THE WORKERS' DREADNOUGHT

For International Socialism.

Vol. V.-No. 44

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25th, 1919

Price Twopence.

A CALL FOR ABSOLUTISM.

are been invited to write a special article the DREADNOUGHT upon the conscription the DREADNOUGHT upon the conscription that I am a little do how to write. In the first place, the gainst war seems to me to be a struggle of count importance. It is a battle to which devoted my life's energies for some twelve past, and one in which I have suffered three years' rigorous imprisonment. I hat it is an issue in which those of us who to the proletariat are really and truly to grips with the ruling class, and died to resist the merciless, cowardly ism of our would-be masters with no weapons than our naked understanding earless determination.

I am not satisfied with the form which

aries determination.

I am not satisfied with the form which aggle has taken. It has wronely assumed to of conscience, where it should have med the loftier aspect of class struggle, c war has been waged incompletely. It anted thoroughness. However many artials we have faced, our stand has en wanting a little in vitality. The of this contribution, therefore, is to to my contrades, in and out of prison, e the struggle with greater firmness and ney, to challenge the Government mercy and without hesitation or fear, a the whole conscription question in the he revolution.

the the whole conscription question in the the revolution. We attitude is well known and needs only repetition. I dislike the attitude of the to are too good to fight under every and amstances. I am and have been always to fight for the revolution, if necessary, we in the final appeal to arms. But I to be a dupe of capitalist society; I will at under any reactionary banner. I will war only on behalf of the blood-stained only against the enemies of communist therty, only against the sum of capitalists. Under no circumstances will I serve any capitalist banner, or surrender my blindly and stupidly to any form of sm. The revolutionary army is not, and be, a mind-destroying machine. The starmy can never be other than such a mechanism. In this fact, and in this ly, consists the true significance of our against militarism.

not to be denied that our movement has neconsistent. Far too much has been

le against militarism.

In not to be denied that our movement has inconsistent. Far too much has been and written about the degree of our more to militarism being a private matter, no desire to persecute, or to seem intolerant, et utterly this miserable shibboleth. I take the sexused every betrayal of our ment, that it has weakened considerably over of resistance, and has no less power-contributed to the strength of the conconist cause. The movement was ned by this plea when some men appeared. Tribunals, instead of ignoring these courts of the militarist inquisition. It reakened again when the majority of the norison went on the Home Office scheme entimed, as seen as arrested, to go upon benal scheme. It was weakened when men were sympathised with and assisted adding for miserable reforms. The duty movement outside was to show them no thy in so mean a struggle, but to insist having accepted the scheme, they should im a strike, return to prison, and continue

ABSOLUTISM.

to strike in prison. The conscience fetish was trotted out where the stern proclamation should have been: "Whoso would be free, himself must strike the blow."

There is no need to go into the details of our work and discipline strike at Wandsworth. A poor minority—never more than thirty, and sometimes less than twenty—deprived of exercise and books, letters and visits, in consequence of our refusal to work and to obey prison discipline, and lodged in the basement for some time, we yet reduced the prison system to a farce. For months closely confined to cell, we organised lectures, concerts, and discussions. We proclaimed boldly from prison windows our Bolshevik principles and our allegiance to the red flag. We removed spy glasses and gas-box glasses so as to communicate with each other. We turned down all compromise offers and demanded either the full respect due to political prisoners or unconditional release.

The authorities could not punish us, for our defiance was beyond all punishment. They could not give us punishment diet for we refused it. Matters got to a standstill. We worked for a general strike of all C.O.s in prison. But we failed, to achieve our aim. From outside, begus rumours were reaching the prison of early release. These rumours were believed. Then stupid resolutions were passed by N.C.F. leaders against striking. With all due respect to the authors of such nonsense, we submit that if it was right for men to strike at Wakefield, it was equally right for us to strike in an ordinary prison. I submit, also, that it was a gross interference with the right of conscience, a gross betrayal of men who were being broken on the wheels of the prison system, for outsiders to interfere and to condemn the strike in prison. I would add that men who work in prison, who accept association exercise, &c., submit to prison rules, and see their fellows meanly punished, are little more than "Home Office schemers." They are resisting industrial conscription, but basely submitting to it. They are resis

is not a private, but a public matter. As a public issue it must be pursued publicly and solidly. There must be no scabbing for conscience sake.

As I have said, thanks to the attitude assumed without the prison, there has been no general strike in prison. Matters at Wandsworth reached a deadlock. Then fourteen of the work-and-discipline strikers resolved to play their last card. They proclaimed a hunger strike, either for full recognition as political prisoners, or else for release. The first was refused and after six to seven days' hunger strike they were released under the Cat and Mouse Act. Five other men—not strikers—joined them in the work, discipline, and hunger strike and have been released similarly.

I write these lines as one of the fourteen men mentioned above. After over two and a half years' actual imprisonment with hard labour, after several months' close confinement, with a threat of early re-arrest hanging over my head,

By Guy Aldred.

I proclaim my intention to continue my strike should I return to prison. I proclaim my loyalty to Bolshevism and the International. I call upon all comrades in prison to join me in the work and discipline strike.

Finally, I appeal to the workers outside. We men who have suffered for conscience sake are fighting the workers' battle. We are the victims in the struggle. Do you intend to support us? And when are you going to strike to fetch us out? When are you going to give up resolutions for revolution? How much longer are we to remain betrayed? Inside and outside prison we have one hope—that comrades will at last become stern, complete absolutists.

MENACE TO BRITISH WORKERS.

A MENACE TO BRITISH WORKERS.

HOW THE BUSINESS GOVERNMENT WORKS IN BRITAIN, INDIA, AND BURMA.

Most of the national factories built during the war because the nation could do things more efficiently than was possible to private capitalism, are being sold, either by private treaty or public auction. The remainder will be used for munitions, repairs, storage, and so on. The workers at Waddon National Air-craft Factory, Croydon, have been holding mass meetings of protest, the shop stewards have drawn up a scheme for using the factory for peace work under workshop centrol management. The Government has, of course, refused to assent to the proposal—2,000 workers have been dismissed, 700 alone remain. The Ministry has written to the workers representatives that the remaining workers will be kept on as long as possible, and the factory will be used for salvage. But the sale of the factory by auction will take place this week. The workers say they will be at the sale to make their protest. The displaced workers now occupy a piteous position, their economic power is broken. During the war, they greatly improved their position, because they were needed. Now, needed no longer, they appeal in vain to the Government, to Members of Parliament, and even to Executive Councils of Trade Unions.

The government is a business government; it is standing by the interests of business men; it refuses to compete with them in business now that the war emergency is over. The workers must learn the lesson; they must appeal to their fellow workers who are still in industry to help them at this juncture. Not only do business governments refuse to compete with business men; they also help them.

WHAT THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT DOES FOR THE CAPITALIST.

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WHAT THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT DOES FOR THE CAPITALIST.

The Mining World and Engineering Record of November 23rd, in reporting the annual meeting of the Burma Corporation, a big mining and zine smelting company, throws an interesting light on what the government of India is doing for capitalism in India and especially for the Burma Corporation. The Government's friendly help is referred to as "a new and welcome feature in industrial development." Mr. F. A. Govett, who moved a vote of thanks to the chairman, Sir Trevredyn R. Wynne, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., attributed the Government's support, not simply to the fact that the Chairman had been an Indian-official, but to his "personal influence." Three years before the Company had been "at logger-heads" with the Government.

The rich and flourishing Burma Corporation during the war has greatly increased its profits. The chairman cheerfully stated, in regard to the lead produced by the company: "I feel fairly confident that, with our cheep labour, high grade ores, and other advantages, it will always be possible for us to produce this commodity at less cost than our competitors." With regard to zine, (continued on page 1206).

(continued on page 1200).

BETWEEN OURSELVES. By L. A. Motler.

BETWEEN OURSELVES. By L. A. Motler.

There is nothing so much that the Bellow person have a series of the property of the proposed of the prop

pleasant, please," proceed to hammer poisoned needle into his pate. The Hon. Ge would doubtless oblige.

an Alien. Or his son. Or his wife. It will be a warning to Aliens to dispense with a wife, not to say a son.

This Rocker was—hush!—a German; and after he had been a couple of years revelling in luxury at the Alexandra Palace, the Home Office thought he might feel homesick, so they sent him off to Germany. Strangely enough the Huns didn't want any dangerous agitators, so they left him in Holland. So there he is.

You must not imagine, Henry, that any charge was made against these Aliens. It would be sheer waste of time, and it was kinder to put them away without worrying them with a trial. The C.I.D. isn't out to judge whether a man is guilty or not. It is there to put him out of harm's way.

But Keeley and the Rockers are not the only Aliens interned. There are, I believe, thousands of them. There are, strange to say, even some hundreds of British subjects in internment camps. And they don't know what they are there for. Some of them escaped once in order to bring their cases into Court. But they were put back safely, and tied up with a bit of string perhaps to keep them safer.

There are also Irish prisoners there: but we may trust the Irish to look after thamsalves.

THE DEMANDS OF THE LIEBKNI PARTY.

THE FIGHT AGAINST MILITARISM.

How Industrial Conscription Works.

o in each country of "militia or volun-ose numbers and training shall, after quiry, be fixed by the Council of the This, we think, will mean some form

loyd George denied that this was the unent's scheme, but he did not state that

How industrial Conscription Works.

How industrial Conscription In times of crisis it is used by the employing class as a formidable striking force. Colonel Sir Augustus Fitz
George at the Service Club on August 26th, 1915, declared that compulsory service was necessary because "the people were getting out railway

In consideration of my early release from military duties, I undertake to accept work of military duties, I undertake to accept work of military duties. I make the military conscription of employer.)

(Address of employer.

discharged. Men are still being told to sign bed at 11 p.m. and stabbed him in three pi this objectionable form, which places them in a with a bayonet; and that of James Brightm

Tied to Rifle Butt in Egypt,

Those who fought against it.

Labour could have prevented the working of conscription by united industrial action against its collective or individual enforcement. By united industrial action Labour could get—it forever abolished. But Labour has taken no united action against conscription; it has contented itself with passing resolutions, and has left the real fight for liberty to individuals. Individuals—who undertake to fight great national and international injustices are victimised, even martyred; but by their efforts, they at last open the eyes of the masses take action the fight is won.

Six thousand men took up the fight against conscription, and are still carrying on the hard and painful struggle. Three thousand, five hundred of these men have accepted alternative punishment in penal settlements under the Home Office Scheme. One thousand, five hundred men are still in prison.

Those who fought against the working of conscription and wasted hours, prisoners are given the fight against. Those who are Acting Against Conscription.

CRIMINAL TRIBES OF INDIA.

CRIMINAL TRIBES OF INDIA.

All the World, the Salvation Army's monthly review of its work, has been sent to us. It contains an article by Major Charles McKenzie that empires are only built up by large-scale on the 'Criminal Tribes of South India.' These people, he says, are "jungle folk, remnants of aboriginal kingdoms, who led a free life in the open country; the sole possessors of ancient India." Amont India having been stolen from them, and faced with deprivations, the result of what Major McKenzie calls. "the onward march of the new civilisation," these people have restricts to eke out their subsistence. They are so poor that some of them have actually regarded imprisonment as a respite from hunger; a woman whose husband had gone to jail explained to the Major." "It is all very well for him, he gets his food and clothes, and has a gay time, but what about me?" Prison not having stamped out thefis, the Indian Government a few years ago passed an Act to restrict the movements of certain tribes who were declared "criminal," and there work would be found for them. Be it noted that any one born in these tribes is on that account merely classed as a criminal, without any crime having been proved. This in the free British Empire!

The Salvation Army came forward to manage these penal colonies, called settlements, and in the Madras Presidency alone it has 4,000 of these people under its control. It is strange that the Army did not devote itself to converting that the Army did not devote itself to converting that the Army did not devote itself to converting that the Army did not devote itself to converting that the Army did not devote itself to converting that the Army did not devote itself to converting the mirror of the works and soldiers? Councils.

And the World, the Salvation Army is not case that the Spartacus Go the transfer in the wealthy Imperialists who is genored to the work of the maning wealth from it, and causing them to live in such powers of the works of all arms, munitions of the work of the such pr

LEANEY'S LYD. WHOLESA THENEWSAGEN City Agent for to hundrikers' Dre g and 10, ST. P

THE WORKERS'

"Open Covenants of peace openly arrived at after which there shall be no private international

anderstandings of any kind, but diplomacy shall A Menace to British Workers—cont. from front proceed always frankly and in the public view."

THE WORKERS' DREADNOUGHT.

EDITOR SYLVIA PANKHURST.

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Vol. V., No. 44.

Sat., January 25th 1999.

THE
INTERNATIONAL CIVIL WAR.

From the outbreak of war no man stood out so conspicuously as its opponent as brave Karl Libehkneht. When the German autocracy was at the height of its military power his attacks upon it were untilinching. He was east into prison but remained undeterred. He actual of the district of the compilate of the district of the compilate of the compilat

and officers of their epaulettes."

The reported death of these two widely-cown Socialists should arouse to the existence if the International Civil War any Socialists and workers whose thoughts still turn with tope to the Peace Conference, that much divertised temple of pretence.

The Conference Rules now published in full, rove clearly that it is merely a conference of the baling politicians of the five Great Powers: citain, France, Italy, America, and Japan appresentatives of other nations, even of fit ide Belgium," will merely be allowed to sy their views before these autocrats. The lonference will be to all intents and purposes a cret one, for says Rule 8:—

The Sinn Fein Parliament is now assembled.

"The publicity of the proceedings shall be insured by Official Communiqués prepared by the scretariat to be made public. In case of discretance as to the drafting of these communiques hall be referred to the principal plenipotentiaries or their representatives."

Straight for Labour troubles.

The Sinn Fein Parliament is now assembled. Ireland is self-determined, a miracle of faith and solidarity has been accomplished. Our question to the British Government and to the British Army is: "Why not let Ireland alone?"

Therefore what the ruling politicians desire of say about the proceedings of the Conference, at the besaid and nothing more.

President Wilson's first point, be it remems the ex-King Manoel on the throne, will probably fail. But it may stir up a genuine peoples' revolution, which will establish not a capitalist, but an industrial republic.

E. SYLVIA PANKHURST. employed, or come down Burmese standard of living.

ROSA LUXEMBURG. By a Polish Socialist.

Government, under the pressure of German, and in a Jewish middle-class family. A least of Karl Marx, she remained an uncomaining Marxisk, believing that the establishe of a Socialist Commonwealth can only be seed by the dictatorship of the proletariat. I 1893 she founded, together with Warski, Social Democratic Party of Poland and and and and and analis, of which she remained the leader, its 4 and soul. Persecuted by the Russian and gania, of which she remained the leader, its 4 and soul. Persecuted by the Russian and gardine of the political papers—Czerwony, where she ether Polish periodical papers—Czerwony, be exercised an enormous influence by her strong personality, her logical rhetoric, her iron will, and untiring activity.

Here was a great personality. Although living abroad she was the driving power of the some of the leaders of the German Socialist of her political activity and publications in many she was expelled from the country as many sand Poland.

The meeting was preceded by a fine musical performance, given by Codar Paul, Muric Davenport, and Edward Scrums, but the target on the proposand and the forman ryon she was a sentenced to imprisonment in Germany, Float periodical papers—Czerwony, where she can be the Polish periodical papers—Czerwony, where she can be proposed to the Polish periodical papers—Czerwony, where she can be the Polish periodical pap

HANDS OFF RUSSIA" CONFERENCE. JANUARY 18th, 1919.

thronged and two smaller halls failed to accommodate the cherish the Russian Revoka, which is a part of the world revolution, an affection deeper than they have hithertoe capable of giving to any impersonal object, bit what is to be done? Not mere hopes and the speakers, and the speakers have been scoled by the audience. But this was a demonstration of the rank and file; the audience and speakers were at one. It was rumoured that antison centres round three different policies, in merge and emerge, as they are pushed in or that direction. All favour direct industaction; some are for fixing now the date igeneral strike to stop the Allied attack on aist Russia. Some urge that the organisateapable of carrying out such a strike is not in being, that the workers in sufficient lers are not yet prepared; they urge postment of the strike project to a further seene, and, in the meantime, the building up towerful organisation. Others do not believe a "Hands Off Russia" strike will ever be ded, and insist that the workers will only so on economic questions immediately sing them But, they say, if a great strike and arise and the situation be ripe, the darse colled to accommodate the overflowing audience.

At all the big meetings held in London recently the red flaggers in the audience have heccled the speakers have been scoled by the audience and speakers were at one. It was rumoured that anti-speakers and the speakers have been scoled by the audience and speakers were at one. It was rumoured that anti-speakers are controlled by the audience and speakers were at one. It was rumoured that anti-speakers are controlled by the audience and speakers were at one. It was rumoured that anti-speakers are controlled by the audience and speakers were at one. It was rumoured that anti-speakers, and the speakers have been scoled by the audience and speakers were at one. It was rumoured that anti-speakers, and the speakers have been scoled by the audience and speakers were at one. It was rumoured that anti-speakers are one to demerge, as

Conference met in the Memorial Hall the sorrowful news that Rosa Luxem and Karl Liebknecht had been killed.

nus played for them the Russian Revolution is adopted and a committee of fifteen persons elected to carry it into effect:—

"This rank and file Conference of delegates from

resolution is adopted and a committee of fifteen persons elected to carry it into effect :—
russ played for them the Russian Revolution; and the people's revolution."
This rank and file Conference of delegates from British and Irish Socialist and Labour organisations. The people's revolution."
The people's revolution."
The people's revolution."
The people's revolution."
The people's revolution. The people's revolution and the people's people with the people's people people's peopl

A great mass meeting of police was held at the Albert Hall on January 19th. The police

emand:— Full and frank recognition of the union. Amendment of the Police (Pensions) Act, 1918.— Immediate and substantial wage increases. Relief from "autocratic" action of Chief

Constables.

An inquiry before January 27th into the dismissal of Sergts. Belson and Davis and P.C. Mites, of the Midland Railway Tolice.

The pledges in regard to pension made at the settlement of the late strike have not been kept and another strike may take place.

MINERS AND ENGINEERS.

Miners are demanding a 30 hour week. Engineers are striking for a 40 hour week. All trades should fall into line.

EAST LONDON WORKERS' COMMITTEE. PUBLIC MEETING,

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 2nd 7 p.m.

WATCH FOR THE DATE OF TRIAL

Mr. Justice Younger's Court LAW COURTS, STRAND.

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THE FIGHT AGAINST MILITARISM

THE FIGHT AGAINST MILITARISM
(Continued from page 1199)
from neurasthenia." Her request was refused, but finally Percy Brooks was suddenly given seven days' leave, perhaps on account of his own mental state. He had been hunger striking, but abandoned his strike on hearing of his father's illness. Whilst at home Percy Brooks was examined by three medical men, all of whom took a serious view of his health. One of these, the examiner to the late Norwich Recruiting Board, said that a return to prison during the next three months would probably result either in phthisis or insanity. Miss Brooks is still trying to secure her brother's release.

WORKSHOP NOTES.

WILLIAM YOUR HELP WANTED.
Will all shop stewards, and trade unionists in North London, surrounding districts, and suburbs, desirous to 60-operate in forming North London Shop Stewards and Workers' Committee, kindly communicate with Albert J. Berrar, 69, Milson Road, W.14. A delegate conference will be convened for the purpose as soon as is practicable.

communicate with Albert J. Derrat, or, McCar. Road, W.14. A delegate conference will be convened for the purpose as soon as is practicable.

N.A.C. MEETING.

The National Administrative Council of the Workers' Committee met on Friday, Jan. 17th, at 7, Featherstone Buildings, Holborn, W.C.1. There were present A. MacManus (charman), Geo. Peet (secretary), Geo. Taylor (Barrow), H. Shaw (Leeds), F. Dickie and W. F. Watson (London), E. Kelly (Liverpool), D. Ramsay (Creasurer), J. T. Murphy (Sheffield), Tom Dingley (Coventry).

The Secretary reported that the National Cards were being printed and would be to hand in a few days. He described them to the meeting after which they were unanimously adopted. It was agreed to issue a propaganda leafter with perforated appended slip for use of intending associate members. The question of press was discussed, when it was generally agreed that the N.A.C. consider the publishing of a paper and in the meantime the delegates should use all other papers. The financial statement shewed £34 124. Ad in hand and the L.W.C. undertook to audit the accounts.

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HANDS OFF RUSSIA CONFERENCE AND MASS MEETING.

A full report of the above will be found page 1201.

A big meeting is to be held at the Albert F on February 8th in connection with Russia, tickets may be had from A. Inkpin, 21.a, Mai Lane, W.C. A mass meeting is also being ganised for February 9th in Victoria P. Similar meetings should be organised everywhere.

JAPANESE SOCIALISTS GREET BOLSHEVIKI.

reful not to foment discontent, but later cialist and Radical societies and groups dispersed. The reaction culminated in called "Kotokussk" affair...Since that there has been lack of Socialist organisa-n Japan...Nevertheless, Socialism has ed out, for it is immortal. Small Socialist exist in various towns, for instance, in and Yokohama.

I following letter, addressed to the Russian des, is the first joint effort of the Tokio and ama groups. These groups are program are program and have adopted the Bolshevik point w.

wery one knows that since the Bolsheviki in the power in Russia in November, 1917, sevism (which is really applied Socialism) made wonderful advance all over Europe. People are aware, however, that the last Revolution is beginning to stir the se of Japan. The following letter and resolution dapaneses socialists, which appeared in Moscow Pravida, and were reprinted in the orad Pravida on October 1st, 1918, are of callar interest to European Socialists:—

The Japaneses workers are too weak at present to prevent the Japanese workers are too weak at present to prevent the Japanese workers are too weak at present to prevent the Japanese workers are too weak at present to prevent the Japanese workers, we all remember the energetic protest made he Japanese Socialists when their Govern started the war in Korea in 1905. We had a strong influence on the Japanese have been many killed and wounded. The Mikado's mailed fist has fallen heavily upon the reaction roulminated in called "Kotokussk" affair. ...Since that at the reaction culminated in called "Kotokussk" affair. ...Since that at there has been lack of Socialism has in Japan. ...Nevertheless, Socialism has in Japan. ...Ne "The Executive Committee of the Socialist Groups of Tokio and Yokohama."

RESOLUTION OF THE JAPANESE SOCIALISTS.

"We, the Socialists of Japan having met in Tokio on the 1st of May, 1917, express our deep sympathy with the Russian Revolution to which we do homage. We recognise that the Russian Revolution is on the one hand a political revolution of the bourgeoisie against a medieval absolutism, and on the other hand a revolution of the proletariat against present-day capitalism. The transformation of the Russian Revolution into a world social revolution concerns not Russian Socialists only, but the Socialists of the whole world. The capitalistic order has in all the countries of the world reached its highest development and we have now a period of a full-blown capitalistic imperialism. Unless they wish to be deceived by the ideologists of imperialism, the Socialists of all countries must hold steadfastly to the international standpoint, and all the forces of the international proletariat must be directed against our common enemy—international capitalism. Thus only will the workers be able to fulfill their historic mission. The Socialists of Russia and all countries must do their utmost to stop the war in order to help the workers of the beligrent countries to direct their attacks, not against their fellow workers, but against the ruling classes of their own countries. We have faith in the heroism of the Russian Socialists and of our comrades throughout the world. We are firmly convinced that the revolutionary spirit will spread and permeate all the countries.

"Executive Comm. Socialist Group of Tokio." "Executive Comm. Socialist Group of Tokio.

OUTSIDE WANDSWORTH PRISON: An Open-air Experiment.

By Clana Ginnear Cons.

the poor soldier who have fought for their country, the work of the conscious objectors and the release of the conscious constitutions. Objectors and the sease of the conscious objectors to some other thring offence, are less sympathetic places and the constitutions. I desired the many to come out alive, or if alive is all the many to come out alive, or if alive is alive to the form the form the come of the come o

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LONDON MEETINGS.

OUT DOOR

OUT DOOR.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 24th.

The Square, Woolwich.—11.30 a.m., Miss Price.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 25th.
Great Push, Cobden's Statue.—Meet at 3 p.m.
Speakers Mrs. Butler, Miss Price, Mrs.
SUNDAY, JANUARY 26th.
Osborn Street, Whitechapel.—11.45 a.m., Mrs.
Sunday, January 24th.

Walker.
Salmon and Ball.—11.45 A.M., Miss Price.
The Grove, Hammersmith.—11.45 A.M., John

Syme.
TUESDAY, JANUARY 28th.
Clock Tower, Burdett Road,—11.30 A.M., Miss

Price.
FRIDAY, JANUARY 31st.
Tower Hill.—11.45 A.M. Miss Price.
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1st
Great Push in Holloway.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 26th.
400. Old Ford Road. — 7 P.M., Miss Ph. Rickards,
The Fight over 40 D.; Mr. E. G. Smith,
A Democratic Peace. Chair: Miss N.
Smyth. Discussion.
MONDAY, JANUARY 27th.
44, Malden Road (St. Pancras W.S.F.).—
2.30 P.M., Business Meeting.

44. Maden Road (St. Paneras W.S.F.).—
2.30 r.M., Business Meeting.

OUTSIDE WANDSWORTH PRISON.
Continued from page 1203.

placard before entering the prison. On their return they came out and asked me if I thought their man would get out before his time was up. Thea they said they had told him about me, and that he had sent word out by them that he was going to be a C.O. and that they were to be sure to tell me and remember him to me. As we talked, up came two other women who began abusing me in very strong language. My new friends retaliated on my behalf, the elder woman saying she had four sons at the front and one had the L.S.O. I had there it is not an interest of the posses. I have the address of these kindly friends and of another poor soul who came to be comforted and to speak aicely of me. We agreed it was a war of Riches versus Poverty. The very nice policemen who say good morning, and accept my papers so pleasantly must take my prises for granted without further description.

One lad greets me each day with: "She's got bats in her attic." and a young snob of 14, in cap which betokens one of the superior schools, passed me hesitatingly for four days and then said: "I wouldn't stand there doing that for those cowards," quite unconscious of his own cowardice in taking four days to muster up his courage to insult a woman who held opinion different from his own. One youthful soldier in a passion of hatred said he would kill every German he could lay his hands on. "There are plenty in Wandsworth," I said: "get your gun and do it." You will find that "same policeman over there will arrest you for killing even one German on your own and you'll be hanged for it." The principal taunt thrown at me is the question, "Where would you have been if we hadn't defended you!" My reply is: "No man fights in my name, or "That's what they say in Germany," in every country in fact, "Don't talk of defending women and children then there are now more widous and orphans in the world through war than ever there twere before!" a

OTHER ORGANISATIONS.
TUESDAY, JANUARY 28th.
Walthamstow League of Rights, William Morris
Hall, Somers Road.—2.30 F.M., Miss Horsfall.

Gratefully Acknowledged

Gratefully Acknowledged
GENERAL FUND.—Irene per Mrs. Drake
(20s. weekly), £4; Miss Gertrude A. Barham,
10s. 62; 6. T. Jones (Fair), 5s.; Mr. H. P. Burgess,
2s. 6d.; Miss Birch, 2s.; Mrs. Ennis Richmond, 1s.
COELECTIONS: Poplar W.S.F., 3s.; General
Meeting, 18s. 7d.
SOCIAL WORK.—Mrs. M. M. Weigall, £10;
per Miss Anna Udny (monthly), £3 4s. 7d.; Mrs.
Baillie-Weaver (monthly), £2; Mrs. Boswell, £2;
per Miss J. E. Weir (monthly), £1 5s.; Mrs.
Richmond (10s. fortnightly), £1; Nurse Hebbes
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Mrs. Usherwood, 6s.; Misses Barrowman (monthly)
5s.; Mrs. J. T. Drewry (monthly), 5s.; Dr. Johnson, 5s.; Mrs. Hargraves, 5s.; Anon., 3s. 6d.;
D. Wilkie, Esq. (monthly), 2s. 6d.; Miss Clare
Symonds (quarterly), 2s. 6d. COLLECTIONS:
Misses E. Lagsding and J. Watts (Green's Yard),
19s. 0\frac{1}{2}d.; L.S.A. Toolroom, 15s. 9d.

WORKERS' SOCIALIST FEDERATION.

A PUBLIC MEETING
Will be held at
400 OLD FORD ROAD, On SUNDAY JANUARY 26th, 7 p.m.,
On SUNDAY JANUARY 26th, 7 p.m.,
Speakers:—MISS PH. RICKARDS, "The Fight. Over 40D."
Chair:—MISS N. SMYTH.
Discussion.
Admission Free.

WORKERS GAINING CONTROL OF GERMAN INDUSTRIES.

In Germany the workers are spontaneously demanding and securing control of industry. An employer of labour whose letter from Berlin appeared in *The Times*, December 14th,

An employer of labour whose letter from Berlin appeared in The Times, December 14th, says:—

"I employ 700 persons who quite recently held a meeting at which I was not permitted to be present. A deputation on sisting of 15 of these employees appeared on Sunday, December. 1st, and told me that a complete change in dividing profits must take place. They gave me two letters, one from my higher employees, clerks and others, the other from the packers and porters and the like. I had been stready superficially instructed concerning the contents of these letters, and consequently put them in my pocket, raying that I reserved my reply. Thereupon cries were raised: 'Answer in three days. Read immediately,' I answered that I presumed the examination of these demands would take some time, whereupon I was informed that a committee had already been appointed to undertake this inquiry with me. The chief of this committee is the second book keeper, who, as one of the deputation called out to me, would take great care to do the work well, 'because he is against the firm.' This man had already betrayed all the figures accessible to him.... By this procedure Socialisation will be effected in individual undertakings by their usual employers. It is like an insidious disease, which confronts every individual person with the gravest decisions, whether to yield, to make compromises, or to risk a strike. In the last case, the employer would, perhaps, find the strike-breakers at once, but the great danger is that he would be obliged to maintain his business on the pretext that it must be kept going in the interests of the State. In this case, it runs the risk of being 'taken over' by the Workers' Council, or even by the State.''

the State."

BELGIUM'S POUND OF FLESH.
Little Belgium, or rather her Government, is demanding not merely an indemnity from Germany, but the neutral Duchy of Luxemburg, and from neutral Holland Zimburg and the territory on the left bank of the Scheldt. Belgium claims to have possessed this territory prior to 1839. She wants a complete revision of the Treaties of 1815- and 1839. There is always a treaty somewhere—but, what is more important, Belgium desires these territories. Some Belgians want Zeeland, Flanders, and the Maastricht Enclave.

THE LEAGUE OF RIGHTS FOR SOLDIERS AND SAILORS WIVES AND RELATIVES.—Full particulars from Miss Gilbertson, 400, Old Ford Road, E.3.

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On PRIDAY, 24th JANUARY, 1919, at 8 p.m., At CAXTON HALL, Caxton Street, Westminster (1 min. St. James' Park und. and Victoria St.

Discussion Invited. Come and bring your friends. Adm

BOLSHEVISM IN TURKEY.

BOLSHEVISM IN TURKEY.

The Isvestia (Bolshevik organ) some time reported the spread of Socialism in Mahamme Turkestan, hitherto a pawn of rival Chauvicontestants. The District Soviet of the Mah medan Trades Unions in Tashkent unites 200 Turkestan workers, and the Soviet Governn has opened a Mahammedan People's Univer and twenty-four Turkish eentres of lean Socialist papers appear in the Turkish langu and out of 36 members of the Central Execu Committee of the Soviet Republic there, et are Mahammedans.

are Mahommedans.

W.S.F. SOCIAL WORK.—The Mothers' Ar
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