14 Charles Lane New York, N.Y. 10014 January 14, 1974

TO ALL ORGANIZERS

Dear Comrades,

Enclosed are three pieces of literature distributed at the panel on defense work for the ex-Communist League at the recent YSA convention. The fact sheet has been brought up to date. The petition has dropped the demand for freedom for Pierre Rousset since he was released.

We want to continue our efforts to collect signatures on this petition, not only by prominent individuals, but by students, trade unionists, and others we meet in the course of our work.

The Committee for Defense of the Rights of the Communist League in France does not have the resources to produce large numbers of printed petitions, so the petition and fact sheet should be reproduced in local areas. We should circulate the petition at our forums and have it available at campus meetings and on literature tables.

Signed petitions should be sent to the committee's secretary-treasurer, Francoise Collet, 2310 Creston Ave. #6A, New York, New York 10468.

Comradely,

Caroline Lind Caroline Lund

French Government Outlaws Political Organization

On June 28, 1973, the French Council of Ministers voted to outlaw the Ligue Communiste (Communist League), a political organization that was founded in 1969. The pretext for the ban was a June 21 demonstration organized by the League and eight other groups against a fascist meeting in Paris.

Several days later Alain Krivine, a member of the political bureau of the Communist League, was arrested. Krivine was the League's candidate for president of France in the 1969 elections. He was charged under the notorious "anti-wrecker law" (loi anti-casseurs), according to which the leader of an organization can be held responsible for any illegal acts committed by anybody in the course of a demonstration called by that organization.

Krivine was out of town on the night of the June 21 demonstration and did not even take part in it. Another leader of the League, Michel Recanati, was arrested in September, also under the "anti-wrecker law."

Also imprisoned was Pierre Rousset, another leader of the League, who happened to be in the League's headquarters on June 22, when police ransacked the offices and claimed to have found some illegal weapons there. Rousset was charged with possession of weapons.

While Rousset was convicted and then released after serving his two-month sentence, Krivine and Recanti are simply out on bail and still have the charges pending against them.

Immediately after the ban against the Ligue Communiste, the organization appealed the dissolution to the Council of State. Before the Council of State can rule, however, the minister of the interior Raymond Marcellin must submit to the council documentation supporting the ban. The government has not yet submitted this brief, and there is no deadline for its submission.

Protests throughout France and worldwide

The French government's ban on the League and persecution of its leaders met with an immediate outcry of protest. The two largest French trade unions, together with the Communist Party and Socialist Party and League for the Rights of Man sponsored a protest rally of some 10,000 people on July 4 in Paris.

Thousands of French people have signed a petition demanding the lifting of the ban on the League and dropping of charges against its leaders. Signers of the petition in France include such prominent individuals as writer Simone de Beauvior, film director Constantine Costa-Gavras, writer Marguerite Duras, journalist Michelle Ray, actress Jean Seberg, philosopher Jean-Paul Sartre, and actor Yves Montand.

In Britain, five members of parliament, including Michael Foot who is a member of the Labour Party "shadow cabinet," sent a protest letter to French President Pompidou.

In Germany there were protest meetings of 2,000 in Frankfurt, and 5,000 at the Free University of West Berlin. In Australia, Pompidou's action has been protested by such figures as Dr. Jim Cairns, Minister for Overseas Trade and Secondary Industry, and Bob Hawke, federal president of the Labor Party and president of the Australian Council of Trade Unions.

Contributions are badly needed to carry out a campaign in defense of the Communist League's right to exist. Donations can be sent to the defense committee in this country or in France. In this country contributions should be sent to the committee's secretary-treasurer, Francoise Collet at 2310 Creston Ave. Apt 6A, New York, New York 10468, with checks made out to her. Donations can also be sent to the National Committee for the Abrogation of the Decree of Dissolution of the Ligue Communiste, c/o Michel Foucault, C.C.P., Paris 20-15, France.

December 1973

Committee for Defense of the Rights of the Communist League in France

Petition for the Rights of the Communist League in France

Petitions to the Pompidou regime based on the two demands included below are being circulated internationally as well as throughout France. The French National Committee Against the Dissolution of the Communist League hopes to receive tens or even hundreds of thousands of signatures to these petitions, which will be publicly presented to the Pompidou government.

President Georges Pompidou of the Republic of France TO: Mr. President:

We the undersigned view with alarm the action of your government in banning the Communist League. The right to form political organizations is one of the most basic of democratic freedoms. While not necessarily agreeing with the views or actions of the Communist League, we believe it must have the right to exist if democratic norms are to be observed in France.

Therefore we join with the many French political figures, trade unionists, artists, academicians, and others who are demanding:

1) Lift the ban on the Communist League

2))	Drop	all	charges	against	leaders	or	members	of	the	League.

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Committee for Defense of the Rights of the Communist League in France

Send this petition to: Françoise Collet

2310 Creston Ave. #6A

New York, N.Y. 10468

Financial contributions are also needed.

The following are the names of some of the prominent persons in the United States who have supported the petition calling for an end to the ban on the French Ligue Communiste and dropping of charges brought against members of the Ligue under the undemocratic "anti-wrecker law." (Organizations listed for identification purposes only.)

Michael Harrington, Democratic Socialist Organizing Committee Gertrude Barnstone, former member of Houston school board Professor Samuel Bowles, Harvard University

Greg Cain, member executive board Minneapolis Federation of Teachers, Local 59

Helen Cassidy, former chairwoman Texas Women's Political Caucus Bert Corona, director CASA Hermandad in Los Angeles Harvey Cox, writer and theologian, Harvard University

Professor Jack Dodson, University of Houston

Mike Eakin, editor, <u>Daily Texan</u>, University of Texas newspaper Donald Freed, author and playwright

Professor Frank Furstenberg, University of Pennsylvania

Ruth Gage-Colby, Women's International League for Peace and Freedom

Dr. Eileen Gersh, University of Pennsylvania Professor Linda Gordon, University of Massachusetts

Ilona Hancock, Berkeley city councilwoman

Maria Jimenez, University of Houston MAYO (Mexican-American Youth Organization)

Dorothy Healy, KPFK radio commentator, Los Angeles

David Kairys, attorney for Camden 28

Art Kunkin, editor Los Angeles Weekly News

William Kunstler, attorney Len Lear, writer for Philadelphia Tribune

Ben Levy, civil liberties attorney, Houston

Lee Lockwood, writer, photographer

Ray Londo, vice-president Local 107 Postal Workers Union, Houston April Maynard, co-president Associated Students, University of California

Paul Mazursky, writer, director, actor

Jack McKinney, columnist Philadelphia Daily News

Dave McReynolds, War Resisters League

Truman Nelson, author

Professor Gerald Prince, University of Pennsylvania

David Rudovsky, Philadelphia Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

Professor Mulford Q. Sibley, University of Minnesota Allan Spear, Minnesota state legislator

Michael Wells, editor of SCRIBE underground newspaper, Portland

Wally Priestly, Oregon State representative

Dr. Barbara Roberts

Dalton Trumbo, novelist

Bernard Wolfe, novelist

Daniel Berrigan

Abe Bloom, National Peace Action Coalition

Professor Noam Chomsky, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Eqbal Ahmad, Institute of Policy Studies

Sylvia Kushner, Chicago Peace Council

Martin Sostre, political prisoner

San Quentin Six

Irwin Silber, executive editor The Guardian

Gloria Steinem, Ms. magazine

Paul Sweezy, Monthly Review Press editor

Jose Tglesias, author