

Glossary

Communist Party U.S.A. (CPUSA): The Khrushchevite revisionist party in the U.S. Present leader is Gus Hall. Has produced such infamous revisionist theoreticians as Earl Browder and William Z. Foster. Never truly a *Bolshevik* Party despite its "formal" membership in the Comintern. A social-chauvinist party.

Progressive Labor Party (PLP)/ formerly the Progressive Labor Movement (PLM): The first franchised agents of Chinese revisionism in the U.S. PLM formed in 1962, called itself a party in 1965, formed by ex-CPUSA'ers. Led by Milton Rosen. Degenerated into neo-trotskyism. A social-chauvinist party.

Communist Labor Party (United State of North America) (CLP(USNA))/ formerly the Communist League (CL): A variant of Khrushchevite revisionism. Its chairman is Nelson Peery (formerly in the CPUSA). As the CL it originally upheld Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought and promoted Chinese revisionism, later to abandon it and promote the USSR as socialist with a revisionist leadership. Became a party in 1974. A social-chauvinist party.

Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist) (CP-ML) formerly the October League (M-L) (OL-ML): The officially recognized franchised agents of Chinese revisionism. Adherents of Mao Zedong Thought, the theory of "Three Worlds", and promoters of Chinese imperialism. Its chairman, Michael Klonsky ex. SDS leader. Became a party in 1977. A social-chauvinist party.

League of Revolutionary Struggle (M-L) (LRS(M-L))/ formerly the August Twenty-ninth Movement (ATM) and I Wor Kuen (IWK): The chief rival faction of the CP-M-L in the Maoist social-chauvinist trend. Does not recognize the CP-M-L as a party though they have fraternal relations and the same line. Seeking to build another social-chauvinists party LRS(M-L) formed principally by the merger of ATM (a majority of Chicano nationality) and IWK (majority of Asian nationality) in 1978.

Revolutionary Communist League (M-L-M) (RCL(M-L-M))/ formerly the Congress of Afrikan People (CAP): A clique, upholders of Mao Zedong thought, theory of "three worlds" and Chinese imperialism. Its chairman, the bourgeois nationalist Amiri Baraka (Leroi Jones). Fraternal relationships with all of the "Three Worldist", social-chauvinist trend.

Revolutionary Workers Headquarters (RWH)/ formerly a faction of the Revolutionary Communist Party/Revolutionary Union: Upholds Mao Zedong thought, theory of "three worlds", and Chinese imperialism. Its leaders are the ex-CPUSA'ers and ex-RCP'ers, Mickey Jarvis and Leibel Bergman. Separated from RCP and formed RWH in 1978. A social-chauvinist clique in process of determining which other social-chauvinist clique it should ally with— the CP-M-L or the LRS.

Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO): Adherent of Mao Zedong Thought, theory of "Three Worlds" and Chinese Imperialism. Recently beginning to "denounce" Deng Xiaoping for not adhering to the theory of "Three worlds" thus changing its position on China. Nevertheless a social-chauvinist clique referring to itself as "*The Party*" in its literature. Formed "secretly," and came into the "open" in 1974.

Workers Congress (WCC): Adherent of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought, Theory of "Three Worlds" and Chinese imperialism. As of 1979, has been in a "rectification" campaign to determine its relationship to the rest of the social-chauvinist trend. Formed in 1975 as one of the factions which split from the Black Workers Congress (BWC).

League for Proletarian Revolution (M-L) LPR (M-L)/ formerly the Resistencia Puertorriqueña: Adherents of Marxism-Leninism Mao Zedong Thought, theory of "three worlds" and Chinese imperialism. Fraternal relations with CORES. Also in process of "rectification" to determine its relationship with the rest of the social-chauvinist trend.

Colorado Organization for Revolutionary Struggle (CORES): "Secretely" formed with no traceable "background". Involved in provocative activity. Adherent of Marxism-Leninism Mao Zedong Thought, theory of "three worlds" and Chinese imperialism. Fraternal relations with LPR. Also in "rectification" to determine its "activity" in the social-chauvinist and possibly the centrist current.

Organizing Committee (OC): Coalition of circles such as the Proletarian Unity League (PUL), the Philadelphia Workers Organizing Committee (PWOC) and others. Also flirting with El Comite-M.I.N.P. (Movimiento Izquierda, Nacional Puertorriqueña) and the *Guardian*. A "unity trend" of pro-Maoists, pro-"Three Worldist" and pro-Khrushchevites. Trying to develop the O.C. to build another social-chauvinist party, or as in the case of PUL, trying to unite all of the social-chauvinist trends into *one* social-chauvinist party.

Revolutionary Communist Party (USA) (RCP (USA) / formerly the Revolutionary Union: The defenders of Mao Zedong Thought and the U.S. adherents of the so-called "Gang of Four" of China. Opposed the present leadership of Hua Guo-feng and Deng Xiao-ping in China. Also trying to retrace its history of economism and presently pursuing a semi-terrorist road. Its chairman, Bob Avakian, ex-SDS'er. Formed party in 1975.

Puerto Rican Revolutionary Workers Organization (PRRWO): Adherent of Mao Zedong thought and the theory of "three worlds". Arose out of Young Lords Party. The genuine lefts in the organization opposed the economism and reformism which dominated the "movement" and the sham "Party Building plans" of RU, OL and CL. Split up and ceased to exist as of 1976, forming a part of the "Revolutionary Wing." The "Revolutionary Wing" too splitting up, taking centrist positions, subordinating the genuine lefts in the "Revolutionary Wing" to the rights. From amongst the "Revolutionary Wing" developed the U.S. Leninist Core in 1978.

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Revolutionary Workers League (RWL): Adherent of Mao Zedong Thought and the theory of "Three Worlds". Formed from the Black Student movement and ALSC (African Liberation Support Committees). Previous plans of alliances and mergers with RU, OL, and the WVO, but later to liquidate itself and form part of the "Revolutionary Wing" and the WVO. No longer in existence.

Communist Party USA (M-L) (CPUSA(M-L))/ formerly the Marxist-Leninist Organizing Committee (MLOC): Anti-Maoist and anti-"Three-Worldist". The MLOC, a split-off from BWC, originally upheld Mao Zedong Thought and Theory of "Three Worlds". Changed itself to the CPUSA(M-L) in late 1978, adopting a *centrist* cover. Its chairman, Barry Weisberg, ex-social-democrat and ex-SDS'er.

Central Organization of U.S. Marxist-Leninist (COUSML)/ formerly the American Communist Workers Movement (ACWM): Formerly the most fanatic Maoists in the U.S. Now Anti-Maoist and anti-"three worldist". The mouthpiece in the U.S. of the notorious, opportunist and so-called "internationalist" Hardial Bains, chairman of the Communist Party of Canada (ML). In process of making itself the "Marxist-Leninist Party" of the U.S. The rival centrist clique of the CPUSA (M-L).

Multilateral Conference on Party Building (MULC): Split-off circles from the whole of the "anti-revisionist communist movement". Within it, pro-Maoist, anti-Maoists, pro-"three worldist", anti-"three worldists" and neo trotskyites, though dominated by the *centrists*, such as the Witchita Communist Cell (WCC) and the Kansas City Revolutionary Workers Collective (KCRWC). Similar to the O.C., aspiring to develop a coalition "center" to build a new "revolutionary wing" to later build a "party".

Black Workers Congress (BWC): Adherents of Mao Zedong Thought and the theory of "Three Worlds". A split from the League of Revolutionary Black Workers. Founded in 1971 by James Foreman under the name of International Black Workers Congress. Some forces within the BWC opposed the economism, reformism and the sham-party building plans of the RU, and CL, however failed to make complete rupture. Also propagated bourgeois nationalist lines. Riddled with factions, the BWC split-up, in 1974, into the following groups: Workers Congress (WC), Revolutionary Workers Congress (RWC), MLOC, Revolutionary Bloc (RB), and the Bay Area Communist Union (BACU).

U.S. Leninist Core (U.S.L.C.)/ formerly within the "Revolutionary Wing": Genuine *lefts* demarcated from the social-chauvinists and centrists. Opposed the Maoists and theory of "three worlds". Upheld the task of welding a core of genuine M-L's to develop an Iskra type plan to construct a Bolshevik Party. As the U.S.L.C., made conciliationist errors within the "Revolutionary Wing", later to break, in 1978, with the whole of the traditions of the "anti-revision-

ist communist movement". No longer exists, liquidating itself to become a part of the Committee of U.S. Bolsheviks.

Demarcation: Genuine *lefts* who split from the Red Dawn in 1978 (Red Dawn is one of the circles presently with the MULC). Demarcated itself from the social-chauvinists and centrists. Upheld the task of welding a core of genuine M-L to develop an Iskra type plan to construct a Bolshevik party. As *Demarcation*, it made conciliationist errors with the MULC circles, later, in late 1978 and early 1979, breaking with the whole of the traditions of the "anti-revisionist communist movement". No longer exists, liquidating itself to become a part of the Committee of U.S. Bolsheviks.

Publications

- CPUSA —Newspapers, *Daily World and Peoples' World*, Journal, *Political Affairs*.
PLP —Newspaper, *Challenge*, Journal, *PL Magazine*.
CLP —Newspaper, *Peoples' Tribune*, Journal, *Proletariat*.
CPML —Newspaper, *The Call*, Journal, *Class Struggle*.
LRS —Newspaper, *Unity*, Journal, *Forward*.
RCL —Newspaper, *Unity and Struggle*.
RWH —Newspaper, *Workers Voice*.
WVO —Newspaper and Journal, *Workers Viewpoint*.
WC —Newspaper, *The Communist*.
LPR —Newspaper, *Resistance*.
RCP —Newspaper, *Revolutionary Worker*, Magazine, *Revolution*, (formerly their newspaper), Journal, *The Communist*, (former journal Red Papers).
PRRW —Newspaper, *Palante* (ceased publication Dec. 1976)
RWL —Journal, *Bolshevik*
BWC —Newspaper, *The Communist*.
CPUSA(ML) Newspaper, *Unite!*, Journal, *Class Against Class*.
COUSML —Newspaper, *Workers Advocate*, Journal, (just reprints) *Proletarian Internationalism*.
USLC —Newspaper and Journal, *Bolshevik*, (ceased publication Feb., 1979—journals available from C.U.S.B.)
Demarcation Journal, *Demarcation* (ceased publication in March, 1979—available from C.U.S.B.)