THE WORKERS'

DREADNOUGHT

Socialism, Internationalism, Votes for All.

Vol. V.-No. 16

SATURDAY, JULY 13th, 1918

Price Twopence.

THE WARING & GILLOWS STRIKE. By W. F. Watson.

EROPLANE WORKERS FLY FROM WORK.

The strike of aeroplane workers which originated through the discharge of a shop steward at Waring & Gillows has spread quite as rapidly as the "Spanish 'Flu." As usual the capitalist press, always at the service of the employers, has, with the object of weakening the resolution of the strikers, filled its columns with what Churchill would call terminological inexactitudes concerning Rock and the activities of the shops committee. With a view to giving the facts of the case the committee responsible for the conduct of the strike has issued the following statement .-

A DISPUTE AT MESSRS. WARING & GILLOWS-THE ALLIANCE AEROPLANE, LTD., W.C.

On Tuesday, June 25th last, Mr. Waring sent for a deputation of the men on the question of the recognition of the Shop Committee and the dismissal of a woman stewardess.

Mr. Waring informed the deputation that he would not recognise the Shop Committee in any shape or form, and also that he would not reinstate the woman steward. The deputation retired, and the shop secretary was instructed to call a full committee of the stewards. This full committee then discussed the report made by the deputation and agreed to place the matter in the hands of the London District Aircraft Committee and the Ministry of Munitions.

On the following day, Wednesday, June 26th, the stewards found that 11 to 2 hours' time was stated. as the period the committee occupied in discussing the refusals of Mr. Waring on the points above mentioned. The Committee meeting had lasted actually about 50 minutes. The stewards had protested, and Mr. Gillingham altered the time to one hour. The men protested against this, and considered that as the settlement of the two questions was to the advantage of the firm that there should be no stoppage of time at all. The shop secretarywas asked to call a committee meeting in the grounds outside the erecting shop of the stewards of that department. The committee met and further considered the matter, and a resolution was moved that the committee call a meeting of the men and letthem know of the trouble that had arisen. An amendment was moved that the matter be placed in the hands of the officials. The amendment was put and lost, and then the resolution was carried unanimously. The time was then about 5.30, and a meeting of the men. The Chairman explained the trouble, and a resolution was moved, namely: "That we stand by our benches until the time be put back on the cards." This was passed. The meeting then appointed a deputation of four to acquaint the management with the same. As the deputation approached Mr. Gillingham's office, the Chairman was called aside for about half a minute, and was told that his money was made up till 8 o'clock P.M.

The deputation then went back to the meeting and reported the situation, and as it was then 6 o'clock, and a considerable number of men had gone home, it was agreed that the meeting be adjourned to 8.30 the following morning. A member of the L.D.A.C. who works on the firm, was asked to report the trouble to the L.D.A.C. at their next meeting the same evening. The following morning, Thursday, June 27th, the meeting passed a resolution, "To stand by their work till the one hour's time was put back on the cards, and our Chairman be re-instated."

In the afternoon the shop secretary and the acting chairman were told that they were wanted in the office, and on proceeding there, were asked by Mr. Jennings, the Chairman of the Company, to request the men to leave the factory-otherwise they would call in the police and clear them out. asked to see us by ourselves. We went downstairs and explained the trouble, and he stated the men must return to work, and that inquiry would be held afterwards. The acting chairman and the shop secretary promised to give all information to the men and women, and this being done, the meeting passed a resolution "that they would wait until the firm called the police in," and that they still held to their resolution not to return to work without the Chairman, and the hour put back on the time cards.

The firm were informed, also the representative of the Ministry of Munitions, who stated he wished to see the full committee. On seeing them, he repeated his previous statements. A Conference being fixed for Saturday morning, June 29th, Mr. Stennett was asked whether the trouble could be settled at that Conference called to discuss the refusal of the firm to recognise the shop committee. Mr. Stennett informed me (A. Murrell) on Friday, June 28th, that as the men were out, this was doubtful, and stated that he considered the Conference would not take place, or even if it did, it would be a farce. On Saturday morning, June 29th, at 10.30 the Committee met Mr. Stennett at Hammersmith, and he stated the Conference would not be held. We had a talk with him about the troubles, and he said that in his opinion our Chairman's case was one of pure victimisation. On the Monday, a meeting of the L.A.W.C. was called when all information was given to them.

On going to work on Friday, June 28th, the men and women found the gate opened only sufficient for one at a time to enter, and the police were there. They were asked whether they intended to work or stand by. Only those giving their word to work Signed A. MURRELL, were admitted. Shop Secretary, Waring & Gillow's.

There are several points worth noting in this statement. Firstly, the men at Waring & Gillows did not technically speaking strike. They resolved to stand by their benches until the case was settled. They were actually locked out. Secondly, they gave the L.D.A.C. every opporthe committee went into the erecting shop and held tunity of dealing with the matter. Further, Mr. Rock, the victimised shop steward, assures us, as also does the shop secretary, that it has always been customary to summon shop meetings by whistle, that he was acting directly under the instructions of the men in the shop and that he had never been warned by the management about calling meetings.

> There are several interesting features about this strike. Rock being a woodworker the matter was taken in hand by the London Woodworkers Council and at first only woodworkers were affected. But the principles of Industrial Unionism so ably propagated for years past had well soaked in, with the result that workers of all grades, trades, and industries, skilled and unskilled men and women spontaneously responded, and many discharged soldiers are also working with us. At the time of writing over 20,000 are on strike. To have brought all these sections

together is a victory in itself. The Strike Committee now consists of the Executive of the Woodworkers Council, six engineering and metal workers and six women. One of the points insisted upon by the London Woodworkers A representative of the Ministry of Munitions present Council was that representatives of its Executive must be present at the negotiations between the Ministry and the officials of the L.D.A.C. This point has been gained and to-day (Tuesday) a deputation consisting of representatives of the L.D.A.C., three from the Executive of the Strike Committee (one woodworker, one engineering worker, and one woman worker), and two from Waring and Gillows (the shop secretary and Rock himself), was appointed and secured an interview with Winston Churchill and other representatives of the Ministry of Munitions. The interview lasted five hours with no amicable result, the Conference being adjourned until 3 o'clock tomorrow (Wednesday). As usual the Government insist upon resumption of work before submitting to arbitration. The men agree with this, but insist upon Rock resuming work with them to which the employers' representatives object on the grounds that it would create a precedent and that it would be impossible for any man to be discharged before submitting his case to arbitration. The deputation was able to quote eases where the dispute had been settled whilst the men were out. It is problable that the strike will be settled before this appears in print, but we sincerely trust that the workers on strike will resist this obvious attempt to wear them out and to strike a blow at the foundations of the Shop Stewards' movement. We sincerely hope that there will be no weakening of the determination of the workers, that Rock is re-instated pending arbitration and that greater industrial strength will be developed to achieve this object.

Above all, we hope, and believe, that after this fight is settled the worl ers will continue to work in close association and that there shall be permanently established in London a Workers' Committee directly representative of the men and women in the shops organised regardless of union or industry, craft, grade or sex, to enable the workers to apply their i dustrial strength as swiftly as possible.

WORKSHOP NOTE.

FORTH AREA.

Received "Final Report" safely, and am extremely sorry to see things are so bad, but there are a few here willing to assist.

Your fight is generally understood in this area, and I am confident of a decent response. Things in the "Forth Area" have been distinctly "lively" this past month. Rosyth men have been off "overtime" for 10 days, demanding double-time rates for Sunday work, and time and half rate for all ordinary overtime. Held mass meeting on Monday last and made known Admiralty's decision, i.e., dispute goes to arbitration; men go back under protest, pending decision, which is promised for Thursday of this week. "Things" elsewhere are also shewing "healthy activity" so you can guess our hands are pretty full. In meantime, E. A. BARTLETT. trust me to do my best.

Latest Russian Telegrams.

Supplied by Maxim Litvinoff Plenipotentiary for Great Britain of the Russian People's · Commissioner for Foreign Affairs.

GOVERNMENT ATTEMPTS TO STOP SPREAD

OF REVOLUTION IN UKRAINE. Moscow, July 1st, 1918.—At the last sitting of the Ukrainian Council of Ministers in the presence of General Eichorn, Skoropadsky declared that the principal causes of the Ukrainian peasant rebellions are the possession of arms by the left socialist organisations and their other means for fighting. According to Skoropadsky there are in the Oumansk district powerful revolutionary organisations which are assassinating Government officials. Skoropadsky proposes dissolution of co-operative clubs and of workers' organisations as centres of socialist propaganda. Shoropadsky's proposition unanimously approved. Eichorn declared that he ordered the German Military Commandant in Kieff to have in readiness the troops stationed in this town.

At this sitting a resolution was adopted that rigorous measures should be taken against the antigovernment movement in the Ukraine.

PETROGRAD SOVIET ELECTIONS.

Moscow, June 27th, 1918.—On June 27th the registration of the newly-elected members of the Petrograd Soviet took place at the Smolny. Of the 600 members who appeared four-fifths declared themselves Communists (Bolsheviks), seventy-five social-revolutionaries of the left and about thirty Mensheviks and social revolutionaries of the right. Amidst ovations Sinovieff made an enthusiastic speech. The Executive was formed of four Bolsheviks and two social revolutionaries of the left. The

sitting, attended by four thousand people, proceeded in an atmosphere of immense revolutionary enthusiasm.

SPREAD OF REVOLUTION IN UKRAINE. Moscow, July 1st, 1918.—Revolution in the Ukraine is spreading from day to day. In the provinces of Poltava, Kherson, and Ekaterinaslay, landowners are being murdered by the peasants. Landowners are demanding that the Government should

increase repressive measures against the peasants. In many parts the peasants are cutting the corn so as to prevent the landowners from reaping the crops. The Germans have hanged 18 peasants and workmen in Ekatorinaslav to terrorise the soldiers, and have officially announced the execution of 8 Hungarian Internationalists. Relations between Germans and Austrians become very strained. The Germans are forcing the Austrians to do all the hard work while they themselves only look after the requisitioning of provisions which they afterwards collect in depots, calling them Divisional Booty Depots. In the district of Zvenigorod all the authorities down to the Militia and German soldiery have been killed by peasants, who have taken possession of the German Munition Depot, containing 14,000 rifles and 50 machine-guns. The Germans summoned an Austrian regiment which drove away its officers, declaring that armed action directed against the peasants would be looked upon as actions directed against the regiment. In the district of Tarastschansk nearly twenty villages with 15,000 combatants are in revolt. The peasants have taken possession of

the town of Tarastschansk, killing all Cermans and liberating the political prisoners.

GUERILLA WARFARE IN UKRAINE.

Moscow, June 30th, 1918.—The Ukrainian section of the People's Commissariat for Nationalities, learns from a reliable source that, in the province of Ekaterinaslav, a sanguinary combat has taken place between White Guards, Germano-I krainians and peasants, who are carrying on a guerilla warfare in this province. It is an organised "Red" army of peasants 200,000 strong, with artillery and machineguns. The factories are closing as the majority of workmen are leaving to enlist in the guerilla war. In the province of Chernigoff famine is on the

LEAGUE OF RIGHTS

increase and the indignation of the populace is rising.

for Soldiers, Sailors, and their wives and relatives.

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10 to 6 except Tuesdays, and on Tuesdays 10 to 12 at THE LONDON WORKERS' COMMITTEE OFFICE, 7 Featherstone Buildings, Holborn, W.C.

A LIBERAL-LABOUR CANDIDATURE.

The South Islington Labour Party on the recommendation of Mr. Arthur Henderson has adopted as its candidate Mr. Joseph Martin, Liberal member for East St. Pancras since 1910. Has Mr. Martin become a Socialist? What did he do in Parliament to justify his adoption as a Labour candidate? The formation of the Labour Party was thought to signalise the end of Liberal-Labourism; but Mr. Henderson is evidently bent on its revival.

THE WORKERS' DREADNOUGHT

EDITOR: SYLVIA PANKHURST. Published by the Workers' Socialist Federation, 400 OLD FORD ROAD, LONDON, E.3 Telephone: EAST 1787.

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Sat., July 13th, 1918.

GRAND-PARENTS.

At the concert people were gay and happy. The pianist wore a blue bodice brocaded with gold. She played with a charming touch and bowed to us, glancing from under her heavy hair with shy sweet looks. The singers amused us by elegant little fantasies. The orators spoke cheerfully and rallied each other in pleasant fashion. What is wrong with life? Why should anyone worry? The thought that the way of the pioneer is hard and ignominous seems an exaggeration here.

Out in the darkness an old woman crouches in the

It is hot, very hot, and the sordid streets are dusty; but the thirty old folk go jauntily. Men are going to Parliament to ask for an increase in the pension. The old man* who leads them says that two years ago he went there with others, most of whom are now dead, and a few days time and they believe that they will get it.

It is a long way to the station. They walk so comes. layer, but has also worked as a miner, and in to-morrow on this day. sailed all round the world, but he does not know have never before left the East End. They walk so slowly, choosing the shady side of the road. Their faces grow drawn and haggard. Five of them give up the effort, When we reach the Mile End Road they have disappeared.

In the cool of the station their spirits revive for the walking is almost over and the train will carry them swiftly to the House of Hope. "Would you like me to sing you a song?" an old fellow asks waggishly. "I could sing if I had another voice."

The train stops. They mount the steps very slowly and are out again in that burning sun. Surely it never seemed so far from Westminster Bridge Station to the Strangers' Entrance!

And now they go into the Lobby with another band of ancient comrades from St. Paneras. Right in this time, for the ban against women has been removed. The old women are voters now-at last! But there are not many seats in the Lobby, and younger people, who do not budge, washing to earn enough to cover the deficit. are occupying them. The pensioners must stand. Already they are so tired, so tired, and the air follows: here is exhausted.

Only a Scotch Vote on to-day: Members of Parliament do not care for it, very few have thought it worth while to come. British Members of Parliament are not fined for non-attendance as Representatives are in America, their pay is not

docked like that of factory workers. John Burns comes out and rates Miss Price, who sent for him: "Dragging old people here in the heat, it can do no good!" The old man who arranged the visit hears Burns in silent smoldering indignation, which bursts forth only when its object has disappeared: "What! do no good? Won't he speak up for us? It was men like us who put John Burns where he is!" He expects Burns to act; cannot conceive that he might be powerless; cannot believe that Parliament could hear the case and see the pitiful little budgets, and still refuse to act. John Burns has known the House of Pretence for many years, and heard thousands of pitiful stories told here without result. Now he sits silent and the World has well-nigh forgotten that he is still alive.

Slowly the time drags on. Members come out *The old man organised the deputation and applied to Miss Price, of the W.S.F., to arrange for it to be received by Members of Parliament.

dockyard men to attend to." "Oh, I am busy, enough. Two of us live on 11/6 a week. Somehim. He learns that from their downcast looks cannot afford such prices, and what to do she entreaty, their weariness heavy upon them now a hard one. You have my sympathy." that hope is gone, hungry-eyed, desperate, with The Members of Parliament and their friends the expression of drowning creatures. He falters; appear to belong to another race from that of his eyes tear-filled like theirs; catching somehow our old people. Their younger relatives, throngfrom them the look of misery. He seems to have ing the Roman Road or Green Street, hurrying grown older: "I'll see what can be done; I'll amongst the market stalls, keen-eyed for bargains. arrange for questions next week from every section eagerly seeking enough to stay their children's

live without you? false and elusive you are, but of yellow; these contrast strangely with the sweeter than what is real! He rushes away, the Members' ladies. spurt of energy already, perhaps, is fading. Their "It is time to go; "Good-bye," "Thanks," faces are radiant. "Ah that was kind," "fairly "Thanks," "Good-bye." An old navvy breaks in

out to the Terrace, slowly, painfully, with spirits is the easiest way." joyous. After this they can go home to those Hopes are less brilliant now. The old people after their visit the pension was increased from who were too feeble to come, with the news begin slowly to realise that they have no definite 5/- to 7/6 a week. They will ask for 15/- this that something will be done! The anticipation promise to take with them on the long journey means more to them than the money will-if it homeward. The glamour has faded. "We've had

slowly with feet wearily dragging. That man has So to the terrace; the water gleams in the coated gentlemen. That's about all. I thought lost the sight of an eye, he is 83 and his limbs sunshine. It is pleasant out here in the shade of I would rub it in about the eggs and bacon." tremble. This man is 81. His wife the same age, the great building sitting beside the tables with So speaks the realist. is bed-ridden. "Nobody comes near her." He white cloths invitingly spread-A pigeon flutters is the nurse and housewife, and does the marketing down. "He's coming down to take tea with us," > and washing. They have no relatives: she was an old dame says gaily. They laugh: "It is fine one of eighteen brothers and sisters, but they are to be here!" What do you think of it all?" thoughts with soft enchantment, just for a little all dead and have left no trace. He was one of "A beautiful place!" "Splendid carving." Their while. Then he plunges us into the struggle of five, but all the rest are gone. He and she had business done, they can now hopefully settle to Revolution: makes us hear terrible cries, makes us one child only—a daughter who disappeared at 13 mere enjoyment. There is no sugar for the see crowds of people surging and striving. Again years of age. "She trained from London Bridge," tea; the Food Controller's orders prevent it; but the old faces hungry, despairing; agonised hunger that is all they know. So they are alone. He has an old man has brought with him a tin con- on all the faces, even the faces of children. March worked for his living since the age of ten, and was taining his store of sugar for the week. He of the Revolution, ruthless, unswerving. Songs of apprenticed in Grey's Inn Lane. He was a brick- shares it with eager generosity—no care for defiance against the tyranny. Songs of despairing

pursuit of employment has travelled all over the Feeble and old, and poorly clad; they are Outside the sky seems angry, yet is still. Dark country, but he has never been to the House of like happy children. Members of both Houses banks of cloud stretch jagged across the yellow light Commons before. That tall, spare man, with the pass by, pacing leisurely. Some are as old as of the past sunset. Turn from the light, mount the pallid face of one who is always under-fed and these from the East End; but their contrasting 'bus that goes swiftly away in the darkness. A woman seldom out in the sun, is 82. As a seaman he looks belie the truth. There is an ancient who of the people sits with upturned face, and eyes that might have passed as the model for Dyson's see only what is not there. Her tears are undried. the way to Westminister. Several of the women "Mr. Fat," huge and portly, with immaculate She holds herself rigid, with every nerve straining to grey frock coat and top hat shining, The clothes stay her sobs. To-day's common story. Her of our frail old men are greasy and green with husband has just gone to the war. Touch her in age. Haughty women stalk past, eyeing us with pity; for comfort her poor frame nestles towards a proud insolence. Miss Price, actively seeking you; but her indignant brain tells her there is no for every chance, calls Members up to talk to our hope, ruthlessly forces her back to stiffened tension, party, showing the miserable little budgets which lest she should lose altogether her self-control. explain how the weekly dole is spent. Here is Only a stifled cry escapes her. "Poor people always

				s. d.
Rent				2 6
Coals	10000			1 2
Wood and	oil			9
Rice and	milk			1 51
Margarine		**	••	33
Bread				9
Sugar		••		3½ 8
Tea	••	••		
Bloaters		0.0.00		21

Total .. 8 14 She is very feeble, but she does a day's Another old woman's account is made up as

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She buys no meat, fish, eggs, fruit, or vege- to join this movement and so help to obtain the tables. Bread, milk, tea, and sugar are all she release of the men now undergoing imprisonment has to eat. Nothing is put down for soap, may obtain a petition form from Mrs. Wood, nothing for shoes or clothes.

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	5 oz. Margarine		\$1.		37	Æ
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Secret .	1 pint of parafin					
	Soap				3	
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He has put down nothing for firing.

and advise sending for others, "your local An old man says: "My wife is 69. She earns Member, someone else, anyone else," "I have my 4/- a week by minding a baby when she's well I must-" Cards come back and the names times on 7/6." Another old husband and wife spend of Members not in the House are read out 5/- on rent. A well-groomed Member of Parliament by the official: Mr. Tom Wing is Secretary glances at their budget and asks: "Five shillings for the Old Age Pensions Committee," some- for rent; is not that rather high for one room?" one tells us. He is sent for, and appearing "Two rooms," the old husband humbly corrects says "a committee is sitting, it has done him. "Two rooms? Is that necessary? One room great work." He assures us that the old age surely-! And, of course, it is only the price of pensioners enjoy many ameliorations. Without food that has risen so much; the price of loss of pension, they may draw separation allow- other things has not doubled." Someone reads an ances and pensions on account of unmarried extract from a letter: "She lost her husband in soldier and sailor sons, that additional benefits 1870. She is 78. She had just moved, and somemay be obtained by those entitled to receive them how in the moving a hole was made in her pail from friendly societies and benefit clubs: some and her water jug was broken. She went to charities also help poor old people and some are buy new ones, but found that a little pail which partly supported by their relatives. But none she used to be able to buy for 61d. would now of these mercies apply to the old people around cost her 3/6, and a jug would cost her 2/6. She even before it is explained. His voice grows does not know. She usually makes a pudding sharper: "It is no use my promising things, only when she draws her money; a kind of milk to disappoint you. I can't hold out any hope pudding that can be made without sugar or ___." They stand around in tragic, mute milk. . ." "Yes, yes, of course. The case is

hunger, worn-faced, limp-haired, clad in their Ah hope, buoyant with silver wings, who can old black skirts and faded blouses and little bits

spoken." "He will do something"..... on the ceremony abruptly. "No eggs and bacon Sir John Bethel is offering tea. So they go for our breakfast!" "Ah, well, good-bye. This

the pleasure of shaking hands with the black-

In the dusk, by his playing, Særmus becalms our grief that knows no solace.

the account of an old woman, aged 73 years :- have to suffer; poor people always have to pay."

Have You Ordered Your "Dreadnought"? If not you may find this form of use for your

E. SYLVIA PANKHURST.

*** ***

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Please send or reserve......copies of the "WORKERS' DREADNOUGHT" weekly. Signed

SUBSTITUTES FOR PRISONERS. On July 17th it is hoped to present the following petition signed by between 300 and 400 men and women, offering themselves in place of those imprisoned for conscience sake. Anyone wishing

24 Golders Manor Drive, N.W.4. We, the undersigned, being in entire accord with the attitude of the men imprisoned for their conscientious refusal to take part in war, and realising that it is merely the accident of age, sex or other cause of exemption which prevents us from being now in the same position, herewith offer ourselves as substitutes, person for person, to take the place of men who are suffering in prison for doing what we also think right, and whose imprisonment we consider to be a crime.

We venture to remind you of the historic precedent of 1659, when 164 members of the Society of Friends offered themselves as substitutes for prisoners for conscience sake. We therefore in all sincerity place our offer in

your hands.

QUESTIONS OF THE DAY

THE NEW INDIAN SCHEME. classes of Indians.

Indian appointed by the provincial government should join it." This committee should also decide the precise composition of the Local and Provincial Councils. Everything is cautious and tentative; opposition to Kerensky manifested at the Labour nothing definite. The Report insists that: "The Conference by B.S.P. delegates and others, produced which it may surrender. Provincial Councils and tunity to make themselves heard. Executives are to be formed which may deal with certain "transferred" subjects, to be allocated to them by the Viceroy and withdrawn from them at his will. Altogether it is clear that the curio and complicated hotch-potch suggested would provide an entirely "tame" staff of administrators. One could almost believe that some of the schemes complex in order to baffle the critic by their maze-

like character. GENERAL ELECTION AND THE WAR.

OUR TREATMENT OF FOREIGNERS. The Report on Indian Constitutional Reforms The Committee appointed by Mr. Lloyd George signed by the Viceroy and Secretary of State, may to consider the treatment to be meted out by this century. be a step in the right direction, but it is certainly Government to the people of other nations who are neither a very big nor a very courageous one. There resident here, has made the sort of report that was indeed nothing Bolshevik about it. It affirms expected of it. It calls for more internments. It that complete self-government for India is the desires women (with some exceptions) whose husultimate goal of British policy, but it indicates that bands are interned shall be interned or repatriated. goal is exceedingly remote and that the present It calls for the cancelling of naturalisation certificates forms are to apply only to "a limited intelligentsia granted after January 1st, 1914. "Where prima who desire advance," and whose progress cannot be entirely stayed until education has been extended to the masses. In Russia the Bolsheviki at once will of a holder of a certifiate" granted prior to 1914 gave self-government to the masses and simultaneous- it is recommended that the question of cancellation dertook the tremendous task of educating be referred to an Advisory Committee. This would present solution of the problem. Masses being receive visitors" is recommended. Does that mean barred out, it is proposed to give some share in the that the unfortunates who are interned are to receive national, provincial and local government to selected no more visits? Such cruelty is almost unthinkable of high standing and repute." As the committee are suggested and it is also recommended that

> KERENSKY AT THE CONFERENCE. Jean Louquet, in La Populaire, complains that the

government of India must remain totally responsible an unfortunate reaction in his favour. We wish we to Parliament" (that responsibility is a very loose could attribute the enthusiastic welcome shown to and shadowy one), "and saving such responsibility Kerensky to the protests made against him. Units authority in essential matters must remain in- fortunately when Kerensky was first announced disputable." It declares that the Government delegates sprang to their feet, thoughtlessly cheering "must have the right of re-entry" to any power him before those who protested had had an oppor-

KERENSKY AND MACDONALD.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald in The Labour Leader nearly seventeen years ago by tremendous selfsays: "Kerensky's policy seems to be to create a sacrifice on the part of men and women of the working Socialist-Radical bloc in Russia and form a Govern- class, has not only built up a literature of its ment, and there is much to be said for this." The own, but has time and again heroically jeopardised statement surprises us. The wonderful long-desired its own safety by fighting the battles of other being put forward nowadays are purposely rendered miracle has happened: for the first time in history organisations. The Press challenged the Governworking-class Socialist administration has been ment in the case of Tom Mann, and the brothers established in Russia. Surely the determined efforts Buck by reprinting verbatim the suppressed of all Socialists should be to maintain that adminis- Crowsley leaflet, 'Don't Shoot.' It printed tration and to work so that working-class Socialism The Suffragette, Connolly's paper, the Irish Worker. The General Election predicted at one time in may become the dominant power in all other The Vanguard, edited by John Maclean, and The June, then in the autumn, has been postponed again countries. Yet here is Mr. MacDonald suggesting Worker, the organ of the Clyde Workers' Committee. till the new year. The life of Parliament is again that the flag of the Socialist Government be hauled. In every case its concern was not with the nature onged till January 30th. Evidently the Govern- down and a Radical-Socialist coalition be established of the contents of these publications, but the fact ment expects the War to be with us still when 1919 in its place. Such a surrender would mean handing of their suppression. Only recently, when the the land back to the landlords, the industries to the official organ of the militant B.S.P., The Call, was

PARLIAMENT AS WE SEE IT.

whether the Allies will offer, or have offered, as- "non-military character." Mr. Lees-Smith (L.) sistance to the Russian Soviet Government to pre- also demanded that some safeguard be introduced serve the Murman ports to Russia, Lord R. Cecil into the Bill to assure that the physical training said: "In the event of any invitation being regiven to children be of a non-military one. He ceived from the Soviet Government for Allied naval pointed out that Mr. Fisher would not always be or military assistance in defending Russian terri- at the Board of Education, therefore his assurance · tory against Germany, it will receive sympathetic that "so far as the Board is concerned there will

MR. BILLING. up to the internment of all aliens. Finally he tried mentary that he was forcibly removed by attendants and suspended. It would seem that this piece of acting was prepared; for Mr. Billing's being gone into. We are anxious to know what degree of Anglicisation will be necessary to exempt from internment!

THE HARVEST DANGER. On Mr. Roch's motion, the House adjourned to discuss the new comb-out of skilled agricultural labourers. It drew from Mr. Prothero an appalling statement from which we gather that the War Cabinet is prepared to risk losing the harvest! And this in face of the fact that even they repeat that this war is an economic war. Where does the power of the Blockade come in now? Surely if it is said to be effectual against Germany, we here too should arm against it!

July 2nd.—Sir A. Mond stated that it was estimated to cost £450 to cover up the King Charles statue at Charing Cross. His reason for having this precaution taken is because "it is one of the finest works of art in the metropolis."

July 3rd.—Sir G. Cave, in reply to Colonel Wedgwood (L.), said that Theodolinda Paster is a German subject and was in touch with German agents. But why keep her interned in Holloway without public trial?

The Home Secretary intimated to Mr. King (L.) that he would watch his efforts to produce Rudolf Rocker's wife and family. Mr. Rocker is in Holland because the Germans refused him admittance, and his wife is here!

EDUCATION. On July 1st, 2nd and 3rd the Education Bill was

July 1st.—In answer to Mr. King's (L.) question He moved that holiday schools and camps be of a for over a year. No explanation is known. not be military training in the strict sense of the term " was not enough. Sir Watson Cheyne's Mr. Billing (Ind.) put many questions leading speech was the best argument in favour of inserting a qualifying Clause. He said that marching to move the adjournment to have a discussion on and military movements were the best training, the question. His behaviour was so unparlia- and denounced football as a "diabolical game," and added that his own boys were being taught to shoot and they had no desire "to shoot their showed that as far as they are concerned they are be applied in the ordinary way? going to treat that pious phrase as a scrap of salary on the ground of sex was defeated.

SECRET TREATIES.

July 4th.—Lord R. Cecil said that translations of the secret documents as they appeared in the Russian paper "Pravda" are in the possession of the Foreign Office. Now, Mr. Barnes has an opportunity of seeing for himself that the treaties

WAR AIMS.

Lord R. Cecil remarked a propos of Herr von Kühlmann's speech: "Our war aims are well known, and we wait in vain for a clear and unambiguous declaration of those of our enemies." But does he include the Secret Treaties in those aims? SWEATED NURSES

tant point was the easiness with which Mr. White- Hospital. They are paid 13s. per week at the end vent this obnoxious exception. house's amendment was overruled on Clause 17. of their second year and then "farmed" out to

capitalists, and relegating the Soviets-the most democratic governmental bodies-to the impotency of mere trades councils. To do as Mr. MacDonald indicates would be to put the clock of progress back to the epoch of the French Revolution. We ask him to regard the situation with the eyes of the twentieth

ALBERT THOMAS.

M. Albert has given to the Daily Chronicle an interview recording his impressions of the Labour Conference. He is there reported as saying: "Manual workers isolated in the community can have no power; they must be helped by thinkers. . . Persons like Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Webb, therefore, really laying the foundation for a better future." Apparently M. Thomas thinks that manual workers do not think. We would inform him that the most advanced constructive socialist thought in this country to-day them for its exercise by plays, by lectures, by provide opportunities indeed for the gossips and is coming from those who are actually working in classes. In India the still greater task is scarcely person afflicted with spy mania! "The revision the mines and factories. M. Thomas further stated assess. the opposite course of excluding the masses of the regulations under which inmates of intern- that "old worn out" socialist "formulæ" are being from the suggested franchises is proposed as the ment camps are granted leave and permitted to discarded, and "there is a desire to substitute organic capitalism for chaotic capitalism." That goes to substantiate the charge made against the executive resolutions by E. C. Fairchild and repudiated by lasses of Indians.

In a so-called civilised country. Have these men Mr. Webb and Mr. MacDonald. The rank and file The Report suggests that the decision as to what ever been in prison? Do they reflect that they desire, not organic capitalism "but socialism": let classes are to be chosen should be left to a com- themselves might have been interned prisoners had them see that they get it. M. Thomas declares himmittee consisting of "a chairman chosen from out- they but chanced to be in Austria or Germany at self on the side of Allied intervention in Russia, side India, two experienced officials and two Indians the outbreak of War? Various other restrictions "even if Allied intervention does not have the immediate effect of raising the anti-Bolshevik forces.' visited each province one "civilian officer and one neutral naturalisation certificates shall be reviewed. Is it possible that Albert Thomas still calls himself

POLICE VISIT THE SOCIALIST LABOUR PRESS AGAIN.

MACHINERY DISMANTLED. The Socialist Labour Press, 50, Renfrew Street, Glasgow, was visited by the police on aturday, July 6th. The machinery was dismantled and the vital parts conveyed to the Police Station on a dray. Printing paper, ink, and accessories were also confiscated and removed from the premises. This is the second visit within three weeks. In both visits a considerable number of unsold copies of pamphlets was seized. The Socialist Labour Press, established threatened with annihilation the Press once more voluntarily undertook to continue its publication. Jas. Stewart, of Wallsend, has been arrested for

issuing an anti-militarist journal for School Children which the Socialist Labour Press printed unchallenged The Executive Committee of S.L.P. urges the

workers to insist that the Press be unconditionally re-established. The London branch secretary at 107, Charlotte Street, W.1, appeals for contributions to replace the materials confiscated.

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friends or other people, except Germans, than any- nurse private cases at £2 2s. per week, the hoswish is to be gratified, and the alien question is body else." But the militarists regard this pital gaining over £6,000 thereby. The reply for war as a "war to end war," and realise that the Government was that the matter was out of military training in schools will frustrate that the control of the Government. Surely it is illegal result. However, all the old militarist caste to "farm" in this way, and why cannot the law

SCOTTISH ESTIMATES. paper and push for "forming fours" and blowing On the sixteenth allotted day for Supply all bugles to their hearts content-we must say that the Scottish votes were rushed through. Much they seem to have Government approval! A dis- the same grievances seem to obtain there as in cussion on the abolition of fees in public elemen- England. The agricultural labour difficulties, the tary schools made Mr. Fisher defend his Clause change of face of the Government in preferring by what those who want fees abolished must con- men to food may prove even more disastrous in sider as one in their favour. He pointed out that Scotland. Old pasture land has been tilled at his Bill "retains fees in secondary schools, it much expense, and the consequent reduction of abolishes fees in elementary schools, and it pro- cattle, hence milk and meat shortage. Mr. vides for free education in continuation schools." Hogge (L.) did not lose this opportunity of intro-Well, who wants half-measures? A clause urging ducing the case of the discharged soldier. He that no difference should be made as regards drew attention to the fact that there were messengers employed by the Board of Agriculture who are in receipt of 2s. 3d., 1s. old., and 8ld. per day military pension—their wages are 24s. a week! A sum not even paid a junior typist or clerk, and that because these men are pensioners, and the defenders of the country, as the phrase goes. Mr. Hogge emphatically said: "If there is one thing we are going to make perfectly certain of this year it is this; that the Government are not going to be allowed to pay a man less than a living wage because he is in receipt of a military pension." We hope you will succeed, Mr. Hogge, but this must not only apply to the Government. All employers should be deterred from taking this mean advantage of pensioned soldiers. In no other case is the income or pension Major Chapple (U.) drew the attention of the of an employee taken into account when paying considered in Committee. Quite the most impor- House to the grievance of nurses in the London wages; therefore a sense of decency ought to pre-

M. O'C.

Watson.

WORKERS' SOCIALIST FEDERATION.

LONDON MEETINGS.

OUT DOOR. FRIDAY, JULY 12th.

Armagh Road, Bow, 11.30 A.M., Miss Price. SATURDAY, JULY 13th. Great Push for Peace, Socialism, and Votes for All in Canning Town. Meet in the Canning Town Station at 3 P.M. and 6.30 p.m. Meeting at 3.15 and Chrisp Street, Poplar, 6.45 P.M. Speakers: Mrs. Cole, Miss Price, Mrs. Walker, and Mr. W. F.

SUNDAY, JULY 14th. Osborn Street, Whitechapel, 11.45 A.M. Miss Price. The Square, Woolwich, 7 P.M., Mrs. Walker.

WEDNESDAY JULY 17th. Beckton Road, Canning Town, 7 P.M., Mr. A. A. Watts and others.

FRIDAY, JULY 19th. Cobden Statue, 6.30 P.M. Miss Price. Dock Gates, Poplar, 8 P.M., Mrs. Walker.

SATURDAY, JULY 20th. Great Push in Finsbury Park District.

INDOOR. MONDAY, JULY 15th. 44, Malden Road, 2.30 P.M., St. Pancras W.S.F. Business Meeting.

London Section. THURSDAY, JULY 18th. Lees Hall, Canning Town, 7.30 P.M. W.F. Watson.

400, Old Ford Road, 8 P.M. General Meeting,

OTHER ORGANISATIONS.

SUNDAY, JULY 14th. Kingsley Hall, Bow, E.-8.15 P.M., Rev. A. G.

Adams, TUESDAY, 16TH.-WALTHAMSTOW LEAGUE OF RIGHTS, William Morris, Hall.-2.30, Miss Lambie.

Bow.—Social Dance, Saturday, July 20TH, 7 P.M.

admission 8d. Tickets now ready for W.S.F. Outing, Sunday, July 28TH. Meet George Lane, South Woodford, 11.30 A.M., tea, concert and sale at Federation House, George Lane, 4 P.M. Tickets, including tea, sale and concert (Edward Soermus and others), 3s. each. To be obtained from Branch Secretaries and Miss Bush, 400 Old Ford Road, E.3.

LEEDS W.S.F.

We announce with deep regret the death of Fred Claughton, the highly esteemed literature secretary of the Leeds W.S.F. He will be very greatly missed both at headquarters and by the branch. We tender our sympathy to Mrs. Claughton and her sons and daughters.

W.S.F. SOCIAL WORK.

Do not forget the Mothers' Arms' Day on Saturday, 13TH. We want to raise £500 and can do it if we get enough sellers. Apply for particulars to Nurse Clarke, 438 Old Ford Road, E.3.

Beginning with our Issue of next week, July 20th we shall publish a Series of Articles on

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VII. Ways and Means of Realisation.

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Sylvia Pankhurst and Edward Soermus invite Socialist, Labour, and other Progressive Organisations to co-operate in the organising of Lecture Concerts to help in elucidating the situation in Russia and to re-establish normal relations between England and Russia. For particulars write to the W.S.F. Meetings Secretary, 400 Old Ford Road, E.3.

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THE INTERNATIONAL.

FINLAND,

The Central Committee of Finnish Workers recounts the misfortunes that have befallen the working classes of Finland since the ascendancy of the united Finnish and German bourgeoisie, and appeals to the peoples of other countries for aid. It declares that the White Terror reigns throughout the country, nearly 70,000 citizens, mostly members of the Social-Democratic party, of which 30,000 are civilians, have been thrown into prison. The bad and insufficient food supplied to the prisoners has caused a large number to fall ill, and many to die of starvation. "A horrible and inevitable death awaits those that are left. Every instant the prisoners await with terror the arrival of the gaolers, because every day, by order of the White Government, some of them are taken out to be put to death." During the civil war the armies of the capitalists executed without pity the members of the Social-Democratic party. Whole detachments of Civil and Red Guard prisoners who were wounded, or had capitulated, were shot, and, in many cases, mutilated. In the town of Lachna 158 women were shot. At Viborg 8 members of the Socialist Committee were shot without trial or charge, and one of them so clumsily that he had to be finished off with an axe. The editors and correspondents of Socialist newspapers, workmen, commissaries, and employees of the Workers' Government were executed, and their belongings pillaged. Social-Democratic members of Parliament are hunted like wild beasts. All this continues though peace has been declared. The Finnish proletariat is deprived of all human and civil rights.

SOUTH AFRICA.

plot in South Africa. He has taken "effective military and police measures," and follows Mr. Lloyd George's example by refusing to publish the facts, on the ground that it is "not in the public interest to do so." We suspect Labour troubles to be not far removed from the seat of disorder. Reuter reports disturbances amongst the natives in Ferreira Mines.

BELGIUM.

"Le Populaire," June 23rd, reports accentuated antagonism between Capital and Labour in Friday, July 19. Speaker: Mrs. SEN. Belgium. The Grand Bazaar of Anspach Boulevard, Brussels, from March 30th, 1917, to March 30th, 1918, realised a profit of 1,630,000 francs (about £65,200). The daily increase in the Friday, July 26. Speaker: Rev. C. A. WILLS. workers' wages was only 61 centimes (about 6d.), or 85,000 francs a year (about £3,400). A strike was declared, by which the workers secured the recognition of their Union and a minimum wage of four francs a day (about 3s. 4d.) for women, and five francs (about 4s. 2d.) for men, also a war bonus of 45 francs a month for each employee, with 15 francs extra for wives, and 10 francs for each child under 16 years. Many other Belgian strikes have taken place. In each case the workers have won.

AMERICA. "'Le Populaire," July 3rd, observes that on June 1st, Rose Pastor Stokes, who left the Socialist Party of America because it opposed and she supported the entry of the United States into the war, was condemned to 10 years' imprisonment for writing in the "Kansas City Star": "No Government which is for the profiteers can, at the same time, be for the people. I am for the people; the Government is for the profiteers." This sentence is more severe than that passed on Karl Liebknecht for High Treason. Robert Prager, a German, of Illinois, U.S.A., was arrested in U.S.A. for making unwarlike Socialistic speeches to the miners of Collinsville. A mob broke into the prison, dragged Prager out, wrapped him in an American flag, and lynched him by hanging. Eleven men were arrested, but, on the day Rose Stokes was convicted, they were acquitted, on the ground that "a new unwritten law had justified their action."

The United States Supreme Court has declared unconstitutional the Federal Law prohibiting the " Send post card 112, Woodville Road, Thornton Heath, for weekly employment of children in mines and factories. The effort to secure the passage of this law occupied enthusiastic reformers for fourteen years.

HERALD LEAGUE Stepney Branch.

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Friday, July 12. Speaker: H. G. CHANCELLOR, Esq., M.P. Subject: "40D. The Fight so far." Chair: Miss FITZHERBERT.

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THURSDAY, JULY 18th, 7.30 p.m. Chair, E. Sylvia Pankhurst. Violinist, Edward Særmus. Tickets, 6d. each, from 400 Old Ford Road, and 7 Featherstone Buildings, W.C.1, and at the door.

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The fact of a married man becoming automatically POORER at the birth of each child constitutes a cruel wrong to all children, and until each child has 7s. a week in its own individual right, as an infant citizen, suffering, war, disease, and poverty can never be abolished. Let us all demand this from our different Governments now, before it S. MACKENZIE KENNEDY. may be too late.

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