

PAMOJA VENCEREMOS

TOGETHER WE WILL WIN

Vol. II, Num. 4 PENINSULA REVOLUTIONARY NEWS SERVICE Feb. 21 - Mar. 6



25¢

60
PRINTED BY PALMER PUBLICATIONS

"Blacks Are Genetically Inferior To Whites"-Prof. William Shockley

Racist Theories Cause Sterilization of Blacks



Community Confronts Shockley in Classroom

INSIDE: Nixon's Welfare Plan

Redwood City Drug Program

Anti-War Rallies in High School

Labor History: Unionization at Ford

STUDENTS AND COMMUNITY UNITE AGAINST SHOCKLEY



I WANT YOU
STERILIZED

On Thursday, February 8, the Stanford Chapter of the "Ku Klux Klan"—actually a costumed group of workers and students—disrupted racist professor Shockley's class.

When the group entered, they found only three students already in the class, who told them to leave, saying, "I don't need this, I came to take a test." or "I paid ten bucks to hear Shockley, not you!"

Shockley soon arrived, greeted by wild applause and cries of "Our hero!" by the "KKK". When two members approached him with a wooden cross award he asked,

"Are you going to assault me with that?!"
"No, of course not! We came to present you with a free sterilization at the hospital of your choice!"

The ceremony was soon interrupted when an African student Oladele Ajayi, a member of the class, came forward and confronted Shockley.

He said Shockley would not allow him to attend the class as a student: instead he must audit and receive no credit for his work. If he still tried to receive credit, he was told he would obtain no grade higher than an 'F'.

As the only black member of the class, it was surely no coincidence that Ajayi was the only student to receive such degrading treatment.

Shockley denied these charges, saying he had a tape of the previous conversation, and Ajayi demanded that the class and the group hear the tape. Although Shockley repeatedly refused to do this, he did bring in a recorder to tape the protestors!

Shockley continually tried to confuse the issue, first by randomly picking out sentences from the discussion, writing them on the board, and saying they were the gist of the debate.

After that attempt was shouted down, Ajayi began to describe his emotional re-

sponse to his treatment. Shockley responded by asking the class what Ajayi's problem was. A student volunteered the answer: "Awareness overload"!!

Towards the end of the class period, even Shockley's own students had become interested in Ajayi's complaints and were actually taking his side in the debate, asking if they could hear the tape.

The classroom was at last being used for a real educational experience.

The discussion came to an abrupt end when the protestors learned that the Santa Clara County Sheriff had arrived. The group was incredulous that a class disruption would be seen as such a "vivid threat" (the university vice-provost's words) to the campus. The threat was real, of course, for it was an attack on the racist imperialist foundations of the university.

In order to set an example for other would-be disruptors, six persons (including five women) were busted by the tac squad, and a week later, two more persons were arrested on warrants for

Third World Liberation Front: Unity and Victory

On January 18, about 20 people entered Shockley's class to challenge him to a public debate on the Stanford campus. They were both students and community people, mostly Black and Chicano, with a few Asians and whites. They took this action because Shockley had been using his position as a professor at Stanford to make his sterilization proposals seem legitimate to lawmakers. He has gone before senators and scientists to advocate his program but hasn't even tried to openly discuss it with the Third World people at Stanford or in the nearby communities.

The challenge of Third World people

the incident.

The "crimes" are trespassing, "disturbing the peace" and wearing a mask while committing misdemeanors, and the punishment can be up to 1 1/2 years in jail!

That community workers who are the backbone of the economic structure of the university, can be charged with trespassing because they dared to enter a classroom, is fully consistent with the policies of a university that was built on land ripped off from Native Americans and Mexicans.

And that Stanford students were charged with trespassing on the university where they study and teach is further consistent with the administration theory of ownership. According to those in power, the university certainly does not belong to the real productive forces the workers or the students. It is part of the struggle that this relationship must change.

In "disturbing the peace" of Shockley's classroom, it is clear that such "peace" is merely a cover for the violent racism of Shockley's theories and practice. His programs lead to genocide of the Black people of Amerika.

There is nothing peaceful about Shockley's usually quiet class; that "peace" is one of the status quo which perpetuates racist actions on all levels from the oppression of imperialist war upon the Asian peoples in their struggle for freedom to daily oppression of the Third World people within the mother country. If such is considered "peace," people have no choice but to at least "disturb" it!

The action was done in solidarity with the Third World Liberation Front, who staged an action in Shockley's class the week before.

To successfully combat racism, it is necessary for white workers and students to support their Third World brothers and sisters, and follow their vanguard actions.

The Shockley 8 expresses solidarity by supporting the statement of the Third World Liberation Front urging Shockley's firing. People must join in the struggle to "Off Shockley."

Part of the struggle is supporting the Shockley 8: to be arraigned at 10:00 a.m. Thursday, February 17, in the North County Courthouse, Palo Alto. Contributions to the defense fund can be sent to:

Stanford Legal Defense Fund - Shockley 8
Attn: Enid Hunkeler
Stanford, Calif.

Many of those involved are community people who have no money to pay for any defense work. Make the trial a people's victory!

FIGHT RACISM AND IMPERIALISM!!!
SUPPORT THE SHOCKLEY 8!!!

against Shockley took place while white students in the Stanford Rehabilitation Movement entered other classes to discuss why Bruce Franklin was fired for being a revolutionary while Shockley was allowed to use Stanford to justify his sterilization programs.

The Stanford administration responded by charging four students: Gerry Foote, Alice Furumoto, Kwoping Ho and Don Lee, with disrupting the normal functioning of the university.

Their CJP hearing begins 8:30 a.m. Monday, Feb. 21 in the room 320 of the Geology Building. Be there!!!
DEFEND YOURSELVES!!!
SMASH WHITE SUPREMACY!!!

White Supremacist At Stanford

Shockley says that black people are genetically inferior to whites, meaning they are not smart enough to make it in "modern" society. On just a scientific basis his theories are so false that many geneticists have denounced him.

But that's not the important aspect of Shockley's ideas. What is important is that Shockley has used these ideas as a basis for pushing a state-run sterilization program.

The target of his program is people who test low on IQ tests, who are on welfare or who have arrest records.

These tests are heavily based on cultural and socio-economic class. For example, Ruchell Magee is a brilliant "jailhouse lawyer" and has not only survived conditions designed to break a man into a slave but has also become a righteous fighter for the people.

Yet, in an attempt to deny Ruchell the right to defend himself, the prosecution introduced an IQ test which rated Ruchell as a moron.

The IQ tests were devised by white male professors at universities like Harvard and Stanford. To justify their own position, these men set standards that make "intelligence" something that only people like them have. That is why few third world people, few women and few working class whites are "qualified" to teach at universities or allowed to even control their own lives.

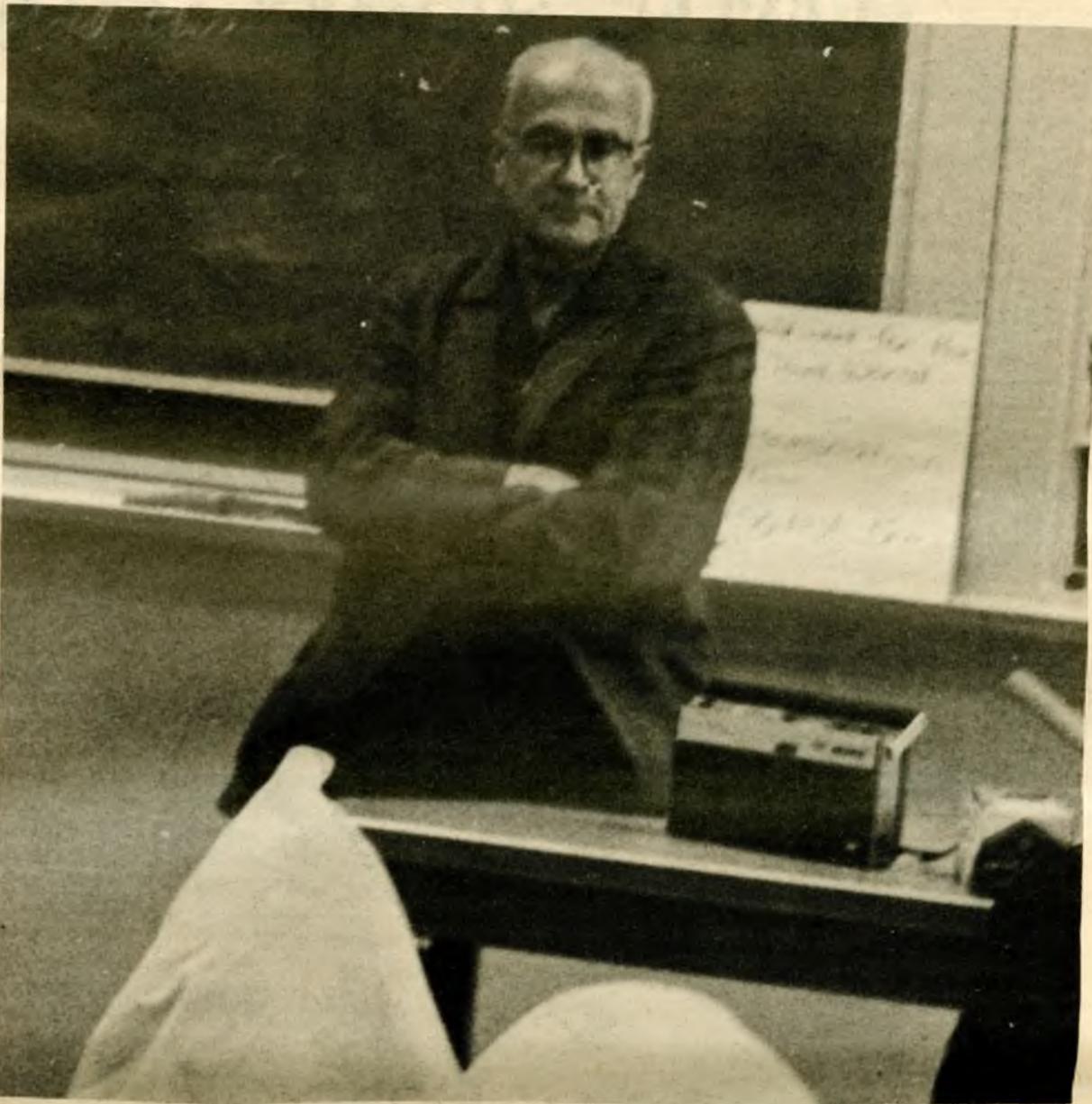
To make sure his sterilization programs get put into effect, Shockley has formed an organization named FREED (Foundation for Research and Education on Eugenics and Dysgenics) that lobbies scientists and especially legislators to support his plans. Laws forcing compulsory sterilization of welfare mothers have already been introduced in several states.

And now that employers have been using machines and taking advantage of lower paid workers overseas to make larger profits, many people, especially third world people in marginal jobs have been or will be laid off and put on welfare.

These are the people who realize first that the present state benefits only a few by exploiting the majority. These are the people who see revolution not only as the means to a better society, but also as the only chance for survival.

These are the people who Shockley wants sterilized because supposedly they will produce children like themselves. Shockley says he is concerned mostly with black people because "national racial problems primarily involve the Negro minority". That means that because black people are resisting pig power the most, white professors and senators must find "scientific" means of making genocide legal to protect their own positions.

But Shockley makes it clear that while blacks are first in line, this kind of attack is not limited to blacks. He provides the rationale for keeping who are oppressed down because that's where they "belong".



WILLIAM SHOCKLEY- STANFORD PHYSICS PROFESSOR, NOBLE-PRIZE WINNER, AND RACIST PIG-IN HIS CLASSROOM BEING CONFRONTED BY THE REVOLUTIONARY "KKK" SISTERS.

Some people say, "But can't Shockley believe what he wants? Doesn't free speech protect that?" Shockley has gone far beyond speech. The ideas in Shockley's head or his verbal insults to black people are minor.

What is crucial is Shockley's maintenance of a white supremacist society in which professors like Shockley can refuse to teach black people and then turn around and have them sterilized for being unable to learn.

What is crucial is Shockley's rationale for genocide in an imperialist country which is at this moment killing Indo-chinese and others struggling for liberation.

Secondly, free speech as such never has existed. It is fact that Bruce Franklin has been fired for his speeches at Stanford and that people attempting to protest Shockley's actions have been arrested and charged by the CJP. This is McCarthy's country where the Dred Scott decision was made, "that a black man has no rights a white man is bound to respect," including that of free speech.

Even though Shockley isn't the only professor putting out this method of dividing people and offing the most progressive people, he must be dealt with to insure forced sterilization doesn't happen to any of us. The only way to deal with repression on the most revolutionary sectors of the people is for everybody to attack the pigs who put it out.

Then we can deal with making life better for everyone by seizing control of our own lives.

Shockley uses his position at Stanford to make his ideas sound more impressive. He also refuses to teach black people knowledge necessary for them to control their own lives.

As a first step a resolution demanding Shockley's dismissal from Stanford has been co-signed by Stanford BSU, MEChA, Native Americans, officers of the Asian student group, Stanford Rehabilitation Movement and Third World Liberation Front.

Alice Furumoto
Shockley CJP Defendent
Stanford Venceremos

Genocide In Practice: Memphis

Between Jan. 8-18, four Black Memphis youths were shot by the local pig force. All the youths were shot in the back while "under suspicion for misdemeanors." Three of them were murdered; the other is hospitalized under intensive care.

The crimes they allegedly committed were burglary, auto theft and "stealing beer from a truck." None of them were armed, according to Dr. Vasco Smith, a local physician.

Eddie Madison (killed), 14, was shot several times in the back for "suspicion of auto theft." Witnesses called it nothing but an execution.

Raymond Stewart, killed, was shot more than six times for "suspicion of burglary." A young couple who witnessed it called it an "execution".

FredBerry (killed), 16, was shot in the back several times for "suspicion of burglary."

Ralf Valux (under intensive care), 15, was shot in the back for "stealing beer from a truck."

None of the guilty pigs have been taken off the payroll.

The police are trying to wipe out the Black population of Memphis. They have already murdered countless other Black people:

This is the city where Martin Luther King was murdered, and his killer practically escorted out of town.

This is the city where 17-year-old Elton Hayes was beaten to death by nearly 40 police a few months ago (as reported then in Pamoja Venceremos).

The police are mad dogs wearing the badge of fear. They are itchy, jittery, and nervous. They spook easily and enjoy killing Black people.

But in the eyes of the Black youths on the corners, there is an anger. It's in their strides and their expressions; an anger that doesn't go away. Where there is oppression, there will always be resistance. And the anger is spreading

WELFARE FASCISM

Nixon would like to be known as the president who fought for exciting new welfare programs that help everyone. But on paper, Nixon's welfare package is only a new form of fascism, aimed at tighter control over the lives of poor people.



The welfare package has four main sections: 1) Federal control of the entire welfare system, 2) Uniform annual income for all welfare recipients, 3) relief payments to supplement low wages, and 4) compulsory work program.

Federalization

Most people will be hurt by federalization. This over-centralized, inflexible machine will make it very hard for poor people's particular local needs to be met. Federalization also moves the particular struggle around welfare away from the local level to the national level at a time when Blacks are gaining more political power and control in the cities. It will make it impossible for small groups of community people to have a say in the welfare laws and policies that affect them.

It will also unleash fantastic repressive forces. Everyone, including infants, will be tagged with a social security number to keep track of them. If a husband leaves his family, it would be a federal offense and the FBI would track him down. Welfare fraud would be federally punished and would be much heavier. Federal control of our institutions is a clear step towards fascism... the total control of the population by big business's big government.

Uniform Income

Uniform income sounds pretty good. Except that the amount selected--\$2,400 for a family of four--isn't based on anyone's real needs. 90% of the welfare families are getting more than that right now, and are barely surviving. Although individual states could supplement this amount from the federal government if they chose, this wouldn't happen.

Wage Supplement

On the other hand, the wage supplement section of the bill would place millions more on welfare roles. Any

family of four with some working income would be eligible for supplements bringing their income up to \$4,500 a year. Backers of this say that by making sure working people make more than people on welfare, it will encourage people to keep working rather than drop back on welfare.

In practice, the wage supplement is an effort to force people to accept and keep low-paying jobs, to assure that the bosses will always have a pool of cheap labor. This would hurt the entire working class, not only the poorer sections.

Compulsory Work

Compulsory work would have the same effect--to insure the bosses that they will always have a pool of cheap labor. What this comes down to is that all healthy adults on welfare, except mothers with small children, will be expected to accept any job offered or work in government-run projects. People who refuse to cooperate will be booted off welfare. In several Calif. counties where compulsory work was decreed for all General Assistance recipients, G.A. roles were cut by 50% because the people wouldn't cooperate.

What this amounts to is slave labor for the government. Most able-bodied people on welfare are there because they couldn't find a decent job. Forcing them to work projects where they will be paid only their tiny welfare payment is not a solution...it is a punishment.

Nixon's welfare reform program is a step toward fascism because it takes more control and say-so out of the hands of the people and places it in the clutches of the federal government--to serve the needs of big business.

The struggles of poor and working people are beginning to have an effect. People are beginning to control their communities and the response of the ruling class is to take all power out of these communities to the federal level, where it will be safe from the people. This is the purpose of Nixon's federalization of welfare.

MOUNTAIN VIEW VENCEREMOS

Forced Labor in Santa Clara County

A massive forced labor program for welfare recipients was approved on Tuesday, February 8, by the Santa Clara County Board of Supervisors. This means that everyone on General Assistance will be required to work for the county. If you miss more than 3 days of work a month you will be thrown off welfare.

Most people on General Assistance, which is funded solely by the county, are people who can't find a job and are unable to get unemployment insurance. The supervisors argue that by forcing people to work for the county, welfare recipients will have more incentive to go out and get a job, and this will help cut back welfare expenses. But the problem isn't that people are too lazy or stupid to get jobs. There just aren't any jobs around. Maybe what the county needs is some of those unemployed people sitting on the Board of Supervisors. Then we could get down and begin to help people solve problems, instead of punishing them.



WELFARE PROTESTORS DEMONSTRATING FOR CHANGES IN THE WELFARE LAWS WERE MET BY THE NATIONAL GUARD OUTSIDE THE WISCONSIN CAPITAL IN OCTOBER, 1969.

BRITISH COAL MINERS CONTINUE STRIKE

The British government ordered a shutdown of British industry on February 10 in the face of a continuing nationwide strike by coal miners.

All except the most vital industries will be on a half-time or three-day work week.

In a clear demonstration of who has the real power in hand, the coal miners of Britain are forcing the government to face up to their demand for wages higher than the wage freeze allows.

The miners have been on strike since January 8 in the first national strike since the last national strike touched off the general strike of 1926.

ONE MINER KILLED

One miner on picket duty, Frederick Matthews, 37, was killed instantly when a truck was driven through a picket line outside a power station.

Pickets surround nearly every major electricity station in the country. The

government declared a state of emergency because of the power shortage on Feb. 9.

MINERS FIGHT POLICE

In the huge industrial city of Birmingham, a policeman was seriously injured and dozens of strikers arrested in several days of fighting between hundreds of miners and the police.

The miners are trying to keep the mine owners' trucks from reaching the biggest stockpile of coke in the industrial midlands.

At the height of one battle, the workers chased a truck loaded with coke and caught up with it at a light. They let down its tail gate and sent tons of coke cascading over the highway.

STRIKES, SYMPATHY STRIKES, SLOWDOWNS

Railroad services in London's southern commuter belt were snarled by a slowdown.

Striking clerical workers halted an

automobile assembly line in Coventry, while talks to get another assembly line moving in Birmingham collapsed.

The country's oil-tanker drivers in sympathy with the striking miners refused to deliver oil to the power stations.

In Birmingham during the fighting, a local engineering union called a sympathy strike of 40,000 workers that could cripple the automobile industry.

OPENING THE WAY FOR OTHERS

The miners' wage demand is a test of the British government's efforts to freeze wages.

As "officials" say, to give the miners more money would open the way to millions of other workers to intensify their demands for higher pay. The miners now make \$49.90 a week.

The ruling class is afraid to give in, but the British Empire aint what it used to be.

FREE ANGELA RALLY

On Monday February 14 (Valentine's Day!) nearly 1000 people attended a rally in support of Angela Davis in San Jose. The rally was held in a parking lot across the street from the Main Santa Clara County Jail and the Superior Court where her trial will be held.

A series of speakers ran down Sister Angela's inhumane treatment and explained the conspiracy on behalf of the Nixon-Mitchell-Reagan gang to silence her.

At the end of the rally, everyone lined up and took a short tour of the incredible security precautions that the fascists have designed for her in an effort to intimidate her supporters and to give the general public the impression that she is a "dangerous criminal." These security measures, which have already cost over \$700,000 include T.V. cameras, metal detectors, a new jail and elevator just for Angela; also people attending her trial have to have their picture taken and consent to a thorough search.

The rally was held in a parking lot instead of right outside the courtroom because last week, during pre-trial motions, 24 people were busted under a new California law, Penal Code #169, which makes it illegal for anyone to "picket or parade in or near a building which houses a court...with the intent to interfere with, obstruct, or impede the administration of justice or with the intent to influence any judge, juror, witness, or officer of the court in the discharge of his duty."



DEMONSTRATORS WERE ARRESTED IN FRONT OF COURT HOUSE

This is the first time this law has been used in California. (It was passed last year in an attempt to silence the support of the Soledad Brothers). It is a direct violation of the 1st Amendment of the U.S. Constitution, which is supposed to protect the freedom of speech and assembly. But California threw the Constitution out the window, as they have done so many other times. Fascism grows stronger as each of our "rights" are taken away.

Racist Jury Acquits S.J. Cop Who Killed John Henry Smith

On Sept 9, 1971, John Henry Smith, a Black researcher with IBM, was killed with a single shot from Rocklan "Rock" Wooley's police revolver.

On Feb. 4, 1972, an all-white jury acquitted Wooley; the foreman, who lives in rich lily-white Saratoga, congratulated Wooley while the rest of the jury smiled their approval. They saw his action to be in their interests.

There were only three witnesses to the shooting: Wooley and two off-duty cops who helped him. All three assured the jury that Smith brought the whole thing on himself.

The judge who tried the case was only too willing to help the jury come to an "impartial" verdict for Wooley. (Coincidentally, he is a former member

of the County Republican Central Committee).

Wooley was also charged with the use of illegal mace, but the judge told the jury that they didn't have to convict him of that one because lots of other cops also use illegal mace. So the jury acquitted him of that charge also.

Wooley was prosecuted by a D.A. who obviously never wanted the jury to convict. And the defense lawyer was a slick, high-paid dude from San Diego who specializes in defending murderer pigs.

So Wooley is free and on the streets. Nobody is really surprised at this kind of decision, but it does highlight the severe contradictions of Amerikan justice.



KILLER WALKS FREE.

Policeman Rocklan Woolley (center) walks into his trial after getting free on bail. After a quicky cover-up trial, Woolley, who murdered black man John Henry Smith, was acquitted. In another San Jose courtroom, Angela Davis, held for over a year without bail, is brought to trial from a maximum security cell.

STANFORD: WHY UNIONIZE?

"You're a company union! What do you mean no strikes!", yelled Julia Harvey, a United Stanford Employees organizer. Samuel Holmes, California School Employees Association representative sputtered, "No riots, no molotov cocktails, but we may support a strike." Last week at Stanford, CSEA held a meeting of Stanford workers to discuss the upcoming March 7th union election when 1600 Stanford workers will either choose among United Stanford Employees, the Teamsters, and CSEA to represent them, or no union. Holmes, the representative of CSEA is better known in labor circles as a management lawyer. CSEA is against strikes and states, "It is not our position to tell the university how to run it's business." USE and the Teamsters recognize that any union which doesn't believe in strikes or standing up to the boss, Stanford, has no chance of winning anything for the workers.

Stanford workers are like workers anywhere. They want decent wages, adequate housing close to work, health care, child-care, job security, and a decent work atmosphere. Many feel Stanford has been pretty good to them and wonder if a union is really necessary. As one food service worker put it, "I have a four week paid vacation, a health-plan that covers me, I have no family, and I've gotten a raise recently. Why do I need a union to come in here and start telling me what I can do and can't do, taking money from me. Why, I like to help Jack over here with his work sometimes. Is the union going to come in and start telling I can't do anything extra or I'll be suspended or something?" Another worker talked of how he was in the machinists union years ago. He described the union meetings, "I remember there was a motion made to strike, the leader on the stage called it to the floor, there was a second, carried and voice vote that lasted two minutes, and before I knew it I was out on strike. I don't want any of that here."

People know a union has to be strong to be effective but at the same time are afraid it will control them. The criticisms the workers have of unions are correct. There is no guarantee that joining will make anyone's life significantly better because it will not change who owns and controls the university. And Stanford, by calling workers "staff", fostering department rather than class loyalties, and giving raises at convenient times, has tried to blur the distinctions between boss and worker to prevent workers from organizing and becoming a powerful force on campus. Up until last year almost 1/2 the food service workers came from veteran hospitals. These people were happy to have jobs, even if in 1966 this meant 90¢ an hour and now means \$2.31 an hour. One worker talked of how difficult it was to get these workers interested in organizing to improve conditions when they saw Stanford as their benefactor. Stanford also hires older woman as secretaries because they are very grateful for jobs and hard to organize. These workers often do not see that Stanford gets cheap labor by hiring them. The desire for cheap labor has always motivated Stanford just like any other boss, and Stanford's history bears this

Leland Stanford and the Chinese Laborers

Back in 1864, Gov. Leland Stanford was trying to build the Central Pacific Railroad so he and 3 other tycoons could control transportation on the West Coast. They wanted cheap labor to build it, but white workers would often organize to fight for better working conditions and wages. Child labor was tried but parents complained of the 75¢ per day wage. California was a free state so that ruled out Black slaves. The Chinese were a possibility, but as governor, Stanford had discouraged their immigration because "There could be no doubt but that the presence among us of these degraded and distinct people must exercise a deleterious influence upon a superior race." (Obviously Shockley's racist theories aren't unique.) The labor crisis was so acute Stanford changed his views and hired Chinese in droves. The Chinese worked from sunrise to sunset for \$1 a day. White workers were furious, but pacified when they were given 2000 positions of authority and the Chinese were kept in separate camps. The Chinese built the RR, and it cost 1000 Chinese lives lost in nitro explosions, accidents, and avalanches. Stanford became a millionaire thru his monopoly on West Coast transportation.

In 1886, in memory of his son, Leland Stanford announced the founding of Stanford University, and dedicated his fortune, extracted from the sweat of Chinese workers, as the financial base of the new university.

Has Stanford Changed?

Some workers think so. They have received wage increases, benefits, and a position on Stanford's "staff". But what has been the cost of Stanford's benevolence to themselves, and to poor and working people across the country and around the world?

Stanford's financial support still comes from the contributions of wealthy individuals and private corporations who see it as a training ground for the future rulers of this country. It gets \$14 million dollars from the Dept. of Defense to do military research which has a direct application for the war in Viet Nam. Student exposes of research on planned invasions, and electromagnetic battlefields indicate Stanford directly supports the military side of the war effort. Stanford is also a training ground for the people who run that war, write articles supporting it, and devise foreign investment plans designed to utilize the cheap labor in other countries, and rip off their resources.

From WWII on, the government has spent millions of dollars on our national "defense" and has created huge profits for companies like Lockheed and Hewlett-Packard who manufacture weapons systems. While this has created many new jobs, particularly in this area, working people have paid for it thru sky-rocketing taxes, soaring inflation, and when the war is "hot", their children's lives.

Massive "defense" spending has continued with Nixon also. This meant money went to Stanford for war research. But Nixon's huge spending has produced tremendous inflation and a severe international money crisis. To curb inflation, Nixon cut back on government spending in what he considered non-essential areas such as educational grants. This meant money cut-backs for Stanford, and lay-offs for Stanford workers.

Last spring 12 workers in Tressider and 12 workers in photo-reproduction were laid off. 16 to 20 workers from the physical plant were slated to go. This year many of the maids in the dorms were laid off. No administrators were fired. No worker was asked if that was the best way to cut costs. No consideration was given to the fact that in Tressider the layoffs would mean increased speedups. At the same time the faculty got an average \$1000 per year raise.

The Administration fostered the attitude that we should tighten our belts and

sacrifice for Stanford. What this meant was that the workers should tighten their belts. It is ironic for Stanford to grab all the defense money it can, and yet shake its head sadly about the economy and the war effort, when the war is what causes the inflation.

The men who run Stanford may sometimes successfully keep a low profile at Stanford, but their decision to lay off people is expected. The Stanford Board of Trustees own and direct some of the world's largest corporations and banks with holdings all over the world, particularly in South East Asia. They are the ones whose companies have gotten rich off the war.

What Unity Can DO

Conditions for workers at Stanford have improved. There is now a \$400 minimum wage. One worker said, "I remember when President Pitzer passed down the word, \$400 for everyone. Why I remember when people here in the kitchen made \$150 dollars a month." What this worker did not know was the minimum wage grew out of demands first made by Black hospital workers and followed up by petitions and agitation by United Stanford Employees.

The workers last spring responded to the layoffs at Tressider with a boycott of Tressider. The boycott was successful in getting many of the workers relocated or their jobs back, and the physical plant layoffs were cancelled. The boycott was organized by USE and Venceremos and was successful because of student support. Students blocked doorways and helped set up an alternate food service and refused to eat at Tressider. The students were a powerful ally. The administration is afraid of an alliance between students and workers for obvious reasons.

Stanford's willingness to go to any extremes to prevent workers from organizing was evident in their response to the Hospital Sit-In last spring. Unlike the way they deal with student sit-ins, the University called in squads of police to break up a sit-in in support of a Black

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 25)



N.Y. Phone Strike - Not Over Yet

By the time you read this article the final vote will be in on the new contract offer in the NY telephone strike. This strike has lasted 7 months so far, and there is a chance that it will continue. We have been informed that the new contract offer is worse than the original contract, and even the reactionary NY Daily News said the workers would be crazy to accept it.

The contract is a clear sellout by the union, the Communication Workers of America. The contract offers nothing new for the workers but it does give the union an "agency shop" as a reward for selling out the workers. And as further payment to the company, there is a clause in the contract which will allow the phone company to fire any worker who was arrested during the strike. We were informed by a phone company worker who contacted us that they expect at least 1000 of the more militant strikers to be fired as soon as the contract is signed, and possibly another 1000 shortly after that.

This would obviously be beneficial both to the company and the sellout union because both are afraid of workers who are willing to fight for their rights rather than being ripped-off. This strike, which may yet be victorious, and the actions of the union have been a good lesson for the workers in NY and throughout the country.

Mort Newman



LABOR NEWS BLIPS

U.A.W. SUES PAY BOARD

The U. A. W. is suing Nixon's Pay Board, which attacks the living standards of workers and helps business by limiting wage increases.

The workers are suing because the Pay Board rejected a wage agreement that 31,000 workers made with the three aerospace firms they work for.

The AFL-CIO International Assn. of Machinists said it was going to file a similar suit next week to win back the pay increases won by 70,000 of its members from other aerospace companies.

Looks like companies can grant pay raises and count on the government to outlaw them.

CONVENTION CANCELLED

Some Union leaders are moving so far to the right that they sound like the John Birch Society. Look at the construction unions.

Every presidential election year they hold a convention in Miami to hear Democrat presidential candidates.

But if they invited all the Democrat candidates this year, they'd have to hear Senator McGovern, and he has opposed the war for years. Worse, they'd have to hear Shirley Chisolm, and she's not only a woman, but a black.

It was more than they could bear so they cancelled their convention.

STRIKE AT HUGHES

The seven-week old strike against Air West, owned by Howard Hughes, should be over, but isn't. The walkout by 570 mechanics and aircraft cleaners succeeded in stopping flights in 74 cities in the west, Canada, and Mexico. The airline failed in its try to keep flying by using supervisory personnel--they could operate flights to only six cities that way. So the strikers won their demands for better wages and better working conditions. But they have good reason for still not going back to work. The company doesn't have the business to hire back all the strikers because the airline industry is sick. Really, it's the whole economy that's sick. And more band aids won't patch it up. Those

strikers and all the others out of a job won't be guaranteed a job until we put people before profits and adopt socialism.

PRISONERS JOIN UNION

About 1000 prisoners in the maximum security Green Haven State Prison in New York State have signed up to join a labor union.

The prisoners are fed up with earning 25¢ a day for manufacturing clothes, furniture, brushes, mattresses and other things. They're also fed up with having no way of making sure the authorities listen to their grievances about job and living conditions. And they want useful job training. So they decided to form a union. If they get recognized, it will be the first prisoners' union in U. S. history.

FUNNY THING

Funny thing. Nixon made a presidential decree that Jimmy Hoffa, former president of the Teamsters Union, be released from prison. Then a couple of weeks later Hoffa said he thinks Nixon is the "best qualified" candidate for the next presidential election. But the Teamsters Union has never supported Republican candidates. Funny thing.

CIA NO. 1 DOPE PUSHER

THE NIXON ADMINISTRATION IS COVERING UP THE REAL SOURCE OF THE WORLD'S HEROIN.

Nixon says that we've got to stop the smack from flowing into this country from Turkey and Mexico, but this is not where most of the dope is coming from.

About 80% of the world's heroin comes from S.E. Asia now, according to the UN Commission on Drugs, the International Policing Agency (Interpol) and high officials in the narcotics control division of Canada. In 1966 Interpol told the UN that 83% of the world's opium (which is made into heroin) comes from the Fertile Triangle - the area controlled by the U.S. supplied Meo tribes of Laos.

THE U.S. CIA AND ITS ALLIES IN SE ASIA ARE SMUGGLING VAST QUANTITIES OF SMACK INTO THE U.S. TO OPPRESS OUR PEOPLE

For the Meo people that live in the Fertile Triangle, opium is their only cash crop. They get \$50 a kilo (2.2lbs.) A kilo is worth \$2000 in San Francisco. Most of this dope is made into heroin and sent to the U.S.

The Meos are trained and supplied by the U.S. and used as mercenary soldiers in the war against Communism. The "Far Eastern Economic Review" tells of a Meo mountain city called Long Cheng. Long Cheng is a military base built by the U.S. in 1962. By 1964, Long Cheng's population was almost 50,000, made up largely of refugees who had come to escape

the war in Laos, and, who are kept busy growing opium. Carl Strock reported in the January 30 "Far Eastern Economic Review": "Over the years eight journalists, including myself, have slipped into Long Cheng and have seen American crews loading T-28 bombers while armed CIA agents chatted with uniformed Thai soldiers and piles of raw opium stood for sale in the market." The CIA not only protects the opium in Long Cheng and various other pick-up points, but also gives clearance and protection to opium-laden aircraft flying out.

Most of the dope from S.E. Asia is flown out in U.S. planes by U.S.-supported smugglers. The U.S. backed Royal Lao Air Force as well as U.S.-backed South Vietnamese vice-president Ky are major drug transporters. But one of the biggest dope smugglers is a company called Air America -- supposedly a privately owned American airline. Air America's main contract is with the CIA and its main purpose is to fly opium from S.E. Asia by various routes into the U.S. It is odd (and impossible) that the U.S. government with the most massive Intelligence network in history could miss this business.

To make it clear, the CIA, with its puppets and allies, is the greatest junk dealer in history. They're the big-daddy of a \$250-500 million a year industry which is living off the misery of the S.E. Asian people and addicts around the world.

Stephen Lockwood.

R.C. People's Drug Rehabilitation Program

In the meantime--

In its punk "war against dope", the U.S. government sent in a team of specially trained forces to root out the criminal drug syndicate surrounding Sequoia High School in Redwood City.

They came up with nine young people (most of them arrested Feb. 2) accused of selling a lid of grass or a few pills to a narc. Big deal, Tricky Dick.

There are people in this country making millions off heroin and you're sending narcs into the High Schools to harass and bust High School students.



SULLIVAN WITNESS HARASSED

On Feb. 1 at 3 AM, Palo Alto police officer Roger Goodyear came to the home of Francis Vaughn, 391 Fernando, Palo Alto. He knocked on the door, shotgun in hand, while six P.A. police cars waited outside in bullet-proof vests. Goodyear told Daniel Vaughn he was investigating some "trouble" down the street. Receiving no information and having no legal cause to enter the Vaughn home, he left.

Again on Feb. 9, Goodyear stopped a car on El Camino in South Palo Alto, claiming he was investigating a robbery involving three black women. Francis Vaughn, her daughter, and three other black women were in the car. It was obvious that they were not the suspects of this alleged robbery, but Goodyear called three squad cars and a paddy wagon down. Then he asked one woman to get out of the car and began questioning her on facts about the Robert Sullivan case. It's clear that Goodyear's only intention in harassing was that Francis was a witness for Bobby Sullivan.

Bobby Sullivan is a black brother who was a victim of the current police tactic of armed drug raids. His home was raided on Oct. 1, 1971, by Roger Goodyear, Gene Clifton and other P.A. and federal narcotics agents. They were supposedly looking for a meth-amphetamine factory. Because of the way the pigs busted in the door and started shooting, Bobby defended himself and his home. When the shooting stopped, Clifton had been shot in the stomach and Bobby had been shot in the face by Roger Goodyear's shotgun.

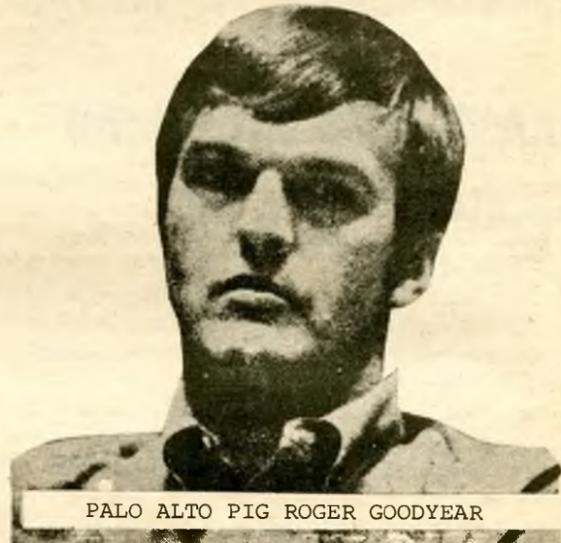
No narcotics were ever found in the house! And although it was lucky that Bobby lived, he is charged with five counts of assault with a deadly weapon and possession of a gun by a parolee, the gun being the people's only protection from this kind of attacks.

The pigs printed in the paper that Clifton died of "unknown causes", but continued to infer that he died from the bullet. Investigating reports, including

the autopsy, points to an overdose on codeine. By playing up the incident of Clifton's death, they play up the viciousness of drug addicts, while the viciousness is really in the pigs' ways of dealing with the drug problem.

Addicts, users, and small-time dealers are threatened every day with the tactics the pigs used on Bobby. More grand jury indictments have come down expressly on these people. While these people are being harassed, the Mafia are getting away scott free and making millions off other people's misery.

When a brother gets shot and a brother or sister, like Francis Vaughn, stands up for their rights the pigs try to intimidate them into holding back. This intimidation of Third World people, add-



PALO ALTO PIG ROGER GOODYEAR

icts, users, and in this case witnesses for Bobby's case, must stop. Goodyear has gone far enough. He must be kicked off the force. Goodyear is just one example of pig harassment. The brutal tactics of the Palo Alto police force are the real problem. So we demand an end to all armed drug raids.
FREE BOBBY SULLIVAN!
KICK OUT ROGER GOODYEAR!
OFF ARMED DRUG RAIDS!

WELFARE

If you live in Redwood City, you can call the Welfare Department in San Mateo toll free.

Call 369-1441 and ask for San Mateo extension 2889 (for an eligibility worker ask for San Mateo extension 2808.)

If you're on food-stamps in Santa Clara County you may have received a notice about paying more for your stamps on February 1st. This move was rescinded (called off) and you should have gotten a notice saying so. If you didn't and you had to pay the larger amount for your stamps this month, you're getting screwed. You should call Community Legal Services in San Jose at 298-1315 and ask to talk to Bob Colonna. He can deal with the welfare department to help you get what you rightfully deserve.

REDWOOD CITY DOPE

Hey, Dope Fiend! Is the monkey on your back, is the Man getting you down, is that what's been bothering you as you shoot down Abcess Road, Junkie Lane and Jaundice River? Well, it's been bothering us, too.

We are a bunch of ex- and not so ex-dopers organizing the Redwood City People's Drug Rehabilitation Program, because it's clear no one else is gonna do it. We're doing what the government won't do; making a place for wanting-to-kick dopers to get tight with ex-dopers to get on with the job.

"We know that it's hard to quit heavy dope when your friends are asking you to cop for them, and you be seeing them getting high and having a good time. But that's not where it's at. Whatever you're getting high off of, it gets to be a drag all the time being loaded, and the same time you be seeing your people not changing, becoming stagnant, waiting for the Man to do what he wants, and like we know he aint going to make no change for the better for us," says brother

"We must take the initiative to help ourselves, and you know it aint easy. We all have a tremendous task ahead of us in dealing with the Man, with all his money, machines and all of his hardware," the brother continues, "But at the same time we must deal with ourselves and deal with out brothers and sisters. And you know, I don't have my shit together, because I wanted a joint a while ago, but no more. I got to be aware of the Man, I got to be aware of my brothers and sisters, I got to be aware of myself. Shit, it aint easy."

"Hey, put in that newspaper article that the people bringing in tons of weed aint no kids, it's organized Mafia bringing it in, dig. Dig who they bust, though--High School students like at Sequoia. Check that out," says another Drug Program person.

The People's Drug Rehab Program is demanding \$280,000 from those who got it, namely San Mateo County, for a detoxification center at the Hospital and a live-in center here in Redwood City, both to be run by us, ex-dopers.

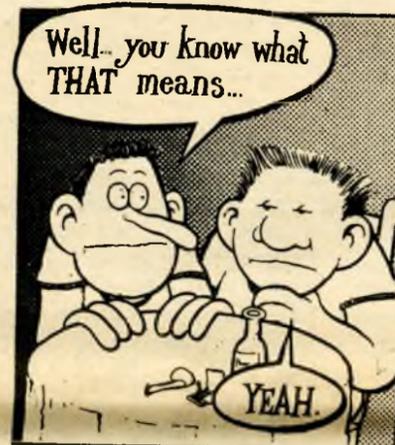
But the same government that will pay \$200,000 for the concrete intersection of Jefferson Ave. and Alameda De Las Pulgas don't want to give that kind of money to helping people who are organizing our brothers and sisters off dope. If San Mateo County gave a damn about strung out people they would have acted long ago.

Check out why they want their highways more than they want people off dope. You dig that dopers tend to stay stoned on their ass, which is just where the Man wants us? You know, just tripping. Right? While the Man keeps ripping. Check it out.

See you later. We'll be heard from again. Our phones are: 365-2730; 364-7186, and 364-1797.

P.S. To clear up a rumor: You don't have to be straight to come to a meeting, but try not to be completely bent out of shape.

Meetings Wednesdays, 8:00 pm at 142 Stambaugh St. RWC



DRUG RAP AND FILM

SUN FEB 20 7:30

HOOVER SCHOOL AUDITORIUM,
REDWOOD CITY

Meet the RWC Peoples Drug Rehabilitation Program, it's FREE.

BOND SAYS OFF PUSHERS



Atlanta, Ga.

State Representative Julian Bond said yesterday that black people should take the law in their own hands and inflict physical punishment, if necessary, on drug dealers who sell dope to black youngsters.

"I'm not advocating murder," the civil rights leader said. "I am advocating community action. Drug dealers act outside the law and the police seem unwilling or incapable of dealing with them."

Bond was replying to questions about a speech he made earlier this week to an Atlanta club, during which he said blacks must let "the sellers of poison to our children know that the price of drugs is death at the hands of the community."

Bond, 31, said, "I was quot-

ed correctly. But I did not intend execution on the street. But I do encourage summary judgment in the street."

He said he urged blacks to take the destinies of their neighborhoods in their own hands and begin policing their own communities.

Asked if he believed in forming vigilante groups, he replied: "I'm philosophically opposed to vigilante groups but this (drug situation) is a crisis... and the citizen has to step in and take the law in his own hands."

"The pusher needs to know that it's dangerous for him not just in terms of sanctions of the law, but in terms of sanctions by the community. If they catch the pusher in action, they should inflict immediate discipline."

Associated Press

THERE WILL BE WARS

There will be wars, and there will be rumors of wars...
The Black Man has served diligently and he's served well...
Yet his life in America, is still a living hell...

- The American Revolution,
- The Indian Wars,
- .The War of 1812
- The Spanish American War,
- The Mexican American War,
- The Civil War,
- World War I,
- World War II,
- The Korean War,
- Vietnam,

Jerry Lee Amie was awarded the Purple Heart...
Was shot down on his front lawn, and not in some fort...
Justifiable homicide! Yelled the inquest...
And there lay Amie, with 25 bullet holes in and about his chest...
Yes, and there will be wars...

Calvin O. Dixon
San Quentin



10 MENLO PARK POLICE HARASS BLACKS

-3 CASES-

On The Streets

Racist Pig Patrolmen are now harassing Black people in the Menlo Park community. We (Blacks) are stopped on public streets and held against our will. The pigs say they are "investigating" us or our "suspicious behaviour".

The only reason we look "suspicious" or exhibit "suspicious behaviour" is that our skin is black and we have enough balls to walk our streets when and where we get the damn notion.

I am Black. A pig patrolmen rushed to a stop near my place of residence on Willow Road and confronted me with a line of bullshit that was just another segment in his regular routine of racist practice. He "thought" I "might be" trying to break into a house at high noon with a steady flow of pig cars patrolling the Willow Road area.

WHAT HAPPENED?

I walked out of our drive and stood looking down Willow Road, preparing to flag down members of my band who were coming to rehearse at my place. Thinking that I might have enough time to smoke a cigarette, I ran back into the house to get one. Returning to the street, I saw the bass player coming and flagged him into the drive.

At that time, mr. racist pig patrolman was easing out of his car like a snake sliding from under a rock. He slithered over to me and demanded to know "what are you doing here." I immediately demanded to know who he was and by what authority he was questioning me. Without showing me a badge or any kind of ID, he placed his hand on his gun (authority) and demanded that I show him my ID. One of the women who also lives in the house came out to see what was happening and the bass player had been standing there all the time. However, mr. racist pig patrolman wasn't interested in their ID. Maybe it was because they were white.

The incident climaxed with the pig backing up and saying if I didn't show him my ID he would arrest me on "suspicion". I showed him my ID under threat of the gun his hand was resting on. He never asked to see anyone else's ID and held me there until another pig came and I was cleared through a "radio investigation procedure". Their only explanation was that they "thought" I was acting suspiciously.

We know that this happens all the time and will continue to happen unless we get interested and become actively involved in the community groups and organizations that are doing something about it. Having a gun is only part of the vital answer. We must also know how and when to use guns. We must recognize the need for unity, responsible organization and a strong, binding community spirit. This community spirit is emerging from our awareness of the oppressors and understanding of the need to do battle with them and the oppressive conditions they force on our community. In order to survive this oppression we must continue to build strength to fight. We will win by any means necessary the right and power to live like we want to live.

POWER TO THE PEOPLE!

Robert Oliver
Third World Liberation Front

By The Schools

On Feb. 3 about noon, the Menlo Park police were witnessed harassing two young black men who go to Menlo-Atherton High School. The two plainclothes police who stopped these young men on Ringwood Ave. said they were "investigating burglaries".

Black students who walk to school have no way to get to Menlo-Atherton without walking along Ringwood or some other public street west of Bayshore. Why are black people suspect on the west side of Bayshore?

One of the police asked, in the presence of two white women witnesses, if the young men had a car. They asked this without informing the citizens of their right not to answer anything except name, address and age without a lawyer present. These two citizens had never been told of such a right and were very interested to know of it!

Venceremos members went to the City Council on Feb. 8 to complain about this sort of harassment, as we complained 5 months ago after the raid on Chester St.

Once again we demanded an investigation into the racist practices of the Menlo Park police force--an investigation led by black people in the black neighborhood of Menlo Park; Belle Haven.

We urged the citizens of Menlo Park to elect two black people to the City Council seats.

We also added a 12th demand to the 11 we made last September: We demand that whenever the Menlo Park police stop anybody they follow the law and inform the citizens of their right not to answer questions except name, age and address until they have the presence of the lawyer of their choice.

The City Manager and later the Chief of Police, Cizanckas, denied that such harassment occurs. But a couple of days later came the raid on the Berkeley St. house where the police assumed that the man inside, being black, must be a burglar! (as reported in this issue)



In Our Homes

On Thursday, Feb. 10, at 10 a.m., members of the Menlo Park Police Dept. and the San Mateo County Sheriffs once again broke into another person's house illegally. They didn't bother to arrest anyone on false charges in order to cover up their illegal acts this time.

Ed DuBois, a Black man from East Palo Alto, was visiting his friend Rebecca, on Berkeley Ave. in Menlo Park (west of Bayshore). About a half hour after he got there, Ed was making a phone call and happened to look out the kitchen window.

"I saw a policeman pointing a .357 magnum at me through the window," Ed said. "Then three more cops busted in the back door with their guns drawn."

They told Ed there was a burglary complaint from a neighbor. They asked his name and if he lived there, and then said, "You better cooperate or you'll find yourself in jail." Ed refused to talk to them, saying "You busted in on me."

Meanwhile Rebecca was sitting on the living room couch with a child when a uniformed policeman walked right in the door without knocking, saying, "A burglary was reported." She said, "There's no burglary here", and went into the kitchen to Ed. When she got to the kitchen, "I saw a plainclothesman with his gun drawn and a German shepherd dog. Another policeman was walking out the back door yelling "Code four, false alarm."

The police asked Ed if he was a resident and he said "No." They asked Rebecca and she said that she was. When they asked for her ID, she produced a birth certificate and other papers, but the police asked, "Do you have a driver's license or something with your address on it?" She said no, so the police asked who owned the house.

Rebecca explained that she is a live-in babysitter and the man who she works for rents the house, and wasn't at home.

The officer said, "A neighbor called saying he saw someone breaking in a window." Rebecca took them through the house and showed them there was nothing going on there. The cop then said, "Let's see your employer's proof of residency." But Rebecca didn't know of any because she never went in his room.

The pig then walked into the bedroom and checked through the room. Then they left the house.

Rebecca had recognized the sheriffs' uniforms but thought the other men with guns were plainclothes cops. As she said, "If they didn't come in the house I'd have thought they lived in the neighborhood. They wore drab, olive gray business suits."

I explained to Rebecca that this was the official uniform of the Menlo Park Police, and also told her about numerous other incidents of the Menlo Park pigs busting into Menlo west of Bayshore, and the Chester St. Raid.

At the present time there is the possibility of lawsuits against the Menlo Park police Dept. and the San Mateo County Sheriffs for false imprisonment, illegal search, illegal entry, and personal damages because of the drawn guns. But whether or not these lawsuits proceed and are successful, something must be done to stop this increasing police lawlessness--especially against Third World people and poor people in general.

Mort Newman, Menlo Park Venceremos



LESLIE NASSAN SPEAKING AT CUBBERLY ON ANTI-WAR MOVEMENT IN PALO ALTO.

Last week, a movement was started in the Palo Alto High Schools to make the schools start dealing with the issues our communities are struggling with. Students at all three high schools circulated petitions demanding that classes be suspended for a day so that we could have Bruce Franklin come speak, and could find out more about what's happening with the anti-war movement at Stanford. We also demanded a speaker from the GI movement against the war (since we've been hearing about officers getting blown up and veterans seizing national monuments), and a speaker from the Palo Alto community movement against the war. All of these issues have been in the news a lot recently, but there has been absolutely nothing going on in our schools informing us about them.

At Cubberley we got almost half of the student body to sign the petition in 2 1/2 days, and we went to our student government for a vote of support. But they started telling us that they didn't like Bruce Franklin, and they didn't like the word "demand", and they didn't think classes should be suspended. We pointed out that it didn't matter what they thought of Bruce, because half of the school

had already demanded to hear his side of what's going on at Stanford, and we just wanted to know if they would support that section of the student body. A few of the representatives were on our side and called on the council to show support for the students who had started some issues going. But the council voted that they did not support the petition, and would "disregard it". We asked if that meant that their "representative" body was disregarding half of the schools students, and they told us that was right.

Then on Thursday, groups of students, at each school went in to the administration offices, and presented our principals with the petitions (each school had gotten around half the students to sign). Each of them gave us some sort of compromise: that they wouldn't stop classes but we can hold our assemblies. It wasn't everything we demanded, but it was a beginning, and the assemblies are going on Feb. 15, 16, and 17. And they've taught us a lesson: that people's power does work where asking for permission doesn't. Because we organized ourselves they had to respond to us. If we had asked their per-

mission and gone through their committees, we probably would have to wait a couple months for the program.

But now that we've learned that, we're not going to stop. We're only beginning to make the schools relate to our communities. The main issue here is that this type of information about current events and struggles is systematically excluded from the curriculum. The people who run the schools, know that if we understand what's coming down, we're going to do something about it. And we will. So they've tried to keep that information out. But we won't allow them to isolate us from society. We're going to bring our communities struggles straight home to our schools. We've won a small victory; we're going to win more!

Andrea Holman
High School Venceremos



HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS DISCUSS WAYS OF MOVING IN THE HIGH SCHOOLS AGAINST U.S. IMPERIALISM.

STUDENT BUSTED FOR CIRCULATING PETITION

On Friday, February 4, Marcia Hall was taken to Juvenile Hall. She supposedly violated probation by circulating petitions calling for an assembly day on the anti-war movement at Palo Alto High School. The petition was part of the struggle being started to make the High Schools deal with the issues going on in the communities. Half of Paly's student body have signed it.

Marcia has been involved in trying to make revolutionary changes in the schools for some time now. So when a judge was writing up her probation restrictions, he barred her from political activities. It was obvious that what scared him the most about her was that she is a revolutionary. Since that time, Marcia has been subject to continual harassment by the Palo Alto Police and her school officials.

A few months ago, Officer Richard Mickel was always in the Town and Country parking lot during the time the Paly students were there for lunch. He kept a special eye out for Marcia, and then began reporting lies that she was calling him names. The fact was that many Paly students were calling him names because they were sick and tired of being harassed by him, but Marcia wasn't one of them.

All of the Palo Alto Police are trying their best to get her probation violated. Officer James Decious went as far as to call her P.O. and try to convince him to violate her for flicking cigarette

ashes in the Civic Center. The police Department also contacted her P.O. to tell him they were watching her closely, and wanted to know if they could pick her up for being out late at night.

None of this is an accident. It isn't just that there are a few lousy police who have a grudge against her. Why do the police and the courts care so much about



MARCIA HALL, RIGHT, AT A LOS SIETE RALLY. (BEFORE SHE WAS PUT ON PROBATION.)

a fifteen-year-old Paly student? Because she is a revolutionary, and that is a threat to their system. We are trying to make our schools deal with the issues that are important in our communities. But they want to keep us quiet. So they do whatever they can to stop us, just as they're doing to any people across the country who are trying to take control of their own lives.

Political repression is coming down heavier everywhere. But with Marcia, the Police have one big advantage: she is a juvenile. That has made it legal for them to put all sorts of extra restrictions and harass her more. Marcia's out of the Hall now, but that doesn't stop the surveillance she's been subject to. We can't allow them to stop our brothers and sisters from making revolutionary changes that this society needs.

FREE MARCIA HALL!
STOP ALL REPRESSION OF REVOLUTIONARIES!

Note:

Because of certain probation restrictions, Marcia can't join Venceremos. She can't pass out leaflets or sell this newspaper. So, to a certain extent the courts have effectively blocked most of her political work. But we can't let them put any blocks in the way of our High School Movement. We call on all High School students, especially at Paly, to intensify our work to make up for what Marcia can't do, and to prove to the courts that no probation restrictions are going to stop us.

YOU CAN PUT A REVOLUTIONARY ON PROBATION, BUT YOU CAN'T RESTRICT REVOLUTION!!

High School Venceremos

PALO ALTO PLAZA BATTLE LOOMS

February 23 Palo Altans will fight the first battle over the latest big business development mind-boggler--the Palo Alto Plaza.

Opponents from a wide range of people's organizations are getting together this week to coordinate a strong united front attack on the plan before the Palo Alto Planning Commission.

Located on the corner of Page Mill and El Camino, right across the street from the infamous Dillingham project (Palo Alto Square), the Palo Alto Plaza will include two office buildings, one of ten stories and the other seven, a three-level parking garage and a new YMCA.

It will wipe out a gas station and the Mayfield School, home of the continuation high school, a manpower development training program, and the Sojourner Truth Day Care Center.

The proposal comes in the face of a rash of recent people's victories against such development--the defeat of the Superblock and the Willow Expressway, and the coming referendum on the Holiday Inn. Only last June a similar proposal for the Mayfield School site was rejected 4-0 by the Planning Commission.

How can the developers possibly think they can win this time? Are they that stupid or are they just plain fools?

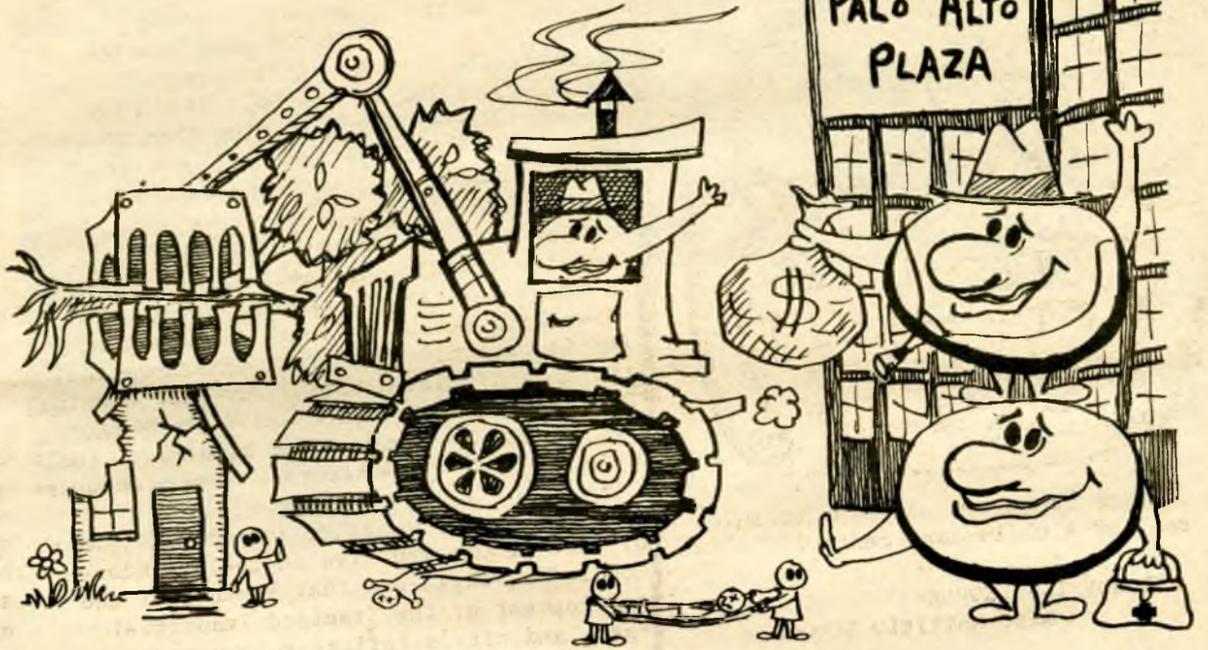
The strategy of the ruling class has become increasingly clear in recent weeks, and it shows to what lengths they will go to push through a plan that is vital to their interests.

COMMUNITY CONTROL?

The first tactic is to change the zoning in a way which fools the people into believing that they have complete control over the design plan. Thus, this proposal includes the provision that the Council must approve the final plan before the project can be started.

There is little chance that this tactic will work. In the first place, the people of Palo Alto have shown that they would oppose any kind of financial-office-complex on that site, regardless of plan. The present "residentialist" majority on the City Council was elected in large part because of its opposition to such development.

In the second place, the city has seen what "community control" means to the Dillingham project across the street. When city officials protested a recent change in the embankments and shrubbery around the project, the developers said



in effect, "Well, what are you going to do about it?" They knew that the city council was powerless to do anything short of suing.

WHY THE YMCA?

The second tactic, a much more dangerous one, is the inclusion in the new plan of the YMCA. This, it is hoped, will offset the loss of Mayfield School in the eyes of the Planning Commission.

Presently located on Ross Road deep in the heart of residential Palo Alto, the "Y" last year wanted to move to a larger location (with better access) on Alma St. This plan was defeated by the City Council after a large amount of neighborhood resistance.

The YMCA offers mainly classes in physical education and fitness. It also offers a number of "Community programs," largely social get-togethers, for children and adults. And it is expanding so rapidly that it needs bigger quarters.

This then is the answer to a lot of problems for the developers. How can they be accused of a lack of community consciousness when they're helping the YMCA find a new home? Serve the people? Let the YMCA do it!

SERVE WHICH PEOPLE?

Who does the YMCA serve? First clue comes from looking at the fees charged to be a member of the YMCA.

Yearly memberships range from \$20 (high school students) on up to \$60 (for a family). On top of that, individual courses cost from \$3 to \$22 for members, \$12 to \$27 for non-members. And these are for 5-week courses! Not exactly country club prices, to be sure, but how many poor and working people can afford them?

The clincher comes from looking at the people who run the YMCA, the board of directors. Nearly all of them are professional people, owners or managers of local businesses, or high level executives of large corporations or banks. Needless to say, not a working person among them.



YMCA

1972

Most famous member is that notorious architect of Stanford University's land use policies, Alf Brandin. Brandin, as Vice President for Business Affairs at Stanford from 1946 until a couple of years ago, played a major role in the development of the Stanford Industrial Park and the Shopping Center, which brought thousands of workers to Stanford and helped create this area's acute shortage in low-rent housing. Palo Alto citizens may also remember him as Stanford's representative on the committee that planned the Willow Expressway. He is now a senior vice-president of Utah Mining and Construction, one of the largest construction firms in the country.

Brandin has always had and still has a direct interest in the industrial-commercial development of Stanford's lands. His fellow board members also see it in their class interest to have an office building development on the Mayfield School site. After all, they may need an exercise yard to work off their paunches, but who needs a contin-



NEIGHBORS STOP TRAFFIC



"There's two things that bother me - the word 'liberal' and development," stated Corrine Brazier, a black woman from the Central Palo Alto Residents Association. She was speaking to the Palo Alto City Council on February 7, urging them to approve a traffic plan that will cut back through-traffic in the Park Boulevard neighborhood.

The traffic plan was developed with the city traffic engineer by the residents of the neighborhood, and was backed by the Olive-West Meado Residents Association, the Central Palo Alto Residents Association, the Midpeninsula Citizens for Fair Housing, Palo Alto Tenants Union and Venceremos. The opposition came from a handful of businessmen from the California Avenue Shopping district.

Many people spoke to the council, most of them people who live in the neighborhood. They explained that because of the development of the Stanford Industrial Park, and city's failure to pay attention

to the needs of working class neighborhoods, a traffic situation had developed that imperiled the lives of residents, especially their children. People explained how cars speed down Park Blvd. to get to and from work in the Industrial Park, and to get to the California Ave. businesses. Many people took great pains to explain that they did not want to hurt the small business along California Ave., but that they had to protect their neighborhood from the onslaught brought on by the city's development policies.

One man explained to a Venceremos reporter that, "I can understand the concerns of the small businessmen. But if people need what they're selling, they'll get to the store. What we don't want is our neighborhood turned into a bunch of high-rise apartments for bankers and stock brokers." Many people expressed the understanding that the Park Blvd. area is one of Palo Alto's only low-income neighborhoods, and that it was constantly endangered by the huge corporations in the Industrial Park and the big-time financiers who have been trying to turn Palo Alto into a financial center.

The council finally approved the plan, after Stanley Norton's stalling motion bit the dust. And as far as the people were concerned, it was only because they were so well organized and out front about their politics. Just before the vote, one Venceremos member had explained to the council, "Your choice is simple; you can either move with the people or against the people." Because of the pressure, the council passed the motion. The residents had won their brief skirmish with the business interests. On the way out of the council chambers, a spokeswoman for the O-W M Residents flashed a fist and said, "All Power to the people." Right on!



uation high school, a manpower training program, or a child-care center?

POOR AND WORKING PEOPLE
NEED MAYFIELD SCHOOL

The answer to that is clear. Poor people who can't get jobs because they don't have education or skills need the high school and development programs. Working mothers who can't find decent child-care facilities or can't afford the outrageous costs of existing child care need the Sojourner Truth Day Care Center.

And poor and working people in the nearby neighborhood of Park Boulevard do NOT need a high-rise office development which will increase their property taxes and rents and drive them out of their neighborhood--all so that men like the Board of Trustees of the YMCA can make profits off the local war industry.

The lines are drawn. The struggle will take place at the Palo Alto Civic Center, Bryant and Hamilton Streets, on Wednesday, February 23 at 7:30 PM.



Venceremos Runs Joan Dolly For Menlo Park Council

The Menlo Park City Council elections are taking place on April 11, 1972. There are two regular seats open and one additional seat if George Liddle is recalled from office. Nine people are running for the two regular seats and two people in the special recall election, myself and Bob Maines, a corporate lawyer backed by Menlo Park TOMORROW, a residentialist group.

The City Council now represents corporate business, industry and the wealthy residents of Menlo Park. Instead of solving such obvious problems as the lack of low-income housing, rent control, child care centers, unemployment, police lawlessness, and a graduated property tax on business income, they work in their own interest and against those of poor working people, Blacks, the elderly and the young by supporting such projects as the Willow Expwy. (which was defeated only when people organized against it), Storm Drain Project, Downtown Plan, Dumbarton Bridge, a \$15,000 handout to the Chamber of Commerce and a \$26,000 waterfall in Sharon Heights.

As a member of Venceremos, I am running for the Council to see that the true interests of all oppressed peoples, the elderly and the young, are fought for and represented.

Joan Dolly
VENCEREMOS
All Power to the People!

Harán elecciones importantes para el pueblo de Menlo Park el proximo 11 de abril. Dos posiciones regulares en el concilio están abiertas en una elección especial (dos candidatos quieren trasladar George Liddle de su asiento. Bob Maines, un abogado corporativo apoyado por Menlo Park Tomorrow y yo, Joan Dolly, un miembro de Venceremos.

El concilio de Menlo Park ya representa comercio corporativo, intereses industriales y los residentes ricos de Menlo Park. En vez de resolver tales obvias problemas como la falta de casas por gente de bajos ingresos, control de las rentas, centros para la cuida de niños, centros para las personas que tienen problemas con drogas, desempleo y desafortados miembros de la policia, trabajan en sus propios intereses de la gente pobre y obrera, los negros, los viejos y los jovenes cuando apoyan proyectos como el Willow Expressway (que la gente eliminó cuando se organizaron), Storm Drain Project, Downtown Plan, Dumbarton Bridge, \$15,000 dado al Chamber of Commerce y \$26,000 caída de agua en Sharon Heights.

Como un miembro de Venceremos, estoy luchando por los verdaderos intereses de toda la gente oprimida, los viejos y los jovenes-dos.
TODO PODER AL PUEBLO

Joan Dolly
Venceremos

If you live in Redwood City, you can call the Welfare Department in San Mateo toll free.
Call 369-1441 and ask for San Mateo extension 2889 (for an eligibility worker) or for an intake eligibility worker ask for San Mateo extension 2808.
If you're on food-stamps in Santa Clara County you may have received a notice about paying more for your stamps on February 1st. This move was rescinded (called off) and you should have gotten a notice saying so. If you didn't and you did have to pay the larger amount for your stamps this month, you're getting screwed. You should call Community Legal Services in San Jose at 298-1315 and ask to talk to Bob Colonna. He can deal with the welfare department to help you get what you rightfully deserve.

REPRESSION

BRE

NATIONAL LIBER STRUC

OF T

IRISH R



For 800 years Ireland has been enslaved in six counties it is a capital offense to war British imperialists. On January 30th, 1936, 13 men were shot in cold blood by British troops for committing a march.

The Irish people struck back swiftly. The British Embassy as police watched helplessly, several others shot.

Militant mass marches continue in the recruiting for the Irish Republican Army (IRA) against the sell-out government in the South (The Republic) and condemned the British.

"Lifting a rock only to drop it on one's own feet" describe the behavior of certain fools. For He's about to put forth a proposal putting the Parliament in Northern Ireland. This will be resolutely for a solution on their terms--the Protestant factions loyal to Britain and the British are creating more enemies for themselves.

Having to face the combined revolution of the British coal strike (where miners making industries in England to shut down), it is Minister Heath can long survive. When he is out of Ireland with him, or THEY WILL BE D



13 DIED WHEN BRITISH TROOPS SHOT INTO MARCH

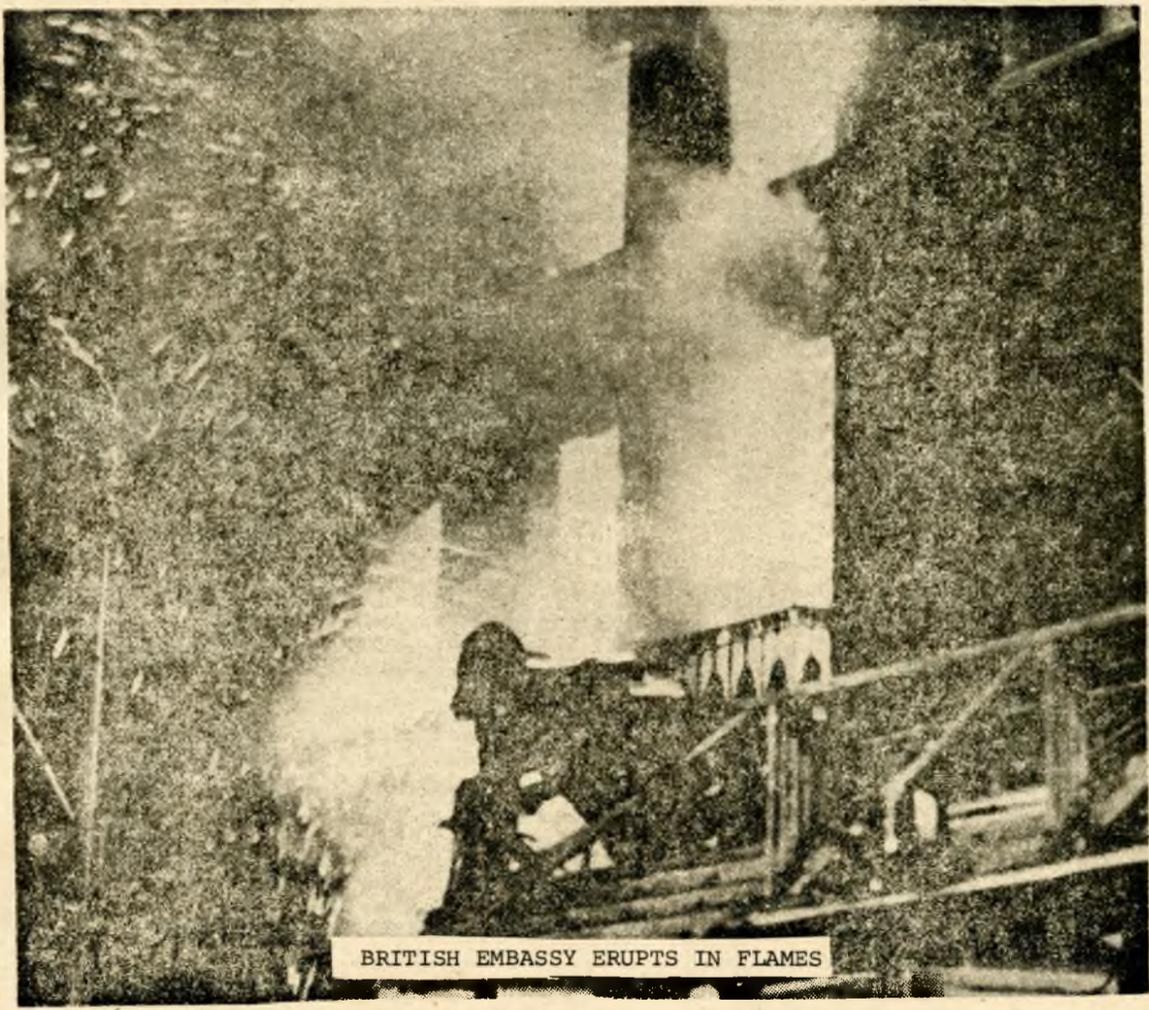


IRA UNDERGROUND

EDS RESISTANCE

AL ERATION GGLE

HE PEOPLE



BRITISH EMBASSY ERUPTS IN FLAMES

is a colony of England. In the northern
talk, write or even think against the
ish sisters and brothers were murdered
the "crime" of being in a peaceful

Dublin 50,000 people burned down the
So far, four British soldiers have
ce of tanks, guns and helicopters.
o has risen fantastically. And even the
e of Ireland), has recalled its ambassa-

feet," is a Chinese folk saying to
s like Prime Minister Heath of England.
re Catholics in the British puppet
use the Catholics to struggle even more
hited anti-imperialist Ireland--while
they are being deserted, and thus the
ves on all sides.
y struggles of the Irish people and
only \$1.22 an hour are forcing most
ubtful that the government of Prime
s down he had better pull his troops
EN INTO THE SEA!



OS ARMED RESISTANCE



BELFAST YOUTH THROW ROCKS AT BRITISH TROOPS

"\$250,000 OR ELSE!"

On January 31st the Palo Alto Task Force on Drug Abuse formally presented its proposal to the Palo Alto City Council. The proposal calls for a live-in house for addicts and a community drug abuse center with counseling services, a hotline, and involvement in the community on a number of levels.

Immediately the council started back-tracking, asking about what parts of the program could possibly be cut, and warning the community that it was going to be hard to get the \$250,000 needed to run the program. In response to a number of the issues that were raised, we felt it necessary for those of us from the streets to put forward our analysis about drugs, the council's reactions, and what at this point should be the community's response.

THE QUESTION OF PROGRAM CUTS

One of the questions the council asked was if the program had to be accepted as a whole or if certain parts could be adopted and others excluded. Task force members explained that the program represents and addresses itself to minimum needs of people that are into dope. It was further explained that the proposal was a product of months of investigation and discussion and that there could be no cuts in the program if it were to be effective.

We feel that any attempt by the council to cut the program shows that they are unwilling to meet even the most basic needs of the poor and working people in this area. Any program cuts cannot come out of discussion between the task force and the council. No program cut can be made unless the people in the community who need the program agree that they can be made without compromising the basic needs of the people. We are unwilling to compromise on any point of the program because what is now proposed relates only to our most minimum needs.

THE QUESTIONS OF THE ARMED DRUG RAIDS

When the meeting was finally opened to the community to speak, a number of youth from the area got up and laid out that the drug program was a beginning, but it would have little effect if the armed drug raids in the community didn't stop.

The Santa Clara County Grand Jury, working hand in hand with local narcotics units, has been conducting vicious attacks on addicts and small dealers, most of whom are selling dope only to maintain their habits and survive.

What they are telling the community is that the people they are busting are the big dealers who are responsible for the flood of hard drugs into the area. The community is being lied to. The victims of the drug plague--users, addicts, and small dealers--are once again being sacrificed while the real dealers get away scott free. In order for any drug program to begin to be effective, the drug raids against the people who are victimized by drugs must end.

END ILLEGAL ENTRAPMENT BY NARCOTICS SQUADS

One of the biggest ways that people have been getting busted is by people being tramped into selling drugs to agents. Undercover officer Vierra of the Palo Alto Vice Squad has always relied on his use of drugs to convince people he's trustworthy. After he smokes a little weed with people, or sniffs a little cocaine, or taken a hit of heroin, he asks people if they could sell him some dope or if they know where he could get some. The people, trusting Vierra because he just did some drugs with them, have become entrapped as they invariably end up being busted for sales. We feel that this fascist tactic has to end and that an investigation by the community must take place to see and expose the illegal methods being employed by the various vice units working in the area.

END THE USE OF ADDICTS AS INFORMERS

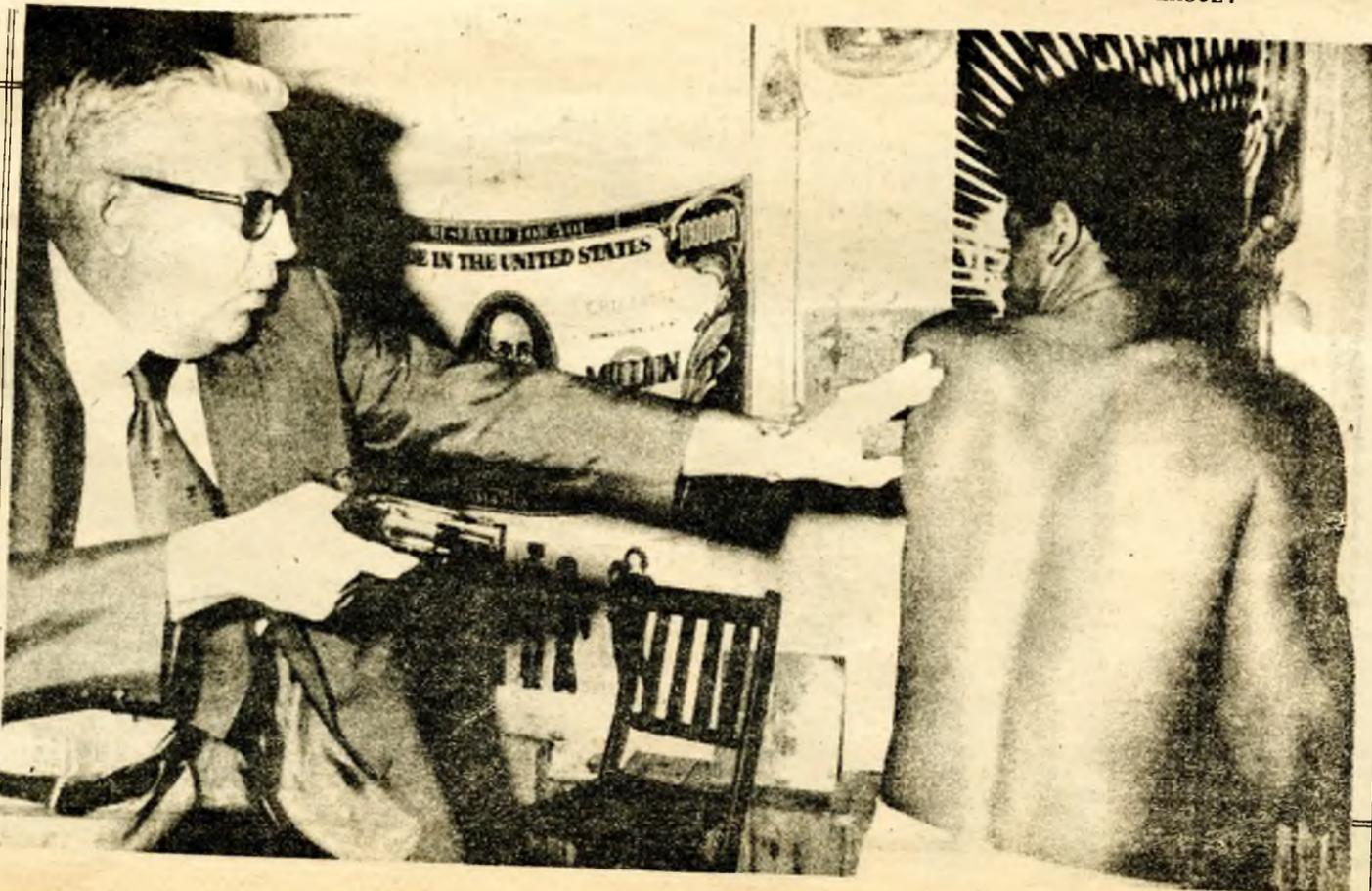
Most of the busts now taking place in the community are set up by addicts working for the police. When the police bust an addict they offer him a deal: if the person agrees to be an informant he often is supplied with all the dope he needs to maintain his habit, and ends up with all charges pending against him dropped or greatly reduced. The police keep the addicts incarcerated in the local jails and release them once a week to set up a bust in the community. The addict is then returned to jail, where he's kept under protective custody so that he isn't dusted for being an informant. When the person's cover is completely blown and the word is out that he's an informant, he's given enough money to leave the area. Some people might think that these charges are phony and that we make them only to discredit the pigs. Well, you can talk to anyone who knows what's going down in the community and get the same facts. The use of addicts as informants must end, because this contradiction can only end up in the loss of lives. Drugs and informants are both used by the man to keep people divided and suspicious of

one another. We intend to protect each other while we start to deal with our drug habits.

The council made a point of warning us that it will be hard for them to get the money for the drug program. But this is just a smoke screen to cover up other issues. When George Morgan was Palo Alto City manager, he gave the council a list of \$6.2 million in budget cuts that could be made so that the council could start buying up the foothills. If \$6.2 million could be scraped up to buy the foothills, they can come up with enough money for the drug program. Not all them councilmen are dishonest elements. A number of them seem committed to passing the drug proposal. But those that are still not convinced that they should support it will only make a commitment if the community pressures them to do so. We want to make it clear that we intend to have a drug center by any means necessary. To begin to get the community together we have begun to get a structure to get people involved.

A group of us from the streets have gotten together to form a tight group of people capable of informing the community of the struggle for the drug center. We were critical of the meeting between the task force and the council because we felt that what was being discussed had little to do with our lives or how we feel about a drug program and what it's all about. We understand that unless we make our presence felt and our needs known that the drug program will fail and never become a reality. We are now trying to get a room and a phone number downtown where people can call for information and help with drug habits. We are going to try and show people what a group of people interested in helping each other to deal with drug habits and general problems can do. We also intend to righteously get down to the community organizing that has to take place so that the next time the council and the community meet to discuss the drug center there will be masses of street people and community youth making our presence and needs felt. By the next issue of this paper we hope to have a place and a phone. We also want to organize open community strategy meetings where we can all talk about tactics for getting the drug proposal passed. This drug center was born out of the struggles of the people downtown at the plaza in the summer. The program will only become alive through a struggle right now.

**SEIZE THE TIME!
INTENSIFY THE LEVEL OF STRUGGLE!
SERVE THE PEOPLE!
STOP THE PLAGUE!**





Guns and Politics

BY KENT HUTCHINGS

A lot of people interested in buying weapons for self-defense have heard that gun shows are the place to get them. Unfortunately, it just ain't so.

A gun show is usually a two day affair, held in a large auditorium or convention hall. Individuals and dealers rent tables to display all kinds of guns and knicknacks, most of them for sale. Up until about a year ago, gun shows were the cheapest place to go for guns and, particularly, ammunition.

Now, due to harassment by ATFD (Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms) agents and the law of supply and demand, prices have soared outrageously and quality has dropped.

Several months ago, the ATFD busted six men at a show in Mountain View and charged them with violating the law requiring a dealer to clear a prospective handgun buyer with the buyer's local police. The men protested that they weren't dealers but, instead, private individuals selling pistols the same as you or I might sell our pistols through the newspaper or at garage sales.

The ATFD and the courts wouldn't listen. Although there haven't been any more arrests, and although the six men haven't yet been found guilty or innocent, it is almost impossible to buy a pistol at a gun show.

Even if you can find some brave person willing to sell, you still have to pay him. Prices now are so high you might as well buy a new gun at a store and get the manufacturer's guarantee.

In fact, in the case of some pistols like the Browning Hi-Power and the Smith & Wesson Stainless Steel Chief's Special, you pay MORE at a show for one in like-new condition than you would at a store.

Long guns, like the M-1 Carbine and

the M-1 Rifle (commonly called the "Garand") are equally expensive.

A friend of mine went to the San Jose gun show (held every three months at the Santa Clara County Fairgrounds) a couple of weeks ago and bought an M-1 Carbine for \$100. Just looking at it on the outside, without stripping it down, I wouldn't have paid more than \$60 for the same piece. In fact, if I had taken it apart (like you should ALWAYS do with any used piece you're considering buying) I would have found out it was broken and I wouldn't have paid \$40 for it.

Three years ago I purchased an M-1 Carbine which had never been fired and had been polished and completely refinished for \$95. Today I could sell the same weapon for \$150 or \$175.

(Until the big U.S. gun makers helped pass the 1968 Gun Control Act, it was possible to buy surplus U.S. arms and ammunition through the D.C.M. (Director of Civilian Marksmanship) program. An M-1 Carbine in guaranteed excellent condition cost only \$20! Prices for the M-1 Rifle, the 1903 Springfield, the M1917 Enfield, the .45 automatic pistol, and ammunition for all these weapons were equally low.)

The problem is that so many people have realized that their safety and the safety of their communities depends on being armed. Not knowing anything about weapons other than a vague idea about what kind of guns they should buy, they buy without checking carefully and they pay the full asking price.

Whenever you deal with an individual remember that his listed price is just a bargaining point. The guy who sold the carbine for \$100 probably didn't

expect to get more than \$75. He must have been amazed when my friend didn't try to argue him down.

Don't contribute to the rising cost of guns. Know what you want, examine the weapon before you buy, know what you should be paying, and don't pay a cent more.

Another thing that used to attract people to shows was the fact that, when you bought a gun from an individual you didn't have to sign any papers. In other words, your piece wasn't registered with the government. Now, out of fear of the ATFD, almost every seller makes you sign something--and you never know what happens to that bill of sale after you leave the show.

The moral? The only place left to buy a decent weapon inexpensively is through private want ads in the papers and the "Buy and Sell Press." "Buy and Sell" usually has at least two or three real bargains every issue --but you've got to get the paper the day it comes out and call IMMEDIATELY. Buying through the want ads also means that you don't have to sign anything and the government doesn't know how many or what kind of weapons you own.

If you have a little money, a reputable store like Eddy's Sport Shop in Mountain View or the Gun Exchange in San Francisco is the way to go. Any good store will let you examine the weapon carefully and most will let you test shoot it to be sure of what you're getting.

Finally, don't overlook a new gun. Most good shotguns and pistols can be bought new for little more than they bring used.

(Postscript: Charges were dropped on Monday, Jan. 14, against five of the six men arrested in Mountain View. The reason given was that the men were relying on advice from state law enforcement officials that the State Penal Code didn't apply to the sale of handguns at gun shows.)

Women Denied Guns

From the federal government to local governments (note proposals before P. A. City Council) attempts are being made to deny the people their constitutional right to bear arms. A recent blatant example of this is an action taken by the Foothill-De Anza Board of Trustees.

This summer there was a weaponry class for women at the De Anza range. There was a lot of interest in the class and a group of women went before the Board of Trustees to ask that the class be made a part of the regular curriculum.

The Board denied that request and a request that the range be made open to the public use. They said that they did not want to encourage use of guns by the public. Also the Board said that the range should be used for police training classes and local law enforcement agencies.

There are three main issues involved in this decision by the Board.

The first is that this is not an isolated thing but part of a nation-wide attempt to disarm the people. There are now two bills before the U. S. Congress. One would abolish private ownership of handguns; the other would require all owners and buyers of firearms or ammunition to obtain a \$1 Federal certificate after giving detailed personal and firearms data. There are similar bills on the floor of many State Senates. Historically, one of the first steps in establishing a fascist government has been to deny the people their right to defend themselves.

Secondly, there is a real attempt being made (not only by the Foothill-De Anza trustees) to separate the police and military forces from the community.

The police training classes are being closed at De Anza to everyone but potential police officers. Although the chairman of the Board, Mary Lou Zoglin, claims that they are attempting to train

"humane police", there is a real danger in separating police from the people. That separation has also been a historical step in establishing a fascist government.

The cases of Chester Street house, the Medina Family, John Henry Smith and countless other victims of police repression point out clearly that there is not much likelihood that it's possible to train "humane" police, especially if you separate them from the community.

The final issue involved in the Board decision is that the class we wanted included in the curriculum was specifically for women. The Board, in denying that class, continued in their policy of not meeting women's needs.

In response to women requesting a

class about women, they gave us Airline Hostess Training. In response to our request for a child care center they gave us a trailer house with no toilet facilities, and no running water.

Women are tired of asking and getting nowhere. We're realizing that it's useless to ask; we are starting to seize the power to get what we need. Our Vietnamese sisters have set a beautiful example of what women can do when we fight.

We do not intend to drop this issue. In light of obvious attempts by the government to disarm the people, the need to struggle for our rights to bear arms is very real.

The Board of Trustees has indicated that they are tired of discussing the De Anza range and the weaponry class. Right On! So are we. It's time for action.

MOUNTAIN VIEW VENCEREMOS



NATIONAL LIBERATION



HIGH SCHOOL SECURITY

If your High School doesn't already have a tight surveillance and security system to keep you in line, it will soon--if Congressman Jonathan Bingham gets his way.

Bingham introduced a bill last year which he calls a "Safe School Act." It would allow the use of federal funds to set up "security systems", including campus pigs in High Schools. The money would be used for more, better-trained security guards, parent patrols, surveillance and alarm systems, identification badges for students, and other measures not yet revealed.

FBI INVESTIGATE COLT

The Justice Department has ordered an FBI investigation of allegations that Colt, Inc., has cheated on government quality control tests for its M-16 rifles. Colt is the Army's sole source of the rifle, and has supplied nearly 2.5 million of them. Last November, the Connecticut Citizen Action Group, a consumer group, published a report alleging that Colt employees were hiding malfunctions and performing illegal repairs.



CHI. COPS STAND TRIAL

A judge ruled that State's Attorney Edward Hanrahan, 12 police, and one of his assistants stand trial on charges of "conspiracy to obstruct justice" in the Chicago Black Panther case.

The ruling ended months of maneuvers by Hanrahan to avoid a trial. They are charged with trying to cover up the facts after a Dec. 4, 1969, police raid in a search for weapons.

Black Panther leaders Mark Clark and Fred Hampton were murdered in their beds during the raid. A grand jury found that police fired 100 shots and the Panthers only 1.

CONGRESS PROTECTS PRISONERS

Congress is considering a bill to make taxpayers responsible for claims filed against the food industry for cyclamate poisoning (sort of letting us have their shit and eat it too).

ANGELA LAW

The law under which 18 supporters of Angela Davis were arrested was passed last year for use specifically at the trial of the Soledad Brothers.

State Senator Grunsky introduced the bill in an attempt to deter demonstrations. It prohibits picketing or demonstrating in or near a courtroom "with the intent of influencing or intimidating a jury."

U.S. TRADE DEFICIT

The United States closed 1971 with its worst trade deficit on record, and the first trade deficit in 83 years.

The trade deficit is \$2,046,000,000. Exports expanded by only 2% while imports jumped by 14%.

The government blamed the deficit on the workers--the dock strikes, the threat of steel strikes, and on an economic slowdown in the major industrialized nations overseas.

But the real reason is imperialism which always brings decay at home while the system has to reach abroad to invest its surplus profits. And of necessity this brings rebellion at home, increased police control, fascism while revolution slowly develops.

Jane Franklin

GAS KILLS TREES

Tear gas and riot gas has begun to kill off historic trees on the U.C. Berkeley campus, according to forestry professor Robert Cockrell. He said that CS gas is lethal to plant tissue during active developing stages.

FARMWORKERS STRIKE

180 farmworkers, mostly Chicanos, went on strike Jan. 21 against Wagner's farm in Chrystal City, Texas.

The strike started when workers who sort out yellow spinach from green spinach after it's picked, looked at their paychecks. Instead of the \$1.60 an hour promised them (which is below the minimum wage), they received \$1.30. Pickers had been promised 40¢ per bushel but were only given 20¢.

The picket line remains strong, though they have fired all the strikers.

BUFFALO BOMB

The state Dept. of Corrections was blown up on Jan. 5. Immediately after, bomb threats were received at the pig station and the State University. In the written communique mailed to a local paper, the People's Liberation Army said, "...We will continue the struggle they (the inmates of Attica and other prisons) initiated and will maintain the strongest support for them in every way. Secondly, we want to show the murderers that we have not forgotten (them) in these 3½ months.

SNIPER IN SF.

Police are searching for a sniper who, in separate incidents, fired on law officers, two of them California Highway Patrolmen, and two others members of the San Francisco Police Department.

FARMWORKER SHOT

LIVINGSTON--A farm workers was shot and killed by a border patrolman in a peach orchard Friday. The shooting drew a strong protest from farm labor union leader Cesar Chavez.

Killed in an orchard was Romulo R. Avalos, 24, who was a member of the United Farm Workers Organizing Committee headed by Chavez. Chavez immediately fired off an angry telegram to US Attorney General John Mitchell.

The Merced County Sheriff's office said border patrolman Edward Nelson fired the shot after he was attacked by the victim as Nelson questioned Avalos as to whether or not he was an illegal alien.

INTERNATIONAL REVOLUTION

LONDON

A demonstration of 3,500 people in front of the British Prime Minister's home protesting the murder of 13 Irish people by British troops exploded into violence that left 90 people injured, 20 of them police. Forty police on horseback twice charged the crowd, who fought back with rocks and bottles.

Marches also took place in other cities, and in Glasgow, Scotland two hundred police broke up a march and arrested five people.



British cop felled by protesters



AFRICA

Guerilla leaders from South Africa, Southwest Africa, Rhodesia and the Portuguese colonies appeared before the Security Council of the United Nations demanding an end to the support of the white minority rule by their allies, notably the U.S.

The guerillas said that without the extensive aid the racist governments would not be able to continue their oppression of the African majority.

FRANCE

In mid-January, six prison uprisings occurred within one week in France. A large part of the Nancy prison was wrecked, with damage estimated at several hundred thousand dollars. The Ministry of Justice claimed that "no serious cause of discontent motivated the mutiny."

NAMBIA

In Namibia, a part of the Union of South Africa, a nationwide strike by African workers has brought commerce, industry and mining as well as railways and harbours to a total standstill since Dec. 13, 1971, according to a press release issued by the South West African Peoples Organization (SWAPO).

The workers are striking for the independence of Namibia and for the end of rule by the white supremacist government.

African policemen in four leading cities refused to arrest their sisters and brothers, and have been replaced by troops and police airlifted in by the government. The people of Namibia, in the face of bloody suppression are fighting back with the only weapons they have, spears and bows and arrows.

Hsinhua, China News Service



COLUMBIA

Guerillas of the National Liberation Army seized this strategic river port for several hours on Jan. 7; the first reported guerilla movement in the center of Colombia's oil and transportation network. They freed all the prisoners, burnt all the files of the municipal court, seized all state money, and had public trials of land owners and police. The police chief climbed up the nearest tree when he saw them coming, and hid there for several hours eating coconuts and bananas.



URUGUAY

The electoral truce is over. The Tupamaros broke it by seizing the military airport at Paysandu and taking machine guns, ammo, and three radio transmitters. At the same time, they seized the coastal radio station, taking 3 transmitters, and a chalk quarry, taking 40 kilos of dynamite and a lot of detonators.

PHILIPINES

President Marcos, the American puppet, was forced to address the Congress from a bulletproof booth, amid extremely tight security precautions. Thousands of people protesting the great poverty in their land filled the streets of Manila.

ARGENTINA

Two guerrillas assaulted a federal police guard at the U.S. Embassy residence in Buenos Aires yesterday and fled with his revolver and machinegun, authorities reported.

BURMA

Though the information appears only in the financial pages of the pig press, a war has been going on in Burma for years. Between 15,000 and 25,000 communist insurgents are fighting the 125,000-man army. 4/5 of the country has been rendered economically unexploitable because of the solidarity of the people with the rebels.

AUSTRALIA

In Australia, the N. Y. Times reports, the "sudden emergence of a militant black-power movement among the dissatisfied young Aborigines." Of course, the development of the Aboriginal movement isn't sudden; their history has been marred by massacres and oppressions since the white settlers came to their land in 1770.

What is new is their sense of strength which they say comes from a solidarity with their comrades in struggle around the world. "We are part of the Third World movement," said one leader. "That is where we belong, that's where our strength will come." All sections of the movement agree that the aims of the Aboriginal activists will be achieved by revolution.

IRELAND

Six priests visited Long Kesh internment camp near here--and seven came out--in one of the boldest escapes yet managed by the outlawed Irish Republican Army.

The extra "priest" was high-ranking IRA provisional staff officer Francis McGuigan, who Sunday night became the first man to escape from the heavily guarded camp.

TUNIS

Hundreds of university and secondary school students rioted in downtown Tunis on Feb. 8. Helmeted police used tear gas and truncheons to break up groups of students chanting, "Down with dictatorship." Some demonstrators were reported slightly injured and scores were held for questioning.

BANGLADESH



BENGALI REFUGEES WHO HAD FLED TO INDIA TREK BACK THROUGH A RUINED COUNTRYSIDE TO THEIR HOMES IN BANGLADESH.

Pakistan's new premier, Ali Bhutto, knew exactly what he was doing when he freed his sometime enemy, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, and sent him home to head up the new nation of Bangladesh.

"I alone can save East Pakistan from communism," Mujib had said before giving himself up to prison in West Pakistan, leaving his Bengali followers to battle well-armed Pakistani troops with sticks and stones.

Only Mujib's return to the newly created Bangladesh would rein in the guerrillas, wrote the Associated Press shortly before Christmas. "One reason India was ready to go to war . . . was because it feared that the longer the Bangladesh guerrilla campaign against the Pakistani government wore on, the more politically radical the guerrillas would become and would slip away from Sheikh Mujib's Awami League."

Mujib's Awami League represents merchants, professional men, and civil servants. Bhutto, who has made overtures to the Awami League leadership of Bangladesh since freeing Mujib, is a wealthy landlord himself.

GUN CONTROL

One of Mujib's first actions when he got to Bangladesh was to order the guerrillas to turn in all of their guns. In late January, one of the most powerful of the guerrilla leaders -- 24-year-old "Tiger of Tangail" -- ordered his 16,000 followers to stack their nearly 3,000 weapons for Mujib's inspection.

But the central government made no arrangements for collecting the arms, leaving it up to their guerrilla chief not to give them back to his men. Many guerrillas are holding on to their arms until Mujib proves himself -- one way or the other.

MUJIB SELLS ECONOMY TO IMPERIALISTS

One indication of Mujib's direction came on January 29, when he invited World Bank president Robert McNamara to visit Bangladesh. The US-dominated World Bank is a major economic tool of American overseas interests.

McNamara, secretary of defense during the US buildup in Vietnam, had been negotiating the World Bank's post-war aid programs with India and Pakistan. The Bank is expected to pick up the tab of reconstruction for all three of the South Asian governments. Its price: dictation of the economic policies for the whole subcontinent.

World Bank reconstruction funds will be one part of the American attempt to counter the Soviet Union's newly consolidated influence -- economic, political, and military -- in South Asia.

When a Soviet, as well as Ameri-

can, fleet took up station in the Bay of Bengal during the conflict, Japanese papers reported that the USSR considered the war a golden opportunity to realize its "Indian Ocean Strategy" -- using India as a "pawn" to "ensure passage through the Indian Ocean for expansion in Southeast Asia."

The USSR showed its economic motives when the Soviet consul in Dacca called on Awami League leaders immediately after Indian forces occupied the country. He asked that the new regime sign a trade agreement with Moscow "as quickly as possible." The Chinese condemned the move as "Soviet social-imperialism . . . aimed at exploiting (East Pakistan's) jute and its cheaper labor."

Russia has become India's number two creditor after the US, and will become wither the number one or two creditor in Bangladesh. Soviet aid has built 30 percent of steel production, 35 percent of its electrical equipment, and 85 percent of its heavy machines.

These Soviet "aid" projects are under strict Soviet control in design, investment, installation of equipment, raw material supply -- and actual management. Indian parliamentarians have compared the "overbearing attitudes" of Soviet Management with those of widely criticized American corporation managers in India.

As in their East European neo-colonies, the Soviets are pushing an "industrial cooperation" between the USSR and India which effectively ties into the Soviet economy. The USSR is getting finished steel goods in return for setting up Indian factories -- which manufacture those goods. Cotton purchased cheap from the USSR's Middle Eastern dependents is sent to India -- where Indian cheap labor turns it into textiles for the Russian home market.

One Indian magazine has complained that "India's exports to Russia consist chiefly of the same commodities as those extracted by the British colonialists" -- at 20-30 percent below world market price.

One of the Soviet Union's targets in India has been jute -- which is also Bangladesh's major export product. And the Soviet consul in Dacca has suggested that Russia's Middle Eastern cotton stockpile could fuel the Bengali mills where labor is even cheaper than in India.

Perhaps to build up its own industrial machine to keep competing Bengali labor from depressing Indian wages, India seems to have embarked on a campaign to strip Bangladesh of machinery. Britain's equivalent of the New York Times, the Guardian, reported January 22, that Indian troops were systematically looting Bengali mills, factories, and offices -- loading the equipment of trucks and taking it back to India. They have sought out electric motors for machinery especially, as well as typewriters, duplicating machines, telephones, and other office equipment.

CHINA'S ROLE IN THE WAR

Since its beginning, China has argued strongly that the war was not to free the East Bengalis, but to extend Indian--and Soviet--imperialism.

On January 31, China's "People's Daily" editorialized that the problem of Bangladesh is a question that "should and can only be solved by the Pakistani people themselves."

"If self-determination is permitted, then there is no need to dispatch troops," the editorial said of the Indian invasion. "Since troops have been dispatched, then there is no self-determination." The editorial compared Soviet Union's part in the conflict to its 1969 invasion of Czechoslovakia.

"The fall of Dacca is definitely not a so-called 'milestone' towards victory for the Indian aggressors," the editorial concluded, "but the starting point of endless strife on the South Asian subcontinent and of their defeat."

Meanwhile, new information about China's role in the war was revealed in the February 5 issue of Far Eastern Economic Review by Indian reporter T.J.S. George.

Sources in Dacca report, says George, that Peking made its strong opposition to the military junta's repression in Bengal very, very clear--in private.

When Bhutto, then a minister in the regime of general Yahya Khan, visited Peking seeking arms, his Chinese hosts confronted him with a list of some sixty leading Bengali leftists known to have been killed by the Pakistani army.

Then they held a small protest demonstration before the Bhutto delegation, George says, and sent him home empty-handed.

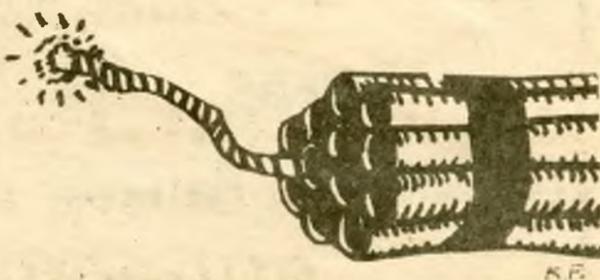
"It appears China has let its friends in Bengal know that it supported the liberation movement," George says. "But it was quite clear what it did not want--victory for the Awami League's bourgeois leadership."

"As analysts surmised at the time, Peking was keen on 'protracted warfare' on the calculation that the leadership would pass into radical hands."

This was exactly what was happening, George writes. Victory for leftist guerrillas within the civil war looked certain. Only Indian intervention--backed by the Soviets--changed things. "The natural consequence was that the new country became a pawn in the international power game," writes George. "Now it was not a question of Bangladesh sovereignty but how other powers would try to use such sovereignty for their own purposes."

Writing from Dacca, George says he believes Mujib's honeymoon with his people will not survive "the hard reality of rising prices and the inevitable economic frustrations." Underground Maoist groups are still quite influential in some parts of the country, he says, and China may be justified if it believes that, in due course, these groups will become the vanguard of a second revolution in Bangladesh.

Dave Ransom, Redwood City Venceremos





THE NATIONAL QUESTION

Separatism Disastrous?

Queridos Companeros:

I would like to express my support of Pamoja Venceremos. This people's paper becomes more complete and interesting with each issue.

Since Pamoja Venceremos has expressed the declarations of the Venceremos organization, I would like to criticize one point in the very excellent Venceremos program. The point is repeated in a summary of Bruce Franklin's talk at the Lucy Stern Center, Dec. 10 issue.

This point, the acceptance of cultural and revolutionary nationalist rights of secession to form separate nations, represents a severe contradiction in communist political ideology. While recognizing the subtlety of the issue, any acceptance of secession theories while pretending to speak for the working class nationally is unmarxist and unreal. A party simply cannot lead a majority of a nation it proposes to dismember. I don't recall that any Marxist-Leninist party ever adopted such a line. Look, for example, at the history of the Spanish republic and the disastrous results of separatism.

The Black Panther Party developed a very clear realistic view of this important principle and held to it without contradiction. It did this because the political reality is that the dominion of Canada, the USA, and the USM exist for very special reasons. It is most important that ideals and concepts such as Aztlan and the Republic of New Africa should be understood, respected, and supported but this isn't the same as advocating separatism.

Since the rules of Venceremos recognize a Third World majority of party leadership, and the Third World majority population corresponds with the proletarian class, there is no contradiction. The means of uniting the diverse ethnic groups within the nation exists.

The oppressed classes demand autonomy and Venceremos by its very nature and existence makes this autonomy principle real. Therefore, I hope Venceremos leadership will consider to re-write its secession declaration in order to further the cause and lead the people to a higher degree of unity.

Again, thanks for your efforts in creating a fine paper for the people,

VENCEREMOS,

Ross Curtis

All Nations Have the Right to be Free

Ka (Comrade) Ross,

The first point we would like to make in response to your letter is that our Principles of Unity aren't printed in full in Pamoja. What we have there is point II, Dictatorship of the Proletariat. We are thinking of printing our principles in full, but that decision hasn't been made yet. If you are interested in finding out where we are coming from, check out Pamoja Venceremos #13 or send 25¢ to our office for our Principles of Unity booklet.

In answer to your criticism of point five of our program, we would like to point out a small failing in its writing, in that we simply stated that those nation-states had a right to secede and run their lives without offering an explanation concerning why we believe this to be the case.

Third World people in the U.S. and its empire were at one time national sovereignties, free and autonomous. Hawaii, Aztlan, Alaska, Saukenek, the Philippines, Puerto Rico and all the others were invaded and their political machinery, be it tribal, feudal, a republic or democracy, were overthrown. Third World people inside the states, excluding those whose land became part of the states, were kidnapped from their motherland to become the draft animals of the white imperialists: Blacks from

Dear Editor:

Early this January there were reports in the papers about a major strike by pre-med and medical students at Madrid University. These strikes were brutally suppressed by the fascist Guardia Civil and the Army by order of Franco. I understand some 400 doctors demonstrated on behalf of the students. It was reported that some 250 students (and perhaps some MD's) were thrown in jail.

After that, silence. What has happened to these people? What is going on now at the university?

May I ask of your paper, and through you, the medical student body at Stanford, and the MD's there, that an inquiry be sent to the Spanish ambassador in Washington DC, and to the American ambassador in Madrid. Such a demonstration of concern for the welfare of our brothers in a fascist country would be an act of support and could serve to improve their chances for survival (too many have died in jail before).

Milton Wolff

Africa via slave ships, the Chinese coolies were shanghaied, the Filipinos were brought to serve as house-boys stewards, cooks, and farm laborers. Each of these peoples were kidnapped or conquered as a nation, exploited and oppressed as a nation and became the victims of genocidal attempts as a nation. They have the historical right to national autonomy that no one or no party can grant or deny. Both Lenin and Mao said that a communist party is not truly revolutionary if it doesn't believe and support self-determination for oppressed nations.

However, even if we must recognize these nations' rights to self-determination, it is the responsibility of all communists to struggle and encourage unity among all nations. It wouldn't take a great deal of imagination to figure out the almost insurmountable problems we would face if the Black nation decided to secede. We don't want these divisions among us. But on the other hand, if anyone of these nations decide that they want to exercise their right to autonomy, and it is their right, we must support their secessionist struggle by all necessary means and with our lives as we have pledged.

VENCEREMOS!
MABUHAY!

James Dacayanar,
Deputy Minister of Information

MILLIONAIRE, BOSS, HAWK ON VIETNAM, LANDLORD, CONTRIBUTOR TO NIXON AND REAGAN...



FEW PARENTS would question a John Wayne movie, yet "The Cowboys" shows schoolboys turned into killers.

Who Can Parents Trust?

(would you believe, PAMOJA VENCEREMOS?)

SUBSCRIBE NOW!



22

Students Fight War And CJP

One form of repression at Stanford is the Campus Judiciary Panel (CJP). This organ of the Stanford administration is designed to try and sentence students for their actions against Stanford imperialism.

One such case has been that of four students who helped stop war recruiting at Stanford's Placement Center last November. This action and others taken throughout this year have been aimed at transforming the function of the Placement Center.

The Placement Center now serves the

personnel needs of US war corporations and the military. The Stanford Rehabilitation Movement (SRM) is trying to force the Center into serving the needs of the people.

The ruling interests at Stanford have responded to this and other anti-imperialist actions through increasingly open repression of the Stanford Rehabilitation Movement. But SRM has fought back.

The first hearing against the Placement Center Four was stopped by demonstrators. The next hearing was closed to the people, and the people -- forced to

wait outside -- were surrounded by the Santa Clara Tac Squad.

Inside, the repression was almost as perfectly blatant. Following the cues of the administration, the hearing officer mechanically denied every motion the defense made. (Including motions to have the hearing open to the people, at a time when workers and students could attend them, and at a convenient place -- not in a fortress next to the police station surrounded by a 10 foot fence).

At that point the members of the defense collective walked out to join the people outside.

Since then the collective has based its defense on the question of whether or not war recruiting is a "legitimate university function".

This question is a struggle of conflicting interests and conflicting world views. One side sees the role of Stanford as serving US Corporations and thus defends the right of these corporations to recruit at Stanford. The other side believes that Stanford should serve the people and thus defends the right of the Vietnamese people to life and self-determination.

While the administration was trying the Placement Center Four, SRM continued to attack war recruiting at Stanford. FMC, maker of anti-personnel bombs among other things, was stopped from recruiting. The next week, the Navy recruiter, told he would be physically stopped from entering the Placement Center, cancelled both days previously scheduled for Navy recruiting.

These and other actions will continue, in spite of the CJP railroad, constant presence of the tac squad, and busts on fabricated charges.

REPRESSION BREEDS RESISTANCE!.

SMASH CJP

Steve Downey

During the hearing some interesting facts were revealed. The "victim" of the second alleged assault, actually an open hand slap to the head, stated that he was testifying against his own will, and furthermore testified that Rafas did not touch him. He had previously notified MECHA that he was coerced by the Stanford Administration into testifying under threat of suspension.

MECHA TALKS ABOUT CJP

The article below, written by MECHA, is reprinted in part from the Stanford Daily. Rafas Robles was the first person to be tried by the CJP. The CJP's fascism is self-evident.

Rafas Robles is the first student at

Stanford to be subjected to the Swartz-Kaplan-Lyman do-it-yourself aborted judicial system (formerly the SJC). He is charged with two counts of assault during Spring Quarter 1971 and forgery of a hold card.

Black Fights Racism At Faculty Club

The Harvard Club of the Peninsula has, according to the president of it, a potential of over 1800 members in the area. What I fear was a fairly representative sample showed up for a dinner meeting of the club on Feb. 9 at the Stanford Faculty Club.

When my guests and I arrived, a group of about 70 members and their wives and guests had assembled. A lady approached me and introduced herself as Mrs. Marion Scudder. She clasped my hand in hers and told me how happy they all were to have me there. Her face showed surprise and befuddlement familiar to me since I've been attending Harvard functions for years and happen to be black. I was the only black at the meeting. Indeed, I believe I was the first black man ever to attend a meeting of this club.

The nine of us in the group I'd invited got drinks and began circulating. I was talking to the club president when I saw a very fat man talking to an elderly couple. From descriptions I'd heard, I assumed he was Arturo Lionetti, the head chef at the Faculty Club. An article had appeared the week before in Chaparral, in which he was quoted as referring to black people as spooks. I went over to Lionetti and attempted to question him about the remarks attributed to him. He replied that the article was "propaganda" and quickly rushed away.

As I was about to sit down at a table, Lionetti approached me and asked, "Hey, do you belong here? Are you with the people eating here tonight?"

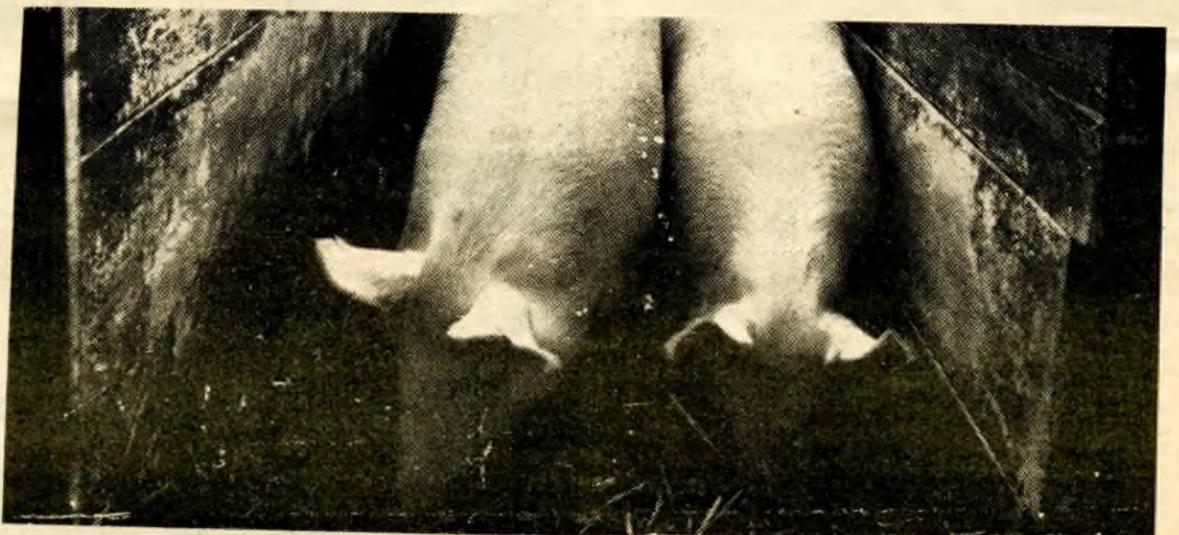
To say I was outraged is to attempt

to describe feelings that are indescribable to whites and need no description for non-whites. I stared at the fat chef and replied angrily, "Of course I belong here. Where do you come off asking me whether or not I belong here? Mind your own business and get away from me, you fat slob!" Lionetti replied defensively, "Well, you aren't wearing a name tag."

"No one else is wearing a name tag and don't you dare ask me whether I belong here until you've questioned everyone else in this room," I answered.

After the business portion of the meeting was over, the speakers were to be introduced.

One of my guests, Mr. John Harris,



ARTURO LIONETTI AND SHERIFF FRIEND FEED AT THEIR TROUGH



E.R.C.

TRADUCION EN PAGINA 27

COMMUNITY CENTER

At the Redwood City Council meeting Monday, Feb. 14, it was decided that the people of East Redwood City will have an election to pick their advisory board members to the proposed Fair Oaks Community Center. Elections and filing dates have been set, extended and cancelled before because of insufficient publication.

Conflict arose recently when Fernando Vega, head of the present advisory board declared that the election was cancelled and the 12 people who had filed petitions would be on the Board. People who received their petitions 2-3

hours before the deadline and some who were later than that demanded to know what the hell was happening. Three hours is not enough time to decide to run, decide on a platform and to convince 25 people to sign your petition for nomination.

The people protested this action at the council meeting. Even City Manager Fales admitted that city support of the election came too late. After listening to all of this the Council voted to have the election. Peterson voted "no," oinking that without order there would be chaos.

City Manager Fales also said he did "not know at this point whether we can recommend that this project be built... We do not know if the city can afford to operate it...In my humble opinion Redwood City cannot operate this center by itself...it's economically unfeasible." This means of course, the City Council lost nothing by voting to have an election. They have total power to decide that "there isn't enough money" for the center no matter how the people of Redwood City vote.

Voting isn't the only way to win what is rightfully ours!

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE!

BLACK FIGHTS RACISM

(Continued from previous page)

and racism on campus, they decided that our presence could be nothing less than the coming or the revolutionary apocalypse right there in the middle of the Harvard Club.

The irony is that we had seen the meeting as a chance to engage in "rational dialogue." We had paid our money, come appropriately dressed, and didn't use any profanity even when the occasion called for it. Our attempts to gain recognition for a blatant racist injustice done me were met with mindless cries for order.

The topic that evening was "Is our legal system doing its job?" The dean of the Law School, a Santa Clara County judge, and the City Attorney of Milpitas spoke. During the speeches, the sheriff came because someone had reported that a fight was going on.

After the speeches, the gentleman chairing the meeting recognized people who had questions. After several questions I was recognized. I asked the judge a question, the old gentleman badgered me and said I was monopolizing the floor, and he and many members told me that I had said enough.

After the meeting, I was approached by many of the members who wanted to know why I was so upset. I told them of the Lionetti episode. Most said that I must have misinterpreted his actions. One lady said it "simply didn't happen." All my efforts to convince her were met by a smile and nods of disbelief.

My guests and I left soon. They urged me to demand an apology from Lionetti, the Faculty Club and the Harvard Club. I do so now. I also plan to tell the Harvard Alumni Association.

Many people told me the meeting had been the best yet and asked me to come back. Only moments before they had been angrily shouting me down. I think many of these people got in touch with themselves for the first time in a while. I doubt if many of them thought they would call the police the first time a black tried to speak, but they were. They showed far better than all the statistics I could produce what kind of job our legal system is doing. They saw us with a few buttons and one black face, and if that was that threatening, something is terribly wrong somewhere. For all of us, that meeting should be what Walter Lord called the evening the Titanic sank, "A night to remember."

Roy Eugene Boggs, Jr.

CAMBODIA IN TROUBLE

Having suffered heavy losses and fearful of being "sold down the river" by Nixon, Phnom Penh military dictator General Lon Nol is trying to make a deal with Hanoi.

Lon Nol's regime is making behind-the-scenes overtures to the North Vietnamese, in which it is offering them full use of Eastern Cambodian sanctuaries and supply lines in return for a ceasefire in Cambodia and a withdrawal of Vietnamese communist forces to the Eastern provinces.

The Lon Nol regime was brought to power by an American-inspired coup that preceded the U.S. invasion of Cambodia in 1970. The regime's turnabout was precipitated by Nixon's recent 8-point peace proposal, which makes no mention of Cambodia.

"The US expanded the war into Cambodia to relieve pressure on its own troops in Vietnam, but the strategy went bad, and Cambodia's entrance into the war has turned out to be more "headache than help" one observer declared. "Now the Americans want out fast, and what happens to Cambodia happens to Cambodia."

Lon Nol's freedom of movement is hindered by the almost total economic dependence of his regime on the U.S. His rag-tag army-outfitted with American arms uniforms, and ideology -now claims control of only about a third of the country, having recently suffered heavy losses to communist forces that are half Cambodian, half Vietnamese.

By dealing, the Phnom Penh regime is out to save its skin. Its go-betweens with Hanoi are Soviet diplomats in Phnom Penh. The Soviets are assuring Lon Nol that, if they are successful, Vietnamese will not demand the return of Prince Norodom Sihanouk, whom Lon Nol deposed.

When he found Moscow lukewarm, after the coup against him, Sihanouk sought exile in Peking. He has since attacked the Soviet Union for being weak in its backing of the Southeast Asian revolutions. As formal head of the National United Front of Cambodia, Sihanouk has helped organize an alliance of the Cambodian, Laotian, and North and South Vietnamese revolutionary fronts-which are now coordinating their dry-season attacks on the American-backed dictatorships in their countries.

It is unlikely that North Vietnam will bow to expedience and Soviet pressure to break that alliance, and the gaggle in Phnom Penh know it. Having to negotiate directly with Sihanouk is their greatest fear.

CJP JUDGE ATTACKED

Monday afternoon, a tire on Lillian Atree's car was punctured and liquid solder was poured in her ignition lock. In response, Kaplan said if he'd known this was going to happen he wouldn't have appointed a woman as hearing officer for the CJP (Campus Judicial Panel).

We, the Red Detachment of Women are responsible for these acts. We want to make a few things clear:

Lillian Atree wasn't singled out because as a woman she must be weak and easily intimidated; she was singled out because as a woman who is allowing herself to be used as a token, she is a traitor to her sisters.

She is in a position where she could exert some influence over the outcome of the CJP hearing. Instead she yields to the male authority figure and allows Schwartz to dominate every part of the hearing.

While sisters subsist on welfare, or walk the streets so they can eat, Atree lives in a fancy house in Carlson Circle in Palo Alto. As a female member of the professional elite of Amerika, she is in a unique position where she could help her brothers and sisters. Yet she dismisses women's liberation as just something more to infringe on individual freedom and denies that she has a duty to use her legal skills and knowledge to help anyone other than the ruling class.

Women will continue to initiate and participate in actions to attack the ruling class which seeks to keep us in the role of second class citizens.

Women who side with pigs by choice must be dealt with. This time the liquid solder didn't dry and since we only punctured one tire, Charming Marvin Harrington was able to quickly put on a spare. Next time we'll be more prepared.

RED DETACHMENT OF WOMEN



HOW TO STOP BLEEDING

The main objective of helping a brother or sister with a bleeding wound is to stop the bleeding at once. You may save a life by controlling hemorrhage (uncontrolled massive bleeding).

The average adult has between 4-6 quarts of blood. Any loss over a quart can be very serious.

Direct Pressure: Most external bleeding can be controlled by applying pressure directly over the wound. Use a clean cloth, or part of clothing in a real emergency. The cleaner the cloth the less chance of causing infection. It may be necessary to use a bare hand for quick action in stopping major blood loss till a cloth can be brought to use. After the bleeding has been stopped apply enough cloth to form a good covering and then tie bandage firmly. Do not remove the dressing. If blood saturates the dressing apply more layers of cloth and tighten the bandage directly over the wound.

Pressure to the Supplying Vessel: For quick action you can use your hand to press one of two places on the body that supplies blood to either above or below the waist.

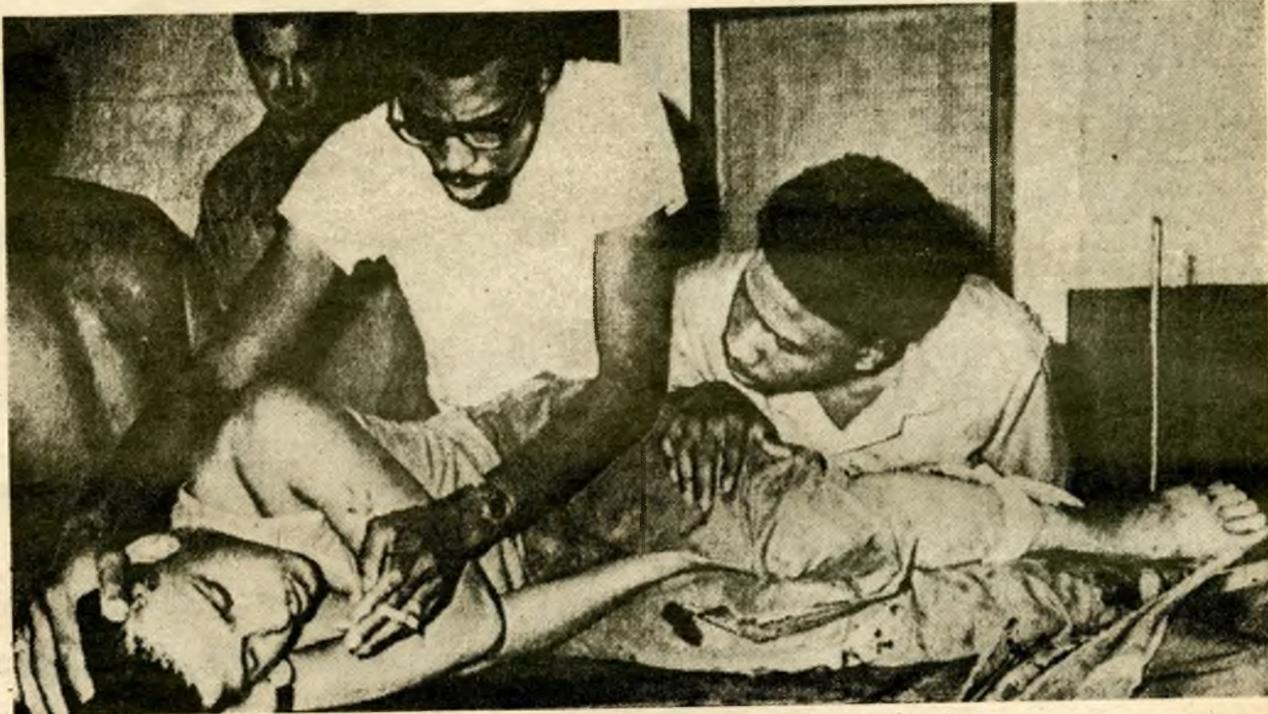
(1) Pressure on the inner half of the arm midway between the elbow and the armpit; this stops bleeding above the waist, below the point of pressure.

(2) Pressure applied just below the groin on the front inner half of the thigh; this should slow up bleeding below the waist, below the point of pressure.

Bleeding can almost always be controlled by direct pressure. In severe cases use pressure to the supplying vessel. Use of a tourniquet in case of hemorrhage is justified only in rare cases. If it's applied for over two hours, its release may cause the person to go into shock. If a person needs a tourniquet get him/her to the hospital or doctor fast. In reality to apply a tourniquet is a decision to maybe sacrifice a limb in order to save a life.

If an extremity (leg, arm) is involved, elevate it using pillows or some substitute. Provided there is no penetration wound of the abdomen or lower chest (i.e. deep knife wound) give the patient 1/2 glass (4 oz.) of water every 1/2 hour.

All Power to the People
Learn to Help Comrades Survive



COMO SE PARA EL SANGRE

La cosa mas importante cuando está ayudando a un hermano o una hermana con una herida sangrando, es que parar el sangrando inmediatamente. Se puede salvar una vida por controlar hemorragia (sangrando macizo incontrolado).

El adulto ordinario tiene entre 4y6 cuartos de sangre. Una perdida de mas de un cuarto puede ser muy serio.

Presión Directa La mayoría del sangrando externo puede ser controlado con aplicar presión directamente sobre la herida. Use un trapo limpio o un parte de la ropa en una emergencia verdad. Lo más limpio el trapo, lo menos la posibilidad de infección. Puede ser necesario usar el mano desnudo para acción rápida en parar una perdida de sangre, mayor hasta se puede obtener un trapo. Después que ha parado el sangrando, aplique bastante trapo para formar una cubierta buena y apretalo fuerte. No remueva la venda. Si el sangre empapa la venda, aplique más trapo y apreta la venda más fuerte directamente sobre la herida.

Presión al vaso proveendo Para acción rápida, puede usar el mano para presionar uno de los dos lugares en el cuerpo que provee sangre por encima de la cintura o por abajo de la cintura.

1. presión en la mitad interior del brazo, entre el sobaco y el codo, esto para sangre por encima de la cintura, por abajo del punto de presión.

2. presión en la mitad interior del muslo-esto debo despaciarse sangrando por abajo de la cintura, por abajo del punto de presión. Se puede parar sangrando casi siempre con presión directa. En casos severos, use presión al vaso proveendo. El uso de una liga en el caso de hemorragia esta justificado solamente en casos raros. Si está aplicado por mas que 2 horas, el alivio puede causar la persona a ir en sacudimiento. Si una persona necesita una liga, llevala al doctor inmediatamente. En realidad, aplicar una liga es una decisión que posiblemente sacrificar un miembro del cuerpo par salvar una vida.

Si una extremidad (brazo, pierna) esta implicado, levántelo, usando almohadas o un sustituto. Si no hay una herida de penetración del abdomen o del pecho inferior (como una herida honda de cuchillo) de al paciente 1/2 vaso (4 onzas) de aqua cada media hora.

¡Todo Poder al Pueblo!
Aprenda como ayudar
carnales a sobrevivir



SICKLE CELL NOT THE PROBLEM

Washington--With all the attention now being devoted to sickle cell anemia, we might ask: "How important is this disease to Black people?" The answer is that while sickle cell anemia is acripler and a killer well-deserving of a cure, there are many things which more commonly affect Black people in America.

There is lead poisoning, which millions of Black children living in rundown slum homes contract from paint peeling off the walls.

There is malnutrition from inadequate diets of many Black people in the rural southern part of the country as well as in the cities.

There is dope addiction and hypertension which are common in the crowded cities of Chicago, New York and Los Angeles.

Beyond particular diseases and illnesses, there is the general lack of political power of Black people in America, the general means of providing adequate economic necessities like food clothing and shelter.

Many Black people are now beginning to take a second look at the issue of

sickle cell anemia. They ask themselves whether or not it should occupy such a large amount of attention. A prominent Black doctor has pointed out that far more people on the continent of Africa have the sickle cell trait, simply because that is the home of African people. If scientists are serious about looking for a cure, Africa would be the proper place for most research centers.

The cooperation between Black doctors and scientists in the U.S. and in Africa that could result from such centers and health institutes would be beneficial far beyond just researching sickle cell anemia.

As one young Black medical student commented: "Black people have a whole range of needs to fill and problems to solve which require our interest, our unity and our energy. We cannot allow others to put sickle cell anemia at the top of our list when it doesn't belong there."

reprinted from MUHAMMAD SPEAKS

H.E.W. AT STANFORD — TO INVESTIGATE CONDITIONS OF WOMEN WORKERS

Women workers at Stanford are discriminated against. Most women are stuck in dead-end jobs, where they get the lowest pay and do the most drudgery. Their bosses depend on them to take a lot of responsibility; yet these women are made to feel that they are too stupid to take classes at an elite university like Stanford!

The university could not function without the women who work here, and the society could not function without their children. Yet the administration refuses to shoulder the responsibility for cheap, decent child-care. Stanford provides beautiful housing for its white, male professors. But low-paid women and third-world workers must travel miles to find cheap places to live.

Many third-world women are paid so little that they have to go on welfare even while they work. These are just a few examples of discrimination.

A committee from the Department of Health, Education and Welfare is coming to Stanford to investigate discrimination against women. Through this investigation, women workers will not only have an opportunity to voice complaints and grievances, but also to unite with other women around their oppression both as women and as workers.

HEW will have to listen to us if we come together in a strong women's movement. To prepare for the investigation, the Women's Union, the Third World Liberation Front, and USE have distributed a questionnaire about job conditions and about any complaints women would like to make. The questionnaires remain completely confidential.

Questionnaires can be picked up and/or dropped off at the Women's Center (3rd floor Women's Clubhouse, old Union Courtyard) or at the Stanford Hospital in the Work-Study office on the first floor. If you want to remain anonymous, just call the women's center at ext. 3114 and ask someone to deliver questionnaires to everyone in your department.



SUPPORT SISTERS IN SAN BRUNO JAIL

Sisters on the outside are trying to get communications and resources going for the women at San Bruno Jail. Books, records, and toiletries (toothbrush, toothpaste, tampax, kleenex, soap, brush, and combs) are being collected at Connections, 3189 16th Street, San Francisco. For further information call 863-1604.

Chris Laury is Acquitted Again

On Feb. 8, 1972, after several weeks of postponements, the deputy D.A. of San Mateo County requested the charge of resisting arrest be dismissed against Christopher Laury. The grounds on which he made his request were "insufficient evidence" and "in the interest of justice", of course !!!

Examining the situation closer we will see some obvious contradictions and even the motivating reasons for any acts of political repression in Babylon. The police agencies are just one level people have to deal with; another is the court system and last is the prison. All three of these agencies are set up as protectors and safeguards of the power structure that are activated whenever the superstructure is threatened.

In the case of the Black Panther Party, police agencies were put into action all over the nation to safeguard the rising tide of Black militancy at the local level. Which in turn put another level to work, that of the fascist courts. Panthers were harassed, arrested, beaten, shot, and murdered, because they were Black, because they were Panthers. In the courts all types of conspiracies were thrown at them. But after a year or so of going to court, many were acquitted, and the charges dismissed, or never even made it to court.

E. Palo Alto and the Mid-Peninsula area was and is no exception. In January, 1971, there was a new level of militancy in the E. Palo Alto area. In

response to the birth of the Black Liberation Front the local protective agencies put the wheels in motion to bring a halt to the new threat.

A campaign of harassment, arrest and beatings was started by the S. M. Sherriffs. The focus of their campaign were the well-known members of the organization, the Kings and Chris Laury. Charges of assaults, resistings, brandishings were brought against these members in an effort to detain in the courtroom bail money and these persons themselves.

It would be a lie to deny the fact that the sheriffs department had ever heard of the B.L.F. (Black Liberation Front) or even that the sheriffs have an "organized crime unit" to deal with them. The truth speaks for itself. For every charge that Chris Laury was ever falsely arrested for, either they've been dismissed or he's been acquitted on. Why then, if the sheriffs were truly acting in the interest of justice, did their charges never stick? Because they weren't acting in the interest of justice or in the interest of the People.

The sherriffs accomplished what they set out to do, which was to hang those brothers and sisters up in court (keeping an eye on them), draining organizational funds for bail, and trying to intimidate the masses of people. One thing they didn't anticipate or even expect is that their intimidation, harassment and repression breeds great gobs of resistance.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 6

janitor who was unjustly fired. The demonstrators were clubbed and arrested. But, even though the people were beaten, the hospital was forced to respond to the grievances of the Black and Brown workers.

Right now, workers are talking about recent raises and unemployment benefits that just went into effect. But people should not be fooled. The only reason Stanford makes concessions is to convince workers that they don't need a union. Stanford would like nothing better than to have workers fighting with each other over which union they want to the point where no union wins at Stanford. As workers at Stanford, we must understand that dividing ourselves can only benefit the people who hire and fire us at Stanford. When we are up against Stanford, we are up against people who rule this country, and if we are to get the things we want, better pay, housing, etc., we have to be united.

The Role of a Revolutionary Organization

Many workers at Stanford recognize that a union will not change their lives drastically, and this is true. But anything that fosters unity among workers and helps them to understand that their interests are opposed to their bosses is good and we support it. In the next paper we will try to sum up what the workers have said and relate that to the strengths and weaknesses of particular unions in the election. And, in the meantime, we think it takes two things for workers to win at Stanford: 1) Know Stanford, it is your enemy and 2) Unity among workers is primary.

E. H. Stanford Venceremos

WORKERS FIGHT FORD

By 1941 hundreds of men had spent over 20 years trying to organize Ford workers into a union. It was difficult to get workers together. They were divided by racism, always exhausted from speed-ups, afraid of Ford's goons, and so on. There had never been a strike in which all the workers had participated. But over the years they were learning important lessons (see Labor History, Vol. II #III).

In 1941 things began to happen fast. The UAW-CIO signed on hundreds of new members at Ford. Then Ford was forced to stop production when another company which supplied it with parts was shut down by a strike. This important because many workers felt Ford was so powerful that it couldn't be shut down. During May, 15,000 workers took part in sit-down strikes over a variety of grievances.

Union leaders feared the sense of power the workers were getting almost as much as Ford did. Its leaders, men like Walter Reuther who later became president of UAW for nearly 20 years, were only interested in power and glory for themselves.

The real leaders, workers who'd been organizing on the job for years, saw that only the workers themselves could organize Ford. These were men like Bill Mckie, a 60-year-old sheet metal man who had been organizing at Ford for 10 years. Many of these leaders were communists.

Late in May these leaders met secretly. They agreed that the struggle had to be raised from spontaneous sit-downs to an organized, militant strike. Since the leaders of the UAW-CIO opposed a strike, they'd have to bypass the union to organize the strike. They would base their organizing on the ties they had built with workers over the years.

They set April 1, 1941 as the time to begin. Workers in key shops of the Ford Plant in Dearborn, Michigan shut off their machines and yelled "Strike! Strike!" The men were ready. Thousands picked up the cry and streamed out of the plant. Only 2000 workers stayed on the job. 85,000, including 12,000 Blacks, were out on strike.

Groups of workers, carrying welding equipment, sneaked to the gates of the giant walls surrounding the plant, and quickly welded them all shut.

The next day, thousands of women and men began building a barricade around the walls of the 23 square-mile plant. They used logs, boxes, metal drums, but mostly they used cars, parked bumper-to-bumper around the entire plant.

Other men went to the tunnels that Ford had built to sneak scabs into the plant. They barricaded the tunnels and stood guard over them. Bennett's goons



would have a hard time getting out of the plant to attack the strikers.

Many strikers were armed. It was the Black workers who set the example here. They filed sharp edges on car springs, making a deadly weapon, half club, half knife. One blow left a neat row of deep wounds.

When the police came at 7 a.m. there wasn't anything they could do. They left. Ford was down--shut tight.

Bennett immediately began trying to open it up. He told the 2000 men inside, who were mostly Black, that they would be beaten by the strikers if they left, so they should stay inside. The strikers got the word inside that 12,000 Black workers had joined the strike and those inside were welcome too. Finally one man snuck over the wall. When those inside saw him being fed and joining the picket line, they knew Bennett was lying and they all left the plant.

Next, Bennett sent runners into the Black community offering \$100 a day for scabs. But the entire Black community supported the strike, and he couldn't find a single Black scab in Dearborn or Detroit! What few scabs he could find in other cities had to be sneaked in by the river. He never got enough scabs to open the plant. And he had such difficulty getting supplies into the plant that when a shipment of food finally did arrive, the boat was trashed.

Then Bennett tried the old trick of saying the strike was a communist plot. The workers knew that many strike leaders, like Bill Mckie, were indeed communists. But they knew and trusted him, and continued to follow his leadership.

Bennett never sent his goons against the strikers. He knew they were armed

and totally united.

Their solidarity was terrifying to the ruling class: that small group of white men like Henry Ford who owned and controlled most of the nation's and much of the world's wealth. The women showed the militant spirit as much as anyone. They helped build the barricades. There were "Women's Days" on the picket lines when thousands of women stood shoulder to shoulder around the plant, determined to keep Bennett's goons inside and scabs outside. The women took on the job of feeding the pickets. They set up a kitchen that produced tons of food each day. The food details were under the overall supervision of Frank Manfredi (who now lives in Palo Alto), but as in all other parts of the strike, new leaders sprang up everywhere.

These supposedly "ignorant" workers didn't need experts to run an incredibly complicated operation, involving over 100,000 people. They saw to it that everyone was fed, even those sick at home. They made sure health needs were met. They organized concerts and games. They turned out literature. Young teenage women took initiative; working together young Black and White women organized marches through downtown Detroit.

Henry Ford didn't have a chance. The armed solidarity of the workers forced him to do what he vowed never to do; he recognized the union and the strike was won.

Workers face many of the same problems today as Ford workers faced in 1941. The ruling class still divides us along race lines, but if we unite as Black and White workers did at Ford, our power will be truly unbeatable. Many workers today accept the ruling class myth that workers are ignorant and dependant on experts to run society. But the Ford workers showed how capable and creative we can be when we take power into our hands. The people of China show the same lesson. Many workers today accept the anti-communist propaganda of the ruling class which keeps workers from attacking their real enemy, the ruling class itself. Ford workers saw that communists provided correct analysis and good leadership.

Organized labor today is not well organized. Unions have been taken over by opportunists like Reuther, who get fat off the system that oppresses the rank and file. An example of what such "leaders" really stand for is what Reuther did to McKie and Manfredi, two men whose only concern was helping the workers struggles. The two had had papers forged so Reuther could join the UAW. Once he got the power, he forced them out of it.

The most important lesson of the Ford strike of 1941 is that workers can pull off tremendous victories against seemingly impossible odds. In time, we will pull off even greater victories; revolutionary victories.



CHESTER STREET GUNS RETURNED

27

On Saturday morning, Feb. 5th, two members of the Menlo Park Police Dept. returned 9 rifles and handguns and several thousand rounds of ammunition to our home, 107 Chester St., Menlo Park. They were acting under a court order from Judge Miller of the Superior Court in Redwood City. He ruled that the cops had illegally confiscated the weapons and ammo and must return it.

We had planned a big reception for them because the first time they were here they broke in when nobody was home. We were going to have two long rows of people for them to walk through, a big banner reading "Welcome Back, Menlo Park Police," and some music. But they did not want to be "sued later by any legal owners of the guns" if they just returned it to the house where they took them from.

At first Judge Miller agreed. He couldn't see any reason why legal owners wouldn't want to sign for the weapons. Judge Miller didn't bother looking at the political questions from the viewpoint of the average citizen; he was seeing things from the perspective of the rich people who always have armed police protecting them and their property.

Our lawyers, James Wolpman and Charles Constantinides of the Menlo Park Law Commune, laid out the dangers of letting the police get away with this action. They explained that allowing these guns to be "registered" in this way would give the police court approval to bust into more people's homes, confiscate all their legally owned weapons, and then force them to be registered when the courts ruled that the police entry was illegal.

In effect the police would be given a reward for doing illegal acts. At present they are rewarded by being allowed to impound people's weapons for long periods of time.

We stopped them this time.

The attempt to illegally register our weapons is part of an overall campaign in the Peninsula and throughout the country to "register guns." Hitler showed us clearly that after "registration" comes confiscation.

THE FUTURE

At present, writs have been filed with the District Court of Appeals. The appeal is on several points: the "destructive device" law is unconstitutional because it is too broad and too vague (if they want to bust anybody under this law they can claim anything like a candle wick or a book of matches plus a

book about explosives falls under this) even if it were a valid law, the timer doesn't fall under it because there were no explosives or chemicals; the first search warrant was illegal; and there were no grounds for charging me with assault with a deadly weapon (it was a clear case of self-defense), and they even first charged me with a misdemeanor, brandishing a weapon. If the District Court of Appeals rejects the appeals, we'll appeal to the California Supreme Court, and if both of these fail we'll go to trial--which is presently set for May 1st.

HELP

Dig it, we don't only want help, we need it. Menlo Park Police Chief Ciz-anckas has been quoted a few times as saying he's investigating whether Venceremos is a "paramilitary organization." This frameup isn't merely an attack on Bruce Pollock and I because of our resistance to their illegal fascist activities. By claiming that these charges prove that Venceremos is a "paramilitary organization," the cops are attacking Venceremos and the whole revolutionary movement in this area. First, when this case goes to trial there should be a whole lot of people in there for support, because we have to convince the jury that we're innocent and that the government can't get away with this frameup.

Second, MONEY is badly needed. Over \$2400 has been spent so far on this case and it will cost another \$2000 by the time the trial is finished. At present there isn't enough money to get the thing to trial, but we don't want to be forced to deal out and not even get a chance to fight this frameup. People should send us suggestions for fund-raising. Finally, if you or your group would like speakers to rap about this case or related issues, we'll be happy to provide someone.

FIGHT FASCISM AT EVERY STEP:
ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE

Mort Newman
c/o 1969 1/2 University Ave.
East Palo Alto, Calif. 94303

Chester St: A BRIEF HISTORY

On August 31, 1971, two Menlo Park Police tried to enter 107 Chester St. "to get information" about 4 black men who supposedly committed a robbery outside the house and then fled in a truck. Sue, a resident, refused to give them any information except that which is required--her name, address, and age.

They kept saying she could be arrested for "withholding evidence" but there's no such law, so she closed the door on them.

Right after that I went to the door and told them they could come in "only if you have a valid search or arrest warrant, are in 'hot pursuit' of a criminal, or think a felony is being committed inside." The police admitted they had none of these reasons but kept saying "We want to come in and get some information."

I finally pulled a shotgun from behind the door, chambered a round and said, "If you enter illegally, I'll shoot you." They pulled their guns to enter, I lowered my shotgun and the officers split.

I eventually came out to talk to them after 40 friends and neighbors showed up as protection for us, and the police were forced to leave.

They arrested me two days later after I left work and then ransacked the house since everyone else was at work. They had a warrant to get the shotgun but they supposedly uncovered a "bomb" (it was shown to be a clock, battery and buzzer). They confiscated this plus "revolutionary literature" and got another search warrant and came back at midnight and took all the household's weapons and ammunition. Then they arrested Sue and Eleanor Kaplan (a visitor). Bruce Pollock was in the hospital at the time but they charged him with "possession of a destructive device" because they found his name on papers in the house--and, therefore they said he must be a resident.

In Municipal Court, Judge Piombo ruled that the second warrant was illegal--because it was served at night and the judge didn't say they could--so they had to return everything they confiscated on that search. The District Attorney immediately appealed, thus keeping our guns longer. Piombo dismissed all the charges against Sue and Eleanor (this includes "possession of a destructive device" and accomplice to an armed robbery). In Superior Court, Judge Miller also ruled that the 2nd warrant was invalid but ordered Bruce and me to stand trial. He set May 1st as the trial date.

Mort Newman

CENTRO de la COMUNIDAD de ESTE R.C

En la junta del consejo municipal de Redwood City del 14 de febrero, decidieron que la gente de Este Redwood City tendrán una elección para coger sus miembros de la mesa consultativa por el centro de la comunidad Fair Oaks propuesto. Las elecciones y fechas para filar han sido puesto, extentido y cancelado antes porque de publicación insuficiente.

Conflicto surgió cuando Fernando Vega, presidente de la mesa consultativa presente declaró que la elección estaba cancelado y que las 12 personas quienes habían filado peticiones serán en la mesa. Las personas quienes recibieron sus peticiones dos o tres horas despues de esto demandaron de saber que pasa. Tres horas no es bastante tiempo para decidir a entrar en la elección, decidir en una plataforma, y convencer a 25 personas que deben firmar su petición.

La gente protestaron esta acción en la junta del consejo. Aun Fales, el gerente de la ciudad, admitió que sosten por

la ciudad de la elección en ayudar hacer público la información vino demasiado tarde. Después de escuchar a todo esto, el consejo voto 5-1 tener la elección. Peterson, el miembro más fascisto del consejo votó no, diciendo que "sin orden será caos."

Fales también dijo que el "no sabia a ese punto si podemos recomendar este proyecto a ser edificado...No sabemos si la ciudad tiene el con que para operarlo...En mi opinión humilde, Redwood City no puede operar este centro solo-es infactible economicamente."

Esto quiere decir, obviamente, que el consejo no perdió nada por votar a tener la elección. Ellos tienen poder total para decidir que "no hay dinero" por el centro, no importa como votan la gente de Este Redwood City.

¡ Votar no es el único modo para
vencer lo que es nuestro!
¡ Todo Poder al Pueblo!

War Criminal Comin' To Town!



WHO ORDERED THE INVASIONS?



WHO ORDERED MY LAI?



DAVID PACKARD: The Bay Area's most

BLOODTHIRSTY WAR CRIMINAL 1) Former Deputy Secretary of Defense During invasions of Laos, Cambodia and North Vietnam

2) Chairman of the Board of Hewlett-Packard Company 3) Former Trustee of Stanford University

4) Board of Overseers of the Hoover Institution, S.U. is being presented with the "Distinguished Citizen of the Year Award" from his very own Palo Alto City Chamber of Commerce.

BUT

the only just response to a man who does THIS

is to follow the example of the Indochinese peoples



JOIN THE MARCH FROM THE CORNER OF VISTA AND EL CAMINO IN PALO ALTO AT 5:30 ☆ FEBRUARY 29 ☆ TO RICKEY'S HYATT HOUSE TO PRESENT HIM WITH THE MAD BOMBER OF THE YEAR AWARD. PARTY AFTERWARDS



"The person who supplies the guns is as guilty as the one who pulls the trigger." (Ronald Reagan)