

KLAN ASKS SMALL TO OUST SHERIFF

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

THERE is a town in the United States called Boulder. To get nearer to our quarry, it is located in the State of Colorado. It might escape our attention and live happily ever afterward but for the fact that the stormy petrel, Ella Reeve Bloor, took it into her gray head to pay the place a visit with a view to planting some ideas there. It happens that Sheriff Robert Blum can see beyond the stormy petrel, Ella Reeve Bloor, the domicile occupied by William Kerr and Oscar Runion, a letter from Ella Reeve Bloor saying that she was coming to town to hold a meeting, the Sheriff hit the ceiling.

THE letter talked about trying to create some sympathy for the workers' cause and mentioned Soviet Russia. The sheriff's donkey was given the job of translating the letter into Russian, and it popped out that in Russian the word "sympathy" means "inferno" which is a highbrow term only used by such ancients as Dante. In the vernacular it means "hell." In other words by a process of reasoning that any moron should be proud of, the sheriff came to the conclusion that Comrade Bloor was coming to town to "raise hell."

THE local sheet in which this important news appeared under three rows of headlines justified its existence by adding editorial comment to the verbal slops dished out by the sheriff. What good is an editor unless he can be just as foolish as the thug who does the strong-arm work for his masters. The editor learned that the notorious William Z. Foster, "red" candidate for the presidency of the United States has been dumping a lot of his literature into the place. The editor has a suspicion that Sheriff Blum has something up his sleeve in case the "reds" plan to capture Boulder. He may have something in his sleeve but it is safe to assume that he has nothing in his head, at least not inside.

WE are informed by The Federation News, official organ of the Chicago Federation of Labor, that the organized workers in this city are going to have the most impressive Labor day celebration in the history of the city. Visions of monster mass meetings and giant parades flitted across our mental vision. We read on breathlessly. Perhaps Samuel Gompers might come to town to tell us again the oft-repeated but always welcome tale of how he threatened to go to jail once in his life in a war against

Canada Uses Injunctions Too.

HAMILTON, Ontario, Aug. 29.—Judge Evans has issued an injunction restraining Motion Picture Projectionists' union, local 303, from picketing the open shop theaters, against which they are on strike.

SKY PILOT POCKETS DOUGH OF KU KLUX WOMEN AND VAGATES

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

ELDORADO, Ill., Sept. 2.—Women of this town who are members of the Ku Klux Klan have presented a gift of money to the Rev. J. C. Orvine, pastor of the Presbyterian Church. In acknowledging the gift of money, Irvine announced to the Klan women, "I feel most grateful for the gift. I have been working hard lately and am going to take a vacation."

The minister told the women, who signed themselves "Women of the K. K. K.," "My dear women of the K. K. K., you and I are fighting for the same thing. We are fighting to keep America American." Then he pocketed the money and started on his vacation.

NORTH DAKOTA IS FIRST TO PUT THE WORKERS PARTY TICKET ON BALLOT FOR THE FALL ELECTIONS

ALFRED KNUTSON, the field organizer of the Workers Party in North and South Dakota, reports that North Dakota is first to place Foster and Gitlow on the ballot.

The necessary 250 signatures to accomplish that in the state of North Dakota have been secured and an additional 200 to make the job absolutely secure are now being added by the petition circulators.

The Workers Party is therefore sure of a place on the ballot in North Dakota.

A state Farmer-Labor ticket will probably be nominated by the Farmer-Labor Party, which holds a meeting at Bismarck today, Sept. 3rd, and this state ticket will be supported by the Workers Party.

Coal Miners! Demand Unemployment Action From All Illinois Labor

Statement by the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party.

FOR many months now the miners of the state of Illinois have been denied the opportunity to earn a living.

Thruout the state, scores of mines have closed down and left the miners to get a living as best they could, because the bosses could not make the profits for themselves at the present moment.

Tens of thousands of miners have not worked for months. In some places there has been no work for periods as long as six months and more.

This denial of the fundamental right to earn a living has brought misery and hardship to the miners and their families. Thruout the mining camps of the state, there is widespread suffering.

The unemployment among the miners of Illinois has reached that stage where they must have relief or go hungry and face even starvation.

Illinois labor meets in convention at Peoria on September 8th. Unemployment among the miners is the biggest problem which Illinois labor faces today.

The United Mine Workers of America is the backbone of the State Federation of Labor. By sending delegates from the miners' union who will fight for relief for the unemployed, Illinois labor can be forced to take action to save the miners from further hardship and suffering.

During the war, the government and coal mine owners insisted that the workers produce coal. The miners and labor generally should insist now that if the mine owners cannot or will not give them work, that they pay them wages.

The miners of Illinois should demand that the Illinois Federation of Labor go on record to demand of the state of Illinois immediate appropriations for relief of the coal miners.

The miners of Illinois should demand that the Illinois Federation of Labor go on record demanding that the mine owners pay wages to the miners when they cannot give them work.

The Chicago Federation of Labor and the officials of the State Federation of Labor have issued public statements endorsing the candidacy of LaFollette for the Presidency. The miners of Illinois should demand of these labor officials that they show them what there is in the LaFollette program which will bring relief for the unemployed coal miners and should refuse to give their endorsement to a candidate who is unwilling to consider this fundamental problem of the mine workers of Illinois.

Miners, the State Federation of Labor Convention gives you the opportunity to voice your grievance. Do not permit the labor politicians who are climbing on the LaFollette bandwagon because they are hungry for jobs to silence your voices.

The Workers Party has made one of its most important demands in this political campaign that the government and the employers, if they cannot give work, shall pay wages to unemployed workers. The Workers Party candidates stand on that platform.

Make Illinois Labor take up that issue at Peoria. Make your slogan "Work or wages without work for the unemployed!"

Central Executive Committee,
WORKERS PARTY OF AMERICA,
William Z. Foster, Chairman,
C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Secretary.

Is Governor Small Member of KKK?

States Attorney Delos Duty of Williamson County states that to the best of his belief not alone is General Carlos Black of the state militia a member of the Ku Klux Klan but that Governor Len Small also is a member of the hooded order.

What have you to say about this Mr. Small? You have secured the support of the labor fakery of Illinois in your election campaign. You have also secured the support of LaFollette's army. Both are officially on record against the Klan.

The workers of Illinois and the miners in particular are anxious to know whether Delos Duty's suspicions are well grounded. Speak up Mr. Small!

ENGDAHL BRANDS DAWES' PRAISE OF KLAN AS HERRIN RIOT CAUSE

"On the hands of the 'Fascist' Charles Gates Dawes are the crimson stains of the blood of the dead, killed in the new Klan war at Herrin, Ill.," was the charge made yesterday at the Trade Union Educational League picnic by J. Louis Engdahl, editor of the DAILY WORKER and candidate for United States senator from Illinois on the Workers Party ticket.

"Only a few days after his eulogy at Augusta, Me., of the black order of the Ku Klux Klan, blood was flowing again in Williamson County. Dawes, the American Fascist leader, the head of the Minute Men of the Constitution, is now the inspiration of the vile mob

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NEGROES FIGHT CONCESSION TO RUBBER TRUST

See Liberian Privileges Stolen From Them

By ROBERT MINOR
(Staff Writer, Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—A bombshell of international political and financial intrigue was burst over the astonished heads of the delegates of the International Negro Convention, in session here, when the announcement was made from the platform that the government of the African Negro republic of Liberia, completely ignoring former concessions to an American Negro Co-operative Company, has suddenly granted a big concession covering practically the same field to the Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., of Ohio, and that under admitted coercion of the French and British governments the Liberian state has barred all members of the Negro organization from landing on soil.

For several minutes after the announcement was read, the 1,500 colored visitors and delegates sat in dismayed silence.

Then pandemonium broke loose. Delegates from Negro communities of South America, the West Indies, Cuba and from American cities jumped to their feet to shout their anger and disgust.

N. G. G. Thomas, assistant secretary general of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, read to the assembly a large file of documents to establish the claim that the Negro association's plan to help develop the economic strength of the African republic thru a colonization and co-operative trading scheme had been officially recognized and accepted by the Liberian government.

One document read appears to be a formal grant to the Universal Negro Improvement Association of the right

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HERRIN MINERS MARCH BEHIND KLAN VICTIM

(Special to the Daily Worker)

HERRIN, Ill., Sept. 2.—The miners buried one of their dead, Bud Allison, this morning. Thirty-five cars filled to capacity followed the 250 members of Local Union No. 1248, United Mine Workers, who marched behind the hearse.

Officers of the Herrin local union, which conducted the funeral, acted as pallbearers.

Mike Flynn, member of pit committee, Scott Desett, president; John Green, financial secretary; Rex Albright, recording secretary; Joe Lynn, treasurer; William Engler and Will Pierce, trustees. The men marched behind the banner of the local union.

Reverend John Meeker, a Presbyterian, the only Protestant preacher in town, he told me, who has not lined up with the Klan, performed the ceremony. He pleaded for all Herrin citizens to come into the church as cure for bloodshed in Herrin.

When later I asked him how following the banner of preachers who allowed the use of their churches as arsenals by Klansmen would bring peace, he was hard pressed for an answer. He said he believes Klan liquor raids were good for the town.

Bud Allison, up until six weeks ago, when he sworn in as special deputy, worked in mine A of the Chicago, Williamson and Franklin Coal Company, as we returned from Allison's funeral, we passed the funeral of Green Dunning, Klansman. Eleven cars were in the procession including two filled with robed Klansmen. John Smith, the garage owner, was in the first car in his regalia. Another occupant of the Klan cars was Carl Nielson, last week found guilty of assault by Judge Bowen. Doctor J. T. Black's hearing was continued until

next Saturday.

Dawes Is Guilty!

CHARLES GATES DAWES, republican candidate for vice president, in his speech at Augusta, Maine, Saturday, August 23, declared that:

"A thousand members of the Ku Klux Klan without disguise—they were brave men—marched to the office of the sheriff of Williamson County to protest against the lawlessness in that section. IF A SECRET ORGANIZATION TO UPHOLD LAW AND ORDER IS JUSTIFIABLE ANYWHERE IN OUR COUNTRY, IT WAS JUSTIFIABLE THERE."

In those words, the Fascisti candidate for vice president on the republican ticket, placed the stamp of his approval on the lawlessness of the Ku Klux Klan in Williamson County.

The "law and order" of the night shirts in Williamson County, is the "law and order" of the war of coal barons against the coal miners. That is why Vice Presidential Candidate Dawes is in favor of it.

It was with these words of approval of the rep. candidate for vice president, spoken on August 23, still ringing in their ears, that the Ku Klux Klan inaugurated, just one week later, on August 30, another reign of terror, in Williamson County.

Even the Dawes, mouthpiece, the Chicago Tribune, confesses in its issue of Sunday, August 31, that:

"Today's fight is directly attributed to the ending of the murder trial of Carl and Earl Shelton, brothers, in city court, this forenoon. The brothers were freed after State's Attorney Delos, anti-klanman, nolle prossed the charges that they had shot to death Constable Caesar Cagle, klansman, in a free-for-all fight between klansmen and flaming circle men last February."

"Duty's action followed a dramatic appeal in the courtroom by the aged father of the slain constable, who arose and begged the judge to free the prisoners, because he was convinced they had not killed his son."

"Hostilities began when Sheriff Galligan, accompanied by Deputies 'Bud' Allison, Fred Berger, Henry Walker, and John Shafter, went to the garage, known as klan headquarters here, to attach an automobile owned by Jack Skelcher, anti-klanman."

Followed by several men, said to be from St. Louis, the sheriff entered the garage. His story of what happened follows:

"Dewey Newbolt, a klansman, was seated in a chair leaning back against the wall. Several men were with him. A few words were exchanged and Newbolt jerked from his holster one of four guns he had strapped to his body and opened fire on us. Allison fell, shot thru the chest, and the other three deputies and I returned the fire."

"We retreated to the street followed by the klansmen, and the battle line stretched out for a block. It was over in a few moments, and a checkup showed that the score stands 4 to 2—four dead klansmen, one dead deputy, and one dead bystander, Roland, who was not a klansman."

"Dunning, Reid, Willard, and Newbolt were members of the klan, and from remarks they have made lately WE HAVE FEARED THIS OUTBREAK WAS COMING."

That is the kind of "law and order" that Dawes stands for; the kind of "law and order" that carries four guns in a peaceful working class community.

Out at his home in Evanston, "Hell an' Maria" Dawes sits crouching, evidently struck dumb with fear at the quick response, from the guns of the Williamson County Klansmen, to his speech one week before in Augusta, Maine.

The DAILY WORKER sought to reach Mr. Dawes over the telephone. His manager, Kilkenny, responded,

"All the newspapers have been trying to get Mr. Dawes to make a statement on the situation at Herrin," said Mr. Kilkenny. "Mr. Dawes has refused to make any statement to any newspaper."

The silence of Mr. Dawes is proof that he feels the guilt for the spilling of blood in Williamson County.

Let the workers remember the words of "Fascisti" Dawes, fearful of the growth of militancy among the Southern Illinois coal miners, when he said:

"If a secret organization to uphold law and order is justifiable anywhere in our country, it is justifiable there (Williamson County)."

Dawes stands back of the Klan. Dawes is guilty of the crimes of the Klan.

INTERNATIONAL DELEGATES WILL REPORT TO SPECIAL MEETING OF CHICAGO YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE

All branch and other meetings of the Young Workers League of Chicago for Thursday evening, Sept. 4, have been called off. Instead there will take place a general membership meeting where the delegates to the 4th congress of the Y. C. I. will render their reports on the decisions and resolutions arrived at there, and the immediate problems of the Y. W. L. in the light of these decisions.

Comrade Carlson, who has been working for the E. C. of the Y. C. I. in Europe for the last 18 months, will be the chief reporter.

The decisions of the last congress are of particular importance to work that must be done here. More attention was devoted to the Y. W. L. than was ever the case hitherto at an international congress. Furthermore, the valuable experiences gained in nucleus work in Germany, Britain and Checho-Slovakia; the Trade union-economic experiences of the French league; the Anti-militarist experiences in the Ruhr, in Bulgaria, etc., make possible a clearer and more concrete line of action in all of these fields.

Every member of the Y. W. L. of Chicago and suburbs, must attend this meeting. Admission will be by presentation of membership card only. Workers Party members are also invited to attend, but must show their party cards.

The meeting will take place at 722 Blue Island Ave., at 8 p. m.

They Always Have Interests. PEKING, Sept. 2.—The Italian cruiser Libya, is rushing to Shanghai to protect Italian lives and interests, especially interests, of course, the Italian legation announced today.

KLAN LEAVES DEATH TRAIL IN HERRIN, ILL.

Murderers Backed by Protestant Churches

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

HERRIN, Ill., Sept. 2.—Removal of Sheriff George Galligan as a means to peace in Williamson county will be asked of Gov. Len Small, by a committee representing the county ministers' association and other citizens, it was decided this afternoon after the same committee had called on the county board to urge that body to use its influence to bring about the removal.

The committee is headed by Rev. I. E. Lee, of the First Baptist church. It is charged the Protestant churches are in alliance with the Ku Klux Klan.

The governor is the only person empowered to remove a sheriff. It is now charged the governor is also a Klansman.

The Christian church here, deputies charge, has been used as an arsenal to store ammunition for the Klan. It is rumored that the police cleaned it out of ammunition Saturday night.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

HERRIN, Ill., Sept. 2.—Six men dead and several wounded. This is the toll of the latest outrage perpetrated by the Ku Klux Klan in what the Illinois Chamber of Commerce is pleased to call "bloody Williamson County."

Sheriff Galligan and his deputies were served with warrants, charging them with murders of three persons killed last Saturday. A warrant is issued for the arrest of State's Attorney Delos Duty, charging him with conspiracy in the murders.

Doctor J. T. Black, head of the Herrin Hospital, is released on a \$15,000 bond. The Klan-controlled city administration charges him with being an anti-klan sympathizer.

Thirty automobile loads of ammunitions were unloaded at the rear of the city hall last night. All efforts to trace the autos were unsuccessful. Police and firemen were not giving out any information. Fear of whizzing bullets seals lips.

Started in 1922.

The people are in deadly fear of the next outbreak. Since the 1922 riot at the scab mine, during which several strikebreakers were killed, the county is divided into warring factions, one the Klan faction backed by the operators and the Protestant churches, the other friendly to the miners' union.

Adj. Gen. Carlos Black announced that he would withdraw the troops, which were sent into Herrin on the request of Sheriff Galligan. State's Attorney Duty, charges Gen. Black with being a member of the Klan. People are beginning to think that Governor Len Small is also sympathetic to the hooded order. Not because Small believes in the purpose of the Klan, but for reasons of political expediency.

The latest death-carnival started last Saturday after the Shelton brothers were acquitted of the charge of murdering Constable Cagle, a Klan policeman, during the Glenn Young raids. The constable's death occurred on February 8.

Klan Killed Skelcher. After the acquittal, a deputy sheriff, who had loaned a Dodge car to Jack Skelcher, another deputy, to hunt Glenn Young in the Ohio bottoms last February, went to Smith's garage to recover his car. Smith is a prominent Klansman. Skelcher was murdered by the Klan and the Dodge carried bullet marks.

The Dodge was stored in Smith's garage by Klansmen after they had shot and killed Skelcher a few months ago. The immediate cause of the shooting was the attempt of deputy sheriffs to recover their car from the Klansmen. It is reported that an Essex, filled with Klansmen, drove past the deputies as they stopped in front of the garage and fired at them, killing Bud Allison.

Sheriff Galligan was in charge of the deputies. He was present during the trial of the Shelton boys.

The six dead men are: Bud Allison, deputy sheriff; Otto Roland, deputy sheriff; Charles Wollard, reputed Klansman; Chester Reede, a by-stander.

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PROGRESSIVES DEMAND ACTION FROM U. M. W. A.

Militant Miners' Slate Gets Endorsements

By KARL REEVE
(Staff Writer, Daily Worker)

CHRISTOPHER, Ill., Aug. 29.—Illinois will be swept by a series of mass meetings of the miners protesting against unemployment, this fall, Arley Staples, candidate for International vice-president of the United Mine Workers in the December elections, told the DAILY WORKER today.

"The miners thru-out Illinois, where over 40,000 have been out of work for many months, and over the entire country, are already passing resolutions demanding more aggressive action on the part of the 'official family' against unemployment," Staples said. "I look for thousands of unemployed miners to form special unemployment councils, and to demand of the bosses that the industry take care of the unemployed workers."

Unemployment Grows.
"Every month that goes by means that the industrial crisis becomes more acute. In the large cities factories are closing down daily. There is less demand for coal. Unemployment is growing more acute and will not get better this winter, but worse."

"The miners in southern Illinois realize that the worst period of unemployment in our history is turning not into a period of prosperity, but into a period when the entire capitalistic economic structure is being shaken. They are waking up to the fact that the only way to completely solve their problems is to take over the mines and run them for the use of the working class and not for the profit of millionaires, as is done at present."

Farrington Idle.
"While the miners are starving in southern Illinois, while the coal operators are attempting to force a wage cut after starving the miners by closing down the mines, Frank Farrington and the entire reactionary officialdom of the miners' union is doing nothing to relieve the situation."

"I am running for international vice president on the program of the militant miners. The militant rank and file miners demand that a conference of all local unions on unemployment be called by the United Mine Workers' officials. They demand that a drive be immediately started to organize the unorganized coal miners of the south. They demand that the shorter work day be instituted as a solution for unemployment. They demand that the coal operators and the government pay unemployment benefits."

"The progressive miners of this country insist that the miners' officials take immediate action to solve unemployment and institute immediate and organized measures for real relief of the suffering unemployed miners."

Vote for Progressives.
"There are two ways the rank and file miners can make their voice heard in Illinois. One is to instruct their delegates to the local convention on Sept. 8 to fight for this program. Another is to elect officers in the December primary who are pledged to this progressive program."

Staples declares that the miners have arisen in protest against inaction of the officials before and they are beginning to do it again. He referred to the time when Farrington mismanaged the affairs of the Illinois miners in the 1922 strike.

The five Christopher local unions, Nos. 1421, 2376, 2468, 232, 3613, and many other locals thruout the state, demanded of President Lewis the immediate removal of Frank Farrington as president of District 12. Farrington, who had been playing for a separate district agreement with the coal operators for the Illinois miners, because of opposition to his policies among the miners, took a right about face at the reconvened Peoria convention.

Indorsed in Nova Scotia.
Staples has been nominated by all the Christopher locals. He has just received the following letter from New Waterford, Nova Scotia:

"Dear Sir and Brother—I take great pleasure in informing you of the fact that this local union, No. 4527, No. 1 mine, New Waterford, has nominated you for international office as vice president. Hoping that you have every success in your campaign, also to cheer you with the knowledge that District 26 will vote to a man, I remain,
Yours fraternally,
(Signed) ROD R. McNEILL
"New Waterford, N. S., P. O. Box 426."

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

Special New York Issue

THE special New York-Gitlow-Campaign issue of the DAILY WORKER will be dated September 4th and will be on hand Friday morning, September 5th, in the Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 127 University Place.
Every reader of the DAILY WORKER should call at the book shop for a bundle at 2c a copy, to help boost the New York campaign and particularly the meeting of Comrade Gitlow, our vice-presidential candidate. The entire front page of this issue will consist of special New York matter.

PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES ON CAPITALIST TICKETS UNLOAD CARGO OF HOKUM ON LABOR DAY

MORGAN'S ATTORNEY
JOHN W. DAVIS, democratic candidate for president, arrived in Chicago today, on his way to take a job at the agricultural vote. He held out his hat for the labor vote yesterday in his Labor Day speech, in which he tagged himself a "liberal labor" candidate.
He heartily supported the anti-child labor amendment, and denounced the Esch-Cummins law. He favored voluntary wage agreements and denounced the use of injunctions in strikes.
Had these promises been incorporated in the democratic party platform, Gompers might now be boosting the donkey instead of the Foolite ticket.

MORGAN'S PRESIDENT
CALVIN COOLIDGE, strikebreaker president, also got on labor's bandwagon. Speaking to a collection of labor fakers, whose records are so black that even Sam Gompers would hesitate to shake hands with them in public, Coolidge declared that he thought the workers had a right to live as long as they worked hard and otherwise conducted themselves. He said the republican party put soup in the worker's dinner pail and oil in his lamp. He urged the labor fakers to "stick to the American brand of government, the American brand of equality and the American brand of wages."
The labor fakers promised not to accept any foreign ideas unless they came thru the League of Nations, Mr. Bahkmeteff, Angelo Firpo or the Prince of Wales. Their price for the next four years would be higher than formerly owing to the raise in the cost of living and their growing taste for luxuries.
Samuel Gompers could not delivres all the votes to LaFollette, they informed the president. They were thankful to the old man for deserting the two old parties, as his absence makes the bribers grow fonder.

Prominent labor fakers missing from the delegation were "Big Tim" Murphy and Robert P. Brindell. Their duties in Leavenworth and Sing Sing were too pressing.

ANYBODY'S MAN
SENATOR ROBERT M. LaFOLLETTE spoke to an invisible audience on Labor Day. What he said was hard on the ears and still harder in the brain. He pictured the two old parties the abject slaves of wealth. But he has hopes in the people. "I believe," he said, "that if the people can once regain control of the machinery of government we can stem the tide toward economic absolutism."

"Fightin'" Bob denied that he was a radical, said that the Dawes Plan was a Morgan Plan and insisted that he would rescue the people from Wall Street, if they would allow him.
In the meantime the official organ of Samuel Gompers is coming off the press, with an editorial denouncing the trust-busting philosophy of LaFollette and demanding the repeal of Bob's pet anti-trust Sherman act.

Workers' Blood Crimsons Hands of Dawes

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of hooded cowards whose efforts are now directed toward the elimination of the miners' union in the interests of the open shop coal operators."

Engdahl, amidst enthusiastic applause, called upon the assembled picketers to join the Communist movement and work in the revolutionary ranks of this country for the establishment of a Soviet republic.

Max Shachtman, editor of the Young Worker, also spoke on the significance of Mobilization Day, Sept. 12. Despite the rain, a good crowd turned out to the annual picnic of the T. U. E. L. The spirits of the young in particular were far from being dampened.

Edwards Speaks for T. U. E. L.
John Edwards, recently returned from Soviet Russia, addressed the last meeting of the Trade Union Educational League of Chicago on the Communist youth movements in Europe, embracing Germany, France and Russia, and the lessons we should learn from them in developing our youth movement. Edwards attended the Third World Congress of the Young Communist International in Russia.

In his speech he particularly stressed the fact that these countries centered their intensive organization work on the youth of the working class.

He portrayed the life of the youth of Russia. They work only six hours a day. They attend the factory schools or colleges. Only workers attend the colleges in Russia.

Sports and games play a big role in the Communist youth movements abroad and in Russia, too. The Youth Red Sport International of Russia has one million and a half members.

Resort for Workers' Sports.
Lenin hills, once a restricted pleasure resort for the nobility and wealthy merchants of Russia (of course it was not known as Lenin hills then), has been set aside for youth sport activities. The magnificent houses and hotels are used for schools.

Every six months workers receive a two weeks' vacation in Russia, and they are off to Lenin hills to join in the sports.

"In no country does one see such healthy looking youths as in Russia," said Edwards. "Imagine thousands of robust, laughing, joyous sturdy youths headed for Lenin hills in hundreds of boats bearing red flags and you will have the picture that greeted my eyes as I stood on the banks of Lenin hills with revolutionists from other countries who spent a day there viewing youth festivities in Soviet Russia. When they come on shore, they went thru military drills and took part in healthful games. These youths work in the factories, attend the colleges and take an active part in the work of the Communist Party."

CHICAGO'S KOSHER BUTCHERS STRIKE FOR PAY INCREASE

Chicago kosher butchers went on strike yesterday, demanding an increase in salary and a shorter work-day. The increase will bring their salaries up to \$5 and their workday down one-half hour each day.
The strike call was issued at the headquarters of the butchers' union here, and all union butchers have answered the call and are out on strike.

Ku Klux Klan Leaves Trail of Death in Williamson County

(Continued from page 1)
er; Green Dunning, reputed Klansman, and Dewy Newbold, reputed Klansman.

Klan and Anti-Klan.
The Herrin officialdom is with the Klan. The county authorities are on the other side.

Chief of Police, Matt Walker, an appointee of Mayor Magee Anderson, stated that he would not be surprised if fifty people were arrested by night fall.

The police chief, who plainly showed his Klan sympathies, denounced the sheriff's forces and threatened to jail every deputy in Benton and Marion.

According to eye witnesses of Saturday's battle, the Klansmen bore down on Smith's garage in an Essex car, heavily armed, and started the shooting.

It is rumored that Sheriff Galligan intends closing up the garage on the ground that it is a public nuisance and Klan hangout.

The undertaking establishment where the bodies of the anti-Klan victims of last Saturday's battle are lying, is constantly crowded with miners who come to pay their last respects to the dead. The morgue where the Klansmen are lying, is practically deserted.

Another attempt to oust Sheriff George Galligan from office is to be made today, the county ministers' association announced, following a session at which Rev. L. E. Lee was appointed to call on the county board at its meeting this afternoon and ask that body to use its influence to force the sheriff to relinquish his position. The president of the board, is Samuel Sterns, who for many months was closely associated with S. Glenn Young, Williamson county's imported dry raider.

Several previous attempts to remove Galligan have proved fruitless.

NEW YORK CITY Party Activities

C. C. C. Meet September 5.
The City Central Committee will meet Friday, Sept. 5, 8 p. m., at 208 E. 12th St., Room 2.
The election campaign will be the chief question before the committee, as the problems of finance, circulating petitions, increasing the effectiveness of street meetings require immediate attention.
The DAILY WORKER agent will also report on the subscription drive which is started in the city, and on other plans for raising the circulation of our Daily.

Industrial Organizers Meet Sept. 8.
The Industrial Organizers will meet Monday, Sept. 8, at 208 E. 12th Street, Room 2, 8 p. m. sharp.
Plans for intensifying industrial work in line with the party program of action will be taken up.
This is the first meeting held since July. The summer is almost over, and we must prepare to double our efforts on the industrial field.

OPEN AIR MEETINGS.
Thursday, Sept. 4.
7th St. and Avenue C—Speaker to be announced.
35th St. and 8th Ave.—Ben Davidson and Hulswood.
10th St. and Lexington Ave.—Chorover and Markoff.
115th St. and Madison Avenue—H. M. Wislaky.
Longwood and Prospect Aves.—Rebecca Grecht and others.
Friday, Sept. 5.
All meetings called off on account of Youth Day celebration of the Young Workers League in Central Opera House, 205 East 67th St.

Party Activities Of Local Chicago

STREET MEETINGS IN CHICAGO.
Wednesday, Sept. 3.
22nd and Erie Sts.—Auspices. 4th Dist. Committee, Lithuanian branches. Speakers, Max Shachtman and Lithuanian comrades.
37th and Wallace Sts.—Auspices, 4th Dist. Committee. Speakers, D. E. Earley and others.
32nd and Morgan Sts.—Auspices, 4th Dist. Committee. Polish branch speakers, English and Polish comrades.

BRANCH MEETINGS, LOCAL CHICAGO
Wednesday, Sept. 3.
Italian, Cicero—Circolo Giovanile Hall, 14th St. between 1st and 50th Ct.
D. P. Jewish—3429 W. Roosevelt Rd.
Terra Cotta Italian—2475 Clybourn Avenue, c. o. Comrade Bottazzi.
Czecho-Slovak, Cicero—Masaryk School, 57th Ave. and 22nd Pl.
Mid-City English—Ogden and Taylor. English—414 So. Halsted St.
Czecho-Slovak No. 3—2548 S. Homan Avenue.
Thursday, Sept. 4.
Finnish—2409 N. Halsted St.
11th Ward Italian—2439 S. Oakley Blvd.
31st Ward Italian—511 N. Sangamon Street.
Community Center, 3201 S. Wabash Avenue, S. Side English. (Look up if meets there.)
Scandinavian Karl Marx.

FOR INSURANCE OF ANY KIND
CARL BRODSKY
1123 Broadway, New York City
Tel. Watkins 3626.

"Make War on War!" Labor's Slogan for "Goose-Step Day!"

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

TODAY, the militarists of the nation speed up their efforts to arouse the masses in support of their rapidly approaching "Goose Step Day," Sept. 12.

Secretary of War John W. Weeks, pal of General Leonard Wood in helping to maintain American imperialism's sway over Wall Street's growing colonial possessions, especially in the Philippines, is in the front rank of the mobilizers for "Defense Day." That is his job.

Secretary of War Weeks is pulling all the old, familiar tricks, that the militarists have always employed, to make the game of human slaughter, for the protection of the world-wide interests of capitalism, attractive to the youth of the nation.

Secretary of War Weeks looks over the statistics and finds that the mills, the mines and the factories, while they have been producing huge profits for the great trusts, they have at the same time turned out a population of mentally subnormal and physically unfit candidates for the murder machines of war.

For the masters of bread need strong, healthy, alert young men to fight their wars so that they can fight them successfully against the strong, healthy, robust, alert young men of foreign imperialisms, whether of Great Britain, France or Japan.

Secretary of War Weeks laments, for the purposes of war, that "about one-half of our population is subnormal" and that the country suffers annually a loss of \$1,500,000,000 by preventable illness and curable physical defects of its citizens."

Secretary of War Weeks doesn't worry about developing a nation of intelligent, healthy men, women and children, for the purposes of peace, for the building a better civilization. He states his fears openly and frankly, that this population with its 50 per cent subnormals "places the nation in the position of having to defend itself with one arm tied behind its back," which, "is bad." Bad for Wall Street and its gold.

Weeks has no cure for this problem. He does not urge that the standard of living be raised. He does not demand that the children be taken out of the factories. He does not seek a shortening of the work-day, or the bettering of working or housing conditions.

All that this pitiful puppet of the Wall Street war-makers has to offer is to suggest that, "the medical men in each community, as a patriotic service, will issue friendly advice to their fellow citizens on Sept. 12, "Defense Test Day."

This is a confession that the wages of the workers will not permit them to have a doctor's care and advice when needed, that the workers must depend upon the charity of doctors on one day, six years after the great war ended, in order that they might prepare their bodies to become cannon fodder for the next war.

"It may be too late," confesses Weeks, "for any constructive action on a nation-wide scale to eradicate the physical weakness of the present generation, but it is certainly not too late to prevent the oncoming generation from developing similar defects."

Thus, evidently hopeless of the patriotism of the doctors, Weeks pleads that "fathers and mothers will have the physical condition of their children investigated," but he did not add, in order that they be better fertilizer for the blood-crimsoned soil of some foreign land in the next great war.

In the last great capitalist war the dead alone totalled nearly 8,000,000 young men; to be exact just 7,975,000. Including the wounded the casualties went up to "at least 35,000,000" says The Chicago Daily News Almanac and Year-Book, for 1919. And the only victory was the triumph of the profiteering dollars of J. Pierpont Morgan.

Thus the issue for "Goose-Step Day, Sept. 12, 1924," in the United States becomes quite clear. Will the masses, in the workshops and on the farms, help the big capitalists, the war-makers prepare for the next war? Or will the masses of workers and farmers prepare to make war on the next capitalist war?

William Howard Taft, now Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, was secretary of war in the cabinet of President Roosevelt, more than two decades ago. Taft and Roosevelt did what they could to put budding American militarism on its feet.

But it was Roosevelt's Secretary of War Taft, who as Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, only recently declared "unconstitutional" legislation restricting the labor of children. It is under the rule of Chief Justice Taft that an increasing number of children are being driven to labor, before their time, when they should be in school, developing in the mills and factories all those diseases and ailments that make the American population nearly 50 per cent, just 46.8, defective. And the only worry of the big capitalists is that these children will not make good murderers in the next war.

Thus capitalism is revealed in all its barbarism. When it does not feed the nation's youth to the war machine, it drives it into the equally deadly maw of capitalist industry.

Against the capitalist slogan of "Prepare the Youth of the Nation for the Next War!" the Communists raise the demand, "Arouse the youth of the nation for war against the wars of the great capitalists. Arouse the workers for the war to end war-breeding capitalism!"

Sept. 12, this next week, should be a mobilization of all workers and poor farmers to spread the call for a great struggle to sweep this barbarous and blood-thirsty social system called capitalism off the earth forever.

THE AMERICAN LABOR MOVEMENT

"AMERICAN labor is still asleep, drugged into insensibility by bourgeois propaganda. It is the only important labor movement in the world not yet aware of the revolutionary character of the fight that it is carrying on; it is the only one which has not declared for some sort of a socialist society as its ultimate goal."—William Z. Foster.

FOSTER'S TOUR MAKING LABOR SKATES UNEASY

Fake Progressives Are Placed in Pillory

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 2.—William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, arrived here today after delivering a Labor Day speech in Kansas City, Mo. He will speak tonight in Triangle Park, South Broadway.

Foster's speech, in Omaha, Neb., received considerable publicity and his appearance was a bombshell in the camp of the fake progressives who are so anxiously trying to betray the workers and poor farmers for their own opportunist, material gain.

Progressives Disillusioned.
The progressive party of Nebraska, which for some time was a thorn in the side of the old party politicians like Bryan, has been almost destroyed by some of the weak-kneed Farmer-Laborites in it. The genuine progressives are very much disillusioned by the action of LaFollette's agents and some are unwilling to join with them in the rank betrayal of an independent party of the producers.

Now, more than ever, many of these genuine progressives are beginning to realize the correctness of the view expressed by the Communists, who said to them months ago at their former conventions that LaFollette would betray them.

Dawes Would Fool Farmers.

Into the midst of this confusion now comes Dawes with his famous plan, which he and Mr. Hoover and the entire republican party say will help the American farmer by bringing about great exports of American agricultural, particularly animal, products. This will be Dawes' big appeal to the farmers. In reality it means that, by declaring the German nation bankrupt, appointing the House of Morgan as receiver and fastening upon the German people a debt which they can never pay, Morgan will gain a few billion dollars, a very small portion of which may be used to purchase American products.

This cold-blooded exploitation of the German nation might make some appeal to a few "retired" farmers, but the "tired" farmers of Nebraska are beginning to realize that to force the Dawes' plan upon the German workers may mean another imperialist war. They are in no mood in Nebraska for war, and every day they understand more clearly these possible eventualities, and have a keener sympathy for the Communists and their program.

Worried About Foster.

On Sunday, August 31, William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President, spoke in Omaha. Foster's appearance in Omaha caused consternation among the various labor fakers who are anxiously climbing on the band wagon piloted by LaFollette and Charley Bryan. Foster ruthlessly exposed all the capitalist politicians and their various nostrums—Dawes with his plan, Bryan with his fake pacifism, and LaFollette with his opportunist, horse-trading politics, masked with the name of "progressivism."

Foster, fresh from his recent trip to Europe and Russia, showed how the workers and poor farmers of those countries are led by the Communists in opposition to the imperialist bankers, headed by Morgan and his handyman, Dawes. Foster told his audience about the tremendous possibilities of a rehabilitated Russian agriculture, which, when operated with modern agricultural machinery, will enable the workers' and peasants' government of Soviet Russia to smash the international markets of Europe.

This meeting was a bombshell in the camp of the fake progressives who are so anxiously trying to betray the workers and poor farmers for their own opportunist, material gains."

Our Candidates

FOSTER'S DATES
Springfield, Ill.—Carpenter Hall, Adams and Seventh Sts., Thursday, September 4th, 8 p. m.
Elizabeth, N. J.—Turn Hall, 725 High St., Wednesday, September 10, 8 p. m.
Newark, N. J.—Labor Lyceum, 704 So. 14th St., Thursday, September 11, 8 p. m.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Musical Fund Hall, 8th and Locust Streets, Friday, September 12, 8 p. m.
Paterson, N. J.—Halvita Hall, 56 Van Houton Street, Saturday, September 13, 8 p. m.
GITLOW'S DATES
Comrade Gitlow, candidate for vice-president, will address meetings at the following places:
Warren, Ohio—Hippodrome Hall, High Street, Thursday, September 4, at 7:30 p. m.

FAMINE TALES IN KEPT PRESS SHOWN FALSE

Disprove Lies of "Trib" and Others

By M. A. SKROMNY.

The capitalist press, especially the Tribune, is continuing to feed its readers with horrible Russian famine stories. A few days ago the Russian Cheka had shot in the Chicago Tribune a hungry mob. Now the same yellow sheet has obtained an "exclusive" map of the famine district which claims to show that the famine "in the land of Red menace" is "as severe as that in 1921."

When we remind ourselves that the same newspaper in 1921 published an "exclusive" photograph of the Bolsheviks actually shooting down a hungry mob (which happened to be the photograph of the July uprising of 1917 showing the Bolsheviks being shot down by the Kerensky troops), we don't wonder much about the "proofs" of this paper.

Recall Acts of 1921.

When the Soviet government in 1921 appealed to the world for aid to save the starving because it was unable to save them without aid from abroad, the same press called it "Bolshevik propaganda." Only after the working class organizations all over the world began an active campaign to aid in the famine did the capitalist press take it seriously. The Soviet government was forced to spend in this country several millions of dollars for food before the Hoover administration agreed to help. They actually permitted thousands of people to die before they did anything to help.

Now, when the Soviet government states that it is able to take care of the famine districts without foreign aid, they are so anxiously advertising the "great" famine. Why are they so anxiously advertising the "great" famine. Why are they so good-hearted? What happened?

Since 1921 the Soviet government has been recognized by many important states. The Hughes' policy of splendid isolation in the Russian affairs has proven a failure. It contributed much to the unemployment in this country, to the lessening of exports and the general deflation of business. It was an aid to the British, German and other business interests as against the interests of Uncle Sam. Many countries, including the arch enemy, France, are now on the verge of recognizing the Soviet government.

Farmers Aimed At.

The farmers in this country as well as the workers are rebelling against the well "oiled" old parties. In order to still their voices by raising artificially grain prices, and at the same time prevent, if possible, further recognitions of the Soviet government, this campaign of lies about the Russian famine was botched. In the cable in which the "killings of the hungry" are reported there is a paragraph which lets the cat out of the bag. It states that "M. Leshava (Commissioner of Interior Trade) reports that the crop failure has affected two-thirds of the grain-grow-

DEVER PLAYING TWO PONIES IN DEFENSE DAY PROCLAMATION

In the hopes that he would continue to maintain some of his foreign vote support, Mayor Dever continued to straddle both horses by issuing a proclamation to the people of Chicago to observe Defense Day, but at the same time deploring the incultation of the war spirit in the minds of the populace.

In the proclamation he pointed out that he doesn't "believe in emphasizing at this time preparation for war, yet I have no sympathy with the sentimental pacifism which would leave this nation helpless."

Therefore, proclaims Mayor Dever, we shall observe Defense Day nevertheless. All the big corporations—non-unionized—will have contingents of their employes on the line of march and in the audiences listening to patriotic airs—hot.

ing districts in Russia and that exports must be radically curtailed if Russia intends to feed itself this coming winter. This should prove welcome news to American farmers, whom the Bolsheviks undersold in Europe a year ago."

This is the main reason why there is such a "terrible" famine in Russia. It should prove welcome news even if it is a lie. This will help Cutten and other speculators to corner the grain markets and make a few extra millions of dollars while the farmer may forfeit his troubles at least until after election.

But what is the actual state of affairs!

Russ Situation Favorable.

Comrade Rykov, chairman of the Soviet Famine Committee, reported the actual situation recently at a Moscow meeting. It is much more favorable than expected previously. According to the latest statistics, together with the 150 million puds of grain left over from last year, 2,700 million puds. After covering the needs of the famine districts there will be a surplus of over 100 million puds. Out this amount 75 million puds will be exported. Besides helping the population with grain, 35 million gold rubles have been appropriated to help the famine districts and all labor and peasant organizations of the country have been mobilized for this purpose. The district affected covers about one-fourth of that in 1921, and only about seven million people are affected against the 30 million of 1921.

These facts are very well known to the Tribune correspondents but to print them would not be such welcome news to the grain speculators who are robbing the population as well as the farmers. The white guards and the counter-revolutionists in general are attempting to make good use of the "welcome" news of the yellow sheets. The local white guard Russian paper using the Tribune's "news" is telling its readers that the Bolsheviks are starving the peasants while exporting grain.

But the workers have learned many a lesson during the last few years and they know how "reliable" the news about Russia is in the capitalist sheets.

Advocate Night Work Abolition.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., September 2.—Coincident with a convention in Milwaukee of the Wisconsin Association of Master Bakers, local No. 205 of the Bakers' union advocated the abolition of night baking and appealed to housewives to buy union-made bread in the interest of health and better working conditions for their craft.

HERRIN MINERS, JOBLESS, GO TO KU KLUX TRIAL

Thirty Mines Shut Down in Sub-District

Editor's Note: This article by Karl Reeve was written before the renewal of civil war in Herrin last Saturday.

By KARL REEVE

(Staff Writer, Daily Worker.)

HERRIN, Ill., Sept. 2.—Thirty mines in the entire Herrin sub-district, the second largest sub-district in Illinois, are completely shut down. Only 17 are working at all, and none of these are working full time. This was the statement made at the offices of the United Mine Workers in Herrin.

3,000 A're Jobless.

Sven mines are completely closed in Herrin, and three mines are working part time. Over 2,000 miners in this town are idling the streets, out of work. Mines Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of the Franklin County Coal Company have been abandoned. Mine B of the Chicago, Williamson & Franklin Coal Company, ordinarily employing 300 men, has been shut down for practically a year. Mine A of this company, which works better than any other mine around Herrin, employing 700 men, works at the most four days a week.

Many of the unemployed miners, with nothing else to do, are attending the trial of Carl Nielson and Walter Winsted, members of the Ku Klux Klan. They are being tried at the county courthouse in Herrin, charged with assault with deadly weapon.

Visitors Searched.

When Arley Staples and myself entered the courtroom we were searched by two deputy sheriffs. Delos Duty, the prosecutor, and A. O. Boswell, defense attorney, were having a hard time to pick jurors who had no fixed opinion of the Ku Klux Klan. Judge Bowen had his back to the courtroom and was reading the Chicago Tribune. He alluded to the paper occasionally to dreamily gaze out of the window.

Boswell seemed unwilling to allow foreigners to serve on the jury. C. Barbala was removed from the jury, altho he declared he had no fixed opinion on the case. Dennis Craig was also removed by the Klan lawyer. Duty, the prosecutor, explained to the jurors that the charge grew out of the raids, "commonly known as the Ku Klux Klan raids in which Glenn Young was involved." He explained they were being tried on an indictment returned by the Grand Jury.

Mystery in Court Procedure.

Boswell suddenly asked for a private conference and the judge and the two lawyers went into another room. Upon their return Judge Bowen announced that court would be adjourned until four o'clock in the afternoon. He refused to divulge the subject of the conference.

A. T. GRIGGS MANUFACTURING CO., OF DETROIT, MICH., IS A DEVIL'S OWN HELL-HOLE, WORKER WRITES

A human voice out of the pit of a dungeon known as the A. T. Briggs Manufacturing Company, in Detroit, Michigan, reached the DAILY WORKER today. In this dungeon automobile bodies are made for the Hudson and Essex cars.

Those who have visited automobile manufacturing plants will recall, as they read this letter, rows and rows of human flesh lined up close to each other, quickly picking up the metal parts dropped by the machines and sending them on to the next stage of production.

These human machines must be continually at their posts (not for one moment can they stop) to keep pace with the rapidly moving machines.

Rumors in Factory.

Here is the letter: To the DAILY WORKER—On Monday, Aug. 18, at 6:30 a. m., a rumor went the rounds at the Briggs Manufacturing Company that 150 men were to be laid off. Fifteen minutes later another rumor. The plant has overproduced. It will be necessary to reduce production. An inventory is being taken and there may be a complete shut-down.

A ruse to frighten the workers. I knew something was coming. And then the cat was let out of the bag. There will be a cut in wages. The men have already received a 10 per cent cut in wages only a month ago. Conditions in this plant are horrible. Fifteen minutes for lunch. No one is allowed to leave his bench even to go to the toilet. Anyone caught resting during work is immediately discharged.

Workers Often Discharged.

Discharge is a familiar word. Men are discharged on the flimsiest pretenses. Outside the plant every day, except Sunday, a long line of men are waiting for a chance to work. There are at least 200 in line each day and this line hangs like a sword over the heads of the men inside who never know when they will be forced to stand there waiting for a chance to get

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

the injunction. Perhaps John H. Walker might use up a dozen handkerchiefs, telling the workers how he has repented of his sins, how he turned from the wicked path, trodden by him during the days when he was a member of the socialist party and believed there was such a thing as the class struggle. Perhaps—

BUT listen. "Quiet, thoughtful reflection is expected to hold full sway instead of the clamor of former labor days. The parade, the outings and the oratory of other labor days will not be in evidence. Instead there will be a more constructive, more beneficial and more substantial way of observing labor day—the silent reflection upon the past and its lessons and the future and its problems." This from the Federation News.

SO if you read something like the following in the columns of the capitalist press this morning you need not be surprised, because you are forewarned: "One of the most remarkable labor celebrations ever held in the vicinity of the Windy City, took place here yesterday in Sleepy Hollow. Several thousand workers spent the day laying on their backs gazing into the little patches of blue sky that could be seen thru the foliage of the trees. There was a dead silence. Suddenly a heavy sobbing was heard, but the sleepers did not move. The reporter astonished by the strange scene made his way in the direction of the sobbing and found John H. Walker, John Fitzpatrick and Victor Olander sitting near a brook crying furiously into the water."

"WALKING up and down nearby was a tall old man who looked very much like the figure of Santa Claus that can be seen around Christmas in the Marshall Field store window. That is Rip Van Winkle, Mr. Walker managed to tell me between sobs. 'We brot him here specially today to give our union members a lesson in the art of keeping quiet. They are too fond of fighting with the capitalists, and fighting gets them nowhere. This method takes the cake. You watch for the results. Instead of parading around the streets carrying banners, and getting under the hide of the capitalists, we intend to "reflect" every once in a while. Reflect on the past, and dream about the future, when science will be taking sugar from the sun and moonshine from the moon. Never mind about the present, that's Christian Science.'"

"SUDDENLY, John Fitzpatrick jumped up and mounting a boulder, took off his hat and began: 'Brothers this meeting now comes to order. The situation is this—' Olander pulled his coat and handed him a stick of chewing gum. Fitz got down and said: 'Oh, hell I was dreaming.' Walker continued: 'Fitz is not yet completely broken in. He gets those fits once in a while. He does

not understand the new policy of giving the class struggle the absent treatment. Foster spoiled poor John and it will take him some time before he gets completely over his desire to go out and fight. But he is convalescing rapidly.'"

YOU may not read such a report in today's papers. The labor fakers have not taken the organized workers to Sleepy Hollow, in the physical sense. It would not be so bad if they could sleep for 21 years and wake up to find the capitalists wheeling hand trucks and sweeping streets and digging sewers. The labor fakers have given them a drug that has put them to sleep mentally. A labor parade, even on Sept. 1, was a class demonstration. The workers walked together and it was the custom to give the position of honor in the procession to whatever union had a strike on its hands. But this policy is to be dropped in preference for the Rip Van Winkle method.

IF the leaders of the American Federation of Labor have decided to sleep the class struggle away, not so the enemy. We read in the New York Times, that Judge Gary is to preside at a conference of industrial leaders on September 12, the day designated by the War Department to mobilize the man power of America, as a test to see how fast the militarists can get their cannon fodder into action when the bugles of war again ring out upon our ears. An industrial advisory board is created with Gary at its head and among the other members of the board are railroad presidents and heads of big manufacturing concerns and banks. This presages industrial conscription of the most drastic kind and the American Federation of Labor appears to be in accord with the plan.

THE White House is decorated in honor of the visit of the Prince of Wales. How many of our readers remember the occasion of Prince Henry of Prussia's visit to this country? What a welcome he received! Pullman sleeping cars were named after him and hotel rooms in which the royal parasite slept were objects of interest and commanded higher prices because Henry patronized them.

ALICE ROOSEVELT publicly bestowed an osculatory favor on the prince. All in all the prince had a good time. One would never suspect that not so very long afterwards our moving pictures would be featuring the deprivations of the terrible "Huns" and showing German princes in uniform, not being osculated by Alice Roosevelt but attempting to rape the occupants of a Belgian convent, and of course getting smacked in the left eye by an American doughboy.

TODAY the Prince of Wales is greeted by the American capitalist class and the multitudes who accept the headlines as their creed give him the glad hand. Girls who dance with him say "Oh, isn't he the elk's antlers" and feel honored. What he will say to Coolidge over breakfast may not be published, if they say anything.

BUT grizzled American admirals who take their orders from Wall Street via Washington, will not let down in their efforts to elevate the guns on the American navy, that will some day show a clean pair of heels to the Statue of Liberty on its way to send the Royal Navy to Davy Jones' locker. Behind the smiles of princes and presidents are the scowls of competing capitalists and some day they will fight, when diplomacy can no longer settle the arguments. The guns will boom and the now smiling prince will become the leering row. But the pawns will be the workers, unless they wake up in the meantime. The diplomats and capitalists will not go where the bullets fly.

Endless Line of Jobless.

The men in line are a bad looking bunch. Broken down in body and spirit, hungry, sleeping in alleys, ragged and diseased they stand there waiting.

The A. T. Briggs Manufacturing Company is next to the largest body making firm in Detroit. They employ 15,000 men. They have four large plants and run night shifts.

The plant runs 12 hours a day and night. This factory is known all over Detroit as the Devil's Hell Hole. The doctors call it "The Home of Blood Poisoning." It is horribly unsanitary in hundreds of ways which it would take too much space to describe.

Workers Only Hope.

I hope the day is not far off when the workers will be set free from this slavery to the money kings. The Dictatorship of the Proletariat is the workers' only hope for a better world.

Enclosed find a subscription for four months and \$2.00.

A COMRADE.

MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS

Learn at Home A Refined, Healthy, Money-Making Business During the Long Fall & Winter evenings. Address: The American Multifloral Flower Co. 7925 So. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill., CHICAGO, ILL.

EIGHT AND NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS LEAD

Young Workers League Members on Job

Under the impetus of the drive launched at the recent Chicago Workers Party membership meeting, party workers are sending in more enthusiastic reports on signatures obtained in the various congressional districts.

A review of the signatures obtained and the work done in the Eighth and Ninth congressional districts, in which George Maurer and Jack W. Johnston are the candidates, show real progress, with indications that these will be the first to go over the top in placing Workers Party candidates on the ballot.

Other Districts Do Well.

Other districts are also going well, and with a little added speed from more of the members, Chicago expects to place all its candidates on the ballot.

The Young Workers League members have begun to organize their forces to obtain signatures and expect to turn in a large number within the next few days.

What Have Candidates Done?

The local is issuing a short statement on the "Lives and Work" of the Workers Party candidates, to be used to acquaint prospective signers of petitions with the men to be placed on the ballot.

Party workers who have gone out to get signatures invariably relate that it is easy to secure them. One good rule to follow is to carry copies of the DAILY WORKER and other campaign literature for distribution.

Bring in Petitions.

Real hustling is needed from every member, as there are only two weeks left in which to get the required number of signatures in the various districts. Every branch must get busy at once. Every member in the branch must be mobilized into quick participation in this work.

Street meetings can be and are being used successfully in getting signatures.

Earn Your Merit Stamp.

Earn your merit stamp for getting a new subscriber to the DAILY WORKER and a new member into the party. Merit stamps are different from any other stamps issued by our party. They must be earned by work. And every member in good standing must show a merit stamp on his book.

A campaign to visit those who signed to put the Workers Party candidates on the ballot will be inaugurated as soon as the drive for getting signatures is over. This will give every member in the party an opportunity to earn his merit stamp.

Party Getting on Ballot.

Reports coming in from all the states in which the Workers Party is trying to get its candidates on the ballot in the coming elections are very promising. Many have already reported success. The Workers Party has the distinguished honor in this national election campaign of being the ONLY WORKING CLASS TICKET in the field, all other parties in the field being upholders of the capitalist system.

Comrades, don't let your state lag behind! Get behind your candidates! Put their names on the ballot!

CLEVELAND, OHIO

A \$500,000,000 GRAFT

This is the drug trust's annual toll from the gullible rich and poor. For this, not only worthless substances, but also dangerous and habit-forming drugs are given, and as a result, "Medicine destroys more lives than war, pestilence and famine combined. Patent medicine is responsible for about 70 per cent of the inmates of all insane asylums."

Progressive men and women have discarded drugs as a relic of the superstitious past, and are now using Natural Methods only.—WHEN ILL SEE

Dr. J. J. SCHOLTES

Chiropractor and Electrotherapist 2838 W. 25th St. Linc. 5340

TEAPOT DOME THIEF WINS FIRST VICTORY IN GASOLINE BATTLE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—Harry F. Sinclair, lessee of the Teapot Dome oil reserve, scored for the first time today in the litigation growing out of the Senate investigation of the naval oil leases.

Justice Hoehling of the District of Columbia Supreme Court, granted Sinclair a special appeal from the court's order overruling his demurrer to an indictment charging him with contempt of the senate.

The contempt charges grew out of Sinclair's refusal to answer certain questions propounded by the Senate Public Lands Committee during the oil inquiry.

ILLINOIS MINING TOWN IS PICTURE OF DILAPIDATION

By KARL REEVE, (Staff Writer, Daily Worker.)

SESSER, Ill., Sept. 2.—The main street of Sesser is dilapidated and forlorn. Most of the stores have closed their doors, the windows are broken and in some places boarded up. Those stores remaining open have only a few dollars' worth of stock on hand. The Old Ben Coal Company mine No. 16, usually employing 550 men, has been shut down for seven months, and the Southern Gem Coal Company, employing 670 men, is not only closed, but it owes the men over \$160,000 on their last December pay roll.

Stores Die Off.

The Caesar Biotti grocery and meat market, after extending credit to the unemployed miners to the amount of \$8,000, has closed its doors and given up the ghost. J. H. Isom, selling general merchandise, is expected to close soon, having gone in the hole over \$5,000. Allen & Loukes, formerly one of the biggest stores in Sesser, will close soon, having lost already \$6,000. The Page Drug Company, formally declared bankrupt, has closed its doors.

Many of those who left for the large cities to find work have returned home. Some of those who went to Detroit, St. Louis, Chicago and other cities, and failed to find work, are Reggie Garner, Roscoe Stone, W. C. Stone, Edwin Tate, Charles Bubliss, Robert Hancock, William Bal Baugher, Joe Caveglia and John Moudy. Out of a population of 4,500, over 1,000 miners in Sesser are out of work and have been unemployed for the last seven months.

AL. SMITH, NEW YORK GOVERNOR, HAILS PRINCE

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Governor Alfred E. Smith, who was supported in his bid for the democratic nomination for the presidency by the Irish nationalist organizations and their rabid anti-British press, broadcasted a welcome to His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, while on board the Berengaria on his way to New York. Governor Smith, the "friend of Ireland," delivered himself as follows: "His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, on board the steamship Berengaria:

"I have the honor to express the greetings and extend a warm welcome on behalf of the people of the state of New York on the occasion of the arrival of your Royal Highness in our harbor."

"This greeting is sent to you thru the courtesy of the United States army service, one of whose airplanes is circling over your vessel."

"ALFRED E. SMITH."

Take a Vote in Your Shop

HOW do the workers in your shop stand in this presidential election campaign? How many of your shop mates are still so backward that they accept the leadership of Coolidge and Davis? How many of your fellow workers have been fooled by the specious pleas of LaFollette and adopt this middle-class saviour? And, above all, how many workers are there in your shop who understand that the working class must have its own party, its own policy, and its own candidate—and who therefore stand for William Z. Foster for president? Take a vote in your shop. Send it in to the DAILY WORKER. We will compile it along with all the other shop votes and give you a picture of how the workers are thinking about the election issues and candidates.

WORKERS' STRAW VOTE

THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

The workers employed in the shop of.....

.....have taken a straw vote on the presidential candidates, and the vote was as follows:

WM. Z. FOSTER votes; LaFOLLETTE votes; Workers Party No Party

DAVIS votes; COOLIDGE votes; Democratic Party Republican Party

I certify that this report is correct:

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America's Great Labor Daily

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The Workers Party in Action

Statement by Central Executive Committee

Further statement of the Central Executive Committee regarding the appearance of the Horthy government bond advertisement in the Volkszeitung, New York.

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party issued a statement apologizing for the disgrace of the appearance in the Volkszeitung of an advertisement advertising bonds of the counter-revolutionary Horthy Government in Hungary, condemning the Volkszeitung for appearance of this advertisement, directing Comrade Lore, the editor of the Volkszeitung to publish an editorial repudiating it, and stating its purpose to investigate this matter thoroughly as to the responsibility for the appearance of the advertisement. The Central Executive Committee now states the results of its investigation as follows:

The Central Executive Committee is in receipt of the following telegram from Comrade Ludwig Lore, editor of the Volkszeitung, in regard to its statement: "Received letter August 12 just now. Want to state that as soon as attention was called to advertisement I called up Business Manager directing him to take out same which he presently did. Wrote for next issue August 2 double column editorial 'For Horthy Hungary Not One Cent' explaining situation in Hungary and stating in most forcible language that any support of loan constitutes counter-revolutionary action but showing also had financial conditions of that country. The friend who called your attention to that one inch ad must curiously have overlooked double column leading editorial of August 2nd. Protest strongly against premature action of Political Committee. Before you make statements it is your duty to investigate. Short telegram to editor and C. E. C. member would have brought you correct information. Wait for your reply before I publish your statement which I did not receive yet."

The Central Executive Committee welcomes the information that Com-

rade Lore, as editor of the Volkszeitung, published an editorial repudiating the advertisement the day following its third appearance in the Volkszeitung. It however, expresses surprise that Comrade Lore did not call the attention of the Central Executive Committee to the fact that such an advertisement had appeared and to his action in repudiating it, but left the Central Executive Committee to find out, on its own account, that such an advertisement had appeared and only advised it of his editorial after the C. E. C. statement had been issued. It must also state its view that the appearance of the one sentence reading:

"We regret to say that one of these advertisements, for money to be used to support the damnable Horthy system also found its way into the columns of the New York Volkszeitung" is not a sufficient expression of regret and explanation for the appearance of a counter-revolutionary advertisement in the Volkszeitung. The whole text of Comrade Lore's editorial appears herewith.

The appearance in a Communist newspaper of an advertisement advertising for sale the bonds of a counter-revolutionary government which has slaughtered thousands of Communists and imprisoned tens of thousands of others is not a matter to be carelessly passed over by the Central Executive Committee of the Party responsible for the paper which published this advertisement, nor does the fact that an editorial repudiating the advertisement appeared close to the matter. The Central Executive Committee expresses its surprise that any member of the Workers Party which prides itself on being a Communist Party, could overlook the offense committed against the entire international movement by the appearance of this advertisement, and see only the fact that in its original statement the Central Executive Committee did not take into account the appearance of Comrade Lore's editorial, in regard to which it was not informed at the time the statement was issued.

The important question before the Central Executive Committee is how could it happen that a Communist daily could publish such an advertisement under any conceivable circumstances. Certainly no member of the Workers Party with the slightest Communist understanding would permit such an advertisement to appear with his approval. It was the duty of the Central Executive Committee to find out how it could be possible that such an advertisement could pass thru the hands of the administration of the Volkszeitung and appear in the paper, and to take action against any Party member who was in any way responsible for the appearance of the advertisement.

The Central Executive Committee has investigated this matter and finds that this advertisement was sent to the Volkszeitung administration by messenger and was received by Comrade Blohm who is in charge of advertising matter. Comrade Blohm states that the foreman of the printing establishment was in his office at the time the advertisement was received and since the envelope was marked "Change" he passed it over without examining it. He states further that later he clipped the Horthy bond advertisement from the Volkszeitung and pasted it on the original order ordering the change in the character of the advertisement, but that again he did not read it nor did he note the character of the advertisement. Only after the third day of the appearance of the advertisement did he notice the character of it and when he reached the Volkszeitung building his attention was also called to it by Comrade Lore who ordered it removed from the paper.

The Central Executive Committee accepting Comrade Blohm's statement of the fact, is however of the opinion that Comrade Blohm is guilty of gross negligence and severely censures him for his carelessness and negligence which has placed the party in the position of accepting for money propaganda against its own revolutionary principles. Enemies of our party can use the appearance of this advertisement for attack upon our party.

The C. E. C. further instructs the New York Volkszeitung, and every other Party paper, that it must appoint a responsible Party member to pass upon the whole contents of every

edition of a Party paper before it goes to press.

In making this ruling the Central Executive Committee does so in order that in the future there can be no excuse for the appearance of counter-revolutionary material in any organ of the Workers Party. The responsibility of the Central Executive Committee is not ended if such a counter-revolutionary advertisement as that of Horthy bonds appears and then a repudiating editorial appears in the same paper. It is the fact that such an advertisement could appear at all that the Central Executive Committee must deal with. It and it alone is responsible before the Communist International for conducting the Party press so that such incidents as the appearance of the Horthy advertisement in the Volkszeitung cannot, under any conceivable circumstances, take place. While it cannot now after the fact that the Horthy advertisement appeared in the Volkszeitung, it expresses the earnest hope that by establishing the responsibility of a Party member for each issue of a Party paper which appears such a transgression against the revolutionary movement will not happen in the future.

Central Executive Committee, Wm. Z. Foster, Chairman, C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Sec'y

NOT A FARTHING FOR HORTHY HUNGARY.

Editorial from the New York Volkszeitung of August 2. Translation by Comrade Ludwig Lore.

The American press is just at present being used for a widespread advertisement campaign for the sale of the 7 1/2 pct. national loan of the Kingdom of Hungary. Everywhere one will find these advertisements, which recommend this "gilt edge" security to the prudent saver, because he will nowhere find an equal return for safely invested capital. We regret to say that one of these advertisements, for money to be used to support the damnable Horthy system also found its way into the columns of the New York Volkszeitung. For this reason we consider it to be our special duty to warn our readers against the buying of these securities, and to say openly that every direct or indirect support of present-day Hungary is a counter-revolutionary act, an act which no class-conscious worker would knowingly commit.

Horthy is, perhaps the worst bloodhound among those who sit in the seats of the mighty at the present time. In Hungary, today, absolute autocracy reigns supreme. In Hungary no radical movement can become active. Even the Social-Democracy, which in Hungary has become exceptionally reformist and careful, must tolerate the constant supervision of the authorities, a supervision that exceeds even that in Russia under the reign of the Czar. Furthermore, this same Hungarian Social-Democracy enjoys this poor remnant of elbow-room only because it daily emphasizes its unalterable enmity to Communism, and actively fights the forces of the Communist movement.

In Hungary every radical worker is at the mercy of the authorities. The labor unions live and exist only inasmuch as they expressly profess political neutrality, and decline any cooperation with the Social-Democracy. The Co-operatives enjoy a similar measure of police and legal supervision. Only recently a number of co-operatives were dissolved, and their property confiscated because the government had "reason to suspect" that they were working hand in hand with the Social-Democracy.

The fate of our Communist comrades need hardly be described to our readers. It is impossible to tell how many ten-thousands of our comrades, men, women and children have been murdered, maimed and imprisoned by the scoundrelly rascals who hold Hungary under their whip-lash, since the betrayal of the revolution. For these punishments are seldom meted out in formal legal trials, are seldom conducted before the public. Persons who are suspected of Communist leanings "disappear," until their bodies are found murdered or drowned by an unknown hand. Horthy-Hungary is the land of thousand-fold murders, of the most horrible, most terrible White Terror that the world has ever known. This "National Loan" of the King-

LAND SHARKS IN MEXICO KICK ON NEW LAND DECREE

Can't Enlarge Present Holdings

By SYDNEY WARREN (Staff Correspondent of The Fed. Press)

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 2.—The new agrarian decree that all requests for larger tracts of common lands must be submitted to the president of the republic thru the respective state agrarian commissions is causing widespread discontent among the large landowners of Mexico. They feel that the chances to evade the country's agrarian laws will be considerably lessened by the new process. And so they are falling back on the principle of states rights, and say that President Obregon has no constitutional right to issue such a decree, and that they will fight it thru to the last court if necessary.

The sections of this agrarian proclamation that have received widespread praise from the conservative elements are as follows:

No Lands Peddling

1.—No additional common lands will be granted to any community unless it can prove that they are absolutely essential to the economic welfare of that community, that the lands they already have, have been completely exploited, and that they have the agricultural machinery with which to exploit the land they are requesting.

2.—The village that asks for the land must pay for it in a period of not more than ten years.

dom of Hungary is, furthermore, by no means the safe investment that its advertisements make it appear. It is generally known that this loan has been floated by the League of Nations, but that neither the League of Nations nor any single nation has guaranteed its payment. In this respect it is even worse than the Austrian Loan, which was thus secured. As a matter of fact the American business interests hesitated a long time before they subscribed to a part of the loan. Their support was won only after Count Apponyi brought his influence with the Vanderbilts to bear upon American finance. The fact that these bankers are now so energetically at work to unload these papers upon the small investor shows how little faith these large sharks have in the continued existence of the Horthy government.

Of the entire loan of \$50,000,000, \$7,000,000 are to be raised in the United States. For this the bankers here will, of course, draw a liberal commission, which will, naturally, be paid by Hungary, but the price of which will be paid by the small investor who buys the bonds. For the smaller the amount that Hungary finally receives out of its loan the smaller will be the financial assistance that it receives, the greater will be the detriment to Hungarian business. Even the conservative Journal of Commerce, which is distinctly friendly to the Horthy regime, was forced to admit last Thursday that the loan is neither safe nor to be recommended, since its security would be determined entirely by the ability of Hungary to pay its debts out of a favorable trade balance.

For the progressive worker, for every enemy of the blood-thirsty Horthy regime, there can be only one reply:

NOT A FARTHING FOR HORTHY AND HIS FELLOW BANDITS.

NEWMAN EXPELLED.

SOMETIME ago the English Branch of Portland, Oregon, expelled Otto Newman from that branch on the charge of having made a certain speech at an open meeting in contradiction to the policy of the English branch. The Central Executive Committee of the party ordered the reinstatement of Otto Newman, but instructed the English Branch that if other charges which it mentioned against Newman were borne out by facts, that it could try him on these charges and expel him.

The English Branch now advises the Central Executive Committee that Newman has been reinstated in the party and has been tried on the new charges involving violation of party discipline and has been unanimously expelled from the party. This action of the branch has the approval of the Central Executive Committee.

Mexican Youth Reactionary.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Sept. 2.—The ex-revolutionary youth of all South American countries who have organized strong boycotts of the fascist ship "Italia," the reactionary student body of the port of Vera Cruz met the boat with flying colors and with song. Special groups have been organized by them to help sell the products which Mussolini is advertising to the world.

Bow to Wisconsin Messiah.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Typographical board and the law and legislative committee of the Arizona State Federation of Labor have endorsed the candidacy of Robert M. LaFollette and Burton K. Wheeler for president and vice president respectively.

An Example of Centrist Muddle-headedness

By CHARLES KOLARIK

IN the August 24th issue of the daily "Spravednost", the Czechoslovak daily, we find a proclamation to the Czechoslovak workers, which is a peculiar instrument of "guidance" to the workers of that nationality in the present maze of political developments in this country. A more outspoken "centrist" tendency, than expressed in this document, one could hardly seek to find. And this comes from a clique, that still feigns its attachment to the Third International, the Russian Revolution and the Soviet Republic.

The careful reader of the DAILY WORKER will be sufficiently informed as to the developments in the Czechoslovak Section of the Workers Party, which after a deplorably long period of internal squabbles has freed itself of the un—, or to be more exact, anti-Communist elements. This clique, "re-organized" under the old name "Czechoslovak Marxian Federation" assumed by the Czechoslovak comrades after the withdrawal from the Socialist Party, and before the formation of our present Communist Workers Party, has succeeded, by means of legalistic trickery, to get away the control of the daily "Spravednost" and the by-weekly "Zajmy Lidu" from the Czechoslovak Section of the party, to use these organs for the promulgation of their treacherous, centrist propaganda.

To the student of Marxism and Leninism, as applied to the development within the world Communist movement, this incident will prove very illuminating and instructive. The proclamation of the Czechoslovak "Marxian" Federation really is a jewel of centrist, pseudo-Marxian ideology. This proclamation reads as follows: "In this year's presidential elections the American workers have a choice of three tickets, i.e., the independent, lead by Senator LaFollette, the Workers Party, lead by Com. Foster, and the Social-Labor Party, lead by John. There is no doubt today, that from these three presidential candidates LaFollette will draw a vast majority of votes, such a majority, that it is possible to speak of him as a labor-candidate, altho, in the correct sense of the word he cannot be regarded as such. And for the very reason that organized labor accepts him in such a manner that the worker, educated in Europe, stands before such a recommendation in doubts, a situation arises, which is not at all easy for assuming a correct attitude.

"LaFollette is not an adherent to the teachings of Marx, but if accepted by Debs and such a progressive organization as the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, even a blind man must see, that behind the candidacy of LaFollette is something deeper than a

mere run of the bourgeois circles towards a Third Party, that at least a certain fraction of the workers expects from the tree of the fall elections to pick a richer fruit than the mere candidacy of LaFollette. In other words, LaFollette is in this year's presidential campaign to these workers only a means, by which, after the elections, it will become possible to form a definite, mass-party of American labor, which would be respected by the old political parties, and whose influence in the life of this republic would be felt.

"This year at last we have lived to see at least a partial fulfillment of our desires and our cry: American labor is immersing into a presidential campaign almost solidarily, and the conservative American Federation of Labor itself is cutting loose from its ties of long standing years, which had bound it to the Democratic party, and takes a stand for LaFollette. It is true, this political revival does not respond to our conceptions, to which we were educated abroad. Nevertheless it is progress, and we, who have maintained that the labor-party must grow up from the trade organizations, would not act correctly, nay, we would be acting dictatorially, if we would condemn the present movement just for the reason that because of the American conditions it has not progressed as far, as we would like it.

"But, attempts at creating a labor party in the United States have been so many and invariably disappointing, and so even this year we are not certain, if the illusions of many of those, who work for LaFollette, will not be wrecked. The American Federation of Labor has not fully rid itself of the ballast of its "impartial" policy, and amongst the LaFollette elements are those, to whom the formation of a labor-party is a thing of minor importance, so that the LaFollette campaign is more a question of hope than of certainty. But this uncertainty speaks forth even from candidacy of the Workers Party, a revolutionary class-party. The presidential candidate himself, Comrade Foster, does not encourage faith, such as a revolutionary party requires. We remember well that Comrade Foster before the court in Michigan denied, that he is a Communist. Comrade Debs was also before a court, but did not deny, and hence he enjoys trust and love. Besides the Workers Party until now is characterized by unexpected and unlogical maneuvers, and it could happen, that on a morning the candidacy of Foster would be withdrawn, perhaps in favor of LaFollette.

"Having weighed all these circum-

stances and finding, that for the recognition of Russia at this time a powerful LaFollette vote this fall would accomplish much, the Executive Committee of the Czechoslovak Marxian Federation arrives at the conclusion, that under present circumstances it will do best if it leaves every member his freedom. No one in our organization will be subjected to heresy-hunting, if he decides for this or that labor ticket. And while the Executive Committee as such will not take direct part in the campaign, the Czechoslovak workers will participate fully, as is shown by the decisions of the individual Bohemian unions.

Signed: V. Prochazka, chairman, A. J. Capek, Secretary.

This document leaves but little to add to. It is such a rude piece of work of centrist hesitation and uncertainty, that its poisonous tendency is self-evident, even to the least informed. The present Czechoslovak "Marxian" Federation is equally insignificant in numbers as it is un-Marxian in its attitude. But the proclamation is naturally meant as a directive to the Czechoslovak workers at large. But those of these, who let themselves be misled by this feigned liberality and shielding of the indirect supplication for a heavy LaFollette vote by pointing out its significance for recognition of Soviet Russia, shall, sooner or later, expect some more "wrecking of their illusions." This time it will be the bursting of the bubble of "Marxism" of those addressing them in the name of the Czechoslovak Marxian Federation. To those that know the meaning of Marxism it will be sufficient to draw proper conclusions from the rank, un-Marxian advice, even tho it's covered up by hypocritical liberality and concern for recognition of Soviet Russia.

(Editor's Note: The slanderous and malicious lie about Comrade Foster, contained in the treacherous document above, again proves that the Central Executive Committee acted not a moment too soon in expelling this group from the Workers Party. It is well known to the whole party that Comrade Foster, at the time of the Michigan trial, was not a member of the Workers (Communist) Party, and that he simply testified to the facts. He stated to the world and to the capitalist court that he was a Communist, and shortly after that joined the Workers Party. And now this group of cowardly enemies of the Communist movement, who lack even the courage to boldly state their desire to join the LaFollette movement, have the audacity to charge Comrade Foster with denying his principles. It is the final demonstration of their complete enmity to the Communist movement.)

GITLOW MEETING IN CAPITOL CITY BOOST FOR PARTY

Publicity in Capitalist Press Arouses Interest

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—"Pythian Temple Bars Doors to Communists," "Hall Refused to Communists for Meeting," "Red Flags Fall to Wave Here," are only some of the headlines that greeted newspaper readers of the capital city the day after the Ben Gitlow meeting here. But the venomous headlines notwithstanding, the stories reported in the news columns under these headlines were the best publicity as yet given to the Communist movement here.

Not Communist, Honest.

We quote from the Washington Times: "Communists of Washington gathered last night and opened their campaign for the establishment of the Soviet form of government in this country. . . . Any one who attended the meeting with the idea of hearing anything horrifying was sadly disappointed. The most radical thing that Ben Gitlow said was that the republican, democrat and progressive parties are not representative of the working class. He threw no mud. He just reviewed the labor record of the various parties and of the individual candidates and told the audiences if they wanted a real friend of labor they would have to vote for the Workers Party."

From the Washington Daily News: **Want Soviet.**

"Gitlow's speech bitterly attacked LaFollette as representing the petty bourgeoisie and farmers' and substituting 'competitive capitalism for trust capitalism.'

"Coolidge and Davis, he said, were under the thumb of Wall St. and 'the puppets of capital.'

"Wheeler, LaFollette's running mate, Gitlow charged with being too friendly with Frank A. Vanderlip, millionaire banker, and James Spreckles, the sugar king.

"The Communist leader said his party believes in the Soviet form of government as it exists in Russia. The meeting was calm and peaceful, despite the appearance of a policeman at the door."

Attract New Interest.

The many signed applications for membership that have come to the Workers Party headquarters here since the meeting have convinced the comrades that the Poster-Gitlow campaign speaking tours and the publicity they will attract will make the Communist party a real political force in this country.

SILENT CAL HAS LOVELY BUNCH OF FAKES POSING AS LABOR MEN; LEWIS SWUNG WITH JOB PROMISE

By LAURENCE TODD (Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—Organized labor circles were almost as much interested, on the eve of Labor day, by the announcement that John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, had become a member of the advisory committee of the Coolidge campaign, as they were amused at the list of "labor leaders" previously given out by Chairman Butler as being branded for Cautious Cal.

John Lewis have been traveling into various coal regions this summer on the business of his organization, and wherever he has gone the word has been passed around that Lewis was for Coolidge. Now it is a certainty, and he appears on the same docket with John T. Adams, recent national chairman of the G. O. P. and associate of Lockwood and Burns in the Montana frame-up against Sen. Wheeler. Bascom Slempp, secretary of Coolidge, is second man on this advisory list, and H. D. Hatfield of West Virginia, well-known to the coal miners a few years ago, is third.

Queer Collection.

There are some other strangely tamed Bull Moose stalwarts, too, in this group. Gov. Dixon of Montana, for example, who managed the campaign for "social righteousness" in 1912; Raymond Robins, who is living down his Russian experiences and repeating his performance on behalf of Harding; Mrs. Douglas Robinson, sister of T. R., and Sen. R. B. Howell of Nebraska and Sen. Peter Norbeck of South Dakota, who have said kind words at intervals concerning the bankrupt farmers.

This list is far more genuine than the "labor conference" array that was gathered by T. V. O'Connor of the shipping board. The Chicago Federation of Labor has traced the identity of the persons collected by O'Connor and chairman Butler, and reported to the A. F. of L. here.

Cal's "Labor" Support.

Richard H. Powers, "former president of the International Seamen's Union of America," proves to be a federal employe who was ousted from membership in the National Seamen's union 25 years ago. Dan G. Smith, a switchman, former general chairman on the Rock Island lines, has not held an office in the union in the past four years, and instead has had a job as

ARREST WORKERS PARTY SPEAKERS AT STREET MEET

Then Cops Pick on a LaFollette Speaker

George Maurer and D. E. Earley, speakers for the Workers Party, were arrested recently on the corner of 62nd and Halsted streets on the charge of "blocking traffic," an absurd charge to anyone who would take a good look at the corner.

Crowd With Speakers.

Kitty Harris, in opening the meeting, was immediately told by cops that she would have to have a permit, but she introduced George Maurer, who, the cops advised, could not speak. Maurer continued to speak and the cops nabbed him. No sooner had he been taken off the platform than Earley jumped up and announced that the meeting would keep on. The crowd applauded this action.

While the cop telephoned for the police wagon, some plain clothes men came along and picked Maurer up in the Black Maria. To make the sweep clean, the wagon travelled down a few blocks and picked up a LaFollette speaker!

Bob's Man Moans.

The LaFollette man protested that he had a permit, but to no avail, and the three speakers were shoved into a cell without an opportunity to telephone. Finally they were brought up to the sergeant who looked them over and yawned. "Well," he said, "I don't think that they want to wreck anything. Turn them loose."

The Workers Party intends to hold another meeting on the same corner on Thursday, September 4, with enough speakers to conduct a little free speech fight until the right of the Communists to hold meetings in any part of the city without the necessity of a permit is firmly established in the minds of the police officials of Chicago.

Typos Conclude Agreement.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 2.—Unlike the cal Union No. 6 has just concluded an agreement with the Printers' League section of the New York Employing Printers Assn., Inc. whereby their respective conference committees shall submit their differences to arbitration in case conciliation fails.

COLLECTS \$64.50 FOR CAMPAIGN FUND

The work which can be done by members of the party who earnestly set to work to secure support for the party campaign is indicated in the report made by Comrade Michael Rosenberger of New York City.

This comrade, who is a member of the Amalgamated Food Workers, sometime ago circulated a subscription list and turned \$33.50 into the office of the District Organization for the

campaign fund. Since that time he has followed this up by sending to the National Organization another subscription list showing a total of \$31 collected. This makes a total of \$64.50 raised by this one comrade.

The work done by this comrade stands as an example for all the party members.

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The World of Labor Industry & Agriculture

REACTION RULES NEW YORK LABOR ANNUAL MEETING

Coolidge Supporters Put Up Fight for Cal

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 2.—Reaction ruled supreme in the third day's sessions of the convention of the New York State Federation of Labor. Hours were spent by various reactionaries in speaking about the union label and about Americanism, but Delegate Richard Verhagen was refused permission to speak on the amalgamation resolution.

Resolutions calling for amalgamation, a labor party, the organization of the unorganized, were all defeated without any discussion being permitted. A resolution for the recognition of Soviet Russia was not even reported out of committee. The reactionary officials were re-elected without effective opposition, Holland leading the list as president of the state federation.

The LaFollette-Wheeler ticket was endorsed, also the longshoremen and the marine workers made a fight for Coolidge.

Washington Typos in Compromise on Original Demands

(By Federated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—A flat rate of \$1.05 per hour has been offered by the committee representing the members of the International Typographical union employed in the government printing office here, as a compromise between their original demand for \$1.10 per hour flat and the sliding scale proposed by public printer Carter. The offer made by Carter ranged from 90c for compositors on machines to \$1.15 for the best skilled work. Negotiations are expected to continue for some time. Carter is affiliated with the so-called progressive element in the I. T. U., while the majority of the membership here belongs to the "Wahnetas" element, as indicated by their heavy majorities in the recent election.

Join the Workers Party!

Improve Your Property
Damaged Buildings Restored
LOANS TO IMPROVE
New Floors, Fronts, Shelving
MID-CITY CARPENTER SHOP
508 S. Irving Ave. Seeley 1883

MY COMPLIMENTS TO THE DAILY WORKER
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DENTIST
800 W. North Ave., Cor. Halsted St.
Lincoln 9010

SLOGAN OF "LENINISM TO THE MASSES" SPURS ON PUBLISHING IN "ILLITERATE" RED RUSSIA

By ANISE.

(Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

The Gosizdat, or Government Publishing House, born in the year of the war with Poland, is celebrating its fifth anniversary with an exposition which shows that the country's development has been in the past five years. Not only has the output of books, in this one publishing house alone reached in 1923 a total equal to the three previous past years combined, but the type, subjects, and quality of books have undergone an even more striking change.

Beginning Was Poor.

The Gosizdat publications of 1919 were chiefly posters and pamphlets calling to defense against the Poles and the bourgeoisie. Monotonous, on poor paper, with slipshod, hasty work they presented a wretched appearance. There were millions of them,—an equivalent of \$9 million pamphlets of 40 pages each. But the scientific section was only a germ—16 little volumes. Social-economic and liberal arts sections were equally bad.

Followed the year of fight against disorganization. The external appearance of the books was much the same. But the themes widen. The realm of applied science begins to be prominent. In literature and art large editions are issued of standard classics for the people, including the first Soviet edition of Pushkin.

Famine Brings Scientific Works.
Then a sudden break comes with 1921, the year of the famine and the new economic policy. From popular applied science the Gosizdat goes over to serious scientific works. The type of books grows solid and better printed, for now the blockade is over and materials arrive from abroad. The number of separate titles reaches a stage demanding the periodic issuance of bibliography.

Color and beauty came in 1922, revolutionary songs, propaganda cast in artistic forms, children's music. Then in 1923, after the second harvest comes the flood of school textbooks. Large numbers of scientific books, in many branches, vast quantities of books for popular reading-rooms and village schools. In the liberal arts begin to appear modern Russian and foreign writers. Fine printing and illustrations, new journals of many specialties.

Leninism to the Masses.

Now the slogan goes out: Leninism to the masses. Not only are the exciting subjects deepened and popularized continuously, but all sorts of manuals appear, for amateur dramatic clubs, workmen's organizations, boys and girls club movements, with material skillfully arranged for educational effect. Three and four color printing and mezzotints illumine the well printed books of which last year 323 million "lists" were printed, equal to 323 million 40 page booklets, or 50-80 million full sized books of the American size.

Meantime the Gosizdat is no longer alone in the field. Dozens of other publishing houses have sprung up, with more or less governmental connections. The All Russian Co-operatives have their own printing house; the Krasnaya Nov, house of the political bureau in the Dept. of Education, is also flourishing and many trade unions and cultural organization, such as the Young Pioneers, maintain little publishing houses of their own.

All in all, for an "illiterate" country, the Russian book production is doing very well.

Australian Seamen Out for Unity on Oceans of World

(By Federated Press.)

MELBOURNE, Australia, Sept. 2.—An endeavor is being made to bring about the world-wide organization of maritime unions, with the object of establishing an international seamen's code. The federal council of the Australian Marine Stewards' union has agreed to affiliate with the International Transport Workers' Federation. Other Australian maritime unions are expected to affiliate.

Owing to the shortness of notice the Australian unions have found it impossible to have a delegate present at the international conference at Hamburg in August. What the Australian Marine Stewards' union is asking is an international seamen's code adopted by all countries on the basis of the best country with a 48-hour week, a decent standard of accommodation, sleeping and living; proper provisions regarding safety; and an international standard of wages based on the highest Australian rate.

American Legion Head Thinks the War is Still On

(By Federated Press.)

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2.—The war hysteria is yet very much alive at Webster Groves, a suburb of this city. In a communication to the community council the American Legion declares it will not participate in Armistice Day ceremonies if the Webster Groves Peace council "or its officers" are permitted to take part. The communication signed by E. C. Stadelhofer, post commander, says the legion post opposes the Peace council because the council "has by its activities opposed President Coolidge's Defense Day program and thereby demonstrated that it is opposed to preparedness for defense purposes."

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BIG BUSINESS IN CANADA SWIPING JAPANESE TRADE

Take Advantage of Rub Between Japs and U. S.

By E. G. WOLFE

(Federated Press Staff Correspondent.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 2.—Canadian business interests are planning on capturing the trade of Japan while the present friction between the U. S. and Japan over the exclusion act exists. The Oriental manager of the Canadian Pacific railway, Allan Cameron, states that Canadian business men have a good chance to get in on the ground floor in the Japanese trade now that the Americans have lost favor for the time being.

Canada Finds Pickings

A number of Canadian firms have already sent out trade commissioners equipped with samples to interest Japanese merchants. Canadian low grade flour is finding demand through the Orient and many American firms are now planning on cutting their Canadian timber holdings in order that they, too, may benefit from the swing of trade to Canada. These companies are taking advantage of the cheap labor of immigrants, brought into Canada by the railway interests, and reducing the wages of loggers to a bare sustenance.

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WAGES FALL WAY BELOW LIVING COSTS AS HOURS OF LABOR ARE ON THE INCREASE IN LOUISIANA

By LELAND OLDS

(Federated Press Industrial Editor)

Do you want your children to wear rompers made in some poor unsanitary home by an overworked mother who gets only 30c a dozen for her labor? If you don't, then find out whether the goods you buy are made in Louisiana and begin to organize pressure which will put a stop to such exploitation.

Between 1920 and 1923 Louisiana employers, according to the report of the state bureau of labor and industrial statistics, succeeded in forcing the wages of common labor down practically to the pre-war level. With the cost of living still far above 1914 this means that the reward for ordinary labor in this state is absolute destitution.

Wages Drop for All.

Even among the unionized workers, says the report, wage reductions effected usually exceeded the decline in the cost of living. The average daily wages paid common and semi-skilled labor in various industries in the state in 1920 and 1923 are shown as follows:

	1920	1923	Per cent Decrease
Canning	\$2.50	\$1.25	50
Clothing	2.75	1.50	45
Cottonseed products	3.00	2.00	33
Ice, light, bottling	3.00	1.75	42
Lumbering	3.20	2.00	38
Naval stores	3.00	2.00	33
Oil-field workers	4.00	3.25	19
Rice mill workers	3.50	2.00	43
Sugar-cane workers	2.75	1.25	55

Day of Work Lengthened.

The losses suffered by these workers since 1920 are also reflected in a lengthening of the work day. Sugar cane workers worked 8 to 10 hours per day in 1920. Now there is no such thing as 8 hours a day in sight; they put in a full 10 hours for their \$1.25 or at the rate of 12½c an hour. The same holds in the case of every other industry covered by the report. In all there were instances of the 8 hour day in 1920. In 1923 it is the 10 hour day with the exception of cotton seed products and the rice mills where the day is now 12 hours long.

In regard to the exploitation of women and children in home work the commissioner states that aside from

WOMEN TOIL IN STINKING AIR AND DAMP HOLES FOR RAILWAY EXPRESS COMPANY OF CHICAGO

Women toil for the American Railway Express Company of Chicago under conditions that would rival those of the feudal serfs of the middle ages.

These women were formerly at the South House of the American Express Company, between Harrison and Polk Streets, on LaSalle Street, where conditions were fairly bearable. But the efficiency gods who rule the destinies of the company's employees in the interest of economy transferred them to what is known as the North House.

They keep a record of the men on the job by punching time cards on clocks as the slaves come and go to and from jobs. The North House is under the railway tracks and the rain drips from the roofs all day. Chickens, fish and live stock of all kinds are loaded and unloaded continually. The place reeks in filth and the stinking atmosphere would even shame the stock yards of Chicago. There is no lavatory of any kind and no place for privacy. Here three women toil all day.

One woman, the only support of an aged mother and a little daughter, was taken ill and had to lose a couple of days of work, which of course was deducted from her meager wages. Another, the only support of two little children, wanders around all day in a stupor from bodily fatigue but dare not lose a day from work to recuperate. Any minute will see her sink to the floor and carried off to the hospital.

These are the horrible conditions under which the employees of one of the largest and richest monopolies in the United States are forced to work.

SLICK POLITICAL HIGHBINDER RUNS ON HIS OWN HOOK

He Promises Everybody Everything

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 2.—Tim O'Neill, who succeeded from the LaFollette camp with much blowing of trumpets is now running for governor on one plank—anti-Ku Klux Klan.

Same Old Bank.

He claims the backing of certain German and Irish societies, smiles shyly at the Negro vote and promises the farmers "cheap and efficient government." (Who said that before?) He claims the support of various unions—because members attended his meeting, but was unable to specify which needle trade union came! He speaks of the State Federation of Labor and his printing does not bear the union label. He promises the unions a "square deal."

Among His Supporters.

The Kansas City Journal-Post, the paper that hailed so warmly the scab carpenters' union recently launched here, gives him much favorable space. He promises that he will not in any way deal with or support any other candidate from any other party. He is a Roman Catholic.

Stupid Cops Mix Communists with Pink Pacifists

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—Following the seizure by the Cedar Rapids, Iowa, postoffice of "Black Friday" mourning proclamations against Mobilization day, issued by the Friends of Peace, the headquarters of the organization in San Francisco have been put under surveillance by the police. Also the authorities insist that the proclamation is a Communist document, the Friends of Peace are an independent organization, acting generally under the auspices of the Socialist party of San Francisco.

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DANES AGREE ON BENEFITS OUT OF RUSS AGREEMENT

All Greet Recognition Of Soviet Land

(Rosta)

MOSCOW, (by mail).—Commenting upon the de jure recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics by Denmark, the Danish press, including the governmental and the bourgeois, is unanimous in pointing out the beneficial effect this agreement is bound to have on the trade relations between the two countries.

Even Socialists in Line.

The Social Democrat, a government organ, stresses the point that altho Denmark recognized the U. S. S. R. later than the other Scandinavian states, she is to benefit in a like way by the "most favored nation" clause. The paper further scornfully recalls the absurd anti-Soviet agitation formerly indulged in by the Danish bourgeois press at the time Mr. Litvinoff was staying at Copenhagen, as well as the break-up of the Russo-Danish negotiations at Stockholm in 1922 by ex-Foreign Minister Soevenius.

An influential conservative paper, the Berlingske Tidende, writes that the new treaty is but a logical sequence of the 1923 trade agreement between Denmark and the U. S. S. R. Another bourgeois, the liberal Copenhagen, emphasizes the improvement of inter-relations with the Union.

Communists Greet News.

The Arbeiterbladet, the organ of the Communist Party, states that this act of de jure recognition means the recognition of the Russian Bolshevik Revolution and regrets that the Danish government did not do it already two or three years ago. The Danish Communist Party extended official felicitations to the Soviet Plenipotentiary Mission.

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J. LOUIS ENGDALH, WILLIAM F. DUNNE, MORITZ J. LOEB - Editors, Business Manager

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More Confusion of Issues

Political speeches on Labor Day are in the nature of bait on the hooks of those fishing for working class votes. As such they might be expected to clarify some issues vital to labor. But such an expectation this year must have received a sad jolt. One and all, the speeches of all three capitalist camps were mere maneuvers on the political chess board.

The death-bed repentance of the democrats, renouncing the New York convention's refusal to consider the pitiful demands of Gompers, can hardly raise more than a smile. The democratic devil is very sick, it is true, but its ludicrous efforts to appear as a saint are not only late, but devilish awkward. Davis, as a champion of the workers, requires more than eleventh-hour conversion to be taken seriously even by the bureaucrats. As for the republican department of Wall Street, it stands pat, handing out the same old "full dinner pail" that has seen service for generations.

But how about those champions of democracy, freedom, and the rights of labor—LaFollette and Wheeler? The senator from Montana, in his Boston speech, made out a good case against the Gold Dust Twins of republicanism and democracy, but failed completely to make out a case for his own bi-partisan substitute. His statement that he is "still a member of the democratic party" remains on the record; and mere ranting against capitalist parties while proposing nothing but another, is nothing but demagoguery. Wheeler is still a "democrat," and when the democratic party is ready to restore Gompers to its inner councils, will become regular again.

LaFollette added a point to his election issues, when he denounced the Dawes plan as the plan of J. P. Morgan. That is true, indeed, and that LaFollette has finally spoken may indicate that he reads the DAILY WORKER. But what LaFollette will do on the burning issue of international relations and the enslavement of the German workers still remains a mystery. And that LaFollette will really fight against the Dawes plan is an illusion, proven by the fact that he proposes no alternative; further, many of his chief supporters are ardent supporters of the Dawes plan, such as Villard of the Nation and Samuel Gompers. This should provide material for many a scrap in the already chaotic camp of the "progressives" who stand on every side of every question.

The confusion in the camp of capitalism grows more intense with every passing day. This is but an added sign of the disintegration that proceeds apace within the capitalist system. They do not know where they are going, these large and pretty bourgeois "statesmen," but they are surely on their way—to the breakdown of their senseless, anarchic, greedy system. And in the confusion the only clear note is being sounded by the Communist candidate—William Z. Foster, who calls upon the working class to establish its own class rule upon the ruins of the decaying capitalist system.

Recognize Soviet Russia

The fake progressives have dropped the issue of recognition of Soviet Russia. They have tacitly agreed to the program of Gompers, which is "no recognition until Russia has completely restored capitalism to power." Such contemptible cowardice in dealing with one of the issues most vital to the workers must arouse the deepest disgust.

Even for those who do not yet understand that the Workers' Republic is the only bulwark against the most terrible reaction, it should still be clear that recognition of Russia is an absolute prerequisite to the solution of unemployment, and that Gompers' policy leads directly to another world slaughter. That the "progressives," who pretended in the past to be, at least, as advanced as the British Labor Party on this issue, should surrender without a pretense of a fight, stigmatizes them as fakers, pure and simple.

The very minimum program that could call for support from the working class on the issue of Russia would be: complete recognition and resumption of full trade relations; repudiation of all Allied projects of partitioning of Russia, both those accomplished and those planned; the summoning of a world conference for disarmament, as called for by the Soviet government; a large-scale credit to the Soviet government, to assist the workers' government and to re-open the factories of the world; repudiation of all demands for compensation to the former property holders and other claims against the Russian workers on account of their successful revolution.

There is but one way in which the workers of America can vote for this common-sense program. That is to vote for the candidates of the Workers Party, for President, William Z. Foster, and for vice-president, Benjamin Gitlow.

The Chamber of Commerce at Work

Another development in the war of the Illinois Chamber of Commerce upon the organized workers is witnessed in the latest battle at Herrin, in which seven deaths occurred Saturday. When the Chamber of Commerce began to raise its war chest, two years ago, to "wipe out the stain" of the first Williamson County battle in which imported gunmen, brought in to break the strike, were driven from the region, few people realized what a long and terrible war was being launched. Today it is becoming apparent that these champions of "American institutions" will stop at nothing.

Under the flood of cash poured into Williamson County by the "open shop" forces, murder has become a commodity, purchased in the streets. Corruption has eaten into every institution, from city halls and churches to labor unions, until every person guards his slightest word for fear of spying agents, and officials are financed and receive their orders direct from the agents of the Chamber of Commerce.

Under all the confusion of feuds, inevitably entangling such murderous warfare against the labor movement, this sinister "open shop" campaign is the one silent but effectively directing force that knows what it wants and is driving to get it. It is not a mere co-incidence that it was in Herrin where the coal operators called a conference to consider slashing the wages of the miners, only a few short days past.

British Labor Congress

The Trades Union Congress, now meeting in England, will disclose how far the left-wing of the British labor movement has developed during the first six months of "Labor" government. The appearance of this left-wing section is a matter of historic importance, but to expect much from its official leaders in this Congress would be a mistake. It is probable that, upon most issues before the Congress, they will be indistinguishable from the right wing.

Only the Communists will really fight for the left-wing issues in the Congress now going on. The so-called left leaders are actually conservatives, in the main, and they take a left position only under the pressure of the rank and file. They have been forced, in order to head off the growing radicalization of their members, to put up a battle against the government leaders, especially on the question of Russian recognition; they realized that if the Labor Party should allow the negotiations with Russia to break up, the result would be an enormous increase in the strength of the British Communist Party. They took a "left" position in order to keep the masses from going farther left.

But now they are able, thanks to their forcing of MacDonald to sign the preliminary treaty with Russia, to keep the mask of "Labor" on the face of the fake Labor government. Even the treaty which was signed contains very little indeed of a practical nature, being significant as a gesture rather than a concrete step forward, still it is enough for them to feel that they have brought their rank and file into line again, for the time at least. And so it is to be expected that they will be very "revolutionary" at this Congress.

The one issue that there is much possibility of a large division on in the Congress is the Dawes plan. On this issue it is possible that a fight of some proportions may be staged, with the left wing increased from its Communist nucleus to a considerable body. Certainly, if their words at the Transport Workers Federation International Congress, held recently in Hamburg, are to be taken seriously, the British transport union delegates should put up a real battle against the approval of the "Labor" government's role as the executor of the plans of J. P. Morgan.

That Special Campaign Issue

Comrades from all over the country are writing in to the DAILY WORKER, complaining that we did not tell them what a crackerjack of a special edition we were going to get out last Saturday when the 18-page Campaign Special was issued. They say that if they had only known, they would have increased their orders many fold. Others got their orders in later than 6 o'clock Friday night, and therefore did not get their papers at all, because the flood of orders coming at the last moment wiped out the whole edition as soon as it was off the press.

Our answer to the disappointed boosters of the DAILY WORKER is this: This Campaign Special was only the first one of several that will appear in the course of the presidential campaign. Now you know what we mean when we say that a Special is coming on a certain date. And after this there will be no excuse, and no placing of the blame on the DAILY WORKER, if every city, town, factory, mine and shop does not receive a plentiful supply. They can be gotten simply by placing your order by 6 o'clock the night previous to date of issue.

And while the DAILY WORKER staff realizes that the standard set by this first Campaign Special is a high one, and will require a lot of hard work to repeat time and again on still higher a level, yet it assures all the boosters and circulators of the paper that in this office everything possible will be done to make every Campaign Special a regular political machine gun that will mow down our enemies in wholesale fashion. But the effectiveness of the Specials depend upon our readers and promoters, the members of the Workers Party and its sympathizers, upon whose effective work in giving us a big circulation depends not only the campaign we are now in, but also the very life of the movement.

Negroes Fight Concession to Rubber Trust

(Continued from page 1)
to colonize a large tract on the Cavalla River in Maryland County, Liberia, to import skilled and semi-skilled Negro workers familiar with modern industrial methods and experienced farmers, and to exploit the rubber and mineral resources of the country.

One of the communications most highly enthusiastic about the plan bore the signature of James J. Dawson, late chief justice of the supreme court of Liberia, and the date of July 1, 1924.

Fear Independence of Negroes.
A significant note that ran like a red thread thru most of the communications was a suggestion of hope that the operations of the Negro association might fan to life a general political movement for independence of African peoples adjacent to Liberia now ruled by European Powers, and that the Liberian republic might be helped to escape the intimidation of French and British creditors.

Mr. J. Van Lowe of Detroit, an official of the association, and Mrs. Henrietta Vinton Davis, recounted to the convention the events of their visit as members of a commission to Liberia at the time when, they said, the Liberian government agreed to the plan.

Garvey Blows Hot and Cold.
After their reports, the convention awaited with tense excitement a speech from Marcus Garvey, president-general of the association. The picturesque and enigmatic Garvey has blown both hot and cold thruout the convention, once electrifying his hearers with terrific denunciations of the capitalist imperialism that enslaves the Negro at home and abroad, then suddenly descending to a fawning attitude toward the Ku Klux Klan, melodramatically terrorizing his followers with warnings of what the bedsheets would do to them if they didn't "watch your step" (thus arousing an old rumor that he has himself had dealings with the Klan), then again declaring that the Communist denunciation of the Klan should be "courteously received"—and still another time suddenly switching about to advise the convention to send servile pleas to the "white supremacy" governors of southern states. Would Garvey blow hot or cold now? was the unspoken question on every face when it became apparent that all the pandering to the enemy was of no avail, all the surrendering of the Negro's rights in America made a cruel joke by this sudden bursting of the illusion of pacifist solution of the race problem thru the peaceful liberation of the Negro in Africa under the benign smiles of capitalist society. Would Garvey blow hot or cold this time?

Garvey advanced to the speaker's stand, shaking his head like a bull charging the tereadors.
"We are going to fight!" he shouted. The audience roared its approval. The tension relaxed, and men and women gave way to almost hysterical cheers, tears streaming from hundreds of eyes.

"We of the U. N. I. A. work best when there is a fight on hand," the speaker continued. "Now I hope that all of the members of the association feel like me. I know all that has happened. Somebody has to play smart. Somebody has to sidetrack somebody. Somebody has to play the fool. You remember when we were sending our ambassador to England what I said about diplomacy. Diplomacy is, 'If everything is all right, I know you. If everything is not all right, I never saw you before.' Now read between the lines. At the same time it is such a mixup that we have to explain a lot before our people can understand. Now, I trust this will prove to you the importance of the U. N. I. A. Tell me

the Negro organization in America or in the world that could have such a document to be sent out to the United States of America. That thing has lifted us to the status of a government, to nationhood. The whole thing is pressure.
"When our delegation was in Liberia, the English and French consuls danced around trying to find out what was going on. They had instructions. Ultimately they found out what we intended to do, viz., to help to build up Liberia. So long as she remains undeveloped Liberia supplies an argument for England and France and Italy and Spain that the Negro is incapable of self-government; that therefore they must go there with their protectorates, mandates and colonial domination and run the country until they have exploited all its wealth. England and France knew well that if a group of progressive Negroes coming from the western world, equipped with the best in science, in art and in literature, went there, it will only be a question of time when all Africa will be one place for the black man. And they had to not allow that to go on, so they had to put some obstruction in the way. Therefore they called upon little, helpless Liberia, who has borrowed money from them. She owes England and France over a million dollars, and they said to her, 'It is an unfriendly act to allow the U. N. I. A. to settle here. Now, what are you going to do about it?' Unfortunately we hadn't a J. J. Borsum as president of Liberia, who would have replied, 'Go to hell! and let the black man redeem his country.' It is purely a question of backbone and guts, and the belief that we could not pay off the two million dollars that they owe. If we had that amount to give them to pay off England and France we could have put backbone into somebody. That is one side of the matter.

"A couple of weeks after our delegates left Liberia, the Firestone Rubber and Tire Company of Akron, Ohio, United States of America, went there when they heard that Negroes had been there. They knew it was valuable and what the land contained and what Negroes who had the aid of science would do. They said, 'Look here, here is money. Give us some land.' You know what money is. And one million acres of land—nearly half of the country—was given to that capitalist concern of Ohio to exploit for rubber and minerals. That is the other side of it.

"Now, how would the Firestone company act, going there where there are two million natives who are crude and whom they can employ in the rubber fields just as they did in Peru and in the Congo? Give them hardly anything but hash twice a day. Surely they should keep out the American Negroes who knew about the price of labor and about union organization and high wages. And the word was therefore passed to keep out the U. N. I. A. crowd.

"That is what they played up to, and it is there that the Negro proved that he is the greatest enemy and curse to the race. That man DuBois is the greatest enemy of his race that God Almighty has ever made. He is the man who supplied the argument. Two years ago he wrote in the Crisis that it was the intention of the Garvey men to go into Africa and drive out all the whites from there. That is the man who gave the argument to the English and French to tell President King."

(In quoting Garvey's remarks about Dr. W. E. B. DuBois, I feel that it is only fair to say that DuBois' criticisms of Garvey have been partly based upon Garvey's soliciting financial support from white capitalists in return

for a suggested surrender of the Negro's right to equality in America, as well as a charge that Garvey made a deal of similar nature with the Ku Klux Klan.)

DuBois Goes to Liberia.
"Do you wonder why DuBois was in Liberia part of this year? Go and find out among the capitalist classes who are paying Negroes to keep down Negroes. You would find out why DuBois wrote over two years ago about the Garvey movement and why the Afro-American of Baltimore also wrote their recent articles. It was wicked propaganda with the object of causing Negroes to fight against Negroes.

"We are our own greatest enemies. But, men, you will realize this that the Liberian government is not the Liberian people. Now Garvey has got to fight and will do so until hell freezes over.
"The things that they have published only show how weak England and France feel, and how fearful they are of the U. N. I. A. If I have no fear of John Brown I would not try to prevent him going to his house. But because they are afraid of John Brown, they seek to close the doors of his house against him in the hope that the snow shall fall and that he will be frozen and die. We know the strength of the U. N. I. A. and with the aims of the 400,000,000 Negroes of the world.

"We are going to give them hell! The damned audacity of it! That bunch of Anglo-Saxon rascals, vultures, scoundrels and felons to stay in Europe and say that we must not go to Africa. Our people saw hell in fighting for the cause of France and England, in France and Flanders and in Mesopotamia. They saw hell in the cause of America in the Spanish American war, and we can see hell in our own cause. Yes, let England know that the 400,000,000 Negroes are determined to redeem Africa, and even tho they have a little weak-kneed fish bone president like Charlie King, we shall redeem Africa so long as we are alive.
"The skunks had not the decency to tell us what they were doing before they published the articles. I despise the man who has not enough decency and respect for his own manhood. You know what politics and government is. Coolidge is not the everlasting president of the United States and King is not the everlasting president of Liberia.
"The U. N. I. A. is going to fight until it gets a man in Liberia. So that when King passes away, Liberia will still be marching on. It is a fight to the finish. Brother, they were looking for me in 1914 and 1915, and they could not find me, but nobody has to look for me now. The U. N. I. A. can look for me any time the call comes.
"It is a shame and disgrace, that Barclay should pen such a letter after he himself penned the document in 1921 that welcomed the U. N. I. A. in Liberia. And the lying skunk says he did not endorse the thing. Coward! What could England do to Liberia in the face of the world sentiment at the present time? Could England invade Liberia and live? It was only a matter of courage. Now I give it out again from Liberty Hall: You cannot fail with the U. N. I. A. It is not an organization. It is the spirit of 400,000,000 men. It is not a question of whether we are going to Liberia or not, altho we are going. It is a question of when black men get ready to do something.
"Africa will redeem herself when the time comes. Not from without, but from within! So do not be worried; just stick to your program. Six years ago Marcus Garvey was on the streets on a little soap box, and was unknown. Now he has one secretary

of state writing to another.
"Please wait awhile. There is going to be some more change. We have the chancelleries of Europe working overtime. All you have to do is to keep up these things. The idea of sending all over the world now to the different consuls not to give passports to certain people! They had to disarrange the whole diplomatic service to carry out that order. Any Negroes who can do that show that they are stepping on the gas.
"Keep your organization intact. World changes are going on and all you have to do, even without fighting, is to step on the gas. Where is Rome? She tried to stop the progress of the people. Buried and gone! Just a few years ago Germany could have dictated the policy of certain countries and peoples. Where is she now? Asking for an economic chance. So just keep your organization intact. When you find these things are happening it means that you are near the goal. With all the bluff of England and France, were it not for the bad Negroes, we would have already had what we wanted, and no notes would have been sent. But wait until these troubles are clear, and I get o England and France. Then you will see something.
"When all these things happen, don't censure the people for it. The people of England and France are not to be blamed; nor those of Liberia. It is that group of self-seekers and grafters who are so placed as to represent them. But when they arouse the sleeping conscience of the people these fellows have either to deliver the goods or get away. It is only a question of time. We are going on with the program and we are determined to put it over.
"We will give them a run for the money. Brother, somebody is crazy if he thinks he can plan to strangle the New Negro; to brutalize and enslave and kill him and leave him still smiling.
"What does all this talk of preventing the Negro going to Africa mean? Is it friendship or fellowship? It means that somebody hates the Negro so bad that he does not want to give the Negro a chance to live. Would you call any man who tries to keep you from your home a friend? And when you find out his designs, would you greet him with kid gloves? If I have to fight to the end, I would die to prevent his plan going thru.
"Such a man is a prince not only of his race, but of his country.
"Gentlemen, if you want anything, a time you will win it. Going down on your knees will not win it. But standing your ground and striking back, and by God, the Negro will strike back! Any one who thinks that the U. N. I. A. is made up of coward's mistakes. We have men here who are willing to die for the principles of right and justice, and the liberation and emancipation of the 400,000,000 Negroes of the world.
"Somebody is crazy. The audacity of these men! We were at our homes three hundred years ago, never disturbed anybody. These men stole us away from our homes; kept us in chattel slavery and bondage for three hundred years; raped or brutalized us; sucked our lifeblood, or milked us; and now that we are ready to go home he talks about keeping us out of our home! Brothers, we will fight and even if the devil in hell tries to prevent us we will kick him out of hell. Because, as the popular refrain of 'The Blues' goes, we are 'going home, going home!'
The applause was mingled with shouts, 'Going home! Going home!' which gave a vivid impression of the race spirit which seems to furnish a large part of the motive force of the present movement.

he euchered Biggs out of a job. I have in my time heard men tell of small and contemptible things they have done, but never in all my experience have I listened to such a tale of little tricks and piecey politics displayed by a man as was set forth in the story of that occurrence as told by Sweeney himself in 1917. The worst part of it is that Sweeney tells it with gusto and seems incapable of understanding how small it makes him look.
"You ask me if I am against Sweeney? The above would seem to show that I am. For years now the J. T. U. of A. has played a sorry role in the labor movement. It is neither fish nor fowl, and it must be that way because of the leadership it has had. Why should not other national and international organizations laugh at it? We have a joke for a leader.
"I notice that writers in 'The Tailor' who boost Sweeney are inclined to call names at long distance. In that they follow Sweeney. They are the kind that when they meet me they want to kiss me, and when they are away lie about me. I sometimes wish one of them would say the same things to me about me that they say to others. I have never been backward in telling any of them what I thought when they are around. Mr. Sweeney usually changes his line of "bull" when he meets me personally. Most of what I have said in his letter I have said to him and added to it at times.
"I should have liked to see Soderberg in the second run-off, for he

PROGRESSIVE TAILORS SWINGING TO MAX SILLINSKY IN ELECTION; REACTIONARY SWEENEY REPUDIATED

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 2.—Those progressive elements in the Journeymen Tailors' Union, that supported Soderberg in the first election that resulted in eliminating all but Sillinsky the progressive, and Sweeney the reactionary, are now throwing their support in the final election to Sillinsky.

That is the meaning of a letter sent to Sillinsky by Arthur Keep, Chairman of the last Convention of the Tailors' Union in 1921, and delegate to the Portland Convention of the A. F. of L. who fought for progressive measures together with Sillinsky. The letter follows:

"MAX J. SILLINSKY, Cleveland, O.
"Dear Sir and Brother: In an endeavor to comply with your request for a confirmation of my conversation with you at Cleveland, on July 4th, the following is my remembrance of that conversation:
"I am of the opinion that, with Sweeney at the head of the J. T. U. of A., that organization must inevitably grow, like the cow's tail, downward. At a meeting of No. 11, I stated that I had known Sweeney for years; had served with him on two committees and at two conventions, also as delegate to the convention of the A. F. of L., as a result of that experience with him, I would not place any confidence in anything he might say or do at any time.
"In my opinion he is absolutely and utterly unreliable, and that so long as he is in any way directing the J. T.

U. of A. there will be continued friction. I know most of the organizers, and have never met one that did not tell the same story of his playing politics, causing friction and general unreliability. As I told you, that included Jacobs. Certain of these gentlemen are apparently supporting Sweeney, yet they know that what I now say is the truth.
"The one outstanding thing I have always noted was the way Sweeney posed as a radical and at every opportunity would play the conservative role. The tailors have always been noted for advanced and progressive action. I remember a letter he sent me at Washington in 1921, in which he chastises the radicals quite to "the queen's taste." As a cold matter of fact, he is anything for Sweeney. I remember on one occasion in Chicago he told me he never played politics, and I told him to tell that to the marines, for I knew him and that I did not care for his "bunk," giving him at the time several instances of his playing politics, notably, the time

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"I should have liked to see Soderberg in the second run-off, for he

was my choice; but I hope and trust the membership of the J. T. U. of A. will give the organization a chance to live by defeating Sweeney. To expect the organization to carry that "old man of the sea" another two years is presuming too much.
"Yours fraternally,
"ARTHUR KEEP."

14,000 Vets Drop Out of Missouri Legion in 1923
(By Federated Press.)
ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2.—Since 1922 the American legion membership in the state has dropped from 32,000 to only 12,018, according to the annual report of Louis W. Kane, state secretary, which means that only seven out of every hundred men who served in the world war are now legionnaires in Missouri.
The report reveals a startling loss of membership since the preceding year. The state organization has lost 4,895 members during the seven months of this year. During 1923 a total of 14,000 members quit.

MARK'S MARCH
"Ye workers of the world, UNITE!"
"Throw off Proud Mammon's chain,
"You naught can lose but, in the fight
"You have a world to gain!"
"Ye workers of the world, arise,
"And toil no more for dross,
"Who roll in wealth your labor buys,
"Unheeding Labor's means!"
CHORUS

ED. NOTE.—Music for this song can be had upon application to the DAILY WORKER.