FOR GOING TO THE ROOT.

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WEEKLY

ROSA LUXEMBURG AND KARL LIEBKNECHT.

Rosa, whose verderous thoughts bloomed 'mid the dusk

Of prison cells, and whose up-soaring mind Broke forth beyond the bars, and winged its flight

Past all conventions of the sordid throng; Thy lustrous eyes turned skywards on the clouds,

With dreaming looks, writing of birds and flowers,

To lull the sharpness of another's pain. Rosa, that doctoral in the school would teach, And wrote grave tomes of deep and wide import,

And entered zestful into argument, Swaying vast crowds, beloved of simple folk; O, prophetess sublime and undeterred, Eager to press, all valorous, 'mid the throng, Of seething thousands in those bitter days. O false intent and vile; O cruel intent That swooped upon thee in the eventide, And with the clashing noise of men at arms, Forced frightful entry, rudely bore thee hence, And thou, O Rosa, in thy courage rare, Did jest of it; a little while wouldst stay To gather trifles for thy journey brief. Well didst thou know that journey was to

death: Yet wouldst thy bravery show no doubtful sign To those kind folk who wept to see thee part, Or one regret for life thus harshly torn From Hope's fruition, seeming then so nigh, Again to prison! Cheerfully dost go

As though thou loved'st that gloomy trammelling drear. Aye, drearer than the cell, thy couch to-night

Beneath the river in its winter cold. . . . O Rosa, now they batter thee, thy head, Thy gracious head, battered with musket blows.

And crush thy skull, O Rosa, in their hate, And cast thee down, O Rosa, in the flood, Hiding thy body in that icy stream In frozen Tiergarten that floweth on. O Rosa, in that cold December night, Thy gentle body sunk beneath the flood. For rich-proud men thy life hath been

destroyed, And all thy beauty beaten down in gore, Pale memory alone may now rehearse Thy vanished form the waters will consume. Dear Rosa, in our winter art thou spent, Thy being, rich in seeds of sweeter gifts, Thy mind, courageous with its sweeping

thoughts And tender musings, where thy spirit dwelt, Agile and sweet as children's blithesome play. gracious mind, O most courageous heart, That rose, past failing, at the testing time, Though thou didst faint when first was seen

the flag Stained with thy comrades' blood; stained

deeper Art thou, with thine own gore, thy murderers spill.

Great Karl that knew no pause; heroic friend That vaulted onward to that vasty goal Where freedom waits, O glorious Freedom's

And Life's new beauties, where our bread we'll break

In simple friendship, and accustomed ease, Glad as calm eves, 'neath immemorial yews, Where gold sun's rays slant low with ruddy light.

You saw that vision of the future days, And followed it, unheeding of the wrath Of jealous power that compassed thee about With murderous menace of wild men at arms. THE FOREIGN POLICY OF A LABOUR up armaments which might be used against GOVERNMENT.

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD'S PRO-NOUNCEMENT.

ANALYSED BY SYLVIA PANKHURST.

The Foreign Policy of the Labour Party. By J. Ramsay MacDonald. (Cecil Palmer

Mr. MacDonald's book on the foreign policy of his expected administration is a cautious document. It abounds in the phraseology of altruism, but it plainly reveals that no great breach in the traditions of foreign diplomacy may be expected from its author.

The essence of the pronouncement is summed up in the following words:-

"We shall take the world as we find it, and, in relation to what we consider its future ought to be, we shall devise our policy."

Superficially that means neither more nor less than Mr. Asquith's "Wait and See"; but the phrase: "We shall take the world as we find it," implies a tolerance of existing conditions, which is by no means inspiring.

Mr. MacDonald deals first with America. He affects to accept the usual pretence that the United States is a land of peculiar benevolence and undoubted democracy. The action of the United States towards Mexico, the Philippines, and certain small South American States, cries aloud against this hypocrisy, but Mr. MacDonald affects to accept the pretence as incontrovertible. He declares that the Labour Party considers its own world policy of pacification and reconstruction, of democratic development and freedom, as "essentially akin to the spirit and purposes of America." He adds:

The ideas of democratic, control and democratic aims to which the Labour Party has held steadfastly, and upon which it has built up what success it has won, enables it to see more plainly than other parties the American point of view."

The gross corruption of American politics, the hideous tyranny and violence of its police and judicial system, exerted with unrestrained violence, as it has been during recent years, against political and industrial reformers, are ignored by Mr. MacDonald.

Though he thus accepts, in the spirit of polite diplomacy, America's statement that it is the most democratic of nations, Mr. Mac-Donald is only prepared to make America a donation of compliments. Like the British diplomatists of the old schools, he doubtless recognises the United States as a rival, for, amidst much meaningless verbiage, he slips in a pregnant phrase:

"To think of an American alliance is both stupid and dangerous; to dream of American goodwill and help is natural . . ."

He adds that America has "always been willing to help Europe. . . . It has only asked for a guarantee that its help is to be effective."

We should rather say: America "has always been willing to do business in Europe. . . . It has only asked for a guarantee that its help is to be financially and politically profitable for itself, and such help will not be used to build

Rosa and Karl, our thoughts of ye we weave Into a garland, wrought of bitter sweet,

Of hopes that bear us onward through this these illuminating phrases: time.

E. SYLVIA PANKHURST.

itself or its allies, or to resist its authority.

Mr. MacDonald tactfully endeavours to answer at least the first of these stipulations without indicating thus baldly as we have

"No party will fulfil its international obligations with more scrupulous care than the Labour Party."

As to the second he says:

"The main objective of a Labour Government would be to disestablish militarism." By subsequent statement Mr. MacDonald renders the above phrase meaningless in relation to immediate problems. He adds:

"There is far more menace to the friendly relations between ourselves in a new Tariff Bill introduced in Washington, or a Tariff Reform agitation conducted here from Tory headquarters-certainly far more in the feeble handling by our Government of the disgraceful conduct of the liquor interest in conspiring to violate the liquor law of America—than there would be in the domestic policy of a Labour Government."

Even the last observation, mark you, is not a pledge. Mr. MacDonald is always cautious. So much for American relations. The shrewd observer will notice that Mr. Mac-Donald has nothing new to offer-unless it be a more careful observance of the American liquor law.

Shoud Britain Leave the European Continent to Take Care of Itself?

The above is Mr. MacDonald's second ques-

His answer is in the negative:

"We are responsible as a partner for the present state of Europe."

Moreover, he postulates that if Britain does not assist in settling the problems of Europe, those problems may be settled to the detriment of British interests.

The Balance of Power.

Several important statements are somewhat obscurely made in this chapter. The foremost of them is the acceptance of the policy of the Balance of Power, which has been unsparingly denounced by Mr. E. D. Morel and other leaders of the U.D.C., to which Mr. MacDonald also belongs. He says:

"We cannot feel safe if any Power should be able to dominate the Continent, and we shall therefore continue to be interested in a Balance of Power policy.

"I am quite sure that no responsible statesman will ever persuade the people of this country to disarm in a world armed to the teeth. . . . So long as the world is armed, the simple traditional determining purposes of British military policy will remain active. . . .

"The development of the arm has confused somewhat the political strategy based upon a naval and land arm, but the nature of the strategy remains the same. It must be of the essence of a Balance of Power."

Say good-bye, ye pacifists who have flocked into the I.L.P. as non-resistants, to any hope that Mr. MacDonald will stand for the limitation of armaments! Like his predecessors he will continue to crucify the nations in the race for a Balance of Power.

Liberals and Radicals who have turned to the Labour Party in the hope of finding therein Teeming with ripeness, and abounding wealth the resurrection of their hopes, should observe

> "We are as far removed from the Imperialism of Disraeli and the land and

negativism of the pure doctrine of Cobden- referred to as a "noxious weed."

The League of Nations.

League."

himself as one of "the League's devotees." fashionable nowadays. We ourselves are not devotees of the League of Nations: we are opponents of the capitalist system, and consider that, as such, we should merely burn our fingers were we to leave the tropics to crude nature," says this involve ourselves in its diplomacy. Mr. Mac- lover of government. He adds: "Unless Donald, however, is eager to take a hand in their care is under the control of Labour the diplomatic game, and the Labour Party Governments, their development is to be the has declared itself for the League of Nations. signal for a scramble, and an exploitation in One cannot effectively both blow hot and cold relation to which the worst days of the Congo in any matter. If the British Government will appear to be human." were to declare its intention to act only We wonder whether the coloured peoples of British Empire. France and America would curity offered by Labour Governments. still refuse to bow to the League, of course, except in so far as it suited them to do so. Therein lies the fallacy of the League as an instrument of practical capitalist politics. Mr. MacDonald, however, does not frankly admit

In concluding his chapter on "Should Britain Leave the European Continent to Take Care of Itself?" Mr. MacDonald insists that Britain shall pursue an active political and economic policy towards Germany and the small States created by the war. He decides against a policy of isolation, arguing it would mean that:

"From within our own borders we should survey our military position and our economic possibilities, fall back upon an exclusive Empire-and allow the slow-footed years to bring us our doom. For let there be no mistake about it, that is surrender; that is to give up initiative and to let the tides heaving in the world carry us whither they will."

Mr. MacDonald urges that Britain should: "Keep the initiative in creating a better political and financial order in Europe by patiently building up councils and courts that would be more judicial than legisla-

In this manner, he says, war could be to vote for it. avoided. We think not. Mr. MacDonald's

effort to maintain a balance of power which capital required for our own needs" or from would give the supreme power to Britain, and capital required for the Empire. necessitate the naval and military armaments requisite to maintain it. It entails perpetual wire-pulling, intrigue, and bullying of the small states.

FINANCE.

be cautious. Existing methods he character- under the export credits scheme. ises as wasteful, uncertain, and liable to be Tact not being regarded as so important in of the various lodge rooms. upset by corners and panics. He prefers such the case of Russia as towards powerful In both these domains, the Klan has not an organisation as the Russian "Arcos," or, America, Mr. MacDonald declares that the created something new; it has merely accenstill more, the British Co-operative Wholesale Labour Government "would stand no monkey tuated an already existing tendency." Society. Nevertheless, he makes it plain that tricks from Russian diplomatic representaa Labour Government would not interfere with tives." the present methods, because-

"The transactions are conducted, how- what is described as the pride of Lucifer as ever, by a delicate mechanism easily put out other diplomatists, we imagine that Mr. of gear and controlled by a handful of MacDonald may presently learn that such powerful people, and a Labour Government lapses from the language of diplomacy are would never think of a mere wanton inter- scarcely profitable. ference, which, however good its paper From the standpoint of peace, the most

necessary trouble." It seems that the Labour Government will leave a handful of powerful people to carry on in tranquillity. The price those powerful special kind." people may expect to exact for such tranquillity That declaration does not correspond, how- accomplish anything it sets out to do. Let is not apparently thought worthy of mention. ever, with the maintenance of a Balance of me perfect an adequate organisation and I On the contrary the Russians are chided for Power.

concession grabbers as from the antiquated defying the powerful few, Bolshevism being

As to the League of Nations, Mr. Mac- Time will show the folly of his courses.

become the mere catspaw of the League's course, is not precisely Free Trade; the pro- "open diplomacy!" devotees, and do nothing except through the posed agreement might be beneficent, or sinister. Its terms are left to the imagina-Observe that Mr. MacDonald does not claim tion. Such insubstantial castle-building is

PITY THE POOR NATIVE!

A new move to develop the tropics is foreshadowed. "The next generation cannot

through the League, the League would be South Africa, New Zealand, and Australia, strengthened by all the power possessed by the will echo Mr. MacDonald's faith in the se-

INTERNATIONAL LOANS.

Mr. MacDonald proposes to protect coun- nomic reasons. tries where the currency value is high from being undercut by those where the currency is low. To effect this he would restore the depreciated currency to an international value equivalent to its domestic one. He favours doing this by way of international loans. The condition of such loans would be that the debtor nation should balance its budget, and that its expenditure should be closely scrutinised by the creditor Governments, not penny of the loan being allowed to be spent

This is rather interesting. Britain must arm, Mr. MacDonald insists; but her debtors he will not permit to arm. Austria is complaining that the conditions of the workers are depressed by the international control.

Mr. MacDonald issues the warning that the Labour Government will not assist loans of the day. There is a steady demand for a floated "to the excessive advantage of finan- higher degree of silliness after preceding ciers," as he asserts was the case of the recent Austrian loan. When the loan was agreed to by Parliament, Mr. MacDonald was one of its ardent supporters; he described the costumes, but also in its attitude towards the measure authorising it as the most beneficent political state. which could be passed by Parliament, and led a united Labour Party into the division lobby

Russian diplomatists, possessing as much of

pronouncement are these:

Taken as a whole, this statement of the foreign policy of the Labour Party is by no Well, well, Mr. MacDonald is riding for a means reassuring to those who long for peace. fall; one need not think too bitterly of him. We wonder how far it will be welcomed by the members of the Labour Party.

Donald has, as usual, a foot in both camps: Mr. MacDonald declares for Free Trade; The pronouncement contains no reference to "We must find in the League of Nations also for international agreement for the dis- Franco-British relations. The omission is no the focus of our contacts with Europe. But tribution of tropical products, oil, and so on, doubt diplomatic-Mr. MacDonald anticipates until the League has obtained the confidence a department of the League of Nations per- becoming the Secretary of State for Foreign of all the important nations, we must not haps facilitating such arrangements. That, of Affairs in a few days' time. So much for

ECONOMIC BACKGROUND OF THE KU-KLUX-KLAN. BY HUBERT LANGEROCK.

The KKK is with us and, while industrialists do not share in that crude pragmatism which stays satisfied with the stupid formula that everything that is is right, it will not do to dismiss its existence without a sober scrutiny of its background. As a social phenomenon, the KKK is too bulky to be referred to one single cause. The reasons for its existence are many and more or less uneven in their potentiality. Roughly they may be divided into economic and non-economic causes, and the latter being secondary in their importance can be briefly mentioned before we attempt to bring to light the main eco-

FRATERNALISM.

First, the Klan is a lodge and, as such, it is not an isolated phenomenon, but must be considered as one more term in a series called

To the shallow mind who fails to see what lies behind fraternalism, economically and psychologically, the cheap mystery and mummery of the lodge appeals in the very proportion that it becomes more uncanny. The simpleton who enjoys that kind of claptrap will always fall for something more weird than what he has known before. So, after the comic opera uniforms of the older orders have lost their attraction, the bedsheet regalia of the Klan appears as a decided innovation. Besides in that domain, fashions are the order stunts have grown stale. .

Not only is the Klan in line with the institution of fraternalism, in its array of titles and

STATE SUPREMACY.

Our professional Americans and those who limit themselves to repeating their vapourings The future Labour Prime Minister warns have a good deal to say about the necessity policy seems to us to differ in no essential Germany and the other struggling states that, of maintaining the supremacy of the State in from that of the men who made the late war. in any case, they must only expect very small the loyalty of the citizen. Loyalty to the Like that pre-war policy, it includes the loans, for these "ought not to be drawn from State, they claim, must be supreme and above class loyalty. Unfortunately for them, the day has never been when the lodge did not try to infringe upon the State. In spite of "During revolutions like those of France their funny dress parades and their financially and Russia foreign representatives have to be unsound benevolence, lodges would not be the withdrawn," says Mr. MacDonald, but the power they are to-day if they had not effec-Labour Government, like Mr. Asquith, would tively and successfully deprived the political Mr. MacDonald indicates that a Labour now recognise Soviet Russia, enter into trade State directly or indirectly of some of its Government's finance, under his guidance, will relations with Moscow, and grant facilities authority and compelled it in many instances to approve the decisions taken in the secrecy

A SELLING CAMPAIGN.

Another reason for the success of the Klan was its selling campaign. In its early days fraternalism was strongly critical of the middleman of commerce. To-day lodge memberships are sold by as rabid and noisy men and methods as any wild-cat stock promotion.

When Mr. Clark set out to sell the Klan at justification might be, would lead to un- hopeful phrases in Mr. MacDonald's entire its bargain rate of ten dollars a head, he conceived a plan of campaign which took in every "We must have no sectional alliances." available prospect in the country and he "We must give no guarantees of a created an organisation to carry out his scheme. Organisation properly carried on will shall fill huge auditoriums to listen to a Billy

sation will fetch the crowd.

strikers put the commercial middle class to direction. some inconvenience, out went the familiar Ti-Bo-Tim postcard stating one of the purposes of the order to be: " Preventing unwarranted strikes by foreign labour agitators."

These high-power campaigns by conscienceless salesmen who are after the fee and do not care for the organisation or its principles carries its own penalty.

CLAIMS BIG MEMBERSHIP.

The Klan claims two and a half million members, and that number is fairly accurate if we limit ourselves to the applications received and accepted; but only one-fourth of the initiated stay with the organisation as active members. For various reasons the rest

Some people are anxious to become members of the Klan. Bootleggers who want to cover up their tracks vie with professional politicians to get on the Klan band waggon. The professional politician is about as contemptible an individual as we are able to discover in America. He switches his allegiance well. every time he expects a funeral at the State House. In his private life, he may be a libertine or a degenerate, but before the crowd he must parade his allegiance to all the tenets of conventional Christian-capitalist morality. If some gang achieves power for the time being, he must try and join it. Some of the highest officials in the Federal and State Governments have applied for admission to the Klan on their own motion.

From a nationalistic point of view, the Klan y be said to have fallen heir to one of the main traits of middle-class Americanism, the tendency to mob action.

THE MOB SPIRIT.

The mob spirit which went together with the westward expansion of American capitalism was always dominated by the Puritan spirit of intolerance and bigotry. As long as a large geographic sweep made it possible for groups or individuals disagreeing with their neighurs to move on, as they were usually encouraged to do, no immediate clash resulted, but things came to a focus when the free land was exhausted and native-born and recent migrants had to live together in a limited

Haunted by the possible competition of the newcomers, the middle class sought to hide its Il to power under a kind of moralistic cloak ected against anything or anybody who laid im to more intelligence and culture than he native-born citizen.

To bring about that apotheosis of its own mediocrity, the middle class was willing to form psychological crowds acting in violence

all forms of established legality. Again, from this point of outlook, the Klan did not innovate, it merely emphasised an existing tendency.

The same is true about the clericalism of the

RAMPANT CLERICALISM.

America is to-day one of the worst clericalhas only changed its outside appearance.

ligious freedom are a dead letter. There is no worthless store orders. tries to run for office. The constitutional dis- editorially: We must keep the alien influx lator of human conduct. The class conscious position prohibiting appropriations for sec- down, not out. tarian purposes is daily violated in letter and The vested right which the nativist wanted tic masters, their teachings from the point of n spirit. State and Church overlap in their to establish in his favour failed to materialise. view of their practicability and their bearing unctions and attributions. American life is The so-called foreigners knew that they con- on his own chances of survival. To be class

Sunday or to look at an African baboon. Re- sion is complete without a churchman in its rights, they had tasted some of the fruits of gardless of the nature of the attraction, organi- membership, although the latter is nearly organisation here and abroad, they knew that always absolutely incompetent. Religious in international law they were entitled to the The Klan was well sold. Its organisers tolerance is on the decline. The Billy Sunday status of the most favoured nation under knew their business. If coloured strike- revivals forced members of certain denomina- existing treaties and their refusal to sanction breakers were brought into a town, the AFL tions to sell their property at a loss and move the vested right which the nativist was trying membership were canvassed and they generally to other localities. Here again the Klan took to establish caused the attempt to collapse. fell for the talk of white supremacy. If white one more step forward in an already existent The nativist had to back up and to accept the

ANTI-CATHOLICISM.

Ever since the earliest immigration into the U.S., there existed a prejudice against Roman Catholics whose basis is economic. Protestmercial middle class. The primary economic character of that class was the use of competition. They were individualists and, as such, could not agree on anything positive or constructive. Their moral life was like their economic life, broken up into competing fractions. In religious matters, they scattered into over two hundred sects. The latter, being unable to agree on any positive common rule of conduct, soon learned to use a kind of rule of thumb. They might not be able to agree on what to do, but whatever the Catholics did, that was the way to be avoided.

For many years the middle class socially ostracised the Catholics to such an extent that those of the latter who landed in the middle class economically changed their religion as

A change in this condition of affairs was brought about by the Taft administration. Political socialism reached its high water mark about that time, and the President and his Attorney-General, Mr. Wickersham, were led to believe that the Catholic Church could stem effectively the rise of political socialism. The Church at once launched its campaign, and one of its features was a confidential interchange of information between the Knights of Columbus and the Department of Justice.

Conscious of their new found usefulness to the cause of capitalism, the Catholics began at once to claim their place in the social sun. They had a strong organisation and made decided inroads on an economic domain which had so far been practically monopolised by the Protestants. Thus a new organisation faced the merchants and the professional men, and the latter resented it.

We can thus notice that underneath the religious prejudices of the middle class there lurks an interest which is of a decidedly economic nature. Let us now consider the or five generations of American shopkeepers causes for the existence of the KKK which are of an openly economic or material nature.

THE ECONOMIC CAUSES.

exploit the foreigner and the scramble for the when his folks came over from the old counliberal professions, especially law and medi- try.

policy of direct economic action by withdraw- and in numbers far greater than the quota to ing his labour power from the southern mar- which he would be entitled if it was based ket, and the very men who for years had be- upon the numerical strength of his race in the moaned his presence in their midst were the general population of the country. sed countries in the world. The intolerant first to protest and try to stop the exodus. Another reason for the presence of the Klan spirit of the early Puritans is still alive and The south never wanted the negro to leave. is somewhat more intricate. It merely wanted to scare him into accepting At the bottom of the opinions and convic-All our constitutional dispositions as to re- low wages, half of which could be paid in tions of the radicals of all schools there lies a

anity. Let those who doubt this statement on the same lines. The Wall Street Journal tions, which leads to attempts to overthrow onsider what happens to a non-Christian who gave the whole show away when it stated them; it is also a philosophy of life, a regu-

minated by an ecclesiasticism of which, as stituted the industrial proletariat of machine conscious is to be wise to the stale and belencken states, the country has no reason industry, the personnel of the leading form of whiskered platitudes peddled by capitalistic whatever to be proud. No official commis- production. They were conscious of their

fact that he could not exploit the foreigner economically on national grounds.

One of the reasons of this failure was the fear of large scale industry that such an attempt might jeopardise its own exploitation antism is a form of Christianity adapted to the of the foreigner on merely economic grounds. mentality of the self-employed and the com- They could see their privileges endangered by the attempt to carry into force, mainly to the advantage of merchants and professional men, a secondary form of nationalistic exploitation.

BIG CAPITAL USES KKK.

Big capital used the middle class organised in the Klan to do its dirty and lawless work, to form the pick-handle brigades and the citizens' committees and the packed juries, but when it came to material rewards the Klan had to be satisfied with hollow words of praise, a cheap monkey money which buys nothing in the market.

Still, in this case, experience has not been a teacher. Some of the victims of the Klan are still active at the game and the expected rewards are still as far away as ever.

It takes a middle class bourgeois fighting for his economic existence to feel and understand the power of capital, and that is the reason why, if he manages to survive, or achieves a modicum of success in business, he does not want his children to follow his line of work. The dream of the middle class father is to land his son in the liberal professions. The latter are exceedingly overcrowded to such an extent that many of their members are not earning a decent living. It is a constant practice to-day that a boy in order to make a start as a doctor or a lawyer must have, besides his education, a small independent income. In case of success, the income may not be longer needed, but the vast majority never reach the stage where

they can do without it. We can now fathom the disappointment of the bourgeois father who finds out, after all those sacrifices, that the members of an alien race are able to come along penniless and, through sheer ability, outstrip the coddled offspring of the American bourgeois. Four work up to the grand climax where a scion of the family is going to be a lawyer, and when the lad reaches college he meets a Jewish boy on whose trunk you can still find These causes include mainly the right to the steerage labels that were pasted on it

ANTI-SEMITISM-ITS ORIGIN.

The frame of mind in which the hundred per . Twenty years ago, any American would cent. American emerged from the patriotic jag have been ashamed to speak in an intolerant of war hysteria can be traced directly to the way about the Jewish race. To-day, the vast attitude of the South towards the negro. The majority of the American middle class is nativist carried over into his treatment of the anti-semitic for the same reason that makes foreigner the psychology of the dominant anti-semites of the middle class all over race. His purpose was to hide capitalistic ex- Europe, viz., because the Jew, through his ploitation under a cloak of racial superiority. native qualities, outstrips the nativist in the The negro has in recent years adopted a professions and fills them with larger success

question of survival. Class consciousness is digious freedom outside of organised Chris- The nativist, after the war, intended acting not only a dissatisfaction with existing condiproletarian tests the dictates of his capitalis-

(Continued on Back Page).



Maorkers' Dreadnought Founded 1914. Editor: SYLVIA PANKHURST. * * *

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Our View.

HELP THE GERMAN WORKERS. A REPLY TO THE APPEAL OF MESSRS. BRAMLEY AND HENDERSON. Messrs. Henderson and Bramley, as Secretaries of the Trades Union Congress General Council and Labour Party Executive, have issued an appeal, on behalf of the equivalent German Trade Union organisation and the German Social Democratic Party.

The contention on which the appeal is based is that the terrible social conditions now existing in Germany are driving the workers to join either the reactionaries or the revolutionworking-class recruits to their ranks. Messrs. half. Henderson and Bramley call for funds to maintion, these organisations officially attempted the gunmen were defeated. to damp down the uprising; but as soon as the streets to proclaim the Republic, and to sation responsible for the Herrin warfare. declare themselves as its leaders. The officials of the Trade Unions and Social Democratic Party soon became the Government of the stop the progress of the workers. Having democracy. entered into an agreement with the industrial employers to limit the objects of the revolution to such measures as the recognition of the THE THREATENED RAILWAY STRIKE. Trade Unions, and the eight-hour day, the The Liberal "Manchester Guardian" sug- purposes of Socialism. Trade Unions and Social Democratic leaders gests that a strike by the railway locomotive maintained their bargain with the employers men would be unpleasing to the officials, both reform pills, "stolen from other folks' prowhen they reached the seats of government. of the Trade Union Congress and of the grammes," says the "Star." In practice

Workshop Councils to carry the revolution fur- should the strike take place, Mr. MacDonald is usual with such sops. They include higher ther; they gave the revolutionary leaders over and his colleagues will be able to take very pensions for pre-war pensioners, reduction of to the violence of the reactionary militarists, much more effective measures to compel the means limitation in Old Age Pensions, extenand there followed the murders of Rosa locomotive men's officials to end the strike sion of juvenile employment centres, increased Luxemburg, Karl Liebknecht, and hundreds than could be employed by any ordinary facilities for general and technical education, of other brave comrades.

leaders occupied the seats of government with democratic character shall be used to frustrate justice, amendment of the Factory and Work- number of teachers and parents. the support of a vast electoral majority. They the instructions given to their officials by a shops Acts, legitimisation of children born out For children from four to eight years Protrust, and were succeeded in office by various Mr. Thomas, Mr. Cramp, and the other married, amendment of law in relation to sepa- of the universities should be mainly by storywhich the Trade Union and Social Democratic their approval of the award which the Loco- increased activity of local authorities to enable tales and legends as well as of matters of fact.

false and futile?

attempt to re-establish that leadership by the estimated beforehand. That Mr. Thomas provement of London road traffic, reform in enough to be fully aware that these are merely tion of their beliefs, we should give it in a He condemns history and other class help of funds contributed by British workers? would support the employers against Mr. rating valuation in England, Wales and Scot-

contribute to the fund recommended by A determined railway strike, as we have Ramsay MacDonald's little squib from his

man Trade Union and Social Democratic test of the expected Labour Government.

* * *

UNITED STATES METHOD.

American Republic of Honduras, General Carias, a candidate specially favoured by the to quicken the political pace in this country United States Government, was not elected. by leaps and bounds. Will they do it? None of the three candidates secured a majority. In such a case the President is selected by the Honduras Congress. Apparently the situation is not pleasing to the United States Government, which has sent a message to the Honduras Government threatening to intervene if the election should result Three months (13 weeks) 18. 71/2d. in disorder, and intimating recognition may be withheld both by the U.S. and by the states bordering on Honduras which are bound to the U.S. by ties of gold. It was also indicated that "should revolutionary disturbances occur," there would be "slight possibility of arranging either for the settlement of the outstanding debt or for loans." United States bankers are evidently moving in the case of Honduras, as they have moved in those of its neighbours. As for the anticipated "dis- can be effected, without departure from the turbances," certain people in the U.S. know all too well how to arrange such matters.

'Americanism' is being proudly displayed in defence of the prohibition law. A federal prohibition army, organised to enforce the law, operates in remarkable ways. Just before Christmas this army, without consulting the State or local authorities, invaded Williamstown, County Illinois, 450 local citizens were enrolled in the Prohibition army, 400 of whom were members of the Ku Klux Klan. This army sprang surprise attacks with gun fire on aries. We think it is clear that only the re- suspected persons and premises. In one town tions to the cost of public utility works, volutionaries will receive large numbers of a battle took place which lasted an hour and a

It is interesting to observe that Williamstain the hold upon the workers of the Trade town County is a sparcely populated mining Unions and the Social Democratic Party, the area. Why, it may be wondered, was two German organisations which, during the Williamstown County selected for such a prowar, were notorious for their jingoism and for hibition raid. The answer is not far to seek. their sacrifice of working class interests. Mr. Williamstown County includes the area in war, unsparing in their denunciation of these occurred the famous battle between the mineorganisations. When, at the close of the war, owners' gunmen and the mine strikers, supthe German workers arose to make the revolu- ported by the neighbouring populace, in which

Division Chief Simons, captain of the Prothe revolution had triumphed, the leaders of hibition forces, spoke of the operations of the the Trade Unions and Social Democratic Prohibition forces there as the greatest con-Party, Schiedemann and Noske, came out into certed effort yet made to break up the organi-Evidently prohibition has ushered in the United States Black and Tans.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald should consider German Republic. They used their power to such evidences of America's love of

Government. The Liberal organ evidently de- development of the probationary system for

capitalist party Governments, into some of N.U.R. officials have thus far maintained ration and maintenance orders, the securing of Would it not be both foolish and wrong to because the rank and file mind cannot be fully and profits in the distribution of milk, im- should probably be left till the child is old dealing with the Hebrews we gave an indica- and illuminated.

Messrs. Henderson and Bramley for the Ger- previously observed, would provide a striking Should it use coercion to end the strike, it would lose the favour of its working-class sunporters. Should it permit a lengthy strike to continue, its middle class members would flock In the Presidential election for the Central from it in large numbers to re-join the Liberals. The locomotive men have the power * * *

THE OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

A baton charge upon unemployed marchers. in Manchester, and the hustling of an unemployed procession in London, are suggestive ing their Social Reform tabloids. adjuncts to the opening of Parliament. Such incidents throw a searchlight upon the true position of affairs.

The King's Speech contains many things that were anticipated. The fiscal question is dealt with tactfully, as though in the hope of placating the more conservative Free Traders. The fiscal changes proposed are put forward as merely the execution of the Imperial Conference decisions, and it is observed that a substantial extension of Imperial Preferences existing fiscal system of this country. That, of course, is a pleasant, but scarcely accurate fashions displayed in the House of Lords. manner of describing the driving of the protectionist wedge many degrees further in.

It is indicated that since the elections did not give the Tory Government a majority, fiscal proposals, which would otherwise have been made, are not now forthcoming. Therefore, in addition to the Imperial Preference measures, the existing trade facilities and export credits are to be extended and enlarged.

Financial aid to public enterprises throughout the Empire and extension of the contribuwhether by local authorities or private persons. are also proposed as panaceas for unemployment. These latter things, of course, are what the Labour Party has been promising, as one of its principal election planks.

Increased naval armaments are proposed on the pretext also of finding work for the unemployed. A gruesome notion. Air Force ex-Henderson and his colleague were, during the which lies the Herrin Strip mine, where pansion is proposed in the familiar guise of

The proposal to call a conference of the various agricultural interests and of the various political parties to arrive at an agreed policy, is another attempt to take the wind out of the Labour Party sails. Nothing but talk can come of such a conference, whoever calls it, unless it results in some form of subsidy, to be paid by the rest of the community, either in the form of a protective tariff or a Government bounty of some sort. Any measure of that kind would of course please the Tory landlords and the farmers. The Labour Party has toyed for some time with such "stunts" as the columns of the "New Leader "indicate. Such subsidising of private enterprise is of course quite alien to spirit and

The speech contains numbers of little social We urge the workers of this country not to Bromley's Union seems only too likely. land—the pet demand of Poplar. Even Mr.

rages into the United States, has been taken of "primitive man" occupations, both to altogether. note of. The Tory Government announces revivify such stories as "Robinson Crusoe," From Nineveh and Babylon Professor

done, now that the Tories have taken to steal- tessori apparatus.

Such accounts recall old France on the eve of the Revolution.

ZAGLUL'S VICTORY.

The party of Zaglul, the lately returned Egyptian Nationalist deportee, has scored a emendous victory in the elections for the Egyptian Parliament. The British Government is said to view the result with calmness. We do not think that the Nationalism of Zaglul is of a very aggressive order; we anticipate many changes in Egyptian politics in the early future.

E. SYLVIA PANKHURST.

FROM THE PUBLISHERS

History and its Place in Education, by J. J. Findlay, M.A., Ph.D., Professor of Education in the University of Manchester (University of London Press, Ltd., 17, Warwick Square, London, E.C.4.).

We like the broad outlines of the syllabus which Professor Findlay has indicated for the teaching of history and correlated subjects, the humanities, as he broadly calls them. We lo not, however, agree with him in his advocacy of patriotism which, in essence, really means partisanship. We are glad that he disourages the specific teaching of patriotism.

We disagree with him in his contention that children should not be taught of the social injustices which have scarred the pages of histery, of the social reforms that have been effected, and of the struggles to secure them. Historical teaching which expunges such reg may make the young people too radical in ful handbook for the teacher.

illing. He advocates the telling of fairy

The Liberal and Labour Parties, if and number and form.

will be forced to go several points further in a counterpoise to what he regards as the Social Reform than they would otherwise have "ultra-scientific tendencies" of the Mon- "What do you read about?"

Professor Findlay advocates the study of "What is a Siege and what is Troy?" The play is amusing; but little real benefit local history, geography and literature in the ill come of it to anyone save the players. manner known as the "Regional Survey." He piled up chairs and tables for a town A Liberal newspaper reports that there was Traces of prehistoric man of Celts, Romans, Set me atop for Priam, called our cat n extraordinary assemblage "of poor folk to Angles, Danes, Normans, and Franks, which -Helen enticed away from home (he said), watch the royal procession go to open Parlia- are to be found in the locality are to be brought By wicked Paris, who ment." "They seemed drawn by the belief," to the notice of the child, as well as the his- So far I rightly understood the case ays the newspaper, "that the dawn of a new tory of the local industries from their earliest At five years old; a huge delight it proved gives special prominence to such headlines as be used to teach their lessons. European and Sapphires," "Pearls and Diamonds," interest in traces of the lives of early settlers, It happened, two or three years afterwards, hand from the native population.

> of early man, made real to them by simple hand and tool work.

Between 8 and 12 years he would give the Merely such notion as a boy could bear? children "a bowing acquaintance with the Pope, now, could give you such precise account chief epochs and outstanding characters in his- Of what, some day, by dint of scholarship, tory, and with the chief countries where these You'll hear-who knows?-from Homer's events have occurred; above all with works of art, at least of literature, in which these facts Learn Greek by all means, read the 'Blind find noble expression."

between the men who used flint tools and of the caves and hutments of early men, of man as a wanderer driven by ice and tempest. Try, anyhow, to master him some day; outdoor games. Professor Findlay does not Read Pope, by all means!" recommend much reading by children at this So I ran through Pope. age, but suggests that the teacher should read aloud or paraphrase such books as R. H. Hall's "Days Before History," Catharine Dopp's "Story of Ab," and Rudyard Kipling's as India, then to Rome, and westward to "Puck of Pook's Hill," from which he

And see you marks that show and fade, Like shadows on the Downs? O, they are lines the first men made To guard their wondrous towns. Trackway and Camp and City lost, Salt Marsh where now is corn; Old wars, old Peace, old Arts that cease, And so was England born! She is not any common Earth, Water, or wood, or air. But Merlin's Isle of Gramarye, Where you and I will fare.

cords cannot be other than a falsification, as Kipling's Imperialism and the reactionary between his ninth and tenth year. well as lame and halting. Modern history character of much of his writing makes him The next year will cover the times of Elizaits social struggles. We should be at a loss for children. The children's books of Mary E. and Napoleon. know why Professor Findlay should con- Marcy are probably not known to Professor At twelve years of age the child has reached They viciously repressed the attempts of the Labour Party. The "Guardian" hints that these measures would amount to very little, as sider it unsuitable for a the end of the eighteenth century. Two years, instance, the history of child labour, were it course such as he describes. Macmillan's the last in the elementary school, are devoted not that he indicates his fear that such teach- "Origin of the World" is an exceedingly use- to the nineteenth century and the early years

In spite of such faults as those indicated by take the children to the cradle of civilisation. will begin to use and to make time charts and he above criticisms, the book should prove He would teach them the story of Joseph and maps. The author mentions a class of twelve-The Trade Union and Social Democratic sires that Party pressure of an entirely un- offenders, and improved administration of a useful and thought-producing one to a large his brethren and other Hebrew stories given in year-olds who made, bound and illuminated the Bible. He says:

purely secular and historic spirit.

booklet on Labour Party foreign policy, in from the old-world stories, and causes them to teacher of young children, and unless the which he chided the Tory Government for turn to shop-keeping in their play. He recom- teacher were able to give a secular character winking at those who smuggle alcoholic beve- mends the introduction into the infant school to the teaching we should leave out the Bible

that it is on the eve of concluding an agree- "Hiawatha," "Joseph the Dreamer," Findlay would pass to the Nile and the ment with the United States to settle this "Nausicaa," and the nursery rhymes, and Mediterranean and to the walls of Troy. He matter. The League of Nations and Repara- also to provide a foundation for the develop- recommends "Development" from Robert tions receive a few amiable and non-committal ment of arts and crafts and the exercise of Browning's Asolando as a poem to read to the tools and materials, and for the grasp of children, and quotes from it as follows:-"My father was a scholar and knew Greek

when they come to draft the King's speeches, Such playwork Professor Findlay regards as "When I was five years old. I asked him

"The Siege of Troy."

era was at hand." Yet the same newspaper beginnings. Dialect and place-names will also And still proves—thanks to that instructor 'The Queen's Wonderful Gems," "Peer- countries abound in materials for such local My father, who knew better than turn straight

esses' Jewels," "Gowns to match Emeralds surveys. The Colonies provide rich stores of Learning's full glare on weak-eyed ignorance. and a special report on the resplendent whilst primitive man may be studied at first That-I and playmates playing at Troy's

Professor Findlay would absorb the children My father came upon our make-believe. between four and eight years of age in stories "How would you like to read yourself the

Properly told, of which I gave you first,

The child is now to be taught to distinguish Sweetest of Singers'-tuplos, which means

those who used bronze tools. He will learn Hedistos, which means 'sweetest,' Time

The story will be illustrated by handwork and Until when, take what serves for substitute,

Professor Findlay would give the children a year to study the East, take them through the conquests of Alexander the Great, and as far Britain, they would travel southward to Gaul and Italy, northward to Scandinavia, learning of Cæsar, Boadicea, Alfred, Canute, William the Norman, Patrick, Columbia, Augustine, Dunstan, York and Holy Island, covering a period of 1,000 years.

The next school year is devoted to mediæval Europe. With the Edwards and Henrys, Scotland, England and France are visited, Langland's Piers the Ploughman, Carlyle's monks at Edmundsbury, the Knights who fought at Crecy and Bannockburn, and the outlaws of the forest will pass under review. A period of 500 years is covered by the child

especially is inexplicable without the record of a writer whose works are only in part suitable beth, Wolfe, Frederick the Great, Washington

of the twentieth.

From the cavemen Professor Findlay would Between nine and ten years of age the child large octavo notebooks containing a time "We need not distress ourselves as to the chart with illustrations, extracts from docuproved weak, incompetent and false to their very large majority of the locomotive men. of wedlock, whose parents have subsequently fessor Findlay recommends that the teaching notions which a child may form of the ments, and original compositions. He recomdivine call to Abraham, or of Pharoah's mends the use of a handbook combining an dreams; whatever conceptions a child may atlas, a date and event list, and pictorial illuhold of God and man he may leave the strations. Professor Findlay recommends a leaders have entered, on a coalition basis. motive Union refuses to accept. Whether the working people to own their houses, complete Whilst admitting the charm of mythology, we child's imagination to take its own course." time chart entitled "The World Story of Need we wonder that the workers are turn- N.U.R. would continue to stand by the em- tion of Land Purchase in Northern Ireland, are not quite sure that that course is sound, Needless to say, we should here join issue 3,000,000,000,000(?) years," by J. H. Reeves ing from the leadership which has proved so ployers, should the locomotive men actually guaranteeing of Irish Free State loans under for facts are really as romantic and wonderful with Professor Findlay, we should give the (P. S. King and Sons). He urges that poetry strike work, cannot yet be decisively stated, its recent Land Act, ascertainment of costs as fiction, and the telling of myth and magic child a purely secular education, and, if in dealing with the period should be read, copied

readers and recommends a class library, so Professor Findlay points out that the en- Such a work as Brestead's "Ancient Times" that every child may read many books. He vironment of town-bred children severs them is a useful one to place in the hands of the objects to the system which keeps one entire

geography, literature and composition as one daily. study. Some of the children in the class may be doing individual work, while at the same Daily Herald, was a Northcliffe pressman and time, others will be engaged in groups of two, a jingo of jingoes. three or four in some co-operative effort.

When children reach ten years of age Pro- taken the oath of allegiance to the King. chronicles, writing, acting and making the dignity to the ceremony! scenery and accessories to the story.

Such books on education make us desire to live our schooldays through again, but plans of this kind will never be carried out whilst classes of 50, 60 and 70 children are herded together under one overworked teacher, and whilst the schools are governed from Whitehall in the spirit of National Economy and the prejudice of class.

The Deportations Delirium of 1920. By lucky work as wage slaves, year after your eyes, and you will see mansions and 1921. (Kerr, Chicago. \$1.50.)

any who, having retained official position and sack. minister the deportation powers in a more you were born. were Anarchists or Bolshevists.

It is interesting to observe that the depor- no other way, as you cannot mend it. tice, was kept prisoner some months with people actually die of starvation. was killed.

Ambassador, was maltreated by Department wants, then what is left over may be over- need of capitalists to draw profits from your of Justice servants in a "peculiarly malignant production. Under the capitalist system that labour. What you do for them, do for yourand horrible " manner.

tens, should he fall into the clutches of the put of the workers is detrimental to them. tion or waste of food under Communism. Department of Justice, Mr. Post arranged to Their wages are too small to allow them to Come, let us all do our best, by sowing the arrest Mr. Martens himself and to place him buy the necessaries they require. When they seed towards that day; pushing our literature, in the parole of his solicitor.

SPICE.

gate, London, yesterday, Mr. Scott Duckers potatoes, wheat, fruit, etc., in all the large said that many of the expectations which had cities sent to the destroyer. been formed as to Labour foreign policy would So long as the workers are doped on the of unemployment still stalking rampant from be disappointed. It had already been settled, money question, allowing money to be used, he stated, that, while no more money would be certainly the drones, the idle rich, will always voted for Singapore at present, the official get everything they desire, without doing any policy of the new Government should include— work, because they have the money.

1. The fullest possible reparations from Germany;

2. A powerful navy;

3. A well-paid and efficient army; and

House of Commons the other day were the exprisoners who have since become constitution- in 19 years. The school teacher never screwed alists, and are regarded as safe supporters of a bolt or a nut, or performed any labour on a the next Government.

The first time we saw Miss Margaret Bondfield she was debating against Miss Isabella Ford, of Leeds, who was sustaining the case wage slave. for Votes for Women. Time brings strange changes.

lass at the same task and the cutting up of the Some Daily Herald readers are nervous lest you are fighting for a rise in wages; it is a chool day into seven separate lessons. Up to Robert Blatchford, who has written for jingo delusion. twelve years of age he would treat history, capitalist papers, should write for the Labour

Yet Mr. Hamilton Fyfe, the editor of the £51,397 1s. 5d. He startled the House of

M.P.s' salaries do not begin till they have fessor Findlay would encourage the children to Mr. George Lansbury suggests the oath make plays of historical novels and prose be taken publicly at the time of election to add

TO-DAY.

By A. B. Howie. same as you are, no better off.

Does it not strike you that something is trick. wrong with the system, when you who are When you go to the country or seaside use Louis F. Post, Assistant Secretary of year, and have nothing to show for your villas with plenty of ground around them; Labour of the United States from 1913 to labour? You live from hand to mouth, room to live, fresh air, everything that is always trying to make ends meet, always desirable, people going about in motor cars, Mr. Post's book gives a mass of interest- pinching yourselves, in semi-starvation, wear- wearing fine clothes, eating the best of food, ing fact about the deportations from the ing shoddy clothes, bad boots or shoes, eating and drinking the purest of wines, reading United States, suspected of Red tendencies. adulterated food, living in slums, always books, or on the golf course, or the bowling We confess ourselves out of sympathy with tired, never free from the fear of getting the green, or playing at lawn tennis. They do

official salary during the heat of the White You who are unemployed walk the streets life to them is so easy. They have only to Terror, now that office has passed from them looking for work, going in all directions with- kill time. Their money is always increasing. decide to make public condemnation of the out hope. The rotten system is driving you This is a glorious system to them. They can-White Terrorist methods. It is true that Mr. to despair, making you lose faith in every- not understand why you working people are Post, whilst retaining office, desired to ad- thing. You become bitter, cursing the day discentented. They believe that you cannot

moderate fashion than that employed by some Everyone seems to be against you; you are to give you work. What more do you want, other officials. It is true that he was threat- driven to hate, more like a beast than a they think, than to let them have their heaven ened with impeachment for his moderation. human being. Down you go to the lowest upon earth, whilst your life is a hell? They Nevertheless he retained office in spite of his depths of poverty, from which you will never will not toil or spin. The money delusion is knowledge that many of those deported were rise again. We Free Communists know all at the bottom of the trouble. Get your mates not justly deported according to the spirit and about it. That is why we are determined to to understand that as long as they are deluded letter of the law. Moreover, Mr. Post was end it, to get at the root, to wreck the capi- when they get their wages at the week-end, apparently not averse to deporting aliens who talist system, which causes such suffering and do not consider the investment farce, the and bad conditions for the workers. There is privileged class will carry on. When you

tation of alien "Reds" was put into the The capitalist throws bones in the name of you will not allow your produce to go to anyhands of the Department of Labour. Mr. charity to you, to pacify and keep you from body unless they work. That will be the end Post protests that the Department of Justice revolting. When you produce too much they of capitalism. Money will then be no use. officials interfered in the business injudi- call it over-production. There are so many Under Free Communism industry will be cicusly. One of the victims, an alien, Salsedo, suits of clothes that men must go ragged, so run in the interest of the workers. Money for whose arrest Mr. Post had given authority, much coal that in the bitter winter people then will not buy a loaf of bread, or anything fell into the hands of the Department of Jus- have to shiver, such over-filled stores that else.

unjust distribution. When every man, woman object. The Secretary of Mr. Martens, the Soviet and child is supplied with everything he or she We appeal to you to learn that you have no would not be allowed, as its basis is profit, selves. Then all the misery, degradation and Anticipating the same fate for Mr. Mar- instead of use and want. The increased out- poverty will vanish. There will be no starvahave produced they become unemployed and also our weekly paper-" The Worker's must wait and starve until the food they have Dreadnought." produced rots, or the capitalist gives orders to destroy the surplus. You have heard or Speaking at Devonshire House, Bishops- read of fish thrown back into the sea, beef,

It is said money represents labour; that is a farce. The idle rich do not labour; all they do is to spend money, and have plenty of it by investing as shareholders. The Glasgow 4. Failing a more satisfactory under- Evening Times, September 5, 1923, in a restanding with France, a largely increased port on Henry Ford's Motor Car Company, told that Miss R. V. Couzens, a school teacher, The political ex-prisoners who dined in the invested £20 19 years ago and drew £71,000. The Company's profits were £,86,000,000

The Daily Herald, December 20, 1923, gave a report of Bonar Law's fortune. He left capturing that Branch of the U.W.O., but message of Unity, Liberty and Freedom. He cent Provincial Council elections in the light of Commons during a debate on the Finance Bill Pearson, Bellamy, Mummery or Soderberg be taker was present. His men marched in and Smuts versus the Nationalist-Labour pact. fits in the shipping trade. "The sum of money I had invested in shipping," he said. " spread over 15 different shipping companies, was £8,100. Five per cent. on that, which in ordinary times I should be glad to get, would be £405. For the year 1915, instead of £405 I received £3,624, and for 1916 I a cheque for over £1,000." Although Bonar Fellow Workers,-We are beginning Law was not a friend of the working class. another year; at the end of it you will be the or out for a change of the system, he was honest; he gave the affair away on the money

not know what to do to fill in the day, because live without them, as they invest their money learn that labour is the source of all wealth,

Under our ideal system, there will be no another alien. Elia, and finally tumbled mys- Over-production: was a greater absurdity money. Then all the drones will have to teriously out of an upper storey window and ever uttered? It is not over-production, it is labour; either that, or starve. That is our

INEMPLOYED WORKERS' ORGANISA-

Another year has past, leaving the problem

one end of the country to the other. As in other years, promises of trade revival have been a secured feature in the speeches of statesmen and in the columns of the Capitalist

Yet we have an army of about-two million unemployed without the slightest idea when work will be found again.

Everywhere we find poverty and misery in the homes of our class. That poverty and misery should impel us to intense activity.

We of the U.W.O. are striving to rouse the unemployed from tame acceptance of their miserable status. E. C.

There is every sign of Bow becoming the motor car; yet she is rich and can laugh and scene of battle before long. This battle will enjoy herself as long as this capitalist system be between the Unemployed Workers' Organilasts. You, fellow-worker, will always be a sation and the N.U.W.C.M. At the London District Council of the latter body last week a Just think on the money question, when resolution was moved by No. 9 Area Council

to the effect "That a meeting be held at Bow expected the whole of Bow Branch of the Baths on January 9th with the purpose of U.W.O. to be rushing there to hear his sweet allowed to join the N.U.W.C.M. should that took their seats, and Homer proceeded with

the N.U.W.C.M. that these two individuals pose of asking certain questions. The chair- munist Party. The last issue of the "Outare no longer members of the U.W.O., so they man solemnly declared that any questions the look" (November 23rd) has the following need not worry about that. As to Soderberg, meeting liked to ask would be answered. reference to the "International" (the organ Bellamy and Mummery we wish to point out However, at the end of Homer's address of the Communist Party, III. Interthat these three Comrades have no desire of another speaker was called on, namely, Mr. national):received £3,847. A steamer was either sunk joining the N.U.W.C.M., so as far as that Fisher. After some considerable time the or sold. In that ship I had £200; I received goes the N.U.W.C.M. need not waste paper chairman announced that questions would now income in the sold. or time on that issue. I can assure the parties be taken. The writer rose to ask whether N.U.W.C.M. continue with their "tea pink" of the N.U.W.C.M., and those of the U.W.O. policy these men are not likely to apply for Homer did not feel inclined to accept that

District Council, to the Brotherhood Move- pared for you. G. E. SODERBERG. ment. Well, well, what can you expect? I believe the Salvation Army in Bow is contem- The proletarian movement is awakening chance L.D.C. Anything to improve the upheaval after the war. financial position, especially when it shows a The workers, in the mass, are looking for deficit every week, as a consequence of the salvation to Parliament and the Labour Party.

tion. That body is still going strong and the the Workers' Councils. membership is increasing by leaps and bounds. We make an urgent appeal to comrades to There has been no end of commotion in The whole of the Leeds District Council are every week. en sent, together with cards and other sup- Sunday, January 20th, 7.30 p.m., Hamilton time cality. We are expanding our activities Sylvia Pankhurst and others. London is now well over 3,000 and new Pankhurst, N. Smyth. mbers continue to roll in.

Edmonton is doing very well indeed and ton Hall, Willesden Green. olding large meetings twice a week, which all goes to show that our propaganda and ethods are being appreciated in all quarters. We shall continue in spite of all opposition. ng against us.

N.A.C. as The Official unemployed of editing and managing is unpaid.

happened Tuesday last when Homer, London Organiser, came to Poplar to address a meeting. Wilkinson, one of the U.W.C.M. "operatives," was in the chair. mer, of course, spun the usual tale about united front, etc., and no doubt, this went he heart of Wilkinson and others, so when fly a vote was taken about 50 out of 400 ded to join the N.U.W.C.M. It may inest Homer and others to know that the ning members of the U.W.O. have now ed Bow Branch of that organisation. During the meeting at Poplar Homer stated

at he would be at Bow the following Friday. doubt he thought that the Bow Branch ald follow as some in Poplar had done. II, Homer arrived with six banners from N.U.W.C.M., and a demonstration from A Branches of that outfit amounting to someere about 75 supporters. When arriving at w Baths, Homer seemed very much sured indeed to find the hall empty. He had

under no circumstances must J. Johns, was indeed surprised to find that only the care- a general trial of strength, on the basis of body be successful in forming a Branch. his address. By this time about 20 of the Bow the "Outlook" (the organ of the S.A.L. As to Pearson and Johns we wish to inform U.W.O. members had turned up for the pur- Party), opened their gas attack upon the Comnterested in this question that as long as the Homer would like a debate on the principles challenge anyhow. During his speech Homer As to the rest of the organisation I can also had stated that the financial position of the assure the N.U.W.C.M. that they will not be L.D.C. was now so stabilised and good that it very successful in capturing any members. was ready for anything. The questioner then The Bow members have had enough of the old read the financial statement for the previous organisation to last them for a while and have week, which showed a deficit of £1 14s, 10d. no desire of rejoining it again. We welcome after all the expenses for Homer and Martin the N.U.W.C.M. to Bow in their endeavour to had been deducted. Homer had nothing to form a Branch, and we also wish to assure say to this, only it had been a slack week em that we shall not be missing when they owing to New Year, etc. After two or three arrive. So just go at it Bo'; we are prepared more questions the chairman declared the ing paragraph:to welcome you and give you the reception you meeting closed, without putting it to the vote as to whether a Branch of the N.U.W.C.M. We also notice that the N.U.W.C.M. is should be formed or no. Pity he did not. going to affiliate, or at any rate the London But welcome again, old man. We are pre-

WHAT NEXT?

plating forming a new branch, so there is your from the long apathy that followed the brief

income dwindling down to the magnificent sum Those who realise that Capitalism must be of £2 13s. 6d., and the expenditure amounting abolished, not reformed, and that society must to £5 2s. 4d. No wonder they are trying to be reconstructed from the bottom, not from the Anyone reading the "Outlook" would have

INDOOR MEETINGS.

les, for a Branch to be formed in that Hall, 375, High Road, Willesden Green.

IMPORTANT!

We urgently suggest that comrades should In spite of any political fakers or parties com- "Workers' Dreadnought," and that they oy and happiness reign supreme at 3, friends whatever is possible. However small U.W.C.M., and been graciously received by "Dreadnought" is not self-supporting: the



Germinal ASK for No 2. at your Newsagent.

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NEWS FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

"A paper is circulated on Sunday evenings called 'International,' and is the official organ of the Communists of South Africa. While we would be the first to oppose any tampering with the freedom of the Press, yet we do think there are limits even to plain speaking in a newspaper. Some of the articles are nothing more nor less than a bad attempt to hide the filth they

The "Outlook" goes on to explain :-

"The Labour Party is a strictly constitutional party, and not out to alter the order of things with a bloody revolution." The "Outlook" concludes with the follow-

"Quite recently we (the Labour Party) led a deputation to the City Council (Cape Town) asking a site for public meetings. We were turned down, although our propaganda would have been of a moderate nature. We wonder what the City Council are thinking of when they allow the Communists to hold such an important place in the City when their propaganda is of such a virile nature, and when their audiences consist mainly of natives and coloured people, who are certainly beginning to show signs of unrest distilled by this active group."

top, must renew our efforts to spread the thought that all the ills from which South As to the Unemployed Workers' Organisa- knowledge of free industrial Communism and African Labour suffers were due to the Com-

We are also forming a Branch in Leeds. sell the Dreadnought at at least one meeting Labour circles owing to the candidate's nonnot quite satisfied with the N.U.W.C.M., so every week.

arrival, or rather late arrival at the Nomination Court for the Harbour Division. There as a consequence a letter has been received COMMUNIST WORKERS' MOVEMENT. are insinuations and innuendoes that palm-oil made the candidate sleep beyond the usual

If we believed that the Labour Party could Aside London and our propaganda is now Sunday, February 3rd, 7 p.m., New Morris for its candidates, but our knowledge of dowing good results. Our membership in Hall, 79, Bedford Road, Clapham. Sylvia Capitalist society will not allow us to believe that the Labour Party can do anything except Sunday, February 17th, 7.30 p.m., Hamil- keep Capitalism running as smoothly as

ISAAC VERMONT.

endeavour to secure new subscribers to the "Workers' Dreadnought," and that they Read EIRE The Irish Nation. should collect at meetings and from their Weekly Review of Irish Republican Opinion Queen Square. About 50 of Poplar unem- the sum you can collect, it will be welcomed. PRICE TWOPENCE On Sale Saturdays

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WANTED, a copy of "Theatre Craft" (No. 3).

Continued from Page 3. hirelings. By the results of such an attitude, the proletarian is able to regulate his behaviour in a way where he can manage to survive by the expense of a minimum of energy. Class consciousness in every-day life means the saving of energy, that energy which the capitalistically-minded worker dissipates in the acts that are to the master's liking, but have no usefulness to himself. To put the whole thing in a nutshell: there is survival value in class consciousness and a social behaviour based thereon.

COPY MASTER'S MORAL CODE.

Nobody realises this better than the simpletons who accept capitalistic teachings as economic gospel. Those fellows practise all the fellow worker. One would not have liked to virtues of the master's moral code and the majority of them wait for their reward in vain. They are thrifty, some of them give of their substance to keep up the master's pet schemes, they ape their economic overlords in their silliest poses and atittudes without a sense of personal satisfaction or a consciousness of reasonable behaviour. They are unable to defend themselves against their own emotions cleverly played upon by the efficient specialists whom the master maintains for that purpose. There is bound to come a day in their lives when they realise that they are the victims of a fallacy, that they have been squandering their energy in valueless pursuits. But they do not acknowledge their mistakes. It takes a man to admit the survival value of class consciousness in the practical things of every-day life, and it becomes their purpose to force the dissenters to abide by their own rules, not as a matter of moralistic fervour, but because such an act puts others by compulsion in the unfavourable position in which they realise that they are themselves. Thus they try to establish in their own favour a levelling down towards an equality in mediocrity.

That function is now being fulfilled by the Klan. As an organisation, it is interfering That is a pity, fellow worker; for when he Sylvin Pankhurst: with the private morals of outsiders, meting out punishment for acts which the law fails to condemn, theoretically in the name of a moral principle, but in reality to deprive the more advanced thinkers of the benefits of their wisdom and force them back with themselves in the ranks of those who accept as gospel truth all forms of capitalistic humbug.

The reader may verify the accuracy of this general statement by applying it specifically to any concrete issue of his own choice.

A MIDDLE-CLASS AFFAIR.

In conclusion we may state that the Klan is a middle-class affair, but that it is not likely that that class will in any way be allowed to derive any kind of benefit from all the cowardly outlawry hidden behind its regalia.

Capitalism has got the drop on the Klan

through its economic power.

The Klan practically controls the State of Oregon. Middle-class votes put it in power. Yet it has nothing to show in the line of achievement that could be considered as favouring the interest of the farmer or the small merchant, but its leadership is closely in alliance with electric light and power corporations, and it is generally, admitted by those who are in a position to know that the main result of Klan control will be the transfer to private ownership of nearly all the available water power in the State.

Wherever the Klan may achieve political power it will by the very logic of things as they are and the predominance of the economic motive be compelled to strike the same

attitude.

THE "GERMINAL CIRCLE."

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GETTING EDUCATED.

"The working man has taken a long time to educate, but he is coming forward now," said the carman's assistant with a jubilant smile.

He was considering the prospect of a Labour Government, fellow worker, and the prospect pleased him,

"They cannot do much without a

majority," someone answered.

"They are not expected to do much yet," the carman's assistant replied. "It will be the election after this that will count. The working man is beginning to realise that it isn't the big people who do all the good."

The carman's assistant was very confident,

damp his enthusiasm.

Moreover, we agree with him that the working man, who "has taken a long time to educate," is now really making substantial progress in his ideas.

The post office clerk, who joined in the fagend of our talk with the carman's assistant, has a habit of going to the root of things.

"You want a Labour Government," he said; "but I do not want a Government at all. Why should you want to be governed? "

The post office clerk was right, fellow worker; he has had a taste of State capitalism; he knows what it means. He knows that, though employed by the State, he is still a wage slave.

The carman's assistant has not yet looked ahead beyond the reforms that might be granted by the House of Commons.

He has not conceived that the working man and woman, who, as he says, are coming forward now, might some day come so far forward as actually to organise their conditions of life for themselves, instead of having the organising done for them by Members of Parliament.

The carman's assistant has not heard of the L. A. MOTLER: Workers' Councils.

understands the theory of free Communism and the Workers' Councils, he will realise that Parliament is a lumbering, out-of-date machine, which does not, and cannot, give the people a living part in organising their own affairs.

Mr. Jack Jones, M.P., was offended, fellow worker, because the Members of the House of Lords did not present themselves in large enough numbers to please him, when both the Lords and Commons were summoned to the House of Lords to hear the Royal Assent to the election of the Speaker of the House of Commons.

Tush-tush, fellow worker; the unfortunate people who have gone into Ashby-de-la-Zouch Workhouse for lack of houses do not care a straw for such paltry forms and ceremonies.

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