to the Harper school, but they are back again in their private school.

Parents Against Portables. The parents are signing petitions distributed by property owners in the neighborhood to have the portables taken down. They are signing these petitions because the children have been deprived of their playgrounds, they explained.

The school certainly does present a disgraceful sight. Rows and rows of little shacks and not a foot of space to walk around in. The junior high school students in addition to the 1st to 6th grade children make the congestion even greater. The only possible space for the children to stand around in while waiting for classes to begin is the middle of the road.

Mr. C. F. Doyle of the Civic League of West Englewood said the matter would come up for consideration at the next meeting of the league at which time it will be decided to reorganise the fight with other leaders in charge.

There are 253,000 Hindoo revolutionists in prison under the regime of the pacifist Ramsay MacDonald. Ramsay was once looked upon as a friend of India. He is a friend of the Indian jailers. But the Hindoo people, the exploited workers and peasants, now know what kind of a traitor the hypocritical Bible pounder MacDonald is. But there are over 300,000,000 people in India and MacDonald cannot find prisons for all of them, nor even enough cannons to shoot them.

A LITTLE to the north we find the British Empire, under a so-called socialist government, at its old tricks. It is trying to overthrow the revolutionary government of South China, which is under the presidency of a real revolutionist, Dr. Sun Yat Sen. Sun sent a couple of hot telegrams to MacDonald. He pointed out that while the British premier took a special trip to Geneva to plead for the Georgian counter-revolutionists before the League of Nations, he ordered the British warships to make hostile demonstrations before Canton and threaten to overthrow the South China Republic.

THE name of the ZR-3 has been changed to Los Angeles. This is an indication of the peace character of the new airship. But Japan will not take that point of view. Los Angeles is nearer Japan than Plymouth, Vt. The ship could be rechristened "Silent Cal," for instance. He is also lighter than air.

The Cause He Died for Shall Live, Pledge of Red Youth to John Reed

Walsh and Ferguson in Court for Communist

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LANSING, Mich., Oct. 17.—The supreme court of Michigan today heard arguments for reversal of the conviction of C. E. Ruthenberg, executive secretary of the Workers Party, for "assembling with" the Communist Party at the Bridgeman convention in 1922.

Attorney Frank P. Walsh opened the hearing with a statement of the facts in regard to the case, showing that there was no evidence submitted that the Communist Party had at the Bridgeman convention made any advocacy in violation of the criminal syndicalist law of the state of Michigan and that the said case was based upon the assumption that the mere assembling of an organization which elsewhere had adopted a statement of principles construed to be in violation of the criminal syndicalist law in the state of Michigan was a crime and that a person assembling with such an organization could be convicted of a crime.

Judges Ask Questions. The statement of the facts in the case by Walsh brought a flood of questions from the judges, who seem particularly interested in the fact that literature and documents which the prosecution claims were found in a barrel buried on the grounds where the convention was held has been used as evidence against Ruthenberg.

It was one of the contentions of the defense that this "evidence" was inadmissible and that the trial judge, Charles E. White, erred in permitting the prosecution to read from "The A B C of Communism" and the program of the Communists, particularly to read sections dealing with religion during the process of the trial.

Assistant Attorney General O. L. Smith followed Walsh. His method was the same as during the trial at St. Joseph, depending upon vituperation against the Communists in place of argument to meet the legal points of the defense.

Under the questioning of the judges Smith finally was forced into a corner and admitted "if there is no evidence to show that the Communist advocated doctrines in violation of the criminal syndicalist law at the Bridgeman convention, then we are out of court."

Attorney I. E. Ferguson replied to Smith for the defense. He declared, "There is nothing in this record to show that the Communist Party advocated ideas in violation of the criminal syndicalist law in the state of Michigan.

"If Mr. Smith admits that he is out of court, if there is no proof of advocacy in Berrien county and the state of Michigan, then this court cannot do otherwise than to reverse the judgment of the trial court.

"For, in instructing the jury, the trial judge, Charles E. White, said the following: 'In order to convict this respondent it is not necessary that the jury should find that the Communist Party of America, that is the group or society which assembled at Bridgeman actually advocated the doctrines of criminal syndicalism within the county of Berrien.'

Hits "Assembly Clause." Continuing his argument, Ferguson said: "The statute declares a felony punishment for the mere enunciation of a doctrine without regard to the circumstances of the enunciation. We content that the 'clear and present danger' rule marks the limits of constitutional use of police power in punishment of advocacy and the essence of the 'clear and present danger' rule is that the criminal character of all advocacies is to be tested by the circumstances under which they are made.

"The assembly clause of the statute is contrary to the constitutional guarantees because it is an arbitrary and unreasonable infringement upon personal liberty. The punishment proceeds upon the assumption that there will be future advocacy of criminal syndicalism as a result of the assembly, even though such advocacy may not occur in the state of Michigan and even though such advocacy may never be presented anywhere under circumstances of imminent danger of substantial criminal injury. Assumption of future advocates (some places and sometime, to whomsoever may be) is superimposed upon the primary assumption of inherent tendency in the proscribed documents. To punish the acts of assembly without regard to acts of present unlawfulness by the assembly is to deprive citizens of the right of peaceful assembly."

It will probably be a month or six weeks before the court renders a decision.

Stir the Shops!

The very best place to carry on a working class campaign is in the shops and factories where the workers gather to earn their living. It is there that minds are open to the measures, parties and candidates that stand for concrete solutions of the problems of bread and butter facing the working class. It is in the shops that the workers will see most clearly, for example, the difference between Foster, the union organizer and fighter for the workers, and LaFollette, the lawyer and fighter for the middle class. (Editorial Daily Worker.)

THE ABOVE "HITS THE NAIL" on the head. Nothing could be added to that. It's up to you reader, to do everything physically possible to place

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Workers Party of America

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BAZAAR WORK IN FULL SWING

Chicago Comrades Out to Strengthen Their Press and Defense

WITH six weeks to go before the Big Bazaar for the DAILY WORKER and Labor Defense Council starts, the City Bazaar Conference will meet Saturday afternoon to take stock of the work done so far, to lay out further plans for an intensive drive for the collection of goods and articles of all sorts and the sale of tickets, and to decide on the best possible entertainment and attractions.

All delegates, from party branches and sympathetic organizations, are to meet together at the Greek Hall, 722 Blue Island Ave., at 3 p. m., Saturday, Oct. 18. Reports are expected from each language section as to what talent they will provide for entertainment and to add color to the festivities. Ten or twelve features are already arranged for—choruses, orchestras, dancers, gymnasts, special booths, etc.—and, of course, the Thanksgiving Day banquet (a la Latvia). The management committee warns that those who don't get their banquet seats early will be out of luck, as the number is very limited.

The Czech-Slovak Women's branches will run a feature booth of their own. Already these women comrades are going from house to house and store to store collecting goods and selling tickets. All branches with the will to help will follow their example.

Comrade "Steve" Rubicki of the Bazaar Executive urges every branch and member to:

"Get the five hundred donation sheets that have been given out, FILLED UP. Ask everybody—neighbors,

follow workers, stores, shops, markets, etc. Make a big drive to sell all the five thousand tickets; anyone can dispose of one small package of sixteen tickets. Boost for more power to the DAILY WORKER and Labor Defense."

Open Forum, Sunday Night, Lodge Room, Ashland Auditorium.

PLANNING MANY MASS MEETINGS IN POLL DRIVE

Chicago Congressional Campaigns Get Up Pep

Many indoor mass meetings are to be conducted thruout the entire city of Chicago, in the Workers Party congressional campaign as soon as the open air mass meetings discontinue because of chilly weather, Martin Abern announced yesterday.

Gordon Owens, Negro candidate for congress on the South Side, whose campaign has drawn hundreds of Negro workers into the Communist fold, will speak at a monster mass meeting Oct. 30, in the Community Center Hall, 3201 S. Wabash Ave. Jack Johnstone, Workers Party candidate for congress from the 9th district, will speak at this mass meeting.

Congressional Fights Warm Up.

The Communist campaign waxes hot also in the 8th, 9th, 4th and 7th congressional districts, among others. Indoor meetings are being held regularly once a week in the 7th district, at which Samuel Hammersmark, the Communist standard bearer in that district, is the principle speaker. These meetings are held at 1902 W. Division street.

J. W. Johnstone, Workers Party candidate for congress in the 9th district, will be the main speaker at Imperial Hall, in a mass meeting, Sunday, Oct. 26. The Workers Party in the 9th district with George Maurer as the Communist candidate, and the 4th district where Joseph Podkuskis is the Communist candidate, is also conducting a whirlwind campaign.

More than 25,000 special Chicago editions of the DAILY WORKER were distributed by the Chicago Communists to advertise the Foster-Gitlow meeting held in the Ashland Auditorium last Sunday. Many new members

Farrington In Big Land Deal With Mine Owners

(Continued from Page 1.)
trade union movement of this country is a long record of service rendered to the working class.

Dunne is running on the Communist ticket. He is the candidate of the Workers Party and as such is outside the pale of Farrington and the other labor fakers. The Workers Party is the party of the workers and exploited farmers. It is not purchasing votes or endorsements and furthermore, it is a terrible challenge to the system on which sewer rats who are in the business of selling the workers, thrive on.

Will Repudiate Gaffer.

Farrington sells his influence to Small in 1924 as he sold it to Smith in 1916. But the rank and file of the Illinois miners are not going to follow Small into the thieves' den of capitalist politics. They will repudiate Farrington and his alliance with the open shop brigade as they did his deal with Smith in 1916.

Another violation of the constitution that Farrington was guilty of was his giving to Frank L. Smith, the democratic candidate for governor, a complete list of the secretaries of the Illinois miners' union and also a list of the members who had attended conventions. For this he was well paid.

The Broken Article.

Section six, article XX, of the international constitution reads as follows: "Any member of the United Mine Workers of America who furnishes a complete or partial list of our membership to any person or persons, ex-

cept to those whose official business requires them to have such a list, shall be subject to a fine of ten dollars and be debarred from holding office in the organization for a period of one year."

This little thing did not bother Farrington's conscience in the least. It was a part of his business and his business as head of the miners' union is to make money.

The coal diggers of Illinois who pay Farrington's salary consider themselves fortunate if they have enough space around their shacks to grow a few vegetables on. It is safe to say that none of them have orange groves in Alabama. Some progress since the days Frank Farrington worked at the mine in Streator!

The Orange Groves.

A document issued from Indianapolis, tells the story of Farrington's holdings in Alabama. It reads as follows:

"Frank Farrington, president of the Illinois Mine Workers, is the owner of the following described land purchased from the Horticultural Development company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Alabama and holding lands suitable for the growing of pecans and oranges in Mobile county, Alabama:

"7-31-16. Recorded 8-4-16. Deed Book 170, page 183, to Frank Farrington, Springfield, Ill. N. W. 1/4 of S. W. 1/4, Sec. 31, T. 4 S. R. 3 W.; 40 acres \$2,600.00. Bought in St. Louis. Notary public, Hermann A. Weil."

(In all the books in the assessor's office, the collector's office and the probate court's recording department, these forty (40) acres are all the holdings of Frank Farrington of Mobile county.)

This land was contracted for by Frank Farrington in 1916, but the deed was not recorded until 1916.

The Money Paid.

The following summary shows the expenditures to date of Frank Farrington covering the purchase of this land, cost of planting trees and upkeep:

Purchase price of 40 acres...\$2,600.00
Planting, clearing, fencing, etc., 40 acres at \$200.00..... 8,000.00
Cost of upkeep at \$32.50 per acre, 40 acres per year, \$1,300.00, 3 years, (1916-17-18) 3,900.00

Total\$14,500.00

Farrington was charged at the special convention with entering into land deals in Alabama with coal operators. The miners could not understand how Farrington, out of his salary as president of the union could purchase a handsome home and orange groves in Alabama. A sum in excess of \$14,000 is a tidy bit of money to lay out on land, for a poor man like Farrington.

Used Frank As Come-On.

The Mobile Citrus company, a real estate company operating where the mine leader Farrington purchased his orange groves, sent out literature to prospective buyers in which the importance of those who had purchased land there was put forth as an incentive. The names of bankers, railroad presidents, manufacturers and politicians appear on the list. Also the names of the following coal operators:

Mr. P. J. Wilson, commissioner, 5th and 9th districts, Coal Operators' Association of Illinois, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. W. E. Tator, secretary, Willis Coal and Mining company, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. E. J. Krause, president Willis Coal and Mining Co., St. Louis, Mo., president Horticultural Development Co., St. Louis, Mo.; vice-president and treasurer Columbia Quarry Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. C. H. Krause, president Columbia Quarry Co., St. Louis, Mo.; vice-president and general manager Willis Coal and Mining Co., St. Louis, Mo.; secretary Horticultural Development Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. Frank Farrington, president United Mine Workers of America of Illinois, Springfield, Ill.
Mr. Harman Perry, general superintendent Donk Bros. Coal and Coke Co., Collinsville, Ill.

Was Quite at Home.

Here we have Farrington "sitting pretty" with this group of exploiters.

Carlson Has Very Successful Meetings in Eastern Cities

Oliver Carlson's trip thru eastern cities has been very successful. Comrade Carlson is reporting to membership meetings of the Young Workers League on the Fourth Congress of the Young Communist International to which he was one of the delegates of the Young Workers League of America. Comrade Carlson also deals in detail with the program of action that must be carried into effect by the entire membership. This was recently adopted by the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers League. Carlson has already covered the large eastern centers and is now swinging back to Chicago. The Young Workers League of Detroit is making elaborate preparations for Carlson's meeting.

The concluding dates are as follows: Rochester, Oct. 19; Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 20 and 21; Toledo, Oct. 22; Detroit, Oct. 23 and 25; Grand Rapids, Oct. 26; Muskegon, Oct. 27.

Youth of Harlem And Bronx, N. Y., to Greet Communists

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The youth of Harlem and Bronx will greet our candidates at the first Communist campaign ball at the Park Palace (The Carlton), 6 W. 111th St., Saturday, Oct. 18, at 8 p. m.

This is the first opportunity for the comrades in New York to celebrate the entrance of the Workers (Communist) Party in the first Communist campaign. Many of the local, state and national candidates will be present. Part of the proceeds will go to the campaign fund of the Workers Party. Many novelties and surprises have been arranged among them, a tango dance by the generalissimo of the campaign, Harry M. Winitsky. The well-known Red Revellers will furnish the music.

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POLLS BATTLE OPENS IN THE BRITISH ISLES

DeValera is Contesting Ulster Seats

(Special to The Daily Worker)
LONDON, Oct. 17.—The political pot is not yet boiling furiously in England despite the fact that the elections are only fifteen days off.

The liberals will open their campaign this afternoon in Queen's Hall, with former premiers Asquith and Lloyd George and Sir John Simon, all on the program.

Stanley Baldwin, tory leader, will open his campaign in the same hall tomorrow.

Ulster is Active.

If interest lags somewhat in England there is no lack of excitement in northern Ireland where DeValera candidates are contesting for thirteen seats. This is the so-called Orange stronghold, and strange to say the birth place of Irish republicanism. In the great industrial city of Belfast, however, the message of James Connolly, the outstanding social-revolutionist that the working class of Ireland have contributed to the world revolutionary movement, would make a stronger appeal to the exploited masses than the shallow vapors of the bourgeois nationalist DeValera.

Auto a Handicap.

Ramsay MacDonald is finding his "endowed automobile" anything but an asset to him in this campaign. While his health may be conserved thru its use rather than the use of the subway, the workers are leary about accepting the excuses of the social-democrats and pink radicals, that because it is a common thing in England to accept the benevolence of a wealthy "angel" Ramsay's conduct should not be used against him by the Communists.

Following articles will throw more light on the character of this prince of labor fakers.

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Communist Candidate For President

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and of the needs and desires of the working class, the Daily Worker—with the aid of the meager funds and the untiring efforts of those who must labor to live—has in the ten months of its existence established itself as "The National Labor Daily." It is here to stay. The future size of the Daily Worker and its ability to better fight the worker's battles rests entirely in your hands. If your interest in the labor movement is real—if it is earnest—you will unite your efforts with the efforts of thousands of workers who until November 7 are joined in an enthusiastic "Daily Worker Bricklayers' Union" to build a greater working class newspaper. You can begin by sending this brick to

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Communists and the Constitution

In the brief filed for the prosecution in the supreme court of Michigan, O. L. Smith, assistant attorney general, argues, in reply to the defense claim that the criminal syndicalist law is unconstitutional, that "He (Ruthenberg) should spurn any assistance that document might afford him rather than to plant his entire defense within the protecting folds of the document, by claiming that the act he has been convicted of violating is unconstitutional in six different particulars."

The assistant attorney general is of the opinion that Communists should not appeal to the constitution since they are opposed to that document and declare that the claims made for it, of protecting the liberty of the American people and securing them democratic government, are a sham and a fraud. The Communists, says Mr. Smith, want to overthrow the constitution and adopt a new constitution providing for a Soviet form of government, and what right have they under these conditions to appeal to our constitution?

The answer is very simple. The only way the Communists can prove to the working class of this country that the constitution is a class document, is by showing them thru its actual operation that it never protects the workers in the exercise of such rights as freedom of speech, press and assembly and always protects the capitalists' property rights.

The constitution says: "Congress shall make no law abridging the rights of freedom of speech, press or assembly." That sounds as if we have freedom of speech, press and assembly in the United States. But the test is not the words in the constitution, but how it operates.

During the war congress passed the espionage law which abridged the right of freedom of speech, press and assembly. The supreme court said it was not a violation of the constitution, provided that the speech or writing which was prohibited and punished created a clear and present danger of criminal overt act on the part of the reader or hearers. Thus the first test of the constitution, by appealing to it, showed that there were limits to freedom of speech, press and assembly altho the constitution said congress could not abridge these rights.

By appealing to the constitution and testing it in practice its high sounding words were shown not to mean what they seem to say.

The test of the criminal syndicalist law carries the exposure a step further. In the case of the espionage-law, the supreme court ruled that there must be clear and present danger of violence, destruction of property, or some other overt act resulting from writings or spoken words to make them punishable. The criminal syndicalist law punishes the mere utterances of ideas or the mere statement of these ideas in writing. They make punishable the advocacy of a doctrine or principle. In the Michigan case the process of whittling away the rights of freedom of speech, press and assembly is carried even farther, and the state of Michigan seeks to punish for "assembling with" an organization which advocates a doctrine even tho that organization has not advocated the doctrine in the state of Michigan.

The supreme court of the United States has had the question whether mere utterance or writing of a document can be punished, under the constitution, before it for two years and has not rendered a decision. It has heard arguments in the Gitlow case, which raises this issue, for the first time in the supreme court; twice, the first time in March 1923 and again in November 1923, but has not handed down its decision. Evidently the supreme court is evading the rendering of a decision on this issue.

The Ruthenberg case raises a question which means the emasculation of the constitutional prohibition to a further degree than the Gitlow case. An adverse decision in the Ruthenberg case means that the fraud of the claim that the constitution protects the liberties of the people is still further exposed.

The Communists raise the constitutional issue in order to make the courts themselves tell the truth about the constitution. There could be no better Communist propaganda against the illusion of "American democracy" than to have the supreme court of the state of Michigan or the supreme court of the United States tell the workers of this country that when principles and ideas are involved which threaten the class rule of the exploiters, members of the working class can be sent to prison for mere utterance or writing of these ideas, in spite of the constitutional clause, "Congress shall make no laws abridging the right of freedom of press, speech or assembly."

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

Probing the Slush

Senator William E. Borah, of Idaho, is conducting an investigation into the campaign expenditures of three capitalist parties: the republican party, the democratic party and the LaFollette party.

The investigation is a fake. The three parties are tarred with the same brush as far as contributions are concerned. It is true that the big capitalists lean toward Coolidge. They know Davis has not the ghost of a chance, so they are placing their eggs in "Silent Cal's" basket.

LaFollette is just as willing to accept money from millionaires as Coolidge is. None of them draw the class line. What is the difference between a Vanderlip and a Lamont?

In contests where the balance between the republicans and democrats is fairly even, Wall Street contributes evenly to both sides. As far as Wall Street is concerned, it has implicit confidence in both of the old parties. Neither does it fear that LaFollette will interfere with its business, but it does not like the idea of supporting a man who has so many workers and farmers in his train.

Wall Street fears the masses. It fears them just as much as Threadneedle Street fears the masses behind the traitorous government of Ramsay MacDonald.

Wall Street prefers the devil it knows to the devil it does not know so well. It prefers the avowed candidates of big business to the spokesmen of the disgruntled bourgeoisie. It does not like the idea of having querulous politicians poking their noses into its private affairs. But it can't help it. The politicians know that the best way to attract the attention of the money bags is to begin by making trouble. It is the most successful form of blackmail.

The Pacifism of LaFollette

The pacifism of LaFollette, like that of Ramsay MacDonald, is only skin deep. When subjected to analysis, we find it is no different from the pacifism of J. P. Morgan, Calvin Coolidge or any other distinguished proponent of capitalism.

LaFollette is engaged in a great vote-catching contest. Even if he had the intention of doing justice to whatever scruples he has saved after a career in the political bawdy house at Washington, his socialist allies would not stand for it.

"Fightin' Bob," speaking in Cincinnati, made his position on war quite clear. "I am not a pacifist nor an advocate of peace at any price. I can conceive of conditions under which I would fight to repel aggressive acts of any power that attempted to seize territory or imperil the national life of our institutions," he declared.

This sounds familiar, does it now? Almost like what Secretary of State Hughes would say!

"Our institutions" may be situated in the state of Wisconsin, in the Philippines or in China. They may be the properties of the Standard Oil company in Roumania or the dollars of the House of Morgan loaned to Persia. And the "pacifist" LaFollette would call the armed forces of the United States to action in behalf of those "institutions" just as readily as the "pacifist" Ramsay MacDonald orders British airships to bomb Indian villages in the interests of British capitalism.

Soviet Recognition

One of the most vocal advocates in congress of the recognition of Soviet Russia was Senator William E. Borah of Idaho. Tho the senator made it quite clear that Communism was anathema to his American conscience yet he professed to hold that the principle of self-determination was worthy of resurrection from the grave in which it was laid by its principal supporter, Woodrow Wilson.

But of late, the Idaho orator has kept quiet on the question of Soviet recognition. While the bearded Baptist, who runs the department of state, combs the sewers for his anti-Russian propaganda, the mighty-voiced senator from Idaho, on his once favorite hobby, is as silent as Coolidge is on the Ku Klux Klan issue.

What is the reason? On what meat have our erstwhile valorous defenders of the "right of all peoples to govern themselves as they see fit" been feeding, that they have grown so dumb? We have not heard a peep from Senator LaFollette since he formed the alliance with Gompers, Vanderlip and Spreckles.

The suspicion is growing that our gallant Borahs, LaFollettes and Co. who hurl verbal thunderbolts at the "predatory interests," have lately been listening to their "masters' voice" and are as anxious not to irritate the Wall Street boss as is Charles Evans Hughes.

But the decision of France to recognize the Soviet Republic may knock the padlocks off the lips of our "progressive" senators.

Peace and Tin Soldiers

Secretary of the Navy Wilbur desires that the airship ZR-3 should serve as a peace symbol between Germany and the United States. It is rather easy to talk peace to a man when you have your foot on his neck. The Dawes plan is the United States' foot on the German neck and unfortunately it is not the capitalist neck, but the neck of the German working class. The ZR-3 is a warship, not a peace ship.

While Wilbur drools about peace, the chief magistrate of the nation is presented by Rodman Wanamaker with a set of tin soldiers equipped with aircraft, which was manufactured in Germany and brought over on the Zeppelin. Wanamaker is a millionaire department store owner. Tin soldiers and peace!

A "New Volapuker" as I.W.W. Editor

By HARRISON GEORGE.

"The mountains look on Marathon, And Marathon looks on the sea." But both of them look startled, When fools write history.

We are moved to improve thus upon Byron by reason of the interminable nonsense filling the editorial columns of the Seattle Industrial Worker, in attacks upon the theory of working class "leaders." The most recent example, from the issue of Oct. 8, written by the editor, whose modesty we respect by permitting him to remain unnamed, is the following distortion of history:

"In the ancient years European culture was threatened by imperial barbarism. At Marathon the hosts of brute, supreme power met the democratic forces of human freedom. At Marathon, liberty, such as was then developed, was so jealous of authority that its supreme command was divided among ten generals, any of whom only ruled for a single day. And this power of democracy met the idea of efficiency as expressed in selfish rule and so vanquished authoritarianism that the story rings today, and long sought victory is called a Marathon."

Aside from the rather extraordinary interpretation of the Athenian slaveholders being the protagonists of "the democratic forces of human freedom," there are other and bewildering stupidities in the quotation, which is a fair sample of the whole unintelligible editorial. Everybody, except this befuddled fool, knows that "a Marathon," far from being a "long sought victory," is the symbol of physical endurance, especially in a race. We have "Marathon dances" and "Marathon races," in which athletes of all nations join, not because of any military significance of Athenian spearsmen, but because, after the battle, Philippiades, the runner, already exhausted, raced afoot the twenty-two miles between Marathon and Athens and fell dead. Browning has made it the theme of a great poem.

But when pedagogy combines with demagoguery to confound the honest workers who read I. W. W. papers, silliness has its serious side. These workers, busy with dodging blacklists and getting a living out of Weyerhaeuser's lumber camp foremen, have little time to dissect the historical distortions of an editor, who was inflicted upon them by a committee, imbued with a sense of responsibility and impressed by a gray pompadour and a precise pronunciation. These workers are semi-weekly and gravely informed that "leaders" are threatening their "democracy," their "liberty." They have none of these blessings, but, nevertheless, the editor warns that they are seriously endangered.

These menacing "leaders" are usually classified indefinitely as "politicians." Many times they are disclosed as "Communists." Nearly every issue they are connected more or less directly with "Harrison George." And with what purpose? It is not that, as said by Lenin, "instead of old leaders who have a common sense viewpoint on things, new leaders are put forth (concealed under the slogan of 'Down with leaders!'), who prattle supernatural nonsense and spread confusion." So we see that it is not a question

of "shall we have leaders?" but of "shall we have sincere, levelheaded, able and revolutionary leaders, or leaders who get out injunctions against each other in capitalist courts, who close the columns of our papers to us if we disagree with their peculiar ideas as to the economic foundation of the Soviet form of government, or the necessity of international labor unity, etc. In short, shall we have good leaders or bad leaders?"

Among the other qualities of bad leadership which should be added to the above, is the astounding perversion of historical analogy. For instance, the reference to the "ten generals," Herodotus, the only one mentioning that such an arrangement prevailed at Marathon, unfortunately for our editor, goes on to show that only by the violation of this idiotic rule of a divided command was the battle won.

Professor West in his work on the "Ancient World," referring directly to Herodotus, says, "At first when threatened with Persian invasion of Attica) most of the Athenians wished to fight only behind their walls. Sooner or later this must have resulted in ruin. Happily, Militades, one of the ten generals, persuaded the commanders to march out and attack the Persians at once. The result was due to the generalship of Militades and to the superior equipment of the Greek hoplite." There is little indication here of the "power of democracy" mentioned by our cross-eyed historian. The same view is vouched for by the Encyclopedia Britannica, which says that, "Militades, who seems thruout to have played a more prominent part than his superior, the polemarch Gallimachus, drew up the Athenian army and charged down upon the enemy." And again, "The Athenians, on the recommendation of their strategus, Militades, etc. Nowhere is it indicated that by the happy change of pulling straws it was Militades' day to command. In fact it is clearly shown that he commanded for at least three consecutive days.

More, is was not out of the Athenian slaveholders' great love for "democracy" that the "ten strateg" also called the "ten generals" were given to history. They were merely tribal representatives to the central government, one strategus being elected by each tribe, and their functions were more, than merely military, having regard to all foreign policy, conducting religious festivals and handling the trade in corn. Tribal jealousy of a folk living 3,000 years ago, appears as an excuse in 1924, for decentralization in the I. W. W., a covert argument for the secession of the Lumber Workers' Industrial Union from the I. W. W. Can there be worse leadership than this?

But even these ancient Greeks, so exemplary in their "democracy" according to the Industrial Worker, never reached the folly of some of the present I. W. W., who insist that all officials, good, bad or indifferent, shall be retired after twelve months of experience in office, and a brand new lot, bad, good or indifferent according to the will of the gods of chance, take control of the organization. True, this has brought the I. W. W. little but confusion and a sense of having

done something desperately democratic, but the habit sticks and our Industrial Worker says it is good because of the "ten generals." Unfortunately, the Encyclopedia Britannica says that, "The strateg (ten generals) acquired great power from the fact that they were frequently re-elected for many years together, and so had greater experience and continuity of policy."

There is little left of our editor's argument. However, it may be noted what happened to this wonderful nation whose "culture" of slave massacres by the ephori, and whose leading philosopher described the workers as "articulate instruments." After the increasing "democracy" under Ephialtes and Pericles, the "disciplinarians" and the "brute forces" of Sparta fell upon the "democratic forces of human freedom," ten generals and all, and made an end of Athens. Let the Encyclopedia tell why. "In the Peloponnesian war," it says, "which ruined the Athenian empire, the issue of the conflict was determined less by any intrinsic superiority on the part of her enemies, than by the blunders committed by a people unable to carry out a consistent foreign policy on its own initiative, and served since Pericles by none but selfish or short-sighted advisers." The applicability of the last words to I. W. W. editorial policy is particularly apt.

But demagogues need no excuse from history for their meddlesomeness. They continually play upon the sincere workers of the I. W. W. membership in an effort to convince them that they are not the leaders but the led. At least such is the threat they postulate. Yet, in the estimation of the Communists, the most obscure member of the I. W. W., who knows the rudiments of the class struggle and talks of them to the backward workers, the scissorbills around him, is a leader.

These class conscious fighters of the I. W. W. are leaders, and insofar as the I. W. W. itself takes direction

of the spread of revolutionary ideas, it is a leader of the class struggle, it is taking the function of a revolutionary political party. Unfortunately or fortunately, its ranks have become so filled with ordinary workers that it no longer expresses a clear revolutionary ideology. It is more of a union than a revolutionary political party. It fights for wages and not for power. So it is fighting leaders. We prefer, to the silly editorials of the present day editor of the Industrial Worker, the cry that rang from the deck of the Verona at Everett in 1916, when the armed white guard, asking for leaders, was met with the cry, "We're all leaders." They were in 1916, but not in 1924.

Better than anything I could say to answer the ignoramus-cry of "Down with leaders!" put forth by this insect-minded editor of the Industrial Worker is the words of the great leader Lenin, who says:

"People bend every effort to conceive something extraordinary, and in their zeal to intellectualize, they become ridiculous. It is common knowledge that the masses are divided into classes; that the classes are usually and in most cases led by political parties; . . . that political parties, as a general rule, are led by more or less stable groups of the more influential, authoritative, experienced and independent leaders, elected to the most responsible positions. All this is elementary. It is simple and plain. Why then, this whole rignarole, this new Volapuker? (Note: An artificial language. H. G.)"

The only reason for it is, as mentioned, that under the alarmist cry against leaders, leaders of experience, ability and revolutionary ideas, new leaders, leaders whose devastating harmfulness has all but wrecked the I. W. W., are to engage in a fight—not to hold office—but to direct the ideology of the I. W. W. to mere job unionism and against revolutionary unionism. The issue is not "No leaders" but "Which leaders?"



Victims OF Capitalism

Workers Imprisoned

In Germany	about	7,000
" Italy	"	8,000
" Spain	"	23,000
" Belgium	"	2,300
" Lithuania	"	200
" Latvia	"	500
" Finland	"	1,200
" Poland	"	12,000
" Hungary	"	70,000
" India	"	253,000
" Roumania	"	3,000

They are in for us who are out

Their wives are blacklisted. They can get no work. Their children need help. Winter is coming.

The class war knows no geographical boundaries. Today the workers of Europe need OUR help. Tomorrow we may need THEIR help.

GIVE

in the spirit of
Self Help and International Class Solidarity
and get others to

GIVE

Our Aim
To give aid to all needy workers and class war victims of the laboring masses without conditions, discrimination, whenever and wherever the existence of a working class is menaced by economic or natural catastrophe or by political oppression.

International Workers' Aid,
19 So. Lincoln Street,
Chicago, Ill.

Here is my contribution to help the prisoners ofand their families.

Name

Address

City and State

Trade or profession

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS' AID

WORK OR WAGES FOR UNEMPLOYED

(Continued from page 1)
tories unite with the unemployed to compel the bosses to keep the unemployed on their pay roll.

UNEMPLOYMENT COUNCILS.

The way to get relief for the unemployed is thru unemployment councils. The workers employed and unemployed must unite to carry on a struggle for the unemployed. They must fight as a class against the scourge from which the workers suffer.

Send delegates from the factories, from the trade unions, from labor political organizations, from groups of unemployed, and organize the unemployment council to make the demand and carry on the struggle to compel the capitalist bosses and the government to pay the unemployed wages.

Hold mass meetings, send delegations to the shops and the city councils, the state legislature and congress to demand action to relieve the unemployed.

Put an End to Unemployment.

There is only one way in which to put an end to the frequent hard times and the suffering it causes for millions of workers who are unemployed. That is by ending the system of industry which causes unemployment.

It is because the industries are owned by the capitalist bosses and run for their profit that we have hard times so frequently. It is the capitalist system which is responsible for millions of worker being without jobs.

If we want to stop the periodic course of unemployment we must fight against the capitalist system. It is the government which maintains and holds that system. It is by taking the governmental power in their own hands—by establishing a workers' and farmers' government and abolishing the capitalist ownership of industry—that unemployment can be finally ended.

The Workers Party is the only party which is carrying on a fight to achieve

that goal. It is organizing and mobilizing the workers for a revolutionary struggle to end the dictatorship of the capitalists which now exists in Washington and establish the rule of the workers and farmers.

Work and Vote for the Workers Party.

The Workers Party is carrying on the fight for relief of the unemployed now and the struggle to abolish the system which causes unemployment.

It is the only party which is making this fight for the workers. Coolidge stands for the capitalist system and if need be will use soldiers as an answer to the demands of the unemployed. Davis will fight against the workers and for the capitalists.

LaFollette, who is asking labor support, hasn't anything to say about unemployment either in his speeches or platform. He stands for the capitalist system which causes unemployment. He will help uphold that system against the demands of the unemployed.

Workers! Join the Workers Party in the fight against unemployment and the system which causes it.

Join the Workers Party in organizing unemployment councils to fight for immediate relief for the unemployed.

Vote for the Workers Party candidates, Foster and Gitlow, and demonstrate your demand for abolition of the system which is responsible for unemployment.

Make the bosses pay the unemployed.

Abolish capitalism which causes unemployment by creating a workers' and farmers' government. Central Executive Committee, Workers Party of America, William Z. Foster, Chairman. C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Secretary.

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

Join the Workers Party!