

SEES U. S. IMPERIALISM CRUSHED

(Special to THE DAILY WORKER.)

MOSCOW, August 5.—Leon Trotzky, head of the Russian Soviet army, in a speech at a big demonstration of engineers today bitterly attacked American imperialism. Trotzky charged that Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes' "participation in the London conference and his visits to the European capitals is an attempt to Balkanize Europe, making her dependent upon America."

"America wants to put Europe on rations," continued the war commissar. "America seeks world hegemony. Altho Secretary Hughes came to Europe unofficially, it is clear he bosses the show. America's pretended Pacific policy is pregnant with war. There is a struggle between Leninism and American imperialism upon which the fate of humanity hangs. But we believe Americanized bolshevism will conquer and crush imperialistic Americanism."

Workers Party Announces 1924 Platform

CAMPAIGN CALL FOR FOSTER AND GITLOW IS CHALLENGE TO DICTATORSHIP OF CAPITALISTS

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party today made public the platform on which the Workers Party will ask the support of the industrial workers, agricultural workers, and exploited farmers of this country.

The platform declares that the fundamental evil of the existing social system is the fact that "the raw materials and industries of the United States are owned by the Garys, Morgans, Rockefellers, Fords, McCormicks, and other great capitalists.

The workers and farmers alike pay tribute to these capitalists. They are compelled to accept a low standard of living in order that the capitalists may amass even greater fortunes for themselves."

This private ownership of industry and system of exploitation is maintained thru the capitalists' grip on the government of the United States. "The government of the United States is and has been a government of, by and for the capitalists," the platform declares.

Strikebreaker, Morgan Lawyer. To maintain this capitalist dictatorship, the platform says, the capitalists have nominated two candidates, "the Republican strike-breaker Coolidge and the Morgan-Rockefeller Lawyer, Davis." Dealing with the independent candidacy of LaFollette, the platform states, "LaFollette, who is running as an independent progressive Republican, is equally a supporter of the capitalist system of exploitation."

The platform calls upon all workers and farmers to support the only workers' candidates, Foster and Gitlow, against these representatives of the capitalist system.

Rule of Workers. "In place of the capitalist dictatorship there must be established the rule of the workers. The governmental power must be used in the interests of the workers and farmers as it is now used by the capitalist dictatorship in the interests of the capitalist class.

"The Russian workers and peasants have established their rule in the form of the Soviet Government and are using their power against the capitalists and for themselves—to build a Communist social system which will give the workers and farmers the fruits of their toil."

This, the platform declares, must also be the goal of the workers and farmers of the United States. Millions of copies of the platform in leaflet form are to be printed immediately and to be distributed thru the United States thru the Workers Party organization. The platform as a whole follows:

FORWARD TO THE WORKERS AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT!

Platform of the Workers Party

THE workers and exploited farmers of the United States face the question of how to organize and use their political power in the coming election. Before deciding this question every industrial worker, agricultural worker and exploited farmer should give fundamental consideration to the situation which exists in this country.

In the Grip of the Exploiters. The United States is the wealthiest country in the world. We have natural resources which supply us with raw materials and a great industrial organization which can turn these raw materials into the finished products which satisfy human needs. With the raw materials available and the tremendous machinery of production we have the means of giving a high standard of life—good food, good clothing, good homes, the opportunity for education and recreation—to every citizen.

(Continued on page 6)

Americans Gobble Government Wire System of Mexico

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 3.—The Mexican Telegraph & Telephone Co., under government control for over 8 years past, is passing into private American hands. Boaz Long, representing the Intl. Telephone & Telegraph Co., is arranging the details.

LENIN LIES LIFE-LIKE, SMILING, AFTER BEING PERFECTLY EMBALMED

By A. L. PERRY.
(Special to the DAILY WORKER)
MOSCOW, Aug. 5.—Nicolai Lenin rests in his tomb as though he were merely sleeping. The embalmers have done a perfect job of restoring the body of the Soviet premier to life-like state.

The body rests on a revolutionary red velvet bier in a hermetically sealed glass covered coffin. Even the smile of the Russian proletarian leader is preserved.

An armed Red Soldier stands at the head and another at the foot of the bier.

Professor Sbarski, Moscow Institute of Chemical Science, and Professor Vorobeff of Kharkov University, are responsible for the four months' embalming process, using the first purely scientific chemical formula, based on pathological research. A solution of glycerine and calcium replaces the water of the body. The professors claim this is a greater triumph than that of the Egyptian embalmers.

They declare also that Lenin's body should last forever if no great change takes place in the temperature of the mausoleum. The present temperature is 68 degrees Fahrenheit or 16 degrees Reaumur. The cost of the embalming was \$7,500.

RUSSIA REFUSES SURRENDER ON DEBTS OF CZAR

No British Treaty Is Coming Just Yet

(Special to THE DAILY WORKER)
LONDON, August 5.—Soviet Russia's refusal to surrender to the creditors of Czar Nicholas and Kerensky has halted the negotiations between M. Rakovsky and Ramsay MacDonald.

As the result there is no immediate prospect of an Anglo-Russian treaty, tho the recognition of the Soviet government still stands.

Russian representatives informed the British diplomats that the Soviet republic could not consider alleged British obligations unless the British in turn admitted their debts to Russia. Billions of gold rubles worth of damage have been caused directly and indirectly by invading armies. Britain herself sent troops against Russia and she gave aid and comfort to imperialistic forces from other nations.

Premier MacDonald's staunch support of the financiers who hold the Czar's paper gives little surprise. The Labor Party has shown more sympathy with Asquith liberalism than with his own party's program since coming into office.

Failure of the treaty parleys at this time is not regarded as highly critical for Russian foreign trade. The treaty would have facilitated trade with Britain but a considerable amount of trade with that country is going on under present conditions.

Martial Law in Roumania
PARIS, Aug. 5.—Martial law has been proclaimed throughout Roumania, following receipt of information by the government that a high army officer was planning a coup d'etat, according to a report from Bucharest this afternoon.

DAILY WORKER TRAINS GUNS ON CAPITALIST CANDIDATES; LAFOLLETTE FIRST TARGET

THE DAILY WORKER will soon begin a series of articles on the leading presidential candidates of the capitalist parties.

"Silent" Cal Coolidge, the Morgan-Rockefeller attorney, John W. Davis, the "independent" LaFollette, "Hell-an-Maria" General Dawes and the others will all be analyzed and examined in their true light.

The records of the standard bearers of capitalism, in and out of office, will be carefully scrutinized and dissected. From Coolidge to LaFollette, all of these defenders of the present system of exploitation of the city and rural workers and the growing army of dispossessed farming masses will be called upon to tell by word of their own mouths or by their own deeds where they stand on the most pressing needs of the working class.

LOVESTONE WILL FIRE GUNS.

Jay Lovestone, Director of the Research Department of the Workers Party, and author of "The Government—Strikebreaker," "American Imperialism," etc., will fire the DAILY WORKER'S guns against the presidential aspirants of the big, middle, and small bankers and manufacturers. The independent of the DAILY WORKER will be based on the most authoritative and outstanding facts of the lives and activities of these champions of the various sections of the employing class.

The opening shot will be fired by us in the issue of Monday, August 11. In view of LaFollette's pretensions to being a champion of the working and farming masses, in view of the great volume of noise the Wisconsin senator is now making about his enmity to the big business interests, we will begin our series with an examination of the record of this newly self-appointed friend of the workers.

LaFollette's labor record, his war record, his general behavior in the senate, his evolution from a henchman of Mark Hanna's puppet, McKinley, to the present day, his political machine, the class he represents, the conditions of the working men in LaFollette's "Model Commonwealth" of Wisconsin and the meaning and dangers of LaFollettism will be treated in a thoroughgoing fashion.

CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS IT.

The other candidates will be analyzed in a similar fashion. No worker can afford to miss this important series. These articles are essential to an understanding of the present political conflicts, the class struggles of today. No Workers Party member, no Communist speaker, agitator, and organizer should miss a single article of the series. They will be indispensable to the campaign. These articles will be an arsenal of irrefutable facts.

Make sure to get the whole series. Get them for your friends and workers in the shop and mill and on the farm. Order a special supply of the DAILY WORKER containing these exposures. Send in your bundle order today.

STRIKERS HAIL BIG CALUMET STEEL DRIVE

The International Brotherhood of Railway Carmen is holding a big mass meeting next Friday night at Hammond, Ind., as the first step in a serious campaign to organize the steel car builders in the great Calumet district at the foot of Lake Michigan.

Hammond is the heart of the enemy country where seven steel workers were butchered by thugs in the great organization campaign of 1919.

Preliminary organization work among the Standard Steel Foundry

company employees at Hammond has evoked such a response that a big turn out of workers anxious for organization against the open shop steel forces is expected when the doors swing open at the hall at Columbia and Morton streets, Hammond.

Cheers greeted Organizer Edmond K. Hogan of the carmen's union when he announced the Calumet drive to the strike meeting at the Western Steel Car Foundry at Hegewisch yesterday. Telling the strikers that success was not possible without united action Hogan pledged his union to a determined movement thruout the entire Calumet district.

Hogan was followed by Jack McCarthy, Tom Bell of Canada and Barney Mass, representing the Workers Party and the Trade Union Educational League and the Young Workers League respectively.

The Hegewisch strike is now in its fourth week and production is paralyzed in the big plant. The morale of the strikers was evidenced by the enthusiasm they displayed at the meeting and their endorsement of an attack Hogan made on several pro-company men who have been whispering defeatist propaganda.

RESCUERS TRYING TO RECOVER BODIES OF GARY EXPLOSION VICTIMS

GARY, Ind., Aug. 5.—Rescuers were working feverishly late today trying to recover bodies from a mass of twisted steel in the Gary works of the Illinois Steel Company plant, in which three workers are known to have been killed and a half dozen others injured.

The explosion occurred late last night and completely wrecked the newly repaired number 5 blast furnace.

The badly burned and horribly mangled body of Walter R. Nyström, 35, foreman who returned to work last night from his vacation, was recovered early today after the workers had combed the ruins thru the night. Altho it is known that two more bodies are lying under the many tons of twisted steel, fire brick and debris, it is believed the final toll may reach a higher figure.

The accident occurred when gas which had been turned into the furnace ignited. The blast was terrific, hurling steel and brick for two blocks.

The Lake county coroner is now investigating the blast but he has so far been able to gather little information.

LEOPOLD FIRES ANYONE TALKING ABOUT UNIONISM

Makes Them Get Out, Secretary Boasts

By KARL REEVE.
(Special to The Daily Worker)
MORRIS, Ill., August 5.—Not only does Nathan Leopold, strikebreaking head of the Morris Paper Mills here, not tolerate a union, but any employee caught talking unionism is immediately discharged. No one suspected of favoring the organization of labor into unions is hired at the plant.

Clarence Darrow, in his defense of Nathan Leopold, Jr., degenerate son of a labor-hating and ruthless father, said, "Every human being is the heir of all the past." Certainly that is a good defense of Nathan Leopold, Jr., who from the earliest childhood has taken it for granted to pile up the profits necessary to supply delicacies and dainties to his superior ego.

Leopold's Hunting Trips. Nathan Leopold, Jr., has taken many hunting trips in and around Morris. He never had anything to do with the employees in his father's factory, content to look upon them merely as a source of his father's wealth.

"What do you think of the Leopold family?" the DAILY WORKER asked the secretary of W. E. Beckwith, manager of the Morris Paper Mills. "We think they are all right," answered the girl, evidently afraid to say anything that wasn't "kosher." "Sam Leopold has been in the plant more than his younger brother, Nathan, Jr. And he's so nice to the girls. He talks to us just like a pal. We all like the Leopolds."

"What do you think of Babe? Do you think it was a very nice thing he did to the Franks boy?"
Sorry for "Babe"; Scorns Workers.
"I feel sorry for him. I don't be"
(Continued on page 2.)

AMALGAMATED URGED TO ERASE STAIN OF "BOB"

Workers Party Puts Issue to Members

The Workers Party addresses the following communication to the rank and file of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union urging them to repudiate the endorsement of the Wisconsin republican senator by their General Executive Board and to back the working class campaign of Foster and Gitlow: To the Locals of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America:

Brothers:—The press dispatches from Rochester announce that the General Executive Board of your organization has endorsed the candidacy of Senator LaFollette for the presidency and called upon your organization to give your support to the LaFollette ticket.

This action by your General Executive Board is a repudiation of what the members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers have stood for in the past and also of the action of your last national convention.

Amalgamated's Record. The members of your organization have in the past been in the forefront of the labor movement in this country. It has been generally recognized that the members of the Amalgamated were conscious of the character of the struggle going on in industry under the capitalist system. The fact that this was a class struggle in which the workers have definite and distinct interests separate and apart from any group has been recognized in many actions of your union.

The endorsement of Senator LaFollette by your General Executive Board nullifies the past record of the Amalgamated. This action proposes to lead back the members of your organization to the position of those backward groups among the workers who do not accept the fact of the class struggle and who believe that the government is an institution which serves all the people alike and that the workers should not attempt to secure political power for themselves.

This is the position of Senator LaFollette. It is the position he expressed in reply to the Gompers endorsement, calling upon organized labor and business men to unite on the basis of "good citizenship."

LaFollette Not For Workers. Senator LaFollette is not a representative of the workers. His program is not a program in the interests of the workers. The LaFollette program everywhere is making compromises with Republicans and Democrats and will support Republicans and Democrats in the election campaign.
(Continued on page 2.)

MOBILIZATION DAY, JAPANESE EXCLUSION DEPLORED BY QUAKERS

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)
RICHMOND, Ind., August 5.—A group of 300 young friends in general conference here has sent a message to President Coolidge protesting against national defense test day and at the same time forwarded a message to Japan deploring the policy of the United States in excluding Japanese immigration.

BOB HAILS SAM'S AID IN WHITE HOUSE CANTER

Illinois "Progressives" to Support Small

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

WASHINGTON, August 5.—There is great rejoicing in the LaFollette camp over the support of the officials of the American Federation of Labor, pledged by the executive council. A meeting will be held in Washington this week at which the leaders of the Federation and the LaFollette generals will arrange to co-ordinate their activities.

Matthew Woll, who once had the ambition to succeed Mr. Gompers as head of the American Federation of Labor, made a public statement which for vagueness runs a close second to the best Mr. Coolidge has issued.

Mr. Woll says: "The declaration adopted by the executive council, together with Senator LaFollette's response in reality constitute a ceremony tantamount to the customary nomination and acceptance, form a solemn pledge to the whole American people, a pledge of restitution, renovation and democracy in government. LaFollette's complete accord with the labor declaration of both economic and political philosophy should be appraised as a declaration of constructive policy, in accord with the that and practice worked out thru years of study and effort by the great union movement of the country."

Restoring the government to the "people" cleaning up filth in Washington and democratizing capitalism, that is what "Bob" is expected to do if he lands in the White House.

Trainmen Non-Partisan.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, headed by William G. Lee, grand president of the organization will not endorse "Bob's" candidacy. Mr. Lee will lay the records of the three presidents of the organization. will not lay the records of the three presidential candidates before the 180,000 port Norman Thomas, in return for the place on the committee which is directing the LaFollette campaign left vacant is now expected to be filled by Gompers, either personally or by one of his appointees.

In his telegram to Gompers after being notified of the A. F. of L.'s endorsement of his candidacy, LaFollette welcomed the aid of the Federation in his crusade "to break the grip of selfish interests upon government." That is the mission of the new Moses, not to take the government away from the capitalist robbers and place it in the hands of the producers but simply to substitute a set of "honest" parasites for the shameless brigands who now have it in their hands. It is significant however that in all the LaFollette publicity, there is hardly a word of criticism of the record of Strike-breaker Coolidge. Judge Cohan of New York in announcing his espousal of "Bob's" campaign, said that even in the event of the Wisconsin senator not being able to "make" the White House he would probably be in a position to make a deal with Coolidge which would be satisfactory to the liberals.

Smith Cautious.

"Al" Smith of New York has declined the offer to run for governor of that State, according to reports. Mayor Hylan has his ear to the ground waiting for the call. Should Hylan run, it is likely the C. P. A. crowd would endorse him, unless LaFollette made a bargain with Hillquit to support Norman Thomas, in return for the campaign contributions from the needle trades unions.

It is a great game of trade and barter. All is not well with the LaFollette-Wheeler campaign in Montana. The "LaFollette Progressive Party" of that State wired national headquarters stating that they reserved the right to circulate petitions for LaFollette and Charles W. Bryan for second place. Robert LaFollette Jr., has been sent to Montana to buy off the disgruntled. It appears that considerable opposition has developed to the candidacy of T. J. Walsh on the Democratic ticket and Wheeler, the riding the elephant, is also hunting with the jackass and supporting Walsh, the big corporation

COOLIDGE URGED TO GRANT FARMER RELIEF IN ST. PAUL WIRE

Asserting that present high prices for farm products, and particularly grain and livestock, are "only temporary relief," and that the fundamental causes of agricultural depression have not been removed, the American Council of Agriculture, organized last month in St. Paul today telegraphed President Coolidge asking that he appoint an "extraordinary commission" to study basic needs of agriculture and recommend remedial legislation to congress. The request says such legislation should be enacted at the coming short session.

lobbyst and hard shell reactionary.

In Illinois it appears that the deal with Small is practically consummated. There are kinks to be ironed out yet, but from reports in circulation here, Small will be supported by the LaFollette forces for governor and the latter will throw his support to the LaFollette national ticket. In this way it is quite possible the Illinois electoral vote may go to "Bob." The charges of stealing state funds made against Small, charges that appear quite justified, do not cut any ice with LaFollette who only wants to make Washington habitable for himself. Rottenness in the state governments can wait while the scavengers turn the hose on the Capital.

The labor fakery of Illinois had already made a bargain with Small and the present arrangement will be satisfactory unless William Hale Thompson upsets the apple cart. The Illinois Federation of Labor will endorse Small declared John L. Walker.

In raising funds the slogan will be "A half-day's income for battling Bob," and the sub title "to buy an interest in a crusade of righteousness." Everything is for "Bob" even the money.

The Illinois committee appointed to decide who if any, shall be the candidates for United States senator includes Sam Levin of the needle trades, William R. Snow, socialist, and Louis J. Link, German-Americans.

Won't Have One-Man Cars.

PORT HURON, Mich., Aug. 5.—Citizens here were being transported on rubber tired wheels and all the street car service save operation of interurbans has been suspended. Busses were put into operation after city authorities refused to allow one-man street cars to operate.

RIVERVIEW—RAIN OR SHINE AUGUST 10th—SUNDAY PRESS PICNIC DAY

INDICT GARVEY IN G. O. P. PLOT AGAINST RACE

Time Blow to Disrupt Fight on Imperialism

By ROBERT MINOR.

(Special to THE DAILY WORKER) NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—A republican party attempt to disrupt the international convention of the Universal Negro Improvement Association in session at Liberty Hall here is seen in the federal indictment and threatened arrest of President Marcus Garvey on an income tax charge.

The indictment relates to an affair more than two years old. Convention Negroes charge it was purposely held back and timed to spring on the convention as the representatives of their race were considering plans for a sweeping attack on international imperialism and domestic oppression.

The indictment bears the earmarks of a political conspiracy. Federal District Attorney Mattuck, who handles the indictment, is the same prosecutor who obtained Garvey's conviction a year ago on a charge of misuse of the mails.

Mr. Garvey received the indictment news stoically while on the convention platform, commenting that it was a political act by the republican party thru Mattuck. The indictment charges a false income tax return involving \$493 and perjury in connection with the same.

Earlier Garvey told the 2,500 delegates that the prejudice against the Negro was not due to color but to his lack of industrial development.

The Negro leader said: "Establish your Pennsylvania railroad system in Africa and control billions there and America and the whole world will look up to you. Then there would be no color line here in twenty-five or fifty years."

Speaking of the enslavement of the Negroes and of the lynchings in the Southern states, particularly Georgia and Mississippi, President Garvey warned the enemies of Negro rights to watch their steps in their persecutions.

MOBILIZATION DAY BACKED BY SAM GOMPERS

Denounces Communists Opposing War

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 5.—Contrary to pacifist expectations the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, in session here, supported the mobilization day plans of the war department and issued a statement denouncing Communists and pacifists.

Labor was urged to hold "appropriate exercises" Sept. 12, the day on which the republican party government will test the ability of American capitalism to muster its war machinery in order to suppress internal trouble or wage a foreign war.

The resolution condemning President Coolidge's defense day plans was sidetracked and a counter resolution introduced by Samuel Gompers or at his direction.

The red spectre of Communism again appeared at the side of the veteran labor faker, when he saw in the nation-wide wave of protest against capitalist militarism, the lead of the Communists who hold that the workers should strenuously resist the militaristic schemes of the capitalist class.

The greater part of the screed issued by Gompers was devoted to an attack on the Communists who are recognized by the reactionary labor faker as the only active revolutionary political party in the United States. Gompers' statement issued thru the messenger boy Woll, is as follows:

Hostile to Morgan. "Much of the criticism of Defense Day, is insincere, a part of the world-wide organized pacifist propaganda, and hostile to American democracy.

"We have denounced both militarism and pacifism. We understand the designs of the militarists who would take advantage of every opportunity to feed and promote the war spirit, and we, likewise understand the designs of the pacifists who would disarm America first and other nations later. Most of them now prefer to disarm all nations except Soviet Russia, so that dictators of Moscow may find easier their road to a greater dictatorship. We oppose that most of all.

Insincere Criticism.

"It is true that the suggestion for civilian mobilization on Defense Day has opened the door to much pacifist criticism, and to criticism also by those who are not at all pacifists.

"But I am confident that a great deal of the criticism is insincere, a part of the world-wide organized pacifist propaganda and hostile to American democracy. Defense Day itself is a matter of law and I think most labor men will feel that our military establishment may participate properly in the exercises. Our military establishment is not large and it is composed of Americans who are just like the rest of us in their love of freedom and their love of their country.

Assails Communists.

"The Communists miss no opportunity to turn loose destructive propaganda to undermine American institutions. We know this propaganda from contact and we know its purpose. The most active pacifist influences at work in America today are those directly under Moscow control.

"We oppose militarism at every turn. We have set forth our belief in regard to world peace and we do not delude ourselves into a notion that it is coming thru the efforts of pacifists. It will come thru proper organization.

Balkan War Brewing.

BELGRADE, Bulgaria, Aug. 5.—More than 3000 reservists have been mobilized in spite of protests by Jugo-Slavia. The Jugo-Slavian minister to Sofia is seeking the intervention of France and Britain to prevent another Balkan war.

Arrest Jobless.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 5.—John Walsh, I. W. W. was arrested July 7 and sentenced to 180 day on a vagrancy charge; V. B. Weatherford was sentenced to sixty days in jail on same charge.

No Freedom for Wob.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 5.—John Golden, I. W. W. recently released from San Quentin after having served nearly five years under the Criminal Syndicalism law has been arrested under the Busck injunction and trial set for Sept. 2.

Y. W. L. Open Air Meet Tonight.

The open air meeting held every other Wednesday by the North Side Branch of the Young Workers League of Chicago will be held this week on the corner of Lincoln and Berry (thirty-one hundred north, and fifteen hundred west), south-west corner, at 8 p. m. sharp. Interesting speakers will address this meeting and all young workers are cordially invited to attend.

North Side Branch, Y. W. L.

Goose-Step College Hears Discussion of Problems of Russia

By J. LOUIS ENGBAHL.

TODAY, Dr. Boris A. Bakhmeteff prepares his notes for a lecture before the Institute of Politics at Williams College, Massachusetts. He will talk on: "Russia and Its Problems."

Bakhmeteff is thoroly acceptable in America's "Goose-Step" colleges. He is received with open arms. He is not "red."

Bakhmeteff will be just as welcome as other "Anti-Soviet" experts like the renegade socialists, John Spargo and William English Walling, and the Bolshevik baiter, Samuel Gompers.

The New York Times will solemnly publish the discussions and join in the hope that Soviet Rule in Russia may yet be overthrown.

But the European news will be very disquieting to the enemies of the Russian workers and peasants gathered at Williams College.

Very impolite questions might be asked Dr. Bakhmeteff as to what he thinks of the French government kicking the Kerensky ambassador out of the Russian embassy building at Paris. For W. A. Maklokov is the French duplicate of Bakhmeteff.

Dr. Bakhmeteff came to the United States as the Kerensky ambassador. But before he arrived in Washington nearly seven years ago, Kerensky had been overthrown and Soviet Rule had been established. But the United States recognized Dr. Bakhmeteff just the same and helped him squander some millions of dollars, belonging to the Russian workers and peasants, held in the United States treasury at Washington.

But supporting Bakhmeteff, "the ambassador without a country," became even too raw a proposition for the czarlving capitalist statesmen at Washington, and the "Dr." was relieved of his duties, just as Maklokov has been dumped in Paris.

Yet, in spite of the fact that he has not been in Russia for seven years, Bakhmeteff is duly qualified to lecture before the America's "Goose-Step" educators on "Russia's Problems."

That Soviet Rule in Russia intends staying right on the job is shown by the fact that the Russian workers and peasants refuse to pay the czar's debts, even to the so-called "labor government" of J. Ramsay MacDonald, in Great Britain.

It was with a grand gesture that the MacDonald government, when it came into power, recognized the Russian Soviet Government. But recent events have shown that this was merely a gesture. MacDonald will have a hard time explaining to British workers why he insists that the Russian Workers should pay the debts of the czarist regime, debts owing to British bankers and big industrialists. Money loaned to the czar was money extended to the bloody rule of Nicholas, and his ancestors, to keep the Russian workers and peasants in chains.

When Moscow rejects this insulting demand coming from MacDonald's fake "labor" government, it merely testifies to the strength of Russian Soviet Rule, and it exposes the sham government reared in London in the name of the British oppressed.

Bakhmeteff may soothe the jumping nerves of prostitute professors at the Williams College clinic on the prospects of the world social revolution. If Bakhmeteff couldn't act as a soothing syrup on vital world problems he would never have been called to Massachusetts' peaceful scholastic retreats.

But Morgan, Lamont, Mellon and Hughes are in Europe, putting up the battle of their lives in diplomatic conferences, because they know that "The Problems of Russia" are "The Problems of the World," and that oppressed labor everywhere is moving forward to solve those problems triumphantly for themselves in spite of the Morgans, the MacDonaldis and the Williams College Institute of Politics.

BLOT OUT THE STAIN OF "BOB"

(Continued from page 1.) In the state of Illinois the report is current that the LaFollette forces will support Governor Len Len Small on the Republican ticket.

Are the members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers who have taken a stand for a class party of workers and farmers, going to turn back and become part of the LaFollette movement which still has one foot in the Republican Party and the other in the Democratic Party?

For the Amalgamated to endorse LaFollette and the LaFollette move to surrender the proud record of the membership of the Amalgamated for class conscious political action, and take a step away from the struggle of labor to establish its own political power and to use that power against the capitalists and the capitalist system.

Reputating LaFollette. The locals of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers have been in the forefront of the Farmer-Labor movement. We do not believe that they will now turn back. Already locals

in Boston and Philadelphia have repudiated the action of the General Executive Board. They have aligned themselves in support of the only candidates in this election who represent the class interests of the workers—the Workers Party candidates, Foster and Gitlow.

We call upon the members and the locals of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers everywhere to follow this lead and to repudiate the action of the General Executive Board which attempts to make of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers the tail to the kite of the LaFollette movement.

Stand firm for class action and the class struggle!

Central Executive Committee, WORKERS PARTY OF AMERICA, WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, National Chairman. C. E. RUTHENBERG, Executive Secretary.

Booze and Nighties Big Issue in Mule State Election Fight

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 5.—The Ku Klux Klan and prohibition were the dominant issues today as Missourians went to the polls to cast their ballots in the state primary election.

The day was a legal holiday thru-out the state, dawned clear and hot but by 10 o'clock, reports reaching here from all sections of the state, indicated the vote might prove one of the lightest ever recorded in Missouri.

Lynch Negro. SCOOBA, Miss., Aug. 5.—A mob took Harry Shelton, a Negro, held on charges of assaulting a white woman, from the jail at Scooba and lynched him.

This was the gist of a letter from Theodore E. Burton, member of the United States Debt Funding Commission, read today before members of the Institute of Politics in session here.

RICH SLAYERS' TRIAL PICNIC OF PUBLICITY

Workers Pay Bills for Loeb-Leopold Play

The trial of the two million aire slayers, Loeb and Leopold, is like a satirical play. The judge, State's Attorney Crowe, and the lawyers are pleased because they are getting the publicity of their careers. Those allowed inside the courtroom as spectators are tickled at the "distinction." Loeb and Leopold are pleased because they are the center of the stage. They seem to know they are not going to be hung.

Those concerned with the trial are making a social function out of it. Everybody is allowed to take plenty of time, and to talk as much as he wants. When Dr. Healy, defense alienist, "couldn't remember which defendant planned the murder," Judge Caverly allowed half hour recess for the doctor to scan his notes and refresh his memory. Why not? All the court expenses are being paid for out of the taxpayers' money and the lawyers are well-paid by the Loeb and Leopold families, who get their money from the labor of children and underpaid workers.

C. S. Defense.

Members of the Loeb family have hit upon a novel way of getting their son out of danger of the gallows. "Mrs. Loeb is a Christian Scientist," a Southern newspaper woman told the DAILY WORKER. "She has hired the most eminent Science practitioners in America, and they are sitting in the court room now, holding the right that, that there is no evil and, in their way, praying to their God to get Dickie off."

Dr. William Healy testified that Nathan Leopold, junior, and Richard Loeb were "not perverted, not in the sense of the word usually implied, but are childishly perverted." More whispering sessions were held, with Clarence Darrow and the other defense attorneys putting their heads up to Dr. Healy's ears to protect the public morals.

Other Perverted Sons.

In spite of Dr. Healy's statement that it is unusual for a millionaire's son to be mixed up with a murder case, the reporters recalled numerous instances of perverted sons of the rich. Not only the case of Harry Thaw, but of Walter Ward, who killed a sailor last year in White Plains because the sailor threatened to expose Ward's perversion. Young Ward was found not guilty on a plea of self-defense, and the capitalist papers withheld the facts because of the immense amount of advertising that the Ward Baking Company threatened to withdraw from the papers.

Nathan Leopold, father of one of the murderers, sat in court, blinking down into his vest. The DAILY WORKER reporter recalled the employes of Leopold, who, while the trial was going on, are working in Leopold's factory at \$15 a week, pling up the money to pay the expenses of the trial of the "childish perverses."

MORGAN AGENTS GOING THRU A SIFTING PROCESS

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The American diplomatic corps—now known officially as the foreign service—has undergone so many rapid changes in recent weeks and so many others appear to be impending that President Coolidge is finding it necessary to look around for some new envoys for Ambassador Rank.

On the president's desk today was the resignation, already accepted, of Charles Beecher Warren as the United States Ambassador to Mexico.

Japan Post Vacant. Only a few weeks ago, the president likewise accepted the resignation of Cyrus F. Woods, ambassador to Japan.

Even while Warren was at the White House and his resignation was simply a matter of putting the brief words on paper, reliable reports reached Washington from Paris that Myron T. Herrick, who first went to France as the American ambassador in the Taft administration and served there in the days of the war, wanted to get out of the foreign service and back to his home in Ohio.

Relations With Mikado Critical. In the case of Japan, whose ambassador to the United States is now in his own country on leave of absence, the State Department has not decided whether to send out another ambassador to take up Woods' duties.

Another important European post which may be vacated, according to reports in political circles, here, is that at Berlin, now occupied by Ambassador Houghton.

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 SATURDAY AUGUST 9TH

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2. Negro Migration and Its Causes.....By Louis Zoobook
3. "Danko"—A Story.....By Maxim Gorky
4. Civilization Through Bombs.....By Earl R. Browder

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BANKERS RUSH TO EUROPE FOR GOLD HARVEST

J. P. Morgan and Host of Others Come

By JAY LOVESTONE.

Never before in the history of the United States have so many American bankers "vacationed" or openly worked in Europe. Not even in the days before the Yankee Expeditionary Force was rushed to Flanders field, not even in the days when the American bankers and manufacturers were reaping a harvest in supplying ammunition and food to the Allied armies have so many Wall Street financiers filled the alleys and byways of the European business streets.

Before the summer is over nearly every American bank of standing will have its representatives in London, Berlin, Paris or some other big center across the Atlantic. They are all gathering there in expectation of a "killing" as a result of the Dawes plan being accepted by the London Reparations Conference. Of course, the biggest banks are on the job first. The smaller banks will follow suit.

Morgan, Jr., Leads.

We reproduce only a partial list of the representatives of the gigantic American banking houses already present in or about to sail for Europe.

1. J. P. Morgan, of J. P. Morgan & Co.
2. Thomas W. Lamont, of J. P. Morgan & Co.
3. Owen D. Young, of The Bankers Trust Co.
4. Seward Prosser, of The Bankers Trust Co.
5. Andrew W. Mellon, of The Mellon National Bank, etc.
6. Otto H. Kahn, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.
7. Mortimer L. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.
8. George F. Baker, Jr., of First National Bank of New York.
9. Ernest Stauffen, Jr., Vice-Pres. of The New York Trust Co.
10. George F. Fraker, Vice-Pres. of The National City Bank.
11. E. F. McManus, of The Corn Exchange Bank.
12. J. Wray Cleveland, Vice-Pres. of The Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
13. H. C. Richard, President of the State Bank of New York.
14. George LeBlanc, Vice-Pres. of the Equitable Trust Co.

The above banking overlords are only the advanced guard of the army of American exploiters that is rushing "over there" to garner a harvest of fabulous profits.

Thru Woodrow Wilson.

In 1918 American capitalist imperialism, thru its piliat tool, Woodrow Wilson, laid down the hypocritical fourteen points for Germany's political surrender. On the tenth anniversary of the outbreak of the World War,

NEW YORK CITY Party Activities

OPEN AIR MEETINGS.

Thursday, August 7.

Section 2—110th St. and 5th Ave.—Speakers to be announced.

Friday, August 8.

Section 1—Irving Place and 14th St.—Speaker: Wm. Weinstone. 14th and 8th Ave.—Speaker: S. Felsahn. Jefferson St. and East Broadway—Speakers: J. Nassin and others.

Section 2—110th St. and 5th Ave.—Speakers: Joe Padgug, Margaret Undjus, and others.

Section 3—138th St. and Willis Ave.—Speaker: Carl Brodsky, etc.

Section 4—Grand and Reebing Sts.—Speaker: George Siskind. Union and So. 4th Sts.—Speakers: Mary Hartman, Etlinger.

Section 5—Stone and Pitkin Ave.—Speakers: Ludwig Lore and others.

Section 6—12th Ave. and 42nd St.—Speakers: George Primoff, Flason.

Saturday, August 9.

Section 1—Oliver and Madison Sts.—Speaker: Etlinger.

Section 2—163rd St. and So. Blvd.—Speaker: Rebecca Grecht.

Section 3—Grand Street Extension—Speakers: Rose F. Stokes and George Primoff.

Section 4—Stone and Pitkin Ave.—Joe Brady.

Section 5—25th St. and Mermald Ave.—Speakers to be announced.

Section 6—Union Hill, New Jersey.

Tuesday, August 5—14th St. and Bergenline Ave.—Speaker: Sam Darcy.

Saturday, August 9—Speaker to be announced.

American capitalist imperialism has sent fourteen of its leading bankers to lay down the terms of Germany's economic surrender, to work out the ways and means of turning the German workingman into willing wage slaves of Wall Street's newest sweat shops.

Who would dare say what the next decade will bring to the United States and the rest of the world if the international exploiters' hands are not stayed soon by the working class in this maneuver to enslave scores of millions?

Young Workers Plan Picnics with Soviet Technical Aid Group

In response to the call sent out by the National Office of the Young Workers League to help finance their semi-monthly organ, THE YOUNG WORKER, the Chicago League is making hasty preparations for a big picnic to be held in conjunction with the Society for Technical Aid to Soviet Russia on Sunday, August the 24th at National Grove, Riverside, Ill.

Amusements such as soccer ball games, baseball, races of all kinds, bowling, dancing and music will be of course abundant.

All the Chicago Junior Groups will take part in this picnic. There will be speakers, there will be Junior demonstrations. The Juniors of Chicago will do their share to help raise finances for their official organ, THE YOUNG COMRADE.

This promises to be an unusually interesting picnic. More details will follow.

John D's Daughter to Blame.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Action of City Magistrate, Norman Marsh in giving Abbey Rockefeller, daughter of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., a suspended sentence when she was brought before him as a second offender for speeding was referred today to the bar association by Mayor Hylan. The Mayor enclosed the report of Commissioner of Accounts Hirschfeld blaming Marsh, and demanded the law be applied "with equal force to all."



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GOVERNORS IN MILITARISTS' GOOSE STEP

Communists Protest Against War

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

WASHINGTON, August 5.—

Officials' defense of "Defense Day," rechristened from "Mobilization Day," continues apace with increasing dissatisfaction among the people at the government's militaristic move.

Secretary of War Weeks explains to an inquisitive clergyman that the "defense test" . . .

"will be an endeavor on the part of the federal government to inform our people as fully as possible on the present status of our security."

In other words, the "defense day" can be used as the basis for propaganda for an increased army and navy to carry out the United States capitalists' imperialistic plans.

Other defenders of the status quo and of "Mobilization Day" are claiming that the "defense test" is merely a "fire drill on an adult scale."

Governor's Approval.

Governor W. W. Brandon of Alabama has issued his proclamation calling on the state to co-operate on Sept. 12 in "Mobilization Day."

Gov. Al Smith of New York is straddling the issue at present and refuses to ask his state's co-operation with Coolidge, altho he doesn't loudly dissent with Charlie Bryan and John W. Davis.

Gov. Ross of Wyoming said: "Since the United States is so overwhelming against the League of Nations . . . there is nothing to do in the U. S. but to prepare to fight." And he is planning how to mobilize Wyoming for Sept. 12.

Sweet Stumbling Block.

Gov. Sweet of Colorado is the first governor on record definitely against "Mobilization Day." He said: "I do not propose to mobilize the National Guard of Colorado, Sept. 12. . . . nor do I propose to ask participation of civilians in military affairs." Gov. Sweet may change his mind when the politicians get busy.

The Seattle Fellowship Club have protested to little Calvin against the "warlike move." Various peace societies are of course protesting, the most of them could be fooled into another war by a George Creel and the help of the capitalistic newspapers.

Reactionaries Ready.

All the warlike "veterans" (not the World War Veterans organizations); daughters of this and that war; camp fire girls and boy scouts; Sentinels of the Republic; National Security League; National Civic Federation; American Legion; Citizens Military Training camps; and the rest of the reactionary "patriots" are for "Mobilization Day." Gives them a chance to show off and sputter a lot of glowing sentiment to cover up their greed.

Sammy Gompers, a member of the black National Civic Federation, is hesitating about croaking against "Mobilization Day." His friends of the American Legion and the Civic Federation will tell him what to say.

The Communists alone protest sincerely against capitalist wars and "Mobilization Day" as a military gesture.

Goose-Step.

General "Blackjack" Pershing, who hasn't been getting so much publicity since he "won the war" for America, is confident that all the states will be in line Sept. 12. They will probably be forced into the goose-step.

Following the demonstrations, reports will be rendered by each community to the war department showing the following:

(A)—Personnel of regular army, national guard and organized reserves participating in each locality.

(B)—Approximate number of other personnel participating.

(C)—Character of demonstrations—parades, public meetings or other ceremonies.

(D)—Activities relating to securing recruits for the day.

(E)—Local management of demonstrations, how constituted and operated.

(F)—Interest aroused and general results believed to have been accomplished.

Cal's "He-Men."

WASHINGTON, August 5.—JON the strength of charges made by Henry P. Whitesell, a crippled world war veteran, two sailors from the presidential yacht Mayflower—John a Shepherd and Frank Moore—were arrested today. Whitesell said that two sailors beat him into unconsciousness and robbed him of \$85.

Oil Capitol Debtless.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The City of Washington is out of debt, for the first time in history. District of Columbia commissioners announced this after it was made known that funds for the retirement of the last remaining bond issue of the city were available in the treasury.

BISCUIT MAKERS IN MANY CITIES HEAR OF Y. W. L.

Young Workers Listen to Communist Youth

The Young Workers League drive to educate the workers thru-out the country working in the National Biscuit company to the aims of the League is now on in full swing in New York, Pittsburgh, Detroit, Cleveland and many other cities. Over one thousand copies of the last issue of the Young Worker, which exposed the sweat shop conditions imposed by the Biscuit company, were sold in front of the Chicago plant at 1000 West Washington Street.

Summarizing the results already achieved in the National Biscuit Company drive, Barney Mass said, "The result obtained is an existing potential nucleus, also the sale of eleven hundred Young Workers; the furthering of the shop economic demands; popularizing the League thru these demands; and the general propaganda values."

Street meetings have been held outside the factory, at which the young workers of the company have listened attentively, in spite of the grumbling of the special police hired by the company to protect the workers from contamination by the "red menace."

The investigation of the conditions in the plant discloses that while the company is very strong financially, wages are being lowered, the employees being put on part time, and unionism is not allowed.

"The employees work all day in suffocating rooms, standing on their feet," says Barney Mass. "Tolling for 9 and 10 hours per day and not being paid overtime. Keeping the boys and girls divided in issues of nationality and religion is another means the bosses use in wringing more profits from their labor."

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other European cities about what is transpiring in Russia, but the clumsiest and most ridiculous tale yet given prominence in the American capitalist press is the story of Lenin's thumbnail sketch of Zinoviev, Kamaneff, Trotsky and other Communist leaders. According to the yarn Lenin did not hold his comrades in high esteem. Trotsky loved to pose, Zinoviev had no ability, Stalin was small minded, Bucharin was dull, and Kameneff unreliable. The story was such an obvious frame that nobody but an imbecile would take it seriously, yet the Chicago Tribune writes a lengthy editorial on the fable, winding up with the jaded assertion that the Russians like tyrants and therefore tolerate Lenin's successors, while Americans are so different.

J. Mercer Vernon, assistant to William M. Butler, campaign manager for President Coolidge, was arrested with a whiskey flask on his hip pocket in one of the lively restaurants that still attract devotees of the gay and unconventional night life in the city of Chicago. It appears that the Republican chieftain was so engrossed in the observation of several lady entertainers, dressed in the earliest fashion, that he did not notice the approach of the police. The police, being democrats did not hearken unto the plea of Mr. Vernon, that publicity on the arrest would bring harm to many men of prominence. Whiskey and oil seem to stick to the present administration.

The Republicans claim that the endorsement of the LaFollette candidacy by the American Federation of Labor means a gain for Calvin Coolidge and a loss for James J. Davis. The Democrats claim that the LaFollette candidacy is going to hurt Coolidge and will prove a boon to the Democratic ticket. The Democrats are apparently taking this idea seriously, so some of their papers are giving LaFollette more publicity, than is given to their own candidates. That the workers are thoroughly disgusted with both capitalist parties is evident and but for the treachery of the labor fakers and the socialists they would not be obliged to act as the tail to the political kite of a bourgeois politician.

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other European cities about what is transpiring in Russia, but the clumsiest and most ridiculous tale yet given prominence in the American capitalist press is the story of Lenin's thumbnail sketch of Zinoviev, Kamaneff, Trotsky and other Communist leaders. According to the yarn Lenin did not hold his comrades in high esteem. Trotsky loved to pose, Zinoviev had no ability, Stalin was small minded, Bucharin was dull, and Kameneff unreliable. The story was such an obvious frame that nobody but an imbecile would take it seriously, yet the Chicago Tribune writes a lengthy editorial on the fable, winding up with the jaded assertion that the Russians like tyrants and therefore tolerate Lenin's successors, while Americans are so different.

J. Mercer Vernon, assistant to William M. Butler, campaign manager for President Coolidge, was arrested with a whiskey flask on his hip pocket in one of the lively restaurants that still attract devotees of the gay and unconventional night life in the city of Chicago. It appears that the Republican chieftain was so engrossed in the observation of several lady entertainers, dressed in the earliest fashion, that he did not notice the approach of the police. The police, being democrats did not hearken unto the plea of Mr. Vernon, that publicity on the arrest would bring harm to many men of prominence. Whiskey and oil seem to stick to the present administration.

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RUSSIA'S STATE PLANNING BOARD UNIQUE IN WORLD "Gosplan" Coordinates Soviet Economic Life

Rosta News Agency. Ever since the revolution the authorities have aimed to organize the industry and agriculture of the whole Soviet Union in accordance with a general comprehensive economic plan.

During the period of military communism, when industry and trade was concentrated entirely in the hands of the state, the functions of economic investigation and planning and of co-ordinating the work of the various state enterprises were carried out by the Supreme Economic Council itself.

With the establishment of the new economic policy, and even before its formal inauguration, it was found that the Supreme Economic Council, which controlled only the state enterprises, could not well function as a general planning agency for the whole of the country.

A Single Economic Plan. The idea of a single economic plan for the whole of the country was not abandoned with the introduction of the new economic policy. The work, however, was referred to a special body, the State Economic Planning Commission (Gosplan).

The Gosplan is divided into a number of sections, each of which works out its plans for the particular branch of the national economy for which it is responsible. These plans are discussed and have to be ratified by the Gosplan itself. They are then submitted to the Council of Labor and Defense.

Industry. The industrial section, like the others, at first worked from hand to mouth. Its estimates were generally wide of the mark.

For the year 1922-23 it drew up estimates for the coal, oil, ores, salt, gold, platinum, textile, engineering, electrical, leather, chemical, tobacco, paper, and pottery industries.

The proportion of these programs actually carried out varied from 68 per cent in the chemical and 69.4 per cent in the leather industries (the two lowest) to 190 per cent in the tobacco industry. The average was 107.8 per cent. The total number of workers estimated to be employed was \$75,174 and the number actually employed 826,905.

The industrial section was of great service in the organization of trusts, the allocation of credits to special industries, the regularization of supplies of raw materials, the concentration and combination of enterprises, the reduction of overhead charges, the strict control of accounts, and the calculation of costs of production.

Agriculture. The agricultural section took an active part in 1921 in investigating the realities of the economic situation and of the economic possibilities. Its plans are now related closely to the actual possible rate of economic development in the given circumstances.

causes and in mitigating the effects of the famine. The president of the section carried out a comprehensive survey of the cultivation of grain in the USSR.

About a year ago the section took in hand the closing up of the "scissors"—the discrepancy between agricultural and industrial prices. It is insisting upon the urgency of increasing the purchasing power of the peasants and developing grain exports.

Like the transport section, the fuel section had to deal with a terrible legacy of material ruin and administrative bureaucracy. Only about 60 to 70 per cent of the estimates drawn up in the early years for fuel were actually attained.

Largely as a result of the work of the fuel section, the output of coal has increased by about 83 per cent in 1922-23, compared with 1920-21, and that of oil by 23 per cent. The cost of production in the Donetz has decreased by nearly 50 per cent during this period, and the productivity of labor is now about twice that in 1920.

Socialist Traitors in Austria Also Rallied to "The Fatherland"

FROM the "Arbeiter-Zeitung," (Social-Democratic-Socialist), Vienna, August 5, 1924. "Let the iron die be cast as it may, and with our hearts' most fervent devotion let us hope that it will be cast for the triumph of the holy cause of the German people.

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At the same time the quality of the coal is better.

Other Work. The transport system, whilst still laboring under many difficulties, is incomparably superior to what it was three years ago.

U. S. ENVOY TO MEXICO PRAISES HIS OWN WORKS Drove Wedge for U. S. Imperialists

(Special to the Daily Worker.) WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—"Relations between the United States and Mexico are on a more satisfactory basis now than at any time since the Diaz administration," Charles Beecher Warren, who is resigning as the American ambassador to Mexico, declared.

Outspoken in his praise of President Obregon, Warren said that the Mexican executive, who is soon to be succeeded in office by Plutarco Calles, has a "greater control and a more stable government," than has been accorded the Mexican people since the reign of Gen. Diaz; the reactionary old dictator who held his job so long, by grace of American "interests" (Hearst, Otis, Guggenheim).

"I regard the special mission which I undertook last year as having been accomplished," Warren said. "I went as the head of the American commission to negotiate a basis for the resumption of diplomatic relations. I have adjusted all the problems arising out of the De la Huerta revolution. Our government paid taxes to the various ports like Vera Cruz and Progreso. The Mexican government sought to recollect the taxes for the Obregon government after the revolution and now they have decided not to collect these taxes.

"In addition to that I exchanged views with the Mexican government agreeing to enter upon the negotiation of a treaty of amity and commerce as soon as the American government is prepared to take up these investigations. The completion of the negotiations have been delayed because the question of policy will have to be passed upon by the Senate in conjunction with the German treaty of amity and commerce. No treaty of amity and commerce has been in existence between the United States and Mexico since 1881."

Speaking of conditions in Mexico, Ambassador Warren said that the country is taking a great interest in her mines, oil resources and the development of national resources.

Party Activities of Local Chicago

BRANCH MEETINGS Wednesday, August 6

Roumanian Branch—2254 Clybourn Ave. Douglas Park, Jewish—4420 W. Roosevelt Road. Italian—2707 N. Marshall Ave. Czech-Slovak, Clero—Masaryk School, 57th Ave. and 22nd Pl. Clero. Mid-City, English—Emmett Memorial Hall—Ogden and Taylor Streets. Englishwood, English—6414 S. Halsted Street. Czech-Slovak No. 2—2548 S. Homan Avenue.

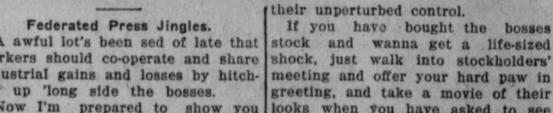
Thursday, August 7 Finnish—Imperial Hall, 2409 N. Halsted Street. Eleventh Ward, Italian—2439 S. Oakley Blvd. Thirty-first Ward, Italian—511 N. Sangamon Street. Czech-Slovak, Hanson Park—Bohemian Freethink School, Rovnost, Mansfield Ave. near Grand.

Friday, August 8 Scandinavian—South Chicago, 641 E. 61st Street. Lettish—4359 Thomas Street. Czech-Slovak, Hanson Park—Bohemian Freethink School, Rovnost, Mansfield Ave. near Grand.

Saturday, August 9 Daily Worker, Agents Meeting—2:30 p. m. at 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Press Picnic Committee Meeting—166 W. Washington St., Room 307, 3 p. m.

Reading Falls in Line Too READING, Pa., August 5.—The Reading Farmer-Labor Party organized here about three months ago today endorsed the Workers Party Presidential ticket and issued a vigorous statement against La Follette and his program.

RIVERVIEW—RAIN OR SHINE AUGUST 10th—SUNDAY PRESS PICNIC DAY



Federated Press Jingles. A awful lot's been sed of late that workers should co-operate and share industrial gains and losses by hitching up long side the bosses. Now I'm prepared to show you guys that such a scheme is fur from wise. The lambs and lions do not share a distribution that is fair. The poor lamb soon is lost to sight to feed the lion's appetite, and ends a life that's somewhat restive by filling cavities digestive. The pussy cat has the last word in conversation with the bird.

There's profit-sharing, for example, which is a very modern sample of kidding workman to think that he is an investing gink. There's schemes to sell us guys a block of lithographed and pale pink stock, by which we make the boss a loan, and not a damned thing do we own. They give us stock for what we've lent, but hug their fifty-one per cent and keep the business as a whole under their unperturbed control.

THE VIEWS OF OUR READERS ON LIFE, LABOR, INDUSTRY, POLITICS

Workers' Outline of Science. To the DAILY WORKER: I maintain that until the workers have familiarized themselves with the scientific conception of the inorganic universe and life, including mind, as a phenomena of nerve and brain operations, they are not likely to endorse the teachings of scientific socialism, tho from their own social conditions they may have a sentimental leaning towards Socialism.

The fundamental facts of modern science which ought to be, but are not, common knowledge, may be briefly summarized as follows: The indestructibility of eternity of matter and its evolution from nebulae suns and planets and eventually their dissolution to nebulae, a cyclic process without beginning and without end. Then a description of the solar system, as an example; how it grew out of nebulae, its size and probable age. Then our earth its immense age; the formation of rocks. This followed by what is known of the beginning of life and its evolution from lowly beginnings; also what is known of the nature and evolution of mind. Then an account of human society, its evolution from Primitive Communism through chattel slavery and, in Europe, Feudalism, to capitalism and its probable evolution to Socialism. Also an explanation of what is meant by Socialism.

Now this knowledge is absolutely necessary for a proper orientation towards proletarian advancement, for the worker must give up medieval ideas and become familiar with the truths of modern science. If you could get a series of articles on the above subjects written in a popular style and publish them in your paper, and afterwards if a demand was created by their publication publish them in pamphlet or even book form, it would be laying a solid, unshakable foundation for the truths of socialism based on concrete knowledge not mere sentiment as too often happens in our time. The trouble is often to get a competent writer who at the

same time can write so as to be easily understood. Yours truly, FRANK SUTHERLAND, Innisfail, Queensland, Australia.

(EDITOR'S NOTE: The DAILY WORKER has before printed a plea for simple scientific articles for workers but had to announce also that it would not be able to pay for such articles. The DAILY WORKER is glad to have the writer's opinion and would be glad if he could himself send in contributions or if anyone else would, under the conditions stated.)

To the DAILY WORKER:—I was interested to read the figures concerning the wide-spread unemployment that exists in Detroit, Mich. Recently, on my way from St. Paul I stopped in Detroit. While riding in one of the trolley cars I noticed the following sign which was placed so prominently that no one could fail to see and read it.

The Ancient Order of Paraders. This is the season of parades. These parades will be held on the principal streets of various cities, resulting in various interruptions to electric railway service and the Companies will be blamed for these delays.

If the public understood exactly what a parade meant in the way of interruption to street car service it might diminish the enthusiasm for the spectacle. Should the railway suffer a breakdown such that no cars moved for a couple of hours an outcry from the angry populace would be heard from one end of the town to the other.

Criticism of the trolley system would be on every tongue. It would be considered an outrage that people should be deprived of transportation for so long a time. I wondered at the time if this was one of the means of preparing and creating a hostile state of mind against possible unemployed demonstrations. What do you think? Rose Pastor Stokes.

N. Y. ATHLETIC CARNIVAL TO BE SPEECHLESS DAY

All for Sport and Fun at Aug. 10 Picnic (Special to the DAILY WORKER) NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Final arrangements have been made for the August 10th Athletic Carnival and Picnic to be held by the local New York Workers Party. The Young Workers League and the Junior Section are helping to make this one of the greatest events in the history of New York.

The Park will be decorated in a novel way. A running track has been built specially for the athletic events. The American Section of the Red Sport International will show their athletic propensities on that day. After the athletic events there will be a baseball game between the Young Workers League and the Workers Party. The Young Workers will have in their line up amongst others, comrades Holland, Darcy and Zam, who will slip them over against the Workers Party. In the Workers Party lineup will be found Ben Gitlow, the candidate for Vice-President of the W. P. ticket, Arthur Leeds, Nessin, Krumbain and others. Harry M. Wintzky, who got his experience umpiring games at Sing Sing will decide balls and strikes.

The facilities of the park are well suited for the affair. Located just at the edge of the Sound it will enable the poetic souls to watch the waves. Numerous benches, all in deep shade and under large trees will give comfort to the crowd. There is plenty of grass for those willing to get closer to earth.

Swings and merry-go-rounds promise days of joy for the kiddies. There will be dancing in a covered pavilion as well as in the open for those interested in another movement. The Finnish South Brooklyn Brass Band will supply the music for the occasion. Food will be dispensed in a generous and efficient manner.

There will be no speeches. The park is easy to get from any part of the city. The Bronx Park subway, eastside or westside to 177th street, then change for the Unionport street car to the east end of the line. An eight minute walk or bus will bring you to the park. Admission is 25 cents.

Work in Farm District. WILLISTON, N. D., Aug. 5.—An important meeting was held here Sunday for the purpose of organizing a sub-district of the Workers Party out of Northwestern North Dakota, with Comrade Andrew Omholt in charge of the work in this territory.

In this section are found some of the most militant farmers in all the West, and while they have been ground down fearfully by the capitalist system in the last few years and lost almost all hope, there is no doubt that the message of Communism will give them renewed courage.

LEFT WING WILL FIGHT "B. & O." AT CONVENTION

Machinists to War On Johnston Reaction (By 'The Federated Press')

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Ten points of attack upon the policy of the administration in the Intl. Assn. of Machinists by the "left wing" delegates in the forthcoming quadrennial convention at Detroit, are being studied by the leaders of the administration element. They anticipate a spirited discussion of all features of the organization during the first week of the proceedings. Emphasis is laid by the left element upon the alleged "company union" character of the plan of co-operation in management with the B. & O. Railroad company, which the administration insist has stabilized employment and bettered the conditions of the men on that system. The convention of lodges on the B. & O. unanimously endorsed the "B. & O. Plan," according to Vice-President Conlon, and it has resulted in a definite strengthening of the union on that road.

The amalgamation issue will again be to the fore. The administration points to its program for amalgamation of all the metal trades, which is balked by the smaller metal trades unions. The opposition is demanding amalgamation of all the railroad workers, under the St. Paul plan. It also protests the present line drawn between craftsmen and helpers, and denounces the drawing of the color line against negroes.

Officers of the I. A. of M. admit that while they took the "white" qualification out of their constitution, at the demand of the A. F. of L. many years ago, they put it back into their obligation oath, so that no Negro is recommended for membership. This is due, they say, to the racial prejudice of members in the south, who formerly numbered some 80,000 when there were only about 10,000 Negro machinists eligible otherwise for union affiliation. The situation is met by sending Negro machinists to the Stationary Firemen and Oilers' union, which welcomes them. With this discrimination the left element is not satisfied.

Finally there is the issue of attempting to secure the 44-hour week. The left wants it done now. The administration counsels delay until conditions are more favorable; it points out that employment is bad and is likely to get worse this winter.

The left demands that the 20 general organizers now appointed by President Johnston be made elective, and that the 5 men expelled from a lodge in Toledo and the two expelled in Los Angeles for "obstruction" be restored to membership.

Connecticut Party Activities

Membership Meetings. To line up the membership for the election campaign, and other work of the party, District Organizer Simons will address a series of membership meetings as follows:

Tuesday, August 5, Waterbury; Thursday, August 7, Bridgeport; Friday, August 8, Stamford; Tuesday, August 12, Springfield, Mass.; Wednesday, August 13, Hartford; Thursday, August 14, Ansonia.

These meetings are intended to put into practice locally the Program of Action so well explained by Comrades Foster and Ruthenberg at the splendid membership meeting held July 22 in New Haven. Local political and industrial problems, circulation of amalgamation papers in the metal trade centers like Bridgeport and New Haven, broadcasting the DAILY WORKER, will be a few of the subjects to be taken up.

All members instructed to attend. Sympathizers will not be admitted. The place of meeting can be found out from your branch secretary or the CCC Secretary.

PITTSBURGH, PA. DR. RASNICK DENTIST Rendering Expert Dental Service for 20 Years 414 SMITHFIELD ST., Near 7th Ave. 167 CENTER AVE., Cor. Arthur St.

Res. 1632 S. Trumbull Ave. Phone Rockwell 5050 MORDECAI SHULMAN ATTORNEY-AT-LAW 701 Association Building 19 S. La Salle Street CHICAGO Dearborn 8657 Central 4945-4947

COMMUNIST-CHILDREN-COLUMN

"SCABS AND SOCIALISTS" By FRANK VALENTINE.

Two years ago I lived in a town of Thomas, West Virginia. Later my father moved to Girard, Ohio. Six months later we moved to Meriden, West Virginia, a little mining town. And now we have been four months in Cleveland, Ohio.

In every town I go there are Slovenians, Socialists and scabs, church members and moving picture-reers. Pardon me, I do not mean that all of the Slovenians are this kind. At least I am not. Those that read the DAILY WORKER are not, I am sure. They are not counted.

In the town of Thomas there were many Slovenians in the Great Coal Strike in 1923. Before the strike the workers were getting one dollar and fourteen cents (\$1.14) on a ton of coal. Now the Slovenian scabs are scabbing for forty-five cents (45c) a ton. That is the last wage-cut.

My father didn't want to be a scab, so he had to move. He went hunting a job. He got one in Girard, Ohio, a mighty poor one. It was only thirty-five cents (35c) an hour. He wasn't making enough to keep the family.

I soon found out what kind of people lived in Girard. A saloon-keeper was a socialist. He had a sign price on "Raisin-Jack." About three foremen, who got their jobs by being scabs in the Ohio Leather Company Strike in 1917. They were foremen, but they only got ten cents more than my father did. The amount of what were their wages? Why, forty-five cents (45c). They worked three times more than my father did. These were all Slovenians. But Slovenians are Slovenians.

All they had in their minds was work, church, and show. The fools were getting seventy-two cents an hour in 1917. Now they

are getting thirty-five (35c). They averaged it up this way: "If we work about fifteen hours a day we will nearly have as much as we did when we were working eight hours a day." They did not realize that they were working nearly two shifts for the same price.

Even the over-timer went to church. They would come from work on Saturdays very late. Next morning he could get up and go to church, and stay till twelve o'clock. After he could eat his dinner he would go to the moving pictures. These are good socialists, aren't they?

My father said, "They are such a crazy, dumb set of people." So he decided to move. We settled in a little mining town in among a good set of people. There was only one certain socialist and a scab. This socialist was on a mine committee of the local union of the United Mine Workers of America. This committeeman lost all the cases that he had to settle. The people got mad and called him "Committee-John." The scab was a strikebreaker. He broke the local union at Norton, W. Va., or some town close there. He was a mine-foreman rather "a mine-sucker."

"Committee-John" worked in the same mine that my father did. He worked in the next room to my father. The "mine-sucker" and "Committee-John" were good friends.

One day "Committee-John" got nine cars to load the coal in while my father only got four. Another day "Committee-John" had to shut down some coal after four o'clock. The "mine-sucker" told the driver to wait for him. Next my father had to shut down the coal and was too late to catch the trip, so he had to walk out. The "mine-sucker" didn't wait for him. You can find many of these kind of people—Socialists and Scabs.

Federated Press Jingles. A awful lot's been sed of late that workers should co-operate and share industrial gains and losses by hitching up long side the bosses. Now I'm prepared to show you guys that such a scheme is fur from wise. The lambs and lions do not share a distribution that is fair. The poor lamb soon is lost to sight to feed the lion's appetite, and ends a life that's somewhat restive by filling cavities digestive. The pussy cat has the last word in conversation with the bird.

There's profit-sharing, for example, which is a very modern sample of kidding workman to think that he is an investing gink. There's schemes to sell us guys a block of lithographed and pale pink stock, by which we make the boss a loan, and not a damned thing do we own. They give us stock for what we've lent, but hug their fifty-one per cent and keep the business as a whole under their unperturbed control.

Unemployment Crisis Is Severe for Machinists (By Federated Press) WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Unemployment is steadily gaining on the mill and factory industries thruout the United States, and organized labor must expect another wholesale wage-cutting attempt as soon as the presidential campaign is over, says P. J. Conlon, vice-president of the Intl. Assn. of Machinists. Hundreds of thousands of metal workers are employed this summer on the farms, he finds. As plants have reduced their force or have closed down altogether, the mechanics have gone to the farms and have temporarily found work. But when the harvest is in and cold weather arrives, these men will return to the towns—to find that a general reduction of employment in their various trades has been developing.

This is one of the most serious problems with which the Machinists' convention, meeting Sept. 15 in Detroit, will have to deal. They face the possibility that there will be fewer jobs next winter than at any time since the spring of 1921. Hard times are ahead, and not merely for the metal trades. New York states shows a reduction in factory employment of 7 per cent for April and May. There were 10 per cent less jobs in the industries of the country in May this year than in May of 1923. Textile workers are worse off than the metal workers, but almost every group except the building trades has a share in the depression.

N. Y. Halls To Rent. Meeting rooms and lecture hall for rent; reasonable. Workers Hall, 1347 Boston Road, Bronx, New York City, B. Robbins Section Secretary.

THE WORKERS PARTY Press Picnic RAIN OR SHINE will be held at Riverview Park August 10th, SUNDAY, Admission 35 cents The ticket also entitles holder to reduced rates on all the amusements. Support the Communist Press Auspices: Workers Party, Local Chicago. All profits for the DAILY WORKER and other party papers.

The World of Labor • Industry & Agriculture

WHEAT FRAUDS BY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HEAD

Julius Barnes Branded as Crooked Exporter

By LAWRENCE TODD.
(Special to the Daily Worker.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Julius Barnes, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, chief oracle of business morality—after Judge Gary and James M. Emery—wherever men of "substance" gather around an expensive dinner board, is in trouble.

It isn't because he is the last faithful follower of Herbert Hoover, once prominent in American politics and price-fixing, nor because he is responsible for the mysterious conditions under which the million dollar "American-plan" headquarters of the Chamber, opposite the White House, is being erected by an all-union force of building mechanics.

Barnes is embarrassed by this biliousness from the Federal Trade Commission:

"The Commission has issued a citation directed to Barnes-Ames Company, New York City, and a subsidiary, the Barnes-Irwin Co., of Philadelphia, exporters of wheat. The complaint alleges that the respondents have shipped to foreign countries wheat of an inferior quality than that specified, such wheat containing quantities of chaff, straw, weed seeds, soil, sand, and other foreign substances.

"According to the citation, the respondents' alleged acts have the capacity and tendency to injure and damage generally the reputation and business of persons of the United States competing with respondents in export trade, and to bring into disrepute in foreign countries the respondents' competitors.

"Under the law, whenever the Commission has reason to believe that an unfair method of competition has been used against the public interest, it must issue its complaint. However, the question whether or not such method has been used is not passed upon by the Commission until after respondents have had 30 days in which to answer and the issue has been tried out."

Radio Makes Prisoner's Fame
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 5.—Fame waiting at the prison gates for Virgil Coombs, came today in a guise that was unknown when the 23 year old boy started serving time for murder seven years ago. His "Peaceful Village" prison band is known to radio audiences as one of the best in the country and that acclaim has brought him flattering offers.

The boy was sentenced to life for conspiring with a woman for the murder of her husband. He was taking music lessons from the couple when the woman became infatuated with him. Governor Hyde commuted his sentence a year ago.

Send in that Subscription Today.

PRETTY CHORUS GIRLS NO LONGER AT MANAGERS' MERCY; ACTORS' UNION GIVES THEM PROTECTION

By BEATRICE CARLIN
(For the Federated Press)

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—With the opening of the theatrical season only a few weeks off, the Chorus Equity Association is putting into operation its new 10-year agreement with the Managers' Protective Association. The contract provides that at least 80 per cent of every chorus shall be Equity members, and the other 20 per cent shall be required to pay to the Chorus Equity an amount equal to the dues they would pay if they were members of Equity in good standing. All other managers are guaranteeing a 100 per cent Equity chorus.

This union has accomplished changes of far-reaching effect in the last six years, for its chorus men and girls. In this profession, where youth and beauty are ever at a premium, members come, have their little vogue, and go again, so that within 5 to 10 years there may be an entire shift of personnel. Comparatively few of the younger members of the present-day chorus are veterans of the bitter fight of 1919.

Paying Her Bills.
In the old days before the 1919 strike, the chorus girl had to pay for her shoes and stockings. One girl tells of rehearsing for 10 weeks, (without pay as was then common), and having a \$80 shoe bill presented to her the opening night out of town. To pay this bill \$5 a week was deducted from her salary of \$25. But the manager decided to change costumes for one number before the New York opening so the shoes for that number had to be discarded and others purchased. The week before the opening, the cast was laid off without salary, new shoes and stockings had to be bought at six week intervals during the entire New York season, and when the show finally closed, our gay young chorus girl was in debt \$55 to the management, although a week had been taken out of her salary all season.

Since the Chorus Equity turned the tables on the managers by making them pay for shoes and stockings, one or two sets have a friendly way of lasting thru the season.

Pay For Rehearsal.
There used to be a little trick in the game, of rehearsing from 10 to 16 weeks, without pay, just on the chance of being kept on for the show. But if, after 8 or 9 weeks rehearsal without pay, a girl did not suit, or the manager took a notion, for personal reasons, to dismiss her, he was within his rights in doing so. The Chorus Equity has scotched that by insisting that all rehearsals over 4 weeks be paid for and the managers who had called the heavens to witness that a show could not go on without at least 8 weeks rehearsal, contrive very well now with 4 weeks.

Protection on the Road.
Before the strike, managers jumped chorus people all over the country,—the chorus paid for their own sleepers. The managers pay now, and forthwith it has become possible for the chorus to travel in daylight hours. Since August, 1919, the old

abusiveness of letting girls out without notice, sometimes far from home, without return fare, has been made impossible. Likewise, if a member chooses to leave the chorus after proper notice, it is necessary for her to pay only her own fare back, and not also the successor's fare on. If the management wishes to fire a member of the chorus, two weeks' notice is required and fare paid both for the outgoing and the oncoming member.

WORKERS ON KNIT GOODS FORM UNION

Strong Philadelphia Local Organized

By L. F. LA BRIE.
(Special to the Daily Worker.)
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 5.—A Philadelphia Local of the Knit Goods Workers Union was organized at an enthusiastic and well attended meeting held at the Amalgamated Center, 431 Pine St. The meeting was conducted under the chairmanship of Brother Wm. Borland, secretary of the Amalgamated Lace Operatives of America. Brothers Wm. Vance of the Tapestry Carpet Workers Union of this city and L. F. La Brie, secretary-treasurer of the Federated Textile Unions of America were the principal speakers. Anna Litvakoff of the Ladies Garment Workers Union addressed the meeting in Yiddish.

The speakers ably pointed out that the only form of organization that is capable of successfully fighting the bosses is the industrial form which takes in all workers engaged in all the various branches of the industry. Numerous instances were brought to light which clearly showed how craft unionism helps to divide the workers instead of uniting them.

The Executive Committee was elected consisting of one representative from each shop. Frank Goodison was elected secretary. It is planned to hold a series of meetings in the near future in various sections of the city where the Knit Goods shops are located.

A letter of greetings from the Knit Goods Union of New York was read and received with spirited applause.

Workers Organize a Group to Study Ido, Worldwide Language

PITTSBURGH, Pa., August 5.—A number of workers, who are taking the international language question seriously, gathered at the International Lyceum last Sunday night, where Comrade E. J. Horacek, vice-chairman of the Workers Ido Federation and secretary of the local C. C. C. of W. P., lectured on the subject.

In his usual clear and logical way the speaker described the evolution of the international language movement. He pointed out the enormous difficulties and waste of time at the international congresses, where so many nationalities are trying to make themselves understood by using three or four national languages. He shortly described the logical construction of IDO and also related how the C. I. appointed a Study Commission which recommended to base the propaganda for an international language upon the study of IDO. There are two groups of people, which show an increasing interest in this question and which will bring the final solution of the problem about, the radio fans and the Communists. The speaker showed that the working class is one that mostly need an auxiliary language and consequently are most interested in the problem.

After the lecture a local group was organized with over a dozen members. A class was also arranged for that will be held every Monday night at 7 o'clock at the International Lyceum. Those interested in joining the class or the group can get further information from the local chairman, Comrade S. Kolesar, 3110 Westborn street, N. S. Pittsburgh.

LABOR BOARD DELAYS

The Railroad Labor Board postponed until September 8th hearings in the controversy between forty-three Western railroads and the Brotherhoods of Enginemen and Firemen.

SOCIALIST SAYS FRANCE WILLING TO GREET RUSSIA

De Jure Recognition Is Favored by Unions

(Rosta News.)
MOSCOW, Aug. 5.—Mrs. Jouhaux, the prominent French Trades Union leader and delegate of the French Socialist Party to the Congress of the Amsterdam International of Trade Unions, stated that he was in favor of de jure recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. He further stated that this demand was put forth by the French Trade Unions and that the actual political position in France was such as to make possible negotiations on this matter without any complications.

The only question that might offer some difficulty is that of the old Tsarist debts to small French bond and obligation-holders, but even that question could be fairly easily solved if the Soviet showed any willingness to meet half-way the wishes of these holders.

"I can assure you with confidence," declared Mr. Jouhaux, "that Mr. Herriot is certainly in favor of de jure recognition of the USSR. At the same time, the French General Union of Trade Unions also favors the immediate resumption of normal relations with the Soviet Republics. As for various economic and financial outstanding questions between the two countries, they can always be taken up and discussed at some future time."

Referring to the question of co-operation between the Trade Union movements of both countries, Mr. Jouhaux stated that he was in favor of admitting the Russian Trade Unions into the Amsterdam International, as it was incongruous to prolong the separate existence of two parallel Trade Union Internationals. "If the Russian Trade-Unionists come forth with such a demand, they will not find the way closed to them," concluded the French leader.

MUSSOLINI SUPPRESSES MORE NEWSPAPERS FOR CRITICIZING FASCISTI

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

ROME, Italy, August 5.—Premier Mussolini has had to back down on the suppression of the seven Milan newspapers (all the city's dailies except his own brother's) and rescind the order. Of course he charges that the local authorities interpreted the censorship decree "too broadly."

He has not rescinded the suppression of "Serenio" here, which started the trouble by publishing a sensational article entitled "The Dramatic Confrontation of Dumini and Filippelli," in which Filippelli's letter to a friend was published. Filippelli wrote that he expected to be free soon because he "had demonstrated his own innocence."

GENEVA LABOR BUREAU SECRETARY WOULD LIKE TO SEE SOVIET RUSSIA

(Rosta News.)

MOSCOW, (by mail).—In reply to a question by press representatives at Vienna, where he attended the Congress of the Amsterdam International of Trade Unions, as to his views on the situation of the workers and on the social laws in the Union of Soviet Republics, Mr. Albert Thomas, General Secretary of the International Bureau of Labor, attached to the League of Nations, stated that this was a question which interested him very much and that he considered necessary to establish direct contact between the Bureau of Labor and the Soviet Trades-Union organizations. If possible, he said, the best way would be to establish there a system of correspondents just in the same way as in the United States of America.

Mr. Thomas added that, in his view, the best way of establishing effective contact would be his own trip to the Soviet Union and expressed the hope that it would be possible for him personally to go there some time.

JEWISH COLONISTS TO GET LAND IN UKRAINE FOR FARMING USAGE

MOSCOW, Aug. 5.—The People's Commissariat for Agriculture in the Ukraine has published its decision to allot, from the general colonization area in the neighborhood of the Jewish colonies in the Ukraine, land for Jewish colonization purposes.

The Crimean District Committee of the Communist Party has adopted a resolution to consider in principle: first, whether it is possible to settle Jewish farmers on the free land in the Crimea, and second, to investigate, together with a special committee to be appointed for that purpose, the possibilities of settling Jewish town workers on the available land.

UNCLE WIGGILY'S TRICKS

BROUGH, England, Aug. 5.—The American round the world flyers plan to hop off Monday for Kirkwall, Scotland, where the flight across the Atlantic will begin.

GARY CHUCKLES AS HE RAISES DIVIDENDS WHILE 60,000 STEEL WORKERS WALK THE STREETS

By LELAND OLDS
(Federated Press Industrial Editor)

Sixty thousand steel workers are walking the streets and the earnings of those still with a job have shrunk 12 1/2 per cent, but Judge Gary is optimistic. Why not? He announces with satisfaction that U. S. Steel will pay not only the regular quarterly \$1.25 a share on its common stock but also the extra 50c a share inaugurated out of the generous profits of last year.

The giant corporation's profit for the second quarter of 1924 amounted to \$41,831,039 in spite of the steady decline in production to less than two-thirds of capacity. Total profits for the six months ended June 30 were \$91,456,484. Gary has enough profits to pay the full year's regular dividends and the extras in addition.

Soft for Baker.
Gary's privileged class won't feel the depression in their pocketbooks. There's George F. Baker, for instance. In March this multi-millionaire owned 58,650 shares of U. S. Steel. His little check for the second quarter must have been about \$102,637.50. He is probably optimistic too.

But how about the steel workers whose average quarterly earnings figure at about 1-270 of the share of this single stockholder? Reports to the department of labor show that approximately one-sixth of those employed in March are on the streets today. This means from 60,000 to 70,000 unemployed in the industry. Those still at work have had their average weekly pay reduced from \$31.10 in March and \$30.59 during the first quarter to \$26.85.

22 PER CENT LESS IN WAGES

The working population dependent upon the steel industry for support is getting in total weekly wage payments 22 per cent less than during the first quarter.

The corporation excess profits do not support these workers during involuntary idleness. They belong to property to keep the owners from suffering any loss in spending power even during a protracted depression. The monopolistic control exercised by this corporation enables it to maintain prices which will net a profit of \$12,000,000 a month with operations cut to less than 2-3 capacity. What would the owners say to a rule which would give workers a full year's earnings even the employed only two-thirds of the time?

ELECTRIC LAMPS IN MINES

Electric lamps for miners are rapidly supplanting the old flame safety lamps, according to a bulletin just published by the United States Bureau of Mines, department of the Interior. There are about 200,000 electric lamps in use now in the United States.

The booklet goes into the history of coal mining as connected with lamps and offers much interesting data. It may be secured by writing for Bulletin 227, "Flame Safety Lamps," Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

BREAD PRICES RISE

VANCOUVER, B. C., Aug. 5.—Bread prices have already gone up a cent a loaf of 18 ounces. The bakers declare this is because of increased prices of flour and wheat. From Saskatchewan, in the heart of the wheat country, bread is 3 loaves for 27 cents, an increase of 2 cents per 3 loaves. The farmers are complaining because the middle-men, the stock market gamblers got the increase and they, being pressed by bankers to sell early, got poor prices for wheat and now pay dearly for bread.

MELON DOESN'T CARE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Smuggling of aliens and narcotics into the United States has become almost as serious a problem as illegal booze running. Following disclosures at New York that shiploads of aliens and cargoes of narcotics form a part of the notorious "Rum Row" just outside the twelve-mile limit, agents of the Treasury Department requested authority of the State Department to make an official inspection of the rum fleet to determine conditions there.

ANOTHER BIRD

LYONS, France, August 5.—Major Zanni, Argentine aviator who is attempting a round-the-world flight, left at 10:55 o'clock for Rome.

OLD SOCIALIST JOINS WORKERS AID IN GERMANY

Ledebour Dissents from Social-Democrat Stand

In the following letter to the Internationale Arbeiter Hilfs Komite, Comrade Ledebour takes sides against the decisions of the Social-Democratic Party. Ledebour is one of the oldest Socialist leaders of Germany:

June 22nd, 1924.

To the Central Committee of the Internationale Workers' Aid (I. A. H.) Berlin, Germany.

Dear Comrades:

As I have consented to your proposal to become a member of the Central Committee of the I. A. H., I find it necessary to give you my position toward the I. A. H. This seems to be necessary so much the more as at the convention of the United Social Democrat Parties the propaganda which was carried on for some time against the Internationale Workers' Aid has culminated in a decision which declares that participation and membership in the I. A. H. is incompatible with membership in the S. D. P.

The attacks made before by the same people have at an earlier stage given me occasion to express myself for the I. A. H. when in the City Hall a few months ago a protest meeting was called at which Comrade Munzenberg reported.

The conviction that I expressed at that time is still my conviction. The I. A. H. has made it its task to protect the suffering proletariat of all countries against drowning in complete misery. This is an exceptionally praiseworthy task which should be supported by the comrades of all tendencies and there are comrades and members of all tendencies represented in the Executive bodies.

It is absurd—this claim of the S. D. P. that the I. A. H. could not be non-partisan because the Communists took the initiative in forming it. If that were our point of view, there would never be any chance for common action because it is in the nature of things that someone must always start.

It shows an exceptionally petty way of thinking if one does not participate just because another party or another tendency has taken the first step. Just because I desire that every opportunity for common action of the diverse tendencies should be exploited in the interest of the whole proletarian movement, therefore I consider it my duty, in the face of the uncalculated attacks of the S. D. P. convention to support the I. A. H. so much more vigorously.

I want to let you know that I am fully satisfied if you reprint the above lines.

With friendly greetings,
GEORGE LEDEBOUR

YOUR UNION MEETING

- FIRST WEDNESDAY, AUG. 6, 1924.
- | No. | Name of Local and Place of Meeting. |
|-------|---|
| 38 | Amalgamated Clothing Workers, 1564 N. Robey St. |
| 179 | B. & S. I. W., Stone Derrick, 180 W. Washington St. |
| 131 | Bell Line Federation, 82nd and Halsted. |
| 2 | Brick and Clay, Village Hall, Lansing. |
| 10 | Carpenters, 12 Garfield Blvd. |
| 21 | Carpenters, Western and Lexington. |
| 242 | Carpenters, 5443 S. Ashland Ave. |
| 250 | Carpenters, Blacker's Hall, Lake Forest. |
| 643 | Carpenters, 180 W. Washington St. |
| 1693 | Carpenters, 505 S. State St. |
| 1784 | Carpenters, 1633 N. Halsted St. |
| | H. Fehling, Rec. Sec'y., 2253 Grace St. Irving 757. |
| 1922 | Carpenters, 6414 S. Halsted St. |
| 2289 | Carpenters, 113 S. Ashland Blvd. |
| 293 | Carvers (Wood), 1819 N. California. |
| | Conductors (R. R.), 127 N. Francisco Ave., 7 P. M. |
| 798 | Electricians, 127 N. Francisco Ave. |
| 85 | Engineers, So. Chi., 11405 Michigan Avenue. |
| 47 | Firemen and Enginemen, 7429 S. Chicago Ave., 9:30 a. m. |
| 275 | Firemen and Enginemen, Lake and Francisco, 9:30 a. m. |
| 115 | Hod Carriers District Council, 814 W. Harrison St. |
| 10 | Janitors (Mun.), Kedzie and Belmont. |
| 5 | Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. Van Buren St. |
| 366 | Machinists, 818 W. 55th St. |
| 478 | Machinists, 3802 W. Madison St. |
| 833 | Machinists, 1182 Milwaukee Ave. |
| 515 | Maintenance of Way, 5324 S. Halsted St. |
| 23 | Marine Cooks, 357 N. Clark St. |
| 54 | Molders, 2800 W. Madison St. |
| 624 | Painters, 182 W. Washington St. |
| 893 | Painters, Moose Hall, La Grange. |
| 972 | Painters, Odd Fellows Hall, Blue Island. |
| 5 | Plasterers, 910 W. Monroe St. |
| 16653 | Poultry and Game, 200 Water St. |
| 236 | Railroad Clerks, 549 W. Washington. |
| 225 | Railroad Trainmen, 812 W. 59th St. |
| 800 | Railroad Trainmen, 64th and University. |
| 73 | Sheet Metal, 714 W. Harrison St. |
| 723 | Solders (Soda), 220 S. Ashland Blvd. |
| 783 | Teamsters, 220 S. Ashland Blvd. |
| 769 | Teamsters, 659 S. Ashland Ave. |
| 247 | Typographical, 5015 N. Clark St. |
| 8 | Wall Paper Crafts, Chicago and Western Aves. |
- (Note—Unless otherwise stated all meetings are at 8 p. m.)

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AUGUST 10th—SUNDAY PRESS PICNIC DAY

RIVERVIEW—RAIN OR SHINE

OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A DAINTY TEA APRON.



4832. Lawn, dotted Swiss or cretonne could be used for this design. It is also attractive in unbleached muslin, with pipings or bindings of contrasting material or color.

The pattern is cut in one size: Medium. It will require 2 1/4 yards of 36 inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps.

Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UP-TO-DATE FALL AND WINTER 1924-1925 BOOK OF FASHIONS.

Address: The Daily Worker, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

A SIMPLE SET OF INFANT'S GARMENTS.



4825. The styles here portrayed are extremely simple and easy to develop. The dress may be of nainsook or lawn. The petticoat of long cloth or flannel. The sack of flannel, crepe or silk and the bonnet of crepe de chine, faille or lawn.

This pattern is cut in one size: The dress will require 1 1/2 yard. The petticoat 1 1/4 yard. The sack 3/4 yard and the bonnet 3/4 yard of 32 or 36-inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps.

Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UP-TO-DATE FALL AND WINTER 1924-1925 BOOK OF FASHIONS.

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A LAUGH FOR THE CHILDREN



THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. (Phone: Monroe 4712)

Table with 3 columns: Subscription Rates, By mail, and By mail (in Chicago only). Includes rates for \$6.00, \$8.00, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$2.00, and \$2.50.

Address all mail and make out checks to THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGDAHL, WILLIAM F. DUNNE, MORITZ J. LOEB. Editors and Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923 at the Post-Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

The Internal Struggle in the Industrial Workers of the World

The factional fight in the Industrial Workers of the World which is daily growing deeper and more intense, is of great significance to the American revolutionary labor movement and will be watched with the greatest interest by all militants.

But charges and counter-charges, accusations and recriminations of a personal nature will not be accepted by revolutionary workers as a strong enough platform for either group to stand on.

What are the policies of these rival groups, which are driving them to such desperate measures to gain control of the organization? This is the question which has not yet been answered.

Such an action would only serve to further confuse and demoralize the situation. It is in basic conflict with the principle of the unity of the labor movement, which the Communists are fighting for in all labor organizations.

The same policy which brings the Communists into conflict with the Industrial Workers of the World in those fields of organization where the attempts to organize the Industrial Workers of the World involves a split in the ranks of the organized workers in those industries, and the existence of rival organizations, leads us also to a flat opposition to this attempt to make a split in the ranks of the Industrial Workers of the World.

The Communists have found it necessary to take issue with the Industrial Workers of the World on a number of important points. The present administration has continued the throttling censorship of former officials against every word in favor of the Red International of Labor Unions.

The Industrial Workers of the World is moreover, strictly out of order when it attempts to invade fields in which other labor organizations have gained substantial footing. Its attempt to ignore existing labor unions and to set itself up as the complete labor movement is wrong.

But in spite of these differences, wherever and to the extent that the Industrial Workers of the World is functioning as a labor organization, as a center of resistance for the workers in their desperate struggle against the exploiters, the Communists support it, and stand four-square against this attempt to bring a split into its ranks.

A Healthy Sore!

The new editor of the New Majority did not have a very high opinion of the editorial ability of his predecessor, but after reading the first paragraph in a leading article on the front page of the above paper in the issue of August 2, we cannot help reaching the conclusion that a little better acquaintance with the English language would not do the present editor any harm.

In commenting on the report made by Stephen A. Doyle, on espionage in industry, before a meeting of the C. P. P. A., the editor characterized espionage as a "constantly growing sore on a healthy body."

How a body with "constantly growing sores" can be healthy is beyond us, but perhaps the editor had in the mind the American Federation of Labor which has plenty of sores but yet is sufficiently healthy to provide sustenance for thousands of parasites, known as labor fakers who prey on its membership.

A new member for the Workers Party and a new subscriber to The DAILY WORKER.

The German Debacle and After

The wire-pulling and scene-shifting behind the diplomatic curtains of the London Reparations Conference are a distinct tribute to the prowess of the American capitalist class in its uninterrupted march towards mastery of the industries and resources of Europe.

At no time was there any doubt as to what our ruling class was after in Europe. To our biggest bankers and industrial magnates Europe, like Asia, South America, and Africa, was simply another economic prize to be won in their struggle for world commercial and political supremacy.

Today, American imperialist policy is being written by our secretaries of state and the treasury and is being dictated by a score of our leading bankers who are now vacationing in the capitals across the Atlantic.

And at whose expense? Just now it is the ruins of what once was the mighty German industrial organization that is whetting the appetite of our profiteering class. The German Wholesalers Association says more than two thousand German firms are in a state of bankruptcy.

But what will come after the economic subjugation of Germany by American capitalists? The continent of Europe tends to be an economic entity despite the countless artificial barriers put up against its natural functioning.

We Stand For the Living!

Crocodile tears stream from the eyes of every capitalist editor in America. The "silent homage" to the million dead German soldiers, was broken by the German Communists singing the Internationale, distributing leaflets and shouting "Down with war! Long live the Soviet Republic!"

The Chicago Tribune stood aghast. Though it, and the other American prostitutes of the press had charged all manner of atrocities against these German soldiers, though they had spurred on American workers to shoot, stab and disembowel these German soldiers, and be shot, stabbed and disemboweled by them—in behalf of Morgan's loans to the Allies—it wails that "the solemn dignity of the nation's tribute to the men killed on the battle fields was broken."

The Communists are enemies of "solemn dignity" of this sort. We know that the same hypocrites who, as the socialist "opposition" to the Kaiser, before war promised the German workers to prevent the Kaiser from declaring war, turned traitor, embraced the Kaiser, blessed the war and drove the workers to the trenches. More! We know that these same hypocrites are now the "socialist" government of Germany, and that any demonstration of sympathy they make for the million workers they sent to slaughter is a ghastly fraud.

We Communists further know that this fraud, if believed by the masses, would permit another million workers to be tricked into the trenches, because they trust that those traitors like Ebert and Noske and Scheidemann, who show sympathy with their dead, would not make war like the Kaiser did, would not permit another world slaughter.

We Communists know this illusion of the masses. We bend every effort to expose the hypocrites in all nations who make the workers feel secure in trusting them until they trick more millions of men into war. That is the reason our German comrades risked collision with militia and police armed with rifles, to expose the gigantic and threatening fake, to tear the mask from war-making hypocrites posing as peace-makers. We want no more million dead German workers for Ebert to shed tears over. We stand for the living!

It is a fitting commemorative service for the beginning of the imperialist war ten years ago, that the first days of August should see a new world war being conceived at the London Conference. When this embryo comes to birth the astonished pacifists who now cheer for the Dawes Plan, will not recognize their god-child.

The Tribune, editorializing on Lenin, says he was "incorruptible, a type of fanatic." It is sufficient evidence, according to capitalist standards, that if a leader of labor is incorruptible, he must be crazy.

Since the "progressives" of Montana have, in endorsing LaFollette, ignored Wheeler and chosen Bryan as "mighty" Bob's side-kick, the Montana socialists will have to "embrace this golden opportunity" to support the democratic party.

The Communist Daily of Paris, France, has a circulation of one quarter million daily. Get a subscription for The DAILY WORKER.

Wrench Governmental Power from Capitalists

Workers Party Election Platform Denounces Davis, Coolidge, LaFollette as Supporters of Capitalism

(Continued from page 1)

person in this country. This high standard of life is denied the workers and exploited farmers of the United States. Millions of these producers of wealth are able to secure for their labor only the means for a bare existence.

These conditions prevail in a country in which we have the means of supplying a high standard of life to every person because a relatively small class has fastened its grip upon the raw materials and industries and uses these to enrich itself at the expense of the producers.

The raw materials and industries of the United States are owned by the Gays, Morgans, Rockefeller, Fords, McCormicks and other great capitalists. The workers and farmers alike pay tribute to these capitalists.

It is this system of capitalist ownership of industry, which gives the wealth produced to the few, that denies the millions of industrial workers, agricultural workers and exploited farmers the enjoyment of that high standard of life which their labor and the wealth they produce makes possible in this country.

It is this system of capitalist ownership of industry which is the basis of the class struggle between the workers, fighting for more of what they produce, and the capitalists ever bent on securing greater and greater profits for themselves.

How the Capitalists Use the Government.

The government of the United States is and has been a government of, by, and for the capitalists. It is thru the government and use of the governmental power that the capitalists maintain their grip on the industries and their power to rob the industrial workers, agricultural workers and farmers.

During the war, with the connivance of government officials, the capitalists looted the country of billions of wealth. Since the war the shipping board deals, the war veteran's board corruption, the Teapot Dome exposures, have shown how the capitalists fill their pockets at the expense of the working and farming masses.

Governmental legislation is framed so as to yield the capitalists more and more profits. Tariff laws, taxation laws, agrarian bank laws, are all framed so as to enable the bankers and industrial magnates to take more

and more of what the workers produce.

To prevent the workers from securing better wages and working conditions thru strikes, the capitalists use the government to destroy these strikes. The disgraceful Daugherty injunction against the railway shopmen, the use of troops against the miners in their strike in 1922, the use of the Railway Labor Board against the railroad workers, are only outstanding examples of the continual use of the governmental power by the capitalists to protect themselves in taking greater and greater profits out of the labor of the workers.

The government is a dictatorship of the capitalists and their instrument for the oppression and exploitation of the workers. Altho the workers are permitted to vote, the capitalists are able, thru their control of the means of information and thru their economic power to completely dominate the government, national, state and local.

The Election This Year. It is these conditions which the workers and exploited farmers must consider in using their political power in the election this year.

The capitalist dictatorship has named two candidates. The Republican, strikebreaker Coolidge, and the Morgan-Rockefeller lawyer Davis. Both are agents of the capitalist class. They, and the other candidates of the two old parties will loyally serve the capitalists if returned to power—as they have done in the past.

LaFollette, who is running as an independent, progressive Republican, is equally a supporter of the capitalist system of exploitation. The only difference between LaFollette and Coolidge and Davis is that LaFollette represents the independent manufacturers, bankers and merchants, who are seeking greater power and profit for themselves and are trying to use the workers and farmers to attain that end.

LaFollette is the representative of little business against big business, but not the representative of the workers and exploited farmers in their struggle against the capitalists. LaFollette's platform is not a workers' and farmer's platform, but a little business man's platform with some bait thrown in for sections of the skilled workers.

Against these three candidates of the capitalist system of exploitation, big and little, the Workers (Communist) Party presents working class candidates—Foster and Gitlow—and a working class platform.

The Workers Must Rule.

There is only one way in which the exploitation of the workers—and farmers of this country can be ended. That is through the workers organizing their mass power, ending the capitalist dictatorship and establishing the Workers and Farmers Government.

In place of the capitalist dictatorship there must be established the rule of the workers. The governmental power must be used in the interest of the workers and farmers as it is now used by the capitalist dictatorship in the interest of the capitalist class.

The Russian Workers and Peasants have established their rule in the form of the Soviet Government and are using their power against the capitalists and for themselves—to

build a Communist social system which will give the workers and farmers the fruits of their toil.

The Workers Party is fighting for the rule of the thirty million workers and their families in the United States. This rule will be established thru a Proletarian Revolution which will create a Soviet Government and the Dictatorship of the Proletariat.

This Workers and Farmers Government will wrest out of the hands of the capitalists—the raw material and great industries and operate them for the happiness and well-being of the producers. It will build in place of the capitalist system of production a Communist system of production.

IMMEDIATE PROGRAM

1.—For a Mass Farmer-Labor Party. The Workers Party has for two years carried on a consistent campaign for the formation of a mass Farmer-Labor Party to unite the industrial workers and exploited farmers for independent political action.

The Workers Party calls upon workers and exploited farmers to join it in the struggle to establish the Workers and Farmers Government in the United States. It urges them to demonstrate their support of the program of the Workers Party by voting against the three capitalist candidates and for the Communist candidates—Foster and Gitlow.

2.—Nationalization of Industry and Workers Control. The Workers Party declares itself in favor of the immediate nationalization of all large-scale industries, such as railroads, mines, super-power plants and means of communication and transportation, and for the organization of the workers in these industries for participation in the management and direction of the industries nationalized, thus developing industrial democracy, until industry comes under the control of those who produce the wealth of the nation, subject only to such general control as will protect the interest of the producers as a whole.

3.—Compel Industry and the Government to Pay Wages to the Unemployed. Industry in the United States is slowing down and the workers face another period of industrial crisis with millions of unemployed unable to earn a living. The Workers Party declares that industry must support the unemployed to whom it cannot give work. The government must take the accumulated profits of industry. It must levy excess profit and inheritance taxes to create an unemployment fund, to be administered by the workers, for payment of union wages to workers without jobs. The Workers Party will initiate the organization of

unemployment councils to fight for these demands.

4.—Down with Injunction and the Use of Police and Soldiers Against Workers. The Workers Party calls upon the workers and exploited farmers to fight with it against the use of injunction in labor disputes, intimidation of strikers thru police and soldiers, and the use of criminal syndicalist laws to suppress the demands of the revolutionary workers, as well as other infringements of the rights of the workers.

5.—Release All Political and Class War Prisoners. The Workers Party will fight for the immediate and unconditional release of all workers imprisoned because of their political or economic views and for participation in the class struggle.

6.—Land for the Users—Nationalize the Farmers Marketing Industries. Land was created for all the people and we demand a system of land tenure which will eliminate landlordism and tenantry and will secure the land to the users thereof. We demand the nationalization of all means of transportation and industries engaged in the preparation and distribution of farm products, with participation of the farmers in the management of these industries.

7.—Down with Militarism and Imperialist Wars. The World War and its slaughter of millions and destruction of billions of wealth was the product of capitalist imperialism. The capitalist government of the United States is already preparing for a new war. It is using its power to oppress weaker nations in the interest of the capitalists, as in Haiti, Santo Domingo and Central America. It is holding the Philippine Islands in subjection. It is aiding to force the Dawes plan upon Germany in order to enslave the workers of that country. The Workers Party will fight against militarism and imperialist wars and the use of the governmental power for the exploitation of weaker nations. It demands freedom for the Philippines and the right of self-determination for all colonies and territories of the United States.

8.—Recognize the Workers and Peasants Government of Russia. The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics is the only workers' and farmers' government in the world. The capitalist government of the United States refuses it recognition and the restoration of full trade relations. The Workers Party will rally the workers for immediate, unconditional recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

The measures outlined here are measures for immediate struggle and mobilization of the workers against the capitalist class and the capitalist dictatorship in the United States. The end of the glaring evils of capitalist society can only come with the victory of the workers and the establishment of the Workers and Peasants Government, thru which capitalism will be abolished and the Communist society created. The Workers Party will carry on the struggle until this goal is achieved.

Central Executive Committee, Workers Party of America, William Z. Foster, Chairman, C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Secy.

Teachers' Councils and the Platoon System

BY KARL REEVE.

THE voluminous report condemning the platoon school system, approved by the last meeting of the Chicago Federation of Labor, is obviously an attempt by Victor Olander to gain prestige among the workers on a "safe" issue. Olander's report is in no sense a working class or militant labor document.

The report which was written by Olander and presented to the Federation by John Fitzpatrick on behalf of the executive board, ignores the issues of the conflicting interests of the workers and capitalists in the educational system. No mention is made of the teachers council movement. The militaristic propaganda in the schools is completely ignored. It is not explained that teachers often lose their jobs for attempting to teach the truth about history and economics. No protest is made in the report against the use of text books which glorify war, and inspire the pupils to be good industrial slaves on the chance of achieving "success."

The evil effects of maintaining schools with the tax on large corporations is not touched upon. Altho the report mentions Hindu castes, no mention is made of the class struggle between the captains of industry and the workers. The domination of the school system by corrupt politicians and by the capitalists is not demonstrated. NO CONSTRUCTIVE MEASURES OF WORKERS' CONTROL OF INDUSTRY OR PARENTS AND TEACHERS' CONTROL OF SCHOOLS IS BROACHED.

Olander weakly declares that the platoon system overcrowds the schools and injects hasty and machine-like methods which are bad for the child into the educational system. But the report, while it eliminates

all reference to the relation of the public school system to the class struggle, on the contrary, objects to the caste system of classification as an attempt to draw class lines. The class lines are "most certainly" there. The militarist propaganda of the capitalists is there. The attempt of big business to make the schools a robot factory for manufacturing trained slaves, knowing a vocation; but unable to think independently, is there. The struggles of the teachers for freedom of education is there, BUT OLANDER'S REPORT DID NOT MAKE THESE "RADICAL" ASSESSMENTS WHICH MIGHT GET HIM IN BAD WITH HIS POLITICAL FRIENDS.

It remained for Arne Swaback, delegate to the Federation from the Painters' union, to expose the futility of Olander's concoction. "No mention is made of the work of the teachers councils," Swaback told the Federation. "The teachers are the ones who know how the children should be taught. The most important issue before the Federation on this matter is a demand that the teachers councils be given control of the educational methods. And yet this lengthy report makes no mention of teachers councils."

These brief remarks of Swaback called forth a defense by Olander which consumed forty-five minutes, and which, when stripped of its clever rhetoric and flowery oratory, was as perverted and reactionary as Olander's speeches generally are. Olander admitted that teachers councils were very important. He admitted that the teachers thru them have done a great deal to maintain correct methods of pedagogy in the schools. "But," he said, "teachers councils are not the important issue at this time. The main thing now

is to study and understand the dangers of the platoon and classification methods in the schools."

Even on the matters dealt with in the report, Olander repeatedly stated "there is no hurry," "there is plenty of time." He "refrained from naming any individual on the board of education as responsible."

While he energetically tried to prove himself a real "laborite" by denouncing the introduction of the platoon system, he kept his political contacts clear by telling what a friendly, pious lot the members of the board of education are.

Olander did his usual trick of blowing hot and cold in the same breath—praising the teachers councils, but declaring the time is inopportune to push them; condemning the platoon system, but saying "there is no hurry"; denouncing the introducers of the caste method of education, but carefully avoiding to definitely place the responsibility.

The Federation officials pushed thru the report in regular machine style. First came the reading of the lengthy report itself, consuming an hour, and touching not once upon the class nature of the Gary method of educa-

tion. Then Olander's meaningless speech, followed by a bombastic harangue from Oscar Nelson, who heaped flattery upon his chief, Olander, and took as much credit to himself as he could for his work as Olander's lackey.

By the time Nelson finished his 45-minute talk, an adjournment was pushed thru, despite the desire of the militants to point out the serious deficiencies of the report. (Ferris, Olander, Nelson and the other speakers for Olander's report kept hammering on the "necessity for ourselves, understanding the issues involved," and of "getting the report to all the membership." It was, therefore, no surprise when Fitzpatrick announced that the report will be printed and distributed, thus giving some more advertisement to the "leaders" of labor.

Conrad's Funeral. LONDON, Aug. 5.—Joseph Conrad, famous writer of sea stories, will be buried Wednesday, according to present plans. He died suddenly at his home in Bishopsbourne, near Canterbury, on Sunday. He was 67 years old.

Sacrificing the Proletariat. FROM the "Volkskrieger," (Socialist), Austria, August 12, 1914: "In this war, whatever its causes may be and however little it may have to do with the interests of the proletariat, the proletariat will do its duty." My Country Right or Wrong. "ARBEITER-ZEITUNG," (Socialist), Vienna, August 5, 1914: "Whether the diplomats acted rightly, whether the war was inevitable, later times must judge. The existence of the German people is at stake, and there is no hesitation and no faint-heartedness."