Hands Off China! Halt American Imperialist Intervention!

Significance Of Chiang's Fight With Stalinists

BY THE EDITORS

The bandits of American imperialism have embarked upon active intervention in the internal affairs of China. Drunk with power at the successful conclusion of their "war for democracy," the Wall Street money barons now seek to take the place of the Japanese imperialists as the exploiters and oppressors of the Chinese people.

After eight years of bitter and costly struggle for the independence of their country, the Chinese people are ready to sweep away the native oppressors, the capitalists and the landlords and take their fate into their own hands. The cruel and bloody Kuomintang dictatorship of Chiang Kai-shek faces destruction. It is at this point that the American imperialists, bent on dominating China, have interposed themselves. They aim to defeat the aspirations of the Chinese masses and fasten upon them once more the chains of colonial slavery.

Wall Street's Promises and Acts

American intervention exposes in the most glaring fashion the fraudulence of the pretended war aims of American imperialism The Atlantic Charter promised freedom and independence to all peoples. It promised them governments of their own choosing. Yet everywhere the armies of American imperialism have gone, these promises have been cynically violated. In Europe, puppet governments, subservient to the will of the Wall Street bandits, have been set up over the people. In the Philippines, first of the Oriental lands to experience American "liberation," a puppet regime rules under the protection of American bayonets, while the popular organizations of the masses are stamped out. Now the Wall Street "liberators" are getting busy in China.

Long before the outbreak of the second World War, the Trotskyists declared that the U.S. imperialists would fight Japan, not in order to free the colonial slaves of Japanese imperialism. not in order to bring independence to the teeming millions of Asia, not in order to assist the Oriental peoples to rebuild their lives and free themselves from poverty — but in order to substitute themselves for the Japanese imperialists as the enslavers and despoilers of half the human race.

Corroboration of Events

This estimate of the role and purposes of American imperialism in the Orient has already been confirmed in the case of the Philippines. It now receives fresh confirmation in the American intervention in China. This vast land of 400 million people is, with India, one of the richest colonial prizes. It represents a huge potential market. It has abundant natural wealth. Its proverty-stricken but industrious people are a source of cheap labor which promises lush profits to investors. China was the greatest single stake in the Pacific war. Wall Street is intent upon subjugating this great country and enslaving its people. That is the meaning and purpose of American intervention

The defeat of Japan has posed the question: Who is to rule China? There are only two fundamental alternatives. Either China will continue to be ruled by the capitalists and landlords through the bloody dictatorship of Chiang Kai-shek and the Kuomintang, or the masses will take power into their hands and set up a govern ment genuinely representative of China's millions.

Chiang Kai-shek's government rules over the Chinese people with an iron hand. Because it fears the masses it is incapable of conducting a real struggle for China's independence. On the contrary, it becomes the tool of imperialism. In turn it has served the predatory interests of the British and Japanese imperialists. Its patrons today are the Wall Street finance-capitalists.

In 1937-38 Chiang Kai-shek's armies were expelled from China's coastal provinces and driven into the interior by the Japanese invaders. The authority of the Kuomintang regime was banished from all the great cities, ports and industrial areas. During the ensuing seven years, Chiang proved totally incapable of driving out the Japanese invaders from any of the occupied territory, Corrupted to the core, fearful of mobilizing the masses for a war to the death against the imperialist violators, the Kuomintang clique watched helplessly while the dismembered country plunged ever

Chiang employed his forces to suppress the Chinese masses. (Continued on page 2)

U. S. AIDS KUOMINTANG IN CHINESE CIVIL WAR

Civil war has broken out in | Nationalist (Kuomintang) troops, China. Troops of the Stalinist- the Americans would reply with led 8th Route Army have clash- fire." (Chungking dispatch to the ed with Chiang Kai-shek's N. Y. Post, Aug. 17). troops in Shansi province. In other parts of the country Chiang's troops are engaging 8th Route Army units endeavoring to take over Japanesecommanders in China have appealed to General MacArthur, the American supreme commander, to intervene in China to end the "mad scramble" and make possible an "orderly Japanese

Unable to effect rapid reoccunation of Japanese-held territory, and fearing popular uprisings of the masses, Chiang Kai-shek has ordered Japanese troops to keep their arms and use them, if necessary, to "preserve law and or-

WASHINGTON AIDS

Washington, General Wedemeyer, the American commander in Stalin's Marshal Rodion Malinov-China, has placed American sky. transport planes at Chiang's disists, in the course of carrying tremely grave."

In issuing this threat, Wede-In issuing this threat, Wede-In issuing this threat, Wedemeyer disclosed that 20 divisions of Chiang Kai-shek's troops have been fully armed with American Petitions Of S.W.P. Candidate lend-lease, including artillery, and that 19 additional divisions held territory. Japanese army have been armed 50 to 75 per

STALINIST MOVES

Stalinist troops of the 8th Route Army are reported to have registered Democrat. moved into Japanese-occupied territory in North China to invest the great cities of Peiping and press that all minority parties talist stooges running on the Tientsin. To the south, in the Yangtsze valley, Stalinist troops of the New 4th Army are reported ready to occupy Nanking, Chiang's former capital, and the great port city of Shanghai.

Meanwhile, flying columns of line of the voting machine. This oth Route Army fighters have advanced deep into Inner Mongo-Acting on instructions from lia to effect a junction with the some candidates being listed on party of its rightful place on the Soviet Red Banner Army under two or more lines, depending

General Chu Teh, commanderposal so that Kuomintang troops in-chief of the Stalinist armies, can be flown to Japanese sur- has appealed to the United States render points. Wedemeyer has to "stop immediately lend-lease warned that "if American planes to the Kuomintang government." were fired on by anyone, whether He declares that the danger of Japanese, or Chinese Commun- civil war has now become "ex- arrangement of candidates' names tempt to maneuver the minority political party and running their

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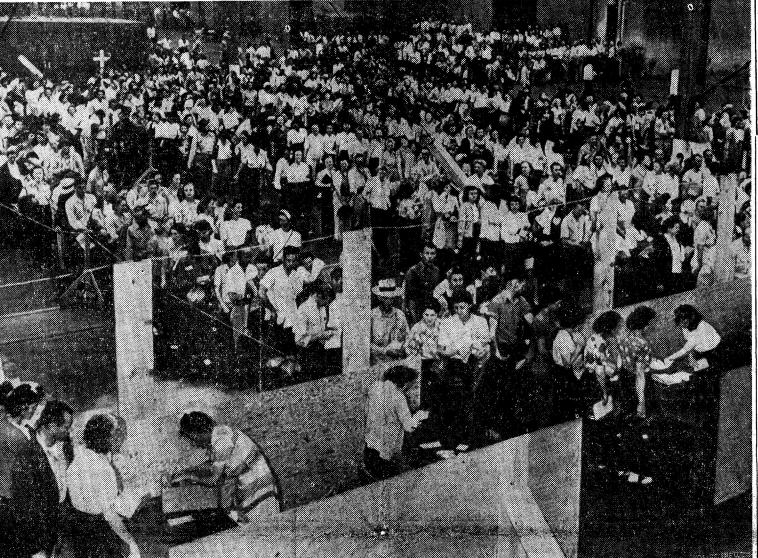
NEW YORK, N. Y., SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1945



PRICE: FIVE CENTS

JOBS BILL IS BIG FRAUD

THE LAYOFF IS THE PAYOFF



This photograph by the Associated Press shows workers being laid off at the Long Beach, California Douglas Aircraft Company plant on August 17 when "some of the 11,900 employees. . . lined up for their final pay checks." The AP adds, "contract cancellations and military cutbacks caused the lay-off." The same scenes are being repeated on an increasing scale throughout the country.

Inland Steel Strike Forces Corporation To Reinstate Fired Union Committeemen

By J. Lyons

INDIANA HARBOR, Ind., Aug. 10 to August 15. 20 - As a result of the militant five-day strike last week of the 9.000 Inland Steel workers here pany's aim of permanently eliminating two militant union leaders from the plant.

Inland's "disciplinary" disprovocation in a long series of arose over a dispute involving attacks on the union which com- work schedules in the Tin Mill,

would place the candidates of

upon the number of party en-

dorsements wangled in back-

room deals with political bosses.

Tammany's "challenge" is

"rig" the proper sequence and

TAMMANY'S "CHALLENGE"

pelled the Inland workers to shut where the refusal of a handful

fighting mood, agreed to return out the mill. to the job last Tuesday only after When a local union officer in the company was compelled to- USWA President Philip Murray, the Tin Mill refused to handle day to reinstate two grievance the War Labor Board and the work done with equipment on committeeman who had been fir- company assured the strikers of which foremen and supervisors ed outright and escorted from immediate negotiations on their had worked in violation of the the plant by company guards. grievances. The workers voted union contract, he was sent home Although the reinstatement order to return only after issuing a by his formean. Before he had stipulates a 30-day suspension, stern warning that they were left his locker, his unit walked the workers defeated the com- prepared to renew the struggle out, followed by the entire Tin if they were not given satisfac- Mill and the next day by the Cold tion. Today's results vindicated Strip Mill.

their militant action. Last week's general walkout five days, with the workers givcharge of the two committeemen had been preceded several weeks ing a 16-hour ultimatum to the and its arbitrary one-week lay- before by a successful strike of the company to settle their grievoff of William Maihofer, vice Tin Mill workers, joined by the ances. Within 16 hours the compresident of Local 1010, CIO Unit- Cold Strip Mill men and units pany yielded on all important deed Steelworkers, was the final from other strip mills. This mands, even adding settlements

Hall - New York's boss-dominated political machine - was re- through it is bound to produce a

vealed early this week when the petitions bearing 14,914 signatures stormy protest by all minority

in support of Farrell Dobbs, Trotskyist candidate for Mayor in the parties. For its part, the Social-

shoddy attempt to deprive the ets. Immediately upon being

Workers Party, notified the Amer-

ican Civil Liberties Union of this

and party designation on the vot- parties off the ballot is carried own candidates in the elections.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21 — The grubby, filthy hand of Tammany 5

November elections, were challenged by a Mr. Richard R. Witte, a

At the same time the Tam- ing machines in order to insure

many machine announced in the top-billing for the old-line capi-

would be challenged. If this Democratic and Republican tick-

minority parties of their rightful notified that the petitions of the

place on the ballot fails, the ward- Trotskyist candidate for Mayor

heelers plan to squeeze the names had been challenged, C. Thomas,

of minority parties on the last City Organizer of the Socialist

the boss parties at the top with attempt to deprive a minority

therefore likewise designed to parties would be fought.

the plant down tight from August of workers to bow before the company's threats inspired a spir-The workers, in a thoroughly it of militant resistance through

The strike was ended only after

(Continued on page 4)

ist Workers Party is prepared to

appeal to public opinion to raise

such a storm of protest as would

boomerang against the shysters

and ward-heelers who still dom-

See Editorial

Tammany Trickery

Page 8

The recent victory of the Brit-

ish Labor Party has inspired

millions of American workers.

means possible to prevent the

Mr. Foster, Acting National The slogan of the Socialist Work-

Secretary of the American Civil ers Party, "for an Independent

Liberties Union announced he Labor Party," is becoming more

would make a thorough investiga- popular every day. The boss

tion of the matter and that any politicians have taken notice of

illegal practices by the major this trend and are using every

If this Tammany-inspired at- workers from building their own

mate New York politics.

IN THE NEWS

No Atom Bomb Cutbacks! "Although the war has ended, Oak Ridge (Tenn.) workers stayed on t h e i r jobs today in-

stead of celebrating," reports the Associated Press, August 15, about the effect of the Japanes surrender on work at the huge atomic bomb plant. "After the first victory enthusiasm, workers were told by Col. Kenneth D. Nichols, district engineer, that they had no time to lose."

Bosses' Postwar Plans

Unions in Seattle, Wash., are protesting the purchase of seven armored cars by the city police department for use in "handling striking workers. Documents obtained by union leaders revealed a well-planned secret program to reorganize the police department along military lines for 'postwar disturbances."

Highly Beneficial, But energies to such things as production, excellence of products, profits, etc., all of which have been highly beneficial to our economy but not entirely satisfactory from a social standpoint." (Ralph

Hendershot, Financial Editor,

Just Around the Corner On the same day John W

N. Y. World-Telegram).

Snyder, Reconversion Director, announced there would be at least 8,000,000 unemployed by spring, Ira Mosher, president of the National Association of Manufacturjobs for more than 30 days would amount to less than 1,500,000.

Ask Your Shopmate to Subscribe to The Militant

Truman Backs Totally Worthless Legislation

By Art Preis

As a tidal wave of mass layoffs and wage slashes swept over American labor, President Truman on Thursday, August 16 finally indicated the basic measures he intends to advocate when Congress gets around to reconvening after Labor Day.

Truman Orders Retention of **Curbs** on Labor

President Truman last week made public his labor policy for the "reconversion" period. While offering no effective program to halt mass layoffs and drastic cuts in take-home pay, he has a well-planned policy for curbing labor struggles and blocking adequate wage in-

Truman's executive order of ing "reconversion." He likewise keeping the lid on wage increases while giving the appearance of relaxing the wartime wage-

charged with the settlement of time economy" as "disputes employment. which interrupt work contribut-

ers, even in peacetime, to smash militant labor struggles.

Under tremendous pressure hammering with picket lines against the Little Steel formula, Truman's executive order au-

(Continued on page 3)

He declared that a "full employment" bill is "must" legislation. This has been generally interpreted to mean that Truman had decided to support the Murray-Wagner-Patman bill, the principal measure of its type before Congress. Since its introduction last Dec-

ember, this bill has been hailed by the assorted liberal and labor leaders as a sure-fire guarantee of "full employment" and prosperity under the "free enterprise" capitalist system.

TRUMAN'S ANSWER

After persistent silence about the Murray-Wagner-Patman bill, Truman has now seized upon it in an attempt to persuade the American workers that he has an Aug. 18 reaffirmed the authority effective answer to the economic of the employer-dominated, strike- crisis. There can be little doubt breaking War Labor Board dur- that the British Labor Party's electoral victory, with its inevitenunciated a slick formula for able influence upon American laber, added urgency to Truman's

Yet, few measures ever introuced into Congress with the His directive ordered "officials ballyhoo surrounding the "Full Employment" bill have been so labor disputes" under the war- fraudulent and worthless. It is a time regulations and Smith-Con- fact, openly admitted by its very nally Anti-Strike Act to treat sponsors, that the bill contains disputes which "interfere with not a single specific measure to effective transition to a peace- fulfill its stated purpose - full

ing to the effective prosecution | Times, August 5, Senator Wagner undertook to answer reactionary critics of the bill by stating that ministration intends to treat | "there is not as much difference strikes now as it did before Jap- between the sponsors of this bill anese surrender. The government and its critics as might be supis prepared to mobilize all its posed." In fact, their criticism strikebreaking and punitive pow- is based on a "misunderstanding" of what the bill really is.

"The truth is," reveals Wagner, "there is no guarantee of any from the ranks of labor, which kind in the bill." It will not "put for the past six months have been the gov't in competition with private enterprise." The bill, he points out, was "carefully drawn" in order to "preserve undimin-

(Continued on page 3)

THE UNIONS' DUTY

- An Editorial

To the labor-hating corporations the present nation-wide sweep of unemployment is a golden opportunity to advance their unionbusting offensive. They do not look on an army of hungry, jobless workers as an evil. They welcome a "floating pool" of labor which they might use to undermine union wages and organization. Such unions as the CIO United Automobile Workers and

Marine and Shipbuilding Workers, whose members have been largely engaged in war production, anticipate layoffs in the next few weeks affecting more than half their members. What will happen to these union men and women? Will they be forced to scatter over the country in desperate

hopes of finding jobs? Will they be permitted to drop out of the unions, thus weakening organized labor in the face of a tremendous economic crisis and a furious union-smashing offensive by Big "In years past our corporate Business? Will they be forced by the employer-dominated USES heads have devoted their best into low-wage, open shop jobs, a constant menace to union wages If the unemployed are not to be converted, as the employers

would like, into a direct threat to the unions' they must find organized support in their fight for unemployment relief and compensation, in their struggle for jobs at decent pay. The employed and unemployed workers must be welded together in solid, organized unity to battle for a program of full employment and permanent security.

These unemployed workers are men and women who have helped to build the unions. All their hopes and aspirations for a decent life are bound up in the unions. Will the unions now turn their backs upon the discharged workers, as they have in the past? That can spell disaster for the entire working class.

The immediate, crying need of the unemployed workers is for organized aid and protection, such as only a union was able to ers, predicted that the number of give them while they were on the job. They must continue to

unemployed who might be out of secure full, direct union representation and organized support. To hold the union ranks together, to fight for the needs of the unemployed, every union must have an official body devoted to this problem. Every union should immediately establish an Unemployed and Placement Committee to plan and launch an organized struggle for relief and jobs on behalf of the unemployed union members, and to give them full union representation and support. That is a MUST task—now!

Between Chiang And The Stalinists NOTES the genuine opponents of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of Japanese imperialism. Intent only on preserving Knowlinders and the Stalinists of the Stalinists

preserving Kuomintang rule, and the interests of the capitalists and landlords, he silenced every voice of criticism and stamped ruthlessly on every movement of opposition to his reactionary regime. The prisons of Kuomintang China are filled to overflowing with genuine fighters against imperialism, champions of China's freedom and independence.

Meanwhile Chiang's regime grew moribund. Devastating economic crisis brought on by the ravages of war loosened the tierods of landlord-capitalist rule. Peasant revolts flared in various parts of the country. Chiang's own generals, observing the growing weakness of the regime and anticipating an opportunity to replace Chiang in the seat of power, conserved their weapons and military supplies and refused to move their troops into battle against the Japanese invaders. Chiang, for his part, hoarded his American lend-lease supplies and conserved his armies for use against rival warlords and against the revolting masses.

Axis of Popular Revolt

The growing popular revolt in China has crystallized around the Chinese Stalinists and the Yenan government in the northwest province of Shensi. This dual regime arose in the rural interior following upon the defeat of the Chinese revolution in 1927 and was the product of the peasant struggle which continued long after the revolutionary workers in the cities had been crushed. The Stalinists took the leadership of this struggle. It was they who set up the Yenan government.

The Yenan regime represents a movement of agrarian reform and as such has gained widespread support among the peasantry. This is the source of power of the Yenan regime and the Stalinists who control it. The Yenan regime rules over a vast territory containing a population estimated at more than 80 million people. It has at least 500,000 men under arms and in addition controls large guerrilla forces in other parts of the country.

Ever since the formation of this Stalinist dual government, Chiang Kai-shek has tried to strangle it by blockade and military action. The acute antagonism between the Kuomintang and Yenan is the political reflection of the irreconcilable contradiction between the needs and aspirations of the Chinese masses, on the one hand, and the Chiang Kai-shek regime of capitalist-landlord exploitation on the other. Yenan represents a mortal danger to Chiang's regime.

American imperialism's main aim in the Pacific war was to replace Japan as the imperialist overlord of China. That is why the Wall Street gangsters cannot and do not intend to remain neutral in the unfolding struggle between Chiang Kai-shek and the Chinese masses. American imperialism is determined to prevent, if it can, a revolution which, by wiping out capitalistlandlord rule, would automatically destroy the basis of imperialist domination. That is why Washington and Chunking are in alliance, conspiring to crush the new beginnings of the Chinese revolution.

The Kremlin's Policy

Stalin and the Kremlin bureaucracy enter into this complicated situation as the inspirers and directors of the policies of the Yenan government. With Germany and Japan defeated, Stalin's possibilities of diplomatic maneuvering in the imperialist world have been tremendously narrowed. The Soviet Union is confronted in the East as in the West by the mighty power of victorious Amer-

The Kremlin bureaucracy, with good reason, fears the unbridled power of this imperialist colossus even more than it feared yesterday the might of imperialist Germany. It is more apparent today than ever before that only the extension of the socialist revolution can provide sure protection for the Soviet Union. But the Kremlin oligarchy has betrayed the Russian Revolution. It has imposed upon the first workers' state a vile, reactionary dictatorship. It has sold out the revolutionary struggle for socialism in one country after another. It stands in mortal dread of revolutionary uprisings anywhere, because it realizes that the workers' revolution will sound the death-knell of Stalin's counter-revolutionary

Stalin is attempting to duplicate in China his European policy of establishing on the borders of the Soviet Union capitalist states "friendly" to and influenced by the Kremlin. This is the meaning of Stalin's campaign, through Yenan, to counter American pressure on Chiang Kai-shek. He seeks to "democratize" Chiang's bloody dictatorship. His immediate aim, shown clearly in the demands of the Chinese Stalinists, is to secure in China a coalition government in which the "Communists" and the Kuomintang will share

But Chiang has a rich and powerful patron in Wall Street. He is in no mood to make serious concessions to the Chinese Stalinists, much less share power with them. Hence his ominous moves in | peasants! the direction of a showdown at arms. The Kuomintang regime has fallen within the fast expanding orbit of American imperialism.

The American workers must clearly understand the nature of the forces at work in the present Chinese situation. The role of the Chiang Kai-shek regime and of the American imperialists is absolutely clear: to keep the Chinese masses in perpetual servitude. It is necessary to realize, however, that the rising mass movement in China is at the present time under the leadership of the Stalinists who control the Yenan government. These leaders already have a long history of sell-outs and betrayals of the Chinese

In 1925-27, the Stalinists led China's great revolution to catastrophic defeat by uniting with Chiang Kai-shek in the criminal | Chiang Kai-shek in a bourgeois-democratic regime. However, bour-"bloc of four classes," the first example of a "People's Front." After Chiang Kai-shek had consolidated his reactionary rule on the ruins of the revolution, they switched to a policy of irrespon- needs of the masses and inspire them to struggle. Only a thorough-

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

116 UNIVERSITY PLACE, NEW YORK 3, N. Y.

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Soldiers of the Chinese 8th Route Army



Pictured above are Chinese fighters of the Eighth Route Army, largest unit of the armed forces of the Stalinist government

in Yenan. It is soldiers such as these, many of them extremely you thful, that are engaged in combat with the Kuomintang troops of Chiang Kai-shek in Shansi province. Some of them are taking over Japanese-occupied areas in North China. Others have marched into Inner Mongolia to join forces with the Soviet Red Banner Army of Stalin's Marshal Rodion Malinovsky.

sible adventurism. When Japan attacked, and Chiang Kai-shek going revolution can lift the country from chaos and decay. Even was compelled to take up the defense of the country, they led the growing anti-imperialist movement of the masses back into the fold of the Kuomintang, where Chiang was able to strangle it.

To achieve a "People's Anti-Japanese United Front" with the Kuomintang - which was a repetition of their infamous bloc with Chiang in 1925-27 — the Stalinists ceased all criticism of Chiang's bloody regime, abandoned the class struggle, gave up the Soviet power or deeper into the mire under Chiang Kai-shek their agrarian program, made their peace with the landlords and and his imperialist allies. capitalists. How fatal was this policy can be seen now from the fact that, far from bringing about a united and effective defense against Japanese imperialism, the struggle against Japan was another appalling disaster. It will mean a repetition of the recent weakened and undermined.

Having rejected the teachings of Lenin and Trotsky on the colonial revolution, the Stalinists "overlooked" the fact that Chiang Kai-shek, and the Chinese capitalists and landlords which his regime represents, never have been interested in freeing China from imperialist domination. The end of imperialist domination means the end of their own rule. Chiang fought against the Japanese imperialists only within the limits dictated by the interests of the Chinese landlords and capitalists. Meanwhile, the Stalinists kept the masses bound and gagged by means of their infamous "People's Anti-Japanese United Front." The "unity" of the Stalinists with the Kuomintang led to the strangulation of the genuine anti-imperialist struggle and opened wide the gate to the domination of China by Wall Street, into whose service Chiang has entered very readily.

The Real Menace

Now China's struggle for independence, the strivings of the Chinese masses for relief from servitude and poverty, are menaced by Wall Street imperialism in alliance with Chiang Kai-shek. The only way to meet the developing attack is to unfold the anti-imperialist mass movement in its full scope.

To draw the vast peasant masses into the struggle, the program of the agrarian revolution must be revived. Land to the

To activate the workers in the cities, the program of socialist struggle must be unfolded. Expropriate the factories! Elect Soviets to take over the powers of government!

Arm the masses! Disarm the class enemy!

Chiang Kai-shek is trying to use the Japanese troops in China to curb the mass movement. Appeals should be addressed to the Japanese soldiers, themselves workers and peasants, to make common cause with the oppressed of China. They will readily respond!

But what are the Chinese Stalinists doing? On the very eve of civil war they are setting arbitrary, artificial and dangerous limits to the class struggle. They are trying to limit the aim of the struggle to the establishment of a coalition government with geois democracy is least of all possible in war-torn, poverty-stricken China. Only the most radical program can serve the desperate

Vote Trotskyist!

In the Coming

New York Elections

Among other important issues

the Socialist Workers Party

Election Platform advocates:

WORKING CLASS

POLITICAL ACTION!

The modern battles of labor

are being fought out more and

more on the political field. To

support any of the boss

politicians or boss parties is

BUILD AN INDEPENDENT

Take labor's fight into the

halls of the legislatures and

Congress! Establish a workers

and farmers' government!

to stab labor in the back.

LABOR PARTY!

if some compromise is reached between the Stalinists and Chiang Kai-shek, this would be but a passing phase. Chiang Kai-shek will utilize any such agreement to further prepare his forces for a new bloody settlement with the rebellious masses.

China again stands at the crossroads. Again the Chinese workers and peasants face the fundamental alternatives: Forward to

The program of the Chinese Stalinists, essentially the same as their program of 1925-27, can only lead the Chinese masses to debacle in Greece on a far vaster scale.

The Need of the Hour

China's industrial proletariat, which is sure to rise again and UAW Secretary Addes declared take the lead in the unfolding revolutionary struggle, must this the he would recommend "that time break decisively with Stalinism and its treacherous People's we hold a convention in spite of ward 'Seizure' the program of Lenin and Trotsky under which the Russian workers achieved the great revolutionary triumph of October 1917.

The cadre of this new party is already in existence in the Chinese section of the Trotskyist Fourth International. Only under the banner of the Fourth International, and under no other, can the Chinese masses realize their aspirations and win victory over the combined forces of imperialism and native reaction.

In the period between the first defeat of the Chinese revolution in 1927, and the Japanese invasion of China in 1937, the Trotskyists in China and in every other land gave all the support they could to the Chinese Red Army (now the Stalinist 8th Route and New Fourth armies) in the fight against Chiang Kai-shek, while never ceasing to criticize and condemn the ruinous policies of the Chinese Stalinist leaders.

When Japan invaded China in 1937, the Stalinists abandoned all opposition to the Kuomintang regime. The Trotskyists, on the other hand, gave complete and unconditional support to China's struggle against Japan, but refused to make peace with the hangman Chiang Kai-shek. Not for an instant did we suspend our opposition to Chiang's bloody and reactionary regime. On the contrary, we pointed out time and time again that China's struggle for freedom could never be successful under the leadership of Chiang and the Chinese bourgeoisie. This has now been proved

The Trotskyist Position

We condemned the Stalinist leaders for abandoning the class struggle and entering into a bloc with Chiang and the Kuomintang. This dishonest and treacherous pact only helped to shield the Kuomintang regime from the revolutionary wrath of the Chinese masses and enabled Chiang Kai-shek to sell out China's struggle to the American imperialists.

Today, once again, the class lines are being drawn. Japanese imperialism has been defeated. China's millions now face the predatory and ruthless imperialists of Wall Street. Using Chiang Kai-shek as the instrument of their policy, the Wall Street plutocrats are bent on bringing China under their brutal sway.

In the unfolding civil war the Trotskyists stand unreservedly on the side of the Chinese workers and peasants against the rapacious American imperialists and their Kuomintang allies. We stand with them even though their movement is at present led by the Stalinist traitors. Where yesterday we supported China's struggle against Japanese imperialism, today we stand on the fighting line with China against American imperialism.

The American workers have a direct and vital interest in China's struggle for emancipation. Every blow struck by Wall Street against the Chinese masses is a blow at the American working class. It builds up the power of the Wall Street plutocracy and aids them in fastening the chains of exploitation more tightly on the American workers. Contrariwise, every blow which the colonial peoples strike at the imperialist oppressors helps the working class in its struggle for socialism.

The American workers must proclaim their solidarity with the Chinese workers and peasants. They can paralyze the arm of imperialist intervention. They can and they must strike the poised weapon from the hand of the Wall Street bandits. From the ranks of organized labor a thunderous demand must go up:

Hands off China!

Down with imperialist intervention!

Withdraw all American armed forces from China! Let the Chinese people decide their own future!

One of the major problems facing the unions is the squeezelay being engineered by the corporations, U.S. Employment Service and state unemployment insurance agencies to force hundreds of thousands of fired war workers into low-wage, weated and non-union jobs.

When an unemployed worker, especially a union man, now goes to the USES for a job, he is usually offered one at substandard wages or far below his customary wages. If the worker refuses to take such "suitable employment," he is denied state unemployment compensation On a nation-wide scale, this policy is being used as a powerful employers' weapon to destroy union wage standards.

An important case now being pressed by the CIO United Automobile Workers has arisen out of the shutdown of the huge Willow Run bomber plant. Many UAW members who refused jobs at drastic reductions in their wages or which would not utilize their full skill have been denied unemployment compensation by the Michigan Unemployment Insurance Compensation Commis-

UAW officials, preparing appeals and suits on the issue, charge the commission "is forcing labor to set a lower wage scale-something the unemployment act was never intended to

Union Conventions

A number of the big CIO unions, the national CIO and the AFL have had their annual conventions banned this year by the Office of Defense Transportation.

This is a particularly dangerous blow to the union ranks at a time when the workers are faced with desperate problems of mass layoffs, wage cuts and a concerted union-busting offensive by the corporations.

Last week, the ODT lifted its restrictions on pleasure travel to in the generally accepted use of sports events, including horse the term, since the development racing, and for "group travel" and manufacture of precision under the auspices of tourist cquipment is our normal busiagencies. But it continued to ban ness... We now employ about conventions of more than 150 | 19,000 people... Our guess, and

it may defy the ODT ruling. Japan." November in Chicago.

'We Will Not Budge'

In his testimony last June be- orders against the company. fore a War Labor Board hearing dent Woodruff Randolph flatly years. told the WLB and Associated Publishers:

going to recognize ITU laws or the properties it took over.

they are not going to run news-

For 66 days the Jersey Journal and Bayonne Times publishers did not run newspapers. On August 15, they finally accepted a union contract which includes the ITU laws, the main issue of the strike. This decisive victory in what has generally been regarded as a test case is expected to have important bearing on 35 other cases where the organized publishers have held up contracts in a planned campaign to undermine union organization and conditions in the news industry.

Hunger Wages

A recent report of the Pepper Senate committee on wartime substandard wages reveals an astounding picture of starvation wages paid millions of American workers during the period when the workers were supposed to be wearing "silk shirts.

According to the Senate committee's findings, more than 17,000,000 workers at the height of war production received less than 65 cents per hour, \$26 for a 40 hour week, equivalent in purchasing power to about \$15 at prewar prices. 5,000,000 received only 50 cents an hour, and 2,000,-000 less than the wage hour minimum of 40 cents.

These figures were introduced in support of the Pepper bill to raise the 40 cent minimum wage to 65 cents. This was one of the measures, supported by the CIO, which was pigeon - holed when Congress adjourned..

Back to 'Normalcy'

A week before the first Japanese surrender announcement, the workers of the Sperry Corporation, Long Island, received a four-page printed "Message From Your President" on "The Future Of Sperry."

"What About Postwar?" asks the message, and replies: "We have no 'reconversion problem' it can only be our best guess, is The UAW-CIO, whose scheduled that a low point of 6,000 to 8,000 convention this September was employes will be reached within banned, last week served notice one year after the victory over

ODT." He cited the action of the has ended, it is reported that the American Legion which has government is planning to restore scheduled a large convention for full control to Montgomery Ward of its "seized" properties. These were taken over last year by the Army to halt strikes against the WLB's failure to enforce its

Presumably, the company, on the International Typograph- headed by the notorious openical Union strikes that forced shopper Sewell L. Avery, will suspension of the Jersey Journal | regain control without complying and Bayonne Times, Jersey City with the WLB orders which it has and Bayonne, N. J., ITU Presi- successfully defied for several

The total effect of the "seizure" will have been merely to prevent "For a hundred years the the union from conducting miliprinting industry has recognized tant actions to secure the contract the application of union laws. It to which even the WLB conis an established condition and ceeded it was entitled. The compolicy that union laws are not pany increased its profits during subject to arbitration and that the "seizure," while the governis a position from which we will ment laid out several million not budge... The publishers are dollars of public funds to operate

STRIKE FOR CONTRACT

rank - and - file strike protesting the stalling of contract negotia-

With over 1,600 Schlitz workers out, the strike threatens to walkout. Among numerous paralyze the Milwaukee brewing grievances, strikers charged the industry. Sections of the Pabst and Blatz breweries have an- servicemen and not replacing swered the Schlitz workers' appeal to spread the strike.

COMPANY STALLS Burning with anger, the men

and women of the Schlitz plant walked out Thursday over the company's delay in signing a new all-city contract. The proposed contract includes substantial wage increases, two weeks' vacation with pay and plant, rather than departmental, seniority.

The shipping room employes initiated the strike. Following their example, the bottling machine girls then went to the dressing room to change to street clothes. A foreman tried to persuade them to stay. An attractive, red-haired girl called

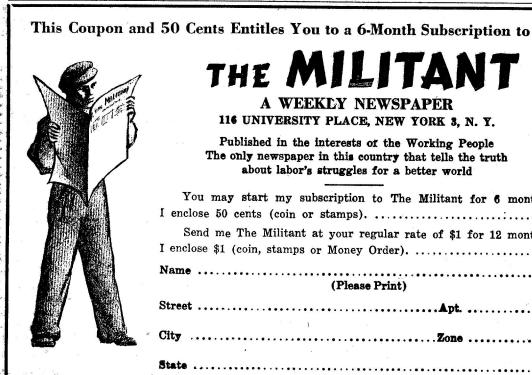
out: "Where are all the men?" "They've left," he admitted

MILWAUKEE, August 11 -1 "What are we waiting for girls? The Schlitz Brewing Company Let's go!" responded the redbottling plant here is completely headed spokesman. Out they went shut down in the third day of a to the consternation of the would-

Company attempts to hire scabs to replace the shipping room workers inspired a mass company with refusing to rehire them on their former jobs.

E. B. Brody, corresponding secretary of Brewery Workers Local 9, and Edward Hughlett, international union representative, have tried to order the workers back to the job, claiming the strike is "unauthorized." They have threatened strikers with loss of their jobs and union mem-

For a Rising Scale of Wages To Meet Rising Living Costs!



Reconversion Head Sees 8 Million Jobless Soon

political repercussions in America inspired by the British Labor ing corporation doesn't plead Party victory, the Truman administration last week began to put on a show of "doing something" to stem the onrushing plant shutdowns which in one week have thrown millions out of jobs.

The administration's "plans," ? as well as its first "candid" ad- the future, they must rest content mission of the true scope of the with the bland assurance that "we crisis, were embodied in a 6,000- have a pent up demand at home word report by Truman's Reconversion Director, John W. Snyder, made public on August 16.

APPALLING PICTURE

Entitled "From War to Peace: A Challenge," Snyder's report was chiefly significant for its appalling picture of swelling mass unemployment and its utter vagueness about specific, effective measures to ensure full employment and expanded production.

While he insists that "the outlook is bright," the actual facts cited in the report belied the report's optimistic tone. "It is expected that there will be 5,000-000 or more unemployed in three months. By spring unemployment may reach about 8,000,000. . .

Demobilization from the armed services will return at least 7,000,-600 men to civilian life within the next year." But, we are assured, "we are not going back to long periods of mass unemployment." This assurance is fortified solely by the hope that a "free econ-

omy" - that is, unrestrained capitalist piracy — will achieve the goal of "a peacetime production vastly expanded over anything this or any other nation has ever seen.

TAKE IT ON FAITH

prescribe each move at every turn to the 40-hour week. of the road.

We are told to take on faith, NO WAGE INCREASES however, that "nevertheless, careful plans have been laid by vari- threat of inflation the 'hold the ous agencies of Government line' stabilization program must under the guidance and direction remain." Only such wage inof the Office of War Mobilization creases will be permitted "which and Reconversion. They will be will not increase prices"—a ready revealed by the heads of agencies and by these subsequent acts of to meet the already tremendously these agencies as the nation inflated prices. proceeds to unwind its wartime economy and to switch to peace- long since become a joke—we are

time production.' for these "careful plans" which ply," and, naturally, there will will be "revealed by the heads of be "individual adjustments in

and abroad that together will tax for some time our capacity to produce.

BLIND ALLEY

In short, the administration is hoping that there will be enough mass purchasing power, both at home and in foreign countries, to provide the American capitalists with sufficient profit incentive to keep the plants in operation.

But how will eight million unemployed bolster mass purchasing power to realize "peacetime production vastly expanded over anything this or any other nation has ever seen?"

The report admits that the only present means for their subsistence is state unemployment insurance "down to \$15 or \$16 (maximum) in fourteen states" for "as low as fourteen or sixteen weeks (maximum)." It emphasizes: "No person is entitled to unemployment compensation if he refuses any 'suitable' employment," and adds significantly, 'the definition of 'suitable' varies from State to State."

Truman, the report states, will request Congress to supplement this up to \$25 per week MAXI-MUM for a MAXIMUM of 26 weeks of unemployment in any How is this to be realized year. Even such improved specifically? "This report makes benefits, it is obvious, would be no attempt to picture a complete only crumbs compared to the Tribune, Aug. 6). program. There is no place in reduced purchasing power in loss our free economy for a master of regular wages, plus the bilblue-print which will rigidly lions in wage-cuts with a return

Further, "as long as there is a pretext for denying higher wages

But the ceilings-which have told "will be maintained" only While the workers are waiting for commodities "in short sup-

Truman Supports Fake Jobs Bill

(Continued from page 1) ished the full power of Congress stance of the bill - nothing over any expenditures. IT COM- more! MITS THE GOVERNMENT TO In his review of the bill before NO PROGRAM EXCEPT TO the Senate hearing, Representa-HAVE A PROGRAM FOR CON- tive Patman devoted most of his GRESS TO CONSIDER." (Our testimony to "what the bill does emphasis).

"MEANINGLESS RHETORIC"

ment," declares the Times, is ought to be stricken out."

The two-day Senate hearing last month on the bill provided anced war plants... FINALLY, even further evidence of its complete fraudulence.

In his testimony on the bill Wagner made the astounding admission that it "is not dissimilar to the Employment Stabilization A MERE PHRASE Act which I introduced in 1928.' This was the bill actually adopted by the Hoover administration in 1931. But, Wagner complains now, "it was too late." This is virtually the same measure Wagner — and Truman — want to times sufficient employment oppalm off on the American people a second time.

Wagner went even further to assure the capitalists and their Congressional agents that the bill is nothing but a lot of windowdressing. "We must not over- gress. look the fact," he told the Senate committee, "that it (the Murray-Wagner-Patman bill) will not take the place of specific measures and programs. It will not redress the sad circumstance that Congress thus far, has done too little and been too late in acting on matters of reconversion and postwar economic affairs."

WHAT IT ADDS UP TO

gress, and then Congress may - MENT-BUILT PLANTS UNDER cr may not - adopt these pro- WORKERS CONTROL!"

not do." It "does not call for 60 million jobs or any other specific amount of employment... does not To this, the N. Y. Times res- propose to guarantee specific jobs ponded acidly. If, as Wagner ad- to anyone.. does not aim at emmitted, the bill contains "no ployment for the sake of employ- ROLE OF "PEACE PACTS" guarantees of any kind," then its ment... does not provide for the promise "to assure... sufficient Government to set production employment opportunities to en- quotas for any industry... does not position of new economic con-"meaningless rhetoric, which trols... does not authorize Government operation of Govern-THE BILL DOES NOT SET FORTH ANY SPECIFIC SET OF PROGRAMS FOR MAIN-TAINING FULL EMPLOY-

Patman emphasized that the bill has "twin objectives." The first is "to foster free competitive enterprise (capitalism) and the investment of private capital.' The second is "to assure at all portunities for all Americans."

It is the mere inclusion of the latter phrase which has raised render policies of the top union such a howl from Big Business leaders. Everywhere they have agents outside and inside Con- been demonstrating their eagerest legislative struggle yet to final say! develop in the Truman administration" (N. Y. Times, Aug. 20).

But it is also for that crumb of a phrase, "meaningless rhetoric," that the CIO and AFL leaders are trying to mobilize labor support and to divert the American workingclass from a What, then, does the bill pro- militant struggle for a genuine vide? Nothing more than that program of full employment, a the President make "an annual program that must have as its appraisal of the jobs needed for keystone: "NO IDLE PLANTS! full employment," submit pro- GOVERNMENT OPERATION posals — unspecified — to Con- OF ALL IDLE AND GOVERN-

Boiled to its essence, the administration's "program," aside from a few meager palliatives, is the hope that "somehow" American monopoly capitalism, which could not halt the economic disaster of 1929-39 short of a plunge into war, will now "pull the trick." The hope is vain!

Truman Retains Curbs on Labor

(Continued from page 1) thorized the War Labor Board "to

rclease voluntary, wage increases from the necessity of approval.' This, however, contained a big oker, namely: "upon condition that they (wage increases) will not be used in whole or in part as the basis for seeking an increase in price ceilings." Any employer can thus evade wage increases by insisting upon higher prices, even though he is well able to pay more wages from

Truman's Wage Policy

"In Independence, Mo., Harrison J. Irving, 24, following close on the heels of the Harry S. Truman's ex-cook, delivered himself of a lengthy peroration to reporters before resigning as caretaker of the Truman lawn. Reason for the resignation: Harrison wants more money and he wants to be paid on time." (Los Angeles

wollen profits.

In a previous statement, issued August 16, Truman outlined in more detail his long-range plans, as well as his immediate objectives. Immediately, he called on labor to renew the crippling no-strike pledge and comply with the directives of the War Labor

OFFERS A "SUBSTITUTE"

But Truman is well-aware that the War Labor Board is almost completely discredited among the workers and is no longer an effective agency to stall labor's demands. He therefore proposed to substitute for the War Labor Board another elaborate maagencies" at no specified time in hardship cases." What profiteer- chinery of government arbitration—"voluntary," of course! through the Department of Labor.

As in the war, the administra- gram, Aug. 14). tion needs the active collaboration of the top union leaders to put over its policies of hamstringing labor. Truman therefore announced that "in the near future I shall call a conference of representatives of organized posals. That is the flimsy sublabor and industry" to create machinery for capital-labor 'peace.'

From present indications, Truman intends to elaborate into government policy the "peace charter" fraud adopted last spring by CIO President Philip Murray, AFL President Green and U. S. Chamber of Commerce President Eric Johnston.

This would commit labor to giving up its effective methods of enforcing its demands, parable all Americans... to exercise authorize either the continuation ticularly the strike weapon, while this right to full-time employ- of wartime controls or the im- permitting the employers and Japan. . " their government, behind a "peace" smokescreen, to break down union standards and slash ment-owned or Government-fin- the unions to pieces. That has always been the net effect of such "peace pacts" in the past.

Both Green and Murray have "cooperate" in Truman's plans. They have publicly reaffirmed their adherence to the no-strike policy. And while both have been begging for general wage increases, it is clear that they are ready to submit to Truman's "reconversion" wage formula. was Murray himself who called for wage increases "where these

will not mean price increases." However, the union ranks are in no mood to submit to the sur-That phrase alone has ness for militant combat against been sufficient to make the so- the union-busting drive of the called Full Employment Bill corporations. And the organized 'certain now to lead to the great- workers are going to have the





Reports On Layoffs

Detroit

"R. J. Thomas, president of the CIO United Automobile Workers, estimated war's end will cost 250,000 jobs. Representatives of management and govcrnment said his figure was conservative." (N. Y. World Tele-

"At least 70,000 New Yorkers woke after their Jap surrender elebrations today to find themselves out of work, and the num-

the next three or four weeks." (N. Y. Post, Aug. 15).

New York State

"500,000 war workers in New York State will be out of jobs "This state... is ready clared: to show the way toward a new level of prosperity."

Buffalo

Over 50,000 already laid off, ber of unemployed or tempor- including 35,000 at the huge Curarily displaced workers was ex- tis Wright plant. Rochester and pected to rise to 300,000 within Syracuse are also heavily hit.

End Of No-Strike Pledge Announced By Auto Union

Over a million automobile and aircraft workers in more than 1,000 locals of the CIO United Automobile Workers in this country and Canada were informed last week by telegrams from the union's international executive board that "our no-strike pledge came to an end at the moment President Truman announced the surrender of

This is the first formal action people can strike when they are by any leading international un- unemployed." ion, CIO or AFL, to scrap the ranks right after Pearl Harbor, which throughout the war kept labor helplessly shackled before already shown their desire to the onslaughts of Big Business implication of a series of resoluand its government.

PRESSURE FROM BELOW

top leaders, who fought to keep the no-strike policy in the face of furious resistance by the union's ranks, were forced to bow before an accomplished fact. During the past six months, prior to Japanese surrender, hundreds of thousands of UAW members in a wave of bitter strikes had already trampled the no-strike pledge into the dust. UAW President R. J. Thomas

accompanied his announcement of the termination of the no-strike that the "National War Labor pledge with his own fearful ad- Board should be temporarily conmonition against any "rash of strikes." He emphasized a clause shakable policy of the CIO and in the UAW constitution forbid- its affiliated organizations to ding local strikes "without the adhere to their contractual obligauthorization of the international ations in letter and in spirit. president and executive board."

STILL AGAINST STRIKES

At the UAW convention last and stoppages." year, Thomas boasted that he had the fact that mass unemployment action of the aroused union ranks never been able to figure out how the employers.

Meanwhile, C I O President policy imposed on the union Philip Murray and the other top officials of the national CIO are continuing, in effect, to advance the no-strike policy. That is the tions passed "unanimously" by a special meeting of the CIO In taking this action, the UAW national executive officers and vice-presidents, including the heads of the international unions, held in Washington on August 16.

No action was taken to rescind the no-strike pledge. Although the CIO leaders do not mention it in their resolutions on "reconversion" policy, there was no indication given that the CIO leaders do not still continue their formal adherence to the no-strike policy.

On the contrary, they declared

tinued" and that "it is the un-These, they emphasize, "customarily provide that for the life thereof there shall be no strikes

war," and "after the war," he ation of the no-strike pledge as by the end of the week." blustered, he would "do it again." such, can be regarded as an ex-Now, he virtually gloated over pression of their fear of the rewould make it more difficult to if they now made such a baldconduct strikes because "I've face declaration of surrender to

Philadelphia

A 25 percent layoff at the big Cramp Shipyard on Aug. 14. Total shipyard employment declined by 50,000 even before Japanese surrender. Over 25,000, including 5,200 at Bendix Aviation, laid one year after "V-J day" there something about it." 'would be 320,000 unemployed in eastern Pennsylvania."

Baltimore

Last week saw 20,000 without jobs in this aircraft and shipbuilding center, according to first

Pittsburgh "Pittsburgh had 45,000 laid of up until midnight last night. (N. Y. World Telegram, Aug. 18)

Bridgeport, Conn. "Bridgeport is Calm," says the N. Y. Times headline on a report that 25,000 of the city's 75,000 workers have been fired.

New Jersev

About 160,000 New Jersey workers have lost their jobs in the past week, according to official estimates. An additional 80,000 are expected to be laid off in three months. Officials, however, minimized fears of "widespread" unemployment.

Jobless already number 500,000 throughout the state, according to WMC report, which finds "overall picture promising rather than black.'

Cleveland Between 75,000 and 125,000 of Cleveland's 300,000 war workers

to be laid off. Chicago Over 80,000 already jobless. Soon 525,000 in this area will

have to "seek other jobs," say

officials. USES offices are so

beseiged that "a new system to

receive applications was devised."

(N. Y. Times, Aug. 19). Los Angeles

"A scant 48 hours after the announcement of peace," states elimination of price ceilings. a local report, "the number of However, the fact that the CIO those laid off had reached the nounced that firms doing less authorized more strikes than any leaders did not dare to come out figure of 21,160. More than 200,other union president "before the flatly and openly for reaffirm- 000 are expected to be laid off be allowed to "regulate" them-

United States

ARMED SERVICES TO RE- tions." Every company, naturally, LEASE 8 MILLION IN THE can be expected to claim NEXT 18 MONTHS — United "unusual conditions." Press Dispatch.

Diary of a STEEL WORKER By Theodore Kovalesky _

The war is finally over!

We got the news up on the furnace while we were all sitting on the steps, weak and drenched with sweat from one of the worst days we've had all summer. Whistles suddenly began to blow like mad all over the plant. The engine that brought our cinder ladles a little later was blasting away so loudly with its horn that we had to hold our ears when it went by. The phone in the shanty began to buzz crazily, and another engine tore by with its whistle blowing and its bell clanging like a fire engine.

I felt as though something had slipped its moorings down inside my chest, and for a moment I thought the tears were coming into my eyes. Then I began to grin. I said, "Well, I guess the kid'll oe getting home."

Tom looked out into the yard. I got one kid brother coming home," he said, "but the other one's going to stay there."

Reuben turned toward him. How long's it been now, Tom?" "Don't remember for sure. It was that explosion out on the coast when all those colored fellows got

blown up loading ammunition."

Jimmy said, "I had three brothers in the service, two in the navy and one in the army. Joe got killed in the South Pacific, and Otis got wounded. He's still in the hospital now. But Art, the one in the army, he's been lucky: been through a lot but never got hurt."

I looked out into the yard again. I felt filled up with a bubbly kind of happiness. The kid would be coming home, and he'd be all right. I hadn't heard from him for a while, but then I hadn't had any telegrams from the War Department, like when he was wounded that time. For a few minutes that was all I could think about. The kid would be coming home again!

Then I heard Jimmy's voice saying, "Now they can send us out in the street again," and the picture of the huge, empty Willow Run plant loomed up in my mind.

From Capitalist Butchery to Capitalist Bread Lines

"Yeah," I said, agreeing with Jimmy, "It takes a war to make work nowadays. If millions of people aren't being murdered, we've got millions starving, out of work."

"There's a million unemployed right now according to the radio," Reuben said. "What's it going to be in a little while?" Pete Rossi from the disintegrator walked up behind us. "Hey."

he yelled, "how do you get to the Relief Office?" "Don't you remember from last time?" Tom asked.

"I remember, all right! Cripes. I'm sure glad the damn war's over, but I hate the thought of working two, three days a week

"All over the country," I said, "people are thinking things like this. 'What's going to happen? When's the job going to fold up? How will we get along?' That's the kind of world we live in! There are people in need. There are raw materials in the earth. There are factories and machines to take these raw materials and make them into things that would take care of the needs of the people. And there are millions of people who need jobs in the factories. But the factories shut down, and the raw materials stay in the ground, and the people are out of work and hungry and ragged.

"And then along comes a war, and that's the only way there's ever full employment. Either mass murder or starvation. You pays

in the next few days," said a report of N. Y. State Secretary of Commerce M. C. Catherwood, Aug. 18. Governor Dewey de-

"Pete," I told him, "we're going to do something about it. When all those of us that get callouses from tools instead of from swivel chairs get together and take over the factories and set up a real

workers government, we won't have any more wars and depressions." I looked out into the yard again, but I wasn't really seeing the brown dirt and the railroad tracks. I was looking out in a daydream at the kid that would soon be coming home to us after being

Price Gougers Receive Presidential "Go" Sign

Bowing before the concerted pressure of the big business profiteers, the administration last week gave the green light to allout price-gouging in the "reconversion" period ahead. In his executive order of August 18, President Truman revealed that the government intends to sustain prices at the high wartime inflationary levels and pave the way for even higher prices.

The basic policy, according to measures required by law to materials for civilian production. support prices... (and which) may be necessary to prevent any collapse in values..." In addition, Truman authorized the Office of Price Administration to "make such adjustments in existing price controls as are necessary to remove gross inequities or correct maladjustments which would interfere with the effective transition to a peacetime economy."

This means that the administration will permit the profiteering manufacturers to blackjack the consumers under the heading of correcting "inequities" and "maladjustments" in prices. The manufacturers are to be "encouraged" to produce by guaranteeing them unrestricted prices and profits.

END PRICE CONTROLS

Anticipating Truman's promise tc move as rapidly as possible... toward the removal of price controls," the OPA last week began removing all price controls on scores of "luxury" items, in a move to pave the way for total Chester Bowles, OPA head, anthan \$200,000 business a year will selves. ALL companies will be permitted individual adjustments upward "to fit unusual condi-

Meanwhile, the War Production

Truman, will be "to take all Board began releasing priority encouraging a mad scramble for these materials among the manufacturers. WPB Chairman Krug "professed almost no interest in what consumers will pay for the. . . goods whose production was shut down by the war," reports PM, August 19.

The administration's policy means that consumers goods will be released to the highest bidders -those with big incomes and savings. The workers, either unemployed or with drastically reduced take-home pay, will face a still further hike in their cost of living.

Out Next Week! **'JOBS FOR ALL'** A Fighting

> Program for Labor By Art Preis

Illustrations by LAURA GRAY

Pioneer Publishers 116 University Place

10 cents

Inland Steel Union Militants Are Reinstated By Strike

on other cases for good measure. This smashing victory, the first in over three years since the union was handcuffed with the no- now in reality a strike committee, taken. The meeting was adjournstrike pledge, inspired the entire advocated defiance of the internated and paraded in a body to the

FURTHER PROVOCATION

dispute over vacation schedules and Johnson would be reinstated. in the Bar Mill, denying scheduled vacations on a false pretext endorsed their stand and vigorof manpower "shortages." When custy booed Lutes when he again other active unionists, announced they would take their vacations. the company threatened them in advance with "discipline" and made preparations for a possible work stoppage.

On his return from his vacation, Maihofer was denied en- talks. trance to the plant and informed of a five-day suspension. His fellow-workers began walking off A keynote speech, summing up the job. Then grievance com- the real sentiments of the rank mitteeman E. C. Johnson, who and file, was made by Manny left his job to handle the case, Terbovich, an old-time active was fired on the spot and put out rank-and-file member, who had of the plant by two company been assigned to give the main guards. More workers began to talk by the executive board. Restrike. Then another committeeman, Harry Powell, was fired. This provoked a complete plant shutdown.

RANKS REBEL

informed that the union's district | man." director, Joseph Germano, had ing was scheduled for the local Labor Board and the Inland way to steel labor once more.

same evening.

Next day, Sunday afternoon, the picket lines.' expanded executive committee, tional union officials and a WLB plant gates, despite an attempt ance of the strike until assur-Then the company provoked a ances were received that Powell

The packed hall thunderously Vice President Maihofer, and tried to sell a return-to-work proposition.

William Young issued a scathing denunciation of the War Labor Board which was wildly cheered. Powell and Johnson, the victimized committeemen, received ovations for their militant

KEYNOTE SPEECH

viewing the whole anti-labor history of the WLB, he stated:

"What did the WLB offer the coal miners? It cut down their demands from two dollars a day to a miserable twenty-five cents. The following day the workers That's the way the WLB has third largest steel local in the met in the union hall. They were given justice to the working

Terbovich went on to show urged them to return to work that the strike, while immedia- 1937 Little Steel Strike, and beimmediately. This position was tely provoked by the firings, was fore the war had won a reputasupported by Donald Lutes, chair- in reality an answer to years tion as one of the most advanced man of the Local's grievance of intolerable abuse by the com- and militant steel locals. After committee. After a militant de- pany and government agencies, experiencing for years the consemand by William Young, a Negro while the workers were tied with quences of the disastrous no grievance committeeman, that a no-strike policy. "The best strike policy, the Local 1010 the strike be continued, a meet- answer we can give to the War ranks are beginning to show the

ards and department leaders that this meeting and parade down to the plant gates and establish

This advice was promptly back-to-work order, and continu- by Joe Jeneske, an international organizer, to order the workers back to work.

CHANCE TO SETTLE

By Tuesday, although the ranks were still absolutely solid, it becould not continue much longer ficials putting full pressure on no longer employes, but unemfor a return to work and refusing ployed. any aid. Tuesday night, the local executive committee recommended to the mass meeting a to settle the grievances.

Terbovich, speaking for the executive committee, received an ovation when he stated: "We are going back only to give this International leadership a chance to handle the cases as they promised - but they better produce! Let there be no mistake. If this case is not settled satisfactorily and in a big hurry, then down she goes again!"

With this strike, Local 1010, country, has returned to the fighting policy which built the union. It was baptized in the fire of the

Union Control Over Government-Owned Merchant Marine Is Answer To Layoffs

ficial spokesmen for all maritime seamen will be looking for jobs. unions-both CIO and AFL as well as Independent—have closed their eyes to the prospect of mass unemployment for merchant seamen. While ignoring seamen's problems, these union officials have rushed to the support of profit-bloated ship-"owners" who are demanding that government owned ships be turned over to "private enterprise." The problem of unemployment, which the unions are now forced to face, is inseparably bound to the questions of ownership and control in the maritime industry.

All estimates for Americanflag shipping in the postwar whole history has been one of period place the required number graft and mismanagement is a of ship-"owner" graft in high to last next week." There were of ships at about 1,300. This is less than one quarter of the 5,000 odd ships now controlled by the U. S. Maritime Commission. Of these ships, 85 percent are government owned. The remainder to which ship-"owners" have title have been paid for the course of operation.

now employed will be on the pockets.

NEW YORK, August 21-Of- | beach. Three out of every four | NOTHING TO GAIN

> Seamen have nothing to gain and everything to lose by allowing the merchant fleet to be turned over to the corrupt ship-'owners." This can be stopped if the unions adopt a realistic program for government ownership and workers control of the maritime industry.

> to a gang of parasites whose criminal swindle of the American people.

The postwar merchant fleet, however small, will not operate without heavy government aid. The U.S. Maritime Commission ships are taken out of service it | "owners" can "afford" after they means that 150 thousand of the have diverted government operat-200 thousand merchant seamen ing subsidies into their own can be fixed to meet the needs

Were it not for the fat cut that a picket line." A woman holding goes to the ship-"owners," gov- a child by one hand, raised the ernment subsidies would easily other hand into a fist, shouting, provide a minimum base wage of "If we did, they'd be afraid to \$200 per month. And just as a living wage could be paid, so the hours of work could be shortened by instituting the four watch system aboard ship.

REAL SOLUTION

hours, thus creating more jobs, Here is an industry that is is the only way to solve the already government owned. The problem of unemployment. This taxpayers of this country have can be accomplished under gova recent \$25 billion investment in ernment ownership and workers' began to whimper. Women were it. To turn what remains of this control of the industry. It is worried about shopping and supinvestment in capital assets over first necessary to kick-out the per, and had no alternative but War Department in sending ship-"owners.

trol over the maritime industry. maintained. In addition to this, will continue to pour millions into | the financial records of the Mari- | they waited through long hours the maritime industry. If this tie Commission, and a quarterly for the "victory" pay-off. financial records. In this way

there was only one pay master for each line. A few steps forward and then waiting and standing some more. By this time three women had fainted on one There are first aid stations inside the plant, but no attempt was made to administer any aid.

the middle of the line a worker fight to halt such training. yelled bitterly "So this is 'vic-Up and down the line workers exclaimed: "No war, no work," "this is the pay-off!"

pay us off!"

daily walked down the line holding his papers high; displaying headline: "WRIGHTS Higher wages and shorter ABANDON PLANTS." This was no news. Only a few papers were

LAID-OFF WRIGHT WORKERS STAND HOURS FOR PAYOFF; WOMEN FAINT

By Jerry Baker

WOODRIDGE, N. J., Aug. 17 — Workers streamed by the 🖭 thousands, from cars and buses, to be the first in line for the another job... if they could find final pay-off today at the Wright Aeronautical Corporation plant here. Previously, two bus lines had an agreement with the came obvious that the strike corporation to bring the workers to the doors of the plant. Today, no such arrangement was made. The workers had to walk with the International Union of- two miles or more from where the buses left them. They were

Lines formed for about six or "Watch the papers, the papers or be left in ship shape conseven city blocks in all directions. radio will give you information dition. Everything had to be just Although there was a loud-speak- about that, we don't know." so for the "funeral." Even the ternational's plea for a chance protection and other boss representatives were present, no directions were given the thousands of confused workers on the pay lines and thousands still coming.

LAST PAY DAY

Workers stood in line for hours, only to be told that they were in the wrong line for their department — a surge — a shuffle

By early afternoon, the influx of workers increased and still the grass, well-kept, newly-cut.

Some one yelled: "Everybody... the kind of a line we need for

By late afternoon the declining sun became less warm. Children and living wages. One women said in To insure against continuation dread, "I only got enough money Union control of hiring must be average wages of 75 cents an ployment at living wages." hour. So, with the fear of rent "EMERGENCY" PRACTICE the unions should have access to bills, doctor bills, grocery bills,

twice over by the government in industry is turned over to finance report should be made to Many workers had worked two "private enterprise," seamen's the membership, just as is the days of the last working week, When four htousand of these wages will be what the ship- case with the union's own and had two pay stubs. Only one was accepted. For the other, government operating subsidies the answer was a nonchalant, "Come back next week." Workers

return to work, to satisfy the In- er system, and state police, plant Meanwhile, they had no tools for grass was newly cut. **TOLEDO CIO DENOUNCES** STRIKEBREAKING BILL

boxes in the plant were told, coffin . . . the corpse had to

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 11 — wore long clubs strapped to their Training of a group of 350 mili- belts while doing nothing more - and over again, another hour tary police here in armed strike- than stand at street intersections breaking, including a demon-"battle" in driving stration "strikers" from the old Toledo University building in Scott Park, was denounced this week by the Toledo CIO in a protest resolution sent to President line alone. They were carried to Truman and the War Depart-

Aroused by the week-long practice drills obviously designed to train a special army force to use The crowd was not noisy, but against workers striking or dethere was an undercurrent of monstrating for their rights, the

THE REAL ENEMY

While the Army officials in charge of the training referred next period. to the "enemy" in the Scott Park LOOK! Look at this line, this is demonstration as "snipers," it demonstration as "snipers," it was pointed out in the CIO Council that the military police from Camp Perry referred to the "enemy" as "strikers." "It is quite possible," stated

of the Toledo Union Journal, to the CIO Council, "that the pur-A newsboy with a Woodridge pose of the demonstration was to serve as a thinly veiled threat to intimidate labor with a not-solabor casts aside its no-strike pledge and reverts to its economic weapon in its struggle for jobs

investigation of the action of the workers' example. city to demonstrate their effectiveness in subduing workers and government circles, organized murmurs of sympathy from all holding over their heads the istration of the government on democracy': and, seamen will have to exercise con- the workers around. None of threat of violence as the answer them have a surplus from their to the workers' plea for full em-

Military police have been employed for the last few days in "directing traffic" downtown. The daily press has played this up, trying to claim that they are 'great expediters" of traffic, although they created much confusion and are far less efficient WORKERS' MOODS than automatic traffic lights. The papers explain they are practicing for "emergencies."

On Aug. 10, the military police

mother, brother, sister, mother-

between a husband and wife."

CENSORS AND JAILORS

moned to arrest him. "They took wanted \$25. I said I didn't have \$25. So I stayed in jail until 11 o'clock that night." After a pause he remarked: "I did have the keep me there for many days." He got mad. Then I said: If you ber of much-handled documents, here. This is no life for a marbed, a small stove and chest. But think I am a bad man, take me including a musical score for a ried man. But they tell me I teachings of Herr Hitler."

tured a chunk that approximated into a glass for me. Then he policeman told me not to tell. He three months ago. He pointed bewilderment: "I just heard need of the hour is for more and shipping companies. This swindle bewilderment: "I just heard need of the hour is for more and shipping companies." said it would only make trouble out his citizenship papers, ob- about my cousin. He wasn't al- more independent labor action, broken cup, for there was only for me. He said they will be a- tained in 1933. Prominent among lowed to bring his wife here. And economically and politically. shamed of themselves for making the miscellaneous papers were they wouldn't let him go back Rally, then, around this slogan: Raffaele works on Pier 97, all this trouble for a pound of money orders. They were made to Italy. For fourteen years he For Independent Labor Political

waving their arms at traffic. They are conspicuously unfriendly to civilians and indicate they are well indoctrinated against the civil population, especially the workers.

A few workers could be seen

inside the steel enclosure still

working on odds and ends around

were being hammered in the

This city has the reputation of being one of the most militant "union towns" in the country ever since the historic Auto-Lite strike in 1934, when the auto workers fought a bloody six-day battle against an army of special deputies and National Guards to win the first auto union contract in military police demonstration here is part of the employer-government preparation for anticipated workers' struggles in the

Stirs Labor Party ollie J. Pecord, managing editor

HOUSTON, Texas - An il-Heaters Union, calling on Amer-"We demand a congressional ican labor to emulate the British the democratic right of petition— anti-Negroism, also pass similar

> British workers through their Labor Party "took over admina program of nationalization of industry and the banks."

oapers "regard the event as a tion, while every one of the com- FREE THE FIFTY! calamity. Their attitudes range from those who 'deplore' the ousting of 'heroic Churchill' to those who find it possible to actually condemn the ousting of the 'leader of the British pee-pul' by merely a 'simple majority'."

"I like to do things right for their backs, sick of being called is based on the restricted economy dent for the American Merchant my family," said Raffaele with 'saboteurs' when they struck of peacetime capitalist produc- Marine Institute, Inc. This is pride. "They live in Bari Losetto. against injustice, sick of low tion. It means 150,000 seamen the association of all major At-They used to have a little bread wages and long hours and scared will be presently thrown on the lantic coast ship operators. to eat. But now they can't even to death of the coming British beach. write if they have anything at depression for which the British all." Indignantly he showed me employers have no better solusome censored letters. "They tion than 'muddling through' on which live off government subhave no right to look at letters the slogan 'there'll always be an sidies, never miss a chance to England!'

I asked Raffaele what happen- Liberals and Conservatives Henry J. Kaiser's interests, net- Tanker Operations as a governed after the policeman was sum- (Democrats and Republicans) the ted hundreds of thousands from ment official. Thus, the shipworkers made a break and placed the charter of two old rust buckme to jail," he replied. "They confidence in their party, the La- ets - "Phillipa" and "Permanbor party."

OUR LACK The leaflet explains: "The only \$25 but it was in my sock. I was difference between ourselves and ing the war. Kaiser is trying ashamed to tell them. When I our British cousins is a matter to recover over a million dollars took it out of my sock and gave of dialect and residence and it to them, they let me out. If I OUR lack of a Party of OUR cause he claims that, prior to didn't give it to them they would OWN — a LABOR PARTY! WSA requisitioning of all merch-While in England Labor moves ant ships in 1942, these ships On the dingy walls were bunch- to governmental authority, here had been chartered to Navy subed numerous religious pictures we are compelled to listen to the contractors for \$3 per bareboat and photographs of Raffaele's rantings of people like John Lee ton under provisions of a cost-Raffaele rose from his chair family. His brown eyes lit up as Smith, who regards most organ- plus contract. What has already he pointed out the members of ized labor as a 'racket,' Rankin been paid by the WSA for use to him: Why do you search only chest. "I am no bad man. I am his family. "I was married in and Bilbo of Mississippi and of these two ships is far more a worker. I have been working Italy in 1938 when I went for a others like them whose writings than their sale price in prewar looked dazed. In his hand he held jagged holes. The only other fur- Why don't you search everybody? for 17 years." He dug up a num- visit. I want to bring my wife and speeches are most notable days. for their distinct kinship to the In conclusion, the leaflet de-

lon't get caught!"

North River, where army supmeat. He said why didn't you out to members of his family in tried. Now he has hanged him- Action — For An Independent In Raffaele's dreary, cold-water plies are loaded into refrigerated give him two, three dollars..."

Italy; his wife, his father and self with a rope."

The NEGRO

cannot emancipate itself where labor with a black skin is branded."

STRUGGIE by CHARLES JACKSON

anning minumpungan pangang manang manang minumpung minumpung manang manang manang manang manang manang manang m Labor Says "Free the Fifty"

One section of organized labor has recently taken a significant step forward in the struggle to defend the rights of the oppressed Negro workers and to thereby further protect the interests of the working class as a whole. They have not only called for the full pardon of fifty Negro boys who are now behind bars on a frame-up charge of "mutiny" on which they were

the National Association for Advancement of Colored People and the organized labor movement in the mobilization of all forces which are willing to put ? up a militant fight to free these missioned officers who had been innocent boys. Such collaboration charged with the lives and welof the Negro people and the labor organizations united in mass and, protest is the only way, as has peen frequently pointed out in The Militant, for the colored

workers to gain real concessions

from the capitalist oppressors.

the outside of the plant. But it railroaded to jail when they objected to the Navy's unjust Jim-

was already dead. The last nails Crow policy, but they have also called for collaboration between

This union action which was in the form of a resolution passed by Detroit members of UAW-CIO Local No. 15, was reported that we call upon the CIO to coin the August 18th Pittsburgh operate with the NAACP in Courier. The resolution, signed by mobilizing all labor, liberal, Ne-Charles Carmack, chairman of gro, and working class fraternal the meeting and Ernest Dillard, organizations in a campaign for secretary of the Fair Employ- the pardon of these sailors." ment Practices Committee of Local 15, reads:

"Whereas, sentences ranging from eight to fifteen years have been imposed by a Naval courtmartial on fifty Negro sailors found 'guilty' on charges of mutiny arising from the disastrous explosion of a munitions curses and mutterings. From CIO called for a national labor this city. Unquestionably, the ship, killing 327 Negro sailors, at Port Chicago, near San Francisco, July 17, 1944, and,

for transfers to other types of work which allegedly had been circulated by the defendants, all of whom were involved in the catastrophe, being either survivors or among the squad which leaned up wreckage and remnants of bodies dismembered by he blast, and,

"Whereas the Army and Navy lustration of the inspiring effect allowances for battle fatigue, of the British Labor Party's elecsubtle warning of what may oc- toral victory even here in the yet in this case, where the men the reaction ary segregacur in the postwar period, when deep South is the educational went through one of the severest tion and discrimination policies leaflet being distributed by Lo- munitions disasters of this war, of the U.S. Army and Navy. cal 5, Welders, Burners and no consideration for this effect was made, and,

a right included in the Bill of resolutions! Let the NAACP The leaflet describes how the Rights of the Constitution of the which has thousands of members United States — they have been | in the CIO actively solicit the aid found guilty of 'a conspiracy to of this powerful labor group! mutiny' in the Navy of American

fare of these men was white:

"Whereas the case has aroused a wave of protest from the Negro people, who correctly see in it a vicious extension of Jim Crow practice in the armed forces: now therefore.

"Be it resolved, that we call upon President Truman to grant a full and unconditional pardon to the fifty Negro sailors, and

Copies of the resolution have been sent to President Truman.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY

Here, then, is an excellent opportunity for the NAACP, which dedicated to the relentless struggle against discrimination and oppression of the Negro minority, to take the initiative in soliciting the invaluable aid of the powerful UAW-CIO. The issues are clear. The NAACP has "Whereas, the charge of mutiny taken a definite stand against the arose out of a petition asking imprisonment of the fifty sailors after having made an exhaustive investigation of all the facts surrounding the so-called "mutiny" and of the subsequent mass courtmartial frame-up trial. It has published a separate pamphlet giving the facts and calling for a pardon for the sailors.

We, repeat, only through combined struggle of the Negro orhave made a whole system of ganizations with the organized labor movement do we stand a real chance to widely exreaction to the horrors of war, pose and mercilessly uproot

Let other union locals from coast to coast, whose leaders rea-"Whereas, simply for exercising | lize the fascist implications of

Let the economically oppressed working class and the doubly op-"Whereas, every one of the 327 | pressed Negro people merge their casualties were Negro sailors efforts to enforce the slogan of It points out that the capitalist who had been loading ammuni- "liberty and justice for all."

Postwar Notes For Seamen

Answering all the phony reas- ping are officially estimated at into the offices of the War Shipons given for "why it happened," 75 percent. Whereas the Mari- ping Administration during the the leaflet explains: "The British time Commission has built a fleet war are now back at their old workers were sick and tired of of 5,500 ships, at public expense desks as "private operators." John being pushed around, sick of be- to the tune of \$16 billion, private W. Bancker, former director of ing blamed for 'insufficient pro- operators see a postwar need for Tanker Operations for WSA, has duction' when they were breaking only 1,300 ships. This "need"

The shipping outfits, all of gouge as deep as possible. A "Rather than put up with any wartime flyer called the Permanente" - to the War Shipping Adper bareboat ton for use of the fairs. "Permanente" and "Phillipa" durmore on these two old scows be-

The government is now handclares: "We are satisfied that ing over what remains of its the rank and file will agree with \$16 billion investment in the iceman to arrest Raffaele. "The sociation, AFL, which he joined Then he added with a kind of us when we say that the crying maritime industry to the private of the taxpayers will be legalized if the "ship sale" bill now pending is passed by Congress when it reconvenes.

Some of the big-time shipping | Freedom from Want

Permanent cut-backs in ship- company executives who moved been given the job of vice-presi-Bancker served these people well during the war. He was with the WSA and the Maritime Commission from August 1941 until August first, this year. He is succeeded in the WSA post by a Standard Oil man, Roy E. Anmore of this HOOEY from the ente Steamship Co., one of tycoon derson. Anderson now takes over "owners" keep their own men as government officials while reministration. The WSA paid \$1 organizing their "private" af-



His Story To "Militant" Staff Reporter By Evelyn Atwood Raffaele Panzarino, 30-year-old longshoreman stood at attention before the judge in Jefferson Market court on the morning of Aug. 6. He waited while the fat judge, gowned in black, finished telling a joke to his subordinates. When the judge turned again to fumble with the papers on the bar, the grin was gone from his pink, fleshy face. The clerk intoned the charges: "Seiz-

Victimized Italian Longshoreman Tells

ure of Meat. . . Army Supplies.' "Guilty or not guilty," said the judge in a flat voice. The short, flat on East 13th Street, he told the meat and it was still good. pointing a stubby forefinger at any meat in two weeks." He to know is — did you steal the ration book. "The butcher won't Panzarino mumbled something...

the case was closed. "He pleaded guilty but he shouldn't of," said the red-hair- points, the janitor buys meat for I must give him five dollars...' ed Irish policeman in charge of me." the case, as the three of us left the courtroom. "Now it might go into a felony charge; it could be made a federal case. Army two wooden chairs. The soiled supplies, you know." Raffaele linoleum was eaten away in large a new summons!

On the street the policeman stood arms akimbo, looking at the room was cheap, Raffaele Raffaele in disgust. "One pound said. Only \$11 a month. With will tell the whole story." of meat! Why didn't you take traditional Italian hospitality, a big chunk at least?" He geshalf a cow. "Everybody knows hundreds of pounds of meat are taken from the piers," he said to me. "But those other men

don't get caught!"

wiry Italian worker tried to say me how it all happened. "I have So I took the bag and put it in something in broken English. The never been in court before in my my belt." judge leaned across the bar, life," he apologized. "I am not thrust his arm straight out, a bad man. But I haven't had the man in the dock. "All I want showed me his thumb-worn, empty meat or didn't you?" Raffaele give me any credit. Besides, the butchers are almost always closed by the time I get home from work. Sometimes, when I have

WHAT HAPPENED

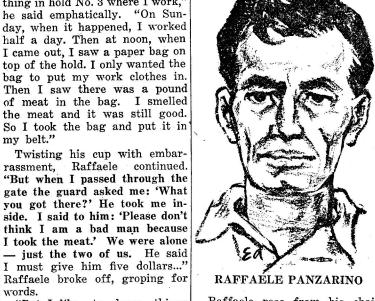
I was sitting on one of the niture was a kitchen table, an iron Raffaele poured some red wine poured some for himself in a

one glass.

holds. "But I never touch anything in hold No. 3 where I work,' he said emphatically. "On Sunday, when it happened, I worked half a day. Then at noon, when I came out, I saw a paper bag on top of the hold. I only wanted the bag to put my work clothes in. Then I saw there was a pound of meat in the bag. I smelled

Twisting his cup with embarrassment, Raffaele continued. "But when I passed through the gate the guard asked me: 'What you got there?' He took me inside. I said to him: 'Please don't think I am a bad man because I took the meat.' We were alone - just the two of us. He said

"But I like to have things me, because I am Italian boy?



right!" he went on. "So I said and went to rummage in the to jail. But if I go to court I guitar that he used to play. He should have \$1,500 and a steady showed me his union card in the job. Where will I get such mo-The guard summoned the pol- International Longshoremen's As- ney?"

Native Fascism = III

American Fascist Organizations Collaborate In Spreading Poison

By Joseph Hansen

America's native fascists are not separated by rigid differences in principle or program. They move loosely from one organization to another and collaborate in many enterprises. The minor role of internal strife in the development of this reactionary movement attests the overpowering influence of Big Business. Where money is freely flowing, cynics, thugs and adventurers are not inclined to split hairs or argue too heatedly over questions of individual station in the eventual hierarchy of the fascist party. The line and tempo of assault against the labor movement is determined by political experts in the pay of Big Business. The ignorant or hypnotized dupes are trained to blindly obey the dictatorial orders handed down from above.

the Honorable Gerald L. K.

demand of alien nationalists

speak the truth and print the

FASCIST DEMAGOGY

The Reverend Smith follows the

line of propaganda advocated in

"to solve the Negro problem

Only when labor offers stiff ? resistance and defeats the fascists in a number of encounters does demoralization and paralyzing Smith in San Francisco at this factional strife set in.

AMICABLE COLLABORATORS American Internationalists would Today in the United States, accede to every request and ex-Senator Robert Rice Reynolds, organizer of the Nationalist | Smith has had the courage to Farty, collaborates amicably with the Reverend Gerald L. K. facts about New Deal domestic Smith. During the war Smith and foreign policies. He expresses operated in Detroit. He mobilized the sentiments and convictions of a group of fascist "mothers" and millions of red-blooded Americans led them on an expedition to San when he demands that this gov-Francisco to demonstrate against ernment rid itself of New Deal the United Nations Conference, bureaucrats and Communists. Smith does not really oppose im- | And with millions of American perialist war-on the contrary he Nationalists, I join in demanding supports it But he is extremely a cessation of Lend-Lease bullets anxious to capitalize on the anti- to Pal Joey for fear that they war sentiment, and the junket may be used against us. It's time was part of his demagogic efforts to call a halt." - Robert R. to gather a following among Reynolds. those beginning to feel revulsion against the war.

The character of Smith's delegation of wealthy and reactionary women is clear enough from the fact that one of them, Mrs. Van Hyning, proposed and was the first to sign a petition Eastland, Colmer and Rankin. sent to Congress from San Fran- | He demands that the Negro peocisco calling for disfranchise- ple should be deported to Africa

Reynolds expressed his admiration for G. L. K. Smith in a protests that "it is not a crime two street meetings, and aptelegram to the Rev. Jonathan to criticize a Jew, a New Dealer pointed key men for literature in Perkins, a Smith lieutenant in or a Communist." He opposed six towns; no, seven towns.' And California, who organized a admission of refugees from fasc- some of the lecture topics Smith in Los Angeles where he hopes fascist rally in honor of Smith's ism in Europe. One of his used in promoting Pelley's cause to estabish a strong base for his arrival in San Francisco. Said diatribes on this subject bore the were: 'Some Day 100 Million movement.

has formed two organizations, the Militia of the Silver Shirts'.' "Nationalist Veterans of World War II" and the "Committee of HUEY LONG'S LIEUTENANT Veterans of World War II." They print attractive literature telling virtually deserted by our people" and they "belong to the Lost to become a lieutenant in his Battalion.

The Smith lieutenant at the head of the "Nationalist Vetfascist type, he is a discharged "You are fortunate in having Army man who was courtmartialed for selling Army goods and passes to members of the vital crossroad in history when armed forces at Camp McCoy, Wisconsin.

> Main bait held out by Smith to ahead. war veterans is a demand for a bonus of at least \$1,000 for a vear or more of service.

CAREER OF A FASCIST G. L. K. Smith is not a newcomer in the ranks of American fascism. In 1933, the year Hitler marched into power, Smith began his political career with Pelley's notorious Silver Shirts. His registration number as a member was 3223 and his wife's number was 3220. John Roy Carlson, in his book Undercover publishes an extract of a letter dated August 15, 1933, from Smith to Pelley:

"By the time you receive this letter I shall be on the road to St. Louis and parts north together with a uniformed squad of young Congress by such wheel-horses of men composing what I believe will be the first Silver Shirt the Democratic Party as Bilbo, storm troop in America.'

Two days later, according to honestly and realistically." He have held three mass meetings, title: "Must America Forever Americans Will Hide Behind the

This fascist demagogue is con-centrating on the veterans. He Pulpit to Join the Christian

Soon after, Smith went to Louisiana. In Shreveport as the veterans they "have been pastor of King's Highway Church, he met Huey Long. "Every Man political machine, and Smith cut loose from the pulpit to learn

and proselytize at the feet of the erans" is George Vose. A typical fascist prophet. When Huey Long was assassinated, Smith tried to take over the machine but was defeated by another lieutenant, Earl Christenberry. Smith headed for the Ohio-Michigan area where Father Coughlin was forging

> In 1936, when Coughlin, William Lemke and Dr. Francis E. Townsend of Old Age Pension fame joined in an unholy political alliance, Smith described himself as a "contact man for the Union Party, director of the Townsend organization, a keynote speaker for Father Coughlin and sup-

porter of Lemke for President.' He soon began organizing on his own account, setting up the 'Committee of One Million" as a 'nationalist' front against Communism." According to a report in the New York Times Smith et out to "seize the government of the United States." He outlined his strategy as follows:

"You've got to be in a state of crisis to do things well. That means you've got to look over men and events, convince yourself that there is a crisis. Then you've got the mentality of a the same source, Smith "wrote soldier in a trench. Nothing Pelley from Hot Springs: 'We stops you. You're ruthless. When you're right and know you're right you should be ruthless."

This dangerous fascist demagogue is at present boring away

(To Be Continued)

Scientific Study

Shows Europe on Starvation Diet

By Mary Kane

16 - In an experiment recently conducted at the University of Minnesota with 34 conscientious labor union forces." objectors as the living subjects. t has been demonstrated that the masses of Europe face starvation under present "reconstruction"

plans of the Allied imperialists. The United Nations Relief and particularly concerned with the been conducted for the purpose of determining how little food a man can be given and still survive. Sponsored by the Laboratory of Physiological Hygiene at the University, various church service committees, scientific and medical foundations and government agencies, the experiment received, "respectable" endorsement in the name of service to science and "solving the postwar problem of restorative diets" for

"ASTOUNDING RESULT"

According to the St. Paul Dispatch, July 26, "One astounding and dangerous result already disclosed at the University, is this: That the political and economic reconstruction of Europe is impossible with any diet that does not give an average of 2,000 calories a day-and that amount of food looks impossible at the present time."

What the experiment has shown very clearly is that starved human beings become listless, ambition- killed in committee. They were, less, lethargic, despite special study of subjects designed to fit them for social and economic rehabilitation. The Minnesota conscientious objectors were exposed to such supervised study, exercise and "busy work" during their sixmonth diet of 1600 calories daily in potatoes, cabbage, turnips, bread, the diet of starving Europe. The experimentees lost an average of 38 pounds each and

'SOMETHING OF A MOCKERY' "These experiments are of vital importance to the world's future.

to reconstruct their lives.

one University authority said to local reporters. "We are learning mockery unless Europe can be fed enough so the people will have the strength to rebuild from the spiracies of the employers, who war. It is a grave situation that confronts humanity.'

The problem of hunger cannot be solved by capitalism. The plight of starving humanity can be relieved only in a socialist used as a political weapon for imperialist aggrandizement and where the resources of nature

worked behind the scenes to block and kill every bit of progressive legislation introduced in the Illinois legislature during the past year. This Special Bulletin, No. 256,

boasts of the achievements of the employers' lobby during the session which adjourned June 80 1945. The list of bills they claim credit for defeating clearly reveal the tremendous influence exercised upon the legislature by this reactionary organization of the

Illinois Bosses

Boast of Killing

All Labor Bills

By Leigh Ray

bulletin, circulated for the exclusive information of the As-

sociated Employers of Illinois,

proves out of their own mouths

how the bosses of this state have

The Bulletin states: "Among he more important bills defeated were: Anti-Race Discrimination, Anti-Injunction, Equal Pay for Females, State Labor Relations, State Wage and Hour, Statements of Deductions on Pay Check, Liability for Loss of Clothing by an Employee, State Insurance for Workmen's Compensation, Disability Unemployment Compensation, and a socalled Child Labor Bill was amended so that it was not obiectionable." Bills amending the Workmen's Compensation and Occupational Diseases laws increasng benefits 21/2 percent were MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. passed but "it was felt that they were very modest in comparison with what was asked for by the

UPHELD JIM-CROW

In addition to blocking prolabor legislation, the employers lobby showed itself to be the main force behind the Jim - Crow Rehabilitation Administration is system. The Bulletin complains that the Anti-Race Discrimination results of the study, which has Bills introduced were "the most serious bills ever presented. Moreover, the officers of the Associated Employers proudly announce to its members that they were "most diligent in anticipating and in preparing for and carrying through the opposition to these bills. These bills were strongly supported by the some officials of religious organizations.'

The Associated Employers of Illinois carefully guarded their right to discriminate against women workers by making them work at lower pay. A bill passed in 1943 presumably providing for equal pay for women was so full of loop-holes that the unions introduced in this last session a new forcement. The boss organization complains bitterly that since the penalties for violations under this law were much more serious than the previous law it was "much broader and much more dangerous." This bill they successfully however, unable to defeat the passage of a Minimum Wage Law for Women.

On the other hand, they pushed through the passage of a bill of their own, HB682 on Garnishnent, which allows them to force deductions of unpaid bills from the workers pay checks without the consent of the worker.

The Associated Employers of Illinois are now preparing plans to strangle any progressive labor egislation which may come up in the next session. The Bulletin predicts that the coming session will again present most of the old problems and probably some new ones.'

Without their own independent labor party the organized workers of Illinois are helpless to combat these reactionary conwork behind the scenes through school age. both the Republican and Demo cratic parties.

Newark

The Militant and Fourth Inter tional can now be purchased at Market and Halsey Street Newsstand.

close its shelter at 105-34 Union Hall St., Jamaica, Queens, on August 31. At present, Queens shelter is harboring 39 children of whom 19 are dependent and neglected children under

ANOTHER CASE

In another column in the same day's issue of the same paper appears another classic of child welfare under capitalism. In this case just one (1) little child is ments of the black peoples of involved; to wit: "Young Christopher." This particular child has not yet sought shelter with the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, although he, too, has suffered a "decline" in funds. But let the Herald-Tribune

tell this story in its own words: "BALTIMORE-The education, maintenance and support of Christopher Smith Reynolds, 12year-old son of the late tobacco heir, Z. Smith Reynolds, and former torch singer Libby Holing the last year, his guardians reported today. The expenses were listed by the State Deposit and Trust Co. as part of the money paid to Mrs. Holmes along with \$5.192.74 she had expended on his \$300,000 estate of 55 acres near Stamford, Conn. The estate of young Christopher, who was born shortly after his father's death, declined slightly during the year to \$5,582,194.46."

CLASS EXTREMES The tragedy of the children who will be ousted by the SPCC,



= By V. Grey =

"Say - I was reading about that atomic energy," Ed Barnes told us. "Do you realize what we can DO with it? The energy in the little cardboard of a railroad ticket could drive a big train around

"Yeah, I read that article, too," Shorty said. "A cupful of water has enough energy to run a big power-generating plant."

"Boy, think of the things we can do! I've been reading about this stuff in Popular Mechanics. They used to have diagrams of air liners and rockets to the moon. They'd be simple to work, with this atomic energy."

How Capitalist Death-Dealers Use It

"Funny thing, isn't it?" said Pop Philiber, "how this thing is so wonderful — so wonderful it blew half a million people to kingdom come in less time than it takes to say 'atomic energy'."

"Oh, that's the way it always works," said young Mike. "It takes a war to bring out these new inventions. Naturally they're used for killing at first - just like the airplane, see? - But later -when the war's over, they'll be put to use for progress and all

You could see that Mike read the editorial page of the evening paper. "Of course it'll take 10 or 20 years," he continued, since nobody stopped him. "But they have to discover ways to harness the atom for constructive work. That takes a lot of research."

"But the wonderful thing," Ed Barnes went back to his first thought like a man that was drunk with an idea - "the wonderful thing," he persisted, "is that we won't have hardly any work to do at all. Life will be peaches and cream. You can go fishing and hunting any time you want to and still live like a king!"

Pop didn't say anything more. But he didn't look much like a man who thought he was going to be a king.

Slim, the shop steward, didn't say anything either. He was looking down at the lay-off list the foreman had handed him, checking the seniority. Young Mike was getting the gate with 15 others. Ed Barnes had enough seniority to last 'til the next layoff, maybe a whole month.

CHILDREN'S AID-FOR THE POOR AND THE RICH

Our children 1 i v e in the | contrasted with the "plight" of wealthiest country in the world. Christopher Reynolds, mirrors In wartime our rich masters the extremes of poverty for the thousand million dollars to spend on death — to blow cities, towns, villages, and human beings into dust. In "peacetime" they just can't dig up the few CIO, racial organizations and miserly "charity" dollars needed to feed even a group of neglected little kids in the city of

New York! With cool detachment, the N. Y. Herald-Tribune, August 4,

reports the following: "NEW YORK — Arthur W. Renander, president of the Queensboro Society for the Pre- try under 15 years of age, had vention of Cruelty to Children, revealed that a \$3,000 monthly law with real teeth for its en- deficit will force the society to no hospitalization, during the

every week found some two workers and fabulous luxury for the ruling class, under capitalism. But in between? There are over 40,000,000 children in America, nearly twothirds of them in families whose income is below the minimum

> requirements for decent food and housing. Families with incomes of less than \$1,000 a year have twice as many children as families with incomes over \$3,000. A national health survey in 1941, during the war-production period, revealed that nearly a third of the children in this counno medical care during illnesses of a week or more. No doctors, childhood diseases which so often leave their victims with damaged hearts, impaired vision, defective hearing! And this is not "exceptional"-it is the "commonplace" fate of the children of American workers.

Who Really Gains From the Myth of **Race Superiority?**

Where and why was the lie of

racial superiority invented? Anthropologists have long since exploded the theory that one race is superior to another. Yet - of 'the approximately two billion people inhabiting the earth today, only one third are white peoples of European descent, but they keep the other two thirds — the brown, black and yellow peoples - in colonial subjection," says Grace Carlson in an article entitled "The Myth of Racial Superiority" which appeared in the January 1944 issue of FOURTH INTERNATIONAL.

The history of the accomplishments of the Negroes has yet to be written. Grace Carlson raises these questions: "Why then have modern historians been silent about the high cultural attainancient Ethiopia, glowing accounts of which have been preserved in the writings of such Greek and Roman historians as Homer (ninth century B. C.), Herodotus (fifth century B. C.), Pliny (first century A. D.) and Ptolemy (second century A. D.)? Why have the role of Negro blood and ancient Negro culture been denied their proper place in the historical explanations of the development of Egyptian civilization? Because, as Professor Duman Holmes, cost \$83,333.28 dur- Bois correctly points out, the needs of the white slave traders of the 16th, 17th and 18th century Europe and the United States made it necessary to distort and hide all favorable facts and interpretations of the history of the black peoples.'

> Back copies of FOURTH INTERNATIONAL may be obtained by sending 25 cents in coin or stamps to: Business Manager, Fourth International, 116 University Place, New York 3, N. Y.

Women In War Industry Quickly Learn Unionism

felt to be in an honest-to-goodnotice the whistles and wolf we do join.

howls as we went by. hired there was a mass migration chines didn't look half so strange from all departments to look her and frightening after we worked over. The attitude that we were with them for a while. The mill

backwards and did us just as much I can remember how strange we harm by doing everything for us. Even further, the attitudes of At first, most of us traded

Every time a new girl was gan to feel our place. The ma-

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By MARY STEELE , | not comparatively permanent ad- | made to scare us half out of our | You know, looking back at ditions, was reflected in their skins. We began to find out that the past three years, it seems treatment of us at first. Some the guys weren't cracked a bit funny that we women have been men were extremely bitter and when they began waving their in real industry, where formerly refused us even the help they'd arms around with all sorts of in real industry, where formerly give any male newcomer into strange manipulations of their just men worked, only so short the plant. Others bent way over hands.

But slowly and surely we becuriosities of the moment, and whistles weren't just noises

WELL-EARNED RESPECT

ness plant that made the basic the men were divided as to quite heavily on the fact that we products of modern life. Not only whether we should join the un- were girls and took unfair addid we feel strange, but the guys ion or not. Some said, "You're vantage of the men in the amount in the mills looked at us as if 'emporary, why bother?" Then of work we did. Then we began we were curiosities. We had to there were those who were really to learn that to gain lasting regear ourselves to pretend not to union-conscious and insisted that spect we had to do our jobs well. It wasn't until we did this that we felt a bond of equality forming between the men and ourselves. It was no longer the false Smith Act Victim deference that the men paid to us out of a half-baked idea that simply because we were women (and therefore unequal to them) we should be treated thus and so. No, now it was a well-earned

> But the final touch that made men's. In the beginning, we girls anti-strike act. used to run to the boss, using our femininity in trying to settle job ed to work, too. You could see then, that the fellows resented But, after all, we were Our fool's paradise didn't last

We began to see wage inequities, certain discriminatory pracances that had real meat to them began to come to our attention. When we took our problems to our immediate supervisors we found out quick enough that these small-time bosses had no real authority or desire to solve our

That started us thinking, and we began asking the men we worked with, what to do. Well, you know the answer to that. They knew from their own experience that the only possible way was through the union. So we began to join up, and push

our grievances the right way. It was then that the men looked at us and said, "These girls are fighters. They're just like we are." How good it felt to take the first big stride toward really being equals!

Ask Your Shopmate to Subscribe to The Militant



WILLIAM PATTERSON

Cleveland Auto Union Supports

CLEVELAND — Following similar action by the Buffalo area the mental and physical energy and Northwest Ohio regional conferences of the CIO auto workers union, UAW-CIO Local 207 here at its August 12 membership meeting voted unanimously to support the case of William us feel on the same footing was Patterson, Pennsylvania miner when we learned that the union who is the first imprisoned victim that the United Nations charter was just as much ours as the of the notorious Smith-Connally is going to be something of a

Local 207's resolution stated in part that the anti-strike law "is difficulties. For a while, it seem- a deadly menace to the most basic right of labor, the right to strike" and that "the jailing of Patterson sets a precedent whereby any or girls, so we didn't care much. all union gains can suffer a simi-

lar fate.' support to Local 2399, United society, where food will not be The resolution pledges "full Mine Workers, in its fight to tices on jobs and so on. Griev- free Patterson and repeal the mand that the UAW-CIO Inter- will be really utilized for the Smith-Connally act, and we denational Executive Board do likewise."

The Local 207 membership also voted \$15 to be sent to Patterson's local union to aid in his de-



VOTE TROTSKYIST! In the Coming New York Elections

Among other important issues, the Socialist Workers Party Election Platform advocates:

SAFEGUARD THE AMERICAN WORKERS' STANDARD OF LIVING!

The Washington bureaucrats promised to keep down the cost of living. But prices have skyrocketed beyond reach of the average family. To preserve the standard of living, institute a sliding scale of wages! Increase wages to meet the increased

Smash the black market system fostered by the Wall Street politicans! Organize consumers' committees to check prices and stop the diversion of goods into the black market! Replace the slums and firetraps with modern low-rent apartments! Make work for the building trades! Build homes

SWP Receives Urgent Appeal For Aid From Impoverished Comrades In Italy

By FARRELL DOBBS Campaign Director

An urgent appeal for aid has just been received from our Italian comrades. They write: "I have to bring to your attention a rather pressing matterthe need for assistance. It is causing us much concern, for obvious reasons!! I cannot stress too strongly our great need. With the knowledge that YOU ALONE can provide the wherewithal, we urge you to expedite this urgent

It takes very little imagination to understand the deep stress under which this simple but moving appeal is written. Daily accounts in the capitalist press give evidence of the starvation, poverty, the terrible suffering of the peoples in the war-torn coun-

SAVAGE PERSECUTION

Our co-thinkers suffer all these

regime in the occupied and so- | paign you let the fact be called "liberated" countries. We recognized that the Socialist must respond to this plea for aid by redoubling our efforts to send the International Solidarity Fund. immediate contributions to our Also, we would like a quota comrades abroad.

Party's \$5,000 International Soli- | ment." darity Fund. About \$1,800 is still to be contributed. The Milwaukee, Newark and Rochester branches this week joined the 100 per centers' group, making a total of eight party branches which have sent in their full quota for the fund. All other branches should make special efforts to complete their quotas in the shortest possible time.

LOS ANGELES SOCIALIST YOUTH CLUB: "We were very disappointed to find that we were not assigned a quota for the International Solidarity Fund. So we took it upon ourselves to originate a quota of \$15. To start things off with a bang, we conhardships, and in addition bear tributed \$11 at the opening of the double burden of persecution | the campaign. We are at present at the hands of the Allied im- campaigning to raise more money. perialists, the Stalinist counter- | We would appreciate it very revolutionists and the puppet | much, if at the end of the cam-

Youth Club contributed money to assigned to us for other cam-To date, we have raised \$3,- paigns, because we feel we are 297.15 of the Socialist Workers a part of the Trotskyist move-

> As soon as we receive full information on the contribution of the Los Angeles Youth Group, these young Trotskyists will be given their place in our score-

IN THE COMING

New York Elections VOTE AGAINST:

Capitalist Hunger Capitalist Misery Capitalist War

VOTE FOR:

Socialist Plenty Socialist Prosperity Socialist Peace Vote for

DOBBS & SIMPSON!

French Trotskyists Defy DeGaulle



Despite all attempts of the de Gaulle government to suppress the Trotskyist movement, our French comrades are continuing to publish La Verite regularly.

The Militant on June 23 reported that "confirmation has been received of widespread arrests of members of the Parti Communiste Internationaliste (Internationalist Communist Party) of France, and the suppression of its organ, La Verite." Censorship still veils the details, but a letter from Paris warns of the danger that the Stalinists may succeed, under the auspices of the de Gaulle government, in staging a frame-up trial of the notorious Moscow type in which the attempt will be made to link the Trotskyists with the Nazis.

A recent radio report from Paris by the United Press, reveals current attempt to link up the Trotskyists with the Nazis. "Anti-Communist and anti-Semitic newspapers have begun clandestine publication in Paris," begins the dispatch which appeared in the Reading, Pennsylvania Eagle, August 6. It concludes: "The only publication to appear regularly is La Verite, a Trotskyist newspaper which was a recognized underground paper during the occupation. Most resistance papers were given permission to reappear openly after the liberation, but the government banned that of the Trotskyists."

La Verite (Truth) was the first underground publication to appear against the Nazi conquerors of France. It is the only paper in France today which offers a program capable of providing an end to misery and hunger-the program of international socialism. It is for that reason that French capitalism, aided by Stalinism, is centering its attacks upon the Trotskyist movement.

The continued publication of La Verite despite all threats and suppression, however, demonstrates the strength and determination of Trotskyism. Under terrible handicaps and surmounting tremendous obstacles in obtaining paper and supplies, our comrades are reaching the French workers.

International Solidarity Fund

SCOREBOARD

		Section 1										
	BRANCH	Quota	Paid	Percent								
	Milwaukee	\$ 30.00	\$ 38.00	127								
	Buffalo	125.00	156.00	125								
	Newark	100.00	111.00	111								
	Reading	25.00	25.00	100								
	St. Louis	25.00	25.00	100								
	Pittsburgh	25.00	25.00	100								
	Allentown-Bethlehem	60.00	60.00	100								
	Rochester	15.00	15.00	100								
	San Francisco	375.00	357.00	95								
	Los Angeles	750.00	625.00	83								
	Bayonne	100.00	78.00	78								
	Youngstown	85.00	65.00	· 76								
	Philadelphia	125.00	89.35	71								
	Twin Cities	250.00	162.50	65								
	Chicago	500.00	317.00	63								
	Detroit	400.00	231.00	58								
	Boston	125.00	70.00	56								
	Akron	75.00	40.00	53								
	Toledo	100.00	52.00	52								
	New York	1000.00	483.00	48								
	Seattle	350.00	160.00	46								
	Members-at-Large											
¢	and Friends	245.00	87.30	36								
	Cleveland	75.00	22.00	29								
	N. Y. Youth Group	15.00	3.00	20								
	. San Diego	25.00	0	0								
	TOTAL	\$5,000.00	\$3,297.15	66								

Grace Carlson Notes SWP Growth In Seattle Area

By Grace Carlson

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 18 held by the new Seattle branch | because I have been doing plenty | the Minneapolis Labor Case. of the Socialist Workers Party. of talking the past couple of Kelly was released on parole There were only 12 or 14 people months. But there was a Stalin- after a year in Stillwater and is at the meeting. What a contrast ist there who supported Truman still living under severe parole to the fine big meeting held in and the so-called progressive restrictions. He shows the effects the New Washington Hotel on Democrats and the debate with of the strain of prison life, the August 15. There were six times him grew so lively that I found tragedy of his wife's death and as many people at this meeting as there were in 1941 and that's a good record of growth for a four-year period.

But the record will be much better than that in the coming months. The Seattle branch is doing considerable recruiting of new members among the aircraft and shippard workers in this area-workers who are already unemployed or who face unem ployment in the near future.

DISCUSSION GROUP

Much of the recruiting is done as a result of the contacts made

KELLY POSTAL

and Tacoma doesn't even have was never a whiner! a regular branch established as yet, but good meetings were held in both of these centers. I was | list of class war prisoners! telling the Portland and Tacoma comrades of the remarkable growth of the Seattle branch since my last visit to the Northwest and I predicted even more rapid growth for their branches.

in the yards and the shops but | Minnesota State prison in Still- | on." Enthusiastic new friends of is an inter-racial group which Treasurer of Local 544-CIO he party.

meets in the home of a friend | transferred the union funds from | in the Negro housing project the AFL to CIO. AFL Team- ditional pardon for William Pathere. I attended a meeting of sters' President Dan Tobin interson, Pennsylvania miner im- At Seattle Meeting When I was on tour in 1941, I this group on August 16. I had spired the frame-up against Kelly prisoned under the Smith-Contalked at the first public meeting intended just to sit and listen just as he did against the 18 in

> myself taking a very active part! the restrictions under which he lives. He is very much thinner and looks very tired and worn Portland is a very new branch | but he has a good spirit. Kelly

The name of Kelly Postal will always have a high place on our

Carlson Speaks to Tacoma Audience

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 17 -June, 1943 when he was sent to 35 workers on "Women in Pris- crowds in the street.

nally anti-strike law, was sent Internationale."

Portland Meeting On "V-J Day" By C. M. HESSER

PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 16 -The Portland branch of the Socialist Workers Party held its Tailor, calling upon President first meeting on August 14 - Truman to grant unconditional 'V-J Day." Nine friends and pardon to William Patterson, first comrades braved the turbulent worker imprisoned under the crowds to hear Grace Carlson Smith - Connally Act, was passspeak on "Women in Prison." ed unanimously. Correspondents Comrade Carlson had to raise her from the Negro press and a la-In the third public meeting held voice many times to be heard bor paper were present. I saw Kelly Postal while I was by the S. W. P. branch in Tacoma, over the noise of fire-crackers, in Portland—the first time since | Comrade Grace Carlson spoke to horns, and the wild cheering of social at the Seattle SWP head

The Militant.

A resolution demanding uncon- Good Turn-out

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 16 -Grace Carlson last night spoke to to President Truman. The meet- 75 workers, members and friends ing closed with the singing of of the Socialist Workers Party "Solidarity Forever" and "The on "Women in Prison." After the lecture, at the New Washington Hotel, questions were asked on the British Labor Party victory and the SWP program in America. The audience contributed \$40 to the collection, bought about \$5 worth of literature, and 12 new friends signed interest cards.

A resolution, presented by C

The evening concluded with cuarters, 19191/2 Second Ave. To This is only the first of many day reporters from the Star and new members are also being water. Kelly was convicted on the Trotskyist movement asked forums that are being planned Post Intelligencer, two of the brought in through a Militant a frame-up charge of embezzle- questions from the floor, and con- for Portland. All forums and city's dailies, interviewed Com-Readers' Discussion Group. This ment because as the Secretary- tributed \$30 to the work of the meetings will be announced in rade Carlson at a press confer-



GRACE CARLSON

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The History Of American

In earlier installments of his book, Comrade Cannon described the emergence of the American Communist Party out of the left wing of the Socialist Party, in 1919. Factional struggles between the proletarian and the petty-bourgeois elements within the party began in 1923, culminating in the expulsion of the proletarian lest wing for "Trotskyism," October 27, 1928. Slandered, ostracized, and physically attacked by the Stalinists, the handful of American Trotskyists began to propagandize and win over individual members of the Communist Party. They won new sympathizers who were revolted by the Stalinist methods. First contact with Leon Trotsky was established in the spring of 1929, and the platform of the Left Opposition published in The Militant. At the first national conference of American Trotskyists, in May, 1929, the decision was made to continue political activity as a faction of the Communist Party, despite the October expulsion. This is the fourteenth installment of Cannon's book.

The problem was to understand the actual situation, the stage of development at the moment. Of course, you have to find a road to the masses in order to create a party that can lead a revolution. But the road to the masses leads through the vanguard and not over its head. That was not understood by some people. They thought they could by-pass the Communistic workers, jump right into the midst of the mass movement and find there the best candidates for the most advanced, the most theoretically developed group in the world, that is, the Left Opposition which was the vanguard of the vanguard. This conception was erroneous, the product of impatience and the failure to think things out. Instead of that, we set as our main task propaganda, not agitation.

We said: Our task first is to make the principles of the Left Opposition known to the vanguard. Let us not delude ourselves with the idea we can go to the great unschooled mass now. We must first get what is obtainable from this vanguard group, consisting of some tens of thousands of Communist Party members and sympathizers, and crystallize out of them a sufficient cadre either to reform the party, or, if after a serious effort that fails in the end-and only when the failure is conclusively demonstrated—to build a new one with the forces recruited in the endeavor. Only in this way is it possible for us to reconstitute the party in the real sense of the word.

At that time there appeared on the horizon a figure who is also perhaps strange to many of you, but who in those days made an awful lot of noise. Albert Weisbord had been a member of the CP and got himself expelled along about 1929 for criticism, or for one reason or another-it was never quite clear. After his expulsion Weisbord decided to do some studying. It frequently happens, you know, that after people get a bad blow they begin to wonder about the cause of it. Weisbord soon emerged from his studies to announce himself as a Trotskyist; not 50 percent Trotskyist as we were, but as a real genuine 100 percent Trotskyist whose mission in life was to set us straight.

His revelation was: The Trotskyists must not be a propaganda circle, but go directly into "mass work." That conception had to lead him logically to the proposal of forming a new party, but he couldn't do that very conveniently because he didn't have any members. He had to apply the tactic of going first to the vanguardnecessity of propagandizing the members and sympathizers of the turned to the one possible source of healthy growth: the ranks of contact. We had no friends, no sympathizers, no periphery around

MAIN TASK OF COMMUNIST LEFT OPPOSITION WAS PROPAGANDA RATHER THAN AGITATION

By James P. Cannon

claiming a program of mass activity, directed 99 percent of his the Communist Party. mass activity not at the masses, and not even at the Communist Party, but at our little Trotskyist group. He disagreed with us on turn was in part designed by Stalin to cut the ground from under everything and denounced us as false representatives of Trotsky- the feet of the Left Opposition; it made the Stalinists appear more you have to begin over again, then I can tell you in advance some ism. When we said, yes, he said, yes positively. When we said 75, radical even than the Left Opposition of Trotsky. They threw the of the headaches you are going to have. Every new movement athe raised the bid. When we said, "Communist League of America," | Lovestoneites out of the party as "right wingers," turned the party he called his group the "Communist League of Struggle" to make | leadership over to Foster and Company and proclaimed a left policy. it stronger. The heart and core of the fight with Weisbord was this | By this maneuver they dealt us a devastating blow. Those disquestion of the nature of our activities. He was impatient to jump gruntled elements in the party, who had been inclined toward us thrown out of half a dozen organizations—such people began to come into mass work over the head of the Communist Party. We rejected and who had opposed the opportunism of the Lovestone group, behis program and he denounced us in one thick mimeographed bulletin after another.

Some of you may perhaps have the ambition to become historans of the movement, or at least students of the history of the novement. If so, these informal lectures of mine can serve as guideposts for a further study of the most important questions and turning points. There is no lack of literature. If you dig for it, you will find literally bales of mimeographed bulletins devoted to criticism and denunciation of our movement—and especially of me, for some reason. That sort of thing has happened so often that I long ago learned to accept it as matter of course. Whenever anybody goes crazy in our movement he begins to denounce me at the top of his voice, entirely aside from provocation of any sort on my part. So Weisbord denounced us, particularly me, but we fought it out. We stuck to our course.

There were impatient people in our ranks who thought that Weisbord's prescription might be worth trying, a way for a poor little group to get rich quick. It is very easy for isolated people, gathered together in a small room, to talk themselves into the most radical proposals unless they retain a sense of proportion, of sanity and realism. Some of our comrades, disappointed at our slow growth, were lured by this idea that we needed only a program of mass work in order to go out and get the masses. This sentiment grew to such an extent that Weisbord created a little faction inside our organization. We were obliged to declare an open meeting for discussion. We admitted Weisbord, who wasn't a formal member, and gave him the right to the floor. We debated the question hammer and tongs. Eventually we isolated Weisbord. He never enrolled more than 13 members in his group in New York. This little group went through a series of expulsions and splits and eventually disappear-

and fighting out this question. And not only with Weisbord. In those days we were continually pestered by impatient people in our ranks. The difficulties of the time pressed heavily upon us. Week on us. With a few of his personal friends and others he began an after week and month after month we appeared to be gaining hardly energetic campaign of "boring from within" and hammering from an inch. Discouragement set in, and with it the demand for some without this little group of 25 or 30 people whom we had by that scheme to grow faster, some magic formula. We fought it down, time organized in New York City. While we were proclaiming the | talked it down, and held our group on the right line, kept its face

Communist Party as a link to the mass movement, Weisbord, pro- | the Communist workers who still remained under the influence of

The Stalinist "left turn" piled up new difficulties for us. This came reconciled to the party. They used to say to us: "You see, you were wrong. Stalin is correcting everything. He is taking a radical position all along the line in Russia, America and everywhere else." In Russia the Stalin bureaucracy declared war on the kulaks. All over the world the ground was being cut from under the feet of the Left Opposition. A whole series of capitulations took place in Russia. Radek and others gave up the fight on the excuse that Stalin had adopted the policy of the Opposition. There were, would say, perhaps hundreds of Communist Party members, who had been leaning towards us, who gained the same impression and returned to Stalinism in the period of the ultra-left swing.

Those were the real dog days of the Left Opposition. We had gone through the first six months with rather steady progress and formed our national organization at the conference with high hopes. Then recruitment from the party membership suddenly stopped. After the expulsion of the Lovestoneites, a wave of illusion swept through the Communist Party. Reconciliation with Stalinism became the order of the day. We were stymied. And then began the big noise of the first Five Year Plan. The Communist Party mem-Left Opposition had originated and demanded. The panic in the United States, the "depression," caused a geat wave of disillusionment with capitalism. The Communist Party in that situation appeared to be the most radical and revolutionary force in the country. The party began to grow and swell its ranks and to attract sympathizers in droves.

We, with our criticisms and theoretical explanations, appeared n the eyes of all as a group of impossibilists, hair-splitters, naggers. We were going around trying to make people understand that the theory of socialism in one country is fatal for a revolutionary movement in the end; that we must clear up this question of theory at all costs. Enamored with the first successes of the Five Year We consumed an enormous amount of time and energy debating | Plan, they used to look at us and say, "These people are crazy, they don't live in this world." At a time when tens and hundreds of thousands of new elements were beginning to look toward the Soviet Union, going forward with the Five Year Plan, while capitalism appeared to be going up the spout; here were these Trotskyists, with their documents under their arms, demanding that you read books, study, discuss, and so on. Nobody wanted to listen to us.

In those dog days of the movement we were shut off from all scratch.

our movement. We had no chance whatever to participate in the mass movement. Whenever we tried to get into a workers organization we would be expelled as counter-revolutionary Trotskyists. We tried to send delegates to the unemployed meetings. Our credentials would be rejected on the ground that we were enemies of the working class. We were utterly isolated, forced in upon ourselves. Our recruitment dropped to almost nothing. The Communist Party and its vast periphery seemed to be hermetically sealed against us.

Then, as is always the case with new political movements, we began to recruit from sources none too healthy. If you are ever reduced again to a small handful, as well the Marxists may be in the mutations of the class struggle; if things go badly once more and tracts certain elements which might properly be called the lunatic fringe. Freaks always looking for the most extreme expression of radicalism, misfits, windbags, chronic oppositionists who had been to us in our isolation, shouting, "Hello, Comrades." I was always against admitting such people, but the tide was too strong. I waged a bitter fight in the New York branch of the Communist League against admitting a man to membership on the sole ground of his appearance and dress.

They asked, "What have you against him?"

I said, "He wears a corduroy suit up and down Greenwich Vilage, with a trick mustache and long hair. There is something wrong with this guy."

· I wasn't making a joke, either. I said, people of this type are not going to be suitable for approaching the ordinary American worker. They are going to mark our organization as something freakish, abnormal, exotic; something that has nothing to do with the normal life of the American worker. I was dead right in general, and in this mentioned case in particular. Our corduroy-suit lad, after making all kinds of trouble in the organization, eventually became an Oehlerite.

Many people came to us who had revolted against the Communist Party not for its bad sides but for its good sides; that is, the bers were fired with enthusiasm by the Five Year Plan which the discipline of the party, the subordination of the individual to the decisions of the party in current work. A lot of dilettantish pettybourgeois minded people who couldn't stand any kind of discipline, who had either left the CP or been expelled from it, wanted, or rather thought they wanted to become Trotskyists. Some of them joined the New York branch and brought with them that same prejudice against discipline in our organization. Many of the newcomers made a fetish of democracy. They were repelled so much by the bureaucratism of the Communist Party that they desired an organization without any authority or discipline or centralization

> All the people of this type have one common characteristic: they like to discuss things without limit or end. The New York branch of the Trotskyist movement in those days was just one continuous stew of discussion. I have never seen one of these elements who isn't articulate. I have looked for one but I have never found him. They can all talk; and not only can, but will; and everlastingly, on every question. They were iconoclasts who would accept nothing as authoritative, nothing as decided in the history of the movement. Everything and everybody had to be proved over again from

(To be continued)

WIN AN ORIGINAL

..... WORKERS' FORUM

The Workers' Forum columns are open to the opinions of the readers of "The Militant" Letters are welcome on any subject of interest to the workers. Keep them short and include your name and address. Indicate if you do not want your name printed.

Oh, little men, you'd best keep

What's peace against aluminum?

What if men die, and women

Why not blot out some peaceful

If it will aid in exploitation?

And diplomats, well-steeped in

Will trade the world's blood-

They'll trade with it our liberty

And set the stage for World

Reprinted from "Diesel Worker,"

Local 207, UAW-CIO.)

His sacrifice a total loss:

f'some large power corners

PEACE

length.

blubber.

rubber?

cross,

stained soil.

War Three.

By K. F. Ziska

We strive so earnestly for peace, To gain your point — at any We even rent it on lend-lease. Peace is a sweet and vagrant

A state of mind, and no decision Of either the big four or five Can keep the fragile thing alive. What are the dreams of little

That wars shall never be again? That any future disputations Be settled peaceably by nations? But dreams are not the stuff | The Prince of Peace died on a that quells

The rotten deals of world

To kill is not a mortal sin, If it will gain a hoard of tin. To stab your neighbor in the

While he's not looking, shows no

Of moral values. It shows strength

Detects Fear in

Hoover's Speech

Carlson Meeting

In San Francisco

It is significant,"

"that, in war time when millions

of workers are employed in the

production of war materials to

population declines. But when

it mass unemployments the pris-

ons once again do a thriving bus-

iness. This proves again that the

major cause of 'crime' is poverty."

The audience followed closely

her descriptions of the women

she met, the majority of them

girls of 15 to 19 years of age,

who were placed behind bars for

"DELINQUENT" GIRLS

and not in prisons.'

WAR VET SPEAKS

workers they had nothing to gain

from the imperialist war and for

this they were imprisoned. But

what do we see? After six years

of conflict at the cost of more

than one trillion dollars and mil-

lions of lives, the workers again

face increasing unemployment and race prejudice. The Socialist

Workers Party told the truth;

Bob Chester, local SWP organ-

izer, as chairman of the meeting

described the Trotskyist program

and urged all workers to join

the Socialist Workers Party in

the struggle "to secure a decent

future for ourselves and our chil-

The meeting adopted resolu-

tions demanding the pardon of

William Patterson, Pennsylvania

miner convicted under the Smith-

Connally anti-strike law, and in

support of the 150,000 Nigerian

workers on strike for a minimum

wage of 60 cents per day. A

collection of \$67 was contributed

to further the work of the SWP.

Wall Street lied."

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11-

politics, from the impulse for any change from the bitter years which have passed and from the years of propaganda of a new

Former president Herbert utopia. What does Hoover propose for Hoover made a speech, Aug. 12 the colonial masses of Asia and in Bixby Park, Long Beach, Calif., in which he stated that the toilers of the rest of the "America is the last citadel of world? Nothing but the continuafree enterprise, and it must be | tion of the capitalist system. its a bulwark against communism or destruction of economy, its wars, creeping socialism sweeping the fascism, unemployment. He be employed to sterilize this world." In his speech one detects preaches the same mumboa fear of the doom of capitalism. Jumbo: free enterprise, free To quote him further, "They are speech, free assembly, free press beginning in Asia. The causes lie | free men. He decries the spread deep in the holocaust of misery of the "collectivist spirit" throughout the world. He endsfrom the war, from power You and I must not be marked

as the generation who surrendered the heritage of America." What heritage is he speaking about? He is not speaking about the working people who built this industrial machine. Herbert Hoover is concerned about the welfare Grace Carlson, only woman among of America's 60 Families. the 18 Trotskyists imprisoned in If he is so worried about free the famous Minneapolis Labor speech, free press, free assembly.

Case, spoke on "Women in Pris- why does he not demand that the on" to an intent audience of 75 British capitalist class grant workers in the Druids Temple these to India? Why does he not here yesterday, the day the Japdemand these be granted to anese surrender offer was an- Puerto Rico or the Philippines? nounced, and pointed to the fact All militant workers should that U. S. prison authorities are take renewed courage from this going ahead with their "postwar capitalist fear of doom and fight

Los Angeles

kill and maim millions of workers | Excess Profits "Tax"

of other countries, the prison Editor:

committing offenses against the on Friday evenings, 8:30 p. m. capitalist laws protecting private LOS ANGELES—Socialist Youth property. "Only under a socialist society," Grace Carlson said, "that will provide plenty for all, that will eliminate the driving economic pressure upon the most oppressed sections of the working class, will these institutions of unjust punishment disappear. Those relatively few anti-social individuals who commit crimes

because of psychopathic disorders should be treated in hospitals Maurice Watkins, young Negro war veteran, spoke on the background of the Minneapolis trial in which Grace Carlson and the 17 other Trotskyist leaders were convicted under the Smith "Gag" Act. "The Trotskyists told the

> VA-7936. Make your reservation now for the WEST COAST VACA-TION SCHOOL. Situated at Carbon Canyon, San Bernardino County, it is two miles from Lavida Hot Springs and 32 miles from Los Angeles.

> Vacation School, 232 S. Hill St. Room 205, Los Angeles, Calif. MILWAUKEE - Visit the Mil-

its headquarters, 926 Plankington Ave., Room 21, any evening between 7 and 9:30 p. m.

MINNEAPOLIS - Hear Grace Carlson speak on "Women in Prison," Sunday, September 9, at 7:30 p. m. Socialist Workers Party headquarters, 10 So. 4 St.

tax law constitute one of the greatest dangers to the postwar labor movement. In addition to being guaranteed a refund of 10 percent of all excess profits taxes paid, the corporations have legislated added benefits for themselves. If, during the five years following the war, their profits fall below their prewar average, or if losses are incurred, the government agrees to refund additional excess profits taxes to cover the deficit. If the corporation lost money before the war, a

"normal" profit is computed and

guaranteed; thereby assuring postwar success for even bank-

rupt or insolvent ventures. The joker in the situation is that corporations do not have to produce or employ labor in order WPA. to qualify for benefits. Consequently, they have the green light for a labor-baiting, unionbusting campaign that could last five years — with full profits assured even though the entire time was consumed in lock-outs or in resisting strikes.

As practically all of the superorporations enjoyed fabulous rofits during the war (after payment of all taxes) and the astronomical profits before taxes able excess profits taxes, labor cannot expect to hold its position or make new gains with prewar methods. No union "war chest" U. S. Treasury. Political action the owning class

> Gilbert Nelson Minneapolis

Truman's Appointees

In the days just preceding the days of FERA (Federal Emergency Relief Administration). WPA (Works Project Administration) and other programs of the government to serve the purpose of alleviating the suffering of hungry Americans, the occupant of the White House was

one Herbert Hoover. "Herbie," who coined the phrase "prosperity is just around of 300,000 human beings had its the corner," would not understand that just around the corner was flaunts this news before the peonot prosperity but revolution. When conditions that were making for revolution were getting to ple. The screaming headlines pay homage to the atom bomb. They for revolution were getting to worst there was a presi dential election and "Herbie" was fired. The new occupant of the White House, realized that in order to keep down revolution drastic measures were impera-I think that the less publicized tive, so the alphabetical programs 'peace' is achieved, bringing with provisions of the excess profits were inaugurated, not without

SWP BRANCH ACTIVITIES

CLEVELAND — Open meetings are held at Pecks Hall, 1446 E. 82nd St. (off Wade Park N.)

Forum, Thursday, August 30, at 8:30 p. m. Topic: "What Is the Significance of the British Elections?" Speaker: M. Feldman. Free admission; question and discussion period. SWP headquarters, 232 S. Hill St., Rooms 200-204.

Obtain The Militant and Fourth International and other Marxist books and pamphlets as well as information about the SWP at the following places in the Los Angeles area: LOS ANGELES, Socialist Workers Party, Rooms, 200-05, 232 S. Hill St. SAN PEDRO, Socialist Workers Party, 1008 S. Pacific, Room 214. For adinformation phone ditional

the Workmen's Circle Camp in

For reservations and further information write to Janice Martin, Director, West Coast waukee branch of the SWP at

NEWARK - Lectures are held every Friday at the Progressive Workers' School, 423 Spring-

field Ave., at 8:30 p. m. Friday, Aug. 31: "What Next for American Workers?"

Sunday, Sept. 2: Picnic at Rahway Park. Meet at 9:30 a.m. at Elizabeth Ave. and Runyon St. \$1 for adults, 50 roast and sports.

on current topics, at Labor Forum, 405 W. Girard, 8:30

Socialist Youth Group meets Friday evenings, 8:30 p. m.; all young people are invited. Labor Forum, 405 W. Girard.

PORTLAND—Visit SWP headquarters, 220 S. W. Alder St., room 500; open 1 to 4 p.m. daily except Sunday, and 6 to 8 p.m. on Tuesday and Friday. Saturday, Sept. 1 - Open house and "Hard Times" Social,

at 8 p.m. Sunday, Sept. 16-"Will the End of the War Bring Peace?' Open forum; speaker, C. M. Hesser. 8 p.m.

SAN FRANCISCO - Visit the San Francisco School of Social Science, 305 Grant Ave., corner of Grant and Sutter, 4th floor; open from 12 noon to 3 p.m. Monday through Saturday, and 7 to 9 p.m. Monday through

TOLEDO - Forums held every of this war on the corners selling tant readers, friends invited.

Selander will speak on "Labor ing service to their country. in Postwar World." Transportation from your home to picnic cents. Beer, food, baseball!

ducting a contest to find the most appropriate descriptive name for them. Three originals of these feature cartoons, personally inscribed to the winners by the cartoonist, will be awarded for the three best names submitted. First choice of the originals will go to the first-place winner; second choice to the secondplace winner: third choice to the third-place winner. In case of ties, all who submit winning names will receive an original

the "poor rich" family in Laura Gray's feature cartoons on Page 8 of The Militant? If you have, you most likely have

your own pet name for this family. The Militant is con-

LAURA GRAY CARTOON! Have you been following the trials and tribulations of

feature cartoon, by Gray. All readers of *The Militant* are eligible for the contest and there is no limit on the number of suggested names a contestant may enter. Just send in your entries, clearly written on a sheet of paper, together with your full name

All entries must reach The Militant office, 116 University Place, New York 3, N. Y. by August 31. Editors of The Militant will judge the contest and decide the winning entries. Their decision will be final.

persons that with the war coming party to believe in. Everyone to an end, war plants closing, must realize the failure of the and our soldier boys returning Democrats and Republicans to home, seeking employment, that cope with national and internaagain we will find ourselves in a tional affairs that concern the depression compared to which well-being of the average Ameri-'Herbie's" depression will appear | can. to have been a Sunday School picnic. Roosevelt is no more. Is | ployer cannot lawfully raise an the man now in the White House | employe's salary without consent making preparations to deal with of the Board-which means the the situation which will confront furnished a huge fund of return- us? Judging by the appoint- war contracts, while workers have ments he is making, he proposes been forced to accept salaries far to deal with the situation as did below the standard to allow a suf-"Herbie." Byrnes, the arch-foe of ficient amount to be saved for this WPA, is now Secretary of State. day of victory. There are tens of could hope to compete with the Fred Vinson, who prevented the thousands of war workers who underpaid railworkers from face unemployment and have no by labor and for labor must getting the increase in pay nest egg ready because the govawarded to them, is now Secretremendous weapon now held by tary of the Treasury. Nearly all interest of America's Sixty appointive positions are being Families and not in the interest filled by men known to be opposed to measures intended for the good of the common man.

Robert H. Miller Carbon, Ind.

Atomic Bomb

Today I listened with indescribable horror to the voice of a radio commentator describing the catastrophic results of the first atom bomb raid over Japan. One small bomb! One superfort to cradle it to its destination... and 60 percent of a city life blown out!

Today, the capitalist press gloat over it, admire it, proudly Estimates in the local press caress it with words of praise and approbation.

And a cold fear must have struck deep into the heart core of the people.

Who, then, believes the hypocritical peace preachers of the slated for those not included in San Francisco conference — the diplomats and politicians? Who wage cut is taking the form of believes their hopped-up phrases of a just and lasting peace and harmony among capitalist na- the day of overtime work. In the tions? Who believes the silken words of the Atlantic Charter?

The answer has been blasted out. It has been stripped of all the coddled hopes with which people attempt to soften reality. This universal fear of the destructive potentialities of the atom bomb can only be interpreted to mean that the workers have no cents for children, includes faith whatsoever in the ability, transportation, dinner, wienie or even the desire, of the ruling class to establish and maintain peace. That, on the eve, of the PHILADELPHIA — Open for- end of the second World War, ums every Thursday evening they see looming before them the Third World War with its real threat of becoming the tomb of civilization.

And yet through the channels masses must have taken a revolutionary leap forward — toward a new and deep determination that the Third World War shall not occur; toward a new evaluation of the stinking capitalist system: and toward a more fundamental understanding of the revolutionary tasks ahead of M. McGowan

Toledo, Ohio

The Postwar World

The war is over and victory is won. Now we are all living in the postwar world. Again we shall see the shortcomings of the capitalist government. Again we shall see mass unemployment with no solution to the problem.

Soon we shall see the heroes Sunday evening at 905 Jeffer- apples. Chicago has already made son Ave., Room 304. All Mili- it a law that such permits will be free of charge to ex-soldiers. Sunday, Sept 9-Watermelon | Of course this will be the capital-Festival all-day outing. Ted ist gratitude for their outstand-

It will not be long before the grounds in Temperance, Mich. they fought only for the interests provided, Adults \$1, children 50 of America's Sixty Families. When the soldier realizes the

bitter opposition by some mem- postwar world is far different bers of Congress, particularly from that promised to him, the Byrnes of Virginia, who fought Socialist Workers Party will come every appropriation asked for into its rightful place as the strongest force in America be-It is evident to all thinking cause then there shall be no other

> The WLB has ruled the emowners have grown wealthy from ernment makes its laws in the

> of its millions of citizens. Labor must come into its rightful place. The Socialist Workers Party is our only hope. The sooner we give our attention to this group, the sooner we shall live as is becoming to God and

Will our government spend milions a day to care for us as it did to kill during the war? Will the heroes of the war remain heroes after the celebration is over? Will the colored mar remain a second-rate citizen? Victor A. Howel New York

Los Angeles

describe its cataclysmic power, based on figures from authorita tive sources place at more than 200,000 the number of workers expected to be laid off in Los Angeles by the end of the week This figure does not take into account a huge slash in wages the initial mass firings. Thi return to the once desirable forty hour week and the elimination of last few years this day has provided the margin allowing the workers to scrape along on their paychecks.

are 3500 workers at the California stripped away by the Potsdam Shipbuilding Corporation, 11,900 agreement, thus eliminating more at the Douglas Long Beach plant, | than a third of German produc-750 at Douglas Santa Monica and tive capacity. Even more im-300 at Douglas El Segundo. Lockheed is immediately closing the fact that the industry to be down its plants in Pomona, Santa | demolished under the peace terms, Barbara, and Fresno and expects is the basic industry upon which to lay off 7000 in its Burbank the whole economic structure of plant very shortly.

Hardest hit will be the aircraft industry which expects to drop 83,000 out of 133,000. This is especially important in view of of commonly experienced fear, the history of industry in Los the consciousness of the working | Angeles. Before the war it was practically non-existent. The war made Los Angeles an important aircraft and shipbuilding center to the exclusion of most other industry. Therefore the end of the war with the attendant collapse of the wartime industries has hit this city a stunning blow. This is even more apparent when the tremendous influx of workers s considered. There are between half and two-thirds of a million who came from other sections of the country. And in addition scores of thousands of soldiers expect to settle here upon discharge from the armed forces. The situation may be aptly

compared with the one-industry towns in many regions of the country whose fortunes vary with the fluctuation of the one industry. In this case the industry

While these tremendous layoffs were apparent to the workers in these industries for some time now, they seem to have stunned the Citizens Manpower Committee which announced that it plans a meeting next week to discuss ways and means of reconquering heroes will realize employing the thousands "suddenly without jobs.

> Al Lynn Los Angeles

Pioneer Notes

This week Pioneer has ready for sale our newest pamphlet, A Practical Program to Kill Ruth Wilson and Ed Herron.

in the fighting program of the the story printed under the strikstory told by a young New York papers." iem. He said:

three comrades in about an hour said: 'That ain't no lie'." and a half. The response to the other distributor advised: around the comrades asking ques- were standing around discussing. tions, and after a few moments One of them said to me: 'That's of explaining our stand against right, there really is no peace. inists began to get hot under the give me my old job back'." collar. They sent a few of their muscle-men over to the street Youth reported these two inter- branches make the record with pamphlets from him.

"Immediately seven young Nealready bought the pamphlet, dashed over and wrenched the pamphlets back. 'What's the mat- the distributors reported the paselling stuff that's good for us.' away. The Stalinist disappeared quickly and the group of young workers stood guard on the street corner were sold."

Negroes in the Post-War World,

by Albert Parker, 5c. Order from Pioneer Publishers, 116 University Place, New York

Embracing Hitler's Backers

The London Tribune, organ of the left-liberals (Aneurin Bevan and others) reports in its July 27 issue:

"Allied Military Authorities are at present considering plans to reinstate the big Ruhr industrialists as owners their properties - men like Krupp, Stinnes, Thyssen and

QUESTION BOX

Q: How much of her industry has Germany lost?

A: According to Wall Street estimates, about 15 percent of inflation-ridden and tax-slashed German industry was wiped out by bombings; and an even larger Among those already laid off sector, about 20 percent, will be portant than the percentages, is Germany rested.

> Q: How long has the present Japanese dynasty been in power? A: In reality, only since 1868, when the feudal princes of Japan combined with a growing merchant class to restore the monarchy as a "unifying force" to strengthen the country against the danger of invasion by foreign capitalist nowers. For a fuller study of the way in which emperor-worship was foisted on the people of Japan by the ruling class, we suggest that you read "Japan Faces the Abyss," by Li Fu-jen, in the April 1944 issue of Fourth International. Back copies are obtainable (for 25 cents) from Business Manager, 116 University Place, N. Y.

Q: How many industrial acci dents were there last year? A: According to the United States Department of Labor, 1944 took a toll of 15,900 men and women killed on their jobs; 1,700 totally disabled: 94.400 partly but permanently disabled: and two and a quarter millions in-

VOTE FOR

DOBBS & SIMPSON TROTSKYIST CANDIDATES

IN THE COMING NEW YORK ELECTIONS



Local New York comrades anx- sub while she was visiting ious to place the manifesto of neighbor of ours here at the sum-Jim Crow, by Charles Jackson, the Socialist Workers Party on mer school. She came to the Militant columnist. This latest the end of the war and the use office on her own initiative to addition to our literature on the of atomic bombs in as many find out what our paper was all Negro Struggle is a 16-page workers' hands as possible, dis- about and not only took a year's pamphlet, with a two-color cover tributed The Militant at busy subscription, b u t purchased and numerous illustrations by street corners in Harlem. Flor- ramphlets and expressed a desire ence Bronze reported: "Over to attend our classes at the school We have just received graphic 5,000 papers were taken by pas- and to learn more about our proof that the Negro people find sers-by who were eager to read party. Socialist Workers Party, the an- ing headline 'There is no peace!' Walker of Cincinnati. This new swer to their needs. This is the We could have used many more subscriber, visiting a camp across

Post-War World at a Stalinist The Militant. "Two different James P. Cannon's 'History of rally against Jim Crow in base- people remarked on seeing the American Trotskyism.' He is a ball, held on August 18 in Har- headline: 'The guy who wrote young Negro social worker, and that sure knows what he is talk- evidenced a great deal of interest "75 pamphlets were sold by ing about.' Numerous others in the Trotskyist movement. He pamphlet was terrific. Groups 135 Street I gave The Militant bers of the party and he expressof four or five would gather to a large group of men who ed a desire to return." Jim Crow, all of them would buy I'm a veteran who just came the pamphlet. The pamphlets back from the South Pacific, and were selling so fast that the Stal- from the way it looks they won't 6 month and one 1 year renewal. A member of the Trotskyist

corner where one comrade was esting experiences: "A passer-by the following: San Pedro four selling the pamphlet and tried to after giancing at the headline 6 month new readers, Seattle push him around, grabbing the asked me for 25 copies of the paper to take back to his club. subscribers, and San Francisco And still another man asked for gro workers, some of whom had 3 copies of the paper and added, 'That's 3 more votes for your candidate Louise Simpson.' All ter with you,' one of them said pers went extremely fast, and to the Stalinist hoodlums, 'He's there wasn't a single copy thrown

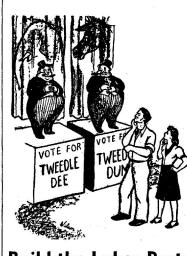
Minneapolis sent in three 6month subscriptions and added until the remaining pamphlets this very instructive note: "One of the three subs was obtained by one of our railroad comrades. A Practical Program to Kill One day while his train was Jim Crow, by Charles Jackson, stalled, he went out into the field to help a farmer shock grain. While working they discussed world affairs. Result: one more sub to The Militant."

> Maggie McGowan writes from the Mid-West Vacation School: 'Enclosed is \$2.00 for two 1 year subscriptions. One is for Mrs. Cobbins of Detroit who took the

PAGE SEVEN

the lake from Mid-West had comrade who participated in the Additional reports from this heard of our party, had read sevdistribution of Negroes in the distribution give loud praise to eral copies of The Militant and An- drove around to Mid-West espe-"On cially to meet and talk with mem-

> More data for our statistics fans: Buffalo sent in three 6 month subs in addition to one Toledo, four 6 month and one 1 year renewal. Three West Coast four 1 year and one 6 month new nine 6 month and one 1 year new readers in addition to four 6 month and two 1 year renewals.



Build the Labor Party

FIGHT FOR THIS PROGRAM:

1. Full employment and job security for all workers and veterans!

A sliding scale of hours! Reduce the hours of work with no reduction in pay!

A rising scale of wages! Increase wages to meet the increased cost of living!

Operate all government-built plants under workers' 2. Independence of the trade unions from

the government! Rescind the no-strike pledge! Withdraw union representatives from the War Labor Board!

3. Organization of the war veterans by the trade unions!

4. Full equality for Negroes and national minorities! Down with Jim Crow! 5. Working class political action!

Build the independent labor party! Establish the workers' and farmers' government! 6. Tax the rich, not the poor!

No taxes on incomes under \$5,000 a year! 7. A working class answer to capitalist mili-

Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions! Trade union wages for all workers in the armed forces!

8. Hands off the European and colonial peo-

Withdraw the Allied Occupation Troops from Europe! Solidarity with the revolutionary struggles of the European and colonial peoples!

Join the Socialist Workers Party!

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY 116 University Place New York 3, New York

I would like:

To join the Socialist Workers Party.

To obtain further information about your organization.

To attend meetings and forums of the Socialist Workers Party in my city.

Name	 	 		• •	• • •	٠.,		٠.	. , .	• •	 	• •	 	
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City Postal Zone State

THE MILITANT

West he People

Vol. IX-No. 34 Saturday, August 25, 1945

Published Weekly bu THE MILITANT PUBLISHING ASS'N at 116 University Place, New York 3, N. Y. Telephone: ALgonquin 4-8547

FARRELL DOBBS, Managing Editor THE MILITANT follows the policy of permitting its contributors to present their own views in signed articles. These views therefore do not

Subscriptions: \$1.00 per year; 50c for 6 months. Foreign: \$2.00 per year, \$1.00 for 6 months. Bundle orders: 3 cents per copy in the United States; 4 cents per copy in all foreign countries. Single copies: 5 cents.

necessarily represent the policies of THE MILI-

TANT which are expressed in its editorials.

Entered as second class matter March 7, 1944 at the post office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879."



Only the world revolution can save the USSR for socialism. But the world revolution carries with it the inescapable blotting out of the Kremlin oligarchy.

— Leon Trotsky

Beware Of Them!

Anyone who may have been taken in by the recent highly-ballyhooed "left turn" of the Stalinists can easily convince himself that American Stalinism has not changed its pro-capitalist stripes. All he has to do is examine the Stalinist program on unemployment.

Since the termination of the war with Japan, the Daily Worker has raised a clamor about mass unemployment. It runs daily editorials "deploring" the failure of Congress to adopt a program to meet the economic crisis.

But nowhere in the program advanced by the Stalinists is there a single proposal that would infringe upon the "sacred rights" of the capitalists or that goes beyond measures advocated in the name of "free enterprise" by capitalist politicians.

The keystone of any genuine program to maintain full employment is the demand for continued operation of the government-built plants by the government itself, under workers control. It is a fraud to label any program a "full employment" program which does not contain this elementary demand.

Nowhere in the Stalinist program on "full employment" is this fundamental demand raised.

True enough, the Daily Worker is now compelled to modify its former unrestrained praise of the blessings of "free enterprise." It even makes bold to complain that "today the American people can see that private 'free enterprise' cannot plan for jobs and cannot guarantee jobs.'

But the only means the Daily Worker proposes "to maintain high employment" is passage of the Murray "Full Employment" Bill — a bill without a single specific measure to halt unemployment — a bill which includes the major objective: "to foster free competitive enterprise and the investment of private capital."

By its reactionary, strikebreaking, anti-labor policy during the war, the American Stalinist party made its very name a stench in the nostrils of militant American labor. It was becoming so discredited, that its influence in the American labor movement was swiftly fading away.

Its recent "left" tactical shift was an attempt to bolster the waning prestige of the Stalinists. It was intended as a radical cover behind which the Stalinists might continue their fundamentally reactionary policies.

Today, with millions of workers facing unemployment and destitution in another capitalist depression, only a bold program driving straight to the heart of the profit system of "free enterprise" and capitalist private property can meet the needs of American labor.

Stalinism aims to mislead and behead any effective struggle for a genuine labor program on full employment while hiding its treacherous designs behind radical phraseology.

Stalin And Japan

Why did Stalin declare war on Japan? Moscow's declaration was made on Aug. 8, just six days before Japan's surrender to the Allied powers, when the military defeat of Japanese imperialism was known to be a certainty.

According to the declaration, the Soviet Union entered the war against Japan because this was "the only means capable of bringing nearer peace, to deprive the peoples of further sacrifices and sufferings, and give the Japanese people the opportunity to rid themselves of those dangers of destruction suffered by Germany after her refusal to accept unconditional surrender."

There is nothing in the brutal and cynical record of the totalitarian Stalinist regime to support Moscow's claim to such lofty humanitarian motives. The true motive for Stalin's belated entry into the war against Japan must be sought in his mortal fear of the colossal power of American imperialism. He couldn't help foresee that the defeat of Germany and Japan would bring the Soviet Union face to face with this power both in the West and in the East — face to face with a power which, by virtue of its preeminence in the imperialist world, has become the leading foe of the Soviet

Stalin's aim, discernible even before the defeat of Germany, is to keep American imperialism as far away as possible from the Soviet borders. This has been his policy in Europe. Today, in order to meet the onrush of the American colossus, he is repeating the same policy on a far vaster scale in the Far East.

For this it was necessary to declare war on Japan so that the Soviet armed forces could plunge into Manchuria, Korea and Inner Mongolia, with the aim of either annexing these lands or bringing them under the influence of the Kremlin. Moreover, by entering the war against Japan, Stalin secures a place for the Soviet Union at the "peace" table. This carries with it the hope of securing juridical recognition of the territorial seizures.

When the Kremlin declared war on already defeated Japan, Stalin intended it as a defensive move against American imperialism, in the same way that the Red Army's invasion of Poland in 1939 was intended as a defensive move against Nazi Germany.

The Trotskyists condemned Stalin's invasion of Poland because, far from contributing to the real defense of the Soviet Union, it weakened it; and because it resulted in alienating the sympathy of the international working class and harmed the cause of world socialism.

Similarly we condemn Stalin's declaration of war on Japan and his policy of territorial seizures in the Far East. This undoubtedly has had the effect of antagonizing the Japanese workers and peasants and accordingly has weakened the defense of the Soviet Union in one of the most important spheres — the great colonial world of Asia.

The bankruptcy of Stalin's policy was revealed long ago. Stalin participation with Hitler in the partition of Poland failed utterly to insure the Soviet Union against attack and invasion. Nor will Stalin's later territorial seizures, whether in Europe or in Asia, insure the Soviet Union against future imperialist assaults.

Moreover, if the Kremlin's power politics proved hollow and fallacious before, how utterly absurd and futile they appear now with the invention of the atomic bomb!

In a world of imperialist banditry there is but one sure defense of the Soviet Union: the destruction of imperialism and the extension of the socialist revolution. This was the policy of Lenin and Trotsky. Today, more urgently than ever, the success of this policy requires the revolutionary overthrow of the traitor Stalinist bureaucracy.

Tammany Trickery

Tammany Hall has filed a blanket objection to the independent nominating petitions for Farrell Dobbs, Trotskyist candidate for mayor of New York. Other minority political parties have likewise been challenged. If these challenges are upheld, the people of the largest city in the world will be denied their right to consider at the ballot box any political programs, parties, or candidates other than those of the Wall St. political machines. Tammany's move is thus a direct blow at democratic rights. It is a blow aimed in particular at the vanguard political party of the working class, since Farrell Dobbs is the only candidate for mayor who represents the program of revolutionary so-

The professional political hatchet men in Wall Street's pay have by this action placed themselves on record as opposed in principle to normal democratic procedure. They want to prevent working class political parties from obtaining a place on the ballot. They want to limit the choice before the voters to the major parties of the capitalist class. This is the system Hitler upheld in his notorious plebiscites, where voters were forced to cast ballots for the hand-picked representatives of German

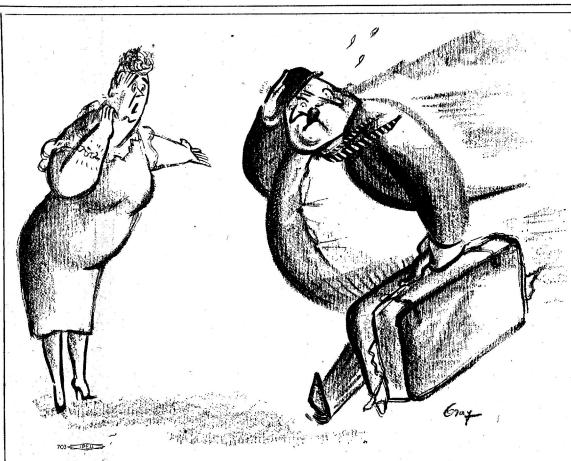
The Election Board letter announcing the challenge is post-marked August 18. "V-J Day" was declared August 14. Thus four days after the official end of the Second World War for "democracy" the Wall Street monopolists, through their Tammany Hall political machine, served notice on the New York voters that "democracy" like war profits is their private monopoly.

This reactionary attempt to prevent the name of the Trotskyist candidate for mayor from appearing on the ballot attests the fear of the American capitalist class before the postwar crisis. They view the recent electoral victory of the British workers as foreshadowing a great political upsurge of the American workers. They are aware that Trotskyism offers the only realistic program for resolving the unemployment now spreading like a blight throughout the land. They are convinced that the program of Trotskyism to end imperialist wars by ending capitalism will become the program of millions of poor people in America, if it is permitted a fair hearing.

Tammany's challenge is a harbinger of Wall Street's future efforts to stop the American working class from taking its rightful place in the political life of the country. To accomplish their aim, the Wall Street monopolists will stop at nothing.

Workers throughout the rest of the nation as well as in New York should view Tammany's challenge as a warning signal. Tammany has chosen to conduct the first postwar election with a brazen attack on democratic rights. Political life in the first weeks of capitalist "peace" begins in America's most populous city under an ominous shadow.

The march of reaction in America can be halted only if each anti-democratic action of Wall Street is met with a stinging answer from the ranks of labor. Tammany's attempt to bar minority parties from the ballot must be countered with widespread protest. Every class-conscious worker must warn his fellow workers of the meaning of Tammany's action.



'But won't the 'problems of peace' happen just as fast if you go on vacation?' ing World War I in the following manner: "Uncon-(See Cartoon Contest, Page 7,

TPONET APIONON TOY KOEMOV ENCOHTE!

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OPERNO THE TI E TOY DIEGNISTIKOY KOMMOYNISTIKOY KOMMATOE EARADOE THE 4"E DIEGNOYE

Ο ΜΟΝΟΣ ΔΡΟΜΟΣ Σήμερα ή χώρα μας διτως όλη ή Εύρώπη περνά μια άπ'τις πιο κρίσημες καιμιές που χαρακτητός του το πέρασμα άπ'τον Ιμπεριαλιστικό πόλεμο οτήν Ιμπεριαλιστικό πόλεμο οτήν Ιμπεριαλιστική μας τάξη άφου γλύτωσε μέσα στον πόλεμο άπ' τον μεγαλύτερο της κίνδυνο, τον κίνδυνο της άνατροπής της άπ' τις εργαζόμενες μάζες, τάφο κήσηχάσμένη δπ' τις ουμφωνίες των τικητών Συμμάχων της που έξασφαλίζουν το εξητεαλικοπικό της ουσημικό παταμλίδει όλες τις προσπάθειές της γιάνα άναστηλώση και τά δυναμοφη τον Κριστικό και τον οίκονομικό παραγωγικό της μημανισκά τον οίκονομικό παραγωγικό της μημανισκά τον οίκονομικό παραγωγικό της μημανισκά.

THE ONLY ROAD

Part of the front page of the July 7, 1945, issue of The Spark central organ of the International Communist Party of Greece (Trotskyists, Fourth International) is reproduced here, with a

τομένων μαζών Τά μερομίματα της πείνας που καθορισε στούς torn Europe. The Nazis had executed at least 17 of our Greek της κατοχής, το μεχαβρίο παιχνίοι ενάντια στούς co-thinkers before May, 1944 (The Militant, Jan. 27, 1945) As outstanding militant leaders, Trotskyists were in all likeli-

bood among the 5,000 casualties of the Churchill-provoked civil war and among the 15,000 Greek workers deported to Africa by Churchill's orders (The Militant, March 31) and, most assuredly, among the 33,000 victims now in Greek prisons (The Militant, July 28).

Churchill, since ousted from the British premiership by the election victory of British labor, reserved his choicest epithets for the Greek Trotskvists. This same Churchill who organzed Allied intervention against the workers of Russia in 1917, labeled the Greek struggle for independence "a hideous massacre. . . in which all forms of government would have been swept away and naked, triumphant Trotskyism installed. . ." He called it Trotskyism, he said, because that word "has the advantage of being equally hated in Russia."

The Stalinist Daily Worker (Jan. 11) applauded and offered aid for a purge. Then came word that during the civil war the Greek Stalinists in the Elas had murdered 100 Trotskyists (The Militant, June 23). Recently 250 outstanding militants, including many Trotskyists, were reported to have been killed by Stalinists in Salonica alone (The Militant, July 28).

imperialist war to imperialist the restoration of the capitalist this hollow din for no other pur-

Having escaped the gravest masses—and having been "asments with the victorious Allies, our bourgeoisie is now trying its pest to restore and strengthen its state apparatus and its economic and productive mechanism.

This endeavor has recently assumed more concrete shape: undermine and uproot the capital-Barbaressos, a true representa- ist society: IT IS THE IMtive of native and international PLACABLE CLASS STRUGGLE. finance capital, has proposed a series of measures designed to the country-some spontaneous,

REGIME OF BESTIALITY

machine, the civil service em- battle. ployes: the savage taxation imposed on the middle classes, the ROAD OF BETRAYAL professional and small business people; the exactions and im- follow? ositions on the wretched masses calls "salutary measures" are blunting this struggle- the road of its forms. being hurriedly put through by of cooperation and compromise AN EYE FOR AN EYE! ndefinitely "delayed."

enters upon the road to restora- which RESPECTS their property? tion. The various "stopgap" govcapitalism and having outlived about struggles, political strikes

overthrown by the working oisie is so brazenly enacting be- tative government. fore the very eyes of the masses, struggle.

CLASS STRUGGLE

This is a struggle that acts to The strikes, erupting all over

unload on the backs of the op- others organized; some local in pressed masses the burdens of character, others combined and the deep-going economic crisis far more comprehensive — these that afflicts the entire capitalist strikes continue to draw into the arena of struggle ever-increasing numbers of the slaves of capital-The starvation wages Bar- ism. And now, with the imposibaressos offers the workers (no tion of Barbaressos' "economic nigher than the wage scale under restoration measures," all the the German occupation); the oppressed classes—workers, emmacabre game of deception prac- ployes, professionals, artisans tised upon the slaves of the state- are girding for the coming

What road will this battle

With such "nation-saving" of our executioners? Will it be measures the capitalist class the road of "popular democracy"

What have these two parties ernments we have seen come one accomplished thus far? When after the other—the governments they participated in the Papanof Papandreou, Plastiras, Voul- dreou bourgeois government they garis—have faithfully worked to- forbade strikes to better the wards their class aim with the workers' conditions. Today, Democracy. steadfast help and patronage of under the pressure of the im-English capitalism. After fulfill- minent workers' uprising, they ing the role assigned to it by are compelled to mouth phrases its usefulness, each of these gov- and so on—while only yesterday the Fourth International.

Our country as well as the ernments withdrew from the they were Issuing official proclaentire European continent finds stage in order to make way for mations to the effect that all tself today at the most critical its successor, which likewise such acts resulted from royalist inneture in the transition from labored faithfully, in its turn, for provocation. In fact, they raise system. The same fate awaits pose, except to convince the the incumbent government, too. | bourgeoisie that it is to the langer the bourgeoisie has faced It is quite obvious, however, that latter's benefit to cooperate with in this war—the danger of being this spectacle which the bourge- them in establishing a represen-Their aim is not to organize

sured" that its exploiting system is not proceeding very smoothly, the struggle of the working remains secure through agree- nor have the masses failed to masses at a time when the defend themselves desperately in capitalist class strikes at the covert and open day-to-day masses with a double-edged weapon-the weapon of hunger and terrorism. Their purely vocal exercises are not intended to unify the workers' struggles, or deepen them, or give them class meaning, namely:

THE EDUCATION AND PRE PARATION OF THE MASSES FOR THE FINAL OVERTHROW OF CAPITALIST RULE.

Their voices are not the voices of those who call for the proletarian road. They point to the road of the petty bourgeoisie, of the lackeys of capitalism, of all those who seek to reconcile the irreconcilables within the capitalist society that is being rent asunder by irrepressible class contradictions.

THE ONLY ROAD The road the workers must

take is the one that capitalism itself is now imposing. Capitalism tries to rule, in city and country, with white-hot iron, Will it be the road proposed by with murder, massacre and imof peasantry-all these acts of reformist Stalinists and Social-prisonment of workers by the repression which Barbaressos ists? Will it be the road of thousands. It is civil war in one

usurping edicts and laws. But with the capitalists, the road of CLASS AGAINST CLASS! the enforcement of the much parliamentary disputes over the Resistance to and counter-ofvaunted tax measures on the big number of representatives we fensive against all capitalist industrialists and merchants is shall have in the government to measures! Organize all of the sit alongside the representatives workers' economic and political struggles! Defend the democratic liberties the workers have won with their blood! Create an invincible class front! CLASS AGAINST CLASS! This is the road that leads to the abolition of capitalism and the establishment of the Socialist Proletarian

THIS IS THE ONLY ROAD. It is the road shown to the workers by our party and by

PROBLEMS FACING WAR VETERANS

By CHARLES CARSTEN

Where Are the Jobs They Promised the Veterans?

Servicemen recall how their fathers and uncles returned from "the war to make the world safe for lemocracy" only to find that there were no jobs. Soldiers and sailors remember the breadlines and soup kitchens, evictions and Hoovervilles during the deression of the thirties.

They fear World War II will be followed by even vorse conditions.

Lying capitalist propaganda promised over-and-over again in speeches and articles: "When this war is over, you'll come back to a better world, plentiful jobs golden opportunities."

Supposedly, with the post-World War I experience as its guide, officialdom was to avoid "unpreparedness" for post-World War II problems. Officials assured men in the armed forces they would not fail in "the mobilization for peace" as they did following the First World War.

In March of this year General Hines, ex-chief of the Veterans Administration, summarized events followtrolled events took their course. War contracts were cancelled overnight; price and production controls were removed; four million servicemen were demobilized within a year with \$60 separation pay and a railroad ticket home. Great numbers of them returned to communities where war workers were being dismissed by hundreds of thousands. . ."

Hines assured his readers things would be different this time. Why? Because of the "benefits" given veterans by "The G. I. Bill of Rights" and other legislation. He lists some questionable "benefits" and concludes by pointing to the government's magnanimous offer of "aid in securing employment" - veterans will be "aided" in their search for non-existent jobs. Where are the jobs? Where is the "better world"

that was to await the returning serviceman? Uncontrolled events are likewise taking their course following World War II. War contracts have been cancelled overnight. Price and production controls are being removed. Five million servicemen will be demobilized within 12 months. They will return to a country where millions of men are already unemployed.

Wherein lies the difference between this postwar period and the previous one? Certainly not in conditions being better, as General Hines falsely contends. At the peak of production before the Second World War, approximately 45,000,000 persons were employed in this country. Officials estimate that 60,000,000 jobs are needed to provide employment for all workers. Nothing has been done to provide the additional 15,000,000 jobs.

This means millions of workers would not find employment after the reconversion of industry, even if productivity were maintained at peak war levels. Congress showed its indifference and contempt for

veterans and workers alike by adjourning without considering legislation intended to solve the problem. Congressmen attempted to bury the real issue -

full employment — beneath thousands of bills that have as their goal job-preference, super-seniority and other "benefits" for veterans. These proposals will not create the necessary jobs.

These proposals constitute a shameless attempt to divert attention from the true situation. Without jobs for all workers millions of veterans will be unem-

Reality is thus already giving the lie direct to the capitalist promises of a "better world, jobs for all golden opportunities."

Two Million New Yorkers In Run-Down Tenements

The majority of working people have to contend with shabby housing conditions all their lives. This has been especially true during the war, with the housing shortage preventing the working class tenant from even opening his mouth to the landlord.

A recent survey of New York City, housing conditions reveals to a small extent the kind of buildings in which workers have to live. The magazine Real Estate Reporter and Building News made the survey and published the findings for its hard-boiled clients, the slick land-owners and construction operators. In the hopes, perhaps, of encouraging the construc-

tion business, this magazine blandly reveals that 27 percent of New York homes were built more than 40 years ago (meaning that they are falling apart and could be replaced). There are 1,849,476 dwelling units in New York. This means there are nearly half a million families-close to two million people-living in these broken-down buildings. Needless to say, only workers and their families

have to live in such firetraps. Old buildings, as every working-class housewife knows to her sorrow, are breeding places of bugs and rats. The crumbling walls afford nesting places for the rodents# The cracked plaster, the old wall paper, and soft floor boards provide havens for the vermin.

It is emphasized, however, in this frank report to the "trade," that New York is far more advanced than other "modern" cities. Chicago, for instance, is reported to have 37 percent of its buildings in this same dilapidated condition. If New York and Chicago, the great modern metropolitan centers, have so much of this blight, what can be the housing conditions in the rest of the country?

The report boasts further that "only" four-tenths of one percent of the homes in New York City have no electricity, while in Washington, D. C., 4.1 percent of the homes lack this service.

Almost 74,000 homes in the financial capital of the world are lit by gas and candles. And Washington, the political capital, has proportionately 10 times as many. There can be few clearer exposures of capitalism's breakdown than this.

> READ THE FOURTH INTERWATIONAL'